

THE STORY OF THE NATIONS

1
SUBSCRIPTION

EDITION



The Story of the Nations.

THE FRANKS



THE STORY OF THE NATIONS.

1. **ROME**. By ARTHUR GILMAN, M.A.
2. **THE JEWS**. By Prof. J. K. HOSMER.
3. **GERMANY**. By Rev. S. BARING-GOULD, M.A.
4. **CARTHAGE**. By Prof. ALFRED J. CHURCH.
5. **ALEXANDER'S EMPIRE**. By Prof. J. P. MAHAPPY.
6. **THE MOORS IN SPAIN**. By STANLEY LANE-POOLE.
7. **ANCIENT EGYPT**. By Prof. GEORGE RAWLINSON.
8. **HUNGARY**. By Prof. AMINIUS VAMBERG.
9. **THE SARACENS**. By ARTHUR GILMAN, M.A.
10. **IRELAND**. By the Hon. EMILY LAWLESS.
11. **CHALDEA**. By ZÉNAÏDE A. RAGOZIN.
12. **THE GOTHES**. By HENRY BRADLEY.
13. **ASSYRIA**. By ZÉNAÏDE A. RAGOZIN.
14. **TURKEY**. By STANLEY LANE-POOLE.
15. **HOLLAND**. By Prof. J. E. THOROLD ROGERS.
16. **MEDIEVAL FRANCE**. By GUSTAVE MASSON.
17. **PERSIA**. By S. G. W. BENJAMIN.
18. **PHENICIA**. By Prof. GEO. RAWLINSON.
19. **MEDIA**. By ZÉNAÏDE A. RAGOZIN.
20. **THE HANSA TOWNS**. By HELEN ZIMMERN.
21. **EARLY BRITAIN**. By Prof. ALFRED J. CHURCH.
22. **THE BARBARY CORSAIRS**. By STANLEY LANE-POOLE.
23. **RUSSIA**. By W. R. MORFILL, M.A.
24. **THE JEWS UNDER THE ROMANS**. By W. D. MURKINSON.
5. **SCOTLAND**. By JOHN MACKINTOSH, LL.D.
6. **SWITZERLAND**. By Mrs LINA HUG and R. STEAD.
7. **MEXICO**. By SUSAN HALE.
8. **PORTUGAL**. By H. MORSE STEPHENS.
9. **THE NORMANS**. By SARAH ORNE JEWETT.
30. **THE BYZANTINE EMPIRE**. By C. W. C. OMAN.
31. **SICILY: Phœnician, Greek and Roman**. By the late Prof. E. A. FREEMAN.
32. **THE TUSCAN REPUBLICS**. By BELLA DUFFY.
33. **POLAND**. By W. R. MORFILL, M.A.
34. **PARTHIA**. By Prof. GEORGE RAWLINSON.
35. **AUSTRALIAN COMMONWEALTH**. By GREVILLE TREGARTHEN.
36. **SPAIN**. By H. E. WATTS.
37. **JAPAN**. By DAVID MURRAY, Ph.D.
38. **SOUTH AFRICA**. By GEORGE M. THEAL.
39. **VENICE**. By ALETHEA WIEL.
40. **THE CRUSADES**. By T. A. ARCHER and C. L. KINGSFORD.
41. **VEDIC INDIA**. By Z. A. RAGOZIN.
42. **WEST INDIES AND THE SPANISH MAIN**. By JAMES RODWAY.
43. **BOHEMIA**. By C. EDMUND MAURICE.
44. **THE BALKANS**. By W. MILLER, M.A.
45. **CANADA**. By Sir J. G. BOURINOT, LL.D.
46. **BRITISH INDIA**. By R. W. FRAZER, LL.B.
47. **MODERN FRANCE**. By André LE BON.
48. **THE FRANKS**. By LEWIS SERGEANT.
49. **AUSTRIA**. By SIDNEY WHITMAN.
50. **MODERN ENGLAND**. Before the Reform Bill. By JUSTIN MCCARTHY.
51. **CHINA**. By Prof. R. K. DOUGLAS.
52. **MODERN ENGLAND**. From the Reform Bill to the Present Time. By JUSTIN MCCARTHY.
53. **MODERN SPAIN**. By MARTIN A. S. HUMPHREY.
54. **MODERN ITALY**. By PIETRO ORSI.
55. **NORWAY**. By H. H. BOYERSEN.
56. **WALES**. By O. M. EDWARDS.

DON: T. FISHER UNWIN, PATERNOSTER SQUARE, E.C.



DAGOBERT I.
Reproduction of a Ninth Century Statue.

THE FRANKS

*FROM THEIR ORIGIN AS A CONFEDERACY
TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE
KINGDOM OF FRANCE AND
THE GERMAN EMPIRE*

BY

LEWIS SERGEANT

AUTHOR OF "JOHN WYCLIF: LAST OF THE SCHOOLMEN AND
FIRST OF THE ENGLISH REFORMERS," ETC.

SECOND EDITION

London

T. FISHER UNWIN
PATERNOSTER SQUARE

Copyright by T. FISHER UNWIN, 1898.

V55(Y7F). D9

C8

2643



PREFACE

THE story of the Franks, especially of the earlier Franks, is rich in fable but poor in history. In the legend of Clovis, and even in the legend of Charles the Great, it is a work of considerable difficulty to separate what is historically accurate from that which has at best a dubious origin. My aim in writing this volume has been to present a general outline of the history of the Franks, and, in doing so, to confine myself almost exclusively to facts which have a sure foundation. That aim implied that the greater part of the volume should be devoted to periods in which the historical foundation was least secure—to the long struggle between Romans and Teutons, during which the tribes on the east of the Rhine were perpetually combining against their enemies until the Frank confederacy clearly emerged, and to the subsequent Merovingian period, during which the Franks were gradually subjecting the whole of Gaul. It is in this domain, overgrown as it is with fable, and meagrely as its central facts have

been dealt with by historians, that the student of history should find his greatest attraction.

I have ventured in the following pages to support an interpretation of a particular passage in Gregory of Tours which has been either ignored or repudiated for more than a thousand years. The reader must decide for himself as to the probable origin of the Franks, and the position of Gregory's "Dispargum"; but in any case it is impossible that we should continue to attach the slightest credence to the imaginary Belgic Thuringia.





CONTENTS.

I.	PAGE
THE CONFLICT OF RACES	I-10
Introduction—Romans, Gallo-Romans, and Germans—The Kelts in Gaul and in Britain—The Roman Church—Limits of the subject—The Franks ultimately retire from, or are rejected by, France.	
II.	
WHO WERE THE FRANKS?	11-20
Obscure Origin of the People—The Gallo-German Frontier— Cæsar and the Sicambrian League—Earliest occurrence of the name—Vopiscus, Sulpitius, Gregory of Tours—The Trojan Legend—A Historical Puzzle and a Word-Study.	
III.	
CÆSAR'S FRONTIER POLICY	21-34
Hereditary Foes—The Roman Conquest of Gaul—The West- ward Migrations—Compression and Expansion—Cæsar's Policy—Continued by Augustus—Hermann—The Disaster of Varus—The Revenge of Germanicus—Marbod—The Julian Emperors—The Story of Civilis.	
<i>Note on the German Tribes (according to Tacitus)</i>	

IV.

	PAGE
THE GERMAN RACE	37-47

The Home of the Teutons—Roman Inconsistencies—German Raids—Romanised Germans—The Flavian Emperors—The Rhine Frontier—The Roman Rampart—The Cradle-Land of the Franks—The *Decumates Agri*.

V.

THE DECLINE OF ROME	48-57
-------------------------------	-------

Franks, Allemans, and Goths—"Deum Ira in Rem Romanam"—Growth of the Christian Church—Romanised Gaul—Pagan and Christian Letters—Gallic Poets.

VI.

THE COMING OF THE FRANKS	58-79
------------------------------------	-------

The Frontier broken—Incursions of Allemans, Vandals, and Franks—Postumus the Traitor—Gallic Insurrections—Aurelian—More Frank Raids—Probus—Diocletian—Augusti and Cæsars—Legati, Duces and Comites—Constantius—Constantine—Julian—Salian Franks settled in Belgic Gaul—A Frank Consul—A Frank Emperor-Maker—Stilicho—The Poet Claudian.

VII.

THE MEROVINGIAN FRANKS	80-98
----------------------------------	-------

Establishment of the Merovingians in Gaul—Their Origin—Clodion and Merowig—Gregory of Tours—Dispargum (Divisio-Burgum ?)—The Thuringian Scheidungen-Burg—Salian Franks—Riparian Franks—Læti and Leti—Cambrai and Tournai occupied by the Franks—Aëtius—An Impossible Task—Attila the "Scourge of God"—The Yellow Terror—Childeric—The Mother of Clovis—Childeric's Tomb.

Note on the Origin of the Merovingians 98-100

CONTENTS.

xiii

VIII.

KING CLOVIS	PAGE 101-119
-----------------------	-----------------

The Political State of Gaul at the end of the Fifth Century—
The four Frank Kingdoms in Gaul—Allemana, Goths, and
Burgundians—The Armorican Land—The Conquests of Clovis
—Defeat of Syagrius—The Cup of Soissons—War with
Thuringia—Queen Clotilda—Expulsion of the Allemana—
The Conversion of Clovis—Saint Remy.

IX.

CONQUESTS OF CHRISTIANITY	120-131
-------------------------------------	---------

The Western Church—A new Imperium—The Penance of
Theodosius—Policy and Victories of Christian Rome—The
Church in Gaul—Rome appeals to the Teutons—Invokes the
aid of the Franks—Orthodoxy and Arianism—The Council
of Nice—Victory of the Trinitarians—Effects of the Frank
Conversion.

X.

THE SUBJECTION OF GAUL	132-152
----------------------------------	---------

Wars of Clovis with the Burgundians—Gundobald and Code-
gisil—Aredius—The Burgundian Codes—Councils of the Gallic
Church—Theodoric the Goth opposes Clovis—The Meeting
of Clovis and Alaric—The Council of Agde—The Conquest
of Aquitaine—Clovis as Roman Consul—Removes from Sois-
sons to Paris—Subjection of the minor Frank Monarchies—
Death of Clovis.

XI.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE FRANKS	153-164
---	---------

The Growth of a Nation—Character and Institutions of the
Teutons—Their Codes—Origins of Teutonic Law—Salic Law
—Wehrgeld—Ordeals—Slavery and Enfranchisement.

XII.

THE SONS OF CLOVIS PAGE
165-179

Subdivision of the Realm of Clovis—Conquest of Burgundy—Old Age and Death of Clotilda—Conquest of Thuringia and Bavaria—Clotilda the Younger—Conquest of Provence—Belisarius—The Romance of Totila and the daughter of Theodebert—The Plagues—Clotair, second Sole King of the Franks—Genealogy of the Merovingian Kings.

XIII.

THE SONS OF CLOTAIR 180-193

Subdivision of the Realm of Clotair—Siegbert and Chilperic—Brunhilda and Fredegonda—Fredegonda's Crimes—Death of Chilperic—Gontran of Burgundy and Childebert—Brunhilda's Machinations—Clotair II., third sole King of the Franks—The Kingdoms of Neustria and Austria—The Frank Reich and the Oster Ric.

XIV.

THE MAYORS OF THE PALACE 194-206

Origin of the Office—Increase of authority during the minority of the Kings—Warnaher and Rade—Pepin "of Landen"—Grimoald and his Son—Rois Fainçants—Genealogy of the hereditary Mayors—Charles Martel—Pepin the Short, Mayor and King.

XV.

ROME APPEALS TO THE FRANKS 207-220

The Roman See—The Lombards in Italy—Pope Stephen appeals to Pepin—Pepin crowned at S. Denis—The Herycynian Wolf—Development of Frank Authority—Approach of the Franks to full Civilisation—Land Tenure under the Frank Kings—Serfdom under Teutonic Rule—The Sons of Pepin—Accession of Charles.

CONTENTS.

XV

XVI.

	PAGE
CHARLES THE GREAT	221-232

Franks and Saxons—Destruction of Irminsul—A Thirty Years' War—Pope Adrian's appeal to Charles—Charles defeats the Lombards in Italy—Visits Rome—Becomes Dux of Rome and King of Italy—His Benefactions to the Pope—Fresh Campaigns in Saxony and Italy—The Assembly of Paderborn—Mission of Ibn-el-Arabi—Charles invades Spain—Battle of Roncesvalles—The "Song of Roland."

XVII.

THE WESTERN EMPIRE REVIVED	233-247
--------------------------------------	---------

Witkind the Saxon—Conversion of the Saxons—Final subjection of Saxony—Other Wars of Charles—Tassilon of Bavaria—Charles on the Danube—Death of Pope Adrian—Renewal of the Understanding with Charles—Leo expelled from Rome—Restored by Charles—Charles crowned Emperor at Rome—The Policy of the Pope—Rome and Byzantium.

XVIII.

THE GOVERNMENT OF CHARLES	248-266
-------------------------------------	---------

Imperial Rule—The Palace at Aachen—The Basilica—Spoils from Italy—Instruments of Music—Haroun-al-Raschid—Missi Dominici—Incompatibility of Franks and Gauls—A Barrier of Speech—Charles's Preference for the East—General Assemblies under the Carolingians—The Capitularies—Archbishop Hincmar—The Personal Government of Charles.

XIX.

THE COURT OF CHARLES	PAGE 267-285
--------------------------------	-----------------

The Emperor's Mother—His Wives and Family—Ealhwin of York—Alcuin and the School of the Palace—Alcuin's Method of Instruction—A Revival of Learning—Caligraphy—The Scriptorium at Tours—Eginhard—Charles as a Writer—The "Caroline Books"—Correspondence of Charles—Dawn of Teutonic Literature.

XX.

THE LIFE AND WORK OF CHARLES	286-297
--	---------

Last Years of Charles the Great—Inroads of the Northmen—The Emperor's Sons—The Death of the Emperor—His Life and Work—Obstacles to Mental Evolution—The Legend of Charlemagne—Influences of the Franks—Charles and Offa, King of the Mercians.

XXI.

THE PARTITION OF THE EMPIRE	298-319
---------------------------------------	---------

Louis the Pious and His Sons—Genealogy of the Carolingians—Constituent Parts of the Empire—Weakness of Louis—Revolt of his Sons—Battle of Fontenai—Louis the German and Charles the Bald—The Oaths of Argentario—Lingua Romana and Lingua Teudisca—Nationalities at Fontenai and Argentario—Treaty of Verdun and Partition of the Empire—The Imperial Succession—Encroachments of the Northmen—Rollo, Duke of Normandy.

CONTENTS.

xvii

XXII.

	PAGE
FRANCE AND GERMANY	320-334
The Last Carolingians—The Dukes of France—Hughes Capet —The Kingdom of France—Hereditary Fiefs—Origins of the Feudal System—The Word "Frank"—The Imperial Title— The Holy Roman Empire—Conclusion.	
INDEX	335
ROMAN NAMES AND MODERN EQUIVALENTS.	342





LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS.

	PAGE
GALLIC BRACELET	8
MAP OF WESTERN GERMANY	<i>To face</i> 28
PORTA NIGRA (ROMAN)	51
PNEUMATIC ORGAN, FOURTH CENTURY	56
MONUMENTAL TOMB (ROMAN)	63
STATUE OF JULIAN	71
FROM AN ALTAR TO CERNUNNOS IN PARIS	76
SKETCH-MAP	85
CEREMONIAL SWORD IN SHEATH (FROM THE TOMB OF CHILDERIC)	95
BUCKLE (FROM THE TOMB OF CHILDERIC)	96
MOUNTED TOOTH (DITTO)	97
AXE-HEAD (DITTO)	98
SPEAR-HEAD (DITTO)	99
FRANK WARRIOR (TYPICAL)	106
STATUE OF CLOVIS (XII. CENTURY)	112
STATUE OF CLOTILDA (XII. CENTURY)	115
THE BAPTISM OF CLOVIS	118

	PAGE
ALTAR TRAY AND CHALICE	123
TOMB OF S. REMY	127
A GALLIC COUNCIL	137
AMBOISE IN THE SIXTEENTH CENTURY	140
RUINS OF MARMOUTIERS	142
DIPTYCH OF SIVIDIUS OF TOURS	146
EARLIER FRANK SETTLEMENTS IN BELGIAN GAUL	156
IRON SAUFANG	161
GAUL AFTER THE DEATH OF CLOVIS	168
VOTIVE CROWN OF KING SUINTILA	174
REALM OF THE FRANKS UNDER CLOTAIR II. (613)	190
REPUTED THRONE OF DAGOBERT	198
SAXON REALM OF CHARLES THE GREAT	229
THE SWORD OF CHARLES THE GREAT	237
DIADEM OF CHARLES THE GREAT	244
ORGANISTRUM (IX. CENTURY).	250
THREE-STRINGED CROUT (IX. CENTURY).	250
LYRE (IX. CENTURY)	251
TINTINNABULUM (IX. CENTURY)	264
CHIMES (FROM A IX. CENTURY MS.)	273
BYZANTINE ENAMEL RELIQUARY (X. CENTURY)	279
CHRIST AND HIS MOTHER (IX. CENTURY FRESCO)	295
TURRET BELL NOW AT SIENA (1159)	331



INDEX

A

Aachen, the seat of government under Charles the Great, 245-8, 249 ff., 272 ff.
 Adelchis the Lombard, 228
 Adrian, Pope, 224 ff., 240-1, 249, 268, 278
 Ægidius, Roman *Comes* in Gaul, 94, 103
 Aëtius, Roman *Comes*, 90-93
 Agde, Council of, 141
 Alaric I., king of Visigoths, 78, 139 ff., 171
 Alaric II., 105, 139 ff., 149
 Alboferla, sister of Clovis, 118
 Alboin the Lombard, 209
 Alcuin, Abbot, English ecclesiastic, at Aachen and Tours, 271 ff., 275, 281, 289
 Alfred of England, 7, 213-14, 290
 Allemans, 6, 48, 50, 62, 68 ff., 102, 175, 203, and *passim*; see "Charles the Great" and "Clovis"; 302
 Amalaric the Visigoth, 171
 Ambrose, Archbishop, imposes penance on Theodosius, 122
 Ammianus, historian, 73-5, 284
 Anastasius II., Pope, congratulates Clovis on his victories, 152
 Anastasius, emperor of the East, 145-7
 Angilbert, Bishop, 240
 Angilbert, son-in-law of Charles the Great, 269
 Angles, 7, 35, 214, 222, 257, 296

Aquitaine, 9, 17, 139 ff., 165, 182, 189, 191, 203, 218, 228, 231, 254, 288, 300, 303, 320
 Arbogast, Franco-Roman *Comes*, 77
 Aredius intervenes between Clovis and Gundobald, 134 ff.
 Argentaria, the Oaths of, 308-12
 Arianism, 69, 113; its character, 126-9, 132, 209, and *passim*
 Arian States, 138-43
 Aribert the Lombard, 209
 Arichis, Lombard Duke of Beneventum, 228
 Arioistus in Gaul, 23
 Armoricans, 94, 102-4, 114, 119, 132, 167, 300, and *passim*
 Arnulf, Bp. of Metz, ancestor of Charles the Great, 201
 Astolf the Lombard, 211-12
 Athalaric, Ostrogoth, 171-2
 Athanasius, Bishop, 126-9
 Attila (Etzel), the Hun, 91-3, 122
 Audovera, first wife of Chilperic, 181
 Augofleda, sister of Clovis, wife of Theodoric the Goth, 119
 Augustus (Emperor Octavian), 27, 44, 53, 247; "Augustus" as an imperial title, 69, 94, 120, 146, 165
 Augustulus, last emperor of Rome, 97
 Aurelian, Emperor, 62
 Ausonius, a Gaul, 53, 56
 Austria (Austrasia), realm of the Eastern Franks, 153, (and Neus-

tria), 191, 196 ff., 200, 254 ff.,
293, 302
Avitus, Bishop of Vienne, 125

B

Bagats (Bagaudæ), 61, 67, 90,
103, 124
Bajulus, the office of, 199
Basina, mother of Clovis, 95-7
Basques, 189
Batavians, 17, 29, 31, 38, 156-7, 246
Bavaria, 153, 171, 203, 212, 221,
238; as a kingdom of the
Franks, 300 ff., 323
Belgians, 13, 23-4, 31, 75, 79, 88,
117, 156, 167, and *passim*
Belgic Thuringia, imaginary, 84,
99-100
Belisarius in Italy, 172-3
Beneficia of land, 216, 326
Bertha, mother of Charles the
Great, 211, 219, 224, 268
Bertha, sister of Charles the
Great(?), 201
Bertha, daughter of Charles, 269
Bernard, grandson of Charles, 299
Boson, king of Provence, 316, 320
Brabant, 83, 154, 212
Breviarium of Anianus, 144
Britain, 2 ff., 97. *See* under
"Angles," "Alfred," "Alcuin,"
"Offa"
Brittany, 103, 120, 184, 193, 197,
253, 321; *see* "Armoricans"
Brunhilda, 181 ff.
Burgundians, 90, 102-4, 119, 203;
war with Clovis, 132 ff.; their
code, 136; 169, 172, 189, 203,
254, 318
Byzantium, 193, 207, 245, 247,
252, 279, 323; *see* "Empire of
the East"

C

Cæsar, Julius, 12 ff., 22 ff.; his
frontier policy, 26 ff., 65;
"Cæsar" as a sub-imperial
title, 69
Caligula, Emperor, 30
Capitularies, 258, 263 ff., 323, 325

Caracalla, Emperor, his benefits
to Gaul, 58-60, 68
Cararic, king of Téroüanne, 101;
his kingdom annexed by Clovis,
150
Carausius from Britain, seizes
Boulogne, 67
Caribert, king of Paris, 179, 182
Carloman, brother of Pepin the
Short, 201, 204
Carloman, brother of Charles the
Great, 215-19
Carloman, king of Aquitaine, 301
Caroline script, 275
Carolingians, *see* "Franks"
Charles the Bald, 5th Frank
emperor, 301, 304 ff., 316
Charles the Fat, 6th Frank
emperor, 301, 317 ff.
Charles the Great, 1st Frank
emperor, 9, 210-11, 213; king
of the Franks, 215; his first
campaign, 218; sole king, 219;
marries Himiltrude, 219, and
Desiderata, *ibid.*; begins the
Saxon war, 222; the Lombard
war in Italy, 224; marries
Hildegard, 225; visits Rome,
225; confirms his father's grants
to the Pope; renewed visits to
Italy, 228; his sons, Carloman
and Louis, consecrated as kings
of Italy and Aquitaine, 228;
expedition to Spain, 230; death
of his nephew Roland, 231;
subdues the Saxons and Witt-
kind, 234; defeats the Slavo-
nians, Wiltzes, Avars, Bavarians,
Huns, 238; confirms Leo III.
as Pope, 240; reinstates him,
242; is crowned emperor, as
Carolus Augustus, 243; the
character of his empire, 245;
his government, 248 ff.; his
court, 267 ff.; his later wives
and children, 270; his meeting
with Alcuin, 271; patronage of
learning, 276; his life-work,
286 ff.; his death, 290; his
descendants, 298; his legend,
235, 270

- Charles, king of Provence, 301
 Charles, king of Aquitaine, 301
 Charles the Simple, king of Neustria, 301, 319-20
 Charles le Fainéant, 301
 Charles Martel, Mayor of the Palace, 201; his character, 202; conquests, *ibid.*; defeats the Saracens, 203; appealed to by Gregory III., 204; dies, *ibid.*
 Chattan origin of the name "Frank," 19, 86; *see* "Frank"
 Childebert, king of Paris, 166 ff., 177
 Childebert II., king of Metz, 179, 185, 208
 Childebert III., 179
 Childeric I., king of Tournai, 82-3, 93 ff., 166
 Childeric II., king of Neustria, 179, 263
 Chilperic I., king of Soissons, 179 ff.
 Chilperic II., 179
 Chilperic the Burgundian, 111, 133
 Chramnus, son of Clotair I., 177
 Christian authors in Gaul, 55
 Christianity, its growing power at Rome and in Gaul, 50 ff.; Orthodox and Arian, 113; policy of the bishops towards the barbarians, 120 ff.; supremacy in Europe of the Roman Church, 126 ff.; its appeals to Visigoths, 125; to the Franks, 185, 204-5, 210-12, 221, 225 ff., 240 ff.; the temporal power, 240; the dispute between the Eastern and Western Churches, 278; effects of temporalities, 294; and *passim*; *see* Gallic Church
 Civilis, his half-told story, 31
 Claudius, Emperor, 30, 45, 62
 Cloderic, his kingdom annexed by Clovis, 150, 166
 Clodion invades Gaul, 82; his origin, 84 ff., 89
 Clodomer, son of Clovis, 114, 166-9, 177
 Clodovald (Saint Cloud), 166, 169
 Clotair I., 166 ff., 177; his descendants, 179 ff.; the sons of Clotair, 180
 Clotair II., 183, 190
 Clotair III., king of Neustria, 179
 Clotilda, 111; married to Clovis, 113, 152, 167 ff.
 Clotilda, her daughter, 171
 Clovis I., king of the Franks, 16; his mother, 97; comes to the throne of Tournai, 101; wins Soissons and Paris, 105; fights the Thuringians, 109; marries Clotilda, 111; converted to Orthodox Christianity by his wife, 113 ff.; baptised by Bishop Remy, 117; his sister married to Theodoric, 119; "rex Christianissimus," 125; makes terms with the Armoricans, 119, 132; the Burgundian war, 133 ff.; the Aquitanian war, 139 ff.; Clovis attacks the Allemans, 139; checked by Theodoric, 145; receives the title of Consul, 146; resides at Paris, 147; subjugates North-eastern Gaul and becomes sole king of the Franks, 149 ff.; dies, 152; his sons, 165 ff.
 Clovis II., king of Neustria, 179
 Clovis III., 179
 Clovis, son of Chilperic, 181
 Commodus, Emperor, 34, 55
 Complaint of Louis the Pious, 305
 Constantine, Emperor, 64, 68 ff.
 Constantius, Emperor, 69 ff., 157
 Council of Nice, 69, 126
 Council summoned by Charles the Great at Frankfurt, on the adoration of images, 278
 Councils of the Church in Gaul, 136-8, 141, 184, 189, 288
 D
 Dagobert I., king of the Franks, 179, 191; a patron of learning and art, 197
 Dagobert II., 179

Dagobert III., 202
 Danes, 175, 233, 238, 284-6, 333
 Decumates Agri, 35, 46, 72, 83, 102
 Desiderata, second wife of Charles the Great, 219 ff.
 Desiderius, king of the Lombards, 219 ff.
 Didier, Bishop of Vienne, 189
 Didier, Duke of Toulouse, 184
 Dieburg, 84 ff.
 Diocletian, Emperor, 50, 55, 68
 Dispargum (Scheidungen-burg), 82 ff., 98, 109, 157, 168
 Domitian, Emperor, 33
 Duisburg, 84, 150

E

Ebroin, Mayor, 199
 Eginard, biographer of Charles the Great, 224, 231, 240, 245, 267, 271; account of his life, 276-7, 289, 293
 Eloy (Eligius), S., 197-9
 Emperors, Frank and Saxon, the first fourteen, 332
 Empire (ancient) of Rome, *passim*; its collapse, 97. *See* under names of emperors.
 Empire of the East, 50, 165, 185, 193, 207, 211, 245-7
 Empire (Holy Roman), 243. *See* "Charles the Great," 294, 313, 330
 Euaric, king of Visigoths, urged to champion Rome, 125
 Eudes, Count of Paris, 320-1

F

Feudalism, origins of amongst the Teutons, 215, 246, 323
 Fiefs, hereditary, 323-4
 Fontenai, the battle of, 308
 Franc (various meanings of the word), 18, 327
 France, the kingdom of, 256, 322, 333
 Francia, the land of the Franks, 57, 147, 153, 185, 191, 200, 255
 Francia, the French duchy, 321-2

Francia, the German duchy, 322
 Franconia, 327
 Frank Reich, 191, 256
 Franken (German geographical name), 45, 81, 85, 327
 Frank (various meanings of the word), 18, 79, 293, 326
 Franks, their relations to other nations, 1-10; their origin as a confederacy of Sicambrians, Chattans, Tencterians, &c., 11 ff., 21 ff., 31, and *passim*; the evidence of Vopiscus, 15-20, 59; of Gregory of Tours, 16-17, 82, 98; of Sigebert, 19; of Lydus, 20; of Sulpitius, 59; fabled Pannonian (Trojan) origin, 17; their German home, 37 ff.; they break the Roman frontier, 50, 59, 60, 62, 72; their first settlements in Gaul, 64, 75, 86, 89, (Læti), 91, 154 ff.; a Frank sea-raid, 65-7; Frank usurping emperors of ancient Rome, 70; a Frank consul, 77; a Frank comes, 77; qualities of the Franks, 67, 74, 111 (*see* "characteristics" below); Salian Franks, 16, 74-5, 79, 83 ff., 107, 155 ff.; the Merovingians, 80 ff., 212, 263, 284 (*see* also under "Clovis," &c., and *passim*); Franks of the Thuringian border, 81 ff., 95, 110, 170; Clodion of Dispargum, 82 ff.; Merowig, fights with Romans, Gauls, and Goths against the Huns, 93; Childeric of Tournai, *ibid.* ff.; Clovis of Tournai, 101 ff. (follow up under "Clovis"); the typical Frank warrior, 105; conversion of the Franks, 117; Rome aids the Franks, 123 ff., and appeals to them, 125 ff.; the Franks, as Orthodox Christians, become champions of the Papacy, 211 ff., 240 ff.; characteristics and institutions of the Franks, 153 ff., 166, 180, 191, 212, 215, 248, 253 ff., 293; their laws,

155 ff., 257 ff.; their ranks, 108, 160 ff., 186-8, 193, 216, 262; complete masters of Gaul, 168 ff. (follow up under "The Sons of Clovis" and "The Sons of Clotair"); they elect Mayors of the Palace, 194 ff.; the Carolingians, 200; Pepin the Short usurps the kingdom, 204 (follow up under "Charles the Great"); the summit of their glory, 245; their arts and culture, 197, 249 ff., 271 ff.; incompatibility with the Gauls, 253 ff.; their influence on other Teutons, 296; decline of their power in the West, 298; Carolingians after Charles the Great, 300; their royal and imperial seats, 306; their language, 254, 282, (examples) 309; anarchy in the Gallic Franklands, 320; ultimate preference of the Franks for Germany, 8
 Fredegonda, third wife of Chilperic, 181-8
 Fredum, 160
 Frisians, 28, 39, 41, 94, 199, 204, 271, 286, 302, 317

G

Galba, Emperor, 31
 Galeswintha, second wife of Chilperic, 181
 Gallic Church, 124, 137-8, 184, 189, 217, and *passim*
 Gallienus, Emperor, 59-60, 62
 Gascons, 154, 189, 203, 232, 255, 288, 299
 Gaul, 3, 8, 13, 24, 41; Romanised, 52; the Frank kingdom of, 101; and *passim*
 Gelasius, Pope, 152
 General Assemblies, 223, 248, 257 ff., 288
 Germanicus, 29
 Germans, 4, 8, 21, 37, 71, 129; their tribes, 34 (Note); and *passim*
 Germany, *passim*; 333

Godegisil the Burgundian, 133
 Gontran, king of Burgundy, 179, 180, 184-5
 Goths, 48 ff., 90, 102, 129 ff., 154, 172 ff., 328
 Gratian, Emperor, 77, 147
 Gregory I. (the Great), Pope, 125, 209
 Gregory II., 209
 Gregory III., 204-5
 Gregory of Tours, 17, 82, 85, 108, 136, 149, 176, 206
 Grimoald, Mayor of the Palace, 197, 199
 Grippo, son of Charles Martel, 204, 212
 Gundachar the Burgundian, 90
 Gundobald the Burgundian, 133, 145, 168

H

Hadrian, Emperor, 43, 246
 Haroun-al-Raschid, his present to Charles the Great, 252
 Hermann, 29, 40, 74, 223
 Hincmar, Archbishop, on the General Assemblies, 258
 Honorius, emperor of the East, 78
 Hugues Capet, king of France, 10, 324
 Hugues the Great, 321
 Hunald, Duke of Aquitaine, 205, 218-19, 255
 Huns, 91-3, 122, 180, and *passim*

I

Italy, 80, 124, 139, 185, 208, 225 ff., 246, 251, 287, 299, and *passim*

J

John II., Pope, 209
 John VIII., Pope, 326
 Judith, Empress, 304 ff.
 Julian, emperor of the East, 69 ff.; in Paris, 73, 76
 Justinian, emperor of the East, 172, 177

K

Kelts, 3 ff., 23, 102, 120, 154, 191, 254-6, and *passim*

Kiersey, Treaty of, 211
Kynesioi, the westernmost race in Europe known to Herodotus, 3

•L

Læti, (Lëti), 73, 75, 88-9, 161
Leo I., Pope, 123
Leo III., crowns Charles the Great, 240 ff.
Libri Carolini, 278
Limes Germanicus (or Imperii), 12, 43-7, 64, 81-7
Limes Rhenanus, 64, 84
Liutprand the Lombard, 210
Lombards, 4, 182, 185, 207 ff., 241, and *passim*
Lorraine, 315
Lothair, 3rd Frank emperor, 330 ff., 314-16
Lothair, king of Lorraine, 301
Louis the German, son of Louis the Pious, king of Bavaria, 300 ff.
Louis II., 4th Frank emperor, 301
Louis le Fainéant, 301, 321
Louis III., king of Neustria, 301
Louis d'Outremer, 301, 321
Louis the Pious, 2nd Frank emperor, 221, 269, 288, 298 ff., 305, 316
Louis of Provence, 10th Frank emperor, 301
Louis the Stammerer, king of Aquitaine, 301, 316-17
Luegenfeld, the Field of Lies, near Colmar, 305

M

Magnentius, a Frank usurping emperor, 70
Major Domus, *see* Mayors
Majorian, Emperor, 94
Marbod, 30, 33, 40
Marcomanni, 34
Marculfus, Frank monk and historian, 163
Marcus Aurelius, Emperor, 33-4, 37, 246
Martin, Bishop, 143, 275
Maurice, emperor of the East, 185

Mayors of the Palace, 178, 194 ff.; Sismondi on, 205-6
Mellobaudes, Franco-Roman consul, 77
Merovingians, 80 ff.; *see* under "Franks"
Merowig, founder of the Merovingian dynasty, 93 ff.
Merowig, son of Chilperic, 181, 183
Missi Dominici, 247, 252, 257 ff.
Mummolus, 182, 184

N

Narses in Italy, 175-7, 207
Neustria, 178, 191, 200, 302, 321; and *passim*
Nicephorus, usurping emperor of the East, 247
Northmen, 26, 175, 238, 286, 292-4, 299, 317 ff.
Novempopulania, 189

O

Odoacer the Herulian in Rome, 97
Offa of Mercia, his friendship with Charles, 297
Ordeal, the laws of, 161-3
Orthodox bishops, 130, 138
Oster Ric (Austria), 191
Ostrogoths, 145, 172; *see* Theodoric

P

Paris, 73, 105, 147, 166, 318, 320
Pepin of Héristal(?), Mayor of the Palace, 200
Pepin of Landen(?), Mayor of the Palace, 197, 200; his descendants, 201
Pepin the Hunchback, son of Charles the Great, 219
Pepin the Short, son of Charles Martel, 204, 212, 268
Pepin I., king of Aquitaine, 300
Pepin II., king of Aquitaine, 301, 317 ff.
Plague, 175, 184
Postumus, 60, 75
Probus, Emperor, 62; his policy in the Rhenish provinces, 64, 67, 75

Provence, 6, 172, 191, 193, 203,
303, 320

Q

Quintian, Bishop, 141

R

Radbod the Frisian, 204
Ragnacar, king of Cambrai, 101,
105, 151

Ravenna, exarchate of the Eastern
Empire, 139, 172, 208, 211, 240,
249

Reccared, king of Visigoths, 184

Remy, Bishop, 16, 86, 117 ff., 127

Rhine frontier, 12, 27-8, 40

Riparian Franks, 14, 16-17, 39,
86; the Riparian kingdom,
101; its absorption, 149

Robert, Count of Anjou, 321

Rois Fainéants, 199 ff.

Roland, reputed nephew of Charles
the Great, 201, 231

Roman frontier after Trajan, 43

"Roman Republic," 208, 212,
221, 226, 241 ff.

Roncesvalles, 231

S

Sala, the two rivers, 45, 87, 111

Salians, *see* under "Franks"

Salic law, 79, 155 ff., 162, 195,
263, 329

Saracens, 203, 215, 221, 230, 270,
288

Saxons, 94, 176, 182, 190, 203,
221 ff., 228 ff., 271, 282, 296,
302, 312-14

Scheidungen-burg, 85, 109, 157

Seneschal, 199

Septimania, 203, 303

Sicambrian League, 12-15, 87, 239

Siegbert, king of Riparian Franks,
101, 114, 149, 166

Siegbert, king of Metz, 179 ff.

Sigebert of Gembloux, 19

Silvanus, a Frank usurping em-
peror, 70

Slavery among the Franks, 163,
217

Slavonians, 215, 299, 333

Spain, 60, 66, 80, 102, 145, 175,
230-2, 288, 328

Stephen II., Pope, 205, 211

Stilicho the Vandal, 78-9

Suevians, 13, 23

Syagrius, king of Suessiones, 105

T

Tacitus, 11, 12, 31 ff., 49; "Ger-
mania" quoted, 34 (Note), 155
(Note)

Tencteri, 13, 25, 32

Tetricus, 62

Teutoburg forest, 29

Teutonic law, 154 ff.

Teutons, 4, 38, 42; and Romans,
38, 149, 282 ff.; and *passim*

Theodebald, king of Metz, 166,
176

Theodebert, king of Metz, 166,
172; his daughter, 173

Theodebert II., 179, 188-9

Theodoric, king of Ostrogoths,
133, 139, 145, 165, 249-51

Theodoric, king of Visigoths, 90,
93

Theodoric, son of Clovis, 145, 166,
170

Theodoric II., king of Orléans,
179, 188-9

Theodosius, emperor of the East,
77, 121-2; his code, 144

Thirty Tyrants, 60, 62

Thuringia, 81 ff., 98 ff.; 302, 312;
and *passim*

Tiberius, Emperor, 30, 34

Totila the Goth, 172

Trajan, Emperor, 33, 44

Tribe names of the Teutons, 28
(Note)

Trojan origin of the Franks,
legendary, 17

Tungri, 41, 65, 86, 88, 101

U

Urtheil (ordeal), 161; various
ordeal, 162-3

Usipii (Usipites), 12, 13

V

Valentinian I., emperor of the East, 19, 77
 Valentinian II., emperor with Gratian, 77
 Vandals, 35, 60, 62, 78
 Varus defeated by Hermann, 29
 Velela, Bructerian wise woman, 32-3
 Verdun, the treaty of, 313
 Vespasian, Emperor, 31-2, 42
 Virgil, the Trojan legend, 17
 Visigoths, 93, 102, 104, 144, 171, 190. *See* "Alaric"

Vitellius, Emperor, 31-2
 Vitiges, the Ostrogoth, 172
 Vocladensian Plain, 143, 203
 Vopiscus, historian, 15, 19, 59

W

Warnaher, Mayor, 196
 Wehrgeld, 160
 Witikind, 229; in fable, 235; 238
 Wintrion, Duke, 188, 196, 206

Z

Zacharias, Pope, 211

ROMAN PLACE NAMES, &c., MENTIONED IN THE TEXT,
 WITH THEIR MODERN EQUIVALENTS.

Agedincum Senonum, Sens
 Agri Decumates
 Albis, Elbe R.
 Alcimöna, Altmühl R.
 Amisia, Ems R.
 Angli, Angles
 Aquæ Mattiæcæ, Wiesbaden
 Aquæ Sextiæ, Aix
 Aquis (Aquisgrānum), Aix-la-Chapelle, Aachen
 Aquitania (præ-Augustan), Gascony
 Arausio, Orange
 Arduenna Silva, Ardennes
 Arelate, Arles
 Argentaria (?), *see* p. 308
 Argentoratum, Strassburg
 Argintovaria (p. 308), Artzenheim
 Aremorica (Armorica)
 Asciburgum, Asburg
 Atuatuca, Tongres
 Augusta Suessionum, Soissons
 Augusta Treverorum, Trier, Trèves
 Augusta Vindelicorum, Augsburg
 Augustodunum (Bibracte), Autun
 Augustodurum Baiucassium, Bayeux
 Augustonemetum, Clermont-Ferrand

Aulerci Cenomani (Diablintes), Maine R.
 Aureliani Cenabum, Orléans
 Avenio, Avignon
 Axona, Aisne R.
 Bæterræ, Beziers
 Batavi, Batavians, Betuwe
 Belgica, Belgian land
 Beneventum, Benevento
 Boihremi, Bohemia, Böhmen
 Bonna, Bonn
 Bononia, Boulogne
 Braina, Braisne
 Bructeri (medæv. Borahtre-gau)
 Burdigala, Bordeaux
 Burginatum, Schenkenschanz
 Burgundi (Burgundiönes), Burgundians
 Byzantium, Constantinople, Istamboul
 Camaracum, Cambrai, Kamerijl
 Campania, Champagne
 Caninefates, Kennemerland
 Carcaso, Carcassonne
 Carisiacum, Kiersey, Quierzy
 Catalauni (Durocutalauni), Châlons-sur-Marne
 Cebenna, Cévennes
 Chamavi (medæv. Hamaland)
 Chatti (Hessen)

- Chattuarii (mediæv. Hattera-gau)
 Colonia Agrippina, Cologne,
 Köln
 Confluentes, Coblenz
 Dispargum (Divisio-burgum), Die-
 burg
 Diutia, Dintz, Deutz
 Divisio, Scheidungen-burg
 Divodūrum Mediomatricorum,
 Metz
 Durnomagus, Dormagen
 Durocorōrum Remōrum, Reims
 Forum Julii, Fréjus
 Fossa Drusiāna, the dyke of
 Drusus
 Garumna, Garonne R.
 Geldūba, Gellep
 Germania Inferior, Superior (Gallic
 provinces created by Claudius—
 the latter extended by Domitian
 across the Rhine, to the Limes
 Germanicus)
 Gottōnes, the Goths
 Hermiōnes, Hermunduri (?);
 Thuringians
 Issala (Navalia), Yssel R.
 Itius Portus, Wissant
 Julia Apta, Apt
 Laugōna, Lahn R.
 Lemānus Lacus, Lake Leman
 Locoritum, Lohr
 Lugdūnum, Lyon
 Luppia, Lippo R.
 Lutetia Parisiorum, Paris
 Matrōna, Marne R.
 Mogontiācum (Magunt-), Mayence,
 Mainz
 Mœnus, Main R.
 Mosa, Meuse R.
 Mosella, Moselle R.
 Nicer, Neckar R.
 Noviodunum Diablintum, Jublains
 Noviomagus Batavorum, Nime-
 guen
 Regina Castra, Regensburg
 Rhenus, Rhine R.
 Rhodānus, Rhône R.
 Rigomagus, Remagen
 Rura, Ruhr R.
 Sala, Saale (Frank) R.
 Sala, Saale (Thuringian) R.
 Saucōna (Arar), Saône R.
 Scaldis, Scheldt, Escaut R.
 Segodūnum Rutenorum, Rodez
 Sequāna, Seine R.
 Siga, Sieg R.
 Suēvi ("Suabians")
 Tencēri
 Teruenna, Téroanne
 Teutoburgius Saltus, Wiehen-
 gebirge M.
 Teutōnes, Teutons
 Texuandri (Toxandri), Tessender-
 loo
 Theodonis Villa, Diedenhofen,
 Thionville
 Tolbiācum, Züllich
 Tullum, Toul
 Tungri, Tongres
 Turnācum, Tournai
 Vacālus (Vahālis), Waal R.
 Vandāli, Vandals
 Vasconia, Gascony
 Vetēra Castra, Birten
 Vindobōna, Vienna
 Virodūnum, Verden (Germ.)
 Virodūnum, Verdun (Gaul)
 Visontio, Besançon
 Visurgis, Weser R.
 Vosāgus, Vosges M.