

Jhananjayarao Gadgil Library



GIPE-PUNE-002290

Cambridge Historical Series

EDITED BY G. W. PROTHERO, LITT.D.

HONORARY FELLOW OF KING'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE,
AND PROFESSOR OF HISTORY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF EDINBURGH.

THE COLONIZATION OF AFRICA.

**London: C. J. CLAY AND SONS,
CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS WAREHOUSE,
AVE MARIA LANE.**

Glasgow: 263, ARGYLE STREET.



**Leipzig: F. A. BROCKHAUS.
New York: THE MACMILLAN COMPANY.
Bombay: E. SEYMOUR HALE.**

A HISTORY
OF THE
COLONIZATION OF AFRICA
BY ALIEN RACES

BY

SIR HARRY H. JOHNSTON, K.C.B.

(AUTHOR OF "BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA," ETC.).

*WITH EIGHT MAPS BY THE AUTHOR AND
J. G. BARTHOLOMEW.*

CAMBRIDGE:
AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS.

1899

[*All Rights reserved.*]

GENERAL PREFACE.

The aim of this series is to sketch the history of Modern Europe, with that of its chief colonies and conquests, from about the end of the fifteenth century down to the present time. In one or two cases the story will commence at an earlier date: in the case of the colonies it will usually begin later. The histories of the different countries will be described, as a general rule, separately, for it is believed that, except in epochs like that of the French Revolution and Napoleon I, the connection of events will thus be better understood and the continuity of historical development more clearly displayed.

The series is intended for the use of all persons anxious to understand the nature of existing political conditions. "The roots of the present lie deep in the past," and the real significance of contemporary events cannot be grasped unless the historical causes which have led to them are known. The plan adopted makes it possible to treat the history of the last four centuries in considerable detail, and to embody the most important results of modern research. It is hoped therefore that the series will be useful not only to beginners but to students who have already acquired some general knowledge of European History. For those who wish to carry their studies further, the bibliography appended to each volume will act as a guide to original sources of information and works more detailed and authoritative.

Considerable attention will be paid to political geography, and each volume will be furnished with such maps and plans as may be requisite for the illustration of the text.

G. W. PROTHERO.

V6-5. M9

C9

2290

PREFATORY NOTE.

THE Editor of this Historical series asked me to compile this little work on the History of African Colonization; otherwise it is doubtful whether I should have applied myself to a task, which, until I had commenced it, appeared to me an act of supererogation in the presence of such admirable existing works on African history as those of Mr M^cCall Theal, Dr Scott-Keltie, Mr C. P. Lucas, Sir Edward Hertslet and others. But when I was made aware that no attempt had yet been made to summarise and review in a single book the general history of the attempts of Asia and Europe to colonize Africa during the historical period, I admitted that there might be room and usefulness for such a work, and have since attempted to fulfil the task to the best of my ability. Further preface would overload this unpretending compilation; but, turning away from the public, I should like to dedicate my work in personal friendliness and admiration to four men specially distinguished among many others by their services in the cause of European civilization in Africa: SIR GEORGE TAUBMAN GOLDIE, who has risked life and fortune through twenty years in founding Nigeria as a British dominion, which some day in extent, population, and wealth may rival India; LORD KITCHENER of KHARTUM, who for thirteen years has cherished, in the face of much discouragement, and has at last accomplished the task of reconquering from barbarism the Egyptian

Sudan; MONSIEUR RENÉ MILLET, French Resident General in Tunis, who has shown how well a Frenchman can administer a great dependency when allowed liberty of action; and MAJOR HERMANN VON WISSMANN, German Imperial Commissioner in Africa, who founded the State of German East Africa, and who has done more than any living German to establish and uphold the prestige of that great nation in the darkest parts of the Dark Continent.

H. H. JOHNSTON.

TUNIS, *November*, 1898.

CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

MEDITERRANEAN, MALAY, AND MUHAMMADAN INVADERS.

The origin of African man—Distribution of native races three thousand years ago—Bantu invasion of South Africa—The Phoenicians—Carthage—Hanno's voyage—Greeks in Cyrenaica and Egypt—Persians in Egypt—Rome replaces Carthage—Malay invasions of Madagascar—Vandals in North Africa—Byzantine Greeks—Muhammadan invasions of North Africa in the seventh century—Berber dynasties which arose therefrom—Renewed Arab invasions—The Almoravide dynasty from the Niger—succeeded by the Almohades—Counter attacks of Portugal and Spain—Moorish conquests in Nigeria—Turkish intervention in North Africa—Arab settlements on Zanzibar coast 1

CHAPTER II.

THE PORTUGUESE IN AFRICA.

Origin of the State of Portugal—Prince Henry the Navigator—Portuguese explorations of West African coast—Rounding of Cape of Good Hope—East African conquests—Portuguese in Abyssinia—in the Congo Kingdom—in Angola—Paulo Diaz—The benefits the Portuguese conferred on Africa—Their struggles with the Dutch—Progress of their rule in West Africa—in East Africa—Monomotapa—Dr Lacerda e Almeida—Livingstone's journeys—Present state of Moçambique—Delagoa Bay—Beira—Mouzinho de Albuquerque—Moçambique Company 27

CHAPTER III.

SPANISH AFRICA.

- Spain's North African establishments in the 16th century—The Moorish Pirates—Gradual loss of Spanish possessions in Algeria and Tunis—Canary Islands—Fernando Po and Corisco 61

CHAPTER IV.

THE DUTCH IN AFRICA.

- Dutch traders on the West Coast—Dutch settle at the Cape of Good Hope—St Helena—Mauritius—The Netherland East India Co.—Huguenot colonists—Governor Tulbagh—extensions of Dutch influence—First hostile British expedition under Commodore Johnstone—First Dutch war with the Kaffirs—First British occupation of the Cape of Good Hope—Interregnum of Dutch rule—British finally annex Cape Colony—Their rulers come into conflict with the sentiments of the Dutch colonists (Boers)—The Boer Treks—Origin of Transvaal and Orange Free State republics—Annexation and revolt of Transvaal—Sir Charles Warren's expedition—Johannesburg, the Outlanders, and Jameson's raid—Possible future of Dutch states 66

CHAPTER V.

THE SLAVE TRADE.

- Negro predisposition for slavery—Slave trade in the Roman world, in Muhammadan countries and India—Great development consequent on the exploitation of America—English slave traders—English Anti-Slavery movement—Author's own experiences of slave trade—Steps taken by various European countries to abolish Slave Trade—By Great Britain in particular—Rev. S. W. Koelle—Zanzibar slave trade—Ethics of slavery—A word of warning to the Negro 91

CHAPTER VI.

THE BRITISH IN AFRICA, I.

(West Coast, Morocco, North-Central.)

- The English in West Africa—The Gambia—Sierra Leone—Gold Coast—Lagos—Niger Delta—Mr E. H. Hewett—Nigeria—Sir G. Taubman Goldie—Great Britain and Tripoli—and Morocco 103

CHAPTER VII.

THE FRENCH IN WEST AND NORTH AFRICA.

The Dieppe adventurers—Jannequin de Rochefort and the Senegal—Brüe and the foundation of the colony of Senegal—Campagnon—Progress of French rule over Senegambia—Advance to the Niger—Samori and Ahmadu—Timbuktu—Binger and the Ivory Coast—Samori—Timbuktu definitely occupied—Busa and the Anglo-French Convention—France and Egypt—Algiers—Development of Algeria—Tunis—The Sahara—The Gaboon—French Congo—The Shari and Ubangi—French designs on Nileland—The convention with Abyssinia—Obok and Somaliland 122

CHAPTER VIII.

CHRISTIAN MISSIONS.

Their work the antithesis to the slave trade—Portuguese missions to Congoland, to the Zambezi, to Abyssinia—First Protestant missions—Church Missionary Society—Dr Krapf—Wesleyans, Methodists, Society for Propagation of the Gospel—Roman Catholic missions to Algeria, Congoland, the Nile—Cardinal Lavigerie—The 'White Fathers'—The Jesuits on the Zambezi—in Madagascar—The London Missionary Society—Swiss and German Protestant Missions—French Evangelical Missions—Presbyterian (Scotch) Missions—Norwegian and American Missions—Linguistic work of latter—Universities' Mission—Plymouth Brethren—Baptists—North African Mission—Zambezi Industrial Mission—Abyssinian Christianity . . . 146

CHAPTER IX.

THE BRITISH IN AFRICA, II.

(*South and South-Central.*)

Great Britain's seizure of the Cape of Good Hope—Permanent establishment there—Abolition of slavery—Dutch grievances—Kaffir Wars—Lord Glenelg and intervention of Downing Street—Boer Treks—Responsible government in Cape Colony—Kaffir delusions as to expected resurrection of their forefathers and expulsion of English—St Helena, Ascension and Tristan d'Acunha—Discovery of diamonds in Griqualand—History of Natal—Coolie labour and Indian

immigration—Delagoa Bay arbitration—Damaraland—Origin of German entrance into South African sphere—Walfish Bay—Bechuana-land—Zambezia—Nyasaland—British Central Africa—African Trans-continental Telegraph—South African federation—The Transvaal—Sir Bartle Frere—Zululand and the Zulu War—Boer revolt—Rhodes and Rhodesia—Matabele Wars and Dr Jameson—Mauritius . . . 160

CHAPTER X.

GREAT EXPLORERS.

Old-time travellers—Herodotus—Strabo—Pliny—Ptolemy—The Arab geographers—The Portuguese explorers—Andrew Battel—British on the Gambia—French on the Senegal—James Bruce and the Blue Nile—Timbuktu—Mungo Park and the Niger—South African explorations—Portugal and Dr Lacerda—Captain Owen—Tuckey and the Congo—Major Laing—René Caillé—British Government expeditions in Tripoli,—Bornu, Lake Chad, and Sokoto—Lander and the Niger mouth—Barth and the Western Sudan—the Jewish explorer Mordokhai—Krapf, Rebmann, and the Snow Mountains—Livingstone—Burton and Speke, Speke and Grant—Samuel Baker—Livingstone and Kirk—French explorers in North-West Africa—Livingstone and Central Africa—Cameron—Rohlf's—Nachtigal—Alexandrine Tinné—Paul du Chaillu—Winwood Reade—Stanley and the Congo—Portuguese explorers—Schweinfürth and the Welle—Nile explorers—Nyasaland explorations—Dr Felkin—Joseph Thomson—George Grenfell—Emin Pasha—Recent explorers and explorations . . . 190

CHAPTER XI.

BELGIAN AFRICA.

Comité d'Etudes du Haut Congo—Mr H. M. Stanley finds the Congo Free State—its subsequent history—Long struggle with the Arabs—Lieut. Dhanis—Rumoured atrocities—Katanga—Extension to the White Nile—Murder of Mr Stokes—Railway to Stanley Pool—Future of Congo Free State 225

CHAPTER XII.

THE BRITISH IN AFRICA, III.

(*Egypt and Eastern Africa.*)

England wrests Egypt from the French—Rise of Muhammad Ali—Suez Canal—Arabi's rebellion—Tel-el-Kebir—Mahdi's revolt—Gordon's death—Lord Cromer—Lord Kitchener and the reconquest of the Sudan—Fashoda—Aden and Somaliland—Zanzibar—Sir John Kirk—Kilimanjaro—British East African Company—Colonel Lugard and Uganda—Sir Gerald Portal—"Roddy Owen"—Zanzibar administration—Dissolution of British East Africa Company 231

CHAPTER XIII.

THE ITALIANS IN AFRICA.

Italian commercial intercourse with North Africa during Crusades and Renaissance—Italy in Tunis and Tripoli—Assab Bay—Abyssinia—Eritrea—Italian reverse at Adua—Italy in Somaliland 243

CHAPTER XIV.

GERMAN AFRICA.

The Brandenburg traders and the West Coast—German aspirations after colonies in the "40's" and "60's"—German missionaries in South-West Africa—Herr Lüderitz—Angra Pequena—British indecision—German South-West Africa Protectorate founded—Germany in the Cameroons—in East Africa—Anglo-German partition of the Sultan of Zanzibar's dominions—prospects of German rule in Africa—German South-West Africa—Togoland 249

CHAPTER XV.

THE FRENCH IN MADAGASCAR.

First rumours of the existence of Madagascar—Confusion with Zanzibar and the Comoro Islands—Portuguese discovery—French Company of the East founded to colonize the Island—Fort Dauphin—Pronis, the immoral governor—Vacher de Rochelle, King-Consort of a Malagasy Queen—French East India Company founded. Île de Bourbon colonized—The Madagascar Pirates—French found settlement of St Marie de Madagascar—Send scientific expeditions to Madagascar

which first make known its peculiar fauna—Benyowski, the Polish adventurer—The Malagasy—The Hovas—English capture Mauritius and Bourbon and turn the French out of Madagascar—French regain Bourbon and re-occupy St Marie de Madagascar—First missionaries of the London Missionary Society arrive in Madagascar (1818)—Rise of Radama and the Hova power—French repulse in 1829—The shipwrecked sailor, Laborde—Queen Ranavalona and persecutions of the Christians—The Sakalavas—Prince Rakoto and Lambert's frustrated coup d'état—Accession of Rakoto (Radama II)—Deposition and death—French concession repudiated and indemnity paid—The Laborde succession—Quarrel with France in 1883—The Shaw incident—General Willoughby—England recognizes French protectorate over Madagascar—final invasion, conquest and annexation of the Island by the French 261

CHAPTER XVI.

CONCLUSION.

Three classes into which Africa falls from colonization standpoint— Healthy Africa—Yellow Africa—Black Africa—Prognostications as to future race movements—Predominant European races in the future— The seven great languages of New Africa—Paganism will disappear— Muhammadan zeal will eventually decay—The Negro will become identified in national interests with his diverse European rulers, and will not unite to form a universal Negro nation with the cry of 'Africa for the Africans'	277
Supplementary Notes	285
Appendix I. Notable events and dates in the history of African coloni- zation	289
Appendix II. Bibliography	300
Index	303

LIST OF MAPS.

1. Map of Africa as known to the Ancients; showing distribution of native races and lines of Bantu invasion *To face* p. 4.
2. Muhammadan Africa *To face* p. 26.
3. The Portuguese in Africa *To face* p. 60.
4. The Slave Trade *To face* p. 91.
5. The French in Africa *To face* p. 145.
6. The British in Africa *To face* p. 231.
7. The Colonizability of Africa *To face* p. 275.
8. Political Map of Africa in 1898 *At end.*

Note. The spelling of African names adopted throughout this book is the system sanctioned by the Royal Geographical Society, by which all consonants are pronounced as in English and all vowels as in Italian. Ñ, ñ represents the nasal sound of 'ng' in 'ringing,' 'song,' as distinguished from the 'ng' in 'anger.' No consonants are doubled unless pronounced twice in succession: thus 'Massowah' is properly written Masawa. But where old established custom has sanctioned a spelling diverging from these rules the official spelling of the name is adopted. Thus: Moçambique instead of Msambiki; Quelimane instead of Kelimān; Uganda instead of the more correct Buganda; Bonny instead of Obani.

APPENDIX I.

NOTABLE EVENTS AND DATES IN THE HISTORY OF AFRICAN COLONIZATION.

	B.C.
Foundation of the colony of Utica on the N. African (Tunisian) coast by the Phœnicians	about 1100
Foundation of the colony of Carthage by the Phœnicians	about 820
Expedition of Dorians founds first Greek colony in Cyren- aica (modern Barka)	about 631
Pharaoh Necho of Egypt (son of Psammetik) sends out Phœnician Expedition from Red Sea which is said to have circumnavigated Africa in three years	about 600
Conquest of Egypt by the Persians under Cambyses	about 525
Hanno the Carthaginian explores the West Coast of Africa as far south as Sierra Leone and brings back chim- panzees	about 520
Alexander of Macedonia conquers Egypt from the Persians; and founds the city of Alexandria	332
The Romans take Egypt under their protection	168
The Romans definitely conquer and destroy Carthage and found the Roman province of Africa (consisting event- ually of modern Tunis and part of Tripoli)	146-5
Numidia (Algeria) annexed to the Roman Empire	46
Egypt annexed to the Roman Empire	30
Romans invade Fezzan (Phazania)	19
	A.D.
Mauretania (Morocco) annexed to the Roman Empire	42
North Africa torn from the Roman Empire by the Vandals	429
Recovered partially by the Byzantines	534

	A.D.
The Muhammadan Invasion of Africa :	
Amr-bin-al Asi conquers Egypt	640
The Arabs invade Tripoli and Tunis, defeat the patrician Gregory and partially destroy Byzantine rule	647-8
Oqba-bin-Nafa is appointed by the Khalif "governor of Ifrikiyah" (669); overruns Fezzan and South Tunis and founds there the Muhammadan capital of Kairwan	673
Oqba traverses N. Africa till he reaches the Atlantic Ocean	681
Carthage taken by the Arabs (698); Tunisia finally conquered from the Berbers (705); Morocco and Algeria conquered about 708; Spain invaded by Arabs and Berbers	711
First Islamic settlements founded on E. African coast about 720; Kilwa Sultanate founded	960 ✓
Aghlabite (Berber) dynasty begins in Tunis in 800 (Morocco contemporaneously ruled by the Idrisites) and comes to an end	909
Rise of the Fatimite dynasty over Tunis, Tripoli, and Egypt (909), by whom Cairo (Al Kahira) is founded	969
Great Arab invasion of North Africa (especially Tunis) about	1045
About 1050 commences the invasion of N. Africa from the Niger and the Moroccan Sahara by the Berber sect of the Mrabitin (Al-moravides), who have conquered all N. Africa and Spain by	1087
Timbuktu founded by the Tawareq about	1100
The Third Great Berber dynasty of the Muahadim (Al-Mohade) arises in W. Algeria about 1150, conquers Morocco, Spain and Algeria, and finally Tunis (from which the Normans are driven away)	1160
Hafs dynasty founded in Tunis	1236
King Louis IX of France ("Saint Louis") invades Egypt in 1248; is disastrously repulsed, captured and ransomed. Twenty-two years later he invades Tunis, where he dies of fever	1270

Appendix I.

291

	A.D.
Roman Carthage finally destroyed by the Moors, and Tunis made the capital of "Ifrikiyah"	about 1271
The Portuguese take Ceuta from the Moors	1415
The river Senegal reached by Portuguese exploring vessels sent out by Prince Henry	1446
The Canary Islands, discovered by a Norman adventurer and taken possession of by Portugal, are transferred by that power to Spain	1479
River Congo discovered by the Portuguese	1485
Christianity introduced into the kingdom of Congo by the Portuguese	1491
Cape of Good Hope rounded by Vasco de Gama	1498
Sofala occupied and Portuguese East African Empire begun	1505 ✓
Madagascar discovered by the Portuguese	1506
The Emperor Charles V grants a charter to a Flemish merchant for the exclusive importation of negro slaves into Spanish America: Slave Trade thus definitely founded	1517
The Turks conquer Egypt	1517
Charles V intervenes in the affairs of Tunis (to restore Arab Hafside Sultan and drive out the Turkish corsair Khairaddin Barbarossa)	1535
Charles V sustains disastrous repulse at Algiers (from which dates gradual decay of Spanish power over North Africa)	1541
First British trading ships leave London for the West African coast	1553
Sir John Hawkins conveys the first cargo of negro slaves to America under the British flag	1562
The Turks (having through corsairs founded the Regency of Algiers in 1519, that of Tripoli in 1551) once more take Tunis and, make it a Turkish Pashalik	1573
Portugal founds the colony of Angola	1574
Dom Sebastião, King of Portugal, defeated and slain at the battle of Kasr-al-Kabir, and the Portuguese Empire over Morocco thenceforth crumbles	1578
Turkey attempts to wrest from Portugal the Zanzibar Coast,	

	A.D.
but is utterly defeated by the Portuguese Admiral Thomé de Sousa Coutinho	1584
Abu al Abbas al Mansur, the first 'Sherifian' Emperor of Morocco, who was the victor over Dom Sebastião, sends an army across the Sahara and annexes Timbuktu and the Upper Niger to the Moorish dominions	1590
The first Dutch trading ships appear on the West African Coast	1595
The Dutch replace the Portuguese at Arguin (N. W. Coast of Africa) in 1621; and at Elmina (Gold Coast) . . .	1637
French traders from Dieppe found the Fort of St Louis at the mouth of the Senegal	1637
Foundation of the French Compagnie de L'Orient for the purpose of colonising Madagascar	1642
The British East India Company takes the Island of St Helena from the Dutch	1651
The Dutch take possession of the Cape of Good Hope . .	1652
A British African Company chartered by Charles II builds a fort at James Island, at the mouth of the Gambia	1662
This same Company (afterwards the Royal African Company), taking advantage of the war declared against Holland, seizes and retains several Dutch forts on the Gold Coast	1665-72
Denmark establishes forts on the Gold Coast . . . about	1672
Brandenburg (Prussia) builds the Fort of Grossfriedrichsburg on the Gold Coast	1683
England, to whom Tangier had been ceded by Portugal in 1662, abandons it to the Sherifian Empire of Morocco	1684
The rising Arab power of 'Oman has driven Portugal out of all her possessions north of Moçambique by . . .	1698 ✓
The present Husseinite dynasty of Beys (from 1705 to 1881 practically independent sovereigns) is founded in Tunis by a Turkish Agha—Hussein bin Ali Bey	1705
Sieur André de Brûe, who went out to St Louis in 1697 as the Governor of the French Senegal Company, founds during the next 18 years the French colony of Senegal and returns to France	1715

	A.D.
The French occupy the Island of Mauritius (Bourbon or "Réunion" not being occupied until 1764)	1721
The Portuguese (having finally lost Mombasa in 1730) recognize the Maskat Imamate on the Zanzibar coast and decree the Bay of Lourenço Marquez on the south and Cape Delgado on the north to be the limits of their East African possessions	1752
The Portuguese lose Mazagão, their last foothold in Morocco	1769
Spain acquires Fernando Po in the Gulf of Guinea	1778
Sierra Leone ceded to the English by the natives	1787
Spain loses Oran and her last hold over Algeria	1791
Denmark forbids the Slave Trade to her subjects	1792
England first seizes the Cape of Good Hope	1795
Mungo Park discovers the river Niger at Segou	1796
Napoleon Buonaparte conquers Egypt, 1798; Nelson destroys French fleet at Abukir Bay same year; French evacuate Egypt	1801
England finally occupies the Cape of Good Hope	1805
Sierra Leone and Gambia organised as Crown Colonies	1807
An Act of Parliament is passed abolishing the Slave Trade in the British dominions	1807
British capture from the French Seychelles (1794), Mauritius and Réunion in 1810, and Tamatave and Island of St Marie (Madagascar) in	1811
Muhammad Ali destroys the Mamluks in Egypt	1811
Cape Colony definitely ceded by Holland to Great Britain	1814
Island of Réunion (Bourbon) restored to France	1814
Holland abolishes the Slave Trade in her dominions	1814
France and Sweden abolish the Slave Trade	1815
France reoccupies Island of St Marie de Madagascar (first taken in 1750)	1817
Invasion of the Egyptian Sudan by Muhammad Ali's forces (1820-22) and foundation of Khartūm as its capital	1823
A British Government Expedition under Oudney, Clapperton, and Denham discovers Lake Chad	1823
Governor Sir Charles Macarthy defeated and killed by the Ashanti in 1824;—consequent first British war with Ashanti terminates victoriously	1827

	A.D.
The Brothers Lander sent out by British Government trace the Niger from Busa to the sea and establish its outlet in the Gulf of Guinea	1830
A French Expedition conquers Algiers	1830
Portugal abolishes the Slave Trade	1830
First British steamers (Macgregor Laird's Expedition) navigate the Lower Niger (1832) and discover the Benué River	1833
Slavery abolished in all British African possessions, including Cape Colony, by	1834 ✓
First Kaffir War in South Africa	1834
First "Trekking" of the Boers away from British rule	1836
Boer emigrants treacherously massacred by Dingane, King of the Zulus	1837
The Sakalava of N.-West Madagascar place themselves under French protection, and France occupies the islands of Nosi Bey and Mayotta	1840
Second Niger Expedition despatched from England	1841
Muhammad Ali the Albanian (once a Turkish officer of Bashi-bazuks) confirmed in the hereditary sovereignty of Egypt	1841
The last of the quasi-independent Karamanli Bashas of Tripoli seizes and garrisons the important Saharan towns of Ghadames and Ghat in 1840-41; but is himself removed by the Turks, who annex definitely to the Turkish Empire Tripoli and Barka	1842
Natal becomes a British Colony	1843
Gold Coast finally organised as a Crown Colony	1843
French war with Morocco	1844
Waghorn's Overland Route emphatically established across Egypt	1845
Independence of the Freed-Slave State of Liberia recognised	1847
Abd-al-Kader surrenders; Constantine (East Algeria) taken by the French	1847
Foundation of the French Freed-slave settlement of Libreville in the Gaboon	1848
Krapf and Rebmann discover the snowy Mountains of Kenia and Kilimanjaro	1848

Appendix I.

295

	A.D.
Slavery has been abolished throughout all the French possessions in Africa by	1849
Denmark cedes her Gold Coast forts to England	1850
Livingstone and Oswell discover the Central Zambezi	1851
Independence of the Transvaal Republic recognized by Great Britain.	1852
Representative Government established in Cape Colony	1853
General Faidherbe appointed Governor of Senegal in 1854; he breaks the Fula power and greatly extends the French possessions by	1856
A British Expedition is sent out in 1849 under Richardson, Oberweg, Vogel and Barth to explore North Central Africa: Oberweg navigates Lake Chad and discovers the river Shari; Barth visits the Upper Benué, Timbuktu, etc., and returns to England	1855
Livingstone makes his famous journey from Cape Colony to Angola and from Angola to the Indian Ocean, exploring the Zambezi from source to mouth, and returns to England	1856
Burton and Speke discover Lake Tanganyika, and Speke discovers Victoria Nyanza	1858
Livingstone and Kirk discover Lake Nyasa	1859
Spanish War with Morocco	1859-60
Zanzibar separated as an independent State from the Imamate of 'Oman	1861 ✓
Lagos becomes a British Crown Colony	1863
Speke and Grant establish the Victoria Nyanza Lake as the main source of the Nile, visit Uganda, and follow the Nile down to Cairo	1860-64
(Sir) Samuel Baker discovers Lake Albert Nyanza	1864
Second Government Expedition under Dr Baikie sent out to explore rivers Niger and Benué (1854); Dr Baikie made Consul for the Niger, founds Lokoja at Niger-Benué confluence and explores Benué (1857) and greatly extends British influence; but dies in 1863; Consulate abolished	1866
Discovery of a diamond near the Orange River in Cape Colony	1867

	A.D.
Lakes Mweru and Bangweolo and the Upper Luapula (Congo) R. discovered by Livingstone in 1867 and	1868
Basutoland placed under British protection	1868
British Army enters Abyssinia to release captives of King Theodore and wins victory of Magdala	1868
Establishment of Triple Control over Tunisian finances	1869
Opening of Suez Canal	1869
Sir Samuel Baker appointed Governor-General of the Egyptian Sudan	1869
Dr Schweinfürth discovers the R. Welle, the great northern affluent of the Congo	1870
Livingstone discovers the Lualaba or Upper Congo at Nyangwe; is met at Ujiji and relieved by Stanley	1871
Insurrection against French in Eastern Algeria suppressed	1871
Responsible Government introduced into Cape Colony	1872
Sultan of Zanzibar signs treaty forced on him by England for abolition of the Slave Trade	1873
Second Ashanti War: Sir Garnet Wolseley takes and burns Kumasi	1873-4
Dr Livingstone dies	1873
Cameron crosses Africa from Zanzibar to Benguela, mapping Tanganyika correctly for the first time	1873-75
Stanley circumnavigates the Victoria Nyanza and traces the river Congo from Nyangwe to the Atlantic Ocean—the greatest journey in African Exploration	1874-77
Transvaal annexed by Great Britain	1877
The Dual Control of France and England imposed on Egyptian Government (1876); Ismail Pasha deposed	1879
War between Great Britain and the Zulus	1879
The International Association founded by the King of the Belgians, having developed a special branch, the "Comité d'Études du Haut Congo," sends out Mr Stanley to found what becomes later on the "Congo Free State"	1879
De Brazza secures part of the Upper Congo for France	1880
The Transvaal revolts against Great Britain and secures recognition of its independence under British suzerainty	1881

	A.D.
French force enters Tunis and imposes French protection on that country	1881
French conquests reach the Upper Niger	1881-82
Arabi's revolt in Egypt (1881), abolition of Dual Control, bombardment of Alexandria and defeat of Arabi at Tel-el-Kebir by Lord Wolseley; British occupation of Egypt begins	1882
Italy occupies Assab Bay on Red Sea coast and commences creation of colony of Eritrea	1882
Occupation of Obok by France	1883
The commencement of the African Scramble:—Germany establishes her protectorate over South-West Africa, and over Togoland and the Cameroons in West Africa; France occupies Grand Bassam and Porto Novo (Gold and Slave Coasts); Gordon is despatched to the Sudan (which revolted from Egypt in 1883); and the Berlin Conference on African questions is summoned	1884
Death of General Gordon at Khartūm and temporary loss of Egyptian Sudan	1885
Recognition by all the powers of Congo Free State	1885
Bechuana-land taken under British protection	1885
Germany founds her East African possessions in the interior of the Zanzibar Sultanate	1885
Great Britain declares protectorate over Niger Coast and river Niger and grants Charter to Royal Niger Company: Joseph Thomson makes a Treaty for latter Company with the Sultan of Sokoto	1885
Portugal extends her territory to the south bank of the Congo and to Kabinda	1884-85
France concludes treaty with Madagascar which gives her predominant influence over that island (protectorate over Comoro Islands 1886)	1885
The Anglo-Egyptian forces sustain severe defeats near Suakim at the hands of the Sudanese under Osman Digna: Suakim is retained but Egyptian rule in the Nile valley is restricted to Wady Halfa. Italy occupies Masawa	1885

	A.D.
Great discoveries of reef gold in the Transvaal; founding of Johannesburg	1886
War breaks out in N. Nyasaland between British settlers and Arab slave traders	1887
In Oil rivers (Niger Delta) Jaja, King of Opobo, is arrested and banished; access to interior markets is then obtained	1887
French Senegambian possessions definitely extended to the Upper Niger	1887
Imperial British East Africa Company receives Charter	1888 ✓
Serious rebellion against the Germans breaks out in East Africa (is not finally subdued till 1890)	1888
British protectorate over N. Somaliland finally organised	1889
Italian protectorate established over East Somaliland: and treaty concluded with Menelek of Ethiopia by which Italy claimed to control foreign relations of Abyssinia	1889
Charter given to British South African Company	1889
British Central Africa declared to be under British protection: British flag hoisted on Lakes Tanganyika and Nyasa	1889 ✓
In 1887 Stanley conducts an expedition by way of the Congo to relieve Emin Pasha. He discovers the Albert Edward Lake and Ruwenzori Mountain and reaches Zanzibar	1889
Anglo-German Agreement concluded relative to East Africa: Zanzibar taken under British protection; Great Britain recognizes French protectorate over Madagascar and French Sphere of Influence between Algeria, the Niger, and Lake Chad, and France recognizes the British Control over Sokoto and the Lower Niger	1890 ✓
French expeditions reach the river Shari from the Congo Basin and secure that river to French influence	1890-91
Captain (now Colonel) Lugard establishes British predominance over Uganda	1891 ✓
Natal receives responsible government	1893
France conquers and annexes Dahome	1893

Appendix I.

299

	A.D.
First Matabele war: death of Lobengula: Buluwayo becomes the capital of Rhodesia	1893
French occupy Timbuktu	1894
Uganda declared a British protectorate: Charter of British East Africa Company withdrawn and British East Africa henceforth administered under British Commissioner	1894-5
Arabs defeated and driven out of British Central African protectorate	1895
Major Mouzinho de Albuquerque captures the Zulu king Gungunyana and firmly establishes Portuguese dominion in South-East Africa	1895
France conquers and annexes Madagascar	1894-96
Jameson raid into Transvaal: Matabele revolt and second Matabele war	1896
Italy sustains terrible defeat in North Abyssinia. Her protectorate over Abyssinia withdrawn and that country's independence recognized	1896
Anglo-Egyptian army reconquers Dongola	1896
Conquest of Nupe by the Royal Niger Company	1897
Zululand incorporated with Natal	1897
Railway completed to Buluwayo	1897
Revolt of Sudanese soldiers temporarily imperils British position in Uganda	1897-98
Anglo-French agreement signed with regard to Niger	1898
Anglo-German agreement relative to Delagoa Bay and other Portuguese possessions in Africa signed in	1898
Railway opened from Lower Congo to Stanley pool	1898
Khartūm captured by Sir H. (now Lord) Kitchener and Anglo-Egyptian influence established over the Sudan	1898
Major Marchand, who is sent to Fashoda by French Government, is withdrawn thence on British protests	1898

APPENDIX II.

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF THE HISTORY OF COLONIZATION OF AFRICA. BOOKS SPECIALLY USEFUL.

ALL BLUE BOOKS published by Foreign Office and Colonial Office
DEALING WITH AFRICA and the SLAVE TRADE from 1830 to
the present day—especially for the years between 1876 and
1898.

THE PARTITION OF AFRICA; by (Dr) J. Scott Keltie. 2nd Edition.
Edward Stanford. 1895.

THE STORY OF AFRICA; by Dr Robert Brown. 4 vols.
Cassell and Company. 1894-5.
(A most valuable book of reference.)

HISTORICAL GEOGRAPHY OF THE BRITISH COLONIES. Vol. IV.
Parts 1 & 2 (dealing with South and East Africa); by C. P.
Lucas, B.A. Clarendon Press. 1897.

Do. Do. Vol. III. WEST AFRICA. Clarendon Press. 1894.

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA; by G. McCall Theal. 5 vols.
Juta & Co., Cape Town. 1888-93.

HISTOIRE DE L'AFRIQUE SEPTENTRIONALE (Berberie); par Ernest
Mercier. 3 vols. Paris: Ernest Leroux. 1891.
(An excellent and trustworthy compilation.)

HISTOIRE DE L'ÉTABLISSEMENT DES ARABES DANS L'AFRIQUE
SEPTENTRIONALE selon les auteurs Arabes. By the same
author. 1 vol. Paris: Challamel. 1875.

HISTORIA DA AFRICA ORIENTAL PORTUGUEZA; por José Joaquim
Lopes de Lima. Lisbon. 1862.

HISTORY OF THE KINGDOM OF CONGO; by Duarte Lopes—
rendered into Italian by Filippo Pigafetta.

English translation: John Murray. 1881.

ANGOLA AND THE RIVER CONGO; by J. J. Monteiro. 2 vols.
Macmillan & Co. 1875.

- THE LANDS OF CAZEMBE (Lacerda's journey to Cazembe in 1798);
a compilation by Captain R. F. Burton.
Royal Geographical Society. 1873.
- THE MAPS OF AFRICA BY TREATY; by Sir Edward Hertslet,
K.C.B. 2 vols. Harrison & Sons. 1894-5.
- A HISTORY OF ANCIENT GEOGRAPHY; by (Sir) E. H. Bunbury.
2 vols. 2nd edition. John Murray. 1883.
- COLONIAL OFFICE LIST; by W. H. Mercer and A. E. Collins.
Harrison & Sons. 1898.
- DOCUMENTS SUR L'HISTOIRE, ETC., DE L'AFRIQUE ORIENTALE;
par le Capitaine M. Guillain. 3 vols. Paris. 1856.
- LIFE OF PRINCE HENRY THE NAVIGATOR; by R. H. Major.
Sampson Low. 1876.
- PRINCE HENRY THE NAVIGATOR; by Beazley.
Putnam. 1895.
- EGYPT IN THE NINETEENTH CENTURY; by D. A. Cameron.
Smith, Elder & Co. 1898.
- ENGLAND IN EGYPT; by Sir Alfred Milner, K.C.B.
Arnold. 1892.
- THE BARBARY CORSAIRS (Story of the Nations); by Stanley
Lane Poole. T. Fisher Unwin. 1890.
- THE LIFE OF LIVINGSTONE; by H. H. Johnston, C.B.
George Philip. 1891.
- DU NIGER AU GOLFE DE GUINÉE; par le Capitaine Binger.
Paris. 1892.
- MUNGO PARK AND THE NIGER; by Joseph Thomson.
George Philips. 1890.
- HOW I FOUND LIVINGSTONE. THROUGH THE DARK CONTINENT.
2 vols. THE CONGO: AND THE FOUNDING OF ITS FREE
STATE. 2 vols. IN DARKEST AFRICA. 2 vols. By H. M.
Stanley. (Most important.) Sampson Low.
- THE STATESMAN'S YEAR-BOOK; by Dr J. Scott Keltie.
Macmillan.
- TIMBUCTOO THE MYSTERIOUS; by Félix Dubois.
William Heinemann. 1897.
- THE FALL OF THE CONGO ARABS; by Captain S. L. Hinde.
Methuen. 1897.
- BRITISH CENTRAL AFRICA; by Sir H. H. Johnston, K.C.B.
Methuen. 1897.

- / THE RISE OF OUR EAST AFRICAN EMPIRE; by Captain F. D. Lugard, D.S.O. 2 vols. Blackwood, Edinburgh. 1893.
 BRITISH EAST AFRICA; By P. McDermott. Chapman & Hall. 1895.
 ENGLISH MISSION TO ABYSSINIA; by (Sir) Gerald H. Portal. Winchester (privately printed). 1888.
 TRAVELS OF THE JESUITS IN ETHIOPIA; by B. Tellez. London. 1710.
 SAVAGE AFRICA; by Winwood Reade. Smith & Elder. 1864.
 AFRICAN SKETCH-BOOK; same author and publishers. 1873.
 MARTYRDOM OF MAN; same author. Kegan Paul. (Ed. 13) 1890.
 ADVENTURES IN NYASSALAND; by Low Monteith Fotheringham. Sampson Low. 1891.
 UGANDA AND THE EGYPTIAN SUDAN; by Dr R. W. Felkin and C. T. Wilson. 2 vols. Sampson Low. 1882.
 THE HEART OF AFRICA; by Dr Georg Schweinfürth. Sampson Low. 1873.
 TRAVELS AND DISCOVERIES IN NORTH AND CENTRAL AFRICA; by Dr Henry Barth. 5 vols. Longman, Brown, Green. 1857.
 FIRE AND SWORD IN THE SUDAN; by Slatin Pasha. Edward Arnold. 1896.
 HAUSALAND; by Rev. Charles Henry Robinson. Sampson Low. 1897.
 À TRAVERS L'AFRIQUE CENTRALE: DU CONGO AU NIGER; by C. Maistre. Paris. 1895.
 ↗ THE EARLY CHARTERED COMPANIES; by George Cawston and A. H. Keane. Edward Arnold. 1896.
 MADAGASCAR; by Captain S. Pasfield Oliver. 2 vols. Macmillan. 1886.
 IMPRESSIONS OF SOUTH AFRICA; by Rt Hon. James Bryce, M.P. Macmillan. 1898.

INDEX.

- Abbadie, d', 208
 Abd-al-Kader, 135
 Abd-al-Mumin, 19
 Abreu, Gomez d', 262
 Abyssinia, 2, 3, 32, 148, 149, 159,
 193, 195, 208, 210, 219, 236, 245
et seq., 277, 278
 Abyssinian explorers, 208
 Accra, 109, 110
 Açores Islands, 39
 Acunha, Tristaõ d' (conquistador),
 31
 — Island, 45, 173
 Aden, 145, 237
 Adis Abeba, 247
 Adrâr, 212
 Adûa, 247
Aepyornis, 262
 "Africa" (the Roman province of),
 11
 Africa, direction from which man
 first invaded, 1; ethnology of, 2;
 — distribution of native population
 3000 years ago, 3; origin of name
 of, 11; owes its principal food
 products to Arabs and Portu-
 guese, 38, 39; "New Africa,"
 282
 African Association, 196, 197, 209
 — Lakes Company, 153, 181,
 187
 Aghlab, Aghlabite dynasty, 16
 Ahmadu, the Fula King, 127, 128
 Albert Nyanza, *see* Nyanza
 Alexander the Great, 10
 Alexander, Sir J. E., 199
 Alexandria, 10, 133, 191, 231, 233,
 245
 Algarve, 27
 Algeria, 20, 24, 134 *et seq.*, 138, 212,
 278
 Algiers, 61 *et seq.*, 134, 144
 Almeida, Francisco de, 262
 Almoravide, Almohade, *see* Marabut
 and Muahedim
 Alsace-Lorraine settlers in Algeria,
 137
 Alula, Ras, 246
 Amalfi, 243
 Amaro, José, 199
 Amatongaland, 184, 186
 Ambas Bay, 115, 158
 Ambriz, 42
 America, 96, 150
 American Missionaries, 156, 159
 — slave-trade, 93
 Amhara, 246
 Amr-bin-al Aši (conqueror of Egypt),
 14
 Andersson, 208, 218
 Anglo-German Convention of 1890,
 257; of 1898, 287
 Angoche, 59
 Angola, 35 *et seq.*, 42, 43, 150, 156,
 193, 209, 216, 218, 282
 Angra, Pequena, 45, 252
 Anhaya, Pedro de, 31
 Anno Bom Island, 64
 Antananarivo, 270, 271, 273, 275
 Antonelli, 219
 Arâbi, Ahmed, 231, 232
 Arabia, 1, 17, 217, 237

- Arabic language, 17, 138, 283
 Arabs, 13; (invade Egypt and Tripoli and Tunis), 14; (reach Atlantic Ocean and conquer Morocco and Spain), 15, 16; (great invasion of North Africa), 17; (settle on East coast of Africa), 24, 25; (their rule superseded in N. Africa by Turks), 24; Arab influence and civilisation in Muhammadan Africa, 25, 26; introduce various domestic animals and food products into Africa, 39; Arabs and Portuguese, 45, 46; Arabs on Zambesi, 47; regain Zanzibar coast, 50, 237; as Slave Traders, 95, 100; of Algeria find a leader in Abd-al-Kader, 135; in Nyasaland, 182; on the Congo, 226; at Zanzibar, 242; and Germans, 257; and Madagascar, 261 *et seq.*; future of Arabs in Africa, 280
- Archinard, Col., 128, 130
 Arguin, 30, 66, 125, 249
 Arnot, F. S., 220
 Ascension Island, 45
 Ashanti, 109 *et seq.*
 Asia, the mother of man, 1; furnishes many domestic animals and plants to Africa, 39; without race feeling against Europe, 284
 Asmara, 246
 Assab Bay, 242, 243
 Atlantic Ocean reached by Arabs, 15
 Atlas Mountains, 136, 221
 "Atrocities," 227, 258
 Aures Mountains, 280
 Austrian attempt on Delagoa Bay, 56
 — Catholic Mission on Nile, 210
 Author. His experience of slave traffic, 95; administers Amba Bay, 115; removes Jaja, 116; administers British Central Africa, 182, 187; with Dr Cross discovers south end of Lake Rukwa, 219; other African explorations, 220; and Kilimanjaro, 238, 255; and "Cape to Cairo," 242
- Bab-el-Mandeb, Straits of, 243
 Baboons, 10
 Badagri, 203
 Bagirmi, 144, 214, 278
 Bahr-al-Ghazal, 144, 210, 215, 216, 228, 286
 Baikie, Dr, 117
 Baines, William, 218
 Baker, Sir Samuel and Lady, 207, 210, 211, 214, 217
 Bamaku, 127, 197
 Bambuk, 125, 196
 Banana (tree), 40
 Bangweolo, Lake, 212, 220, 222
 Banks, Sir Joseph, 196
 Bantu Border-line, 144, 221
 — negroes, 3, 65, 76, 77, 161, 259
 — migrations of, 4, 76, 161
 Baptist Mission (Cameroons and Congo), 115
 Baptista, 199
 Baratieri, General, 247
 Barbarossas, the, 61
 Barbary States, 61, 104; *see also* Algeria, Tunis, Tripoli
 Bari people, 151, 217
 Baringo, Lake, 221, 223
 Barka, 8, 15, 206, 278
 Barreto, Francisco, 47, 193
 Barth, Dr Henry, 206, 207
 Barutse, 154, 182, 216
 "Bastards," the, 82
 Bastian, Dr, 213
 Basuto, Basutoland, 85, 155, 169
 Bathurst, 105
 Batoka country, 147, 152
 Battel, Andrew, 193, 194
 Baumann, Dr, 222
 Beaufort, de, 201
 Bechuana, Bechuanaland, 85, 87, 154, 161, 186, 259, 280
 Beecroft, Mr, 205
 Behauzin, 130
 Beira, 46, 59, 60, 188
 Beke, C. T., 208
 Belgian Africa, 225 *et seq.*
 Belgians, King of the, 143-4, 218, 219, 225 *et seq.*, 250
 Belgium, Belgians, 100, 218, 219, 227
 Beltrama, Giovanni, 210

- Bembatoka Bay, 266
 Benguela, 42, 193, 213
 Benin, 103, 113, 116, 118, 286, 287
 Bentley, Reverend H., 158
 Benue, R., 115, 117, 119, 204
 Benyowski, 264
 Berber states and dynasties, 24
 Berbers, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 15, 19, 33, 136, 280
 Berlin Conference, 143, 227
 Beurmann, M. v., 214
 Bey of Constantine, 136
 Beys of Tunis, 139
 Bights of Biafra and Benin, 114, 203, 205
 Binger, Captain, 128, 129, 222
 Bisandugu, 128
 Bishops (Christian), *see* Christian; Negro do., 33, 34, 149
 Bizerta (Hippo-Zaryt), 5
 "Black Africa," 280, 281
 "Black, White, and Yellow," 177
 Blanco, Cape, 29, 64, 105, 125, 249
 Blantyre, 156
 Bloemfontein Convention, 84
 Bocarro, Jasper, 193
 Boer victories, 86
 Boers, the, 43, 81 *et seq.*, 163; (in Natal), 166, 167
 Böhm, 218
 Boisragon, Capt., 287
 Boiteux, Lieut., 131
 Bojador, Cape, 29, 64
 Boma, 229
 Bona, Bône, 61, 137, 243
 Bonnier, Col., 131, 285
 Bonny, R., 118
 Borelli, H., 223
 Borgu (Nikki), 132
 Bornu, 12, 24, 201, 206, 213, 214
 Bottego, 223
 Bourbon, Island of, 264, 266
 Brandenburg in Africa, 249
 — Great Elector of, 249
 Brass, R., 118, 204
 Bratières, Serg., 286
 Brava (Barawa), 46
 Brazil, Brazilians, 39, 43, 50, 193, 282
 Brazza, De, 143, 219, 225
 Bricchetti-Robecchi, 223
 British Element in Cape Colony, 162
 — Empire of the Future, 281
 — Central Africa, 99, 100, 156, 158, 182, 183, 280, 281
 — East Africa, 95, 239 *et seq.*, 242
 — — Company, 239, 242
 — Government, the, 53; takes over Dutch Gold Coast, 67; covets the Cape of Good Hope, 75; takes this colony finally in 1806, 79; shilly-shallies about South African questions, 83, 84; pays an indemnity to Orange Free State, 85; annexes Transvaal, 86; restores its independence, 87; spends millions of pounds in abolishing slavery, 97; and establishes squadrons of slave-trade preventive ships, 98, 100; administers Fernando Po, 114; sends expeditions to Niger, 116, 117; to Western Sudan and Tripoli, 121; holds Senegal for a time, 125; attitude in Tunis, 140; acquires Cape Colony, 160; reluctantly makes Natal a British Colony, 167-8; tries to send convicts to the Cape, 169; annexes the Transvaal, 184; sends Mungo Park back to the Niger, 197; and various expeditions thither from Tripoli (201, 202), and finally sends Lander to discover its mouth, 203; despatches Richardson, Barth and others to explore the Central Sudan, 205, 206; sends surveying expedition up Niger (1841), 205; commissions Livingstone to explore Zambezia, 211; occupies Egypt, 232 *et seq.*; Zanzibar coast, 237 *et seq.*
 — South Africa, 160 *et seq.* (area, 161)
 — South, Africa Chartered Co., 59, 89, 182
 Brown, Dr Robert, 93, 125
 Browne, William G., 195

- Bruce, James, 195
 Brûe, 124, 194
 Bu Amama, 138
 Bugeaud, Marshal, 135
 Bugia, 61
 "Bula Matadi," 34
 Buluwayo, 177, 188
 Bunbury, Sir E. H., 8
 Bunyoro, 211, 241
 Burchell, Dr William, 199
 Burton, Sir Richard F., 207, 209,
 215
 Busa, 116, 119, 198, 203
 Bushiri, 257
 Bushmen, 2, 4, 5, 68, 161
 Buxton, Sir Thomas Fowell, 205
 Byzantium, Byzantine Greeks, 10,
 12, 13, 14, 92

 Caillié, René, 126, 201
 Cairo, 16, 233
 Calabar, *see* Old
 Cam, Diogo, 30, 33
 Cambon, M., 141
 Cambyes, 10, 190
 Camel, the, 39, 48, 243
 Cameron, Capt. V. L., 213, 216, 218
 Cameroons, 113, 115, 156, 158, 215,
 222, 254, 258
 Campagnon, 124, 194
 Campbell (Scotch missionary ex-
 plorer), 199
 Canada, 107
 Canary Islands, 33, 63, 121
 Candido de Costa Cardoso, 199
 Cannibalism, 227
 Cape of Good Hope, 30, 46, 67
 — Colony, 68, 74, 75, 82, 108,
 161, 170, 251, 280
 — Dutch, 89
 — Town, 72, 76
 — Verde, 20, 127
 — — Islands, 39, 45, 75
 "Cape to Cairo," 183, 242
 Capello, Brito, 216
 Carnarvon, Lord, 183, 184
 Carthage, 4, 5, 11, 15, 20
 Carthaginians, 8
 Casamance, River, 127
 Cat, the domestic, 39

 Cathcart, General, 168
 Cattle, 161
 Cavendish, Mr H., 223
 Cerne, *see* Kerne
 Cetewayo, 185
 Ceuta, 15, 21, 22, 28, 63
 Chad, Lake, 17, 115, 119, 121,
 127, 142, 192, 202, 206, 214
 Chafarinas Islands, 63
 Chaillé-Long, Col., 217
 Chaillu, Paul du, 142, 215
 Chaka, 83, 166, 184
 Chanler, W. Astor, 223
 Charles II of England, 109, 195
 — V of Spain, 62, 93
 — X of France, 134, 266
 Chartered companies, 104
 Chatelain, Rev. Heli, 156
 Chelmsford, Lord, 185
 Chimpanzee, the, 7
 Chinde, R., 59
 Chobe, R., 259
 Christian Bishops in Tunisia, 20;
 in Central Africa, 33, 218, 240;
 Madagascar, 153, 268
 Christian Missions in Africa, list of:
 American Presbyterian Mission,
 155, 156
 Austrian Catholic Mission (Su-
 dan), 150, 210
 Baptist (American) Gaboon Mis-
 sion, 156
 — (English) Cameroons and
 Congo Mission, 157, 158
 — (Scotch) Nyasaland Mission,
 158
 Basel Mission, 154
 Bavarian (Roman Catholic) Mis-
 sion, 154
 Berlin Missionary Society, 154
 Church Missionary Society, 149,
 207, 218, 240
 Edinburgh Missionary Society,
 148
 Episcopal Methodist (American)
 Mission, 156
 Established Church of Scotland
 Mission, 155, 156
 Free Church Mission (Scotch),
 155, 156

- Christian Missions (*cont.*):
 Free Swiss Church Mission, 155
 French Evangelical Missionary Society, 154, 155
 Glasgow Missionary Society, 148
 Jesuit missions (Zambezi), 152; (Madagascar), 152
 London Missionary Society, 148, 153, 267
 Moravian Protestant Mission, 154
 North African Mission, 158
 North German (Bremen) Mission, 152
 Norwegian Mission, 156
 Plymouth Brethren, 158
 Rhenish Missionary Society, 154
 Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, 150
 Society of Friends' (Quaker) Mission, 153
 Swedish Protestant Mission, 155
 United Presbyterian Mission, 155
 Universities' Mission, 157, 181
 Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society, 150
 White Fathers of the Sudan Mission, 151; (in Uganda), 239
 Zambezi Industrial Mission, 159
 Christianity (in Congo Kingdom), 33, 146, 147; among negro races in general, 147, 283
 Christians in North Africa, 20; Madagascar, Uganda, 239, 240
 Cinchona tree (Quinine), 43
 Clapperton, Hugh, 202, 203
 Clarke, John (missionary), 158
 Clarke, Sir Marshall, 186
 Clarkson, 94
 Cocoa-nut palm, 40, 55
 Coffee and coffee cultivation, 40, 43, 55, 175, 183
 Coillard, Rev. Mr, 155, 216
 Colonies, French, in Africa, their lack of self-support, 145
 — three classes of, in Africa, 278, 279
 Colston, Col., 217
 Comber, Rev. Thos., 158
 "Comité d'Etudes du Haut Congo," 225
 Commerson, Philibert, 264
 Comoro Islands, 4, 11, 25, 265, 269, 275
 Compiègne, Marquis de, 215
 Conference, Berlin, 117
 — Brussels, 218
 Congo Christianity, 33 *et seq.*, 147
 — Free State, 100, 143, 219, 225, 226 *et seq.*, 249, 250
 — Kingdom, 33, 34, 147; Royal family of, 34, 35
 — river and basin, 3, 4, 30, 94, 100, 117, 156, 158, 200, 213, 219, 226, 280
 — Treaty of 1884, 36, 44, 181, 226
 — French, *see* French Congo
 "Conquistadores," Portuguese, 38
 Constantine, 136
 Constitution granted to Cape Colony, 163
 Conventions, *see* under title of nationality or place
 Convicts sent to Cape, 169
 Coolies, 176, 189
 Coomassie, *see* Kumasi
 Copper, 55, 251
 Corisco Bay, 64
 Corsairs, *see* Pirates
 Cossack "Monks," 247
 Covilhaõ, Pero de, 31, 32, 193, 262
 Craig, General, 79
 Crampel, Paul, 144
 Crimean War, 170, 171, 232
 Cromer, Lord, 233
 Cross, Dr, 219, 220
 — River, 205
 Crowther, Samuel (Bishop), 149
 Cyrene, Cyrenaïca, 8, 10, 11, 191, 206, 208
 Dahome, 44, 109, 112, 129, 130, 215
 Daily Telegraph, the, 216
 Damaraland, 154, 179, 206, 251
 Danakil coast, 245
 Danes, *see* Denmark

- Darfur, 24, 195, 213, 214, 217, 218, 278
 Date, the, 9
 Dauphin, Fort, 263, 264
 Davidson, John, 205
 De Beers Diamond-mining Company, 187
 Debono, Andrea, 210
 Decken, Baron von der, 220, 250
 Declé, Lionel, 222
 Delagoa Bay, 51, 56 *et seq.*, 75, 178, 200, 287
 Delgado, Cape, 51, 55, 58, 255
 Denham, Major D., 202
 Denhardt Brothers, 255
 Denmark abolishes slave-trade, 96; withdraws from Gold Coast, 110
 Desbordes, Col., 127
 Dey of Algiers, 134
 Dhanis, Baron, 227, 228
 Diamonds, Diamond Fields, 85, 173, 177, 178, 186
 Diaz, Bartolomeu, 30, 68
 — Paulo, 37
 Dickens and "Mrs Jellyby," 205
 Diego Suarez Bay, 267, 268, 274
 Dieppe adventurers, 122, 123
 Dingane, 185
 Dingiswayo, 83
 Dinizulu, 186
 Dochart, Dr, 198
 Dodds, General, 130
 Dog, the, 39
 Domestic animals and plants of Africa, 39, 40
 Donaldson Smith, Dr, 223
 "Downing Street" doubts, drifts, and dallies, 84, 112, 179, 180
 Draa, River, 7, 121, 192, 196
 Drummond Hay, Sir John, 121
 Dual Control, the, 232, 233
 Duala people, 158
 Duck, the, 39
 Durban, 83, 167
 D'Urban, Sir Benjamin, 164 *et seq.*
 Dutch, the, 41, 42, 45, 51, 55; on the Gold Coast, 66, 67, 110; take St Helena and found Cape Colony, 67, 68 *et seq.*; lose Cape Colony, 1806, 79; cede it to England, 80; Dutch Africa still existing, 80; affinity between Dutch and Scotch, 81; in the Transvaal, 88; kinship in blood with English, 90, 125; dispute St Helena with English, 172
 Dutch half-castes, 67
 — language, 282
 Duveyrier, 212
 Dybowski, M., 144, 222
 East Africa, *see* British, German, etc.
 East India Company, British, 237
 — — Dutch, 68 *et seq.*, 70, 77, 160
 — — Austrian, 56
 — — French, 263, 264
 Eastern Province of Cape Colony, 166, 172, 177
 Egypt, 2, 9, 10, 17, 49, 121, 133, 134, 231 *et seq.*, 235, 277, 278, 280
 Egyptian Government, 211, 217, 235
 Egyptians, Ancient, 2, 191, 281
 — Modern, 281
 Elephant, African, 6, 8, 55
 Elizabeth, Queen, 105, 106
 Ellis, Mr (of Madagascar), 270, 271
 Elmina, 30, 66
 Elphinstone, Admiral, 79
 Elton, Captain Fred., 217
 Emden, 249
 Emin Pasha, 220, 221, 241
 England and the Slave Trade, 146
 — Missionary efforts, 146
 English introduce domestic animals and plants into Africa, 40; in the Transvaal, 88; follow Portuguese lead in the West African trade, 103
 — language, 158, 163, 282, 283
 Ericsson, 218
 Eritrea (Italy's Red Sea Colony), 145, 247
 Ethiopia, 191
 Euan-Smith, Sir Charles, 256
 Eunuchs, Negro, 92, 95
 European population of Cape Colony in 1806, 161

- European population of Cape Colony
 ' in 1850, 169
 Exeter Hall, 82
 Explorers, Great, 190 *et seq.*
 — thirteen greatest, list of, 207
 — Africa will recognize the debt
 she owes to, 224
- Faidherbe, General, 126, 141
 Farewell and King, Lieuts., 166
 Farquhar, Sir Robert, 188, 267
 Fashoda, 235, 286
 Fatimite Khalifs, 16
 Federation of South Africa, 183
 Felkin, Dr R. W.; 218
 Fernandez, Joaõ, 193
 Fernando Po, Island, 64, 65, 114,
 150, 158, 202, 204, 222
 Fezzan (Phazania), 11, 14, 24, 196,
 201, 213, 214
 Flanders in Africa, 56, 230
 Flatters, Col., 141
 Flegel, Herr, 118
 Flemish Colonists, 38
 Foreign Office, 116, 239, 251, 255
 Foule Point, 264, 268
 France and Abyssinia, 247
 Frederick William I, 249
 French Congo, 106, 142, 219
 — Government, the (France),
 55; (West African boundaries in
 dispute with Spain), 64, 65; at
 Mauritius, 69; abolishes slave
 trade, 98; contend with English
 on the Gambia, 105; establish
 Protectorate over Porto Novo
 and Dahome, 112, 113; a French
 Company established on Lower
 Niger, 117; disputes as to
 Nigerian boundaries finally settled
 with England, 119; French in N.
 and W. Africa, 122 *et seq.*; reach
 the Niger, 127; occupy Tim-
 buktu, 131; conquers Algiers,
 134; its treatment of Abd-al-
 Kader, 135; France and Egypt,
 134, 232; France and Tunis, 139-
 141; in Gaboon, 142; on Congo,
 142-144; right of preemption
 over Congo Free State, 144; in
 Somaliland, 145, 236; in Mada-
 gascar, 259 *et seq.*
 French language, 282, 283
 — Revolution and its effects on
 Dutch settlers in Cape Colony, 78
 — Revolution and Egypt, 133
 — settlers in Dutch South Africa,
 71, 72, 88
 — settlers in Algeria, 137
 Frere, Sir Bartle, 184, 237, 251
 Frey, Col., 127
 Froude, Mr, 183
 Fula race and Empire, 118, 120,
 126, 127, 128, 203
 Futa Toro, Futa-Jalon, 128
- Gaboon, 45, 142, 143, 156
 Galiber, Admiral, 274
 Gallas, Gallaland, 151, 155, 248
 Galliène, Col., 127
 Galton, Mr Francis, 208
 Gambetta, 117, 232
 Gambia, R., 29, 104 *et seq.*, 108,
 124, 194, 196 *et seq.*
 Gamitto, 199
 Gardener, Capt. Allen, 167
 Genoa, 243
 Gentil, M., 144
 German Government, 114, 115,
 119, 158, 179, 180, 213, 214,
 249 *et seq.*
 — East Africa, 157, 255 *et seq.*
 — South-West Africa, 180, 251,
 259, 279
 — missionaries, 154, 251, 259
 Germans, 55, 100, 118, 119, 171,
 175, 215, 249 *et seq.*
 Gessi Pasha, 211, 217
 Ghadames, 200, 213
 Gibraltar, 16
 Ginga Bandi, Queen, 41
 Ginger, 39, 40
 Giraffe, the, 73, 198
 Giraud, Lieut., 220
 Gladstone, Mr, 185, 242, 274
 Glengel, Lord, 165, 167
 Glover, Sir John, 111
 Goa, 49, 50; Goanese, 55, 176, 199
 Goetzen, Count, 223
 Gold, 30, 47, 49, 88

- Gold Coast, 30, 66 *et seq.*, 104,
 108, 109 *et seq.*, 122, 129, 254
 Goldie, Taubman, Sir George, 117,
 118, 120, 132
 Goldsmid, Sir Frederick, 226
 Golea, 141
 Goletta, 21, 61, 62, 63, 140
 Gonçalo de Silveira, 48, 148
 Gondokoro, 210, 211
 Gordon, General, 217, 233
 — Capt. R. J., 198
 Goree, 66, 125, 197
 Gorilla, the, 7, 65, 142, 215
 Graaf Reinet, 74
 Grand Bassam, 106, 129
 Grandy, Lieut., 212
 Grant, Col. J. A., 207, 209
 Granville Sharp, 94, 107
 Granville, Lord, 181, 251, 252,
 273
 Great Fish River, 74, 161, 162
 Greece, 8
 Greeks, 8 *et seq.*, 191
 Gregory, Dr J. W., 223
 — the Patrician, 14
 Grenfell, Rev. Mr., 143, 158, 215,
 219
 Grey, Sir George, 84, 170, 171,
 183
 Grikwaland East, 168
 Grikwas, Grikwaland, 85, 173, 174
 Grossfriederichsburg, 249
 Ground-rents (*Arachis*) 55
 Guardafui, Cape, 248
 Gungunyama, 59

 Hadj 'Omar, El, 126
 Hafs dynasty of Tunis, 20, 62
 Hamadi dynasty of Tunis, 20
 Hamilton, Mr James, 208
 Hamite race, 2, 281
 Hannibal, 6
 Hannington, Bishop, 239
 Hanno's voyage, 6, 7, 107, 190
 Hanse towns (Hamburgh), 206,
 250
 Harrar, 223, 236
 Harris, Sir W. C., 199, 208
 Hassan-bin-Numan, 15
 Hausa, the, 111, 120, 226; land,
 24, 99, 120, 198, 202, 206;
 language, 282, 283
 Hawkins, Sir John, 93
 Hecataeus, 10
 Helena, St. Id. of, 33, 39, 45,
 67, 69, 172, 173, 186
 Henderson, Lieut., 285
 Hennessy, Sir J. Pope, 188
 Henry the Navigator, Prince, 21,
 28, 29, 103
 Herero, Ova-, the, 161, 259
 Herodotus, 9, 10, 191
 Heuglin, 211
 Hewett, Mr E. H., 114, 115, 253,
 254
 Hicks Pasha, 233
 High Commissioner of South
 Africa, 89, 174
 Hinde, Capt. S. L., 227
 Hintsä, Chief, 165
 Hippo, 5
 Hippopotamus, 47
 Holland, *see* Dutch; also 167
 Holub, Dr, 220
 Hornemann, Fred., 196
 Horse, the, 39
 Hottentots, 2, 5, 43, 68 *et seq.*
 79, 82, 161, 163, 252, 259
 Houghton, Major, 196
 Hourst, Lieut., 132
 Hovas, the, 12, 153, 265, 266 *et seq.*
 Huguenots, 72, 148
 Hühnel, Lieut., 221
 Husseinite Beys of Tunis, 139
 Hutton, Mr James, 255

 Iberian race, 2
 Ibn Batuta, 192
 Ibn Haukal, 192
 Ibn Tumest, 19
 Ibn Yasin, 19
 Ibo, 55
 Ibos, the, 204
 Idris, 16
 Idris or Edrisi (geographer), 192
 Ikopa, R. (Madagascar), 275
 Ilo, 132
 Imam of Maskat, 25, 50
 India, 1, 31, 39, 49, 92, 231, 233,
 235, 279

- Indians in Africa, 50; in Natal, 176, 177; Mauritius, 189, 262, 281
 Inhambane, 59
 Irish settlers, 162, 229
 — missionaries, 152, 241
 Islam (Muhammadanism), 13, 16, 24, 147, 283
 Islands in Indian Ocean belonging to British, 189
 Italian language, 282
 Italians, Italy, 18, 137, 139, 140, 151, 211, 213, 243 *et seq.*
 Ivens, Roberto, 216
 Ivory, 55
 — Coast, 128, 129, 130
- Jacquin, Capt., 286
 Jagga, the, 35, 193
 Jaja, King, 116
 Jamaica, 93, 97, 107
 James Bros. (explorers), 223
 Jameson, Dr, 89, 188
 Jeannequin de Rochefort, 123, 194
 Janssens, Governor, 79, 161
 Jean René, 268
 Jenne, 130, 193
 Jerba, Id. of, 9, 14, 21, 62, 63
 Jesuits, 32, 36, 48, 147, 152, 193, 271
 Jews, the, 16, 88, 137, 178, 207
 Jobson, Richard, 194
 Johannesburg, 88, 89
 John, of Abyssinia, King, 246, 247
 Johnston, H. H., *see* Author
 — Keith, 219
 Johnstone, Commodore, 75; Johnstone, Commander, 273, 274
 Jouffre, Col., 131
 Jub, River, 248, 250
 Juby, Cape, 64, 121
 Judaism amongst Berbers, 8
 Jühlke, Dr, 254
 Julian, Count, 15
 Jünker, Dr Wilhelm, 207, 221
- Kaarta, 126, 128, 201
 Kabara, 128
 Kabinda, 44
 Kaffirs, 72, 76, 161, 163, 165, 168, 171, 172
 Kaffir Wars, 77, 162, 163, 165, 168, 172, 177
 Kaffraria, 150, 165, 171, 172
 Kafue, R., 52, 220
 Kahina, Queen Dihia-al-, 15
 Kairwan, 14
 Kano, 202, 214
 Kanuri people and language (Borun), 120
 Kasai, R., 42, 219
 Kasala, 247
 Kasr-al-Kabir (Morocco), battle of, 21, 28
 Kasr-es-Said, treaty of, 140
 Katanga, 220, 228
 Kei, R., 77, 165, 168
 Keiskamma, R., 163, 165
 Kenia, Mt., 208, 220, 223
 Keren, 246
 Kerne, 7
 Kersten, Otto, 250
 Khaireddin Barbarossa, 61, 62
 Khalifat, the (Egyptian Sudan), 234
 Khalifs of Bagdad, 16
 Khartüm, 210, 215, 233, 234, 241
 Khareji, sect of Islam, 14
 Khedive of Egypt, 233, 235
 Khojas (Indians), 176
 Kiezelbach, 211
 Kilimanjaro, 208, 220, 233, 239, 255
 Kilwa (East Africa), 24, 31, 49
 Kimberley, 173, 177
 Kimberley, Lord, 179
 Kirk, Sir John, 121, 211, 237, 238 *et seq.*
 Kitchener, Lord, 234, 286, and prefatory note
 Kivu, Lake, 223
 Knoblicher, Dr, 210
 Koelle, Rev. S. W., 99, 150
 Komadugu, R., 206
 Kordofan, 24, 214
 Kosa Kaffirs, their terrible delusion, 171
 Krapf, Dr, 149, 207
 Kruboy, 108, 130
 Kufra, 213
 Kukawa, 206

- Kumasi, 110, 111
 Kund, Lieut., 222
 Kunene, R., 43, 220
 Kuseila, the Berber prince, 15
 Kwango, R., 42, 199, 216
 Kwanza, R., 38, 41, 43

 Laborde, M., 268, 271, 272
 Lá Calle, 133
 "La Case," 263
 Lacerda e Almeida, Dr F. J. M. de,
 52, 199
 Lado, 229
 Lagos, 108, 111 *et seq.*, 202, 213
 Laing, Major, 200
 Lambert, Capt., 123
 — M., 270, 271
 Lamta, Lemtuna, 19
 Lamu, 24, 31, 46
 Lander, Richard, 202 *et seq.*
 Langalibalele, 177
 Lavigerie, Cardinal, 151, 239
 Leibnitz, 133
 Lemon, the, 39
 Lemur, the, 262
 Lemuria, 2, footnote
 Lenz, Dr Oskar, 215, 219
 Leo Africanus, 192
 Lesseps, De, 232
 Le Vaillant, 201
 Levantine Italians, 244
 Liberia, 98, 122, 129, 130, 155,
 156, 278
 Libyan Desert, 213
 Limpopo, R., 200
 Linant de Bellefonds, 217
 Liotard, M., 286
 Liverpool, 97, 112
 Livingstone, Dr, 52 *et seq.*, 100,
 151, 156, 157, 180, 181, 207,
 208 *et seq.*, 211, 212, 216, 237
 Lixus, R. (the R. Draa), 6
 Loanda, Saõ Paulo de, 37, 41, 43,
 216
 Loango, 41, 213
 Lobengula, 186, 187, 188
 Lobo, Jeronimo, 193
 Lokoja, 117
 London Convention, 87
 — Company of Adventurers, 194

 Lopez, Duarte, 35, 40
 Lothaire, Major, 229
 Lotos, Lotos Eaters, 9
 Louis, St (Capital: Senegal), 122,
 124, 212
 — IX (Saint) of France, 20
 — XIV of France, 71, 133,
 231, 263
 — Philippe, 129, 142
 Lourenço Marquez, 56
 Lovedale, 156
 Lualaba, 212, 213, 216, 250
 Luangwa, R., 54, 222
 Luapula, R., 52, 212, 222
 Lüderitz, Herr, 251, 252
 Lugard, Colonel, 132, 240
 Lupton Bey, 217
 Lyon, Capt. G., 201
 Lyons Missionaries, 150

 Macarthy, Sir Charles, 109
 Macdonald, Major, 223
 Macgregor, Laird, 116, 204
 Macguire, Corporal, 207
 Mackenzie, Bishop, 157
 Mackinnon, Sir Wm., 239, 240
 Maclean, Charles, 109
 Macmahon, Maréchal: his Delagoa
 Bay award, 57, 178
 Madagascar, 4, 12, 32, 153, 261
 et seq.
 Madan, Mr, 157
 Madeira, 32, 39
 Magdala, 248
 Magdishu, 31, 46
 Mahdi (Sudan), 217, 233, 246;
 Mahdis frequently arising in
 Islam, 18, 19
 Maistre, C., 144
 Maize, 39, 40
 Majerda, R., 5
 Makololo, the, 54
 Makua, the, 49, 51, 59, 74
 Malagasy people, 262, 265
 Malay races, 4, 12; (in South
 Africa), 70; 161, 164, 265
 Malindi, 31, 46
 Malta, 18
 — Knights of, 21, 24
 Maltese, 62, 137, 282

- Mamluks, 133
 Mandingoes, 127
 Manika, 49, 51
 Manyema, 100, 212, 228
 Maples (Archdeacon, then Bishop), 157, 218
 Marabut, Marabutin (Almoravides), 18
 Marchand, Capt., 235, 285, 286
 Marie of Madagascar, St., 264, 267, 268
 Marinus of Tyre, 192
 Marno, 217
 Maroons, 107
 Masai, 221
 Masawa, 195, 246
 Mashonaland, 59, 187, 218
 Maskat, 25, 32, 50, 100, 237
 — Arabs, 25
 Mason Bey, 211, 217
 Massari, Lieut. A. M., 213
 Massowah, *see* Masawa
 Masudi, 192
 Matabele, -land, 59, 188
 Matadi, 229
 Matteucci, Dr., 213
 Mauch, Karl, 186, 218
 Mauritius, 32, 69, 176, 188, 189, 264, 267, 270
 Mayo, Earl of, 220
 Mayotta, 269
 Mazagan, 28
 McClear, Sir Thomas, 209
 McQueen, James, and the Niger, 203
 Mecca, 19, 22
 Mehedia, 61, 243
 Meilleraye, Duc de la, 263
 Melilla, 21, 61, 63
 Mello, Duarte de, 31, 46
 — Miani, Giovanni, 210
 Menelik, Emperor, 246, 247, 248
 Middle men of W. African trade, 115
 Millet, M. René, 141
 Missionaries, Christian, 33, 34;
 (attitude towards Cape Dutch),
 81, 82, 163; summing-up of their
 characteristics, 159
 Missions, Christian, 146; *see* Chris-
 tian
 Mizon, Lieut., 119
 Moçambique, 5, 24, 31, 46 *et seq.*,
 51, 55, 74, 217, 218
 — Co., 60
 Moffat, Rev., 199, 200
 Mohade, Al-, *see* Muahedim
 Mohr, Edward, 218
 Mojanga, 266, 273, 275
 Mollien, Gaspard, 201
 Mombasa, 31, 46, 49, 149, 237,
 239, 255
 Monastir, 61, 63
 Monclaros (the Jesuit priest), 48
 Monomotapa, 47, 49
 Monteil, Col., 129, 222
 Monteiro, Joachim Monteiro, Major,
 199
 Moorish conquests in Nigeria, 23
 Moravide, *see* Marabut
 Mordokhai Abi-Serur, 207
 Morgen (explorer), 222
 Morocco (Mauritania), 6, 10, 15,
 16, 19, 21 *et seq.*, 28, 64, 121,
 132, 213, 277, 278
 — Spanish possessions in, 63
 Mosilikatsi, *see* Umsilikasi
 Mossamedes, 42
 Mouzinho de Albuquerque, 59
 Mtesa, King, 239
 Muahedim (Almohade), 19 *et seq.*
 Muhammad Ali, 121, 150, 210,
 231, 232 *et seq.*
 Muhammadan colonization, 25 *et*
 seq.
 Muhammadanism, *see* Islam
 Muhammadans, 13, 147, 283
 Mulai Ismail of Morocco, 23
 Muluya, R., 63
 Muni, R., 64
 Munzinger, 211
 Murie, Dr., 210
 Murzuk, 214, 215
 Musa-bin-Nusseir, 15, 16
 Mwanga, King, 240, 241
 Mwata-Yanvo, 213, 218
 Mweru, Lake, 52, 199, 212, 218,
 222, 250
 Nachtigal, Dr., 207, 214, 253
 Namakwaland, 150, 161, 179, 180,
 198, 251

- Nana, attacks British, 286
 Nantes, Edict of, 71
 Naples, Neapolitans, 18, 243, 244
 Napoleon the Great, 133, 134, 172, 231
 — III, 135, 138, 139, 270
 Natal, 71, 83, 166, 167 *et seq.*, 174, 175 *et seq.*, 280
 Nature, her pranks, 162
 Necho, Pharaoh, 5, 190
 Negro, the, characteristics of, 91; warning to, 101, 102; Christian, 147; Muhammadan, 147; future of, 281 *et seq.*
 Negroes, 2, 3, 147
 Negroid races (Nubians, Fulas, Mandingoes, etc.), 3, 9, 127, 128, 144, 281
 Nelson, 133
 Nero, 191
New York Herald, 212
 Ngami, Lake, 179, 199, 208
 Nguru, 254
 Nicholas I, Tsar, 232
 Niger, Convention with France, 113, 119
 — Coast Protectorate, 115, 116, 155, 286
 — Company, Royal, 117, 118, 132, 251
 — R., 10, 19, 23, 113, 114, 116 *et seq.*, 127, 131, 191, 195 *et seq.*, 201, 202, 204, 206, 280
 — Delta, 94, 113, 116
 Nigeria, 23, 118, 119, 206
 Nikki, 132
 Nile, the, 10, 12, 191, 192, 195, 209, 210, 211, 216, 218
 Normans, 18, 33, 122
 North African Mission, 158
 Nosi-bé, 269, 273
 Nupe, 120, 132, 202
 Nyamnyam, 210, 215, 217
 Nyangwe, 212
 Nyanza, Albert, 209, 211, 217, 221, 222
 — Albert Edward, 222
 — Victoria, 209, 216, 221, 239, 255
 Nyasa, Lake, 100, 152, 180, 181, 190, 211, 212, 217, 218, 257
 Nyasa Company, 60
 Nyasaland, 155, 157, 181, 217, 278
 — German, 257
 Oak tree in Cape Colony, 72
 Obok, 145, 236, 245, 247, 248
 Ogowe, R., 30, 143, 219
 Ohrwalder, Father, 150
 "Oil Rivers," 113, 115, 203
 Old Calabar, 113, 114, 118, 155, 205
 Oldfield, Dr, 204
 Oman, 25, 32, 100, 237
 Omdurman, victory of, 286
 Omeiyad Khalifs, 14
 Omo, R., 223
 O'Neill, Lieut. H. E., 218
 Onions, 39
 Opobo, R., 116, 118
 Oqba-bin-Nafa (the Prophet's barber), 14
 Oran, 61, 63, 136, 137, 138
 Orange Free State, 83, 84, 169, 173, 174, 184, 280
 Orange, Prince of, 78, 80, 160
 Orange River, 74, 84, 161, 173, 179, 198, 251, 253, 254
 Orange tree, 39, 243
 Ostrich, Ostrich farming, 161, 170, 173
 Oswell, Mr, 208, 209
 Oudney, Dr, 201
 "Outlanders" (Uitlanders), 88, 90
 Overweg, Dr, 206
 Owen, Captain, 53, 57, 200, 237
 — Major Roddy, 241
 Paez, Pedro, 193
 Pakenham, Mr, 274
 Palm, *see* Coconut, Date
 — oil, 113, 114
 Panda, 185
 Panet, M., 212
 Park, Mungo, 116, 196 *et seq.*, 200, 207
 Passarge, Herr, 222
 Peacock, the, in Tunis, 8
 Peebles and Mungo Park, 197
 Pemba, Is., 46, 239
 Perim, Is., 145, 236

- Persia, -n Empire, 10
 Persian influence on Zanzibar coast,
 24
 — Gulf, 32, 50
 Persians, 24
 Peters, Dr, 240, 254
 Petherick, Mr and Mrs, 210, 214
 Pfeiffer, Mme Ida, 214, 270
 Peil, Count, 254
 Philip II of Spain and Portugal,
 35, 41
 Phillips, his murder, 287
 Phoenicians, 4—6
 Pierre, Admiral, 273, 274
 Pig (domestic), 39
 Pigeon, 40
 Pigmies (dwarf races), 10
 Pirates (Madagascar), 264
 — (Moorish), 18, 244
 — (Turkish), 24, 61 *et seq.*
 Pisa, 243
 Pisania, 197
 Pitt, organises second expedition to
 take Cape Colony, 79
 Pliny, 191
 Pögge, Dr, 218
 Polignac, Prince de, 268
 Pondoland, 168
 Pope Leo XIII, 151, 241
 Portal, Sir Gerald, 240
 Portendik, 105, 125
 Porto Novo, 112, 129
 Portugal, origin of, 27; invades
 Morocco, 21, 28; receives from
 Pope Martin V the prior right to
 the lands between Morocco and
 India, 29
 — and Dahomey, 44
 — and England, 103
 — and Germany, 256
 Portuguese East Africa, 45, 51, 59,
 60, 147, 287
 — Guinea, 44, 220
 — language, 27, 107, 113, 282
 — people, 27; explorers, 29, 38,
 216; on the Gold Coast, 30;
 round the Cape of Good Hope,
 30; visit Abyssinia, 31, 32; oust
 the Arabs from East Africa, 31;
 Christianise the Congo, 33; aban-
 don it, 36; regain it (1884), 36;
 take possession of Angola, 37 *et*
 seq.; confer great benefits on
 Africa's food supply, 39, 40;
 struggle to regain Angola from the
 Dutch, 41; attempt to open up
 overland communication between
 Angola and Moçambique, 42;
 abolish slave-trade, 43; dispute
 with England about Portuguese
 Guinea, 44; names given to
 many places in coast regions of
 West Africa, 45; colonization
 of East coast of Africa, 45 *et*
 seq.; defeat the Turks in great
 naval battle, 49; on the Zambezi,
 49; definition of their East
 coast possessions in 1752, 51; re-
 vival of energy at close of 18th
 century, 51; jealousy of England,
 53; claims to Delagoa Bay, 56
 et seq.; dispute with Zanzibar
 about Tungi Bay, 58; relations
 with British South Africa Com-
 pany, 59; conquest of Gungun-
 yama, 59; settlements on the
 Gambia, 104; influence on Niger
 Delta, 113; missionaries, 146;
 discover St Helena, 172; the
 Portuguese and Nyasaland, 181,
 182; in Madagascar, 262
 Potato, the, 39
 Prester John, 32
 Pretoria, 89, 90
 Prime Minister of Madagascar, 272,
 275, 276
 Prince Henry of Portugal, *see*
 Henry
 Prince Imperial of France, 185
 Princes Is. (principe), 33, 39, 40,
 43
 Pringle, Capt., 223
 Promis, first French Governor of
 Madagascar, 262, 263
 Prostitutes sent to Sierra Leone, 108
 Protectionist policy in French
 Colonies, 145, 276
 Protestant Missions in Africa, 148,
 153
 Prussia in Africa, 214, 249

- Psammetik, 9
 Ptolemies, 9, 10
 Ptolemy the Geographer, 192, 261
 Ptolomæus Soter, 10
 Punic, *see* Phœnicians
 Purdy Bey (Col.), 217

 Quadra, Gregorio de, 38
 Queens of Madagascar, 268 *et seq.*
 Quelimane, 24, 31, 47, 52 *et seq.*,
 209

 Rabodo (Rasoherina), Queen, 271
 Radama I, King, 266, 267, 268
 — II, King, 271
 Railway, British, in Tunis, 140
 Railways, 43, 113
 — in Cape Colony, 177
 — Beira to Mashonaland, 178
 — in Congo Free State, 229
 — Cape to Cairo, 242
 Rainilaiarivony, Prime Minister,
 272
 Rakoto, Prince, 269
 Ranavalona, Queen, 268, 269
 — II, Queen, 272
 — III, Queen, 274
 Ras Kasar, 245
 Reade, Winwood, *see* Winwood
 Reade
 Rebmann, Rev., 149, 207
 Red Sea, the, 10, 31, 49, 145, 245
 Reichard (Geographer), 203
 Reichardt (Explorer), 218
 — (Missionary), 150
 Réunion (Bourbon), 32
 Révoil, M., 223
 Rhodes, Right Hon. Cecil J., 89,
 90, 182, 183, 186, 187, 188
 Rhodesia, 184, 188, 220, 280
 Ribat (on the Niger), 18
 Ribeek, van, 68
 Rice, 39
 Richardson, James, 206
 Richelieu, Cardinal, 262
 Rio d'Ouro (Rio de Oro), 7, 29, 64,
 121, 122, 212
 Rio del Rey, 115, 119
 Ritchie, Mr, 201
 Rohlfs, Gerhard, 207, 213

 Roman Catholic Missions, 146 *et*
seq., 150 *et seq.*, 152, 239, 240,
 241, 262, 271, 276
 Roman Empire, 10, 11, 17, 191,
 192
 Romans, the, 7, 12, 191
 Rome, 140
 Royal Geographical Society, 209,
 213, 219
 Rubault, M., 201
 Rukwa, Lake, 219
 Rupert, Prince of Madagascar, 262
 Rüppell, 208
 Ruspoli (Explorer), 223
 Russell, Earl, 180
 Russia, 233
 Russia's action in Abyssinia, 159,
 245, 246, 247
 Russian Germany, 216
 Ruvuma, R., 46, 58, 193, 212, 218,
 237, 238, 256, 257
 Ruwenzori, Mt, 211, 221, 223

 Sabaeans, 31
 Sahara desert, 7, 12, 64, 120, 141,
 202, 206, 212, 215, 279, 280
 Sahati, 246
 Saint Helena Is., *see* Helena, St
 Sakalava, the, 269
 Saker, Rev. Mr, 158
 Salt, Henry, 200
 Samori, 127, 128, 129, 285, 286
 Sand River Convention, 84, 168
 Sansanding, 197
 Saracenic Architecture, 26, 152
 Saracens, 243
 Sardinia, 243
 Say (on the Niger), 119, 132, 206
 Schön, Rev. J. F., 150
 Schweinfürth, Dr, 207, 216, 217
 Sclater, Capt. B. L., 223
 Scotch, Scotsmen, 80; similarity
 with Dutch, 81, 116, 162; in Ny-
 asaland, 183
 Scott-Elliott, Mr, 223
 Sebastião, Dom (King of Portugal),
 21, 28, 35, 37
 — Saõ, Fort of, at Moçambique,
 46
 Sego (Niger), 197, 198

- Selous, Mr F. C., 220
 Semitic Colonization, 4
 Semliki, R., 211, 222
 Sena (Zambezi), 31, 47, 48, 52, 53
 Senâr (Egypt), 151, 195
 Senegal, R., 7, 29, 105, 123
 — Colony, 105, 124, 125
 Senegalese, 131, 275
 Senegambia, 19, 24, 124, 151, 280
 Serpapinto, Colonel, 54, 216
 Seychelles Islands, 189, 266
 Sfax, 61, 63
 Sharifian dynasty of Morocco, 22
 Shari, R., 119, 144, 202, 222
 Sharpe, Mr Alfred, 222
 Shaw, Dr, 195
 — Mr (Madagascar), 273, 274
 Sheep, 161
 Shepstone, Sir T., 86, 184
 Sherboro, R., 7
 Shire Highlands, 54, 156, 181
 — River, 52, 181, 193
 Shoa, 145, 199, 219, 246
 Sicily, Sicilians, 18, 192, 243
 Sierra Leone, 7, 44, 65, 99, 106 *et seq.*, 128, 148
 Sikhs, 100, 183, 241
 Sims, Dr, 156
 Slachter's Nek, 166
 Slave Trade, 29, 30, 43, 53, 92 *et seq.*, 96, 101
 — Abolition of, 43, 53, 96, 107, 164, 269
 Slavery, 30, 81, 91, 107, 162, 269
 Slaves (Christian), 148
 — (Negro), 70, 92, 107, 142, 164
 Smith, Sir Harry, 165, 168
 Sobat, R., 191, 214, 235
 Sofala, 4, 24, 31, 46, 48, 76, 192
 Sokoto, 118, 120, 198, 203, 206
 Sokotra, Is., 10, 31, 236
 Sokia (Askia) dynasty in Sudan, 21 *et seq.*
 Soleillet, Paul, 212
 Somaliland, Somalis, 10, 24, 145, 208, 223, 237, 247, 278
 Somerset, Lord Charles, 162, 166
 Songhai, 120, 214
 Sonnerat, 264
 Sonnini, 195
 Spain, 16, 19, 21
 — in Africa, 61 *et seq.*, 277
 Spanish, 107, 137, 283
 Speke, Capt. J. H., 207, 209, 210
 Spices, West African, 104
 Stadhouder (*also see* Prince of Orange), 73, 198
 Stairs, Capt., 228
 Stanley, H. M., 143, 153, 207, 212, 216, 217, 219, 221
 Stanley Pool, 229
 Steere, Bishop, 157, 218
 Stettin, von, 222
 Stewart, Rev. Dr James, 156
 Stibbs, Capt. Bartholomew, 195
 Stockenstrom, Andries, 166
 Stokes, Mr, 229, 240
 Stover, Rev. W. M., 156
 Strabo, 191
 Suakin, 245
 Sudan (Egyptian), 145, 150, 217, 233, 234, 277
 — (Negro Africa), 7, 13, 22, 23, 92, 120, 144, 202
 Suez, 231
 — Canal, 173, 232
 Suffetula (Sbeitla), 14
 Suffren, Admiral, 75
 Sugar-cane, the, 39, 40, 175
 Sus country (South of Morocco), 6
 Susa (Tunis), 61, 63
 Swahili (people and language), 256, 282
 Swayne, Capt., 223
 Swaziland, 87
 Sweden, Swedes, 97, 108, 110, 226, 227
 Swiss missionaries, 154, 155
 Tabarka, 243
 Tamatave, 266, 269, 273
 Tana, R., 255
 Tanganyika, Lake, 100, 151, 153, 183, 187, 188, 209, 212, 213, 216, 219, 242, 250, 257
 Tangiers, 16, 21, 28, 121
 Tappenbeck, Lieut., 222
 Tarik, 16
 Taveita, 95

- Tawareq (Tamasheq), 131, 141, 201, 212, 215
 Tel-el-Kebir, 233
 Tete, 49, 147, 152
 Tetwan, 63
 Thomé, Saõ (Thomas, St), (Is.), 33, 43
 Thompson, Capt. George, 194
 Thomson, Joseph, 118, 207, 219, 221, 238, 239
 Tibesti, 213, 214
 Tigre, 246, 247
 Timbuktu, 22, 29, 130, 131, 193, 195, 196, 201, 206, 207, 219
 Tinné, Alexandrine, 214, 215
 "Tippoo-Tib," Tipu-Tipu, 226
 Tlemsan, 19
 Tobacco, 39
 Togoland, 154, 254, 259
 Toole, Mr, 202
 Tozer, Bishop, 157
 Transcontinental Telegraph, 183, 188
 Transsaharan Railway, 141
 Transvaal, 83, 85, 86 *et seq.*, 168, 184, 186, 280
 Tripoli, 14, 17, 21, 24, 99, 120, 121, 201, 202, 206, 244, 278
 Tristan d'Acunha Is., 45, 173; *see* Acunha, Tristaõ d'
 Troglodytes, 7
 Tsetse fly, 48
 Tuckey, Capt., 200
 Tugela, R., 168
 Tulbagh, Governor, 73, 198
 Tungi Bay, 58
 Tunis, Tunisia, 5, 8, 11, 14, 15, 17, 24, 61 *et seq.*, 99, 121, 139, 145, 151, 244, 278
 Turkey, Turks, 23 *et seq.*, 49, 61 *et seq.*, 98, 133, 134, 139
 Twat, 23, 213
 Ubangi, R., 143, 217, 219
 — Province, 286
 Uechtritz, Herr, 222
 Uganda, 151, 217, 223, 239, 240 *et seq.*
 Ujiji, 212
 Umba, 256
 Umsilikasi, 186
 United States of America, 98, 147, 167, 278
 Utica, 5
 Vaal River, 84
 Vacher de Rochelle, 263
 Vandals, 13
 Vandeleur, Lieut., 223
 Vardon, Major, 200
 Vasco da Gama, 31, 45, 47
 Vaugèle, Capt., 219
 Venice, Venetians, 18, 29, 49, 103, 210, 243
 Verde, Cape, 7
 — Islands, 39, 45
 Vermuyden, 195
 Victoria Nyanza, *see* Nyanza
 Vincent, M., the explorer, 212
 Vine, the, 39, 70, 161
 Virunga, Mt (Volcano), 223
 Vogel, Dr, 206
 Volta, R., 110, 260
 Wadai, 24, 207, 213, 214, 278
 Walfish Bay, 179, 199, 208, 251, 253
 Wanga, 256
 Wargla, 141
 Warren, Sir Charles, 87, 186
 Waterboer, 173
 Weatherly, Mr Poulett, 222
 Webbe-Shebeili River, 223, 248
 Welle, R., 217, 219, 228
 Welsh, 162
 West African Settlements, 108, 111
 — India Company, Dutch, 67, 68
 — Indies, 93, 97, 107, 147
 Wheat, 39, 70
 "White Fathers," the, 151
 White peoples, 101
 Whyda (Dahome), 44, 109
 Wilberforce, 94, 108
 William IV of England, 269
 Willoughby, Digby, 274
 Wilson, Rev. J. L., 156
 Winton, Sir Francis de, 109, 226
 Winwood Reade, 95, 215
 Wissmann, Major H. von; 219, 250, 256, 257

- Witbooi, 259
 Witu, 255
 Woelfel, Lieutenant, 129, 286
 Wolseley (Sir Garnet, afterwards
 Viscount), 111, 178
 Wood, Sir Richard, 121, 139
 Wool, 161, 173

 Yao, Wa-, the, 100, 152, 157
 Yellow fever, 95
 — peoples, 101
 Yonnis, the, 108
 Yorubaland, 202
 Yussuf-bin-Tashfin, 19

 Zambezi, R., 5, 24, 47, 48, 52, 53,
 147, 152, 180, 181, 187, 200, 208,
 259, 278, 280, 281
 Zambezia, 51, 54, 220
 Zanzibar, 3, 11, 24, 25, 46, 49, 50,
 58, 100, 121, 149, 157, 192, 237
 et seq., 242, 248, 250, 255, 256, 257
 Zebra, the, 40
 Zimba, Ba- or Va-, 4
 Zimbabwe, 76, 218
 Zintgraff, Dr, 222
 Ziri dynasty (N. Africa), 20
 Zulus, Zululand, Zulu-Kaffir race,
 77, 83, 166, 168, 184, 185, 186
 Zumbo, 51, 54, 152

Cambridge:

**PRINTED BY J. AND C. F. CLAY,
AT THE UNIVERSITY PRESS.**

The Cambridge Historical Series.

General Editor, G. W. PROTHERO, Litt.D., Honorary Fellow of King's College, Cambridge, Professor of History in the University of Edinburgh.

The Union of Italy, 1815—1895, by W. J. STILLMAN, L.H.D. (Concordia). Crown 8vo. With four Maps. 6s.

Spain, its Greatness and Decay, 1479—1788. By Major MARTIN HUME. With an Introduction by E. ARMSTRONG, M.A. Crown 8vo. With Maps. 6s.

The Revolutionary and Napoleonic Era, 1789—1815, by J. H. ROSE, M.A., Christ's College. Crown 8vo. With Maps and Plans. Second Edition. 4s. 6d.

Outlines of English Industrial History, by W. CUNNINGHAM, D.D., Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, and E. A. M^cARTHUR, Lecturer of Girton College. Crown 8vo. 4s.

An Essay on Western Civilization, by W. CUNNINGHAM, D.D., Hon. LL.D. Edin.; Hon. Fellow of Gonville and Caius College, Fellow and Lecturer of Trinity College, and Vicar of Great S. Mary's, Cambridge. Crown 8vo. With Maps. 4s. 6d.

The Australasian Colonies, from their foundation to the year 1893, by E. JENKS, M.A., Reader in English Law in the University of Oxford, formerly Dean of the Faculty of Law in Melbourne University. Crown 8vo. With Maps. Second Edition. 6s.

The United States of America, 1765—1865, by EDWARD CHANNING, Professor of History in Harvard University. Crown 8vo. With Maps. 6s.

Ireland; 1494—1868, with two Introductory Chapters, by W. O'CONNOR MORRIS, County Court Judge of the United Counties of Roscommon and Sligo, and sometime Scholar of Oriol College, Oxford. Crown 8vo. With Map. 6s.

Scotland. By P. HUME BROWN, M.A., LL.D. Two volumes. [Vol. I. in the Press.]

A History of the Colonization of Africa by Asiatic and European Races, by Sir H. H. JOHNSTON, K.C.B., H.B.M. Consul at Tunis. [In the Press.]

In preparation.

The Foundation of the German Empire, 1815—1871, by J. W. HEADLAM, M.A., Fellow of King's College, Cambridge.

The French Monarchy, 1483—1789, by A. J. GRANT, M.A. Two Volumes.

Other volumes will be announced shortly.

The Union of Italy, 1815—1895, by W. J. STILLMAN, L.H.D. (Concordia). With four Maps. Crown 8vo. 6s.

Press Opinions.

The Times. Few men are better qualified by personal knowledge, by political sympathy, or by direct contact with events than Mr W. J. Stillman to write a history of Italy.

Literature. Mr Stillman, who has been selected to write this volume, has many qualifications for the task. He has considerable personal acquaintance with Italy and Italian politics, he can tell a clear and interesting story, he has the requisite sympathy with the achievements he has to describe, and he does not allow his estimate of men to be unduly influenced by his own prepossessions.

Academy. Mr Stillman was Italian correspondent of the *Times* during many of the events he relates, and he knows his subject thoroughly. His narrative, though not precisely scintillating, is orderly, full, and interesting....From its own point of view it is an honest and not unsympathetic contribution to the subject.

Daily Chronicle. This work is a very complete and impartial account of one of the most important episodes in the history of modern Europe—the achievement of Italian unity....We have to thank Mr Stillman for a useful addition to current European history.

Pall Mall Gazette. This work is not only a very important addition to the Cambridge Historical Series, but among the most notable of recent contributions to history. Both as a record and interpretation of past events, not too generally known or understood in this country and as the judgment of an honest friend of Italy upon her present, its value is hard to over-estimate.

Manchester Guardian. Mr Stillman has given a clear and sufficient epitome of the whole struggle between light and darkness in the Peninsula from the fall of Napoleon to the death of Bismarck, and a bibliographical appendix that will be of use to all students, to whom, as well as to the wider public, his book should be heartily welcome.

The Revolutionary and Napoleonic Era, 1789—1815, by J. H. ROSE, M.A., Christ's College. Crown 8vo. With Maps and Plans. Second Edition. 4s. 6d.

Press Opinions.

Academy. Mr Rose's narrative is well arranged and attractive; his information and research are copious; and much of his work is of sterling value, especially his account of some facts in the obscure and illknown politics of the time, of the ever-changing negotiations of 1795—1815, and of the Congress of Vienna and its many intrigues.....The style of Mr Rose is keen and vigorous.

English Historical Review. Mr Rose has made a good use of the most recently published authorities, as may be seen by reference to his accounts of the Campaigns of Russia and of Waterloo. He has approached very nearly to absolute impartiality.

Journal des Débats. C'est peut-être, de cette difficile période, le plus sûr, le plus lumineux Manuel qui ait été encore écrit.

The United States of America, 1765—1865. By EDWARD CHANNING, Professor of History in Harvard University. Crown 8vo. With Maps. 6s.

Press Opinions.

Times. Prof. Channing, of Harvard, has written a history of his country for which many Englishmen will be grateful to him, and all the

more so that he has been concise and has not attempted too much.....It is a true pleasure to read a book marked by so sincere a desire to be fair to friend and foe, countrymen and kin beyond the sea, and to speak the truth without regard to so-called patriotic conventions. The value of the volume is increased by the maps, bibliographical notes, and constitutional documents in the appendices.

Daily Chronicle. As one of the volumes in the Cambridge Historical Series, the present work should be welcome in English colleges and schools, where, as we have had occasion before to say, there is no adequate textbook of American history for English students.

Speaker. After a very careful examination we must pronounce this little book quite admirable. It is the very book we have been looking for these many years, and till now have failed to find. There are admirable short histories of most European Countries, but we know of no other book suitable at once for the upper forms of schools, the undergraduate, and the general reader, which gives any really useful and intelligible sketch of the history of the United States within three hundred and fifty pages. Prof. Channing tells us just what the English reader wants to know, how the Atlantic States were colonised; how they came to revolt; how they formed their constitution; how they spread westward, and how they maintained the Union.....He gives a clear and on the whole a judicious account of the real trend of history, the inner causation of events.

The Australasian Colonies, from their foundation to the year 1893, by E. JENKS, M.A., Reader in English Law in the University of Oxford, formerly Dean of the Faculty of Law in Melbourne University. Crown 8vo. Second Edition. With Maps. 6s.

Press Opinions.

Times. The writer has a double qualification for his task, having not only been a distinguished Cambridge man, but an official in the University of Melbourne and the author of a good book on "The Government of Victoria." His little volume is not unworthy of those credentials. It is compact, well arranged, and written in an excellent style; while the facts of Australasian history have been gathered and stated in a way that, generally speaking, appears to be very complete and impartial. Mr Jenks's accounts of the founding of the different colonies, especially New South Wales, Tasmania, and New Zealand, are singularly vivid; so are those of two romantic and dominating episodes in the early history of Australasia, the gold discoveries and the Maori wars.

Guardian. The editor, Dr Prothero, of the Cambridge Historical Series, is to be congratulated on having provided the British public, through Mr Jenks, with a clear, compact, and well-written sketch of the history of the Australasian Colonies.

Ireland, 1494—1868. With Two Introductory Chapters.
By W. O'CONNOR MORRIS, County Court Judge of the United Counties of Roscommon and Sligo, and sometime Scholar of Oriel College, Oxford. Crown 8vo. With Map. 6s.

Press Opinions.

• *Times.* His knowledge of his subject is based on extensive and independent study, and he grasps his materials firmly, and interprets them with judgement, moderation and discretion.....It is too much to expect that critics of all parties will acknowledge his success in this very laudable

undertaking, and there are, of course, many disputed points on which his judgement may fairly be open to question, but the candid reader will not fail to do justice to his persistent endeavour to treat his difficult and thorny subject in a genuine historical spirit.

Daily Chronicle. A record of Irish history which will be found of much use by students.....Mr O'Connor Morris has contrived to treat his subject in a very comprehensive spirit, and with accuracy in detail. He has produced a work which will, we think, be found a very useful guide by the historical student through the mazes of Irish history.

Manchester Guardian. Upon the whole, this is the best handbook on Irish history that has yet appeared.

Outlines of English Industrial History, by W. CUNNINGHAM, D.D., Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, and E. A. McARTHUR, Lecturer at Girton College. Crown 8vo. 4s.

Press Opinions.

Athenæum. It may be said at once that it is excellently written, clear, terse, and restrained both in composition and doctrine, yet not without glimpses of individual judgements, and even previsions, always interesting, and often vivid and penetrating. There is a transparent effort after fairness, too, in stating opinions with which the authors sometimes cannot be supposed to be in sympathy; and slight as may be the framework in which such weighty matter is contained, it is informed throughout by the true historic spirit.

Guardian. This little book is by far the best introduction to English economic history which has yet been published. It is well arranged and clearly expressed. It is characterised throughout by fulness of knowledge and sobriety of judgment.

Educational Times. Our authors deserve hearty thanks for attempting to supply a stepping-stone between Mr Gibbins's "Industrial History of England" and the larger works of Thorold Rogers, Professor Ashley, and Dr Cunningham himself, and unstinted praise for performing their task so well.

An Essay on Western Civilisation in its Economic Aspects (Ancient Times). By W. CUNNINGHAM, D.D., Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge. Crown 8vo. 4s. 6d.

Press Opinions.

Daily Chronicle. In this little work, Dr Cunningham, whose attainments peculiarly fit him for the task, has attempted to give us an outline of the growth of industry, of trade, of the economic basis of life in the earlier stages of the history of the western world. The work seems to us to be of great service and to have been executed with no little skill and judgement.....Considering the complexity of the subject, and the scanty materials at his disposal, together with the limits of the work itself, we are of opinion that Dr Cunningham has rendered a most important service to our knowledge of the course of human history by means of this interesting and well-conceived work.

London: C. J. CLAY AND SONS,
CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS WAREHOUSE,
AVE MARIA LANE.