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CONSUMER PURCHASES STUDY

Urban and Village Series

**Family Income and Expenditures
Middle Atlantic and North Central Region
and New England Region
Part 1, Family Income**

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FOREWORD

The study of consumer purchases was conducted by the Bureau of Home Economics of the United States Department of Agriculture and the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor, with the cooperation of the National Resources Committee, the Works Progress Administration, and the Central Statistical Board. Plans for the investigation were formulated by the National Resources Committee and the two operating bureaus, with the advice of the two other cooperating agencies. The project was financed by the Works Progress Administration.

The study was administered under the guidance of a steering committee composed of Stuart A. Rice, chairman, representing the Works Progress Administration (now with the Central Statistical Board); Louise Stanley, Bureau of Home Economics; Isador Lubin, Bureau of Labor Statistics; Gardiner C. Means, National Resources Committee; and Morris A. Copeland, Central Statistical Board. Details of administration were determined and procedures were coordinated by a technical subcommittee on which each of the five agencies had representation. Membership was as follows: Hildegard Kneeland, National Resources Committee, chairman; Day Monroe, Bureau of Home Economics; Faith M. Williams, Bureau of Labor Statistics; Milton Forster, Works Progress Administration; and Samuel J. Dennis and W. M. Hoad, Central Statistical Board.

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LOUISE STANLEY, *Chief.*

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40

CONTENTS 21660

SECTION 1. Introduction:	Page	SECTION 2—Continued.	Page
Purpose of the study.....	1	Small-city families—Continued.	
Selection of communities.....	2	Family composition—Continued.	
Sampling procedures.....	4	Sources of income by family type (nonrelief families).....	47
Relief families.....	5	Family type and occupation (nonrelief families).....	49
Report year.....	5	Earnings and responsibility for family support (nonrelief families):	
Reports of the study.....	5	Families of type 1.....	50
SECTION 2. The Middle Atlantic and North Central region:		Families of type 2.....	52
Communities studied.....	7	Families of type 3.....	52
Small-city families in the North Central region:		Families of type 4.....	53
Small cities studied:		Families of type 5.....	55
Description of communities.....	7	Families of type 6.....	56
Size of sample.....	10	Families of type 7.....	57
Composition of the native-white, unbroken families and of their households (eligible families, relief and nonrelief):		Families of types 8 and 9.....	57
Definition of family.....	10	Households of the family-type groups (nonrelief families).....	60
Size of family.....	11	Intercity differences in family type (nonrelief families).....	60
Families with children under 16 years of age.....	12	Family occupation and income (nonrelief families).....	62
Family members 16 or older, other than husband and wife.....	12	Number of families in each occupational group.....	63
Age of husbands and of wives.....	13	Characteristics of families and of households in each occupational group:	
Intercity comparison.....	14	Families.....	64
Households.....	14	Households.....	66
Income levels of small-city families:		Income levels in each occupational group:	
Definition of income.....	16	Income distribution.....	67
Income levels of families:		Sources of income in each occupational group.....	68
Income levels of native-white, unbroken families in the seven cities combined:		Responsibility for family support in each occupational group.....	70
Eligible families, relief and nonrelief combined.....	17	Husbands as breadwinners.....	73
Eligible nonrelief families.....	17	Wives as breadwinners.....	75
Income levels of native-white, unbroken families in the seven individual cities:		Sons, daughters, and others as breadwinners.....	76
Eligible families, relief and nonrelief combined.....	18	Earnings of male and female breadwinners.....	79
Eligible nonrelief families.....	20	Occupation of husband and others as related to family occupation.....	79
Family income and earners (nonrelief families):		Intercity comparison.....	80
Sources of income.....	21	Living quarters, home tenure, and rentals:	
Earnings.....	21	Type of living quarters (relief and nonrelief families).....	81
Money income other than earnings.....	23	Home ownership:	
Nonmoney income from housing.....	24	Home ownership, by family income and by age of husband (relief and nonrelief families).....	83
Net business losses.....	25	Home tenure in the seven cities (relief and nonrelief families).....	84
Intercity comparison.....	25	Mortgages on owned homes (nonrelief families).....	85
Responsibility for family support:		Rents and rental values:	
Sole earners, principal earners, and supplementary earners.....	26	Monthly rent (relief and nonrelief families).....	85
Husbands as breadwinners.....	32	Rent as a percentage of income (nonrelief families).....	86
Earnings of husbands by age and occupation.....	33	Monthly rental values of owned homes (relief and nonrelief families).....	88
Family income and age of husband.....	35	Housing as related to family occupation (nonrelief families):	
Wives as breadwinners.....	35	Type of dwelling and tenure.....	88
Earnings of wives by age and occupation.....	36	Rents and rental values.....	89
Sons, daughters, and others as breadwinners.....	38	Housing as related to family type (nonrelief families):	
Intercity comparison.....	40	Tenure.....	90
Family composition and income:		Rents and rental values.....	91
Family-type groups based on family composition (relief and nonrelief families combined).....	41	Village families in the Middle Atlantic and North Central region:	
Age of husbands and of wives in each family-type group (nonrelief families).....	43	Villages studied:	
Income levels of family-type groups:		Description of communities.....	92
Relief and nonrelief families combined.....	44	Size of sample.....	94
Nonrelief families.....	45		
Number of children under 16 in relation to family income (relief and nonrelief families).....	46		

SECTION 2—Continued.	Page	SECTION 2—Continued.	Page
Village families—Continued.		Village families—Continued.	
Composition of the native-white, unbroken families and of their households (eligible families, relief and nonrelief):		Family occupation—Continued.	
The 46 villages combined:		The 46 villages—Continued.	
Families.....	94	Responsibility—Continued.	
Households.....	95	Husbands as breadwinners.....	145
The three village units separately.	96	Wives as breadwinners.....	147
Income levels of village families:		Sons, daughters, and others as breadwinners.....	149
Income levels of native-white, unbroken families (relief and nonrelief):		Occupation of husband and others as related to family occupation.....	150
The 46 villages combined.....	97	The three village units separately.....	152
The three village units separately.....	98	Living quarters, home tenure, and rentals:	
Family income and earners (nonrelief families):		Type of living quarters (relief and nonrelief families).....	157
The 46 villages combined:		Home ownership:	
Sources of income.....	100	Home ownership, by family income and by age of husband (relief and nonrelief families).....	158
Responsibility for family support:		Mortgages on owned homes (nonrelief families).....	160
Principal and supplementary earners.....	102	Rents and rental values:	
Husbands as breadwinners.....	104	Monthly rent (relief and nonrelief families).....	161
Earnings of husbands by age and occupation.....	105	Rent as a percentage of income (nonrelief families).....	162
Wives as breadwinners.....	107	Monthly rental values of owned homes (relief and nonrelief families).....	163
Earnings of wives by age and occupation.....	108	Housing as related to family occupation (nonrelief families):	
Sons, daughters, and others as breadwinners.....	109	The 46 villages combined:	
The three village units separately:		Type of dwelling and tenure.....	163
Sources of income:		Rents and rental values.....	165
Earnings.....	110	The three village units separately.....	165
Income other than earnings.....	111	Housing as related to family type (nonrelief families):	
Responsibility for family support.....	112	The 46 villages combined:	
Family composition and income:		Tenure.....	166
Family-type groups based on family composition (relief and nonrelief families combined).....	115	Rents and rental values.....	167
Age of husbands and of wives in each family-type group (nonrelief families).....	116	The three village units separately.....	167
Income levels of family-type groups (relief and nonrelief families).....	117	SECTION 3. The New England region:	
Number of children under 16 in relation to family income.....	119	Small cities and villages studied:	
Sources of income by family type (nonrelief families).....	120	Description of communities.....	168
Family type and occupation (nonrelief families).....	121	Size of sample.....	169
Earnings and responsibility for family support (nonrelief families):		Composition of the native-white, unbroken families and of their households (eligible families, relief and nonrelief):	
Families of type 1.....	122	Size and type of family.....	170
Families of type 2.....	123	Age of husbands and of wives.....	171
Families of type 3.....	124	Households.....	171
Families of type 4.....	125	Income levels of small-city and village families.....	172
Families of type 5.....	127	Sources of income (nonrelief families):	
Families of type 6.....	128	Earnings.....	174
Families of type 7.....	129	Income other than earnings.....	176
Families of types 8 and 9.....	130	Family composition and income (relief and nonrelief families).....	177
Households of the family-type groups (nonrelief families).....	131	Family occupation and income (nonrelief families).....	181
Family type in the three village units separately (relief and nonrelief families).....	132	Living quarters, home tenure, and rentals (relief and nonrelief families).....	181
Family occupation and income (nonrelief families):		SECTION 4. Summary of family-income data:	
The 46 villages combined.....	138	White families in small cities and villages of five regions.....	185
Characteristics of families and of households in each occupational group.....	139	Families of different types.....	188
Income levels in each occupational group.....	141	APPENDICES:	
Sources of income in each occupational group.....	142	Appendix A. Condensed table titles, and legends for figures.....	189
Responsibility for family support in each occupational group:		Appendix B. Tables.....	195
Principal and supplementary earners.....	143	Appendix C. Methodology: Procedures used in collection and analysis of the data.....	395
		Appendix D. Appraisal of the sample of families from which income data were obtained.....	419
		Appendix E. Glossary of terms used in the consumer purchases study.....	432

APPENDIXES

Appendix A. Condensed Table Titles, and Legends for Figures Text Tables, North Central Small Cities

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FAMILIES AND OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS

Table No.	Page
1. Size of family.....	11
2. Age of husbands and of wives.....	13
3. Families with members under 16.....	14
4. Members of household not in economic family.....	15
FAMILY INCOME	
5. Family income: Number of families and percentage distribution.....	20
6. Sources of family income.....	23
7. Money income other than earnings.....	24
8. Principal and supplementary earners.....	26
9. Distribution of all earners and of earning wives by amount of earnings.....	27
10. Earnings from supplementary earners by earnings of principal earner.....	29
11. Earners by amount of earnings and weeks of employment.....	30
12. Occupational classification of earners.....	31
13. Husbands and wives as earners.....	33
14. Earnings and age of husbands.....	34
15. Earnings and age of wives.....	37
16. Family earners: * * * distribution of earners * * * average earnings per person.....	38
17. Earners other than husband and wife.....	39
18. Family earners: Average earnings * * * percentage of families with supplementary earners, and percentage of * * * earnings derived from specified earners.....	40
FAMILY TYPE AND INCOME	
19. Age of husbands and of wives.....	43
20. Family type and income.....	45
21. Children under 16.....	47
22. Family type: * * * distribution by occupation of families.....	49
23. Earnings and age of husbands.....	50
24. Wives as earners.....	51
25. Husbands as earners.....	53
26. Supplementary earners.....	54
27. Earners other than husband and wife.....	58
28. Family size and earners.....	58
29. Family members earning.....	59
30. Income: Quartiles.....	61
31. Sole earners and husbands' earnings.....	61
FAMILY OCCUPATION AND INCOME	
32. Family size and earners.....	65
33. Family income and size.....	67
34. Sources of income by occupation.....	69
35. Income from principal and supplementary earners and from other sources.....	70
36. Supplementary earners.....	71
37. Earnings from supplementary earners by earnings of principal earner.....	72
38. Earnings of family members as a percentage of income.....	74
39. Husbands as earners.....	74
40. Wives as earners.....	75

190 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

Table No.	Page
41. Family members earning.....	76
42. Earners other than husband and wife.....	77
43. Occupation of earners.....	78
44. Family occupation and quartiles of family income.....	80

LIVING QUARTERS, HOME TENURE, AND RENTALS

45. One-family house.....	82
46. Home ownership by age of husbands.....	84
47. Monthly rent.....	86
48. Rent and income.....	87
49. Home ownership, rental value, and rent: * * * by occupation and income.....	89
50. Home ownership, rental value, and rent: * * * by family type and income.....	91

Text Tables, Middle Atlantic and North Central Villages

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FAMILIES AND OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS

51. Members of household not in economic family.....	95
52. Size of family.....	96
53. Age of husbands and of wives.....	97

FAMILY INCOME

54. Family income.....	99
55. Sources of family income: * * * Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined.....	101
56. Principal and supplementary earners: * * * village units combined.....	102
57. Occupational classification of earners.....	103
58. Husbands and wives as earners.....	105
59. Earnings and age of husbands.....	106
60. Family earners.....	107
61. Earnings and age of wives.....	109
62. Earners other than husband and wife: * * * village units combined.....	110
63. Sources of family income: * * * village units separately.....	111
64. Principal and supplementary earners: * * * village units separately.....	113
65. Earners other than husband and wife: * * * village units separately.....	114

FAMILY TYPE AND INCOME

66. Age of husbands and of wives.....	116
67. Family type and income: * * * village units combined.....	117
68. Children under 16.....	119
69. Family type: * * * distribution by occupation of families.....	120
70. Earnings and age of husbands.....	122
71. Wives as earners.....	123
72. Husbands as earners.....	124
73. Family members earning.....	125
74. Earners other than husband and wife.....	126
75. Supplementary earners.....	127
76. Income: Median income * * * percentage of families receiving relief.....	133
77. Income: Quartiles.....	133
78. Family type and income: * * * village units separately.....	134
79. Family type and occupation.....	135
80. Family size and earners.....	137

FAMILY OCCUPATION AND INCOME †

81. Family income and size.....	140
82. Sources of income by occupation.....	142
83. Income from principal and supplementary earners and from other sources.....	144

Table No.		Page
84.	Supplementary earners.....	145
85.	Earnings of family members as a percentage of income.....	146
86.	Husbands as earners.....	147
87.	Wives as earners.....	148
88.	Family members earning.....	149
89.	Earners other than husband and wife.....	150
90.	Occupation of earners.....	151
91.	Family size and earners.....	153
92.	Family occupation and quartiles of income.....	154
93.	Income and earnings.....	155
94.	Median age of husbands.....	156

LIVING QUARTERS, HOME TENURE, AND RENTALS

95.	Home ownership by age of husbands.....	159
96.	Monthly rent.....	161
97.	Rent and income.....	162
98.	Home ownership, rental value, and rent: * * * by occupation and income.....	164
99.	Home ownership, rental value, and rent: * * * by family type and income.....	166

Text Tables, New England Small Cities and Villages

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FAMILIES AND OF THEIR HOUSEHOLDS

100.	Size of family.....	170
101.	Age of husbands and of wives.....	171

FAMILY INCOME

102.	Family income.....	173
103.	Sources of family income.....	175
104.	Family earners.....	176

FAMILY TYPE AND INCOME

105.	Income: Quartiles.....	178
106.	Sole earners and husbands' earnings.....	179
107.	Family occupation and quartiles of income.....	180

LIVING QUARTERS, HOME TENURE, AND RENTALS

108.	Monthly rent.....	183
109.	Rent and income.....	184

Appendix B Tables, North Central Small Cities and Middle Atlantic and North Central Villages

FAMILY INCOME

110.	Summary of 19 small cities and 10 groups of villages.....	195
111.	Family income and family type: Number of families * * * average number of persons per family.....	196
112.	Business and professional families.....	219
113.	Sources of family income: * * * cities.....	221
114.	Sources of family income: * * * village.....	236
115.	Food home-produced for family use: * * * Middle Atlantic and North Central * * * and New England villages.....	246
116.	Money income other than earnings.....	248
117.	Food home-produced for family use: * * * North Central and New England small cities.....	251

192 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION; AGE OF MEMBERS

Table No.	Page
118. Family type: Number of families, average size * * * average number of persons * * * under 16 or 16 or older-----	252
119. Average size of relief families-----	253
120. Age of husbands and of wives: * * * by relief status and family income-----	254
121. Age of husbands and of wives: Median age of husbands and of wives, by family type and income-----	258
122. Age of husbands and of wives: Distribution by age * * * by family type * * * village-----	259
123. Age of husbands and of wives: Median age of husbands and of wives, by family type * * * cities-----	259
124. Age of husbands: Number of husbands in specified age groups-----	260
125. Age of husbands: Median age * * * by family occupation * * * cities-----	261
126. Composition of families of each type: * * * North Central small cities * * * Middle Atlantic and North Central village units * * * New England small cities * * * and * * * villages-----	261
127. Family members 16 or older-----	263
128. Members of household not in economic family----- <i>See also Table 111.</i>	264

EARNERS AND EARNINGS

129. Money earnings-----	267
130. Principal earners-----	280
131. Sole and supplementary earners-----	292
132. Family earnings: * * * cities-----	304
133. Family earnings: * * * village-----	306
134. Occupation of earners-----	308
135. Earning wives by source of family earnings-----	311
136. Earning status, age, and earnings of husbands * * * cities combined * * * village units combined-----	313
137. Earning status, age, and earnings of husbands: * * * village units separately-----	314
138. Earnings and age of husbands-----	316
139. Earnings and age of wives-----	317
140. Family earners-----	318
141. Distribution of earners by amount of earnings-----	322
142. Earners by amount of earnings and weeks of employment-----	323

LIVING QUARTERS, HOME TENURE, AND RENTALS

143. Type of living quarters-----	324
144. Monthly rental value-----	328
145. Monthly rent-----	331
146. Average monthly rental value and average monthly rent: * * * by occupation and income-----	334
147. Average monthly rental value and average monthly rent: * * * by family type and income * * * cities combined * * * village units combined-----	336
148. Average monthly rental value and average monthly rent: * * * by family type and income * * * cities separately * * * village units separately-----	338
149. Nonmoney income from mortgaged and mortgage-free owned homes-----	340
150. Home tenure by age of husbands-----	344

Appendix B Tables, New England Small Cities and Villages

FAMILY INCOME

151. Family income and family type: Number of families * * * average number of persons per family-----	345
152. Business and professional families-----	354
153. Sources of family income-----	355
154. Money income other than earnings----- <i>See also Tables 110, 115, 117.</i>	362

FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION; AGE OF MEMBERS

Table No.		Page
155.	Family type: Number of families, average size * * * average number of persons * * * under 16 or 16 or older.....	364
156.	Age of husbands and of wives: * * * by relief status and family income.....	365
157.	Age of husbands and of wives: * * * by family type.....	366
158.	Median age of husbands: * * * by family occupation and income.....	367
159.	Family members 16 or older.....	367
160.	Members of household not in economic family.....	368
	<i>See also</i> Tables 127, 151, and 168.	

EARNERS AND EARNINGS

161.	Money earnings.....	370
162.	Principal earners.....	372
163.	Sole and supplementary earners.....	374
164.	Family earnings.....	376
165.	Occupation of earners: Distribution * * * by chief occupation, by family income.....	378
166.	Earning status, age, and earnings of husbands.....	380
167.	Earning wives by source of family earnings.....	381
168.	Size of family and earnings of individual earners.....	382
169.	Earnings and age of wives.....	386
170.	Earnings and age of husbands.....	387
171.	Occupation of earners: Distribution * * * by chief occupation, by family occupation.....	388

LIVING QUARTERS, HOME TENURE, AND RENTALS

172.	Type of living quarters.....	389
173.	Monthly rental value.....	390
174.	Monthly rent.....	391
175.	Average monthly rental value and average monthly rent: * * * by occupation and income.....	392
176.	Average monthly rental value and average monthly rent: * * * by family type and income.....	393
177.	Nonmoney income from mortgaged and mortgage-free owned homes.....	394

Appendix C Tables

178.	Consumption sample.....	400
179.	Cities and villages studied * * * by groups used in analysis of income data.....	401
180.	Farm counties studied * * * chief type of farming.....	403
181.	Number of cities, villages, and farm counties studied by * * * units for analysis of income and consumption sample data.....	404
182.	Summary of collection: * * * schedules * * * tabulated.....	406
183.	Computation of income: * * * for income and consumption samples, city and village families.....	408
184.	Computation of income: * * * for income and consumption samples, farm families.....	409
185.	Evaluation of farm-furnished food: * * * by type of product and locality.....	416

Appendix D Tables

186.	Comparisons with census.....	421
187.	Summary of sampling.....	422
188.	Eligibility for family schedule.....	423
189.	Incomes of ineligible families.....	426
190.	Family occupation of ineligible families.....	427
191.	Report year.....	430

Appendix E Tables

192.	Family-type numbers assigned to families having specified number of year-equivalent persons.....	434
193.	Scale of relative food expenditures for different individuals.....	436

Legends

Figure No.	Page
1. Communities covered in the study of consumer purchases.....	2
2. Incomes of nonrelief families: * * * distributions of families and of aggregate income * * * cities combined.....	18
3. Incomes of nonrelief families: * * * distributions of families by income * * * small cities combined and separately.....	22
4. Sources of family income: * * * cities combined.....	32
5. Average earnings of husbands by occupation and age * * * cities combined.....	33
6. Definitions of family types.....	41
7. Distribution of nonrelief families by income and occupation * * * cities.....	62
8. Occupation and income * * * cities.....	68
9. Rentals paid by nonrelief families * * * cities combined.....	85
10. Incomes of nonrelief families: * * * distributions of families and of aggregate incomes * * * village.....	98
11. Sources of family income: * * * villages.....	104
12. Occupation and income: * * * village.....	141

Appendix B. Tables

All money averages have been rounded to the nearest dollar. In tables giving the break-down of a total, it has been necessary in some cases to raise or lower one of the rounded components by \$1, in order to have the sum of the various items comprising the total agree with the total. In a few cases, therefore, discrepancies of \$1 may occur between averages as given on different tables.

North Central Small Cities and Middle Atlantic and North Central Villages

TABLE 110.—SUMMARY OF 19 SMALL CITIES AND 10 GROUPS OF VILLAGES: *Average size and median income of relief and nonrelief families combined, median income of nonrelief families, and percentage distribution of nonrelief families by occupation, 1935-36*

[Families that include a husband and wife, both native-born¹]

Analysis unit (1)	Average persons per family ² (2)	Median income of ³		Distribution of nonrelief families by occupation			
		Nonrelief and relief families ⁴ (3)	Nonrelief families (4)	Wage-earner (5)	Clerical (6)	Business and professional (7)	Other ⁵ (8)
SMALL CITIES							
<i>New England</i>							
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Maine, Westbrook.....	3.80	1,251	1,299	66	13	18	3
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	3.50	1,439	1,695	61	16	20	3
<i>North Central</i>							
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	3.85	1,162	1,307	62	12	22	4
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	3.71	1,078	1,276	53	18	26	2
Illinois, Lincoln.....	3.77	957	1,186	53	13	32	2
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	3.57	1,186	1,253	64	9	21	6
Iowa, Boone.....	3.87	1,154	1,400	52	16	28	4
Missouri, Columbia.....	3.62	1,393	1,508	40	19	37	4
Missouri, Moberly.....	3.45	1,169	1,269	65	15	17	3
<i>Plains and Mountain</i>							
Kansas, Dodge City.....	3.79	1,109	1,327	45	27	23	5
Colorado, Greeley.....	3.59	1,243	1,556	36	22	38	4
Utah, Logan.....	4.50	1,274	1,486	37	15	37	11
Utah, Provo.....	4.39	1,180	1,421	43	21	32	4
<i>Pacific</i>							
Washington, Olympia.....	3.41	1,537	1,676	44	20	33	3
Oregon, Astoria.....	3.20	1,581	1,683	47	15	36	2
Oregon, Eugene.....	3.38	1,539	1,652	42	22	33	3
Oregon, Klamath Falls.....	3.48	1,617	1,689	60	14	24	2
<i>Southeast</i>							
White families only:							
South Carolina, Sumter.....	4.12	1,384	1,596	41	23	34	2
Georgia, Griffin.....	3.94	1,186	1,256	64	14	21	1
Negro families only:							
South Carolina, Sumter.....	3.91	430	493	88	2	9	1
Georgia, Griffin.....	3.95	397	492	92	1	7	(*)
VILLAGES							
<i>New England</i>							
Vermont-Massachusetts.....	3.93	1,233	1,447	56	15	25	4
<i>Middle Atlantic and North Central</i>							
Combined village units.....	3.71	962	1,154	53	12	28	7
Pennsylvania-Ohio.....	3.67	1,039	1,167	60	12	24	4
Michigan-Wisconsin.....	3.66	1,087	1,208	54	13	27	6
Illinois-Iowa.....	3.79	737	1,074	43	13	34	10

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 110.—SUMMARY OF 19 SMALL CITIES AND 10 GROUPS OF VILLAGES: *Average size and median income of relief and nonrelief families combined, median income of nonrelief families, and percentage distribution of nonrelief families by occupation, 1935-36*—Continued

[Families that include a husband and wife, both native-born¹]

Analysis unit (1)	Average persons per family ² (2)	Median income of— (3) (4)		Distribution of nonrelief families by occupation (5) (6) (7) (8)			
		Nonrelief and relief families ³ (3)	Nonrelief families (4)	Wage-earner (5)	Clerical (6)	Business and professional (7)	Other ⁴ (8)
<i>Plains and Mountain</i>							
North Dakota-Kansas.....	Number 4.06	Dollars 818	Dollars 1,209	Percent 29	Percent 17	Percent 47	Percent 7
South Dakota-Montana-Colorado.....	3.72	1,288	1,467	42	16	38	4
<i>Pacific</i>							
Washington-Oregon.....	3.56	1,024	1,268	45	14	35	6
California.....	3.49	1,355	1,552	57	11	25	7
<i>Southeast</i>							
White families only:							
North Carolina-Mississippi.....	3.97	1,548	1,764	27	20	45	8
South Carolina-Georgia.....	3.97	1,125	1,308	44	17	33	6
Negro families only:							
North Carolina-Mississippi.....	3.55	373	440	77	2	10	11
South Carolina-Georgia.....	4.02	316	386	83	1	10	6

¹ White families only were studied in all regions except the Southeast.
² Year-equivalent persons in relief and nonrelief families. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.
³ These medians for the eligible families are higher than those for the entire population since the eligibility requirements, based principally on race, nativity, and family composition, had the effect of eliminating from the study many families without income from earnings or with such small earnings as to fall in the lower income classes. The numerical importance and composition of this group varied in the different localities.
⁴ Medians for relief and nonrelief families were computed on the assumption (substantially supported by available data) that all relief families had incomes below the median for the entire sample.
⁵ Families that had no income from earnings and families of farm operators living in cities and villages.
⁶ 0.50 percent or less.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type —										Average number of persons per family ¹ (12)	Average number of persons under 16 ² (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ³ (14)
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
SMALL CITIES													
<i>Combined cities</i>													
All incomes.....	3,719	1,114	642	406	764	308	255	128	58	44	3.51	1.01	0.50
0-249.....	55	31	7	5	6	3	0	1	2	0	2.86	.51	.34
250-499.....	142	71	19	7	26	4	9	4	2	0	2.99	.65	.34
500-749.....	377	142	58	45	62	26	27	10	4	3	3.32	.96	.36
750-999.....	533	170	110	59	86	38	44	12	7	7	3.43	1.03	.39
1,000-1,249.....	608	192	107	68	114	47	48	22	4	6	3.46	1.05	.41
1,250-1,499.....	500	128	92	67	88	47	43	22	7	6	3.70	1.23	.47
1,500-1,749.....	891	116	71	39	76	32	28	18	2	9	3.62	1.10	.51
1,750-1,999.....	253	69	45	28	58	20	17	12	10	4	3.72	1.07	.65
2,000-2,249.....	198	51	39	27	38	25	8	5	3	2	3.41	1.04	.53
2,250-2,499.....	149	42	22	19	45	9	5	4	2	1	3.57	1.07	.65
2,500-2,999.....	198	52	30	16	65	16	9	7	3	0	3.41	.79	.62
3,000-3,499.....	113	21	14	7	44	14	4	4	2	3	3.79	.88	.91
3,500-3,999.....	71	12	10	9	20	7	2	5	5	1	3.86	.80	1.08
4,000 or over ⁴	131	27	18	10	36	20	11	2	5	2	3.80	.92	.87

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type —										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 13	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
WAGE-EARNER													
SMALL CITIES—con. ¹ Combined cities— Continued	1,998	535	352	246	378	181	162	91	25	28	3.66	1.16	0.49
All incomes.....	24	8	3	5	3	2	0	1	2	0	3.54	.96	.68
0-249.....	90	39	15	7	17	3	4	4	1	0	3.12	.76	.37
250-499.....	258	74	48	37	41	21	22	9	3	3	3.56	1.17	.39
500-749.....	365	100	82	46	54	30	36	10	2	5	3.56	1.19	.37
750-999.....	386	96	74	51	76	33	33	16	2	5	3.64	1.20	.44
1,000-1,249.....	314	73	54	45	53	34	32	15	5	3	3.81	1.36	.45
1,250-1,499.....	205	67	33	21	35	19	18	13	2	7	3.86	1.31	.55
1,500-1,749.....	125	21	10	15	33	12	9	10	6	3	4.05	1.25	.80
1,750-1,999.....	85	20	10	10	13	3	5	1	1	0	3.76	1.12	.64
2,000-2,249.....	43	16	3	5	15	1	1	2	0	0	3.22	.56	.65
2,250-2,499.....	63	23	5	3	21	6	4	1	0	0	3.29	.65	.62
2,500-2,999.....	25	5	1	1	11	4	0	2	0	1	3.82	.62	1.32
3,000-3,499.....	13	3	2	0	3	1	0	3	1	0	4.06	.62	1.46
3,500-3,999.....	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	6.00	1.50	2.50
4,000 or over ²													
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	582	182	115	66	123	31	35	14	10	6	3.37	0.89	0.48
0-249.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.19	1.00	.30
250-499.....	10	4	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	3.20	.90	.40
500-749.....	30	16	2	3	6	0	1	1	1	0	2.98	.87	.44
750-999.....	74	20	18	10	17	2	3	1	1	2	3.33	.89	.36
1,000-1,249.....	105	47	15	9	14	5	9	3	2	1	3.20	.92	.46
1,250-1,499.....	78	20	20	10	16	5	5	2	0	0	3.41	.95	.30
1,500-1,749.....	61	18	15	6	12	4	3	3	0	0	3.36	.87	.46
1,750-1,999.....	46	13	10	6	8	4	4	0	1	0	3.46	.98	.46
2,000-2,249.....	45	11	10	7	10	3	3	0	1	0	3.32	.89	.44
2,250-2,499.....	41	13	6	6	8	2	1	2	2	1	3.59	.93	.68
2,500-2,999.....	40	9	6	7	11	5	1	1	0	0	3.48	.90	.58
3,000-3,499.....	29	5	6	0	13	1	2	1	0	1	3.85	1.07	.76
3,500-3,999.....	10	2	2	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	3.49	.70	.80
4,000 or over ²	12	4	2	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	3.50	.33	1.17
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	1,003	307	168	92	235	91	56	23	22	9	3.43	0.87	0.56
0-249.....	8	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.25	.44
250-499.....	27	13	2	0	7	1	3	0	1	0	3.04	.59	.30
500-749.....	63	32	7	4	13	4	3	0	0	0	2.83	.57	.42
750-999.....	77	40	9	3	10	6	5	1	3	0	3.05	.64	.39
1,000-1,249.....	98	40	18	8	16	7	6	2	0	0	3.16	.78	.59
1,250-1,499.....	97	27	16	12	19	8	6	5	2	3	3.74	1.13	.42
1,500-1,749.....	116	39	23	12	24	9	7	2	0	1	3.20	.88	.56
1,750-1,999.....	76	20	18	7	17	4	4	2	3	1	3.48	.91	.48
2,000-2,249.....	65	18	13	9	12	9	2	0	1	1	3.53	1.06	.56
2,250-2,499.....	64	13	13	8	21	6	3	0	0	0	3.44	.86	.65
2,500-2,999.....	89	18	18	6	31	5	3	5	3	0	3.51	.85	.56
3,000-3,499.....	59	11	7	6	20	9	2	1	2	1	3.75	.93	.81
3,500-3,999.....	48	7	6	8	14	6	1	2	3	1	3.89	.87	1.04
4,000 or over ²	116	23	16	9	32	18	11	2	4	1	3.80	.98	.81

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ^{2,3}	Average number of persons under 16 ^{2,4}	Average number of persons 16 or older ^{2,4}
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
SMALL CITIES—CON.													
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
<i>Combined cities—Continued</i>													
All incomes.....	118	83	4	1	24	3	2	0	1	0	2.43	0.15	0.28
0-249.....	20	15	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	2.35	.10	.25
250-499.....	14	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	22	17	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	2.36	.27	.09
750-999.....	15	10	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	2.55	.07	.47
1,000-1,249.....	19	9	0	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	2.77	.21	.58
1,250-1,499.....	8	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.12	.12	.....
1,500-1,749.....	5	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.93	.00	.80
1,750-1,999.....	6	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.17	.17	.....
2,000-2,249.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
2,250-2,499.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	2.00	2.00
2,500-2,999.....	5	2	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3.00	.60	.40
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
4,000 or over ¹	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	2.00	2.00
FARM-OPERATOR													
All incomes.....	18	7	3	1	4	2	0	0	0	1	3.39	0.89	0.50
0-249.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
250-499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2.75	.50	.25
750-999.....	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.50	1.50	1.00
1,000-1,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,250-1,499.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.33	.33
1,500-1,749.....	4	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	5.50	2.25	1.25
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,000-2,249.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	.....
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,500-2,999.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	.....
ALL OCCUPATIONS ¹⁰													
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>													
All incomes.....	253	71	36	34	49	26	18	13	3	3	3.67	1.15	0.51
0-249.....	4	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	.....
250-499.....	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.00	.25
500-749.....	15	5	2	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	3.36	1.13	.20
750-999.....	32	7	10	2	4	3	4	1	1	0	3.62	1.25	.38
1,000-1,249.....	64	21	13	3	13	5	6	2	0	1	3.44	.98	.45
1,250-1,499.....	33	7	6	8	5	5	0	2	0	0	3.72	1.15	.54
1,500-1,749.....	32	8	2	5	6	6	2	2	0	1	4.07	1.59	.47
1,750-1,999.....	18	1	0	2	6	0	3	4	1	1	5.09	2.33	.78
2,000-2,249.....	19	5	1	5	4	2	0	2	0	0	3.74	.95	.79
2,250-2,499.....	13	5	2	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	3.15	.54	.62
2,500-2,999.....	10	3	0	2	4	0	0	0	1	0	3.32	.40	.90
3,000-3,499.....	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4.33	1.00	1.33
3,500-3,999.....	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3.67	1.00	.67
4,000 or over ¹¹	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.67	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 23	Average number of persons under 16 24	Average number of persons 16 or older 24
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
WAGE-EARNER													
SMALL CITIES—con. <i>Ohio, Mount Vernon—Continued</i>													
All incomes.....	159	39	22	24	27	19	13	12	0	3	3.93	1.42	0.51
0-249.....	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	.....
250-499.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.00	.33
500-749.....	10	3	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	3.45	1.20	.20
750-999.....	25	6	7	2	4	2	3	1	0	0	3.62	1.32	.28
1,000-1,249.....	46	13	9	3	9	4	6	1	0	1	3.63	1.13	.50
1,250-1,499.....	22	5	2	7	1	5	0	2	0	0	4.03	1.41	.59
1,500-1,749.....	17	4	0	1	3	5	1	2	0	1	4.72	2.06	.65
1,750-1,999.....	11	0	0	2	2	0	2	4	0	1	5.79	3.36	.45
2,000-2,249.....	13	1	1	5	3	1	0	2	0	0	4.24	1.31	.92
2,250-2,499.....	5	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.40	.60
2,500-2,999.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.00	.67
3,000-3,499 ¹³	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	30	10	3	2	10	1	1	1	2	0	3.24	0.63	0.63
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
500-749.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.33	1.00	1.00
750-999.....	3	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	3.86	1.00	1.00
1,000-1,249.....	7	3	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	3.43	1.14	.28
1,250-1,499.....	5	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3.15	1.40	.80
1,500-1,749.....	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.75	.25
1,750-1,999.....	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	4.33	.33	2.00
2,000-2,249.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00
2,250-2,499.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
2,500-2,999 ¹⁴	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.90	.67	.33
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	55	16	10	7	11	6	4	0	1	0	3.35	0.82	0.53
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
500-749.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4.58	3.00	.....
750-999.....	4	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3.50	1.00	.50
1,000-1,249.....	10	5	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.62	.30	.30
1,250-1,499.....	5	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.04	1.86	.20
1,500-1,749.....	11	3	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	3.45	1.18	.27
1,750-1,999.....	4	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3.75	1.00	.75
2,000-2,249.....	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2.75	.25	.50
2,250-2,499.....	5	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00
2,500-2,999.....	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4.12	.50	1.50
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5.00	1.00	2.00
3,500-3,999.....	3	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3.67	1.00	.67
4,000 or over ¹⁵	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.67	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type —										Average number of persons per family ¹	Average number of persons under 16 ²	Average number of persons 16 or older ³
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
SMALL CITIES—CON.													
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon—Continued</i>													
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	9	6	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.44	0.33	0.11
0-249.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 2.00		
250-499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 2.00		
500-749.....	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.67	
750-999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,000-1,249.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	† 3.00	† 1.00	† 1.00
1,250-1,499.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 3.00	† 1.00	
1,500-1,749.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,000-2,249 ¹³	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 2.00		
Ohio, New Philadelphia													
ALL OCCUPATIONS¹⁴													
All incomes.....	588	177	98	68	126	48	46	12	6	7	3.50	1.01	0.48
0-249.....	4	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3.75	1.25	.50
250-499.....	20	15	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.35	.25	.10
500-749.....	60	27	8	7	7	4	5	1	1	0	3.16	.83	.33
750-999.....	94	30	22	7	13	10	9	1	1	1	3.44	.99	.44
1,000-1,249.....	107	35	17	11	27	8	8	1	0	0	3.24	.83	.41
1,250-1,499.....	88	17	11	13	24	8	9	4	1	1	3.90	1.31	.58
1,500-1,749.....	76	22	14	8	16	5	6	2	1	2	3.66	1.17	.49
1,750-1,999.....	32	5	7	7	6	3	2	1	0	1	3.90	1.34	.53
2,000-2,249.....	26	6	6	5	4	4	1	0	0	0	3.47	1.08	.42
2,250-2,499.....	17	5	4	1	4	1	1	0	0	1	3.65	1.06	.59
2,500-2,999.....	31	7	1	2	15	2	2	2	0	0	3.59	.84	.74
3,000-3,499.....	15	4	2	3	3	1	0	0	1	1	3.97	1.20	.80
3,500-3,999.....	5	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3.56	.60	1.00
4,000 or over ¹⁵	13	2	2	2	4	1	2	0	0	0	3.71	1.08	.61
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	308	83	52	37	65	26	29	9	3	4	3.63	1.15	0.47
0-249.....	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 3.50	† 1.50	
250-499.....	12	9	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.42	.25	.17
500-749.....	37	13	7	4	5	3	3	1	1	0	3.36	.94	.41
750-999.....	66	17	15	7	11	7	7	1	0	1	3.59	1.15	.44
1,000-1,249.....	60	15	11	4	18	3	8	1	0	0	3.44	.97	.45
1,250-1,499.....	58	11	7	11	13	5	6	3	1	1	3.99	1.45	.53
1,500-1,749.....	36	13	4	4	6	3	2	2	1	1	3.72	1.25	.44
1,750-1,999.....	18	0	5	2	5	3	1	1	0	1	4.42	1.56	.83
2,000-2,249.....	9	1	2	2	1	2	1	0	0	0	4.00	1.56	.44
2,250-2,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 2.00		
2,500-2,999.....	8	3	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	3.41	.88	.50
3,000-3,499 ¹⁵	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	† 3.00	† 1.00	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type —										Average number of persons per family ^{1 2}	Average number of persons under 16 ^{3 4}	Average number of persons 16 or older ^{5 4}
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
SMALL CITIES—CON.													
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia—Continued</i>													
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	108	34	22	16	18	8	6	0	0	2	3.41	0.97	0.44
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.50	.....
500-749.....	8	5	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2.98	1.00	.....
750-999.....	12	3	6	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3.26	.67	.60
1,000-1,249.....	26	14	2	4	4	2	0	0	0	0	2.85	1.58	.31
1,250-1,499.....	18	3	4	2	4	1	2	0	0	0	3.56	1.06	.60
1,500-1,749.....	14	1	4	3	3	1	2	0	0	0	3.76	1.23	.60
1,750-1,999.....	7	2	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	3.64	1.28	.26
2,000-2,249.....	8	3	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	3.07	.75	.38
2,250-2,499.....	7	1	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	4.38	1.43	1.00
2,500-2,999.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	6.53	3.33	1.33
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
4,000 or over ⁶	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	.....
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	154	47	24	15	39	13	10	3	2	1	3.41	0.88	0.53
0-249.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	.....
250-499.....	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.25	.....
500-749.....	9	5	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2.85	.44	.44
750-999.....	12	7	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	3.00	.75	.25
1,000-1,249.....	21	6	4	3	5	3	0	0	0	0	3.17	.76	.43
1,250-1,499.....	11	1	0	0	6	2	1	1	0	0	4.32	1.27	1.00
1,500-1,749.....	23	7	6	1	5	1	2	0	0	1	3.58	1.13	.48
1,750-1,999.....	6	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.94	1.00	.....
2,000-2,249.....	9	2	3	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.30	.89	.44
2,250-2,499.....	9	3	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	3.26	.89	.33
2,500-2,999.....	21	3	1	1	11	2	1	2	0	0	3.71	.90	.81
3,000-3,499.....	11	4	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	3.36	.73	.64
3,500-3,999.....	5	2	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	3.56	.60	1.00
4,000 or over ¹⁴	12	2	1	2	4	1	2	0	0	0	3.77	1.08	.66
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	16	11	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	2.70	0.25	0.44
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5.00	1.00	2.00
250-499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	5	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2.77	.60	.20
750-999.....	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2.83	.....	.75
1,000-1,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,250-1,499.....	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
1,500-1,749.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.00	1.50
1,750-1,999 ¹⁵	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ²³	Average number of persons under 16 ²⁴	Average number of persons 16 or older ²⁴
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
SMALL CITIES—con.													
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>													
ALL OCCUPATIONS¹⁷													
All incomes.....	372	113	55	55	66	30	28	16	5	4	3.56	1.11	0.44
0-249.....	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3.33	.33	1.00
250-499.....	9	7	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2.78	.56	.22
500-749.....	49	19	11	7	8	0	3	1	0	0	3.06	.88	.16
750-999.....	67	16	15	9	10	7	5	1	2	2	3.67	1.21	.46
1,000-1,249.....	78	24	7	12	15	5	9	5	0	1	3.70	1.33	.37
1,250-1,499.....	50	13	6	10	12	4	1	2	1	1	3.60	1.08	.52
1,500-1,749.....	26	9	2	4	1	4	4	2	0	0	3.81	1.50	.31
1,750-1,999.....	24	6	4	3	2	2	4	1	2	0	3.87	1.21	.67
2,000-2,249.....	16	4	4	4	1	2	1	0	0	0	3.41	1.19	.19
2,250-2,499.....	13	2	1	3	4	1	0	2	0	0	3.99	1.00	1.00
2,500-2,999.....	15	4	4	2	3	1	0	1	0	0	3.33	.93	.40
3,000-3,499.....	8	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	3.53	.88	.62
3,500-3,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
4,000 or over ¹⁸	12	4	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	3.44	.33	1.08
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	197	45	31	33	35	18	17	11	4	3	3.82	1.32	0.49
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.00	2.00
250-499.....	6	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3.17	.83	.33
500-749.....	36	13	6	7	6	0	3	1	0	0	3.22	1.03	.17
750-999.....	42	7	12	7	4	5	4	0	2	1	3.80	1.28	.49
1,000-1,249.....	48	7	6	8	11	5	5	5	0	1	4.21	1.69	.52
1,250-1,499.....	28	6	3	6	9	1	0	1	1	1	3.74	1.14	.61
1,500-1,749.....	13	3	1	3	1	1	3	1	0	0	4.00	1.69	.31
1,750-1,999.....	9	1	2	0	1	2	2	0	1	0	4.20	1.22	1.00
2,000-2,249.....	7	2	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3.57	1.00	.43
2,250-2,499.....	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	4.21	1.25	1.00
2,500-2,999.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4.50	1.50	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
4,000 or over ¹⁸	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6.00	2.00	2.00
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	48	14	7	8	11	2	2	3	0	1	3.58	1.08	0.48
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
250-499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
500-749.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.50	1.50
750-999.....	10	0	3	2	3	0	1	0	0	1	4.30	1.90	.40
1,000-1,249.....	11	6	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	2.93	.82	.09
1,250-1,499.....	6	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	3.57	.83	.67
1,500-1,749.....	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	4.67	2.00	.67
1,750-1,999.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	-----
2,000-2,249.....	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	-----
2,250-2,499.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	4.92	1.00	2.00
2,500-2,999.....	6	2	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.34	.83	.53
3,000-3,499.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.08	.33	.67
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
4,000 or over ¹⁸	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	2.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 14	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
SMALL CITIES—CON. <i>Illinois, Lincoln—</i> Continued													
All incomes.....	118	50	17	14	15	10	9	2	1	0	3.19	0.86	0.33
0-249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.60		
250-499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
500-749.....	11	5	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.54	.45	.09
750-999.....	13	9	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	3.00	.62	.38
1,000-1,249.....	15	9	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	3.00	.93	.07
1,250-1,499.....	16	5	2	3	2	3	1	0	0	0	3.38	1.06	.31
1,500-1,749.....	9	4	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	3.46	1.22	.22
1,750-1,999.....	14	5	2	2	1	0	2	1	1	0	3.64	1.14	.50
2,000-2,249.....	7	2	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	3.38	1.43	
2,250-2,499.....	7	1	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.61	.86	.71
2,500-2,999.....	7	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.86	.14
3,000-3,499.....	5	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	3.80	1.20	.60
3,500-3,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
4,000 or over ¹	9	3	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	3.26	.26	1.25
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	9	4	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2.51	0.00	0.56
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	1.00	1.00
250-499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
500-749.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
750-999.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	1.00	1.00
1,000-1,249.....	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.40	.00	.50
1,250-1,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,500-1,749 ¹⁵	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
ALL OCCUPATIONS¹⁶													
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam													
All incomes.....	404	138	72	46	63	32	31	14	7	1	3.41	1.00	0.42
0-249.....	6	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	3.33	.50	.83
250-499.....	10	7	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2.60	.20	.40
500-749.....	33	21	2	3	3	1	3	0	0	0	2.74	.61	.12
750-999.....	61	28	15	6	4	3	5	2	0	0	3.09	.92	.18
1,000-1,249.....	91	25	15	11	20	7	6	5	1	1	3.59	1.04	.52
1,250-1,499.....	77	25	14	11	7	4	10	4	2	0	3.61	1.31	.30
1,500-1,749.....	43	10	12	4	7	5	5	0	0	0	3.46	1.07	.37
1,750-1,999.....	27	5	8	4	3	5	9	1	1	0	3.72	1.11	.63
2,000-2,249.....	19	7	2	4	2	3	1	0	0	0	3.45	1.05	.37
2,250-2,499.....	14	5	1	1	5	1	0	1	0	0	3.21	.57	.64
2,500-2,999.....	5	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.00	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	7	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	3.88	1.43	.43
3,500-3,999.....	5	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	2	0	4.75	.40	2.40
4,000 or over ¹⁸	6	2	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	3.70	1.17	.50
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	257	72	50	34	35	23	28	11	3	1	3.60	1.22	0.38
0-249.....	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	3.75	.75	1.00
250-499.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
500-749.....	19	8	2	3	2	1	3	0	0	0	3.17	1.00	.16
750-999.....	42	13	12	5	2	3	5	2	0	0	3.41	1.21	.21
1,000-1,249.....	73	15	13	10	17	7	6	3	1	1	3.74	1.20	.53
1,250-1,499.....	63	18	12	9	5	4	10	4	1	0	3.77	1.51	.25
1,500-1,749.....	29	8	7	2	4	4	4	0	0	0	3.44	1.10	.34
1,750-1,999.....	12	1	3	3	2	2	0	1	0	0	3.97	1.33	.67
2,000-2,249.....	6	2	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3.75	1.00	.67
2,250-2,499.....	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4.00	1.00	2.00
2,500-2,999.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	
3,000-3,499 ¹⁵	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ²³ (12)	Average number of persons under 16 ²⁴ (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ²⁴ (14)
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
CLERICAL													
SMALL CITIES—CON. <i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam—Continued</i>													
All incomes.....	37	16	8	7	1	2	1	1	1	0	3.13	0.92	0.22
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
500-749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
750-999.....	8	6	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.37	.38	
1,000-1,249.....	8	5	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2.84	.88	.00
1,250-1,499.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	
1,500-1,749.....	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.50	1.50	
1,750-1,999.....	4	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	4.74	1.75	1.00
2,000-2,249.....	7	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3.28	1.28	
2,250-2,499.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	
2,500-2,999.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.50	
3,500-3,999.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	5.00		3.00
4,000 or over ²⁰	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	85	31	13	5	22	7	2	2	3	0	3.29	0.65	0.65
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.50	.50	1.00
500-749.....	9	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.22	.11	.11
750-999.....	6	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.17	.17
1,000-1,249.....	6	2	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	3.67	.50	1.17
1,250-1,499.....	10	4	2	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	3.07	.40	.70
1,500-1,749.....	11	2	4	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	3.48	1.00	.45
1,750-1,999.....	9	2	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	3.30	.78	.56
2,000-2,249.....	5	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	3.60	1.00	.60
2,250-2,499.....	9	3	1	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	3.00	.44	.66
2,500-2,999.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.00	.67
3,000-3,499.....	4	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	4.75	2.00	.75
3,500-3,999.....	4	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	4.69	.50	2.25
4,000 or over ¹⁸	5	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	4.03	1.40	.60
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	24	19	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2.24	0.00	0.21
0-249.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.00	1.50
250-499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
500-749.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
750-999.....	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.00	.25
1,000-1,249.....	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.00	.25
1,250-1,499.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
1,500-1,749.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.67	1.00	1.00
1,750-1,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
2,000-2,249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
2,250-2,499 ²¹	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type—										Average number of persons per family ¹ (12)	Average number of persons under 16 ² (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ³ (14)
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
SMALL CITIES—CON.													
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>													
All incomes	392	120	62	43	65	33	36	22	4	7	3.70	1.21	0.49
0-249.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
250-499.....	24	10	5	1	4	1	2	1	0	0	3.21	.....	.33
500-749.....	41	12	6	8	5	4	4	2	0	0	3.64	.....	.46
750-999.....	47	20	5	7	2	2	9	0	1	1	3.48	.....	.21
1,000-1,249.....	47	11	7	4	10	7	3	3	1	1	3.94	.....	.64
1,250-1,499.....	55	22	10	6	3	4	4	3	1	2	3.66	.....	.25
1,500-1,749.....	53	14	10	4	11	3	5	3	0	3	3.81	.....	.72
1,750-1,999.....	24	7	5	4	3	2	1	1	1	0	3.65	.....	.60
2,000-2,249.....	28	5	7	2	4	4	3	3	0	0	4.04	.....	.43
2,250-2,499.....	20	5	2	5	5	1	2	0	0	0	3.57	.....	.45
2,500-2,999.....	23	4	2	1	9	3	3	1	0	0	3.87	.....	.65
3,000-3,499.....	15	2	2	0	7	2	0	2	0	0	4.04	.....	1.00
3,500-3,999.....	6	2	0	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	4.17	.....	1.00
4,000 or over ⁴	5	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3.40	.....	.80
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes	204	55	33	24	30	16	24	14	2	5	3.86	1.34	0.52
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	18	5	1	0	3	1	2	1	0	0	3.56	.....	.39
500-749.....	22	2	4	4	3	3	4	2	0	0	4.31	.....	.73
750-999.....	31	12	3	5	1	1	8	0	0	1	3.66	.....	.13
1,000-1,249.....	21	5	1	4	4	3	1	3	0	0	4.14	.....	.62
1,250-1,499.....	34	12	8	4	3	2	3	0	1	1	3.50	.....	.24
1,500-1,749.....	31	6	7	4	3	2	4	2	0	3	4.30	.....	.77
1,750-1,999.....	13	4	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	3.96	.....	.85
2,000-2,249.....	10	2	3	0	1	1	0	3	0	0	4.29	.....	.60
2,250-2,499.....	6	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	.....	.60
2,500-2,999.....	12	4	1	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	3.50	.....	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	3.65	.....	1.26
3,500-3,999 ⁵	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	5.00	.....	2.00
CLERICAL													
All incomes	61	21	14	6	6	4	6	2	1	1	3.52	1.18	0.33
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	6	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.....	.67
750-999.....	6	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.83	.....	.83
1,000-1,249.....	13	3	4	0	1	2	1	0	1	1	4.08	.....	.69
1,250-1,499.....	7	3	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	3.71	.....	.28
1,500-1,749.....	7	2	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	2.57	.....	.71
1,750-1,999.....	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.....	1.17
2,000-2,249.....	6	2	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3.67	.....	.17
2,250-2,499.....	4	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3.75	.....	1.75
2,500-2,999.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4.00	.....	1.50
3,000-3,499.....	5	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3.99	.....	.40
3,500-3,999.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
4,000 or over ⁶	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.....	1.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 114.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average ¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by occupation and income and by family type and income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, family-income class (dollars), occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income (11)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (15)	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source ² (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source ⁵ (7)	Owncd home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)	Home-produced food (10)		All sources (net) ⁷ (12)	Earnings ³ (13)	Other sources ³ (14)		All sources (16)	Owncd home (net) ⁵ (17)	Rent as pay (18)	Home-produced food (19)
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS—continued																		
Family-type groups—Continued	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Type 4.....	1,058	1,054	1,014	349	23	919	682	26	719	1,516	1,394	1,260	141	7	122	87	6	29
0-999.....	348	344	325	97	5	300	202	6	266	687	601	540	62	1	86	57	1	28
1,000-1,499.....	301	301	287	81	9	261	188	2	213	1,217	1,112	1,036	84	8	105	75	1	29
1,500-1,999.....	184	184	182	66	3	160	123	8	113	1,721	1,568	1,442	129	3	153	103	12	38
2,000-2,999.....	161	161	160	70	4	140	118	9	95	2,402	2,244	2,051	205	12	158	117	17	24
3,000 or over.....	64	64	60	35	2	58	51	1	32	4,631	4,414	3,723	720	29	217	189	3	25
Type 5.....	415	413	409	99	12	364	220	13	308	1,572	1,461	1,388	82	9	111	67	6	38
0-999.....	116	114	113	19	3	97	38	5	90	753	688	668	23	3	65	28	4	33
1,000-1,499.....	132	132	130	28	2	119	78	2	104	1,220	1,127	1,089	38	(⁵)	93	56	3	34
1,500-1,999.....	84	84	83	17	1	74	48	1	62	1,694	1,571	1,511	60	(⁵)	123	70	3	50
2,000-2,999.....	52	52	52	17	3	46	32	5	34	2,432	2,268	2,133	140	(⁵) 15	174	118	27	29
3,000 or over.....	31	31	31	18	3	28	24	0	18	4,363	4,141	3,769	449	77	222	172	0	50
Type 6.....	367	367	361	80	3	283	115	8	247	1,308	1,247	1,185	63	1	61	33	4	24
0-999.....	135	135	132	24	1	102	22	3	97	717	682	658	25	(⁵) 1	35	11	2	22
1,000-1,499.....	137	137	135	25	1	105	52	1	92	1,227	1,168	1,121	47	(⁵)	59	33	2	24
1,500-1,999.....	44	44	44	8	0	36	16	0	32	1,712	1,639	1,619	20	0	73	48	0	25
2,000-2,999.....	36	36	36	14	1	28	14	4	20	2,377	2,253	2,160	98	5	124	61	26	38
3,000 or over.....	15	15	14	9	0	12	11	0	6	3,627	3,491	2,901	690	0	136	128	0	8
Type 7.....	173	173	172	42	5	143	75	4	125	1,442	1,344	1,265	81	2	98	43	5	50
0-999.....	49	49	48	7	0	43	16	1	42	757	695	672	23	0	62	18	2	42
1,000-1,499.....	63	63	63	13	2	47	27	1	39	1,244	1,162	1,131	36	5	82	38	3	41

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 14	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
WAGE-EARNER													
SMALL CITIES—con. <i>Missouri, Columbia—Continued</i>	479	108	93	57	94	46	45	20	7	9	3.73	1.22	0.51
All incomes.....	479	108	93	57	94	46	45	20	7	9	3.73	1.22	0.51
0-249.....	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.25	.....
250-499.....	21	6	2	5	2	2	1	2	1	0	3.83	1.24	.57
500-749.....	84	19	19	10	16	8	8	2	0	2	3.66	1.31	.37
750-999.....	83	20	22	8	15	5	8	3	0	2	3.65	1.32	.34
1,000-1,249.....	92	27	18	11	15	8	9	2	1	1	3.50	1.10	.40
1,250-1,499.....	69	8	16	6	13	12	10	3	0	1	4.03	1.51	.52
1,500-1,749.....	54	10	9	7	13	4	3	5	1	2	4.02	1.28	.74
1,750-1,999.....	30	6	2	6	7	2	2	2	2	1	3.79	1.07	.73
2,000-2,249.....	18	6	2	0	6	2	1	0	1	0	3.28	.50	.78
2,250-2,499.....	6	1	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	3.83	1.17	.67
2,500-2,999.....	11	1	2	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	3.91	1.00	.82
3,000-3,499.....	4	0	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	4.25	1.00	1.25
3,500-3,999 ²³	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	4.94	.67	2.33
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	227	60	50	23	51	14	18	6	4	1	3.44	0.91	0.53
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	3	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	4.33	1.67	.67
500-749.....	6	2	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	3.01	.17	.83
750-999.....	18	4	4	2	5	0	2	1	0	0	3.50	1.17	.33
1,000-1,249.....	34	10	7	4	3	1	7	1	1	0	3.54	1.29	.26
1,250-1,499.....	30	7	9	4	4	3	3	0	0	0	3.44	1.03	.40
1,500-1,749.....	23	10	5	1	4	1	0	2	0	0	3.13	.56	.56
1,750-1,999.....	21	4	8	1	3	2	2	0	1	0	3.50	1.00	.48
2,000-2,249.....	19	4	4	2	8	0	0	0	1	0	3.26	.47	.79
2,250-2,499.....	19	6	3	2	5	1	0	1	1	0	3.37	.68	.68
2,500-2,999.....	24	8	6	3	2	4	0	1	0	0	3.46	.96	.50
3,000-3,499.....	15	2	1	1	8	1	2	0	0	0	3.59	.93	.67
3,500-3,999.....	8	1	2	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	3.49	.88	.62
4,000 or over ²⁴	7	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	3.72	.57	1.14
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	435	119	77	40	103	40	29	9	10	8	3.54	0.93	0.60
0-249.....	5	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.60	.20	.40
250-499.....	8	4	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	3.37	1.25	.12
500-749.....	16	5	0	0	6	3	2	0	0	0	3.44	.88	.56
750-999.....	26	12	1	3	7	0	1	0	2	0	3.06	.50	.58
1,000-1,249.....	25	9	5	4	5	1	2	6	2	0	3.39	1.12	.28
1,250-1,499.....	34	6	7	5	6	3	2	1	0	0	4.18	1.47	.70
1,500-1,749.....	37	15	5	5	6	3	2	1	0	0	3.25	.81	.43
1,750-1,999.....	32	11	2	2	11	2	2	0	1	1	3.44	.75	.69
2,000-2,249.....	25	9	6	3	5	1	0	0	0	1	3.20	.84	.28
2,250-2,499.....	22	7	8	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	2.91	.68	.23
2,500-2,999.....	47	16	12	1	11	2	1	2	2	0	3.19	.70	.49
3,000-3,499.....	35	8	8	1	11	5	1	0	1	0	3.37	.66	.71
3,500-3,999.....	33	1	6	8	10	5	0	1	1	1	4.01	1.06	.97
4,000 or over ²⁵	90	13	16	6	23	15	9	2	3	3	4.04	1.20	.83

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type t—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 13	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
SMALL CITIES—CON.													
<i>Missouri, Columbia—Continued</i>													
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	31	22	2	1	5	0	1	0	0	0	2.39	0.22	0.16
0-249.....	7	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.43	.43	-----
250-499.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
500-749.....	6	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.17	.17
750-999.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
1,000-1,249.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.00	.33
1,250-1,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
1,500-1,749.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
1,750-1,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
2,000-2,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.60	.40
2,500-2,999.....	5	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
4,000 or over ¹	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	7.00	1.00
FARM-OPERATOR													
All incomes.....	13	4	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	3.61	1.31	0.31
0-249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
250-499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
500-749.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
750-999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
1,000-1,249.....	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.28	1.50	-----
1,250-1,499.....	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.78	.67	-----
1,500-1,749.....	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2.50	4.50	1.00
1,750-1,999.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	7.00	2.00
2,000-2,249.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	-----
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
2,500-2,999 ²	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	-----
ALL OCCUPATIONS³													
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>													
All incomes.....	925	298	156	75	239	79	30	22	17	9	3.35	0.77	0.58
0-249.....	24	15	2	1	3	1	0	1	1	0	2.88	.50	.37
250-499.....	56	22	12	3	14	0	3	0	2	0	2.94	.59	.37
500-749.....	104	39	15	9	21	9	2	4	4	1	3.35	.80	.55
750-999.....	149	44	27	18	34	12	8	4	0	2	3.42	.92	.50
1,000-1,249.....	122	44	25	14	19	12	3	4	0	1	3.30	.83	.38
1,250-1,499.....	101	29	19	7	28	9	5	2	2	0	3.40	.79	.60
1,500-1,749.....	83	26	17	4	22	7	4	2	0	1	3.35	.82	.52
1,750-1,999.....	76	23	14	4	25	3	3	2	2	0	3.24	.60	.63
2,000-2,249.....	54	12	9	3	16	0	2	0	2	1	3.71	.92	.80
2,250-2,499.....	43	12	6	4	15	4	0	0	1	1	3.35	.67	.67
2,500-2,999.....	56	18	7	4	21	5	0	1	0	0	3.16	.48	.68
3,000-3,499.....	29	8	0	2	12	4	0	1	0	2	3.77	.59	1.17
3,500-3,999.....	16	5	2	2	5	0	0	1	1	0	3.37	.50	.88
4,000 or over ³	12	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	2	0	4.22	.67	1.58

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type —										Average number of persons per family ^{1,2} (12)	Average number of persons under 16 ^{3,4} (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ^{3,4} (14)
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
WAGE-EARNER													
SMALL CITIES—CON. Missouri, Moberly— Continued													
All incomes.....	609	192	111	53	141	58	21	17	9	7	3.41	0.86	0.55
0-249.....	14	7	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	0	3.36	.78	.57
250-499.....	36	10	11	3	10	0	1	0	1	0	3.02	.67	.39
500-749.....	78	25	14	9	15	8	1	3	2	1	3.46	.94	.51
750-999.....	114	35	21	13	23	11	6	4	0	1	3.45	.97	.47
1,000-1,249.....	90	29	22	13	11	10	2	2	0	1	3.35	1.01	.33
1,250-1,499.....	64	17	11	4	16	8	5	2	1	0	3.60	.98	.61
1,500-1,749.....	46	15	8	2	11	4	3	2	0	1	3.58	.98	.59
1,750-1,999.....	41	12	6	4	13	2	1	1	2	0	3.40	.66	.73
2,000-2,249.....	36	9	8	1	9	5	2	0	1	1	3.67	.97	.72
2,250-2,499.....	24	8	4	2	8	1	0	0	0	1	3.23	.71	.60
2,500-2,999.....	37	16	3	0	13	5	0	0	0	0	3.00	.35	.65
3,000-3,499.....	18	6	0	0	8	2	0	1	0	1	3.50	.28	1.22
3,500-3,999.....	10	3	2	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	3.40	.60	.80
4,000 or over ⁵	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6.00	1.00	3.00
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	138	40	17	11	50	6	6	3	4	1	3.30	0.60	0.70
0-249.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.19	1.00	.....
250-499.....	5	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2.80	.60	.20
500-749.....	11	5	0	0	2	1	0	1	2	0	3.66	.45	1.13
750-999.....	21	4	4	3	8	0	1	0	0	1	3.33	.67	.67
1,000-1,249.....	13	6	0	0	5	0	1	1	0	0	3.23	.89	.54
1,250-1,499.....	20	5	5	2	9	0	0	0	0	0	3.08	.50	.60
1,500-1,749.....	19	5	4	0	6	3	1	0	0	0	3.22	.68	.63
1,750-1,999.....	14	7	1	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	2.86	.57	.28
2,000-2,249.....	8	1	0	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	3.62	1.00	.62
2,250-2,499.....	8	2	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	3.34	.62	.75
2,500-2,999.....	10	0	1	2	6	0	0	1	0	0	3.79	.70	1.10
3,000-3,499.....	3	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.36	.60	1.33
3,500-3,999.....	3	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.33	.60	1.33
4,000 or over ⁵	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	4.50	1.00	2.50
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	154	50	28	11	41	14	3	2	4	1	3.26	0.67	0.60
0-249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
250-499.....	10	4	1	0	3	0	1	0	1	0	3.20	.60	.60
500-749.....	13	7	1	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	2.66	.38	.31
750-999.....	12	5	2	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	3.21	.92	.33
1,000-1,249.....	15	8	3	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	3.07	.73	.33
1,250-1,499.....	16	6	3	1	4	1	0	0	1	0	3.08	.44	.62
1,500-1,749.....	17	6	5	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	2.82	.59	.24
1,750-1,999.....	21	4	7	0	8	1	0	1	0	0	3.18	.52	.67
2,000-2,249.....	9	2	1	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	4.00	.76	1.00
2,250-2,499.....	11	2	1	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	3.64	.64	.78
2,500-2,999.....	9	2	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	4.53	1.50	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	8	1	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	1	3.33	.67	.67
3,500-3,999.....	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.96	.78	1.22
4,000 or over ⁵	9	1	1	0	3	3	0	0	1	0	.....	.....	.....

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ^{2 3}	Average number of persons under 16 ^{4 4}	Average number of persons 16 or older ^{5 4}
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
SMALL CITIES—CON.													
<i>Missouri, Moberly—Continued</i>													
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	22	14	0	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	2.64	0.14	0.50
0-249.....	7	6	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.14	.00	.14
250-499.....	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
750-999.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
1,000-1,249.....	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.50	1.50	1.00
1,250-1,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,500-1,749.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	2.00
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,000-2,249 ^{1 2}	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00
VILLAGES													
<i>Combined village units</i>													
ALL OCCUPATIONS^{1 2}													
All incomes.....	5,067	1,589	770	564	1,058	415	367	173	75	76	3.54	1.01	0.52
0-249.....	102	69	11	1	14	3	3	0	0	1	2.58	.34	.22
250-499.....	345	184	34	24	64	13	14	6	3	3	2.92	.58	.34
500-749.....	616	258	102	49	104	27	49	16	7	4	3.20	.87	.32
750-999.....	915	301	156	104	166	73	69	27	7	12	3.44	1.02	.41
1,000-1,249.....	903	241	140	124	181	77	75	35	15	15	3.69	1.16	.62
1,250-1,499.....	648	162	106	96	120	55	62	28	7	12	3.76	1.24	.51
1,500-1,749.....	449	109	69	49	100	51	26	27	8	10	3.80	1.15	.65
1,750-1,999.....	305	59	47	41	84	33	18	7	8	6	3.82	1.07	.73
2,000-2,249.....	231	61	38	24	53	17	20	6	1	6	3.63	1.02	.60
2,250-2,499.....	140	40	19	13	48	12	4	7	5	1	3.52	.76	.76
2,500-2,999.....	179	33	23	16	55	23	12	7	9	1	3.87	.96	.89
3,000-3,499.....	81	17	8	10	22	10	8	3	2	1	3.84	1.09	.75
3,500-3,999.....	41	8	4	3	14	8	3	0	1	0	3.79	.90	.88
4,000 or over ^{1 2}	103	27	13	10	28	13	4	4	2	2	3.71	.90	.80
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	2,670	722	439	306	533	239	223	115	38	55	3.71	1.16	0.53
0-249.....	48	25	8	0	10	2	2	0	0	1	2.90	.52	.35
250-499.....	210	98	22	21	41	9	10	5	2	2	3.08	.71	.36
500-749.....	419	152	78	38	68	23	40	12	5	3	3.36	1.01	.34
750-999.....	643	177	125	73	108	59	62	24	7	8	3.61	1.18	.42
1,000-1,249.....	570	131	61	64	119	62	60	23	6	14	3.83	1.26	.55
1,250-1,499.....	356	73	57	62	71	34	35	22	3	9	3.97	1.39	.58
1,500-1,749.....	191	40	29	21	36	30	10	16	3	6	4.07	1.39	.68
1,750-1,999.....	98	8	13	13	28	13	9	4	4	6	4.47	1.39	1.08
2,000-2,249.....	58	6	11	1	24	5	3	3	1	4	4.09	1.07	1.03
2,250-2,499.....	33	7	3	3	9	4	1	4	2	0	4.07	1.03	1.06
2,500-2,999.....	32	2	2	0	17	4	0	1	5	1	4.29	.72	1.56
3,000-3,499.....	3	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	5.00	2.00	1.00
3,500-3,999.....	4	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2.75	.25	.50
4,000 or over ^{1 2}	5	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	1	6.00	2.20	1.80

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36*Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type —										Average number of persons per family ^{1,2} (12)	Average number of persons under 16 ^{3,4} (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ^{3,4} (14)
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
VILLAGES—con.													
CLERICAL													
<i>Combined village units—Continued</i>	623	164	105	81	146	54	39	18	11	5	3.56	0.99	0.57
All incomes.....													
0-249.....	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.33	-----
250-499.....	26	14	3	1	5	2	1	0	0	0	2.81	.46	.35
500-749.....	44	16	10	5	11	1	1	0	0	0	3.01	.68	.32
750-999.....	98	37	15	17	21	4	3	0	0	1	3.09	.76	.36
1,000-1,249.....	107	27	19	20	14	10	6	7	4	0	3.72	1.24	.48
1,250-1,499.....	82	15	20	10	17	7	8	2	2	1	3.74	1.12	.60
1,500-1,749.....	68	14	8	8	20	6	6	3	2	1	3.83	1.10	.75
1,750-1,999.....	56	8	11	8	15	8	4	0	2	0	3.76	1.07	.68
2,000-2,249.....	47	16	6	4	11	5	5	0	0	0	3.40	.85	.53
2,250-2,499.....	27	4	3	2	14	1	1	1	0	1	3.80	.81	.96
2,500-2,999.....	34	6	4	5	7	7	2	3	0	0	4.07	1.32	.70
3,000-3,499.....	19	4	4	1	6	1	1	1	1	0	3.53	.95	.58
3,500-3,999.....	7	1	0	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	4.07	.71	1.28
4,000 or over ¹⁶	5	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	5.60	1.60	2.00
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	1,433	454	210	172	313	109	97	39	24	15	3.44	0.92	0.51
0-249.....	14	13	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.14	.14	-----
250-499.....	57	34	6	2	10	0	3	1	0	1	2.80	.56	.24
500-749.....	93	41	13	5	20	3	5	3	2	1	3.09	.67	.41
750-999.....	121	54	15	13	23	8	3	3	0	2	3.15	.75	.40
1,000-1,249.....	177	54	28	20	33	14	17	5	5	1	3.52	1.07	.46
1,250-1,499.....	177	51	26	33	28	12	19	4	2	2	3.56	1.16	.40
1,500-1,749.....	177	46	32	20	43	13	10	8	2	3	3.56	.98	.57
1,750-1,999.....	140	40	21	20	37	10	5	3	2	2	3.42	.87	.52
2,000-2,249.....	115	34	20	17	20	7	12	3	0	2	3.56	1.12	.48
2,250-2,499.....	86	27	13	8	24	7	2	2	3	0	3.26	.67	.59
2,500-2,999.....	110	22	17	11	31	12	10	3	4	0	3.73	.94	.77
3,000-3,499.....	53	10	4	9	13	8	5	2	1	1	3.97	1.13	.83
3,500-3,999.....	27	2	4	3	10	5	2	0	1	0	3.93	1.04	.89
4,000 or over ¹⁶	86	26	11	10	21	10	4	2	2	0	3.50	.83	.66
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	266	194	13	2	44	4	6	1	2	0	2.43	0.20	0.24
0-249.....	37	29	2	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	2.34	.19	.14
250-499.....	44	33	2	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	2.38	.07	.32
500-749.....	48	41	1	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	2.29	.23	.06
750-999.....	34	24	1	0	8	0	1	0	0	0	2.41	.12	.29
1,000-1,249.....	39	24	1	0	11	1	2	0	0	0	2.56	.23	.33
1,250-1,499.....	27	19	3	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	2.43	.30	.18
1,500-1,749.....	8	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	-----	.50
1,750-1,999.....	8	3	2	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.00	.50	.50
2,000-2,249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.17	.17
2,250-2,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
2,500-2,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
3,000-3,499.....	5	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3.00	.60	.40
3,500-3,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
4,000 or over ¹⁶	5	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3.20	.40	.80

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 14	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
FARM-OPERATOR													
VILLAGES—con. Combined village units—Continued	74	35	3	3	21	9	2	0	0	1	3.12	0.59	0.57
All incomes.....	74	35	3	3	21	9	2	0	0	1	3.12	0.59	0.57
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	8	5	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3.00	.62	.38
500-749.....	12	8	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	2.67	.50	.17
750-999.....	19	9	0	1	6	2	0	0	0	1	3.28	.63	.63
1,000-1,249.....	10	5	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	2.88	.20	.70
1,250-1,499.....	6	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2.83	.33	.50
1,500-1,749.....	5	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	3.60	1.60	1.00
1,750-1,999.....	3	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	4.33	1.33	1.00
2,000-2,249.....	4	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.75	1.25	.60
2,250-2,499.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7.50	7.00	7.50
2,500-2,999.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7.00		
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7.00	7.00	7.00
3,500-3,999.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7.00	7.00	7.00
4,000 or over 15.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	7.50	7.50	7.00
ALL OCCUPATIONS													
Pennsylvania-Ohio	1,748	532	264	195	376	141	137	48	25	30	3.56	1.02	0.53
All incomes.....	1,748	532	264	195	376	141	137	48	25	30	3.56	1.02	0.53
0-249.....	28	20	1	0	4	2	1	0	0	0	2.60	.32	.28
250-499.....	92	55	9	7	13	3	4	0	2	0	2.74	.46	.28
500-749.....	136	80	37	11	32	9	11	3	1	2	3.11	.78	.32
750-999.....	353	110	57	44	66	26	34	11	3	2	3.50	1.08	.40
1,000-1,249.....	321	96	48	43	64	25	29	6	4	6	3.59	1.09	.49
1,250-1,499.....	237	50	43	36	45	15	33	7	3	5	3.80	1.36	.45
1,500-1,749.....	154	39	26	16	35	16	6	8	2	6	3.78	1.14	.62
1,750-1,999.....	116	27	13	17	32	11	3	3	5	5	3.92	1.02	.89
2,000-2,249.....	89	20	14	8	25	5	9	5	0	3	3.82	1.18	.65
2,250-2,499.....	50	11	5	5	21	5	1	0	1	1	3.57	.66	.92
2,500-2,999.....	55	11	6	3	17	7	4	3	4	0	3.91	.82	1.04
3,000-3,499.....	20	4	1	1	9	4	0	1	0	0	4.05	.75	1.30
3,500-3,999.....	17	2	0	2	5	6	2	0	0	0	4.31	1.24	1.06
4,000 or over 15.....	30	7	5	2	8	7	0	1	0	0	3.70	.77	.94
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	1,044	281	170	120	222	88	96	30	13	24	3.69	1.16	0.52
0-249.....	12	7	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	3.02	.50	.50
250-499.....	50	24	5	7	7	2	4	0	1	0	3.03	.74	.28
500-749.....	143	55	29	9	25	9	10	3	1	2	3.28	.91	.36
750-999.....	288	81	47	36	54	24	32	10	3	1	3.60	1.17	.42
1,000-1,249.....	223	58	38	30	47	19	21	4	1	5	3.69	1.16	.50
1,250-1,499.....	149	25	27	23	30	13	20	5	1	5	3.99	1.50	.51
1,500-1,749.....	72	17	11	7	14	10	3	4	1	5	4.10	1.37	.69
1,750-1,999.....	46	5	4	7	14	5	2	2	3	4	4.69	1.39	1.28
2,000-2,249.....	32	4	6	0	15	0	3	2	0	2	3.90	1.06	.84
2,250-2,499.....	16	2	2	1	8	2	0	0	1	0	3.67	.56	1.12
2,500-2,999.....	9	2	1	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	3.55	.44	1.11
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7.00	7.00	7.00
3,500-3,999.....	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7.50	7.50	7.00
4,000 or over 15.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7.00	7.00	7.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ¹ (12)	Average number of persons under 16 ² (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ³ (14)
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
VILLAGES—CON. Pennsylvania-Ohio—Continued													
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	204	57	31	24	48	16	18	5	4	1	3.54	0.96	0.58
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	11	7	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	2.64	.18	.45
500-749.....	11	3	2	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	3.03	.82	.27
750-999.....	29	12	5	6	4	1	1	0	0	0	3.02	.72	.28
1,000-1,249.....	39	13	6	9	4	2	3	2	0	0	3.46	1.18	.28
1,250-1,499.....	29	5	5	2	5	1	6	1	1	0	3.82	1.31	.48
1,500-1,749.....	21	2	3	3	7	2	1	1	1	0	3.84	1.05	.81
1,750-1,999.....	20	5	2	2	5	3	1	0	2	0	3.67	.75	.90
2,000-2,249.....	15	3	1	0	6	3	2	0	0	0	3.80	.87	.93
2,250-2,499.....	11	2	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	1	4.13	.91	1.18
2,500-2,999.....	8	2	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	4.04	1.25	.75
3,000-3,499.....	4	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3.75	1.00	.75
3,500-3,999.....	5	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	4.10	.80	1.20
4,000 or over ⁴	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	.....
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	428	143	59	51	92	36	22	13	7	5	3.45	0.88	0.56
0-249.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
250-499.....	17	12	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.29	.18	.12
500-749.....	22	14	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.48	.27	.18
750-999.....	27	11	5	2	5	1	1	1	0	1	3.28	.92	.33
1,000-1,249.....	47	18	3	4	10	4	4	0	3	1	3.51	.85	.66
1,250-1,499.....	55	17	7	11	10	1	7	1	1	1	3.40	1.11	.29
1,500-1,749.....	58	17	12	6	13	4	2	3	0	1	3.42	.95	.48
1,750-1,999.....	48	15	7	8	13	3	0	1	0	1	3.37	.81	.54
2,000-2,249.....	39	12	7	8	2	2	4	3	0	1	3.80	1.46	.36
2,250-2,499.....	23	7	3	3	7	3	0	0	0	0	3.24	.61	.65
2,500-2,999.....	38	7	4	3	11	5	3	2	3	0	3.97	.82	1.08
3,000-3,499.....	12	2	0	1	5	3	0	1	0	0	4.33	.75	1.58
3,500-3,999.....	10	0	0	2	3	4	1	0	0	0	4.57	1.60	1.00
4,000 or over ⁵	28	7	4	2	8	6	0	1	0	0	3.68	.75	.93
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	57	42	3	0	9	1	1	0	1	0	2.41	0.16	0.26
0-249.....	12	9	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2.38	.25	.17
250-499.....	12	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2.42	.00	.42
500-749.....	8	6	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.12	.12
750-999.....	5	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.20	.00	.20
1,000-1,249.....	10	6	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	2.60	.30	.30
1,250-1,499.....	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.33	.....
1,500-1,749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
1,750-1,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
2,000-2,249.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.50	1.50
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
3,000-3,499 ¹²	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00

See footnotes at end of table.

214 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ^{1,2}	Average number of persons under 16 ^{1,3}	Average number of persons 16 or older ^{1,4}
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
VILLAGES—con.													
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio—Continued</i>													
FARM-OPERATOR													
All incomes.....	15	9	1	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2.60	0.13	0.47
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
500-749.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
750-999.....	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.75	1.00	.75
1,000-1,249.....	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.50	
1,250-1,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
1,500-1,749.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	1.00	1.50
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,000-2,249.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	2.00
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3,000-3,499 ¹¹	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00
ALL OCCUPATIONS													
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>													
All incomes.....	1,670	528	265	203	307	123	136	59	22	27	3.54	1.06	0.46
0-249.....	18	9	3	1	2	0	2	0	0	1	3.22	1.00	.17
250-499.....	83	51	9	6	9	2	3	1	0	2	2.82	.64	.18
500-749.....	196	90	27	16	28	8	20	4	3	0	3.16	.86	.30
750-999.....	277	107	48	28	49	19	14	6	1	5	3.28	.87	.38
1,000-1,249.....	313	88	50	46	49	22	33	18	2	5	3.75	1.31	.42
1,250-1,499.....	234	64	43	36	41	17	16	11	2	4	3.65	1.17	.46
1,500-1,749.....	161	38	23	21	34	18	14	6	6	1	3.71	1.11	.60
1,750-1,999.....	101	18	20	15	28	6	11	0	1	2	3.63	1.05	.56
2,000-2,249.....	74	17	15	11	13	7	7	1	0	3	3.77	1.19	.58
2,250-2,499.....	65	14	9	5	14	5	1	5	2	0	3.66	.96	.71
2,500-2,999.....	68	14	6	7	19	9	6	2	4	1	3.92	1.12	.79
3,000-3,499.....	41	5	7	7	9	4	5	2	1	1	3.94	1.32	.63
3,500-3,999.....	16	5	2	1	5	2	1	0	0	0	3.37	.81	.56
4,000 or over ¹²	33	8	3	3	7	4	3	3	0	2	4.27	1.33	.91
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	912	269	160	110	149	71	77	45	12	19	3.68	1.20	0.47
0-249.....	12	7	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	3.21	.92	.25
250-499.....	57	33	8	4	6	2	1	1	0	2	2.92	.70	.21
500-749.....	141	66	23	11	20	6	19	4	2	0	3.34	1.04	.30
750-999.....	197	63	44	22	30	15	14	6	1	2	3.40	1.04	.34
1,000-1,249.....	210	49	36	35	33	15	22	14	1	5	3.92	1.45	.46
1,250-1,499.....	145	39	24	22	26	11	9	9	2	3	3.78	1.23	.52
1,500-1,749.....	73	13	13	10	13	11	5	6	2	0	3.94	1.34	.60
1,750-1,999.....	30	3	6	4	7	2	6	0	0	2	4.19	1.47	.73
2,000-2,249.....	16	1	3	1	4	4	0	1	0	2	4.75	1.44	1.31
2,250-2,499.....	10	3	1	1	1	1	0	3	0	0	4.66	1.50	1.10
2,500-2,999.....	15	0	1	0	7	2	0	0	4	1	4.66	1.60	1.67
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	6.00	2.00	2.00
3,500-3,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
4,000 or over ¹²	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	7.33	3.33	2.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 14	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
CLERICAL													
VILLAGES—CON. Michigan-Wisconsin—Continued	210	59	33	31	44	19	12	7	2	3	3.58	1.06	0.50
All incomes.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	-----
0-249.....	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.69	.67	-----
250-499.....	14	6	1	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	3.07	.64	.43
500-749.....	27	14	2	3	6	1	0	0	0	1	2.95	.56	.41
750-999.....	34	9	5	6	4	7	4	2	3	1	3.85	1.35	.50
1,000-1,249.....	30	7	3	4	7	1	1	1	1	0	3.60	1.03	.50
1,250-1,499.....	24	7	3	2	5	2	4	0	1	0	3.52	1.08	.46
1,500-1,749.....	22	2	6	5	6	2	2	0	0	0	3.77	1.23	.54
1,750-1,999.....	17	6	2	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	3.42	1.00	.41
2,000-2,249.....	7	1	2	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	3.28	.71	.57
2,250-2,499.....	16	3	1	3	3	4	1	1	0	0	4.10	1.44	.62
2,500-2,999.....	11	2	2	1	3	0	1	1	0	0	3.54	1.27	.27
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	2.00
3,500-3,999.....	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	7.00	2.33	2.67
4,000 or over #													
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	445	125	68	61	96	31	46	7	7	4	3.49	1.00	0.48
0-249.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	-----
250-499.....	13	7	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	2.91	.77	.15
500-749.....	22	10	3	3	3	1	1	0	1	0	3.04	.64	.41
750-999.....	35	18	2	3	8	3	0	0	0	1	3.03	.48	.54
1,000-1,249.....	46	15	9	5	5	2	9	1	0	0	3.49	1.30	.17
1,250-1,499.....	48	10	10	9	7	5	6	1	0	0	3.64	1.29	.35
1,500-1,749.....	59	14	7	9	16	5	5	0	2	1	3.58	.93	.64
1,750-1,999.....	45	12	8	6	13	2	3	0	1	0	3.24	.73	.47
2,000-2,249.....	37	7	9	6	7	1	6	0	0	1	3.68	1.27	.40
2,250-2,499.....	33	10	6	4	10	3	1	2	2	0	3.49	.87	.63
2,500-2,999.....	37	11	4	4	9	3	5	1	0	0	3.55	1.03	.51
3,000-3,499.....	28	2	4	6	6	3	4	1	1	1	4.10	1.36	.75
3,500-3,999.....	10	1	2	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	3.60	1.00	.60
4,000 or over #	26	8	3	3	6	2	3	1	0	0	3.61	1.00	.57
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	90	69	3	1	14	1	1	0	1	0	2.34	0.12	0.23
0-249.....	4	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3.12	1.00	-----
250-499.....	9	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.17	.11	.11
500-749.....	16	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
750-999.....	16	11	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2.37	.00	.38
1,000-1,249.....	19	13	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	2.42	.05	.37
1,250-1,499.....	11	8	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.24	.27	.60
1,500-1,749.....	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2.80	-----	-----
1,750-1,999.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.33	.33
2,000-2,249.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----
3,000-3,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
3,500-3,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	-----	-----
4,000 or over #	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ^{2,3}	Average number of persons under 16 ⁴	Average number of persons 16 or older ⁴
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
VILLAGES—con.													
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin—Continued</i>													
FARM-OPERATOR													
All incomes.....	13	6	1	0	4	1	0	0	0	1	3.46	0.69	0.77
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7 2.00		
500-749.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2 3.33		.33
750-999.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	7 5.50	7 2.00	7 1.50
1,000-1,249.....	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2 98		1.00
1,250-1,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,500-1,749.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,750-1,999.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7 4.00	7 1.00	7 1.00
2,000-2,249.....	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7 3.00	7 1.00	
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3,500-3,999 ^{2,3}	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	7 6.00	7 3.00	7 1.00
ALL OCCUPATIONS^{2,3}													
All incomes.....	1,649	509	241	166	375	151	94	66	28	19	3.51	0.96	0.55
0-249.....	56	40	7	0	8	1	0	0	0	0	2 3.35	.14	.18
250-499.....	170	78	17	11	42	8	7	5	1	1	3 3.07	.63	.44
500-749.....	234	98	38	22	44	10	15	9	3	2	2 3.30	.94	.35
750-999.....	285	84	51	32	51	28	21	10	3	5	3 3.55	1.10	.45
1,000-1,249.....	269	57	42	35	68	30	13	11	9	4	3 3.74	1.07	.67
1,250-1,499.....	177	48	20	24	34	23	13	10	2	3	3 3.82	1.16	.67
1,500-1,749.....	134	32	20	12	31	17	6	13	0	3	3 3.94	1.21	.73
1,750-1,999.....	88	14	14	9	24	16	4	4	2	1	3 3.90	1.16	.73
2,000-2,249.....	68	24	9	5	20	5	4	0	1	0	3 3.21	.65	.56
2,250-2,499.....	44	15	5	3	13	2	2	2	2	0	3 3.28	.64	.64
2,500-2,999.....	56	8	11	6	19	7	2	2	1	0	3 3.76	.89	.86
3,000-3,499.....	20	8	0	2	4	2	3	0	1	0	3 3.42	.95	.45
3,500-3,999.....	8	1	2	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	3 3.54	.38	1.12
4,000 or over ^{2,3}	40	12	5	5	13	2	1	0	2	0	3 3.25	.65	.62
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	714	172	109	76	162	80	50	40	13	12	3.77	1.13	0.62
0-249.....	24	11	7	0	5	1	0	0	0	0	2 2.68	.33	.33
250-499.....	103	41	9	10	28	5	5	4	1	0	3 3.20	.71	.48
500-749.....	135	41	26	18	23	8	11	5	2	1	3 3.47	1.10	.36
750-999.....	158	33	34	15	24	20	16	8	3	5	3 3.90	1.35	.53
1,000-1,249.....	137	24	17	19	39	18	7	5	4	4	3 3.62	1.12	.78
1,250-1,499.....	63	9	6	7	15	10	6	8	0	1	4 4.37	1.52	.85
1,500-1,749.....	46	10	5	4	9	9	2	6	0	1	4 4.25	1.48	.78
1,750-1,999.....	22	0	3	2	7	6	1	2	1	0	4 4.39	1.27	1.14
2,000-2,249.....	10	1	2	0	5	1	0	0	1	0	3 3.65	.50	1.20
2,250-2,499.....	7	2	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	4 4.28	1.43	.86
2,500-2,999.....	8	0	0	0	6	1	0	1	0	0	4 4.42	.50	1.88
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	7 5.00	7 3.00	
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
4,000 or over ^{2,3}	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	7 3.00	7 1.00	7 1.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 14	Average number of persons 16 or older 16
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
CLERICAL													
VILLAGES—con. Illinois-Iowa—Con.													
All incomes.....	209	48	41	26	54	19	9	6	5	1	3.55	0.94	0.62
0-249.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
250-499.....	12	5	3	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	3.00	.67	.33
500-749.....	19	7	6	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	2.95	.63	.26
750-999.....	42	11	8	8	11	2	2	0	0	0	3.23	.90	.38
1,000-1,249.....	34	5	8	5	6	4	1	2	3	0	3.89	1.29	.70
1,250-1,499.....	23	3	4	4	5	5	1	0	1	0	3.84	1.00	.87
1,500-1,749.....	23	4	2	3	8	2	1	2	0	1	4.15	1.17	1.00
1,750-1,999.....	14	1	4	1	4	3	1	0	0	0	3.87	1.28	.57
2,000-2,249.....	15	7	3	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	2.97	.67	.27
2,250-2,499.....	9	1	1	1	5	0	0	1	0	0	3.80	.78	1.00
2,500-2,999.....	10	1	2	2	2	2	0	1	0	0	4.05	1.20	.80
3,000-3,499.....	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	3.25	1.00	1.25
3,500-3,999.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00
4,000 or over ²⁰	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	560	186	83	60	125	42	29	19	10	6	3.41	0.90	0.50
0-249.....	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
250-499.....	27	15	2	1	6	0	1	1	0	1	3.07	.70	.37
500-749.....	49	17	6	1	14	2	4	3	1	1	3.39	.86	.51
750-999.....	69	25	8	8	10	4	2	2	0	0	3.17	.83	.34
1,000-1,249.....	84	21	16	11	18	8	4	4	2	0	3.54	1.06	.51
1,250-1,499.....	74	24	9	13	11	6	6	2	1	2	3.63	1.12	.51
1,500-1,749.....	60	15	13	5	14	4	3	5	0	1	3.68	1.07	.58
1,750-1,999.....	47	13	6	6	11	5	2	2	1	1	3.64	1.06	.55
2,000-2,249.....	39	15	4	3	11	4	2	0	0	0	3.19	.64	.54
2,250-2,499.....	25	10	4	1	7	1	1	0	1	0	2.92	.44	.48
2,500-2,999.....	35	4	9	4	11	4	2	0	1	0	3.67	.97	.71
3,000-3,499.....	13	6	0	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	3.34	1.00	.31
3,500-3,999.....	7	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	3.48	.28	1.14
4,000 or over ²⁰	32	11	4	5	7	2	1	0	2	0	3.25	.75	.50
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	119	83	7	1	21	2	4	1	0	0	2.52	0.27	0.24
0-249.....	21	18	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.16	.00	.14
250-499.....	23	15	2	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	2.43	.09	.35
500-749.....	24	19	0	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	2.50	.42	.08
750-999.....	13	9	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	2.54	.31	.23
1,000-1,249.....	10	5	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	2.80	.50	.30
1,250-1,499.....	13	9	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2.62	.31	.31
1,500-1,749.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
1,750-1,999.....	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4.00	1.00	1.00
2,000-2,249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
2,250-2,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
2,500-2,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
3,000-3,499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.50	1.50	
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
4,000 or over ²¹	4	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.12	.75

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 111.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 12	Average number of persons under 16 13	Average number of persons 16 or older 14
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
VILLAGES—con.													
<i>Illinois-Iowa—Con.</i>													
All incomes.....	46	20	1	3	12	8	2	0	0	0	3.26	0.70	0.55
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	5	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3.60	1.00	.60
500-749.....	7	4	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3.00	.86	.14
750-999.....	13	6	0	1	4	2	0	0	0	0	3.11	.62	.46
1,000-1,249.....	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.98	.25	.75
1,250-1,499.....	5	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3.00	.40	.60
1,500-1,749.....	3	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4.33	1.00	1.33
1,750-1,999.....	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	† 4.50	† 1.50	† 1.00
2,000-2,249.....	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 4.00	† 2.00	
2,250-2,499.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	† 2.50	† .00	† .50
2,500-2,999.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	† 2.00		
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
4,000 or over 8.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	† 3.50	† .50	† 1.00

1 For description of family types see Glossary, Family Type.
 2 Year-equivalent persons. Slight discrepancies may occur between column 12 and the amount obtained by adding 2.00 (husband and wife) to the sum of columns 13 and 14. These discrepancies result from differences in the methods of computing averages for all persons and for persons under 16 or 18 or older. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person. Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).
 3 Includes husband and wife.
 4 Excludes husband and wife.
 5 Largest income reported, between \$15,000 and \$20,000.
 6 Largest income reported, between \$4,000 and \$4,500.
 7 Average based on fewer than 3 cases.
 8 Largest income reported, between \$5,000 and \$7,500.
 9 Largest income reported, between \$2,500 and \$3,000.
 10 There were no families of farm operators in the sample from Mount Vernon.
 11 Largest income reported, between \$10,000 and \$15,000.
 12 Largest income reported, between \$3,000 and \$3,500.
 13 Largest income reported, between \$2,000 and \$2,250.
 14 Includes 4 families of farm operators. These families are not shown by income because of the small number of cases.
 15 Largest income reported, between \$7,500 and \$10,000.
 16 Largest income reported, between \$1,750 and \$2,000.
 17 There were no families of farm operators in the sample from Lincoln.
 18 Largest income reported, between \$1,500 and \$1,750.
 19 Includes 1 farm-operator family.
 20 Largest income reported, between \$4,500 and \$5,000.
 21 Largest income reported, between \$2,250 and \$2,500.
 22 Includes 3 families of farm operators.
 23 Largest income reported, between \$3,500 and \$4,000.
 24 Includes 2 families of farm operators.
 25 Includes 1 family of unknown occupation.
 26 Largest income reported, over \$20,000.

TABLE 112.—BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL FAMILIES: Number of families in independent and salaried groups,¹ by income and by family type, North Central small cities and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-38

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family type and income class (1)	Independent business (2)	Independent professional (3)	Salaried business (4)	Salaried professional (5)	Independent business (6)	Independent professional (7)	Salaried business (8)	Salaried professional (9)	Independent business (10)	Independent professional (11)	Salaried business (12)	Salaried professional (13)	Independent business (14)	Independent professional (15)	Salaried business (16)	Salaried professional (17)
	COMBINED CITIES				MOUNT VERNON, OHIO				NEW PHILADELPHIA, OHIO				LINCOLN, ILL.			
	Number 476	Number 56	Number 197	Number 274	Number 29	Number 1	Number 11	Number 14	Number 63	Number 10	Number 35	Number 46	Number 60	Number 12	Number 22	Number 24
All types.....	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
\$0-\$249.....	18	0	8	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	1
\$250-\$499.....	53	2	2	6	1	0	0	0	4	2	1	2	10	0	0	1
\$500-\$749.....	60	1	10	6	2	0	1	1	11	0	1	0	10	1	1	1
\$750-\$999.....	65	2	14	17	7	0	2	1	10	1	8	7	13	0	1	1
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	58	3	17	19	4	0	1	0	6	0	2	3	10	1	4	1
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	57	4	27	28	5	0	2	4	10	0	4	9	2	1	4	2
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	33	2	22	19	1	0	2	1	1	0	2	3	5	1	4	4
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	23	4	15	23	2	1	1	0	4	0	2	3	2	1	2	2
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	20	4	18	13	2	0	2	1	4	1	3	1	2	1	0	4
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	22	6	20	31	1	0	0	3	7	0	6	8	1	2	2	2
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	15	4	10	21	1	0	0	0	3	0	4	4	2	1	1	1
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	9	4	10	25	0	0	0	3	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	1
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	18	20	20	60	3	0	0	0	0	4	5	3	1	3	2	3
\$4,000 or over ¹	177	14	51	65	9	1	3	3	18	4	12	13	32	1	8	0
Type 1.....	88	17	60	95	7	0	5	5	13	4	8	14	9	6	7	9
Types 2 and 3.....	160	19	65	82	11	0	2	4	20	1	10	15	13	4	4	4
Types 4 and 5.....	35	5	18	21	1	0	1	2	5	1	4	3	5	1	3	2
Types 6 and 7.....	16	1	3	11	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0
Types 8 and 9.....																

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 112.—BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL FAMILIES: *Number of families in independent and salaried groups,¹ by income and by family type, North Central small cities and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued*
 [White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family type and income class (1)	Independent business (2)	Independent professional (3)	Salaried business (4)	Salaried professional (5)	Independent business (6)	Independent professional (7)	Salaried business (8)	Salaried professional (9)	Independent business (10)	Independent professional (11)	Salaried business (12)	Salaried professional (13)	Independent business (14)	Independent professional (15)	Salaried business (16)	Salaried professional (17)
	BEAVER DAM, WIS.				BOONE, IOWA				COLUMBIA, MO.				MOBERLY, MO.			
	Number 57	Number 4	Number 12	Number 12	Number 63	Number 2	Number 26	Number 20	Number 162	Number 18	Number 80	Number 175	Number 88	Number 14	Number 30	Number 22
All types.....	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
\$0-\$249.....	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	7	0	1	0	6	0	1	0
\$250-\$499.....	9	0	0	0	8	0	0	1	15	0	1	0	11	0	0	2
\$500-\$749.....	4	0	1	1	6	0	2	0	20	0	3	3	10	0	1	1
\$750-\$999.....	4	0	1	1	6	0	2	2	17	1	3	4	11	0	2	1
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	6	0	1	3	9	0	2	2	18	0	7	9	10	2	1	3
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	8	1	1	1	7	0	5	2	17	2	8	10	11	1	3	2
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	3	0	3	2	6	0	1	1	12	0	7	13	12	1	6	2
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	4	0	0	2	4	1	1	6	7	1	6	11	3	1	4	1
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	8	0	1	0	4	0	5	1	6	1	8	7	5	2	3	1
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	2	0	0	1	4	0	3	2	17	2	11	17	4	3	1	1
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	2	0	1	1	2	0	3	1	5	3	9	18	2	1	3	2
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	5	0	7	21	0	1	1	1
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	2	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	11	8	9	62	2	2	4	1
\$4,000 or over ¹	24	1	3	3	22	0	8	3	54	6	19	40	34	3	7	6
Type 1.....	8	1	3	6	12	1	9	5	25	3	25	64	19	4	9	7
Types 2 and 3.....	21	1	5	2	22	0	7	8	60	8	26	49	27	6	14	8
Types 4 and 5.....	2	1	0	1	5	1	2	4	17	1	9	11	5	0	0	0
Types 6 and 7.....	2	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	6	0	1	11	3	1	0	1
Types 8 and 9.....																
	COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS				PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES				MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES				ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES			
All types.....	787	111	258	277	226	33	78	91	234	33	103	75	327	45	77	111
\$0-\$249.....	12	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	8	0	0	1
\$250-\$499.....	50	0	3	4	13	0	3	1	12	0	0	1	25	0	0	2
\$500-\$749.....	79	1	5	8	18	1	2	2	20	0	1	1	41	0	3	5
\$750-\$999.....	82	3	11	25	22	0	5	24	24	1	6	4	36	2	5	16
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	122	6	22	27	26	4	9	8	40	0	2	4	56	2	11	15
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	107	10	18	42	39	3	1	12	22	1	10	15	46	6	7	15
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	93	8	44	32	29	2	15	12	30	4	18	7	34	2	11	13
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	57	10	35	38	16	5	16	11	21	3	11	10	20	2	8	17

\$2,000-\$2,249.....	49	8	23	35	16	3	5	15	12	2	11	12	21	3	7	8
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	43	7	18	18	9	1	5	8	20	2	9	14	14	4	4	3
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	36	12	34	28	16	3	8	11	11	6	13	7	9	3	13	10
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	18	11	14	10	4	2	4	2	8	6	9	5	6	3	1	3
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	15	3	7	2	6	1	2	1	6	0	3	1	3	2	2	0
\$4,000 or over ¹	24	32	23	7	8	8	9	3	8	8	9	1	8	16	5	3
Type 1.....	276	40	73	65	92	12	25	24	73	10	31	11	121	18	17	30
Types 2 and 3.....	187	24	74	87	54	11	16	29	60	10	32	27	73	13	26	31
Types 4 and 5.....	221	31	82	88	61	10	29	28	67	8	28	24	93	13	26	36
Types 6 and 7.....	82	4	22	28	28	0	5	7	27	4	11	11	32	0	6	10
Types 8 and 9.....	21	2	7	9	6	0	3	3	7	1	1	2	8	1	8	4

¹Other tables show these 4 groups combined as business and professional.

²For the largest income reported see table 111.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ² (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ² (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁶ (11)	Earnings ³ (12)	Other sources ² (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
COMBINED CITIES	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
All incomes.....	3,719	3,714	3,601	890	63	1,793	1,756	39	1,581	1,484	1,404	82	2	97	94	3
\$0-\$249.....	55	50	35	22	0	25	25	0	176	134	85	49	0	42	42	0
\$250-\$499.....	142	142	128	42	0	71	68	3	390	329	289	44	4	61	69	2
\$500-\$749.....	377	377	355	79	5	123	118	5	633	589	536	53	(⁸)	44	43	1
\$750-\$999.....	533	533	518	96	4	181	179	3	871	823	779	45	1	48	48	(⁸)
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	608	608	589	115	9	249	248	1	1,127	1,066	1,011	55	(⁸)	61	61	(⁸)
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	500	500	492	110	7	249	245	4	1,367	1,286	1,227	60	1	81	80	1
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	391	391	386	97	6	206	201	5	1,607	1,509	1,445	70	6	98	95	3
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	253	253	247	60	3	123	122	2	1,858	1,758	1,679	84	5	100	97	3
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	198	198	186	62	0	114	111	3	2,109	1,988	1,911	80	3	121	116	6
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	149	149	148	46	4	97	97	0	2,366	2,210	2,114	99	3	156	156	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	198	198	193	60	4	126	120	6	2,698	2,528	2,387	143	2	170	157	13
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	113	113	113	34	3	79	75	4	3,228	3,019	2,893	128	2	209	192	17
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	71	71	71	21	4	41	40	1	3,698	3,502	3,410	100	8	190	192	4
\$4,000 or over.....	131	131	130	66	2	109	107	2	5,457	5,083	4,635	457	9	374	367	7

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ¹ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ² (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ⁵ (5)		Any source (7)	Owne home (net) ⁶ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁸ (11)	Earnings ³ (12)	Other sources ⁵ (13)		All sources (15)	Owne home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
COMBINED CITIES—con.																
Occupational groups:	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Wage-earner.....	1,998	1,998	1,998	334	24	848	836	14	1,267	1,206	1,176	31	1	61	60	1
\$0-\$999.....	737	737	737	99	8	228	219	10	710	676	659	17	(⁵)	34	33	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	700	700	700	115	10	297	286	1	1,329	1,171	1,139	33	1	58	58	(⁵)
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	330	330	330	67	2	171	170	2	1,707	1,627	1,584	43	(⁵)	80	78	2
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	191	191	191	38	4	124	124	0	2,359	2,239	2,201	39	1	120	120	0
\$3,000 or over.....	40	40	40	15	0	28	27	1	3,427	3,248	3,113	135	0	179	171	8
Clerical.....	582	582	582	148	12	272	272	0	1,694	1,597	1,539	60	2	97	97	0
\$0-\$999.....	115	115	115	24	1	33	33	0	770	735	705	34	4	35	35	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	183	183	183	44	3	77	77	0	1,236	1,171	1,133	39	1	65	65	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	107	107	107	27	1	51	51	0	1,720	1,628	1,568	60	(⁵)	92	92	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	126	126	126	34	6	77	77	0	2,379	2,223	2,168	58	3	156	156	0
\$3,000 or over.....	51	51	51	19	1	34	34	0	3,679	3,462	3,264	198	(⁵)	217	217	0
Business and professional.....	1,003	1,003	1,003	286	24	565	540	25	2,221	2,087	1,957	117	7	154	146	8
\$0-\$999.....	175	175	175	46	3	86	85	1	666	582	533	52	3	84	84	(⁵)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	195	195	195	38	3	95	91	4	1,258	1,174	1,128	46	(⁵)	84	81	3
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	192	192	192	49	6	92	87	5	1,696	1,582	1,538	62	18	114	107	7
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	218	218	218	77	4	126	117	9	2,426	2,267	2,151	120	4	159	142	17
\$3,000 or over.....	223	223	223	76	8	166	160	6	4,536	4,233	3,909	273	9	303	290	13
Other.....	136	131	18	122	3	108	108	0	978	768	104	666	2	210	210	0

Family-type groups:	1, 114	1, 111	1, 031	334	18	617	606	12	1, 402	1, 284	1, 180	106	2	118	116	2
Type 1.....	414	411	358	142	4	217	211	6	650	571	490	81	(*)	79	78	1
\$0-\$999.....	320	320	304	73	4	165	165	0	1, 228	1, 129	1, 039	90	(*)	99	99	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	175	175	168	46	3	99	95	5	1, 690	1, 553	1, 456	104	7	137	128	9
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	145	145	141	44	7	89	88	1	2, 395	2, 227	2, 098	135	6	168	165	3
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	60	60	60	29	0	47	47	0	4, 277	3, 971	3, 698	303	0	306	306	0
\$3,000 or over.....	642	642	638	123	5	218	214	5	1, 541	1, 474	1, 425	50	1	67	65	2
Type 2.....	194	194	192	22	2	34	33	2	729	713	703	12	2	16	15	1
\$0-\$999.....	199	199	198	36	1	65	63	2	1, 231	1, 186	1, 163	23	(*)	45	43	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	116	116	115	28	1	43	43	0	1, 699	1, 627	1, 568	59	(*)	72	72	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	91	91	91	22	1	50	49	1	2, 352	2, 223	2, 168	55	(*)	129	122	7
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	42	42	42	15	0	26	26	0	4, 563	4, 306	3, 991	315	0	257	257	0
\$3,000 or over.....	406	406	405	75	5	129	127	2	1, 523	1, 470	1, 442	29	1	53	51	2
Type 3.....	116	116	115	13	1	16	16	0	722	710	692	18	(*)	12	12	0
\$0-\$999.....	135	135	135	21	3	45	45	0	1, 247	1, 205	1, 192	15	2	42	42	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	67	67	67	16	0	26	25	1	1, 718	1, 666	1, 646	20	0	52	48	4
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	62	62	62	17	0	27	26	1	2, 337	2, 247	2, 195	52	0	90	84	6
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	26	26	26	8	1	15	15	0	4, 094	3, 892	3, 774	121	3	202	202	0
\$3,000 or over.....	764	763	740	206	20	478	470	8	1, 819	1, 682	1, 555	131	4	137	134	3
Type 4.....	180	179	171	38	5	85	84	1	703	639	592	50	3	64	64	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	202	202	194	60	4	117	115	2	1, 233	1, 132	1, 032	101	1	101	100	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	134	134	131	29	1	95	94	1	1, 719	1, 586	1, 474	112	(*)	133	133	(*)
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	148	148	145	49	4	104	102	2	2, 452	2, 282	2, 136	148	2	170	165	5
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	100	100	99	30	6	77	75	2	4, 210	3, 916	3, 698	336	18	294	283	11
\$3,000 or over.....	308	307	305	65	5	152	145	7	1, 777	1, 682	1, 639	45	2	95	87	8
Type 5.....	71	70	70	9	1	15	14	1	722	694	674	20	(*)	28	26	2
\$0-\$999.....	94	94	92	14	1	44	44	0	1, 254	1, 204	1, 159	45	(*)	50	50	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	52	52	52	19	2	28	28	0	1, 719	1, 630	1, 596	43	9	89	89	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	50	50	11	0	34	32	2	2, 349	2, 222	2, 174	48	0	127	113	14
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	41	41	41	12	1	31	27	4	4, 180	3, 892	3, 805	90	3	288	248	40
\$3,000 or over.....																

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-38—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ¹ (3)	Earnings ² (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁶ (11)	Earnings ² (12)	Other sources ⁴ (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
COMBINED CITIES—CON.																
Family-type groups—Con.	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Type 6.....	255	255	253	47	9	93	90	3	1,485	1,427	1,378	57	8	58	56	2
\$0-\$999.....	80	80	79	10	1	13	12	1	743	730	712	18	(⁸)	13	11	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	91	91	91	14	3	36	35	1	1,230	1,186	1,167	21	2	44	42	2
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	45	45	45	10	2	18	18	0	1,689	1,629	1,593	75	39	60	60	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	22	22	21	7	2	14	13	1	2,404	2,265	2,073	200	8	139	128	11
\$3,000 or over.....	17	17	17	6	1	12	12	0	4,668	4,372	4,179	194	1	236	236	0
Type 7.....	128	128	128	27	1	56	54	2	1,631	1,560	1,494	66	(⁸)	71	64	7
\$0-\$999.....	27	27	27	1	1	10	10	0	688	663	663	(⁸)	(⁸)	25	25	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	44	44	44	7	0	15	15	0	1,242	1,203	1,170	33	0	39	39	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	30	30	30	6	0	11	11	0	1,689	1,642	1,620	22	0	47	47	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	16	16	16	6	0	12	11	1	2,422	2,271	2,132	139	0	151	121	30
\$3,000 or over.....	11	11	11	7	0	8	7	1	4,195	3,940	3,571	369	0	255	217	38
Types 8 and 9.....	102	102	101	13	0	50	50	0	1,833	1,742	1,688	54	0	91	91	0
\$0-\$999.....	25	25	24	4	0	10	10	0	716	680	579	101	0	36	36	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	23	23	23	0	0	11	11	0	1,252	1,205	1,205	0	0	47	47	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	25	25	25	3	0	9	9	0	1,749	1,703	1,677	26	0	46	46	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	11	11	11	2	0	7	7	0	2,357	2,177	2,164	13	0	180	180	0
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	18	4	0	13	13	0	3,925	3,694	3,569	125	0	231	231	0
Type 8.....	58	58	57	11	0	31	31	0	1,953	1,843	1,776	73	0	110	110	0
Type 9.....	44	44	44	2	0	19	19	0	1,676	1,609	1,579	30	0	67	67	0

OHIO, MOUNT VERNON																
All incomes.....	253	251	244	81	2	124	122	2	1,531	1,451	1,376	77	2	80	77	3
\$0-\$249.....	4	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	172	80	80	0	0	92	92	0
\$250-\$499.....	4	4	3	2	0	3	3	0	406	267	131	136	0	139	139	0
\$500-\$749.....	15	15	12	4	0	5	5	0	631	590	475	115	0	41	41	0
\$750-\$999.....	32	32	32	7	0	11	11	0	892	851	834	17	0	41	41	0
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	64	64	65	15	1	30	30	0	1,129	1,069	1,015	55	1	60	60	0
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	33	33	32	11	0	14	14	0	1,352	1,304	1,216	88	0	48	48	0
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	32	32	32	12	0	18	18	0	1,638	1,519	1,450	69	0	89	89	0
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	18	18	18	3	0	10	10	0	1,826	1,741	1,689	52	0	88	88	0
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	19	19	18	10	1	10	10	0	2,119	2,001	1,804	220	23	118	118	0
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	13	13	13	5	0	7	7	0	2,389	2,284	2,240	44	0	105	105	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	10	10	10	5	0	9	8	1	2,728	2,443	2,384	59	0	285	237	48
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	3	3	3	3	0	2	2	0	3,151	2,974	2,747	227	0	177	177	0
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	3	3	3	2	0	1	0	1	3,750	3,650	3,445	205	0	100	0	100
\$4,000 or over.....	3	3	3	2	0	2	2	0	8,953	8,819	8,643	176	0	134	134	0
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	159	159	159	38	1	75	75	0	1,334	1,273	1,238	35	(*)	61	61	0
\$0-\$999.....	40	40	40	8	0	14	14	0	753	704	689	15	0	49	49	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	68	68	68	15	1	30	30	0	1,191	1,144	1,120	25	1	47	47	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	28	28	28	6	0	18	18	0	1,690	1,609	1,545	64	0	81	81	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	21	21	21	7	0	12	12	0	2,249	2,153	2,102	51	0	96	96	0
\$3,000 or over.....	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	3,152	* 3,040	* 2,820	* 220	* 0	* 112	112	0
Clerical.....	30	30	30	12	0	16	16	0	1,598	1,485	1,394	91	0	113	113	0
\$0-\$999.....	4	4	4	1	0	2	2	0	843	777	742	35	0	66	66	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	12	12	12	4	0	5	5	0	1,259	1,207	1,102	105	0	52	52	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	7	7	7	4	0	3	3	0	1,743	1,644	1,513	131	0	99	99	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	7	7	7	3	0	6	6	0	2,469	2,209	2,149	60	0	260	260	0
\$3,000 or over.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0								
Business and professional.....	55	55	55	24	1	26	24	2	2,189	2,081	1,994	95	8	108	94	14
\$0-\$999.....	5	5	5	0	0	1	1	0	838	829	829	0	0	9	9	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	15	15	15	5	0	7	7	0	1,214	1,137	1,044	98	0	77	77	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	15	15	15	5	0	7	7	0	1,636	1,558	1,500	28	0	98	98	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	13	13	13	9	1	7	6	1	2,432	2,278	2,158	154	34	174	137	37
\$3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	5	0	4	3	1	5,895	5,750	5,552	198	0	145	102	43
Other.....	9	7	0	7	0	7	7	0	818	671	0	671	0	147	147	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	71	69	65	30	2	40	40	0	1,627	1,511	1,360	158	7	116	116	8
Types 2 and 3.....	70	70	69	21	0	15	15	0	1,431	1,405	1,354	51	0	26	26	0
Types 4 and 5.....	75	75	74	22	0	50	48	2	1,579	1,467	1,419	48	0	112	102	10
Types 6 and 7.....	31	31	31	7	0	14	14	0	1,403	1,374	1,360	24	0	29	29	0
Types 8 and 9.....	6	6	6	1	0	5	5	0	1,673	1,627	1,444	83	0	146	146	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ³ (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁶ (11)	Earnings ³ (12)	Other sources ⁴ (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
OHIO, NEW PHILADELPHIA																
All incomes.....	Number 533	Number 537	Number 572	Number 174	Number 22	Number 306	Number 297	Number 9	Dollars 1,478	Dollars 1,383	Dollars 1,301	Dollars 85	Dollars 3	Dollars 95	Dollars 90	Dollars 5
\$0-\$249.....	4	3	3	0	0	2	2	0	117	107	107	0	0	10	10	0
\$250-\$499.....	20	20	19	6	1	15	15	0	374	281	240	41	(⁵) 0	93	93	0
\$500-\$749.....	60	60	55	15	3	28	28	0	633	559	504	56	1	74	74	0
\$750-\$999.....	94	94	90	24	2	32	32	0	878	824	765	59	(⁵) 1	54	54	0
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	107	107	107	27	5	46	46	0	1,122	1,065	1,020	46	1	57	57	0
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	88	88	86	24	1	50	49	2	1,358	1,257	1,177	81	1	101	98	3
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	76	76	74	19	3	41	39	2	1,615	1,511	1,420	92	1	104	97	7
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	32	32	31	10	0	17	16	1	1,868	1,771	1,667	104	0	97	89	8
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	26	26	26	10	3	16	16	0	2,126	2,010	1,953	58	1	116	116	0
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	17	17	17	8	1	13	13	0	2,355	2,185	1,984	204	3	170	170	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	31	31	31	14	0	20	18	2	2,744	2,590	2,531	59	0	154	129	25
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	15	15	15	7	1	12	10	2	3,210	2,998	2,808	190	(⁵) 0	212	151	61
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	5	5	5	3	0	3	3	0	3,577	3,406	3,269	137	0	171	171	0
\$4,000 or over.....	13	13	13	7	2	11	11	0	5,583	5,298	4,790	597	89	285	285	0
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	308	308	308	63	6	139	139	0	1,202	1,135	1,097	38	(⁵) 0	67	67	0
\$0-\$999.....	117	117	117	21	3	46	46	0	743	691	665	26	(⁵) 0	52	52	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	118	118	118	25	2	62	62	0	1,228	1,161	1,109	53	1	67	67	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	54	54	54	9	1	28	28	0	1,692	1,616	1,593	23	(⁵) 0	76	76	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	18	18	18	8	0	12	12	0	2,432	2,289	2,223	66	0	143	143	0
\$3,000 or over.....	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	* 3,181	* 3,168	* 3,168	* 0	* 0	* 13	* 13	* 0

Clerical.....	106	106	106	38	4	53	53	0	1,492	1,394	1,329	65	(*)	98	98	0
\$0-\$999.....	22	22	22	6	0	7	7	0	749	702	658	44	0	47	47	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	42	42	42	16	1	21	21	0	1,229	1,136	1,092	44	(*)	93	93	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	21	21	21	7	0	12	12	0	1,717	1,606	1,517	89	0	113	111	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	17	17	17	7	2	9	9	0	2,287	2,175	2,132	44	1	112	112	0
\$3,000 or over.....	4	4	4	2	1	4	4	0	3,781	3,465	3,108	357	(*)	316	316	0
Business and professional.....	154	154	154	55	10	96	87	9	2,098	1,965	1,850	124	9	133	115	18
\$0-\$999.....	26	26	26	7	1	13	13	0	672	584	565	19	(*)	88	88	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	32	32	32	7	3	20	18	2	1,221	1,144	1,094	52	2	77	68	9
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	29	29	29	9	2	14	11	3	1,672	1,569	1,494	77	2	103	76	27
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	39	39	39	17	2	28	26	2	2,506	2,347	2,224	125	2	159	139	20
\$3,000 or over.....	28	28	28	15	2	21	19	2	4,297	4,066	3,765	352	41	231	198	33
Other.....	20	19	4	18	2	18	18	0	919	702	77	627	2	217	217	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	177	177	166	65	8	103	101	2	1,299	1,187	1,088	100	1	112	109	3
Type 2 and 3.....	166	166	166	33	1	56	55	1	1,462	1,407	1,387	20	(*)	55	54	1
Types 4 and 5.....	174	173	171	61	8	118	113	5	1,644	1,513	1,403	117	7	131	122	9
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	57	23	5	21	20	1	1,494	1,439	1,320	123	4	55	47	8
Types 8 and 9.....	13	13	12	2	0	8	8	0	1,861	1,788	1,662	126	0	73	73	0
ILLINOIS, LINCOLN																
All incomes.....	372	371	363	97	3	163	154	9	1,439	1,361	1,258	108	5	78	70	8
\$0-\$249.....	3	2	2	1	0	2	2	0	138	65	25	40	0	73	73	0
\$250-\$499.....	9	9	8	4	1	5	5	0	394	344	293	51	(*)	50	50	0
\$500-\$749.....	49	49	49	7	0	17	16	1	622	592	587	6	0	30	29	1
\$750-\$999.....	67	67	65	13	0	21	20	1	888	837	772	65	0	61	49	2
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	78	78	74	18	0	34	34	0	1,135	1,067	995	72	0	68	65	0
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	59	59	59	9	0	20	20	0	1,358	1,297	1,283	14	0	61	61	0
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	26	26	25	10	1	13	11	2	1,620	1,536	1,520	82	66	61	61	23
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	24	24	24	6	0	10	10	0	1,847	1,774	1,708	68	0	73	73	0
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	16	16	16	5	0	7	6	1	2,102	2,012	1,914	98	0	90	67	23
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	13	13	13	4	0	8	8	0	2,361	2,223	2,065	158	0	138	138	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	15	15	15	6	1	9	7	2	2,661	2,497	2,243	255	1	164	96	68
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	8	8	8	3	0	6	6	0	3,244	3,061	2,822	239	0	183	183	0
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	2	2	2	1	0	1	1	0	3,604	3,450	3,350	100	0	154	154	0
\$4,000 or over.....	12	12	12	10	0	10	8	2	5,094	4,703	3,513	1,280	0	301	226	75

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average ¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ¹ (3)	Earnings ² (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁶ (11)	Earnings ² (12)	Other sources ³ (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
ILLINOIS, LINCOLN—con.																
Occupational groups:	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Wage-earner.....	197	197	197	33	1	78	75	3	1,150	1,103	1,075	28	(⁸)	47	45	2
\$0-\$999.....	85	85	85	14	1	26	24	2	740	707	683	24	(⁸)	33	31	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	76	76	76	10	0	34	34	0	1,215	1,160	1,140	20	0	55	55	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	22	22	22	5	0	10	10	0	1,697	1,654	1,636	18	0	43	43	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	13	13	13	3	0	7	7	0	2,254	2,176	2,065	111	0	78	78	0
\$3,000 or over.....	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	4,461	4,161	4,081	80	0	300	300	0
Clerical.....	48	48	48	12	1	20	20	0	1,717	1,634	1,538	96	(⁸)	83	83	0
\$0-\$999.....	12	12	12	2	0	3	3	0	862	828	810	18	0	36	36	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	17	17	17	2	0	3	3	0	1,231	1,175	1,158	17	0	56	56	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	4	4	4	3	0	3	3	0	1,712	1,614	1,521	93	0	98	98	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	10	10	10	3	0	3	3	0	2,483	2,326	2,141	187	2	157	157	0
\$3,000 or over.....	5	5	5	2	0	2	2	0	3,897	3,774	3,394	380	0	123	123	0
Business and professional.....	118	118	118	44	1	57	51	6	1,849	1,735	1,546	204	15	114	92	22
\$0-\$999.....	27	27	27	6	0	13	13	0	688	625	570	55	0	63	63	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	31	31	31	10	0	10	10	0	1,246	1,185	1,143	42	0	61	61	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	23	23	23	8	1	9	7	2	1,766	1,668	1,669	74	75	98	72	26
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	21	21	21	9	0	11	8	3	2,386	2,238	2,041	197	0	148	82	66
\$3,000 or over.....	16	16	16	11	0	14	13	1	4,397	4,118	3,150	968	0	279	241	38
Other.....	9	8	0	8	0	8	8	0	923	664	0	664	0	258	258	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	113	113	109	33	0	61	57	4	1,371	1,274	1,183	91	0	97	88	9
Types 2 and 3.....	110	110	110	25	0	29	27	2	1,330	1,204	1,248	46	0	45	36	9
Types 4 and 5.....	98	95	91	29	1	59	56	3	1,684	1,563	1,327	236	(⁸)	121	110	11
Types 6 and 7.....	44	44	44	9	2	13	13	0	1,376	1,345	1,344	40	39	31	31	0
Types 8 and 9.....	9	9	9	1	0	1	1	0	1,216	1,206	1,155	51	0	10	10	0

WISCONSIN, BEAVER DAM

All incomes.....	404	404	380	148	4	215	211	4	1,412	1,299	1,174	127	2	113	111	2
\$0-\$249.....	6	6	4	2	0	2	2	0	157	127	97	30	0	30	30	0
\$250-\$499.....	10	10	5	7	1	7	7	0	422	271	225	96	50	151	151	0
\$500-\$749.....	33	33	29	11	0	15	14	1	638	649	453	96	0	89	85	4
\$750-\$999.....	61	61	57	22	0	28	28	0	870	787	701	86	0	85	83	0
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	91	91	87	20	0	40	40	0	1,123	1,038	937	71	0	85	85	0
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	77	77	74	27	2	45	45	0	1,374	1,256	1,149	110	3	118	118	0
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	43	43	42	21	1	26	25	1	1,599	1,473	1,300	175	2	126	125	1
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	27	27	25	13	0	13	13	0	1,862	1,764	1,606	158	0	98	98	0
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	19	19	18	6	0	14	13	1	2,100	1,925	1,781	144	0	175	153	22
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	14	14	13	8	0	9	9	0	2,373	2,183	1,985	288	0	190	190	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	5	5	5	3	0	3	3	0	2,699	2,553	2,497	56	0	146	146	0
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	7	7	7	4	0	4	3	1	3,222	3,041	2,653	388	0	181	121	60
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	5	5	5	1	0	5	5	0	3,729	3,431	3,255	176	0	298	298	0
\$4,000 or over.....	6	6	6	3	0	4	4	0	6,050	5,762	5,045	717	0	288	288	0
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	257	257	257	68	2	118	116	2	1,219	1,137	1,084	54	1	82	81	1
\$0-\$999.....	69	69	69	15	0	23	22	1	742	693	672	21	0	49	47	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	136	136	136	23	2	65	65	0	1,233	1,146	1,098	50	2	87	87	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	41	41	41	18	0	22	21	1	1,676	1,573	1,447	126	0	103	101	2
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	10	10	10	2	0	8	8	0	2,253	2,093	2,037	38	0	160	160	0
\$3,000 or over.....	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	* 3,000	* 3,000	* 3,000	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0	* 0
Clerical.....	37	37	37	17	0	18	18	0	1,747	1,647	1,481	166	0	100	100	0
\$0-\$999.....	9	9	9	4	0	4	4	0	853	792	712	80	0	61	61	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	9	9	9	3	0	3	3	0	1,190	1,122	1,016	106	0	68	68	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	6	6	6	5	0	3	3	0	1,799	1,703	1,635	68	0	96	96	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	9	9	9	2	0	6	6	0	2,242	2,079	1,994	85	0	163	163	0
\$3,000 or over.....	4	4	4	3	0	2	2	0	3,818	3,696	2,806	830	0	122	122	0
Business and profes- sional.....	85	85	85	38	2	55	53	2	1,952	1,775	1,652	130	7	177	167	10
\$0-\$999.....	19	19	19	10	1	13	13	0	641	471	382	115	26	170	170	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	16	16	16	4	0	10	10	0	1,307	1,156	1,127	29	0	151	151	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	20	20	20	8	1	11	11	0	1,704	1,597	1,506	98	5	107	107	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	17	17	17	11	0	10	9	1	2,322	2,132	2,020	112	0	190	165	25
\$3,000 or over.....	13	13	13	5	0	11	10	1	4,555	4,248	3,896	352	0	307	275	32
Other.....	25	25	1	25	0	24	24	0	1,065	826	18	808	0	239	239	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	138	138	119	68	0	90	90	0	1,249	1,101	910	191	0	148	148	0
Types 2 and 3.....	118	118	118	35	0	37	37	0	1,391	1,326	1,249	79	0	63	63	0
Types 4 and 5.....	95	95	90	32	3	61	59	2	1,602	1,463	1,346	125	8	139	134	5
Types 6 and 7.....	45	45	45	12	1	22	20	2	1,491	1,403	1,345	59	1	88	78	10
Types 8 and 9.....	8	8	8	1	0	5	5	0	1,820	1,719	1,609	110	0	101	101	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ¹ (3)	Earnings ² (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁶ (11)	Earnings ² (12)	Other sources ³ (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
IOWA, BOONE																
All incomes.....	Number 392	Number 392	Number 379	Number 74	Number 1	Number 204	Number 200	Number 4	Dollars 1,529	Dollars 1,437	Dollars 1,351	Dollars 57	Dollars 1	Dollars 92	Dollars 90	Dollars 2
\$0-\$249.....	4	4	3	1	0	3	3	0	200	156	136	20	0	44	44	0
\$250-\$499.....	24	24	21	5	0	11	11	0	375	330	304	26	0	45	45	0
\$500-\$749.....	41	41	38	5	0	10	9	1	627	587	534	53	0	40	37	3
\$750-\$999.....	47	47	46	3	1	15	15	0	869	839	828	19	8	30	30	0
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	47	47	44	10	0	20	20	0	1,120	1,070	971	99	0	50	50	0
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	55	55	54	8	0	36	35	1	1,377	1,272	1,214	58	0	105	101	4
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	53	53	53	11	0	34	34	0	1,611	1,487	1,460	27	0	124	124	0
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	24	24	23	5	0	11	11	0	1,863	1,775	1,675	100	0	88	88	0
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	28	28	28	7	0	17	16	1	2,079	1,972	1,918	54	0	107	98	9
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	20	20	20	4	0	14	14	0	2,362	2,185	2,150	35	0	177	177	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	23	23	23	8	0	14	13	1	2,701	2,560	2,451	109	0	141	128	13
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	15	15	15	1	0	10	10	0	3,224	3,048	3,033	15	0	176	176	0
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	6	6	6	4	0	5	5	0	3,647	3,447	3,306	141	0	200	200	0
\$4,000 or over.....	5	6	5	2	0	4	4	0	8,398	8,082	4,892	190	0	316	316	0
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	204	204	204	31	0	99	98	1	1,375	1,299	1,273	26	0	76	75	1
\$0-\$999.....	71	71	71	4	0	21	20	1	674	647	642	5	0	27	25	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	55	55	55	6	0	28	28	0	1,280	1,207	1,180	27	0	73	73	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	44	44	44	12	0	25	25	0	1,703	1,600	1,562	38	0	103	103	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	28	28	28	7	0	21	21	0	2,400	2,254	2,210	44	0	146	146	0
\$3,000 or over.....	6	6	6	2	0	4	4	0	3,350	3,202	3,114	88	0	148	148	0

Clerical.....	61	61	61	10	1	26	26	0	1,632	1,562	1,548	21	7	70	70	0
\$0-\$999.....	13	13	13	1	1	0	0	0	760	760	787	4	31	0	0	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	20	20	20	4	0	10	10	0	1,197	1,139	1,132	7	0	68	58	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	9	9	9	1	0	5	5	0	1,626	1,646	1,613	33	0	80	80	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	12	12	12	3	0	7	7	0	2,285	2,166	2,120	46	0	119	119	0
\$3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	1	0	4	4	0	3,386	3,247	3,213	34	0	139	139	0
Business and profes- sional.....	111	111	111	19	0	67	64	3	1,857	1,725	1,663	62	0	132	125	7
\$0-\$999.....	22	22	22	1	0	12	12	0	616	546	524	22	0	70	70	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	23	23	23	4	0	14	13	1	1,274	1,175	1,082	93	0	99	89	10
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	22	22	22	1	0	13	13	0	1,677	1,541	1,536	5	0	136	136	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	31	31	31	9	0	17	16	2	2,353	2,216	2,121	95	0	137	120	17
\$3,000 or over.....	13	13	13	4	0	11	11	0	4,111	3,837	3,740	97	0	274	274	0
Other.....	16	16	8	14	0	12	12	0	840	713	171	542	0	127	127	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	120	120	110	26	0	68	68	0	1,344	1,241	1,164	77	0	103	103	0
Types 2 and 3.....	105	105	104	17	1	43	41	2	1,470	1,398	1,360	40	4	74	71	3
Types 4 and 5.....	98	98	96	24	0	62	61	1	1,811	1,696	1,621	75	0	115	112	3
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	58	7	0	27	26	1	1,581	1,603	1,479	24	0	78	74	4
Types 8 and 9.....	11	11	11	0	0	4	4	0	1,343	1,308	1,308	0	0	35	35	0
MISSOURI, COLUMBIA																
All incomes.....	1,185	1,183	1,154	228	17	540	533	8	1,918	1,792	1,702	92	2	126	124	2
\$0-\$249.....	17	15	10	8	0	7	7	0	184	140	86	54	0	44	44	0
\$250-\$499.....	35	35	32	6	2	10	8	2	410	373	346	28	1	37	30	7
\$500-\$749.....	114	114	108	24	0	26	26	0	694	594	536	58	0	30	30	0
\$750-\$999.....	130	130	127	20	1	42	41	1	874	815	777	39	1	59	59	0
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	156	156	153	15	0	58	57	1	1,138	1,069	1,046	23	0	69	68	1
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	137	137	136	24	3	55	55	0	1,368	1,300	1,256	45	1	66	66	0
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	116	116	116	17	1	56	56	0	1,597	1,497	1,462	38	3	100	100	0
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	86	86	84	18	0	41	41	1	1,858	1,731	1,635	96	0	127	121	6
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	63	63	63	11	1	34	34	0	2,114	1,975	1,934	43	2	139	139	0
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	47	47	47	6	2	24	24	0	2,366	2,218	2,212	13	7	148	148	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	88	88	83	21	2	49	48	1	2,703	2,618	2,331	190	3	185	181	4
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	54	54	54	13	1	35	34	1	3,244	3,008	2,935	75	2	236	225	11
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	44	44	44	8	3	21	21	0	3,724	3,535	3,503	41	9	189	189	0
\$4,000 or over.....	98	98	97	37	1	82	81	1	5,515	5,067	4,614	483	(*)	418	412	6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average ¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ² (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ² (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁵ (11)	Earnings ³ (12)	Other sources ² (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ¹ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
MISSOURI, COLUMBIA—continued																
Occupational groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Wage-earner.....	479	479	479	53	5	165	161	5	1,215	1,169	1,137	22	(*)	66	63	8
\$0-\$999.....	192	192	192	21	3	48	45	3	701	669	656	14	1	32	31	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	161	161	161	17	1	58	58	0	1,230	1,180	1,156	24	(*)	50	50	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	84	84	84	10	0	35	35	1	1,699	1,627	1,594	33	0	72	66	6
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	35	35	35	2	1	18	17	1	2,328	2,203	2,195	12	4	125	115	10
\$3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	3	0	6	6	0	3,475	3,208	3,120	88	0	267	267	0
Clerical.....	227	227	227	44	5	106	106	0	1,927	1,803	1,765	40	2	124	124	0
\$0-\$999.....	27	27	27	3	0	6	6	0	746	718	693	25	0	28	28	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	64	64	64	11	1	24	24	0	1,258	1,193	1,177	17	1	65	65	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	44	44	44	6	0	20	20	0	1,730	1,623	1,572	51	0	107	107	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	62	62	62	14	3	36	36	0	2,418	2,241	2,213	33	5	175	175	0
\$3,000 or over.....	30	30	30	10	1	20	20	0	3,703	3,444	3,341	103	(*)	259	259	0
Business and professional.....	435	435	435	97	6	240	237	3	2,761	2,566	2,432	136	2	195	192	3
\$0-\$999.....	55	55	55	15	0	21	21	0	674	594	545	49	0	80	80	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	59	59	59	6	0	24	23	1	1,278	1,192	1,172	20	0	86	84	2
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	69	69	69	16	1	38	38	0	1,705	1,562	1,491	76	5	143	143	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	94	94	94	16	1	46	46	0	2,474	2,327	2,271	59	3	147	147	0
\$3,000 or over.....	158	158	158	44	4	111	109	2	4,673	4,347	4,068	262	3	326	318	8
Other.....	44	42	13	34	1	29	29	0	1,227	998	309	691	2	229	239	0

Family-type groups:	313	312	291	74	3	161	158	4	1,643	1,491	1,389	103	1	152	140	3
Type 1.....	313	312	291	74	3	161	158	4	1,643	1,491	1,389	103	1	152	140	3
\$0-\$999.....	96	95	81	30	0	40	37	3	639	566	480	86	0	73	70	3
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	71	71	68	13	0	31	31	0	1,213	1,094	1,031	63	0	119	119	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	58	58	56	11	0	32	32	1	1,692	1,543	1,466	77	0	149	140	9
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	60	60	58	9	3	35	35	0	2,446	2,250	2,155	101	6	106	196	0
\$3,000 or over.....	28	28	28	11	0	23	23	0	4,345	3,930	3,609	321	0	415	415	0
Types 2 and 3.....	349	348	346	57	4	128	127	1	1,908	1,818	1,755	64	1	90	90	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	82	81	79	9	1	13	13	0	705	686	666	20	(*)	19	19	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	100	100	100	11	2	34	33	1	1,249	1,204	1,193	13	2	45	44	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	53	53	53	8	0	20	20	0	1,698	1,622	1,592	30	0	76	76	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	61	61	61	13	0	32	32	0	2,430	2,302	2,260	42	0	128	128	0
\$3,000 or over.....	53	53	53	16	1	29	29	0	4,622	4,367	4,081	287	1	255	255	0
Types 4 and 5.....	355	355	350	73	9	186	183	3	2,176	2,020	1,919	104	3	156	151	5
\$0-\$999.....	77	77	76	16	2	27	27	0	711	657	615	43	1	54	54	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	70	70	69	10	1	30	30	0	1,271	1,205	1,168	37	(*)	66	66	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	60	60	60	11	1	32	32	0	1,733	1,604	1,527	83	6	129	129	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	60	60	58	11	1	29	28	1	2,418	2,262	2,148	118	4	156	150	6
\$3,000 or over.....	88	88	87	25	4	68	66	2	4,311	3,976	3,767	214	5	335	321	14
Types 6 and 7.....	128	128	127	15	1	45	45	0	1,752	1,683	1,568	116	1	69	69	0
\$0-\$999.....	34	34	34	2	0	3	3	0	676	668	665	3	0	8	8	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	46	46	46	4	0	15	15	0	1,241	1,199	1,191	8	0	42	42	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	21	21	21	3	0	8	8	0	1,678	1,614	1,543	71	0	64	64	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	10	10	9	2	1	7	7	0	2,531	2,389	2,002	399	12	142	142	0
\$3,000 or over.....	17	17	17	4	0	12	12	0	4,921	4,689	4,166	523	0	232	232	0
Types 8 and 9.....	40	40	40	9	0	20	20	0	2,438	2,278	2,200	78	0	160	160	0
MISSOURI, MOBERLY																
All incomes.....	925	925	903	146	20	425	421	5	1,450	1,382	1,339	46	3	68	68	(*)
\$0-\$249.....	24	24	17	11	0	11	11	0	183	151	89	62	0	32	32	0
\$250-\$499.....	56	56	51	14	1	24	23	1	389	348	305	44	1	41	40	1
\$500-\$749.....	104	104	102	16	3	31	29	2	643	613	585	31	3	30	29	1
\$750-\$999.....	149	149	147	13	1	48	48	1	855	829	804	25	(*)	26	26	(*)
\$1,000-\$1,249.....	122	122	118	14	3	47	47	0	1,117	1,069	1,023	47	1	48	48	0
\$1,250-\$1,499.....	101	101	101	13	2	49	48	1	1,371	1,304	1,266	40	2	67	65	2
\$1,500-\$1,749.....	83	83	82	10	0	37	37	0	1,607	1,550	1,515	35	0	57	57	0
\$1,750-\$1,999.....	76	76	76	13	3	39	39	0	1,856	1,775	1,767	26	18	81	81	0
\$2,000-\$2,249.....	54	54	53	7	1	28	28	0	2,114	2,026	1,958	68	(*)	88	88	0
\$2,250-\$2,499.....	43	43	43	11	2	30	30	0	2,371	2,225	2,150	77	2	146	146	0
\$2,500-\$2,999.....	56	56	56	11	2	40	40	0	2,689	2,551	2,490	65	4	138	138	0
\$3,000-\$3,499.....	29	29	29	6	1	20	20	0	3,214	3,057	2,939	123	5	157	157	0
\$3,500-\$3,999.....	16	16	16	6	1	12	12	0	3,668	3,464	3,288	188	12	204	204	0
\$4,000 or over.....	12	12	12	1	0	9	9	0	4,507	4,219	4,212	7	0	288	288	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 113.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having non-money income from—			Total family income (10)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (14)	Nonmoney income from—		
		Any source ² (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)		All sources (net) ⁶ (11)	Earnings ³ (12)	Other sources ³ (13)		All sources (15)	Owned home (net) ⁷ (16)	Rent as pay (17)
MISSOURI, MOBERLY—continued																
Occupational groups:	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Wage-earner.....	609	609	609	64	13	265	262	4	1,374	1,319	1,298	23	2	55	54	1
\$0-\$999.....	242	242	242	20	3	74	72	3	679	657	648	10	1	22	21	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	154	154	154	15	4	60	59	1	1,220	1,181	1,159	24	2	39	38	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	87	87	87	8	1	48	48	0	1,734	1,667	1,654	14	1	67	67	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	97	97	97	13	5	62	62	0	2,405	2,298	2,278	24	4	109	109	0
\$3,000 or over.....	29	29	29	8	0	21	21	0	3,429	3,249	3,109	140	0	180	180	0
Clerical.....	138	138	138	27	2	66	66	0	1,569	1,493	1,450	44	1	76	76	0
\$0-\$999.....	38	38	38	8	0	11	11	0	723	693	662	31	0	30	30	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	33	33	33	4	1	17	17	0	1,265	1,190	1,144	47	1	75	75	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	33	33	33	5	1	15	15	0	1,701	1,634	1,607	28	1	67	67	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	26	26	26	6	0	16	16	0	2,404	2,289	2,232	57	0	115	115	0
\$3,000 or over.....	8	8	8	4	0	7	7	0	3,581	3,380	3,288	112	0	201	201	0
Business and professional.	154	154	154	33	4	79	78	1	1,779	1,671	1,605	76	10	108	108	(⁸)
\$0-\$999.....	36	36	36	10	1	19	18	1	621	554	496	60	2	67	65	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	31	31	31	4	0	16	16	0	1,260	1,182	1,134	48	0	78	78	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	38	38	38	9	1	12	12	0	1,734	1,667	1,683	36	32	67	67	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	29	29	29	9	0	19	19	0	2,370	2,202	2,030	172	0	188	168	0
\$3,000 or over.....	20	20	20	1	2	13	13	0	3,892	3,671	3,604	85	18	221	221	0
Other.....	24	24	2	22	1	15	15	0	600	516	51	466	1	144	144	0

Family-type groups:	298	298	284	58	7	156	154	2	1,347	1,265	1,210	61	6	82	82	(*)
Type 1.....	298	298	284	58	7	156	154	2	1,347	1,265	1,210	61	6	82	82	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	120	120	107	28	1	58	56	2	612	568	518	50	(*)	44	43	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	73	73	72	6	0	36	36	0	1,231	1,163	1,124	39	0	68	68	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	49	49	49	10	2	22	22	0	1,733	1,648	1,634	40	26	85	85	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	42	42	42	9	4	28	28	0	2,435	2,281	2,184	105	8	154	154	0
\$3,000 or over.....	14	14	14	5	0	12	12	0	3,645	3,391	3,189	202	0	254	254	(*)
Types 2 and 3.....	231	231	231	21	6	76	76	1	1,333	1,295	1,285	12	2	38	38	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	87	87	87	7	2	16	16	1	683	674	667	11	4	9	9	(*)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	65	65	65	6	3	26	26	0	1,208	1,168	1,160	12	4	40	40	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	39	39	39	4	0	11	11	0	1,705	1,677	1,670	7	0	28	28	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	33	33	33	3	1	18	18	0	2,373	2,292	2,277	15	(*)	81	81	0
\$3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	1	0	5	5	0	3,547	3,329	3,298	31	0	218	218	0
Types 4 and 5.....	318	318	310	61	6	168	167	1	1,643	1,557	1,501	58	2	86	86	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	94	94	91	17	2	31	30	1	702	669	633	37	1	33	32	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	68	68	65	14	2	31	31	0	1,254	1,184	1,099	86	1	70	70	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	57	57	56	9	0	37	37	0	1,735	1,648	1,601	47	0	87	87	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	70	70	69	17	0	48	48	0	2,399	2,272	2,190	82	0	127	127	0
\$3,000 or over.....	29	29	29	4	2	21	21	0	3,607	3,420	3,403	29	12	187	187	0
Types 6 and 7.....	52	52	52	4	1	14	13	1	1,270	1,230	1,174	57	1	40	37	3
\$0-\$999.....	22	22	22	1	0	6	6	0	708	683	683	(*)	0	25	25	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	14	14	14	1	0	3	2	1	1,238	1,217	1,198	19	0	21	8	13
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	11	11	11	0	1	3	3	0	1,714	1,670	1,673	0	3	44	44	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	3	3	3	0	1	1	1	0	2,342	2,239	2,239	0	0	103	103	0
\$3,000 or over.....	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	3,642	3,414	3,204	1,350	0	228	228	0
Types 8 and 9.....	26	26	26	2	0	11	11	0	1,705	1,660	1,641	19	0	45	45	0

¹ Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2). Averages in columns 10, 11, 15, and 16 are net figures, after deduction for all families of business losses or expenses for owned homes. Hence these averages may include data from a small number of families that were not counted in columns 3, 7, and 8, because of negative income. See footnotes 2 and 5.

² Includes only families whose money income exceeded losses; i. e., was positive. In addition, 1 family in Columbia reported money income less than losses, i. e., negative money income.

³ See Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Money Earnings, Net, and Money Income from Other Sources.

⁴ Business losses not elsewhere deducted; see Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Business Losses.

⁵ Includes only families whose estimated rental value of owned homes for the period of occupancy exceeded estimated expenses allocable to that period. There were 34 families in the combined cities, 1 in Mount Vernon, 14 in New Philadelphia, 3 in Lincoln, 1 in Boone, 4 in Columbia, and 15 in Moberly whose estimated expenses for their owned homes were greater than the estimated rental value.

⁶ The sum of earnings and money income from other sources, with business losses deducted.

⁷ Represents the estimated rental value of owned homes for the period of occupancy, less estimated expenses allocable to that period.

⁸ \$0.50 or less.

⁹ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 114.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by occupation and income and by family type and income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, family-income class (dollars), occupational group, and family type	Families	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source ¹	Earnings ²	Other sources ³		Any source ¹	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food		All sources (net) ⁷	Earnings ²	Other sources ³		All sources	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																		
All incomes.....	Number 5,067	Number 5,037	Number 4,799	Number 1,586	Number 89	Number 4,130	Number 2,586	Number 114	Number 3,374	Dollars 1,368	Dollars 1,273	Dollars 1,162	Dollars 114	Dollars 3	Dollars 95	Dollars 65	Dollars 4	Dollars 26
0-249.....	102	77	65	30	1	77	61	1	57	161	98	77	22	1	63	48	1	14
250-499.....	345	340	299	121	10	296	205	6	262	399	305	251	56	2	84	53	1	30
500-749.....	616	616	568	208	4	509	286	12	458	634	557	478	79	(*)	77	49	1	27
750-999.....	915	915	881	239	7	725	365	18	656	876	808	751	58	1	68	41	3	24
1,000-1,249.....	903	903	864	234	16	739	445	11	632	1,113	1,038	963	77	2	80	53	2	25
1,250-1,499.....	648	648	621	180	14	531	335	8	425	1,365	1,273	1,181	95	3	92	64	2	26
1,500-1,749.....	449	449	441	113	8	349	231	10	264	1,607	1,503	1,411	95	3	104	72	5	27
1,750-1,999.....	305	305	297	110	4	254	160	16	190	1,859	1,736	1,623	109	1	123	77	15	31
2,000-2,249.....	231	231	225	76	6	187	128	12	136	2,116	1,984	1,869	120	5	132	92	14	26
2,250-2,499.....	149	149	148	63	3	120	89	7	83	2,367	2,237	2,054	189	6	130	99	14	17
2,500-2,999.....	179	179	177	81	5	148	111	11	105	2,721	2,562	2,356	215	9	159	111	19	29
3,000-3,499.....	81	81	76	37	5	68	56	1	47	3,219	3,066	2,740	368	42	153	122	5	26
3,500-3,999.....	41	41	39	26	3	36	32	0	22	3,690	3,488	2,908	586	6	202	167	0	35
4,000 or over.....	103	103	98	63	3	91	84	1	36	6,468	6,244	5,282	984	22	224	204	2	18
Occupational groups:																		
Wage-earner.....	2,670	2,669	2,670	605	33	2,134	1,180	41	1,857	1,070	1,000	956	45	1	70	45	2	23
0-999.....	1,320	1,319	1,320	286	10	1,048	534	28	948	696	637	609	28	(*)	59	36	2	21
1,000-1,499.....	926	926	926	202	16	746	430	7	638	1,207	1,133	1,094	40	1	74	49	1	24
1,500-1,999.....	289	289	289	71	4	232	137	3	197	1,690	1,603	1,550	53	(*)	87	56	3	28
2,000-2,999.....	123	123	123	39	2	98	73	2	68	2,348	2,227	2,083	149	5	121	97	2	22
3,000 or over.....	12	12	12	7	1	10	6	1	6	3,834	3,681	2,660	1,023	2	153	107	18	28

Clerical.....	623	623	623	214	11	507	327	7	412	1,503	1,406	1,326	82	2	97	71	2	24
0-999.....	171	171	171	61	3	138	69	2	120	729	669	623	46	(*)	60	39	1	20
1,000-1,499.....	189	189	189	49	1	147	98	1	123	1,237	1,151	1,111	41	1	86	63	1	22
1,500-1,999.....	124	124	124	41	2	102	69	4	73	1,716	1,596	1,513	88	5	120	96	5	25
2,000-2,999.....	108	108	108	51	4	92	68	0	70	2,373	2,247	2,089	162	4	126	94	0	32
3,000 or over.....	31	31	31	12	1	28	23	0	20	3,509	3,343	3,111	234	2	166	142	0	24
Business and professional.....	1,433	1,433	1,433	494	33	1,160	786	66	853	1,937	1,818	1,701	125	8	119	83	12	24
0-999.....	285	285	285	96	6	229	151	7	208	665	578	521	58	1	87	56	3	28
1,000-1,499.....	354	354	354	91	6	297	175	11	232	1,250	1,163	1,124	43	4	87	58	5	24
1,500-1,999.....	317	317	317	97	5	245	163	19	170	1,721	1,602	1,527	78	3	119	78	16	25
2,000-2,999.....	311	311	311	116	8	248	170	28	172	2,396	2,253	2,138	124	9	143	96	27	20
3,000 or over.....	166	166	166	94	8	141	127	1	71	5,138	4,946	4,467	511	32	192	169	2	21
Other.....	341	312	73	273	12	329	293	0	252	1,056	864	200	672	8	192	129	0	63
0-999.....	202	173	37	155	3	192	163	0	157	546	386	82	306	2	160	102	0	58
1,000-1,499.....	82	82	16	72	7	80	77	0	64	1,214	1,014	161	869	16	200	140	0	60
1,500-1,999.....	24	24	8	19	1	24	22	0	14	1,724	1,452	421	1,039	8	272	165	0	107
2,000-2,999.....	17	17	8	14	0	17	15	0	9	2,270	1,945	768	1,177	0	325	238	0	87
3,000 or over.....	16	16	4	13	1	16	16	0	8	4,394	4,095	959	3,173	37	299	252	0	47
Family-type groups:																		
Type 1.....	1,569	1,548	1,375	661	27	1,294	953	28	1,033	1,214	1,108	931	178	1	106	81	3	22
0-999.....	812	791	685	341	10	679	505	10	584	622	530	429	101	(*)	92	67	1	24
1,000-1,499.....	403	403	360	173	9	340	239	5	280	1,216	1,110	927	184	1	106	82	2	22
1,500-1,999.....	168	168	158	57	1	126	82	8	88	1,690	1,581	1,423	159	1	109	76	12	21
2,000-2,999.....	134	134	126	60	5	104	82	5	65	2,344	2,207	1,954	260	7	137	113	10	14
3,000 or over.....	52	52	46	30	2	45	45	0	16	5,992	5,773	4,693	1,192	12	210	208	0	11
Type 2.....	770	767	757	199	14	573	282	16	481	1,331	1,267	1,212	58	3	64	43	3	18
0-999.....	303	300	297	77	2	223	86	7	205	720	674	649	25	(*)	46	23	2	21
1,000-1,499.....	246	246	242	56	6	190	97	4	152	1,226	1,163	1,113	52	2	63	43	2	18
1,500-1,999.....	116	116	114	35	4	81	47	3	63	1,709	1,634	1,550	91	7	75	55	7	13
2,000-2,999.....	80	80	80	21	0	59	35	2	45	2,337	2,240	2,172	88	0	97	78	5	14
3,000 or over.....	25	25	24	10	2	20	17	0	16	4,844	4,691	4,381	351	41	153	132	0	21
Type 3.....	564	564	562	126	4	422	184	17	356	1,381	1,315	1,274	41	(*)	66	39	6	21
0-999.....	178	178	177	25	1	131	33	4	122	746	706	687	19	(*)	40	16	2	22
1,000-1,499.....	220	220	219	34	1	166	72	4	142	1,221	1,168	1,147	21	(*)	53	29	3	21
1,500-1,999.....	90	90	90	29	0	68	44	5	49	1,732	1,638	1,594	44	0	94	70	13	11
2,000-2,999.....	53	53	53	22	0	39	20	4	33	2,360	2,236	2,159	77	0	124	66	28	30
3,000 or over.....	23	23	23	16	2	18	15	0	10	4,189	4,045	3,734	315	4	144	120	0	24

See footnotes at end of table.

1,500-1,999.....	34	34	34	10	2	29	16	1	24	1,658	1,537	1,466	73	2	121	43	7	71
2,000-2,999.....	20	20	20	8	1	18	13	0	17	2,399	2,233	2,022	213	2	166	95	0	71
3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	4	0	6	3	1	3	4,253	4,050	3,480	570	0	203	117	60	26
Types 8 and 9.....	151	151	149	30	1	132	75	2	105	1,553	1,450	1,384	67	1	103	55	3	45
0-999.....	37	37	36	8	0	32	15	1	27	717	622	583	39	0	95	28	4	63
1,000-1,499.....	49	49	49	4	0	42	27	0	35	1,214	1,121	1,118	3	0	93	46	0	47
1,500-1,999.....	34	34	33	6	1	29	15	0	23	1,747	1,658	1,595	69	6	89	65	0	24
2,000-2,999.....	23	23	23	8	0	21	12	1	16	2,419	2,269	2,188	81	0	150	90	13	47
3,000 or over.....	8	8	8	4	0	8	6	0	4	4,177	4,051	3,509	542	0	126	100	0	26
Type 8.....	75	75	73	23	1	70	46	1	55	1,653	1,541	1,457	87	3	112	74	4	34
Type 9.....	76	76	76	7	0	62	29	1	50	1,454	1,360	1,312	48	0	94	37	2	55
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO																		
All incomes.....	1,748	1,741	1,691	526	18	1,389	864	35	1,118	1,379	1,288	1,211	81	4	91	65	4	22
0-249.....	28	22	16	9	0	20	16	1	19	147	78	62	16	0	69	53	2	14
250-499.....	92	91	80	39	3	79	57	0	73	386	310	252	59	1	76	54	0	22
500-749.....	186	186	178	66	1	150	82	2	134	645	574	509	65	(*)	71	50	(*)	18
750-999.....	353	353	348	81	1	288	137	6	240	874	816	782	35	1	58	38	2	21
1,000-1,249.....	321	321	311	90	4	258	150	1	216	1,114	1,039	976	65	2	75	52	1	22
1,250-1,499.....	237	237	234	63	2	192	130	3	152	1,376	1,287	1,217	71	1	89	68	2	19
1,500-1,749.....	154	154	153	36	1	114	77	2	80	1,611	1,515	1,446	72	3	96	70	1	25
1,750-1,999.....	116	116	114	41	1	98	69	6	74	1,865	1,749	1,662	87	(*)	116	78	12	28
2,000-2,249.....	89	89	87	25	1	68	45	4	49	2,108	1,978	1,886	99	7	130	88	10	32
2,250-2,499.....	50	50	50	22	1	38	27	3	25	2,358	2,244	2,139	122	17	114	87	16	11
2,500-2,999.....	65	65	65	21	0	48	35	6	29	2,720	2,524	2,361	163	0	196	130	33	33
3,000-3,499.....	20	20	18	9	1	19	15	1	11	3,230	3,012	2,850	450	88	218	166	21	31
3,500-3,999.....	17	17	17	10	1	14	11	0	7	3,726	3,549	3,293	268	12	177	129	0	48
4,000 or over.....	30	30	30	14	1	25	23	0	9	7,045	6,808	6,352	496	40	237	225	0	12
Occupational groups:																		
Wage-earner.....	1,044	1,044	1,044	244	6	806	446	10	692	1,115	1,050	1,010	40	(*)	65	45	1	19
0-999.....	493	493	493	110	2	379	192	6	344	741	688	665	24	1	53	36	1	16
1,000-1,499.....	372	372	372	89	3	292	169	2	246	1,216	1,146	1,102	44	(*)	70	49	1	20
1,500-1,999.....	118	118	118	30	1	91	52	1	74	1,704	1,631	1,590	41	(*)	73	49	1	23
2,000-2,999.....	57	57	57	14	0	41	32	1	25	2,285	2,165	2,068	97	0	120	92	1	27
3,000 or over.....	4	4	4	1	0	3	1	0	3	3,776	3,626	2,876	750	0	150	77	0	73
Clerical.....	204	204	204	71	3	165	107	3	131	1,505	1,402	1,336	69	3	103	76	2	25
0-999.....	51	51	51	22	2	41	20	1	35	716	656	612	45	1	60	43	2	15
1,000-1,499.....	68	68	68	18	0	54	34	1	46	1,241	1,154	1,117	37	0	87	65	2	20
1,500-1,999.....	41	41	41	14	1	33	23	1	22	1,717	1,583	1,511	85	13	134	95	4	35
2,000-2,999.....	34	34	34	14	0	29	24	0	22	2,353	2,202	2,091	111	0	151	113	0	38
3,000 or over.....	10	10	10	3	0	8	6	0	6	3,588	3,447	3,238	209	0	141	119	0	22

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 114.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by occupation and income and by family type and income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, family-income class (dollars), occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income (11)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (15)	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any sources ¹ (3)	Earnings ² (4)	Other sources ¹ (5)		Any sources ¹ (7)	Owned home (net) ⁵ (8)	Rent as pay (9)	Home-produced food (10)		All sources (net) ⁷ (12)	Earnings ³ (13)	Other sources ³ (14)		All sources (16)	Owned home (net) ⁸ (17)	Rent as pay (18)	Home-produced food (19)
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO—continued																		
Occupational groups—Continued																		
Business and professional.....	Number 428	Number 428	Number 428	Number 153	Number 8	Number 350	Number 247	Number 22	Number 239	Dollars 2,043	Dollars 1,914	Dollars 1,817	Dollars 109	Dollars 12	Dollars 129	Dollars 96	Dollars 18	Dollars 20
0-999.....	70	70	70	28	1	56	43	2	50	649	555	476	80	1	94	64	3	27
1,000-1,499.....	102	102	102	32	2	85	61	1	64	1,255	1,156	1,111	48	3	99	82	1	16
1,500-1,999.....	106	106	106	29	0	81	56	6	54	1,737	1,618	1,543	75	0	119	88	11	20
2,000-2,999.....	100	100	100	37	2	81	48	12	54	2,387	2,241	2,146	109	14	146	91	34	21
3,000 or over.....	50	50	50	27	3	44	39	1	17	5,573	5,343	5,060	346	63	230	202	8	20
Other.....	72	65	15	58	1	68	64	0	56	889	696	162	540	6	193	128	0	65
Family-type groups:																		
Type 1.....	532	528	490	213	5	430	315	6	346	1,196	1,096	970	126	(*)	100	78	2	20
0-999.....	265	261	236	107	3	216	161	2	189	647	559	480	79	(*)	88	66	1	21
1,000-1,499.....	146	146	138	60	2	123	86	0	103	1,207	1,109	966	144	1	98	77	0	21
1,500-1,999.....	66	66	63	22	0	50	35	2	33	1,716	1,611	1,457	154	0	105	85	3	17
2,000-2,999.....	42	42	41	17	0	30	22	2	18	2,345	2,198	2,079	119	0	147	116	12	19
3,000 or over.....	13	13	12	7	0	11	11	0	3	5,949	5,730	4,962	768	0	219	215	0	4
Type 2 and 3.....	459	458	456	113	1	344	150	14	292	1,341	1,277	1,244	33	(*)	64	42	6	16
0-999.....	165	164	163	39	0	125	39	3	121	762	721	702	19	0	41	22	2	17
1,000-1,499.....	170	170	169	38	1	128	65	4	103	1,238	1,173	1,146	27	(*)	65	43	4	18
1,500-1,999.....	72	72	72	21	0	51	28	3	39	1,704	1,619	1,581	38	0	85	63	0	13
2,000-2,999.....	41	41	41	9	0	31	11	4	25	2,302	2,217	2,152	65	0	85	45	28	12
3,000 or over.....	11	11	11	6	0	9	7	0	4	5,645	5,467	5,277	190	0	178	168	0	10

Types 4 and 5.....	517	515	507	143	12	424	311	10	322	1,604	1,490	1,409	93	12	114	83	4	27
0-999.....	155	153	150	33	2	120	76	3	102	739	672	636	38	2	67	48	1	18
1,000-1,499.....	149	149	146	34	3	126	92	0	101	1,215	1,116	1,075	45	4	99	74	0	25
1,500-1,999.....	94	94	94	26	2	76	58	3	55	1,726	1,595	1,526	75	6	131	85	7	39
2,000-2,999.....	80	80	79	32	2	68	57	4	44	2,370	2,207	2,054	171	18	163	123	16	24
3,000 or over.....	39	39	38	18	3	34	28	0	20	4,670	4,452	4,155	378	81	218	176	0	42
Types 6 and 7.....	185	185	184	45	0	140	63	3	121	1,335	1,270	1,220	50	0	65	35	4	20
0-999.....	64	64	64	11	0	46	12	0	45	783	755	752	3	0	28	9	0	19
1,000-1,499.....	75	75	74	20	0	55	27	0	50	1,250	1,201	1,132	69	0	49	31	0	18
1,500-1,999.....	20	20	20	5	0	18	9	0	15	1,710	1,629	1,600	29	0	81	41	0	40
2,000-2,999.....	22	22	22	7	0	17	12	2	11	2,319	2,156	2,076	80	0	163	88	15	60
3,000 or over.....	4	4	4	2	0	4	3	1	0	4,450	4,151	3,745	406	0	299	194	105	0
Types 8 and 9.....	55	55	54	12	0	51	25	2	37	1,503	1,411	1,381	30	0	92	51	8	33
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN																		
All incomes.....	1,670	1,668	1,580	583	39	1,337	904	29	1,049	1,415	1,316	1,188	131	3	99	78	4	17
0-249.....	18	16	14	7	0	13	10	0	10	205	170	134	36	0	35	28	0	7
250-499.....	83	83	74	34	2	69	60	1	60	379	289	238	52	1	90	72	1	17
500-749.....	196	196	180	74	2	161	106	1	141	632	550	459	91	(*)	82	63	(*)	19
750-999.....	277	277	261	89	4	214	119	6	190	880	809	724	85	(*)	71	52	3	16
1,000-1,249.....	313	313	294	85	7	249	168	1	205	1,123	1,038	941	100	3	85	66	(*)	19
1,250-1,499.....	234	234	223	74	4	179	116	3	136	1,358	1,270	1,176	95	1	88	71	2	15
1,500-1,749.....	181	161	156	49	4	130	95	2	95	1,606	1,498	1,373	127	2	108	92	2	14
1,750-1,999.....	101	101	98	38	2	84	55	4	53	1,861	1,789	1,605	135	1	122	87	17	18
2,000-2,249.....	74	74	71	25	4	63	43	5	46	2,112	1,966	1,823	149	6	146	110	21	15
2,250-2,499.....	55	55	55	21	1	44	34	2	31	2,366	2,223	2,023	201	1	143	114	11	18
2,500-2,999.....	69	69	68	33	3	55	39	4	41	2,690	2,552	2,364	199	11	138	104	16	18
3,000-3,499.....	41	41	40	20	4	32	28	0	24	3,235	3,106	2,915	232	41	129	114	0	15
3,500-3,999.....	16	16	14	10	1	15	15	0	8	3,686	3,455	2,709	748	2	231	218	0	13
4,000 or over.....	33	33	32	24	1	29	26	0	9	5,541	5,327	4,523	834	30	214	200	0	14
Occupational groups:																		
Wage-earner.....	912	912	912	229	14	723	436	11	606	1,108	1,033	978	56	1	75	57	2	16
0-999.....	407	407	407	106	4	316	179	7	281	704	641	607	34	(*)	63	46	2	15
1,000-1,499.....	355	355	355	79	6	282	173	2	230	1,212	1,137	1,100	38	1	75	58	1	16
1,500-1,999.....	103	103	103	24	2	84	64	1	67	1,675	1,579	1,511	69	1	96	75	2	19
2,000-2,999.....	41	41	41	15	1	35	25	1	25	2,395	2,271	2,067	205	1	124	106	3	15
3,000 or over.....	6	6	6	5	1	6	5	0	3	3,838	3,670	2,294	1,380	4	168	162	0	6

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 114.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by occupation and income and by family type and income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, family-income class (dollars), occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—				Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income (11)	Money income from—				Business losses ⁴ (15)	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source ² (3)	Earnings ³ (4)	Other sources ³ (5)	Any source ³ (7)		Owned home (net) ³ (8)	Rent as pay (9)	Home-produced food (10)	All sources (net) ⁷ (12)		Earnings ³ (13)	Other sources ³ (14)	All sources (16)	Owned home (net) ³ (17)		Rent as pay (18)	Home-produced food (19)		
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN—continued																				
Occupational groups—Continued	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	
Clerical.....	210	210	210	81	4	168	114	2	132	1,618	1,520	1,424	98	2	98	83	1	14		
0-999.....	45	45	45	21	0	35	20	1	32	753	689	606	88	0	64	48	2	14		
1,000-1,499.....	64	64	64	19	0	43	32	0	33	1,240	1,182	1,113	49	0	78	60	0	9		
1,500-1,999.....	46	46	46	18	1	40	27	1	27	1,725	1,609	1,508	102	1	116	102	3	11		
2,000-2,999.....	40	40	40	18	2	36	22	0	31	2,383	2,284	2,084	187	7	119	93	0	26		
3,000 or over.....	15	15	15	5	1	14	13	0	9	3,462	3,289	3,191	101	3	173	154	0	19		
Business and professional.....	445	445	445	179	14	346	259	16	236	2,012	1,887	1,757	137	7	125	98	12	15		
0-999.....	71	71	71	33	4	58	42	0	50	701	598	498	103	3	103	85	0	18		
1,000-1,499.....	94	94	94	28	0	69	46	2	50	1,296	1,185	1,123	62	0	81	63	3	15		
1,500-1,999.....	104	104	104	36	2	81	60	4	50	1,721	1,602	1,508	95	1	119	99	17	13		
2,000-2,999.....	112	112	112	42	5	87	65	10	59	2,388	2,235	2,117	126	8	153	110	28	15		
3,000 or over.....	64	64	64	40	3	51	46	0	27	4,369	4,199	3,861	370	32	170	158	0	12		
Other.....	103	101	13	94	7	100	95	0	75	1,217	1,014	120	909	15	203	166	0	37		
Family-type groups: Type 1.....	528	527	459	266	12	440	335	6	342	1,232	1,116	897	221	2	116	98	3	15		
0-999.....	257	256	220	132	3	222	173	2	187	665	565	433	132	(⁵)	100	84	(⁵)	16		
1,000-1,499.....	152	152	131	71	4	124	93	0	98	1,223	1,109	901	208	(⁵)	114	98	0	16		
1,500-1,999.....	56	56	51	20	0	43	27	2	26	1,674	1,567	1,351	216	0	107	85	13	9		
2,000-2,999.....	45	45	42	22	3	34	25	2	24	2,383	2,239	1,911	335	7	144	119	13	12		
3,000 or over.....	18	18	15	11	2	17	17	0	7	5,144	4,850	3,547	1,338	35	294	281	0	13		

Types 2 and 3.....	468	467	464	120	11	329	180	7	266	1,418	1,351	1,301	53	3	67	50	4	13
0-999.....	138	137	137	30	2	84	34	1	79	735	697	673	24	(*)	38	22	3	13
1,000-1,499.....	175	175	173	31	4	128	60	2	102	1,227	1,177	1,139	40	2	50	37	1	12
1,500-1,999.....	79	79	78	28	2	58	41	2	43	1,731	1,641	1,536	107	2	90	72	8	10
2,000-2,999.....	53	53	53	18	0	42	31	2	31	2,311	2,171	2,101	70	0	140	109	14	17
3,000 or over.....	23	23	23	13	3	17	14	0	11	3,833	3,710	3,651	106	47	123	112	0	11
Types 4 and 5.....	430	430	415	152	9	376	283	9	285	1,580	1,455	1,330	131	6	125	98	6	21
0-999.....	117	117	111	33	2	100	60	2	91	739	657	590	68	1	82	60	2	20
1,000-1,499.....	129	129	122	44	2	111	87	0	90	1,234	1,121	1,026	100	5	113	87	0	26
1,500-1,999.....	86	86	85	32	1	80	65	2	52	1,705	1,551	1,429	122	(*)	154	123	9	22
2,000-2,999.....	67	67	67	24	3	59	45	5	39	2,414	2,258	2,074	194	10	156	118	20	18
3,000 or over.....	31	31	30	19	1	27	26	0	14	4,039	3,857	3,501	388	32	182	170	0	12
Types 6 and 7.....	195	195	194	45	6	150	80	7	122	1,475	1,403	1,331	74	2	72	49	7	16
0-999.....	50	50	49	7	1	40	11	3	36	711	668	652	17	1	43	22	5	16
1,000-1,499.....	78	78	78	13	1	56	38	2	43	1,204	1,136	1,110	27	1	68	49	5	14
1,500-1,999.....	31	31	31	6	2	24	12	0	20	1,695	1,615	1,570	47	2	80	56	0	24
2,000-2,999.....	22	22	22	10	2	19	11	2	16	2,430	2,319	2,205	124	10	111	69	26	16
3,000 or over.....	14	14	14	9	0	11	8	0	7	3,722	3,603	3,085	518	0	110	101	0	18
Types 8 and 9.....	49	49	48	10	1	42	26	0	34	1,679	1,578	1,452	130	4	101	70	0	31
ILLINOIS-IOWA																		
All incomes.....	1,649	1,628	1,528	477	32	1,404	818	50	1,207	1,309	1,212	1,082	133	3	97	52	5	40
0-249.....	56	39	35	14	1	44	35	0	28	154	85	66	20	1	69	53	0	16
250-499.....	170	166	145	48	5	148	98	5	129	397	312	258	57	3	85	42	1	42
500-749.....	234	234	210	68	1	198	98	0	183	625	549	469	80	(*)	76	36	2	38
750-999.....	285	285	272	69	2	243	109	6	226	873	797	738	60	1	76	33	3	40
1,000-1,249.....	269	269	259	59	5	232	127	9	211	1,112	1,033	972	63	2	79	37	5	37
1,250-1,499.....	177	177	164	43	8	160	89	2	137	1,360	1,257	1,138	127	8	103	51	2	50
1,500-1,749.....	134	134	132	33	3	105	59	6	89	1,602	1,493	1,416	82	5	109	52	12	45
1,750-1,999.....	88	88	85	31	1	74	46	6	63	1,848	1,715	1,608	108	1	133	66	16	51
2,000-2,249.....	68	68	67	26	1	56	38	3	41	2,132	2,011	1,897	117	3	121	79	12	30
2,250-2,499.....	44	44	43	20	1	38	28	2	27	2,380	2,245	1,996	250	1	135	98	14	23
2,500-2,999.....	56	56	54	27	2	45	37	1	36	2,758	2,610	2,342	284	16	148	101	7	40
3,000-3,499.....	20	20	18	8	0	17	13	0	12	3,178	3,039	2,474	565	0	139	97	0	42
3,500-3,999.....	8	8	8	6	1	7	6	0	7	3,624	3,426	2,488	942	4	198	143	0	49
4,000 or over.....	40	40	36	25	1	37	35	1	18	6,799	6,577	5,107	1,473	3	222	192	5	25

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 114.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by occupation and income and by family type and income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, family-income class (dollars), occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ⁴ (6)	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income (11)	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴ (15)	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source ¹ (3)	Earnings ² (4)	Other sources ³ (5)		Any source ⁵ (7)	Owned home (net) ⁶ (8)	Rent as pay (9)	Home-produced food (10)		All sources (net) ⁷ (12)	Earnings ² (13)	Other sources ³ (14)		All sources (16)	Owned home (net) ⁸ (17)	Rent as pay (18)	Home-produced food (19)
ILLINOIS-IOWA—con.																		
Occupational groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Wage-earner.....	714	713	714	132	13	605	298	20	559	957	886	851	37	2	71	31	3	37
0-999.....	420	419	420	70	4	353	163	15	323	633	572	546	26	(⁹)	61	26	2	33
1,000-1,499.....	199	199	199	34	7	172	88	3	162	1,181	1,104	1,071	35	2	77	31	2	44
1,500-1,999.....	68	68	68	17	1	57	31	1	56	1,686	1,588	1,540	48	(⁹)	98	41	7	50
2,000-2,999.....	25	25	25	10	1	22	16	0	18	2,410	2,296	2,144	173	21	114	92	0	22
3,000 or over.....	2	2	2	1	0	1	0	1	0	¹⁰ 3,940	¹⁰ 3,832	¹⁰ 3,332	¹⁰ 500	¹⁰ 0	¹⁰ 108	¹⁰ 0	¹⁰ 108	¹⁰ 0
Clerical.....	209	209	209	62	4	174	106	2	149	1,385	1,295	1,218	79	2	90	55	2	33
0-999.....	75	75	75	18	1	62	29	0	53	724	666	642	24	(⁹)	58	31	0	27
1,000-1,499.....	57	57	57	12	1	50	32	0	44	1,228	1,135	1,100	39	3	93	53	0	49
1,500-1,999.....	37	37	37	9	0	29	19	2	24	1,705	1,695	1,591	74	0	110	71	9	30
2,000-2,999.....	34	34	34	19	2	27	22	0	23	2,382	2,270	2,093	183	6	112	77	0	35
3,000 or over.....	6	6	6	4	0	6	4	0	5	3,500	3,308	2,697	611	0	192	152	0	40
Business and professional.....	560	560	560	162	11	464	280	28	378	1,796	1,691	1,566	129	4	105	61	10	34
0-999.....	144	144	144	35	1	115	66	5	108	655	580	554	26	(⁹)	75	36	5	34
1,000-1,499.....	158	158	158	31	4	140	68	8	118	1,236	1,153	1,134	27	8	83	40	8	35
1,500-1,999.....	107	107	107	32	3	83	47	9	66	1,705	1,587	1,531	64	8	118	57	20	41
2,000-2,999.....	99	99	99	37	1	80	57	6	59	2,412	2,284	2,151	137	4	128	86	18	24
3,000 or over.....	52	52	52	27	2	46	42	0	27	5,669	5,484	4,643	844	3	185	153	0	32
Other.....	166	146	45	121	4	161	134	0	121	1,074	886	266	624	4	188	110	0	78

Family-type groups:	509	483	426	192	10	424	303	16	345	1,215	1,114	927	189	2	101	65	5	31
Type 1.....	509	483	426	192	10	424	303	16	345	1,215	1,114	927	189	2	101	65	5	31
0-999.....	290	274	229	102	4	241	171	6	208	663	473	380	94	1	90	54	2	34
1,000-1,499.....	105	105	91	42	3	93	60	5	79	1,217	1,113	909	205	1	104	65	7	32
1,500-1,999.....	46	46	44	15	1	33	20	4	29	1,674	1,554	1,459	97	2	120	56	22	43
2,000-2,999.....	47	47	43	21	2	40	35	1	23	2,306	2,184	1,882	314	12	122	106	4	12
3,000 or over.....	21	21	19	12	0	17	17	0	6	6,746	6,692	5,262	1,330	0	154	140	0	14
Types 2 and 3.....	407	406	399	92	6	322	136	12	279	1,200	1,226	1,160	69	3	64	30	3	31
0-999.....	178	177	174	33	1	145	46	7	127	694	643	619	24	(*)	51	17	2	32
1,000-1,499.....	121	121	119	21	2	100	44	2	89	1,197	1,137	1,091	48	2	60	26	2	32
1,500-1,999.....	55	55	54	15	2	40	22	3	30	1,721	1,648	1,601	60	13	73	44	13	16
2,000-2,999.....	39	39	39	16	0	25	13	0	22	2,439	2,352	2,272	80	0	87	54	0	33
3,000 or over.....	14	14	13	7	1	12	11	0	11	4,800	4,631	3,813	820	2	169	117	0	62
Types 4 and 5.....	526	522	501	153	14	483	308	20	420	1,423	1,305	1,168	151	4	118	66	7	45
0-999.....	192	188	177	50	4	177	104	6	163	654	563	510	55	2	91	44	2	45
1,000-1,499.....	155	155	149	31	6	143	87	4	126	1,205	1,111	1,051	68	8	94	49	4	41
1,500-1,999.....	88	88	86	25	1	78	48	4	68	1,704	1,558	1,430	128	(*)	146	72	11	63
2,000-2,999.....	66	66	66	31	2	60	48	5	47	2,455	2,288	2,089	207	8	167	109	24	34
3,000 or over.....	25	25	23	16	1	25	21	1	16	4,972	4,706	3,382	1,329	5	266	213	9	44
Types 6 and 7.....	160	160	155	32	2	136	47	2	129	1,220	1,136	1,054	84	2	84	22	2	60
0-999.....	70	70	67	13	0	59	15	1	58	691	638	587	51	0	53	10	1	42
1,000-1,499.....	47	47	46	5	2	41	14	0	39	1,247	1,157	1,134	29	6	90	15	0	75
1,500-1,999.....	27	27	27	7	0	23	11	1	21	1,664	1,546	1,497	49	0	118	36	9	73
2,000-2,999.....	12	12	12	5	0	10	4	0	10	2,420	2,276	2,062	274	0	144	52	0	92
3,000 or over.....	4	4	3	2	0	3	3	0	2	3,566	3,417	2,426	991	0	149	137	0	12
Types 8 and 9.....	47	47	47	8	0	39	24	0	34	1,480	1,361	1,316	45	0	119	46	0	73

¹ Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2). Averages in columns 11, 12, 16, and 17 are net figures, after deduction for all families of business losses or expenses for owned homes. Hence these averages may include data from a small number of families that were not counted in columns 3, 7, and 8 because of negative income. See footnotes 2, 5, and 6.

² Includes only families whose money income exceeded losses; i. e., was positive. In addition, 2 families in the combined village units and 2 families in the Illinois-Iowa villages reported money income less than losses, i. e., negative money income.

³ See Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Money Earnings Net, and Money Income from Other Sources.

⁴ Business losses not elsewhere deducted; see Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Business Losses.

⁵ Excludes 57 families in the combined village units, 24 families in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 16 families in the Michigan-Wisconsin villages, and 17 families in the

Illinois-Iowa villages whose estimated expenses for owned homes for the period of occupancy were greater than the total of estimated rental value allocable to that period, rent as pay, and home-produced food.

⁶ Includes only families whose estimated rental value of owned homes for the period of occupancy exceeded estimated expenses allocable to that period. There were 89 families in the combined village units, 34 families in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 25 families in the Michigan-Wisconsin villages, and 30 families in the Illinois-Iowa villages whose estimated expenses for their owned homes were greater than the estimated rental value.

⁷ The sum of earnings and money income from other sources, with business losses deducted.

⁸ Represents the estimated rental value of owned homes for the period of occupancy, less estimated expenses allocable to that period.

⁹ \$0.50 or less.

¹⁰ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 115.—FOOD HOME-PRODUCED FOR FAMILY USE: *Number of families producing food and average money value and quantity of food produced, by income and by occupation, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Region, State, family-income class, and occupational group (1)	Families (2)	Families producing food						Average ¹ value of food produced						Average ¹ quantity of food produced		
		Any (3)	Fruits and vegetables (4)	Eggs (5)	Milk (6)	Poultry (7)	Other (8)	All (9)	Fruits and vegetables (10)	Eggs (11)	Milk (12)	Poultry (13)	Other (14)	Eggs (15)	Milk (16)	Poultry (17)
MIDDLE ATLANTIC AND NORTH CENTRAL																
<i>Combined village units</i>																
All incomes.....	Number 5,087	Number 3,374	Number 3,306	Number 661	Number 298	Number 566	Number 203	Dollars 26	Dollars 14	Dollars 3	Dollars 5	Dollars 2	Dollars 2	Dozens 11	Gallons 15	Number 3
\$0-\$999.....	1,978	1,433	1,406	323	133	265	80	26	15	3	5	2	1	12	13	3
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,551	1,057	1,033	183	89	152	57	26	14	2	6	2	2	11	15	3
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	754	454	444	89	44	79	31	29	15	3	7	2	2	14	18	3
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	559	325	319	51	24	54	22	25	14	2	5	2	2	10	14	3
\$3,000 or over.....	225	105	104	15	8	16	13	24	14	2	4	2	2	9	11	3
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	2,670	1,857	1,818	318	132	267	85	23	14	2	4	2	1	10	13	3
Clerical.....	623	412	407	69	28	66	20	24	14	2	4	3	1	10	12	3
Business and professional.....	1,433	853	832	155	69	131	47	24	14	2	5	2	1	10	12	3
Other.....	341	252	249	119	69	102	51	63	24	7	15	6	11	33	45	8
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>																
All incomes.....	1,748	1,118	1,094	255	63	187	63	22	12	3	3	2	2	12	9	2
\$0-\$999.....	659	466	457	112	23	77	20	19	13	3	1	1	1	11	5	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	558	368	361	71	19	53	16	21	12	3	3	2	1	11	9	3
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	270	154	149	42	10	30	13	26	13	4	4	2	3	17	10	3
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	194	103	101	24	8	23	10	27	13	3	5	2	4	12	20	2
\$3,000 or over.....	67	27	27	6	3	4	4	27	15	5	3	1	3	18	8	1

<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>																
All incomes.....	1,670	1,049	1,030	156	41	121	36	17	11	2	2	1	1	8	5	1
\$0-\$999.....	574	401	391	73	17	50	12	19	13	2	2	1	1	9	4	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	547	341	334	57	13	44	13	16	10	2	2	1	1	9	6	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	262	148	147	13	7	12	5	16	10	2	2	1	1	7	8	1
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	197	118	117	9	4	10	1	17	14	1	1	1	(*)	4	5	1
\$3,000 or over.....	90	41	41	4	0	5	5	15	10	1	0	2	2	5	0	2
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>																
All incomes.....	1,649	1,207	1,182	250	194	258	104	40	20	3	11	3	3	14	30	5
\$0-\$999.....	745	566	558	138	93	138	48	38	20	3	10	3	2	15	28	5
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	446	348	338	56	37	55	28	42	20	3	13	3	3	12	35	4
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	222	152	149	34	27	37	13	47	19	4	16	4	4	16	41	6
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	168	104	101	18	12	21	11	31	16	3	7	3	2	13	19	5
\$3,000 or over.....	68	37	36	5	5	7	4	33	16	1	11	3	2	4	27	4
NEW ENGLAND																
<i>Vermont-Massachusetts</i>																
All incomes.....	1,585	774	738	163	49	113	24	23	13	3	6	1	(*)	10	12	1
\$0-\$999.....	355	202	195	33	8	24	7	20	15	2	2	1	(*)	8	4	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	489	253	241	56	10	38	5	20	13	3	3	1	(*)	10	9	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	337	151	143	25	14	21	4	24	13	3	7	1	(*)	11	17	1
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	267	119	112	31	12	26	6	29	13	5	8	2	1	14	15	3
\$3,000 or over.....	137	49	47	8	5	4	2	27	12	4	9	1	1	13	20	(*)
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	690	467	443	96	20	63	10	22	12	4	5	1	(*)	10	9	1
Clerical.....	242	100	95	18	9	13	5	18	10	2	4	1	1	7	10	1
Business and professional.....	393	173	167	39	13	27	6	26	14	4	7	1	(*)	13	14	1
Other.....	60	34	33	10	7	10	3	51	18	6	18	6	3	20	36	11

1 Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

2 \$0.50 or less.

3 0.50 or less.

TABLE 116.—MONEY INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS: Number of families receiving money income other than earnings from specified sources, and average amount received, by income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Families (2)	Families receiving money income other than earnings from—							Average ¹ money income other than earnings received from—						
		Any source (3)	Rent from property (net) (4)	Interest and dividends (5)	Profits (net) ¹ (6)	Pensions, annuities, benefits (7)	Gifts for current use (8)	Other sources (9)	All sources ¹ (10)	Rent from property (net) (11)	Interest and dividends (12)	Profits (net) ¹ (13)	Pensions, annuities, benefits (14)	Gifts for current use (15)	Other sources (16)
COMBINED CITIES															
All incomes.....	Number 3,719	Number 890	Number 392	Number 234	Number 28	Number 141	Number 214	Number 65	Dollars 82	Dollars 35	Dollars 15	Dollars 5	Dollars 18	Dollars 7	Dollars 2
0-249.....	55	22	10	3	0	3	7	2	49	21	4	0	8	15	1
250-499.....	142	42	22	9	1	7	9	3	44	19	8	(¹)	9	6	2
500-749.....	377	79	24	17	2	20	23	8	53	14	3	2	23	9	2
750-999.....	533	96	40	14	2	22	21	13	45	18	4	1	17	3	2
1,000-1,249.....	608	115	45	20	1	22	39	9	55	21	7	(¹)	17	7	3
1,250-1,499.....	590	110	48	22	2	26	30	13	60	21	9	(¹)	21	6	2
1,500-1,749.....	391	97	39	25	3	17	27	5	70	35	4	3	19	7	2
1,750-1,999.....	253	60	26	16	4	10	15	3	84	35	8	12	23	5	1
2,000-2,249.....	198	52	25	14	2	8	9	2	80	34	15	4	21	4	2
2,250-2,499.....	149	46	23	17	0	2	11	2	99	44	36	0	3	15	1
2,500-2,999.....	198	60	32	22	3	6	11	2	143	54	25	15	30	17	2
3,000-3,499.....	113	34	14	11	4	2	7	2	128	36	39	28	6	14	2
3,500-3,999.....	71	21	11	11	0	0	2	1	100	62	29	0	0	8	1
4,000 or over.....	131	56	33	27	4	2	3	0	457	266	134	46	6	5	0
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS															
All incomes.....	5,067	1,586	630	581	60	223	425	65	114	48	27	5	21	12	1
0-249.....	102	30	6	12	1	1	14	2	22	5	7	1	(¹)	9	(¹)
250-499.....	345	121	41	38	6	20	37	3	56	15	15	2	15	8	1
500-749.....	618	208	77	75	9	42	50	7	79	27	19	4	24	5	(¹)
750-999.....	915	239	92	69	4	36	82	10	58	22	10	1	17	7	1
1,000-1,249.....	903	234	80	73	7	36	64	11	77	28	16	1	24	6	2
1,250-1,499.....	648	180	59	60	7	37	47	9	95	57	37	5	37	9	1
1,500-1,749.....	449	118	51	45	6	13	36	4	85	39	18	6	18	14	(¹)
1,750-1,999.....	305	110	44	41	3	9	30	7	109	44	28	6	13	16	2

2,000-2,249.....	231	76	31	32	3	9	16	3	120	38	43	2	21	14	2	
2,250-2,499.....	149	63	32	24	3	9	13	1	189	72	40	9	32	34	2	
2,500-2,999.....	179	81	37	40	5	5	19	3	215	89	46	29	12	38	1	
3,000-3,499.....	81	37	17	21	0	3	5	3	368	161	174	0	8	24	1	
3,500-3,999.....	41	26	14	10	4	1	3	1	596	384	102	79	3	16	2	
4,000 or over.....	103	63	43	35	2	2	9	1	984	631	257	23	3	68	2	
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES																
All incomes.....	1,748	526	173	193	19	84	164	20	81	22	23	5	22	7	2	
0-249.....	28	9	0	5	0	0	4	0	16	0	5	0	0	11	0	
250-499.....	92	39	12	13	2	6	17	1	59	19	15	(*)	15	10	(*)	
500-749.....	186	66	21	22	4	17	17	3	65	14	15	0	27	2	1	
750-999.....	353	81	21	23	2	12	36	3	35	6	7	1	14	5	2	
1,000-1,249.....	321	90	32	28	2	15	25	4	65	24	4	2	30	3	2	
1,250-1,499.....	237	63	15	22	1	18	17	1	71	9	11	1	44	6	(*)	
1,500-1,749.....	154	38	13	12	3	2	15	0	73	21	13	11	9	18	0	
1,750-1,999.....	116	41	12	16	0	4	14	4	87	29	36	0	10	8	4	
2,000-2,249.....	89	25	10	9	1	3	4	1	99	27	37	(*)	26	5	4	
2,250-2,499.....	50	22	10	8	1	5	4	1	122	41	22	6	45	2	6	
2,500-2,999.....	55	21	8	13	2	0	8	0	163	47	57	27	0	32	0	
3,000-3,499.....	20	9	6	7	0	0	0	0	450	88	362	0	0	0	0	
3,500-3,999.....	17	10	4	5	0	1	2	1	268	71	148	0	7	37	5	
4,000 or over.....	30	14	9	10	1	1	1	1	496	177	241	67	2	2	7	
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES																
All incomes.....	1,670	583	216	261	26	70	149	27	131	39	43	8	19	21	1	
0-249.....	18	7	4	3	1	0	3	1	38	17	6	8	0	4	1	
250-499.....	83	34	12	15	1	3	7	1	52	16	22	2	5	5	2	
500-749.....	198	74	25	35	2	10	20	3	91	27	37	3	15	9	(*)	
750-999.....	277	89	40	33	1	13	28	5	85	38	14	(*)	22	10	1	
1,000-1,249.....	313	85	29	34	4	13	22	3	100	34	34	1	21	9	1	
1,250-1,499.....	234	74	25	31	5	9	21	5	95	28	19	12	24	10	2	
1,500-1,749.....	161	49	20	26	3	7	9	2	127	44	36	7	25	15	(*)	
1,750-1,999.....	101	38	14	16	2	4	6	2	135	34	32	16	25	26	2	
2,000-2,249.....	74	25	6	15	1	2	6	1	149	31	75	(*)	9	34	(*)	
2,250-2,499.....	55	21	9	10	0	2	6	0	201	37	71	0	28	65	0	
2,500-2,999.....	68	33	11	16	2	3	9	1	199	36	39	50	6	67	1	
3,000-3,499.....	41	20	4	11	0	3	5	3	232	11	165	0	15	48	3	
3,500-3,999.....	16	10	5	3	3	0	1	0	748	484	101	163	0	0	0	
4,000 or over.....	33	24	12	13	1	1	8	0	834	159	445	12	6	212	0	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 116.—MONEY INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS: Number of families receiving money income other than earnings from specified sources, and average amount received, by income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Families (2)	Families receiving money income other than earnings from—							Average ³ money income other than earnings received from—						
		Any source (3)	Rent from property (net) (4)	Interest and dividends (5)	Profits (net) ¹ (6)	Pensions, annuities, benefits (7)	Gifts for current use (8)	Other sources (9)	All sources ² (10)	Rent from property (net) (11)	Interest and dividends (12)	Profits (net) ¹ (13)	Pensions, annuities, benefits (14)	Gifts for current use (15)	Other sources (16)
ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES															
All incomes	Number 1,649	Number 477	Number 241	Number 127	Number 15	Number 69	Number 112	Number 18	Dollars 133	Dollars 86	Dollars 14	Dollars 3	Dollars 21	Dollars 8	Dollars 1
0-249	56	14	2	4	0	1	7	1	20	4	7	0	(⁴)	9	(⁴)
250-499	170	48	17	10	3	11	13	1	57	15	11	2	21	7	7
500-749	234	68	31	18	3	15	13	1	80	35	9	4	27	5	1
750-999	285	69	31	13	1	11	20	2	60	30	10	(⁴)	15	5	(⁴)
1,000-1,249	269	59	25	11	1	8	17	4	63	25	9	(⁴)	21	6	2
1,250-1,499	177	43	19	13	1	10	9	3	127	49	19	1	43	13	2
1,500-1,749	134	33	18	7	0	4	12	2	82	52	3	0	19	7	1
1,750-1,999	88	31	18	9	1	1	10	1	108	74	14	2	1	16	1
2,000-2,249	68	26	15	8	1	4	6	1	117	60	18	5	27	5	2
2,250-2,499	44	20	13	6	2	2	3	0	250	150	22	26	20	32	0
2,500-2,999	56	27	18	11	1	2	2	2	284	195	42	6	31	9	1
3,000-3,499	20	8	7	3	0	0	0	0	565	541	24	0	0	0	0
3,500-3,999	8	6	5	2	1	0	0	0	942	852	9	81	0	0	0
4,000 or over	40	25	22	12	0	0	0	0	1,473	1,360	113	0	0	0	0

¹ Does not include profits from business enterprises owned and operated by family members. See Glossary, Profits.

² Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

³ Represents average net income from sources other than earnings; excludes actual business losses. See Glossary, Income, City and Village Family; Business Losses, and Money Income from Other Sources.

⁴ \$0.50 or less.

TABLE 117.—FOOD HOME-PRODUCED FOR FAMILY USE: *Number of families producing specified kinds of food at home for family use and average money value of such food, North Central and New England small cities separately, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and city (1)	Families producing—						Average value of —					
	Any food	Fruits and vegetables	Eggs	Milk	Poultry	Other food	All food	Fruits and vegetables	Eggs	Milk	Poultry	Other food
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>No.</i>	<i>Dol.</i>	<i>Dol.</i>	<i>Dol.</i>	<i>Dol.</i>	<i>Dol.</i>	<i>Dol.</i>
Ohio, Mount Vernon....	109	106	8	5	5	2	23	16	19	55	72	*9
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	273	270	25	9	19	13	28	20	17	103	20	34
Illinois, Lincoln.....	160	146	14	5	23	36	21	13	14	91	16	12
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	259	258	19	8	18	7	23	19	19	35	16	22
Iowa, Boone.....	223	222	19	7	14	2	20	15	21	41	19	*28
Missouri, Columbia.....	169	134	28	24	33	16	43	13	19	156	24	23
Missouri, Moberly.....	236	230	25	12	17	7	31	20	26	104	18	73
Maine, Westbrook.....	291	286	31	6	22	4	29	20	32	184	23	10
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	174	174	23	1	13	5	26	18	37	*210	20	23

* Averages are based on the corresponding number of families that produced the specified food at home for family use (columns 2-7).

* A average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 118.—FAMILY TYPE: Number of families, average size of family, and average number of persons other than husband and wife under 16 or 16 or older,¹ by relief status and family type, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family type No. (1)	All families				Nonrelief families				Relief families			
	Families (2)	Average persons per family ² (3)	Average persons under 16 ³ (4)	Average persons 16 or older ³ (5)	Families (6)	Average persons per family ¹ (7)	Average persons under 16 ² (8)	Average persons 16 or older ² (9)	Families (10)	Average persons per family ¹ (11)	Average persons under 16 ² (12)	Average persons 16 or older ² (13)
COMBINED CITIES												
All types.....	No. 4,427	No. 3.66	No. 1.13	No. 0.53	No. 3,719	No. 3.51	No. 1.01	No. 0.50	No. 708	No. 4.46	No. 1.76	No. 0.69
1.....	1,249	2.01	-----	-----	1,114	2.01	-----	-----	135	2.00	-----	-----
2.....	719	2.99	1.00	-----	642	2.99	1.00	-----	77	3.02	1.00	-----
3.....	480	3.99	2.00	-----	406	3.99	2.00	-----	74	3.99	2.00	-----
4.....	890	3.47	.26	1.21	764	3.46	.25	1.21	126	3.63	.32	1.20
5.....	386	5.35	1.82	1.53	308	5.34	1.81	1.52	78	5.39	1.83	1.58
6.....	341	5.31	3.31	-----	255	5.31	3.31	-----	86	5.31	3.31	-----
7.....	216	7.29	3.91	1.39	128	7.23	3.73	1.51	88	7.37	4.16	1.22
8.....	69	5.19	-----	3.19	58	5.19	-----	3.19	11	5.16	-----	3.18
9.....	77	9.61	5.29	2.32	44	9.37	4.98	2.38	33	9.93	5.69	2.25
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS												
All types ⁴	6,461	3.71	1.17	.54	5,072	3.54	1.01	.52	1,389	4.34	1.72	.62
1.....	1,853	2.02	-----	-----	1,572	2.02	-----	-----	281	2.02	-----	-----
2.....	945	3.01	1.00	-----	771	3.01	1.00	-----	174	3.04	1.00	-----
3.....	713	4.00	2.00	-----	564	4.00	2.00	-----	149	3.98	2.00	-----
4.....	1,314	3.49	.25	1.23	1,039	3.46	.25	1.22	265	3.96	.28	1.27
5.....	549	5.40	1.83	1.57	415	5.38	1.80	1.58	134	5.45	1.93	1.51
6.....	539	5.31	3.30	-----	367	5.29	3.28	-----	172	5.35	3.35	-----
7.....	309	7.28	4.04	1.25	173	7.31	3.90	1.40	136	7.23	4.20	1.06
8.....	89	5.20	-----	3.19	75	5.20	-----	3.19	14	5.16	-----	3.21
9.....	150	9.53	5.35	2.19	76	9.23	4.75	2.49	74	9.83	5.97	1.83
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES												
All types ⁴	2,079	3.67	1.12	.55	1,749	3.56	1.02	.53	330	4.25	1.63	.63
1.....	603	2.02	-----	-----	533	2.02	-----	-----	70	2.02	-----	-----
2.....	310	3.00	1.00	-----	264	3.00	1.00	-----	46	3.01	1.00	-----
3.....	224	4.00	2.00	-----	195	4.00	2.00	-----	29	3.98	2.00	-----
4.....	435	3.51	.26	1.26	376	3.51	.26	1.25	59	3.52	.22	1.29
5.....	178	5.40	1.79	1.62	141	5.40	1.72	1.69	37	5.38	2.08	1.35
6.....	178	5.34	3.32	-----	137	5.32	3.30	-----	41	5.37	3.39	-----
7.....	74	7.31	3.91	1.39	48	7.39	3.85	1.62	26	7.16	4.00	1.15
8.....	31	5.27	-----	3.29	25	5.28	-----	3.28	6	5.26	-----	3.33
9.....	46	9.72	5.63	2.11	30	9.45	5.27	2.20	16	10.23	6.31	1.93
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES												
All types ⁴	1,978	3.66	1.16	.49	1,673	3.54	1.06	.46	305	4.30	1.66	.64
1.....	593	2.02	-----	-----	529	2.02	-----	-----	64	2.01	-----	-----
2.....	296	3.02	1.00	-----	266	3.01	1.00	-----	30	3.02	1.00	-----
3.....	230	4.01	2.00	-----	203	4.01	2.00	-----	27	3.95	2.00	-----
4.....	368	3.46	.27	1.20	308	3.44	.25	1.21	60	3.56	.38	1.18
5.....	161	5.40	1.84	1.57	123	5.39	1.83	1.57	38	5.43	1.87	1.55
6.....	178	5.29	3.29	-----	136	5.28	3.28	-----	42	5.30	3.31	-----
7.....	88	7.32	4.14	1.17	59	7.35	4.19	1.15	29	7.26	4.03	1.21
8.....	25	5.23	-----	3.20	22	5.23	-----	3.18	3	5.25	-----	3.33
9.....	39	9.27	4.82	2.46	27	9.07	4.26	2.81	12	9.69	6.09	1.66

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 118.—FAMILY TYPE: Number of families, average size of family, and average number of persons other than husband and wife under 16 or 16 or older,¹ by relief status and family type, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family type No. (1)	All families				Nonrelief families				Relief families			
	Families (2)	Average persons per family ² (3)	Average persons under 16 ³ (4)	Average persons 16 or older ³ (5)	Families (6)	Average persons per family ² (7)	Average persons under 16 ³ (8)	Average persons 16 or older ³ (9)	Families (10)	Average persons per family ² (11)	Average persons under 16 ³ (12)	Average persons 16 or older ³ (13)
ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES												
All types ⁴	No. 2,404	No. 3.79	No. 1.22	No. 0.67	No. 1,650	No. 3.51	No. 0.96	No. 0.55	No. 754	No. 4.40	No. 1.79	No. 0.60
1.....	657	2.01	-----	-----	510	2.01	-----	-----	147	2.02	-----	-----
2.....	339	3.02	1.00	-----	241	3.00	1.00	-----	98	3.06	1.00	-----
3.....	259	4.00	2.00	-----	186	3.99	2.00	-----	93	4.00	2.00	-----
4.....	511	3.48	.24	1.23	375	3.44	.23	1.20	136	3.58	.28	1.31
5.....	210	5.40	1.86	1.62	151	5.36	1.85	1.50	69	5.50	1.88	1.59
6.....	183	5.30	3.31	-----	94	5.24	3.26	-----	80	5.36	3.36	-----
7.....	147	7.23	4.04	1.22	66	7.21	3.68	1.53	31	7.24	4.33	.98
8.....	33	5.10	-----	3.09	28	5.12	-----	3.11	5	5.00	-----	3.00
9.....	65	9.55	5.48	2.08	19	9.10	4.63	2.47	46	9.73	5.83	1.91

¹ Year-equivalent persons. Slight discrepancies may occur between the averages for all members and the figure obtained by adding 2.00 (husband and wife) to the sum of the averages for persons under 16 and 16 or older. These discrepancies result from differences in the methods of computing averages for all members and for persons under 16 and 16 or older. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.

² Includes husband and wife.

³ Excludes husband and wife.

⁴ This table includes 5 nonrelief families in the combined village units, 1 in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 3 in the Michigan-Wisconsin villages, and 1 in the Illinois-Iowa villages that reported a net loss for the year, that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

TABLE 119.—AVERAGE SIZE OF RELIEF FAMILIES: Average size of relief families and average number of persons, other than husband and wife under 16 or 16 or older,¹ North Central small cities combined and separately, 1935-36

[White relief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and city (1)	Average persons per family ² (2)	Average persons under 16 ³ (3)	Average persons 16 or older ³ (4)	State and city (5)	Average persons per family ² (6)	Average persons under 16 ³ (7)	Average persons 16 or older ³ (8)
Combined cities.....	Number 4.46	Number 1.76	Number 0.69	Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	Number 4.88	Number 2.14	Number 0.76
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	4.81	1.83	.78	Iowa, Boone.....	4.51	2.00	.52
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	4.46	1.71	.75	Missouri, Columbia.....	4.14	1.44	.71
Illinois, Lincoln.....	4.34	1.78	.57	Missouri, Moberly.....	4.29	1.55	.73

For footnotes see table 118.

TABLE 120.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: Number of husbands and of wives in specified age groups, by relief status and family income, North Central small cities and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Families ¹ (2)	Husbands of age 2—										Wives of age 2—									
		Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older	Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older		
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		
SMALL CITIES																					
<i>Combined cities</i>																					
All families.....	No. 4,427	No. 1	No. 598	No. 1,180	No. 1,056	No. 825	No. 324	No. 199	No. 119	No. 121	No. 44	No. 877	No. 1,281	No. 726	No. 219	No. 133	No. 76	No. 34			
Relief families.....	708	0	92	163	158	140	49	46	32	28	15	136	183	172	120	31	29	13	9		
Nonrelief families.....	3,719	1	496	1,017	908	685	275	153	87	93	29	741	1,098	861	606	188	104	63	25		
0-249.....	55	0	5	8	6	7	5	4	6	14	0	6	9	8	6	6	7	9	4		
250-499.....	142	0	15	25	24	25	19	12	10	12	4	21	23	23	38	12	7	11	3		
500-749.....	377	0	79	86	65	60	35	22	13	17	8	105	82	60	60	34	14	10	4		
750-999.....	533	0	109	142	106	85	39	29	7	16	9	134	156	108	65	25	23	5	2		
1,000-1,249.....	608	1	120	170	146	100	34	15	8	14	5	162	181	131	85	18	13	11	2		
1,250-1,499.....	500	0	70	167	121	79	34	18	5	5	1	127	158	91	86	28	9	0	0		
1,500-1,749.....	391	0	49	129	95	63	26	13	14	2	1	79	140	85	48	25	8	5	0		
1,750-1,999.....	253	0	22	74	82	47	15	10	2	0	0	39	85	78	35	12	3	0	0		
2,000-2,249.....	193	0	13	62	61	39	11	5	2	6	0	32	71	52	29	5	4	4	0		
2,250-2,499.....	149	0	10	39	50	26	12	6	4	2	1	14	48	40	30	6	5	1	0		
2,500-2,999.....	198	0	2	53	51	57	21	5	5	3	0	12	59	68	46	6	1	4	0		
3,000-3,499.....	113	0	0	30	30	38	8	4	5	0	0	8	29	38	30	4	2	1	0		
3,500-3,999.....	71	0	1	14	27	18	5	1	5	0	0	1	18	33	13	2	3	1	0		
4,000 or over.....	131	0	1	18	44	42	11	9	4	2	0	1	39	46	35	3	5	2	0		
Ohio, Mount Vernon																					
All families.....	313	1	44	81	70	63	21	18	9	6	2	68	95	66	50	15	12	5	0		
Relief families.....	60	0	7	13	10	16	5	5	1	3	0	9	18	14	10	5	3	1	0		
Nonrelief families.....	253	1	37	68	60	47	16	13	8	3	2	59	77	52	40	10	9	4	0		
0-999.....	55	0	13	16	4	9	6	2	3	2	0	17	14	10	6	2	4	2	0		
1,000-1,499.....	97	1	16	25	23	22	3	5	1	1	2	26	28	14	20	4	2	1	0		
1,500-1,999.....	50	0	5	20	15	4	1	3	2	0	0	10	18	15	3	3	1	0	0		
2,000-2,999.....	42	0	3	6	14	10	5	2	2	0	0	6	13	10	10	1	1	1	0		
3,000 or over.....	9	0	0	1	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	1	0	0		

<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>																			
All families.....	753	0	116	201	169	138	59	39	17	14	8	160	214	169	124	45	25	11	6
Relief families.....	165	0	26	35	37	30	12	10	5	7	1	33	45	33	20	8	7	5	4
Nonrelief families.....	588	0	90	166	132	108	47	29	9	7	2	123	169	128	95	37	18	6	2
0-999.....	178	0	36	35	33	32	21	11	4	6	1	46	36	31	34	16	6	6	2
1,000-1,499.....	195	0	38	60	40	35	13	6	2	1	1	58	56	31	32	14	3	0	0
1,500-1,999.....	108	0	11	40	30	19	4	3	1	0	0	20	43	28	11	3	3	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	74	0	6	23	19	14	5	7	1	0	0	7	25	23	11	4	4	0	0
3,000 or over.....	33	0	0	8	10	8	4	2	1	0	0	2	9	13	7	0	2	0	0
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>																			
All families.....	511	0	69	141	132	89	25	26	11	18	5	114	137	131	79	14	16	9	6
Relief families.....	139	0	14	39	31	26	6	13	5	5	2	32	30	34	27	3	6	2	2
Nonrelief families.....	372	0	55	102	101	63	19	13	6	13	2	82	107	97	52	11	10	7	4
0-999.....	128	0	22	31	28	23	8	5	3	8	1	33	31	27	17	8	4	3	4
1,000-1,499.....	128	0	18	40	39	15	6	6	0	4	1	28	41	32	17	2	3	4	0
1,500-1,999.....	50	0	8	18	12	9	1	0	2	0	0	10	18	15	5	1	1	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	44	0	7	9	17	7	2	2	0	0	0	10	13	14	7	0	0	0	0
3,000 or over.....	22	0	0	4	5	9	2	0	1	1	0	1	4	9	6	0	2	0	0
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>																			
All families.....	453	0	61	124	92	82	40	28	14	12	7	84	121	97	82	30	20	9	3
Relief families.....	49	0	10	6	13	10	4	2	4	0	0	12	8	18	7	1	2	1	0
Nonrelief families.....	404	0	51	118	79	72	36	26	10	12	7	72	113	79	75	20	18	8	3
0-999.....	110	0	16	23	17	14	15	13	5	7	4	19	25	15	18	15	10	3	2
1,000-1,499.....	168	0	27	53	29	35	12	6	2	4	2	38	47	34	33	5	7	1	0
1,500-1,999.....	70	0	5	30	13	10	5	5	2	0	0	12	26	13	9	8	0	2	0
2,000-2,999.....	38	0	3	10	11	10	2	1	0	1	0	4	11	9	10	1	1	0	0
3,000 or over.....	18	0	0	2	9	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	4	8	5	0	0	1	0
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>																			
All families.....	494	0	66	137	131	73	35	19	18	15	9	97	146	119	70	28	14	5	6
Relief families.....	102	0	17	36	18	10	4	6	4	7	6	22	32	16	13	7	5	1	0
Nonrelief families.....	392	0	49	101	113	63	31	13	14	8	3	75	114	103	57	21	9	4	6
0-999.....	116	0	27	31	21	15	6	6	4	6	3	33	33	17	14	6	4	2	4
1,000-1,499.....	102	0	14	28	28	15	9	4	3	1	0	24	27	26	17	6	2	0	0
1,500-1,999.....	77	0	6	18	29	12	5	2	5	0	0	9	27	27	7	3	3	2	0
2,000-2,999.....	71	0	2	20	26	15	5	0	2	1	0	8	23	24	11	3	0	0	0
3,000 or over.....	26	0	0	4	9	6	6	1	0	0	0	1	4	9	8	4	0	0	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 120.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: *Number of husbands and of wives in specified age groups, by relief status and family income, North Central small cities and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36*—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars)	Families ¹	Husbands of age ² —										Wives of age ² —									
		Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older	Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)		
SMALL CITIES—continued																					
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>																					
All families.....	No. 1,309	No. 0	No. 151	No. 366	No. 338	No. 254	No. 74	No. 44	No. 34	No. 43	No. 10	No. 251	No. 409	No. 312	No. 194	No. 54	No. 32	No. 29	No. 12		
Relief families.....	124	0	14	21	33	23	11	7	6	9	5	20	32	30	17	8	4	4			
Nonrelief families.....	1,185	0	137	345	305	231	63	37	28	34	5	231	377	282	177	46	28	25	8		
0-999.....	296	0	53	72	57	49	19	20	7	19	4	76	77	48	50	11	13	11	6		
1,000-1,499.....	293	0	51	96	72	45	11	4	6	7	1	85	93	59	33	9	6	5	1		
1,500-1,999.....	202	0	25	56	54	40	15	6	4	1	0	38	65	52	28	13	4	1	0		
2,000-2,999.....	193	0	6	73	52	46	8	0	6	5	0	26	76	51	28	6	1	6	1		
3,000 or over.....	196	0	2	48	70	51	10	7	5	2	0	6	66	72	38	7	4	2	0		
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>																					
All families.....	1,029	0	124	240	244	211	105	52	28	24	12	167	285	251	212	53	27	15	6		
Relief families.....	104	0	8	20	23	29	11	7	5	1	2	18	24	30	24	2	5	0	1		
Nonrelief families.....	925	0	116	220	221	182	94	45	23	23	10	151	261	188	51	22	15	5	5		
0-999.....	383	0	59	79	62	52	32	23	11	15	8	70	81	69	54	25	13	9	4		
1,000-1,499.....	223	0	39	62	53	30	20	7	4	3	1	49	75	49	34	11	1	3	0		
1,500-1,999.....	159	0	16	42	42	34	17	6	1	1	1	27	51	35	36	9	0	0	0		
2,000-2,999.....	153	0	1	33	48	39	20	4	3	4	0	4	44	49	43	5	5	1	1		
3,000 or over.....	67	0	1	4	11	27	5	5	4	0	0	1	10	19	21	1	3	2	0		
VILLAGES																					
<i>Combined village units</i>																					
All families.....	6,456	8	843	1,519	1,445	1,220	513	385	280	243	44	1,261	1,606	1,427	1,100	425	327	151	114		
Relief families.....	1,389	3	200	310	285	271	100	82	66	72	23	286	361	291	213	65	76	43	31		
Nonrelief families.....	5,067	5	643	1,209	1,160	949	413	303	214	171	21	975	1,245	1,136	887	360	251	108	83		
0-249.....	102	1	5	9	4	11	12	17	19	24	1	8	7	7	14	20	25	9	11		
250-499.....	345	1	28	39	45	66	42	47	32	45	1	41	45	51	73	48	41	20	25		
500-749.....	616	3	100	104	91	108	64	64	52	30	6	139	98	92	118	70	48	24	21		
750-999.....	915	0	159	228	183	172	66	46	36	25	6	234	218	169	161	57	40	21	8		

1,000-1,249	903	0	143	230	226	161	73	34	22	14	4	211	230	218	148	47	28	11	6
1,250-1,499	648	0	84	197	169	116	32	28	20	12	3	140	199	143	93	35	27	3	5
1,500-1,749	449	0	50	130	111	84	42	16	10	6	0	79	133	117	75	24	13	6	2
1,750-1,999	305	0	27	82	102	57	9	14	8	6	0	44	90	91	62	13	7	6	2
2,000-2,249	231	0	19	63	67	51	14	11	2	4	0	36	64	71	36	15	5	2	2
2,250-2,499	149	0	12	34	47	30	12	8	5	1	0	17	38	50	25	11	6	2	0
2,500-2,999	179	0	9	45	54	42	19	5	4	1	0	15	52	59	40	7	3	3	0
3,000-3,499	81	0	3	22	27	14	9	4	1	1	0	5	31	22	17	3	2	0	1
3,500-3,999	41	0	1	8	15	11	3	2	1	1	0	2	15	12	8	3	1	0	0
4,000 or over	103	0	3	18	29	26	16	7	2	2	0	4	25	34	27	7	5	1	0
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>																			
All families	2,078	3	303	520	474	379	144	105	86	64	16	427	528	460	344	135	87	45	37
Relief families	330	1	58	84	69	54	21	15	13	15	7	72	101	61	41	13	14	12	9
Nonrelief families	1,748	2	245	436	405	325	123	90	73	49	9	355	425	399	303	122	73	33	28
0-999	659	2	111	134	113	115	52	48	48	36	6	150	120	116	116	62	41	25	22
1,000-1,499	558	0	90	162	139	101	32	16	12	6	3	137	151	127	90	29	15	3	3
1,500-1,999	270	0	28	76	74	50	18	11	7	6	0	40	83	71	46	16	7	4	3
2,000-2,999	194	0	13	50	58	45	13	11	3	1	0	24	51	65	35	10	8	1	0
3,000 or over	67	0	3	14	21	14	8	4	3	0	0	4	20	20	16	5	2	0	0
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>																			
All families	1,975	3	237	462	464	368	159	121	88	73	7	379	475	456	347	135	104	35	37
Relief families	305	1	30	60	66	72	19	17	17	23	1	52	70	81	48	15	21	6	11
Nonrelief families	1,670	2	207	402	398	296	140	104	71	50	6	327	405	375	299	120	83	29	26
0-999	574	2	80	98	85	111	53	61	45	39	4	117	91	88	124	63	50	17	20
1,000-1,499	547	0	79	155	142	81	44	25	15	6	2	132	151	120	80	34	19	5	4
1,500-1,999	262	0	28	76	80	40	20	9	6	3	0	48	74	77	44	7	7	4	1
2,000-2,999	197	0	16	53	61	41	15	5	4	2	0	25	58	64	31	12	3	3	1
3,000 or over	90	0	4	20	30	23	8	4	1	0	0	5	31	26	20	4	4	0	0
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>																			
All families	2,403	2	303	537	507	473	210	159	106	106	21	455	605	511	409	155	136	71	40
Relief families	754	1	112	166	150	145	60	50	36	34	15	162	190	149	124	37	41	25	11
Nonrelief families	1,649	1	191	371	357	328	150	109	70	72	6	293	415	362	285	118	95	46	29
0-999	745	1	101	148	125	131	79	65	46	49	4	155	157	115	128	70	63	32	23
1,000-1,499	446	0	58	110	104	95	29	21	15	14	2	82	127	114	71	19	21	6	4
1,500-1,999	222	0	21	60	59	51	13	10	5	3	0	35	66	60	37	14	6	4	0
2,000-2,999	168	0	11	39	49	37	17	8	4	3	0	19	45	51	35	11	3	3	1
3,000 or over	68	0	0	14	20	14	12	5	0	3	0	2	20	22	16	4	2	1	1

¹ This is the same as the total number of husbands and of wives, since all families included in the study contained both husband and wife.

² 4 husbands in the combined cities, 5 in Columbia, and 1 in Moberly did not report age.

³ 4 wives in the combined cities, 6 in Columbia, 1 in Moberly, 1 in the combined village units, and 1 in Pennsylvania-Ohio did not report age.

TABLE 121.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: Median age of husbands and of wives, by family type and income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Median age of husbands in families of types—									Median age of wives in families of types—								
	All	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 and 9	All	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 and 9
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
COMBINED CITIES																		
All incomes.....	Years 44	Years 51	Years 35	Years 36	Years 52	Years 45	Years 37	Years 44	Years 53	Years 40	Years 47	Years 32	Years 33	Years 48	Years 43	Years 34	Years 40	Years 49
0-999.....	44	57	32	34	53	47	36	44	54	40	52	29	30	49	43	33	38	50
1,000-1,499.....	41	46	34	36	52	44	35	44	53	38	42	30	33	49	41	32	40	46
1,500-1,999.....	43	46	36	36	50	45	39	42	51	39	43	34	33	46	44	34	39	45
2,000-2,999.....	46	48	38	39	53	45	39	44	59	42	45	35	36	49	42	37	39	56
3,000 or over.....	49	54	42	43	53	46	44	49	57	45	48	37	37	49	43	38	48	54
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																		
All incomes.....	46	57	35	35	53	47	37	43	51	43	54	33	32	50	44	34	39	47
0-999.....	50	63	34	34	56	47	36	42	50	46	58	30	30	53	44	33	37	47
1,000-1,499.....	43	53	36	35	51	46	37	43	50	40	51	32	32	47	44	34	39	45
1,500-1,999.....	44	45	36	37	52	47	37	45	51	41	43	35	34	49	45	35	42	46
2,000-2,999.....	46	50	36	36	53	47	41	44	55	43	46	34	35	50	44	39	42	51
3,000 or over.....	48	59	43	43	55	46	42	(?)	(?)	44	52	37	36	52	43	36	(?)	(?)

1 Median based on fewer than 30 but more than 9 cases.

2 Medians not computed for fewer than 10 cases.

TABLE 122.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: *Distribution by age of husbands and of wives, by family type, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and age group (years)	Family type 1		Family types 2 and 3		Family types 4 and 5		Family types 6 and 7		Family types 8 and 9	
	Husbands	Wives	Husbands	Wives	Husbands	Wives	Husbands	Wives	Husbands	Wives
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO										
All ages.....	Number 532	Number 532	Number 450	Number 450	Number 517	Number 517	Number 185	Number 185	Number 55	Number 55
Under 20.....	1	6	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
20-29.....	73	87	132	197	16	27	24	43	0	1
30-39.....	65	56	206	171	61	89	95	99	9	10
40-49.....	73	89	79	64	179	187	53	34	21	25
50-59.....	119	120	31	20	150	143	11	8	14	12
60-64.....	64	80	1	3	49	35	2	0	7	4
65-69.....	51	52	8	2	28	16	0	0	3	3
70-74.....	52	24	1	0	19	9	0	0	1	0
75 or older.....	34	18	0	0	15	10	0	0	0	0
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN										
All ages.....	528	528	468	468	430	430	195	195	49	49
Under 20.....	2	2	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
20-29.....	62	96	121	166	11	22	13	43	0	0
30-39.....	71	49	198	199	37	53	90	93	6	11
40-49.....	44	51	96	71	169	180	75	52	14	21
50-59.....	99	129	38	24	126	125	14	6	19	15
60-64.....	78	91	8	2	45	27	2	0	7	0
65-69.....	73	63	5	3	26	14	1	1	0	2
70-74.....	55	23	2	0	11	6	0	0	2	0
75 or older.....	44	24	0	0	5	2	0	0	1	0
ILLINOIS-IOWA										
All ages.....	509	509	407	407	526	526	160	160	47	47
Under 20.....	1	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-29.....	60	86	100	165	17	21	14	21	0	0
30-39.....	72	65	180	157	47	88	68	96	4	9
40-49.....	47	59	74	59	163	187	58	38	15	19
50-59.....	88	109	41	16	162	140	18	4	19	16
60-64.....	78	69	7	4	58	41	2	1	5	3
65-69.....	67	62	2	2	38	31	0	0	2	0
70-74.....	47	36	1	0	20	10	0	0	2	0
75 or older.....	49	20	2	1	21	8	0	0	0	0

¹ Includes 1 wife who did not report age.

TABLE 123.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: *Median age of husbands and of wives, by family type, North Central small cities separately, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and city	Median age of husbands in families of types—					Median age of wives in families of types—				
	1	2 and 3	4 and 5	6 and 7	8 and 9	1	2 and 3	4 and 5	6 and 7	8 and 9
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	52	36	50	37	(¹)	46	32	46	35	(¹) 49
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	49	35	51	37	* 54	47	31	47	35	(¹)
Illinois, Lincoln.....	47	36	50	38	(¹)	42	34	47	35	(¹)
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	58	35	51	38	(¹)	53	33	49	35	(¹)
Iowa, Boone.....	54	37	47	41	46	50	34	45	36	* 39
Missouri, Columbia.....	50	35	50	39	53	46	32	46	36	49
Missouri, Moberly.....	50	36	51	39	* 57	46	33	47	36	* 52

¹ Medians not computed for fewer than 10 cases. * Median based on fewer than 30 but more than 9 cases.

TABLE 124.—AGE OF HUSBANDS: Number of husbands in specified age groups, by family occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family occupational group, and income class (dollars)	Families ¹	Husbands of age ² —									
		Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
COMBINED CITIES											
All occupations.....	No. 3,719	No. 1	No. 496	No. 1,017	No. 908	No. 685	No. 275	No. 153	No. 87	No. 93	
Wage-earner.....	1,998	1	329	563	490	375	138	63	22	14	
0-999.....	737	0	165	206	141	119	57	27	12	10	
1,000-1,499.....	700	1	126	212	180	123	37	17	1	2	
1,500-1,999.....	330	0	28	101	104	56	23	13	4	1	
2,000-2,999.....	191	0	10	42	02	52	17	4	2	1	
3,000 or over.....	40	0	0	2	3	25	4	2	3	0	
Clerical.....	582	0	92	180	132	94	45	19	10	10	
0-999.....	115	0	24	30	15	17	13	9	3	4	
1,000-1,499.....	183	0	39	61	34	25	18	3	2	1	
1,500-1,999.....	107	0	22	36	30	15	1	2	1	0	
2,000-2,999.....	126	0	6	40	33	22	10	4	1	5	
3,000 or over.....	51	0	1	13	15	15	3	1	3	0	
Business and professional.....	1,003	0	74	269	273	204	77	46	33	26	
0-999.....	175	0	19	22	37	34	22	16	9	16	
1,000-1,499.....	195	0	24	63	52	23	10	9	5	4	
1,500-1,999.....	192	0	21	66	41	38	14	2	8	1	
2,000-2,999.....	218	0	9	71	60	46	15	8	6	3	
3,000 or over.....	223	0	1	47	83	58	16	11	5	2	
Other.....	136	0	1	5	13	12	15	25	22	43	
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS											
All occupations.....	5,067	5	643	1,209	1,160	949	413	303	214	1	
Wage-earner.....	2,670	5	423	680	615	509	178	123	94	43	
0-999.....	1,320	5	232	299	233	251	106	91	67	36	
1,000-1,499.....	926	0	145	273	246	165	52	22	18	5	
1,500-1,999.....	289	0	38	84	88	52	14	6	5	2	
2,000-2,999.....	123	0	8	20	44	38	6	4	3	0	
3,000 or over.....	12	0	0	4	4	3	0	0	1	0	
Clerical.....	623	0	85	145	163	120	56	25	19	10	
0-999.....	171	0	36	28	26	30	24	14	8	5	
1,000-1,499.....	199	0	34	56	50	27	10	5	5	2	
1,500-1,999.....	124	0	6	30	41	33	8	2	1	3	
2,000-2,999.....	108	0	7	20	37	25	10	4	5	0	
3,000 or over.....	31	0	2	11	9	5	4	0	0	0	
Business and professional.....	1,433	0	132	375	351	266	140	88	49	33	
0-999.....	285	0	23	45	49	54	31	34	26	23	
1,000-1,499.....	354	0	48	98	82	67	33	15	8	3	
1,500-1,999.....	317	0	32	98	79	52	27	16	11	2	
2,000-2,999.....	311	0	24	101	84	57	27	13	1	4	
3,000 or over.....	166	0	5	33	57	36	22	10	2	1	
Other.....	341	0	3	9	31	54	39	67	53	85	

¹ This is the same as the total number of husbands, since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife.

² Excludes 4 husbands in the combined cities who did not report age.

TABLE 125.—AGE OF HUSBANDS: Median age of husbands by family occupation, North Central small cities separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family occupational group	Mount Vernon, Ohio	New Philadelphia, Ohio	Lincoln, Ill.	Beaver Dam, Wis.	Boone, Iowa	Columbia, Mo.	Moberly, Mo.
	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years
Wage-earner.....	42	41	42	40	44	41	45
Clerical.....	48	41	38	42	38	42	45
Business and professional.....	45	45	45	49	45	46	48

TABLE 126.—COMPOSITION OF FAMILIES OF EACH TYPE: Percentage distribution of relief and nonrelief families within each family type, by number of members under 16 and 16 or older, North Central small cities combined, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, New England small cities separately, and New England villages, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family type and composition of families included in each type ¹	Persons:	Middle Atlantic and North Central					New England		
		Combined cities	Combined village units	Pennsylvania-Ohio villages	Michigan-Wisconsin villages	Illinois-Iowa villages	Westbrook, Maine	Greenfield, Mass.	Vermont-Massachusetts villages
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
(1)	(2)								
	No.	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent	Percent
Type 1: Husband and wife only.	2	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Type 2: 1 child under 16.....	3	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Type 3: 2 children under 16.....	4	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Type 4: 1 person 16 or older with or without 1 other person, regardless of age.....	3 or 4	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Combination 0-1.....	3	53	52	49	53	52	54	53	58
Combination 0-2.....	4	22	23	25	20	24	20	19	21
Combination 1-1.....	4	25	25	26	27	24	26	28	21
Type 5: 1 child under 16, 1 person 16 or older, and 1 or 2 others, regardless of age.....	5 or 6	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Combination 1-2.....	5	29	28	28	29	27	22	29	27
Combination 1-3.....	6	6	6	9	6	5	9	8	4
Combination 2-1.....	5	37	33	30	30	35	40	34	34
Combination 2-2.....	6	13	16	16	17	15	9	4	16
Combination 3-1.....	6	15	17	17	18	18	20	25	19
Type 6: 3 or 4 children under 16.....	5 or 6	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Combination 3-0.....	5	98	70	68	71	69	70	69	65
Combination 4-0.....	6	2	30	32	29	31	30	31	35
Type 7: 1 child under 16 and 4 or 5 others, regardless of age..	7 or 8	100	100	100	100	100	100	(*)	100
Combination 1-4.....	7	5	3	1	6	1	2	(*)	1
Combination 1-5.....	8	1	(*)	0	0	1	4	(*)	7
Combination 2-3.....	7	10	10	9	6	13	8	(*)	6
Combination 2-4.....	8	2	2	7	0	1	2	(*)	14
Combination 3-2.....	7	16	13	14	11	13	9	(*)	5
Combination 3-3.....	8	3	4	7	2	4	0	(*)	14
Combination 4-1.....	7	12	15	14	4	5	6	(*)	4
Combination 4-2.....	8	10	6	4	10	5	6	(*)	23
Combination 5-1.....	7	27	31	32	32	30	30	(*)	10
Combination 5-0.....	8	4	7	5	10	6	9	(*)	14
Combination 6-0.....	8	10	9	7	8	10	24	(*)	14

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 126.—COMPOSITION OF FAMILIES OF EACH TYPE: *Percentage distribution of relief and nonrelief families within each family type, by number of members under 16 and 16 or older, North Central small cities combined, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, New England small cities separately, and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued*

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family type and composition of families included in each type ¹	Persons ²	Middle Atlantic and North Central					New England		
		Combined cities	Combined village units	Pennsylvania-Ohio villages	Michigan-Wisconsin villages	Illinois-Iowa villages	Westbrook, Maine	Greenfield, Mass.	Vermont-Massachusetts villages
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Type 8: 3 or 4 persons 16 or older.....	No. 5 or 6	No. 100	No. 100	No. 100	No. 100	No. 100	No. 100	No. 100	No. 100
Combination 0-3.....	5	83	81	71	80	91	69	80	90
Combination 0-4.....	6	17	19	29	20	9	31	20	10
Type 9: All families not included in types 1-8.....	7 or more	100	100	100	100	100	(³)	(³)	100
Combination 0-5.....	7	3	5	2	10	3	(³)	(³)	4
Combination 0-6.....	8	0	1	2	0	2	(³)	(³)	0
Combination 0-7 or more.....	9 or more	0	0	0	0	0	(³)	(³)	0
Combination 1-6 or more.....	9 or more	3	1	2	3	0	(³)	(³)	4
Combination 2-5 or more.....	9 or more	1	2	2	3	2	(³)	(³)	2
Combination 3-4 or more.....	9 or more	8	9	7	13	8	(³)	(³)	6
Combination 4-3 or more.....	9 or more	12	9	4	10	11	(³)	(³)	8
Combination 5-2 or more.....	9 or more	23	18	17	13	21	(³)	(³)	20
Combination 6-1 or more.....	9 or more	23	23	31	18	21	(³)	(³)	11
Combination 7 or more-0 or more.....	9 or more	27	32	33	30	32	(³)	(³)	45

¹ Each family type includes both a husband and wife. See Glossary, Family Type. Possible combinations of persons under 16 and 16 or older are indicated by combination codes as follows: First digit—number of persons under 16; second digit—number of persons 16 or older.

² Total number of year-equivalent persons included by definition. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.

³ Percentage distribution not computed for fewer than 30 cases.

⁴ 0.50 percent or less.

TABLE 127.—FAMILY MEMBERS 16 OR OLDER: Average number of family members of specified relationship to husband and wife in relief and nonrelief families,¹ by age and family type, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family type No.	All members		Sons and daughters		Parents		Other relatives		Persons not related	
	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
COMBINED CITIES										
All specified types..	Number 1.13	Number 0.31	Number 1.07	Number 0.10	Number 0.00	Number 0.16	Number 0.06	Number 0.05	Number (?)	Number (?)
4.....	.90	.32	.86	.12	.00	.15	.04	.04	(?)	0.01
5.....	1.22	.31	1.11	.06	.00	.21	.10	.04	0.01	(?)
7.....	1.15	.23	1.13	.06	.00	.12	.02	.05	(?)	.00
8.....	2.54	.64	2.36	.34	.00	.18	.18	.12	.00	.00
9.....	2.06	.29	2.00	.07	.00	.11	.06	.11	.00	.00
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS										
All specified types..	1.12	.32	1.05	.11	.00	.14	.07	.07	(?)	(?)
4.....	.88	.35	.82	.14	.00	.13	.06	.07	(?)	.01
5.....	1.25	.32	1.17	.07	.00	.19	.08	.06	(?)	.00
7.....	1.07	.18	1.02	.02	.00	.12	.04	.04	.01	.00
8.....	2.62	.61	2.44	.28	.00	.17	.16	.16	.02	.00
9.....	2.03	.21	1.93	.09	.00	.10	.09	.02	.01	.00
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES										
All specified types..	1.10	.39	1.03	.12	.00	.18	.07	.09	(?)	(?)
4.....	.87	.39	.82	.14	.00	.16	.05	.09	.00	(?)
5.....	1.24	.39	1.14	.10	.00	.21	.09	.08	.01	.00
7.....	1.05	.33	.99	.03	.00	.20	.03	.10	.03	.00
8.....	2.65	.64	2.39	.29	.00	.16	.26	.19	.00	.00
9.....	1.80	.32	1.67	.11	.00	.17	.13	.04	.00	.00
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES										
All specified types..	1.13	.31	1.07	.09	.00	.16	.06	.06	(?)	(?)
4.....	.89	.32	.81	.10	.00	.16	.07	.05	.01	.01
5.....	1.23	.34	1.18	.06	.00	.19	.05	.09	.00	.00
7.....	1.02	.13	1.00	.01	.00	.10	.02	.02	.00	.00
8.....	2.72	.66	2.60	.24	.00	.20	.12	.12	.00	.00
9.....	2.36	.18	2.26	.10	.00	.05	.08	.03	.02	.00
ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES										
All specified types..	1.13	.28	1.06	.12	.00	.11	.07	.05	(?)	(?)
4.....	.83	.36	.82	.17	.00	.10	.06	.08	.00	.01
5.....	1.29	.24	1.19	.06	.00	.16	.10	.02	(?)	.00
7.....	1.10	.11	1.04	.02	.00	.08	.06	.01	.00	.00
8.....	2.51	.60	2.36	.30	.00	.15	.09	.15	.06	.00
9.....	1.97	.14	1.91	.06	.00	.08	.06	.00	.00	.00

¹ Averages are based on the number of families in each class. Any person who was a member of the economic family at any time during the report year is considered as 1 member. Therefore these are not year-equivalent persons.

² 0.0050 or less.

TABLE 128.—MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD NOT IN ECONOMIC FAMILY: Number of families having persons in the household who were not members of the economic family, and average number of such nonfamily members, by relief status, by income, by occupation, by family type, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having in the household nonfamily members—									Average nonfamily members 1—								
		Any (3)	Occupying rooms on nontransient basis					Boarders without room (9)	Tourists and transients (10)	Guests (11)	All (12)	Occupying rooms on nontransient basis					Boarders without room (18)	Tourists and transients (19)	Guests (20)
			Any (4)	Sons and daughters rooming and boarding (5)	Other roomers with board (6)	Roomers without board (7)	Paid help (8)					All (13)	Sons and daughters rooming and boarding (14)	Other roomers with board (15)	Roomers without board (16)	Paid help (17)			
COMBINED CITIES																			
All families.....	No. 4,427	No. 1,546	No. 727	No. 142	No. 204	No. 265	No. 192	No. 21	No. 8	No. 986	No. 0.67	No. 1.23	No. 1.18	No. 0.98	No. 1.05	No. 0.46	No. 0.95	No. 0.10	No. 0.14
Relief families.....	708	130	63	16	23	22	8	2	1	75	.51	.93	.91	1.02	.89	.16	1.62	1.02	.08
Nonrelief families.....	3,719	1,416	664	126	181	243	184	19	7	911	.69	1.28	1.21	.98	1.72	.47	.99	.11	.14
Income classes:																			
\$0-\$999.....	1,107	319	159	33	55	62	19	2	0	181	.61	1.08	1.19	.95	1.18	.98	1.51	-----	.10
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,108	395	186	40	66	66	43	6	4	259	.72	1.33	1.23	.96	1.83	.32	.76	-----	.13
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	644	270	119	30	20	45	37	4	1	182	.67	1.28	1.23	.91	1.90	.32	.81	-----	.14
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	545	264	120	19	29	42	44	3	2	173	.68	1.24	1.07	.95	1.96	.43	.78	-----	.16
\$3,000 or over.....	315	168	80	4	11	28	41	3	0	116	.81	1.42	1.75	1.51	2.00	.84	1.38	-----	.15
Occupational groups:																			
Wage-earner.....	1,998	650	288	76	92	79	71	6	1	429	.53	.93	1.21	.87	1.05	.35	1.15	1.04	.13
Clerical.....	582	244	120	12	28	49	41	1	4	153	.50	1.05	.88	.87	1.48	.45	1.02	.16	.11
Business and professional.....	1,003	480	249	37	61	113	68	12	2	296	1.00	1.69	1.34	1.20	2.29	.69	.99	1.04	.15
Other.....	136	36	7	1	0	2	4	0	0	33	.28	.58	1.00	.69	1.16	.69	-----	-----	.18
Family-type groups:																			
Type 1.....	1,114	441	211	49	72	86	35	5	3	277	.78	1.43	1.24	1.05	1.75	.43	1.38	.06	.12
Types 2 and 3.....	1,048	387	167	10	34	52	81	6	2	262	.42	.75	1.03	.72	1.08	.45	.63	1.07	.13
Types 4 and 5.....	1,072	428	217	59	56	86	40	5	2	270	.82	1.49	1.20	1.05	1.78	.50	1.43	1.21	.16
Types 6 and 7.....	363	132	51	5	17	7	26	1	0	89	.87	1.50	1.00	.92	6.06	.62	1.23	-----	.13
Types 8 and 9.....	102	28	18	3	2	12	2	2	0	13	1.06	1.48	2.00	1.50	1.38	1.52	1.66	-----	.12

COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																			
All families.....	6,456	2,403	1,012	234	357	140	365	41	17	1,660	.45	.83	1.17	.88	.77	.41	.54	.19	.13
Relief families.....	1,389	331	102	27	42	16	25	12	2	248	.31	.74	1.78	.83	.85	.26	.17	1.09	.10
Nonrelief families.....	5,067	2,072	910	207	315	124	340	29	15	1,412	.47	.84	1.22	.68	.76	.42	.70	.21	.13
Income classes:																			
\$0-\$999.....	1,978	691	314	92	130	44	76	14	9	433	.48	.85	1.26	.77	.74	.23	.56	.10	.12
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,551	622	279	61	97	38	103	11	2	419	.45	.77	1.21	.80	.58	.34	.74	.07	.13
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	754	338	125	21	42	14	58	1	2	260	.40	.74	1.11	.89	.98	.41	1.08	1.72	.14
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	559	207	133	31	37	22	58	1	1	211	.45	.96	1.20	1.19	.79	.53	1.00	1.02	.14
\$3,000 or over.....	225	124	59	2	9	6	47	2	1	89	.60	.96	1.73	1.10	1.44	.78	1.60	1.31	.16
Occupational groups:																			
Wage-earner.....	2,670	969	428	120	170	49	122	17	4	640	.45	.79	1.13	.85	.62	.24	.71	.34	.13
Clerical.....	623	275	109	23	33	13	45	1	3	200	.38	.73	1.10	.92	.60	.35	1.12	.13	.12
Business and profes- sional.....	1,433	721	342	62	107	62	148	11	7	490	.57	.96	1.41	.94	.90	.55	.74	.13	.15
Other.....	341	107	31	2	5	0	25	0	1	82	.30	.71	2.00	.35	.65	.65	.65	.08	.12
Family-type groups:																			
Type 1.....	1,569	668	291	74	109	41	92	15	7	442	.50	.89	1.30	.86	.75	.41	.76	.12	.15
Types 2 and 3.....	1,334	589	275	33	94	37	140	3	4	394	.46	.77	1.32	.84	.94	.41	.53	.44	.13
Types 4 and 5.....	1,473	574	244	85	83	32	60	9	3	409	.50	.92	1.06	1.01	.64	.51	.79	.17	.13
Types 6 and 7.....	540	199	81	8	24	12	42	1	1	141	.32	.59	1.18	.70	.52	.37	1.10	(*)	.12
Types 8 and 9.....	151	43	19	7	5	2	6	1	0	26	.53	1.08	1.77	.85	1.87	.31	1.12	.10	.10
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES																			
All families.....	2,078	750	362	121	146	33	96	10	4	466	.59	1.00	1.28	.94	.88	.44	.85	.14	.15
Relief families.....	330	80	31	9	12	3	8	1	0	58	.36	.76	1.54	1.01	1.36	.31	1.69	.08	.08
Nonrelief families.....	1,748	670	331	112	134	30	88	9	4	408	.61	1.02	1.34	.93	.84	.45	1.87	.14	.16
\$0-\$999.....	659	228	124	53	57	10	20	5	1	127	.67	1.06	1.28	.85	.87	.32	.65	1.08	.13
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	558	229	108	35	43	13	27	4	1	144	.58	.97	1.38	.93	.64	.34	1.13	1.10	.18
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	270	93	39	9	16	3	13	0	1	64	.54	.99	1.40	1.04	1.67	.33	1.08	.18	.18
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	194	87	42	14	15	4	14	0	0	52	.65	1.11	1.48	.99	.76	.60	.60	.19	.19
\$3,000 or over.....	67	33	18	1	3		14	0	1	21	.60	.93	1.50	.84	.82	.82	.82	1.31	.10
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES																			
All families.....	1,975	883	382	85	128	45	154	10	10	606	.44	.80	1.05	.86	.83	.45	.85	.25	.12
Relief families.....	305	119	42	14	19	4	8	1	1	79	.34	.79	.73	.82	1.31	.27	1.33	1.06	.10
Nonrelief families.....	1,670	764	340	71	109	41	146	9	9	527	.45	.80	1.11	.87	.78	.46	.90	.27	.12
\$0-\$999.....	574	241	99	29	38	14	28	4	6	157	.45	.86	1.31	.77	.80	.24	.87	.17	.11
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	547	224	107	22	36	13	43	4	1	151	.42	.68	.99	.76	.59	.38	.62	1.04	.11
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	262	135	57	8	18	7	30	0	1	99	.40	.73	.94	.74	.84	.50	.50	1.36	.10
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	197	113	51	11	12	6	24	0	1	80	.53	.98	1.72	1.12	.50	.98	.50	1.02	.12
\$3,000 or over.....	90	51	26	1	5	1	21	1	0	40	.64	.85	1.96	.82	1.69	.78	2.19	.20	.20

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 128.—MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD NOT IN ECONOMIC FAMILY: Number of families having persons in the household who were not members of the economic family, and average number of such nonfamily members, by relief status, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having in the household nonfamily members—									Average nonfamily members ¹ —								
		Any (3)	Occupying rooms on nontransient basis					Boarders without room (9)	Tourists and transients (10)	Guests (11)	All (12)	Occupying rooms on nontransient basis					Boarders without room (18)	Tourists and transients (19)	Guests (20)
			Any (4)	Sons and daughters rooming and boarding (5)	Other roomers with board (6)	Roomers without board (7)	Paid help (8)					All (13)	Sons and daughters rooming and boarding (14)	Other roomers with board (15)	Roomers without board (16)	Paid help (17)			
ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES																			
All families.....	No. 2,403	No. 770	No. 268	No. 28	No. 83	No. 62	No. 115	No. 21	No. 3	No. 588	No. 0.32	No. 0.64	No. 1.04	No. 0.79	No. 0.66	No. 0.33	No. 0.25	No. 0.04	No. 0.12
Relief families.....	754	132	29	4	11	9	9	10	1	111	.25	.64	1.76	.64	.47	.21	.10	1.08	.12
Nonrelief families.....	1,649	638	239	24	72	53	106	11	2	477	.34	.64	.95	.81	.70	.34	.39	1.04	.12
\$0-\$999.....	745	222	91	10	35	20	28	5	2	149	.31	.54	.99	.62	.16	.22	.22	1.04	.12
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	446	169	64	4	18	12	33	3	0	124	.31	.59	1.00	1.04	.51	.27	.38	.....	.11
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	222	110	29	4	8	4	15	1	0	97	.29	.63	.79	.95	.70	.31	1.08	.....	.14
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	168	97	40	6	10	12	18	1	0	79	.44	.79	.95	.91	.63	.51	1.00	.....	.13
\$3,000 or over.....	68	40	15	0	1	5	12	1	0	28	.57	1.18	.....	1.00	1.69	.73	1.00	.....	.14

¹ Year-equivalent persons: This figure is computed for each family by dividing by 52 the total number of weeks of residence in the household for all persons not members of the economic family. Averages are based on the number of families that reported weeks of household membership of nonfamily members of specified types. The counts in columns

3-11 represent the families that reported having in the household any nonfamily members of the specified types; a few of these families failed to report the weeks of membership.
² A average based on fewer than 3 cases.
³ 1 person for fewer than 4 days.

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having net money earnings from—										Average ² net money earnings per family from—											
		Any source (3)	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹ (11)	Other work not attributable to individuals (12)	All sources (13)	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net) (21)	Other work not attributable to individuals (22)
			Any (4)	Husband (5)	Wife (6)	Others 16 or older (7)		Others under 16 (10)		All (14)				Husband (15)	Wife (16)	Others 16 or older (17)		Others under 16 (20)					
						Male (7)	Female (8)	Male (9)	Female (10)							Male (17)	Female (18)	Male (19)	Female (20)				
SMALL CITIES																							
<i>Combined cities</i>																							
All incomes.....	No. 3,719	No. 3,601	No. 3,554	No. 3,473	No. 471	No. 229	No. 175	No. 15	No. 1	No. 507	No. 11	Dol. 1,404	Dol. 1,377	Dol. 1,268	Dol. 53	Dol. 31	Dol. 25	Dol. (2)	Dol. (2)	Dol. 27	Dol. (2)		
\$0-\$999.....	1,107	1,036	1,005	955	146	42	34	3	0	140	6	599	580	526	34	10	10	(2)	(2)	19	(2)		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,108	1,081	1,071	1,056	151	60	55	2	1	162	1	1,108	1,084	1,000	47	19	18	(2)	(2)	24	(2)		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	644	633	628	622	84	47	32	5	0	88	2	1,537	1,508	1,386	60	35	27	(2)	(2)	29	(2)		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	545	537	536	531	67	51	27	4	0	83	1	2,139	2,105	1,936	81	58	29	1	0	34	(2)		
\$3,000 or over.....	315	314	314	309	23	29	27	1	0	44	1	3,734	3,686	3,432	72	97	85	(2)	(2)	48	(2)		
Occupational groups:																							
<i>Wage-earner.....</i>																							
Wage-earner.....	1,998	1,998	1,998	1,955	304	137	94	5	1	227	4	1,176	1,159	1,051	56	32	20	(2)	(2)	17	(2)		
\$0-\$999.....	737	737	737	708	106	33	23	2	0	66	3	659	651	694	38	11	8	(2)	(2)	8	(2)		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	700	700	700	692	108	40	34	1	1	85	0	1,139	1,121	1,030	54	21	16	(2)	(2)	18	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	330	330	330	327	54	31	17	1	0	43	1	1,584	1,560	1,415	69	48	28	(2)	(2)	24	(2)		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	191	191	191	189	33	25	12	1	0	26	0	2,201	2,172	1,944	114	85	29	(2)	(2)	29	0		
\$3,000 or over.....	40	40	40	39	3	8	8	0	0	7	0	3,113	3,053	2,618	70	199	166	0	0	60	0		
Clerical.....	582	582	582	559	91	45	41	3	0	84	2	1,539	1,518	1,336	80	48	54	(2)	(2)	21	(2)		
\$0-\$999.....	115	115	115	108	23	3	7	0	0	16	0	705	697	601	52	7	37	0	0	8	0		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	183	183	183	178	28	13	14	1	0	24	1	1,133	1,120	995	58	24	43	(2)	0	13	(2)		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	107	107	107	106	13	8	6	1	0	16	0	1,568	1,551	1,432	62	28	28	1	0	17	0		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	126	126	126	124	18	15	7	0	0	19	0	2,168	2,131	1,892	110	81	48	0	0	37	0		
\$3,000 or over.....	51	51	51	48	9	6	7	1	0	9	1	3,204	3,217	2,645	186	188	198	(2)	0	47	(2)		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	Families	Families having net money earnings from—											Average net money earnings per family from—										
		Any source	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹	Other work not attributable to individuals	All sources	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net)	Other work not attributable to individuals
			Any	Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16		All				Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16					
						Male	Female	Male	Female							Male	Female	Male	Female				
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)			
SMALL CITIES—continued																							
Combined Cities—Continued																							
Occupational groups—Con. Business and professional																							
	No. 1,003	No. 1,003	No. 956	No. 941	No. 75	No. 47	No. 40	No. 7	No. 0	No. 194	No. 5	Dol. 1,957	Dol. 1,904	Dol. 1,822	Dol. 37	Dol. 24	Dol. 21	Dol. (2)	Dol. 0	Dol. 53	Dol. (2)		
\$0-\$999	175	175	144	135	17	6	4	1	0	58	3	533	451	411	25	9	6	(2)	0	81	1		
\$1,000-\$1,499	185	185	185	183	15	7	7	0	0	42	0	1,128	1,066	1,030	20	9	7	0	0	62	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999	192	192	187	185	16	8	9	3	0	28	1	1,538	1,492	1,401	46	18	26	1	0	45	1		
\$2,000-\$2,999	218	218	217	216	16	11	8	3	0	38	1	2,151	2,113	2,029	41	23	19	1	0	38	(2)		
\$3,000 or over	223	223	223	222	11	15	12	0	0	28	0	3,969	3,923	3,774	47	58	44	0	0	46	0		
Other	136	18	18	18	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	104	104	102	2	0	0	0	0	(2)	0		
\$0-\$999	80	9	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	43	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
\$1,000-\$1,499	30	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	110	110	110	0	0	0	0	0	(2)	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999	15	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	283	282	265	16	0	0	0	0	1	0		
\$2,000-\$2,999	10	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	340	340	340	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
\$3,000 or over	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	0		
Family-type groups:																							
Type 1																							
	1,114	1,031	997	973	107	# 1	# 2	-----	-----	181	3	1,180	1,144	1,060	84	(2)	(2)	-----	-----	36	(2)		
\$0-\$999	414	358	334	314	66	-----	-----	-----	-----	74	2	490	458	418	40	-----	-----	-----	-----	32	(2)		
\$1,000-\$1,499	320	304	286	293	67	-----	# 2	-----	-----	54	0	1,039	1,005	913	92	-----	(2)	-----	-----	34	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999	175	168	167	166	29	-----	-----	-----	-----	20	0	1,456	1,427	1,331	96	-----	-----	-----	-----	29	0		
\$2,000-\$2,999	145	141	140	140	28	-----	-----	-----	-----	24	0	2,097	2,049	1,892	157	-----	-----	-----	-----	48	0		
\$3,000 or over	60	60	60	60	7	# 1	-----	-----	-----	9	1	3,668	3,601	3,467	128	6	-----	-----	-----	67	(2)		

Type 2.....	642	638	637	636	59			1	0	65	4	1,425	1,413	1,379	84			(*)	0	12	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	194	192	191	190	22			0	0	14	3	704	698	670	28			0	0	6	(*)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	199	198	198	198	16			0	0	25	0	1,164	1,150	1,127	23			0	0	14	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	116	115	115	115	9			0	0	9	1	1,568	1,556	1,506	50			0	0	11	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	91	91	91	91	9			0	0	12	0	2,168	2,152	2,119	33			0	0	16	0
\$3,000 or over.....	42	42	42	42	3			1	0	5	0	3,990	3,964	3,884	80			(*)	0	26	0
Type 3.....	406	405	404	404	34			2	0	35	0	1,442	1,431	1,407	24			(*)	0	11	0
\$0-\$999.....	116	115	114	114	9			1	0	10	0	691	685	680	5			(*)	0	6	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	135	135	135	135	12			0	0	11	0	1,192	1,184	1,155	29			0	0	8	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	67	67	67	67	9			1	0	5	0	1,646	1,641	1,605	34			2	0	5	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	62	62	62	62	4			0	0	4	0	2,195	2,170	2,120	50			0	0	25	0
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	26	26	0			0	0	5	0	3,774	3,747	3,747	0			0	0	27	0
Type 4.....	764	740	732	699	89	116	97	3	0	133	1	1,556	1,517	1,325	50	70	72	(*)	0	39	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	180	171	166	148	26	23	22	0	0	27	0	592	563	437	44	32	50	0	0	29	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	202	194	193	187	26	28	31	0	0	33	0	1,032	1,001	859	32	46	64	0	0	31	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	134	131	129	127	15	25	17	2	0	30	0	1,474	1,423	1,223	45	89	68	(*)	0	61	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	148	145	145	140	14	30	15	1	0	30	1	2,136	2,096	1,838	71	121	65	1	0	40	(*)
\$3,000 or over.....	100	99	99	97	8	10	12	0	0	13	0	3,598	3,542	3,240	72	90	140	0	0	56	0
Type 5.....	308	305	304	298	43	55	42	3	0	50	1	1,638	1,601	1,416	57	85	42	1	0	37	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	71	70	70	65	14	9	8	0	0	8	1	674	670	540	70	34	26	0	0	4	(*)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	94	92	92	91	11	21	12	1	0	16	0	1,159	1,119	981	45	66	26	1	0	40	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	52	52	51	51	8	8	7	1	0	15	0	1,696	1,516	1,382	27	61	44	2	0	80	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	50	50	50	50	6	11	8	1	0	7	0	2,174	2,150	1,887	58	133	72	(*)	0	24	0
\$3,000 or over.....	41	41	41	41	4	6	7	0	0	4	0	3,805	3,781	3,405	100	185	71	0	0	44	0
Type 6.....	255	253	252	251	26	*1		4	0	19	1	1,378	1,373	1,342	30	(*)		1	0	5	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	80	79	79	78	3			1	0	4	0	712	710	692	17			1	0	2	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	91	91	91	91	12	*1		0	0	10	1	1,168	1,160	1,128	30		1		0	5	(*)
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	45	44	44	44	6			0	0	3	0	1,592	1,585	1,533	52			0	0	7	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	22	21	21	21	3			2	0	2	0	2,073	2,064	2,028	33			5	0	9	0
\$3,000 or over.....	17	17	17	17	1			0	0	0	0	4,179	4,179	4,155	24			0	0	0	0
Type 7.....	128	128	127	124	13	22	13	2	1	7	0	1,495	1,480	1,298	36	100	45	(*)	1	15	0
\$0-\$999.....	27	27	27	26	1	4	1	1	0	0	0	662	662	619	1	40	1	1	0	0	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	44	44	43	43	4	3	5	0	1	2	0	1,170	1,137	1,096	6	12	29	0	4	33	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	30	30	30	29	5	6	4	1	0	2	0	1,620	1,615	1,340	94	101	80	(*)	0	5	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	18	16	16	16	3	6	2	0	0	1	0	2,131	2,122	1,704	92	286	40	0	0	9	0
\$3,000 or over.....	11	11	11	10	0	3	1	0	0	2	0	3,571	3,559	3,106	0	327	126	0	0	12	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families	Families having net money earnings from—										Average ² net money earnings per family from—											
		Any source	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹	Other work not attributable to individuals	All sources	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net)	Other work not attributable to individuals
			Any	Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16		All				Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16					
						Male	Female	Male	Female							Male	Female	Male	Female				
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)			
SMALL CITIES—continued																							
Combined Cities—Con.																							
Family-type groups—Con.																							
Types 8 and 9.....	No. 102	No. 101	No. 101	No. 88	No. 10	No. 34	No. 21	No. 0	No. 0	No. 17	No. 1	Dol. 1,688	Dol. 1,652	Dol. 1,226	Dol. 32	Dol. 219	Dol. 175	Dol. 0	Dol. 0	Dol. 35	Dol. 1		
\$0-\$999.....	25	24	24	20	5	6	3	0	0	3	0	579	571	498	61	54	18	0	0	8	0		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	23	23	23	18	2	7	5	0	0	1	0	1,205	1,199	825	15	201	168	0	0	6	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	25	25	25	23	3	8	4	0	0	4	1	1,677	1,661	1,292	55	169	145	0	0	12	4		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	11	11	11	11	0	4	2	0	0	3	0	2,163	2,062	1,691	0	210	161	0	0	101	0		
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	18	16	0	9	7	0	0	6	0	3,569	3,467	2,456	0	546	465	0	0	102	0		
Type 8.....	58	57	57	47	5	22	16	0	0	13	0	1,769	1,724	1,193	37	274	220	0	0	45	0		
Type 9.....	44	44	44	41	5	12	5	0	0	4	1	1,578	1,556	1,269	25	146	116	0	0	21	1		
Ohio, Mount Vernon																							
All incomes.....	253	244	242	240	36	18	17	0	0	43	2	1,376	1,356	1,255	30	40	31	0	0	20	(*)		
\$0-\$999.....	55	49	49	49	7	0	1	0	0	9	2	630	621	598	15	0	8	0	0	8	1		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	97	95	93	91	16	6	6	0	0	15	0	1,083	1,062	973	32	52	25	0	0	21	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	50	50	50	9	3	4	0	0	4	0	1,536	1,526	1,417	44	26	39	0	0	10	0		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	42	41	41	41	4	7	6	0	0	12	0	2,077	2,034	1,839	36	57	72	0	0	43	0		
\$3,000 or over.....	9	9	9	9	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	4,945	4,905	4,663	0	242	0	0	0	40	0		
Occupational groups:																							
Wage-earner.....	159	159	159	157	29	12	10	0	0	28	1	1,238	1,221	1,110	38	48	25	0	0	17	(*)		
Clerical.....	30	30	30	30	1	1	4	0	0	4	0	1,394	1,377	1,263	14	20	80	0	0	17	0		
Business and professional.....	55	55	53	53	6	5	3	0	0	11	1	1,994	1,957	1,874	22	36	25	0	0	36	1		
Other.....	9	9	9	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	Families	Families having net money earnings from—										Average ¹ net money earnings per family from—											
		Any source	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹	Other work not attributable to individuals	All sources	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net)	Other work not attributable to individuals
			Any	Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16		All				Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16					
						Male	Female	Male	Female							Male	Female	Male	Female				
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)			
SMALL CITIES—continued																							
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>																							
All incomes.....	No. 404	No. 380	No. 373	No. 368	No. 28	No. 9	No. 7	No. 1	No. 0	No. 77	No. 2	Dol. 1,174	Dol. 1,141	Dol. 1,096	Dol. 19	Dol. 19	Dol. 7	Dol. (2)	Dol. 0	Dol. 33	Dol. (2)		
\$0-\$999.....	110	98	91	87	6	1	1	0	0	20	2	550	517	503	7	7	(2)	0	0	32	1		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	168	161	161	161	11	4	4	0	0	31	0	1,051	1,022	994	11	8	9	0	0	29	0		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	70	67	67	67	9	0	0	1	0	15	0	1,418	1,376	1,329	46	0	0	1	0	42	0		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	38	36	36	36	2	1	0	0	0	10	0	1,917	1,887	1,789	50	28	0	0	0	50	0		
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	18	17	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	3,617	3,606	3,278	0	256	72	0	0	11	0		
Occupational groups:																							
Wage-earner.....	257	257	257	254	25	6	4	0	0	50	0	1,084	1,056	1,012	27	12	5	0	0	28	0		
Clerical.....	37	37	37	36	1	1	1	1	0	6	0	1,481	1,465	1,381	4	60	17	3	0	16	0		
Business and professional.....	85	85	78	77	2	2	2	0	0	21	2	1,652	1,584	1,540	6	28	10	0	0	67	1		
Other.....	25	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	18	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Family-type groups:																							
Type 1.....	138	119	113	110	11					35	2	910	859	827	32					50	1		
Types 2 and 3.....	118	118	117	117	7			1	0	9	0	1,249	1,242	1,229	12			1	0	7	0		
Types 4 and 5.....	95	90	90	89	9	8	3	0	0	28	0	1,346	1,292	1,223	17	37	15	0	0	54	0		
Types 6 and 7.....	45	45	45	45	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	1,345	1,342	1,339	3	0	0	0	0	3	0		
Types 8 and 9.....	8	8	8	7	0	3	4	0	0	2	0	1,609	1,565	851	0	526	188	0	0	44	0		

<i>Iowa, Boone</i>																					
All incomes.....	392	379	374	370	20	11	10	1	0	36	2	1,381	1,367	1,320	24	13	10	(*)	0	14	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	116	108	105	103	5	3	2	0	0	13	1	592	578	562	11	3	2	0	0	14	(*)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	102	99	96	95	4	2	5	1	0	9	0	1,102	1,089	1,058	10	2	18	1	0	13	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	77	76	76	76	5	2	0	0	0	6	0	1,527	1,510	1,472	26	12	0	0	0	17	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	71	71	71	70	4	3	1	0	0	7	0	2,156	2,139	2,060	42	36	1	0	0	17	0
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	26	26	2	1	2	0	0	1	1	3,453	3,447	3,252	86	35	74	0	0	6	(*)
Occupational groups:																					
Wage-earner.....	204	204	204	203	8	5	6	1	0	12	1	1,273	1,263	1,225	11	15	12	(*)	0	10	(*)
Clerical.....	61	61	61	59	6	2	2	0	0	7	1	1,548	1,537	1,438	57	16	26	0	0	11	(*)
Business and profes- sional.....	111	111	106	105	5	4	2	0	0	17	0	1,663	1,637	1,597	31	8	1	0	0	26	0
Other.....	16	3	3	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	171	171	156	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family-type groups:																					
Type 1.....	120	110	107	106	10					14	1	1,184	1,142	1,115	27					22	(*)
Types 2 and 3.....	105	104	104	104	5					9	1	1,360	1,350	1,310	40					10	(*)
Types 4 and 5.....	98	96	94	92	2	8	6	1	0	9	0	1,621	1,607	1,541	12	40	13	1	0	14	0
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	58	58	3	1	3	0	0	3	0	1,479	1,473	1,417	17	8	31	0	0	6	0
Types 8 and 9.....	11	11	11	10	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1,308	1,299	1,150	0	56	93	0	0	9	0
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>																					
All incomes.....	1,185	1,154	1,129	1,104	175	81	58	1	0	227	1	1,702	1,654	1,616	76	30	32	(*)	0	48	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	296	277	262	252	41	12	12	0	0	51	0	694	561	499	41	7	14	0	0	33	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	293	289	284	279	50	21	13	0	0	66	1	1,145	1,094	991	63	24	16	0	0	51	(*)
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	202	200	195	192	27	13	14	0	0	39	0	1,535	1,490	1,323	70	51	41	0	0	45	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	198	193	193	188	37	16	9	1	0	35	0	2,176	2,125	1,901	131	47	46	(*)	0	51	0
\$3,000 or over.....	196	195	195	193	20	9	10	0	0	36	0	3,902	3,837	3,640	99	36	62	0	0	65	0
Occupational groups:																					
Wage-earner.....	479	479	479	467	96	45	23	0	0	78	0	1,137	1,109	960	89	34	26	0	0	28	0
Clerical.....	227	227	227	218	46	20	19	1	0	48	1	1,765	1,726	1,488	123	44	71	(*)	0	39	(*)
Business and profes- sional.....	435	435	410	406	33	15	16	0	0	98	0	2,432	2,353	2,266	45	21	21	0	0	79	0
Other.....	44	13	13	13	0	1	0	0	0	3	0	309	306	292	0	14	0	0	0	3	0
Family-type groups:																					
Type 1.....	313	291	276	272	56		* 2			64	0	1,389	1,330	1,219	111			(*)		59	0
Types 2 and 3.....	349	346	346	345	39			0	0	51	0	1,755	1,733	1,684	49				0	22	0
Types 4 and 5.....	356	350	342	327	63	60	43	0	0	91	0	1,919	1,844	1,610	94	72	68	0	0	75	0
Types 6 and 7.....	128	127	125	125	14	9	3	1	0	14	1	1,568	1,549	1,472	31	35	11	(*)	0	19	(*)
Types 8 and 9.....	40	40	40	35	3	12	10	0	0	7	0	2,200	2,168	1,680	33	146	309	0	0	32	0
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>																					
All incomes.....	925	903	897	887	127	71	63	1	0	63	1	1,339	1,328	1,185	66	42	35	(*)	0	11	(*)
\$0-\$999.....	333	317	313	291	47	23	16	0	0	19	0	601	592	506	47	22	17	0	0	9	0
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	223	219	218	213	41	15	13	1	0	13	0	1,133	1,127	979	95	32	21	(*)	0	6	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	150	158	158	156	25	11	13	0	0	11	1	1,638	1,623	1,429	98	51	45	0	0	12	1
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	153	152	151	151	14	14	15	0	0	16	0	2,207	2,183	2,016	58	52	57	0	0	24	0
\$3,000 or over.....	57	57	57	56	0	8	7	0	0	4	0	3,306	3,290	3,045	0	145	100	0	0	15	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	(2)	Families having net money earnings from—										Average ^a net money earnings per family from—											
		Any source	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹	Other work not attributable to individuals	All sources	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net)	Other work not attributable to individuals
			Any	Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16		All				Husband	Wife	Others 16 or older		Others under 16					
						Male	Female	Male	Female							Male	Female	Male	Female				
SMALL CITIES—continued																							
<i>Missouri, Moberly—Con.</i>																							
Occupational groups:	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.	DoI.
Wage-earner.....	809	809	809	693	91	53	36	0	0	32	0	1,298	1,290	1,147	71	46	26	0	0	8	0	0	
Clerical.....	138	138	138	127	22	9	19	1	0	10	0	1,450	1,433	1,225	83	40	85	(²)	0	17	0	0	
Business and professional.....	154	154	148	145	14	9	8	0	0	21	0	1,605	1,585	1,476	47	32	30	0	0	20	0	0	
Other.....	24	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	51	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family-type groups:																							
Type 1.....	298	284	279	270	55					24	0	1,210	1,195	1,100	95					15	0	0	
Types 2 and 3.....	231	231	230	230	24			0	0	7	1	1,285	1,282	1,241	41			0	0	3	(²)	0	
Types 4 and 5.....	318	310	310	298	42	57	56	0	0	28	0	1,501	1,487	1,253	65	83	86	0	0	14	0	0	
Types 6 and 7.....	52	52	52	49	5	5	1	1	0	1	0	1,174	1,171	1,025	42	92	11	1	0	3	0	0	
Types 8 and 9.....	26	26	26	20	1	9	6	0	0	3	0	1,641	1,615	1,132	20	297	160	0	0	26	0	0	
VILLAGES																							
<i>Combined village units</i>																							
All incomes.....	5,067	4,799	4,754	4,654	726	417	215	38	5	610	65	1,162	1,146	1,050	39	39	18	(²)	(²)	15	1	0	
\$0-\$999.....	1,978	1,813	1,776	1,716	283	98	57	10	1	251	31	544	531	495	17	12	7	(²)	0	13	(²)	0	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,551	1,485	1,481	1,470	229	120	63	17	2	182	17	1,054	1,038	956	40	29	13	(²)	(²)	15	1	1	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	754	738	735	719	134	94	43	3	2	74	11	1,498	1,482	1,318	72	65	27	(²)	(²)	15	1	1	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	559	550	549	539	61	76	35	5	0	84	6	2,074	2,051	1,845	58	109	38	1	0	22	1	1	
\$3,000 or over.....	225	218	213	210	19	20	17	3	0	19	0	3,935	3,917	3,692	68	95	61	1	0	18	0	0	

Occupational groups:	2,670	2,670	2,667	2,610	476	253	116	23	5	319	35	956	942	846	41	42	13	(¹)	(²)	13	1	
Wage-earner.....																						
\$0-\$999.....	1,320	1,320	1,317	1,274	223	73	35	10	1	159	19	609	599	564	18	12	5	(¹)	(²)	10	(¹)	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	926	926	926	920	155	93	40	11	2	105	9	1,094	1,080	990	43	37	10	(¹)	(²)	13	1	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	289	289	289	283	74	54	25	1	2	29	5	1,550	1,532	1,284	109	104	34	(¹)	(²)	17	1	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	123	123	123	122	22	32	16	1	0	24	2	2,083	2,044	1,608	113	243	79	1	0	37	2	
\$3,000 or over.....	12	12	12	11	2	1	0	0	0	2	2	2,660	2,508	2,391	57	60	0	0	0	152	0	
Clerical.....	623	623	623	600	94	72	43	5	0	68	10	1,326	1,315	1,161	48	63	42	1	0	10	1	
\$0-\$999.....	171	171	171	162	25	10	10	0	0	19	2	623	614	538	28	20	28	0	0	8	1	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	189	189	189	188	27	18	13	2	0	26	4	1,111	1,098	1,008	29	26	34	1	0	13	(¹)	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	124	124	124	118	22	20	7	1	0	9	2	1,513	1,504	1,318	63	95	27	1	0	8	1	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	108	108	108	102	15	15	5	2	0	9	2	2,089	2,077	1,862	65	110	35	2	0	12	(¹)	
\$3,000 or over.....	31	31	31	30	5	9	8	0	0	5	0	3,111	3,096	2,463	151	231	251	0	0	15	0	
Business and professional.....	1,433	1,433	1,391	1,373	150	90	55	10	0	216	19	1,701	1,677	1,585	38	34	20	(¹)	0	23	1	
\$0-\$999.....	285	285	251	245	32	13	11	0	0	70	9	521	480	447	12	9	12	0	0	40	1	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	354	354	350	346	46	18	10	4	0	50	4	1,124	1,099	1,025	44	18	12	0	0	24	1	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	317	317	314	310	37	20	11	1	0	35	4	1,527	1,508	1,418	45	22	23	(¹)	0	17	2	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	311	311	310	307	24	29	14	2	0	49	2	2,133	2,117	1,994	37	61	24	1	0	20	1	
\$3,000 or over.....	166	166	166	165	11	10	9	3	0	12	0	4,467	4,457	4,285	54	81	36	1	0	10	0	
Other.....	341	73	73	71	6	2	1	0	0	7	1	200	198	190	6	2	(¹)	0	0	2	(¹)	
\$0-\$999.....	202	37	37	35	3	2	1	0	0	3	1	82	81	76	1	4	(¹)	0	0	(¹)	1	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	82	16	16	16	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	161	160	159	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	24	8	8	8	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	421	420	398	22	0	0	0	0	1	0	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	17	8	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	768	743	743	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	
\$3,000 or over.....	16	4	4	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	959	959	896	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Family-type groups:																						
Type 1.....	1,569	1,375	1,342	1,324	229					210	19	931	914	875	39						16	1
\$0-\$999.....	812	685	657	640	110					117	12	429	413	397	16						15	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	403	360	356	355	56					53	4	927	906	868	38						20	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	168	158	158	158	40					19	2	1,423	1,403	1,279	124						18	2
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	134	126	125	125	19					18	1	1,954	1,940	1,873	67						14	(¹)
\$3,000 or over.....	52	46	46	46	4					3	0	4,593	4,581	4,523	58						12	0
Type 2.....	770	757	754	752	112	#1	#1	7	0	93	6	1,212	1,197	1,151	46	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	0	15	(¹)	
\$0-\$999.....	303	297	295	295	42	#1	#1	3	0	36	4	649	637	622	15	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	0	12	(¹)	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	246	242	242	241	32			3	0	32	1	1,113	1,098	1,059	39			(¹)	0	15	(¹)	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	116	114	113	113	22			0	0	13	1	1,550	1,531	1,463	68			(¹)	0	19	(¹)	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	80	80	80	80	11			0	0	9	0	2,172	2,151	2,076	75				0	21	0	
\$3,000 or over.....	25	24	24	23	5			1	0	3	0	4,381	4,353	4,055	297				1	0	28	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having net money earnings from—										Average net money earnings per family from—											
		Any source (3)	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹ (11)	Other work not attributable to individuals (12)	All sources (13)	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net) (21)	Other work not attributable to individuals (22)
			Any (4)	Husband (5)	Wife (6)	Others 16 or older (7, 8)		Others under 16 (9, 10)		All (14)				Husband (15)	Wife (16)	Others 16 or older (17, 18)		Others under 16 (19, 20)					
						Male (7)	Female (8)	Male (9)	Female (10)							Male (17)	Female (18)	Male (19)	Female (20)				
VILLAGES—continued																							
Combined village units—Con.																							
Family-type groups—Con.																							
Type 3.....	No. 584	No. 562	No. 562	No. 561	No. 93	No. 1	No. 1	No. 2	No. 0	No. 62	No. 5	Dol. 1,274	Dol. 1,260	Dol. 1,220	Dol. 40	Dol. (3)	Dol. (3)	Dol. (3)	Dol. 0	Dol. 14	Dol. (3)		
\$0-\$999.....	178	177	177	176	37	-----	-----	0	0	11	1	687	681	668	13	-----	-----	0	0	6	(3)		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	220	219	219	219	37	-----	-----	2	0	27	2	1,147	1,132	1,088	44	-----	(3)	(3)	0	15	(3)		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	90	90	90	90	12	-----	-----	0	0	10	1	1,594	1,573	1,511	62	-----	-----	0	0	20	1		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	53	53	53	53	6	-----	-----	0	0	11	1	2,159	2,122	2,039	83	-----	-----	0	0	35	2		
\$3,000 or over.....	23	23	23	23	2	-----	-----	0	0	3	0	3,734	3,722	3,702	20	-----	-----	0	0	12	0		
Type 4.....	1,058	1,014	1,006	951	163	227	120	6	0	155	16	1,260	1,240	1,045	46	97	52	(3)	0	19	1		
\$0-\$999.....	348	325	319	286	46	65	38	2	0	55	5	540	523	428	20	40	35	(3)	0	16	1		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	301	287	287	284	64	66	31	2	0	44	4	1,036	1,017	845	54	85	33	(3)	0	18	1		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	184	182	180	168	30	45	23	1	0	15	4	1,442	1,428	1,164	63	130	71	(3)	0	12	2		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	161	160	160	154	17	41	20	1	0	34	3	2,051	2,020	1,679	58	205	78	(3)	0	30	1		
\$3,000 or over.....	64	60	60	59	6	10	8	0	0	7	0	3,723	3,668	3,411	66	105	106	0	0	35	0		
Type 5.....	415	409	410	397	59	100	47	12	2	37	9	1,388	1,376	1,199	38	105	32	2	(3)	11	1		
\$0-\$999.....	116	113	114	108	20	19	14	1	0	18	3	668	652	565	22	50	15	(3)	0	15	1		
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	132	130	130	127	16	39	14	7	1	6	4	1,089	1,084	935	33	90	24	2	(3)	4	1		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	64	63	63	62	18	23	10	1	1	6	2	1,511	1,504	1,262	69	122	49	1	1	6	1		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	52	52	52	50	3	13	8	2	0	6	0	2,133	2,099	1,802	49	166	77	5	0	34	0		
\$3,000 or over.....	31	31	31	30	2	6	1	1	0	1	0	3,769	3,765	3,522	8	229	2	4	0	4	0		

Type 6.....	367	361	359	358	35				6	2	26	4	1,185	1,179	1,159	19			1	(*)	5	1
\$0-\$999.....	135	132	130	129	15			1	1	9	1	658	652	635	17			(*)	(*)	6	(*)	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	137	135	135	135	15			1	1	12	2	1,121	1,116	1,087	29			(*)	(*)	5	(*)	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	44	44	44	44	2			1	0	3	1	1,619	1,612	1,606	5			1	0	4	3	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	36	36	36	36	3			2	0	1	0	2,160	2,153	2,134	14			6	0	7	0	
\$3,000 or over.....	15	14	14	14	0			1	0	1	0	2,901	2,901	2,895	0			6	0	(*)	0	
Type 7.....	173	172	172	171	16	30	21	5	0	13	2	1,265	1,257	1,132	10	63	50	2	0	8	(*)	
\$0-\$999.....	49	48	48	48	6	4	0	3	0	3	2	672	668	641	9	14	0	4	0	4	(*)	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	63	63	63	63	5	7	11	2	0	2	0	1,131	1,128	1,034	8	37	47	2	0	3	0	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	34	34	34	33	5	11	6	0	0	6	0	1,466	1,440	1,220	24	144	52	0	0	26	0	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	20	20	20	20	0	7	2	0	0	2	0	2,022	2,015	1,818	0	138	59	0	0	7	0	
\$3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	7	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	3,480	3,480	3,035	0	43	402	0	0	0	0	
Types 8 and 9.....	151	149	149	140	19	59	25	0	1	14	4	1,384	1,366	974	28	276	87	0	1	16	2	
\$0-\$999.....	37	36	36	34	7	9	4	0	0	2	3	583	566	473	10	69	14	0	0	16	1	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	49	49	49	46	4	17	6	0	0	6	0	1,118	1,097	871	40	116	70	0	0	21	0	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	34	33	33	31	5	15	5	0	1	2	0	1,595	1,582	1,204	37	291	48	0	2	13	0	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	23	23	23	21	3	15	5	0	0	3	1	2,188	2,165	1,273	32	708	152	0	0	11	12	
\$3,000 or over.....	8	8	8	8	0	3	5	0	0	1	0	3,509	3,497	2,081	0	903	513	0	0	0	0	
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>																						
All incomes.....	1,748	1,691	1,678	1,635	280	145	83	15	1	255	32	1,211	1,190	1,076	49	45	20	(*)	(*)	20	1	
\$0-\$999.....	659	622	609	586	97	28	20	4	0	110	12	600	581	545	21	10	5	(*)	0	18	1	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	558	545	545	539	98	41	24	9	0	83	9	1,078	1,057	958	54	31	13	1	0	20	1	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	270	267	267	258	53	40	19	0	1	27	5	1,539	1,518	1,307	85	86	40	0	(*)	19	2	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	194	192	192	188	25	29	16	2	0	30	6	2,086	2,060	1,800	77	127	55	1	0	24	2	
\$3,000 or over.....	67	65	65	64	7	7	4	0	0	5	0	4,471	4,448	4,219	72	108	49	0	0	23	0	
Occupational groups:																						
Wage-earner.....	1,044	1,044	1,043	1,019	208	95	55	9	1	156	19	1,010	991	869	59	45	18	(*)	(*)	18	1	
Clerical.....	204	204	204	194	28	27	12	2	0	27	5	1,386	1,321	1,149	39	92	40	1	0	14	1	
Business and profes- sional.....	428	428	416	408	42	23	16	4	0	70	8	1,817	1,788	1,701	36	31	20	(*)	0	28	1	
Other.....	72	15	15	14	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	162	157	140	17	0	0	0	0	5	0	
Family-type groups:																						
Type 1.....	532	490	480	471	87					86	7	970	948	808	50					21	1	
Types 2 and 3.....	459	466	456	455	77	* 1		3	0	71	7	1,244	1,222	1,176	46	(*)		(*)	0	21	1	
Types 4 and 5.....	517	507	504	474	87	114	68	9	0	75	13	1,409	1,387	1,149	64	121	52	1	0	21	1	
Types 6 and 7.....	185	184	184	183	21	6	7	3	0	18	3	1,220	1,210	1,153	22	14	20	1	0	9	1	
Types 8 and 9.....	55	54	54	52	8	24	8	0	1	5	2	1,381	1,356	978	32	257	88	0	1	20	5	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 129.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families having net money earnings from—										Average ² net money earnings per family from—									
		Any source (3)	Individual earners						Roomers and boarders ¹ (11)	Other work not attributable to individuals (12)	All sources (13)	Individual earners						Roomers and boarders (net) (21)	Other work not attributable to individuals (22)		
			Any (4)	Husband (5)	Wife (6)	Others 16 or older		Others under 16				All (14)	Husband (15)	Wife (16)	Others 16 or older		Others under 16				
						Male (7)	Female (8)	Male (9)							Female (10)	Male (17)	Female (18)			Male (19)	Female (20)
VILLAGES—continued																					
Michigan-Wisconsin																					
All incomes.....	No. 1,670	No. 1,580	No. 1,560	No. 1,534	No. 254	No. 119	No. 55	No. 12	No. 2	No. 213	No. 11	Dol. 1,188	Dol. 1,172	Dol. 1,083	Dol. 40	Dol. 37	Dol. 12	Dol. (?)	Dol. (?)	Dol. 16	Dol. (?)
\$0-\$999.....	574	529	514	497	92	23	15	1	0	81	5	545	530	498	17	9	6	(?)	0	15	(?)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	547	517	515	514	83	37	14	5	1	66	3	1,042	1,028	973	31	19	5	(?)	(?)	14	(?)
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	262	254	252	249	52	23	10	2	1	30	3	1,462	1,445	1,297	85	50	13	(?)	(?)	16	1
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	197	194	193	189	17	25	8	2	0	20	0	2,066	2,042	1,874	39	108	20	1	0	24	0
\$3,000 or over.....	90	86	86	85	10	11	8	2	0	7	0	3,468	3,458	3,142	107	137	70	2	0	10	0
Occupational groups:																					
Wage-earner.....	912	912	912	897	161	72	29	7	2	108	7	978	965	887	35	36	7	(?)	(?)	13	(?)
Clerical.....	210	210	210	202	37	19	13	1	0	24	1	1,424	1,412	1,265	63	54	30	(?)	0	12	(?)
Business and professional.....	445	445	425	422	55	28	13	4	0	81	3	1,757	1,729	1,623	48	41	16	1	0	28	(?)
Other.....	103	13	13	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	120	120	120	(?)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family-type groups:																					
Type 1.....	528	459	445	441	83					75	4	897	878	842	36					19	(?)
Types 2 and 3.....	468	464	462	461	83			1	3	57	1	1,301	1,288	1,227	61			(?)	(?)	13	(?)
Types 4 and 5.....	430	415	412	394	66			91	41	3	1	61	6	1,330	1,311	1,149	36	94	31	1	(?)
Types 6 and 7.....	195	194	193	192	16			9	6	1	13	0	1,331	1,325	1,282	14	14	13	2	(?)	6
Types 8 and 9.....	49	48	48	46	6			19	7	0	7	0	1,452	1,433	963	8	396	66	0	0	19

<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>																					
All incomes.....	1,649	1,528	1,516	1,485	192	153	77	11	2	142	22	1,082	1,071	989	28	35	21	(¹)	(¹)	10	1
\$0-\$999.....	745	662	653	633	94	47	22	5	1	60	14	494	486	448	18	15	10	(¹)	(¹)	7	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	446	423	421	417	48	51	25	3	1	33	5	1,038	1,027	934	32	30	22	(¹)	(¹)	10	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	222	217	216	212	29	31	14	1	0	17	3	1,492	1,481	1,356	40	57	28	(¹)	0	9	2
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	168	164	164	162	19	22	11	1	0	25	0	2,071	2,053	1,867	58	88	39	1	0	18	0
\$3,000 or over.....	68	62	62	61	2	2	5	1	0	7	0	4,024	4,001	3,900	13	26	62	(¹)	0	23	0
Occupational groups:																					
Wage-earner.....	714	714	712	694	107	86	32	7	2	55	9	851	843	763	24	42	14	(¹)	(¹)	8	(¹)
Clerical.....	209	209	209	204	29	26	18	2	0	17	4	1,218	1,211	1,069	41	44	56	1	0	6	1
Business and profes- sional.....	560	560	550	543	53	39	28	2	0	65	8	1,566	1,549	1,465	30	30	24	(¹)	0	16	1
Other.....	168	45	45	44	3	2	1	0	0	5	1	266	263	254	4	5	(¹)	0	0	2	1
Family-type groups:																					
Type 1.....	509	426	417	412	59					49	8	927	917	886	31					9	1
Types 2 and 3.....	407	399	398	397	45		* 1	3	0	27	3	1,160	1,150	1,130	20			(¹)	(¹)	0	10
Types 4 and 5.....	526	501	500	480	69	122	58	6	1	56	6	1,163	1,145	981	29	82	52	1	(¹)	12	1
Types 6 and 7.....	160	155	154	154	14	15	8	2	1	8	3	1,054	1,051	987	12	35	16	1	(¹)	3	(¹)
Types 8 and 9.....	47	47	47	42	5	16	10	0	0	2	2	1,316	1,307	980	45	173	109	0	0	8	1

¹ This is the number of families receiving any positive net income from keeping roomers and boarders. Families that kept roomers and boarders but had no net income from this source were as follows: 10 families in the combined cities, 3 in New Philadelphia, 2 in Beaver Dam, 1 in Boone, 2 in Columbia, 2 in Moberly, 13 in the combined village units, 4 in Pennsylvania-Ohio, 2 in Michigan-Wisconsin, and 7 in Illinois-Iowa.

* Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

¹ \$0.50 or less.

¹ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

¹ Members of the economic family for fewer than 27 weeks. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.

TABLE 130.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ² earnings per principal earner					Average ³ weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ⁴ earnings per family from principal earner (14)
		All ¹ (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)		
SMALL CITIES													
<i>Combined cities</i>													
All incomes.....	Number 3,719	Number 3,554	Number 3,357	Number 100	Number 50	Number 47	Dollars 1,354	Dollars 1,391	Dollars 632	Dollars 874	Dollars 793	Weeks 50	Dollars 1,294
\$0-\$999.....	1,107	1,005	914	61	14	16	613	627	467	418	557	46	557
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,108	1,071	1,025	22	10	14	1,055	1,070	732	723	689	50	1,019
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	644	628	601	10	12	5	1,440	1,465	930	856	869	51	1,405
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	545	536	517	6	9	4	1,992	2,021	1,321	1,231	905	51	1,959
\$3,000 or over.....	315	314	300	1	5	8	3,488	3,579	1,440	1,852	1,344	52	3,477
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	1,998	1,998	1,887	61	32	18	1,076	1,101	547	839	648	49	1,076
\$0-\$999.....	737	737	675	44	10	8	624	637	468	478	548	46	624
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	700	700	672	14	8	6	1,048	1,062	724	732	663	50	1,048
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	330	330	318	2	8	2	1,430	1,452	716	880	892	51	1,430
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	191	191	185	1	4	1	1,970	1,994	1,200	1,378	732	51	1,970
\$3,000 or over.....	40	40	37	0	2	1	2,688	2,786	1,839	1,839	780	52	2,688
Clerical.....	582	582	528	22	11	21	1,387	1,443	758	982	842	51	1,387
\$0-\$999.....	115	115	96	10	2	7	672	703	500	234	610	48	672
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	183	183	168	6	2	7	1,039	1,065	755	690	769	51	1,039
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	107	107	100	3	2	2	1,447	1,490	920	696	831	51	1,447
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	126	126	118	3	3	2	1,931	1,977	1,460	1,262	904	52	1,931
\$3,000 or over.....	51	51	46	0	2	3	2,777	2,897	1,890	1,890	1,524	52	2,777
Business and professional.....	1,003	956	924	17	7	8	1,928	1,965	777	864	992	50	1,838
\$0-\$999.....	175	144	134	7	2	1	526	537	413	314	260	47	433
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	195	185	182	2	0	1	1,094	1,102	714	692	292	50	1,038
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	192	187	179	5	2	1	1,466	1,488	1,021	918	900	51	1,428
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	218	217	212	2	2	1	2,049	2,073	1,174	892	1,080	51	2,040
\$3,000 or over.....	223	223	217	1	1	4	3,794	3,858	1,440	1,800	1,350	52	3,794

Other.....	136	18	18	0	0	0	775	775				50	103
\$0-\$999.....	80	9	9	0	0	0	418	418				51	143
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	30	3	3	0	0	0	1,100	1,100				52	110
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	15	4	4	0	0	0	1,838	938				48	250
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	10	2	2	0	0	0	* 1,700	* 1,700				* 52	340
\$3,000 or over.....	1	0	0	0	0	0							* 0
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	1,114	997	946	51			1,204	1,236	610			49	1,078
\$0-\$999.....	414	334	305	29			547	561	393			46	441
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	320	296	281	15			1,009	1,002	766			50	933
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	175	167	163	4			1,413	1,419	1,151			51	1,348
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	145	140	137	3			1,969	1,986	1,203			52	1,901
\$3,000 or over.....	60	60	60	0			3,467	3,467				52	3,467
Type 2.....	642	637	626	11	0	0	1,394	1,406	689			50	1,383
\$0-\$999.....	164	161	184	7	0	0	690	697	498			47	679
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	199	198	198	0	0	0	1,133	1,133				51	1,127
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	116	115	112	3	0	0	1,529	1,543	1,025			52	1,316
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	91	91	90	1	0	0	2,120	2,132	* 1,020			51	2,120
\$3,000 or over.....	42	42	42	0	0	0	3,884	3,884				52	3,884
Type 3.....	406	404	403	1	0	0	1,414	1,416	* 704			50	1,408
\$0-\$999.....	116	114	114	0	0	0	692	692				47	681
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	135	135	134	1	0	0	1,155	1,159	* 704			51	1,155
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	67	67	67	0	0	0	1,605	1,605				52	1,605
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	62	62	62	0	0	0	2,120	2,120				52	2,120
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	26	0	0	0	3,747	3,747				52	3,747
Type 4.....	764	732	648	20	25	39	1,445	1,528	742	870	794	49	1,385
\$0-\$999.....	180	168	134	11	6	15	562	565	602	493	536	44	519
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	202	193	174	4	3	12	950	978	670	759	692	49	908
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	134	129	115	2	9	3	1,308	1,372	* 400	836	889	50	1,259
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	148	145	134	2	6	3	1,938	1,995	* 1,650	1,237	964	51	1,899
\$3,000 or over.....	100	99	91	1	1	6	3,350	3,512	* 1,440	* 1,560	1,512	52	3,316
Type 5.....	308	304	281	10	11	2	1,467	1,523	491	1,044	* 822	50	1,448
\$0-\$999.....	71	70	57	9	3	1	618	648	479	339	* 864	48	607
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	94	92	89	1	2	0	1,019	1,024	* 600	* 990		50	997
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	52	51	50	0	1	0	1,416	1,422		* 1,080		51	1,388
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	60	50	47	0	3	0	1,919	1,963		1,220		52	1,919
\$3,000 or over.....	41	41	38	0	2	1	3,439	3,592		* 1,875	* 780	52	3,439

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 130.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ² earnings per principal earner					Average ³ weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ⁴ earnings per family from principal earner (14)	
		All ¹ (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)			
SMALL CITIES—continued														
Combined Cities—Continued														
Family-type groups—Continued	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Weeks	Dollars	
Type 6.....	255	252	247	4	1	0	1,363	1,379	691	76		50	1,346	
\$0-\$999.....	80	79	76	2	1	0	715	725	\$ 662	\$ 76		48	706	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	91	91	90	1	0	0	1,129	1,134	\$ 624			50	1,129	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	45	44	43	1	0	0	1,568	1,586	\$ 816			51	1,534	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	22	21	21	0	0	0	2,122	2,122				52	2,024	
\$3,000 or over.....	17	17	17	0	0	0	4,155	4,155				51	4,155	
Type 7.....	128	127	122	0	4	1	1,336	1,354		894	\$ 780	50	1,325	
\$0-\$999.....	27	27	25	0	2	0	641	656		\$ 455		44	641	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	44	43	43	0	0	0	1,111	1,111				50	1,085	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	30	30	28	0	1	1	1,379	1,416		\$ 936	\$ 780	52	1,379	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	16	16	16	0	0	0	1,704	1,704				52	1,704	
\$3,000 or over.....	11	11	10	0	1	0	3,263	3,416		\$ 1,728		52	3,263	
Types 8 and 9.....	102	101	84	3	9	5	1,346	1,475	445	758	774	49	1,333	
\$0-\$999.....	25	24	19	3	2	0	539	563	445	\$ 448		43	517	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	23	23	16	0	5	2	999	1,166		595	\$ 672	51	999	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	25	25	23	0	1	1	1,358	1,405		\$ 728	\$ 900	51	1,358	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	11	11	10	0	0	1	1,705	1,802			\$ 728	52	1,705	
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	16	0	1	1	2,630	2,763		\$ 2,220	\$ 900	52	2,630	
Type 8.....	58	57	44	1	8	4	1,370	1,553	\$ 720	758	743	49	1,346	
Type 9.....	44	44	40	2	1	1	1,315	1,390	\$ 308	\$ 759	\$ 900	51	1,315	

<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>													
All incomes.....	253	242	233	1	3	5	1,327	1,345	* 572	1,350	639	50	1,270
\$0-\$999.....	55	49	48	0	0	1	676	681	.....	.....	* 430	46	603
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	97	93	89	1	1	2	1,041	1,055	* 572	* 1,200	* 575	49	998
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	50	48	0	1	1	1,422	1,444	.....	* 600	* 882	52	1,422
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	42	41	40	0	0	1	1,888	1,917	.....	.....	* 732	52	1,843
\$3,000 or over.....	9	9	8	0	1	0	4,753	5,103	.....	* 1,950	.....	52	4,753
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	159	159	154	1	2	2	1,129	1,132	* 572	* 1,575	* 691	49	1,129
Clerical.....	30	30	27	0	0	3	1,289	1,365	.....	.....	604	51	1,289
Business and professional.....	55	53	52	0	1	0	1,947	1,968	.....	* 900	.....	51	1,876
Other.....	9	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	71	63	62	1	.....	.....	1,446	1,460	* 572	.....	.....	48	1,283
Types 2 and 3.....	70	68	68	0	0	0	1,359	1,359	.....	.....	.....	51	1,320
Types 4 and 5.....	75	74	66	3	3	5	1,214	1,252	.....	1,350	639	49	1,199
Types 6 and 7.....	31	31	31	0	0	0	1,289	1,289	.....	.....	.....	50	1,289
Types 8 and 9.....	6	6	6	0	0	0	1,324	1,324	.....	.....	.....	52	1,324
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>													
All incomes.....	588	571	543	14	10	4	1,249	1,280	534	737	717	50	1,212
\$0-\$999.....	178	167	154	9	3	1	603	632	231	197	* 780	47	566
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	195	192	185	2	3	2	1,037	1,051	* 735	712	* 594	50	1,021
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	108	105	102	2	1	0	1,449	1,463	* 1,158	* 560	.....	51	1,408
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	74	74	70	1	3	0	2,021	2,056	* 1,620	1,362	.....	51	2,021
\$3,000 or over.....	33	33	32	0	0	1	3,376	3,453	.....	.....	* 900	52	3,376
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	308	308	297	5	6	0	1,029	1,048	285	687	.....	49	1,029
Clerical.....	106	106	97	3	4	2	1,210	1,257	480	512	* 838	51	1,210
Business and professional.....	154	153	145	6	0	2	1,740	1,796	767	.....	* 596	50	1,729
Other.....	20	4	4	0	0	0	388	388	.....	.....	.....	48	77
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	177	165	153	12	.....	.....	1,074	1,118	548	.....	.....	49	1,001
Types 2 and 3.....	166	166	166	0	0	0	1,369	1,369	.....	.....	.....	50	1,369
Types 4 and 5.....	174	171	158	0	0	4	1,293	1,340	.....	735	717	49	1,271
Types 6 and 7.....	58	57	56	1	0	0	1,286	1,295	* 816	.....	.....	51	1,284
Types 8 and 9.....	18	12	10	1	1	0	1,176	1,328	* 95	* 759	.....	49	1,086
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>													
All incomes.....	372	360	336	10	5	9	1,188	1,219	704	765	770	50	1,149
\$0-\$999.....	128	121	108	7	2	4	647	653	711	* 269	570	49	612
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	128	124	119	3	0	2	1,043	1,057	687	.....	* 736	50	1,011
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	49	47	0	1	1	1,513	1,536	* 1,140	* 780	.....	50	1,483
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	44	44	43	0	1	0	1,868	1,897	.....	* 585	.....	52	1,870
\$3,000 or over.....	22	22	19	0	1	2	2,893	3,141	* 1,560	* 1,200	.....	51	2,893
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	197	197	181	9	2	5	947	970	678	698	698	50	947
Clerical.....	48	48	45	1	1	1	1,395	1,416	* 936	* 1,560	* 780	51	1,395
Business and professional.....	118	118	110	0	3	3	1,614	1,549	.....	* 524	887	51	1,475
Other.....	9	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 130.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ² earnings per principal earner					Average ³ weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ⁴ earnings per family from principal earner (14)
		All ¹ (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)		
SMALL CITIES—continued													
<i>Illinois, Lincoln—Continued</i>													
Family-type groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Weeks</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Type 1.....	113	106	103	3			1,157	1,171	685			51	1,086
Types 2 and 3.....	110	110	109	1	0	0	1,228	1,233	\$ 704			50	1,228
Types 4 and 5.....	96	91	76	4	4	7	1,184	1,259	715	937	772	50	1,122
Types 6 and 7.....	44	44	41	1	1	1	1,207	1,257	\$ 700	\$ 76	\$ 780	49	1,207
Types 8 and 9.....	9	9	7	1	0	1	695	1,070	\$ 720		\$ 744	50	995
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>													
All incomes.....	404	373	363	5	4	1	1,201	1,214	362	1,150	\$ 936	50	1,109
\$0-\$999.....	110	91	87	3	1	0	624	637	205	\$ 728		47	516
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	168	161	158	1	1	1	1,047	1,054	\$ 600	\$ 576	\$ 936	51	1,004
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	70	67	66	1	0	0	1,390	1,402	\$ 593			51	1,331
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	38	36	35	0	1	0	1,694	1,917		\$ 1,075		52	1,794
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	17	0	1	0	3,401	3,471		\$ 2,220		52	3,401
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	257	257	249	4	3	1	1,024	1,037	447	793	\$ 936	50	1,024
Clerical.....	37	37	36	0	1	0	1,440	1,419		\$ 2,220		51	1,440
Business and professional.....	85	78	77	1	0	0	1,678	1,700	\$ 20			50	1,640
Other.....	25	1	1	0	0	0	\$ 460	\$ 460				(⁹)	18
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	138	113	109	4			1,017	1,044	304			50	833
Types 2 and 3.....	118	117	117	0	0	0	1,239	1,239				50	1,229
Types 4 and 5.....	95	90	86	1	2	1	1,313	1,336	\$ 593	\$ 902	\$ 936	50	1,244
Types 6 and 7.....	45	45	45	0	0	0	1,339	1,339				51	1,339
Types 8 and 9.....	8	8	6	0	2	0	1,194	1,127		\$ 1,398		51	1,194

<i>Iowa, Boone</i>													
All incomes.....	392	374	368	3	2	1	1,394	1,403	749	* 1,031	* 600	50	1,329
\$0-\$999.....	116	105	102	2	1	0	630	636	* 547	* 165		46	570
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	102	96	95	0	0	1	1,131	1,136			* 600	50	1,064
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	77	76	75	1	0	0	1,498	1,502	* 1,155			51	1,478
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	71	71	70	0	1	0	2,087	2,090		* 1,897		52	2,087
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	26	0	0	0	3,251	3,252				52	3,252
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	204	204	202	1	1	0	1,235	1,236	* 533	* 1,897		48	1,235
Clerical.....	61	61	59	1	0	1	1,457	1,487	* 560		* 600	51	1,457
Business and professional.....	111	106	104	1	1	0	1,677	1,697	* 1,165	* 165		51	1,602
Other.....	16	3	3	0	0	0	833	833				52	156
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	120	107	106	1			1,256	1,263	* 560			49	1,120
Types 2 and 3.....	105	104	102	2	0	0	1,329	1,338	* 844			50	1,316
Types 4 and 5.....	98	94	92	0	2	0	1,629	1,642		* 1,031		50	1,563
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	58	0	0	0	1,418	1,418				49	1,418
Types 8 and 9.....	11	11	10	0	0	1	1,206	1,265			* 600	51	1,205
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>													
All incomes.....	1,185	1,129	1,056	38	13	22	1,621	1,680	633	870	912	50	1,544
\$0-\$999.....	296	262	232	23	1	6	600	618	435	* 450	536	47	531
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	293	284	271	6	4	3	1,045	1,080	693	688	826	51	1,013
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	202	195	184	3	5	3	1,398	1,434	717	814	840	51	1,349
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	198	193	181	5	2	5	1,990	2,051	1,262	* 1,120	878	52	1,940
\$3,000 or over.....	196	195	188	1	1	5	3,688	3,769	* 1,440	* 1,800	1,490	52	3,669
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	479	479	441	23	7	8	986	1,023	480	750	625	49	986
Clerical.....	227	227	204	8	4	11	1,553	1,619	1,012	853	998	51	1,553
Business and professional.....	435	410	398	7	2	3	2,419	2,463	704	* 1,325	1,360	51	2,280
Other.....	44	13	13	0	0	0	990					51	292
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	313	276	262	14			1,398	1,440	620			50	1,233
Types 2 and 3.....	349	346	339	7	0	0	1,704	1,726	652			51	1,690
Types 4 and 5.....	355	342	298	16	11	17	1,736	1,870	638	927	943	50	1,673
Types 6 and 7.....	128	125	124	1	0	0	1,511	1,518	* 624			49	1,475
Types 8 and 9.....	40	40	33	0	2	5	1,788	2,012		* 560	806	51	1,788
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>													
All incomes.....	925	897	820	39	23	15	1,260	1,317	649	696	605	49	1,222
\$0-\$999.....	333	313	271	22	11	9	593	604	532	482	521	44	557
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	223	218	198	12	5	3	1,040	1,073	785	673	609	50	1,017
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	169	158	147	4	5	2	1,475	1,517	995	882	* 858	51	1,466
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	153	151	148	1	1	1	2,048	2,073	* 455	* 1,200	* 840	52	2,022
\$3,000 or over.....	57	57	66	0	1	0	3,075	3,099		* 1,728		52	3,075
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	609	609	580	24	19	6	1,182	1,228	657	673	570	48	1,182
Clerical.....	188	138	117	11	2	8	1,283	1,410	576	* 543	601	50	1,283
Business and professional.....	154	148	141	4	2	1	1,568	1,599	806	* 1,088	* 840	50	1,504
Other.....	24	2	2	0	0	0	* 612	* 612				* 62	51

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 130.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ² earnings per principal earner					Average ³ weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ⁴ earnings per family from principal earner (14)
		All ¹ (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)		
SMALL CITIES—continued													
<i>Missouri, Moberly—Continued</i>													
Family-type groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Weeks</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Type 1.....	298	279	260	19			1,205	1,245	666			48	1,128
Types 2 and 3.....	231	230	227	3	0	0	1,249	1,257	665			49	1,244
Types 4 and 5.....	318	310	268	15	13	14	1,343	1,452	636	697	616	49	1,309
Types 6 and 7.....	52	52	47	1	4	0	1,089	1,116	² 624	894		50	1,089
Types 8 and 9.....	26	26	18	1	6	1	1,286	1,617	² 520	562	² 450	47	1,286
VILLAGES													
<i>Combined village units</i>													
All incomes.....	5,067	4,754	4,486	103	109	56	1,143	1,171	596	755	640	49	1,073
\$0-\$999.....	1,678	1,776	1,664	52	36	24	568	583	273	401	423	45	510
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,551	1,481	1,414	26	27	14	1,029	1,035	713	685	684	50	974
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	754	735	679	19	26	11	1,388	1,430	900	889	851	51	1,363
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	559	549	523	5	15	6	1,917	1,951	1,228	1,311	974	51	1,882
\$3,000 or over.....	225	213	206	1	5	1	3,951	4,023	² 5,400	1,308	² 900	52	3,741
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	2,670	2,667	2,526	53	72	16	861	881	418	622	416	48	861
\$0-\$999.....	1,320	1,317	1,245	34	28	10	578	598	259	372	294	45	576
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	926	926	891	10	21	4	1,003	1,018	580	661	575	50	1,003
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	289	289	264	8	16	1	1,316	1,363	860	824	² 520	50	1,316
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	123	123	115	1	6	1	1,632	1,675	² 676	1,096	² 900	51	1,632
\$3,000 or over.....	12	12	11	0	1	0	2,452	2,609		² 720		50	2,452

Clerical.....	623	623	562	17	24	20	1,214	1,283	602	894	724	50	1,214
\$0-\$999.....	171	171	148	9	6	8	584	607	350	450	525	47	584
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	189	189	177	3	3	6	1,032	1,063	656	760	740	51	1,032
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	124	124	110	4	8	2	1,394	1,446	1,009	1,002	912	51	1,394
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	108	108	99	1	5	3	1,940	2,012	# 1,080	1,226	1,040	51	1,940
\$3,000 or over.....	31	31	28	0	2	1	2,536	2,692	# 1,170	# 900		52	2,536
Business and professional.....	1,433	1,391	1,327	32	12	20	1,692	1,698	899	1,276	734	50	1,614
\$0-\$999.....	285	251	236	8	1	6	525	534	254	# 618	500	47	462
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	354	350	330	13	3	4	1,068	1,084	828	779	708	51	1,056
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	317	314	297	7	2	8	1,457	1,469	883	# 958	877	51	1,443
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	311	310	301	3	4	2	2,030	2,047	1,461	1,740	# 913	51	2,023
\$3,000 or over.....	166	166	163	1	2	0	4,333	4,353	# 5,400	# 1,740		52	4,333
Other.....	341	73	71	1	1	0	899	912	# 200	# 711		49	193
\$0-\$999.....	202	37	35	1	1	0	436	435	# 200	# 711		48	80
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	82	16	16	0	0	0	812	812				52	159
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	24	8	8	0	0	0	1,195	1,195				52	398
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	17	8	8	0	0	0	1,578	1,578				46	743
\$3,000 or over.....	16	4	4	0	0	0	3,585	3,585				52	896
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	1,569	1,342	1,295	47			1,030	1,052	438			48	881
\$0-\$999.....	812	657	627	30			498	510	239			45	403
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	403	359	349	7			989	996	609			50	874
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	108	108	149	9			1,374	1,400	944			51	1,232
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	134	125	124	1			2,008	2,019	# 670			51	1,873
\$3,000 or over.....	52	46	46	0			5,114	5,114				52	4,524
Type 2.....	770	754	745	9	0	0	1,186	1,185	1,234			49	1,161
\$0-\$999.....	303	295	292	3	0	0	640	643	289			46	623
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	246	242	240	2	0	0	1,084	1,084	# 1,066			50	1,066
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	116	113	110	3	0	0	1,508	1,524	903			51	1,489
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	80	80	80	0	0	0	2,076	2,076				52	2,076
\$3,000 or over.....	25	24	23	1	0	0	4,449	4,407	# 5,400			52	4,271
Type 3.....	564	562	554	8	0	0	1,228	1,234	754			50	1,223
\$0-\$999.....	178	177	175	2	0	0	672	678	# 112			47	688
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	220	219	216	3	0	0	1,094	1,100	630			51	1,089
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	90	90	89	1	0	0	1,515	1,521	# 936			51	1,515
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	53	53	51	2	0	0	2,075	2,098	# 1,492			52	2,075
\$3,000 or over.....	23	23	23	0	0	0	3,702	3,702				52	3,702

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 130.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ² earnings per principal earner					Average ³ weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ⁴ earnings per family from principal earner (14)	
		All ¹ (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)			
VILLAGES—continued														
Combined village units—Continued														
Family-type groups—Continued	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Type 4.....	1,058	1,006	879	24	62	41	1,168	1,230	510	729	662	48	1,102	
\$0-\$999.....	348	319	284	12	23	20	594	552	322	359	471	44	481	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	301	287	257	7	15	8	928	956	702	699	49	895		
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	184	180	154	5	13	8	1,270	1,340	762	866	50	1,243		
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	161	160	146	0	10	4	1,768	1,815	-----	1,411	872	51	1,758	
\$3,000 or over.....	64	60	58	0	1	1	3,670	3,763	-----	1,040	800	52	3,440	
Type 5.....	415	410	368	10	25	7	1,260	1,318	817	788	507	49	1,245	
\$0-\$999.....	116	114	100	3	8	3	618	641	440	560	172	46	607	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	132	130	116	4	9	1	989	1,022	792	686	780	50	974	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	84	83	78	1	4	2	1,326	1,358	1,200	1,112	800	51	1,311	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	52	52	47	2	2	1	1,866	1,934	1,240	1,266	1,058	52	1,866	
\$3,000 or over.....	31	31	29	0	2	0	3,560	3,736	-----	1,010	-----	52	3,560	
Type 6.....	367	369	356	3	0	0	1,188	1,193	505	-----	-----	50	1,162	
\$0-\$999.....	135	130	128	2	0	0	684	668	375	-----	-----	47	639	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	137	135	134	1	0	0	1,104	1,107	765	-----	-----	51	1,088	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	44	44	44	0	0	0	1,606	1,606	-----	-----	-----	52	1,606	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	36	36	36	0	0	0	2,134	2,134	-----	-----	-----	52	2,134	
\$3,000 or over.....	15	14	14	0	0	0	3,102	3,102	-----	-----	-----	52	2,896	
Type 7.....	173	172	166	0	4	2	1,162	1,168	-----	795	865	50	1,145	

\$0-\$999	49	48	48	0	0	0	655	655				48	641
\$1,000-\$1,499	63	63	62	0	0	1	1,039	1,047				51	1,039
\$1,500-\$1,999	34	34	29	0	4	1	1,280	1,373		725	* 590	51	1,280
\$2,000-\$2,999	20	20	20	0	0	0	1,818	1,818				52	1,818
\$3,000 or over	7	7	7	0	0	0	3,035	3,035				51	3,035
Types 8 and 9	151	149	123	2	18	6	1,078	1,144	* 843	804	631	49	1,064
\$0-\$999	37	36	30	0	5	1	522	562		342	* 208	45	508
\$1,000-\$1,499	49	49	40	2	3	4	962	1,025	* 843	598	669	49	962
\$1,500-\$1,999	34	33	28	0	5	0	1,318	1,392		903		51	1,279
\$2,000-\$2,999	29	23	19	0	8	1	1,390	1,479		988	* 900	50	1,390
\$3,000 or over	8	8	6	0	2	0	2,404	2,626		* 1,740		52	2,404
Type 8	75	73	52	2	14	5	1,118	1,262	* 843	790	653	49	1,088
Type 9	76	76	71	0	4	1	1,039	1,057		852	* 520	49	1,039
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>													
All incomes	1,748	1,678	1,572	40	45	21	1,146	1,176	545	807	675	49	1,098
\$0-\$999	659	609	570	20	12	7	606	624	313	440	277	46	659
\$1,000-\$1,499	568	546	517	11	13	4	1,000	1,016	685	762	680	50	976
\$1,500-\$1,999	270	267	245	7	11	4	1,370	1,408	827	1,041	918	51	1,355
\$2,000-\$2,999	194	192	178	2	6	6	1,853	1,917	* 1,038	1,124	974	51	1,834
\$3,000 or over	67	66	62	0	3	0	4,384	4,647		1,020		52	4,251
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner	1,044	1,043	979	24	31	9	887	906	540	715	398	48	886
Clerical	204	204	184	4	11	5	1,213	1,249	456	1,007	972	51	1,213
Business and professional	428	416	395	11	8	7	1,773	1,828	620	1,017	819	50	1,721
Other	72	15	14	1	0	0	685	720	* 900			52	143
Family-type groups:													
Type 1	532	480	460	20			1,002	1,028	394			48	904
Types 2 and 3	459	456	453	3	0	0	1,187	1,189	861			50	1,180
Types 4 and 5	517	504	432	17	38	17	1,243	1,326	667	818	666	49	1,212
Types 6 and 7	185	184	182	0	1	1	1,167	1,171		* 780	* 810	50	1,161
Types 8 and 9	55	54	45	0	6	3	1,070	1,136		740		50	1,050
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>													
All incomes	1,670	1,560	1,489	34	26	11	1,183	1,204	738	880	473	49	1,104
\$0-\$999	674	614	485	15	7	7	672	586	269	453	364	46	612
\$1,000-\$1,499	547	516	502	7	4	2	1,042	1,052	666	699	* 675	50	981
\$1,500-\$1,999	262	252	233	9	8	2	1,380	1,421	940	824	* 750	51	1,327
\$2,000-\$2,999	197	193	186	2	5	0	1,949	1,972	* 1,262	1,368		51	1,910
\$3,000 or over	90	86	83	1	2	0	3,380	3,395	* 5,400	* 1,740		52	3,230

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 130.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ^a earnings per principal earner					Average ^a weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ^a earnings per family from principal earner (14)
		All ^b (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)		
VILLAGES—continued													
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin—Continued</i>													
Occupational groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Wage-earner.....	912	912	877	16	16	3	899	913	410	696	326	48	899
Clerical.....	210	210	194	7	6	3	1,308	1,356	663	994	474	50	1,308
Business and professional.....	445	425	405	11	4	5	1,737	1,767	1,262	1,445	560	51	1,658
Other.....	103	13	13	0	0	0	953	953				52	120
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	528	445	431	14			1,009	1,024	540			48	850
Types 2 and 3.....	468	462	454	8	0	0	1,257	1,256	1,344			50	1,242
Types 4 and 5.....	430	412	372	10	20	10	1,245	1,306	671	818	499	49	1,193
Types 6 and 7.....	195	193	191	2	0	0	1,293	1,306	^c 633			51	1,285
Types 8 and 9.....	49	48	41	0	6	1	1,081	1,101		1,087	^d 208	49	1,059
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>													
All incomes.....	1,649	1,516	1,425	29	38	24	1,100	1,132	499	608	685	48	1,012
\$0-\$999.....	745	653	609	17	17	10	529	542	228	353	566	45	464
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	446	421	395	8	10	8	1,018	1,040	792	593	712	50	961
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	222	216	201	3	7	5	1,420	1,466	904	725	833	50	1,381
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	168	164	159	1	4	0	1,952	1,966	^e 1,540	1,521		51	1,906
\$3,000 or over.....	68	62	61	0	0	1	4,292	4,347			^f 900	52	3,913

Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	714	712	670	13	25	4	780	804	203	459	526	46	777
Clerical.....	209	209	184	6	7	12	1,118	1,180	628	632	684	50	1,118
Business and professional.....	560	550	527	10	5	8	1,519	1,546	806	1,296	767	50	1,492
Other.....	166	45	44	0	1	0	955	961		* 711		47	259
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	509	417	404	13			1,086	1,108	397			48	890
Types 2 and 3.....	407	398	392	6	0	0	1,160	1,168	636			49	1,135
Types 4 and 5.....	528	500	443	7	29	21	1,085	1,145	480	602	694	48	1,032
Types 6 and 7.....	160	154	149	1	3	1	1,033	1,047	* 450	707	* 520	49	995
Types 8 and 9.....	47	47	37	2	6	2	1,084	1,200	* 843	584	* 678	49	1,084

¹ The total number of principal earners given in column 3 is equivalent to the total number of families having individual earners, since the family can have only 1 principal earner. Any difference between the totals in columns 2 and 3 is explained by the fact that column 2 includes some families with no income from earnings, some whose only earners had entrepreneurial losses, and some with family earnings only, i. e., earnings only from such family enterprises as keeping roomers and boarders, or other work not attributable to individual earners.

² Averages in this section of the table are based on the corresponding counts of principal earners in columns 3-7.

³ Averages in this column are based on the number of principal earners that reported the number of weeks during which they had earnings from employment, either full or part time.

⁴ Averages in this column are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

⁵ A average based on fewer than 3 cases.

⁶ Not reported.

TABLE 131.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others; and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners				Supplementary earners					Average ¹ earnings per supplementary earner					Average ² earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)
		Any ¹ (3)	1 only		More than 1 ¹ (6)	All (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males ¹ (10)	Other fe- males ¹ (11)	All (12)	Hus- bands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males ¹ (15)	Other fe- males ¹ (16)	
			Any family member (4)	Hus- band (5)												
SMALL CITIES																
<i>Combined cities</i>																
All incomes.....	Number 3,719	Number 3,554	Number 2,825	Number 2,763	Number 729	Number 855	Number 116	Number 371	Number 220	Number 148	Dollars 361	Dollars 424	Dollars 358	Dollars 329	Dollars 367	Dollars 83
\$0-\$999.....	1,107	1,005	839	795	166	179	41	85	25	18	149	208	114	139	137	23
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,108	1,071	838	829	233	265	31	129	57	48	299	348	278	239	228	64
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	644	628	480	477	148	174	21	74	46	33	382	551	396	287	397	103
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	545	536	416	412	120	149	14	61	50	24	535	751	600	413	500	146
\$3,000 or over.....	315	314	252	250	62	88	9	22	32	25	749	839	968	661	635	209
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	1,998	1,998	1,552	1,518	446	518	68	243	122	85	321	341	327	297	322	83
\$0-\$999.....	737	737	611	585	126	138	33	62	28	15	142	213	117	125	117	26
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	700	700	541	536	159	183	20	94	37	32	278	356	292	241	233	73
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	330	330	239	238	91	108	9	52	28	19	395	538	411	316	400	129
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	191	191	135	134	56	69	4	32	22	11	560	640	642	490	432	202
\$3,000 or over.....	40	40	26	25	14	20	2	3	7	8	731	7834	931	611	734	365
Clerical.....	582	582	437	421	145	172	31	69	43	29	444	495	434	404	470	131
\$0-\$999.....	115	115	95	84	20	21	7	13	1	0	135	206	79	79	79	25
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	183	183	135	133	48	55	10	22	13	10	269	326	273	233	248	81
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	107	107	82	81	25	28	8	10	7	5	398	682	392	251	277	104
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	126	126	92	90	34	42	6	15	15	6	599	831	637	425	707	200
\$3,000 or over.....	51	51	33	33	18	26	2	9	7	8	862	780	1,053	835	692	440

Business and professional.....	1,003	956	819	807	137	164	17	58	55	34	403	626	401	343	392	86	
\$0-\$999.....	175	144	124	117	20	20	1	10	6	3	160	7 60	143	165	238	18	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	195	185	159	157	26	27	1	13	7	6	208	7 432	190	240	172	29	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	192	187	156	155	31	37	6	11	11	9	335	477	341	151	457	65	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	218	217	187	186	30	38	4	14	13	7	421	743	467	267	430	73	
\$3,000 or over.....	223	223	193	192	30	42	5	10	18	9	687	864	904	613	496	129	
Other.....	136	18	17	17	1	1	0	1	0	0	7 240	7 240				2	
Family-type groups:																	
Type 1.....	1,114	997	821	797	176	176	27	146	* 1	* 2	417	392	427	7 369	7 50	66	
\$0-\$999.....	414	334	288	288	46	46	9	37			149	190	138			16	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	320	296	230	227	66	66	12	52		* 2	348	404	346		7 50	72	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	176	167	139	138	28	28	3	25			497	553	490			80	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	145	140	112	112	28	28	3	25			769	784	787			148	
\$3,000 or over.....	60	60	62	62	8	8	0	7	* 1		1,010		1,101	7 369		135	
Type 2.....	642	637	578	577	59	59	10	48	1	0	322	452	301	7 14		30	
\$0-\$999.....	194	191	170	169	21	21	6	15	0	0	170	279	127			18	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	199	198	182	182	16	16	0	16	0	0	281		281			23	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	116	115	108	106	9	9	3	6	0	0	620	649	466			40	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	91	91	82	82	9	9	1	8	0	0	320	7 900	248			32	
\$3,000 or over.....	42	42	38	38	4	4	0	3	1	0	839		1,114	7 14		80	
Type 3.....	406	404	368	368	36	37	1	33	3	0	266	7 676	274	47		24	
\$0-\$999.....	116	114	104	104	10	11	0	9	2	0	53		60	7 19		8	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	135	135	123	123	12	12	1	11	0	0	319	7 676	286			28	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	67	67	57	57	10	10	0	9	1	0	238		252	7 104		35	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	62	62	58	58	4	4	0	4	0	0	769		769			60	
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	26	26	0	0	0	0	0	0						0	
Type 4.....	764	732	492	465	240	280	51	69	99	61	359	422	333	326	390	132	
\$0-\$999.....	180	166	117	102	49	53	14	15	17	7	151	209	82	165	146	44	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	202	193	121	116	72	81	13	22	26	20	233	261	176	267	234	93	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	134	129	80	78	49	61	12	13	20	16	358	610	377	219	405	163	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	148	145	98	94	47	57	6	12	27	12	514	775	605	394	559	198	
\$3,000 or over.....	100	99	76	75	23	28	6	7	9	6	804	737	823	829	814	225	
Type 5.....	308	304	197	193	107	143	17	33	52	41	330	490	387	283	278	153	
\$0-\$999.....	71	70	47	44	23	28	8	5	8	7	158	178	133	170	138	62	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	94	92	58	57	34	46	2	10	21	13	249	7 520	367	208	186	122	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	52	51	31	31	20	25	1	6	9	7	265	7 711	178	245	328	128	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	50	50	33	33	17	26	3	8	9	8	444	679	486	332	452	231	
\$3,000 or over.....	41	41	28	28	13	18	3	4	5	6	733	1,043	1,023	771	364	322	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 131.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others; and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earner				Supplementary earners					Average ^s earnings per supplementary earner					Average ^s earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)	
		Any ¹ (3)	1 only		More than 1 ¹ (6)	All (7)	Husbands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males ¹ (10)	Other females ¹ (11)	All (12)	Husbands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males ¹ (15)	Other females ¹ (16)		
			Any family member (4)	Husband (5)													
SMALL CITIES—continued																	
Combined Cities—Continued																	
Family-type groups—Continued.	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	
Type 6	255	252	226	225	26	30	4	22	4	0	223	397	219	69	-----	26	
\$0-\$999.....	80	79	77	76	2	3	2	1	0	0	92	117	41	-----	-----	3	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	91	91	78	78	13	15	1	12	2	0	190	540	178	782	-----	31	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	45	44	38	38	6	6	1	5	0	0	388	815	303	-----	-----	52	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	22	21	17	17	4	5	0	3	2	0	167	-----	241	756	-----	38	
\$3,000 or over.....	17	17	16	16	1	1	0	1	0	0	404	-----	404	-----	-----	24	
Type 7	128	127	89	87	38	58	2	13	26	17	342	420	352	356	303	-----	155
\$0-\$999.....	27	27	22	21	5	7	1	1	4	1	79	300	26	49	34	-----	21
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	44	43	33	33	10	15	0	4	3	8	151	-----	62	179	184	-----	51
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	30	30	17	17	13	17	1	5	7	4	416	540	564	299	404	-----	296
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	16	16	9	9	7	12	0	3	7	2	558	-----	493	653	320	-----	418
\$3,000 or over.....	11	11	8	7	3	7	0	0	5	2	464	-----	373	692	-----	295	
Types 8 and 9	102	101	54	51	47	72	4	7	34	27	452	283	275	456	517	-----	319
\$0-\$999.....	25	24	14	11	10	10	1	2	4	3	135	260	106	111	146	-----	54
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	23	23	13	13	10	14	2	2	5	5	327	148	168	330	459	-----	199
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	25	25	12	12	13	18	0	3	9	6	422	-----	459	389	453	-----	304
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	11	11	7	7	4	8	1	0	5	2	492	576	-----	493	523	-----	357
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	8	8	10	22	0	0	11	11	685	-----	-----	691	680	-----	838
Type 8	58	57	27	25	30	46	3	4	20	19	477	290	362	493	515	-----	379
Type 9	44	44	27	26	17	26	1	3	14	8	407	260	160	403	524	-----	240

<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>																
All incomes.....	253	242	180	178	62	70	7	35	16	12	311	568	202	385	385	86
\$0-\$999.....	55	49	41	41	8	8	1	7	0	0	126	† 180	118	.....	.....	18
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	97	93	69	67	24	28	2	15	5	4	237	† 260	166	374	324	64
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	60	60	35	35	15	17	2	9	3	3	307	† 708	248	132	361	104
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	42	41	28	28	13	17	1	4	7	5	471	† 560	377	523	455	191
\$3,000 or over.....	9	9	7	7	2	2	1	0	1	0	† 684	† 1,144	.....	† 225	.....	152
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	169	159	114	112	45	49	3	28	10	8	300	708	194	448	332	92
Clerical.....	30	30	24	24	6	6	3	1	1	1	442	845	† 416	† 600	† 600	88
Business and professional.....	65	63	42	42	11	15	1	6	5	3	296	† 780	202	214	467	81
Other.....	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	71	63	53	53	10	10	1	9	.....	.....	338	† 420	320	.....	.....	48
Types 2 and 3.....	70	68	57	57	11	11	0	11	0	0	147	.....	147	.....	.....	23
Types 4 and 5.....	75	74	42	40	32	30	6	9	13	11	382	586	209	380	413	198
Types 6 and 7.....	31	31	23	23	8	9	0	6	2	1	189	.....	100	† 509	† 80	55
Types 8 and 9.....	6	6	5	5	1	1	0	0	1	0	† 195	.....	.....	† 195	.....	32
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>																
All incomes.....	688	671	456	444	115	136	15	62	37	22	290	468	236	291	328	67
\$0-\$999.....	178	167	136	128	31	35	5	22	5	3	107	208	92	40	158	21
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	195	192	156	153	37	41	4	16	10	11	233	303	188	230	275	49
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	108	105	86	84	19	22	1	10	7	4	251	† 815	194	222	303	51
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	74	74	55	55	19	25	4	12	8	1	485	792	562	253	† 180	164
\$3,000 or over.....	33	33	24	24	9	13	1	2	7	3	657	† 780	† 442	666	736	259
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	308	308	254	249	54	65	5	31	15	14	239	327	217	167	334	51
Clerical.....	106	106	76	73	30	33	6	14	10	3	345	472	244	443	243	108
Business and professional.....	154	153	122	118	31	38	4	17	12	5	330	639	263	317	340	81
Other.....	20	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	177	165	127	121	38	38	6	32	.....	.....	289	338	279	.....	.....	62
Types 2 and 3.....	166	166	154	154	12	12	0	11	1	0	119	.....	.....	† 14	.....	9
Types 4 and 5.....	174	171	121	116	60	64	8	14	24	18	268	522	138	237	297	98
Types 6 and 7.....	58	57	50	50	7	7	9	4	3	1	343	† 815	491	53	† 149	53
Types 8 and 9.....	13	12	4	3	8	13	0	1	9	8	527	.....	† 364	643	635	527
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>																
All incomes.....	404	373	334	330	39	41	5	23	7	6	312	356	254	455	325	32
\$0-\$999.....	110	91	87	83	4	4	0	3	0	1	44	.....	41	.....	† 50	2
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	168	161	142	142	19	20	3	10	4	3	151	180	118	174	200	18
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	70	67	57	57	10	10	1	8	1	0	314	† 380	332	† 104	.....	45
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	38	36	33	33	3	3	1	2	0	0	920	† 869	† 960	.....	.....	78
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	15	15	3	4	0	0	2	2	923	.....	.....	† 1,196	† 650	205

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 131.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others; and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1985-86—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners				Supplementary earners					Average earnings per supplementary earner					Average earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)
		Any ¹ (3)	I only		More than 1 ² (6)	All (7)	Husbands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males ³ (10)	Other females ⁴ (11)	All (12)	Husbands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males ⁵ (15)	Other females ⁶ (16)	
			Any family member (4)	Husband (5)												
SMALL CITIES—continued																
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam—Continued</i>																
Occupational groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Wage-earner.....	257	257	225	222	32	33	5	21	4	3	247	355	247	174	165	32
Clerical.....	37	37	34	34	3	3	0	1	1	1	293	.....	150	104	624	24
Business and professional.....	85	78	74	73	4	5	0	1	2	2	749	.....	520	1,195	416	44
Other.....	25	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	138	113	105	102	8	8	1	7	.....	.....	443	345	457	.....	.....	26
Type 2 and 3.....	118	117	109	109	8	8	0	7	1	0	195	.....	208	104	.....	13
Type 4 and 5.....	95	90	73	72	17	17	8	8	4	2	269	463	133	420	222	48
Type 6 and 7.....	45	45	44	44	1	1	0	1	0	0	136	.....	136	.....	.....	8
Type 8 and 9.....	8	8	3	3	5	7	1	0	2	4	423	45	.....	704	326	370
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>																
All incomes.....	372	360	264	254	96	121	11	51	40	19	287	281	311	250	300	98
\$0-\$999.....	128	121	96	89	25	28	4	14	8	2	116	123	112	139	46	25
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	128	124	87	86	37	46	3	22	11	10	241	317	243	224	230	86
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	49	34	34	15	18	2	6	9	1	317	452	454	174	520	114
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	44	44	32	31	12	18	0	6	10	2	428	.....	590	358	292	175
\$3,000 or over.....	22	22	15	14	7	11	2	8	2	4	629	370	900	634	552	314
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	197	197	180	174	67	85	8	38	25	14	267	226	226	250	242	115
Clerical.....	48	48	34	33	14	17	2	9	4	2	395	540	337	278	748	140
Business and professional.....	118	115	100	97	15	19	1	4	4	3	276	200	397	239	272	44
Other.....	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0

Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	113	106	85	83	21	21	1	19	1	387	778	404	7369		72	
Types 2 and 3.....	110	110	101	101	9	10	1	7	2	176	7676	150	719		16	
Types 4 and 5.....	96	91	48	41	43	57	7	13	25	205	250	370	280	319	181	
Types 6 and 7.....	44	44	28	27	16	25	2	9	2	243	7291	234	251	225	137	
Types 8 and 9.....	9	9	2	2	7	8	0	3	3	166		70	116	7374	148	
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>																
All incomes.....	302	374	338	335	36	41	2	17	10	12	359	7489	428	294	292	38
\$0-\$999.....	116	105	97	95	8	8	1	3	2	2	116	7250	78	7110	7112	8
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	102	96	85	85	11	13	0	4	3	6	197		259	83	213	26
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	77	76	69	69	7	7	1	4	2	0	356	7728	204	7475		32
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	71	71	65	64	6	7	0	4	2	1	522		737	7314	780	52
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	22	22	4	6	0	2	1	3	844		71,121	7900	642	194
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	204	204	186	185	18	21	1	7	5	8	271	7250	289	244	302	28
Clerical.....	61	61	53	52	8	9	0	6	2	2	541		585	7490	7490	80
Business and professional.....	111	106	97	96	9	10	1	4	3	2	390	7728	575	249	764	35
Other.....	16	3	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	7240		7240		15	
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	120	107	98	97	9	9	0	9			296		296		22	
Types 2 and 3.....	105	104	99	99	5	5	2	3	0	0	695	7489			33	
Types 4 and 5.....	98	94	82	80	12	15	0	2	7	6	288		7570	268	218	
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	61	61	7	9	0	2	1	5	356		325	7450	356	
Types 8 and 9.....	11	11	8	8	3	3	0	0	2	1	347			7310	7420	95
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>																
All incomes.....	1,185	1,129	865	853	264	318	48	137	83	50	411	459	483	294	362	110
\$0-\$999.....	296	262	209	202	53	56	20	18	11	7	160	209	122	148	135	30
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	293	284	213	211	71	84	8	44	20	12	283	389	324	210	183	81
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	202	195	140	139	65	69	8	24	22	15	412	565	498	285	381	141
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	198	193	141	139	52	66	7	32	19	8	556	761	616	368	583	185
\$3,000 or over.....	196	195	162	162	33	43	5	19	11	8	765	977	960	485	576	168
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	479	479	344	337	135	161	26	73	42	20	367	841	434	259	383	123
Clerical.....	227	227	156	152	71	90	14	38	22	16	435	537	524	296	326	173
Business and professional.....	435	410	353	352	57	66	8	26	18	14	483	704	559	358	376	73
Other.....	44	13	12	12	1	1	0	0	1	0	7600			7600	14	
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	313	276	222	218	54	54	10	42		12	562	430	617		750	97
Types 2 and 3.....	349	346	308	307	38	38	6	32	0	0	395	428	389			43
Types 4 and 5.....	355	342	212	205	130	159	29	47	64	29	382	468	404	281	285	171
Types 6 and 7.....	128	125	102	102	23	35	1	13	17	4	269	7192	252	264	362	74
Types 8 and 9.....	40	40	21	21	19	32	2	3	12	15	475	7413	442	395	654	380

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 131.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others; and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners				Supplementary earners					Average ^a earnings per supplementary earner					Average ^a earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)
		Any ¹ (3)	1 only		More than 1 ¹ (6)	All (7)	Husbands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males ¹ (10)	Other females ¹ (11)	All (12)	Husbands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males ¹ (15)	Other females ¹ (16)	
			Any family member (4)	Husband (5)												
SMALL CITIES—continued																
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>																
All incomes.....	Number 925	Number 897	Number 683	Number 662	Number 214	Number 243	Number 47	Number 88	Number 55	Number 53	Dollars 403	Dollars 343	Dollars 409	Dollars 416	Dollars 434	Dollars 106
\$0-\$999.....	333	313	253	235	80	64	20	25	12	7	179	214	157	181	159	85
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	223	218	165	163	63	67	15	29	12	11	387	391	415	312	288	110
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	169	168	115	115	43	51	9	21	8	13	491	486	551	460	416	168
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	153	161	114	114	37	44	3	13	14	14	561	540	651	483	551	161
\$3,000 or over.....	57	57	46	45	11	17	0	0	0	8	720			727	713	215
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	609	609	458	446	151	171	38	67	38	38	380	311	402	408	372	107
Clerical.....	138	138	101	94	37	45	10	11	9	18	481	412	459	506	555	150
Business and professional.....	154	148	122	120	26	29	4	10	8	7	427	438	402	355	540	81
Other.....	24	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0						0
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	298	279	233	225	46	46	10	36			431	413	437			67
Types 2 and 3.....	231	230	206	206	24	24	3	21	6	0	363	420	355			38
Types 4 and 5.....	318	310	181	173	129	148	30	27	46	45	383	320	416		376	413
Types 6 and 7.....	52	52	45	48	7	9	2	4	2	1	473	420	396	632	572	82
Types 8 and 9.....	26	26	18	15	8	16	2	0	7	7	534	460	621	554		329
VILLAGES																
<i>Combined village units</i>																
All incomes.....	5,067	4,754	3,607	3,530	1,147	1,396	168	623	424	181	267	384	216	280	299	73
\$0-\$999.....	1,978	1,770	1,423	1,368	353	397	52	231	78	36	102	173	80	112	122	21
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,551	1,481	1,106	1,101	375	455	56	203	140	56	220	353	212	195	182	65
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	754	735	510	501	225	288	40	115	94	39	338	572	322	276	291	129
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	559	549	402	397	147	193	16	56	89	32	489	637	470	467	480	169
\$3,000 or over.....	225	213	166	163	47	63	4	18	23	18	630	469	552	653	715	176

Occupational groups:	2, 670	2, 667	1, 947	1, 904	720	879	84	423	258	114	246	388	209	259	250	81
Wage-earner.....																
\$0-\$999.....	1, 320	1, 317	1, 045	1, 007	272	306	29	189	60	28	99	193	81	100	118	23
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	926	926	666	665	290	315	29	145	101	40	231	307	239	201	174	78
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	289	289	162	159	127	170	19	66	56	29	366	587	373	304	326	215
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	123	123	64	64	69	86	7	21	41	17	588	742	632	570	515	411
\$3,000 or over.....	12	12	10	9	2	2	0	2	0	0	† 340		† 340			67
Clerical.....	623	623	456	440	187	207	38	77	68	29	305	358	254	289	404	101
\$0-\$999.....	171	171	138	129	33	30	14	16	4	2	142	160	102	178	† 260	30
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	189	189	140	140	49	63	11	24	18	10	195	368	147	158	190	65
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	124	124	84	81	40	47	8	18	15	6	288	559	209	256	247	109
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	108	108	78	76	30	37	3	14	17	3	398	617	426	352	312	136
\$3,000 or over.....	31	31	16	15	15	24	2	5	9	8	723	† 488	635	535	862	600
Business and professional.....	1, 433	1, 391	1, 138	1, 122	253	303	46	118	102	37	300	399	211	330	377	63
\$0-\$999.....	285	251	207	201	44	51	9	24	13	5	100	130	62	150	103	16
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	354	350	285	281	65	76	16	33	21	6	201	318	141	199	223	43
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	317	314	257	254	67	70	13	30	23	4	298	558	270	220	112	66
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	311	310	252	250	58	70	6	21	31	12	414	658	338	396	472	98
\$3,000 or over.....	166	166	137	136	29	36	2	10	14	10	573	† 450	358	728	597	124
Other.....	341	73	66	64	7	7	0	5	1	1	260		346	† 45	† 45	5
\$0-\$999.....	202	37	33	31	4	4	0	2	1	1	46		† 46	† 45	† 45	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	82	16	15	16	1	1	0	1	0	0	† 99		† 99			1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	24	8	7	7	1	1	0	1	0	0	† 528		† 528			22
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	17	8	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	0						0
\$3,000 or over.....	16	4	3	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	† 1,008		† 1,008			69
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	1, 569	1, 342	1, 131	1, 113	211	211	29	182			246	385	224			33
\$0-\$999.....	812	657	564	547	93	93	13	80			89	160	78			10
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	403	356	301	300	55	55	6	49			240	390	221			33
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	188	168	118	118	40	40	9	81			464	680	401			110
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	134	125	106	106	19	19	1	18			469	† 624	460			67
\$3,000 or over.....	52	46	42	42	4	4	0	4			750		750			58
Type 2.....	770	754	640	638	114	119	7	103	8	1	229	404	235	14	† 132	85
\$0-\$999.....	303	295	251	251	44	47	3	39	4	1	93	186	92	16	† 132	14
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	246	242	210	209	32	34	1	30	3	0	227	† 312	246	9		31
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	116	113	91	91	22	22	3	19	0	0	328	653	275			62
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	80	80	69	69	11	11	0	11	0	0	544		544			75
\$3,000 or over.....	25	24	19	18	5	5	0	4	1	0	408		506	† 20		82

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 131.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others; and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners				Supplementary earners					Average ⁵ earnings per supplementary earner					Average ⁶ earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)
		Any ¹ (3)	1 only		More than 1 (6)	All (7)	Husbands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males ³ (10)	Other females ⁴ (11)	All (12)	Husbands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males ³ (15)	Other females ⁴ (16)	
			Any family member (4)	Husband (5)													Dollars (12)	Dollars (13)	Dollars (14)	Dollars (15)	Dollars (16)
VILLAGES—continued																
Combined village units—Continued																
Family-type groups—Continued	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Type 3.....	584	582	468	467	94	95	7	85	2	1	211	485	194	20	51	36
\$0-\$999.....	178	177	141	140	36	36	1	35	0	0	85	170	62			13
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	220	219	180	180	39	40	1	34	2	1	237	509	231	20	51	43
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	90	90	78	78	12	12	1	11	0	0	436	600	422			53
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	53	53	49	49	5	5	2	3	0	0	502	650	470			47
\$3,000 or over.....	23	23	21	21	2	2	0	2	0	0	232		232			26
Type 4.....	1,058	1,008	612	568	394	479	72	139	186	82	307	355	259	311	335	139
\$0-\$999.....	348	319	218	188	101	120	22	34	46	18	128	174	88	122	151	44
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	301	297	151	149	136	163	27	57	56	23	243	317	205	268	194	132
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	184	180	104	97	76	94	14	25	38	17	362	556	313	333	338	185
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	161	160	97	93	63	78	8	17	36	17	543	663	540	529	508	263
\$3,000 or over.....	64	60	42	41	18	24	1	6	10	7	661	75	703	568	842	248
Type 5.....	415	410	247	240	163	230	29	49	104	48	236	436	151	236	202	131
\$0-\$999.....	116	114	75	71	39	39	8	17	14	13	101	180	76	93	94	45
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	132	130	74	74	56	81	11	12	43	15	178	431	103	138	104	109
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	84	83	43	42	40	60	6	17	26	11	271	498	271	225	270	193
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	52	52	32	31	20	28	3	1	16	8	432	924	50	366	368	233
\$3,000 or over.....	31	31	23	22	8	9	1	2	5	1	708	900	118	1,037	57	206

Type 6.....	367	359	318	317	41	42	2	32	6	2	166	† 316	172	59	† 23	18
\$0-\$999.....	135	130	115	114	15	16	1	13	1	1	112	† 251	118	† 3	† 4	13
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	137	135	118	118	17	17	1	14	1	1	218	† 890	232	34	† 42	27
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	44	44	41	41	3	3	0	2	1	0	95		† 120	† 37		6
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	36	36	31	31	5	5	0	3	2	0	138		168	† 93		19
\$3,000 or over.....	15	14	13	13	1	1	0	0	1	0	† 84			† 84		6
Type 7.....	173	172	116	116	56	83	5	16	42	20	233	373	108	200	369	112
\$0-\$999.....	49	48	37	37	11	14	0	6	8	0	92		71	108		26
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	63	63	43	43	20	27	1	5	11	10	207	† 208	98	224	244	89
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	34	34	20	20	14	26	4	5	13	4	208	414	163	153	235	159
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	20	20	12	12	8	11	0	0	9	2	357			306	† 590	197
\$3,000 or over.....	7	7	4	4	3	5	0	0	1	4	623			† 300	703	445
Types 8 and 9.....	151	149	75	71	74	137	17	17	76	27	333	378	153	258	351	302
\$0-\$999.....	37	36	22	20	14	19	4	7	5	3	113	164	50	169	99	58
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	49	49	29	28	20	38	6	2	24	6	174	286	† 128	162	124	135
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	34	33	15	14	18	31	3	5	16	7	332	653	249	337	245	303
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	23	23	7	7	16	36	2	3	26	5	493	† 898	248	512	520	776
\$3,000 or over.....	8	8	2	2	6	13	2	0	6	6	673	† 450		749	684	1,093
Type 8.....	75	73	29	25	44	77	14	9	39	15	345	393	127	368	368	354
Type 9.....	76	76	46	46	30	60	3	8	37	12	319	309	182	346	328	252
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>																
All incomes.....	1,748	1,678	1,249	1,215	429	805	63	240	137	65	316	479	269	318	330	92
\$0-\$999.....	659	609	492	471	117	127	16	77	21	13	107	209	64	71	118	22
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	558	545	397	393	148	171	22	87	42	20	264	460	259	192	229	83
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	270	267	174	168	93	113	13	46	38	16	391	624	370	310	462	164
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	194	192	135	133	57	77	10	23	32	12	567	888	562	563	404	225
\$3,000 or over.....	67	65	51	50	14	17	2	7	4	4	776	† 488	687	1,040	818	197
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	1,044	1,043	736	718	307	359	40	184	87	48	305	489	266	293	320	105
Clerical.....	204	204	151	144	53	64	10	24	22	8	345	494	252	352	418	108
Business and professional.....	428	416	348	340	68	81	13	31	28	9	337	440	277	367	305	66
Other.....	72	15	14	13	1	1	0	1	0	0	† 1,008		† 1,008		14	
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	532	480	402	393	78	78	11	67			303	454	278			44
Types 2 and 3.....	469	456	378	377	78	80	2	74	4	0	244	† 539	248	18		42
Types 4 and 5.....	517	504	292	269	212	259	42	70	95	82	350	504	812	333	306	176
Types 6 and 7.....	186	184	160	150	34	39	1	21	11	6	235	† 200	192	187	475	49
Types 8 and 9.....	55	54	27	26	27	49	7	8	27	7	344	394	217	399	381	306

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 131.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others; and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners				Supplementary earners					Average * earnings per supplementary earner					Average earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)
		Any † (3)	1 only		More than 1 † (6)	All (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males † (10)	Other fe- males † (11)	All (12)	Hus- bands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males † (15)	Other fe- males † (16)	
			Any family member (4)	Hus- band (5)												
VILLAGES—continued Michigan-Wisconsin	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
All incomes.....	1,670	1,580	1,185	1,166	375	450	45	220	134	51	251	374	189	302	280	68
\$0-\$999.....	574	514	410	395	104	117	12	77	20	8	87	123	74	114	95	18
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	547	515	390	390	125	146	12	76	45	13	175	331	163	173	103	47
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	262	252	176	175	76	93	16	43	22	12	333	523	324	301	167	118
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	197	193	148	146	45	58	3	15	32	8	447	700	349	450	406	132
\$3,000 or over.....	90	86	61	60	25	36	2	9	15	10	570	† 450	473	604	650	228
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	912	912	681	670	231	278	20	145	83	30	216	354	176	268	176	66
Clerical.....	210	210	155	149	55	67	8	30	17	12	321	328	288	322	402	104
Business and professional.....	445	425	337	335	88	104	17	44	34	9	302	419	167	375	466	71
Other.....	103	13	12	12	1	1	0	1	0	0	† 2		† 2			(*)
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	528	445	366	362	79	79	10	69			189	338	167			28
Types 2 and 3.....	468	462	379	378	83	86	7	75	3	1	250	485	239	15	† 132	46
Types 4 and 5.....	430	412	258	246	154	105	22	56	83	24	260	348	177	295	263	118
Types 6 and 7.....	195	193	159	158	34	39	1	14	16	8	199	† 380	123	195	318	40
Types 8 and 9.....	49	48	23	22	25	51	5	6	32	8	395	401	69	402	378	374

Illinois-Iowa		1, 649	1, 516	1, 173	1, 149	343	441	60	163	153	65	225	292	176	227	284	60
All incomes.....																	
\$0-\$999.....	745	652	521	502	132	153	24	77	37	15	110	174	73	146	138	23	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	446	421	319	318	102	138	22	40	53	23	215	269	199	217	186	67	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	222	216	160	158	56	82	11	26	34	11	270	582	233	222	194	100	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	168	164	119	118	45	58	3	18	25	12	426	338	454	356	552	147	
\$3,000 or over.....	68	62	54	53	8	10		2	4	4	598		438	449	827	88	
Occupational groups:																	
Wage-earner.....	714	712	530	516	182	242	24	94	88	36	194	248	150	216	217	66	
Clerical.....	209	209	150	147	59	76	20	23	24	9	256	301	212	207	396	93	
Business and professional.....	560	550	453	447	97	118	16	43	40	19	273	346	209	266	369	57	
Other.....	166	46	40	39	5	5	0	3	1	1	162		239	45	45	5	
Family-type groups:																	
Type 1.....	509	417	363	358	54	54	8	46			248	348	231			26	
Types 2 and 3.....	407	398	351	350	47	48	5	39	3	1	131	350	114	11	51	15	
Types 4 and 5.....	526	500	309	293	191	255	37	62	112	44	236	254	188	236	286	114	
Types 6 and 7.....	160	154	125	125	29	47	5	13	21	8	191	383	115	169	253	56	
Types 8 and 9.....	47	47	25	23	22	37	5	3	17	12	284	333	149	272	314	223	

¹ Any difference between the totals in columns 2 and 3 is explained by the fact that column 2 includes some families with no income from earnings and some with family earnings only, i.e., earnings only from such family enterprises as keeping roomers and boarders, or other work not attributable to individual earners.

² Families that have supplementary earners.

³ This includes male earners under 16 years of age, as follows: Combined cities, 15; New Philadelphia, 5; Lincoln, 7; Beaver Dam, 1; Boone, 1; Columbia, 1; Moberly, 1; combined village units, 41; Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 17; Michigan-Wisconsin villages, 12; and Illinois-Iowa villages, 12. Average earnings amounted to: Combined cities, \$48; New Philadelphia, \$52; Lincoln, \$33; Beaver Dam, \$104; Boone, \$65; Columbia, \$12; Moberly, \$65; combined village units, \$44; Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, \$34; Michigan-Wisconsin villages, \$61; and Illinois-Iowa villages, \$41.

⁴ This includes female earners under 16 years of age as follows: Combined cities, 2; Lincoln, 2; combined village units, 6; Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 1; Michigan-Wisconsin villages, 3; and Illinois-Iowa villages, 2. Average earnings amounted to: Combined cities, \$92; Lincoln, \$92; combined village units, \$36; Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, \$78; Michigan-Wisconsin villages, \$43; and Illinois-Iowa villages, \$2.

⁵ Averages in this section of the table are based on the corresponding counts of supplementary earners in columns 7-11.

⁶ Averages in this column are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

⁷ Averages based on fewer than 3 cases.

⁸ Members of the economic family for fewer than 27 weeks. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.

TABLE 132.—FAMILY EARNINGS: Number of families having only one earner and number having earning husbands, percentage of total family earnings derived from husbands, average earnings per family from principal and from supplementary earners, and average earnings per supplementary earner, by occupation and income, North Central small cities separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State, city, and family-income class (dollars)	Wage-earner families							Clerical families						Business and professional families							
	All families	Families with only 1 earner	Families with earnings from husband	Percentage ¹ of family earnings derived from husband	Average ² earnings per family from—		Average ³ earnings per supplementary earner	All families	Families with only 1 earner	Families with earnings from husband	Percentage ¹ of family earnings derived from husband	Average ² earnings per family from—		Average ³ earnings per supplementary earner	All families	Families with only 1 earner	Families with earnings from husband	Percentage ¹ of family earnings derived from husband	Average ² earnings per family from—		Average ³ earnings per supplementary earner
					Principal earner	Supplementary earner						Principal earner	Supplementary earner						Principal earner	Supplementary earner		Principal earner	Supplementary earner
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
OHIO, MOUNT VERNON	No.	No.	No.	Pct.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	No.	No.	No.	Pct.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	No.	No.	No.	Pct.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.
All incomes.....	169	114	167	89.7	1,129	92	300	30	24	30	90.6	1,289	88	442	55	42	53	94.1	1,876	81	296
0-999.....	40	34	40	95.9	661	19	128	4	8	4	82.9	678	45	180	5	4	5	96.4	799	12	60
1,000-1,499.....	68	49	66	90.4	1,043	66	226	12	9	12	85.9	980	93	872	15	11	13	90.7	947	36	182
1,500-1,999.....	28	17	28	93.0	1,437	93	218	7	6	7	91.0	1,395	108	755	15	12	15	91.4	1,407	123	462
2,000-2,999.....	21	13	21	84.5	1,785	269	665	7	6	7	96.0	2,063	86	600	13	9	13	90.8	1,960	135	292
3,000 or over.....	2	1	2	(*)	2,175	572	1,144	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	7	6	7	98.9	5,490	32	225
OHIO, NEW PHILADELPHIA																					
All incomes.....	308	254	302	92.7	1,029	50	239	106	76	103	88.6	1,210	108	345	154	122	149	92.3	1,729	81	330
0-999.....	117	98	113	94.7	636	17	88	22	15	20	83.5	598	47	146	26	21	24	82.2	487	27	141
1,000-1,499.....	118	100	116	92.8	1,046	45	255	42	29	42	89.0	1,004	89	250	32	25	30	92.6	1,022	22	118
1,500-1,999.....	54	43	54	93.9	1,496	62	259	21	18	20	94.4	1,459	31	290	24	28	28	90.2	1,399	52	249
2,000-2,999.....	18	13	18	88.0	2,028	108	508	17	12	17	85.8	1,861	264	749	30	30	39	93.2	2,090	104	339
3,000 or over.....	1	0	1	(*)	1,920	1,248	1,248	4	2	4	86.1	2,675	432	577	28	22	28	93.8	3,528	199	618
ILLINOIS, LINCOLN																					
All incomes.....	197	130	189	83.8	947	115	287	48	34	47	87.7	1,395	140	395	118	100	111	93.5	1,475	44	276
0-999.....	85	66	79	86.3	656	28	102	12	10	11	89.0	800	11	65	27	20	22	79.4	479	33	221
1,000-1,499.....	76	46	74	85.7	1,010	122	238	17	13	17	94.9	1,099	54	230	31	28	31	95.3	1,090	27	283
1,500-1,999.....	22	11	22	84.0	1,409	216	366	4	2	4	84.8	1,350	171	342	23	21	23	98.3	1,640	12	92

2,000-2,999.....	13	7	13	77.7	1,805	402	580	10	6	10	89.0	1,904	231	384	21	19	20	97.2	2,013	9	62
3,000 or over.....	1	0	1	(¹)	2,000	1,200	600	5	3	6	78.2	2,858	535	892	16	12	15	89.6	2,959	190	507
WISCONSIN, BEAVER DAM																					
All incomes.....	257	225	254	93.3	1,024	32	247	37	34	36	93.2	1,440	24	293	85	74	77	93.2	1,540	44	749
0-999.....	69	65	66	94.8	656	3	44	9	9	9	97.0	691	0	19	12	11	66.1	252	0		
1,000-1,499.....	136	118	136	95.0	1,054	21	150	9	9	9	98.6	1,002	0	16	15	16	90.2	1,016	10	156	
1,500-1,999.....	41	34	41	91.3	1,326	58	338	6	4	6	96.1	1,571	42	127	20	19	20	97.5	1,468	26	520
2,000-2,999.....	10	7	10	83.0	1,729	276	920	9	9	9	99.2	1,978	0	17	17	17	96.4	1,947	0		
3,000 or over.....	1	1	1	(¹)	3,000	40		4	3	3	75.2	2,710	166	624	13	11	13	93.5	3,645	236	1,023
IOWA, BOONE																					
All incomes.....	204	186	203	96.2	1,235	28	271	61	53	59	92.9	1,457	80	541	111	97	105	95.9	1,602	35	390
0-999.....	71	65	71	96.3	822	11	131	13	13	12	91.5	763		22	17	18	91.6	488	7	472	
1,000-1,499.....	55	49	55	96.8	1,142	30	204	20	17	19	93.8	1,092	32	215	23	19	21	95.9	1,038	12	141
1,500-1,999.....	44	41	44	98.3	1,536	22	322	9	7	9	95.8	1,450	62	280	22	21	22	93.3	1,453	33	728
2,000-2,999.....	28	26	27	94.2	2,151	33	464	12	11	12	95.8	2,031	73	880	31	28	31	96.8	2,052	60	462
3,000 or over.....	6	5	6	92.6	2,883	231	692	7	5	7	87.6	2,814	397	927	13	12	13	97.8	3,658	69	900
MISSOURI, COLUMBIA																					
All incomes.....	479	344	467	84.5	986	123	367	227	156	218	84.3	1,553	173	435	435	353	406	93.3	2,280	73	483
0-999.....	192	153	185	87.2	606	39	177	27	20	25	85.4	670	17	64	55	33	39	69.0	392	19	150
1,000-1,499.....	161	117	160	87.6	1,019	98	305	64	46	62	85.7	1,061	89	249	59	45	52	84.2	1,018	37	242
1,500-1,999.....	84	66	83	84.6	1,368	200	455	44	30	43	85.5	1,378	196	430	69	52	63	89.8	1,353	54	265
2,000-2,999.....	35	15	32	72.8	1,680	458	642	62	40	60	83.8	1,927	229	458	94	84	94	94.7	2,154	68	644
3,000 or over.....	7	3	7	82.1	2,599	413	678	30	20	28	82.8	2,885	383	957	158	139	158	95.3	3,889	117	712
MISSOURI, MOBERLY																					
All incomes.....	609	458	593	88.3	1,182	107	380	138	101	127	84.5	1,283	150	481	154	122	145	92.0	1,504	81	427
0-999.....	242	194	231	86.8	607	38	178	38	30	30	74.3	615	45	189	36	28	29	74.5	420	19	173
1,000-1,499.....	154	109	152	85.9	1,032	121	387	33	21	30	80.1	1,008	135	344	31	24	30	95.1	1,078	49	254
1,500-1,999.....	87	59	85	84.6	1,441	196	487	33	28	33	93.8	1,513	91	602	38	28	38	88.4	1,521	130	451
2,000-2,999.....	97	74	97	93.3	2,124	137	493	26	17	26	84.7	1,897	263	684	29	23	28	90.5	1,862	156	648
3,000 or over.....	29	22	28	89.7	2,849	238	691	8	5	8	81.3	2,656	582	776	20	19	20	99.1	3,570	34	675

¹ Percentages are based on the total family earnings for each class, regardless of whether husbands were earners.

² Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

³ Averages are based on the number of supplementary earners in each class.

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

⁵ Percentages not computed for averages based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 133.—FAMILY EARNINGS: Number of families having only one earner and number having earning husbands, percentage of total family earnings derived from husbands, average earnings per family from principal and from supplementary earners, and average earnings per supplementary earner, by occupation and income and by family type and income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Occupational group, family type, and income class (dollars)	Pennsylvania-Ohio							Michigan-Wisconsin						Illinois-Iowa							
	Families	Families with only 1 earner	Families with earnings from husband	Percentage of family earnings derived from husband	Average earnings per family from—		Average earnings per supplementary earner	Families	Families with only 1 earner	Families with earnings from husband	Percentage of family earnings derived from husband	Average earnings per family from—		Average earnings per supplementary earner	Families	Families with only 1 earner	Families with earnings from husband	Percentage of family earnings derived from husband	Average earnings per family from—		Average earnings per supplementary earner
					Principal earner	Supplementary earner						Principal earner	Supplementary earner						Principal earner	Supplementary earner	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
All incomes.....	Number 1,748	Number 1,249	Number 1,635	Percent 88.8	Dollars 1,098	Dollars 92	Dollars 316	Number 1,670	Number 1,185	Number 1,534	Percent 91.2	Dollars 1,104	Dollars 68	Dollars 251	Number 1,649	Number 1,173	Number 1,485	Percent 91.4	Dollars 1,012	Dollars 60	Dollars 225
Occupational groups:	1,044	736	1,019	85.9	886	105	305	912	681	897	90.6	899	66	218	714	530	694	89.7	777	66	194
Wage-earner.....	493	363	475	91.8	625	26	111	407	325	395	93.8	679	19	85	420	327	404	92.9	517	25	98
0-999.....	372	254	369	88.1	982	103	293	355	268	354	93.6	1,036	51	176	199	144	197	89.6	982	51	205
1,000-1,499.....	118	87	115	78.4	1,284	284	430	103	61	102	84.4	1,307	184	360	69	44	66	88.3	1,368	141	240
1,500-1,999.....	57	28	57	75.8	1,536	446	636	41	23	40	78.2	1,662	352	515	25	13	25	78.7	1,887	431	598
2,000-2,999.....	4	4	3	83.1	2,570	-----	-----	6	4	6	95.0	2,181	113	340	2	2	2	(9)	3,026	40	-----
3,000 or over.....	204	151	194	86.0	1,213	108	345	210	155	202	88.9	1,308	104	321	209	150	204	87.7	1,118	93	256
Clerical.....	51	43	48	90.7	581	18	117	45	36	41	84.2	568	28	127	75	59	73	85.0	596	39	161
0-999.....	68	54	68	94.2	1,061	38	151	64	47	64	93.8	1,048	52	175	57	39	56	83.1	980	113	238
1,000-1,499.....	41	28	37	83.2	1,378	119	325	46	30	45	88.9	1,396	102	260	37	26	30	89.4	1,411	108	286
1,500-1,999.....	34	21	31	81.0	1,826	253	506	40	34	37	90.9	1,994	77	441	34	23	34	95.2	1,992	90	235
2,000-2,999.....	10	5	10	79.6	2,714	513	732	15	8	15	80.3	2,563	612	706	6	3	5	75.0	2,178	510	765
3,000 or over.....																					

Business and professional.....	428	348	408	93.5	1,721	66	337	445	337	422	92.5	1,658	71	302	660	453	543	93.6	1,492	57	273	
0-999.....	70	48	56	85.8	409	8	59	71	44	55	78.7	414	16	80	144	115	134	88.8	512	24	126	
1,000-1,499.....	102	86	99	88.3	1,031	42	204	94	71	92	92.0	1,053	43	168	158	128	156	92.6	1,074	44	224	
1,500-1,999.....	106	87	104	93.0	1,467	54	272	104	84	101	92.5	1,418	69	325	107	86	105	93.1	1,444	75	296	
2,000-2,999.....	100	85	99	93.9	2,026	97	484	112	90	111	94.9	2,023	76	366	99	77	97	90.9	2,021	110	403	
3,000 or over.....	50	42	50	97.1	4,916	141	784	64	48	63	92.2	3,685	187	508	52	47	52	98.4	4,570	56	487	
Other.....	72	14	14	86.4	143	14	1,008	103	12	13	100.0	120	(*)	12	166	40	44	95.6	259	5	162	
Family-type groups:																						
Type 1.....	532	402	471	92.6	904	44	303	528	366	441	93.9	850	28	189	509	363	412	95.6	890	26	248	
0-999.....	265	195	218	91.6	447	11	96	257	172	205	91.5	404	11	74	290	197	217	94.4	362	9	103	
1,000-1,499.....	146	116	137	92.3	892	49	308	152	109	129	95.9	867	16	121	108	77	89	92.9	857	35	395	
1,500-1,999.....	66	44	63	87.4	1,283	148	514	56	38	61	88.4	1,225	108	465	46	36	44	95.0	1,387	60	348	
2,000-2,999.....	42	37	41	95.9	1,995	72	753	45	34	41	96.7	1,648	41	265	47	35	43	95.1	1,789	111	506	
3,000 or over.....	13	11	12	98.8	4,902	60	1,780	18	13	15	96.4	3,419	102	1,922	21	18	19	99.5	5,237	18	1,376	
Types 2 and 3.....	459	378	455	94.5	1,180	42	244	468	379	461	94.3	1,242	46	250	407	351	397	97.4	1,135	15	131	
0-999.....	165	136	163	95.6	671	14	78	138	111	136	95.6	644	18	98	178	145	172	97.7	606	11	98	
1,000-1,499.....	170	138	168	93.3	1,078	47	256	175	142	173	94.7	1,083	44	234	121	110	119	97.9	1,068	12	152	
1,500-1,999.....	72	59	72	94.3	1,492	61	340	79	59	77	92.3	1,423	93	407	65	51	64	98.0	1,580	12	224	
2,000-2,999.....	41	36	41	94.8	2,040	79	649	53	48	53	95.7	2,024	58	613	39	33	39	94.8	2,184	56	364	
3,000 or over.....	11	9	11	96.8	5,110	150	1,825	23	19	22	92.4	3,608	36	209	14	12	13	98.7	3,765	1	420	
Types 4 and 5.....	517	292	474	81.6	1,212	175	350	430	258	394	86.3	1,193	118	260	526	309	480	84.8	1,032	114	236	
0-999.....	155	103	132	81.6	571	42	129	117	77	95	84.8	544	31	86	192	113	164	77.6	446	54	129	
1,000-1,499.....	149	89	142	78.1	899	166	260	129	70	121	87.5	921	89	176	155	86	148	83.8	928	116	213	
1,500-1,999.....	94	51	87	77.7	1,290	230	415	86	47	82	83.8	1,252	160	291	88	49	81	83.9	1,248	169	281	
2,000-2,999.....	80	41	76	78.2	1,672	348	569	67	47	63	84.0	1,842	194	541	66	41	65	86.1	1,861	208	412	
3,000 or over.....	39	28	37	91.7	3,863	257	772	31	17	30	91.6	3,207	285	588	25	20	22	94.1	3,219	135	676	
Types 6 and 7.....	185	150	183	94.5	1,161	49	235	195	156	192	96.2	1,285	40	199	160	125	154	93.7	995	56	191	
0-999.....	64	54	64	96.7	726	20	115	50	43	47	96.5	635	10	95	70	55	66	95.7	564	19	96	
1,000-1,499.....	75	62	74	95.4	1,080	46	286	78	61	78	95.6	1,066	39	159	47	38	46	94.1	1,074	61	219	
1,500-1,999.....	20	12	19	85.5	1,438	130	216	31	29	31	88.8	1,551	7	104	27	20	27	90.9	1,385	107	193	
2,000-2,999.....	22	19	22	96.8	2,011	52	378	22	15	22	96.7	2,133	72	198	12	9	12	91.8	1,837	158	380	
3,000 or over.....	4	3	4	95.1	3,563	182	1,728	14	11	14	94.3	2,908	176	494	4	3	3	100.0	2,426	-----	-----	
Types 8 and 9.....	55	27	52	70.9	1,050	306	344	49	23	46	86.3	1,059	374	359	47	25	42	74.5	1,084	223	284	

¹ Percentages are based on the total family earnings for each class, regardless of whether husbands were earners.

² Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2, 9, or 16).

³ Averages are based on the number of supplementary earners in each class.

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

⁵ Percentages not computed for averages based on fewer than 3 cases.

⁶ \$0.50 or less.

TABLE 134.—OCCUPATION OF EARNERS: *Distribution of husbands, principal earners, and supplementary earners by chief occupation, by family income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1956-58*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	All husbands ¹	Husbands whose chief occupation was—				Husbands with no income from earnings	All principal earners	Principal earners ² whose chief occupation was—				All supplementary earners	Supplementary earners ³ whose chief occupation was—			
		Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Farm-operator or unknown			Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Farm-operator or unknown		Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Farm-operator or unknown
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
COMBINED CITIES																
All incomes	Number 3,719	Number 1,982	Number 547	Number 925	Number 19	Number 246	Number 3,554	Number 2,012	Number 590	Number 934	Number 18	Number 855	Number 475	Number 268	Number 107	Number 5
0-249	55	22	1	5	2	25	32	24	1	5	2	3	3	0	0	0
250-499	142	88	8	20	1	25	126	94	10	21	1	15	11	3	1	0
500-749	377	248	28	39	4	58	340	282	32	42	4	70	56	9	5	0
750-999	533	358	65	64	2	44	507	368	75	62	2	91	63	20	8	0
1,000-1,249	608	396	101	86	0	35	581	390	106	85	0	129	77	44	8	0
1,250-1,499	500	313	72	95	3	17	490	314	78	95	3	136	92	30	13	1
1,500-1,749	391	208	55	113	4	11	393	206	60	113	4	103	59	33	10	1
1,750-1,999	253	123	49	70	0	11	245	124	48	73	0	71	37	28	5	1
2,000-2,249	198	87	41	66	1	3	196	84	49	65	1	61	25	18	8	0
2,250-2,499	149	42	39	64	0	4	148	43	41	64	0	48	14	22	11	1
2,500-2,999	198	64	41	86	1	7	192	62	41	88	1	50	19	22	9	0
3,000-3,499	113	25	29	59	1	0	113	24	30	69	0	32	7	13	11	0
3,500-3,999	71	14	8	46	0	3	71	14	10	47	0	28	5	11	10	1
4,000 or over	131	4	11	113	0	3	130	3	12	115	0	30	7	15	8	0
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																
All incomes	5,067	2,659	579	1,342	74	413	4,754	2,678	628	1,373	75	1,396	868	278	245	5
0-249	102	39	4	6	0	53	59	48	4	7	0	3	2	0	1	0
250-499	345	203	23	38	7	74	287	217	26	37	7	58	43	4	20	0
500-749	616	410	39	80	11	76	553	420	44	78	11	110	80	9	20	1
750-999	915	641	86	111	18	59	877	646	97	115	19	226	164	39	23	0
1,000-1,249	903	575	103	166	10	49	861	570	109	172	10	264	182	45	37	0
1,250-1,499	648	359	77	173	7	32	620	355	82	176	7	191	118	34	37	2
1,500-1,749	449	190	65	167	5	22	439	190	69	176	5	163	99	40	22	2
1,750-1,999	305	105	51	133	3	13	296	90	58	139	3	125	79	22	24	0

2,000-2,249.....	221	56	45	115	5	10	225	59	47	114	5	74	37	21	16	0
2,250-2,499.....	149	35	23	84	2	5	148	33	27	86	2	46	24	11	11	0
2,500-2,999.....	179	34	32	108	2	5	176	32	34	108	2	73	29	22	22	0
3,000-3,499.....	81	4	20	51	1	5	76	3	19	53	1	29	5	12	12	0
3,500-3,999.....	41	4	6	27	1	3	39	4	7	27	1	14	0	8	6	0
4,000 or over.....	103	4	5	85	2	7	98	5	5	86	2	20	6	11	3	0
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES																
All incomes.....	1,748	1,028	191	402	14	113	1,678	1,048	205	410	15	605	338	91	74	2
0-249.....	28	9	0	0	0	19	13	12	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
250-499.....	92	52	9	10	2	19	76	54	11	9	2	13	9	0	5	0
500-749.....	186	136	11	19	1	19	173	142	11	19	2	31	20	4	7	0
750-999.....	353	250	27	28	4	16	347	239	29	25	4	83	67	10	6	0
1,000-1,249.....	321	225	38	42	2	14	311	224	39	45	2	98	68	21	9	0
1,250-1,499.....	237	148	30	55	1	5	234	149	29	55	1	73	50	10	12	1
1,500-1,749.....	154	70	20	55	2	7	153	71	22	58	2	62	42	12	7	1
1,750-1,999.....	116	50	17	44	0	5	114	46	20	48	0	51	39	8	4	0
2,000-2,249.....	89	30	14	41	1	3	87	32	15	39	1	35	18	11	6	0
2,250-2,499.....	50	17	8	22	0	3	50	16	11	23	0	23	15	2	6	0
2,500-2,999.....	55	10	7	38	0	0	55	9	8	38	0	19	8	3	8	0
3,000-3,499.....	20	1	4	12	1	2	18	1	4	12	1	9	1	4	4	0
3,500-3,999.....	17	2	5	10	0	0	17	2	5	10	0	3	0	3	0	0
4,000 or over.....	30	0	1	28	0	1	30	1	1	28	0	5	1	3	1	0
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES																
All incomes.....	1,670	917	198	406	13	136	1,560	918	211	418	13	450	282	92	75	1
0-249.....	18	11	1	1	0	5	14	12	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	0
250-499.....	83	55	3	3	1	21	67	60	3	3	1	12	10	0	2	0
500-749.....	196	141	10	16	3	26	175	144	14	14	3	35	29	2	4	0
750-999.....	277	197	23	30	2	25	258	198	26	32	2	68	45	14	9	0
1,000-1,249.....	313	211	35	41	4	22	292	210	35	43	4	80	61	13	6	0
1,250-1,499.....	234	148	29	46	0	11	223	145	30	48	0	66	38	11	16	1
1,500-1,749.....	161	74	23	55	0	9	155	73	24	68	0	57	37	15	5	0
1,750-1,999.....	101	32	21	43	1	4	97	29	23	44	1	36	20	7	9	0
2,000-2,249.....	74	16	16	37	1	5	71	16	17	37	1	19	12	4	3	0
2,250-2,499.....	85	11	6	37	0	1	55	10	7	38	0	14	7	2	6	0
2,500-2,999.....	68	16	15	36	0	2	67	15	16	36	0	25	13	7	6	0
3,000-3,499.....	41	2	12	28	0	1	40	1	11	28	0	17	4	3	6	0
3,500-3,999.....	18	2	1	10	1	2	14	2	1	10	1	8	0	3	5	0
4,000 or over.....	33	3	3	25	0	2	32	3	3	28	0	11	4	6	1	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 134.—OCCUPATION OF EARNERS: Distribution of husbands, principal earners, and supplementary earners by chief occupation, by family income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-38—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	All husbands ¹	Husbands whose chief occupation was—				Husbands with no income from earnings	All principal earners	Principal earners ² whose chief occupation was—				All supplementary earners	Supplementary earners ² whose chief occupation was—			
		Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Farm-operator or unknown			Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Farm-operator or unknown		Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Farm-operator or unknown
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES																
All incomes -----	Number 1,649	Number 714	Number 190	Number 534	Number 47	Number 164	Number 1,616	Number 712	Number 212	Number 545	Number 47	Number 441	Number 248	Number 95	Number 96	Number 744
0-249-----	56	19	8	5	0	29	32	24	3	5	0	1	0	0	1	0
250-499-----	170	96	11	25	4	34	144	103	12	25	4	33	24	4	5	0
500-749-----	234	133	18	45	7	81	205	134	19	46	6	44	31	3	9	0
750-999-----	285	164	36	55	12	18	272	159	42	58	13	75	52	15	8	0
1,000-1,249-----	269	139	30	83	4	13	258	136	35	59	4	86	53	11	23	0
1,250-1,499-----	177	65	18	72	6	16	163	61	23	73	6	52	30	13	9	0
1,500-1,749-----	134	43	22	37	2	6	131	48	23	59	3	44	20	13	10	0
1,750-1,999-----	88	23	13	46	2	4	85	21	15	47	2	35	20	7	11	0
2,000-2,249-----	68	11	15	37	3	2	67	11	15	38	3	20	7	6	7	0
2,250-2,499-----	44	7	9	25	2	2	43	7	9	25	2	9	2	7	0	0
2,500-2,999-----	56	9	10	32	2	3	54	8	10	34	2	29	8	12	9	0
3,000-3,499-----	20	1	4	13	0	2	18	1	4	13	0	3	0	0	3	0
3,500-3,999-----	8	0	0	7	0	1	8	0	1	7	0	3	0	2	1	0
4,000 or over-----	40	1	1	32	2	4	36	1	1	32	2	4	1	2	1	0

¹ The total number of husbands is the same as the total number of families since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife.

² Includes husbands as well as other family members.

TABLE 135.—EARNING WIVES BY SOURCE OF FAMILY EARNINGS: Number of families in which wife was principal or supplementary earner and additional earnings were received from specified family members or from roomers and boarders, by income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Families	Families in which wife was earner					Families in which wife was principal earner				Families in which wife was supplementary earner					Families having roomers and boarders				
		All	Additional earnings from—				All	Additional earnings from—			All	Additional earnings from—			Principal earner was—		All	Additional earnings from—		
			No others ¹	Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband		Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband		Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband	Husband	Person other than husband		Wife	Wife as principal earner	Wife as supplementary earner
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
COMBINED CITIES																				
All incomes.....	No. 3,719	No. 471	No. 34	No. 381	No. 47	No. 9	No. 100	No. 55	No. 6	No. 5	No. 371	No. 326	No. 41	No. 4	No. 359	No. 12	No. 517	No. 66	No. 18	No. 48
0-999.....	1,107	146	29	101	11	5	61	26	3	3	85	75	8	2	81	4	144	21	9	12
1,000-1,499.....	1,108	151	3	133	13	2	22	16	1	2	129	117	12	0	127	2	154	13	4	9
1,500-1,999.....	644	84	1	74	5	1	10	9	0	0	74	65	3	1	72	2	89	17	2	15
2,000-2,999.....	545	67	1	54	11	1	6	4	1	0	61	50	10	1	59	2	35	9	2	7
3,000 or over.....	315	23	0	19	4	0	1	0	1	0	22	19	3	0	20	2	45	6	1	5
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																				
All incomes.....	5,067	726	33	597	87	9	103	62	7	1	623	535	80	8	602	21	623	81	19	62
0-999.....	1,978	283	26	226	27	4	52	22	3	1	231	204	24	3	224	7	257	31	10	21
1,000-1,499.....	1,551	229	3	196	28	2	26	21	2	0	203	175	26	2	197	6	187	28	3	25
1,500-1,999.....	754	134	2	108	22	2	19	15	2	0	115	98	20	2	108	7	75	13	3	10
2,000-2,999.....	559	61	1	50	9	1	5	4	0	0	56	46	9	1	55	1	85	9	3	6
3,000 or over.....	225	19	1	17	1	0	1	0	0	0	18	17	1	0	18	0	19	0	0	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 135.—EARNING WIVES BY SOURCE OF FAMILY EARNINGS: Number of families in which wife was principal or supplementary earner and additional earnings were received from specified family members or from roomers and boarders, by income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Families	Families in which wife was earner					Families in which wife was principal earner				Families in which wife was supplementary earner					Families having roomers and boarders				
		All	Additional earnings from—				All	Additional earnings from—			All	Additional earnings from—		Principal earner was—		All	Additional earnings from—			
			No others	Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband		Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband		Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband	Husband		Person other than husband	Wife	Wife as principal earner	Wife as supplementary earner
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO VILLAGES																				
All incomes.....	No. 1,748	No. 280	No. 14	No. 235	No. 28	No. 5	No. 40	No. 25	No. 1	No. 0	No. 240	No. 210	No. 25	No. 5	No. 233	No. 7	No. 259	No. 41	No. 9	No. 32
0-999.....	659	97	10	79	7	1	20	9	1	0	77	79	6	1	75	2	112	14	5	9
1,000-1,499.....	558	98	2	88	6	2	11	9	0	0	87	70	6	2	85	2	85	13	1	12
1,500-1,999.....	270	53	2	44	6	1	7	5	0	0	46	39	6	1	44	2	27	9	2	7
2,000-2,999.....	194	25	0	18	6	1	2	2	0	0	23	16	6	1	22	1	30	5	1	4
3,000 or over.....	87	7	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	7	6	1	0	7	0	5	0	0	0
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN VILLAGES																				
All incomes.....	1,670	254	9	221	22	2	34	22	2	1	220	199	20	1	218	2	215	25	7	18
0-999.....	574	92	7	75	8	2	15	6	1	1	77	69	7	1	76	1	81	8	3	5
1,000-1,499.....	547	83	0	75	8	0	7	7	0	0	76	68	8	0	76	0	67	11	2	9
1,500-1,999.....	262	52	0	46	6	0	9	8	1	0	43	38	5	0	42	1	31	4	1	3
2,000-2,999.....	197	17	1	16	0	0	2	1	0	0	15	15	0	0	15	0	29	2	1	1
3,000 or over.....	90	10	1	9	0	0	1	0	0	0	9	9	0	0	9	0	7	0	0	0
ILLINOIS-IOWA VILLAGES																				
All incomes.....	1,649	192	10	141	39	2	29	15	4	0	163	126	35	2	151	12	149	15	3	12
0-999.....	745	94	9	72	12	1	17	7	1	0	77	65	11	1	73	4	64	9	2	7
1,000-1,499.....	446	45	1	33	14	0	8	5	2	0	40	28	12	0	36	4	35	4	0	4
1,500-1,999.....	222	29	0	18	10	1	3	2	1	0	26	16	9	1	22	4	17	0	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	168	19	0	16	3	0	1	1	0	0	18	15	3	0	18	0	26	2	1	1
3,000 or over.....	68	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	0	7	0	0	0

TABLE 136.—EARNING STATUS, AGE, AND EARNINGS OF HUSBAND: Total number of earning husbands, number of husbands who were principal earners, and number who were supplementary earners, by husband's occupation and age; and average earnings of husbands who were principal or supplementary earners, by age, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and age group (years)	All husbands ¹	All earning husbands				Principal-earner husbands				Supplementary-earner husbands				Husbands without earnings	Average earnings of husbands who were—	
		All occupations ²	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All occupations ³	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All occupations ⁴	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional		Principal earners	Supplementary earners
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
COMBINED CITIES																
All ages ⁵	Number 3,719	Number 3,473	Number 1,982	Number 547	Number 925	Number 3,357	Number 1,905	Number 528	Number 906	Number 116	Number 77	Number 19	Number 19	Number 246	Dollars 1,391	Dollars 424
Under 20.....	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,040	-----
20-24.....	106	106	74	21	11	103	72	21	10	3	2	0	1	0	923	323
25-29.....	390	388	256	66	66	380	250	66	64	8	6	0	2	2	1,067	542
30-34.....	447	444	248	80	113	439	244	79	113	5	4	1	0	3	1,325	365
35-39.....	570	568	314	100	164	556	307	97	162	12	7	3	2	2	1,437	480
40-44.....	454	442	236	75	129	451	232	71	126	11	4	4	3	12	1,569	471
45-49.....	454	442	247	59	123	432	240	57	132	10	7	2	1	12	1,537	343
50-54.....	384	372	213	41	117	355	201	39	114	17	12	2	3	12	1,603	466
55-59.....	301	278	154	44	77	262	144	40	75	16	10	4	2	23	1,442	491
60-64.....	275	242	137	38	63	229	129	37	59	13	8	1	4	33	1,248	378
65 or older.....	333	186	99	23	61	166	83	21	60	20	16	2	1	147	1,256	336
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																
All ages.....	5,072	4,655	2,659	579	1,343	4,487	2,539	563	1,312	168	120	16	31	417	1,171	394
Under 20.....	5	5	5	0	0	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	519	-----
20-24.....	150	150	110	23	17	145	106	23	16	5	4	0	1	0	891	314
25-29.....	493	493	316	61	113	454	310	59	113	8	6	2	0	1	1,054	721
30-34.....	613	612	362	73	175	602	354	73	173	10	8	0	2	1	1,247	560
35-39.....	598	597	321	71	194	578	315	71	191	9	6	0	3	9	1,344	442
40-44.....	583	570	309	77	175	569	304	75	174	8	6	2	1	13	1,310	465
45-49.....	577	567	310	80	168	545	296	76	164	22	14	4	4	10	1,251	433
50-54.....	518	501	281	69	138	484	269	68	134	17	12	1	4	17	1,175	363
55-59.....	433	405	232	43	116	378	213	39	112	27	19	4	4	28	1,145	321
60-64.....	414	354	176	46	127	329	157	44	123	25	19	2	4	60	1,159	357
65 or older.....	690	411	237	36	120	374	210	36	112	37	27	1	8	279	758	279

¹ This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in the study contained both husband and wife. Includes in the combined village units, 5 husbands in families that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

² Includes 19 husbands in the combined cities and 74 in the combined villages who were farm operators or whose occupational classification was unknown.

³ Includes 16 husbands in the combined cities and 73 in the combined villages who were farm operators or whose occupational classification was unknown.

⁴ Includes 1 husband in the combined cities and 1 in the combined villages who were farm operators or whose occupational classification was unknown.

⁵ Averages are based on the corresponding number of husbands who were principal earners or supplementary earners in each class (columns 7 and 11).

⁶ Includes 4 husbands in the combined cities who did not report age.

⁷ A average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 137.—EARNING STATUS, AGE, AND EARNINGS OF HUSBANDS: Total number of earning husbands, number of husbands who were principal earners, number who were supplementary earners, and average earnings, by husband's occupation and age, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and age group (years)	All husbands	All earning husbands				Principal-earner husbands				Supplementary-earner husbands				Husbands without earnings	Average earnings per husband				
		All occupations	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All occupations	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All occupations	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional		Principal earner	Supplementary earner	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO																			
All ages.....	No. 1,749	No. 1,636	No. 1,028	No. 191	No. 403	No. 1,573	No. 982	No. 185	No. 392	No. 63	No. 46	No. 6	No. 11	No. 113	DoL. 1,176	DoL. 479	DoL. 884	DoL. 1,222	DoL. 1,808
Under 20.....	2	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$ 504	\$ 504			
20-24.....	56	56	49	7	0	54	47	7	0	2	2	0	0	0	893	271	857	963	
25-29.....	189	189	137	19	32	185	134	18	32	4	3	1	0	0	1,027	813	903	1,033	1,491
30-34.....	223	222	149	27	46	218	145	27	46	4	4	0	0	1	1,182	618	956	1,297	1,796
35-39.....	213	212	129	28	55	209	127	28	54	3	2	0	1	1	1,380	562	1,043	1,481	2,074
40-44.....	197	194	108	24	60	191	106	24	59	3	2	0	1	3	1,364	547	1,009	1,412	1,949
45-49.....	208	205	124	25	55	193	115	23	54	12	9	2	1	3	1,153	499	873	1,172	1,643
50-54.....	165	163	96	23	40	156	91	23	38	7	5	0	2	2	1,283	400	946	1,409	1,831
55-59.....	161	152	97	14	38	146	95	12	36	6	2	2	2	9	1,056	399	762	1,274	1,663
60-64.....	123	107	54	15	37	98	47	14	36	9	7	1	1	16	1,171	472	731	729	1,848
65 or older.....	212	134	83	9	40	121	73	9	37	13	10	0	3	78	950	399	528	594	1,755
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN																			
All ages.....	1,673	1,534	917	198	406	1,489	884	194	398	45	33	4	8	139	1,204	374	887	1,338	1,769
Under 20.....	2	2	2	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$ 380	\$ 380			
20-24.....	43	43	31	6	6	42	30	6	6	1	1	0	0	0	984	280	859	1,136	1,360
25-29.....	164	164	106	22	36	161	104	21	36	3	2	1	0	0	1,149	579	947	1,215	1,658
30-34.....	207	207	127	25	55	203	124	25	54	4	3	0	1	0	1,299	628	1,049	1,256	1,848
35-39.....	195	192	104	22	66	190	102	22	66	2	2	0	0	3	1,365	486	999	1,703	1,783
40-44.....	201	197	110	28	58	195	108	28	58	2	2	0	0	4	1,367	560	1,058	1,577	1,823
45-49.....	197	194	106	27	58	192	105	26	58	2	1	1	0	3	1,328	304	994	1,411	1,891
50-54.....	157	150	90	24	35	146	87	24	34	4	3	0	1	7	1,181	330	902	1,465	1,543
55-59.....	140	129	78	17	32	120	71	16	31	9	7	1	1	11	1,246	272	779	1,070	1,230
60-64.....	141	120	69	13	35	111	63	12	33	9	6	1	2	21	1,124	354	655	1,308	1,840
65 or older.....	228	136	94	14	25	127	88	14	22	9	6	0	3	90	578	294	424	620	1,032

ILLINOIS IOWA																			
All ages.....	1,650	1,485	714	190	534	1,425	673	184	522	60	41	6	12	165	1,132	292	773	1,152	1,528
Under 20.....	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4 648	4 648			
20-24.....	51	51	30	10	11	49	29	10	10	2	1	0	1	0	809	4 375	660	734	1,208
25-29.....	140	140	73	20	45	139	72	20	45	1	1	0	0	0	931	4 780	831	953	1,234
30-34.....	183	183	86	21	74	191	85	21	73	2	1	0	1	0	1,266	4 460	849	1,336	1,710
35-39.....	188	183	88	21	73	179	86	21	71	4	2	0	2	5	1,279	330	916	1,340	1,656
40-44.....	185	179	91	25	57	176	90	23	57	3	1	2	0	6	1,137	320	860	1,435	1,596
45-49.....	172	168	80	28	55	160	76	27	52	8	4	1	3	4	1,276	367	963	1,187	1,679
50-54.....	196	188	95	22	63	182	91	21	62	6	4	1	1	8	1,095	341	718	1,151	1,566
55-59.....	132	124	57	12	46	112	47	11	45	12	10	1	1	8	1,154	319	714	1,195	1,359
60-64.....	150	127	53	18	55	120	47	18	54	7	6	0	1	23	1,179	213	486	1,078	1,772
65 or older.....	252	141	60	13	55	126	49	12	53	15	11	1	2	111	756	165	453	623	1,046

¹ This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in the study contained both husband and wife. Included in this table are 1 husband in Pennsylvania-Ohio, 3 in Michigan-Wisconsin, and 1 in Illinois-Iowa in families that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

² Includes 14 principal earners in Pennsylvania-Ohio, 13 in Michigan-Wisconsin, and 46 principal earners and 1 supplementary earner in Illinois-Iowa who were farm operators or whose occupational classification was unknown. Their average earnings were \$720, \$953, and \$947, respectively, for the 3 village units. Data are not shown by income because of the small number of cases.

³ Averages are based on the corresponding number of earning husbands in each class (columns 4, 5, 6, 7, and 11). For average earnings of all husbands, see table 138.

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 138.—EARNINGS AND AGE OF HUSBANDS: Number of husbands who were earners¹ and average earnings per husband, by family type and husband's age, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36
 [White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and age group (years)	All husbands ²	Earning husbands in families of types—						Average ³ earnings per husband in families of types—					
		All	1	2 and 3	4 and 5	6 and 7	8 and 9	All	1	2 and 3	4 and 5	6 and 7	8 and 9
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO													
All ages.....	No. 1,749	No. 1,636	No. 472	No. 455	No. 474	No. 183	No. 52	Dol. 1,149	Dol. 1,013	Dol. 1,188	Dol. 1,254	Dol. 1,166	Dol. 1,036
Under 20.....	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	\$ 594	\$ 459	\$ 728	.....	.....	.....
20-24.....	56	56	23	23	3	2	0	870	861	936	546	\$ 546	.....
25-29.....	189	199	60	104	13	22	0	1,022	1,064	1,053	917	961	.....
30-34.....	223	222	39	119	20	43	1	1,172	1,295	1,222	1,017	983	\$1,536
35-39.....	213	212	24	87	41	52	8	1,368	1,461	1,535	1,187	1,227	1,122
40-44.....	197	194	26	46	82	29	11	1,351	1,248	1,348	1,356	1,475	1,248
45-49.....	208	205	47	32	93	23	10	1,115	936	897	1,241	1,357	924
50-54.....	165	163	51	17	78	7	10	1,226	948	1,058	1,469	1,094	1,116
55-59.....	161	152	63	14	68	4	3	1,030	855	975	1,238	642	727
60-64.....	123	107	57	1	42	1	6	1,113	933	\$ 999	\$ 1,395	\$ 780	909
65 or older.....	212	134	91	6	34	0	3	897	966	512	812	.....	528
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN													
All ages.....	1,673	1,534	441	461	394	192	46	1,179	1,008	1,244	1,253	1,302	1,025
Under 20.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	\$ 380	\$ 380	.....	.....	.....	.....
20-24.....	43	43	19	20	3	1	0	988	1,139	844	851	\$ 720	.....
25-29.....	164	164	43	101	8	12	0	1,139	1,153	1,079	1,502	1,345	.....
30-34.....	207	207	43	101	19	42	2	1,286	1,468	1,318	1,254	1,075	\$ 530
35-39.....	195	192	27	96	18	47	4	1,356	1,138	1,464	1,231	1,335	1,044
40-44.....	201	197	14	68	60	50	5	1,359	1,650	1,412	1,300	1,298	1,149
45-49.....	197	194	30	27	104	24	9	1,318	1,183	1,215	1,336	1,585	1,149
50-54.....	167	150	39	22	69	9	11	1,158	917	1,001	1,312	1,504	1,078
55-59.....	140	129	60	16	51	4	8	1,178	918	945	1,486	1,533	1,131
60-64.....	141	120	69	7	37	2	5	1,087	1,192	969	916	\$ 960	635
65 or older.....	226	136	105	3	25	1	2	559	538	450	631	\$ 649	\$ 904
ILLINOIS-IOWA													
All ages.....	1,650	1,485	412	397	480	154	42	1,098	1,093	1,158	1,076	1,026	1,097
Under 20.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	\$ 648	\$ 648	.....	.....	.....	.....
20-24.....	51	51	21	26	4	0	0	792	805	829	489	.....	.....
25-29.....	140	140	39	74	13	14	0	980	1,037	1,001	767	908	.....
30-34.....	193	183	45	96	14	28	0	1,257	1,691	1,078	1,324	1,151	.....
35-39.....	188	183	26	81	33	39	4	1,258	1,283	1,394	1,156	1,034	1,381
40-44.....	185	179	26	48	67	30	8	1,172	1,034	1,304	1,189	1,092	994
45-49.....	172	168	21	25	91	24	7	1,233	1,223	1,415	1,233	1,104	1,045
50-54.....	196	188	43	31	91	11	12	1,071	1,089	1,113	1,092	699	1,073
55-59.....	132	124	39	9	63	7	6	1,073	1,051	936	1,103	745	1,500
60-64.....	150	127	63	6	54	1	3	1,123	1,272	1,101	995	\$ 528	678
65 or older.....	252	141	88	1	50	0	2	693	710	\$ 500	668	.....	\$ 686

¹ Either principal or supplementary.
² This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife. This table includes 1 husband in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 3 in Michigan-Wisconsin, and 1 in Illinois-Iowa in families that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.
³ Averages are based on the corresponding counts of earning husbands, columns 3-8.
⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

APPENDIXES

317

TABLE 139.—EARNINGS AND AGE OF WIVES: *Number of wives who were without earnings, number who were earners, and average earnings per wife, by wife's occupation and age, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36*
 [White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

State and age group (years)	All wives	Wives without earnings	Earning wives by occupation ¹				Average ² earnings per wife by occupation			
			All	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
PENNSYLVANIA-OHIO										
All ages ⁴	Number 1,749	Number 1,469	Number 280	Number 188	Number 40	Number 62	Dollars 309	Dollars 285	Dollars 349	Dollars 362
Under 30.....	364	304	60	44	11	5	349	331	388	427
30-39.....	425	328	97	63	18	16	352	324	271	555
40-49.....	400	332	68	47	4	17	317	289	744	292
50-59.....	303	269	34	19	6	9	209	150	331	265
60 or older.....	266	235	21	15	1	5	126	145	* 6	96
MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN										
All ages.....	1,673	1,419	254	154	33	67	262	195	349	373
Under 30.....	333	269	64	45	7	12	299	301	446	207
30-39.....	405	333	72	41	12	19	321	210	170	655
40-49.....	376	321	55	29	8	18	239	114	539	308
50-59.....	300	269	31	22	3	6	227	162	271	481
60 or older.....	259	227	32	17	3	12	129	73	413	136
ILLINOIS-IOWA										
All ages.....	1,650	1,458	192	93	30	69	225	140	351	284
Under 30.....	299	265	34	9	13	12	247	93	348	253
30-39.....	415	363	52	23	10	19	247	108	378	348
40-49.....	362	311	51	25	3	23	266	201	381	323
50-59.....	285	246	39	26	3	10	172	140	303	216
60 or older.....	289	273	16	10	1	5	101	109	* 188	67

¹ This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife. This table includes 1 wife in Pennsylvania-Ohio, 3 in Michigan-Wisconsin, and 1 in Illinois-Iowa in families that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income. For data for combined village units see table 61.

² There were no wives with earnings from farm operation or unknown occupations.

³ Averages are based on the corresponding counts of wives who were earners (columns 4-7).

⁴ Includes 1 wife who did not report age.

* Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

318 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 140.—FAMILY EARNERS: Number and average earnings of earners classified as husbands, wives, and other family members, and average number of earners per family, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners (3)	Individual earners				Average ¹ earnings per person				Average ² earners per family (12)
			All (4)	Husbands (5)	Wives (6)	Others (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Others (11)	
SMALL CITIES											
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>											
All incomes ³	No. 253	No. 242	No. 312	No. 240	No. 36	No. 36	Dol. 1,099	Dol. 1,322	Dol. 212	Dol. 501	No. 1.23
\$0-\$999.....	55	49	57	49	7	1	599	671	118	4	430
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	97	93	119	91	16	12	866	1,038	191	459	1.23
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	50	67	50	9	8	1,139	1,417	248	404	1.34
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	42	41	58	41	4	13	1,473	1,884	377	513	1.38
\$3,000 or over.....	9	9	11	9	0	2	4,013	4,663		1,088	1.22
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	159	159	208	157	20	22	933	1,123	207	530	1.31
Clerical.....	30	30	36	30	1	5	1,148	1,263	416	602	1.20
Business and professional.....	55	53	68	53	6	9	1,583	1,945	202	371	1.24
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	71	63	73	63	10		1,294	1,443	353		1.03
Types 2 and 3.....	70	68	79	68	11	0	1,190	1,359	147		1.13
Types 4 and 5.....	75	74	113	72	9	32	927	1,197	209	523	1.61
Types 6 and 7.....	31	31	40	31	6	3	1,041	1,289	100	366	1.29
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>											
All incomes ³	588	571	707	558	76	73	1,064	1,259	291	385	1.20
\$0-\$999.....	178	167	202	159	31	12	617	618	132	170	1.13
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	195	192	233	189	18	26	896	1,035	249	333	1.19
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	108	105	127	103	12	12	1,241	1,457	355	277	1.18
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	74	74	99	74	13	12	1,634	1,988	644	524	1.34
\$3,000 or over.....	33	33	46	33	2	11	2,607	3,372	442	707	1.39
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	308	308	373	302	36	35	891	1,037	227	323	1.21
Clerical.....	106	106	139	103	17	19	1,005	1,211	286	531	1.31
Business and professional.....	154	153	191	149	23	19	1,460	1,765	394	353	1.24
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	177	165	203	159	44		927	1,086	252		1.15
Types 2 and 3.....	166	166	178	166	11	1	1,284	1,369	128	414	1.07
Types 4 and 5.....	174	171	235	166	14	55	1,014	1,300	138	373	1.35
Types 6 and 7.....	68	57	66	57	5	4	1,158	1,286	556	77	1.14
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>											
All incomes ³	372	360	481	347	61	73	961	1,190	376	362	1.29
\$0-\$999.....	128	121	149	112	21	16	547	634	311	251	1.16
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	128	124	170	122	25	23	826	1,039	297	271	1.33
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	50	49	67	49	6	12	1,192	1,492	454	354	1.34
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	44	44	62	43	6	13	1,450	1,897	590	366	1.41
\$3,000 or over.....	22	22	33	21	3	9	2,138	2,877	900	826	1.50
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	197	197	282	189	47	46	742	939	369	312	1.43
Clerical.....	48	48	65	47	10	8	1,134	1,379	397	618	1.35
Business and professional.....	118	115	134	111	4	19	1,338	1,537	397	377	1.14
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	113	108	127	104	22	1	1,030	1,161	443	369	1.12
Types 2 and 3.....	110	110	120	110	8	2	1,141	1,228	219	419	1.09
Types 4 and 5.....	96	91	148	83	17	48	845	1,174	451	418	1.54
Types 6 and 7.....	44	44	69	43	10	16	857	1,212	281	265	1.57

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 140.—FAMILY EARNERS: Number and average earnings of earners classified as husbands, wives, and other family members, and average number of earners per family, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners (3)	Individual earners				Average ¹ earnings per person				Average ² earners per family (12)
			All (4)	Husbands (5)	Wives (6)	Others (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Others (11)	
SMALL CITIES—CON.											
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>											
All incomes ³	No. 404	No. 373	No. 414	No. 368	No. 28	No. 18	Dol. 1,113	Dol. 1,202	Dol. 274	Dol. 563	No. 1.02
\$0-\$999.....	110	91	95	87	6	2	600	637	123	389	.86
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	168	161	181	161	11	9	948	1,038	161	312	1.08
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	70	67	77	67	9	1	1,261	1,387	361	410	1.10
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	38	36	39	36	2	1	1,819	1,888	950	1,075	1.03
\$3,000 or over.....	18	18	22	17	0	5	2,950	3,471		1,182	1.22
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	257	257	290	254	25	11	936	1,024	279	469	1.13
Clerical.....	37	37	40	36	1	3	1,354	1,419	150	983	1.06
Business and professional.....	85	78	83	77	2	4	1,622	1,700	270	806	.98
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	138	113	121	110	11		679	1,037	401		.88
Types 2 and 3.....	118	117	125	117	7	1	1,173	1,239	208	104	1.06
Types 4 and 5.....	95	90	107	89	9	9	1,147	1,306	184	540	1.13
Types 6 and 7.....	45	45	46	45	1	0	1,313	1,339	136		1.02
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>											
All incomes ³	392	374	415	370	20	25	1,291	1,398	476	365	1.06
\$0-\$999.....	116	105	113	103	5	5	593	632	266	122	.97
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	102	96	109	95	4	10	1,019	1,136	259	212	1.07
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	77	76	83	76	5	2	1,401	1,492	394	475	1.08
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	71	71	78	70	4	4	1,947	2,090	737	651	1.10
\$3,000 or over.....	26	26	32	26	2	4	2,801	3,262	1,121	706	1.23
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	204	204	225	203	8	14	1,146	1,231	293	395	1.10
Clerical.....	61	61	70	59	6	5	1,339	1,487	581	508	1.15
Business and professional.....	111	106	116	105	5	6	1,566	1,687	691	173	1.05
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	120	107	116	106	10		1,182	1,262	322		.97
Types 2 and 3.....	105	104	109	104	5	0	1,300	1,322	837		1.04
Types 4 and 5.....	98	94	109	92	2	15	1,445	1,642	570	350	1.11
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	67	58	3	6	1,275	1,417	325	372	1.16
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>											
All incomes ³	1,185	1,129	1,447	1,104	175	168	1,355	1,627	516	440	1.22
\$0-\$999.....	206	202	318	252	41	25	522	586	297	250	1.07
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	293	284	368	279	50	39	671	1,041	369	298	1.26
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	202	195	264	192	27	45	1,140	1,398	522	413	1.31
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	198	193	259	188	37	34	1,625	2,003	703	538	1.31
\$3,000 or over.....	196	196	238	193	20	25	3,160	3,697	975	768	1.21
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	479	479	640	467	96	77	830	985	445	374	1.34
Clerical.....	227	227	317	218	46	53	1,236	1,549	609	493	1.40
Business and professional.....	435	410	476	406	33	37	2,151	2,428	590	498	1.09
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	313	276	330	272	56	* 2	1,261	1,493	618	* 50	1.05
Types 2 and 3.....	349	346	384	345	39	0	1,575	1,703	436		1.10
Types 4 and 5.....	355	342	501	327	63	111	1,307	1,748	530	448	1.41
Types 6 and 7.....	128	125	160	125	14	21	1,239	1,507	279	283	1.25

See footnotes at end of table.

320 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 140.—FAMILY EARNERS: Number and average earnings of earners classified as husbands, wives, and other family members, and average number of earners per family, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners (3)	Individual earners				Average ¹ earnings per person				Average ¹ earners per family (12)
			All	Husbands	Wives	Others	All	Husbands	Wives	Others	
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
SMALL CITIES—CON.											
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>											
All incomes ²	No. 925	No. 897	No. 1,140	No. 867	No. 127	No. 146	Dol. 1,077	Dol. 1,264	Dol. 483	Dol. 486	No. 1.23
\$0-\$999.....	333	313	377	291	47	39	523	578	332	340	1.18
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	223	218	285	213	41	31	882	1,025	517	394	1.28
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	159	158	209	186	25	28	1,235	1,457	622	543	1.31
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	153	151	195	151	14	30	1,713	2,043	637	555	1.27
\$3,000 or over.....	87	57	74	56	0	18	2,534	3,099	-----	776	1.30
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	699	699	780	593	91	96	1,096	1,177	469	458	1.28
Clerical.....	138	138	181	127	22	32	1,093	1,331	518	544	1.31
Business and professional.....	154	148	177	145	14	18	1,379	1,567	517	533	1.15
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	298	279	325	270	55	-----	1,096	1,214	516	-----	1.09
Types 2 and 3.....	231	230	254	230	24	0	1,166	1,246	394	-----	1.10
Types 4 and 5.....	318	310	458	298	42	118	1,033	1,338	494	454	1.44
Types 6 and 7.....	52	52	61	49	5	7	968	1,087	441	773	1.17
VILLAGES											
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>											
All incomes ²	1,748	1,678	2,183	1,635	280	268	953	1,149	309	431	1.25
\$0-\$999.....	659	609	736	586	97	53	520	613	140	193	1.12
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	558	545	718	539	98	79	825	993	267	318	1.28
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	270	267	380	258	53	69	1,079	1,368	433	495	1.41
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	194	192	269	188	25	56	1,485	1,857	600	633	1.39
\$3,000 or over.....	67	65	82	64	7	11	3,635	4,418	687	952	1.22
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	1,044	1,043	1,402	1,019	208	175	738	890	298	381	1.34
Clerical.....	204	204	268	194	28	46	1,006	1,210	282	588	1.31
Business and professional.....	428	416	497	408	42	47	1,539	1,784	367	464	1.16
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	532	480	558	471	87	-----	904	1,015	304	-----	1.05
Types 2 and 3.....	459	456	536	455	77	4	1,046	1,186	272	18	1.17
Types 4 and 5.....	517	504	763	474	87	202	940	1,254	382	445	1.48
Types 6 and 7.....	185	184	223	183	21	19	1,004	1,166	192	342	1.21
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>											
All incomes ²	1,670	1,560	2,010	1,534	254	222	974	1,179	262	373	1.20
\$0-\$999.....	574	514	631	497	92	42	482	575	106	209	1.10
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	547	515	661	514	83	64	851	1,035	206	204	1.21
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	262	252	345	249	52	44	1,098	1,364	430	380	1.32
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	197	193	251	189	17	45	1,602	1,952	456	566	1.27
\$3,000 or over.....	90	86	122	85	10	27	2,551	3,326	966	698	1.36
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	912	912	1,190	897	161	132	739	901	199	300	1.30
Clerical.....	210	210	277	202	37	38	1,071	1,315	359	465	1.32
Business and professional.....	445	425	529	422	55	52	1,455	1,713	386	491	1.19
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	528	445	524	441	83	-----	885	1,008	230	-----	.99
Types 2 and 3.....	468	462	548	461	83	4	1,099	1,244	345	44	1.17
Types 4 and 5.....	430	412	607	394	66	147	928	1,253	237	370	1.41
Types 6 and 7.....	195	193	232	192	16	24	1,114	1,302	174	236	1.19

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 140.—FAMILY EARNERS: *Number and average earnings of earners classified as husbands, wives, and other family members, and average number of earners per family, by income, by occupation, and by family type, North Central small cities separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36—Continued*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners (3)	Individual earners				Average ¹ earnings per person				Average ² earners per family (12)
			All (4)	Husbands (5)	Wives (6)	Others (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Others (11)	
VILLAGES—continued											
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>											
All incomes ¹	No. 1,649	No. 1,616	No. 1,957	No. 1,485	No. 192	No. 280	Dol. 903	Do.. 1,098	Dol. 225	Dol. 331	No. 1.19
\$0-\$999.....	745	653	806	633	94	79	450	528	101	236	1.08
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	446	421	559	417	48	94	820	999	298	292	1.25
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	222	216	298	212	29	57	1,104	1,421	302	332	1.34
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	168	164	222	162	19	41	1,554	1,936	511	527	1.32
\$3,000 or over.....	68	62	72	61	2	9	3,779	4,347	4,438	667	1.06
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	714	712	954	694	107	153	631	785	157	264	1.34
Clerical.....	209	209	285	204	29	52	888	1,094	298	407	1.36
Business and professional.....	560	550	668	543	53	72	1,299	1,511	322	420	1.19
Family-type groups:											
Type 1.....	599	417	471	412	59	-----	990	1,093	268	-----	.93
Types 2 and 3.....	407	398	446	397	45	4	1,050	1,168	184	21	1.10
Types 4 and 5.....	526	500	755	480	69	206	798	1,076	218	345	1.44
Types 6 and 7.....	160	154	201	154	14	33	836	1,026	139	249	1.26

¹ Averages are based on the corresponding number of earners in each class (columns 4-7).

² Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

³ Includes families of occupational groups and types other than those listed below. (See table 111.)

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

⁵ Members of the economic family for fewer than 27 weeks. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.

TABLE 141.—DISTRIBUTION OF EARNERS BY AMOUNT OF EARNINGS: Total number of earners by amount of earnings and earning status, by family income, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family-income class (dollars)	Earners	Earners with earnings of—									
		Less than \$50	\$50-\$99	\$100-\$199	\$200-\$299	\$300-\$399	\$400-\$499	\$500-\$999	\$1,000-\$1,499	\$1,500-\$1,999	\$2,000 or over
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
ALL EARNERS											
All incomes.....	No. 6,150	No. 321	No. 263	No. 355	No. 308	No. 301	No. 269	No. 2,003	No. 1,268	No. 552	No. 490
0-999.....	2,173	177	130	199	178	179	183	1,126	1	0	0
1,000-1,499.....	1,936	90	79	86	72	67	44	559	936	3	0
1,500-1,999.....	1,023	39	31	44	36	39	24	181	241	388	0
2,000-2,999.....	742	11	19	21	16	13	17	106	92	148	299
3,000 or over.....	276	4	4	5	6	3	1	31	18	13	191
PRINCIPAL EARNERS											
All incomes.....	4,754	36	43	115	148	170	194	1,742	1,268	551	489
0-999.....	1,776	30	38	109	137	156	179	1,126	1	0	0
1,000-1,499.....	1,431	5	2	4	8	9	14	500	936	3	0
1,500-1,999.....	735	1	3	1	2	5	1	93	241	388	0
2,000-2,999.....	549	0	0	1	1	0	0	20	80	148	299
3,000 or over.....	213	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	12	190
SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS											
All incomes.....	1,396	285	220	240	160	131	75	261	22	1	1
0-999.....	397	147	92	90	41	23	4	0	0	0	0
1,000-1,499.....	455	85	77	82	64	58	30	59	0	0	0
1,500-1,999.....	288	38	28	43	34	34	23	88	0	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	193	11	19	20	15	13	17	86	12	0	0
3,000 or over.....	63	4	4	5	6	3	1	28	10	1	1

TABLE 142.—EARNERS BY AMOUNT OF EARNINGS AND WEEKS OF EMPLOYMENT:
Distribution of principal earners, supplementary earners, and earning wives by amount of earnings and weeks of employment, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Weeks of employment ¹ (number)	Number of earners	Number of earners, by amount of earnings										
		Less than \$50	\$50-\$99	\$100-\$199	\$200-\$299	\$300-\$399	\$400-\$499	\$500-\$999	\$1,000-\$1,499	\$1,500-\$1,999	\$2,000-\$2,499	\$2,500 or over
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
PRINCIPAL EARNERS												
All weeks.....	4,755	36	43	115	149	170	194	1,742	1,266	551	262	227
Under 14.....	78	17	18	24	11	6	1	1	0	0	0	0
14-26.....	160	0	5	16	26	35	31	42	5	0	0	0
27-39.....	298	0	1	6	18	26	36	160	36	8	7	0
40-52.....	4,033	4	8	45	63	79	103	1,496	1,215	539	254	227
Unknown.....	186	15	11	24	31	24	23	43	10	4	1	0
SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS												
All weeks.....	1,396	285	220	240	160	131	75	261	22	1	0	1
Under 14.....	303	148	71	61	15	3	3	2	0	0	0	0
14-26.....	169	16	21	42	40	32	9	0	0	0	0	0
27-39.....	125	3	4	22	13	23	12	45	3	0	0	0
40-52.....	523	19	52	78	66	60	44	186	16	1	0	1
Unknown.....	276	99	72	37	26	13	7	19	3	0	0	0
EARNING WIVES												
All weeks.....	726	181	118	117	67	62	36	122	20	2	0	1
Under 14.....	159	88	38	26	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
14-26.....	60	8	4	15	14	14	2	3	0	0	0	0
27-39.....	62	2	1	7	7	12	7	21	5	0	0	0
40-52.....	273	11	24	48	33	28	23	90	13	2	0	1
Unknown.....	172	72	51	21	10	6	2	8	2	0	0	0

¹ Represents the number of weeks during which earners had earnings from employment, either full or part-time.

TABLE 143.—TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS: Number of owning and renting families occupying specified types of living quarters, by relief status, by income, and by occupation,¹ North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family-income class, and occupational group	Families ²	Home-owning families	Home-owning families occupying—				Renting families ³	Renting families occupying ² —			
			1-family house	2-family house	Apartment ⁴	Other type of living quarters ⁴		1-family house	2-family house	Apartment ⁴	Other type of living quarters ⁴
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
SMALL CITIES											
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>											
All families.....	No. 302	No. 142	No. 136	No. 5	No. 1	No. 0	No. 160	No. 129	No. 21	No. 6	No. 4
Relief families.....	57	19	17	2	0	0	38	30	6	1	1
Nonrelief families.....	245	123	119	3	1	0	122	99	15	5	3
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	154	75	74	1	0	0	79	63	12	3	1
Clerical.....	29	17	16	1	0	0	12	11	0	1	0
Business and professional.....	53	24	23	0	1	0	29	23	3	1	2
Other.....	9	7	6	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>											
All families.....	727	364	352	7	2	3	363	319	26	9	9
Relief families.....	156	59	58	0	1	0	97	86	6	4	1
Nonrelief families.....	571	305	294	7	1	3	266	233	20	5	8
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	302	144	139	3	1	1	158	141	13	2	2
Clerical.....	101	56	55	1	0	0	45	41	3	0	1
Business and professional.....	148	87	82	3	0	2	61	50	3	3	5
Other.....	20	18	18	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>											
All families.....	458	195	190	2	1	2	263	227	22	6	8
Relief families.....	116	39	39	0	0	0	77	63	7	4	3
Nonrelief families.....	342	156	151	2	1	2	186	164	15	2	5
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	179	76	74	2	0	0	103	93	8	1	1
Clerical.....	43	20	19	0	1	0	23	21	2	0	0
Business and professional.....	111	52	50	0	0	2	59	49	5	1	4
Other.....	9	8	8	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>											
All families.....	442	220	203	13	0	4	222	172	32	8	10
Relief families.....	44	9	8	0	0	1	35	24	7	3	1
Nonrelief families.....	398	211	195	13	0	3	187	148	25	5	9
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	251	116	112	4	0	0	135	106	21	5	3
Clerical.....	37	18	16	1	0	1	19	16	2	0	1
Business and professional.....	84	53	46	5	0	2	31	24	2	0	5
Other.....	26	24	21	3	0	0	2	2	0	0	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 143.—TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS: Number of owning and renting families occupying specified types of living quarters, by relief status, by income, and by occupation,¹ North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family-income class, and occupational group (1)	Families ² (2)	Home-owning families (3)	Home-owning families occupying—				Renting families ³ (8)	Renting families occupying ⁴ —			
			1-family house (4)	2-family house (5)	Apartment ⁵ (6)	Other type of living quarters ⁶ (7)		1-family house (9)	2-family house (10)	Apartment ⁵ (11)	Other type of living quarters ⁶ (12)
SMALL CITIES—CON.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>											
All families.....	480	216	212	2	0	2	264	236	16	5	7
Relief families.....	94	18	18	0	0	0	76	69	5	1	1
Nonrelief families.....	386	198	194	2	0	2	188	167	11	4	6
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	200	99	98	1	0	0	101	93	3	3	2
Clerical.....	61	25	25	0	0	0	36	28	6	1	1
Business and professional.....	110	63	60	1	0	2	47	42	2	0	3
Other.....	15	11	11	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>											
All families.....	1,292	561	526	25	10	0	731	559	97	62	13
Relief families.....	123	29	28	3	0	0	94	76	15	2	1
Nonrelief families.....	1,169	532	500	22	10	0	637	483	82	60	12
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	291	83	75	6	2	0	208	142	40	15	11
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	290	111	104	6	1	0	179	142	21	16	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	199	95	91	1	3	0	104	78	11	15	0
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	194	106	98	5	3	0	88	70	6	11	1
\$3,000 or over.....	195	137	132	4	1	0	58	51	4	3	0
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	473	159	149	9	1	0	314	240	51	16	7
Clerical.....	225	106	100	5	1	0	119	92	11	15	1
Business and professional.....	428	239	225	7	7	0	189	140	17	28	4
Other.....	43	28	26	1	1	0	15	11	3	1	0
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>											
All families.....	1,014	450	420	22	8	0	564	460	60	37	7
Relief families.....	100	17	16	1	0	0	83	69	8	5	1
Nonrelief families.....	914	433	404	21	8	0	481	391	52	32	6
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	326	115	108	6	1	0	211	175	25	10	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	222	98	92	3	3	0	124	104	12	7	1
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	157	78	71	6	1	0	79	62	11	4	2
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	153	99	93	5	1	0	54	39	3	10	2
\$3,000 or over.....	56	43	40	1	2	0	13	11	1	1	0
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	601	268	256	10	2	0	333	280	33	18	2
Clerical.....	136	66	64	1	1	0	70	52	11	7	0
Business and professional.....	153	83	74	7	2	0	70	51	8	7	4
Other.....	24	16	10	3	3	0	8	8	0	0	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 143.—TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS: Number of owning and renting families occupying specified types of living quarters, by relief status, by income, and by occupation,¹ North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1985-86—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family-income class, and occupational group	Families ²	Home-owning families occupying—					Renting families ³	Renting families occupying ⁴ —			
		Home-owning families	1-family house	2-family house	Apartment	Other type of living quarters ⁴		1-family house	2-family house	Apartment	Other type of living quarters ⁴
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
VILLAGES											
<i>Combined village units</i>											
All families.....	No. 6,256	No. 3,129	No. 2,950	No. 136	No. 6	No. 37	No. 3,127	No. 2,594	No. 356	No. 60	No. 117
Relief families.....	1,305	477	458	18	0	1	828	695	80	31	22
Nonrelief families.....	4,951	2,652	2,492	118	6	36	2,299	1,899	276	29	95
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	1,916	956	911	37	1	7	960	793	123	10	34
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	1,519	800	744	44	1	11	719	585	96	13	25
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	738	396	370	19	1	6	342	282	36	3	21
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	556	329	307	13	1	8	227	195	17	3	12
\$3,000 or over.....	222	171	160	5	2	4	51	44	4	0	3
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	2,594	1,212	1,145	57	3	7	1,382	1,121	198	19	44
Clerical.....	607	336	311	23	0	2	271	223	33	2	13
Business and professional.....	1,414	808	757	23	2	26	606	519	42	8	37
Other.....	336	296	279	15	1	1	40	36	3	0	1
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>											
All families.....	2,039	1,004	876	104	2	22	1,035	764	200	18	53
Relief families.....	316	118	104	14	0	0	198	137	45	7	9
Nonrelief families.....	1,723	886	772	90	2	22	837	627	155	11	44
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	644	304	273	26	1	4	340	256	68	5	11
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	553	283	241	35	0	7	270	201	51	5	13
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	267	142	127	13	0	2	125	92	21	1	11
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	193	108	89	12	0	7	85	66	11	0	8
\$3,000 or over.....	66	49	42	4	1	2	17	12	4	0	1
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	1,029	458	406	47	0	5	571	427	112	10	22
Clerical.....	201	111	92	17	0	2	90	62	24	0	4
Business and professional.....	422	253	219	19	1	14	169	133	17	1	18
Other.....	71	64	55	7	1	1	7	5	2	0	0
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>											
All families.....	1,941	1,048	1,008	26	2	12	893	718	122	18	35
Relief families.....	286	121	119	2	0	0	165	134	20	6	5
Nonrelief families.....	1,655	927	889	24	2	12	728	584	102	12	30
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	588	300	287	10	0	3	268	208	41	3	16
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	538	294	281	9	1	3	244	191	40	5	8
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	262	150	143	4	0	3	112	92	15	2	3
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	197	115	113	0	1	1	82	72	6	2	2
\$3,000 or over.....	90	68	65	1	0	2	22	21	0	0	1
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	899	450	438	8	2	2	449	353	72	7	17
Clerical.....	208	116	111	5	0	0	92	79	8	2	3
Business and professional.....	445	264	251	3	0	10	181	147	21	3	10
Other.....	103	97	89	8	0	0	6	5	1	0	0

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 143.—TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS: Number of owning and renting families occupying specified types of living quarters, by relief status, by income, and by occupation.¹ North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family-income class, and occupational group	Families ²	Home-owning families	Home-owning families occupying—				Renting families ³	Renting families occupying —			
			1-family house	2-family house	Apart-ment ⁴	Other type of living quarters ⁴		1-family house	2-family house	Apart-ment ⁴	Other type of living quarters ⁴
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
VILLAGES—con.											
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>											
All families.....	No. 2,276	No. 1,077	No. 1,068	No. 6	No. 2	No. 3	No. 1,199	No. 1,112	No. 34	No. 24	No. 29
Relief families.....	703	238	235	2	0	1	465	424	15	18	8
Nonrelief families.....	1,573	839	831	4	2	2	734	688	19	6	21
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	704	352	351	1	0	0	352	329	14	2	7
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	428	223	222	0	0	1	205	193	5	3	4
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	209	104	100	2	1	1	105	98	0	0	7
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	166	106	105	1	0	0	60	57	0	1	2
\$3,000 or over.....	66	54	53	0	1	0	12	11	0	0	1
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	666	304	301	2	1	0	362	341	14	2	5
Clerical.....	198	109	109	0	0	0	89	82	1	0	6
Business and professional.....	547	291	287	1	1	2	256	239	4	4	9
Other.....	162	135	134	1	0	0	27	26	0	0	1

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded.

² Includes families that received rent as pay or gift.

³ A building which contains 3 or more dwelling units.

⁴ Includes dwelling unit in business building and other types of living quarters not elsewhere specified.

TABLE 144.—MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE: Number and percentage of families owning homes, average monthly rental value, and number of owning families reporting specified monthly rental values, by relief status and income,¹ North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Home-owning families: (2) (3)		Average monthly rental value: ² (4)	Home-owning families reporting monthly rental value of ³ —										
				\$5- \$9	\$10- \$14	\$15- \$19	\$20- \$24	\$25- \$29	\$30- \$34	\$35- \$39	\$40- \$44	\$45- \$54	\$55 or over	
				(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
SMALL CITIES														
<i>Combined cities</i>														
All families.....	No. 1,954	Pct. 46	DoI. 26	No. 54	No. 214	No. 334	No. 279	No. 359	No. 187	No. 184	No. 133	No. 131	No. 79	
Relief families.....	181	28	16	23	51	49	23	21	7	4	2	1	0	
Nonrelief families.....	1,773	49	27	31	163	285	256	338	180	180	131	130	79	
0-999.....	397	38	20	26	80	86	73	63	31	20	12	4	2	
1,000-1,499.....	497	46	23	3	56	114	96	105	58	28	23	10	4	
1,500-1,999.....	327	52	27	2	20	51	48	71	35	48	29	17	6	
2,000-2,999.....	323	61	32	0	3	29	26	81	40	52	37	35	15	
3,000 or over.....	224	72	45	0	4	5	3	18	16	32	30	64	52	
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>														
All families.....	142	47	23	0	10	33	31	35	10	14	6	3	0	
Relief families.....	19	33	18	0	5	7	2	3	2	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	123	50	24	0	5	26	29	32	8	14	6	3	0	
0-999.....	20	38	20	0	2	5	6	4	3	0	0	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	45	48	21	0	2	14	13	13	1	1	1	0	0	
1,500-1,999.....	29	59	25	0	1	5	6	9	2	5	1	0	0	
2,000-2,999.....	25	60	31	0	0	2	4	5	2	5	4	3	0	
3,000 or over.....	4	(5)	32	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>														
All families.....	364	51	25	7	41	60	51	70	44	50	31	9	1	
Relief families.....	59	39	18	3	16	14	12	9	0	3	2	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	305	54	28	4	25	46	39	61	44	47	29	9	1	
0-999.....	81	47	22	4	8	13	19	18	6	9	3	1	0	
1,000-1,499.....	97	52	24	0	11	20	14	20	15	9	7	1	0	
1,500-1,999.....	58	57	27	0	5	9	4	13	7	12	6	2	0	
2,000-2,999.....	46	65	32	0	1	2	1	8	13	11	7	3	0	
3,000 or over.....	23	72	36	0	0	0	0	2	3	6	6	2	1	
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>														
All families.....	195	43	21	9	36	50	28	26	15	14	8	9	0	
Relief families.....	39	35	14	6	12	16	1	3	1	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	156	46	23	3	24	34	27	23	14	14	8	9	0	
0-999.....	44	40	18	3	12	13	7	5	2	0	2	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	54	46	21	0	9	14	13	9	6	1	1	1	0	
1,500-1,999.....	21	44	25	0	2	5	4	5	0	1	2	2	0	
2,000-2,999.....	22	52	29	0	1	2	3	4	5	4	1	2	0	
3,000 or over.....	15	75	39	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	2	4	0	
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>														
All families.....	220	50	28	0	3	15	33	66	46	34	13	7	3	
Relief families.....	9	22	22	0	1	0	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	211	53	28	0	2	15	29	64	44	34	13	7	3	
0-999.....	51	49	25	0	2	6	8	16	12	5	2	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	85	51	27	0	0	7	13	27	21	10	6	1	0	
1,500-1,999.....	38	55	30	0	0	1	6	11	7	8	4	3	0	
2,000-2,999.....	25	66	32	0	0	1	1	9	2	9	1	1	1	
3,000 or over.....	12	67	38	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	0	2	2	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 144.—MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE: Number and percentage of families owning homes, average monthly rental value, and number of owning families reporting specified monthly rental values, by relief status and income,¹ North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars)	Home-owning families ²		Average monthly rental value ³	Home-owning families reporting monthly rental value of ←												
				\$5-\$9	\$10-\$14	\$15-\$19	\$20-\$24	\$25-\$29	\$30-\$34	\$35-\$39	\$40-\$44	\$45-\$54	\$55 or over			
				(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)			
SMALL CITIES—continued																
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>																
All families.....	No. 216	Pct. 45	Dol. 23	No. 10	No. 25	No. 43	No. 37	No. 44	No. 19	No. 17	No. 15	No. 6	No. 0			
Relief families.....	18	19	13	5	5	5	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nonrelief families.....	198	52	24	5	20	38	36	42	19	17	15	6	6	0	0	0
0-999.....	38	34	17	4	9	11	9	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
1,000-1,499.....	63	54	20	1	8	14	12	10	4	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
1,500-1,999.....	45	59	26	0	2	7	8	10	7	6	5	0	0	0	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	43	61	27	0	1	5	7	14	4	6	5	1	0	0	0	0
3,000 or over.....	19	73	34	0	0	1	0	5	3	3	3	4	0	0	0	0
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>																
All families.....	561	44	35	6	27	80	70	65	35	51	45	98	84			
Relief families.....	29	25	18	4	5	10	4	3	1	1	0	1	0			
Nonrelief families.....	532	46	36	2	22	70	66	62	34	50	45	97	84			
0-999.....	83	29	23	2	7	22	20	12	6	7	2	3	5			
1,000-1,499.....	111	38	25	0	8	31	25	20	8	4	4	6	7			
1,500-1,999.....	95	48	32	0	4	13	16	12	7	16	10	10	7			
2,000-2,999.....	106	55	40	0	0	3	5	16	10	14	16	29	13			
3,000 or over.....	137	70	54	0	3	1	0	2	3	9	13	49	57			
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>																
All families.....	450	45	21	27	92	93	63	73	32	23	28	14	5			
Relief families.....	17	18	11	8	7	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0			
Nonrelief families.....	433	48	22	19	85	93	62	73	31	23	28	14	5			
0-999.....	115	36	14	15	48	31	10	6	2	0	3	0	1			
1,000-1,499.....	98	44	20	2	23	28	15	13	6	3	3	4	0			
1,500-1,999.....	78	50	22	2	13	16	14	15	7	7	3	1	1			
2,000-2,999.....	99	65	27	0	0	16	20	32	8	10	9	1	0			
3,000 or over.....	43	77	34	0	1	2	3	7	8	3	10	8	3			
VILLAGES																
<i>Combined village units</i>																
All families.....	3,129	51	18	417	661	730	518	453	161	96	38	21	9			
Relief families.....	477	37	10	206	140	71	28	14	1	1	0	0	0			
Nonrelief families.....	2,652	54	19	211	521	659	490	439	160	95	38	21	9			
0-999.....	956	51	15	133	302	255	146	83	17	10	1	2	1			
1,000-1,499.....	800	53	18	61	153	232	167	135	35	7	5	2	0			
1,500-1,999.....	398	54	21	11	44	97	86	95	35	21	6	0	1			
2,000-2,999.....	329	60	24	4	18	65	65	85	40	34	10	6	2			
3,000 or over.....	171	77	29	2	4	10	26	41	33	23	16	11	5			
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>																
All families.....	1,004	50	19	66	215	273	180	152	53	30	20	9	4			
Relief families.....	118	38	13	25	45	31	10	3	1	1	0	0	0			
Nonrelief families.....	886	52	19	41	170	242	170	149	52	29	20	9	4			
0-999.....	304	48	16	29	104	92	41	24	8	4	1	1	0			
1,000-1,499.....	283	51	18	8	48	96	63	50	12	3	3	0	0			
1,500-1,999.....	142	54	21	3	17	33	34	32	13	6	3	0	1			
2,000-2,999.....	108	57	25	1	1	19	25	34	10	9	5	2	2			
3,000 or over.....	49	74	32	0	0	2	7	9	9	7	8	6	1			

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 144.—MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE: Number and percentage of families owning homes, average monthly rental value, and number of owning families reporting specified monthly rental values, by relief status and income,¹ North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars)	Home-owning families ²		Average monthly rental value ³	Home-owning families reporting monthly rental value of ⁴										
				\$5-\$9	\$10-\$14	\$15-\$19	\$20-\$24	\$25-\$29	\$30-\$34	\$35-\$39	\$40-\$44	\$45-\$54	\$55 or over	
				(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)											
VILLAGES—continued														
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>														
All families.....	No. 1,048	Pct. 55	Dol. 20	No. 76	No. 159	No. 243	No. 205	No. 220	No. 78	No. 44	No. 9	No. 8	No. 4	No. 4
Relief families.....	121	43	13	38	35	26	12	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nonrelief families.....	927	56	21	38	124	217	193	211	78	44	9	8	4	4
0-999.....	300	53	17	27	64	90	64	44	7	4	0	0	0	0
1,000-1,499.....	294	55	20	9	44	75	69	69	19	4	2	2	0	0
1,500-1,999.....	160	57	23	1	9	30	33	46	17	12	2	0	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	115	59	25	1	6	17	18	32	19	17	2	3	0	0
3,000 or over.....	68	76	30	0	1	5	9	20	16	7	3	3	4	4
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>														
All families.....	1,077	48	14	275	287	214	133	81	30	22	9	4		
Relief families.....	238	34	8	143	60	14	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nonrelief families.....	839	54	16	132	227	200	127	79	30	22	9	4	1	1
0-999.....	352	51	13	77	134	73	41	15	2	2	0	1	1	1
1,000-1,499.....	223	53	14	44	61	61	35	16	4	0	0	0	0	0
1,500-1,999.....	104	50	18	7	18	34	19	17	5	3	1	0	0	0
2,000-2,999.....	106	64	22	2	11	29	22	19	11	8	3	1	0	0
3,000 or over.....	54	82	27	2	3	3	10	12	8	9	5	2	0	0

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded.

² Percentages are based on the number of home-owning and renting families in each class.

³ Rental value based on estimate made by home owner. The averages in this column are based on the number of families owning homes (column 2).

⁴ Rental values under \$5 were reported by 16 relief and 9 nonrelief families in the combined village units, 2 relief families in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 1 relief and 1 nonrelief family in the Michigan-Wisconsin villages, and 13 relief and 8 nonrelief families in the Illinois-Iowa villages.

⁵ Percentages not computed for fewer than 10 cases.

TABLE 145.—MONTHLY RENT: Number and percentage of families occupying rented homes, average monthly rent, and number of renting families reporting specified monthly rents, by relief status and income, ¹ North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars)	Renting families ²		Average monthly rent ³	Renting families reporting monthly rent of—									
	(2)	(3)		(4)	Under \$5	\$5-\$9	\$10-\$14	\$15-\$19	\$20-\$24	\$25-\$29	\$30-\$34	\$35-\$39	\$40 or over
(1)				(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
SMALL CITIES													
<i>Combined cities</i>													
All families	No. 2,287	Pct. 64	Dot. 17	No. 17	No. 394	No. 675	No. 499	No. 253	No. 193	No. 95	No. 63	No. 98	
Relief families	458	72	11	9	188	169	63	17	6	5	0	1	
Nonrelief families	1,829	51	18	8	206	506	436	236	187	90	63	97	
0-999	656	62	13	7	159	255	161	31	25	9	5	4	
1,000-1,499	578	54	16	1	36	186	178	99	45	20	6	7	
1,500-1,999	302	48	21	0	8	54	71	61	55	22	19	12	
2,000-2,999	207	39	27	0	2	10	25	39	50	28	22	31	
3,000 or over	86	28	37	0	1	1	1	6	12	11	11	43	
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>													
All families	160	53	16	0	24	50	45	14	16	6	1	4	
Relief families	38	67	12	0	13	13	9	1	0	2	0	0	
Nonrelief families	122	50	17	0	11	37	36	13	16	4	1	4	
0-999	32	62	13	0	4	13	12	2	0	1	0	0	
1,000-1,499	48	52	14	0	7	18	17	4	2	0	0	0	
1,500-1,999	20	41	19	0	0	6	4	4	4	1	0	1	
2,000-2,999	17	40	26	0	0	0	3	3	7	1	1	2	
3,000 or over	5	(*)	31	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>													
All families	352	49	14	6	80	121	68	33	25	11	4	4	
Relief families	94	61	10	4	36	39	11	3	24	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families	258	46	15	2	44	82	57	30	1	11	4	4	
0-999	91	53	11	1	29	36	17	4	4	0	0	0	
1,000-1,499	89	48	13	1	11	35	27	13	1	1	0	0	
1,500-1,999	44	43	19	0	3	8	11	10	9	2	1	0	
2,000-2,999	25	35	25	0	0	3	2	3	8	6	1	2	
3,000 or over	9	28	31	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>													
All families	257	57	15	2	54	91	47	21	24	7	6	5	
Relief families	74	65	10	1	34	32	4	3	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families	183	54	17	1	20	59	43	18	24	7	6	5	
0-999	67	60	12	1	12	33	16	3	1	1	0	0	
1,000-1,499	64	54	15	0	6	22	18	11	5	2	0	0	
1,500-1,999	27	56	21	0	1	3	9	1	9	2	2	0	
2,000-2,999	20	48	28	0	1	1	0	3	7	1	3	4	
3,000 or over	5	25	33	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	1	
<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>													
All families	217	50	20	0	5	32	75	44	39	14	7	1	
Relief families	32	78	17	0	1	6	16	6	1	2	0	0	
Nonrelief families	185	47	20	0	4	26	59	38	38	12	7	1	
0-999	54	51	17	0	2	8	28	8	7	1	0	0	
1,000-1,499	81	49	19	0	2	14	25	23	13	4	0	0	
1,500-1,999	31	45	23	0	0	4	4	5	14	3	1	0	
2,000-2,999	13	34	28	0	0	0	1	1	3	3	3	1	
3,000 or over	6	33	30	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 145.—MONTHLY RENT: Number and percentage of families occupying rented homes, average monthly rent, and number of renting families reporting specified monthly rents, by relief status and income,¹ North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Renting families		Average monthly rent ² (4)	Renting families reporting monthly rent of—									
	No.	Pct.		Under \$5	\$5-\$9	\$10-\$14	\$15-\$19	\$20-\$24	\$25-\$29	\$30-\$34	\$35-\$39	\$40 or over	
	(2)	(3)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
SMALL CITIES—continued													
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>													
All families.....	No. 261	Pct. 55	Dol. 13	No. 2	No. 74	No. 88	No. 47	No. 24	No. 12	No. 11	No. 3	No. 0	
Relief families.....	76	81	9	2	39	29	5	0	0	1	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	185	48	15	0	35	59	42	24	12	10	3	0	
0-999.....	74	86	11	0	30	30	12	1	1	0	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	46	46	14	0	3	21	15	6	1	0	0	0	
1,500-1,999.....	31	41	18	0	1	5	12	8	3	2	0	0	
2,000-2,999.....	27	39	23	0	1	2	3	8	6	5	2	0	
3,000 or over.....	7	27	26	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	1	0	
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>													
All families.....	721	56	22	0	54	157	162	78	70	50	45	105	
Relief families.....	89	75	13	0	24	38	16	4	5	1	0	1	
Nonrelief families.....	632	54	24	0	30	119	146	74	65	49	45	104	
0-999.....	204	71	15	0	30	72	63	13	11	5	5	5	
1,000-1,499.....	178	82	21	0	0	34	52	39	21	15	8	9	
1,500-1,999.....	104	52	26	0	0	13	21	13	17	14	13	13	
2,000-2,999.....	88	45	34	0	0	0	10	7	14	12	15	30	
3,000 or over.....	58	30	45	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	4	47	
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>													
All families.....	557	55	14	7	138	197	98	67	29	12	9	5	
Relief families.....	80	82	8	2	51	22	4	1	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	477	52	15	5	87	175	89	66	29	12	9	5	
0-999.....	208	64	10	5	76	90	28	6	2	1	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	123	56	14	0	8	62	35	13	5	0	0	0	
1,500-1,999.....	79	50	19	0	3	17	16	26	8	3	5	1	
2,000-2,999.....	54	35	22	0	0	6	9	19	12	5	3	0	
3,000 or over.....	13	23	30	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	1	4	
VILLAGES													
<i>Combined village units</i>													
All families.....	3,050	49	12	86	928	1,041	562	245	126	36	11	10	
Relief families.....	805	63	8	68	459	228	36	11	1	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	2,245	46	14	18	469	813	526	234	125	36	11	10	
0-999.....	931	49	11	17	321	406	133	28	12	2	1	0	
1,000-1,499.....	702	47	14	1	104	287	208	75	18	3	2	2	
1,500-1,999.....	338	46	16	0	30	87	114	68	27	9	1	2	
2,000-2,999.....	223	40	20	0	4	32	63	46	63	17	3	5	
3,000 or over.....	51	23	24	0	0	1	8	17	15	5	4	1	
<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>													
All families.....	1,014	50	13	9	223	409	200	112	41	12	1	5	
Relief families.....	191	62	10	6	85	77	15	7	1	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	823	48	14	3	138	332	185	105	40	12	1	5	
0-999.....	333	52	11	3	94	166	46	17	6	1	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	267	49	14	0	38	112	73	37	3	1	0	1	
1,500-1,999.....	123	46	16	0	5	42	36	28	12	0	0	0	
2,000-2,999.....	83	43	20	0	1	11	28	16	15	8	0	4	
3,000 or over.....	17	26	22	0	0	1	2	7	4	2	1	0	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 145.—MONTHLY RENT: Number and percentage of families occupying rented homes, average monthly rent, and number of renting families reporting specified monthly rents, by relief status and income,¹ North Central small cities combined and separately, and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Renting families ²		Average monthly rent ³ (4)	Renting families reporting monthly rent of—									
	No.	Pct.		Under \$5	\$5-\$9	\$10-\$14	\$15-\$19	\$20-\$24	\$25-\$29	\$30-\$34	\$35-\$39	\$40 or over	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
VILLAGES—continued													
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>													
All families.....	874	45	14	8	180	303	213	88	52	17	6	4	
Relief families.....	160	57	10	5	68	67	15	3	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	714	44	15	3	112	236	198	85	52	17	6	4	
0-999.....	261	47	12	3	70	110	63	8	5	0	1	0	
1,000-1,499.....	239	45	14	0	32	98	68	26	12	1	1	1	
1,500-1,999.....	111	43	17	0	9	20	43	26	5	6	1	1	
2,000-2,999.....	81	41	21	0	1	8	21	18	23	8	1	1	
3,000 or over.....	22	24	25	0	0	0	3	7	7	2	2	1	
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>													
All families.....	1,162	52	10	69	525	329	149	45	33	7	4	1	
Relief families.....	454	66	7	57	306	84	6	1	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	708	46	12	12	219	245	143	44	33	7	4	1	
0-999.....	337	49	9	11	167	130	24	3	1	1	0	0	
1,000-1,499.....	196	47	13	1	34	77	67	12	3	1	1	0	
1,500-1,999.....	104	50	16	0	16	25	35	14	10	3	0	1	
2,000-2,999.....	59	36	19	0	2	13	14	12	15	1	2	0	
3,000 or over.....	12	18	23	0	0	0	3	3	4	1	1	0	

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded; also excluded are families that received any part or all of their rent as a gift, as follows: Combined cities, 26 nonrelief and 16 relief families; New Philadelphia, 3 nonrelief and 3 relief families; Lincoln, 3 nonrelief and 3 relief families; Beaver Dam, 2 nonrelief and 3 relief families; Boone, 3 nonrelief families; Columbia, and 3 relief families; Moberly, 4 nonrelief and 3 relief families; combined village units, 64 nonrelief and 5 relief families; Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 14 nonrelief and 7 relief families; Michigan-Wisconsin villages, 14 nonrelief and 5 relief families; Illinois-Iowa villages, 26 nonrelief and 11 relief families. Families that received rent as pay are included. For these families the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Percentages are based on the total number of home-owning and renting families in each class.
³ Averages are based on the number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. For the combined and separate cities this is the same as the number of renting families (column 2). 3 nonrelief and 2 relief families in the combined village units, 2 nonrelief families in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, and 1 nonrelief and 2 relief families in the Michigan-Wisconsin villages did not report monthly rent.

⁴ Percentages not computed for fewer than 10 cases.

TABLE 146.—AVERAGE MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE AND AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT: *Number and percentage of home-owning and renting families, average monthly rental value, and average monthly rent, by occupation and income, North Central small cities combined and separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36*¹

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (1)	Wage-earner families						Clerical families						Business and professional families					
	Home-owning †		Renting ‡		Average monthly rental value ‡	Average monthly rent †	Home-owning †		Renting ‡		Average monthly rental value ‡	Average monthly rent †	Home-owning †		Renting ‡		Average monthly rental value ‡	Average monthly rent †
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
SMALL CITIES																		
Combined cities: All incomes.....	No. 846	Pct. 44	No. 1,089	Pct. 56	Dol. 22	Dol. 15	No. 275	Pct. 49	No. 286	Pct. 51	Dol. 29	Dol. 21	No. 545	Pct. 56	No. 429	Pct. 44	Dol. 35	Dol. 25
\$0-\$999.....	223	32	476	68	18	12	33	29	79	71	18	15	87	53	78	47	24	20
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	301	44	382	56	21	15	78	45	95	55	24	18	90	47	100	53	24	19
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	170	52	155	48	23	19	53	51	50	49	29	25	90	48	96	52	31	22
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	124	86	65	34	26	23	77	63	46	37	34	29	117	55	96	45	35	29
\$3,000 or over.....	28	72	11	28	32	28	34	68	16	32	40	34	161	73	59	27	48	40
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	75	49	79	51	22	15	17	59	12	41	28	19	24	45	29	55	29	23
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	144	48	153	52	23	13	56	57	43	43	28	16	87	59	60	41	26	22
Illinois, Lincoln.....	76	43	102	57	17	13	20	47	23	53	28	19	52	47	58	53	29	22
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	116	46	135	54	26	18	18	50	18	50	28	23	53	63	31	37	33	26
Iowa, Boone.....	99	50	99	50	21	13	25	42	35	58	24	17	63	57	47	43	27	18
Missouri, Columbia: All incomes.....	159	34	311	66	23	17	106	47	119	53	36	27	239	56	188	44	44	33
\$0-\$999.....	45	24	141	76	20	13	6	22	21	78	21	17	22	41	32	59	28	22
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	58	37	100	63	21	19	23	36	41	64	26	21	23	40	35	60	27	25
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	33	39	51	61	26	22	21	48	23	52	34	30	38	58	28	42	34	30
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	17	51	18	49	31	25	36	60	24	40	40	35	46	50	46	50	41	36
\$3,000 or over.....	6	(²)	1	(²)	36	* 35	20	67	10	33	48	42	110	70	47	30	55	45
Missouri, Moberly: All incomes.....	268	45	332	55	19	13	66	49	68	51	24	19	83	55	69	45	28	18
\$0-\$999.....	74	31	162	69	13	10	12	33	24	67	14	15	10	56	15	44	18	12
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	61	40	92	60	17	14	16	50	16	60	24	15	17	55	14	45	22	14
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	48	56	38	44	19	18	15	47	17	53	22	23	14	37	24	63	28	19
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	63	65	34	35	24	21	16	62	10	38	30	25	19	66	10	34	33	22
\$3,000 or over.....	22	79	6	21	32	28	7	(²)	1	(²)	* 31	40	14	70	6	30	40	30

VILLAGES																			
Combined village units:																			
All incomes.....	1,212	47	1,351	53	16	12	336	56	261	44	20	15	808	58	595	42	22	17	
\$0-\$999.....	558	44	699	56	14	11	73	46	85	54	15	11	159	58	115	42	15	11	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	439	49	455	51	17	13	98	54	85	46	19	15	186	54	159	46	19	15	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	138	49	144	51	19	16	71	59	49	41	23	17	165	53	144	47	22	18	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	71	60	47	40	22	17	71	67	35	33	22	18	172	55	139	45	25	22	
\$3,000 or over.....	6	50	6	50	31	17	23	77	7	23	27	23	126	77	38	23	30	25	
Pennsylvania-Ohio:																			
All incomes.....	458	45	561	55	17	13	111	56	88	44	21	15	253	60	167	40	24	19	
\$0-\$999.....	201	42	277	58	15	11	21	45	26	55	16	12	44	65	24	35	16	15	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	171	47	196	53	17	13	34	50	34	50	20	15	63	64	36	36	21	16	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	54	47	62	53	16	16	25	61	16	39	24	10	58	56	45	44	23	17	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	31	57	23	43	24	18	25	74	9	26	23	17	49	49	61	51	28	23	
\$3,000 or over.....	1	(*)	3	(*)	* 35	18	6	(*)	3	(*)	25	23	39	78	11	22	34	23	
Michigan-Wisconsin:																			
All incomes.....	450	51	438	49	18	13	116	56	90	44	23	16	264	59	180	41	24	19	
\$0-\$999.....	189	48	207	52	16	12	22	50	22	50	17	12	43	61	27	39	19	12	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	178	52	165	48	19	13	32	52	30	48	22	15	51	54	43	46	20	16	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	54	53	48	47	20	15	27	59	19	41	25	17	60	58	44	42	23	20	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	24	59	17	41	23	17	22	56	17	44	24	19	65	58	47	42	26	23	
\$3,000 or over.....	5	(*)	1	(*)	30	* 15	13	87	2	13	27	* 24	45	70	19	30	30	26	
Illinois-Iowa:																			
All incomes.....	304	46	353	54	13	10	109	57	83	43	16	13	291	54	248	46	18	15	
\$0-\$999.....	168	44	216	56	12	9	30	45	37	55	13	9	72	53	64	47	12	9	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	90	49	94	51	12	12	32	60	21	40	15	15	72	47	80	53	16	14	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	30	47	34	53	15	13	19	58	14	42	19	18	47	46	55	54	18	17	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	16	70	7	30	19	13	24	73	9	27	19	17	58	59	41	41	22	20	
\$3,000 or over.....	0	(*)	2	(*)	-----	* 16	4	(*)	2	(*)	30	* 24	42	84	8	16	26	25	

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview and families that received any part, or all, of their rent as gift are excluded. Families that received rent as pay are included; for these families, the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Percentages are based on the total number of home-owning and renting families in each class.

³ Based on estimate made by home owner for period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Averages are based on the corresponding number of owning families in each class (column 2, 8, or 14).

⁴ Averages are based on the corresponding number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. (See table 145, footnote 3.)

⁵ Percentages not computed for fewer than 10 cases.

⁶ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 147.—AVERAGE MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE AND AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT: Number of home-owning and renting families, average monthly rental value, and average monthly rent, by family type and income, North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36 ¹

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Home-owning families	Renting families	Average monthly rental value ²	Average monthly rent ³	Home-owning families	Renting families	Average monthly rental value ²	Average monthly rent ³	Home-owning families	Renting families	Average monthly rental value ²	Average monthly rent ³	Home-owning families	Renting families	Average monthly rental value ²	Average monthly rent ³
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
	FAMILY TYPE 1				FAMILY TYPE 2				FAMILY TYPE 3				FAMILY TYPE 4			
COMBINED CITIES	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars
All incomes.....	611	467	28	18	215	402	28	17	125	268	26	17	483	268	29	21
0-999.....	213	186	21	14	34	151	17	12	17	90	16	11	86	87	20	16
1,000-1,499.....	167	142	25	17	63	127	22	16	43	91	20	16	120	78	24	17
1,500-1,999.....	96	74	30	24	43	72	29	20	25	40	24	21	97	37	27	21
2,000-2,999.....	88	64	35	26	49	37	31	29	25	36	34	29	108	44	31	29
3,000 or over.....	47	11	45	36	26	15	51	36	15	11	47	36	77	22	44	40
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																
All incomes.....	983	530	18	14	289	454	19	14	191	346	20	14	696	338	19	14
0-999.....	526	253	15	11	88	195	14	10	34	133	14	10	211	128	15	12
1,000-1,499.....	243	144	20	14	101	141	17	14	76	132	17	14	197	97	18	13
1,500-1,999.....	84	80	22	17	47	66	22	17	44	43	22	18	122	56	22	16
2,000-2,999.....	86	47	26	20	35	45	24	20	22	30	25	23	115	45	23	20
3,000 or over.....	44	6	30	27	18	7	29	24	15	8	31	26	51	12	30	21
	FAMILY TYPE 5				FAMILY TYPE 6				FAMILY TYPE 7				FAMILY TYPES 8 AND 9			
COMBINED CITIES																
All incomes.....	143	156	27	18	91	152	24	16	56	66	22	16	49	50	25	20
0-999.....	13	54	19	13	14	60	14	12	10	14	15	11	10	14	15	15
1,000-1,499.....	44	49	19	16	34	55	20	16	16	26	18	16	10	11	17	18
1,500-1,999.....	28	21	24	20	17	24	23	19	12	18	22	18	9	16	20	19
2,000-2,999.....	31	19	26	26	14	8	28	25	11	5	24	18	7	4	34	24
3,000 or over.....	27	14	45	34	12	5	46	45	7	3	40	26	13	5	38	36

COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS																
All incomes.....	221	176	19	13	114	243	18	13	80	89	16	13	78	69	17	13
0-999.....	38	71	14	10	24	105	12	10	19	27	12	10	16	19	13	10
1,000-1,499.....	78	47	16	13	48	88	17	13	28	35	14	13	29	18	15	12
1,500-1,999.....	50	31	19	15	17	26	20	15	17	17	15	12	15	19	21	15
2,000-2,999.....	32	19	26	18	14	20	24	20	13	6	20	26	12	11	24	17
3,000 or over.....	23	8	30	22	11	4	26	22	3	4	33	24	6	2	19	⁴ 25

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview and families that received any part or all of their rent as a gift are excluded. Families that received rent as pay are included. For these families the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Averages are based on the number of owning families in each class (column 2, 6, 10, or 14).

³ Averages are based on the number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. (See table 145, footnote 3.)

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 148.—AVERAGE MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE AND AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT: Number of home-owning and renting families, average monthly rental value, and average monthly rent, by family type and income, North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, 1935-36¹

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (1)	Family type 1				Family types 2 and 3				Family types 4 and 5				Family types 6 and 7				Family types 8 and 9			
	Home-owning families (2)	Renting families (3)	Average monthly rental value † (4)	Average monthly rent † (5)	Home-owning families (6)	Renting families (7)	Average monthly rental value † (8)	Average monthly rent † (9)	Home-owning families (10)	Renting families (11)	Average monthly rental value † (12)	Average monthly rent † (13)	Home-owning families (14)	Renting families (15)	Average monthly rental value † (16)	Average monthly rent † (17)	Home-owning families (18)	Renting families (19)	Average monthly rental value † (20)	Average monthly rent † (21)
SMALL CITIES	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Ohio, Mount Vernon	39	30	28	18	16	49	22	17	48	26	23	16	15	16	19	17	5	1	25	22
Ohio, New Philadelphia	103	68	26	15	52	108	26	15	118	48	27	18	23	30	22	13	9	4	22	18
Illinois, Lincoln	57	44	23	18	28	71	23	18	56	35	25	16	14	26	18	14	1	7	15	19
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam	60	46	29	21	37	79	29	19	59	34	30	22	20	23	24	21	5	3	23	21
Iowa, Boone	69	50	23	16	41	63	25	15	60	35	24	16	25	30	22	13	3	7	14	15
Missouri, Columbia: All incomes	156	149	37	24	127	213	35	23	185	168	37	26	45	61	29	19	19	21	38	25
\$0-\$999	36	56	26	16	13	67	20	14	29	47	22	17	3	29	15	13	2	5	17	17
\$1,000-\$1,499	31	39	33	21	33	65	22	20	30	39	22	23	14	32	20	19	3	3	16	21
\$1,500-\$1,999	31	25	35	32	20	32	30	25	32	28	33	25	9	12	28	20	3	7	21	23
\$2,000-\$2,999	35	24	43	33	32	26	38	35	28	32	40	33	7	3	28	35	4	3	46	27
\$3,000 or over	23	5	56	46	29	23	58	44	66	22	52	45	12	5	47	43	7	3	56	45
Missouri, Moberly: All incomes	169	133	21	15	76	150	20	14	174	143	23	15	13	37	19	13	11	14	17	15
\$0-\$999	60	66	15	11	17	66	11	10	29	64	16	11	6	16	14	10	3	6	12	10
\$1,000-\$1,499	37	35	20	15	25	40	19	14	34	34	22	14	2	11	14	13	0	3	13	13
\$1,500-\$1,999	22	25	26	20	11	27	19	19	39	18	21	19	3	8	18	19	3	0	11	18
\$2,000-\$2,999	28	14	28	22	18	15	26	23	49	21	26	22	1	2	435	118	3	2	22	18
\$3,000 or over	12	2	34	38	5	2	42	30	23	23	33	28	1	0	450	118	2	3	25	28

VILLAGES																				
Pennsylvania-Ohio:																				
All incomes.....	328	191	19	14	149	296	20	14	323	186	20	14	61	121	16	13	25	29	18	14
\$0-\$999.....	168	90	16	12	39	117	16	11	80	70	16	12	13	50	12	11	4	6	17	11
\$1,000-\$1,499..	88	55	19	15	64	104	19	14	98	50	18	13	23	51	17	13	10	7	16	12
\$1,500-\$1,999..	37	27	22	18	28	41	25	17	61	33	20	15	10	10	16	12	6	12	19	16
\$2,000-\$2,999..	24	17	29	20	11	30	25	22	56	23	24	20	12	9	23	25	5	4	22	15
\$3,000 or over..	11	2	33	4	7	4	36	24	28	10	31	20	3	1	30	4	35	0	0	-----
Michigan-Wisconsin:																				
All incomes.....	344	171	21	15	184	277	21	15	288	134	21	15	83	111	19	15	28	21	19	13
\$0-\$999.....	180	69	17	12	37	99	14	12	64	51	18	12	11	38	14	11	8	4	12	8
\$1,000-\$1,499..	95	52	21	14	61	109	19	14	91	34	19	13	40	38	17	15	7	6	19	8
\$1,500-\$1,999..	27	29	24	18	41	38	23	18	64	21	23	18	13	18	21	15	5	5	24	15
\$2,000-\$2,999..	25	20	28	22	31	22	26	22	44	22	24	20	11	11	21	20	4	6	26	18
\$3,000 or over..	17	1	38	4	14	9	29	26	25	6	28	23	8	6	29	23	4	0	17	-----
Illinois-Iowa:																				
All incomes.....	311	168	16	12	147	227	15	12	306	194	17	13	60	100	13	11	25	19	15	12
\$0-\$999.....	178	94	14	9	46	112	12	8	105	78	13	10	19	44	10	9	4	9	9	10
\$1,000-\$1,499..	60	37	17	14	52	60	13	14	86	60	14	13	13	34	10	11	12	5	12	14
\$1,500-\$1,999..	20	24	17	16	22	30	17	17	47	33	19	16	11	15	13	4	2	2	20	4
\$2,000-\$2,999..	37	10	22	17	15	23	21	21	47	19	21	18	4	6	20	20	3	1	23	17
\$3,000 or over..	16	3	22	26	12	2	27	4	21	4	31	22	3	1	22	4	15	2	2	25

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview and families that received any part or all of their rent as a gift are excluded. Families that received rent as pay are included. For these families the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Based on estimate made by home owner for period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Averages are based on the corresponding number of owning families in each class (column 2, 6, 10, 14, or 18).

³ Averages are based on the corresponding number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. (See table 145, footnote 3.)

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 149.—NONMONEY INCOME FROM MORTGAGED AND MORTGAGE-FREE OWNED HOMES: Number of families owning homes with and without mortgages, average number of months of occupancy of owned homes, average rental value, average estimated expense, and average nonmoney income from home ownership, by income, North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	All families	Families owning homes ¹	Families with homes free from mortgage ²						Families with mortgaged homes ³						
			Families owning homes free from mortgage		Average number of months owned home was occupied	Average rental value of homes ⁴	Average estimated expense for homes ⁵	Average non-money income from homes ⁶	Families owning mortgaged homes		Average number of months owned home was occupied	Average rental value of homes ⁴	Average estimated expense for homes		Average non-money income from homes ⁶
			Number	Per cent ⁷					Number	Per cent ⁷			Months	Dollars		Months	Dollars	Interest	Other^{8}
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
SMALL CITIES															
<i>Ohio, Mount Vernon</i>															
All incomes.....	253	124	55	44	12	302	90	212	69	56	12	267	68	85	114
0-999.....	55	21	11	52	12	260	86	174	10	48	12	224	54	78	92
1,000-1,499.....	97	45	18	40	11	241	76	165	27	60	12	229	62	78	89
1,500-1,999.....	50	29	12	41	12	317	94	223	17	59	12	275	87	85	103
2,000-2,999.....	42	25	12	48	12	410	110	300	13	52	12	346	65	99	182
3,000 or over.....	9	4	2	(⁹)	12	\$ 300	\$ 102	\$ 258	2	(⁹)	12	\$ 420	\$ 99	\$ 112	\$ 209
<i>Ohio, New Philadelphia</i>															
All incomes.....	588	312	179	57	12	322	94	228	133	43	12	283	103	87	93
0-999.....	178	82	51	62	12	265	84	181	31	38	12	257	104	83	70
1,000-1,499.....	195	99	52	53	12	307	92	215	47	47	12	256	97	83	76
1,500-1,999.....	108	59	31	53	12	324	95	229	28	47	12	314	110	93	111
2,000-2,999.....	74	48	26	54	12	386	106	280	22	46	11	324	113	92	119
3,000 or over.....	33	24	19	79	11	422	110	312	5	21	11	342	69	94	179
<i>Illinois, Lincoln</i>															
All incomes.....	372	157	110	70	12	278	87	191	47	30	12	271	83	85	103
0-999.....	128	44	37	84	12	204	74	130	7	18	12	231	66	79	86
1,000-1,499.....	128	55	36	69	12	269	86	185	17	31	12	198	47	72	79
1,500-1,999.....	60	21	11	52	12	300	90	210	10	48	11	268	82	83	103
2,000-2,999.....	44	22	12	55	12	343	98	245	10	45	12	352	114	100	138
3,000 or over.....	22	15	12	80	12	450	117	333	3	20	12	520	223	120	163

<i>Wisconsin, Beaver Dam</i>															
All incomes.....	404	211	135	64	12	354	100	254	76	36	12	310	80	92	138
0-999.....	110	51	36	71	12	304	92	212	15	29	12	300	79	91	130
1,000-1,499.....	168	85	51	60	12	336	97	239	34	40	12	312	83	92	137
1,500-1,999.....	70	38	18	47	12	388	106	282	20	53	12	310	74	92	144
2,000-2,999.....	38	25	19	76	12	400	108	292	6	24	12	316	95	94	127
3,000 or over.....	18	12	11	92	12	469	120	349	1	8	* 12	* 360	* 29	* 101	* 230
<i>Iowa, Boone</i>															
All incomes.....	392	201	157	78	12	284	88	196	44	22	12	249	60	81	108
0-999.....	116	38	28	74	12	199	73	126	10	26	12	192	55	73	64
1,000-1,499.....	102	55	40	73	12	244	81	163	15	27	12	206	40	73	95
1,500-1,999.....	77	46	36	78	12	299	93	206	10	22	11	232	82	67	125
2,000-2,999.....	71	43	35	81	12	323	95	228	8	19	12	330	76	96	158
3,000 or over.....	26	19	18	95	12	397	107	290	1	5	* 12	* 360	* 65	* 101	* 194
<i>Missouri, Columbia</i>															
All incomes.....	1,185	537	328	61	12	443	115	328	209	39	12	402	105	107	190
0-999.....	296	84	48	57	12	278	87	191	36	43	12	258	72	83	103
1,000-1,499.....	293	112	67	60	12	297	91	206	45	40	11	274	60	85	129
1,500-1,999.....	202	98	52	53	12	396	106	290	46	47	11	349	100	98	151
2,000-2,999.....	198	106	66	62	12	464	119	345	40	33	11	465	125	118	222
3,000 or over.....	106	137	95	69	12	639	149	490	42	31	12	663	166	154	343
<i>Missouri, Moberly</i>															
All incomes.....	925	437	255	58	12	268	85	183	182	42	12	241	70	80	91
0-999.....	333	117	72	62	12	174	68	106	45	38	12	153	40	64	49
1,000-1,499.....	223	100	50	50	12	264	84	180	50	50	12	209	66	74	69
1,500-1,999.....	169	78	44	56	12	246	82	164	34	44	12	265	75	83	107
2,000-2,999.....	163	99	58	59	12	318	94	224	41	41	12	317	82	93	142
3,000 or over.....	67	43	31	72	12	428	113	315	12	28	12	370	141	103	126

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 149.—NONMONEY INCOME FROM MORTGAGED AND MORTGAGE-FREE OWNED HOMES: Number of families owning homes with and without mortgages, average number of months of occupancy of owned homes, average rental value, average estimated expense, and average nonmoney income from home ownership, by income, North Central small cities separately and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined and separately, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	All families	Families owning homes ¹	Families with homes free from mortgage ²						Families with mortgaged homes ³						
			Families owning homes free from mortgage		Average number of months owned home was occupied	Average rental value of homes ³	Average estimated expense for homes ⁴	Average non-money income from homes ⁵	Families owning mortgaged homes		Average number of months owned home was occupied	Average rental value of homes ³	Average estimated expense for homes		Average non-money income from homes ⁵
			Number	Per-cent ⁷					Number	Per-cent ⁷			Months	Dollars	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
VILLAGES															
<i>Combined village units</i>															
All incomes.....	Number 5,067	Number 2,690	Number 1,909	Per-cent ⁷ 71	Months 12	Dollars 220	Dollars 77	Dollars 143	Number 781	Per-cent ⁷ 29	Months 12	Dollars 220	Dollars 72	Dollars 76	Dollars 72
0-249.....	102	64	59	92	12	150	64	86	5	8	12	144	108	64	-28
250-499.....	345	214	178	83	12	160	67	93	36	17	11	143	45	82	41
500-749.....	616	302	244	81	12	181	70	111	58	19	12	178	52	70	56
750-999.....	915	389	272	70	12	189	71	118	117	30	12	179	66	69	44
1,000-1,249.....	903	468	291	62	12	197	73	124	177	38	11	198	82	71	65
1,250-1,499.....	648	349	232	66	12	217	76	141	117	34	12	223	71	76	76
1,500-1,749.....	449	236	160	68	12	246	81	165	76	32	12	227	68	77	82
1,750-1,999.....	305	163	106	65	12	253	82	171	57	35	11	259	85	82	94
2,000-2,249.....	231	129	89	69	12	287	89	198	40	31	11	276	100	84	92
2,250-2,499.....	149	89	58	65	12	276	87	189	31	35	12	284	71	87	126
2,500-2,999.....	179	114	83	73	12	289	89	200	31	27	12	288	93	89	108
3,000-3,499.....	81	56	42	75	12	294	89	205	14	25	12	321	134	93	94
3,500-3,999.....	41	32	22	69	12	349	99	250	10	31	12	366	126	102	138
4,000 or over.....	103	85	73	86	12	375	104	271	12	14	12	380	165	105	110

<i>Pennsylvania-Ohio</i>															
All incomes.....	1,748	900	635	71	12	227	78	149	265	29	12	233	84	78	71
0-999.....	659	309	233	75	12	184	70	114	76	25	12	182	75	60	38
1,000-1,499.....	558	290	184	63	12	210	75	135	108	37	12	228	74	78	76
1,500-1,999.....	270	143	99	69	12	248	81	167	44	31	11	246	95	80	71
2,000-2,999.....	194	109	79	72	12	290	89	201	80	28	11	315	109	91	115
3,000 or over.....	67	49	40	82	12	380	105	275	9	18	12	407	160	109	138
<i>Michigan-Wisconsin</i>															
All incomes.....	1,670	933	636	68	12	247	82	165	297	32	12	237	73	78	86
0-999.....	574	302	228	75	12	200	74	126	74	25	12	193	62	71	60
1,000-1,499.....	547	295	181	61	12	235	80	155	114	39	12	226	68	77	81
1,500-1,999.....	262	151	95	63	12	274	86	188	56	37	12	259	73	83	103
2,000-2,999.....	197	116	81	70	12	311	93	218	35	30	12	271	78	84	109
3,000 or over.....	90	69	61	74	12	346	98	248	18	26	12	353	135	100	118
<i>Illinois-Iowa</i>															
All incomes.....	1,649	857	638	74	12	186	71	115	219	26	12	181	55	69	67
0-999.....	745	358	292	82	12	152	64	88	66	18	12	140	41	62	37
1,000-1,499.....	446	232	158	68	12	169	68	101	74	32	11	150	47	62	41
1,500-1,999.....	222	105	72	69	12	219	77	142	33	31	12	203	49	73	81
2,000-2,999.....	168	107	70	65	12	250	82	168	37	35	12	265	84	84	97
3,000 or over.....	68	55	46	84	12	316	95	221	9	16	11	300	140	89	71

¹ Includes all families that occupied owned homes at any time during the report year. Includes 1 family in Mount Vernon, 1 in New Philadelphia, 1 in Moberly, 16 in the combined village units, 2 in Pennsylvania-Ohio, 4 in Michigan-Wisconsin, and 9 in Illinois-Iowa, whose expenses exactly equaled the annual rental value of their homes.

² Averages are based on the number of families owning homes free from mortgage, column 4.

³ Average rental value is based on estimates made by home owners for the period of ownership and occupancy, during the report year. Average per month may be obtained by dividing the figures in this column by the averages shown in the preceding column.

⁴ Expense for period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Expense other than interest (columns 8 and 15) are estimates based on the average relationship between rental value and expense as shown by previous studies.

⁵ Average nonmoney income from owned homes for the period of ownership and occupancy during the report year is obtained by deducting estimated expense (including interest) from rental value.

⁶ Averages are based on the number of families owning mortgaged homes (column 10).

⁷ Percentages are based on number of families owning homes (column 3).

⁸ Percentages not computed for fewer than 10 cases.

⁹ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 150.—HOME TENURE BY AGE OF HUSBANDS: *Number of owning and renting families, by age of husband and family income,¹ North Central small cities combined and Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Owning families						Renting families					
	All ages	Under 30 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 years or older	All ages	Under 30 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60 years or older
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
COMBINED CITIES												
All incomes.....	1,773	67	321	442	457	483	1,855	406	661	448	216	123
0-249.....	26	0	2	2	3	19	24	2	5	3	4	10
250-499.....	68	1	5	8	15	39	70	14	19	14	9	14
500-749.....	120	5	9	18	32	56	243	69	73	45	26	30
750-999.....	183	5	33	38	35	72	336	101	104	64	48	19
1,000-1,249.....	252	15	41	59	74	63	338	102	121	82	25	8
1,250-1,499.....	245	15	56	65	62	47	248	52	108	55	16	14
1,500-1,749.....	205	12	60	49	45	49	177	35	74	46	16	6
1,750-1,999.....	* 122	6	20	46	28	21	127	15	53	35	18	6
2,000-2,249.....	199	3	31	35	24	16	85	8	30	25	14	8
2,250-2,499.....	97	3	20	32	20	22	49	6	18	17	6	2
2,500-2,999.....	* 122	1	23	26	40	31	74	1	28	25	17	3
3,000-3,499.....	* 76	0	14	18	31	12	35	0	15	12	6	2
3,500-3,999.....	41	1	7	11	11	11	28	0	5	16	7	0
4,000 or over.....	107	0	10	35	37	25	23	1	8	9	4	1
COMBINED VILLAGE UNITS												
All incomes.....	2,652	85	380	630	643	914	2,299	525	793	505	300	176
0-249.....	63	0	1	2	8	52	34	6	7	2	3	16
250-499.....	209	5	4	19	42	139	123	20	31	23	23	26
500-749.....	300	7	22	34	65	172	288	87	79	52	42	38
750-999.....	384	15	52	75	102	140	505	139	172	103	69	31
1,000-1,249.....	459	25	70	127	116	121	423	111	151	96	44	21
1,250-1,499.....	341	9	71	94	87	80	296	74	121	61	29	11
1,500-1,749.....	235	6	44	69	54	62	201	42	81	38	29	11
1,750-1,999.....	161	4	32	60	34	31	141	23	48	41	23	6
2,000-2,249.....	127	4	21	36	40	26	102	15	40	31	11	5
2,250-2,499.....	89	1	14	27	25	22	59	10	20	20	5	4
2,500-2,999.....	113	4	22	34	28	25	66	5	23	20	14	4
3,000-3,499.....	55	2	12	16	10	15	26	1	10	11	4	0
3,500-3,999.....	32	1	5	13	8	5	8	0	3	2	2	1
4,000 or over.....	84	2	10	24	24	24	17	1	7	5	2	2

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded. Families that received rent as a gift are included.

* Includes 3 families in which the husband did not report age.

* Includes 1 family in which the husband did not report age.

New England Small Cities and Villages

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family **	Average number of persons under 16 † †	Average number of persons 16 or older † †
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
ALL OCCUPATIONS †													
MAINE, WESTBROOK													
All incomes.....	869	249	145	97	151	84	67	47	13	16	3.71	1.22	0.49
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	4.00	1.00
250-499.....	17	12	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	2.47	2.29	.38
500-749.....	45	17	7	6	4	5	3	3	0	0	3.51	1.16	.36
750-999.....	152	43	34	21	17	3	16	12	0	6	3.77	1.58	.21
1,000-1,249.....	190	59	36	19	30	19	15	11	0	1	3.58	1.21	.37
1,250-1,499.....	149	40	29	13	24	17	15	5	3	3	3.72	1.25	.45
1,500-1,749.....	104	31	12	9	21	10	10	6	3	2	3.78	1.22	.57
1,750-1,999.....	62	13	10	7	18	7	2	2	2	1	3.68	1.00	.69
2,000-2,249.....	37	9	1	9	6	7	1	1	0	3	4.31	1.40	.89
2,250-2,499.....	33	10	3	3	8	7	0	1	1	0	3.75	.79	.94
2,500-2,999.....	30	8	5	2	7	3	3	2	0	0	3.62	.90	.73
3,000-3,499.....	17	2	3	3	4	2	0	3	0	0	4.32	1.59	.70
3,500-3,999.....	12	2	2	4	1	2	0	0	1	0	3.99	1.17	.75
4,000 or over †.....	20	3	2	1	7	2	1	1	3	0	3.93	.59	1.40
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	572	164	91	62	97	47	48	39	10	14	3.78	1.30	0.48
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	6	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	3.00	.67	.33
500-749.....	26	9	4	3	4	2	1	3	0	0	3.59	1.15	.42
750-999.....	133	36	30	19	16	3	12	11	0	6	3.82	1.61	.23
1,000-1,249.....	142	44	27	15	21	12	12	10	0	1	3.60	1.27	.35
1,250-1,499.....	109	29	20	10	18	10	12	5	3	2	3.75	1.24	.49
1,500-1,749.....	68	20	3	5	15	8	7	5	3	2	4.00	1.34	.66
1,750-1,999.....	40	9	6	5	11	3	2	1	2	1	3.70	1.00	.70
2,000-2,249.....	19	6	0	3	3	3	1	1	0	2	4.37	1.42	.95
2,250-2,499.....	13	5	0	1	2	4	0	1	0	0	3.92	.85	1.08
2,500-2,999.....	8	1	1	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	4.00	.75	1.25
3,000-3,499.....	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	4.17	1.00	1.00
3,500-3,999.....	3	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4.15	.33	1.67
4,000 or over †.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	5.50		3.50
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	117	24	29	19	20	11	9	3	1	1	3.69	1.23	0.44
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	2	1	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	2.50	.50	
500-749.....	9	2	3	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	3.60	1.56	.11
750-999.....	10	3	2	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	3.70	1.70	.00
1,000-1,249.....	24	5	6	3	5	3	2	0	0	0	3.53	1.12	.37
1,250-1,499.....	23	4	7	3	4	3	2	0	0	0	3.64	1.26	.35
1,500-1,749.....	16	3	6	1	3	0	2	1	0	0	3.62	1.19	.44
1,750-1,999.....	10	2	2	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	3.32	.60	.70
2,000-2,249.....	8	2	0	2	0	3	0	0	1	1	4.74	1.62	1.00
2,250-2,499.....	7	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	1	0	3.78	.57	1.14
2,500-2,999.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.67	.33
3,000-3,499.....	4	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	5.00	2.50	.50
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
4,000 or over †.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 2 3	Average number of persons under 16 2 4	Average number of persons 16 or older 2 4
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
MAINE, WESTBROOK—continued													
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	158	44	24	16	31	25	10	5	2	1	3.67	1.09	0.58
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.25	.00	.25
500-749.....	5	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	3.80	1.40	.40
750-999.....	7	3	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	3.28	1.14	.14
1,000-1,249.....	19	6	3	1	3	4	1	1	0	0	3.80	1.21	.63
1,250-1,499.....	15	6	2	3	1	4	1	0	0	1	3.80	1.47	.33
1,500-1,749.....	19	7	3	3	3	2	1	0	0	0	3.23	.89	.37
1,750-1,999.....	12	2	2	1	3	3	0	1	0	0	3.92	1.33	.68
2,000-2,249.....	10	1	1	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	3.87	1.20	.70
2,250-2,499.....	13	4	2	1	3	3	0	0	0	0	3.56	.85	.69
2,500-2,999.....	18	5	3	1	3	2	3	1	0	0	3.64	1.06	.61
3,000-3,499.....	10	1	3	0	3	2	0	1	0	0	4.10	1.40	.70
3,500-3,999.....	9	1	2	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	3.94	1.44	.44
4,000 or over 7.....	17	3	2	0	7	2	1	1	1	0	3.74	.59	1.18
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	22	17	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	2.32	0.09	0.23
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	0.00	1.00
250-499.....	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	5	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2.60	.20	.40
750-999.....	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	0.50	.....
1,000-1,249.....	5	4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.20	.00	.20
1,250-1,499.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	0.00	0.50
1,500-1,749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,000-2,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,500-2,999 10.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
MASSACHUSETTS, GREEN-FIELD													
ALL OCCUPATIONS 1													
All incomes.....	546	171	97	73	98	37	38	20	8	4	3.48	1.06	0.41
0-249.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
250-499.....	10	8	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2.62	.50	.10
500-749.....	18	12	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	2.80	.72	.06
750-999.....	44	18	9	7	0	1	6	3	0	0	3.39	1.30	.09
1,000-1,249.....	69	22	15	4	12	2	7	5	1	1	3.57	1.19	.38
1,250-1,499.....	98	32	19	14	14	5	7	4	1	0	3.40	1.08	.31
1,500-1,749.....	84	20	16	18	16	8	2	2	2	0	3.51	1.04	.48
1,750-1,999.....	57	12	10	11	11	5	5	1	1	1	3.72	1.30	.40
2,000-2,249.....	69	18	8	7	17	5	4	0	0	0	3.25	.78	.47
2,250-2,499.....	25	6	7	3	3	2	1	2	1	0	3.66	1.16	.48
2,500-2,999.....	39	10	5	3	14	5	0	0	1	1	3.58	.74	.82
3,000-3,499.....	15	2	2	4	3	1	1	2	0	0	4.13	1.73	.40
3,500-3,999.....	14	4	2	2	5	1	0	0	0	0	3.04	.50	.57
4,000 or over 7.....	12	3	2	0	1	2	1	1	1	1	4.67	1.50	.92

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family 2 3	Average number of persons under 16 2 4	Average number of persons 16 or older 2 5
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD—continued													
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	333	94	59	41	69	21	28	13	5	3	3.57	1.11	0.45
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	.....
500-749.....	12	7	1	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	3.11	1.00	.08
750-999.....	35	12	7	7	0	1	5	3	0	0	3.60	1.48	.11
1,000-1,249.....	55	18	13	2	12	1	6	4	1	1	3.61	1.16	.45
1,250-1,499.....	65	22	14	6	9	4	5	4	1	0	3.52	1.14	.37
1,500-1,749.....	60	14	10	10	16	6	3	1	1	0	3.52	.95	.67
1,750-1,999.....	37	5	7	7	9	4	3	1	0	1	3.93	1.46	.46
2,000-2,249.....	36	11	3	7	10	3	2	0	0	0	3.30	.83	.47
2,250-2,499.....	8	1	3	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	3.62	.75	.88
2,500-2,999.....	17	4	1	2	8	0	0	0	1	1	3.62	.65	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5.00	3.00	.....
3,500-3,999 11.....	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	3.48	.25	1.25
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	88	21	17	17	15	8	5	3	2	0	3.55	1.18	0.39
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4.15	1.00	1.00
500-749.....	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	.50	.....
750-999.....	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3.33	1.33	.....
1,000-1,249.....	7	1	1	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	4.49	2.28	.14
1,250-1,499.....	18	6	4	4	2	1	1	0	0	0	3.14	1.00	.17
1,500-1,749.....	17	4	4	5	0	2	0	1	1	0	3.63	1.29	.35
1,750-1,999.....	8	2	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.25	1.00	.25
2,000-2,249.....	11	3	1	0	5	1	1	0	0	0	3.27	.54	.73
2,250-2,499.....	8	2	2	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	3.87	1.75	.12
2,500-2,999.....	8	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	4.10	1.00	1.00
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	.....
3,500-3,999.....	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.50	1.00	.50
4,000 or over 12.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3.50	.....	1.50
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	110	41	21	15	14	8	5	4	1	1	3.34	0.96	0.36
0-249.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
250-499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
500-749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.....	.....
750-999.....	6	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.17	.17	.....
1,000-1,249.....	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.20	.20	.....
1,250-1,499.....	11	2	1	4	3	0	1	0	0	0	3.36	1.09	.27
1,500-1,749.....	6	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.36	1.33	.....
1,750-1,999.....	12	5	2	1	0	1	2	0	1	0	3.39	1.00	.33
2,000-2,249.....	12	4	4	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	3.07	.83	.25
2,250-2,499.....	8	2	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	3.68	1.12	.60
2,500-2,999.....	14	6	2	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	3.25	.71	.50
3,000-3,499.....	13	2	2	3	3	1	0	0	2	0	4.05	1.62	.46
3,500-3,999.....	8	3	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.71	.50	.25
4,000 or over 1.....	10	2	2	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	4.90	1.80	1.10

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type ¹ —										Average number of persons per family ² †	Average number of persons under 16 ³ ††	Average number of persons 16 or older ³ ††
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD—continued													
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	15	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
0-249.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00		
250-499.....	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
500-749.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
750-999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,000-1,249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00		
1,250-1,499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00		
1,500-1,749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00		
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,000-2,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,250-2,499 ¹³	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00		
CONNECTICUT, WALLINGFORD¹⁴													
ALL OCCUPATIONS													
All incomes.....	985	317	183	133	190	61	62	17	22		3.34	0.89	0.45
0-249.....	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.44	.50	
250-499.....	10	5	1	0	2	1	1	0	0		3.00	.60	.40
500-749.....	41	19	10	5	3	1	2	1	0		2.97	.83	.12
750-999.....	95	29	24	15	16	3	6	2	0		3.22	.98	.23
1,000-1,249.....	138	52	28	24	14	7	10	2	1		3.18	.94	.22
1,250-1,499.....	112	34	29	16	16	5	11	1	0		3.28	1.04	.23
1,500-1,749.....	122	47	21	15	20	6	10	1	2		3.30	.93	.37
1,750-1,999.....	105	39	22	19	16	4	3	0	2		3.21	.85	.36
2,000-2,249.....	71	20	12	6	20	6	4	3	0		3.46	.87	.53
2,250-2,499.....	46	11	5	6	13	7	3	0	1		3.60	.91	.67
2,500-2,999.....	76	21	7	9	22	10	3	1	3		3.50	.75	.75
3,000-3,499.....	35	8	7	2	13	1	1	0	3		3.39	.57	.80
3,500-3,999.....	35	8	3	7	13	2	0	2	0		3.39	.80	.66
4,000 or over.....	95	22	12	9	22	8	8	4	10		3.80	.86	.95
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	517	150	101	76	103	30	37	10	19		3.40	0.95	0.45
0-249.....	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.58	.67	
250-499.....	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0		2.50	.25	.25
500-749.....	28	8	8	5	3	1	2	1	0		3.34	1.14	.18
750-999.....	76	26	18	11	12	2	5	2	0		3.19	.96	.21
1,000-1,249.....	93	29	20	20	12	5	6	1	0		3.26	.99	.26
1,250-1,499.....	73	19	17	12	11	3	11	0	0		3.41	1.19	.22
1,500-1,749.....	72	25	14	9	11	4	8	0	1		3.32	.97	.35
1,750-1,999.....	64	23	15	10	10	2	2	0	2		3.29	.88	.42
2,000-2,249.....	29	8	3	3	9	3	1	2	0		3.62	.93	.69
2,250-2,499.....	19	2	0	2	7	5	2	0	1		4.11	1.05	1.05
2,500-2,999.....	28	5	1	4	13	3	0	1	1		3.57	.61	.96
3,000-3,499.....	9	1	1	0	5	1	0	0	1		3.75	.56	1.22
3,500-3,999.....	7	1	0	0	51	1	0	0	0		3.51	.14	1.43
4,000 or over.....	12	0	1	0	4	0	0	3	4		5.00	.67	2.33

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ²	Average number of persons under 16 ³	Average number of persons 16 or older ⁴
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			
CLERICAL													
CONNECTICUT, WALLINGFORD—continued	162	53	34	20	30	11	11	0	3		3.26	0.84	0.41
All incomes.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
250-499.....	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.33	.33	
500-749.....	8	2	3	2	0	0	1	0	0		3.21	1.25	
750-999.....	28	13	6	3	2	1	3	0	0		2.98	.86	.11
1,000-1,249.....	16	6	5	1	2	2	0	0	0		3.00	.69	.31
1,250-1,499.....	22	8	4	3	5	1	1	0	0		3.18	.77	.41
1,500-1,749.....	20	7	4	3	4	1	1	0	0		3.10	.80	.30
1,750-1,999.....	19	6	5	3	4	0	0	0	0		3.50	.79	.37
2,000-2,249.....	10	2	2	3	3	0	0	0	0		3.25	.80	.40
2,250-2,499.....	12	3	0	0	3	4	1	0	1		4.08	1.00	1.08
2,500-2,999.....	9	2	2	0	3	0	1	0	1		3.67	.78	.89
3,000-3,499.....	3	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0		4.35	2.00	.33
3,500-3,999.....	12	2	2	0	4	1	2	0	1		3.67	.75	.92
4,000 or over.....													
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	258	87	45	34	49	18	12	5	8		3.33	0.84	0.49
0-249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
250-499.....	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		3.00	1.00	1.00
500-749.....	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.28	.20	
750-999.....	6	0	2	2	1	1	0	0	0		3.60	1.17	.50
1,000-1,249.....	12	6	2	1	0	1	1	0	1		3.11	.75	.33
1,250-1,499.....	18	7	5	3	2	0	0	1	0		3.17	.94	.22
1,500-1,749.....	23	10	3	3	4	0	1	1	1		3.52	1.04	.39
1,750-1,999.....	15	5	3	4	2	1	0	0	0		3.20	.87	.33
2,000-2,249.....	19	5	4	0	5	3	1	1	0		3.50	.84	.63
2,250-2,499.....	17	7	3	1	3	2	1	0	0		3.24	.82	.41
2,500-2,999.....	35	12	6	5	6	3	2	0	0		3.29	.80	.49
3,000-3,499.....	16	5	4	2	5	0	0	0	0		2.94	.50	.38
3,500-3,999.....	22	6	3	4	7	0	0	2	0		3.36	.88	.50
4,000 or over.....	68	19	9	9	13	7	6	0	5		3.59	.90	.69
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	24	20	1	0	2	0	1	0	0		2.26	0.17	0.09
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
250-499.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
500-749.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
750-999.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0		2.67	.33	.33
1,000-1,249.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
1,250-1,499.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		2.50	.00	.50
1,500-1,749.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
1,750-1,999.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
2,000-2,249.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		3.50	1.50	
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
3,500-3,999.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		
4,000 or over.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		2.00		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family **	Average number of persons under 16 ††	Average number of persons 16 or older ††
	Any (2)	1 (3)	2 (4)	3 (5)	4 (6)	5 (7)	6 (8)	7 (9)	8 (10)	9 (11)			
FARM-OPERATOR													
CONNECTICUT, WALLINGFORD—continued													
All incomes.....	24	7	2	3	6	2	1	2	1		3.65	1.04	0.60
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0		\$ 5.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 1.00
500-749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		\$ 2.00	.....	.....
750-999.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0		\$ 4.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
1,000-1,249.....	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		\$ 4.50	\$ 2.50	\$ 0.00
1,250-1,499.....	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0		\$ 2.75	\$.67	.....
1,500-1,749.....	3	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		3.00	.67	.33
1,750-1,999.....	4	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0		3.00	1.00	.....
2,000-2,249.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0		\$ 3.50	\$.50	\$ 1.00
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		.....	.....	.....
2,500-2,999.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		\$ 2.00	.....	.....
3,000-3,499.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		\$ 5.00	\$.00	\$ 3.00
3,500-3,999.....	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0		\$ 3.50	\$ 1.00	\$.50
4,000 or over.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0		\$ 5.50	\$ 1.50	\$ 2.00
ALL OCCUPATIONS ††													
CONNECTICUT, WILLIMANTIC ††													
All incomes.....	901	288	132	122	183	60	52	42	22		3.49	0.97	0.60
0-249.....	13	7	2	0	2	1	1	0	0		2.85	.62	.23
250-499.....	21	8	0	5	5	0	1	2	0		3.38	1.00	.38
500-749.....	53	23	8	8	7	0	4	2	1		3.26	1.06	.17
750-999.....	120	42	26	21	17	5	4	5	1		3.32	1.02	.28
1,000-1,249.....	123	45	15	18	20	9	12	2	2		3.40	1.00	.39
1,250-1,499.....	110	24	25	17	19	7	11	7	0		3.63	1.16	.46
1,500-1,749.....	89	27	17	17	15	7	1	3	2		3.46	.97	.46
1,750-1,999.....	90	24	13	7	19	11	9	4	3		3.78	1.12	.63
2,000-2,249.....	61	23	7	9	13	3	1	3	2		3.45	.98	.46
2,250-2,499.....	55	23	5	2	13	3	1	5	3		3.49	.76	.73
2,500-2,999.....	51	12	4	7	14	6	3	2	3		3.78	.96	.82
3,000-3,499.....	38	5	3	6	15	3	2	3	1		3.88	.89	1.00
3,500-3,999.....	21	4	2	1	9	2	0	2	1		3.68	.67	1.00
4,000 or over.....	56	21	6	4	15	3	2	2	3		3.20	.59	.61
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	458	121	73	69	87	32	38	26	12		3.69	1.16	0.52
0-249.....	7	3	2	0	1	0	1	0	0		3.00	.86	.14
250-499.....	14	5	0	4	3	0	1	1	0		3.36	.93	.43
500-749.....	43	16	6	8	6	0	4	2	1		3.48	1.26	.19
750-999.....	79	23	17	15	13	3	4	3	1		3.46	1.15	.29
1,000-1,249.....	84	31	8	14	11	7	10	2	1		3.49	1.12	.36
1,250-1,499.....	80	15	19	10	16	5	9	6	0		3.70	1.18	.52
1,500-1,749.....	41	8	11	6	8	4	0	3	1		3.72	1.07	.63
1,750-1,999.....	43	11	5	3	9	6	4	3	2		4.02	1.28	.72
2,000-2,249.....	23	7	2	4	6	1	1	1	1		3.50	1.00	.48
2,250-2,499.....	15	0	2	2	6	0	1	2	2		4.67	1.40	1.27
2,500-2,999.....	16	1	1	2	5	4	1	0	2		4.25	1.06	1.19
3,000-3,499.....	9	0	0	1	3	1	2	2	0		4.84	1.58	1.33
3,500-3,999.....	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		5.00	.66	2.33
4,000 or over.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		\$ 6.00	\$ 3.00	\$ 1.00

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ^{2,3}	Average number of persons under 16 ⁴	Average number of persons 16 or older ⁴
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
CONNECTICUT, WILLIAMANTIC—continued													
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	145	43	27	23	29	9	6	3	5		3.42	0.86	0.54
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4.00	2.00	
500-749.....	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.31	.33	
750-999.....	21	8	5	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	3.01	.71	.29
1,000-1,249.....	17	2	4	4	2	2	2	0	1	0	3.90	1.29	.69
1,250-1,499.....	17	6	4	4	1	0	2	0	0	0	3.09	1.06	.66
1,500-1,749.....	15	3	3	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	3.25	.72	.39
1,750-1,999.....	10	5	4	1	2	4	2	1	0	0	3.85	1.15	.68
2,000-2,249.....	13	5	3	1	2	0	0	1	1	0	3.68	1.15	.54
2,250-2,499.....	18	9	2	0	3	2	0	1	1	1	3.29	.61	.67
2,500-2,999.....	7	1	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	3.57	.43	1.14
3,000-3,499.....	9	2	0	1	5	0	0	0	1	0	3.56	.22	1.33
3,500-3,999.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.61	.50	1.00
4,000 or over.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	262	104	30	29	57	16	8	13	5		3.29	0.81	0.48
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
250-499.....	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3.50	1.50	.00
500-749.....	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.56	.25	.25
750-999.....	13	6	3	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	3.46	1.08	.31
1,000-1,249.....	16	9	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	2.69	.44	.25
1,250-1,499.....	12	3	1	3	2	2	0	1	0	0	3.94	1.25	.67
1,500-1,749.....	26	12	3	5	1	3	1	0	1	0	3.42	1.12	.31
1,750-1,999.....	28	8	4	3	8	1	3	0	1	0	3.30	.86	.46
2,000-2,249.....	24	10	2	4	5	2	0	1	0	0	3.34	.92	.42
2,250-2,499.....	22	14	1	0	4	1	0	2	0	0	2.85	.45	.41
2,500-2,999.....	27	10	2	4	5	2	2	2	0	0	3.54	1.07	.48
3,000-3,499.....	20	3	3	4	7	2	0	1	0	0	3.60	.90	.70
3,500-3,999.....	15	3	2	1	7	1	0	1	0	0	3.33	.60	.73
4,000 or over.....	51	21	5	4	13	1	2	2	3	0	3.16	.57	.59
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	30	17	1	0	10	2	0	0	0		2.60	0.17	0.43
0-249.....	6	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2.67	.33	.33
250-499.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	1.00	1.00
500-749.....	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
750-999.....	6	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.17	.00	.17
1,000-1,249.....	5	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.80	.00	.80
1,250-1,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
1,500-1,749.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,000-2,249.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00		
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
3,500-3,999.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5.00	2.00	1.00
4,000 or over.....	4	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.25	.75

See footnotes at end of table.

352 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England and small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Number of families of type L—										Average number of persons per family ** (12)	Average number of persons under 16 †† (13)	Average number of persons 16 or older ††† (14)
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)			
ALL OCCUPATIONS													
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES													
All incomes.....	1,585	426	250	187	306	115	156	93	24	28	3.75	1.22	0.52
0-249.....	12	7	0	1	3	0	0	1	0	0	2.98	.42	.58
250-499.....	36	27	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.42	.30	.08
500-749.....	97	45	21	7	11	1	8	1	2	1	3.03	.76	.25
750-999.....	210	59	35	28	33	10	28	15	0	4	3.76	1.38	.37
1,000-1,249.....	245	63	39	27	51	14	37	10	2	2	3.67	1.22	.43
1,250-1,499.....	244	61	40	46	45	16	21	12	1	2	3.65	1.24	.40
1,500-1,749.....	187	60	33	14	31	9	25	12	5	8	3.97	1.43	.53
1,750-1,999.....	150	32	25	21	32	10	12	10	2	6	3.93	1.33	.59
2,000-2,249.....	115	18	8	14	33	20	8	13	0	1	4.23	1.47	.76
2,250-2,499.....	69	10	11	9	17	8	9	4	0	1	4.07	1.49	.69
2,500-2,999.....	83	16	11	7	21	12	3	7	4	2	4.15	1.13	1.02
3,000-3,499.....	53	13	10	7	10	3	4	3	3	0	3.69	.98	.68
3,500-3,999.....	18	1	3	1	5	3	0	3	1	1	4.85	1.56	1.28
4,000 or over ¹⁰	66	24	10	5	11	9	1	2	4	0	3.43	.71	.73
WAGE-EARNER													
All incomes.....	890	229	141	110	154	65	97	64	11	19	3.84	1.33	0.50
0-249.....	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	4.27	.67	1.67
250-499.....	15	11	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2.62	.53	.08
500-749.....	78	35	17	7	7	1	7	1	2	1	3.11	.85	.24
750-999.....	147	37	26	20	22	6	21	12	0	3	3.89	1.54	.35
1,000-1,249.....	179	43	31	21	30	13	29	9	2	1	3.75	1.70	.44
1,250-1,499.....	168	38	28	35	30	13	14	9	0	1	3.69	1.27	.42
1,500-1,749.....	108	32	16	8	16	6	12	9	3	6	4.01	1.44	.56
1,750-1,999.....	77	14	11	11	13	8	5	8	1	6	4.36	1.58	.77
2,000-2,249.....	54	9	5	2	18	9	4	6	0	1	4.19	1.42	.76
2,250-2,499.....	23	4	3	4	8	1	1	2	0	0	3.81	1.17	.61
2,500-2,999.....	23	3	1	2	4	5	1	5	2	0	4.76	1.56	1.22
3,000-3,499.....	10	2	1	0	4	2	1	0	0	0	3.82	1.22	1.09
3,500-3,999.....	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	6.67	1.67	3.00
4,000 or over ¹⁰	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5.50	1.00	2.50
CLERICAL													
All incomes.....	242	58	37	33	60	13	23	13	5	0	3.68	1.11	0.57
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.33	.00	.33
250-499.....	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.00	.33	.67
500-749.....	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3.53	1.19	.31
750-999.....	26	5	6	5	5	2	3	0	0	0	3.24	.85	.36
1,000-1,249.....	33	11	5	3	10	0	4	0	0	0	3.66	1.27	.40
1,250-1,499.....	37	11	5	7	5	2	4	2	1	0	3.66	1.40	.50
1,500-1,749.....	30	4	6	3	9	0	5	2	1	0	3.88	1.40	.40
1,750-1,999.....	35	8	8	4	10	1	3	1	0	0	3.38	.94	.40
2,000-2,249.....	24	5	1	5	6	2	1	4	0	0	4.19	1.37	.83
2,250-2,499.....	18	2	3	3	4	3	2	1	0	0	4.16	1.67	.61
2,500-2,999.....	19	5	1	0	6	3	1	2	1	0	4.12	.68	1.42
3,000-3,499.....	5	1	0	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	3.60	.60	1.00
3,500-3,999.....	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	4.67	1.33	1.33
4,000 or over ¹⁰	6	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3.17	.67	.50
BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL													
All incomes.....	393	100	68	44	80	35	35	14	8	9	3.76	1.20	0.55
0-249.....	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.67	.67	.08
250-499.....	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2.00	.00	.14
500-749.....	7	3	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2.93	.71	.63
750-999.....	27	9	2	3	6	1	4	3	0	1	3.80	1.15	.38
1,000-1,249.....	29	8	3	3	8	1	4	1	0	1	3.76	1.38	.38
1,250-1,499.....	37	10	7	4	10	1	3	1	0	1	3.51	1.11	.38
1,500-1,749.....	48	13	11	3	6	3	8	1	1	2	3.98	1.46	.52
1,750-1,999.....	37	10	6	6	9	1	4	0	1	0	3.42	1.03	.40

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 151.—FAMILY INCOME AND FAMILY TYPE: Number of families of specified types and average number of persons per family, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Number of families of type 1—										Average number of persons per family ¹¹	Average number of persons under 16 ¹²	Average number of persons 16 or older ¹⁴
	Any	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES—con.													
2,000-2,249.....	35	4	2	7	7	9	3	3	0	0	4.34	1.68	0.66
2,250-2,499.....	27	3	5	2	5	4	6	1	0	1	4.32	1.70	.59
2,500-2,999.....	40	7	9	5	11	4	1	0	1	2	3.87	1.12	.75
3,000-3,499.....	35	8	9	6	4	1	2	3	2	0	3.71	1.06	.60
3,500-3,999.....	12	1	2	1	3	3	0	0	1	1	4.45	1.58	.83
4,000 or over ¹⁵	52	18	10	3	10	7	1	1	2	0	3.36	.71	.65
NO INCOME FROM EARNINGS													
All incomes.....	52	37	4	0	9	1	1	0	0	0	2.43	0.21	0.23
0-249.....	6	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	.17	.33
250-499.....	14	10	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2.36	.21	.14
500-749.....	7	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.28	.14	.14
750-999.....	10	8	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2.40	.20	.20
1,000-1,249.....	4	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2.75	.00	.75
1,250-1,499.....	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00	.....	.....
1,500-1,749.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,750-1,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,000-2,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,250-2,499.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00	.....	.....
2,500-2,999.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00	.....	.....
3,000-3,499.....	3	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	3.20	1.33	.....
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
4,000 or over ¹³	4	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2.50	.00	.50
FARM-OPERATOR													
All incomes.....	8	2	0	0	3	1	0	2	0	0	4.47	1.38	1.00
0-249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
250-499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
500-749.....	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	* 3.00	* .50	* .50
750-999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,000-1,249.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,250-1,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
1,500-1,749.....	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	* 2.00	.....	.....
1,750-1,999.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	* 8.50	* 6.00	* 6.00
2,000-2,249.....	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	* 3.62	* .00	* 1.50
2,250-2,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
2,500-2,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
3,000-3,499.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
3,500-3,999.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.....	.....	.....
4,000 or over ¹⁴	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	* 6.00	* 2.00	* 2.00

¹ For description of family types see Glossary, Family Type.
² These are year-equivalent persons. Slight discrepancies may occur between column 12 and the amount obtained by adding 2.00 (husband and wife) to the sum of columns 13 and 14. These discrepancies result from differences in the methods of computing averages for all members and for persons under 16 or 18 or older. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person for description of methods used in computing. Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).
³ Includes husband and wife.
⁴ Excludes husband and wife.
⁵ There were no families of farm operators in the samples from Westbrook and Greenfield.
⁶ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.
⁷ Largest income reported, between \$10,000 and \$15,000.
⁸ Largest income reported, between \$4,000 and \$4,500.
⁹ Largest income reported, between \$7,500 and \$10,000.
¹⁰ Largest income reported, between \$2,500 and \$3,000.
¹¹ Largest income reported, between \$3,500 and \$4,000.
¹² Largest income reported, between \$5,000 and \$7,500.
¹³ Largest income reported, between \$2,250 and \$2,500.
¹⁴ Detailed income data for Wallingford and Willimantic are published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U. S. Department of Labor. The income and family-type distributions are given in this report in order to facilitate the use of consumption data published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for these 2 cities combined with the 2 New England cities studied by the Bureau of Home Economics. Wallingford and Willimantic are not included in the combined city unit in this report.
¹⁵ Includes 6 families of farm operators.
¹⁶ Largest income reported, between \$15,000 and \$20,000.

354 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 152.—BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL FAMILIES: *Number of families in independent and salaried groups,¹ by income and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family-income class and family type (dollars)	Westbrook, Maine				Greenfield, Mass.				Vermont-Massachusetts villages			
	Independent business (2)	Independent professional (3)	Salaried business (4)	Salaried professional (5)	Independent business (6)	Independent professional (7)	Salaried business (8)	Salaried professional (9)	Independent business (10)	Independent professional (11)	Salaried business (12)	Salaried professional (13)
(1)	No. 75	No. 13	No. 34	No. 36	No. 40	No. 6	No. 47	No. 17	No. 167	No. 29	No. 123	No. 74
All types.....	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	0
0-249.....	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0
250-499.....	3	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	6	1	0	0
500-749.....	6	0	0	1	6	0	0	0	22	0	4	1
750-999.....	12	1	2	4	4	0	0	1	18	1	6	4
1,000-1,249.....	10	0	2	3	5	0	4	2	19	1	13	4
1,250-1,499.....	6	0	4	9	2	0	3	1	21	2	15	10
1,500-1,749.....	5	0	4	3	3	0	5	4	13	3	13	8
1,750-1,999.....	4	0	5	1	2	2	7	1	10	1	11	13
2,000-2,249.....	4	1	4	4	4	0	4	0	7	1	11	8
2,250-2,499.....	9	2	1	6	3	0	11	0	14	3	19	4
2,500-2,999.....	5	0	5	0	2	1	8	2	8	2	17	8
3,000-3,499.....	3	2	2	2	3	0	3	2	0	2	4	6
3,500-3,999.....	5	7	4	1	2	3	4	4	22	12	10	8
4,000 or over ²	20	3	7	14	20	2	15	4	49	8	27	16
Type 1.....	17	4	11	8	9	3	17	7	36	7	41	23
Types 2 and 3.....	31	3	12	10	5	0	12	5	51	11	30	23
Types 4 and 5.....	6	3	3	3	4	1	3	1	21	3	20	5
Types 6 and 7.....	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	10	0	5	2
Types 8 and 9.....												

¹ Other tables show these 4 groups combined as business and professional.

² Largest income reported: Greenfield and Westbrook, between \$10,000 and \$15,000; Vermont-Massachusetts villages, between \$15,000 and \$20,000.

TABLE 153.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (dollars)	Families	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ¹	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income	Money income from—			Business losses ²	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source	Earnings ³	Other sources ³		Any source ⁴	Owned home (net) ⁴	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁴		All sources (net) ⁷	Earnings ⁸	Other sources ⁸		All sources	Owned home (net) ⁸	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁸
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
MAINE, WESTBROOK																		
All incomes.....	Number 869	Number 868	Number 847	Number 186	Number 21	Number 308	Number 308	Number 0	Number -----	Dollars 1,517	Dollars 1,445	Dollars 1,388	Dollars 61	Dollars 2	Dollars 72	Dollars 72	Dollars 0	Dollars -----
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	-----	\$ 159	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 159	\$ 159	\$ 0	-----
250-499.....	17	17	12	9	0	6	6	0	-----	410	349	218	131	0	61	61	0	-----
500-749.....	45	45	40	11	2	11	11	0	-----	654	620	543	79	2	34	34	0	-----
750-999.....	162	162	160	17	3	21	21	0	-----	883	863	842	22	1	20	20	0	-----
1,000-1,249.....	190	190	185	37	3	68	68	0	-----	1,121	1,070	1,019	51	(10)	51	51	0	-----
1,250-1,499.....	149	149	147	22	2	53	53	0	-----	1,363	1,302	1,252	50	(10)	61	61	0	-----
1,500-1,749.....	104	104	103	16	2	45	45	0	-----	1,619	1,535	1,498	38	1	84	84	0	-----
1,750-1,999.....	62	62	62	10	0	24	24	0	-----	1,841	1,768	1,713	55	0	73	73	0	-----
2,000-2,249.....	37	37	37	9	2	23	23	0	-----	2,105	1,990	1,952	29	1	125	125	0	-----
2,250-2,499.....	33	33	33	9	2	13	13	0	-----	2,345	2,256	2,184	75	3	69	69	0	-----
2,500-2,999.....	30	30	29	15	2	17	17	0	-----	2,709	2,549	2,339	240	30	160	160	0	-----
3,000-3,499.....	17	17	17	10	1	11	11	0	-----	3,245	3,082	2,973	110	1	163	163	0	-----
3,500-3,999.....	12	12	12	7	1	7	7	0	-----	3,714	3,534	3,310	225	1	180	180	0	-----
4,000 or over.....	20	20	20	14	1	18	18	0	-----	5,637	5,273	5,077	198	2	364	364	0	-----
Occupational groups:																		
Wage-earner.....	572	572	572	71	14	169	169	0	-----	1,312	1,263	1,243	21	1	49	49	0	-----
0-999.....	165	165	165	12	3	18	18	0	-----	832	821	816	6	1	11	11	0	-----
1,000-1,499.....	251	251	251	33	4	78	78	0	-----	1,228	1,179	1,155	24	(10)	49	49	0	-----
1,500-1,999.....	108	108	108	15	1	51	51	0	-----	1,703	1,613	1,587	27	1	90	90	0	-----
2,000-2,999.....	40	40	40	8	4	19	19	0	-----	2,291	2,197	2,154	47	4	94	94	0	-----
3,000 or over.....	8	8	8	3	2	3	3	0	-----	3,695	3,633	3,580	49	2	62	62	0	-----

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 153.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (dollars)	Families	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ³	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income	Money income from—			Business losses ⁴	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source	Earnings ¹	Other sources ²		Any source ⁴	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁶		All sources (net) ⁷	Earnings ²	Other sources ²		All sources	Owned home (net) ⁸	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁸
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
MAINE, WESTBROOK—continued																		
Occupational groups—	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Continued																		
Clerical.....	117	117	117	26	3	36	36	0		1,534	1,476	1,434	42	(10)	58	58	0	
0-999.....	21	21	21	4	1	4	4	0		736	703	676	27	(10)	33	33	0	
1,000-1,499.....	47	47	47	9	1	12	12	0		1,223	1,192	1,168	24	(10)	31	31	0	
1,500-1,999.....	26	26	26	4	1	8	8	0		1,695	1,628	1,583	45	(10)	67	67	0	
2,000-2,999.....	18	18	18	5	0	9	9	0		2,287	2,181	2,111	70	0	106	106	0	
3,000 or over.....	5	5	5	4	0	3	3	0		4,270	4,075	3,924	161	0	195	195	0	
Business and professional.....	158	158	158	68	4	87	87	0		2,334	2,184	2,063	127	6	150	150	0	
0-999.....	16	16	16	9	1	8	8	0		695	589	457	134	2	106	106	0	
1,000-1,499.....	34	34	34	10	0	15	15	0		1,239	1,148	1,045	103	0	91	91	0	
1,500-1,999.....	31	31	31	6	0	10	10	0		1,708	1,649	1,593	56	0	59	59	0	
2,000-2,999.....	41	41	41	19	2	24	24	0		2,465	2,310	2,203	128	21	155	155	0	
3,000 or over.....	36	36	36	24	1	30	30	0		4,488	4,190	3,986	208	4	298	298	0	
Other.....	22	21	0	21	0	16	16	0		883	721	0	721	0	162	162	0	
Family-type groups:																		
Type 1.....	249	249	232	69	10	85	85	0		1,372	1,296	1,200	101	5	76	76	0	
0-999.....	72	72	62	24	4	21	21	0		744	691	607	87	3	53	53	0	
1,000-1,499.....	69	69	64	24	3	30	36	0		1,221	1,146	1,058	89	1	75	75	0	
1,500-1,999.....	44	44	43	5	0	13	13	0		1,686	1,605	1,553	52	0	81	81	0	
2,000-2,999.....	27	27	26	10	2	11	11	0		2,368	2,255	2,080	208	33	113	113	0	
3,000 or over.....	7	7	7	6	1	4	4	0		4,168	4,021	3,710	312	1	147	147	0	

Types 2 and 3.....	242	242	241	35	4	53	53	0	1,483	1,441	1,410	31	(10)	42	42	0
0-999.....	69	69	68	3	1	7	7	0	837	830	812	18	(10)	7	7	0
1,000-1,499.....	97	97	97	10	1	19	19	0	1,233	1,206	1,194	12	(10)	27	27	0
1,500-1,999.....	38	38	38	4	1	8	8	0	1,716	1,675	1,636	39	(10)	41	41	0
2,000-2,999.....	23	23	23	7	1	10	10	0	2,352	2,238	2,208	30	(10)	114	114	0
3,000 or over.....	15	15	15	11	0	9	9	0	4,144	3,950	3,760	190	0	194	194	0
Types 4 and 5.....	235	234	231	69	7	119	119	0	1,726	1,624	1,549	77	2	102	102	0
0-999.....	33	32	31	8	0	8	8	0	766	737	692	45	0	29	29	0
1,000-1,499.....	90	90	88	22	1	39	39	0	1,233	1,165	1,094	71	(10)	68	68	0
1,500-1,999.....	56	56	56	14	1	34	34	0	1,718	1,606	1,557	51	2	112	112	0
2,000-2,999.....	38	38	34	14	3	22	22	0	2,349	2,227	2,120	111	4	122	122	0
3,000 or over.....	18	18	18	11	2	16	16	0	4,659	4,330	4,162	170	2	329	329	0
Types 6 and 7.....	114	114	114	8	0	34	34	0	1,384	1,333	1,324	9	0	51	51	0
0-999.....	35	35	35	2	0	3	3	0	826	813	811	2	0	13	13	0
1,000-1,499.....	46	46	46	1	0	11	11	0	1,204	1,173	1,166	7	0	31	31	0
1,500-1,999.....	20	20	20	1	0	9	9	0	1,666	1,609	1,607	2	0	57	57	0
2,000-2,999.....	8	8	8	2	0	7	7	0	2,551	2,344	2,317	27	0	207	207	0
3,000 or over.....	5	5	5	2	0	4	4	0	3,949	3,708	3,637	71	0	241	241	0
Types 8 and 9.....	29	29	29	5	0	17	17	0	1,882	1,757	1,711	46	0	125	125	0
MASSACHUSETTS, GREEN- FIELD																
All incomes.....	546	544	531	165	10	216	203	13	1,778	1,690	1,605	87	2	88	80	8
0-249.....	4	4	2	4	1	3	3	0	198	110	56	85	31	68	68	0
250-499.....	10	8	5	5	0	5	5	0	380	260	179	81	0	120	120	0
500-749.....	18	18	15	8	1	8	7	1	641	567	439	131	3	74	64	10
750-999.....	44	44	44	4	0	12	12	0	887	838	814	24	0	49	49	0
1,000-1,249.....	69	69	68	13	1	20	20	0	1,125	1,074	1,030	44	(10)	51	51	0
1,250-1,499.....	96	96	94	25	1	31	25	6	1,352	1,289	1,232	57	(10)	63	62	11
1,500-1,749.....	84	84	83	19	4	31	30	1	1,610	1,543	1,502	43	2	67	62	5
1,750-1,999.....	57	57	57	18	0	22	22	0	1,870	1,784	1,715	69	0	86	86	0
2,000-2,249.....	59	59	59	21	0	25	25	0	2,112	2,034	1,958	76	0	78	78	0
2,250-2,499.....	25	25	24	10	0	15	14	1	2,392	2,226	2,105	121	0	166	149	17
2,500-2,999.....	39	39	39	18	1	19	19	0	2,693	2,580	2,506	75	1	113	113	0
3,000-3,499.....	15	15	15	8	0	9	8	1	3,217	3,046	2,979	67	0	171	131	40
3,500-3,999.....	14	14	14	5	0	9	7	2	3,664	3,441	3,195	246	0	223	146	77
4,000 or over.....	12	12	12	7	1	7	6	1	6,436	6,103	5,147	985	29	333	258	75

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 153.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average ¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (dollars)	Families	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ²	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income	Money income from—			Business losses ²	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source	Earnings ³	Other sources ³		Any source ⁴	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁵		All sources (net) ⁷	Earnings ¹	Other sources ²		All sources	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁵
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD—continued																		
Occupational groups:	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
Wage-earner.....	333	333	333	87	5	120	112	8	-----	1,544	1,473	1,422	51	(10)	71	66	5	-----
0-999.....	49	49	49	7	1	11	11	0	-----	801	769	753	17	1	32	32	0	-----
1,000-1,499.....	121	121	121	27	1	35	29	6	-----	1,246	1,196	1,167	29	1	50	42	9	-----
1,500-1,999.....	97	97	97	24	3	39	38	1	-----	1,699	1,622	1,580	43	1	77	73	4	-----
2,000-2,999.....	61	61	61	26	0	30	30	0	-----	2,315	2,204	2,102	102	0	111	111	0	-----
3,000 or over.....	5	5	5	3	0	5	4	1	-----	3,595	3,259	2,797	462	0	336	264	72	-----
Clerical.....	88	88	88	32	0	37	36	1	-----	1,857	1,758	1,706	52	0	99	94	5	-----
0-999.....	6	6	6	2	0	0	0	0	-----	738	738	625	113	0	0	0	0	-----
1,000-1,499.....	25	25	25	6	0	8	8	0	-----	1,286	1,122	1,187	35	0	64	64	0	-----
1,500-1,999.....	25	25	25	8	0	8	8	0	-----	1,726	1,657	1,635	22	0	69	69	0	-----
2,000-2,999.....	27	27	27	12	0	17	16	1	-----	2,350	2,220	2,174	46	0	130	114	16	-----
3,000 or over.....	5	5	5	4	0	4	4	0	-----	4,039	3,666	3,430	236	0	373	373	0	-----
Business and professional.....	110	110	110	33	4	45	41	4	-----	2,553	2,440	2,294	151	5	113	91	22	-----
0-999.....	11	11	11	4	1	8	7	1	-----	644	504	462	63	11	140	124	16	-----
1,000-1,499.....	16	16	16	2	1	6	5	0	-----	1,282	1,217	1,154	65	2	65	65	0	-----
1,500-1,999.....	13	13	13	4	0	5	5	0	-----	1,792	1,723	1,633	69	0	66	66	0	-----
2,000-2,999.....	34	34	34	10	1	11	11	0	-----	2,422	2,348	2,321	28	1	74	74	0	-----
3,000 or over.....	31	31	31	13	1	16	13	3	-----	4,472	4,273	3,872	412	11	199	127	72	-----
Other.....	15	13	0	13	1	14	14	0	-----	817	597	0	607	10	220	220	0	-----

Family-type groups:	171	169	156	64	5	80	73	7		1,590	1,473	1,298	177	2	117	103	14	
Type 1.....	171	169	156	64	5	80	73	7		1,590	1,473	1,298	177	2	117	103	14	
0-999.....	42	40	32	17	2	21	20	1		644	645	453	96	4	99	95	4	
1,000-1,499.....	54	54	51	17	1	23	20	3		1,246	1,153	1,072	82	1	93	89	4	
1,500-1,999.....	32	32	31	11	2	12	12	0		1,720	1,633	1,517	121	5	87	87	0	
2,000-2,999.....	34	34	33	13	0	16	15	1		2,334	2,219	2,082	137	0	115	103	12	
3,000 or over.....	9	9	9	6	0	8	6	2		4,787	4,334	2,863	1,471	0	453	273	180	
Types 2 and 3.....	170	170	170	43	1	52	50	2		1,759	1,692	1,648	44	(10)	67	61	6	
0-999.....	18	18	18	2	0	3	3	0		898	869	847	22	0	29	29	0	
1,000-1,499.....	52	52	52	9	0	11	10	1		1,285	1,243	1,210	33	0	42	35	7	
1,500-1,999.....	55	55	55	11	1	16	16	0		1,708	1,653	1,616	37	(10)	55	55	0	
2,000-2,999.....	33	33	33	15	0	15	15	0		2,337	2,244	2,171	73	0	93	93	0	
3,000 or over.....	12	12	12	6	0	7	6	1		3,745	3,534	3,451	83	0	211	161	50	
Types 4 and 5.....	135	135	135	48	4	61	58	3		2,036	1,945	1,884	64	3	91	84	7	
0-999.....	3	3	3	2	0	1	1	0		584	536	488	48	0	48	48	0	
1,000-1,499.....	33	33	33	10	1	11	10	1		1,252	1,204	1,144	60	(10)	48	41	7	
1,500-1,999.....	40	40	40	13	1	21	20	1		1,708	1,604	1,565	40	1	104	94	10	
2,000-2,999.....	46	46	46	19	1	22	22	0		2,389	2,283	2,213	71	1	106	106	0	
3,000 or over.....	13	13	13	4	1	6	5	1		4,123	4,009	3,902	133	26	114	86	28	
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	58	6	0	16	15	1		1,674	1,633	1,623	10	0	41	37	4	
0-999.....	13	13	13	0	0	3	3	0		782	767	767	0	0	15	15	0	
1,000-1,499.....	23	23	23	2	0	5	4	1		1,240	1,210	1,195	15	0	30	20	10	
1,500-1,999.....	10	10	10	1	0	2	2	0		1,748	1,722	1,720	2	0	26	26	0	
2,000-2,999.....	7	7	7	1	0	4	4	0		2,218	2,102	2,100	2	0	116	116	0	
3,000 or over.....	5	5	5	2	0	2	2	0		5,082	4,995	4,956	39	0	87	87	0	
Types 8 and 9.....	12	12	12	4	0	7	7	0		2,311	2,140	2,122	18	0	171	171	0	
VERMONT-MASSACHU- SETTS VILLAGES																		
All incomes.....	1,585	1,674	1,533	406	24	1,138	808	30	774	1,682	1,564	1,478	88	2	118	89	6	23
0-249.....	12	7	6	3	1	9	9	0	5	178	70	66	19	15	108	92	0	16
250-499.....	36	30	22	16	1	25	22	0	14	389	252	193	62	3	137	121	0	16
500-749.....	97	97	90	28	1	65	34	3	56	633	560	507	53	(10)	73	51	4	18
750-999.....	210	210	200	41	2	146	80	4	127	879	805	754	52	1	74	50	2	22
1,000-1,249.....	245	245	241	42	2	164	106	1	121	1,127	1,046	1,012	36	2	81	62	(10)	19
1,250-1,499.....	244	244	242	49	6	168	108	3	132	1,365	1,272	1,227	48	3	93	67	4	23
1,500-1,749.....	187	187	187	43	2	137	95	8	86	1,601	1,483	1,433	51	1	118	80	14	24
1,750-1,999.....	150	150	150	44	1	106	85	2	65	1,860	1,744	1,683	61	(10)	116	86	4	26
2,000-2,249.....	115	115	115	27	4	85	62	4	55	2,096	1,962	1,930	33	1	134	96	9	29
2,250-2,499.....	69	69	68	27	0	51	42	2	29	2,378	2,209	2,067	142	0	169	130	10	29
2,500-2,999.....	83	83	82	28	2	64	58	0	35	2,697	2,534	2,441	98	5	163	134	0	29
3,000-3,499.....	53	53	50	25	0	39	33	1	19	3,182	3,004	2,705	289	0	178	154	7	17
3,500-3,999.....	18	18	18	6	0	14	12	0	7	3,759	3,500	3,306	194	0	259	174	0	85
4,000 or over.....	66	66	62	27	2	65	62	2	23	5,328	5,002	4,378	625	1	326	280	26	20

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 153.—SOURCES OF FAMILY INCOME: Number of families receiving income from specified sources, number having business losses, average ¹ amount of income derived from specified sources, and average amount of business losses, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (dollars)	Families	Families having money income from—			Families having business losses ²	Families having nonmoney income from—				Total family income	Money income from—			Business losses ³	Nonmoney income from—			
		Any source	Earnings ²	Other sources ²		Any source ⁴	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁶		All sources (net) ⁷	Earnings ²	Other sources ²		All sources	Owned home (net) ⁵	Rent as pay	Home-produced food ⁶
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES—CON.																		
Occupational groups:	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
Wage-earner.....	890	890	890	180	5	624	399	13	467	1,364	1,274	1,242	32	(10)	90	65	3	22
0-999.....	243	243	243	44	2	182	72	6	144	766	711	691	20	(10)	55	35	3	17
1,000-1,499.....	347	347	347	53	1	238	151	2	187	1,241	1,158	1,135	23	(10)	83	62	1	20
1,500-1,999.....	185	185	185	52	1	141	108	5	87	1,708	1,590	1,543	48	1	118	84	0	25
2,000-2,999.....	100	100	100	26	1	72	69	0	42	2,303	2,183	2,112	62	1	140	108	0	32
3,000 or over.....	15	15	15	5	0	11	9	0	7	3,391	3,241	3,154	87	0	150	125	0	25
Clerical.....	242	242	242	49	5	161	120	1	100	1,785	1,682	1,625	59	2	103	85	(10)	18
0-999.....	32	32	32	4	1	17	12	1	13	809	742	737	7	2	67	46	2	19
1,000-1,499.....	70	70	70	12	1	42	22	0	32	1,252	1,197	1,184	20	7	55	38	0	17
1,500-1,999.....	65	65	65	10	1	41	32	0	24	1,729	1,643	1,594	50	1	86	77	0	9
2,000-2,999.....	61	61	61	19	2	51	44	0	27	2,355	2,194	2,118	81	(10)	161	135	0	26
3,000 or over.....	14	14	14	4	0	10	10	0	4	4,442	4,193	3,868	325	0	249	218	0	31
Business and professional.....	393	393	393	131	13	297	236	16	173	2,394	2,227	2,109	121	3	167	126	15	26
0-999.....	41	41	41	13	1	30	27	0	23	746	627	559	70	2	119	92	0	27
1,000-1,499.....	66	66	66	20	6	46	35	2	30	1,263	1,143	1,070	84	11	120	88	8	24
1,500-1,999.....	85	85	85	23	1	59	38	5	38	1,719	1,590	1,516	74	(10)	129	79	19	31
2,000-2,999.....	102	102	102	34	3	74	57	6	47	2,407	2,256	2,194	66	4	151	109	17	25
3,000 or over.....	90	90	90	41	2	88	79	3	35	4,397	4,129	3,866	264	1	268	223	21	24
Other.....	60	49	8	46	1	56	53	0	34	1,328	1,062	236	829	3	266	215	0	51

Family-type groups:	426	11 419	389	159	6	328	253	8	208	1,585	1,447	1,277	172	2	138	117	5	16
Type 1.....	426	11 419	389	159	6	328	253	8	208	1,585	1,447	1,277	172	2	138	117	5	16
0-999.....	138	11 131	111	57	2	109	78	1	82	666	555	459	98	2	111	90	1	20
1,000-1,499.....	124	124	121	35	2	86	59	1	67	1,246	1,149	1,071	78	(10)	97	79	(10)	18
1,500-1,999.....	82	82	82	27	0	60	49	5	24	1,701	1,565	1,469	96	0	136	106	20	10
2,000-2,999.....	44	44	42	19	2	36	30	1	20	2,411	2,254	2,066	197	9	157	136	7	14
3,000 or over.....	38	38	33	21	0	37	37	0	15	4,828	4,474	3,587	887	0	354	342	0	12
Types 2 and 3.....	437	436	433	92	7	250	132	10	188	1,617	1,560	1,525	26	1	67	44	8	15
0-999.....	96	95	92	17	2	52	14	4	47	777	744	721	24	1	33	14	4	15
1,000-1,499.....	152	152	152	23	2	83	36	2	69	1,254	1,201	1,192	10	1	53	32	4	17
1,500-1,999.....	93	93	93	24	0	55	37	1	39	1,729	1,666	1,643	23	0	63	47	3	13
2,000-2,999.....	60	60	60	17	2	35	28	1	19	2,354	2,248	2,187	61	(10)	106	86	6	14
3,000 or over.....	38	36	36	11	1	25	17	2	14	3,864	3,701	3,661	41	1	163	98	48	17
Types 4 and 5.....	421	418	411	112	9	346	279	8	218	1,879	1,720	1,633	89	2	159	123	6	30
0-999.....	61	58	55	12	1	49	35	0	42	784	662	622	41	1	122	87	0	35
1,000-1,499.....	126	126	123	25	3	102	77	1	70	1,251	1,125	1,072	58	5	126	97	3	26
1,500-1,999.....	82	82	82	19	3	69	57	2	43	1,730	1,674	1,523	53	2	166	123	8	25
2,000-2,999.....	111	111	111	35	2	88	74	4	50	2,338	2,187	2,096	62	1	179	130	10	39
3,000 or over.....	41	41	40	21	0	38	36	1	13	4,479	4,228	3,828	400	0	251	227	9	15
Types 6 and 7.....	249	249	248	30	2	174	112	4	132	1,562	1,466	1,432	36	2	96	61	4	31
0-999.....	53	53	53	2	0	32	16	2	28	804	755	751	4	0	49	30	5	14
1,000-1,499.....	80	80	80	7	1	54	35	0	43	1,218	1,148	1,134	20	6	70	47	0	23
1,500-1,999.....	59	59	59	12	0	43	26	2	30	1,702	1,594	1,549	45	0	108	58	11	39
2,000-2,999.....	44	44	44	6	0	34	25	0	25	2,314	2,169	2,144	25	0	145	102	0	43
3,000 or over.....	13	13	12	3	1	11	10	0	6	3,575	3,354	3,102	253	1	221	152	0	69
Types 8 and 9.....	52	52	52	13	0	40	32	0	28	2,023	1,890	1,688	172	0	163	96	0	67

¹ Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2). Averages in columns 11, 12, 16, and 17 are net figures, after deduction for all families of business losses or expenses for owned homes. Hence these averages may include data from a small number of families that were not counted in columns 3, 7, and 8, because of negative income. (See footnotes 4, 5, and 11.)

² See Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Money Earnings, Net, and Money Income from Other Sources.

³ Business losses not elsewhere deducted; see Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Business Losses.

⁴ Excludes 1 family in Westbrook, 3 in Greenfield, and 9 in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages whose estimated expenses for owned homes for the period of occupancy were greater than the total of estimated rental value allocable to that period, rent as pay, and (villages only) home-produced food.

⁵ Includes only families whose estimated rental value of owned homes for the period

of occupancy exceeded estimated expenses allocable to that period. There were 1 family in Westbrook, 2 in Greenfield, and 12 in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages whose estimated expenses for their owned homes were greater than the estimated rental value.

⁶ The value of home-produced food was included in income for village families only. Data on home-produced food for families in the small cities are therefore excluded from this table. (See tables 115 and 117.)

⁷ The sum of earnings and money income from other sources, with business losses deducted.

⁸ Represents the estimated rental value of owned homes for the period of occupancy, less estimated expenses allocable to that period.

⁹ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

¹⁰ \$0.50 or less.

¹¹ Excludes 1 family that reported money income less than losses, i. e., negative money income.

TABLE 154.—MONEY INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS: Number of families receiving money income other than earnings from specified sources, and average amount received, by income, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Families	Families receiving money income other than earnings from—							Average ² money income other than earnings received from—						
		Any source	Rent from property (net)	Interest and dividends	Profits (net) ¹	Pensions, annuities, benefits	Gifts for current use	Other sources	All sources ³	Rent from property (net)	Interest and dividends	Profits (net) ¹	Pensions, annuities, benefits	Gifts for current use	Other sources
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
COMBINED CITIES															
All incomes.....	<i>Number</i> 1,057	<i>Number</i> 270	<i>Number</i> 97	<i>Number</i> 107	<i>Number</i> 2	<i>Number</i> 53	<i>Number</i> 63	<i>Number</i> 18	<i>Dollars</i> 77	<i>Dollars</i> 19	<i>Dollars</i> 26	<i>Dollars</i> 1	<i>Dollars</i> 23	<i>Dollars</i> 7	<i>Dollars</i> 1
0-249.....	4	4	0	2	0	0	1	1	85	0	75	0	0	5	5
250-499.....	21	12	5	6	0	6	0	0	137	41	33	0	63	0	0
500-749.....	43	14	4	4	0	5	5	0	107	30	13	0	45	19	0
750-999.....	147	15	7	8	0	1	3	0	24	9	12	0	3	(*)	0
1,000-1,249.....	170	32	12	4	0	11	10	2	55	11	5	0	32	6	1
1,250-1,499.....	186	36	12	9	1	8	12	4	56	12	13	3	25	3	(*)
1,500-1,749.....	139	27	11	6	1	4	6	3	49	12	3	1	27	4	0
1,750-1,999.....	95	25	8	12	0	4	9	0	75	21	21	0	14	19	0
2,000-2,249.....	83	26	9	14	0	4	5	4	61	15	11	0	29	4	0
2,250-2,499.....	47	16	5	7	0	2	5	1	95	20	47	0	12	14	0
2,500-2,999.....	55	26	15	9	0	4	3	1	158	98	19	0	26	14	0
3,000-3,499.....	23	12	3	6	0	1	3	1	78	17	28	0	9	13	0
3,500-3,999.....	20	8	1	7	0	0	1	1	182	7	133	0	0	41	0
4,000 or over.....	24	17	5	13	0	3	0	0	545	33	498	0	14	0	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES															
All incomes.....	1,585	406	135	188	10	62	96	16	88	21	36	4	16	7	4
0-249.....	12	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	19	7	12	0	0	0	0
250-499.....	36	16	7	8	0	4	1	0	62	17	18	0	26	1	0
500-749.....	97	28	5	12	1	4	10	1	53	9	13	(*)	18	13	(*)
750-999.....	210	41	9	18	0	7	12	1	52	8	20	0	19	5	(*)
1,000-1,249.....	245	42	12	11	1	10	16	2	36	5	4	1	14	7	(*)
1,250-1,499.....	244	49	12	20	0	13	10	4	48	6	15	0	20	7	(*)
1,500-1,749.....	187	43	16	14	0	9	11	2	51	12	3	0	24	8	(*)
1,750-1,999.....	150	44	16	18	1	5	14	1	61	17	24	(*)	11	9	(*)

2,000-2,249.....	115	27	11	11	1	3	5	0	33	17	5	(¹)	9	2	0
2,250-2,499.....	69	27	7	15	0	2	6	1	142	30	64	0	13	25	10
2,500-2,999.....	83	28	11	18	0	2	5	0	98	43	44	0	8	3	0
3,000-3,499.....	53	25	9	17	5	1	4	3	299	51	95	93	40	10	10
3,500-3,999.....	18	6	1	6	0	1	1	0	194	3	178	0	2	11	0
4,000 or over.....	66	27	19	18	1	1	1	1	625	169	372	19	4	(¹)	61

¹ Does not include profits from business enterprises owned and operated by family members. See Glossary, Profits.

² Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

³ Represents average net income from sources other than earnings; excludes actual

business losses. See Glossary, Income, City and Village Family: Business Losses, and Money Income from Other Sources.

⁴ \$.50 or less.

364. MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 155.—FAMILY TYPE: *Number of families, average size of family, and average number of persons other than husband and wife under 16 and 16 or older,¹ by relief status and family type, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family type ² No.	All families				Nonrelief families				Relief families			
	Families	Average persons per family ³	Average persons under 16 ⁴	Average persons 16 or older ⁴	Families	Average persons per family ³	Average persons under 16 ⁴	Average persons 16 or older ⁴	Families	Average persons per family ³	Average persons under 16 ⁴	Average persons 16 or older ⁴
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
COMBINED CITIES												
All types ⁴	Number 1,200	Number 3.59	Number 1.16	Number 0.42	Number 1,058	Number 3.55	Number 1.13	Number 0.42	Number 142	Number 3.89	Number 1.42	Number 0.44
1.....	377	2.01	-----	-----	331	2.01	-----	-----	46	2.03	-----	-----
2.....	205	3.01	1.09	-----	181	3.00	1.00	-----	24	3.10	1.00	-----
3.....	145	4.00	2.00	-----	131	4.00	2.00	-----	14	4.04	2.00	-----
4.....	195	3.44	.27	1.19	180	3.43	.26	1.18	15	3.59	.33	1.26
5.....	92	5.40	1.92	1.46	78	5.39	1.92	1.45	14	5.43	1.93	1.50
6.....	95	5.29	3.29	-----	83	5.32	3.32	-----	12	5.05	3.08	-----
7.....	53	7.41	4.60	.81	43	7.44	4.60	.84	10	7.30	4.60	.70
8.....	19	5.20	-----	3.21	17	5.23	-----	3.24	2	4.96	-----	3.00
9.....	19	10.14	6.11	2.00	14	9.81	5.90	2.23	5	11.04	6.81	2.03
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES												
All types ⁴	2,005	3.93	1.36	.56	1,587	3.75	1.22	.52	418	4.59	1.89	.69
1.....	497	2.02	-----	-----	426	2.02	-----	-----	71	2.02	-----	-----
2.....	292	3.01	1.00	-----	250	3.01	1.00	-----	42	2.98	1.00	-----
3.....	223	4.09	2.00	-----	187	4.00	2.00	-----	36	4.01	2.00	-----
4.....	389	3.43	.21	1.20	308	3.44	.21	1.21	81	3.40	.23	1.17
5.....	161	5.38	1.87	1.52	115	5.36	1.83	1.55	46	5.42	1.96	1.46
6.....	215	6.35	3.36	-----	156	5.34	3.35	-----	59	5.37	3.37	-----
7.....	144	7.38	4.01	1.36	93	7.40	3.88	1.52	51	7.34	4.25	1.98
8.....	31	5.09	-----	3.09	24	5.12	-----	3.12	7	4.98	-----	3.00
9.....	53	9.98	5.91	2.07	28	9.81	5.71	2.07	25	10.16	6.12	2.08

¹ Year-equivalent persons. Slight discrepancies may occur between the averages for all members and the figure obtained by adding 2.00 (husband and wife) to the sum of the averages for persons under 16 and 16 or older. These discrepancies result from differences in the methods of computing averages for all members and for persons under 16 and 16 or older. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person. Averages are based on the corresponding number of families in each class.

² For description of family types see Glossary, Family Type.

³ Includes husband and wife.

⁴ Excludes husband and wife.

⁵ This table includes 1 nonrelief family in the combined cities and 2 in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

⁶ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 156.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: Number of husbands and of wives in specified age groups, by relief status and family income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Families ¹ (2)	Husbands of age—									Wives of age—								
		Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older	Under 20	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75 or older
		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
MAINE, WESTBROOK																			
All families.....	No. 927	No. 1	No. 141	No. 267	No. 265	No. 140	No. 51	No. 27	No. 13	No. 22	No. 5	No. 186	No. 302	No. 236	No. 111	No. 44	No. 23	No. 9	No. 11
Relief families.....	58	0	8	18	18	10	3	0	0	1	0	10	25	13	7	2	1	0	0
Nonrelief families.....	869	1	133	249	247	130	48	27	13	21	5	176	277	223	104	42	22	9	11
0-999.....	215	0	53	66	28	30	11	10	8	9	4	65	61	32	22	13	12	1	5
1,000-1,499.....	339	1	55	89	110	46	18	8	3	9	1	70	106	93	43	14	3	6	3
1,500-1,999.....	166	0	19	53	56	23	10	2	2	1	0	30	59	49	16	6	4	1	1
2,000-2,999.....	100	0	4	32	36	21	3	2	0	2	0	9	38	31	13	6	1	0	2
3,000 or over.....	49	0	2	9	17	10	6	5	0	0	0	2	13	18	10	3	2	1	0
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD																			
All families.....	657	0	83	201	163	103	36	33	16	22	5	127	199	153	92	34	24	15	8
Relief families.....	111	0	24	26	25	16	2	6	4	8	3	29	25	25	12	4	4	5	4
Nonrelief families.....	546	0	59	175	138	87	34	27	12	14	2	98	174	128	80	30	20	10	4
0-999.....	76	0	15	18	7	9	7	7	3	10	2	23	10	11	10	3	9	5	3
1,000-1,499.....	165	0	26	56	37	20	12	9	4	1	0	41	48	32	22	14	7	1	0
1,500-1,999.....	141	0	14	59	35	24	3	3	1	2	0	24	61	31	18	4	1	1	1
2,000-2,999.....	123	0	4	34	43	25	7	6	3	1	0	9	43	39	20	6	3	3	0
3,000 or over.....	41	0	0	8	16	9	5	2	1	0	0	1	12	15	10	3	0	0	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES																			
All families.....	2,003	1	233	534	515	346	138	118	65	53	15	368	551	479	313	128	73	47	29
Relief families.....	418	0	51	101	99	86	33	27	14	7	6	80	96	118	67	24	15	10	2
Nonrelief families.....	1,585	1	182	433	416	260	105	91	51	46	9	288	455	361	246	104	58	37	27
0-999.....	355	0	47	76	77	50	23	29	23	30	4	73	76	65	48	23	25	24	17
1,000-1,499.....	489	1	81	154	106	73	30	27	11	6	5	116	149	97	66	28	18	6	4
1,500-1,999.....	337	0	31	104	95	58	18	17	8	6	0	57	114	75	55	25	4	3	4
2,000-2,999.....	267	0	20	68	99	48	17	10	4	1	0	34	81	86	46	14	6	0	0
3,000 or over.....	137	0	3	31	39	31	17	8	5	3	0	8	35	38	31	14	5	4	2

¹ This is the same as the total number of husbands and of wives since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife.

TABLE 157.—AGE OF HUSBANDS AND OF WIVES: *Distribution by age of husbands and wives, by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and age group (years)	Family type 1		Family types 2 and 3		Family types 4 and 5		Family types 6 and 7		Family types 8 and 9	
	Hus- bands	Wives	Hus- bands	Wives	Hus- bands	Wives	Hus- bands	Wives	Hus- bands	Wives
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
MAINE, WESTBROOK										
All ages.....	Number 249	Number 249	Number 242	Number 242	Number 235	Number 235	Number 114	Number 114	Number 29	Number 29
Under 20.....	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-29.....	37	51	80	99	2	4	14	22	0	0
30-39.....	44	38	105	101	35	57	58	72	7	9
40-49.....	47	54	40	30	109	107	35	16	16	16
50-59.....	53	49	15	8	54	41	5	3	3	3
60-64.....	27	28	1	0	18	12	1	1	1	1
65-69.....	17	13	1	1	6	8	1	0	2	0
70-74.....	8	6	0	0	5	3	0	0	0	0
75 or older.....	15	8	0	0	6	3	0	0	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD										
All ages.....	171	171	170	170	135	135	58	58	12	12
Under 20.....	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-29.....	22	33	25	48	4	6	8	13	0	0
30-39.....	35	22	86	86	26	34	27	30	1	2
40-49.....	21	28	42	31	51	53	20	14	4	3
50-59.....	30	39	15	6	35	31	3	1	4	3
60-64.....	22	17	2	1	10	10	0	0	0	2
65-69.....	21	18	0	0	5	0	0	0	1	2
70-74.....	6	8	0	0	4	2	0	0	2	0
75 or older.....	14	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES										
All ages.....	426	426	437	437	421	421	249	249	52	52
Under 20.....	0	4	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-29.....	44	65	114	158	12	20	12	44	0	1
30-39.....	55	42	193	191	51	74	126	135	8	13
40-49.....	55	61	90	58	155	160	89	59	27	23
50-59.....	86	95	30	22	115	109	19	9	10	11
60-64.....	60	60	3	0	36	41	1	0	5	3
65-69.....	52	47	4	2	34	8	0	1	1	0
70-74.....	41	30	1	1	7	4	1	1	1	1
75 or older.....	33	22	1	0	11	5	1	0	0	0

TABLE 158.—MEDIAN AGE OF HUSBANDS: Median age of husbands, by family occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family-income class (dollars)	Westbrook, Maine			Greenfield, Mass.			Vermont-Massachusetts villages		
	Wage- earner	Cleri- cal	Business and pro- fessional	Wage- earner	Cleri- cal	Business and pro- fessional	Wage- earner	Cleri- cal	Business and pro- fessional
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All incomes.....	Years 42	Years 39	Years 44	Years 43	Years 39	Years 44	Years 43	Years 42	Years 46
0-999.....	37	35	60	38	(?)	67	44	40	58
1,000-1,499.....	42	38	45	41	35	40	41	38	44
1,500-1,999.....	44	39	37	42	37	37	44	42	43
2,000-2,999.....	44	43	43	49	43	44	45	45	43
3,000 or over.....	(?)	(?)	48	(?)	(?)	46	51	44	49

† Median based on fewer than 30 but more than 9 cases.

‡ Medians not computed for fewer than 10 cases.

TABLE 159.—FAMILY MEMBERS 16 OR OLDER: Average number of family members of specified relationship to husband and wife in relief and nonrelief families, by age and family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family type No.	Average family members other than husband and wife ¹									
	All members		Sons and daughters		Parents		Other relatives		Persons not related	
	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older	16-29	30 or older
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
MAINE, WESTBROOK										
All specified types.....	Number 1.07	Number 0.32	Number 0.99	Number 0.08	Number 0.00	Number 0.18	Number 0.07	Number 0.06	Number 0.01	Number (?)
4.....	.81	.39	.74	.10	.00	.26	.07	.03	.00	0.00
5.....	1.20	.29	1.13	.07	.00	.15	.07	.07	.00	.00
7.....	.87	.15	.79	.04	.00	.00	.08	.11	.00	.00
8.....	2.41	.83	2.08	.25	.00	.25	.08	.25	.25	.08
9.....	1.96	.13	1.96	.00	.00	.09	.00	.64	.00	.00
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD										
All specified types.....	1.02	.30	.99	.08	.00	.16	.03	.06	(?)	.00
4.....	.94	.25	.90	.07	.00	.13	.04	.05	.00	.00
5.....	1.12	.37	1.08	.00	.00	.31	.02	.06	.02	.00
7.....	.70	.08	.70	.04	.00	.04	.00	.00	.00	.00
8.....	2.00	1.20	1.80	.70	.00	.10	.20	.40	.00	.00
9.....	2.00	.20	2.00	.00	.00	.20	.00	.00	.00	.00
VERMONT-MASSA- CHUSETTS VILLAGES										
All specified types.....	1.12	.34	1.08	.10	.00	.17	.04	.07	(?)	(?)
4.....	.83	.38	.78	.14	.00	.18	.05	.00	(?)	.00
5.....	1.25	.27	1.20	.01	.00	.21	.04	.04	.01	.01
7.....	1.19	.16	1.18	.02	.00	.08	.01	.06	.00	.00
8.....	2.41	.71	2.35	.32	.00	.23	.03	.16	.03	.00
9.....	1.81	.30	1.77	.11	.00	.15	.04	.04	.00	.00

¹ Averages are based on the number of families in each class. Any person who was a member of the economic family at any time during the report year is considered as 1 member. Therefore these are not year-equivalent persons.

² 0.050 or less.

TABLE 160.—MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD NOT IN ECONOMIC FAMILY: *Number of families with persons in the household who were not members of the economic family, and average number of such nonfamily members, by relief status, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	Families	Families having in the household nonfamily members—									Average nonfamily members 1—									
		Any	Occupying rooms on nontransient basis					Boards-ers with-out room	Tour-ists and trans-ients	Guests	All	Occupying rooms on nontransient basis					Boards-ers with-out room	Tour-ists and trans-ients	Guests	
			Any	Sons and daughters rooming and boarding	Other room-ers with board	Room-ers with-out board	Paid help					All	All	Sons and daughters rooming and boarding	Other room-ers with board	Room-ers with-out board				Paid help
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		
COMBINED CITIES																				
All families.....	1,199	350	223	89	86	22	43	9	5	153	0.84	1.15	1.07	1.21	1.09	0.68	1.19	0.17	0.18	
Relief families.....	142	34	19	8	9	4	2	1	2	18	.78	1.31	.79	1.04	1.78	1.00	1.10	1.13	.07	
Nonrelief families.....	1,057	316	204	81	77	18	46	8	3	137	.85	1.13	1.10	1.23	.94	.67	1.32	.19	.20	
Income classes:																				
\$0-\$999.....	215	35	25	13	8	3	1	0	0	11	1.00	1.35	1.13	1.86	1.37	1.06			.10	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	356	99	57	25	25	6	10	3	1	46	.81	1.24	1.13	1.32	.71	.48	.42	.08	.19	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	234	95	62	26	22	8	11	2	2	46	.80	1.04	1.13	.96	.94	.59	1.00	1.25	.19	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	185	59	44	14	17	1	13	2	0	20	.80	.93	1.00	1.08	1.00	.59	1.16	1.19	.19	
\$3,000 or over.....	67	28	16	3	5	0	11	1	0	14	1.10	1.32		1.45		1.04	5.00	3.4	.19	
Occupational groups:																				
Wage-earner.....	672	194	134	58	51	14	22	5	2	77	.89	1.15	1.08	1.30	.88	.58	1.06	1.10	.18	
Clerical.....	152	45	22	6	9	1	6	3	1	25	.66	.84	.93	.92	1.00	.59	1.76	1.36	.22	
Business and profes-sional.....	201	73	48	17	17	3	18	0	0	31	.90	1.22	1.22	1.19	1.20	.79			.22	
Other.....	32	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	.07								.07	
Family-type groups:																				
Type 1.....	331	105	69	35	28	7	6	1	1	45	.98	1.31	1.15	1.38	1.11	.65	1.00	1.08	.21	
Types 2 and 3.....	312	89	50	8	16	6	23	5	1	46	.75	1.00	1.10	1.43	1.02	.52	1.32	1.36	.22	
Types 4 and 5.....	258	97	67	33	24	5	11	2	1	35	.83	1.08	1.06	1.03	.60	.89	1.50	1.13	.16	
Types 6 and 7.....	125	10	14	4	7	0	4	0	0	8	.77	.98		.92		.83			.11	
Types 8 and 9.....	31	6	4	1	2	0	2	0	0	3	.86	1.12	1.00	1.00	.75				.22	

VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES																			
All families.....	2,003	774	390	139	149	37	102	11	7	507	.64	1.12	1.28	1.04	.84	.59	.44	.20	.11
Relief families.....	418	97	54	19	27	8	7	2	0	51	.64	1.03	1.19	.97	.65	.22	1.42		.12
Nonrelief families.....	1,585	677	326	120	122	29	95	9	7	456	.64	1.13	1.30	1.05	.90	.62	.45	.20	.13
Income classes:																			
\$0-\$999.....	355	109	46	20	21	2	8	2	2	74	.56	1.18	1.23	1.10	1.25	.50	1.33	1.06	.09
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	489	190	88	35	38	7	15	3	1	126	.56	1.08	1.28	.98	.78	.37	.23	1.06	.10
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	337	167	79	27	30	10	22	4	1	108	.60	1.05	1.34	1.03	.78	.36	.68	1.02	.13
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	267	133	73	29	25	5	22	0	1	89	.74	1.13	1.31	1.12	.13	.72		1.02	.17
\$3,000 or over.....	137	78	42	9	8	5	28	0	2	59	.89	1.34	1.32	1.14	1.96	.92		1.59	.17
Occupational groups:																			
Wage-earner.....	890	348	168	71	76	13	34	5	2	219	.65	1.16	1.24	1.05	.73	.50	.36	1.66	.12
Clerical.....	242	102	46	20	14	2	10	1	0	74	.53	.99	1.36	.84	1.53	.55	1.50		.10
Business and profes- sional.....	393	209	108	29	30	14	48	8	5	148	.70	1.14	1.38	1.14	1.12	.70	.59	.05	.15
Other.....	60	18	4	0	2	0	3	0	0	15	.38	1.22		1.96		1.00			.13
Family-type groups:																			
Type 1.....	426	186	94	45	44	8	17	2	3	122	.77	1.37	1.41	1.00	1.00	.75	1.56	.04	.12
Types 2 and 3.....	437	189	72	10	18	4	43	4	2	146	.40	.79	1.13	.97	1.22	.54	.57	1.05	.12
Types 4 and 5.....	421	207	111	55	39	15	16	2	2	126	.73	1.26	1.26	1.19	.84	.75	1.10	1.59	.15
Types 6 and 7.....	249	77	40	6	15	2	19	1	0	51	.50	.80	1.00	.94	1.38	.58	1.50		.12
Types 8 and 9.....	52	18	9	4	8	0	0	0	0	11	.76	1.29	1.42	.99					.19

¹ Year-equivalent persons: This figure is computed for each family by dividing by 52 the total number of weeks of residence in the household for all persons not members of the economic family. Averages are based on the number of families that reported weeks of household membership of nonfamily members of specified types. The counts in

columns 3-11 represent the families that reported having any nonfamily members of specified types; a few of these families failed to report the weeks of membership.

² Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 161.—MONEY EARNINGS: Number of families receiving net money earnings and average net money earnings received from each source, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	(2)	Families having net money earnings from—										Average ² net money earnings per family from—													
		Any source	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders ¹	Other work not attributable to individuals	All sources	Individual earners								Roomers and boarders (net)	Other work not attributable to individuals		
			Any	Husband	Wife	Others, 16 or older		Others, under 16		Male				Female	Male	Female	All	Husband	Wife	Others, 16 or older				Others, under 16	
						Male	Female	Male	Female											Male	Female			Male	Female
(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)						
MAINE, WESTBROOK																									
All incomes.....	No. 869	No. 847	No. 840	No. 824	No. 157	No. 44	No. 45	No. 1	No. 1	No. 136	No. 0	Dol. 1,386	Dol. 1,355	Dol. 1,204	Dol. 87	Dol. 32	Dol. 32	Dol. (°)	Dol. (°)	Dol. 31	Dol. 0				
\$0-\$999.....	215	202	196	191	24	1	3	0	0	22	0	726	713	685	23	(°)	5	0	0	13	0				
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	339	332	331	323	56	14	12	1	0	46	0	1,122	1,098	1,006	60	21	11	(°)	0	24	0				
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	166	165	165	163	62	11	12	0	0	40	0	1,578	1,521	1,265	190	32	34	0	0	57	0				
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	100	99	99	98	18	8	13	0	1	18	0	2,145	2,108	1,801	140	62	115	0	(°)	37	0				
\$3,000 or over.....	49	49	49	49	7	10	5	0	0	10	0	3,914	3,865	3,432	97	209	127	0	0	49	0				
Occupational groups:																									
Wage-earner.....	572	572	572	561	120	32	28	1	1	95	0	1,243	1,210	1,047	100	39	24	(°)	(°)	33	0				
Clerical.....	117	117	117	114	20	6	8	0	0	10	0	1,434	1,418	1,265	84	19	50	0	0	16	0				
Business and professional.....	158	158	151	149	17	6	9	0	0	31	0	2,063	2,026	1,899	54	21	52	0	0	37	0				
Other.....	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Family-type groups:																									
Type 1.....	249	232	227	223	59					44	0	1,200	1,163	1,023	140					37	0				
Types 2 and 3.....	242	241	241	240	41	4		1	1	22	0	1,410	1,394	1,321	73	(°)		(°)	(°)	16	0				
Types 4 and 5.....	235	231	229	218	42	31	35	0	0	61	0	1,549	1,499	1,261	74	83	81	0	0	60	0				
Types 6 and 7.....	114	114	114	114	13	6	2	0	0	6	0	1,324	1,315	1,246	35	21	13	0	0	9	0				
Types 8 and 9.....	29	29	29	29	2	7	8	0	0	3	0	1,711	1,687	1,165	55	203	264	0	0	24	0				
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD																									
All incomes.....	546	531	525	521	74	25	23	2	1	92	2	1,805	1,568	1,471	52	25	20	(°)	(°)	37	(°)				
\$0-\$999.....	76	66	62	62	3	0	0	0	0	10	1	802	555	551	4	0	0	0	0	27	(°)				
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	165	162	161	158	20	7	4	1	0	29	1	1,148	1,120	1,080	18	19	3	(°)	0	48	0				
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	141	140	139	139	25	5	7	1	1	27	0	1,589	1,548	1,442	79	11	14	1	1	41	0				
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	123	122	122	121	23	11	10	0	0	25	0	2,162	2,121	1,910	94	69	48	0	0	41	0				
\$3,000 or over.....	41	41	41	41	3	2	2	0	0	1	0	3,687	3,666	3,532	59	16	59	0	0	21	0				

Occupational groups:																					
Wage-earner.....	333	333	333	330	45	20	16	1	0	60	0	1,422	1,385	1,283	49	31	22	(¹)	0	37	0
Clerical.....	88	88	88	88	18	3	3	0	0	14	0	1,706	1,686	1,527	93	34	32	(¹)	0	20	0
Business and professional.....	110	110	104	103	11	2	4	1	1	18	2	2,294	2,239	2,192	34	4	6	0	1	55	(¹)
Other.....	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Family-type groups:																					
Type 1.....	171	156	151	150	28					33	2	1,298	1,244	1,170	74					54	(¹)
Types 2 and 3.....	170	170	169	169	23			1	0	21	0	1,648	1,627	1,587	40			(¹)	0	21	0
Types 4 and 5.....	135	135	135	134	18	20	22	0	1	30	0	1,884	1,838	1,833	59	71	74	0	1	46	0
Types 6 and 7.....	58	58	58	57	5	1	0	1	0	7	0	1,523	1,507	1,568	17	19	0	3	0	16	0
Types 8 and 9.....	12	12	12	11	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	2,122	2,106	1,784	0	260	62	0	0	16	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES																					
All incomes.....	1,585	1,533	1,518	1,495	198	82	60	7	2	254	2	1,478	1,444	1,341	54	27	22	(¹)	(¹)	34	(¹)
\$0-\$999.....	355	318	306	299	43	10	5	0	0	43	1	606	584	552	22	6	4	0	0	22	(¹)
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	489	483	481	475	57	19	12	3	0	75	0	1,119	1,089	1,029	38	11	11	(¹)	0	30	0
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	337	337	336	332	43	16	21	2	1	64	1	1,544	1,505	1,387	63	18	37	(¹)	(¹)	39	(¹)
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	267	265	265	264	44	24	12	2	1	52	0	2,124	2,078	1,916	90	52	19	(¹)	(¹)	46	0
\$3,000 or over.....	137	130	130	125	11	13	10	0	0	20	0	3,590	3,544	3,259	95	111	79	0	0	46	0
Occupational groups:																					
Wage-earner.....	890	890	890	882	124	48	38	3	0	144	1	1,242	1,209	1,107	53	28	21	(¹)	0	33	(¹)
Clerical.....	242	242	242	233	32	14	15	2	2	37	0	1,525	1,597	1,492	70	19	45	1	(¹)	28	0
Business and professional.....	333	393	378	373	41	19	7	2	0	71	1	2,109	2,064	1,974	53	24	13	(¹)	0	45	(¹)
Other.....	60	8	8	7	1	1	0	0	0	2	0	236	231	169	1	61	0	0	0	5	0
Family-type groups:																					
Type 1.....	426	389	378	373	62					83	0	1,277	1,233	1,158	75					44	0
Types 2 and 3.....	437	433	433	430	60	4	1	0	0	37	2	1,525	1,511	1,455	66	(¹)			0	14	(¹)
Types 4 and 5.....	421	411	408	399	56	56	44	4	1	101	0	1,533	1,578	1,414	51	58	58	1	(¹)	55	0
Types 6 and 7.....	249	248	248	245	15	13	7	2	1	24	0	1,432	1,415	1,330	18	49	17	1	(¹)	17	0
Types 8 and 9.....	52	52	51	48	5	12	9	0	0	9	0	1,688	1,643	1,322	44	135	142	0	0	45	0

¹ This is the number of families receiving any positive net income from keeping roomers and boarders. In addition, 1 family in Westbrook, 1 family in Greenfield, and 3 families in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages kept roomers and boarders but had no net earnings from this source.

² Averages are based on number of families in each class, column 2.
³ \$0.50 or less.

⁴ Member of the economic family for fewer than 27 weeks. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.

TABLE 162.—PRINCIPAL EARNERS: Number and average yearly earnings of principal earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, with weeks of employment of principal earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, family-income class, occupational group, and family type (1)	Families (2)	Principal earners					Average ³ earnings per principal earner					Average ³ weeks employment per principal earner (13)	Average ⁴ earnings per family from principal earner (14)	
		All ¹ (3)	Husbands (4)	Wives (5)	Other males (6)	Other females (7)	All (8)	Husbands (9)	Wives (10)	Other males (11)	Other females (12)			
MAINE, WESTBROOK														
All incomes.....	Number 869	Number 840	Number 798	Number 22	Number 10	Number 10	Dollars 1,270	Dollars 1,202	Dollars 797	Dollars 861	Dollars 915	Weeks 51	Dollars 1,227	
\$0-\$999.....	215	196	189	6	0	1	770	778	629	-----	³ 676	49	702	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	339	331	313	8	7	3	1,055	1,075	630	825	³ 809	51	1,030	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	166	165	157	6	0	2	1,298	1,311	³ 1,095	-----	³ 842	51	1,290	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	100	99	92	2	2	3	1,852	1,909	³ 1,380	-----	³ 819	52	1,833	
\$3,000 or over.....	49	49	47	0	1	1	3,454	3,541	-----	³ 1,196	³ 1,650	52	3,454	
Occupational groups:														
Wage-earner.....	572	572	545	15	9	3	1,065	1,083	613	864	824	51	1,065	
Clerical.....	117	117	110	3	1	3	1,295	1,314	1,222	³ 832	821	51	1,295	
Business and professional.....	158	161	143	4	0	4	2,026	2,072	1,170	-----	1,204	50	1,935	
Other.....	22	0	0	0	0	0								
Family-type groups:														
Type 1.....	249	227	215	12	-----	-----	1,146	1,164	833	-----	-----	51	1,045	
Types 2 and 3.....	242	241	237	4	0	0	1,336	1,343	949	-----	-----	51	1,330	
Types 4 and 5.....	235	229	206	6	8	9	1,342	1,404	625	848	833	51	1,308	
Types 6 and 7.....	114	114	114	0	0	0	1,246	1,246	-----	-----	-----	51	1,246	
Types 8 and 9.....	29	29	26	0	2	1	1,205	1,211	-----	³ 910	³ 1,650	50	1,205	
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD														
All incomes.....	546	525	516	3	5	1	1,542	1,550	859	1,170	³ 1,040	50	1,482	
\$0-\$999.....	76	62	62	0	0	0	674	674	-----	-----	-----	46	551	
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	165	161	157	2	2	0	1,121	1,130	³ 494	³ 1,066	-----	50	1,094	
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	141	139	138	1	0	0	1,472	1,471	³ 1,650	-----	-----	52	1,452	
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	123	122	118	0	3	1	1,948	1,974	-----	1,240	³ 1,040	51	1,933	
\$3,000 or over.....	41	41	41	0	0	0	3,532	3,532	-----	-----	-----	52	3,532	
Occupational groups:														
Wage-earner.....	333	333	328	1	4	0	1,296	1,298	³ 728	1,295	-----	50	1,296	
Clerical.....	88	88	85	1	1	1	1,550	1,566	³ 1,650	³ 670	³ 1,040	52	1,550	
Business and professional.....	110	104	103	1	0	0	2,320	2,341	³ 200	-----	-----	51	2,194	
Other.....	15	0	0	0	0	0								

Family-type groups:														
Type 1.....	171	151	149	2			1,336	1,342	¹ 925				49	1,170
Types 2 and 3.....	170	169	168	1	0	0	1,597	1,602	¹ 728				51	1,587
Types 4 and 5.....	135	135	132	0	2	1	1,652	1,664		¹ 1,210	¹ 1,040		51	1,632
Types 6 and 7.....	68	68	67	0	1	0	1,586	1,595		¹ 1,092			51	1,580
Types 8 and 9.....	12	12	10	0	2	0	1,892	2,037		¹ 1,170			50	1,892
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES														
All incomes.....	1,685	1,518	1,465	30	8	15	1,421	1,440	824	1,084	924		50	1,361
\$0-\$999.....	355	306	295	8	2	1	657	663	469	¹ 525	¹ 702		47	566
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	489	481	466	10	1	4	1,059	1,071	804	¹ 1,144	780		50	1,041
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	337	336	319	7	3	7	1,419	1,444	1,084	607	938		51	1,414
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	267	265	261	2	1	1	1,944	1,953	¹ 1,632	¹ 1,000	¹ 1,131		51	1,929
\$3,000 or over.....	137	130	124	3	1	2	3,499	3,587	1,361	¹ 3,661	¹ 1,170		52	3,320
Occupational groups:														
Wage-earner.....	890	890	865	14	6	5	1,117	1,130	613	727	676		49	1,117
Clerical.....	242	242	236	7	1	8	1,510	1,545	1,086	¹ 660	973		51	1,510
Business and professional.....	393	378	367	9	0	2	2,074	2,108	942		¹ 1,346		51	1,985
Other.....	60	8	7	0	1	0	1,727	1,451		¹ 3,661			52	230
Family-type groups:														
Type 1.....	426	378	370	8			1,316	1,329	738				49	1,168
Types 2 and 3.....	437	433	423	10	0	0	1,479	1,489	1,054				50	1,466
Types 4 and 5.....	421	408	383	11	4	10	1,494	1,540	692	708	941		50	1,448
Types 6 and 7.....	249	248	244	1	2	1	1,359	1,355	¹ 672	¹ 2,402	¹ 988		50	1,354
Types 8 and 9.....	52	51	45	0	2	4	1,414	1,503		¹ 520	866		51	1,387

¹ The total number of principal earners given in column 3 is equivalent to the total number of families having individual earners, since the family can have only 1 principal earner. Any difference between the totals in columns 2 and 3 is explained by the fact that column 2 includes some families with no income from earnings, and some with family earnings only, i. e., earnings only from such family enterprises as keeping roomers and boarders, work not attributable to individual earners.

² Averages in this section of the table are based on the corresponding counts of principal

earners in columns 3-7.

³ Averages in this column are based on the number of principal earners that reported the number of weeks during which they had earnings from employment, either full or part-time.

⁴ Averages in this column are based on the number of families in each class (column 2).

⁵ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 163.—SOLE AND SUPPLEMENTARY EARNERS: *Number of families with individual earners, number and average earnings of supplementary earners classified as husbands, wives, and others, and average earnings of family from supplementary earners, by income, by occupation, and by family type, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

(1)	Families (2)	Families with individual earners				Supplementary earners					Average ² earnings per supplementary earner					Average ⁴ earnings per family from supplementary earners (17)
		Any ¹ (3)	1 only		More than 1 ² (6)	All (7)	Husbands (8)	Wives (9)	Other males ³ (10)	Other females ⁴ (11)	All (12)	Husbands (13)	Wives (14)	Other males ³ (15)	Other females ⁴ (16)	
			Any family member (4)	Husband (5)												
MAINE, WESTBROOK																
All incomes.....	Number 869	Number 840	Number 627	Number 614	Number 213	Number 248	Number 26	Number 135	Number 41	Number 46	Dollars 449	Dollars 589	Dollars 429	Dollars 470	Dollars 412	Dollars 128
\$0-\$999.....	215	196	173	169	23	23	2	18	1	2	112	210	98	750	169	11
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	339	331	261	254	70	76	10	48	9	9	301	444	317	151	206	68
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	166	165	96	94	69	77	6	46	12	13	498	695	542	443	303	231
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	100	99	65	65	34	44	6	16	6	16	624	749	702	587	514	275
\$3,000 or over.....	49	49	32	32	17	28	2	7	13	6	720	892	676	695	766	411
Occupational groups:																
Wage-earner.....	572	572	418	408	154	182	16	105	30	31	454	513	456	483	390	145
Clerical.....	117	117	86	85	31	34	4	17	5	8	424	871	362	287	420	123
Business and professional.....	158	161	123	121	28	32	6	13	6	7	447	603	296	560	497	91
Other.....	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
Family-type groups:																
Type 1.....	249	227	172	168	55	55	8	47			536	574	530			118
Types 2 and 3.....	242	241	200	199	41	45	3	37	3	2	342	504	372	30	112	64
Types 4 and 5.....	235	229	143	135	86	104	12	86	25	31	431	575	380	511	370	191
Types 6 and 7.....	114	114	96	96	18	20	0	13	5	2	387		303	468	728	69
Types 8 and 9.....	29	29	16	16	13	24	3	2	8	11	583	768	800	510	546	482
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD																
All incomes.....	546	525	416	411	109	127	5	71	25	26	368	600	362	327	377	86
\$0-\$999.....	76	62	59	59	3	3	0	3	0	0	97		97			4
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	165	161	132	129	29	29	1	18	6	4	146	720	110	183	108	26
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	141	139	104	104	35	40	1	24	7	8	338	720	393	239	270	86
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	123	122	85	83	37	47	3	23	10	11	493	676	505	474	437	188
\$3,000 or over.....	41	41	36	36	6	8	0	3	2	3	685		800	330	807	134

TABLE 164.—FAMILY EARNINGS: Number of families having only one earner, percentage of family earnings derived from husbands, average earnings per family from principal and from supplementary earners, and average earnings per supplementary earner, by occupation and income and by family type and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Occupational group, family type, and income class (dollars)	Westbrook, Maine						Greenfield, Mass.						Vermont-Massachusetts villages					
	Families	Families with only 1 earner	Percentage ¹ of family earnings derived from husbands	Average ² earnings per family from—		Average ³ earnings per supplementary earner	Families	Families with only 1 earner	Percentage ¹ of family earnings derived from husbands	Average ² earnings per family from—		Average ³ earnings per supplementary earner	Families	Families with only 1 earner	Percentage ¹ of family earnings derived from husbands	Average ² earnings per family from—		Average ³ earnings per supplementary earner
				Principal earner	Supplementary earner					Principal earner	Supplementary earner					Principal earner	Supplementary earner	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
	No.	No.	Pct.	DoL.	DoL.	DoL.	No.	No.	Pct.	DoL.	DoL.	DoL.	No.	No.	Pct.	DoL.	DoL.	DoL.
All incomes.....	869	627	86.0	1,227	128	449	546	416	61.7	1,482	86	368	1,585	1,227	90.8	1,361	83	370
Occupational groups:																		
Wage-earner.....	572	418	84.3	1,065	145	454	333	259	90.2	1,296	89	372	890	707	89.0	1,117	92	371
0-999.....	165	146	94.7	794	15	132	49	46	98.0	738	6	97	243	204	93.9	658	23	132
1,000-1,499.....	251	196	88.5	1,048	77	316	121	97	93.4	1,108	31	156	347	293	93.0	1,062	48	269
1,500-1,999.....	108	57	78.5	1,248	271	514	97	72	90.1	1,425	108	402	185	139	87.0	1,365	131	410
2,000-2,999.....	40	19	74.8	1,616	485	668	61	41	86.2	1,845	196	543	100	65	85.6	1,811	221	528
3,000 or over.....	8	0	84.3	1,985	1,527	763	5	3	75.9	2,124	673	673	15	6	67.4	2,125	893	838
Clerical.....	117	86	88.2	1,295	123	424	88	67	89.4	1,550	136	442	242	194	89.9	1,510	87	363
0-999.....	21	19	98.7	667	1	411	6	6	100.0	625	0	-----	32	29	94.9	712	12	99
1,000-1,499.....	47	37	89.5	1,110	55	256	23	23	99.0	1,164	8	-----	70	57	89.4	1,101	55	278
1,500-1,999.....	26	14	77.8	1,285	270	540	25	20	90.4	1,534	82	411	65	55	91.0	1,513	51	255
2,000-2,999.....	18	12	85.0	1,863	224	574	27	13	80.8	1,783	358	484	61	43	91.5	1,934	145	384
3,000 or over.....	5	4	93.6	3,674	181	4403	5	5	100.0	3,430	0	-----	14	10	88.7	3,514	330	1,154
Business and professional.....	158	123	92.0	1,935	91	447	110	90	95.6	2,194	45	248	393	319	93.6	1,995	69	426
0-999.....	16	8	76.6	363	3	422	11	7	37.5	173	0	-----	41	24	76.9	430	7	61
1,000-1,499.....	34	28	93.1	998	31	210	16	12	92.4	1,078	18	94	66	54	89.9	967	40	218
1,500-1,999.....	31	25	88.0	1,483	65	290	18	12	94.2	1,563	66	112	85	71	94.7	1,460	35	213
2,000-2,999.....	41	34	92.3	2,076	99	507	34	31	97.5	2,263	45	310	102	83	93.8	2,089	85	432
3,000 or over.....	36	28	93.6	3,750	198	713	31	28	97.5	3,777	68	705	99	87	94.7	3,699	128	978
Other.....	22	0	0	0	0	-----	15	0	0	0	0	-----	60	7	71.7	230	1	450

Family-type groups:	249	172	85.3	1,045	118	536	171	124	90.2	1,179	65	409	428	321	90.7	1,168	65	487
Type 1.....	249	172	85.3	1,045	118	536	171	124	90.2	1,179	65	409	428	321	90.7	1,168	65	487
0-999.....	72	53	92.6	579	8	112	42	28	83.4	378	0	-----	138	90	91.9	422	12	131
1,000-1,499.....	99	76	89.2	958	64	374	54	42	93.5	1,007	17	99	124	105	89.9	977	41	360
1,500-1,999.....	44	23	73.7	1,203	286	626	32	21	86.2	1,352	134	478	82	69	90.8	1,354	63	428
2,000-2,999.....	27	15	83.9	1,750	294	723	34	25	91.6	1,907	128	544	44	28	86.2	1,781	208	654
3,000 or over.....	7	5	90.0	3,338	288	4,109	9	8	90.9	2,602	167	4,500	38	29	94.0	3,386	177	1,675
Types 2 and 3.....	242	200	93.8	1,330	64	342	170	145	96.3	1,587	40	282	437	375	95.4	1,466	45	332
0-999.....	69	60	95.7	787	18	158	18	15	95.1	806	16	97	96	77	94.6	696	19	120
1,000-1,499.....	97	81	94.2	1,126	57	309	52	43	96.7	1,170	30	193	152	137	96.3	1,151	30	289
1,500-1,999.....	38	26	86.7	1,449	155	491	55	48	95.6	1,545	37	288	93	76	92.0	1,535	87	478
2,000-2,999.....	23	20	94.4	2,105	106	393	33	28	95.4	2,073	79	524	60	51	96.1	2,116	51	346
3,000 or over.....	15	13	97.6	3,671	47	4,354	12	11	99.3	3,426	25	4,300	36	34	97.6	3,586	53	4,962
Types 4 and 5.....	235	143	81.3	1,308	191	431	135	85	86.8	1,652	186	386	421	278	86.7	1,448	130	347
0-999.....	33	21	86.6	647	22	80	3	3	100.0	488	0	-----	61	36	78.4	548	35	113
1,000-1,499.....	90	60	82.4	974	87	244	33	23	93.0	1,065	46	151	126	84	86.7	943	88	240
1,500-1,999.....	56	29	77.6	1,214	251	440	40	25	86.4	1,351	153	341	82	55	83.9	1,331	121	302
2,000-2,999.....	38	23	77.7	1,718	355	642	46	24	81.4	1,856	300	445	111	72	87.2	1,854	187	442
3,000 or over.....	18	10	86.8	3,614	483	791	13	10	92.7	3,619	283	614	41	31	89.9	3,476	266	838
Types 6 and 7.....	114	96	94.2	1,246	69	387	58	53	96.7	1,586	21	171	249	220	92.8	1,354	61	380
0-999.....	35	33	99.7	809	1	414	13	13	100.0	787	0	-----	53	49	97.0	728	12	126
1,000-1,499.....	46	38	94.7	1,104	57	326	23	21	93.6	1,166	12	4,142	80	74	94.4	1,099	26	294
1,500-1,999.....	20	16	93.9	1,508	80	401	10	7	92.7	1,594	91	183	59	54	96.8	1,499	36	259
2,000-2,999.....	8	6	85.9	1,990	280	745	7	7	98.7	2,073	0	-----	44	35	92.7	1,988	128	433
3,000 or over.....	5	3	93.1	3,386	251	418	5	5	100.0	4,956	0	-----	13	8	76.7	2,662	369	685
Types 8 and 9.....	29	16	68.1	1,205	482	583	12	9	84.0	1,892	214	641	52	33	78.3	1,387	256	429

¹ Percentages are based on the total family earnings for each class, regardless of whether husbands were earners.

² Averages are based on the number of families in each class (column 2, 8, or 14).

³ Averages are based on the corresponding number of supplementary earners in each class.

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 165.—OCCUPATION OF EARNERS: *Distribution of husbands, principal earners, and supplementary earners by chief occupation, by family income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	All husbands	Husbands whose chief occupation was—				Husbands with no income from earnings	All principal earners	Principal earners † whose chief occupation was—				All supplementary earners	Supplementary earners ‡ whose chief occupation was—				
		Wage-earner	Clerical	Business or professional	Farm-operator or unknown			Wage-earner	Clerical	Business or professional	Farm-operator or unknown		Wage-earner	Clerical	Business or professional	Farm-operator or unknown	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
MAINE, WESTBROOK																	
All incomes.....	Number 869	Number 583	Number 116	Number 145	Number 0	Number 45	Number 840	Number 572	Number 117	Number 151	Number 0	Number 248	Number 186	Number 40	Number 22	Number 0	
0-249.....	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250-499.....	17	5	2	1	0	9	9	6	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
500-749.....	45	23	9	4	0	9	36	26	9	4	0	4	2	2	0	0	0
750-999.....	152	131	11	5	0	5	148	133	10	5	0	18	15	1	2	0	0
1,000-1,249.....	190	136	25	17	0	12	184	142	24	18	0	38	28	9	1	0	0
1,250-1,499.....	149	109	22	14	0	4	147	109	23	15	0	38	31	5	2	2	0
1,500-1,749.....	104	68	15	18	0	3	103	68	16	19	0	44	35	7	2	0	0
1,750-1,999.....	62	42	8	12	0	0	62	40	10	12	0	33	26	4	3	0	0
2,000-2,249.....	37	18	10	9	0	0	37	19	8	10	0	13	10	3	0	0	0
2,250-2,499.....	33	15	6	11	0	1	33	13	7	13	0	23	16	3	4	0	0
2,500-2,999.....	30	8	2	19	0	1	29	8	3	18	0	8	4	1	3	0	0
3,000-3,499.....	17	3	4	10	0	0	17	3	4	10	0	8	5	2	1	0	0
3,500-3,999.....	12	3	0	9	0	0	12	3	0	9	0	6	5	0	1	0	0
4,000 or over.....	20	2	2	16	0	0	20	2	1	17	0	14	8	3	3	0	0
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD																	
All incomes.....	546	332	87	101	1	25	525	335	89	101	0	127	69	40	17	1	
0-249.....	4	0	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
250-499.....	10	4	1	0	0	5	5	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
500-749.....	18	12	2	1	0	3	15	12	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
750-999.....	44	35	4	2	0	3	41	35	4	2	0	3	3	0	0	0	0
1,000-1,249.....	69	55	7	4	0	3	68	56	7	5	0	8	6	2	0	0	0
1,250-1,499.....	96	64	18	10	0	4	93	65	18	10	0	21	14	4	3	0	0
1,500-1,749.....	84	60	17	6	0	1	83	60	17	6	0	20	14	3	3	0	0
1,750-1,999.....	57	37	7	12	0	1	56	37	8	11	0	20	12	4	4	0	0
2,000-2,249.....	59	35	11	12	0	1	59	36	11	12	0	21	11	10	0	0	0

2,250-2,499.....	25	8	8	8	0	1	24	8	8	8	0	10	3	6	1	0
2,500-2,999.....	39	17	7	14	1	0	39	17	8	14	0	16	5	7	3	1
3,000-3,499.....	15	1	1	13	0	0	15	1	1	13	0	1	0	0	1	0
3,500-3,999.....	14	4	2	8	0	0	14	4	2	8	0	7	1	4	2	0
4,000 or over.....	12	0	2	10	0	0	12	0	2	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS																
VILLAGES																
All incomes.....	1,585	896	227	364	8	90	1,518	896	243	370	9	345	222	65	57	1
0-249.....	12	4	0	1	0	7	5	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
250-499.....	36	14	3	3	0	16	21	15	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
500-749.....	97	77	2	4	2	12	87	79	3	3	2	18	13	1	4	0
750-999.....	210	146	23	20	0	21	193	147	26	20	0	34	26	3	3	0
1,000-1,249.....	245	182	30	24	0	9	240	181	33	26	0	39	32	4	3	0
1,250-1,499.....	244	169	35	35	0	6	241	168	38	35	0	50	38	3	9	0
1,500-1,749.....	187	106	29	47	1	4	186	109	30	46	1	45	28	8	9	0
1,750-1,999.....	150	79	33	35	2	1	150	76	36	38	2	41	30	5	6	0
2,000-2,249.....	115	55	24	33	2	1	115	54	24	35	2	33	19	9	5	0
2,250-2,499.....	69	23	18	27	0	1	68	23	18	27	0	16	8	5	2	0
2,500-2,999.....	83	26	18	38	0	1	82	25	18	39	0	36	16	14	6	0
3,000-3,499.....	53	10	5	35	0	3	56	10	5	35	0	12	4	6	2	0
3,500-3,999.....	18	3	3	11	0	1	18	3	3	12	0	9	4	3	2	0
4,000 or over.....	66	2	4	51	1	8	62	2	6	52	2	12	2	4	6	0

¹ The total number of husbands is the same as the total number of families since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife.

² Includes husbands as well as other family members.

TABLE 166.—EARNING STATUS, AGE, AND EARNINGS OF HUSBANDS: Total number of earning husbands, number of husbands who were principal earners, number who were supplementary earners, and average earnings, by husband's occupation and age, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and age group (years)	All husbands	All earning husbands				Principal-earner husbands				Supplementary-earner husbands				Husbands with-out earnings	Average earnings of husbands				
		All occupations	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All occupations	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All occupations	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional		Principal earners	Supplementary earners	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
COMBINED CITIES																			
All ages.....	No. 1,058	No. 1,008	No. 668	No. 153	No. 187	No. 984	No. 654	No. 147	No. 183	No. 24	No. 14	No. 6	No. 4	No. 50	Dol. 1,429	Dol. 583	Dol. 1,169	Dol. 1,430	Dol. 2,249
Under 20.....	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,040	1,040	1,040	1,040	1,040
20-24.....	32	32	22	6	4	31	21	6	4	1	1	0	0	0	1,037	430	860	1,259	1,414
25-29.....	103	102	73	20	9	101	72	20	9	1	1	0	0	1	1,124	1,092	1,046	1,118	1,762
30-34.....	130	130	85	21	24	129	85	21	23	1	0	0	1	0	1,354	268	1,164	1,439	1,908
35-39.....	191	190	116	36	38	185	114	35	36	5	2	1	2	1	1,447	642	1,224	1,414	2,054
40-44.....	152	151	86	27	36	149	86	27	36	2	2	0	0	1	1,601	697	1,232	1,536	2,509
45-49.....	131	130	86	18	26	122	81	15	26	8	5	3	0	1	1,645	443	1,184	1,617	2,820
50-54.....	94	94	68	8	18	84	68	8	18	0	0	0	0	0	1,556	443	1,385	1,587	2,204
55-59.....	68	64	55	5	4	62	64	4	4	2	1	1	0	4	1,300	454	1,145	1,333	2,980
60-64.....	66	61	43	3	15	60	42	3	15	1	1	0	0	5	1,412	832	1,059	1,205	2,427
65 or older.....	90	53	31	9	13	60	30	8	12	3	1	1	1	37	1,328	768	984	1,582	1,843
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES																			
All ages.....	1,587	1,495	896	227	364	1,465	872	225	360	30	24	2	4	92	1,440	484	1,108	1,539	2,122
Under 20.....	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	936	936	936	936	936
20-24.....	35	35	25	6	4	34	24	6	4	1	1	0	0	0	994	260	941	995	1,141
25-29.....	147	146	95	29	22	146	95	29	22	0	0	0	0	1	1,266	1,115	1,107	1,307	1,801
30-34.....	186	196	108	33	54	193	106	32	54	3	2	1	0	0	1,424	625	1,162	1,482	1,890
35-39.....	237	236	136	37	63	233	134	37	62	3	3	0	1	1	1,555	983	1,198	1,676	2,346
40-44.....	225	223	140	29	54	220	137	29	54	3	3	0	0	2	1,501	769	1,223	1,768	2,338
45-49.....	191	189	117	35	36	186	114	35	36	3	3	0	0	2	1,620	445	1,161	1,801	2,301
50-54.....	152	148	87	27	33	145	84	27	33	3	3	0	0	4	1,493	436	1,053	1,458	2,446
55-59.....	109	99	65	8	26	92	60	7	25	7	5	1	1	10	1,637	304	1,097	1,663	2,620
60-64.....	106	99	52	12	33	97	51	12	32	2	1	0	1	7	1,510	260	994	1,275	2,374
65 or older.....	188	123	71	10	39	118	67	10	38	5	4	0	1	65	1,120	371	772	1,128	1,664

¹ This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in the study contained both husband and wife. Included in this table are 1 husband in the combined cities and 2 in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages in families that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

² Includes 8 husbands in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages who were farm operators or whose occupational classification was unknown. Their average earnings were \$1,280 per earner. In the combined cities there were no husbands with earnings from farm operation or unknown occupations.

³ Averages are based on the corresponding number of earning husbands (columns 4, 5, 6, 7, and 11).

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 167.—EARNING WIVES BY SOURCE OF FAMILY EARNINGS: Number of families in which wife was principal or supplementary earner and additional earnings were received from specified family members or from roomers and boarders, by income, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-36

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	Families	Families in which wife was earner					Families in which wife was principal earner					Families in which wife was supplementary earner					Families having roomers and boarders				
		All	Additional earnings from—				All ¹	Additional earnings from—				All	Additional earnings from—				All	Additional earnings from—			
			No others ¹	Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband		Husband only	Husband and others	Persons other than husband	Husband only		Husband and others	Persons other than husband	Husband	Person other than husband		Wife	Wife as principal earner	Wife as supplementary earner	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	
COMBINED CITIES																					
All incomes.....	No. 1,057	No. 173	No. 5	No. 152	No. 15	No. 1	No. 18	No. 12	No. 0	No. 1	No. 155	No. 140	No. 15	No. 0	No. 153	No. 2	No. 171	No. 26	No. 4	No. 22	
0-999.....	215	19	2	16	0	1	3	0	0	1	16	16	0	0	16	0	24	4	1	3	
1,000-1,499.....	356	60	2	55	3	0	7	5	0	0	53	50	3	0	53	0	53	9	2	7	
1,500-1,999.....	234	54	1	49	4	0	6	5	0	0	48	44	4	0	48	0	53	8	1	7	
2,000-2,999.....	185	36	0	29	7	0	2	2	0	0	34	27	7	0	32	2	34	4	0	4	
3,000 or over.....	67	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	1	0	4	0	7	1	0	1	
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES																					
All incomes.....	1,585	198	12	166	18	2	80	17	0	1	168	149	18	1	166	2	257	35	7	28	
0-999.....	355	43	6	35	2	0	8	2	0	0	35	33	2	0	34	1	43	8	1	2	
1,000-1,499.....	489	57	3	49	5	0	10	7	0	0	47	42	5	0	47	0	75	12	4	8	
1,500-1,999.....	337	43	2	37	4	0	7	5	0	0	36	32	4	0	36	0	64	8	2	6	
2,000-2,999.....	267	44	0	37	6	1	2	2	0	0	42	35	6	1	41	1	55	11	0	11	
3,000 or over.....	137	11	1	8	1	1	3	1	0	1	8	7	1	0	8	0	20	1	0	1	

¹ Families in which wife was sole earner.

² Includes families in which wife was sole earner (column 4).

TABLE 168.—SIZE OF FAMILY AND EARNINGS OF INDIVIDUAL EARNERS: *Average number of persons per family, and number and average earnings of husbands, wives, and other family members, by occupation and income and by family type and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, occupational group, family type, and income class (dollars)	Families	Average persons per family	Individual earners						Average earnings per earner				
			Husbands	Wives	Others			Husbands	Wives	Others			
					All	Male	Female			All	Male	Female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
MAINE, WESTBROOK													
All incomes.....	No. 869	No. 3.71	No. 824	No. 157	No. 107	No. 51	No. 56	Dol. 1,270	Dol. 480	Dol. 523	Dol. 547	Dol. 502	
0-999.....	215	3.61	191	24	4	1	3	772	206	266	\$ 50	338	
1,000-1,499.....	339	3.64	323	56	28	16	12	1,055	362	386	446	306	
1,500-1,999.....	166	3.74	163	52	27	12	15	1,289	606	405	443	375	
2,000-2,999.....	100	3.92	98	18	7	8	19	1,838	777	619	646	607	
3,000 or over.....	49	4.08	49	7	21	14	7	3,433	676	297	781	862	
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	572	3.78	561	120	73	39	34	1,067	475	466	571	411	
0-999.....	165	3.75	160	20	4	1	3	797	243	266	\$ 50	338	
1,000-1,499.....	251	3.67	245	46	21	13	8	1,047	376	404	463	306	
1,500-1,999.....	108	3.89	108	37	20	10	10	1,246	588	384	428	340	
2,000-2,999.....	40	4.15	40	12	17	7	10	1,610	760	618	727	541	
3,000 or over.....	8	4.50	8	5	11	8	3	1,946	805	773	851	563	
Clerical.....	117	3.69	114	20	17	6	11	1,298	491	476	378	529	
0-999.....	21	3.54	21	2	0	0	0	667	\$ 11	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	47	3.58	46	6	5	3	2	1,116	290	331	369	\$ 275	
1,500-1,999.....	26	3.50	25	9	5	2	3	1,280	605	594	\$ 514	648	
2,000-2,999.....	18	4.08	17	3	5	0	5	1,900	872	530	-----	530	
3,000 or over.....	5	4.80	5	0	2	1	1	3,674	-----	\$ 403	\$ 130	\$ 676	
Business and professional.....	158	3.67	149	17	17	6	11	2,013	602	686	560	754	
0-999.....	16	3.18	10	2	0	0	0	581	\$ 22	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	34	3.80	32	4	2	0	2	1,034	310	\$ 335	-----	\$ 335	
1,500-1,999.....	31	3.50	30	6	2	0	2	1,448	715	\$ 138	-----	\$ 138	
2,000-2,999.....	41	3.67	41	3	5	1	4	2,034	750	708	\$ 70	868	
3,000 or over.....	36	3.89	36	2	8	5	3	3,729	\$ 354	896	658	1,293	
Other.....	22	2.32	0	0	0	0	0	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	249	2.01	223	59	-----	-----	-----	1,143	591	-----	-----	-----	
0-999.....	72	2.01	56	7	-----	-----	-----	723	251	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	99	2.01	92	18	-----	-----	-----	1,015	439	-----	-----	-----	
1,500-1,999.....	44	2.00	42	21	-----	-----	-----	1,200	721	-----	-----	-----	
2,000-2,999.....	27	2.02	26	11	-----	-----	-----	1,813	732	-----	-----	-----	
3,000 or over.....	7	2.02	7	2	-----	-----	-----	3,338	\$ 1,009	-----	-----	-----	
Types 2 and 3.....	242	3.40	240	41	5	3	2	1,332	428	23	30	\$ 12	
0-999.....	69	3.36	68	8	0	0	0	789	242	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	97	3.34	97	16	2	2	0	1,126	347	\$ 10	\$ 10	-----	
1,500-1,999.....	35	3.41	37	13	0	0	0	1,457	541	-----	-----	-----	
2,000-2,999.....	23	3.63	23	2	3	1	2	2,085	\$ 1,170	32	\$ 70	\$ 12	
3,000 or over.....	16	3.65	15	2	0	0	0	3,671	\$ 354	-----	-----	-----	
Types 4 and 5.....	235	4.14	218	42	73	33	40	1,359	415	528	593	474	
0-999.....	33	3.95	26	7	4	1	3	761	173	266	\$ 50	338	
1,000-1,499.....	90	4.20	81	15	24	12	12	1,002	281	422	538	306	
1,500-1,999.....	56	3.97	56	14	18	8	10	1,207	548	377	479	296	
2,000-2,999.....	38	4.41	37	5	17	4	13	1,693	718	738	753	734	
3,000 or over.....	18	4.20	18	1	10	8	2	3,614	\$ 728	797	776	\$ 884	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 168.—SIZE OF FAMILY AND EARNINGS OF INDIVIDUAL EARNERS: Average number of persons per family, and number and average earnings of husbands, wives, and other family members, by occupation and income and by family type and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, occupational group, family type, and income class (dollars)	Families	Average persons per family	Individual earners						Average earnings per earner					
			Husbands	Wives	Others			Husbands	Wives	Others				
					All	Male	Female			All	Male	Female		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		
MAINE, WESTBROOK—continued														
Family-type groups—Continued	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.		
Types 6 and 7.....	114	6.25	114	13	7	5	2	1,246	303	542	468	728		
0-999.....	35	6.13	35	2	0	0	0	899	114					
1,000-1,499.....	46	6.15	46	7	1	1	0	1,104	370	\$ 25	\$ 25			
1,500-1,999.....	20	6.35	20	3	1	1	0	1,508	292	\$ 728	\$ 728			
2,000-2,999.....	8	6.44	8	0	3	2	1	1,990		745	\$ 728	\$ 780		
3,000 or over.....	5	7.20	5	1	2	1	1	3,386	\$ 448	\$ 403	\$ 130	\$ 676		
Types 8 and 9.....	29	7.48	29	2	22	10	12	1,165	\$ 800	616	590	638		
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD														
All incomes.....	546	3.48	521	74	57	30	27	1,541	382	436	467	402		
0-999.....	78	3.08	62	3	0	0	0	674	97					
1,000-1,499.....	165	3.47	158	20	12	8	4	1,127	145	305	404	108		
1,500-1,999.....	141	3.59	139	25	15	7	8	1,462	444	255	238	270		
2,000-2,999.....	123	3.44	121	23	25	13	12	1,941	505	572	651	487		
3,000 or over.....	41	3.92	41	3	5	2	3	3,533	800	616	\$ 330	807		
Occupational groups:														
Wage-earner.....	333	3.57	330	45	38	21	17	1,295	364	462	495	421		
0-999.....	49	3.50	49	3	0	0	0	738	97					
1,000-1,499.....	121	3.56	119	16	10	8	2	1,109	156	338	404	\$ 75		
1,500-1,999.....	97	3.68	97	15	11	5	6	1,424	468	313	297	326		
2,000-2,999.....	61	3.43	60	10	13	7	6	1,843	599	613	761	440		
3,000 or over.....	5	3.78	5	1	4	1	3	2,124	\$ 600	692	\$ 346	807		
Clerical.....	88	3.65	88	18	9	5	4	1,527	456	650	598	715		
0-999.....	6	3.19	6	0	0	0	0	625						
1,000-1,499.....	25	3.52	25	2	0	0	0	1,164	\$ 102					
1,500-1,999.....	25	3.51	25	5	0	0	0	1,478	691					
2,000-2,999.....	27	3.69	27	11	9	5	4	1,756	414	650	598	715		
3,000 or over.....	5	3.60	5	0	0	0	0	3,430						
Business and professional.....	110	3.34	103	11	10	4	6	2,341	335	147	160	138		
0-999.....	11	2.09	7	0	0	0	0	272						
1,000-1,499.....	16	3.00	14	2	2	0	2	1,218	\$ 101	\$ 140		\$ 140		
1,500-1,999.....	18	3.38	17	5	4	2	2	1,655	124	97	\$ 91	\$ 104		
2,000-2,999.....	34	3.29	34	2	3	1	2	2,263	\$ 632	163	\$ 144	\$ 172		
3,000 or over.....	31	3.99	31	2	1	1	0	3,777	\$ 900	\$ 315	\$ 315			
Other.....	15	2.00	0	0	0	0	0							
Family-type groups:														
Type 1.....	171	2.02	150	28				1,334	452					
0-999.....	42	2.00	28	0				566						
1,000-1,499.....	54	2.04	50	10				1,083	109					
1,500-1,999.....	32	2.03	30	9				1,395	634					
2,000-2,999.....	34	2.00	33	8				1,965	544					
3,000 or over.....	9	2.00	9	1				2,602	\$ 1,500					

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 168.—SIZE OF FAMILY AND EARNINGS OF INDIVIDUAL EARNERS: Average number of persons per family, and number and average earnings of husbands, wives, and other family members, by occupation and income and by family type and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, occupational group, family type, and income class (dollars)	Families	Average ¹ persons per family	Individual earners						Average ² earnings per earner				
			Husbands	Wives	Others			Husbands	Wives	Others			
					All	Male	Female			All	Male	Female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD—continued													
Family-type groups—Continued	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	
Types 2 and 3.....	170	3.43	169	23	1	1	0	1,597	293	\$ 50	\$ 50	-----	
0-999.....	18	3.40	18	3	0	0	0	806	97	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	52	3.34	51	7	1	1	0	1,193	215	\$ 50	\$ 50	-----	
1,500-1,999.....	55	3.53	55	7	0	0	0	1,545	288	-----	-----	-----	
2,000-2,999.....	33	3.40	33	5	0	0	0	2,073	524	-----	-----	-----	
3,000 or over.....	12	3.50	12	1	0	0	0	3,426	\$ 300	-----	-----	-----	
Types 4 and 5.....	135	3.98	134	18	48	22	28	1,646	439	410	436	389	
0-999.....	3	4.05	3	0	0	0	0	488	-----	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	33	3.92	33	1	9	5	4	1,065	\$ 26	165	210	108	
1,500-1,999.....	40	4.11	40	6	12	4	8	1,351	440	292	334	270	
2,000-2,999.....	46	3.92	45	10	22	11	11	1,842	464	529	594	463	
3,000 or over.....	13	3.89	13	1	5	2	3	3,619	\$ 600	616	\$ 330	807	
Types 6 and 7.....	58	5.99	57	5	3	3	0	1,595	203	425	425	-----	
0-999.....	13	5.86	13	0	0	0	0	767	-----	-----	-----	-----	
1,000-1,499.....	23	6.12	22	2	1	1	0	1,169	\$ 142	\$ 1,092	\$ 91	-----	
1,500-1,999.....	10	5.70	10	3	2	0	0	1,594	244	-----	-----	-----	
2,000-2,999.....	7	5.77	7	0	0	0	0	2,073	-----	-----	-----	-----	
3,000 or over.....	5	6.60	5	0	0	0	0	4,956	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Types 8 and 9.....	12	7.12	11	0	5	4	1	1,947	-----	773	778	\$ 750	
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES													
All incomes.....	1,585	3.75	1,495	198	170	99	71	1,421	429	461	435	498	
0-999.....	355	3.40	299	43	16	11	5	656	183	218	192	275	
1,000-1,499.....	489	3.66	475	57	38	25	13	1,059	329	289	217	426	
1,500-1,999.....	337	3.95	332	43	47	20	27	1,407	496	398	305	466	
2,000-2,999.....	267	4.16	264	44	42	28	14	1,937	547	457	507	358	
3,000 or over.....	137	3.72	125	11	27	15	12	3,572	1,188	965	1,014	903	
Occupational groups:													
Wage-earner.....	890	3.84	882	124	106	60	46	1,117	381	415	416	415	
0-999.....	243	3.57	239	33	12	8	4	660	177	152	145	168	
1,000-1,499.....	347	3.72	345	38	27	17	10	1,062	331	241	206	301	
1,500-1,999.....	185	4.16	183	27	32	13	19	1,357	565	389	374	401	
2,000-2,999.....	100	4.23	100	25	19	13	6	1,808	533	539	657	325	
3,000 or over.....	15	4.61	15	1	16	9	7	2,125	\$ 260	876	913	834	
Clerical.....	242	3.68	233	32	35	17	18	1,518	526	455	287	614	
0-999.....	32	3.37	29	4	3	2	1	690	412	503	\$ 403	\$ 702	
1,000-1,499.....	70	3.46	67	10	7	4	3	1,094	401	518	274	843	
1,500-1,999.....	65	3.61	63	6	9	3	6	1,497	424	534	105	749	
2,000-2,999.....	61	4.16	61	10	13	7	6	1,934	504	292	321	258	
3,000 or over.....	14	3.64	13	2	3	1	2	3,693	\$ 1,600	732	\$ 416	\$ 890	

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 168.—SIZE OF FAMILY AND EARNINGS OF INDIVIDUAL EARNERS: Average number of persons per family, and number and average earnings of husbands, wives, and other family members by occupation and income and by family type and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36—Continued

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, occupational group, family type, and income class (dollars)	Families	Average ¹ persons per family	Individual earners						Average ² earnings per earner				
			Husbands	Wives	Others			Husbands	Wives	Others			
					All	Male	Female			All	Male	Female	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES—CON.													
Occupational groups—Continued	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	Dol.	
Business and professional.....	393	3.76	373	41	28	21	7	2,079	509	528	456	744	
0-999.....	41	3.39	29	5	0	0	0	608	61	209	209	.....
1,000-1,499.....	66	3.62	63	9	4	4	0	1,008	238	160	82	236	
1,500-1,999.....	85	3.74	84	10	4	2	2	1,453	354	321	473	757	
2,000-2,999.....	102	4.15	101	9	12	10	2	2,077	632	521	473	757	
3,000 or over.....	99	3.61	96	8	8	5	3	3,777	1,151	882	766	1,074	
Other.....	60	2.70	7	1	1	1	0	1,541	\$ 50	\$ 3,661	\$ 3,661	.....
Family-type groups:													
Type 1.....	426	2.02	373	62	.....	.....	.....	1,322	516	.....	.....	.....
0-999.....	138	2.02	103	13	.....	.....	.....	566	131	.....	.....	.....
1,000-1,499.....	124	2.01	116	17	.....	.....	.....	1,029	404	.....	.....	.....
1,500-1,999.....	82	2.01	80	13	.....	.....	.....	1,364	544	.....	.....	.....
2,000-2,999.....	44	2.01	42	14	.....	.....	.....	1,866	654	.....	.....	.....
3,000 or over.....	38	2.03	32	5	.....	.....	.....	4,006	1,440	.....	.....	.....
Types 2 and 3.....	437	3.44	430	60	2	2	0	1,478	410	\$ 4	\$ 4	.....
0-999.....	96	3.39	90	16	1	1	0	728	197	\$ 5	\$ 5	.....
1,000-1,499.....	152	3.50	152	15	1	1	0	1,148	335	\$ 2	\$ 2	.....
1,500-1,999.....	93	3.37	92	18	0	0	0	1,529	568	.....	.....	.....
2,000-2,999.....	60	3.49	60	9	0	0	0	2,103	431	.....	.....	.....
3,000 or over.....	36	3.37	36	2	0	0	0	3,575	\$ 1,162	.....	.....	.....
Types 4 and 5.....	421	3.96	399	56	111	64	47	1,493	384	427	369	506	
0-999.....	61	3.77	47	11	13	8	5	632	236	250	234	275	
1,000-1,499.....	126	3.87	122	19	28	18	10	960	284	261	165	432	
1,500-1,999.....	82	3.84	81	6	28	13	15	1,293	337	441	313	532	
2,000-2,999.....	111	4.14	110	18	30	19	11	1,845	541	463	519	366	
3,000 or over.....	41	4.26	39	2	12	6	6	3,617	\$ 871	886	810	962	
Types 6 and 7.....	249	6.12	245	15	28	18	10	1,351	307	592	688	419	
0-999.....	53	5.93	53	3	2	2	0	729	132	\$ 117	\$ 117	.....
1,000-1,499.....	80	5.83	78	4	5	4	1	1,098	310	632	542	\$ 988	
1,500-1,999.....	59	6.17	59	4	4	1	3	1,499	351	168	39	210	
2,000-2,999.....	44	6.62	44	3	10	7	3	1,988	423	436	482	329	
3,000 or over.....	13	6.66	11	1	7	4	3	2,813	\$ 300	1,165	1,643	528	
Types 8 and 9.....	52	7.65	48	5	29	15	14	1,432	457	486	468	527	

¹ Year-equivalent persons. See Glossary, Year-equivalent Person.
² Averages are based on the corresponding number of individual earners in each class (columns 4-8).
³ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

386 MISC. PUBLICATION 370, U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TABLE 169.—EARNINGS AND AGE OF WIVES: *Number of wives who were without earnings, number who were earners, and average earnings per wife, by wife's occupation, by age, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and age group (years)	All wives ¹	Wives without earnings	Earning wives by occupation ²				Average ³ earnings per wife by occupation			
			All	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	All	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
COMBINED CITIES										
All ages.....	Number 1,058	Number 885	Number 173	Number 102	Number 43	Number 28	Dollars 428	Dollars 386	Dollars 523	Dollars 436
Under 30.....	207	163	44	27	13	4	453	437	437	618
30-39.....	335	261	74	44	18	12	454	409	576	435
40-49.....	261	223	38	24	9	5	362	327	605	315
50-59.....	139	128	11	4	2	5	322	258	4 400	343
60 or older.....	116	110	6	3	1	2	349	226	4 175	4 620
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES										
All ages.....	1,587	1,389	198	119	28	50	429	336	624	542
Under 30.....	297	256	41	21	8	12	488	393	794	450
30-39.....	455	397	58	35	9	14	378	271	582	517
40-49.....	361	306	55	35	7	13	429	387	620	496
50-59.....	248	222	26	18	2	5	485	338	4 180	1,135
60 or older.....	226	208	18	10	2	6	379	261	4 936	391

¹ This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife. This table includes a few wives in families that reported negative incomes. (See table 165, footnote 5.)

² In the combined cities there were no wives with earnings from farm operation or unknown occupations. In the Vermont-Massachusetts villages 1 wife, age class 55-59 years, earned \$520 from farm operation.

³ Averages are based on the corresponding counts of wives who were earners (columns 4-7).

⁴ A average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 170.—EARNINGS AND AGE OF HUSBANDS: *Number of husbands who were earners¹ and average earnings per husband, by family type and husband's age, New England small cities combined and New England villages, 1935-38*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and age group (years)	All husbands ²	Earning husbands in families of types ³ —					Average ⁴ earnings per husband in families of types—				
		All	1	2 and 3	4 and 5	6 and 7	All	1	2 and 3	4 and 5	6 and 7
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
COMBINED CITIES	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>	<i>Dollars</i>
All ages.....	1,058	1,008	290	309	254	125	1,409	1,226	1,477	1,530	1,407
Under 20.....	1	1	1	0	0	0	\$ 1,040	\$ 1,040	-----	-----	-----
20-24.....	32	32	17	15	0	0	1,018	895	1,157	-----	-----
25-29.....	103	102	28	51	4	19	1,123	1,150	1,150	1,281	979
30-34.....	130	130	29	68	8	24	1,346	1,228	1,440	1,638	1,113
35-39.....	191	190	26	82	40	37	1,426	1,265	1,512	1,468	1,373
40-44.....	152	151	30	41	48	26	1,589	1,429	1,779	1,579	1,493
45-49.....	131	130	23	24	63	12	1,571	1,085	1,554	1,688	2,236
50-54.....	94	94	28	19	38	6	1,559	1,401	1,703	1,512	2,197
55-59.....	68	64	33	6	23	0	1,273	1,206	1,795	1,220	-----
60-64.....	66	61	38	2	20	0	1,403	1,221	\$ 1,012	1,732	-----
65 or older.....	90	53	37	1	10	1	1,296	1,225	\$ 3,082	944	\$ 910
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES											
All ages.....	1,587	1,495	373	430	399	245	1,421	1,322	1,478	1,493	1,351
Under 20.....	1	1	0	1	0	0	\$ 936	-----	\$ 936	-----	-----
20-24.....	35	35	12	21	1	1	973	1,068	937	\$ 780	\$ 780
25-29.....	147	146	32	92	11	11	1,256	1,150	1,312	1,261	1,093
30-34.....	196	196	34	94	18	49	1,411	1,448	1,474	1,450	1,258
35-39.....	237	236	21	98	33	77	1,548	1,367	1,693	1,664	1,374
40-44.....	225	223	18	62	72	59	1,491	1,234	1,620	1,508	1,451
45-49.....	191	189	37	27	81	29	1,512	1,316	1,513	1,615	1,503
50-54.....	152	148	39	19	69	16	1,432	1,227	1,340	1,600	1,199
55-59.....	109	99	41	11	42	2	1,543	1,692	1,655	1,430	\$ 728
60-64.....	106	99	57	3	34	1	1,485	1,570	780	1,387	\$ 1,040
65 or older.....	188	123	82	2	38	0	1,089	1,074	\$ 1,209	1,132	-----

¹ Either principal or supplementary.
² This is the same as the total number of families, since all families included in this study contained both husband and wife. Included in this table are 1 husband in the combined cities and 2 husbands in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages from families that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.
³ In families of types 8 and 9, in the combined cities there were 30 earning husbands whose average earnings were \$1,470; in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages there were 48, whose average earnings were \$1,432.
⁴ Averages are based on the corresponding counts of earning husbands (columns 3-7).
⁵ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 171.—OCCUPATION OF EARNERS: *Distribution of husbands, principal earners, and supplementary earners by chief occupation, by family occupation, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Family occupational group, and status and chief occupation of earners (1)	Westbrook, Maine (2)	Greenfield, Mass. (3)	Vermont-Massachusetts villages (4)
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>
All families ¹	869	546	1,585
Wage-earner families.....	572	333	890
Occupation of husbands:			
Wage-earner.....	558	330	879
Clerical.....	3	0	0
Business and professional.....	0	0	3
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	0
Occupation of principal earners: ²			
Wage-earner.....	572	333	889
Clerical.....	0	0	1
Business and professional.....	0	0	0
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	0
Occupation of supplementary earners: ²			
Wage-earner.....	164	62	165
Clerical.....	15	14	35
Business and professional.....	3	4	21
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	1
Clerical families.....	117	88	242
Occupation of husbands:			
Wage-earner.....	2	0	7
Clerical.....	111	86	225
Business and professional.....	1	1	1
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	1	0
Occupation of principal earners: ²			
Wage-earner.....	0	0	1
Clerical.....	117	88	241
Business and professional.....	0	0	0
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	0
Occupation of supplementary earners: ²			
Wage-earner.....	11	3	33
Clerical.....	22	21	18
Business and professional.....	1	2	7
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	1	0
Business and professional families.....	168	110	393
Occupation of husbands:			
Wage-earner.....	3	2	10
Clerical.....	2	1	2
Business and professional.....	144	100	360
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	1
Occupation of principal earners: ²			
Wage-earner.....	0	2	6
Clerical.....	0	1	1
Business and professional.....	161	101	370
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	1
Occupation of supplementary earners: ²			
Wage-earner.....	11	4	24
Clerical.....	3	5	12
Business and professional.....	18	11	28
Farm-operator and unknown.....	0	0	0

¹ Includes families of occupational groups other than those listed. (See table 151.)² Includes husbands as well as other family members.

TABLE 172.—TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS: Number of home-owning and renting families occupying specified types of living quarters, by relief status and income and by occupation,¹ New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, family-income class, and occupational group (1)	Families ² (2)	Home-owning families (3)	Home-owning families occupying—				Renting families ³ (8)	Renting families occupying— ⁴			
			1-family house (4)	2-family house (5)	Apartment (6)	Other type of living quarters ⁴ (7)		1-family house (9)	2-family house (10)	Apartment (11)	Other type of living quarters ⁴ (12)
MAINE, WESTBROOK	Number 920	Number 321	Number 260	Number 54	Number 6	Number • 1	Number 599	Number 154	Number 305	Number 126	Number 14
All families.....	920	321	260	54	6	1	599	154	305	126	14
Relief families.....	57	13	12	1	0	0	44	7	18	18	1
Nonrelief families.....	863	308	248	53	6	1	555	147	287	108	13
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	214	39	30	8	1	0	175	38	92	41	4
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	337	110	85	22	2	1	227	72	110	42	3
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	183	68	57	8	3	0	95	18	54	20	3
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	100	55	45	10	0	0	45	13	25	4	3
\$3,000 or over.....	49	36	31	5	0	0	13	6	6	1	0
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	568	167	132	32	3	0	401	101	209	84	7
Clerical.....	116	36	32	4	0	0	80	27	38	12	3
Business and professional.....	157	89	73	13	2	1	68	17	38	10	3
Other.....	22	16	11	4	1	0	6	2	2	2	0
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD											
All families.....	632	217	175	33	7	2	415	129	200	78	8
Relief families.....	107	12	11	1	0	0	95	21	44	29	1
Nonrelief families.....	525	205	164	32	7	2	320	108	156	49	7
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	71	28	21	4	3	0	43	10	25	7	1
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	158	45	34	9	2	0	113	31	56	23	3
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	138	52	42	9	1	0	86	28	44	13	1
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	117	59	47	10	1	1	58	26	25	6	1
\$3,000 or over.....	41	21	20	0	0	1	20	13	6	0	1
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	319	115	91	20	4	0	204	58	107	33	6
Clerical.....	85	36	30	5	0	1	49	15	25	8	1
Business and professional.....	108	40	32	6	1	1	66	35	24	7	0
Other.....	15	14	11	1	2	0	1	0	0	1	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES											
All families.....	1,980	962	861	91	3	7	1,018	550	365	63	40
Relief families.....	410	144	129	14	0	1	266	127	99	26	14
Nonrelief families.....	1,570	818	732	77	3	6	752	423	266	37	26
Income classes:											
\$0-\$999.....	349	146	133	12	1	0	203	97	74	17	15
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	481	218	190	25	1	2	263	135	106	14	8
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	337	181	157	21	1	2	156	103	47	4	2
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	266	164	153	11	0	0	102	66	33	2	1
\$3,000 or over.....	137	109	99	8	0	2	28	22	6	0	0
Occupational groups:											
Wage-earner.....	879	402	353	46	1	2	477	254	178	30	15
Clerical.....	241	124	114	10	0	0	117	63	44	5	5
Business and professional.....	391	238	214	19	1	4	153	102	44	2	5
Other.....	69	54	51	2	1	0	5	4	0	0	1

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded.

² Includes families that received rent as pay or gift.

³ A building which contains 3 or more dwelling units.

⁴ Includes dwelling unit in business building and other types of living quarters not elsewhere specified.

TABLE 173.—MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE: Number and percentage of families owning homes, average monthly rental value, and number of owning families reporting specified monthly rental values, by relief status and income,¹ New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars) (1)	Home-owning families		Average monthly rental value of owned homes ² (4)	Home-owning families reporting monthly rental value										
	No. (2)	Pct. ³ (3)		\$5- \$9	\$10- \$14	\$15- \$19	\$20- \$24	\$25- \$29	\$30- \$34	\$35- \$39	\$40- \$44	\$45- \$54	\$55 or over	
				(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
MAINE, WESTBROOK														
All families.....	No. 321	Pct. 35	Dol. 27	No. 5	No. 15	No. 49	No. 68	No. 57	No. 48	No. 33	No. 18	No. 17	No. 11	
Relief families.....	13	23	17	2	1	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	308	36	27	3	14	45	65	54	48	33	18	17	11	
0-999.....	39	18	21	2	3	12	10	6	3	0	0	1	2	
1,000-1,499.....	110	33	23	1	6	26	31	18	17	7	4	0	1	
1,500-1,999.....	68	42	27	0	4	4	16	16	13	10	2	2	1	
2,000-2,999.....	55	55	30	0	2	2	7	12	12	9	6	4	1	
3,000 or over.....	36	73	42	0	0	1	1	2	3	7	6	10	6	
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD														
All families.....	217	34	33	0	4	10	15	37	48	41	29	31	7	
Relief families.....	12	11	23	0	3	2	2	3	0	0	1	1	0	
Nonrelief families.....	205	39	34	0	1	8	13	34	43	41	28	30	7	
0-999.....	28	40	29	0	0	4	1	7	8	6	0	1	1	
1,000-1,499.....	45	28	30	0	0	3	5	9	12	9	6	1	0	
1,500-1,999.....	52	38	33	0	1	0	4	13	11	8	7	7	1	
2,000-2,999.....	59	50	36	0	0	1	3	5	11	14	11	13	1	
3,000 or over.....	21	51	48	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	8	4	
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES														
All families.....	962	49	25	17	72	145	155	247	121	113	46	40	6	
Relief families.....	144	35	19	11	33	28	29	23	13	5	2	0	0	
Nonrelief families.....	818	52	27	6	39	117	126	224	108	108	44	40	6	
0-999.....	146	43	21	3	13	48	23	34	10	8	5	2	0	
1,000-1,499.....	218	46	23	3	17	40	45	56	29	24	1	3	0	
1,500-1,999.....	181	54	26	0	6	18	34	68	20	22	9	4	0	
2,000-2,999.....	164	62	30	0	2	8	19	52	30	28	13	11	1	
3,000 or over.....	109	80	37	0	1	3	5	14	19	26	16	20	5	

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded.

² Rental value based on estimate made by home owner. Averages are based on the number of families owning homes (column 2).

³ Percentages are based on the number of home-owning and renting families in each class.

TABLE 174.—MONTHLY RENT: Number and percentage of families occupying rented homes, average monthly rent, and number of renting families reporting specified monthly rents, by relief status and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36¹

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit, relief status, and family-income class (dollars)	Renting families		Average monthly rent ²	Renting families reporting monthly rent of—										
				Under \$5	\$5-\$9	\$10-\$14	\$15-\$19	\$20-\$24	\$25-\$29	\$30-\$34	\$35-\$39	\$40 or over		
				(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)											
MAINE, WESTBROOK														
All families.....	No. 595	Pct. ³ 65	Dol. 17	No. 2	No. 15	No. 169	No. 236	No. 126	No. 29	No. 17	No. 8	No. 3		
Relief families.....	44	77	13	1	4	26	11	2	0	0	0	0		
Nonrelief families.....	551	64	18	1	11	133	225	124	29	17	8	3		
0-999.....	172	82	15	1	6	58	78	26	3	0	0	0		
1,000-1,499.....	226	67	17	0	3	57	98	56	6	4	2	0		
1,500-1,999.....	95	58	19	0	1	12	35	32	10	4	0	1		
2,000-2,999.....	45	45	22	0	0	4	13	9	9	4	6	0		
3,000 or over.....	13	27	26	0	1	2	1	1	1	5	0	2		
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD														
All families.....	413	66	24	0	1	32	80	98	99	55	22	26		
Relief families.....	94	89	19	0	0	19	35	25	9	4	1	1		
Nonrelief families.....	319	61	26	0	1	13	45	73	90	51	21	25		
0-999.....	42	60	19	0	0	8	15	10	7	1	0	1		
1,000-1,499.....	113	72	22	0	1	3	22	38	34	10	5	0		
1,500-1,999.....	86	62	26	0	0	2	6	18	29	25	4	2		
2,000-2,999.....	58	50	30	0	0	0	2	7	18	12	10	9		
3,000 or over.....	20	49	43	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	13		
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES														
All families.....	1,005	51	17	3	91	273	287	161	118	44	19	8		
Relief families.....	263	65	12	2	63	120	56	14	5	3	0	0		
Nonrelief families.....	742	48	19	1	28	153	231	147	113	41	19	8		
0-999.....	196	67	14	1	22	85	60	18	9	1	0	0		
1,000-1,499.....	261	54	18	0	5	54	111	55	26	9	0	0		
1,500-1,999.....	155	46	22	0	1	7	39	44	45	13	6	0		
2,000-2,999.....	102	38	24	0	0	6	18	28	28	9	9	4		
3,000 or over.....	28	20	31	0	0	1	3	2	5	9	4	4		

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview are excluded; also excluded are families that received any part, or all, of their rent as a gift, as follows: Westbrook, 4 nonrelief families; Greenfield, 1 nonrelief and 1 relief family; Vermont-Massachusetts villages, 10 nonrelief and 3 relief families. Families that received rent as pay are included; for these families, the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Averages are based on the number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. 1 nonrelief family in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages did not report monthly rent.

³ Percentages are based on the total number of home-owning and renting families in each class.

TABLE 175.—AVERAGE MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE AND AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT: *Number and percentage of families occupying owned and rented homes, average monthly rental value, and average monthly rent, by occupation and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*¹

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (1)	Wage-earner families						Clerical families						Business and professional families					
	Home-owning families ²		Renting families ³		Average monthly rental value ⁴	Average monthly rent ⁴	Home-owning families ²		Renting families ³		Average monthly rental value ⁴	Average monthly rent ⁴	Home-owning families ²		Renting families ³		Average monthly rental value ⁴	Average monthly rent ⁴
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Maine, Westbrook.....	No. 167	Pct. 30	No. 399	Pct. 70	Dol. 24	Dol. 17	No. 36	Pct. 31	No. 79	Pct. 69	Dol. 27	Dol. 19	No. 89	Pct. 57	No. 67	Pct. 43	Dol. 35	Dol. 21
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	115	36	204	64	32	23	36	43	48	57	38	25	40	38	66	62	38	34
Vermont-Massachusetts villages:																		
All incomes.....	402	46	472	54	24	17	124	52	115	48	27	20	238	61	151	39	30	24
\$0-\$999.....	73	31	163	69	19	14	13	43	17	57	18	14	27	60	12	31	21	17
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	152	45	188	55	22	17	23	33	46	67	22	18	37	58	27	42	28	21
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	109	59	75	41	25	20	33	51	32	40	27	23	37	44	48	56	28	23
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	69	60	40	40	29	21	44	72	17	28	29	26	57	56	45	44	30	25
\$3,000 or over.....	9	60	6	40	31	27	11	79	3	21	39	30	80	81	19	19	37	33

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview and families that received any part, or all, of their rent as gift are excluded. Families that received rent as pay are included; for these families, the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Percentages are based on the total number of home-owning and renting families.

³ Based on estimate made by home owner for period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Averages are based on the corresponding number of owning families in each class (column 2, 8, or 14).

⁴ Averages are based on the corresponding number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. (See table 174, footnote 2.)

TABLE 176.—AVERAGE MONTHLY RENTAL VALUE AND AVERAGE MONTHLY RENT: *Number of home-owning and renting families, average monthly rental value, and average monthly rent, by family type and income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*¹

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (1)	Family type 1				Family types 2 and 3				Family types 4 and 5				Family types 6 and 7				Family types 8 and 9			
	Home-owning families (2)	Renting families (3)	Average monthly rental value ² (4)	Average monthly rent ³ (5)	Home-owning families (6)	Renting families (7)	Average monthly rental value ² (8)	Average monthly rent ³ (9)	Home-owning families (10)	Renting families (11)	Average monthly rental value ² (12)	Average monthly rent ³ (13)	Home-owning families (14)	Renting families (15)	Average monthly rental value ² (16)	Average monthly rent ³ (17)	Home-owning families (18)	Renting families (19)	Average monthly rental value ² (20)	Average monthly rent ³ (21)
Maine, Westbrook....	No. 85	No. 183	Dol. 28	Dol. 18	No. 53	No. 186	Dol. 27	Dol. 17	No. 121	No. 112	Dol. 27	Dol. 17	No. 32	No. 78	Dol. 27	Dol. 16	No. 17	No. 12	Dol. 27	Dol. 17
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	72	92	35	26	50	111	36	25	59	74	32	28	17	38	31	24	7	4	38	25
Vermont-Massachusetts villages: All incomes.....	255	165	27	18	137	290	26	19	279	137	27	20	115	130	23	18	32	20	25	19
\$0-\$999.....	78	56	22	13	15	75	19	14	35	24	22	16	16	36	18	13	2	5	4 15	18
\$1,000-\$1,499.....	60	62	25	18	38	111	24	17	77	46	24	19	36	42	20	17	7	0	19	-----
\$1,500-\$1,999.....	49	33	28	24	38	55	25	22	56	26	27	21	28	30	22	22	10	11	21	18
\$2,000-\$2,999.....	31	13	30	23	28	31	31	27	75	38	39	22	25	19	28	22	5	3	29	22
\$3,000 or over.....	37	1	40	4 36	18	18	34	32	36	5	37	28	10	3	32	27	8	1	36	4 35

¹ All data in this table apply only to the living quarters occupied at the date of interview. Families that changed living quarters between the end of the report year and the date of interview and families that received any part, or all, of their rent as a gift are excluded. Families that received rent as pay are included; for these families the monthly rent is an estimated figure.

² Based on estimate made by home owner for period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Averages are based on the corresponding number of owning families in each class, column 2, 6, 10, 14, or 18.

³ Averages are based on the corresponding number of renting families in each class that reported monthly rent. (See table 174, footnote 2.)

⁴ Average based on fewer than 3 cases.

TABLE 177.—NONMONEY INCOME FROM MORTGAGED AND MORTGAGE-FREE OWNED HOMES: *Number of families owning homes with and without mortgages, average number of months of occupancy of owned homes, average rental value, average estimated expense, and average nonmoney income from home ownership, by income, New England small cities separately and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White nonrelief families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis unit and family-income class (dollars)	All families	Families owning homes ¹	Families with homes free from mortgage ²						Families with mortgaged homes ³						
			Families owning homes free from mortgage		Average number of months owned home was occupied	Average rental value of homes ⁴	Average estimated expense for homes ⁵	Average nonmoney income from homes ⁶	Families owning mortgaged homes		Average number of months owned home was occupied	Average rental value of homes ⁴	Average estimated expense for homes ⁵		Average non-money income from homes ⁶
			(4)	(5)					(10)	(11)			(14)	(15)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
MAINE, WESTBROOK	Number	Number	Number	Percent ⁷	Months	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Number	Percent ⁷	Months	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars	Dollars
All incomes	869	310	212	68	12	324	95	229	98	26	12	328	92	96	140
0-999	215	39	29	74	12	238	80	155	10	26	12	314	108	93	113
1,000-1,499	339	111	77	69	12	285	88	197	34	31	11	244	81	79	104
1,500-1,999	166	69	46	87	12	313	94	219	23	33	12	339	102	98	139
2,000-2,999	100	55	36	65	12	365	102	263	19	35	12	368	108	106	154
3,000 or over	49	36	24	67	12	512	128	384	12	33	12	495	121	125	249
MASSACHUSETTS, GREENFIELD															
All incomes	546	207	70	84	12	420	111	309	137	66	12	395	130	107	158
0-999	70	29	10	34	11	373	102	271	19	66	11	304	104	89	111
1,000-1,499	165	45	12	27	12	415	111	304	33	73	12	328	86	95	147
1,500-1,999	141	52	19	37	12	393	107	285	33	63	12	390	142	106	142
2,000-2,999	123	60	21	35	12	399	108	291	39	65	12	445	161	116	171
3,000 or over	41	21	8	38	12	608	144	464	13	62	12	549	163	134	262
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES															
All incomes	1,585	821	416	51	12	319	94	225	405	49	12	310	101	92	117
0-999	355	147	85	68	12	258	83	175	62	42	12	239	62	79	98
1,000-1,499	489	218	101	46	12	276	87	189	117	54	12	276	85	80	105
1,500-1,999	337	183	76	42	12	295	89	206	107	66	12	314	107	93	114
2,000-2,999	267	164	82	50	12	341	98	243	82	50	12	354	119	99	136
3,000 or over	137	108	72	66	12	450	117	333	37	34	12	424	155	113	156

¹ Includes all families that occupied owned homes at any time during the report year. Includes 1 family in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages whose expenses exactly equalled the annual rental value of its home.

² Averages are based on the number of families owning homes free from mortgage (column 4).

³ Average rental value is based on estimates made by home owners for the period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Average per month may be obtained by dividing the figures in this column by the average number of months.

⁴ Expense for period of ownership and occupancy during the report year. Expenses other than interest (columns 8 and 15) are estimates based on the average relationship between rental value and expense as shown by previous studies.

⁵ Average nonmoney income from owned homes for the period of ownership and occupancy during the report year is obtained by deducting estimated expense (including interest) from rental value.

⁶ Averages are based on the number of families owning mortgaged homes (column 10).

Appendix C. Methodology

Procedures Used in Collection and Analysis of the Data

General Plan

In formulating the original plans for this study a central place was given to the recommendations made in 1929 by the Social Science Research Council.¹ This report emphasized the advantages of conducting a study of consumption in such a way that the sample would cover a wide range of incomes, all types of natural families, and all occupations within representative communities of different sizes. Income data and certain other facts would be collected from all families visited, through the use of a short schedule. These data would provide the basis for selection of an adequate number of families in each income class to furnish more careful estimates of income and the details of expenditures.

The plan represented a departure from the procedure followed in many previous consumption studies, in which only certain population groups were included, and in which the distribution of families by income was largely accidental.

These suggestions of the Social Science Research Council were embodied in the procedures adopted for the present study. From these recommendations developed the method of selecting the families to be studied from a random sample of the population, and the method of classifying families by occupation and family composition, as well as by income. The council's plan of selecting regions having distinct economic characteristics and communities of different degrees of urbanization also was followed in order that relationship between these factors and consumption patterns might be explored.

Selection of Families

The families to be studied were limited to certain groups that represent the greater part of the country's population. In order to assure random selection, three samples were obtained, with the use of three schedules. The first was a random sample of family dwelling units, based on a sampling scheme that gave each unit in the community an equal chance of being included. A record card was filled for each family drawn in this random sample. Information obtained on record cards provided the means of eliminating families that did not meet the predetermined requirements for inclusion in the study. These requirements, or eligibility criteria, limited the families selected to those representing the more numerous population groups and those whose consumption patterns and ways of living would be representative of normal families. Chief among those excluded were one-person families (except for a special study in two cities, Chicago, Ill., and Portland, Oreg.), those of foreign birth, Negroes (except in the Southeast and in New York City and Columbus, Ohio), families in which there was not a husband and wife, and among farm families those that had moved during the year previous to the study. The record cards also supplied information as to the numerical importance of the families studied (see record-card form, p. 396).

The second sample, known as the income sample, included all families from the eligible group that were willing and able to furnish the facts about their family composition, income, occupation, and housing needed for filling the family schedule. This group of families, therefore, was essentially a random sample of the types that had been defined for the study of family incomes; every eligible family had an equal opportunity of being included. According to this plan, the proportion of families of each income, occupational, and family-type group was to be the same as the proportion of such families among the group eligible for study in the community. It was recognized that failure to obtain schedules from any socioeconomic group, as from the very well-to-do, would affect the representative character of the income sample, and every effort was made to guard against the introduction of such a bias. In addition to providing data for the study of income, the family schedule provided the means of identifying families that satisfied the requirements for the main study of family consumption (see family schedule form, p. 398).

¹ SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL. CONSUMPTION ACCORDING TO INCOME: A SUGGESTED PLAN FOR AN INQUIRY INTO THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL WELL-BEING OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE. PP. 7, 20-22. 1929. [Mimeographed.]

BHE 113

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS
 IN COOPERATION WITH
NATIONAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE
WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
 WASHINGTON

STUDY OF CONSUMER PURCHASES
 A FEDERAL WORKS PROJECT
RECORD CARD—TOWN OR VILLAGE

Record card No. _____
 Family schedule No. _____
 E. D. _____
 Agent _____

 (Town or village) (State)

1. Street and No. _____
 2. Type of structure ¹_____ Vacant
 3. Apartment or floor _____
 4. Name _____ Telephone _____

Visits	Date	Time of day	At home		Information refused	Person interviewed
			Yes	No		
5. First						
6. Second						
7. Third						

8. Color: a. White
 b. Negro
 c. Other
9. Number in family:
 a. Two or more persons
 b. One person

- Born in United States
 Yes No
 10. Husband, or male head.
 11. Wife, or female head.

12. Residence in rooming house or hotel or in institution:
 a. Housekeeping apartment.
 b. Rooms only

13. Economic family includes husband and wife: ²
 a. Yes b. No
 If yes:
 c. Number years married:
 (1) Less than one.
 (2) One or more.

If there is NO CHECK in any of the heavy boxes, request family schedule.

¹ Specify type as business building, hotel, institution, detached or semidetached house, or multiple-family dwelling.
² In filing record cards for ineligible, file separately cards for families eligible except for 135—a family which does not include husband and wife.

The third sample, known as the consumption or expenditure sample, included families from the income sample that satisfied a second set of requirements. These requirements restricted the sample to the occupational and family-type groups most important numerically. The sampling procedure was designed to obtain a minimum number of expenditure schedules within each class, and implied a different sampling ratio for each class. Families within a given class (occupation, income, and family type) were selected at random. The expenditure or consumption schedule was usually obtained during the same interview as the family schedule. The selection of eligible families to be asked for information was made by the agent on the basis of instructions from the supervisor relative to the classes in which the number of cases was inadequate for analysis.

Supplementary schedules (sometimes called check lists) giving additional details on the consumption of food, clothing, and furnishings and equipment were requested from families that had filled expenditure schedules and were willing to spend more time giving information concerning their ways of spending. (See Glossary, Supplementary schedules.)

Selection of Communities

In order to make clear comparisons of families in different parts of the country in communities of different sizes, and in different agricultural sections, the sample was concentrated in a few homogeneous areas, in communities of certain size ranges and in farm sections which represent the principal types of farming. The areas were determined on the basis of five criteria: Distinct climatic, geographic, and cultural characteristics; homogeneity with respect to these characteristics; geographic extent; population; economic importance. Thus in the choice of communities a great variety of indices were required, based on climatic, geographic, economic, and social data.

The six main areas chosen represent not groups of States but economic-geographic belts, fairly homogeneous in climate. These areas are in the New England, Middle Atlantic and East North Central, East South Central and South Atlantic, West North Central, Mountain, and Pacific regions. The most unique region not represented is the West South Central. It was not included because the scatter of the population over a wide area and the presence of a large Mexican and Spanish-speaking population presented administrative difficulties in the collection of data. In the preparation of reports the Bureau of Home Economics has reduced these regions to five, dividing schedules obtained in the West North Central region between the East North Central and the Mountain regions.³

Communities of six distinct size ranges, from metropolis to farm section, were included in the study. Each size except the metropolitan was represented in each of the five regions studied. In order to obtain the desired number of cases for analysis for each degree of urbanization, it was necessary to increase the number of communities to be studied as their size decreased. The population size ranges within which it was planned to select communities for study were as follows:

Metropolises.....	Over 1,000,000
Large cities.....	250,000 to 300,000
Middle-sized cities.....	35,000 to 70,000
Small cities.....	8,000 to 15,000
Villages.....	1,000 to 2,500
Farm counties.....	

The six types of communities were thus sufficiently distinct from one another to provide a picture of differences in consumption patterns due to differences in degree of urbanization.

³ Some of these regions do not correspond to the census regions and therefore have been given distinctive names, as Southeast, and Plains and Mountain. The Southeast region of the study includes part of the States from the East South Central and South Atlantic regions of the census; the Plains and Mountain, States from the West North Central and Mountain regions of the census; the Middle Atlantic and North Central, States from the Middle Atlantic, and East and West North Central census regions. Even the New England region of this study, which corresponds to the census region of that name in general geographic outline, does not include all the States listed by the census.

FORM 101

CONFIDENTIAL.—The information requested in this schedule is strictly confidential. Giving it is voluntary. It will not be used by any except agents of the cooperating agencies and will not be available for transfer purposes.

I. YEAR COVERED BY SCHEDULE
 Twelve months beginning....., 1985
 and ending....., 198...

II. FAMILY COMPOSITION DURING SCHEDULE YEAR

A	B	C	D	E
Members of economic family (all persons sharing family income, including those temporarily away from home)	Sex	Age at last birthday	Number of weeks during year	
			At home	Away from home
1. Husband.....	M			
2. Wife.....	F			
Other members of family (give relationship)				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				

If any member of family died during schedule year, circle number in front of name.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS
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NATIONAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE
WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION
 AND
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
 WASHINGTON

STUDY OF CONSUMER PURCHASES
 A FEDERAL WORKS PROJECT
FAMILY SCHEDULE—TOWN OR VILLAGE

III. OTHER MEMBERS OF HOUSEHOLD
 (Persons living in home for one week or longer during schedule year)

A	B	C
STATUS (paid help, roomers, guests, children boarding)	Number of persons	Total number of weeks in household
1. Sons and daughters boarding and rooming at home (specify age and sex)		
2. Other roomers with board		
3. Roomers without board		
4. Boarders without room		
5. Tourists and transients		
6. Guests (overnight or longer)		
7. Paid help living in.....		

IV. HOME OWNERSHIP

1. Number of months during schedule year living:
 a. As renter.....
 b. As owner:
 1st home..... 2d home.....

2. Monthly rental value.....

3. Was home mortgaged (or being purchased on land contract).....
 a. Yes. b. No.

4. If mortgaged, interest on mortgage (or land contract) for months occupied.....

Number in economic family..... Code No.....
 Inc..... Family schedule No.....
 Clr..... Expenditure schedule No.....
 Occ..... Town or village.....
 Agent..... E. D.....
 Date of interview..... State.....

V. RESIDENCE IN THIS TOWN OR VILLAGE
 For how many months of schedule year did the family live in this town or village?..... mos.

VI. LIVING QUARTERS OCCUPIED at date of interview

1. Did family occupy these living quarters at end of schedule year?
 a. Yes. b. No.

2. Does family own or rent these living quarters?
 3. Monthly rent, \$....., if renter.

4. Type of living quarters (check one):

One family house:
 a. Detached.
 b. Attached.

Two family house:
 a. Side by side.
 d. Two decker.

Apartment in building for:
 a. Three families.
 f. Four families.
 g. Five or more families.

Dwelling unit, business building:
 a.

Room or rooms:
 f. With another family.
 j. In rooming house.

Other:
 k.

VII. COLOR
 a. White. b. Negro.

VII. MONEY EARNINGS OF FAMILY FROM EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS OUTSIDE OF HOME OR AT HOME (during schedule year)

A	B	C	D		E	F	G	H	I
Members of family gainfully employed			OCCUPATIONS DURING YEAR			State of birth (A, X, O)	Rate of earnings per unit of time	Time employed (use same time unit as in G)	Total money earnings from employment or business
Relationship	Line number from I-A	Age	Kind of work (such as merchant, bookkeeper, merchant, author)	Nature of industry (such as cotton mill, bank, shoe store, independent)					
1.							\$ _____ per _____		\$ _____
2.							per _____		
3.							per _____		
4.							per _____		
5.							per _____		
6.							per _____		
7.							per _____		
8. Roomers and boarders							per _____		
9. Earnings not attributable to an individual							per _____		

10. TOTAL (1-9)..... \$ _____

IX. OTHER MONEY INCOME (during schedule year)		IX. OTHER MONEY INCOME (during schedule year)—Continued		X. VALUE OF FOOD HOME PRODUCED FOR FAMILY USE	
	Total for year		Total for year		Total for year
1. (Not used. Transferred to line 8, see VIII, above.)	\$ _____	7. Gifts in cash for current use from persons not members of economic family	\$ _____	1. Fruits and vegetables	\$ _____
2. (Not used. Transferred to line 9, see VIII, above.)		8. Other money income		2. Eggs _____ doz. Milk _____ qts.	
3. Interest and dividends from bonds, stocks, bank accounts, trust funds, etc.		9. TOTAL (1-8)	\$ _____	3. Poultry for meat: No. _____	
4. Profits not included in VIII above, less expenses		10. Losses from business not deducted above	\$ _____	4. Other	
5. Rents from property, less expenses		11. DIFFERENCE	\$ _____	5. TOTAL	\$ _____
6. Pensions, annuities, benefits		12. Has family received direct relief (in cash or kind) during schedule year? a. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes. b. <input type="checkbox"/> No.		11. TOTAL INCOME	\$ _____
		13. Has any member of family had work relief during schedule year? a. <input type="checkbox"/> Cash. b. <input type="checkbox"/> Kind. c. <input type="checkbox"/> None.			

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APPENDICES

TABLE 178.—Consumption sample: Occupational and family-type groups included by the Bureau of Home Economics in the consumption sample, as combined for analysis, by region and degree of urbanization

Region (1)	Degree of urbanization and color of families (2)	Occupational groups included, as combined for analysis (3)	Family types included, as combined for analysis (4)
New England	(Small cities) ¹	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner.	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Villages.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Farm counties.....	Farm-operator.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	(Small cities).....	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner. ²	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. ³
Middle Atlantic and North Central	Villages.....	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner. ³	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
	Farm counties:		
	New Jersey.....	Farm-operator.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	Pennsylvania-Ohio.....	do.....	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.
	Michigan-Wisconsin.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	Illinois-Iowa.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	Small cities:		
	White.....	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner.	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Negro.....	Business, professional, and clerical; wage-earner.	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Villages:		
	White.....	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner. ⁴	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁵
	Negro.....	Business, professional, and clerical; wage-earner.	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁵
Southeast	Farm counties:		
	White:		
	North Carolina.....	Farm-operator.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	South Carolina.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁶
	Georgia-Mississippi.....	Sharecropper.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	North Carolina.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁶
	Georgia-Mississippi.....	Farm-operator.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁶
	North Carolina ⁷	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	Negro:		
	North Carolina.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	South Carolina.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁶
	Georgia-Mississippi.....	Sharecropper.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7.
	North Carolina.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5, 6-7. ⁶
	Georgia-Mississippi.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
Small cities.....	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner.	1, 2-3, 4-5.	
Plains and Mountain	Villages.....	Business, professional, and clerical; wage-earner. ⁴	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Farm counties:		
	North Dakota-Kansas.....	Farm-operator.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	South Dakota-Montana-Colorado.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
(Small cities).....	Business and professional; clerical; wage-earner.	1, 2-3, 4-5.	
Pacific	Villages.....	do. ⁴	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Farm counties:		
	Washington-Oregon.....	Farm-operator.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	California.....	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.
	Oregon ⁸	do.....	1, 2-3, 4-5.

¹ Consumption data are published in reports of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor.

² In addition, data for families having no earnings from occupations are presented in a few basic tables. The sample of these families was too small to permit analysis by family type.

³ Family types 6 and 7 represent the following cities only: Mount Vernon and New Philadelphia, Ohio; Lincoln, Ill.; and Beaver Dam, Wis.; expenditure data were not collected for family types 6 and 7 in Boone, Iowa, and in Columbia and Moberly, Mo.

⁴ Data for farm operators living in villages are presented in a few basic tables. Because of the small number of cases in the sample, no analysis by family type was made. For these tables, data from the Middle Atlantic and North Central, Plains and Mountain, and Pacific regions were combined; data from the Southeast region were analyzed separately.

⁵ Family types 6 and 7 represent villages in Georgia and South Carolina only; expenditure data were not collected for family types 6 and 7 in Mississippi and North Carolina villages.

⁶ Family types 6 and 7 represent farm counties in Georgia only; expenditure data were not collected for family types 6 and 7 in Mississippi farm counties.

⁷ Counties in which self-sufficing farms were the principal type.

⁸ Part-time farms only.

The most important conditions in the choice of the communities were that they should be located in the selected geographic areas and fall in the selected size ranges. In the choice of the urban communities additional factors were considered, which included independence of other larger communities, density of population and rate of growth, and the presence of large institutions which affect economic and social conditions. Each farm county chosen was selected because of the prevalence in that locality of a particular type of farming. Together these counties thus represented all the more important types of agricultural enterprise. For the most part the villages selected were located in the farm counties chosen for study. In a few cases it was necessary to include villages in an adjacent county in order to provide a sufficiently large sample. For the same reason several villages and cities falling outside the size limits originally established were selected.

The studies of farm and village families were conducted by the Bureau of Home Economics.³ Among the 29 small cities included in the investigation, the Bureau of Home Economics was responsible for 19, and the Bureau of Labor Statistics for 10. The collection of schedules in communities in the three largest size ranges was wholly the responsibility of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 179.—*Cities and villages studied by the Bureau of Home Economics and the Bureau of Labor Statistics, by region and by groups used in analysis of income data*

Degree of urbanization ¹	New England	Middle Atlantic and North Central ²	Southeast	Plains and Mountain	Pacific
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Metropolis* (3,376,438 to 6,930,446 population).		New York, N. Y. Chicago, Ill.			
Large city* (214,006 to 301,815 population).	Providence, R. I.	Columbus, Ohio. Omaha, Nebr.	Atlanta, Ga.	Denver, Colo.	Portland, Oreg.
Middle-sized city* (30,567 to 71,864 population).	Haverhill, Mass. New Britain, Conn.	New Castle, Pa. Muncie, Ind. Springfield, Ill. Dubuque, Iowa. Springfield, Mo.	Columbia, S. C. Mobile, Ala.	Butte, Mont. Pueblo, Colo.	Aberdeen - Hoquiam, Wash. Bellingham, Wash. Everett, Wash.
Small city (9,370 to 18,901 population).	*Westbrook, Maine. *Greenfield, Mass. #Wallingford, Conn. #Willimantic, Conn.	*Mount Vernon, Ohio. *New Philadelphia, Ohio. *Lincoln, Ill. *Beaver Dam, Wis. *Boone, Iowa. *Columbia, Mo. *Moberly, Mo. #Beaver Falls, Pa. #Connellsville, Pa. #Logansport, Ind. #Peru, Ind. #Mattoon, Ill.	*Sumter, S. C. *Griffin, Ga. #Gastonia, N. C. #Albany, Ga.	*Dodge City, Kans. *Greeley, Colo. *Logan, Utah. *Provo, Utah. #Billings, Mont.	*Olympia, Wash. *Astoria, Oreg. *Eugene, Oreg. *Klamath Falls, Oreg.

See footnotes at end of table.

¹ See fig. 1 and tables 179 and 180 for a list of the communities studied by the Bureau of Home Economics and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 179.—*Cities and villages studied by the Bureau of Home Economics and the Bureau of Labor Statistics, by region and by groups used in analysis of income data—Continued*

Degree of urbanization ¹	New England	Middle Atlantic and North Central ²	Southeast	Plains and Mountain	Pacific
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Village ⁴ (544 to 5,183 population).	Vermont: Bristol. Essex Junction. Northfield. Richford. Swanton. Waterbury. Massachusetts: Avon. Bryantville and South Hanson. East Bridgewater. Hebronville. Kingston. North Easton. North Dighton. North Raynham.	Pennsylvania: Denver. Marietta. New Freedom. New Holland. Quarryville. Spring Grove. Wrightsville. Ohio: Bellville. Cardington. Fredericktown. Mount Gilead. Ferryville. Plymouth. Michigan: Blissfield. Chelsea. Concord. Grass Lake. Hudson. Jocsville. Parma. Tecumseh. Wisconsin: Horicon. Lake Mills City. Mayville. Mount Hope. Sun Prairie. Waterloo. Illinois: Atlanta. Bement. Cerro Gordo. Farmer City. Maroa. Monticello. M o u n t P u l a s k i . Tuscola. Iowa: Brooklyn. Bussey. Dallas. Earlham. Eddyville. Melcher. Montezuma. New Sharon. Pleasantville. State Center. Victor.	North Carolina: Elm City. Franklinton. Louisburg. Nashville. Spring Hope. Wake Forest. Whitakers. Zebulon. Mississippi: Drew. Hollandale. Indianola. Itta Bena. Leland. Moorhead. Mound Bayou. Rosedale. Ruleville. Shaw. Shelby. South Carolina: Bishopville. Camden. Lake City. Lamar. Manning. Summerton. Timmonsville. Georgia: Comer. Commerce. Greensboro. Jefferson. Madison. Social Circle. Washington. Winder.	North Dakota: Casselton. Cooperstown. Finley. Hatton. Hillsboro. Hope. Lidgerwood. Mayville. Portland. Kansas: Bucklin. Cimarron. Fowler. Kingsley. Meads. Spearville. South Dakota: Belle Fourche. Sturgis. Montana: Forsyth. Colorado: G i e n w o o d Springs. Meeker. Redcliff. Rife.	Washington: Arlington. Blaine. Burlington. Lynden. Marysville. Monroe. Snobomish. Oregon: M c M i n n - v i l l e . Newberg. Sheridan. Silverton. Woodburn. California: Beaumont. Brea. Ceres. Elsinore. Hemet. La Habra. Manteca. Newman. Oakdale. Pacifica. San Jacinto. Tustin.

¹ Population figures are those given by the 1930 census.

² Cities in this group that were studied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics are classified as East Central and West Central in the reports of that Bureau.

³ All metropolises, large cities, and middle-sized cities listed in this table were studied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁴ All villages listed in this table were studied by the Bureau of Home Economics. Administrative problems and the objective of selecting villages in or near counties chosen for the study of farm families made it necessary to class as villages a few small towns of approximately 3,000, and 1 (Camden, S. C.) of slightly over 5,000. Most of the communities, however, had populations under 2,500.

* Designates small cities studied by the Bureau of Home Economics.

Designates small cities studied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 180.—Farm counties studied by the Bureau of Home Economics, and important type of farming in each section, by region

Region and State (1)	Counties studied (2)	Type of farming ¹ (3)
New England:		
Vermont.....	Chittenden, Franklin.....	Dairy.
Massachusetts ²	Bristol, Plymouth.....	Dairy and poultry.
Middle Atlantic and North Central:		
New Jersey.....	Camden, Gloucester, Salem.....	Truck.
Pennsylvania.....	Lancaster.....	General.
Ohio.....	Crawford, Knox, Richland.....	Do.
Michigan.....	Lenawee.....	General and dairy.
Wisconsin.....	Dane.....	Dairy.
Illinois.....	DeWitt, Logan, Macon, Platt.....	Corn and other cash grain.
Iowa.....	Madison, Mahaska, Marion, Marshall, Poweshiek.....	Animal speciality.
Southeast:		
North Carolina.....	Jackson, Macon.....	Self-sufficing.
Edgecombe, Nash.....		Cotton and tobacco.
South Carolina.....	Clarendon, Darlington, Florence, Lee Marion, Sumter.....	Do.
Georgia.....	Clarke, Elbert, Greene, Jackson, Madison, Morgan, Oconee, Wilkes.....	Cotton.
Mississippi.....	Bolivar, Leflore, Sunflower, Washington.....	Do.
Plains and Mountain:		
North Dakota.....	Barnes, Cass, Griggs, Steele.....	Wheat and other cash grain.
Kansas.....	Edwards, Ford, Gray, Meade.....	Do.
South Dakota ³	Pennington.....	Range livestock and cash grain.
Montana ³	Custer.....	Do.
Colorado ³	Eagle, Garfield, Rio Blanco.....	Range livestock and crop specialty.
Pacific:		
Washington.....	Whatcom.....	Dairy and poultry.
Oregon.....	Marion, Polk, Clackamas, Multnomah, Washington.....	General and fruit, part-time.
California.....	Orange, Riverside, San Joaquin.....	Fruit and nut, fruit and dairy.

¹ For each group of counties as a whole, according to 1930 census.

² Because of the small number of farm schedules obtained in Massachusetts, only a limited tabulation of the data has been made. No supplementary schedules have been tabulated.

³ Data from South Dakota, Montana, and Colorado have been tabulated together for the analysis of income.

Classification of Families by Income, Occupation, and Family Type

One of the major purposes of this project was the study of consumption of families at different income levels. However, early plans also included the study of variations in consumption among the different occupational groups and among families of differing composition. Since the classification of families was to be used both in schedule collection and in analysis of data, it was necessary to define income and to establish a method for its computation; to decide what broad occupational groups should be adopted for the classification of the wide variety of occupations followed by earners; and to evolve some scheme of classifying families so that both the number and age of family members would be given consideration.

Family income

The term "income" was limited to current income for the year, excluding funds made available to the family through liquidation of capital assets, through borrowing, or through the accumulation of debt. Nonmoney income from housing also was included for families in all communities. For village and farm families nonmoney income from food was added. (See Glossary, Income, for other details, including differences between city, village, and farm family income. See also tables 183 and 184.)

Facts from the family or income schedule were used, together with certain estimates based on previous studies, in computing a net income figure for each family included in the income sample. For families included in the consumption sample, some additional facts concerning expenses of a business nature or related to home ownership were obtained and were used in obtaining an adjusted or corrected income figure. The adjustments that were made are listed in the following paragraphs.

TABLE 181.—*Number of cities, villages, and farm counties studied by the Bureau of Home Economics, by region and by units for analysis of income and consumption sample data*¹

Region and type of community	Number of communities studied ²	Number of analysis units ³ for—	
		Income sample	Consumption sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All regions:			
City.....	19.....	21 units for individual city data (19 white; 2 Negro). 6 units for combined cities (5 white; 1 Negro).	5 units for combined cities (4 white; 1 Negro).
Village.....	140.....	12 units for combined villages (10 white; 2 Negro).	6 units for combined villages (5 white; 1 Negro).
Farm.....	66 counties..	34 farm units (20, white operators; 4, Negro operators; 4, white sharecroppers; 4, Negro sharecroppers; 1, white operators, self-sufficing farm counties; 1, part-time white operators).	20 farm units (12, white operators; 2, Negro operators; 2, white sharecroppers; 2, Negro sharecroppers; 1, white operators, self-sufficing farm counties; 1, part-time white operators).
New England:			
City.....	2.....	2 individual cities. 1 unit for combined cities.	(None (data to be published by Bureau of Labor Statistics).
Village.....	14.....	1 unit for combined villages: 14 villages in Vermont, Massachusetts.	1 unit for combined villages: 14 villages in Vermont, Massachusetts.
Farm.....	4 counties..	2 farm units: 2 counties in Vermont. 2 counties in Massachusetts. ⁴	2 farm units: 2 counties in Vermont. 2 counties in Massachusetts. ⁴
Middle Atlantic and North Central:			
City.....	7.....	7 individual cities. 1 unit for combined cities.	1 unit for combined cities.
Village.....	46.....	3 units for combined villages: 13 villages in Pennsylvania, Ohio. 14 villages in Michigan, Wisconsin. 19 villages in Illinois, Iowa. (For a limited number of tables all 46 villages are combined.)	1 unit for combined villages: 43 villages in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa.
Farm.....	18 counties..	7 farm units: 3 counties in New Jersey. 1 county in Pennsylvania. 3 counties in Ohio. 1 county in Michigan. 1 county in Wisconsin. 4 counties in Illinois. 5 counties in Iowa.	4 farm units: 3 counties in New Jersey. 4 counties in Pennsylvania, Ohio. 2 counties in Michigan, Wisconsin. 9 counties in Illinois, Iowa.
Southeast:			
City.....	2.....	4 units for individual city data (2 white; 2 Negro). 2 units for combined cities (1 white; 1 Negro).	2 units for combined cities ⁴ (1 white; 1 Negro)
Village.....	34.....	4 units for combined villages (2 white; 2 Negro): 19 villages in North Carolina, Mississippi. 15 villages in South Carolina, Georgia.	2 units for combined villages (1 white; 1 Negro): 34 villages in North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi.
Farm.....	22 counties..	17 farm units (4, white operators; 4, Negro operators; 4, white sharecroppers; 4, Negro sharecroppers; 1, white operators, self-sufficing farm counties): 2 counties in North Carolina. 6 counties in South Carolina (Negro samples were taken in 2 counties only, Darlington and Florence). 8 counties in Georgia (Negro samples were taken in all except Jackson). 4 counties in Mississippi (Negro samples were taken in 2 counties only, Washington and Leflore). 2 counties in North Carolina (Jackson and Macon Counties, self-sufficing).	9 farm units (2, white operators; 2, Negro operators; 2, white sharecroppers; 2, Negro sharecroppers; 1, white operators, self-sufficing farm counties): 8 counties in North Carolina, South Carolina (Negro samples were taken in 4 counties only, Edgecombe, Nash, Darlington, Florence). 12 counties in Georgia, Mississippi (Negro samples were taken in all except Jackson, Bolivar, and Sunflower). 2 counties in North Carolina, (Jackson and Macon Counties, self-sufficing).

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 181.—*Number of cities, villages, and farm counties studied by the Bureau of Home Economics, by region and by units for analysis of income and consumption sample data*¹—Continued

Region and type of community	Number of communities studied ²	Number of analysis units ³ for—	
		Income sample	Consumption sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Plains and Mountain:			
City.....	4.....	4 individual cities. 1 unit for combined cities. ⁶	1 unit for combined cities. ⁶
Village.....	22.....	2 units for combined villages: 16 villages in North Dakota, Kansas. 7 villages in South Dakota, Montana, Colorado.	1 unit for combined villages: 22 villages in North Dakota, Kansas, South Dakota, Montana, Colorado.
Farm.....	13 counties..	3 farm units: 4 counties in North Dakota. 4 counties in Kansas. 5 counties in South Dakota, Montana, Colorado.	2 farm units: 8 counties in North Dakota, Kansas. 5 counties in South Dakota, Montana, Colorado.
Pacific:			
City.....	4.....	4 individual cities. 1 unit for combined cities.	1 unit for combined cities.
Village.....	24.....	2 units for combined villages: 12 villages in Washington, Oregon. 12 villages in California.	1 unit for combined villages: 24 villages in Washington, Oregon, California.
Farm.....	9 counties..	5 farm units (4, white operators; 1, part-time white operators): 1 county in Washington. 5 counties in Oregon. ⁷ 1 county in central California. 2 counties in southern California.	3 farm units (2, white operators; 1, part-time white operators): 6 counties in Washington, Oregon. ⁷ 3 counties in California.

¹ A list of the cities, villages, and farm counties by region and State is given in tables 179 and 180.

² The Bureau of Home Economics studied communities in 24 States. However, not all degrees of urbanization were included in each State; cities were studied in 14 States, villages in 20, and farm counties in 21.

³ White families only were included except in the Southeast communities, where white and Negro families were studied separately. In certain farm sections separate studies were made of different tenure groups and special types of farming.

⁴ Because of the small number of cases, no analysis will be made.

⁵ Includes data for Albany, Ga., and Gastonia, N. C., cities studied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Income data for these 2 cities are presented by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and consumption data by the Bureau of Home Economics.

⁶ Includes data for Billings, Mont., studied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Income data for the individual city are presented by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and consumption data by the Bureau of Home Economics.

⁷ A special study of part-time farms was made in the 5 Oregon counties. The study of full-time white operators in Oregon was limited to 2 of these counties (Marion and Polk).

For family-schedule classification net nonmoney income from occupancy of an owned home was computed by deducting from the total rental value of the home the actual expense for interest on the mortgage plus an estimate of such other expenses as taxes, insurance, and repairs. When the expenditure schedule was obtained, this nonmoney income figure was adjusted on the basis of the family's actual instead of estimated current expenses for its owned home during the year.⁴

Net income from roomers and boarders was computed first on the basis of an estimate of the cost of the boarders' food and later adjusted when actual food expenses per person-meal could be computed from the expenditure schedule.

The expenditure schedule also contributed to a more exact report on certain expenses which were occupational, but unlikely to be treated as business expenses when the family computed its net income. Such expenses included that proportion of the family automobile or other vehicle expense chargeable to business, union and professional association dues, and technical books and journals. All such expenses shown on the expenditure schedule were deducted from income for the classification of expenditure schedules.

⁴ See Glossary, Housing expenditures, for items considered as current expense on an owned home.

TABLE 182.—Summary of collection: Number of schedules of each designated type tabulated¹ by the Bureau of Home Economics, by degree of urbanization and region, 1936

Degree of urbanization, region, and State (1)	Record cards (2)	Family sched- ules ² (3)	Expendi- ture sched- ules ³ (4)	Supplementary schedules		
				Cloth- ing ⁴ (5)	Furnish- ings ⁴ (6)	Food ⁵ (7)
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Small cities, villages, and farm counties.....	157,752	64,798	33,891	90,533	21,012	17,297
Small cities.....	35,757	17,026	7,465	17,197	4,239	3,186
New England:						
Maine, Westbrook.....	2,040	927	}	}	}	}
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	1,862	658				
Middle Atlantic and North Central:						
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	880	313	}	}	}	}
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	1,539	753				
Illinois, Lincoln.....	1,240	511				
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	1,064	453				
Iowa, Boone.....	1,302	494				
Missouri, Columbia.....	2,589	1,309				
Missouri, Moberly.....	1,974	1,030	3,107	5,799	1,148	904
Southeast—white:						
South Carolina, Sumter.....	1,395	815	}	}	}	}
Georgia, Griffin.....	1,324	741				
North Carolina, Gastonia.....	(9)	(9)				
Georgia, Albany.....	(9)	(9)				
1,108	3,480	1,006	840			
Southeast—Negro:						
South Carolina, Sumter.....	1,294	636	}	}	}	}
Georgia, Griffin.....	803	349				
North Carolina, Gastonia.....	(9)	(9)				
Georgia, Albany.....	(9)	(9)				
475	1,748	429	414			
Plains and Mountain:						
Kansas, Dodge City.....	1,825	1,013	}	}	}	}
Montana, Billings.....	(9)	(9)				
Colorado, Greeley.....	1,625	637				
Utah, Logan.....	1,981	1,013				
Utah, Provo.....	1,454	751				
1,287						
Pacific:						
Washington, Olympia.....	2,295	1,062	}	}	}	}
Oregon, Astoria.....	1,145	351				
Oregon, Eugene.....	4,691	2,408				
Oregon, Klamath Falls.....	1,465	772				
1,458			6,170	1,656	1,008	

¹ The number of expenditure schedules tabulated is smaller than the number accepted for analysis due to certain omissions where the number of schedules in a class was too small to warrant tabulation.

² Tabulations of family schedules for combined cities within a region included fewer schedules, as follows: All small cities, 15,336; New England, 1,200; Middle Atlantic and North Central, 4,427; Southeast, white, 1,558; Southeast, Negro, 985; Plains and Mountain, 4,188; Pacific, 3,031. See *Methodology*, p. 417.

³ The number of expenditure schedules tabulated may exceed the number of family schedules tabulated. Only family schedules collected by random sampling were tabulated, whereas the expenditure schedules tabulated included some that were obtained by the special sampling procedures used to build up the consumption sample.

⁴ This represents the number of individuals, rather than families, for whom detailed clothing data were obtained.

⁵ The number of supplementary furnishings schedules collected represents only families having expense for furnishings. However, the tables for furnishings schedules include some families that had zero expense for furnishings, and therefore did not fill a supplementary schedule.

⁶ In addition to those supplementary food schedules, food records were obtained as follows: Large and middle-sized cities, 2,040; small cities, 858; villages, 901; farms, 1,359.

⁷ Expenditure and supplementary schedule data for Westbrook and Greenfield have been transferred to the Bureau of Labor Statistics for tabulation and publication.

⁸ Record-card and family schedule data for Gastonia and Albany have been tabulated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁹ Record-card and family schedule data for Billings as an individual city have been tabulated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Family, expenditure, and supplementary schedule data are combined with those for the other cities of the region by the Bureau of Home Economics and presented in summary tables for the unit.

TABLE 182.—Summary of collection: Number of schedules of each designated type tabulated by the Bureau of Home Economics, by degree of urbanization and region, 1938—Continued

Degree of urbanization, region, and State (1)	Record cards (2)	Family sched- ules (3)	Expendi- ture sched- ules (4)	Supplementary schedules		
				Cloth- ing (5)	Furnish- ings (6)	Food (7)
Villages	<i>Number</i> 49,599	<i>Number</i> 22,644	<i>Number</i> 9,407	<i>Number</i> 20,674	<i>Number</i> 5,174	<i>Number</i> 4,475
New England:						
Vermont-Massachusetts.....	5,263	2,005	733			
Middle Atlantic and North Central:						
Pennsylvania-Ohio.....	4,227	2,079	3,044	6,625	1,604	1,379
Michigan-Wisconsin.....	5,202	1,978				
Illinois-Iowa.....	5,854	2,404				
Southeast—white:						
North Carolina-Mississippi.....	3,169	1,816	2,092	6,865	1,760	1,536
South Carolina-Georgia.....	4,679	2,675				
Southeast—Negro:						
North Carolina-Mississippi.....	3,711	1,726	973	3,128	834	770
South Carolina-Georgia.....	2,794	1,299				
Plains and Mountain:						
North Dakota-Kansas.....	3,282	1,465	1,101			
South Dakota-Montana-Colorado.....	2,120	1,036				
Pacific:						
Washington-Oregon.....	5,397	2,315	1,464	4,056	976	790
California.....	3,921	1,846				
Farm counties	72,426	25,128	17,019	52,662	11,599	9,656
New England:						
Vermont.....	1,788	543	537			
Massachusetts.....	2,040	¹⁰ 109	¹⁰ 136			
Middle Atlantic and North Central:						
New Jersey.....	4,813	861	496	16,031	3,850	2,887
Pennsylvania.....	3,056	2,096	2,257			
Ohio.....	2,084	836	1,067			
Michigan.....	2,666	810	1,642			
Wisconsin.....	1,994	795				
Illinois.....	1,445	857				
Iowa.....	2,532	748				
Southeast—white operators:						
North Carolina.....	¹¹ 1,714	480	1,945	15,192	3,175	2,765
South Carolina.....	¹¹ 4,888	2,310				
Georgia.....	¹¹ 2,176	847	1,255			
Mississippi.....	¹¹ 2,351	552				
North Carolina, self-sufficing.....	2,117	1,294	607			
Southeast—white sharecroppers:						
North Carolina.....	(¹¹)	300	632	5,349	1,148	1,065
South Carolina.....	(¹¹)	274				
Georgia.....	(¹¹)	248	482			
Mississippi.....	(¹¹)	347				
Southeast—Negro operators:						
North Carolina.....	¹¹ 1,304	129	433	9,568	1,949	1,889
South Carolina.....	¹¹ 1,847	488				
Georgia.....	¹¹ 1,219	249	511			
Mississippi.....	¹¹ 2,284	277				
Southeast—Negro sharecroppers:						
North Carolina.....	(¹¹)	398	639			
South Carolina.....	(¹¹)	233				
Georgia.....	(¹¹)	206	626			
Mississippi.....	(¹¹)	958				
Plains and Mountain:						
North Dakota.....	3,073	1,106	1,088			
Kansas.....	1,458	695				
South Dakota-Montana-Colorado.....	2,634	1,088	447			
Pacific:						
Washington.....	3,244	830	948	6,522	1,477	1,050
Oregon.....	5,660	1,948				
California, central.....	1,604	281	888			
California, southern.....	3,994	1,159				
Oregon, part-time ¹²	8,411	646	383			

¹⁰ Because of the small number of farm schedules obtained in Massachusetts, only a limited tabulation of the data has been made. No supplementary schedules have been tabulated.
¹¹ The total number of record cards for the combined groups of operators and sharecroppers is shown under white operators and Negro operators.
¹² The record cards cover those in the special sample taken in the 3 counties not included in the Oregon full-time sample. The family schedules include 167 duplicate schedules of part-time farm operators included in the other Oregon sample.

On the small-city and village expenditure schedules the net value of occupancy of an owned vacation home, and rent received as gift were included in income. Income as computed for both samples included rent received as pay. On farm schedules neither of these items was included in the final adjusted income, since they occurred infrequently (tables 183 and 184).

Family occupation

Detailed information was obtained from each family member as to the nature of his work and the industry from which his earnings were derived. Using this information, earnings were classed as from one of three broad major occupational groups—business and professional, clerical, and wage earner. City and village families were then classified in one of these groups according to source of the greater proportion of total family earnings, including the value of rent received as pay. A fourth group was composed of families with no earnings and of a few families of farm operators living in cities and villages and not properly belonging in the three major groups.

TABLE 183.—*Computation of income: Methods of computing family income from schedule entries for income and consumption samples, city and village families*¹

Income description (1)	Derivation of income data	
	Income sample (2)	Consumption sample (3)
Total family income.	Sum of A and B.	Corrected sum of A and B.
A. Money income (net).	A. Sum of 1 and 2 minus 3.	A. Corrected sum of 1 and 2 minus 3.
1. Earnings from employment.	1. Sum of a and b.	1. Corrected sum of a and b.
a. Occupations other than keeping roomers and boarders.	a. Reported net earnings.	a. Reported net earnings minus minor ² items of occupational expense.
b. Keeping roomers and boarders.	b. Difference between (1) and (2).	b. Corrected difference between (1) and (2).
(1) Gross income.	(1) Reported gross income.	(1) Same as income sample.
(2) Expense for boarders' food.	(2) Estimated from previous studies. ³	(2) Computed from reported total food expense and number of meals served to boarders.
2. Other money income.	2. Reported money income from interest and dividends, profits, rents from property, pensions, annuities, gifts, and other sources.	2. Same as income sample.
3. Business losses.	3. Reported net losses from business, not elsewhere deducted.	3. Same as income sample.
B. Nonmoney income.	B. Sum of 1 and 2.	B. Corrected sum of 1 and 2.
1. Value of housing.	1. Sum of a and b (no data available for c and d).	1. Corrected sum of a, b, c, and d.
a. Imputed income from owned family home.	a. Difference between (1) and (2).	a. Corrected difference between (1) and (2).
(1) Rental value of owned family home.	(1) Reported total rental value.	(1) Same as income sample.
(2) Expense for owned family home.	(2) Estimated from previous studies. ³	(2) Reported expense for owned family home.
b. Rent received as pay.	b. Reported rent received as pay.	b. Same as income sample.
c. Rent received as gift.	c. No data.	c. Reported rent received as gift.
d. Imputed income from owned vacation home.	d. No data.	d. Reported difference between rental value and expense for vacation home.
2. Value of home-produced food (villages only).	2. Reported value of home-produced food (villages only).	2. Same as income sample.

¹ See Glossary, Income, City and Village Family, for definitions of terms used in this table.

² Minor items of occupational expense include items which were reported on the family expenditure schedule, such as: Automobile expense chargeable to business, other transportation expense chargeable to business, dues to unions and business associations, and technical books and periodicals.

³ These estimates were made from data collected in the Study of Consumption and Money Disbursements of Families of Employed Wage Earners and Lower-Salaried Clerical Workers, conducted by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1934-35.

TABLE 184.—*Computation of income: Methods of computing family income from schedule entries for income and consumption samples, farm families*¹

Income description	Derivation of income data	
	Income sample	Consumption sample
Total family income.....	Sum of A and B.....	Corrected sum of A and B.....
A. Farm income (net).....	A. Sum of 1 and 2 plus or minus 3.	A. Corrected sum of 1 and 2 plus or minus 3.
1. Money income.....	1. Difference between a and b.	1. Corrected difference between a and b.
a. Gross income.....	a. Reported gross income.....	a. Same as income sample.
b. Expenditure.....	b. Reported major items of farm expense, except farm use of family automobile.	b. Reported major items plus other ² items of farm expense.
2. Value of farm products used by family.	2. Sum of a, b, and c.....	2. Corrected sum of a, b, and c.
a. Food, home-produced..	a. Reported value of food home-produced.	a. Reported value of food home-produced, minus value of home-produced food served farm help and boarders.
b. Housing furnished by farm.	b. Computed value of year's occupancy of farm dwelling.	b. Same as income sample.
c. Fuel and other non-food products furnished by farm for family use.	c. Reported value of fuel and other nonfood products furnished by farm.	c. Same as income sample.
3. Net change in value of livestock owned and of crops stored.	3. Reported net change in value (increase minus decrease) during the report year, of livestock owned and crops stored for sale.	3. Same as income sample.
B. Money income (net) from sources other than farm.	B. Sum of 1 and 2 minus 3.....	B. Corrected sum of 1 and 2 minus 3.
1. Earnings from employment.	1. Sum of a and b.....	1. Corrected sum of a and b.
a. Occupations other than keeping roomers and boarders.	a. Reported net earnings.....	a. Reported net earnings minus other ² items of occupational expense.
b. Keeping roomers and boarders.	b. Difference between (1) and (2).	b. Corrected difference between (1) and (2).
(1) Gross income.....	(1) Reported gross income.	(1) Same as income sample.
(2) Expense for boarders' food.	(2) Estimated from previous studies. ³	(2) Computed from reported total food expense and number of meals served to boarders.
2. Money income (not earnings) from sources other than operated farm.	2. Reported money income from interest and dividends, profits, rents from property, pensions, annuities, gifts, and other sources.	2. Same as income sample.
3. Business losses other than from operating farm.	3. Reported net losses from business other than farming, not elsewhere deducted.	3. Same as income sample.

¹ See Glossary, Income, Farm Family, for definitions of terms used in this table.

² These were items of occupational expense reported as family expenditures, such as: Automobile expense chargeable to business, other transportation chargeable to business, food expense for farm help, dues to business associations, technical books and periodicals.

³ These estimates were made from data collected in the Study of Consumption and Money Disbursements of Families of Employed Wage Earners and Lower-Salaried Clerical Workers, conducted by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1934-35.

Business and professional families were further subdivided into those employed on a salaried basis and those that were working independently, taking an entrepreneurial risk with their own or borrowed capital, owning their equipment or place of business, and in some instances employing others.

In the farm sample, only families of farm operators (a single occupational class) were studied except in the Southeast, where a special study of sharecroppers was made. Families of farm laborers and of paid farm managers were excluded in all regions. Earnings off the farm were classified as were earnings of city families according to the occupation from which they were derived.

In planning to classify families by occupation, three alternative bases of classification were considered: The occupational group from which the family derived the greater part of its earnings; the occupational group of the husband; the occupational group of the principal earner. The first method was chosen in order to take account of the earnings of all family members (Glossary, Occupational classification). However, since the husband was so largely responsible for the

family support, nine-tenths or more of the families would have been classified in the same occupational group in which the procedure chosen placed them, had either of the two other procedures been used.

With minor exceptions, the occupational classification prepared by the Works Progress Administration⁶ was used to determine the broad group in which a specific occupation fell. This publication provided a relatively complete and usable listing of occupations according to socioeconomic status. (See Glossary, Occupational classification.)

Family type

Since the level of living possible for a family depends on the number and age of its members as well as on family income, it was necessary to adopt some scheme of classification based on family composition in order to study both economic status and consumption patterns. Families differ so greatly in number and age of members that there could be well over a hundred groupings, based on these two factors alone, without taking account of differences in sex of children. For this study, the groups were limited to nine, based on the number of family members other than husband and wife and whether they were under 16 years of age or 16 and older. (See fig. 6, Definitions of the family-type groups and Glossary, Family type, for description of the nine type groups.) These nine types provide for the classification of all families included in the income sample. However, only a partial analysis of data has been made for the types least often found, types 8 and 9. The consumption sample included the first five types in all communities, and types 6 and 7 in some; consumption data were not obtained for types 8 and 9 in any community. (See table 178 for communities in which types 6 and 7 were studied.)

Collection of Schedules

Collection plans for family-income schedules were designed to provide for each degree of urbanization in each region a sample of families that would have the characteristics of the families in the major population groups and include all socioeconomic, family type, and other groups in the same proportion as they were found in the eligible population of these communities. For example, wage-earner families should be the same proportion of the sample as of the families eligible for study in the community. Attention was concentrated on keeping this income sample random in character and free from bias because of the possible omission of an undue number of families of any income, occupational, or family-type group.

For the expenditure sample, the collection plan differed somewhat. The emphasis was upon obtaining an adequate number of records for analysis from the eligible families less usually found, such as those in the high-income groups. This sample, therefore, was designed to overrepresent somewhat the population groups of less numerical importance, in order to give an adequate picture of their consumption habits.

These purposes determined, in large measure, the procedures followed in obtaining both the income and expenditure samples.

The First or Record Card Sample

The mechanics of obtaining the random sample of record cards differed for communities of different degrees of urbanization, and to some extent from community to community. In all localities, however, the basis of the scheme adopted was geographic. Dwellings, rather than specific families, were approached by a plan designed to give every dwelling unit an equal chance of being included.

Small cities

Because the basis of the sampling procedure was geographic, a complete list of addresses of all dwellings in the city was necessary. For this list the street-directory section of the city directories was relied upon and was brought up to date by lists of building permits, real estate maps, and other means. Each independent housekeeping unit in a multiple-family dwelling was considered a separate

⁶[UNITED STATES] WORKS PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION. OCCUPATIONAL CLASSIFICATION AND CODE. Works Prog. Admin., Cir. 2. July 1935.

INDEX OF OCCUPATIONS. Works Prog. Admin., Cir. 2A. September 1935.

address. Insofar as possible, buildings containing no dwelling units were eliminated before the sample was drawn. When the list was considered complete the addresses were arranged in geographic order, and used for drawing the first sample.

The original plan in the small cities called for a succession of four samples, each of which would include one-eighth of the dwelling units in the city. Every eighth address, beginning with one of the first eight, chosen by chance, was selected for the first sample. Record cards were made out for each address thus drawn and were assigned to field agents for visiting. The second sample comprised another one-eighth of the addresses and began with the fourth address following or preceding the one previously chosen in the first sample. The addresses in the second sample were spaced four addresses from the first, in order that, if it became necessary to close collection after the second sample, the 25-percent coverage would represent every fourth dwelling in every section of the city. Subsequent samples followed a similar procedure until the coverage sought in the particular city was obtained. Lists were made of additional dwelling units discovered by field agents in the process of visiting, and were sampled on the same basis as the original list.

While only a 50-percent sample was originally planned, it was increased up to 100 percent in a few cities when it was found that the 50-percent sample would not yield sufficient schedules from families in the less usual types and income classes.

Villages

In all villages a 100-percent sample was taken. However, it was deemed desirable to obtain this by means of four 25-percent samples, each of which would be random. This was done in order to safeguard the study in case it became necessary to discontinue collection before a 100-percent coverage had been achieved. It also provided data potentially valuable for testing variations between samples, and hence the relative reliability of averages based on samples of different sizes.

Essentially, therefore, the scheme of sampling in the villages followed that used in the small cities. The difference lay chiefly in the fact that directories were not generally available, so that dwellings had to be marked on large-scale maps, or addresses listed by a preliminary canvass. Where houses did not carry street numbers, field agents received assignments in the form of small segments of maps, on which the dwellings to be approached in that sampling period were marked. Multiple-family dwellings were treated in the same way as in cities. In each sampling period every fourth address was visited, precisely as was every eighth in the small cities.

Farm counties

The problem of transportation for field agents working in farm counties and the irregular scatter of farm dwellings called for some modification of the sampling plan followed in small cities and villages. The alternative plan adopted was to divide the county to be sampled into a number of small areas, each of which would contain approximately 15 to 20 farms. For this purpose post office or other maps that showed every farm in the county were used. The small areas of 15 to 20 farms were numbered and every fourth one was included in one sampling period. Each farm in the small areas chosen was then visited for the record card and, if the family proved eligible and willing, a family schedule and an expenditure schedule were filled. In a few large, well-populated counties each sample included one-eighth rather than one-fourth of the farms because only a 25- or 37.5-percent coverage was contemplated.

One of the chief problems in sampling farm counties was to exclude village, urban, and suburban areas. As a first step in meeting this problem, maps were marked to eliminate every dwelling within the corporate limits of an incorporated village or city. Other exclusions depended on the individual situation, and borderline cases were decided by the supervisor in charge. The objective was always to include all bona fide farm families and to exclude nonfarm families, such as suburban residents or crossroads merchants that happened to be living in or adjacent to a farming section.

With one or two exceptions the random sample for farm counties, like that for small cities, was originally planned to represent a 50-percent coverage. As in cities, additional samples were taken in many localities to provide sufficient cases for analysis of the more unusual family types or income levels.

The Income Sample

Eligibility requirements

The income sample was planned to represent, not the population of the community as a whole, but only the groups that are numerically the most important, that have certain common characteristics, and that, at the same time, comprise the more normal families. Elimination of some population groups served to make the group studied more homogeneous and therefore to limit the variables and facilitate the analysis of the relationships the study was designed to explore. This limitation also made it possible to include a greater number of communities than funds would have permitted otherwise.

To be eligible for inclusion in the income sample, a family had to meet these requirements: The family must include a husband and wife who were native-white (except in the Southeast, and in New York City and Columbus, Ohio, where Negro families were studied separately); had been married at least 1 year; were keeping house when interviewed; and had not had the equivalent of 10 roomers for a full year.

For families living on farms, three additional requirements were imposed: The home place must meet the census definition of a farm; the family must be that of a farm operator (or, in the Southeast, of a sharecropper); the family must have operated that farm for at least a year.⁴

The first two eligibility requirements eliminated broken families in which source and amount of income and ways of spending might be different from normal family groups, and families likely to have cultural patterns different from those of the native-white (or Negro) population. Families in which the husband and wife had not been married at least a year and those that were not keeping house were eliminated because of the difficulty of obtaining complete data for family income and consumption for a 12-month period. Families with 10 or more roomers were eliminated because they represented households that were essentially business ventures rather than private families. The additional requirements imposed on the farm sample eliminated nonfarm families living in the country, families of farm laborers and paid managers, and families that could not give a full year's record of operations on the farms on which they were living.

Special study of families not included in the income sample

The plan of confining the general study to selected population groups eliminated Negro and other colored races (except in the Southeast and in New York City and Columbus, Ohio, where Negro families were studied separately), families in which husband or wife was not native-born, one-person families, broken families or others containing two or more persons not husband and wife, and other families failing to meet minor eligibility requirements. The number of such ineligible families varied from one community to another, since the composition of the population varied, especially in regard to the number of foreign-born and Negro families.

In order to learn something of the extent to which these excluded families varied in income and composition from the eligible families, family schedules were requested in certain communities, during one sampling period, from all families from whom record card data were obtained. Information from these ineligible families furnished a basis for estimates of the distribution of all families of the community, by income (pp. 427-429).

The Consumption Sample

Eligibility requirements

For the study of consumption, families included in the income sample had to meet certain further requirements, designed to eliminate those in which the family situation would be abnormal or would tend to complicate the analysis of expenditure data. These additional eligibility requirements were:

The family must not have received relief at any time during the report year.

The family must fall within certain specified family composition and occupational groups (table 178).

The family must not have moved between the end of the report year and the date of interview.

⁴ Suburban families were eliminated from the farm samples by the further requirement that some money income from the sale of farm products must have been received, unless special circumstances existed, such as crop failure, to explain the absence of such money income. This qualification was not imposed, however, in the communities in North Carolina, where a special study of self-sufficing farms was made.

The family must not have had more than the equivalent of one roomer and/or boarder in the household for 52 weeks of the report year.

The family must not have had more than the equivalent of one guest for 26 weeks.

The family must have been keeping house for at least 9 months of the report year.

City and village families must have lived in the community studied for at least 9 months of the report year.

Farm families must not have been operating part-time farms (except in Oregon where a special study of families of part-time farm operators was made).

No requirement as to income was set up because of the lack of information as to income distributions to be expected in small communities. Schedules were collected from families at all income levels.

Relief families were eliminated because the provision of income in kind in many communities made it impossible to secure a reliable figure for their classification by income. In addition, such income affected consumption patterns, making them less representative of free choices than were those of the self-supporting group. The second eligibility requirement eliminated unusually large families, those without earnings, and those of the rarely-found farm operators living in cities and villages. However, in order that facts concerning consumption of such families might not be entirely lacking, samples were obtained in certain areas where the density of the population and the number of communities to be studied made it possible to find enough cases for analysis.⁷

The 9-month period of residence was required in order to exclude families whose consumption might be unrepresentative of the community. A family that had moved since the end of the report year was eliminated because of the difficulty of obtaining a description of the dwelling to which the housing expenditure data pertained.

Similarly, each of the remaining requirements was imposed in order to exclude families that would complicate the analysis of consumption data on a family basis.

Sampling procedure

The original plans for controlled collection of expenditure schedules called for a "sample within each class interval (that) has approximately equal stability with samples in each other class interval".⁸ The term stability, as used in that connection, referred to numerical equality in the size of the sample in each class.

It was originally planned to obtain this numerical equality by taking the family schedules at one visit and deferring the request for the expenditure schedule. The family schedules were to be classified and from each class only 6 (or 10 in some areas) families were to be drawn at random; expenditure schedules would be requested from this group. If it proved impossible to obtain a schedule from a family, substitutes would be drawn.

City and village families were classified by income, occupation, and family type. Families of farm operators were classified by income and family type. So-called cell charts were kept in each collection office, showing a cumulative record of the number of schedules obtained from families in each class.

As schedule collection progressed, the Bureau found it advisable to modify the plan for numerical equality. Collection procedures were oriented about the effort to obtain a minimum number of schedules (6 or 10) from families in each class over a wide income range, but the number of schedules in every class was not limited to this minimum. A variety of factors were responsible for this change in collection procedure. The problem of collection of schedules in villages and farms made numerical control less feasible than in cities. It was believed that schedules of greater reliability could be obtained if the family and expenditure schedules were filled at the same interview or on successive days, since both were required to cover the same report year, and since good family cooperation was more likely to be gained under these conditions. In farm areas, transportation costs made it essential to obtain both schedules with one visit, if possible. Furthermore, it was feared that in rural communities where news travels rapidly, the purpose of the project might be misunderstood and antagonism might be aroused if, after announcing a study of family consumption, the first month was spent obtaining only data on income, the kind of information least willingly given. This same objection operated in the small cities but much less strongly, since a unified public attitude is less easily created in a larger community.

⁷ See glossary, Family type, for a description of family types, and table 179 for a list of the types and occupational groups that were included in the consumption sample in different communities.

⁸ SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH COUNCIL. See p. 22 of citation mentioned in footnote 1. p. 395.

When expenditure schedules were taken at the same interview with family schedules, any exact numerical control of the number collected within each class was impossible. Classification of families in terms of income, occupation, and family type was sometimes a matter involving considerable office computation, so that agents frequently were not able to classify the family exactly at the time of the interview. In order to obtain an adequate number of cases, schedules from several farm counties or sometimes many villages were pooled. To insure an equal opportunity of representation of families from each village or county, expenditure schedules were collected from all eligible families during one, and in many cases two, sampling periods. This usually resulted in exceeding the quotas originally established for the larger classes. Had numerical control been strictly adhered to, the quota for certain classes would have been achieved before all communities had been canvassed even once, with the result that some communities would have been definitely underrepresented.

A further limitation on exact numerical control arose out of the fact that the final income classification of families for consumption analysis was based on the income figure derived from family-schedule data, modified by further information obtained on the expenditure schedules, whereas collection control was based on family-schedule data alone. Sometimes these modifications were large enough to effect a difference of one or two class intervals in the income classification of the family. The number and magnitude of these differences in each region are discussed in the appendix to part 2 of this report.

The plan of collection of schedules in small cities also was modified when the procedures for the village and farm areas were changed, in order that there might be uniformity throughout the study conducted by this Bureau.

Both the suggestions of the Social Science Research Council and the original plans for collection of schedules envisaged a limitation of the income range. Because it was practically impossible to determine in advance the range representing the small community's scale of incomes, no bounds were placed on the incomes of families included in the consumption sample. As collection progressed it developed that expenditure schedules could be obtained from families with incomes considerably higher as well as lower than had been expected. The importance of such additional information in the study of expenditures was one of the determining factors in modifying the planned distribution of the consumption sample. This extension of the income range, however, meant the inclusion of many more classes for which it was difficult to obtain sufficient representation. Among some socioeconomic groups which are numerically less important in the population, the proportion refusing information was higher than in the larger groups. To increase the number of cases in these classes, it was necessary to counteract the higher refusal rate by a program of revisits and by obtaining expenditure schedules from families not drawn in the random sample.⁹

In the villages, where a 100-percent coverage of families was undertaken, little could be done to increase the number of cases in least-frequent classes except through revisits to families at first unwilling to cooperate, or through shifting the report year to alter family classification.¹⁰

On farms and in the small cities, however, where less than 100-percent coverage was undertaken, the efforts to build up classes having insufficient cases followed two lines. Families were revisited, as was done in villages. It also was possible to search for the more unusual cases among families not approached in the random sample. Persons well informed on affairs in the community were consulted for names of families likely to have the necessary qualifications, or special business and professional directories were used. In the majority of communities, however, such methods did not yield results that were entirely satisfactory, since it proved difficult to obtain beforehand enough information about families to determine their approximate classification. In such communities the alternative plan was then followed of increasing the size of the income sample enough to bring into the study families in the categories needed in the consumption sample. For this reason, certain small cities and some farm counties are represented by a larger sample than was originally contemplated. Administrative expediency largely determined which communities were chosen for increased coverage.

⁹ Family-income schedules were obtained from these families in order to check the expenditure data obtained from them, but only the expenditure schedules were tabulated. Tables presented for the income sample include only data from families that were drawn from the random sample.

¹⁰ Since the report year was a movable one which could end any time between December 31, 1935, and December 31, 1936, it sometimes happened that a family classed as ineligible because of family composition or relief on the basis of one report year could be made eligible by adopting a later report year that fell entirely outside the period when conditions making for ineligibility were present.

Methods Used to Obtain a Representative Sample, and to Assure Accuracy of Data

From the beginning of field collection two possible sources of bias in sample were faced. It was feared that the very poor families with irregular earnings might be unable to furnish accurate figures on their incomes or their expenditures and that rejection of their schedules might cause underrepresentation. At the other end of the income scale, the very well-to-do might be difficult to reach and once reached might be reluctant to furnish facts needed for filling the schedules.

Accordingly, special efforts were made to obtain adequate representation of these income extremes in the sample. In order to win the cooperation of such families, the supervisors used a variety of methods suited to the local circumstances. Quite generally, appointments with the individual families could be made by means of letters or telephone calls. In many communities the interest of special groups such as business and professional men's associations, women's clubs, and university departments, could be enlisted and the entree to homes of members simplified. Illustrative tabulations proved very useful in persuading families of the impersonal use to be made of the information.

The supervisory staff in each local collection office consisted of three or four persons, college graduates with training in social science and statistics, and usually with some experience in directing surveys or in teaching. The field agents and editors were selected by examination from persons of clerical or professional rating available for assignment from W. P. A. rolls. The persons assigned were given a training period of 2 or 3 weeks, during which they became familiar with the schedule forms, definitions of terms, and instructions for taking schedules. As practice, each worker filled all the schedule forms for his own family and for others in the group. Thereafter each worker interviewed at least one family in a district outside the limits of the enumeration area. The worker then filled the balance sheet which provided the first comprehensive check on the arithmetic accuracy of the schedule and applied the principal checks for consistency of data obtained. Every practice schedule was then carefully edited by a supervisor.

Thus, every field agent and editor started work with a knowledge of the requirements for correct, consistent reports. Agents were required to balance family disbursements and receipts, and to submit the balance sheet with each schedule and the accompanying explanatory notes. Each schedule was edited by two persons and given an arithmetic check in the local office. A schedule that did not balance within the allowed limits of error or in which entries were inconsistent, was returned to the agent with suggested questions to ask the family upon revisit. (See Glossary, Balancing difference, for limits allowed.) The editing supervisor reviewed all schedules and was advised by the regional editor on the method of handling the most difficult cases. The regional editor checked the work of local supervisory editors in order to have consistency throughout the study.

When the local office had completed a group of schedules, they were sent to the regional tabulation pools, where they were given final editing. Schedules that were found to be incomplete or inconsistent were returned from the tabulation pools to the collection offices for correction. A staff of a few interviewers was maintained in every field office after collection was completed for the purpose of revisiting families whose schedules required correction.

On the basis of the general project plans, each local office developed its own system of check interviewing, with the advice and assistance of the staff in the regional office. Every eighth family visited by each agent was revisited to check the schedule entries of the simpler data, such as number of persons in the family or husband's occupation and some facts concerning income or expenditures. Such revisits were made by one of the supervisors, by the editors, or by squad leaders, and served to verify that the agent had obtained the information reported from the family. In most offices all families that gave food records were asked to check certain of the information on their income and expenditure schedules. In addition, available sources of local information, such as classified directories, lists, and public records of various sorts, were used to verify the reports on schedules.

TABLE 185.—EVALUATION OF FARM-FURNISHED FOOD: *Median prices used in evaluating farm-furnished food,¹ by type of product and locality, 1935-36*

Item (1)	New England		Middle Atlantic and North Central							Plains and Mountain					Pacific					Southeast				
	Vermont (2)	Massachusetts (3)	New Jersey (4)	Pennsylvania (5)	Ohio (6)	Michigan (7)	Wisconsin (8)	Illinois (9)	Iowa (10)	North Dakota (11)	Kansas (12)	South Dakota (13)	Montana (14)	Colorado (15)	Washington (16)	Oregon (17)	Central California (18)	Southern California (19)	Oregon, part-time, ² (20)	North Carolina (21)	South Carolina (22)	Georgia (23)	Mississippi (24)	North Carolina self-sufficing counties (25)
Milk..... quart.....	\$0.06	\$0.12	\$0.10	\$0.07	\$0.07	\$0.06	\$0.03	\$0.07	\$0.08	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.10	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.10	\$0.04	\$0.07	\$0.10	\$0.12	\$0.10	\$0.10	\$0.07	\$0.10	\$0.10
Cream..... do.....	.43	.59	.38	.30	.28	.40	.20	.35	.30	.24	.35	.20	.48	.15	.20	.50	.30	.45	.63	.50	.50	.30	.30	.35
Eggs:																								
Fall and winter..... dozen.....	.31	.41	.33	.30	.23	.23	.30	.25	.24	.19	.22	.25	.26	.35	.20	.22	.32	.27	.28	.25	.30	.28	.30	.30
Spring and summer..... do.....	.23	.33	.26	.16	.18	.20	.20	.17	.18	.13	.16	.16	.20	.15	.20	.17	.18	.25	.18	.18	.20	.22	.22	.20
Poultry:																								
Winter and spring..... each.....			1.20							.60	.70	.60	1.00		(*)				.80					
Summer and fall..... do.....			1.30							.40	.65	.50	.50		(*)				.60					
Average for year..... pound ³.....		.21			.19	.20	.17							.15		.25	.24			.50	.50			.50
Average for year..... each.....				.80				.65	.60	.45						.75	.78							.50
Fryers..... pound ⁴	\$1.21																			.21	.21	.21	.23	.20
Hens..... do.....	\$1.18																			.16	.17	.18	.16	.16
Pork:																								
Fresh..... pound.....	.14	.16	.18	.20	.19	.12	.15	.13	.16	.11	.15	.17	.12	.10	.15	.17	.11	.20	.19	.20	.21	.20	.12	.11
Smoked..... do.....					.30	.28	.20	.24	.21	.30							.11	.20	.25	.25	.23	.20	.20	.20
Beef..... do.....	.11	.15	.25		.15	.11	.12	.14	.14	.10	.12	.10	.10	.10	.09	.11	.06	.20	.14	.20	.20	.18	.12	.10
Veal..... do.....	.12	.14		.24	.19	.13	.15	.19	.18	.12	.12	.15	.10	.12	.13		.15	.16	.23	.20	.20	.24	.12	.15
Lamb..... do.....	.16		.17	.18	.16	.17	.18	.20	.11	.12	.12	.10	.20	.12	.16	.07	.18	.19			.25	.18	.15	.15
Potatoes..... bushel.....	.84	1.09	.55	.80	.60	.55	.75	1.00	.80	.28	1.50	.65	1.00	.50	.45	.75	.60	.75	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.20		.80

¹ Prices were based on farm families' estimates of the amount they would have paid had food of a similar quality been purchased in similar quantity from a neighbor. These figures represent the midpoint of acceptable valuations compiled by the collection offices within a State. Variations within 10 percent in either direction were accepted.

² For families of part-time farmers in Marion and Polk Counties the prices in column 17 were used.

³ \$0.16 per pound.

⁴ \$0.14 per pound.

⁵ Live weight.

⁶ Dressed weight prices were: Fryers, \$0.23; hens, \$0.24.

Tabulation of Data

Collection of schedules was terminated before the desired minimum of schedules had been obtained in all classes. Completing the planned distributions to the extent of a minimum number of schedules in each class would have required in most instances the addition of more communities to the study. For this reason tabulation plans were modified according to the results of collection, and certain combinations of income, occupational, and family-type classes were made.

Had the original plan for an equal number of schedules in each class, or the modified plan of a minimum number in each class, been carried out, it would have been necessary to use the distribution of eligible families from the income sample as a system of weights when classes were combined. Thus, weights would have been necessary when expenditures of families classified by income, occupation, and family type were combined to obtain the average expenditures for the broader classifications, income and occupation, income and family type, or income alone. The distribution of families giving expenditure data was found, however, to approximate fairly well the distribution of the population from which they were selected. The differences in the two distributions proved to be small enough that the differences in the averages based on weights derived from the income sample and the averages from the pooled data (no weights applied) were neither consistent in direction nor great in absolute magnitude.

The expenditure sample, therefore, has been treated in tabulation as a sample in itself and all combinations of classes have been made simply by pooling cases, without introducing weights based on the income sample. In addition to the simplification of tabulation, there are a number of other advantages which result from accepting the expenditure sample as sufficiently representative to stand alone. Of particular value is the fact that it facilitates the analysis of distributions of expenditures within classes, and justifies the reclassification of the families by variables other than occupation, income, and family type.

Combinations of Data From Communities

For the village and farm tabulations, combinations of data from several communities were planned to obtain sufficient cases for the analyses desired. For the income analysis, combinations of villages included those from two States, with the exception of those in California, which formed a separate group, and those in Colorado, Montana, and South Dakota, which were combined. Combinations of farm counties for income analysis did not cross State lines, with the exception of those in the range-livestock area, Colorado, Montana, and South Dakota. In the Southeast, where Negro families were studied, separate tabulations for Negro and white are presented. Sharecroppers, included in the Southeast, were studied separately from farm operators. Some facts are given for each small city, but combinations of cities on a regional basis were made in order to present a more representative picture of the region than is given by one city alone (table 181).

When data from two or more communities were combined for the analysis of income, the same proportionate representation of families in each community was included. For example, if in four cities the coverage ranged from 50 to 75 percent, only the schedules obtained in a 50-percent sample of each city were included in the combination. As a consequence, the total number of schedules analyzed for the individual communities may exceed the number analyzed for the combined group.

The communities studied by the Bureau of Home Economics and the Bureau of Labor Statistics, arranged by region, are shown in tables 179 and 180; villages and farm counties are grouped to show the basis of tabulations for the income analysis. For example, the Middle Atlantic and North Central report on family income includes data for villages in six States, combined in three groups of two States each.

The analysis of expenditures requires an even larger number of cases than does that of family income, since some items of expenditure for which averages are given are reported infrequently. Accordingly, further combinations of communities were made for the consumption sample. However, in the Southeast, where special groups were studied, the principle of separate presentation of data for Negro and white families, and for farm operators and sharecroppers was maintained. For small cities and villages, combinations for the presentation of expenditure data are on regional lines, but for farm counties each region except New England includes tabulations for at least two groups of States. These groupings are shown in table 178; the number of schedules tabulated for each grouping is shown in table 182.

Combinations of Family Type and Occupational Groups

The study of family income included all families that met the eligibility requirements, regardless of their occupation or the number and age of members in addition to husband and wife. Some data are available for each occupational group and each family type, but for most of the tabulations the nine occupational groups have been reduced by combinations to four, and the nine family types, to five groups.

For the study of family consumption, the less frequent groups were omitted, as there was little possibility of their yielding sufficient cases for analysis. Thus, families outside the three main occupational groups were omitted except for a limited number of tables presenting data for families without earnings and for families of farmers living in the villages. Families of types 8 and 9 were not requested to give information on expenditures. Families of types 6 and 7 were included in the expenditure study only in certain communities in the Middle Atlantic and North Central, and Southeast regions.

In general, occupational and family-type groupings for the expenditure analysis followed the same lines as for the income analysis, except that fewer groups were represented. However, the small numbers in the business, professional, and clerical groups in the Plains and Mountain village sample, and the Negro city and village samples in the Southeast necessitated a combination of these occupational groups. In the Middle Atlantic and North Central region, which included a larger number of communities, sufficient cases were available for some tabulations for each of the family types separately (table 178).

Machine Tabulation

In the original plans for the consumer purchases study hand tabulation was considered, since the study was to be a Works Progress Administration project and it was desired to keep the ratio of machine expense to labor expense at a minimum. It soon became apparent, however, that if all of the tabulations were to be made by hand, it would be a matter of years before the results could be made available. Faced with the choice between limiting the quantity and variety of information to be presented, and using machine-tabulation methods, the participating agencies decided in favor of the latter alternative. With machine tabulation it was possible to retain all of the tabulations originally planned and to make some others for which a need was recognized. In addition, the data could be made available more quickly to interested agencies and persons.

Fifty-one different card forms were required, 12 for the family schedule, 11 for the expenditure-schedule summary, 25 for the expenditure-schedule detail, and 1 each for the 3 types of supplementary schedules. A total of approximately 4,000,000 punched cards were used in obtaining the tabulations made by the Bureau of Home Economics.

The detailed procedures followed in punching cards which could be mechanically sorted and run through tabulators to obtain final table data, and the processes followed in the tabulating machine center preliminary to obtaining the final machine runs will be described in a critique of methodology to be issued later as a separate report.

Appendix D. Appraisal of the Sample of Families From Which Income Data Were Obtained

Small Cities and Villages in the Middle Atlantic and North Central Region, and in the New England Region

Summary

The families giving income data in the nine cities of these two regions and in the four groups of villages represent with reasonable adequacy the group the study was designed to include, i. e., white families that included a husband and a wife, both native-born, and that satisfied certain other eligibility requirements. Available evidence indicates that failure to obtain information from all eligible families did not seriously affect the results of the study as a whole. There is indication, however, of some underrepresentation of high-income families in the sample, especially those in independent professions. This deficiency in the sample should be recognized in using the data for national estimates.

The income level of native-white, unbroken (eligible) families in each community was higher than that of all families (eligible and ineligible). The groups excluded from the income study according to plan tended to be concentrated in the low-income classes. To depict the whole community, therefore, the findings concerning the eligible groups studied must be adjusted to take account of the omission of the lower-income ineligible families.

Representative Character of the Income Sample

Certain limitations on the use of the findings of this investigation must be recognized. The most important consideration limiting the use of the income data is the relationship of the income sample to the first or record-card sample. (See Methodology for a discussion of the procedures used in obtaining these two samples.)

The first, or record-card sample, taken in each community, was designed to represent all families. The second, or income sample, in contrast, was selective; it included only the so-called eligible families in the record-card sample—those in which there were a husband and wife, both native-born and white. This sample, therefore, is representative of native-white, unbroken families but not of the entire population of the communities. The following population groups were omitted: Negro and other colored races (except in the Southeast and in New York City and Columbus, Ohio, where Negro families were studied); families in which husband or wife was not native-born; one-person families (except in Chicago, Ill., and Portland, Oreg.); broken families or others containing two or more persons, not husband and wife; and others failing to meet minor eligibility requirements. Differences between the income and occupational distributions of the eligible families and the ineligible will be indicative of the kinds of differences to be expected between the eligible group and the entire population.

The basic record-card sample was procured by soliciting information from a definite proportion of the families in a community as shown by a list of street addresses or by dwelling units marked on a map. All eligible families in the record-card sample were asked to furnish facts needed for filling the income schedule. If, at every address visited, the family had given the information requested, each sample would have been representative of the population groups it was designed to cover, within the usual limitations of sampling. However, the necessary information was not obtained from all the families drawn in the sample. Some, being away from home, could not be reached; others were unable or unwilling to furnish the information requested by the field agent.

An appraisal of the sample, therefore, must take into consideration the two groups from which income schedules were not obtained—the ineligible and the nonreporting eligible families. Facts about these two groups will throw some light on the following questions which must be answered in order to interpret the data from the study: Within each community, was the income sample obtained representative of the groups of families selected for study? Are the data that were secured biased because of the omission of nonreporting families from the sample

or because of the consistent failure of reporting families to supply certain items of information? How do the families eligible for the study differ from the total family population of the community? This last question is of concern to the person using the data from the selected sample in estimates of community income. For making national estimates one must also consider the extent to which the data from a selected number of communities can be taken as representative of similar groups of families in all communities of that particular size range in the same geographic region.

The discussion of these questions which follows is based mainly upon material obtained as part of this investigation. Evidence as to the representative character of the sample is furnished by the tabulation of data from the record cards and by such facts as were available locally concerning the socioeconomic status of non-reporting families.

For comparing the eligible families with the total family population of the communities it is necessary to know the numerical importance of the ineligible or excluded groups. This is shown by the tabulation of record-card data which also tells something as to the nature of the ineligible group—whether families were omitted because of color, nativity, or family composition. The small samples of ineligible families obtained in four cities furnish additional facts concerning this group and thus help to build up the picture of all families in the communities.

An extensive appraisal of the sample to take account of all problems of interpretation would involve comparisons of the information from the sample of families studied with similar data from a wide variety of sources. Such a comparison has not been attempted in this publication. A critique of the methodology of the study will include a more detailed discussion of many problems of interpretation than is given here.

The Record-Card Sample

The method of selecting the addresses for the record-card sample is set forth in the section on procedures, page 395. In the villages, the total number of addresses investigated represents coverage of 100 percent; that is, every dwelling unit given in the directory or other list of addresses, or shown on the map used in planning field collection, was visited. In Columbia and Moberly, Mo., five out of eight addresses were visited and in the other North Central cities one out of two; in Westbrook, Maine, seven out of eight, and in Greenfield, Mass., one out of two were visited. The number of families visited represents the total number of dwelling units drawn minus the number of units found to be vacant, and is given by communities in table 187.

The number of families visited, adjusted to 100-percent coverage, may be expected to correspond roughly with the number of families in these communities in 1936. However, this adjusted number cannot be used as an intercensal estimate of the number of families in these cities and villages for a number of reasons. The fact that the sample for the study was drawn by filling record cards from lists of residential addresses probably led to some omissions in every community. Efforts were made to obtain information as to families living in factories and other business buildings, but there is strong likelihood that some such families were not found, especially if they were of the one-person type and lived in a single room instead of in a housekeeping apartment. If only one address were given for an apartment house (as occasionally happened), the agent sometimes failed to report the presence of other families, and, as a consequence, they were omitted.

Another reason for the possible omission of families from the sample was the difficulty of obtaining lists of addresses and maps that were up to date when the sample was drawn. Despite efforts to correct the lists some families were left out, especially those in new houses and apartments. Moreover, interviewing extended over a period of months instead of being concentrated in a relatively short time, as is a census, and thus permitted the omission of families that moved to addresses found vacant during the first part of the study.

In the villages the problem of determining boundaries is much greater than in the cities and there is likelihood that some of the families on the outskirts were not reached, especially those that had farms adjoining their homes.

No census figures are available for 1936, hence the number of such omissions cannot be learned. A comparison of data from this study with the 1930 census has been made for all communities except the New England villages. Census figures for Massachusetts are given for civil divisions designated as towns which include rural areas as well as the central town or village, and therefore cannot be used. In interpreting the differences between the two sets of figures, one must take account of possibilities of changes in the population of these communities during a 6-year period.

In four of the communities, the number of families as derived from the sample exceeded the 1930 census population of families; in the others it was smaller, as follows:

Community:	Difference between number of families as shown by 1930 census and number in adjusted sample
Mount Vernon, Ohio.....	-251
New Philadelphia, Ohio.....	+62
Lincoln, Ill.....	-38
Beaver Dam, Wis.....	-35
Boone, Iowa.....	+121
Columbia, Mo.....	+292
Moberly, Mo.....	-313
Westbrook, Maine.....	-244
Greenfield, Mass.....	+16
Pennsylvania-Ohio villages.....	-279
Michigan-Wisconsin villages.....	-580
Illinois-Iowa villages.....	-368

Although any such omissions reduced the size of each of the samples by an unknown amount, there is some evidence that they were distributed uniformly. From the tabulation of the ineligible families by reason of ineligibility, certain comparisons have been made with census data for cities (table 186). The percentage of all families visited that were not white, that included only one person, or were foreign-born is reasonably similar to the percentage shown by the census of families of 1930, if allowances are made for differences in method of classification and in definition.

TABLE 186.—COMPARISONS WITH CENSUS: *Percentage of families that were not white, included only 1 person, or were foreign-born, according to the consumer purchases study and to the census, North Central and New England small cities separately*

Region, State, and city	Consumer purchases study, 1936			Census of Population, 1930 ¹		
	Non-white families	1-person families	Foreign-born families ²	Non-white families	1-person families	Foreign-born families ³
NORTH CENTRAL						
	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	3.1	11.4	5.8	3.5	9.5	6.0
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	.1	12.2	8.6	.6	7.6	2.4
Illinois, Lincoln.....	1.9	10.7	11.3	1.8	10.5	14.1
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	.0	12.9	15.9	.1	6.7	18.3
Iowa, Boone.....	.3	12.5	13.7	.5	7.8	13.8
Missouri, Columbia.....	17.1	9.7	1.3	16.6	8.8	1.6
Missouri, Moberly.....	9.5	8.8	1.4	7.6	8.2	3.2
NEW ENGLAND						
Maine, Westbrook.....	(⁴)	9.5	30.3	(⁴)	6.8	28.3
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	.6	9.2	24.8	.5	7.5	23.0

¹ Families of 2 or more persons in which either the husband or wife, or (if there were no husband and wife the male or female head was foreign-born.

² Census of Population, 1930, vol. 6.

³ Families in which the head of the household, regardless of sex, was foreign-born.

⁴ 0.050 percent or less.

For this study, the ineligible families were classified according to the first reason for ineligibility that was checked on the record card (table 188). These reasons were given in the following order: Color, one-person family, nativity, residence in nonhousekeeping quarters, broken marital ties or other ineligible family composition, less than 1 year married, and more than 10 roomer-years. The number of one-person families, therefore, does not include those that were not white; the number of foreign-born whites does not include those previously eliminated because they were one-person families. Accordingly, these counts would not be expected to be strictly comparable with those shown in the census.

Differences in the definition of one-person and foreign-born families also would affect comparability of counts.¹¹

The substantial agreement of the percentages based on the data from the study with census reports offers evidence that the families from which record cards were not secured were distributed through all groups and, therefore, that the families from which record cards were obtained are representative of the entire population.

Numerical Relationship Between the Record-Card Sample and the Income Sample

The difference between the number of families visited (the record-card sample) and the number from which acceptable income schedules were obtained (the income sample) depended upon the number of ineligible families in the community and upon the number of nonreporting families among the eligible group. Variations among communities in population composition, in the techniques of field collection, and in public attitudes towards surveys of this type resulted in differences in the ratio of income schedules to total number of families visited

TABLE 187.—SUMMARY OF SAMPLING: *Number of families in record card sample and number of filled record cards and family schedules obtained, North Central and New England small cities separately, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, and New England villages, 1935-36*

Analysis unit	Proportion of families in sample	Families included in sample ¹	Record cards				Family schedules	
			Families not giving data ²	Families giving data			Families not giving data ⁴	Families giving data ⁵
				All	Ineligible for family schedule ³	Eligible for family schedule		
SMALL CITIES								
<i>North Central</i>								
	<i>Percent</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Number</i>
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	50.0	1,234	354	880	318	562	249	313
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	50.0	1,737	198	1,539	519	1,020	267	753
Illinois, Lincoln.....	50.0	1,341	101	1,240	489	751	240	511
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	50.0	1,275	211	1,064	423	641	188	453
Iowa, Boone.....	50.0	1,698	366	1,302	537	765	271	494
Missouri, Columbia.....	62.5	2,794	205	2,589	1,091	1,498	189	1,309
Missouri, Moberly.....	62.5	2,322	348	1,974	636	1,338	308	1,030
<i>New England</i>								
Maine, Westbrook.....	87.5	2,106	66	2,040	1,033	1,007	80	927
Massachusetts, Greenfield.....	50.0	1,967	135	1,862	893	969	311	658
VILLAGES								
<i>Middle Atlantic and North Central</i>								
Pennsylvania-Ohio.....	100.0	4,897	670	4,227	1,264	2,963	884	2,079
Michigan-Wisconsin.....	100.0	6,260	1,058	5,202	2,059	3,143	1,165	1,978
Illinois-Iowa.....	100.0	6,721	867	5,854	2,085	3,769	1,365	2,404
<i>New England</i>								
Vermont-Massachusetts.....	100.0	5,562	269	5,263	2,767	2,496	491	2,005

¹ Excludes the dwelling units that were found to be vacant.

² Families that were unable or unwilling to give data, as well as those that could not be contacted even by repeated revisits to the home.

³ For the number of families that were ineligible for specified reasons see table 188.

⁴ Eligible for family schedule, but were unable or unwilling to give data, or gave data which were incomplete or inconsistent.

⁵ Includes 1 nonrelief family in Moberly, 1 in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages, 3 in Michigan-Wisconsin, 1 in Illinois-Iowa, 1 in Greenfield, and 2 in the Vermont-Massachusetts villages that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

¹¹ The definition of one-person families used in this study includes the person living alone but excludes some partnership families which the census counts as one-person families with lodgers. The census defines a family as foreign-born if the head is foreign-born, whereas for this study a family was so classed if either the husband, or wife (or the male head or the female head, if there were no husband or wife) were foreign-born.

Number of Nonreporting Families

The nonreporting families included two groups: Those drawn in the record-card sample from which filled record cards were not obtained either because the persons interviewed were unwilling or unable to supply the necessary information, or because the family could not be reached; those furnishing sufficient data to fill the record card but unable or unwilling to give the additional facts needed for filling the family schedule. The first of these nonreporting groups included both eligible and ineligible families while the second included eligible families only. The number of families from which the necessary information for record cards was not obtained and the number of eligible families that did not furnish complete family schedules are shown in table 187 for each city and for the villages.

Various measures such as evening calls, letters, and visits by supervisors were used to reduce the number of such failures to obtain successful interviews. However, at no time was another family substituted for the one drawn in the sample. Since collection plans for nearly every community included the possibility of visiting every dwelling, it was not possible to resort to substitution of the family next door for the family that refused information or was not at home.

TABLE 188.—ELIGIBILITY FOR FAMILY SCHEDULE: *Number of families giving record cards that were eligible, and number that were ineligible for specified reasons, North Central and New England small cities separately, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units separately, and New England villages, 1935-38*

Analysis unit	Families			Families ineligible for specified reasons ¹						
	All ¹	Eligible	Ineligible	Color ²	Only 1 person in family	Foreign-born husband and/or wife ³	Residence in non-house-keeping quarters	Families without both a husband and a wife	Husband and wife married less than 1 year	More than 10 room-er-years
SMALL CITIES										
<i>North Central</i>										
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Ohio, Mount Vernon.....	880	562	318	27	100	51	1	122	17	0
Ohio, New Philadelphia.....	1,539	1,020	519	2	188	133	3	163	30	0
Illinois, Lincoln.....	1,240	751	489	23	133	140	0	174	19	0
Wisconsin, Beaver Dam.....	1,064	641	423	0	137	169	2	89	25	1
Iowa, Boone.....	1,302	765	537	4	163	178	5	167	20	0
Missouri, Columbia.....	2,589	1,498	1,091	443	252	34	19	312	30	1
Missouri, Moberly.....	1,974	1,338	636	187	173	28	5	222	21	0
<i>New England</i>										
Maine, Westbrook.....	2,040	1,007	1,033	1	193	619	5	188	27	0
Massachusetts, Greenfield....	1,862	969	893	12	171	461	4	227	17	1
VILLAGES										
<i>Middle Atlantic and North Central</i>										
Pennsylvania-Ohio.....	4,227	2,963	1,264	39	541	68	15	534	67	0
Michigan-Wisconsin.....	5,202	3,143	2,059	11	750	674	16	527	81	0
Illinois-Iowa.....	5,854	3,769	2,085	16	961	319	10	704	75	0
<i>New England</i>										
Vermont-Massachusetts.....	5,263	2,496	2,767	26	501	1,505	6	673	55	1

¹ Families from which data for record cards were obtained.

² Each ineligible family was classified according to the first reason for ineligibility that applied to the family. The order shown in this table follows the order in which the questions concerning eligibility were asked as shown on reproduction of the record card, p. 396. See Methodology, The Income Sample, for description of the reasons for ineligibility.

³ Only white families were studied in all regions except the Southeast; in that region Negro families were studied separately.

⁴ Includes families of 2 or more persons in which either the husband or wife or (if there were no husband and wife) the male or female head was foreign-born.

Number of Ineligible Families

Filled record cards permitted the count of ineligible as well as of eligible families in the reporting group. However, since the eligibility of some of the nonreporting families is unknown, the total number of ineligible families can only be estimated on the basis of the proportion found in the reporting group.

Of the families reporting, the proportion that did not satisfy the eligibility requirements for the income schedule varied from 30 percent of all families in the Pennsylvania-Ohio villages to 53 percent in those in New England (table 188).

Differences among the communities in the proportion of ineligible families depended chiefly on differences in the relative number of nonwhite and foreign-born families. In the New England cities and villages the foreign-born represented from 25 to 30 percent of all families reporting; in Columbia and Moberly, Mo., the foreign-born were less than 2 percent of all families. In the Missouri cities, however, nonwhite families were relatively more numerous than in any of the other communities. In Columbia these accounted for 17 percent of all families.

Proportion of Eligible Families Furnishing Income Schedules

The groups of eligible families from which information concerning income was not obtained consisted of two subgroups: An unknown number of eligible families included in the total group from which record cards were not obtained; a known number of eligible families, giving record cards, but unable or unwilling to give or complete the income schedule. If it is assumed that the proportion of eligible families among those from which no record cards were obtained was the same as among the families furnishing record cards, then the number of eligible families included in the first of these two groups above may be estimated. The percentage of eligible families among those giving record cards ranged from 47 to 70 percent in the several communities studied.

By using these figures, the number of eligible families in the group failing to give record cards was estimated and added to the number shown by record cards to be eligible; the sum approximated the total number of eligible families in the sample. The families included in the income sample represented the following proportions of the estimated number of eligible families visited:

Community:	Percent
Mount Vernon, Ohio.....	40
New Philadelphia, Ohio.....	65
Lincoln, Ill.....	63
Beaver Dam, Wis.....	59
Boone, Iowa.....	49
Columbia, Mo.....	81
Moberly, Mo.....	65
Westbrook, Maine.....	89
Greenfield, Mass.....	63
Pennsylvania-Ohio villages.....	61
Michigan-Wisconsin villages.....	52
Illinois-Iowa villages.....	56
New England villages.....	76

The Effect of Nonreporting Upon the Character of the Income Sample

The number of nonreporting families was large enough to make necessary the consideration of whether the income sample was biased because of their omission. Information as to the socioeconomic distribution of such families can be only approximate, since little or no data on income or occupation could be obtained from them by interview.

Some check on the occupational distribution of nonreporting families was provided by city and telephone directories and other lists, and was obtained for all of the cities except Beaver Dam. The information from such sources gives only a rough indication of occupational status, since it was not always possible to find a nonreporting family in a directory. In the cities, New Philadelphia, Boone, Lincoln, Columbia, Moberly, and Westbrook, the occupational distributions of the reporting and nonreporting groups were nearly the same. For these six cities, the information obtained on nonreporting families does not offer evidence

of any appreciable bias in the sample. In two cities, Mount Vernon and Greenfield, the number of nonreporting families and the differences in occupational distributions were sufficiently large to indicate that the sample underestimates the proportion of business and professional families in these communities. The income samples represent the relative number of business and professional families as 22 percent in Mount Vernon and 20 percent in Greenfield. The occupational information on nonreporting families indicates that the percentage would have been as high as 24 in each city, if all eligible families had been included in the sample.

In the cities where the proportion of families classified as business and professional did not differ greatly between the reporting and nonreporting families, it is possible that within this occupational group a disproportionate number of the salaried group in the sample balanced an underrepresentation of the independent group. In particular, the independent professional families seem to be underestimated, and since these families frequently appear in the higher-income brackets, this probable bias would be reflected in the income distribution. A count of the independent professional men from commercial directories indicates that the underrepresentation of this occupational class is especially marked in the Mount Vernon, Boone, and Greenfield samples.

To secure an estimate of the income level of the families from which information was not obtained, each city except Beaver Dam was divided into a number of small districts, and these districts were characterized by persons familiar with the city as well-to-do, moderate, and poor. The distribution of the eligible families that refused or were unable to give information among these three classes of districts is nearly the same as that of the families furnishing schedules. In each city the proportion of families that lived in the well-to-do districts was greater for nonreporting than for reporting families. As in the case of occupational distributions, it was only in the two cities, Mount Vernon and Greenfield, that differences were large enough to indicate that the sample underestimated these families. The relative number of districts included in the uppermost class differed among the cities so that it is not possible to obtain from this information any strict measure of extent of underrepresentation. Thus of all eligible families in Mount Vernon, 32 percent lived in districts considered well-to-do, while 28 percent of the families included in the sample lived in these districts. For Greenfield these percentages were 18 and 11.

This similarity in the distribution of reporting and nonreporting families by type of district for most of the cities is only partial evidence as to the completeness of the representation of all income groups in the income sample. If it had been possible to obtain more exact information on the economic level of the nonreporting families, some evidence of the underrepresentation of the highest-income groups, especially among the independent business and professional families, might have been obtained. The problems of interviewing in large cities or highly industrialized communities, where one must gain admittance to apartment houses and large estates or win the cooperation of a dominating group of families, were not encountered in these small cities and villages. Nevertheless, it was the general experience of the interviewing staff that the well-to-do families more frequently were not at home or refused to give the time for interviews, or stated that they were unable to give all the necessary information. It was with these families that the supervisor and professional staff found it necessary to make special efforts to obtain cooperation. The intensive efforts to secure schedules from such families probably had the effect of reducing the nonreporting group considerably, but the possibility still remains that the sample underestimates the proportion of families with incomes above \$5,000 or \$7,500. For many purposes for which the data may be used, doubling or even tripling the small percentage of families in these classes would not materially affect the interpretation of findings based on the sample. However, for studies in which the income distribution is used for computing aggregates, such an adjustment would lead to significantly different results.

In the communities where the sampling coverage was less than 100 percent, it would have been possible to reduce the number of nonreporting families by substituting families not drawn in the sample, thereby perhaps correcting for underrepresentation of certain classes. Such substitutions require considerable information about the nonreporting family,¹³ so that the substitute may be care-

¹³ There is considerable justification for making substitutions for nonreporting families when these conditions are satisfied, since the sample can be built up to the size originally planned as optimum. In large cities such as Chicago, Providence, and Denver, included in the study of consumer purchases, it was possible to apply the method of substitutions and adjust the sample for a large proportion of the nonreporting, because the information necessary could be obtained from sources other than the family and a large group was available from which to select substitutes. Where the sample is planned to include only 10 to 20 percent of the families, from 80 to 90 percent of the total are available as substitutes.

fully chosen. This method also requires a large number of families from which the substitutes may be selected. In small communities it is not possible to obtain a large enough group of schedules from families not drawn in the sample to carry out the method of substitutions, family for family, in the degree of exactitude which the method requires. In general, no substitutes could be found for families of the class just discussed—those which had the highest incomes in the community. Moreover, communities where it was possible to use such corrective sampling procedures were not necessarily the ones where it would have been most desirable to adjust the sample.

Under these circumstances the preferable method of correcting for under-representation of any class is through adjustment of the data furnished by the study on the basis of information from other sources. Through such corrections, the data may be adapted to the specific purpose for which they are to be used.

TABLE 189.—INCOMES OF INELIGIBLE FAMILIES: *Number and percentage distribution of ineligible families, and number of families ineligible for specified reasons, by relief status and income, Mount Vernon, Ohio, and Lincoln, Illinois, combined, and Columbia, Missouri, and Westbrook, Maine, separately, 1935-36*

State, city, relief status, and family-income class (dollars)	Families ineligible for specified reasons ¹						
	All ²		Color ³	Only 1 person in family	Foreign-born husband and/or wife ⁴	Families without both a husband and wife	Husband and wife married less than 1 year
	Number	Percent	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
OHIO, MOUNT VERNON AND ILLINOIS, LINCOLN, COMBINED							
All families.....	113	100	8	28	31	38	7
Relief families.....	25	22	1	4	9	10	0
Nonrelief families.....	88	78	7	24	22	28	7
0-999.....	49	44	6	18	5	18	2
1,000-1,499.....	25	22	1	5	10	4	5
1,500-1,999.....	8	5	0	1	3	2	0
2,000-2,999.....	5	4	0	0	2	3	0
3,000 or over.....	3	3	0	0	2	1	0
MISSOURI, COLUMBIA							
All families.....	185	100	81	50	10	41	3
Relief families.....	21	11	11	2	1	7	0
Nonrelief families.....	164	89	70	48	9	34	3
0-999.....	117	64	62	31	1	21	2
1,000-1,499.....	21	12	5	7	1	7	1
1,500-1,999.....	10	5	3	3	2	2	0
2,000-2,999.....	10	5	0	6	1	3	0
3,000 or over.....	6	3	0	1	4	1	0
MAINE, WESTBROOK							
All families.....	136	100	0	17	76	39	4
Relief families.....	13	10	0	0	9	4	0
Nonrelief families.....	123	90	0	17	67	35	4
0-999.....	55	40	0	14	24	16	1
1,000-1,499.....	29	21	0	2	22	5	0
1,500-1,999.....	23	17	0	1	13	7	2
2,000-2,999.....	12	9	0	0	5	6	1
3,000 or over.....	4	3	0	0	3	1	0

¹ Each family in the special study of ineligible families was classified according to the first reason for ineligibility that applied to the family. The order shown in this table and in table 188, follows the order in which questions concerning eligibility were asked, as shown on reproduction of the record card, p. 398. See Methodology, The Income Sample, for description of the reasons for ineligibility. There were no families that were ineligible because they had more than 10 roomer-years.

² Includes 1 relief family in the Mount Vernon, Ohio, and Lincoln, Ill., combined sample that was ineligible because of residence in nonhousekeeping quarters.

³ Only white families were studied in all regions except the Southeast; in that region Negro families were studied separately.

⁴ Includes families of 2 or more persons in which either the husband or wife or (if there were no husband and wife) the male or female head was foreign-born.

Incomes of Eligible Families Compared With Incomes of All Families

In order to obtain information concerning the probable income distribution of all families in these communities, a special study was made of the ineligible or excluded families in Mount Vernon, Lincoln, Columbia, and Westbrook. All of such families drawn in a random sample of one-eighth of the dwelling units were asked to give data for the family schedule. The number of such reports obtained in each city was small and, therefore, on the basis of these samples only certain general inferences on the effect of selection of the families to be studied can be made. Since the central purpose of the survey was the study of families that met the eligibility requirements, a more extensive survey of the excluded groups was not attempted; the collection of such data was limited to four cities.

Incomes of Ineligible Families

In each of the four cities the incomes of the ineligible nonrelief families as a group were substantially lower than those of the eligible.¹³

In Columbia where the median income of eligible nonrelief families was \$1,508, half of the nonrelief families that were ineligible had incomes less than \$660. The divergence between the two groups was less in the other cities. In Westbrook, the median income of eligible nonrelief families was \$1,299 and that of the ineligible group \$1,100.

Intercity differences in the income level of ineligible families are explained in part by differences in the composition of this group. In Columbia there were few foreign-born and a large number of nonwhite families whereas in Westbrook the contrary was true. The foreign-born as a group differ less from the native-white unbroken families in income level than do the nonwhite, one-person, or broken families. Thus in Westbrook the median income of the foreign-born nonrelief group was \$1,216; in Lincoln and Mount Vernon combined, \$1,300. The median income of the Negro families in Columbia was \$603, of the one-person nonrelief families in Columbia, \$767; in Westbrook the median income of one-person nonrelief families had a similar value, \$725 (table 189).

TABLE 190.—FAMILY OCCUPATION OF INELIGIBLE FAMILIES: *Number and percentage distribution by occupation of ineligible nonrelief families, by income, Mount Vernon, Ohio, and Lincoln, Illinois, combined, Columbia, Missouri, and Westbrook, Maine separately, 1935-36*

State, city, and family-income class (dollars)	Families	Distribution of families by occupation ¹							
		Wage-earner		Clerical		Business and professional		Other ²	
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
OHIO, MOUNT VERNON AND ILLINOIS, LINCOLN, COMBINED	88	48	54	8	9	19	22	13	15
All incomes.....	88	48	54	8	9	19	22	13	15
0-999.....	49	31	64	3	6	8	16	7	14
1,000 or over.....	39	17	44	5	13	11	28	6	15
MISSOURI, COLUMBIA	164	93	56	11	7	44	27	16	10
All incomes.....	164	93	56	11	7	44	27	16	10
0-999.....	117	79	68	7	6	20	17	11	9
1,000 or over.....	47	14	29	4	9	24	51	5	11
MAINE, WESTBROOK	123	86	70	5	4	23	19	9	7
All incomes.....	123	86	70	5	4	23	19	9	7
0-999.....	55	33	60	0	0	13	24	9	16
1,000 or over.....	68	53	78	5	7	10	15	0	0

¹ Percentages are based on the number of families in each income class (column 2).

² Families that had no income from earnings and families of farm operators living in cities.

¹³ See tables 5 and 102 for distribution of eligible families by income. See tables 30 and 105 for median incomes of eligible families.

Many of the one-person families and the families without husband or wife had little or no income from earnings; hence a relatively large proportion were not included in the three main occupational groups but were classed in the fourth group, other occupations. Of the ineligible families that had received no relief during the year the fourth occupational group included 7 percent in Westbrook, 10 percent in Columbia, and 15 percent in Mount Vernon and Lincoln combined (table 190). For the eligible nonrelief families these percentages were 3, 4, and 3, respectively. Partly as a result of the greater relative number of these families without earnings, money income from sources other than earnings was a larger proportion of the average income of the ineligible than of the eligible group. Such money receipts were 6 percent of the average income of ineligible nonrelief families in Westbrook, 11 percent in Columbia, and 18 percent in Mount Vernon and Lincoln. For the eligible nonrelief families such income represented 4, 5, and 6 percent of average family income.

Thus the eligibility requirements which were based principally on race, nativity, and family composition had the effect of eliminating from the study many families without income from earnings or with such small earnings as to fall in the lower-income classes. The eligible families giving information for the income sample had higher median incomes than the general population; a greater proportion of them were in the three main occupational groups; and earnings represented a larger proportion of their average income.

Estimated Median Incomes of All Families

In order to give some picture, even though but a rough sketch, of the income distribution of all nonrelief families in the cities, it was assumed that the income distribution of ineligible families in Westbrook could be taken to represent such families in Greenfield and the New England villages; similarly, that the distribution by income of white and Negro ineligible families in Columbia and Moberly were the same, and that in the other cities the income distribution of ineligible families was like that in Mount Vernon and Lincoln. While this assumption may not be entirely valid, there can be little doubt that the ineligible groups in the different communities were more similar in income status than were the eligible and ineligible groups in the same community. The weights used were the proportions of eligible and ineligible families among all families that gave the record-card information.

On this basis the estimated median incomes of all nonrelief families, both eligible and ineligible, are:

Community:	<i>Estimated median income, all nonrelief families</i>
Mount Vernon, Ohio.....	\$1, 180
New Philadelphia, Ohio.....	1, 150
Lincoln, Ill.....	1, 090
Beaver Dam, Wis.....	1, 140
Boone, Iowa.....	1, 160
Columbia, Mo.....	1, 130
Moberly, Mo.....	1, 060
Westbrook, Maine.....	1, 220
Greenfield, Mass.....	1, 400
Pennsylvania-Ohio villages.....	1, 100
Michigan-Wisconsin villages.....	1, 100
Illinois-Iowa villages.....	1, 010
New England villages.....	1, 290

On the assumption that the percentage of relief families was approximately the same for ineligible as for eligible families, the following estimates of median income of all families were obtained:

Community:	<i>Estimated median income, all relief and nonrelief families</i>
Mount Vernon, Ohio.....	\$1, 040
New Philadelphia, Ohio.....	950
Lincoln, Ill.....	830
Beaver Dam, Wis.....	1, 060
Boone, Iowa.....	940
Columbia, Mo.....	1, 010
Moberly, Mo.....	950
Westbrook, Maine.....	1, 170
Greenfield, Mass.....	1, 220
Pennsylvania-Ohio villages.....	970
Michigan-Wisconsin villages.....	970
Illinois-Iowa villages.....	670
New England villages.....	1, 050

The estimated medians are only approximations, but they serve as rough quantitative measures of the difference in income status between the families eligible for study and the entire population in these communities. The estimated median income for Columbia differs by the greatest amount, nearly \$400, from the median income of all eligible families. This contrast illustrates that not only the relative number but also the composition of ineligible families affect the general income level of a community.

Other Considerations in Appraising the Sample

Representative Character of Communities Chosen

In this report the names of States or regions have been used to designate the group of communities selected for the different samples. In the discussion of procedures (p. 397) the various criteria used in the selection of communities included in the representative sample are outlined. The small cities and villages in which the survey was made were not selected at random, and in the use of the data it should be remembered that the sample is subject to the limitations of the method of selection. A valid use of the sample to represent all small cities or villages in the States or regions depends on consideration of the variation among communities of the data being used and the homogeneity of the communities with respect to factors relevant to the problem. It is obvious that the more general results of the study such as the income distributions may be taken as representative of other communities with more confidence than the finer details which may show great variation from one locality to another.

The Movable Report Year

Another factor to be considered is the movable report year. For any one family the same report year was adopted for all schedule forms. Depending on the date of interview and the family's ability to supply more accurate information for one 12-month period than for another, the report year ended on the last day of one of the calendar months between December 31, 1935, and December 31, 1936. Thus the sample data do not represent a fixed 12-month period. However, relatively few reports are for periods ending later than May 31, 1936.

In the Middle Atlantic and North Central region, the calendar year ended December 31, 1935, was used by 29 percent of the small-city families, and by 53 percent of the village families (table 191). A 12-month period ended at some time in the first half of 1936 was selected by another 46 percent of the former and by 37 percent of the latter. Only about one-fourth of the city and one-tenth of the village schedules were for a report year ended later than June 30, 1936. These city schedules of later collection came principally from Missouri and Illinois, while the village ones were primarily from Illinois.

In New England, the calendar year 1935 was chosen by one-half of the families in small cities and almost two-thirds of those in villages. Practically all of the remaining families reported for a 12-month period ended in the first half of 1936; fewer than 2 percent of the families in small cities, and fewer than 0.5 percent of those in villages used a year ended after June 30, 1936.

TABLE 191.—REPORT YEAR: *Distribution of families by date of end of report year, by relief status and occupation, North Central small cities combined, New England small cities combined, Middle Atlantic and North Central village units combined, and New England villages, 1935-36*

[White families that include a husband and wife, both native-born]

Analysis of it and date of end of report year	Families ¹	Relief families	Nonrelief families in specified occupational groups—				
			Any	Wage-earner	Clerical	Business and professional	Other ²
NORTH CENTRAL SMALL CITIES COMBINED							
All dates.....	Number ³ 4,427	Number 708	Number 3,719	Number 1,998	Number 582	Number 1,003	Number 136
Dec. 31, 1935.....	1,287	218	1,069	609	158	254	48
Jan. 31, 1936.....	43	9	34	26	—	5	3
Feb. 29, 1936.....	281	43	238	142	31	56	9
Mar. 31, 1936.....	380	63	317	193	44	71	9
Apr. 30, 1936.....	617	83	534	325	81	118	10
May 31, 1936.....	661	162	499	296	63	129	21
June 30, 1936.....	51	10	41	20	—	11	—
July 31, 1936.....	181	20	161	50	36	68	7
Aug. 31, 1936.....	537	55	482	196	99	166	21
Sept. 30, 1936.....	204	23	181	78	29	68	6
Oct. 31, 1936.....	182	22	160	73	29	56	2
Nov. 30, 1936 ⁴	2	0	2	0	2	0	0
NEW ENGLAND SMALL CITIES COMBINED							
All dates.....	1,200	142	1,058	672	152	202	32
Dec. 31, 1935.....	600	92	508	303	79	108	18
Jan. 31, 1936.....	3	0	3	3	0	0	0
Feb. 29, 1936.....	11	0	11	6	1	4	0
Mar. 31, 1936.....	30	7	23	16	3	4	0
Apr. 30, 1936.....	62	10	52	40	3	8	1
May 31, 1936.....	461	30	431	289	62	69	11
June 30, 1936.....	16	3	13	6	—	3	—
July 31, 1936.....	2	0	2	1	0	0	1
Aug. 31, 1936.....	5	0	5	1	1	3	0
Sept. 30, 1936.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oct. 31, 1936 ⁵	10	0	10	7	0	3	0
MIDDLE ATLANTIC AND NORTH CENTRAL VILLAGE UNITS COMBINED							
All dates.....	* 6,461	1,389	5,072	2,670	623	1,435	344
Dec. 31, 1935.....	3,443	652	2,791	1,470	354	773	194
Jan. 31, 1936.....	62	18	44	21	6	14	3
Feb. 29, 1936.....	482	130	352	184	46	97	25
Mar. 31, 1936.....	393	58	335	185	30	99	21
Apr. 30, 1936.....	422	78	344	215	44	73	12
May 31, 1936.....	978	282	696	336	82	219	59
June 30, 1936.....	67	16	51	27	4	17	3
July 31, 1936.....	14	1	13	6	2	4	1
Aug. 31, 1936.....	123	28	95	49	15	28	3
Sept. 30, 1936.....	113	29	84	51	7	24	2
Oct. 31, 1936.....	360	96	264	124	33	85	21
Nov. 30, 1936.....	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
Dec. 31, 1936 ⁶	2	1	1	0	0	1	0
VERMONT-MASSACHUSETTS VILLAGES							
All dates.....	2,005	418	1,587	890	242	395	60
Dec. 31, 1935.....	1,314	221	1,093	602	173	278	40
Jan. 31, 1936.....	11	4	7	1	1	4	1
Feb. 29, 1936.....	23	5	18	13	0	5	0
Mar. 31, 1936.....	188	69	119	70	19	28	2
Apr. 30, 1936.....	56	24	32	18	6	7	1
May 31, 1936.....	403	95	308	183	43	67	15
June 30, 1936.....	7	0	7	3	0	3	0
July 31, 1936.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aug. 31, 1936.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sept. 30, 1936.....	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
Oct. 31, 1936 ⁶	2	0	2	0	0	2	0

¹ This table includes 1 nonrelief family in the New England small cities, 5 in the Middle Atlantic and North Central villages, and 2 in the New England villages that reported a net loss for the year; that is, their business expenses and losses exceeded gross earnings and other income.

² Families that had no income from earnings, families of farm operators living in cities and villages, and 1 family in the Middle Atlantic and North Central villages of unknown occupation.

³ Includes 1 family in the North Central small cities and 1 family in the Middle Atlantic and North Central villages that did not give the date of end of report year.

⁴ No families gave information for report years ended later than Nov. 30, 1936.

⁵ No families gave information for report years ended later than Oct. 31, 1936.

⁶ No families gave information for report years ended later than Dec. 31, 1936.

Any continuous change in conditions affecting family incomes throughout the total period represented, or any sudden shift in conditions such as a wage decrease affecting large numbers of families or more inclusive emergency-relief measures would operate to make the income distribution of the families, whose reports covered the year 1935, differ somewhat from that of the families reporting for later schedule years. However, during the period studied there were no such marked changes in general economic conditions as occurred in 1929-30. It is probable, therefore, that differences in wages and salaries among the cities were greater than those between the beginning and end of the period.

Reliability of Families' Statements

A third consideration is the possibility of bias of the results because of consistent understatements or exaggerations in the data reported. The income schedules were checked for consistency and reliability in various ways. For the families that also gave expenditure schedules the reports on income could be checked by balancing them against expenditures and changes in net worth. Where income and disbursements did not agree within the limits of error permitted (5 percent), families were revisited in an effort to obtain additional information as a basis for schedule corrections. Those corrections followed no consistent pattern; underestimates and overestimates of both income and disbursements were found. The income schedules which were not accompanied by expenditure schedules had to be accepted without any such rigid check of accuracy. Experience with the corrected schedules, however, furnishes evidence of the likelihood of compensating errors in amounts of total income.

Tendencies for exaggerations or omissions in estimates of relatively small items, such as income from interest on savings accounts or minor expenditures for items infrequently bought, would be less easily detected. Overstatements or omissions of small amounts might occur consistently, even on the balanced schedules, if they fell within the permitted margin of error. Only by comparisons of the aggregates of various income and expenditure items with estimates of the same items from other sources will the extent of such discrepancies, if they exist, be determined.

Appendix E. Glossary of Terms Used in the Consumer Purchases Study¹⁴

Assets and liabilities.—See Change in Net Worth.

Automobile expenditures.—Net purchase price of new or used automobiles bought during the report year, expense for maintenance and operation, accessories, rentals, fines, automobile insurance, taxes, parking, and garage fees. Proportion of expense chargeable to business was deducted. See also Travel and Transportation.

Balancing difference.—Amount of discrepancy between money receipts (income plus decrease in net worth) and disbursements (expenditure plus increase in net worth), as reported by the family on the income and expenditure schedules. If the difference between the two amounts exceeded 5.49 percent of the larger figure for city and village families, or 10.49 percent for farm families, the expenditure schedule was rejected. The difference was considered positive when estimated receipts exceeded estimated disbursements, and negative when the reverse was found. In balancing farm schedules the figure for money receipts was adjusted for the net change in value of crops stored and livestock owned, since that value was included as an increase or decrease in family assets.

When an average net balancing difference is shown, it is the algebraic sum of the aggregate differences (positive and negative) for a group of families, divided by the number of families in the group; hence it does not indicate the average amount of error.

Boarder-week.—The equivalent of three meals a day per person for 7 days. The number of boarder-weeks for each family is obtained by dividing by 21 the total number of meals served to boarders during the year.

Bonus, soldiers'.—Money (cash or bonds) received from payment of the soldiers' bonus is considered a decrease in assets and handled in the same way as money received from settlement of an insurance policy, whether or not any of the payment was used for family living during the report year.

Business losses.—See Income, City and Village Family: Business Losses.

Change in net worth.—(Increase or surplus; decrease or deficit.) Net change in family assets and liabilities during the report year is obtained as follows: Add together the items representing an increase in assets and those representing a decrease in liabilities, from this total subtract the sum of decrease in assets and increase in liabilities. If the former sum is greater, an increase in net worth, or surplus, was attained by the family; if the latter sum is greater, a decrease in net worth, or deficit, was sustained. For city and village families, only changes in assets and liabilities resulting from actual money transactions are included; appreciation or depreciation in value of assets is excluded. For farm families, a nonmoney item representing the net increase or decrease in value of crops stored for sale or of livestock owned, is included with business investments, in addition to the money items. Inheritances or gifts of money not used for current living are included in both increase and decrease in assets, and are thus excluded from the net figure for changes in assets and liabilities. The amount of such money inheritances or gifts is available from separate tabulations, however. The value of gifts of property not sold or converted to money is excluded from all tabulations.

Increase in assets.—Amount of net increase in money in savings accounts, checking accounts, or on hand; in investments in business, in real estate, stocks, bonds, or other property purchased; improvements on owned home or other real estate; insurance premiums paid; outstanding loans made during the year; money received from inheritances, not used for family living.

Decrease in assets.—Amount of net decrease in money in banks or on hand; in a business investment due to withdrawal of funds; in real estate, stocks, bonds, or other property due to sales; in value of insurance policies due to

¹⁴ The Glossary is arranged alphabetically throughout, except for terms used in the discussion of Income. Terms that pertain to the income of city and village families are defined under the heading Income, City and Village Family; those that pertain to farm family income are defined under the heading Income, Farm Family.

surrender or settlement; in value of soldiers' bonus certificates due to payment of soldiers' bonus; in value of loans made previous to report year due to repayments. Money inheritances not used for family living are also included here as a balance item if the funds were invested and included as an increase in assets.

Increase in liabilities.—Amount of increase in mortgages and notes due to corporations or individuals; increase in bills due, as rent, taxes, charge accounts, or installment purchases.

Decrease in liabilities.—Amount paid on principal of mortgages or on notes; payment on bills owed at the beginning of report year, as back rents, taxes, charge accounts, or installment purchases.

Check lists.—See Supplementary Schedules.

Chief occupation.—See Occupation, Chief.

Clothing expenditures.—Expense for purchase, dry cleaning and other upkeep, excluding laundry, of all types of wearing apparel, including uniforms not furnished by employer. Expense incurred during months of membership in economic family during the year was recorded for each family member.

Deficit.—See Change in Net Worth.

Earners.—A person who received money earnings at any time during the report year. In cities and villages, earners were classed as principal or supplementary.

Earners, principal.—The person in the family whose total earnings were greater than those of any other family member. If two or more persons had equal earnings, the principal earner was the one highest in the following order of family members: Husband, wife, sons and daughters, according to age; others according to relationship to husband and wife. If relationship was the same, the oldest person was considered the principal earner.

Earners, supplementary.—A family member who reported some earnings for the year but whose earnings were less than those of the principal earner.

Earnings, money.—See Income, City and Village Family: Money Earnings, Net; also, Income, Farm Family.

Earnings not attributable to an individual.—See Income, City and Village Family: Money Earnings Not Attributable to an Individual.

Economic family.—A group of persons living in the same dwelling, sharing a common table, pooling incomes, and dependent on family funds for most of their support. In addition to such persons living in the home, the economic family as here defined includes sons and daughters who are away from home, yet dependent on the family income for at least 75 percent of their support. Sons or daughters living at home who earned but paid nothing for room and board, and guests who lived in the household 27 weeks or longer during the year, making no payment for room or board, were considered family members. Information concerning the income and expenditures of all such members was required for an acceptable expenditure schedule.

The economic family does not include related dependents such as aged parents living apart from the family; sons in Civilian Conservation Corps; sons and daughters who have separated their finances from those of the parents and are living at home as roomers or boarders; persons in institutions at no expense to the family. See also Year-equivalent Person.

Education expenditures.—See Formal Education Expenditures.

Eligibility requirements.—Characteristics which an economic family must have in order to be included in the study. Chief requirements for the income sample were that the family include a husband and wife who had been married at least a year, both white (except in the Southeast where a separate Negro sample was taken) and native-born. Further requirements were imposed for the consumption sample. See Methodology, The Consumption Sample, Eligibility Requirements.

Expenditure schedule.—Schedule on which were recorded the amounts spent by all family members for different types of goods and services; quantities of certain items purchased and the prices paid; kind of housing facilities in the dwelling unit; ownership of automobiles and certain major types of household and recreational equipment; change in net worth; and other items. Expenditure schedules were obtained only from families meeting certain eligibility requirements. See Methodology, The Consumption Sample, Eligibility Requirements.

Expenditures.—Money expenditures incurred for family living, whether or not payment has been made. All items of expense were classified in 15 expenditure

groups: Food; household operation; housing; furnishings and equipment; clothing; automobile; other travel and transportation; personal care; medical care; recreation; tobacco; reading; formal education; gifts, community welfare, and selected taxes; other items of family expenditure. For definition of items included in each group, see headings for specific types of expenditures, such as Automobile Expenditures and Clothing Expenditures.

Expenditures, other family.—Miscellaneous items not properly classifiable in any of the 14 other expenditure groups, as interest on debts incurred for family living, bank charges, lawyers' fees, money lost or stolen, installments paid on repossessed car or furniture, funeral expense for members of the economic family, and purchase and upkeep of family cemetery lot. For city and village families, expense incurred for home-produced food is included here also.

Family.—See Economic Family.

Family income.—See Income, City and Village Family; or Income, Farm Family.

Family occupation.—See Occupational Classification.

Family schedule, city or village.—Schedule on which were recorded data on family and household composition during the report year; home tenure; interest on mortgage on owned home; type of living quarters occupied; money income of all family members from earnings or other sources; estimated nonmoney income from occupancy of an owned home; value of home-produced food; relief status.

Family schedule, farm.—Schedule on which were recorded data on family and household composition during the report year; gross money receipts from farming; farm expenditures; net change in value of crops stored and livestock owned; tenure status; size and value of operated farm; money income of all family members from employment not pertaining to the farm enterprise, and money income from sources other than earnings; value of products furnished by the farm for family use; relief status.

Family size.—See Economic Family; and Year-equivalent Person.

Family type.—Based on age and number of year-equivalent family members other than husband and wife. Each family was classified as one of nine types, as indicated below. For example, a family containing husband, wife, two children under 16, and one person 16 or older was designated as family type 5. In all types except 1, 2, and 3, there was some flexibility as to number and/or age group of persons other than husband and wife. The number of different combinations possible is indicated by the number of times the family-type number appears in table 192.

TABLE 192.—Family-type numbers assigned to families having specified number of year-equivalent persons, other than husband and wife, under 16 years of age and 16 or older¹

Persons 16 years of age or older (number)	Number of persons 1 under 16 years of age—							
	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 or more
None.....	1	2	3	6	6	7	7	9
1.....	4	4	5	5	7	7	9	9
2.....	4	5	5	7	7	9	9	9
3.....	3	5	7	7	9	9	9	9
4.....	3	7	7	9	9	9	9	9
5.....	9	7	9	9	9	9	9	9
6 or more.....	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

¹ The family-type number assigned to a family is the number at the concurrence of the vertical column determined by the number of persons under 16 in the family and the horizontal column determined by the number of persons 16 or older.

² Year-equivalent persons.

Because the classification by family type was based on year-equivalent persons, families may have included persons who were present too short a time to affect the family's family-type classification. Thus, families of types 1 may include a child or other person for fewer than 27 weeks; families of types 2, 3, and 6 may include adults, provided they were members for a total of not more than 26 weeks. However, the earnings of these persons while family members were included as part of family funds. See Year-equivalent Person.

Farm.—A plot of land outside the boundary limits of a city or village, at least 3 acres in size, upon which farming operations are conducted. Plots less than 3 acres in size were included if the value of products sold or used by the family was \$250 or more. An exception to this was made in the special study of the Oregon part-time farm area where land of less than 3 acres was classed as a farm if the value of products sold and used by the family was \$100 or more. Suburban homes which were not farms were excluded by the requirement that some gross income from the sale of farm products must have been received.

Farm family income.—See Income, Farm Family.

Farm expenditures.—See Income, Farm Family; Farm Expenditures.

Farm operator.—A person responsible for the farm enterprise, either performing the labor himself or directly supervising it. Farm managers and laborers were excluded. Farm operators are classified according to the tenure under which they operate their farms, as follows:

Owners.—Farm operators who own any part of the land they operate. No distinction is made between full owners and part owners.

Renters.—Farm operators who hire all of the land which they operate paying a stipulated amount for rent, either in cash (cash renters) or produce (share renters).

Sharecroppers in the Southeast region were distinguished from operators in all analyses as a separate occupational group. See Sharecropper.

Farm type.—The classification of a farm either according to its predominant crop, or as part-time, or self-sufficing. A farm was classed as one of the product types listed below when receipts from sales of the products specified plus the value of the product paid as share rent were greater than receipts from sales of any other product and were equal to at least 40 percent of the sum of gross receipts from sales, value of farm products used by the family, and value of share rent.

Wheat.—Wheat, but not buckwheat.

Corn or other cash grain.—Corn, oats, barley, rye, emmer, spelt, buckwheat, rice, flaxseed, grain sorghums. If not a wheat farm, wheat may be included also.

Truck.—Potatoes, tomatoes, dry edible beans and all other vegetables, rhubarb, watermelons, and cantaloups.

Fruit and nuts.—Small fruits, tree fruits, berries, and nuts.

Tobacco.—Tobacco.

Cotton.—Cotton and cottonseed remaining after deductions were made to cover the cost of ginning when such costs were paid with a part of the crop.

Dairy.—Milk, cream, butter, and cheese.

Poultry.—Eggs, chickens, turkeys, ducks, geese, squabs, baby chicks, and income from poultry breeding.

Animal specialty.—Range livestock.—Livestock, slaughtered meat, and livestock products such as wool and mohair. Animal specialty and range livestock were distinguished by the ratio of the number of acres in pasture to the number of acres in crops. East of the Mississippi, a farm was classed as animal specialty when the ratio was less than 5 acres in pasture to 1 in crops; west of the Mississippi, when the ratio was less than 10 acres in pasture to 1 in crops.

Other products.—Alfalfa, sugar beets, hops, foxes, bees, honey, wood, seeds of various kinds, nursery products, and byproducts.

General.—When none of the groups of products listed above provided 40 percent or more of the total value of products (gross receipts from sales, value of farm products used by the family, value of share rent), and the farm was neither part-time nor self-sufficing.

If not classifiable as one of the above product types, a farm was classed as one of two special types:

Self-sufficing.—The value of products furnished by the farm and consumed by the family during the past 3 years was equal to or greater than the value of products sold and used as share rent during that period. For method of evaluation, see Income, Farm Family: Farm-furnished Products. This valuation, tending to be higher than the lump-sum estimates reported to census enumerators, served to increase the number of self-sufficing farms in some areas above that reported by the census.

Part-time.—A farm whose operator spent 150 days or more in nonfarm business and from which the gross income from sales, value of products used by the family or paid as share rent was less than \$750. In Oregon, where a special study of part-time farm families was made, a slightly different definition was used. In that special sample, time spent at nonfarm occupations was not used as a criterion for decision as to whether a farm was part-time, but the

value of farm products had to be less than \$750 and also less than the operator's nonfarm income (earnings plus other money income, excluding relief).

If the income from sales of each of two products was the same and each was 40 percent or more of the value of farm products, the farm was classed as of the type more prevalent in the county. A farm meeting the definition of both part-time and self-sufficing was classified as part-time.

In general, the classifications follow those used in the 1930 census, but there are a few differences; e. g., potatoes are classed by the census under Crop-specialty and by this study under Truck; tobacco is classed under Crop-specialty by the census but is a separate type in this study; wheat is classed under Cash-grain by the census, whereas it is a separate type in this study; and there are a few other differences of less importance.

Occasionally a farm was classed as of a specified type because that was the usual type of farming followed, even though because of crop failures the sale of products during the report year did not justify the classification. However, no account was taken of possible changes due to participation in the agricultural adjustment and crop-diversion programs of the Federal Government. A. A. A. payments were not allocated by products and consequently were not taken account of in determining type of farming. In a few borderline cases the decrease in land used for such crops may have changed the type-of-farm classification from wheat, for example, to general or, on the less productive farms, to self-sufficing. This may have affected to a small degree the type-of-farm distributions.

Food expenditures.—Expense for all food consumed by members of the economic family at home or away from home (including board at school) and by paid help and guests fed by the family. Expense for boarders' food is excluded.

Food, home-produced.—See Income, City and Village Family: Home-produced Food; also Income, Farm Family: Farm-furnished Products Used by Family.

Food check list.—See Supplementary Schedules, Food Check List.

Food-expenditure unit.—The relative expenditure for food for different individuals based on the expenditure for food for the moderately active adult. All average expenditures or values per meal were based on the total number of meals served in terms of the food-expenditure unit. For example, if 730 meals were served to a person 13 to 19 years of age, the equivalent person meals was 803 (730×1.1). The scale in table 193 was used for analysis of family food expenditures:

TABLE 193.—Scale of relative food expenditures for different individuals

Persons	Relative food-expenditure units		Persons	Relative food-expenditure units	
	City and village	Farm		City and village	Farm
20 years or older.....	1.0	1.2	Guests.....	1.0	1.0
13-19 years.....	1.1	1.1	Paid household help.....	1.0	1.0
6-12 years.....	.9	.9	Nurse for sick.....	.9	.9
Under 6 years.....	.6	.6	Paid farm help.....		1.5
Boarders and transients.....	1.0	1.0			

Food record.—See Supplementary Schedules, Food Record.

Formal education expenditures.—Fees for school tuition, laboratory, and library, for which payment was made during the report year; expense for school books and supplies; for special lessons in music, dancing, art, sports; other expense, such as diploma fees and supplies for special lessons not classifiable as recreation expense. Expense for room and board of persons attending school away from home are classed as expense for housing and for food.

Furnishings and equipment expenditures.—Expense for furniture and for kitchen, cleaning, and laundry equipment; tableware, such as glass, china, and silver; floor coverings; household textiles, such as linens, bedding, and curtains; miscellaneous items, such as window shades, luggage, lamps, cleaning, repairs, insurance on furniture. Included in the analysis was a special study of ownership and of expense for purchases during the year of the following: Pressure cooker, refrigerator, washing machine, ironing machine, vacuum cleaner, sewing machine.

Furnishings check list.—See Supplementary Schedules, Furnishings Check List.

Gifts, community welfare, and selected taxes.—Contributions to support of persons not members of the economic family; gifts to persons outside the family; contributions to community chest and other welfare agencies; contributions to religious organizations; and poll, income, and personal-property taxes payable during the report year. Does not include the following taxes: Taxes on occupied owned homes, which were considered housing expense; real-estate taxes, other than on occupied owned homes, which were deducted from income received; automobile taxes which were considered automobile expense; and sales taxes, which were included as expense for the commodity on which the tax was levied.

Guest.—Person not a member of the economic family who has stayed with the family one or more nights, making no payment for rent or food. A guest in the household for 27 weeks or longer was classed as a family member if data concerning his income and expense during the period could be obtained; if this could not be obtained, the family was not included in the expenditure sample.

Guest-week.—The equivalent of a guest in the home for 7 nights. The number of such weeks is obtained by dividing the total number of guest-nights during the year by 7.

Home-produced food.—See Income, City and Village Family: Home-produced Food; and Income, Farm Family: Farm-furnished Products Used by the Family.

Household.—All persons who lived in the family dwelling or had meals there during the year, including in addition to members of the economic family, the following nonfamily members: Roomers and boarders, tourists, transients, paid help (both farm and household help), and guests.

Household help.—Household employees, such as cook, general housekeeper, laundress, girl who cares for the children, nurse who cares for a well person, man for care of the yard, etc. Farm help and help employed to cook exclusively for farm hands were not included as household help.

Household operation expenditures.—Expense for fuel for heating, cooking, and home plant for electricity; for lighting, and for refrigeration; for paid household help; and for such other items as telephone; laundry supplies; laundry sent out; stationery, postage, telegrams, greeting cards, pencils, pens, and ink for household use; express, freight, drayage, moving of household goods; water rent; other household supplies, such as scouring materials, matches, toilet paper, paper napkins and towels, shelf and waxed paper, clothespins and clotheslines, lawn seeds and plants, cut flowers, rent of post-office box.

Housing expenditures.—Expense incurred during the year for all housing, including owned or rented family homes, vacation homes, and lodging of family members while away from home.

In cities and villages, expenditures of families renting their homes include total rent incurred after deduction of rental concessions, plus repairs paid for by the family without reimbursement by the landlord. Expenditures of home owners include interest on mortgages; refinancing charges; taxes payable but not back taxes; special assessments as for street improvements; repairs and replacements; insurance premiums on home. Structural additions to the home, improvements that were not just replacements, and payments for amortization of mortgages were considered an increase in assets, not an expenditure. See Income, City and Village Family: Housing, Nonmoney Income from.

For farm families, expenditures for rent, taxes, and interest on the farm mortgage are not included in this category, being handled as farm-business expense. See Income, Farm Family: Farm Expenditures, and Occupancy of Farm Dwelling.

Housing received as gift.—See Income, City and Village Family: Housing Received as Gift or Pay.

Income, city and village family.—Net money income from earnings and from other sources, plus net nonmoney income. Because the expenditure schedule supplied additional data for calculating net income, the income figures by which income and expenditure schedules were classified differed slightly. For discussion of this point and for tabular presentation of the items included in the total family income, see Methodology, Family Income, and table 183.

Money income, net.—Sum of net money earnings of all family members and net money income from sources other than earnings, minus business losses not elsewhere deducted.

Money earnings, net.—Total amount received from wages, salaries, or business earnings after deduction of business expense. Includes earnings of individuals; earnings not allocated to individual family members; earnings from roomers and boarders. If a net loss from a given business was incurred

by an entrepreneur, the amount was recorded separately as a business loss and not deducted from any other earnings he or other members of his family may have had. All occupational expenses except certain minor ones were deducted before this figure was recorded. (See Occupational Expense; and Methodology, Family Income.) Business and professional persons generally reported net cash received during the year; however, if accounts were kept on an accrual basis, the actual net yearly earnings were recorded.

Money earnings from roomers and boarders, net.—Gross earnings from roomers and boarders minus the expense for boarders' food. See Methodology, table 183.

Money earnings not attributable to an individual.—Net money earnings not attributable to any one family member, as, for example, net income from the sale of home-baked goods in which several family members participated. Earnings of an individual were included here only if the earner was not reported or if they were small, as when two children earned a dollar apiece during the year. Although net income from roomers and boarders was not attributed to any one family member it is not included here, being reported as a separate item.

Money income from other sources (other than earnings).—Money income from sources other than earnings: Interest and dividends; net profits from business owned but not operated by the family, or from property bought and sold during the year (transactions in stocks, bonds, real estate, by persons for whom it is not a regular occupation—see Profits); rents after deduction of expenses; pensions, annuities, benefits when receipts of such funds did not depend on proof of need; money inheritances or gifts in cash from persons not family members if the funds were used to meet current living expenses; rewards and prizes, alimony, gambling gains. Net losses suffered from business during the report year were tabulated separately. For this reason the sum of the items listed above is net only in the sense that it includes net profits on each item. Receipts from the sale of capital assets owned before the beginning of the report year, inheritances not used for current living expenses, and payments from the soldiers' bonus, are excluded also.

Business losses.—Actual net money losses for the year of a family member from operation of any independent business; net losses when expense on property was in excess of income, as taxes and insurance on empty rental property; money losses from sale of securities and real estate bought and sold during the report year. Depreciation in value of property owned is not included.

Nonmoney income.—Net nonmoney income from housing, and for village (but not for city) families; nonmoney income from home-produced food.

Housing, nonmoney income from.—Net nonmoney income from occupancy of owned homes plus nonmoney income from housing received as pay. For differences between such income for family and for expenditure schedules, see Methodology, Family Income.

Occupancy of owned homes, net nonmoney income from.—The net return on the home owner's investment received in the form of occupancy of the home. This return is the difference between the rental value of the owned home for the period of occupancy, as estimated by the family, and the sum of the expense for interest on mortgage, and other expenses, such as taxes, insurance, and repairs. See Rental Value of Owned Homes; and Methodology, Family Income.

Housing received as gift or pay, nonmoney income from.—Estimated on basis of monthly rental value and number of months during which the family occupied the dwelling without incurring any rent. If a family paid less cash rent than the stated monthly value, the difference was considered to be free rent except when rental concessions had been received. See Methodology, table 183, for different methods of handling for income and expenditure analyses.

Owned vacation home, nonmoney income from.—Net value of occupancy of the vacation home was estimated by deducting from the total rental value for the period occupied the maintenance expense for the entire year.

Home-produced food, nonmoney income from.—(For village families only.) Value of eggs, milk, meat, and poultry produced and consumed at home; food from home gardens; sirup, honey; and fish or game killed for food. Values were based on current retail prices at local stores. Deduction for expense of production was not made, being handled as family expense. See Expenditures, Other Family.

Income, farm family.—Because the expenditure schedule supplied additional data for calculating net income, the income figures by which income and expenditure schedules were classified differed slightly. For discussion of this point and for tabular presentation of the items included in total family income, see Methodology, Family Income, and table 184.

An example showing computation of farm income is given below:

1. Farm money income, gross.....	\$3, 000
2. Value of farm-furnished products used by family.....	300
3. Value of occupancy of farm dwelling.....	200
4. Value of crops stored and livestock owned, net increase.....	0
5. Value of crops stored and livestock owned, net decrease.....	— 200
6. Farm income, gross (sum 1, 2, 3, 4 minus 5).....	3, 300
7. Farm expenditures.....	1, 500
8. Farm income, net (6 minus 7).....	1, 800
9. Money income from sources other than the operated farm, net.....	200
10. Total family income (8 plus 9).....	2, 000
11. Money income from farming, net (1 minus 7).....	1, 500
12. Money income from all sources, net (11 plus 9).....	1, 700
13. Nonmoney income from farm, net (sum of 2, 3, 4 minus 5).....	300

Family income, total.—Net money and nonmoney income from the farm, net money earnings from employment other than operating the farm, and net money income from sources other than earnings.

Farm income, net.—Gross money income from farming minus farm expenditures, plus value of housing and farm products used by family, plus or minus net change in value of crops stored and livestock owned.

Farm income, gross.—Gross money income from farming, value of housing and farm products used by family, plus or minus net change in value of crops stored and livestock owned. Excludes value of products paid as share rent. May include value of livestock purchases representing increase in assets (see Crops Stored and Livestock Owned).

Farm money income, net.—Gross money income from the farm minus farm expenditures. May include some money receipts representing liquidation of assets. (See Crops Stored and Livestock Owned.)

Farm money income, gross.—Total money income received from the farm before deduction of expenditures. Includes receipts from sale of farm products during the year; Government payments in connection with the agricultural-recovery program; income from work off the farm involving the use of farm equipment. May include some money receipts representing liquidation of assets. (See Crops Stored and Livestock Owned.)

Farm expenditures.—Expenditures for farm operations. Includes expense for hired labor; livestock; feed, hay, straw; fertilizer, spraying material; seeds, plants, trees; repairs and replacements of machinery and tools; gasoline, oil, tires, for operation of machinery; repairs on buildings and fences; rent for land and buildings including dwellings; taxes and insurance on all farm property including dwelling; interest and refinancing charges on farm and chattel mortgage; and other expenditures incidental to preparing crops for market and for marketing them. May include expense for livestock bought as an increase in assets. (See Crops Stored and Livestock Owned.) The following items chargeable to farm business are not included in this category: Automobile and other transportation expense, food expense for farm employees, and such incidental farm expense as that for farm periodicals and dues to farm-business organizations. See Methodology, table 184.

Expenditures for farm machinery of types not owned before were considered an increase in farm-business investment and entered in the expenditure schedule. See Change in Net Worth, Increase in Assets.

Farm nonmoney income, net.—Value of farm products used by the family; of occupancy of the farm dwelling; plus or minus the net change in value of livestock owned and of crops stored for sale.

Farm-furnished products used by family, nonmoney income.—Estimated value obtained by multiplying the quantity of products used, as reported by the family, by a price estimated for each locality. Price estimates were based upon what a sample of farm families in the locality reported they would have paid had they bought products of the same quality and in the same quantity from neighbors, or from the most likely place of purchase. This method of evaluation gives a higher figure than that obtained when

valuation is based on farm prices or wholesale market prices. Products included are milk, cream, eggs, poultry, meat, potatoes, garden produce, fruit, other food such as sirups, grain products; fuel and other products such as wood, tobacco, ice.

Occupancy of farm dwelling, nonmoney income from.—Value of the year's occupancy was arbitrarily set at 9 percent of the present estimated value of the dwelling on an owned farm, and 11 percent of the estimated value of the dwelling on a rented farm, except in the Southeast and in California, where 10 and 12 percent were used because of the more rapid depreciation of farmhouses. These percentages were based on interest rates, taxes, depreciation, and a reasonable return on money invested. In estimating present value of the house, its replacement value, as estimated by the family, was reduced to present value by taking account of the age of the house and the family's estimate of its remaining years of usefulness. For example, if the probable replacement value of the house was \$1,600, its probable life 40 years, and its present age 10 years, its estimated value would be \$1,200 (\$1,600 divided by 40, multiplied by 30).

Crops stored and livestock owned, net change.—Net increase or decrease in value of livestock owned or of crops stored for sale between the beginning and end of the report year. Increases in livestock are due to new purchases, maturation, and births, income from which was not realized in the current year; decreases are due to sale or loss of livestock by death, which represent capital decreases. Increases in crops stored for sale indicate deferred sales, representing income earned during the current year but not converted into money; decreases in stored crops indicate realization of income earned prior to the report year. Only differences due to quantity changes were included; differences in value due to price changes were excluded.

In making schedule entries of money spent for purchases of livestock, no distinction was made between cattle bought for sale (an operating expense) and those bought for building up more permanent herds (a capital investment). Since the farmer seldom could separate his numerous transactions into these two types of disbursements, both types were entered as expenditures for operating the farm. Similarly, money received from sale of cattle was not divided into receipts from cattle born during the year (income) and receipts from cattle owned in previous years (a decrease in capital investment). As a consequence of these procedures, other schedule entries were affected. It is important, therefore, to recognize the possibility that the figures entered in the following categories may occasionally include some transactions not customarily classified therein: Nonmoney income from increase in value of livestock, negative nonmoney income or decrease in value of livestock, gross farm income, gross farm money income, net money income, and farm expenditures. The averages for these categories that represent families in all income groups probably are not greatly affected by these inclusions; figures for a small number of families in a high-income class might be affected considerably, especially in the cattle-range section.

Ways in which these categories are affected are described below. Two examples are given, later, to illustrate the various entries arising from transactions affecting net value of crops stored and livestock owned.

Nonmoney income from increase in value of livestock owned may include capital investment in herds as well as true nonmoney income from operating the farm (i. e., births and maturation of cattle during the year).

Nonmoney losses or decreases in value of livestock owned or crops stored, represent a decrease in net worth through liquidation of investments of previous years.

Gross farm income for the year may be overstated if value of herds has been increased through purchases; such purchases are taken into account in computing net increase in value of livestock, which in turn becomes a constituent part of gross farm income.

Gross farm money income may overrepresent true gross money income for the current year through the inclusion of receipts from sale of stored crops or of livestock acquired before the report year. Gross farm income and net farm income are not similarly affected by such sales, since they take into account the net decrease in value of stored crops and of livestock.

Net money income may overstate true income since it may include money receipts from liquidation of assets—sales of crops stored or of livestock owned before the beginning of the report year.

Farm expenditures may be overstated by inclusion of purchases of livestock for building up herds, along with purchases for feeding and sale during the current year.

The total net increase in value of herds (that due to births and maturation, and that due to purchases) was included, together with net increase in crops stored for sale, as an item of increase in net worth; the combined total was considered as nonmoney income invested in the farm business. Hence the procedures followed did not affect the figures for net change (increase or decrease) in assets and liabilities during the year (see Change in Net Worth).

Net farm income, another important figure, also was not affected by these procedures, since an overstatement in expenditures was balanced by an overstatement of gross farm income; and an overstatement of gross money income from liquidating assets was balanced by a deduction of nonmoney losses (negative nonmoney income) that actually represented a decrease in assets.

In balancing the schedule, it was necessary to adjust the figure for total money receipts by the amount of the net change in value of crops stored and livestock, i. e., to add to money receipts the value of a net increase in these inventories, or to deduct the value of a net decrease (see Balancing Difference). This adjustment was made necessary because the value of the net change in these inventories (livestock and crops stored for sale) was considered in the computation of both income and net worth—in the latter figure, as an increase or decrease in investment in the farm business.

The following example explains the procedure used in computing net farm income when the value of herds had been increased through purchases as well as other means: A dairy farmer had gross money income from farming, including sales of cattle and livestock products, amounting to \$2,000. During the year his herd increased in value \$500, \$200 through births and maturation and \$300 through livestock purchases. His money disbursements for the farm business for the year were \$1,500, including \$1,200 operating expenditures and the \$300 spent for increasing his herds. Value of housing and products supplied the family by the farm amounted to \$400. His net farm income was \$1,400 and his change in net worth \$500, as follows:

(a) Gross money income from farming	-----	\$2, 000
(b) Nonmoney income used for family living	-----	400
(c) Nonmoney income, i. e., increase in value of herds (livestock increase through births, maturations, and purchases)	-----	500
(d) Total gross farm income	-----	2, 900
(e) Expenditures (operating expenditures and disbursements for building up herds)	-----	1, 500
(f) Net farm income, money and nonmoney	-----	1, 400
(g) Composition of net farm income:		
Net money income, item (a) minus item (e)	-----	500
Nonmoney income:		
Used for family living, item (b)	-----	400
Livestock increase, item (c) (also included as increase in net worth)	-----	500
Total	-----	1, 400

Had conventional accounting procedures been followed, the net money income of the farmer in the above example would have been entered as \$800 (not \$500) and his nonmoney income from increase in herds as \$200 (not \$500). The \$300 purchase of livestock was made from gross money income and, strictly speaking, represented transformation of money income into nonmoney assets. The figure for net farm income is the same, however, irrespective of how the \$1,400 is divided between money and nonmoney income.

A second example illustrates the procedure followed when value of herds was decreased through sales of livestock that represented liquidation of assets. If the dairy farmer discussed above had decided to reduce his business, bought no new cattle, and obtained \$300 by selling animals acquired in previous years, the computation of his net farm income would have been as follows:

(a) Gross money income from farming (actually, income plus receipts from liquidation of assets).....	\$2, 300
(b) Nonmoney income used for family living.....	400
(c) Nonmoney losses, i. e., decrease in value of herds (\$200 minus \$300).....	-100
(d) Total gross farm income.....	2, 600
(e) Expenditures for operating farm business.....	1, 200
(f) Net farm income, money and nonmoney.....	1, 400
(g) Composition of net farm income:	
Net money income, item (a) minus item (e).....	1, 100
Nonmoney income:	
Used for family living, item (b).....	400
Livestock decrease, item (c) (also included as decrease in net worth).....	-100
Total.....	1, 400

In this case the operator's gross money receipts from farming, tabulated as "gross farm money income," actually were composed of \$2,000 gross income and \$300 receipts from liquidation of assets. Although he had nonmoney income amounting to \$200 because of natural increase in value of his herds, sales of cattle valued at \$300 resulted in a net decrease of \$100 in the value of the livestock owned. While this net decrease is designated in this study as "negative nonmoney income," or as "nonmoney losses" it does not represent an excess of operating expenditures over income during the year as would be the case with a true negative income figure. Of the total gross farm income figure, \$2,000 represents income in the accepted sense; the additional money receipts of \$300 from depletion of herd were offset by the \$300 decrease in assets. (The algebraic sum of this \$300 decrease in assets and the \$200 nonmoney income from natural increase in herds, yields a net decrease of \$100 during the year.) The total net money income includes \$300 cash received from liquidation of assets. The figures for net farm income (\$1,400), however, and for net decrease in assets (\$100) are the same as they would have been had the transaction involving liquidation of assets not been included in the income computation.

Money income from sources other than the operated farm, net.—Net earnings from employment of individuals not pertaining to the farm enterprise, net earnings from roomers and boarders and from sale of home-made products; money income from sources other than earnings. The nonfarm income of farm families was computed on the same basis as money income of city and village families except that in computing net income from roomers and boarders for farm-expenditure schedules, the value of home-produced food served to boarders, as well as money expense for their food, was deducted. See *Income, City and Village Family: Money Earnings; Money Earnings from Roomers and Boarders; Money Income from Other Sources.*

Inheritance.—See *Change in Net Worth.*

Liabilities.—See *Change in Net Worth.*

Living quarters, type of.—Living quarters occupied by the family at the time of interview.

Apartment.—Building which is primarily residential in character, containing three or more dwelling units.

Dwelling unit in business building.—Building in which at least one-third of the floor space is for business uses, but which contains one or more dwelling units.

One-family house.—Dwelling designed for occupancy by one family. It is detached when it is free-standing with open space on all four sides, and attached when at least one wall is built directly against an adjoining structure. Row houses are included in the attached type.

Room or rooms.—Living quarters (except in a hotel) providing no kitchen nor other housekeeping facilities.

Two-family house.—Dwelling designed to provide separate units for two families. If a side-by-side type, the separation extends from basement to roof; if a two-decker type, the dwelling units are one above the other.

Other types of living quarters.—Rooms in a hotel; other living arrangements not classifiable above, such as living quarters in a trailer or in a house with another family but not in a two-family house as defined.

The above definitions are comparable to those used in the Financial Survey of Urban Housing, published by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, 1937.

Medical care expenditures.—Expense for physician; oculist; other specialist; clinic; hospital; private nurse in home; for special examinations and tests, such as X-ray, metabolism, or blood tests; for medicines and drugs, exclusive of cod-liver oil and dry milk products for children, which are classed as food expense; for eyeglasses and optician's fees; medical appliances and supplies; accident and health insurance, but not life insurance.

Money earnings.—See Income, City and Village Family; and Income, Farm Family.

Monthly rent.—See Rental, Monthly.

Monthly rental value.—See Rental Value of Owned Homes, Monthly.

Native-white family.—Any family in which both the husband and wife are white and were born in continental United States or outlying Territories or possessions, or of American parents temporarily residing in a foreign country.

Net balancing difference.—See Balancing Difference.

Net worth.—See Change in Net Worth.

Nonfamily members.—See Household.

No report.—A schedule was not accepted for tabulation if it contained no report on any basic item of information necessary for the computation of total family income, or if the family was unable to report on any of the main expenditure groups, such as clothing or automobile expense. A schedule was accepted for tabulation, however, if it contained no report in an item of relatively small importance, such as the number of guests entertained during the year, or expense for specific items within a main expenditure group, if the total expense for the group was reported. In the latter case, it was assumed that entries of no report rather than zero meant that the family had some expense for the items but was unable to say how much. In tabulating the data, later, the total expense reported was allocated to the individual items of expense on the basis of data from other families in the same income, family-type, and occupational group having and reporting expense for the specific items. Adjustment for no-report entries was made on the expenditure schedules and on supplementary schedules only.

Occupation, chief.—The occupation from which a person derives the greater part of his earnings.

Occupational classification.—City and village families were classified according to the occupational group from which the largest proportion of the family's total earnings was derived. If family earnings were received from more than one of the four business and professional subgroups, such earnings were totaled and if the sum was greater than for any one of the other listed occupations the family was classed in the business or professional subgroup which yielded the largest amount of earnings. If the earnings from two occupational groups were the same, and higher than from any other group, the family was classified according to the chief occupation of the principal earner. If no family member earned during the report year and there was no income from roomers and boarders, the family was classified as having no earnings from occupation. Classification of individual earners by occupation was based upon the list used by the Works Progress Administration in Circular No. 2, Occupational Classification and Code, and Circular No. 2A, Index of Occupations. Occupations were classified as follows:

Business and professional.—Independent and salaried business and professional workers, defined below, were combined as one occupational group for most of the analyses.

Independent business.—Entrepreneurs; persons engaged in business enterprises in which they invest capital and assume business risks; they may or may not employ others to work for them. Net income from roomers and boarders was classed as independent business.

Independent professional.—Doctors, lawyers, architects, etc.

Salaried business.—Managers, business officials, etc.

Salaried professional.—Professional workers on a salary basis, such as teachers, clergymen, graduate nurses, and social workers.

Clerical.—Office workers, salesmen, mail carriers, telephone, telegraph, and radio operators.

Wage-earner.—Skilled workers and foremen, semiskilled and unskilled workers, persons in domestic and personal service, and farm laborers.

Other.—Occupations other than those defined above were combined for most of the analyses. This group includes the following:

Farm operator.—Person operating farm, living in a city or village.

Farm sharecropper.—A separate farm occupational group in the Southeast region. See Sharecropper. A few of these agricultural workers live in the southeastern villages.

No earnings from occupation.—Families having no member earning during the report year.

Unknown occupation.—This classification was used where the occupation could not be determined.

Farm families scheduled in farm sections were classed as in one occupational group (farm-operator) except in the Southeast region where sharecroppers were studied separately. However, earnings of farm-family members from work not pertaining to the farm enterprise were classified as business and professional, clerical, and wage-earner, according to the procedure given above for city and village families.

Occupational expense.—(Classification on expenditure schedule.) Only minor items of expense incurred for business purposes, such as dues to union, trade, and professional associations; expense for technical books and journals; small expenses for supplies and equipment or expense for a trip to a meeting of a professional association. Such expense was deducted from income reported on the family schedule when computing the income figure by which expenditure schedules were classified. See Methodology, tables 183 and 184.

Paid help, household.—See Household Help.

Paid help, farm.—Farm employees living in the household were considered as members of the household, but expense for their food was deducted as a farm-business expense. See table 184.

Personal care, expenditures.—Services, such as haircuts, shampoos, shaves, manicures, facials; toilet articles and preparations, such as toilet soap, tooth paste, mouthwash, shaving soap and cream, cold cream, cosmetics, deodorants, bath salts, shampoos, brushes, combs, razors, files, mirrors, cleansing tissues, powder puffs, sanitary supplies.

Persons per room.—Total number of persons usually occupying the rooms in the dwelling (family members, paid help, roomers, sons or daughters even if away at college) divided by the number of rooms in the dwelling. See also Rooms, Number of.

Principal earner.—See Earner, Principal.

Profits.—(Subdivision of Money Income from Other Sources.) Net profits from a business owned but not operated by the family, such as an owned store managed by a paid employee; profits from buying and selling stocks, or from real estate bought and sold during the year, when not a regular occupation. This classification does not include the income of an entrepreneur from his business, since such income is classed as individual earnings, or the income of a farm operator from farming. Excluded also are "paper" profits which represent an increase in the value of investments owned throughout the report year, profits from the sale of capital assets acquired before the report year, and profits from investments that remained in a corporation and were not made available for current family use.

Reading expenditures.—Expense for daily and weekly newspapers, magazines, books for general reading, book rentals, and library fees, but not school books, picture books for young children, or technical books used in connection with work.

Record card.—Schedule used for the random sample of addresses visited. It shows color, nativity, whether the family included both husband and wife, whether married for more than a year, and other qualifications affecting eligibility for the family schedule. See Methodology, The First or Record-card Sample.

Recreation expenditures.—Paid admissions for family members and guests of the family to movies, spectator sports, fairs, circuses, dances, amusement parks; equipment, supplies, fees, and licenses for games and sports; purchase and upkeep of radios and musical instruments, sheet music, phonograph records; photograph supplies; children's toys and play equipment; pets; entertaining, excluding food; dues to social and recreational clubs; gambling losses; expense for hobbies and collections; unclassified spending money. Expense for lodging, traveling, or food while on vacation or trips, and uniforms and other clothing used in recreational activities are excluded.

Relief family.—Family in which any member received direct relief in cash or kind at any time during the report year; work relief from public or private agencies; charity donations received upon proof of need; any pension of noncontributory type paid upon proof of need. Receipt of money from a son in Civilian Conservation Corps was considered direct relief. Earnings from the National Youth Administration were not considered relief.

Rent as pay.—See Income, City and Village Family: Nonmoney Income, Housing Received as Gift or Pay.

Rental, monthly.—The monthly rental rate of the dwelling occupied at the end of the report year. No deductions were made for free rent or for rental concessions.

Rental concession.—An exemption from paying rent or a discount on rent offered for a limited period by a landlord as an inducement to obtain or retain a tenant. In such cases the customary rental rate was tabulated, but the value of the concession was deducted in computing the total expenditure for rent during the year. Families receiving rental concessions were not considered as having received free rent.

Rental value of owned homes, monthly.—The value of occupancy of an owned home for 1 month, as estimated by the family. In making this estimate, families were asked to consider the rates charged for similar homes in the neighborhood that were rented. It is thus comparable to the monthly rental rates of rented homes. This gross rental value of owned homes was used in estimating the net nonmoney income from occupancy of owned homes. See Income, City and Village Family: Occupancy of Owned Homes.

Repairs and replacements.—Expenditures for that type of improvement which helps to restore property to good condition. Expenditures for structural additions are considered a capital investment, not a current expenditure.

Report year.—Any 12-month period between January 1, 1935, and December 31, 1936, for which the family chose to give the information. If more than one schedule was filled, the year reported was the same on all schedules for a family.

Roomer.—Person sleeping in the family home for at least 7 consecutive days and paying for his room.

Roomer-year.—Equivalent to one roomer for 52 weeks. Families reporting more than 10 roomer-years during the report year were ineligible for the family schedule.

Rooms, number of.—Only rooms used for living purposes are counted. A finished basement or attic room and an enclosed porch were counted as rooms, but not a bathroom, hallway, closet, pantry, alcove, open porch, or room used entirely for business purposes. A kitchenette and dinette not divided by a wall are counted as one room.

Samples and sampling.—See Methodology, Collection of Schedules.

Schedule.—See the specific kind of schedule, such as Family Schedule, Farm or City and Village; Expenditure Schedule; or Supplementary Schedules.

Sharecropper.—Farmer in the Southeast region who rents land on shares and is furnished work animals and in some cases equipment by the farm operator. The landlord usually makes important decisions relating to the operation of the farm and supervises operations. The sharecropper is thus little more than a type of laborer who is paid wages in kind on the basis of what he produces, his share usually being half the crop or less.

Share tenant.—A farm operator who rents the land, assumes responsibility for its operation, and pays the rent with a definite share or a stipulated amount of the farm products.

Structural addition.—Something added to the home that was not there before, such as a new room or porch built on the house; a porch converted into a room; plumbing equipment installed for the first time. It is distinguished from expense for repairs and replacements because it represents an increase in investment.

Supplementary earner.—See Earner, Supplementary.

Supplementary schedules.—Requested only from families that furnished expenditure schedules and were willing to give the necessary additional details.

Clothing check list.—A schedule used to obtain quantities of and expenditures for clothing purchased during the report year and value of donated clothing. A list was filled for each person who was a member of the economic family for 52 weeks, and who was willing to cooperate.

Food check list.—A schedule used to obtain quantities and money value of food consumed by the household during the 7 days preceding the interview. The number of meals furnished was also recorded.

Food record.—A record of weight or other measure of food consumed during 1 week. It consists of an inventory of the weight or other measure of each kind of food on hand at the beginning and end of the week and of all foods brought into the house during that period, and the number of meals served to household members, guests, or boarders. A record of the age, height, weight, and day-by-day occupations of each person served is also included. These records were used for the study of adequacy of diets.

Furnishings check list.—A schedule used to obtain quantities of and expenditures for household furnishings and equipment purchased by the family during the report year.

Surplus.—See Change in Net Worth.

Taxes.—See Gifts, Community Welfare, and Selected Taxes.

Tenant, farm.—Farmer who does not own any of the land he operates. See Farm Operator; Share Tenant; Sharecropper.

Tobacco expenditures.—Expense for cigarettes, cigars, chewing and smoking tobacco, snuff, pipes, pipe cleaners, humidors, lighters, cigarette holders, and ash trays. Smoking stands are included with furniture; smoking jackets with clothing.

Tourists and transients.—Persons rooming in the family dwelling for fewer than 7 consecutive days who may or may not be furnished meals by the family. Includes occupants of tourist cabins on farm property.

Travel and transportation expenditures.—Expenditures for all family travel and transportation other than by family automobile, such as bus, trolley, and taxi to work, school, or shopping; travel, except for business, by railroad, interurban bus and trolley, boats, and airplanes. This also includes purchase and upkeep of motorcycle, horse and carriage, boat, or other conveyance, after deduction of proportion chargeable to business. Expense for bicycles, boats, or other vehicles used primarily for recreation are included in recreation expenditures.

Type of family.—See Family Type.

Type of farm.—See Farm Type.

Value of family living.—Value of all goods and services purchased for family living and of certain other goods and services received without direct expense. For city and village families, value of living includes total living expense; the value of housing, food, fuel, ice, and clothing received without direct expense, but not the value of furnishings or other goods received free. For farm families value of living includes total living expense; the value of food, fuel, and other goods received from the farm, including occupancy of farm dwelling; value of housing from a rent-free farm; value of nonfarm family housing, fuel, ice, and food received without payment; and value of clothing received as gift or pay.

Value of farm land and buildings.—Market value of the farm, including land, farm buildings, and family dwellings as estimated by the operator on the basis of what it would sell for under normal conditions, not at forced sale.

Value of home-produced food.—See Income, City and Village Family: Home-produced Food; and Income, Farm Family: Farm-furnished Products.

Value of housing furnished by the farm.—See Income, Farm Family: Occupancy of Farm Dwelling.

Value of housing received as gift or pay.—See Income, City and Village Family: Housing Received as Gift or Pay.

Value of occupancy of owned homes.—See Income, City and Village Family: Occupancy of Owned Homes, and Rental Value of Owned Homes.

Value per meal per food-expenditure unit.—Average value per meal of food purchased, home-produced, and received as gift or pay in terms of food-expenditure units. See Food-expenditure Unit.

Year-equivalent person.—Equivalent to one person in the family for the report year (52 weeks). For the classification of a family by type, persons other than husband and wife under 16 were separated from those 16 or older and the total weeks of membership for each age group was obtained. Fewer than 27 weeks of membership for either age group were not counted; 27 to 79 weeks of membership were considered one year-equivalent person.

In computing averages for a group of families two methods of handling year-equivalents were used, as follows:

All members.—The total weeks of membership of all members of families in the group for which an average was desired was divided by 52 times the number of families in the group.

Members other than husband and wife by age groups.—The number of year-equivalent persons under 16 and 16 or older was computed for each family by converting the number of weeks of membership to year-equivalents as described above; the sum of these figures was divided by the number of families in the group for which an average was desired.

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