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# Lord Lawrence

BY

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# PREFACE

THE life and achievements of Lord Lawrence have been already written, both in large and small. There is the exhaustive work of Bosworth Smith; there are sketches by Captain Trotter, Robert Cust, Dr. George Smith, and others; and there is the vignette by Sir Richard Temple in the 'Men of Action' series. The circumstances and events of his time too have been recorded by many pens. It would seem, therefore, as if there was no room for another monograph. But the series of the 'Rulers of India,' without a notice of the man who both saved India and ruled it, would be so incomplete that, as there may still be variety of treatment, even if nothing new be said, I have been induced to try.

For the events of Lord Lawrence's life and times I have freely used existing biographies (especially Bosworth Smith's), the ordinary histories, Blue Books, Administration Reports, and official papers kindly put at my disposal. For some local touches I am indebted to the Settlement Reports of the Delhi, Karnál, Gurgáon, and Rohtak Districts. The Settlement Reports of the Districts of our Indian Empire are mines of

### PREFACE

information—antiquarian, historical, scientific, statistical and general—too little known in this country.

The information available from the above sources has been supplemented by my own personal recollection. I served under Sir John Lawrence's orders, in the rank and file of the Civil Service in the Punjab, through the year of the Mutiny and afterwards till he left the province. When he returned to India as Viceroy, I was his Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs for more than a year, and for a short time his Foreign Secretary. And being called on, toward the end of my service, to govern the Punjab, I found there still the impress of his master hand, weakened indeed by time and change, but not obliterated.

It may be thought that in the chapter on Afghán affairs I have not observed due proportion. There is ground for this. Sir John Lawrence's policy and action have been so much misunderstood that I have thought it best to give a plain narrative of facts with quotations from documents. It is essential to know not only what Sir John Lawrence said and did, but the time at which and the circumstances under which he said and did it. If my own conclusions be thought to be those of a disciple, the facts are there, and the reader will judge for himself.

C. U. AITCHISON.

30th April, 1892.

vi

# CONTENTS

CHAP.					PAGES
I.	INTRODUCTORY	•	•	•	9-17
II.	THE DISTRICT OFFICER	•	•	•	18-37
<b>III.</b>	COMMISSIONER AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER	2	•	•	38-53
IV.	A NON-REGULATION PROVINCE		•	•	54 <b>-7</b> 1
٧.	THE MUTINY	•	•	•	7 <b>2-9</b> 3
VI.	THE MUTINY (continued)		•	٠	94-109
VII.	FROM CHIEF COMMISSIONER TO VICEROY		•	•	110-124
The Viceroyalty :					
VIII.	FRONTIER AND FEUDATORY AFFAIRS		•	•	125-142
IX.	Agrarian Affairs	. '	•	•	143-156
X.	FAMINE. PUBLIC WORKS. FINANCE	•	•	•	157-175
X. XI.	Famine. Public Works. Finance Foreign Affairs. Afghánistán .	•	•	•	157–175 176–194
	Foreign Affairs. Afghánistán .	•	•	•	
XI.	Foreign Affairs. Afghánistán		•	•	176-194
XI.	Foreign Affairs. Afghánistán	•		• • •	176–194 195–203

### NOTE

The orthography of proper names follows the system adopted by the Indian Government for the *Imperial Gazetteer of India*. That system, while adhering to the popular spelling of very well-known places, such as Punjab, Poona, Deccan, &c., employs in all other cases the vowels with the following uniform sounds :--

a, as in woman : á, as in father : i, as in kin : i, as in intrigue : o, as in cold : u, as in bull : ú, as in rural.

# INDEX

- ABDÚL RAHMÁN KHÁN, son of Afzal Khán, 177: fled to Bokhára, 178: took Kábul, 179: defeated Sher Alí, 182; driven into exile, 187.
- AFGHÁNISTÁN, Lawrence's early relations with, 11, 12, 176: policy as Viceroy with regard to, 177-191: continued by Lord Mayo, 191, 192: Lawrence's protests against interfering in, 201.
- AFGHÁNS, made alliance with the Sikhs, 51.
- AFRÍDÍS, enlisted during the Mutiny, 12, 81.
- AFZAL KHÁN, son of Dost Muhammad, 177: imprisoned by Sher Alí, 178: becomes Amír, 181: death, 186.
- AGNEW, VANS, murder of, 51.
- AGROB, Chief of, incites a border attack, 129.
- AHMAD, SAYYID, founds Muhammadan colony on the frontier, 9, 10.
- AKBAB, the Emperor, fondness for Lahore, 55.
- ALEXANDER the Great, campaign of, in the Punjab, 54.
- AMBÁLA, authorities at denied accusations against the Sepoys, 73: force despatched to Delhi from, 86: interview between Lord Mayo and Sher Alí at, 189, 190.

- AMBELA CAMPAIGN, the, 10, 11, 13.
- AMÍN KHÁN, son of Dost Muhammad, 177; declares himself independent at Kandahár, 178; killed at Kujhbáz, 179.
- AMEITSAE, capital of the Sikhs, 56: saved in the Mutiny, 80.
- ANDERSON, Lt. W., murder of, 51.
- ARMY, symptoms of uneasiness in the native, 73, 74: causes of the mutiny of, 74, 75: strength of in the Punjab at the time of the Mutiny, 76, 77: reduction in, during Lawrence's viceroyalty, 166.
- ARNOLD, Sir Edwin, quoted, on the Kángra campaign, 46, 47: on the Lawrences, 52.
- Assessment, Lawrence's horror of over-, 32, 33: the danger of over-, 34, 35.
- AZÍM KHÁN, son of Dost Muhammad, 177: driven from Afghánistán, 178: joins Abdul Rahmán, 179: defeats Sher Alí, 182: becomes Amír, 186: defeat and death of, 187.

BADLÍ-KÍ-SÁRÁI, battle of, 86.

- BAGHÁT, Native State, annexed by Dalhousie, 134: restored by Canning, 135.
- BANK OF BOMBAY, failure of the, 165.
- BAREILLY, mutineers from, go to Delhi, 90.

- BARNES, George, made settlement of Kángra, 48: assistant to Lawrence in the Punjab, 57.
- BEDIS, addicted to female infanticide, 49, 50: note on, 49 n.
- BENGAL, results of the Permanent Settlement in, 154, 155: enquiry ordered, 156: scarcity in, 157.

BEZOTIS, troubles with the, 129.

- BHUTAN, history of English relations with, 129–131: expedition against, 131: treaty with, 131, 132.
- BIRANEB, Rájá of, sends troops to assist in suppressing the Mutiny, 108.
- BIKBAMA SINGH, raised rebellion in Kángra, 45.
- BILUCH TRIBES, the, 126: contrasted with the Patháns, 127.
- BLACK MOUNTAIN, expedition to the, 129.
- BOËHM, Sir Edgar, his statue of Lawrence, 50, 51.
- BOGLE, George, mission of, to Lassa, 130.
- BOKHÁRA, makes alliance with Afzal Khán, 178: helps Abdúl Rahmán, 179: conquered by Russia, 185.
- BOMBAT, governorship of, refused by Lawrence, 13.
- BRISTOL, Lawrence partly educated at, 20.
- BUDDHISM, the religion in Lahul and Spiti, 42.
- CALCUTTA, state of, at Lawrence's arrival in India, 21, 22.
- CANNING, Lord, drew officers from the Punjab after the Mutiny, 59: did not expect the Mutiny, 73: thanks the Punjab Native Chiefs, 84: diverts the expedition to China, 85: his testimony to Lawrence, 111: resolved to send mission to Bhután, 131: policy towards Native States, 135: recognised adoption, 135, 136, 138: proclamation on Oudh, 150: created provincial legisla-

tive councils, 169 : recognised Sher Alí as Amír of Afghánistán, 177.

- CAPITAL, English, brought into India after the Mutiny, 14.
- CARTRIDGES, the greased, considered by Lawrence chief cause of the Mutiny, 74, 75, 77.
- CAWNPUB, right to adopt announced at Darbár at, 136.
- CHAMBA, Native State in the Jálandhar Doáb, 48.
- CHAMBEBLAIN, Gen. Sir N. B., commanded in Ambela campaign, 11.
- CHHATAB SINCH, commanded Sikh army in second Sikh war, 56.
- CHILLANWÁLA, battlefield of, 54.
- CHINA, expedition to, diverted to India, 85.
- CHRISTIAN, George, Lawrence's letter to, 33: settlement officer in Jálandhar, 48.
- CHRISTIAN RELIGION, change in official attitude towards, in India, 116-120: Lawrence's despatch on, 117-119.
- CIS-SUTLEJ STATES, the, 28, 29: opposition to be expected from, 82: fidelity of, during the Mutiny, 83, 84.
- CLABENDON, Lord, attributed policy in Afghanistán to Lawrence, 192.
- CLYDE, Colin Campbell, Lord, thought Lawrence should be made a peer, 112: and Viceroy, 124: Lawrence buried next to, 203.
- CODE, Civil, of the Punjab, 65, 66.
- COBBETT, Gen., secured Amritsar, 80.
- COBNWALLIS, Lord, opposed civilians being made governorsgeneral, 16: intentions of, at the Permanent Settlement, 154.
- COBTLANDT, Gen. Van, recovered districts west of Delhi, 108.
- COTTON, Gen. Sir S. J., conduct at Pesháwar, 79.
- COTTON, speculative crisis caused by rise in price of, 164, 165.

CROMWELL, Oliver, Lawrence likened to, 114.

- Cust, Robert, proclamation on the rising in Kángra, 45, 46: assistant to Lawrence in the Jálandhar Doáb, 48; in the Punjab, 57: quoted, 153, 201.
- CUSTOMS-DUTIES, Lawrence averse to, 57.
- DALHOUSIE, Lord, proposed to stop the Emperor's privileges, 26: forced into the second Sikh war, 51: appointed Lawrence Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, 53: attitude towards the Punjab officers, 58: Lawrence's friend, 70: proposed the Punjab should be a Lieutenant Governorship, 112: opinion of frontier raids, 129: policy towards Native States, 134, 135.
- DALY, Gen. Sir H., led the Guides to Delhi, 92.
- DATÁRPUR, Řájá of, rebelled, 45.
- DÁÚDZAIS, assisted English in suppressing the Mutiny, 12.
- DEFICITS, during Lawrence's viceroyalty, 167.
- DELHI, Lawrence appointed to, 22: characteristics of the Delhi territory, 24: results of the position of the Emperor at, 24-27 : effect of the mutineers' occupation of, 76 : Lawrence recognised the importance of retaking, 84, 95: possibility of taking by surprise, 86, 87: the Mutiny at, 87-89: position of the Emperor, 89, 90: number of the mutineers at, 90, 91 : siege of, 92, 93, 96, 97: capture of, 97: effects of capture on the Punjab, 97-100: punishment of, 101, 102: Lawrence at, 107, 108: united with the Punjab, 109.

DRRBY, Earl of : see Stanley, Lord. DOCTBINE OF LAPSE, 134-136.

DOST MUHAMMAD, his friendship for England, 12: treaties with Lawrence, 176: death, 177.

- DUJÁNA, petty State near Delhi, 29.
- DwARS, the Eighteen, annexation of, 131, 132.
- EDWARDES, Sir H. B., his treaty with the Afghans, 11, 12; attacks Múltán, 51; assistant to Lawrence in the Punjab, 57, 58: did not expect the Mutiny, 73: at Pesháwar, 79: quoted on the disarmament of Pesháwar, 80, 81: on the Guides, 91: raised corps of Mazhabi Sikhs, 05: advised abandonment of siege of Delhi, 96: quoted on the newly raised regiments, 99, 100: in favour of severity to the mutineers at first, 102: said Lawrence saved the Punjab, 111: his note on Christianity, 117: on the English policy in India, 144, 145.
  - EGRBTON, Sir R. E., quoted on the Punjab Tenancy Act, 148, 149.
  - ELGIN, Lord, Viceroy, 9: his death, 11: his efforts to restore India after the Mutiny, 13, 14: diverted expedition for China to India, 85: resolved to send a mission to Bhután, 131.
  - ELLENBOROUGH, Lord, foresaw the Mutiny, 72.
  - ELPHINSTONE, M., quoted, on the Indian village communities, 27.
  - ETÁWAH, Lawrence Settlement Officer at, 37.
  - EXCHANGE, question of the changes caused by the rate of, 173-175.
  - EXPENDITURE, during Lawrence's viceroyalty, 166.

FAMINES in Delhi territory, 31: in Orissa (1866), 157-160.

- FARÍDEOT, a Cis-Sutlej State, 82.
- FABUKHÁBÁD, the Mutiny at. 75.
- FINANCIAL DECENTRALISATION, history and result of, 168-172.

- FIROZPUB, the magazine at saved, 78: feebleness shown at, 94: siege train despatched from, to Delhi, 96.
- FIBOZSHÁH, battle of, 40.
- FLOODS in Orissa, 160, 161.
- FORSTER, George, quoted, on the rapacity of the Sikhs, 47, 48.
- FOYLE COLLEGE, Londonderry, Lawrence educated at, 20.
- FRERE, Sir Bartle, his memorandum on frontier policy, 126, 127.
- FRONTIER POLICY, Lawrence's, 126-129.
- GHAZNÍ refused to receive Sher Alí, 181.
- GoLD, tentative coinage of, 173: the gold and silver question, 173-175.
- GOVINDGABH, occupied at outbreak of the Mutiny, 78, 79.
- GBANT, Gen. Sir P., advised diversion of expedition intended for China, 85.
- GUGEBA, rising in, 96, 103.
- GUIDES, the, their equipment, 91: services in siege of Delhi, 92.
- GUJARS, tribe in Delhi territory, 29: became plunderers during the Mutiny, 108.
- GURGÁON, Lawrence District Officer in, 23: in anarchy consequent on the Mutiny, 108.
- GWALIOB, joy expressed at, on Canning's proclamation allowing adoption, 136.
- HAILEYBURY, Lawrence at, 21: memorial plate in his study at, 203.
- HALIFAX, Lord ; see Wood, Sir C.
- HAMILTON, Rev. Richard, Lawrence's father-in-law, 39.
- HABDINGE, Lord, appointed Lawrence Commissioner of the Jálandhar Doáb, 39, 41.
- HASTINGS, Warren, his relations with Bhután, 130.

HAZÁBA, rising in, 96.

- HEABSEY, Gen. Sir J., advised diversion of expedition intended for China, 85.
- HEBAT, taken by Dost Muhammad, 177: Sher Alí flies to, 182.
- HIUEN TSIANG, his description of Jálandhar, 42.
- HODSON, Major H., his capture of the Emperor at Delhi, 97.
- HUDDLESTONE, John, gave Lawrence his nomination, 20.
- HUNTER, Sir W. W., his Oriesa referred to, 159, 160.
- IMÁM-UD-DÍN, Sheikh, the Sikh governor of the Jálandhar Doáb, 48.
- INFANTICIDE, female, suppressed by Lawrence in Jálandhar Doáb, 49, 50: at Jigni, 140.
- IBRIGATION, Lawrence's advocacy of, 162: creates special Departfor, 163.
- JÁLANDHAB occupied by Rájá of Kapúrthala during the Mutiny, 83: mutineers from at Delhi, 90: feebleness shown at, 94.
- JALANDHAR DOAB, the, Lawrence's administration of, 41-51: its fertility, 41, 42: population, 42: history, 42, 43: chiefs, 43-45: rebellion suppressed in, 45-47.
- JASWAN, Rajá of, rebelled, 45: estate restored, 47.
- JATS, flower of the Delhi peasantry, 30: in the plains of the Jálandhar Doáb, 42.
- JEHLAM, the Mutiny at, 94.
- JHÁBUA, ruler of, fined for abuse of power, 139.
- JHÁNSI, annexation of, 134.
- JÍND, Rájá of, a Cis-Sutlej chief, 82: his fidelity in the Mutiny, 83: receives right to adopt, 138.

- KABUL, taken by Abdúl Rahmán, 179: by Sher Alí, 187.
- KALSIÁ, Cis-Sutlej State, 82.
- KANDAHÁB, taken by Sher Alí, 179: rejects him, 182: retaken by him, 187.
- KÁNGRA VALLEY, the, its rice, 4I: tes, 42: Rájput chiefs, 42: elements of discord in, 44: importance of its fort, 45: suppression of rebellion in, 45-47.
- KAPÚBTHALA, Rájá of, faithful in the Mutiny, 83.
- KARAULI, Native State, spared from annexation, 134.
- KARNÁL occupied by Rájá of Jínd during the Mutiny, 83.
- KASHNÍB, its contingent at siege of Delhi, 96: Lawrence's promise to Mahárájá of, 138, 139.
- KHÁLSA, army of the, defeated, 40, 41: derivation of the word, 40 m.
- KHIVA conquered by Russia, 185.
- KHOKAND conquered by Russis, 184, 185.
- KNOX, Andrew, Bishop of the Isles and Raphoe, not an ancestor of Lawrence, 19: sketch of his life, 205.
- KNOX, family of, 19, 203-205.
- KOTAH, Native State, sati suppressed in, 140.
- KUCH BRHAR, remnant of slavery abolished in, 140,
- KUJHBÁZ, battle of, 179.
- LAHORE, Lawrence acting Resident at, 41 : his statue at, 50 : its history, 54, 55 : its native garrison disarmed, 78, 80, 93 : the Mutiny at, 93.
- LAHUL, Buddhist inhabitants of, 42.
- LAING, Samuel, on value of irrigation, 162: proposes financial decentralisation, 169, 170.
- LAKE, Edward, assistant to Lawrence in the Jálandhar Doáb, 48.

- LAND REVENUE, Lawrence's views on assessment, 32, 33: dangers of over-assessment, 34, 35: assessment of, in the Jalandhar Doab, 48.
- LAWRENCE, Colonel Alexander, 18, 19.
- LAWBENCE, Sir George, his return from captivity in Afghánistán, 39.
- LAWBENCE, Harriet, Lady, marriage, 38, 39: quoted, 115, 200.
- LAWRENCE, Sir Henry M., quoted on Lawrence's soldierly character, 19, 20: accompanied him to India, 21: Resident at Lahore, 41: President of the Punjab Board, 52; differences with Lawrence, 52, 53: foresaw the Mutiny, 72: suggested diversion of the China expedition, 85; organised the Guides, 91.
- LAWRENCE, Honoria, accompanied Lawrence to India, 21.
- LAWBENCE, John Laird Mair, Lord, circumstances of his appointment as Viceroy, 11, 12: suitability for, 12-15 : difficulties to be met, 15, 16: not fitted for a Board, 16, 123, 199: his family, 18-20: education, 20, 21: arrival in India, 21, 22: District Officer in the Delhi Territory, 22-37: opinion of the village communities, 30: description of famine, 31: opposition to over-assessment, 32, 33: Settlement Officer at Etáwah, 37: marriage, 38: com-missioner of the Jálandhar Doáb, 39, 41 : sent military train to Sobraon, 40: administration of the Jalandhar Doab, 41-51 : suppression of the Kángra rebellion, 45-47: Member of the Punjab Board, 52: Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, 53: reformed taxation, 57: his assistants, 57, 58 : founded Non-Regulation system, 61:

administration of the Punjab, 67-71: did not expect the Mutiny, 73, 74: opinion of its causes, 74, 75: saved the Punjab, 78, 79: precautions taken, 79: recognised importance of taking Delhi, 84, 95: advocated rapid blows, 85, 86: sends columns to siege of Delhi, 86, 91, 95, 96 : enlists Sikhs, 95 : but gives warning against overreliance on them, 100: favoured severity at first, 102, 103 : then leniency, 103-105, 107: at Delhi, 107, 108: praises the services of others, 110, 111: but his own were greatest, 111: honours conferred on, 112: Lieut.-Gov. of the Punjab, 112: leaves India, 113: religious nature, 113-115: despatch on Christianity, 117-119: advocated Native Christian regiments, 120: yet favoured religious toleration, 120-122 : reception in England, 123: at the India Office, 123, 124: appointed Viceroy, 124: North-West frontier policy, 126-129: Bhután war, 129–132 : policy towards Native States, 136-141: originally an annexationist, 137: but changed by the Mutiny, 137-139: appreciation of the peasantry, 145, 153, 154: his tenant-right policy in the Punjab, 148, 149: in Oudh, 149-153: in Bengal, 156: attitude towards the Orissa famine, 161: favoured irrigation, 162, 163: expenditure and deficits in his viceroyalty, 166, 167: encouragement of railways, 168: views on financial decentralisation, 170, 171: on the 'gold' question, 173: policy with regard to Afghánistán, 177-191: recognised Muhammad Alí as heir apparent, 177: refused to recognise Amin Khán, 178: declaration of policy, 180; views on Russian advance, 183-186: resigns office, 195: created a peer, 196: his simplicity, 196: hard work, 197: manner of doing business, 197, 198: kindness of heart, 198: Chairman of London School Board, 199: approaching blindness, 200: interest in missions and charities, 201: death, 202: monuments to, 203.

- LEPERS, burial alive of, forbidden in Native States, 140.
- LOHÁRU, petty State near Delhi, 29.
- LONDON SCHOOL BOARD, Lawrence first Chairman of, 199.
- LONDONDERBY, effect of defence of, on Lawrence, 20, 21.
- LUDHIÁNA occupied by Rájá of Nábha in the Mutiny, 83.
- LYTTON, Lord, his Minute on Lawrence, 202.
- MACLEOD, Sir Donald, assistant to Lawrence in the Punjab, 57: read address of farewell to him, 113: presided at a missionary meeting, 116: on the effect of absence of tenant right in the Punjab, 148.
- MAINE, Sir H. J. S., on the relation of Native States to the Government, 141: on tenantright in the Punjab, 147, 148: on waste of Government time, 169: on financial decentralisation, 172.
- MÁLEB-KOTLA, Cis-Sutlej State, 82.
- MAMDOT, Nawab of, deposed by Lawrence, 137.
- MANDI, Native State in the Jálandar Doáb, 42.
- MÁNJHA, the true home of the Sikhs, 56.
- MANSEL, Charles, member of the Punjab Board, 52.
- MARDÁN, defeat of the mutineers at, 94.

- MÁBWÁB, burying lepers alive forbidden in, 140.
- MASSEY, W. N., finance minister, 167: presses scheme of financial decentralisation, 170.
- MAYO, Lord, carried out Lawrence's railway schemes, 168: and financial decentralisation, 171: interview with Sher Alí, 189, 190: continued Lawrence's Afghán policy, 191, 192: succeeded Lawrence, 195.
- MEEAN MEEB, disarmament of, in the Mutiny, 110, 113.
- MEOS (Mewátís) tribe in Delhiterritory, 29, 30: plunderers during the Mutiny, 108.
- MIÁNWÁLI, Mutiny at, 98.
- Mírzá MUGHAL, commander-inchief of Delhi mutineers, 88.
- MISSIONARIES, Lawrence's opinion of, 201.
- MOHMANDS, assisted in suppression of the Mutiny, 12.
- MONTGOMERY, Sir Robert, member of the Punjab Board, 52: assistant to Lawrence, 57: drew up Code for Punjab, 65: secured Amritsar in the Mutiny, 80: succeeded Lawrence in the Punjab, 113: his piety, 114: use of Canning's Oudh proclamation, 151.
- MUHAMMAD ALÍ, recognised by Lawrence as heir apparent in Afghánistán, 177: killed at Kandahár, 179.
- MUHAMMADANS, more than half the population of the Punjab, 55: persecuted the Sikhs, 77: enlisted during the Mutiny, 81.
- MUKABBAM KHAN, outlaw leader, enlisted for service in Oudh, 99.
- Múltán, siege of, 51; disarmament of native troops at, 94.
- MURREE, Lawrence retires to, 71, 110, 111.
- MUTINY OF 1857, its results, 13, 14: foreseen, 72: signs of its approach, 72, 73: not expected, 73, 74: Lawrence on its cause,

74, 75: its development, 75, 76: at Delhi, 87-89: share of Punjab troops in suppressing, 100, 101: reasons for severity at first, 102, 103: feelings roused by, 103-107: effect of fall of Delhi, 108: changes caused by in attitude to Native States, 134-136.

- MUZAFFABNAGAB, Mutiny at, 75.
- NÁBHA, Rájá of, Cis-Sutlej Chief, 82: faithful in the Mutiny, 83: received right of adoption, 138.
- NÁGPUB, annexation of, 134.
- NAPIER, Gen. Sir Charles, his opinion of Punjab Board, 52: foresaw the Mutiny, 72.
- NAPIER OF MAGDALA, Robert, Lord, his public works in the Punjab, 67.
- NASÍBÁBÁD, mutineers from, at Delhi, 90:
- NATIVE STATES, their number and size, 132, 133: relation to the government of India, 133, 134, 141, 142: Dalhousie's policy towards, 134, 135: changed by Canning, 135, 136: Lawrence's policy towards, 137-141.
- NICHOLSON, John, assistant to Lawrence in the Punjab, 58; at Pesháwar, 79: devised the movable column, 80: destroyed Siálkot mutineers, 94: death, 98: Lawrence's appreciation of, 110.
- NÍMACH, mutineers from, at Delhi, 90, 91.
- NON-REGULATION SYSTEM, first idea of, in Delhi territory, 36: in the Punjab, 59-67.
- NowsheBA, disarmament of, 94.
- NúBPUB, Wazír of, rebelled, 45.
- ORISSA, famine in,157–160: floods, 160, 161.
- OUDH, the Mutiny in, 75, 90: annexation of, 134: approved by

Lawrence, 137: question of tenant-right in, 149-151: dealt with by Lawrence, 151-153.

- OUDH RENT ACT, 152, 153.
- OUTBAM, Sir James, Lawrence buried near, 203.
- PALMEBSTON, Lord, views on Christianity in India, 119.
- PÁNÍPAT, Lawrence Magistrate and Collector at, 23.
- PATAUDI, petty Native State near Delhi, 29.
- PATHÁNS, enlisted in the Mutiny, 81 : contrasted with Biluch tribes, 127.
- PATIÁLA, Mahárájá of, principal Cis-Sutlej Chief, 82: loyalty and assistance during the Mutiny, 83, 108: warning against over-reliance on the Sikhs, 100: received right of adoption, 138.
- PATNÁ, centre of a Muhammadan propaganda, 9.
- PEASANTRY, Lawrence's sympathy with the, 27, 28, 33, 35, 145, 153, 154.
- PERMANENT SETTLEMENT OF BEN-GAL, results of, 154, 155: enquiry ordered into, 156.
- PERSIA, supposed proclamation of the Shah of, 73.
- PEBSIAN WAB, opportune ending of the, 85.
- PESHÁWAR, taken by Sayyid Ahmad, 10: dangerous situation at Mutiny, 79: its importance, 80: native troops disarmed, 80, 81, 94: illuminated at news of fall of Delhi, 98: Lawrence read Queen's proclamation at, 111: proposal to abandon during the Mutiny, 176.
- PHILLAUR, arsenal at, saved from mutineers, 79: siege train escorted from by Rájá of Nábha, 83: its arrival at Delhi, 92.
- PHULKIAN CHIEFS, the, granted the right to adopt, 138.
- PLUTARCH, Lawrence a reader of, 20.

PTOLEMY, mentions Lahore, 54.

- PUBLIC WORKS, Napier's, in the Punjab, 67: Lawrence's policy on, as Viceroy, 163, 167, 168.
- PUNJAB, the, annexed, 52: Lawrence Chief Commissioner, 53: largely Muhammadan, 55: results of Lawrence's administration, 67, 68: prosperity of, 70: attitude at news of the Mutiny, 78: bad effect of loss of Delhi on, 94: became recruiting-ground, 100: made a lieutenant governorship, 112: its North-West frontier, 126-129.
- PUNJAB TENANCY ACT, the, 148, 149.
- PURÍ, famine at, 159.
- RAIKES, Charles, assistant to Lawrence at Pánípat, 32: quoted, 53.
- RAILWAYS, Lawrence's schemes as to, 168.
- RÁJGARH, Native State, principle established in the case of, 121, 122, 140.
- RANJÍT ŠINGH, fought with Sayyid Ahmad, 10: conquered the Jálandhar Doáb, 43: glory of the Sikhs departed at his death, 55.
- RAWAL PINDI, Lawrence heard news of the Mutiny at, 71.
- RICHMOND, Yorkshire, Lawrence born at, 19.
- ROHILKHAND, the Mutiny in, 90.
- ROHTAK, mutineers from, at Delhi, 87, 90: anarchy in, 108.
- RUSSIA, Lawrence's policy with regard to her advance in Asia, 183-186.
- SAHÁBANPUB, the Mutiny at, 75.
- SAMABCAND, taken by Russia, 185.
- SANDHUBST, Lord, quoted on the Oudh Rent Bill, 153.
- SANITATION DEPARTMENT created, 166.
- SATABA, Native State, annexation of, 134.

- Satí, suppressed by Lawrence in the Jálandhar Doáb, 49: in Kotah, 140.
- Scorr, Hercules, assistant to Lawrence in the Jálandhar Doáb, 48.
- SETTLEMENT WORK, importance of, 34, 35.
- SHEIKHÁBÁD, battle of, 180, 181.
- SHEB ALÍ, recognised as Amír of Afghánistán, 177: quarrelled with his brothers, 178: took Kandahár, 179: defeated at Sheikhábád, 180: driven from Kandahár, 182: appeals to Russia and Persia, 183: retakes Kábul, 187: Lawrence's policy of friendship with, 187-189: meets Mayo at Ambála, 189, 190.
- SIÁLKOT, Lawrence reports well of the Sepoys at, 74: they mutiny, 94.
- SIEGE TRAINS, sent to Delhi from Phillaur, 92: from Firozpur, 96.
- SIKHS, defeated in the first Punjab war, 39-41: induce Kángra chiefs to rebel, 44: their oppressive rule in the Jálandhar Doáb, 47, 48: condemn female infanticide, 49 n: second war with, 51, 52: fraction only of population of the Punjab, 55: their head-quarters the Mánjha, 56: their numerous taxes, 57: hatred of Muhammadans, 77: held aloof till Delhi was taken, 81: their chiefs called on by Lawrence, 95: their enlistment, 98-100.
- SILVEB, question of its depreciation relatively to gold, 173-175.
- SIND, distinction between its frontier and that of the Punjab, 127.
- SIBOHI, Native State, burying lepers alive forbidden in, 140.
- SITÁNA, capital of Muhammadan colony, burnt (1858), 10.
- SMITH, R. Bosworth, Life of Lord Lawrence, quoted or referred to, 11, 29 n, 124, 195, 200.

- SOBBÁON, Lawrence sent up supplies just before battle of, 40.
- SPECIAL COMMISSION AT DELHI, severity of the, 107.
- SPECULATIVE MANIA during Lawrence's viceroyalty, 164.
- SPITI, its Buddhist inhabitants, 42.
- STANLEY, Lord (Earl of Derby), re-opened question of making the Punjab a Lieutenant-governorship, 112: appointed Lawrence to the Council of India, 123: his praise of Lawrence, 199.
- STEPHEN, Sir J. F., on Lawrence's respect for law, 64.
- STRACHEY, Sir John, settles the Oudh Talukdar difficulty, 152.
- STRACHEY, Gen. Richard, devised irrigation schemes, 163: and railways, 168: worked out details of financial decentralisation, 170.
- SUKET, Native State in the Jálandhar Doáb, 42.
- TÁLUKDÁRS OF OUDH, position and treatment of the, 150-152.
- TAXATION, Lawrence's simplification of, in the Punjab, 57.
- TAYLOB, Gen. Reynell G., assistant to Lawrence in the Punjab, 58.
- TEMPLE, Sir Richard, Life of Lord Lawrence quoted, 40: drew up Code for the Punjab, 65: Finance Minister under Lawrence, 167 n.
- TENANT-RIGHT in the Punjab, 146, 147: affected by the Settlement Officers, 147, 148: dealt with by Lawrence, 148, 149: in Oudh, 150, 151: dealt with by Lawrence, 151-153: general reforms made by Lawrence, 154: who orders an enquiry in Bengal, 156.
- THORNTON, Edward, assistant to Lawrence in the Punjab, 57: testimony to Lawrence, 111.

### INDEX

- TONK, Nawab of, deposed for misgovernment, 139.
- TREVELYAN, Sir Charles, Finance Minister under Lawrence, 167n: approved of financial decentralisation, 170.
- USBEG KHÁNATES, the, conquered by Russia, 185.
- VILLAGE COMMUNITIES, the Indian, Lawrence's admiration of, 27, 30.
- WELLESLEY, Lord, designed to remove the Emperor from Delhi, 26.

- WILSON, Gen. Sir Archdale, estimate of the number of mutineers at Delhi, 91.
- WILSON, James, Finance Minister, 171.
- Wood, Sir Charles (Lord Halifax), on Christianity in India, 119: tells Lawrence of his nomination as Viceroy, 124.
- WRAXALL HALL, Wiltshire, Lawrence partly educated at, 20.
- YUSAFZAIS, enlisted to help in the suppression of the Mutiny, 12.

THE END.

216

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'Sir Owen Burne, from the part he played in the Indian Mutiny, and from his long connexion with the Government of India, and from the fact that he was military secretary of Lord Strathnairn both in India and in Ireland, is well qualified for the task which he has undertaken.'— The Athenceum.

# MR. KEENE'S 'MADHAVA RAO SINDHIA.'

'The life of such a man should be interesting to all those who have entered, however remotely, into the inheritance of his labours: and Mr. Keene is well qualified, both by his knowledge of Indian history and his literary dexterity in its treatment, to do justice to his subject.'—*The Times*.

'Mr. Keene has the enormous advantage, not enjoyed by every producer of a book, of knowing intimately the topic he has taken up. He has compressed into these 203 pages an immense amount of information, drawn from the best sources, and presented with much neatness and effect ... Such a life was worth tracing in connection with the general history of the times; and that is the task which Mr. Keene has so well fulfilled in this concise, yet attractive, little volume.'—The Globe.

'In this brief monograph Mr. Keene goes over the ground already traversed by him in his "Fall of the Moghul Empire." But the particular work which gives Sindhia his place in Indian history... is here made more clearly manifest, while the book deals almost as much in general history as in biography... It is valuable as bringing out the originality as well as the greatness of the unacknowledged ruler of Hindustan... The book is interesting... and forms a valuable addition to the series.'-Scotsman.

'Mr. Keene tells the story with knowledge and impartiality, and also with sufficient graphic power to make it thoroughly readable. The recognition of Sindhia in the "Rulers" series is just and graceful, and it cannot fail to give satisfaction to the educated classes of our Indian fellow-subjects."—North British Daily Mail.

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'Mr. H.G. Keene, C.I.E., M.A., has added a very acceptable volume to the popular half-crown series of works on former potentates in England's vast Indian dependency... From the signal defeat of the Marathas at Panipat, in 1761, in which engagement Sindhia, after fighting valiantly, very nearly lost his life, until his death in 1794, his varying fortunes are traced. The important affairs in which he figured so prominently, as also the intrigues and machinations that were directed against him, are recorded, whilst the desirable effect of his policy in assuaging the fierce passions and civilising the habits of the people is depicted. The volume bears incontestable proofs of the expenditure of considerable research by the author, and sustains the reputation he had already acquired by his "Sketch of the History of Hindustan." ---Freeman's Journal.

<sup>\*</sup>Among the eighteen rulers of India included in the scheme of Sir William Hunter only five are natives of India, and of these the great Madhoji Sindhia is, with the exception of Akbar, the most illustrious. Mr. H. G. Keene, a well-known and skilful writer on Indian questions, is fortunate in his subject, for the career of the greatest bearer of the historic name of Sindhia covered the exciting period from the capture of Delhi, the Imperial capital, by the Persian Nadir Shah, to the occupation of the same city by Lord Lake. . . . Mr. Keene gives a lucid description of his subsequent policy, especially towards the English when he was brought face to face with Warren Hastings. The conclusion of his hostility to us was the real beginning of his own political career in India.'— The Daily Graphic.

# Dpinions of the Press SIR HENRY CUNNINGHAM'S 'EARL CANNING.'

'The life of Earl Canning, the Viceroy of the Indian Mutiny, affords an excellent subject for a biographer who knows his business, and therefore we need hardly say that "Earl Canning," by Sir H. S. Cunningham, K.C.I.E., is an admirable contribution to the series of the "Rulers of India" edited by Sir W. W. Hunter (Oxford, at the Clarendon Press). Sir Henry Cunningham's rare literary skill and his knowledge of Indian life and affairs are not now displayed for the first time, and he has enjoyed exceptional advantages in dealing with his present subject. Lord Granville, Canning's contemporary at school and colleague in public life and one of his oldest friends, furnished his biographer with notes of his recollections of the early life of his friend. Sir Henry Cunningham has also been allowed access to the Diary of Canning's private secretary, to the Journal of his military secretary, and to an interesting correspondence between the Governor-General and his great lieutenant, Lord Lawrence. Of these exceptional advantages he has made excellent use, and the result is a biography second in interest to none in the series to which it belongs.'-The Times.

'Sir Henry Cunningham's "Earl Canning" is a model monograph. The writer knows India, as well as Indian history, well; and his story has a vividness which none but an Anglo-Indian could so well have imparted to it. It has also the advantage of being founded to a large extent on hitherto unused material."—The Globe.

'Sir H. S. Cunningham has succeeded in writing the history of a critical period in so fair and dispassionate a manner as to make it almost a matter of astonishment that the motives which he has so clearly grasped should ever have been misinterpreted, and the results which he indicates so grossly misjudged. Nor is the excellence of his work less conspicuous from the literary than from the political and historical point of view. The style is clear and vivid, the language well chosen and vigorous, the disposition of details and accessories striking and artistic, and, indeed, under whatever aspect the work be considered, it reaches the high standard of workmanship which, from the outset, has been a distinguishing feature of the series.'—Glasgow Herald.

'Sir H. S. Cunningham was fortunate, in a literary sense, in the particular Viceroy and period of Indian history allotted to his pen in the important and valuable series of biographical volumes on "Rulers of India," being published at the Clarendon Press, Oxford, under the editorship of Sir William Wilson Hunter. In *Earl Canning*, first Viceroy of India, Sir H. S. Cunningham had a subject sufficiently inspiring to all who admire honour, courage, patience, wisdom, all the virtues and qualities which go to the building up of the character of an ideal English gentleman; while the episode of the Mutiny, culminating in the fall of Lucknow, lends itself to the more picturesque and graphic description. Sir H. S. Cunningham has treated his subject adequately. In vivid language he paints his word-pictures, and with calm judicial analysis he also proves himself an able critic of the actualities, causes, and results of the outbreak, also a temperate, just appreciator of the character and policy of Earl Canning.'—*The Court Journal*.

ON

## MR. DEMETRIUS BOULGER'S 'LORD WILLIAM BENTINCK.'

'The "Rulers of India" series has received a valuable addition in the biography of the late Lord William Bentinck. The subject of this interesting memoir was a soldier as well as a statesman. He was mainly instrumental in bringing about the adoption of the overland route and in convincing the people of India that a main factor in English policy was a disinterested desire for their welfare. Lord William's despatches and minutes, several of which are textually reproduced in Mr. Boulger's praiseworthy little book, display considerable literary skill and are one and all State papers of signal worth.'—Daily Telegrapå.

'Mr. Boulger is no novice in dealing with Oriental history and Oriental affairs, and in the career of Lord William Bentinck he has found a theme very much to his taste, which he treats with adequate knowledge and literary skill.'-The Times.

'His frontier policy was conciliatory, but full of foresight. His minute on the subject of Afghanistan and the advance of Russia in Asia may be read with advantage to-day, nearly sixty years after it was written. Similarly, his observations ou the armies of India have lost by no means all of their force, and Mr. Boulger has done a public service in printing the document.'—Daily News.

'How all this was effected has been clearly and forcibly set forth by Mr. Boulger. Though concisely written, his memoir omits nothing really essential to a thorough understanding and just appreciation of Bentinck's work, and of the results which flowed from it, even after he had ceased to be at the head of Indian affairs. Mr. Boulger's estimate of the statesman is eminently fair and dispassionate, based on a thorough knowledge of his administration in all its details. Altogether the little work is a valuable addition to a most useful series.'--Glasgow Herald.

'Mr. Boulger writes clearly and well, and his volume finds an accepted place in the very useful and informing series which Sir William Wilson Hunter is editing so ably.'—Independent.

'Lord William Bentinck occupies a distinct place among Indian Governors-General. His rule may be regarded as the commencement of an epoch. Mr. Boulger has not to tell a stirring story of war and conquest, but the record of Lord William Bentinck's domestic reforms, by which he began the regeneration of India, is as deeply interesting and certainly as well worth studying as any chapter of preceding Indian history. Mr. Boulger has produced an excellent brief history of the period, and a capital life of the Governor-General. The volume is one of the series of "Rulers of India," and none of them is better worthy of perusal.'---The Scotsman.

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ON

## MR. J. S. COTTON'S 'MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE.'

'Sir William Hunter, the editor of the series to which this book belongs, was happily inspired when he entrusted the Life of Elphinstone, one of the most scholarly of Indian rulers, to Mr. Cotton, who, himself a scholar of merit and repute, is brought by the nature of his daily avocations into close and constant relations with scholars. . . . We live in an age in which none but specialists can afford to give more time to the memoirs of even the most distinguished Anglo-Indians than will be occupied by reading Mr. Cotton's two hundred pages. He has performed his task with great skill and good sense. This is just the kind of Life of himself which the wise, kindly, high-souled man, who is the subject of it, would read with pleasure in the Elysian Fields.'—Sir M. E. Grant Duff, in *The Academy*.

'To so inspiring a theme few writers are better qualified to do ample justice than the author of "The Decennial Statement of the Moral and Material Progress and Condition of India." Sir T. Colebrooke's larger biography of Elphinstone appeals mainly to Indian specialists, but Mr. Cotton's slighter sketch is admirably adapted to satisfy the growing demand for a knowledge of Indian history and of the personalities of Anglo-Indian statesmen which Sir William Hunter has done so much to create.'—The Times.

'This is the story of a brilliant life, trilliantly told. Mr. Cotton has a crisp style, a wide knowledge of Indian history, and a strong sympathy for his hero.'—The Pall Mall Gazette.

'Mr. Cotton's "Life of Mountstuart Elphinstone" is one of the most readable of the valuable volumes that have appeared in the series of "Rulers of India." Mr. Cotton has avoided tediousness by the condensation of matter, and has secured the interest and close attention of his reader by a bright and nimble style which carries him along with quite exhilarating rapidity, yet without skipping the really salient features of the period."—*The Scotsman*.

"Mr. Cotton has evidently performed a congenial task in writing this excellent little biography, for he has produced a volume so pleasant to read that it can scarcely be the result of labour against the grain. He has given us an account of the public career of a man who, though he declined the post of Governor-General, well deserves to rank among the ablest "Rulers of India," and of those literary pursuits which occupied Elphinstone's spare time during his period of office, and bore good and abiding fruit both in his despatches and his historical work.'-- The Journal of Education.

'The author has evidently taken great pains to make the book what a monograph of the kind ought to be; and those who are familiar with Anglo-Indian history during the early part of the current century will appreciate the praise we offer when we say that he has succeeded in making it worthy of its subject.'—*The World*.

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#### ON

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<sup>4</sup>The monograph could not have been entrusted to more capable hands than those of Sir Lepel Griffin, who spent his official life in the Punjaub, and is an expert in all the knowledge appertaining to a thorough acquaintance, practical and bookish, with that province. This is an excellent sketch of Ranjit Singh, his people, and his short-lived kingdom.<sup>3</sup>—The Scotsman.

'At once the shortest and best history of the rise and fall of the Sikh monarchy.'-The North British Daily Mail.

'An excellent piece of work—candid, discriminating, and wellbalanced.'—The Yorkshire Post.

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'Mr. Morse Stephens' Albuquerque is a solid piece of work, well put together, and full of interest.'—The Athenœum.

'Mr. Morse Stephens' studies in Indian and Portuguese history have thoroughly well qualified him for approaching the subject... He has presented the facts of Albuquerque's career, and sketched the events marking the rule of his predecessor Almeida, and of his immediate successors in the Governorship and Viceroyalty of India in a compact, lucid, and deeply interesting form.'—The Scotsman.

'The story is told by Mr. Stephens with his usual ability and care, and the book as a whole may be recommended as one of the most interesting in a very interesting series.'—The Manchester Guardian.

'An admirable monograph on Affonso de Albuquerque.'-The Rock.

'This is an interesting series, but it has no more readable volume than that which deals with the broad-minded, tenacious Albuquerque.' ---The Yorkshire Post.

'Sir William Hunter is again exceptionally fortunate in being able to enlist so distinguished a specialist as Mr. H. Morse Stephens ... The accomplished author of the 'Story of Portugal' has been fully equal to his high reputation in this monograph, and within the space of some two hundred pages Mr. Stephens furnishes a bright and interesting sketch of the rise of the Portuguese power in India.'—The English Mail.