$98^{\circ}$



## SELECTIONS

# EROX XIT: <br> Dhananjayarao Gadgil Library <br>  <br> GIPE-PUNE-000980 <br> <br> PAPERS OF LORD METCALHE; 

 <br> <br> PAPERS OF LORD METCALHE;}

LATE GOVBRNOR-GENERAL OF DIDLA, GOVERNOR OF JAMENGA, AND GOVBRANOR-GENEEAL OF CANADA.

EDITBD BX

## JOHN WILLIAM KAYE,

ADTHOL OF TEE " LIFE OP LORD MRTCATFE," "TEB HISTORY OF THB WAR IN apghanistan," \&c.

## LONDON:

NMITH, ELDER, AND CO., 65, CORNHILL. 3OMBAY: SMITH, TAYLOR, AND CO.
ubocoly.

$$
V 2, L, 8 y 7185
$$

A835-

$$
980
$$

## PREFACE.

I believe that, in offering the present volume to the public, I am rendering an acceptable service, not only to those who have been, who are, or who prospectively may be, connected with the affairs of our Indian and Colonial dependencies, but to all who have a common interest in good government and the administrative efficiency of the empire. But I am eapecially anxious that it should be regarded as nothing more than a fasciculus of Selections, for which the Editor alone is responsible, from the numerous public and private papers, left behind him by the late Lord Metcalfe. Bearing in mind that these papers are the growth of forty years of incessant official activity, the reader will not expect to find within the compass of a single volume more than certain specimens or illustrations, conveying, it is hoped, a just idea of the character of the writer's public life and the tenor of his opinions, buttonly a faint one of the extent of his activity and the magnitude of his labors.

I have divided the papers into three parts, illustrative of the three great epochs of Lord Metcalfe's career : firstly, his earlier official life in India before he became a member of the Supreme Government; secondly, the period during which he sate as a. member of that Government; and thirdly, the space of time embraced by his Jamaica and Canada administrations. Under each of these heads will be found a considerable number and variety of papers; indicating the writer's opinions on all, or
nearly all, the principal questions submitted to his consideration during the forty-five years of his public service. In this respect there is a completeness about the present collection which I believe would not have been much enhanced if the dimensions of the work had been greatly extended.

Except in one or two especial cases, when I have desired to place beside each other, two or more papers bearing on the same subject, perhaps illustrating some particular chapter of Metcalfe's career, the arrangement of the first and the third parts of the collection is strictly chronological, according to the date of composition. In the second part I have thought it more expedient to classify the Council Minutes-placing in separate sections the Military and Political, the Revenue and Judicial Papers; and so on. The first and third parts have more of autobiographical interest than the second, for they relate mainly to circumstances with which the writer was personally and actively concerned; but perhaps the second part, devoted to minutes written at a time when Sir Charles Metcalfe's duties, as a member of the Supreme Government, involved the consideration of the whole range of Indian Government; political and administrative, will be considered of the greatest abstract importance. It is, however, that which necessarily most imperfectly represents the extent of Sir Charles Metcalfe's literary activity. The work of a member of Council is emphatically pen-work, and the writer of these papers addressed himself earnestly to the consideration of almost every question that came before him.

With regard to the papers themselves a few words may be said. The selection of them has been influenced by various considerations. I can hardly hope that it is altogether such as Lord Metcalfe himself would have made, but I have endeavoured, to the utmost of my ability, to approximate to such a consummation. It has been my object to impart as much variety as possible to the collection. Some of the papers are historical; some disquisitional; some are given for the sake of the facts, others for the sake of the arguments they contain; some as illustrations of the character or career of the writer;
others for their abstract interest or importance. And it may be added, that whilst I have striven to make the intent and purport of the insertion of each letter, minute, or despatch especially appreciable by the reader of Lord Metcalfe's" "Life and Correspondence," it has been my endeavour, at the same time, $s 0$ to select and so to arrange the papers as to give to the present volume something of a biographical character, and thereby to render it in itself sufficiently intelligible to those who now for the first time make the acquaintance of the great and good man who wrote them.

To the accomplishment of this object I believed that the intrusion of many explanatory notes was not necessary. - The papers, for the most part, tell their own story. ' To have inserted much biographical matter would have been to repeat What I have written elsewhere; and to comment, either approvingly or disapprovingly, on Lord Metcalfe's opinionis, would have been clearly an impertinence. These opinions are published because they are his; and whether they are mine or not the majority of readers will not care to inquire.: It is hardly in the nature of things that any two men should concur wholly in opinion on so large a variety of subjects; but, where difference arises, there are few who will not mistrust their own judgment on finding that Metcalfe is their opponent. The reader, at all events, may in every case feel assured that the opinion expressed is the growth of much thought and much experience; that it comes honestly and earnestly, from the full heart; and that it has been maintained throughout a life distinguished by many great qualities, but by none so much as by its consistency.

In such a collection as this, altogether to have avoided the insertion of papers relating to circumstances almost forgotten, or to systems of government long since exploded, would have been impossible, if it would have been desirable. The vast changes which have taken place during the last half century, in the administrative principles and practices of the English in India, must necessarily impart something of an antiquarian character to such a volume as this But whilst, in a biogra-
phical point of view, it is interesting to trace the opinions of the writer, and to discern the extent to which he may have been instromental in evolving or hastening the changes of which I speak, there is much in those papers to be read with profit at the present time; and in others are contained lessons as pertinent to the present conjuncture of public affairs as though they had been written yesterday. There are, indeed, many weighty political truths inculcated in these writings of Lord Metcalfe, the disregard of which has been rife with national calamity, of which we are only now beginning to fathom the uttermost depths.

The papera in this collection have, with one or two exceptions, been printed from the original drafts in Lord Metcalfe's handwriting, and may therefore be relied upon as wholly and exclusively his own-a reliance not always to be placed in the published minutes and despatches of statesmen who have benefited largely by ministerial assistance at different epoohs of their career. Two or three of them have been printed, wholly or partly, before; but, with these trifling exceptione, the contents of the volume are now given to the public for the first time.

It should be added that the notes to which no initials are attached are wholly the Editor's. Lord Metcalfe's own are distinguished by the initials C.T. M.

J. W. KAYE.

[^0]
## CONTENTS.

## PART I.

## Earln 羽apers.

PLGE
Thr Poucy or Sir Grobgr Bariow ..... 1
Protection of Minor States ..... 3
Danger of Retrogression ..... 5
Abandonment of Gohad and Jyepore ..... 6
Impossibility of Isolation ..... 7
Evils of False Economy ..... 8
Inducements to Public Zeal ..... 9
Lord Wellesley's System ..... 11
The Mission to Rundeet Singer ..... 12
General Objects of the Mission ..... 13
General Results ..... 15
Runjeet's Proposals ..... 15
Proposed Engagement considered ..... 17
Character of Ranjeet Singh ..... 18
His Jealonsy of the Mission ..... 25
His Military Resources ..... 26
Strength of the Sikh Army ..... 30
Its Means of Support ..... 31
The Lesser Sikh Chiefs ..... 33
Tre Land Raveavue of Deleix ..... 34
Past Systems and Early Settlements ..... 35
Rights of the Village Zumeendars ..... 36
Proposed System ..... 41
Its probable Resalts ..... 43
Daty to the People ..... 47
Advantages of Moderate Assessments ..... 48
Cultivation of Waste Lands ..... 51
Stimulants to Exertion ..... 53
Judiclay Administration of Dribi ..... 54
Former state of Misrule ..... 55
True objects of Punishment ..... 57
Epidemic Crimes ..... 58
sagr
Opinions of Lord Hastings ..... 59
Deficiency of Record ..... 61
Prevention of Prison-breaking ..... 62
Equalisation of Punislment ..... 63

- General Results of Metcalfe's Administration ..... 65
Mintrary Depence of the Delif Terbitory ..... 66
Fortifications of Delhi ..... 66
Elements of Danger ..... 67
Advantages of Fortified Posts ..... 68
Fortifications of Loodiana ..... 71
Fortifications of Karnal and Hansee ..... 72
Fortifications of Delhi ..... 75
Depôts for Stores ..... 77
Fortresses in the Native States ..... 77
The Bombardment of Fortified Puaces ..... 79
The Disaster at Kalunga ..... 79
Disasters at Bhurtpore and Kumona ..... 81
Canses of Failure ..... 83
Evils of Excessive Confidence ..... 84
Contempt of our Enemies ..... 85
Uses of Heary Artillery ..... 86
Uses of Mortar Batteries ..... 87
Effects of Shalling ..... 88
Increased Skill of our Enemies ..... 89
Adymnistration of Hydrrabad ..... 91
Employment of European Officers ..... 98
Amount of Interference ..... 93
Hyderabad and Nagpore ..... 97
Letter to Mr. Martin ..... 99
Mr. Martin's Views. ..... 99
Letter to Mr. Swinton ..... 100
Village Settlements ..... 101
$\checkmark$ Mode of Settlement-Making ..... 103
Native Influence ..... 105
Inequality of Settlements ..... 106
Resuits of the First Settlements ..... 107
The Minister's Proposals ..... 109
The Finances of Hyderabad ..... 113
Character of Chundoo-Lall ..... 115
The Burmrese War ..... 116
Excitement in India ..... 116
The Effects of the Nepaul War ..... 117
Force Required ..... 119
Moral Effects ..... 181
Bhurtpore and Uxwor ..... 123
Question of Interference ..... 128
Obligation to the rightful Prince ..... 125
Usurpation of Doorjun Sanl ..... 127
Ulwur and Jyepore ..... 129
General Policy ..... 131

CONTENTS.
ix
Mahratta Politics ..... Pags ..... 138
Expected Death of Scindiah
Consequent Measures ..... 138
Tifb Connage of Ixdia ..... 135
Change of Inscription ..... 136
Advantages of Change ..... 139
Rulirs for Junior Civil Srevice ..... 140
Miscriuaneous Extracts from Pubicic Paperes ..... 143
Insecarity of our Position in India ..... 143
The Native Army ..... 144
Colonisation ..... 144
Results of the First Mahratta War ..... 145
Extension of Territory ..... 145
Impolicy of a War with Sind ..... 156
Difficulty of Dealing with Sindhians ..... 147
A War with Sind obnoxions to the Home Government ..... 148
Evils of Extension towards the Indus ..... 148
Miscellangous Extracts from Private Lemtrrs ..... 149
Regalar and Irregular Troops
149
149
"Lord Cornwallis's School ${ }^{3}$ ..... 150
Military Men in Civil Employ ..... 150
Reform of our System of Government ..... 150
Native Agency ..... 151
The Mutiny at Barrackpore ..... 152
Allowances of the Hyderabad Residency ..... 154
Irregular Horse ..... 155
Effects of the Siege of Bhurtpore ..... 157
Appointment to the Supreme Council ..... 157
Affairs of Rajpootana-Non-Interference, \&c. ..... 158
PART II.Indiam COouncil fflituutes.
Machinery of Indian Governmiret (Introdactory Paper) ..... 161
Precariousness of our Power ..... 162
Duty towards the Governed ..... 163
European Settlers ..... 164
King's and Company's Establishments ..... 165
Reduction of Taxation ..... 167
Administration of Justice ..... 169
Native Agency ..... 170
The King's and Company's Armies ..... 178
Question of their Amalgamation ..... 173
The Local Governments ..... 174
Seats of Government ..... 177
Drfence of our Indian Empirr ..... 178
Effects of Extonsion ..... 179
Distribution of the Military Force
PAES ..... 180
Our System of Government ..... 181
Temper of our Governors ..... 182
Necessity of an Efficient Army ..... 183
Causes of its Increase
Permanent Increase ..... 185 ..... 187
Power of the Native States ..... 189
Constitution op the Indian Abmy ..... 191
Opinions of Lord William Bentinct ..... 192
Sources of Danger ..... 193
Danger from Foreign Enemies ..... 194
Danger of Internal Revolt ..... 195
Danger of Increased Enlightenment ..... 197
The Native Army ..... 198
Officering of the Army ..... 199
Proposed Abolition of the Bombay Army ..... 201
Malay Troops
Irregular Corps ..... 203
Preparations for Invasion ..... 205
Best Means of Meeting Danger ..... 206
Distribution of the Indian Aricy ..... 207
Advantages of Concentration ..... 208
Local Protection and External Defence ..... 209
Insufficiency of our Army ..... 810
Survet of the Irdus ..... 811
Designs of Russia in the East ..... 213
Probable Line of Advance ..... 215
Evils of Interference beyond the Indus ..... 216
Jealousy of the Native Princes ..... 217
Coúmrraclal agercy at Caubul ..... 218
Inexpediency of its Establishment ..... 218
Sir Charles Mctcalfe's Foresight (Note) ..... 219
Afpatrs of Hidprabad ..... 220
Early Connexion with the Nizam ..... 281
Death of Meer Allom ..... 283
Reign of Chundoo Iall ..... 224
His Extortions ..... 225
Earopean Superintendence ..... 227
$\checkmark$ Revenue Reforms ..... 229
$\checkmark$ Fillage Settlements ..... 230
Their Results ..... 231
Cost of our Interference ..... 235
Intrerprimence and Non-Intrbparkences ..... 237
Duty towards the Native States ..... 238
Arguments against Interference ..... 241
Rules for our Guidance ..... 243
Russia and Persia ..... 845
Inexpediency of Interference ..... 846
The Persian Mission ..... 247
Indiar Land Rrveryut
PAEX ..... 249Definition of Land Revenue
849
Field Assessments and Village Commumities ..... 851
Proprietary Tenures ..... 853
The Prietary Tenares ..... 253
Propribtary Rights ..... 855
Question of Ownership of the Soil ..... 256
Amount of Assessment ..... 257
Ryutwer Rights ..... 258
Different Descriptions of Ryuts ..... 259
Regulation-Proprietors ..... 260
Revenue Surveys ..... 262
Lome Lirases ..... 264
Assessment of Land yielding vataable Produce ..... 266
Jubisdichor of tar Crown Courts ..... 269
Necessity of a Controlling Power ..... 271
Evils of conflicting Authority ..... 278
Uncertainty of the Law ..... 273
Constractive Jurisdiction ..... 275
Usurpations of Authority ..... 277
Liability of Eoropeans ..... 281
Non-Liability of Natives ..... 283
Proposed Amalgamation of the Suddur and Supreme Courts ..... 285
Mative Judges ..... 287
Principal Suddur Aumeens ..... 287
Qualification for Minor Judgeships ..... 289
Abolition of thb Proviscial Couers ..... 290
District Judges ..... 291
Suddur Court in North-West Provinces ..... 292
Usi of Enguish Langeuage if Courms of Jusinge ..... 293
Miscrllanfrous-Ofyicrbing of this Impiat Amity ..... 295
Want of Officers ..... 296
Officers on Staff Employ ..... 297
Systems proposed ..... 298
Benefits of proposed System ..... 299
Acceleration of Promotion ..... 301
Regimental Allowances ..... 303
Boon to the Army ..... 304
"Nuzzurasa"-Tax on Succrsstos ..... 305
Aliemations of Revemue ..... 307
Proposed Measures ..... 310
 ..... 311
Freedom of the Press ..... 318
Thes Govbrasor-Generbal ard his Counche ..... 313
Nomination of Vice-Presidents ..... 314
Powers of the Governor-General ..... 315
The Sapreme Council ..... 316
Departmental Duties ..... 317
Rigit of Adopition ..... 318
Hindoo and Mahomedan Law ..... 319
PART III.
Coloníal 国espatcters.
On the Condition of thes Island of Jamarca ..... PAGB
Emancipation of the Slaves ..... 322
Masters and Laborers-Rent and Wages ..... 323
Laborers' Settlements ..... 324
Influence of the Baptist Missionaries ..... 325
The Stipendiary Magistrates ..... 327
Onf the Socinl Conditiox of this Propis ..... 329
The Governor's Tour ..... 329
Deterioration of Property ..... 330
Want of Labor ..... 331
Labor and Rent ..... 332
Laborers' Settiements ..... 335
Influence of the Baptist Missionaries ..... 337
State of Property ..... 338
Want of Labor-The Emigration Question ..... 340
Thriving Conditon of the Peasantry ..... 342
Evils of Party Spirit ..... 345
The Labor Qubstion ..... 348
Independence of the Laborer ..... 348
Progress of Reconciliation ..... 349
Wages and Rent ..... 350
Feeling towards the Mother Country ..... 351
The Stipendinat Magistrates ..... 358
Expediency of their gradual Absorption ..... 353
Effects of their Appointment ..... 354
Spirit of the Laboring Population ..... 355
Effects of a gradual Reduction of Magistrates ..... 358
The Govrrnor's Salary ..... 359
Its Amount ..... 359
Expediency of Consolidation and Abolition of Fees ..... 360
Reporys of thie Judicial System ..... 364
Vice-Chancellor and Assistant Judges ..... 364
Chairman of Quarter Sessions ..... 365
The Jamaica Bar ..... 366
Advantages of Conctiration ..... 367
Inexpediency of disallowing Local Acts ..... 368
Evils of a Rupture ..... 369
Improved Public Feeling ..... 371
Imperial Interference ..... 378
Constitution of the Locai Govermanary ..... 373
The Council ..... 373
The House of Assembly ..... 375
The Constituency ..... 376

CONTENTS:
xiii
PAGS
Government Success in Upper Canada
Government Success in Upper Canada ..... 443
Triomph of the Conservative Party ..... 445
On the Difyiculity of Forming and Adymismation ..... 446
Want of a Solicitor-General for Lower Canada ..... 447
Contemplated Resignation ..... 448
Stath of Partitirs in 1845 ..... 449
The Franch-Canadian Party ..... 450
Influence of the Roman Catholic Clergy ..... 453
The Opposition Party in Upper Canada ..... 454
The Supporters of Government ..... 455
The Irish Roman Catholies ..... 457
Want of Inducements to Pablic Iife ..... 459
The Legislative Assembly ..... 460
Evils of Party-distractions ..... 461
Resigration of this Gofermor-Gengral ..... 463
Arswise to Addresses ..... 465
To the Town of Niagara ..... 465
To the Township of Scarborough ..... 466
To the Ottawa District ..... 469
To the Brock District, Canada Weat ..... 470
Apprndix ..... 473
Grossari ..... 477

## ERRATA.

Pages 41 and 42, for " bautch," read "bautek."
Page 54, line 7 (introductory note), for "term of his sentence," read "term of the sentence."
Page 385, line 3 (introductory note), for "under his command," read " onder his charge."

## ABSTRACT OF LORD METCALFE'S OFFICLAL CAREER.

> [The annexed List of the different Offices held by Lord Metcalfe, and the dates of his appointment to them, may be wefeful to the reader, as indicating the position which he occupied, at different periods, when he wrote the following papers, and in some degree the circumstances under which they were composed.]
> Assistant to the Resident at Scindiah's Court . . . . Dec. 31, 1801.
> Assistant in the Chief Secretary's Office . . . . . . Oct. 4, 1802.
> Assistant in the Governor-General's Office (partly in detached employ with the Commander-in-Chief) . . . . April 3, 1803.
> Employed under the Commander-in-Chief on the abolition of the Governor-General's Office . . . . . . . -, 1806.
> First Assistant to the Resident at Delhi . . . . . . Aug. 15, 1806.
> Envoy to Lahore . . . . . . . . . . . . . Aug. 29, 1808.
> Deputy-Secretary with the Governor-General . . . July 15, 1809.
> Acting-Resident at Scindiah's Court . . . . . . . May 15, 1810.
> Resident at Delhi . . . . . . . . . . . . . Feb. 25, 1811.
> Political and Private Secretary . . . . . . . . . Jan. 29, 1819.
> Resident at Hyderabad . . . . . . . . . . . . Dec. 26, 1820.
> Resident and Civil Commissioner at Delhi, and Agent to the Governor-General in Rajpootana . . . . . . Ang. 26, 1825.
> Mexnber of the Sapreme Counail of India . . . . . Aug. 24, 1827.
> Governor-General of India . . . . . . . . . . March 20, 1835.
> Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces . April 13, 1836.
> Retired from the service of the East India Company . . Feb. 21, 1838.
> Governor of Jamaica (sworn in) . . . . . . . . Sept. 86, 1839:
> Governor-General of Canada (sworn in) . . . . . . March $30 ; 1848$.

Born Jamuary 30, 1785. Died September 5, 1846.

## APPENDIX.

[The annexed Address, whioh I find in Lord Metcalfe's handwriting, and which was written for newspaper publication, embodies in a few sentences his views on some of the vexed questions of English politics. I do not know Whether it appeared in print. But the same opinions were expressed, at greater length, in a pamphlet written by Metcalfe, under the title of "Advice to Conservatives."]

## FRIENDLY ADVICE TO THE WORKING CLASSES.

Friends and Fellow-Countrymen,-I entreat your attention to some friendly advice from one who, has your welfare at heart, and regards no interest in comparison with the interest of the country of which you form so large a portion.

You seek to better your condition-a natural and laudable object. With that view you claim rights which you have not hitherto possessed. This, also, is perfectly natural and unobjectionable, and in time your desire will be realised. But you listen to men, and adopt them as your leaders, who incite you to violence and rebellion against the laws-a course which, whatever might be the immediate result, would inevitably mar your prospects, and destroy all chance of success.

The effect of violent resistance to the laws must be one of the following results: Either you would be easily subdued, which would cast ridicule on your proceedings and stifle your pretensions, or you would be subdued with difficulty, and after
much bloodshed and all the horrors of civil war, which would crush all your hopes for a long period. Or you would succeed and overthrow the Government, the consequences of which would be, first, anarchy, and next, despotism, by which, instead of gaining your object, you would be reduced to disgraceful slavery.

Violence on your part, or the appearance of an intention of violence, must rouse against you all the feelings, good and bad, of those classes in whose privileges you seek participation. That they are tenacious of those privileges is no matter for wonder. It is as natural as that you should desire to participate in them. There is, therefore, a predisposition to question your assumed right; and if you attempt violence you will be sure to find resistance. The same blood runs in their veins as in yours, and the more you display a disposition to violence, the more you will rouse opposition.

Another point for your consideration is, whether those things which you professedly seek are worth committing violence for; that is, whether their natural consequences are such as in the end, supposing them to be attainable, would justify violence as the means, if violence could anyhow be justified. As I am fearful of encroaching too much on the space that can be afforded in the columns of a newspaper, I defer for another letter what I would say as to the probable consequences of the measures which you desire to establish; but, before I conclude, I must advert to one circumstance, which, in whatever view it may be taken, shows the utter unfitness of some of those whom you have accepted as your leaders to guide you in a right path to the attainment of your wishes.

More than one of them are described as endeavouring to excite your passions by pretending, or representing, that the Government has in contemplation, or is likely to patronise, a plan for putting to death all the children born henceforth of poor persons beyond two or three in a family. If these persons really believed that such a plan could possibly be conceived or
supported by any Government that could be established in our country, they must be credulous in such a degree as to render them totally incapable, from want of judgment, of giving you good advice. If they used such a method of exciting you to rage and outrage without beliering that such a monstrous design was probable, no words can be sufficiently severe to characterise the wickedness of such conduct. They must, in this case, be totally unworthy of your attention, from their diabolical malignity.

You aim, I presume, at a modification of the Poor Laws, and there is no reason to despair of the accomplishment of that purpose. The perfection of Poor Laws would be to give the most effectual relief without unnecessary hardship to the destitute, and to afford at the same time the greatest encouragement to industry and exertion, and no encouragement to idleness. To make any human institution perfect is difficult and scarcely possible. Whatever there may be of unnecessary hardship in the Poor Laws will, you may be sure, be amended; but this may be prevented by violence on your part, which will strengthen those who are opposed to any alteration.

You desire, no doubt, the abolition of the Corn Laws; and those laws, which are contrary to all right principle, must be speedily abolished, without any violence.

You call for the Ballot. This also, being calculated to promote the independence of voters, is right and reasonable, and must soon come. Violence will only retard it.

You long for Universal Suffrage. This also is a right which must be acknowledged, whenever it can be exercised with benefit to the national interests. It is in a fair train of accomplishment, notwithstanding the opposition not only of those who are falsely called Conservatives, but of many also who on other questions have been Reformers

I reserve what I have further to say on these and other subjects for another opportunity. In the mean time, let me exhort you to proceed with temper and moderation. I do not
ask you to desist from any of your projects; but pursue them without violence. Let your motto be, "Patience and perseverance; order and obedience to the laws." In this manner you are likely to obtain all that you desire, without anarchy and its consequence, despotism; without revolution, without bloodshed. The only certain result of violence is, that whatever may be the issue, you must fail of obtaining the oljects for which you are exerting yourselves.

## GLOSSARY OF INDIAN TERMS.

[The technical Eastern terms, often used so frequently in Indian official papers, are but sparingly scattered over Lord Metcalfe's writings; and the few which he has employed are for the most part explained; but the following definitions, for which I am chiefly indebted to Professor Wilson's excellent Vocabulary, may be of use to the European reader.]

Bauteh-Division of the crops between the caltivator and the landlord, or Government.

Bajra-A description of grain resembling the millet.
Desmooke-Hereditary officers under the NativeAdministrations, exercising chief police and revenue anthority over a district, responsible for the payment of the latter; holding vertain rent-free lands, and receiving certain fees as the remuneration of the office.

Despandeeas-Hereditary revenue accountants, paid by certain grants of land.

Dustukana-Fees paid to the officer who issues a writ or serves a wartant.
Jaidee (Jaidad)-The system of assigning the revenues of certain lands for the payment of troops, \&c.

Maliks-Landed proprietors, or cultivators having an hereditary right in the land.

Mokwddums-Head men of the village corporations.
Moonsiff-The lowest grade of Native Judges.
Nuzzurama-Fees or fines paid on assignments of revenue or succession to lands or offices.

Patels-Head men of native villages.
Putwarrees-Coparceners, or sharelolders in village estates.
Peishkwsh-Tribute money; quit-rent in lien of fixed revenue. Talulara-Fees paid to revenue agents.

Merch 1855.
A CATALOGUE
of

## NEW AND STANDARD WORKS,

Pusurate my

SMITH, ELDER AND CO., 65, CORNHILL, LONDON.

## \%

MILITARY FORCES AND INSTITUTIONS OF GREAT BRITAIN. Their Constitution, Administration, and Government, Military and Civil. By H. Byerley Thomson, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, Author of "The Laws of War Affecting Commerce and Shipping." 8vo. Price 15s. cloth.
THE FIBROUS PLANTS OF INDIA FITTED FOR CORDAGE, CLOTHING, AND PAPER. By Dr. J. Forbes Royle. 8vo. Price 12 s . cloth. III.

GRACE LEE. By Jolia Kavanagh, Author of "Women of Christianity," "Nathalie," "Daisy Burns," \&c. Three Volumes, post 8vo. Price 3is 6 d . cloth. 1v.
THORNEY HALL : A Story of an Old Family. By Holme Lee, Author of "Maude Talbot." Small post 8 vo . Price 6 s . cloth.
v.

SERMONS. By the late Rev. Fred. W. Robertson, A.M., Incumbent of Trinity Chapel, Brighton. Post_8vo.
vi.

TRAVELS AND ADVENTURES IN ASSAM. By Capt. John Butler. One Volume 8vo, with Plates. vir.
-THE BOMBAY QUARTERLY REVIEW. No. I. Price 5 .

##  <br> x.

FOUR YEARS AT THE COURT OF HENRY VIII. : Being a Selection of the Despatches of Sebastian Grustinian, Venetian Ambassador, 1515-1519. Translated by Rawdon Brown. Two Volumes, crown 8vo. Price One Guinea, cloth.
${ }^{4}$ These letters throw considerable light upon the customs and feelinge, the ambitions and intrigues, which prevailed in civilized Europe at the beginning of the sixteenth century. Apart from their historical value; these two volumes will be interesting to those who seek only a casual amusement. There is a full account of the person and demeanour of the French and English Kings, the feativities and splenäour of their respective courts, the tidings in Chepe, the maskings and jousts at Greenwich and Richmond, the mass at St. Paul's, the hanginga and quarterings at the city gates, and the entertainment to the king on board the Venetinn galleys. In the execution of the work, great care and learning are displayed by the translator."-Times.
"These volumes contain genuine matter full of intereat, and most valuabie information, selected from a new store with nat a little tact. The letters throughout are carefully and pleasantly elucidated by the notes of the translator, to whom the greateat praise and thanks are due. A more attractive book altogether it would bo very difficult to imagine."-Examiner.
"A work valuable alike to the antiquary and the historian; as full of anecdotes as a biography, and as amusing as a novel."-Economisf.
" Nowhere is there contained so minute a picture of the English court from 2515 to 1519, and so exact an account of the European intrigues and alliances of that time, an are comprised in this correspondence."-Press.
" These volumes are delightful reading."-Lader.

## II.

A MANUAL OF THE MERCANTILE LAW OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND. By Leone Livil, Esq., Author of "Commercial Law of the World." 8vo." Price 12s. cloth.
"Sound, clear and practical. The topica are, international commerce, restraintu on trade, patente, copyright, joint-stock and banking companies, partnerahip, bills of exchange, and limited liability. It consista chiefly of a statement, in popular langiage, of the objectes and effects of the law as it stands, upon transactions of commerce and trade, in the largest sense of the term. Its contents are strictly those of a manual, a hand-book for law chambers, offices, and counting-housea; requisite in most of such places; and superfluous in none."-Athenewm.

- We recommend to all merchanti and tradesmen, and to all who are studying great questions of social reform, this Manual of Mercantile Law. Mr. Levi is a firstrate authority, and in this book he states, clearly and briefly, what all the legal rules are that govern mercantile proceedingh- Ip simplicity and fiithfulness make it an extremely verviceable book,"一Examiner.
"Mr. Levi's treatment of the subject is able, lucid, and conciso. The work is replete with valuable information, admirably arranged, and no counting-house library will be complete which does not posses a copy of it."-Moruing Chronich.
"We have been struck with the comprehensivenew, clearnen, and accuracy of the work."-Glabe.
"An admirable work of its kind, and for those for whowe use it was enpecialls. written."-Lavo Times.
"An excellent manual of mercantile law."-mimes.


## Nem Mrarts.

111. 

- THE BHILSA TOPES; or, Buddhist Monuments of Central India. By Major Cunningham. OueVolume, 8 vo ; with Thirty-three Plates, price 30 s . cloth.
4 Of the Topes opened in varions parts of India, none have gielded so sich a harvert of important information at these of Bhilso, opened by Major Conniggham and Lient. Maisey; and which are described, with an abandance of highly curions graphic illustrations, in this mont interesting book."-Eterminer.
a The work of Major Cunningham connains mach that is original, and preserves the results of very important investigations. The variety of representations in bat-reliefis is unasoally large. Not only are religions and military pageants, ceremonies, and hattics, depicted, but domestic acenea of a highly interesting chancter."-Arbemexim.


## 17.

SCHOOL EXPERIENCES OF A FAG AT A PUBLIC and private school. By George Melly. Post 8 vo . Price 75. cloth.
« This in a spirited sketch of the Author's impresions of Harby, or life at a Pablic School, as seen from the point of view of a pablic Schoolman. As giving a vivid and striking pictare of the brighoer ide of Pablic School life-the side it presentis to a boy blewed with good spirits and savair faire-the volume before un is well worthy of public atrention. To those who have no personal knowledge of the scencs it describes, it will give a more lively and far more correct imprenion of the Stody and the Playground, than they are likely to receive from most books on eimilar topics, To ald Harbeans the perusil of this volume will be like a visit to the scenes of their boyhood. The interest of the book in kept up to the end, ontil the Fag bikes leave of Harby, and we of him, and boch with regret."-Erommint.
"There is spirit, homour, and good feeling in the narrative."-Saculard.
ic This volume will be read with infinite relish : it in a capital description of School Life."—Sundg Thers.

## v.

THE RUSSO-TURKISH CAMPAIGNS of 1828-9: With an account of the present state of ahe Eastern Question. By Col. Chrsney, R.A., D.C.L., F.R.S., Third Edition. Post 8vo, with Maps. Price 12s. cloth.
"Colonel Chesney sapplias ws with foll information respecting this important period of European Fistory, and with an accorate description, from a military point of view, of the countries which form, at present, the theatre of war."- Esserfiner.
"Colonel Chemery's work is one of great intersert, and is the best mitizary accoont of thene campaigneshat we have."-Deily News.

> VI.

THE ENGLISH IN WESTERN INDIA; being the Early History of the Factory at Surat, of Bombay, \&c. By Philip Anderson, A.M. 8vo, 6s. cloth.
"Nuaint, curions, and amoning, thin volume describes, from old mannscriptes and obecure books, the life of English merchants in an Indian factors. It contrias fresh and amuing goctip, all bearing on events and characters of bistorical importance."Ahearwe.
"A book of permanent value."-Guardim.

## Nem rearks.

vir.
the Laws of war. affecting Commerce and Shipping: By H. Byerley Thomson, Esq., B.A., Barrister at Law. Second Edition, greatly enlarged. 8vo. Price 4s. 6d., boards.
" Mr. Thomson treats of the immediate effects of war; of enemies and hostile property; of prizes and privateers; of licenses, ransom, recapture, and salvage; of neutrality, contraband of war, blockade, right of search, armed neutralities, \&re., \&t. Such books as this are essentially necessary to tell us what the laws of nations were, and what they are likely to become; and merchants will find Mr. Thomson's boot * great help. It is a well-timed and appropriate publication."-Ecomamist.

## VIII.

A MANUAL OF PRACTICAL THERAPEUTICS; Considered chiefly with reference to Articles of the Materia Medica. By Edward John Waring, M.R.C.S., H.E.I.C.S. One thick Volume, Foolscap 8vo. (755 pp.) Price 12s. 6 d , cloth.
"Mr. Waring's Manual presento in a concise form the information which the medical man requires in order to guide him in prescribing the most suitable remedies; and it will, we think, obtain favour with the medical public, for the extent and usefulnesm of in information, as well as from its filling a gap which has been felt by many."-Lanct.
"A very useful work, giving, as briefly as poxible, the opinions of the standard English writers, on the Therapeutic emplogment of each articie of the "Materia Medica.'" Medico-Cbirurgical Reviso.

## IX.

MODERN GERMAN MUSIC. By Henry F. Chorlex, Esq. Two Volumes, post 8vo. Price 21 s.
"Mr. Chorley in a tourise with a purpose; he tenvela as a pilgrim to the shrinea and dwelling places of the art which he loves, and on which he here expatiztes. He takes with him a power of appreciating all that in noble in art and worthy in the arcint: but his Hero is Mendelesohn, with whom he lived on terms of intimate knowiedge."-Atbenawm.
$x$.
DOINE; or, the National Songs and Legends of Roumania. Translated from the Originals, with an Introduction, and Specimens of the Music. By E. C. Grenville Murray, Esq. One Volume, crown 8vo. Price 7s. 6d. cloth; or gs. cloth gilt.
"The Doine are national songe of Roumanin, which have been collected in Wallachia, and are now offered to the public in an elegant Eaglish dress. They are extremely pretty and characteristic; and no one can glance at them without feeling a deep interest in a people who can feel so tenderly and nobly. The volume is tastefully executed."-Atheneww.

X1.
POEMS : By William Bell Scott. Fcap.' 8vo, with Three Plates. Price 5s, cloth.
" Mr. Scott hat poetical feeling, keen obecrvation, deep thought, and a command of language." -Sputater.
"Poems by a Painter, ntamped with the impress of a masculine and vigorows intellect."-Gmardian.

## New dallorks. <br> XII.

BALDER. A Poem. By the Author of "The Roman." Second Edition, with Preface by the Author. One Volume, crown 8 vo , price 7s. 6d. cloth.
"Balder is the type of intellect enwrapt in itwelf, and locing sight of all other things either in earth or heaven; he is aspiration without labour, philosophy without faith. We can believe the book to be written as a warning of the terrible issues to which ungoverned ambition and a selfish pride can conduct the most brilliant qualities which are merely intellectual. Genius is unmistakeably present in every page of thisstrange book."-Fraser's Magazine.
XIII.

THE INSURRECTION IN CHINA. By Dr. YVAN and M. CALLERY. With a Supplementary Account of the Most Recent Events. By John Oxenford. Tbird Edition, Enlarged. Post 8vo, with Chinese Map and Portrait, 75. 6d., cloth.
"A curious book, giving a lucid acconnt of the origin and progress of the civil war now raging in China, bringing it down to the present day."-Blackwood's Magasive.
"The book can scarcely fail to find a curious and interested public."-Asbenaram.
"An interesting publication, full of curious and valuable matter." - Exawiser.

## xiv.

THE CROSS AND THE DRAGON; or, The Fortunes of Christianity in China; with notices of the Secret Societies of the Chinese. By J. Kesson. One Volume, post 8 vo , price 6 s . cloth
"A painstaking and conscientious book.".-Spectater.
"A very readable outline of the subject"-Athencum. xv.

MEMORANDUMS MADE IN IRELAND. By Sir John Forbes, M.D., Author of "The Physician's Holiday." Two Vols., Post 8vo, with Illustrations, price 1l., 1s. cloth.
"The book is excelient, and, like all the writings of its autbor, pointe to a good purpoce. It is honest, thoughtiul, liberal, and kindly. By readers of all gradea Dr. Forber'a volumes will be read with pleagure."-Examiner.
"A complete handbook of the sinter island." - New Quareerly Revirw.
XVI.

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY. Two Essays which obtained the Prizes offered by Lady Noel Byron. By Micaiah Hill and C. F. Cornwallis. One Volume, post 8 vo , price 6 s . cloth.
"This volume is the best existing manual of the subject. The first Esay may be said to compase the whole round of the subject, with its statistica presenting a manusl of the atanding facti and arguments. The other is remarkable for a vigorous portraiture of the general causes of juvenile delinquency; and it has a novelty and force which throw a new light upon the subject."-Spectater.

## CRHorks of \{itr. Mustin.

## I:

## LECTURES on ARCHITECTURE AND PAINTING.

 With 15 Plates. Crown 8vo, price 8s. 6d. cloth." Mr. Ruskin's Lectures are eloquent, graphic, and impassioned; exposing and ridiculing some of the vices of our present system of building, and exciting his hearers by strong motives of duty and pleasure to attend to architectore. His style is terse, vigorous; and sparkling, and his book is both animpated and attractive."-Economist.
"We conceive it to be-imposaible that any intelligent persons could listen to the lectures, however they might differ from the judgments asserted and from the general propositions laid down, without an clevating influence and an aroused enthusiasm."-Spertator.
11.

THE STONES OF VENICE. Now complete, in Three Volumes imperial 8vo, with 53 Steel Plates, and numerous Woodcuts. Price 51.15 s .6 d . cloth.

Eacb Volume may be bad meparately, wix.-
Voz. I.-THE FOUNDATIONS, with 21 Plates. Price 21. 24.
Vor. II.-THE SEA STORIES, with 20 Platea. Price 2/. 25. Voz. III.-THE FALL, with 12 Plates. Price 1f. 115.6 .
${ }^{4}$ This book is one which, perhaps, no other man could have written, and one for which the world ought to be and will be thankful. It is in the higheat degree eloquent, acute, atimulating to thought, and fertile in suggestion. It ahowa a power of practical criticism which, when fired on ia definite object, nothing absurd or evil can withatand ; and a power of appreciation which hat restored treasures of beauty to mankind. It will, we are convinced, elevate taste and intellect, mise the tone of moral feeling, kindle benevolence towards men, and increase the love and fear of God."-Times.
"The 'Stones of Venice' is the production of an earnest, religious, progressive, and informed mind. The author of this essay on architecture has condensed into it a poetic apprehension, the fruit of awe of God and delight in nature; a knowledge, love, and just estimate of art ; a holding fast to fact and repudiation of hearsay; an historic breadth, and a fearless challenge of existing cocial probleme; whose union we know not where to find paralleled."-Spectafor.

## 118.

EXAMPLES of the ARCHITECTURE of VENICE, Selected and Drawn to Measurement from the Edifices, In Parts of Folio Imperial size, each containing Five Plates, and a short Explanatory Text, price 1l. 1s. each. Parts One to Three are Published. Fifty India Proofs only are taken on Atlas Folio, price 2l. 2s. each Part.
IV.

ON THE NATURE OF GOTHIC ARCHITECTURE, AND THE TRUE FUNCTIONS OF THE WORKMAN IN ART. (Reprinted from Chapter 6, Vol. 2, of "The Stones of Venice.") Price 6a. stitched.

## dedorks of $\mathfrak{G l t}$. IRuskin.

## V.

MODERN PAINTERS. Imperial 8vo. Vol. I. Fifth Edition, 18 s . cloth. Vol. II. Tbird Edition, Ios. $6 d$. cloth.
*Mr. Ruskin"t work will send the painter more than ever to the study of nature; will train men who have always been delighted opectators of nature, to be also attencive observers. Our critics will learn to admire, and mere admirers will learn how to criticise: thus a public will be educated. "-Bleckwood's Magassime.
"A very extraordinary and delightful book, full of truth and goodneas, of power and beauty."-North British Reviewp.
"One of the mast remarkable works on art which hat appeared in our time,"Ediaburgb Reviewo.

The Third Volume is in preparation.

## VI.

THE SEVEN LAMPS OF ARCHITECTURE. With Fourteen Etchings by the Author. Imp. 8vo, il. 1s. cloth.
"By the "Seven Lampo of Architecture" we understand Mr. Ruskin to mean the seven fundamental and cardinal laws, the observance of and obedience to which are indispensable to the architect who would deserve the ntme. The politician, the moralist, the divine, will find in it ample store of instructive matter, as well as the artist ${ }^{n-2}$ Syaniner.

## VII.

THE OPENING OF THE CRYSTAL PALACE : Considered in some of its relations to the Prospects of Art. 8vo. Price is. sewed.
"An earnest and eloquent appeal for the preservation of the ancient monuments of Gothic architecture."-English Churckmen.

## VIII.

PRE-RAPHAELITISM. 8vo., 2s. sewed.
*We wish that this pamphlet might be largely read by our art-patrons, and studied by our art-critics. "There is much to becollected from it which is very important to remember."-Gmardian.

## IX.

THE KING OF THE GOLDEN RIVER; OR, THE Black Brothers. With 22 Illustrations by Richard Doyle. 2s. $6 d$.
"This litele fairy tale is by a master hand. The story has a charming moral, and the writing ia 80 excellent, that it would be hard to say which it will give moat pleasure to, the very wise man or the very simple child."-Examiner.

## x.

NOTES ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF SHEEPFOLDS. 8vo., is.

## 

## I.

THE ROSE AND THE RING; Or, the History of Prince Giglio and Prince Bulbo. By Mr. M. A. Titmarsh. With 58 Cuts drawn by the Author. 3rd Edit. Price 5 s.
${ }^{4}$ Let all seekers after the wittiest and most wonderful extravagance-all lovern of uncompromising holiday fun, rejoice over the Christmas book furninhed this year by Mr. Thackeray. It is a moot humorous and pleasant little book, and illustrated by the author with.a profusion of comical pictures, which nobody could have done to well."一Examiner.
"We have not met with mogood a Fairy Tale tince Mr. Ruskin's ; that was meriously, this is comically, poetical, with no lack of quiet satire. It is a mont sensible piece of nonsense-a thoroughly light-hearted and lively Christmas book for boys and girlh, old and young."-Atboncus.
"A book of broad fun, with here and there sly strokes of satire. The wisdom that breathes from its pages in the wisdom that sounda in a hearty laugh."-Spectator.
II.

LECTURES ON THE ENGLISH HUMOURISTS OF THE 18th CENTURY. By W. M. Thackeray, Esq., Author of "Vanity Fair," "The Newcomes," \&c. Second Edition Crown 8 vo , price 1os. 6 d ., cloth.
"To those who attended the lectures, the book will be a pleasant reminiscence, to othera an exciung novelty. The atyle-clear, idiomatic, forcible, faniliar, but aever uloventy; the acarching atrokea of sarcum or irony; the occasional fasthes of generous scorn; the touches of pathoe, pity; and tenderness; the morality tempered but never weakened by experience and aympachy; the felicitous phrased, the striking anecdoten, the pamages of wise, practical reflection; all these lose much less than we couid have expected from the absence of the voice, manner, and look of the lectures."-Spectater.
"What fine things the lecturea concain! What eloquent and auble sayinge, what wise and carnest writing! How delightful are their turns of humour; with what a touching effect, in the graver pamagea, the genuine feeling of the man comes out ; and how vividly the thoughtu are painted, ts it were, in graphic and characteritic worda." -Examiner

## III.

ESMOND. By W. M. Thackrray, Esq. Second Edition, 3 Vols., crown 8 vo , reduced to 155 . cloth.
"Mr. Thackeray has selected for his hero a very noble type of the cavalier softening into the man of the eighteenth century, and for his heroine one of the sweetert women that ever breathed from cenvas or from book, since Raffelle painted and Shakepeare wrote. The atyle is manly, clear, terse, and vigoroun, reflecting every mood-pathetic, grave, or sarcastic-of the writer."-Spactator.
"In quiet richnes, " Rsmond' mainly resembles the old writen; as it does also in weight of thought, dincerity of purpose, and poetry of the heart and brain."一Frastr's Magatine. IV.

THE KICKLEBURYS ON THE RHINE. By Mr. M. A. Titmarsh. With 15 Cuts. Third Edition. Price 5s. plain, and 7s: 6d. coloured.

A PORTRAIT OF W. M. THACKERAY, Esq. Engraved by Francis, Holl, from a Drawing by Samuel Laurence. India Proofs, 2l. 2s.; Prints, $1 l_{\text {. }}$ Is.


## fint Gamante's dfitions.

I.

## NANETTE AND HER LOVERS. By Talbot

 Gwynne, Author of "The School for Fathers," "Silas Barnstarke," \&c. One Vol. crown 8vo, reduced to 5s. cloth."We do not remember to have met with so perfect a work of literary art as 'Nanette' for many a long day; or one in which every character is so choroughly worked out in co short a space, and the interest concentrated with so much effect and truthfulness."-Britanaia.
"It would be dificult to suppose a more pleasing sketch, ore more intercsing heroine than Nanette."- Sun.
"In Nanette's simple frith, affectionate nature, and honert, earnest conduct, there is a very ariking and pleaning delineation of character."-Literary Gasetre.

## II.

THE LIFE AND DEATH OF SILAS BARNSTARKE. By. Talbot Gwynne. One Volume, crown 8vo., reduced to 5 s. cloth.
"The gradual growth of the un of covetoumess, its temporary disturbance by the admixture of a softer pasion, and the panga of remorse, are portrayed with bigh dramatic effect, resembling in some scenca the "gigantic majenty of ancient Tragedy." 7fobn Bull.
"A story possessing an interest so tenacions that no one who'commences it will exily leave the perual unfinished."-Stendard.
"A book of bigh aim and unquestionable power."-Esaminer.

## III.

THE SCHOOL FOR FATHERS; An Old English Story. By T. Gwynne. Crown 8vo. Reduced to 5s. cloth.
"The pleamanteat tale we have read for many a day. It is a story of the Tatlor and Spectetor days, and is very fitly amociated with that time of good Englinh literature by itis manly feeling, direct, unaffected manner of writing, and nicely managed, wellturned narrative. The descriptiona are excellent; some of the country painting is as freah as a landecape by Constrible, or an idyl by Alfred Tennyson.:- Expeminer.
" 'The School far Fachern' is at once highly amuaing and deeply interesting-full of that genuine humour, which is half pathos-and written with a freshness of feeling and racinese of atyle which entite it to be called a tale in the Viser of Wakefield school,"-Britansia.

## IV.

THE SCHOOL FOR DREAMERS. By T. Gwynne. Crown 8vo. Reduced to 5 s. cloth.
"The mater-limner of the follies of mankind, the author of 'The School for Fathera, has produced unother tale abounding with tritu of exquinite humour and sallies of aparkling wit."- fabm Bull.
"A story which inculcaten a sound and sensible moral in a manner equally delightful and effective." - Morning Poss.
"A powerfully and akilfully written book, intended to show the mischief and danger of following imagination instead of judgment in the practical busines of life." -Liserary Gasetts.

## - Mebo fictions.

## F.

COUNTERPARTS; OR, THE CROSS OF LOVE. By the Author of "Charles Auchester.". Three Volumes, post 8 vo . Reduced to 15 s . cloth.
44 "Two forms that differ, in order to correspond;" this is the true sense of the word 'Comiterpart.' Thistert of Coleridge introduces as to the work, -foretrlling its depth of propose and grandeur of design. The feelings of the heart, the acknowledged subject of romance, are here analyaed as well as chronicled."- Sus.
a There are, in this novel, animated and clever conversations, sparkling deacripcions, and a genaral appreciation of the beautiful in natare and art-especially the an and masic."-Globe
© We can promise the reader an abondantly pleasing and intellectanl repast. The incidents of the story are numeroas and remaritable, and some of them are distin. guished by a rare originality."-Meraing Advertiver.
" "Counterpart" is auperior to "Charies Auchester" in otyle and matter."Litarary Geserte.

## II.

MaUde Talbot. By Holme leer. Three Volumes, post 8vo. Reduced to 155. cloth.
e A well-wrooght and really admirable work of fiction, of a molid and very thoughtfal kind. Great skill in shown in the development of character; the perwon of the tale are very distinct and real."-Exeminer.
"Maude Talbot' must take rank as a soperior novel; and it will excite and reward attwaign." ${ }^{\text {" }}$-Athencum.

## III.

AMBROSE: THE SCULPTOR An Autobiography of
Artist-Life. By Mrs. Robert Cartwright, Author of "Christabelle," \&c. Two Vols., Post 8vo.
${ }^{6}$ This novel is writuen in a very earnest spirit, and its matter is interesting."Braminer.
"There are well-conocived characters and striking incidents in Mra. Cartwight's the."-Literary Gamete.
${ }^{4}$ An impasioned novel."-Athbence.

## IV.

THE HEIR OF VALLIS. By William Mathews, Esq. Three Volumes, post 8vo.
${ }^{*}$ The 'Heir of Vallis' must win for itwelf an exalted niche among the novels of the jear. The writing in clear and forcible, the characters are worked oat with power and distinctnem, and the plot in elaborated without detracting from ite effect." -Britamia.

## 7.

AVILLION, AND OTHER TALES. By the Author of "Olive," "The Head of the Family," \&c. Three Volumes, post 8vo.
"' 'Avillion' is a beautifol and fanciful story; and the rest make agreenbic reading. There is not one of them anquickened ty true feeling, exquinite taste, and a pure and vivid imagination."-Exnminer.
"These volumes form altogether as pleazant and fancifal a minceiliany as han ofven been given to the pablic in these latuer days."-Athencum.

## 1.

THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF LEIGH HUNT: with Reminiscences of Friends and Contemporaries. 3 vols. post 8 vo , $\mathrm{5f}$ s. cloth.
"These volumes contain a personal recollection of the literature-and politics, as well as some of the most remarkable literary men and politicians, of the lant fifty yeary."-8pertator.
II.

MEN, WOMEN, AND BOOKS. 2 vols. post 8 vo , with Portrait, ros: cloth.
"A book for a parlour-window, for a tummer's eve, for a warm fireside, for a halfhour's leisure, for a whole day's luxary; in any and every pomible shape a charming companion."-W autaister Review.

## III.

IMAGINATION AND FANCY. 5s. cloth.
"The very esence of the runnieat qualities of the English poess."一Alar.
WIT AND HUMOUR. ${ }^{\text {IV. }}$ 55. cloth. "A book at once exhilarating and tuggeative."-Alhenarim.
A JAR ÓF HONEY FROM MOUNT HYBLA., 55.
vi.

TABLE TALK. 3s. 6d cloth.
"Precisely the book we would take asa companion on the green lane walk."-Glik.

## 

1. 

WOMEN OF CHRISTIANITY, EXEMPLARY FOR Piety and charity., By Julia Kavanagh. Post 8 vo , with Portraits. Price 12 s . in embossed cloth, gilt edges.
"A more noble and dignified tribute to the virtuee of her sex we can scarcely imagine then this work, to which the gifted authoress has brought talents of no ordinary range, and, more than all, a spirit of eminent piety."-Church of Eugland Quarterly Raviem.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WOMAN IN FRANCE DURING THE I8TH CEN- } \\
& \text { TURY. By JULIA KAVANAGH. } 2 \text { vols. post 8vo, } \\
& \text { with Eight Portiaits. } 25 . \text { in embossed cloth. } \\
& \text { "t Mis Kavanagh hat undertaken a delicate tuak, and ahe bas performed it on the } \\
& \text { whole with discrecion and judgment. Her volumes may lie on any drawing-room } \\
& \text { table without scandal, and may be read by all but her yquagest countrywomen without } \\
& \text { riak."-2warterly Reviow. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## © ©

I.

BOYD'S TURKISH INTERPRETER : a Grammar of the Turkish Language. 8vo. Price 12 s .
II.

CRAWFURD'S GRAMMAR AND DICTIONARY OF THE MALAY. LANGUAGE. 2 vols. 8vo, 36 s. cloth.

BAILLIE'S LAND TAX OF INDIA, According to the Moohummudan Law. 8vo, price 6s. cloth.
Iv.

IRVING'S THEORY AND PRACTICE OF CASTE. Post 8vo, price 5s. cloth.

$$
\mathbf{v} .
$$

DR. ROYLE ON THE CULTURE AND COMMERCE OF COTTON IN INDIA. $8 \mathrm{vo},{ }^{-18}$ s. cloth.
vi.

KELAART'S PRODROMUS FAUNE ZEYLANICE. 8 vo . Price 1os. 6 d . cloth.
vir.
GINGELL'S CEREMONIAL USAGES OF THE CHINESE. Imperial 8 vo , price 1os. 6 d . cloth.
viIf.
SMYTH'S HISTORY OF THE REIGNING FAMILY OF LAHORE. With Portraits. 8vo. Price 12s. Ix.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT RECORDS.
No. x.-ON THE SUPPLY OF WATER TO BOMBAY. With Maps and Plans. Price gs.
No. 2.-REPORT OF THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF THE SURAT COLLECTORATE. Price $6 d$.
No. 3.-ON THE SETTLEMENT OF FORAS LANDS IN BOMBAY. With Maps. Price 45.
No. 4-REPORT ON THE COLLECTORATE OF SHOLAPORE, and Statistical Report of Cambay. Price Is.
1.

DOUBLEDAY'S TRUE LAW OF POPULATION. Third Edition, 8vo, ros. cloth.
II.

SWAINSON'S ACCOUNT OF AUCKLAND, NEW ZEALAND. Post 8vo; with a View and Coloured Map, 6s. cloth.
III.

McCANN'S TWO THOUSAND MILES' RIDE THROUGH THE ARGENTINE PROVINCES, \&cc. 2 vols. post 8 vo , with Illustrations. Price 24 s . cloth.

1V.
LAURIE'S SECOND BURMESE WAR. A Narrative of the Operations at Rangoon. Post 8vo, with Map, Plans, and Views. Price ros. $6 d$. cloth.
v.

LAURIE'S PEGU : A Narrative of the Coricluding Operations of the Second Burmese War. One thick. Volume, post. 8vo, with numerous Plans and Views. Price 145. cloth.
VI.

TRAITS OF AMERICAN INDIAN LIFE. By: Fur Trader. Post 8vo, price 7 s. cloth.
vir.
ROWCROFT'S TALES OF THE COLONIES; OR, The Adventures of an Emigrant. Fifth Edition. 6 s. cloth.

> קIII.

DALLAS'S POETICS: AN ESSAY ON POETRY. Crown 8vo. Price 9s, cloth.

## Ix

GOETHE'S CONVERSATIONS WITH ECKERMANN. Translated by John Oxenford. 2 vols. post 8 vo , 10s. cloth,

3Religious, any Exuctional.
STEINMETZ'S NOVITIATE; or, The Jesuit in Training: being a Year among the English "Jesuits; Third Edition, post 8vo, 5s. cloth.
"This is a remarkable book. It describes with a welcome minuteness, the daily nightly, hourly occupations of the Jesuit Novitiates of Stonyhurst, their religious exercises and mannerrs, in private and together; and depicts with considerable acuteness and power; the conflicts of an intelligent, susceptible, honest-purposed spirit, while passing through such a procesa."-British Quarterly Review.

## A CONVERTED ATHEIST'S TESTIMONY TO THE TRUTH OF CHRISTIANITY. Fourth Edition, fcap. 8 vo , 3 s. cloth.

*A viry intereating account of the experience of an intelligent and sincere mind on the subject of religion. We can honestly recommend the book to the notice of our readern""-Erlectic Revicu.

## EVANS' (REV. R. W.) RECTORY OF VALEHEAD. Fourteenth Edition, 3s. cloth.

MORISON'S RELIGIOUS HISTORY OF MAN.
Scoond Edition. Fcap. 3s. cloth. .
ELEMENTARY WORKS on SOCIAL ECONOMY. Uniform in fcap. 8 vo , half-bound.
1.-OUTLINES OF SOCIAL ECONOMY. 1s. 6d.
II.-PROGRESSIVE LESSONS IN SOCIAL SCIENCE. 1s. 6d.
III.-INTRODUCTION TO THE SOCIAL SCIENCES. 23.
IV.-QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS on the Arrangimenti and Rxiations of Sociar Litr. 25. $6 d$.
V.-OUTLINES OF THE UNDERSTANDING. 2s.
VI.-WHAT AM I? WHERE AM I? WHAT OUGHT I TO DO \& \&c. 14. sewed.
"The author of these varioun manoals of the social sciences han the art of stating clearly the abatrue points of political economy and metaphyica, and making them level to every undertanding."-Ecomomist.

PARENTS' CABINET of Amusement and Instruction. In volumes, each complete in itself, $25.6 d$.

LITTLE STORIES from the Parlour Printing Press. By the Author of the "Parents' Cabinet." 2s. cloth.

Whorks of 羽ractical Information.
I.

LEVI'S COMMERCIAL LAW OF THE WORLD. 2 V.ols. Royal 4to. Price 6l. cloth.
II.

THE BRITISH OFFICER; his Position, Duties, Emolumbnts, and Privileges. By J. H. Stocqueler. $8 \mathrm{vo}, 15$. cloth extra.
III.

HUGHES'S DUTIES OF JUDGE ADVOCATES. Post 8vo, 7s., cloth.
Iv.

SIR JOHN HERSCHEL'S ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATIONS MADE AT THE CAPE OF GOOD HOPE. 4to. with Plates. Price 4.45. , cloth.
DARWIN'S GEOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS ON Coral Reefs, Volcanic Islands, and on South -America. 8vo, with Maps, Plates, and Woodcuts, ros. 6d. cloth.
vi.

PIDDINGTON'S' SAILOR'S HORN-BOOK 'OF STORMS. Second Edition, 8vo, ros. 6d., with Charts and Storm-Cards.

> VII.

PIDDINGTON'S CONVERSATIONS ABOUT HURRICANES, FOR THE USE OF PLAIN SAILORS. 8vo, 7s. With Storm-Cards.
viII
GREEN'S BRITISH MERCHANTS' ASSISTANT. CONTAINING: :-
Part I.-TABLES OF SIMPLE INTEREST at 3, 3f, 4,4 , and 5 per cent.
Part M.-TABLES OF INTEREST ON EXCHEQUER BLLLS, at fram $1+2$, to 3 d d. per cent. per diem.-
Paxt IIf. TAbLes of english and foreign stock, brokbrage, COMMISSION, FREIGHT; INSURANCE, \&C.
Roy. 8vo, il. ins. 6d., cloth. (Each part may be had separately).


[^0]:    Aletchingly, Mrarch, 1855.

