

# STATESMEN SERIES. EDITED BY LLOYD C. SANDERS.

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# LORD BEACONSFIELD.

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# STATESMEN SERIES.

# LIFE OF LORD BEACONSFIELD.

BY

## T. E. KEBBEL.

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## PREFACE TO THE SERIES.

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The intention of the Statesmen Series is, as its title implies, to comprise a collection of brief biographical studies of the great men who have influenced the political history of the world. Its scope is, therefore, extremely catholic, embracing the ancients and the moderns, conti-, nental as well as English statesmen, and including not only those who have shaped our foreign policy and domestic institutions, but also the creators of our Indian and Colonial Empires. And the list of subjects will not be confined to those who have been statesmen in the narrower sense of the term, that is, to ministers of State and members of legislative, assemblies. A statesman, according to Dr. Johnson, is "one who is versed in political affairs," and statesmanship is exercised not only by Czars and Popes who act as their own Prime Ministers, but also by constitutional

sovereigns who, though in theory they reign but do not govern, have frequently, as Sir Theodore Martin's Life of the Prince Consort shows, brought into action a very appreciable amount of personal authority. Even to modern republics, Thucydides' description of the Athenian constitution in the time of Pericles is invariably applicable — they are ostensibly democracies, but are, as a matter of fact, ruled by their first man. Presidents, therefore, and sovereigns—rois fainéants always excepted will find places in the Statesmen Series.

Though the Series will be comprehensive, it does not pretend to be exhaustive. Completeness of treatment is no doubt desirable in books of reference, the primary object of which is to supply information on points that general reading fails to illuminate, but would be unattainable in a collection of volumes which, though deriving a certain amount of strength from unity, must ultimately stand or fall by the merits of each individual work. Nor is the arrangement in which the volumes are to appear affected at all by any considerations of chronology. Their publication in historical order would, perhaps, have some advantages, but gaps would inevitably occur in the ranks, and the groups would fail to form a picture. The provinces of history and biography are, after all, widely different, and the old view of history which regarded it as a string of lives of great men has long since been consigned to the limbo of rejected fallacies.

Political biography has, however, a distinct value and interest of its own; for if the statesman is the child of his epoch, none the less is his epoch moulded by the statesman; nor can the relative importance of great social movements be properly understood without an adequate knowledge of the human forces by which they are impelled or controlled. It is the aim of the Statesmen Series to supply that knowledge, in a compact form, and without prejudice to the larger works which, for those who have leisure to consult them, must always contain the most authoritative, because the most detailed, accounts of great political careers. And of incident and interest the lives of great statesmen, as a rule, possess a far greater measure than those of literary men, though less, perhaps, than those of men of action. For if much of a statesman's time is passed in the solitude of the study, much also is passed in the passionate precincts of the Senate and in the hardly less dramatic debates round the council-table.

Within the limits of a well-defined subject,

the selection, then, will be purely arbitrary; and what the Series will lose in continuity of interest it will perhaps be thought to gain in variety. It so happens<sup>c</sup> that the volumes in preparation, as well as that now published, deal with the present century, and may, therefore, be considered to derive a certain amount of additional interest from that quality which it is the fashion to call actuality. They are as follow: The Prince Consort, by Miss Charlotte Yonge; O'Connell, by J. A. Hamilton; Prince Gortschakoff, by Charles Marvin; Gambetta, by F. T. Marzials; Earl Russell, by Edward Walford; Lord Palmerston, by the Editor. Other volumes have been arranged.

L. C. S.

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## PREFATORY NOTE.

"I DISAPPROVE of contemporary biography," Lord Beaconsfield once said to the present writer, "and I dislike being the subject of it." We may reasonably conclude, therefore, that none of the biographies which appeared during his lifetime owe much to his own communica-They are all in fact founded on materials accestions. sible to the whole world; nor, down to the present time, has his death set free any information not previously known to all who had studied his career, beyond that contained in the highly interesting Correspondence with his Sister brought out by Mr. Ralph Disraeli. The time will come when a complete and particular account of the life and times of Lord Beaconsfield will be one of the most interesting as well as one of the most valuable works which can stand upon a statesman's shelves. Till then we must content ourselves with such provisional and preliminary biographies as, in the case of almost all our great men, precede the one final and authentic narrative which disposes of the subject and clears the field of all competitors. Of intermediate works of this description there are, in the case of Lord

Beaconsfield, only three with which I am acquainted, pretending to the character of regular biographies, one by Mr. Thomas Macknight, published in 1854, one by Mr. T. P. O'Connor, published in 1878, and one, by much the best, by Mr. A. C. Ewald, published in 1883. Beside these, a very clever and appreciative study of Mr. Disraeli, by Mr. George Henry Francis, was republished in 1852 from Fraser's Magazine, while the public life of Lord Beaconsfield has been brought out more recently by Mr. Hitchman. A German study of Lord Beaconsfield by G. Brandes, of which a translation was published by Mr. Bentley in 1880, is, I believe, worth reading, and I am sorry that my attention was not called to it till it was too late to consult it for the purpose of the present volume. Of course, of the various pamphlets, memoirs, and quasi-biographical notices of Lord Beaconsfield which have appeared during the last forty years the name is legion, and to mive anything like a complete list of them on the present occasion would be impossible. The obituary notices of him which appeared in the principal daily papers contain much interesting matter, and the Standard notice was republished by Messrs. Macmillan in a small octavo volume. From the numerons volumes of political memoirs, diaries, and correspondence, of which the last few years have been so fertile. abundant particulars relating to both the public and private life of Lord Beaconsfield are to be collected, especially from the Greville Journals, the Memoirs of an Ex-Minister, by Lord Malmesbury, St. Petersburg and London, by Count Vitzthum, the Croker Papers, and the Lives of Lord Palmerston, Lord Melbourne,

## PREFATORY NOTE.

Lord Lyndhurst, Bishop Wilberforce, and Mr. Herries, which have all appeared within the last twenty years.

The first complete edition of Lord Beaconsfield's works down to that date, was published in 1853. Another, in ten volumes, appeared in 1857; and a second impression of it in 1870. The Hughenden edition of his tales and novels was published in 1881. A very useful and well-executed edition of the Letters of Runnymede, the Vindic ution of the British Constitution, and the Spirit of Whiggism, has also been published by Mr. Hitchman. And two volumes of speeches, edited by myself, with explanatory prefaces attached, were issued by Messrs. Longmans in 1881.

T. E. K.

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3. Every Man shall be entitled to be registered as a 7 oter, and, when registered, to vote for a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for a Borough, who is pullified as follows; that is to say:

- 1. Is of full age, and not subject to any legal Incapacity; and
- 2. Is on the last Day of July in any Year and has during the whole of the preceding *Two* Years been an Inhabitant Occupier, as Owner or Tenant, of any Dwelling House within the Borough; and
- 3. Has during the Time of such Occupation been rated in respect of the Premises so occupied by him within the Borough to all Rates (if any) made for the Relief of the Poor in respect of such Premises; and
- 4. Has before the *Twentieth Day of July* in the same Year paid all Poor Rates that have become payable by him in respect of the said Premises up to the preceding *Fifth Day of January*.

4. Every Man shall be entitled to be registered as a Voter, and, when registered, to vote for a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for a County, who is qualified as follows; that is to say:

- 1. Is of full Age, and not subject to any legal Incapacity; and
- 2. Is on the last Day of July in any Year and has during the *Twelve Months* immediately preceding been the Occupier, as Owner or Tenant, of Pre-

mises of any Tenure within the County of the rateable Value of *Fifteen Pounds* or upwards; and

- 3. Has during the Time of such Occupation been rated in respect to the Premises so occupied by him to all Rates (if any) made for the Relief of the Poor in respect of the said Premises; and
- 4. Has before the *Twentieth Day of July* in the same Year paid all Poor Rates that have become payable by him in respect of the said Premises up to the preceding *Fifth Day of January*.

5. Every Man shall be entitled to be registered, and, when registered, to vote at the Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for a County or Borough, who is of full Age, and not subject to any legal Incapacity, and is on the *last Day of July* in any Year and has during the Year immediately preceding been resident in such County or Borough, and is possessed of any One or more of the Qualifications following; that is to say:

- 1. Is, and has been during the Period of such Residence, a Graduate or Associate in Arts of any University of the United Kingdom; or a Male Person who has passed at any Senior Middle Class Examination of any University of the United Kingdom:
- 2. Is, and has been during the Period aforesaid, an ordained Priest or Deacon of the Church of England; or
- 3. Is, and has been during the Period aforesaid, a Minister of any other Religious Denomination appointed either alone or with not more than One Colleague to the Charge of any registered Chapel or Place of Worship, and is, and has been during such • Period, officiating as the Minister thereof; or
- 4. Is, and has been during the Period aforesaid, a Serjeant-at-Law or Barrister-at-Law in any of the Inns of Court in England, or a Certificated Pleader or Certificated Conveyancer; or
- 5. Is, and has been during the Period aforesaid, a Certificated Attorney or Solicitor or Proctor in England or Wales; or

- 6. Is, and has been during the Period aforesaid, a duly qualified Medical Practitioner registered under the Medical Act, 1858; or
- 7. Is, and has been during the Period aforesaid, a Schoolmaster holding a Certificate from the Committee of Her Majesty's Council on Education :

Provided that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as a Voter or to vote in respect of any of the Qualifications mentioned in this Section in more than one Place.

6. Every Man shall be entitled to be registered, and, when registered, to vote at the Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for a County or Borough, who is of full Age, and not subject to any legal Incapacity, and is on the *First Day of July* in any Year and has during the *Two Years* immediately preceding been resident in such County or Borough, and is possessed of any One or more of the Qualifications following; that is to say:

- 1. Has on the First Day of July in any Year, and has had during the Two Years immediately preceding, a Balance of not less than Fifty Pounds deposited in some Savings Bank in his own sole Name, and for his own Use; or
- 2. Holds on the First Day of July in any Year, and has held during the Two Years immediately preceding, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England or Ireland in his own sole Name and for his own Use any Parliamentary Stocks or Funds of the United Kingdom to the Amount of not less than Fifty Pounds; or
- 3. Has during the Twelve Months immediately preceding the Fifth Day of April in any Year been charged with a Sum of not less than Twenty Shillings in the whole of the Year for Assessed Taxes and Income Tax, or either of such Taxes, and has before the Twentieth Day of July in that Year paid all such Taxes due from him up to the preceding Fifth Day of January:

Provided, first, that every Person entitled to vote in respect of any of the Qualifications mentioned in this Section shall on or before the Twentieth Day of July in each Year claim to be registered as a Voter; secondly,

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that no Person shall be entitled to be registered as a Voter or to vote in respect of any of the Qualifications mentioned in this Section for more than One Place.

7. A Person registered as a Voter for a Borough by reason of his having been charged with and paid the requisite Amount of Assessed Taxes and Income Tax, or either of such Taxes, shall not by reason of being so registered lose any right to which he may be entitled (if otherwise duly qualified) to be registered as a Voter for the same Borough in respect of any Franchise involving Occupation of Premises and Payment of Rates, and when so registered in respect of such double Qualification he shall be entitled to give Two Votes for the Member, or (if there be more than One) for each Member to be returned to serve in Parliament for the said Borough.

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