# Economies of Scale in the Operation of Country Milk Plants

with

# Special Reference to New England

By

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THE NEW ENGLAND RESEARCH COUNCIL ON MARKETING AND FOOD SUPPLY
THE MAINE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
THE MASSACHUSEITS AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
THE NEW HAMPSHIRE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
THE RHODE ISLAND AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
THE STORRS (CONNECTICUT) AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
THE VERMONT AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
AND

THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Boston, Mass.

June 1942



#### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

As a contribution to the milk marketing program of the New England Research Council, the study on which this report is based was made possible through the cooperation of numerous agencies and individuals. The project had the active support of all the Agricultural Experiment Stations in New England and of the United States Department of Agriculture. The Dairy Committee of the Council followed the progress of the study and offered many suggestions and criticisms. companies that operate country dairy plants or manufacture creamery equipment have given generous cooperation. In addition, the findings of several studies of milk marketing and country-plant operations have been utilized throughout the study and the report.

D. O. Hammerberg and Alan MacLeod, both as representatives of the Storrs and the New Hampshire Agricultural Experiment Stations and as representatives of the Council, were helpful in organizing the study and in formulating the report. F. V. Waugh, R. O. Been, and other members of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, United States Department of Agriculture, have taken an active interest throughout. Caroline B. Sherman and R. G. Hainsworth of the Bureau have helped in the preparation of the manuscript for publication. New England Dairies, Inc., made basic data available. C. W. Dingman, Springfield Bank for Cooperatives, Farm Credit Administration, gave aid with respect to the design of milk plants and the costs of construction.

The following list includes the agencies that have contributed most to the progress of the study. Others aided. Detailed credits to agencies and individuals occur throughout the publication.

The New England Research Council on Marketing and Food Supply. The Agricultural Experiment Stations of the six New England States. The United States Department of Agriculture. The Farm Credit Administration.

The Vermont Department of Agriculture.

The New Hampshire Department of Agriculture. The New England Dairies, Inc.

The United Farmers Cooperative Creamery Association, Inc. The Milton Cooperative Dairy Corporation.

The Richmond Cooperative Creamery Association, Inc.

The Richmond Cooperative Creamery Association, Inc.
The H. P. Hood & Sons, Inc.
The Whiting Milk Company.
The New England Fire Insurance Rating Association.
The F. S. Adsit Coal Company, Inc.
The Titusville Iron Works Company.
The Cherry-Burrell Corporation.
The York Ice Machinery Corporation.
The Creamery Package Manufacturing Company.
The Lathren Paulson Company.

The Lathrop-Paulson Company.

### FOREWORD

Our present marketing system is the result of decades of slow growth and evolution under conditions iar different from those envisioned by the classical economist. Lags, imperiections, and elements of monopoly have been important and have molded the development of the system until today it is characterized by duplication, unutilized capacity, and an excessive number of processing and marketing plants. The almost unlimited number of grocery stores, drug stores, service stations and sales agencies are examples of this wasteful situation in the general field of marketing, while in agriculture the redundant and duplicating dairy plants, grain elevators, produce markets, and many other types of processing and handling plants are familiar. As a result of these inefficiencies, the marketing services are provided at unnecessarily high costs.

This publication explains the use of a budgetary or synthetic approach in the determination of plant costs under efficient operating conditions. The method may be used to develop approximate descriptions of the economies of scale for plants of any type-information that is essential in judging the existing system or in planning more efficient marketing organizations. With the synthetic method the research worker may determine the effects of revisions in the lay-out and operation of actual plants and may project the cost curves for individual plants and for the industry. The concrete application in this bulletin has been limited to a relatively simple type of dairy plant. Similar analyses may be used to study handling and processing plants of all types and for all commodities, and in many instances may be the only practical means of describing the efficient level of costs for the operation in question. The method should be a useful tool for students of marketing organization and reorganization, especially when drastic changes in the system are imperative. The war emergency is already emphasizing the need for studies of this type, and this need will probably continue or even increase in the reconstruction period that comes after the war.

## CONTENTS

PAGE	PAGE
Introduction 7	Centralized bookkeeping and super-
Trends in country-plant operations	vision 55
in New England 8	Plant loss or shortage 55
Some production characteristics 15	Summary of plant costs 59
Average cost-volume relationships 17	The economics of scale
Excess capacity in milk-plant opera-	Comparison of the economy curve
tions 19	with average cost-volume rela-
The concept of economies of scale 21	tionships 64
Methods used in the determination of	Some modifications to the economy
economies of scale 22	curve 65
Effects of changes in volume on vari-	Variations in electrical-power
able costs	rates 65
Costs of electricity 24	Variations in prices of coal 66
Costs of fuel 30	Variations in fixed costs 67
Costs of supplies other than fuel 33	Variations in labor costs 68
Costs of labor 34	Combined effects of variations in
Secondary plant costs	eight cost elements
Investments in land, buildings, and	Effect of seasonal variation 71
equipment 41	Changes in the receiving period 74
Investment in land 41	The combination of plant and collec-
Investment in buildings 43	tion costs 75
Investment in equipment 46	Plant costs under efficient organiza-
Total investment in land, buildings,	tion 79
and equipment	Country plant allowances 80
•	Summary and conclusions 83
Fixed costs of plant	Literature cited
Depreciation costs	Appendix 85
Interest charges	Buildings and equipment for six
Other fixed costs	theoretical plants 85

