THE

EARLY CALIPHATE
ANNALS
OF THE
EARLY CALIPHATE
FROM ORIGINAL SOURCES
BY
SIR WILLIAM MUIR, K.C.S.I.
LL.D. D.C.L.
AUTHOR OF 'THE LIFE OF MAHOMET'
WITH A MAP
LONDON
SMITH, ELDER, & CO.; 15 WATERLOO PLACE
1883.
[All rights reserved]
\textit{V}171(97). D6
\textit{B}3 2557
PREFACE.

This work is a continuation of the 'Life of Mahomet.' Taking up the thread from his death and burial, it tells the story of the spread of the Religion which he founded, and seeks to trace the special causes—national, tribal, and spiritual—which moulded the Faith, created its expansive power, and guided its onward progress. The object is, in short, to float the bark of Islam over the rapids and devious currents of its early course until, becoming more or less subject to ordinary human influences, it emerges on the great stream of time. I have, therefore, given the first four Caliphates in full detail; I have endeavoured to explain the ascendancy of the Omeyyad house; and then, briefly showing how the Abbaside dynasty rose upon its ruins, my purpose being ended, I close the book. Thereafter the history of Islam spreads itself out into the history of the world.

The materials for the work will be understood by the reader as he goes along. They are purely Arabian. Christian authorities there are absolutely none to speak of. We depend entirely upon Mahometan tradition; and that in a form very different from what we have been accustomed to in the Life of Mahomet.
PREFACE.

The substance of tradition becomes, after the Prophet's death, more of a general outline; altogether wanting (excepting some of the special episodes) in that profuse detail with which the life of Mahomet is overlaid.

Such as it is, however, the story can be worked out broadly with consistency, and the progress of the Moslem arms and faith, as a whole, depicted truthfully. The great treasury of tradition on which the historian must draw is the Annals of Tabari, happily styled by Gibbon the Livy of the Arabians, who flourished in the third century of the Hegira. Unfortunately his work has hitherto been accessible to me, in its original form, only as far as the great battle of Câdesiya, in the fourteenth year of the Hegira—that is, three years after the Prophet's death. The materials, however, so laboriously collected by Tabari, have been copiously used by later writers, especially by Ibn Alathîr (d. A.H. 630), whose History has been mainly followed in these Annals, from the point at which Tabari, as at present available, ends. I have not neglected other sources, such as Belâdzori (3rd cent.) and Ibn Kâldûn, a later writer. In all essential points I believe that the picture which I have endeavoured to draw of the rise and spread of the Faith may be accepted with confidence.

I have received much help from the invaluable

1 Manuscripts of the whole work have, however, been procured, and are now being published on the Continent, but not in time to be available for this work. They will serve hereafter to correct, perhaps, some of the doubtful points of the history on which, from the scantiness of the material, I may have gone astray.
work of Dr. Weil, whose literary acumen and candour are equalled only by his marvellous industry and research. I have also freely made use of M. Caussin de Perceval's admirable Essai sur l'Histoire des Arabes; but it unfortunately ends with the Caliphate of Omar. On the general condition of early Mussulman society I have found the scholarly volumes of H. von Kremer most valuable. 2

I have followed the same system of rendering names as in the 'Life of Mahomet' (adopted mainly from Caussin de Perceval), excepting in such received forms as Bussorah, Mecca, &c.; namely:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>م</th>
<th>د</th>
<th>ج</th>
<th>د</th>
<th>ح</th>
<th>د</th>
<th>ز</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>is represented by šh.</td>
<td>ض is represented by dh.</td>
<td>ظ &quot; &quot; ظ</td>
<td>ظ &quot; &quot; ظ</td>
<td>ظ &quot; &quot; ظ</td>
<td>ظ &quot; &quot; ظ</td>
<td>ظ &quot; &quot; ظ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ج &quot; &quot; ج</td>
<td>خ &quot; &quot; خ</td>
<td>َخ &quot; &quot; َخ</td>
<td>َخ &quot; &quot; َخ</td>
<td>َخ &quot; &quot; َخ</td>
<td>َخ &quot; &quot; َخ</td>
<td>َخ &quot; &quot; َخ</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In quoting from the 'Life of Mahomet,' I refer to the Second Edition in one volume, unless the First Edition in four volumes is specified.

I am indebted for the map which illustrates the campaigns, to Mr. Trelawney Saunders, whose close acquaintance with the geography of Syria and Chaldæa peculiarly qualifies him to identify many of the sites, routes, &c.

The reader must remember that the Mussulman

1 Geschichte der Chalifen, 3 vol., Mannheim, 1846-1851.
2 Culturgeschichte des Orients unter den Chalifen, Wien, 1875.
year is a purely lunar one, being eleven days shorter than ours, so that passing through the solar cycle it gains a year in about every thirty-three years.

At the death of Mahomet, in the eleventh year of the Hegira, Moharram (the first month of the Arabian year) began on the 29th of March, so that the corresponding months of the European calendar fell at that period as in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Arabian Months</th>
<th>Corresponding Months</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moharram, A.H. X1</td>
<td>April, A.D. 632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safar</td>
<td>May</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabi I</td>
<td>June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabi II</td>
<td>July</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jumád I</td>
<td>August</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jumád II</td>
<td>September</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rajab</td>
<td>October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shábán</td>
<td>November</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramadáhn (Ramzán)</td>
<td>December</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shawwád</td>
<td>January, A.D. 633</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dzul Cáda</td>
<td>February</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dzul Hijj</td>
<td>March</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To keep the notation distinct, I have ordinarily marked the years of the Hegira by Roman numerals.

W. M.

November 1882.
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

EXUBERATION OF ABU BEKR . . . . 1
A.H. XI. A.D. 632.

CHAPTER II.

EXPEDITION OF OSAMA TO THE SYRIAN BORDER . . 8
A.H. XI. A.D. 632.

CHAPTER III.

MEDINA THREATENED.
A.H. XI. JUNE AND JULY, A.D. 632.
Attack on Medina repulsed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 11

CHAPTER IV.

RETURN OF OSAMA—EXPEDITIONS FORMED AGAINST THE
APOSTATE TRIBES THROUGHOUT ARABIA.
A.H. XI. SEPT.—OCT. A.D. 632.
Abu Bekr discomfits the rebels at Rabadza—Expeditions to reclaim
the apostate tribes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16

CHAPTER V.

CAMPAIGN OF KHALID AGAINST THE FALSE PROPHET TOLIEHA.
A.H. XI. NOV. A.D. 632.
Khalid's expedition against Toleiha—Khalid defeats Toleiha—Omm
Simul discomfited by Khalid—Abu Bekr burns a freebooter alive 20
CHAPTER VI.

STORY OF MALIK IBN NOWEIRA.

A.H. XL A.D. 632.

Malik ibn Noweira joins Sajah the Prophet—Is put to death—Khālid marries his widow. ... ... ... ... 30

CHAPTER VII.

BATTLE OF YEMAMA.

END OF A.H. XL BEGINNING OF 633 A.D.

The False Prophet Moselama—Battle of Yemama—The 'Garden of Death' ... ... ... ... ... ... 38

CHAPTER VIII.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE REBELLIA IN THE EAST AND SOUTH OF ARABIA.


Bahrein reduced—Reduction of Oman and Māhra—Rebellion in Yemen—Reduction of Yemen—Reduction of Hadhramaut—Authority re-established in the South ... ... ... ... ... ... 47

CHAPTER IX.

ENROLMENT OF THE BEDOUIN TRIBES FOR WAR BEYOND ARABIA.

Arabia aroused by the war-cry from without—All slaves of Arab blood set free—Death of Fātima ... ... ... ... ... ... 60

CHAPTER X.

CAMPAIGN OF KHALID IN IRAC.

A.H. XII. A.D. 633.

State of Persia—Mesopotamia and the Syrian Desert—Irāc Arably described—Khālid's victories over the Persians—The River of Blood—Hira capitulates—Hira remains Christian—Khālid's administration in Irāc—Khālid takes Anbār and Ain Tamar—Dūmā stormed by Khālid—Expeditions against Bedouins in Irāc—Khālid's pilgrimage incognito to Mecca ... ... ... ... ... ... 68
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER XI.

CAMPAIGN IN SYRIA—BATTLE OF WAGUSA ON THE YERMUK.

A.H. XIII. A.D. 634.

Defeat of Khālid ibn Sa'd in Syria—Reinforcements sent to Syria—Roman army opposes the Moslems on the Yermāk—Indecisive skirmishing with Romans—Khālid transferred to Syria—Khālid's journey across the Desert—Roman and Moslem armies compared—Khālid takes command—Great battle of Waṣṣa on the Yermāk—Roman army totally defeated 92

CHAPTER XII.

EVENTS IN IRAQ—MOTHANNA AND THE PERSIANS—NEED OF REINFORCEMENTS.

Moharram—Junād, A.H. XIII. March—August, A.D. 634.

Mothanna asks Abu Bekr for reinforcements 112

CHAPTER XIII.

SICKNESS AND DEATH OF ABU BEKR.

Junād II., A.H. XIII. August, A.D. 634.

Abu Bekr visits Mecca on pilgrimage—Abu Bekr appoints Omar his successor—Death and burial of Abu Bekr—Character of Abu Bekr 115

CHAPTER XIV.

ACCESSION OF OMAR—REINFORCEMENTS FOR IRAQ—CAMPAIGN THERE UNDER ABU OBEID AND MOThANNA.

Junād II., A.H. XIII.—Moharram, A.H. XIV.

August, A.D. 634—March, A.D. 636.

Omar raises a new levy for Irāq—Rustem sends a Persian army against Abu Obeid—Battle of the Bridge—Moslems routed—Fresh levies ordered to Irāq—Mothanna's victory at Boweisb—Character of Mothanna 125
CHAPTER XV.

CAMPAIGN IN SYRIA—TAKEING OF DAMASCUS—BATTLE OF FIHL.

A.H. XIV. A.D. 635.

Syria east of the Jordan—Khâlid deposed: Abu Obeida succeeds him—Siege of Damascus—Storm and capitulation of Damascus—Cathedral of St. John the Baptist—Battle of Fihl—Progress of Moslem conquest on the Jordan.

141

CHAPTER XVI.

YEZDEGIRD SUCCEEDS TO THE THRONE OF PERSIA—BATTLE OF CADESIYA.

A.H. XIV. A.D. 635.

Yezdegird, King of Persia—Sád, commander-in-chief in Irâc—Death of Mothanna—Sád encamps at Câdesiya—Rustem advances on Câdesiya—Rustem crosses the river by a dam—Battle of Câdesiya. First day—Attack of the elephants—Second and third days—Night of Clangour—Defeat of Persians—Omar receives tidings of the victory.

155

CHAPTER XVII.

EVENTS FOLLOWING THE BATTLE OF CADESIYA—CAPTURE OF MEDAIN.


Advance upon Medain—Western suburb of Medain taken—Capture of Medain—Rich spoil of Medain.

178

CHAPTER XVIII.

BATTLE OF JALOLA—REDUCTION OF MESOPOTAMIA—KÚFA AND BUSSORAH FOUNDED.

A.H. XVI. A.D. 627.

Great booty taken at Jalola—Operations in Mesopotamia and the Delta of the Euphrates—Kúfa and Busseorah—Land settled with native cultivators—Factional spirit at Kúfa and Busseorah.

187
CHAPTER XIX.

CAMPAIGN IN NORTHERN SYRIA.

A.H. XV. A.D. 636.

Northerm Syria reduced—Heraclius retires to Constantinople—Story of Jabala, Prince of the Beni Ghassān . . . . 198

CHAPTER XX.

CONQUEST OF PALESTINE.

A.H. XV. A.D. 636.

Invasion of Palestine—Jerusalem capitulates to Omar—Omar visits Jerusalem—Causes facilitating conquest of Syria—Humiliation of Jews and Christians—'Ordinance of Omar' . . . . 205

CHAPTER XXI.

RISING IN NORTHERN SYRIA.

A.H. XVII. A.D. 638.

Byzantine attack on Northern Syria—Campaign in Asia Minor—Khālid brought to trial—Khālid dies in neglect . . . . 215

CHAPTER XXII.

EXPULSION OF JEWS AND CHRISTIANS FROM ARABIA—THE CIVIL LIST OF OMAR—SLAVES OF ARAB BLOOD MADE FREE.

A.H. XIV., XV. A.D. 635, 636.

Expulsion of Christians from Najrān, and of Jews from Kheibar—Dewān, or Civil List, of Omar—Omar perpetuates military organisation—The Corān, how compiled . . . . . . 223

CHAPTER XXIII.

FAMINE AND PLAGUE.

A.H. XVIII. A.D. 639.

Omar visits Syria after the Plague—Muʿāwiah, Governor of Syria . 232
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER XXIV.
CONQUEST OF EGYPT.
A.H. XX. A.D. 641.
Alexandria taken—Fostát founded—Canal from the Nile to the Red Sea—Second siege of Alexandria. 230

CHAPTER XXV.
ADVANCE ON THE SOUTHERN BORDER OF PERSIA—HORMUZAN TAKEN PRISONER.
Unsuccessful attack on Persepolis—Capture of Rám Hormuz, Tostar, and Sús—Hormužán sent prisoner to Medina—Embraces Islam. 249

CHAPTER XXVI.
CONQUEST OF PERSIA.
Yezdegird attacks the Moálema—Battle of Nehávend—Persian provinces reduced—Miracle at the siege of Darábgird. 255

CHAPTER XXVII.
THE LATER YEARS OF OMAR'S REIGN—DOMESTIC EVENTS.
Grand Square formed around the Ka'aba—Moghíra arraigned for adultery—Abú Músá, Governor of Bussorah—Moghíra, Governor of Kufá—Deterioration of social life—Luxury, intemperance, and dissipation—Simplicity of Omar's life—Death of Abú Sofián and other 'Companions'. 262

CHAPTER XXVIII.
DEATH OF OMAR.
A.H. XXIII. A.D. 644.
Omar stabbed by a Persian slave—Omar appoints Electors—Death of Omar—Character and reign of Omar. 278
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER XXIX.
ELECTION OF OTHMAN.

DEUL HAJJ, A.H. XXIII.—MOHARRAM, A.H. XXIX.

NOVEMBER, A.D. 644.

The six Electors—Conclave of the Electors—Othman elected Caliph—Hormuzan slain by Omar's son ... 288

CHAPTER XXX.
CALIPHATE OF OTHMAN—GENERAL REVIEW.

A.H. XXIV.—XXXV. A.D. 645-656.

Causes of Othman's unpopularity—Persia, Syria, Asia Minor, and Armenia—Conquests in Northern Africa—Naval victory off Alexandria ... 294

CHAPTER XXXI.
DOMESTIC EVENTS DURING THE CALIPHATE OF OTHMAN.

HIS GROWING UNPOPULARITY.

Change of governors at Kufa—Change of governors at Busra—Revision of Coran—Story of Abu Dharr Ghifary—Unlawful amusements checked—Othman's increasing unpopularity—Othman marries Naila ... 303

CHAPTER XXXII.
DANGEROUS FACTION AT KUFA—GROWING DISAFFECTION.


Emeute at Kufa—Said expelled from Kufa—Aly expostulates with Othman—Othman appeals to the people ... 316

CHAPTER XXXIII.
THE OUTLOOK DARKENS.

A.H. XXXIV., XXXV. A.D. 655.

Complainants invited to come forward—Conference of governors at Medina ... 324
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER XXXIV.
THE PLOT RIPENS—CONSPIRATORS ATTACK MEDINA—DEATH OF OTHMÂN.
A.H. XXXV. A.D. 656.
Conspirators attack Medina—Altercation of conspirators with Othmân—Tumult in the Great Mosque—Othmân besieged in his palace—The blockade—Death of Othmân—Burial of Othmân 329

CHAPTER XXXV.
THE ELECTION OF ALY.
End of A.H. XXXV. June, A.D. 656.
Aly will not punish the regicides—Aly appoints new governors—Muâvia's defiant attitude 342

CHAPTER XXXVI.
REBELLION AT BUSSORAH.
A.H. XXXVI. A.D. 656.
Ayesha at Mecca—Rebellion of Ayesha, Zobeir, and Talha—Rebel army marches from Mecca to Bussorah—Pursued by Aly—Ayesha's alarm—Zobeir and Talha occupy Bussorah 351

CHAPTER XXXVII.
BATTLE OF THE CAMEL.
Jumâd II., A.H. XXXVI. December, A.D. 656.
Aly advances on Bussorah—Negotiations with Zobeir and Talha—Regicides bring on engagement—Battle of the Camel—The insurgents defeated—Ayesha retires to Medina 359

CHAPTER XXXVIII.
ALY TRANSFERS HIS SEAT OF GOVERNMENT TO KUFA.
AFFAIRS IN EGYPT.
A.H. XXXVI. A.D. 656, 657.
Cays, Governor of Egypt, deposed—Mohammed son of Abu Bekr appointed Governor of Egypt—Amru joins Muâvia—Muâvia and Aly 369
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER XXXIX.
BATTLE OF SIFFIN.
A.H. XXXVI, XXXVII. A.D. 657.

Aly marches against Muavia—Fighting at Siffin—Battle of Siffin—
Combat closed by reference to arbitration—The armies break up 376

CHAPTER XL.
THE KHAREJITES, OR THEOCRATIC FACTION, REBEL
AGAINST ALY . . . . . . 388
A.H. XXXVI. A.D. 657.

CHAPTER XLI.
DECISION OF THE UMPIRES.
A.H. XXXVII. A.D. 658.
The Umpires meet—The decision deposing Aly . . . . . . 391

CHAPTER XLII.
THE KHAREJITES, OR THEOCRATIC SEPARATISTS, DEFEATED
AT MEERWAN.
A.H. XXXVII. A.D. 658.
Hostile attitude of Khârîjîtes—Second campaign against Syria pro-
jected—Army diverted by Khârîjîtes—Khârîjîtes defeated . . . 395

CHAPTER XLIII.
REVOLT OF EGYPT.
A.H. XXXVIII. A.D. 658.
Aly abandons the war on Syria—Aly loses Egypt . . . . . . 401

CHAPTER XLIV.
THE REMAINDER OF ALY'S REIGN.
Khârîjite émeutes—Syrian expeditions against Aly—Troubles of
Aly—Peace between Aly and Muavia . . . . . . 404
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER XLV.
ASSASSINATION OF ALY.
A.H. XL. A.D. 661.
Conspiracy against Aly, Mu'awiya, and Amru—Mu'awiya and Amru escape—Assassination of Aly—Character of Aly . . . . 411

CHAPTER XLVI.
HASAN SUCCEEDS ALY.—ABDICATION IN FAVOUR OF MU'AVIA.
A.H. XL., XLI. A.D. 661.
Hasan abdicates the Caliphate—Mu'awiya sole Caliph . . . . 418

CHAPTER XLVII.
SOME BIOGRAPHICAL NOTICES.
A.H. XL.—L.
Amru, Mughira, and Ziad—Mu'awiya acknowledges Ziad as his brother . 422

CHAPTER XLVIII.
YEZID PROCLAIMED HEIR APPARENT—HEREDITARY NOMINATION BECOMES A PRECEDENT.
A.H. LVI. A.D. 676.
Precedents of succession—Yezid declared Heir Apparent—Precedent for future successions . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 427

CHAPTER XLIX.
YEZID AND THE TRAGEDY AT KERBALA.
A.H. LXI. A.D. 680.
Yezid succeeds to the Caliphate—Hossein sets out for Kiffa—Hossein stopped at Kerbala—The tragedy of Kerbala—Death of Hossein—'The Moharram' . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 433
CONTENTS.

CHAPTER L.

THE OMEYYAD AND ABBASSIDE DYNASTIES, AND CONCLUSION.


INDEX

Errata

Page 12, line 14, for Hātim, son of Adi, read Adi, son of Hātim.
Page 241, line 10, for Khālid read Amr.
INDEX.

AAM

A'Amir, Beni, 26
Abbas, prays for rain, 233
Abbasides, 432, 448, 460 et seq.
Abd al Cays, Beni, 51, 560
Abdallah Abbâs (see Ibn Abbâs)
Abdallah, son of Abu Bakr, 66
Abd al Malik, 446, 447
Abd al Malik, 80, 82
Abd al Rahmân, first Caliph in Spain, 449
Abd al Rahmân ibn Awf, 65, 117, 189;
Elector, 280; 286, 287; Umpire, 289, nominates Othmân Caliph, 290 et seq.; 308; death, 324
Abd al Rahmân, son of Abu Bakr, 44, 119; enamoured of Leila, 272; 430, 434
Abd al Rahmân, son of Khalîd, 394
Abd Shems, Beni, 294
Abd Yaghûth, 54
Abra, 17
Ab, Beni, 13, 17
Abu Bakr, described, 1; 120; election, 3; 6, 7; addresses troops, 10, 96; 13, 16, 18; derivation of name, 24; burns a rebel, 59; justifies Khalîd, 55, 45, 90; angry with Khalîd, 46, 50; pardons Aahâth, 68; 64, 77, 78; angry with Khalîd ibn Said, 94;
transfers Khalîd to Syria, 100; orders ivory, 114; last pilgrimage, 115; sickness, 116; names Omar his successor, 117; death, 119; character, 120 et seq.; family, 123; 223; compiles Qurân, 231; 275, 286, 436
Abu Catâda, 53 et seq.
Abu Cays, 361

AIN

Abu Dzarr Ghifîrây, 309
Abu Rodza, 42
Abu Horeira, 426
Abu Jandal, 273
Abul Abbâs, Al Saffâh, 449
Abul Aûr, 161, 394
Abu Lului, assassin of Omar, 278 et seq.
Abu Miîlaan, 168
Abu Musa, Governor of Bussorah, 286;
deposed, 305; Governor of Kûfân, 320; deposed, 359 et seq.; Umpire, 385; decision, 391 et seq.; 408
Abu Muslim, 449
Abu Obeid, 128; killed, 130
Abu Obaida, 2, 95 et seq., 108; commands in Syria, 143; attacks Pihl, 151; 196, 200, 207, 216; sends grain to Hajâr, 233; will not quit Syria in the plague, 234; death, 235; 276, 286
Abu Rabia, 290
Abu Sarh (see Ibn Abu Sarh)
Abu Shajrâ, 28
Abu Soâdân, 96, 108, 109, 237; death, 277
Abu Talha, 231, 288
Abu Zobeid, 304
Ayssânia, 264
Achîl deserts his brother Aly, 410
Akkâ, 85, 86
Acre, 50
Acaba (Yemâma), battle of, 39 et seq.
Aden, 54, 55, 57
Adi ibn Hâtîm, 16, 24, 72
Adzân, call to prayer, 18, 238
Adzîrât, 153
Afrîca, 398
Aghlabite dynasty, 450
Aghwâth (Câdesîya), 167, 170
Ahmân ibn Cays, 385
Ahwâz, 249, 261
Ain Shema, 241
INDEX.

BAC
Bactrian camels, 52
Babylon, 118
Baghdad, 450
BahRAIN, 92, 10, 136, 175
Bajla., 133, 169
Bakht, 269
Barca., 247, 299
"Basilica of Virgin, 209
Battle of Acrebas (Yemâma), 'Garden of Death,' 39-43
— Alexidria, 241, 247, 301
— Alls, 76, 92, 132
— Babylon, 118
— Bowel, Field of Tens, 135
— Bozkha, 25, 27
— the Bridge, 130, 170
— Kadésiya, 167
— the Camel, (Bussorah), 363
— Chains, 72
— Dabâ, 51
— Fihl (Pella), 152
— Firâth, 90
— the 'Garden of Death,' 43
— Siffa, 380
Bedouin faction, 227; opposed to Ooreish, 294; 370
Bedouins, 61, 69; Syrian, 105; 211
Beit Jibrin, 206
Bekr ibn Wâli, 36, 49, 76, 360
Belâdurri, vi
Belbeis, 346
Belesta, 97
Berâ, 43
Beth Gabara, 208
Bethlehem, 210
Bîlàb, 229, 238, 276
Bira Nîmarî, 70, 112, 164, 178
Bishops, 49; Bishop of Ayla, entertains Omar, 236
Bish, 90
Bîth, 33
Bodiâr, 89
Boîty, 176, 184, 188, 258
Boese, his raid on Arabia, 408
Bostra, 69, 97, 163
Bovaj Rod, 268
Bowel, battle of, 135
Bozkha, 17, 24; battle of, 25, 27
Bridge, battle of, 130, 170
Bubastis, 241
Bûrán, Queen Mother of Persia, 180
Bussir, 4, 49

COD
Bussorah, founded, 192; 105 et seq.; 249, 260, 264, 270; change of governors, 305; 339, 348, 362, 364; insurrection at, 404
Byzantine empire, 66, 203
CACA, 85, 88, 108, 170, 172, 173 et seq., 188, 216, 320, 360, 361
Cadésiya, 160 et seq.; battle of, 167
Cesarea, 265-15, 218
Chihra, 47, Cairo, 243
Calana, Syrian hat, 220
Caliph, 5, 255
Caliphate, unity of, 375; double, 410; extinct, 450, 458
Camel, battle of, 363 et seq.
Canal, from Nile to Suez, 244
Canals, administration of, in Chaldæa, 230
Capâtes, female, 37, 75
Cariâ, 103
Carin, 74
Carrem, 205
Carrhage, 299
Casim, 438
Caspian, 258, 296
Castle of Sâd, 194
Cathedral of St. John the Baptist, at Damascus, 146, 149
Catholicos, of Egypt, 241
Catif, 47
Caussin de Perceval, vii
Cavalry, reserves of, 231
Caycar, 98
Cays ibn Abd Yaghatih, 54, 55
Cays ibn Asim, 48
Cays, son of Sâd ibn Obâda, 347; Governor of Egypt, 371; recalled, 372; 402; submits to Murâwia, 419
Chains, Battle of, 72
Chaldâma, 69
China, 259
Choros, 67
Christians, 38, 49, 61, 66, 69, 76; at Hira, 81; 86, 105, 131, 134, 136, 157, 177, 190, 201, 210 et seq.; disabilities, 213, 217 et seq.; expelled from Najirân, 223; 248; captives, 408; 452
Churches, 145, 210; prohibition against new, 213
Church of the Resurrection, at Jerusalem, 210; of Constantine, 210; of Nativity, 210
Cicilia, 215
Cîlîs, 63, 228, 260
Codeis, 160, 186
Codâs, Benâ, 10, 18, 40, 93, 103
INDEX.

COM

Commander of the Faithful, 285
Companions, 1, 18, 95, 101, 160, 227, 374
Conspirators, advance of, on Medina, 329
Constans II, 302
Constantine, 302
Convent of Khālid, 211
Corāc, 102
Corān, raised aloft in battle, 42, 384 et seq.; Readers of, 45; how compiled, 231; created or eternal, 462
Cordova, 449
Coreish, 227; migrate to Ḣadā, 308; vaunt themselves against, 316; Garden of, 317; 464
Cordova, 449
Coreish, 227; migrate to Ḣadā, 308; vaunt themselves against, 316; Garden of, 317; 464
Corra ibn Hobeira, 27
Cos Nāṭick, 83, 129
Ctesiphon, 67, 70, 179
Cutham, son of Abbās, 250
Cyprus, 301

D

Dābā, battle of, 51
Dadwiḥ, 54
Dahna, desert of, 48
Ṭabār, Hind, 265
Damascus, 97, 103; siege, 145; capitulation, 148; 154, 200, 205, 343
Daniel the prophet's tomb, 252
Darāqīr, miracle of, 260
Darākāsi, 98
Dār al Salām, Baghdad, 450
Dārīm, Bani, 30
Dārīn, island, 49
Dates, royal, 128
Dāthīn, 97
'Day of Tears,' 353
'Days of Ignorance,' the, 64
Dead Sea, 204
Delta of Euphrates, 191
Dewān of Omar, or Civil List, 225 et seq.
Dhābbā accuses Abu Mūsā, 268
Dhahhāk ibn Cays, 394 note
Dhīrār, 24, 34, 109, 111; punished for drunkenness, 278
Dihēzān, 71, 82, 91, 230
Divorce, 457
Dohuk, 201
Drought, 232
Dūma, 10; stormed, 87, 88, 101
Dūrā, Plain of, 70, 113, 179
Dūz, 353 note
Dzobān, Bani, 13, 17
Dzu Ĉār, 78, 360
Dzul Ĉassa, 13, 17, 18, 40
Dzn Hājib, 166
Dzn Kelo, 54, 92, 94, 383
Dzn Nowās, the Jewish persecutor, 223

GRE

Enān, of Persian or Indian descent, 49, 64
Edessa, 217
Edrisite dynasty, 460
Egypt, sends grain to Arabia, 234; conquest of, 269 et seq.; sedition in, 317; 339, 348; conquered by Amru, 401 et seq.; 460
Electors appointed by Omar, 260 et seq.; 268
Elephants, 73, 113, 130, 168, 172; portentous sight of, 173
Elwānd, 257
Esdrā, 150
Euphrates, 70, 130; canals, 230

F

Fadak, 64, 224
Famine, 232
Farazdāc, 113, 436
Faromt, 241
Fars, 259
Fatīma, 6, 64, 224, 276, 282, 449
Fatīma, daughter of Aly, 439
Fallāshin, 71, 74, 194
Fatūq, Fātil, 55
Female slavery, 273, 457
Feroze, 54, 68
Fezāra, Bani, 25
Fifth of booty, 16
Fihā (Pella), 150; battle of, 152
Firākī, battle of, 90
Firuzān, 174, 257
Fostāt, 243, 247, 329
Free-thinkers, 462
Free-will, 452
Fujā, a rebel, burned to death, 29

G

Gabāla (Jabal), 203
Gabriel, 25
Gadara, 152
Garden of Death, 43
'Garden of the Coreish,' 317, 320
Gaza, 206
Ghāski, al, the regicide, 336 note, 540
Ghālib, his song at Cādesīya, 168
Ghāsān, Bani, 69, 87, 202
Ghatafān, Bani, 23, 25, 27
Ghauṭ, Bani, 24
Ghāsīr, 392
Ghūma, Cādesīya, 168, 171
Ghīz, 243
Ghīr, 97, 150, 152, 205
Ghūta, 144
Gilead, 141
Greeks, in Egypt, 242
Gregory, 299
INDEX.

HAB

HABIB, 394
Hadramaut, 21, 56
Hafir, 72
Hajiaj, 445
Hakam ibn JabaIa, 383
Hakim ibn Hzum, 340
Hama, 199
Hamadan, 266, 267
Hamza, 44
Hani, 435
Hani, Ben, 38 et seq., 44, 45, 46
Hattife, the, Ali's wife, 69
Hantza, 337
Hantza, Ben, 30
Haphes, widow of Mahomet, 2, 231, 307, 363
Harain, at Jerusalem, 209
Harain, in Hejara, 263
Harir, or Night of Clangour (Caddeleya), 168, 173
Haruna, 388
Harran, 217
Hasan, 36, 350, 369, 394, 414; becomes Caliph, 418; abolitionists, 419; 422, 442
Hablum, Ben, 227
Hakim ibn Othma, 153, 172, 179 et seq.; killed at Siffin, 282
Hassan ibn Thabit, 203, 343
Harun, 205
Hawab, dogs of, 354
Hawak, Ben, 26, 27
Hebron, 97
Heqira, 1; era established, 271
Heger, 47, 50
Heliopolis, 241, 242
Heraclius, 67, 97, 301; death of, 243
Hima, 198, 216
Himyar, 61; troops, 146
Hind, daughter of Noman, 265
Hindis, western branch of Euphrates, 70, 135, 175
Hind, wife of Abu Sofian, 237, 277
Hira, 49, 68, 76, 78; capitulations, 79 et seq.; 85, 127, 161, 164; reoccupation, 178
Hiz, 190, 199
Hobam, 6
Hodeibia, 226, 286
Hodeissa, 18, 51, 307
Hodeil, 63, 90
Holwan, 190, 249, 266
Horcas, 90
Horcas, 261
Hor mus, 72, 113
Hormuzd, 166, 250, 253, 254; murder of, 293
Honey-bee, part of the Lord's host, 257
Hor, 436 et seq.
Hosain, 65, 394, 414, 434; march to Kufa, 435 et seq.; death, 440

HAB

Hotem, 48, 49
Houries, 106

JAY

IBN AAMIR, Governor of Bussorah, 305; 317, 328; sends help for Othman, 334; 347
Ibn Abbã; 262, 265, 270, 275; Governor of Bussorah, 388, 392, 394, 396, 409
Ibn Abû Sair, 248, 290, 298, 299, 324, 326, 329
Ibn Bakîla, 82
Ibn Honief, 347, 356 et seq.
Ibn Ishâq, 21
Ibn Khâlid, vi
Ibn Masûd, 270, 304, 307; death of, 311
Ibn Muljam, the assassin, 412; body burned, 414
Ibn Sanda (Ibn Saba), 216, 282
Ibn Zobair, 333, 367, 391, 430, 435, 434, 443; death, 446
Iddat, interval before cohabitation, 75
Ikrina, 18, 39, 51, 52, 55, 57, 68, 98, 97, 108; death, 111
Imâmate in Ali's family, 417, 451
Impeachment of Caliph, 394, 421
Imru'ulacay, Ben, 30
Indian Ocean, 266
Irãd Arâby, 70; field measurement, 230; 249, 288, 348
Istâfanar, 268
Islam for Arabia, 17, 224
Ispahan, 259
Istakhr (Persepolis), 249, 256
Iwan, 180
Iyâd, 68, 84, 87, 89, 217
Iyad, Ben, 190, 217
Iyás ibn Cabás, 78, 80

JABALA, 87, 88, 203
Jabba, 127, 182
Jâba, 97, 205, 207, 208, 235
Jacob's Pillow, 209
Jadála, Ben, 24, 139
Jadûna, 174, 175
Jalâlah, battle of, 187
Jâriz, 123, 139, 376
Jârjas, 97, 107, 109
Jârûd, 47, 49
Jauz, 94, 141
Jazia, tribute, 218
Jehâd, Sura, 167
Jerash, 153
Jerusalem, 202, 206; capitulation, 207
Jews, 163, 211; expelled from Kheibar, 224, 432
Jeyfar, 51
INDEX.

JEZ

Jadis, 69
Jobeir, 269
Jobeir ibn Motim, 340
Jof, 68
John, son of Zacharias, his tomb, 206
Jopol, 206
Jordan (Ordonna), 163, 206
Jubb, 87, 88
Jundai-Sabur, 252

KÁB, the Rabbi, 236, 279, 310
Kâbul, 296
Kahanat (soothsaying), 23
Karan, river, 261, 232
Kaskar, 127
Khâbîr, 191
Khâchân, 269
Khaffân, 128
Khâlid ibn Sa’d, 17, 53; his defeat, 92; death, 94
Khâlid ibn Welid, 18; his character, 21; discomfits Toleihia, 22 et seq.; attacks Mâlik ibn Noweira, 32; marries his widow, 34; and Mojâs’s daughter, 46; the ‘Sword of the Lord,’ 68; in Irê, 72 et seq.; kills Hormuz, 73; speech, 75, 82; cruelty, 76, 86; 79; frets at inaction, 84; 85; pilgrimage incognito, 91; transferred to Syria, 100; marches across desert, 191; commands on the Yermûk, 106 et seq.; deposed, 111, 143; storms Damascus, 148; 199 et seq.; received back into favour, 204; 207, 215 et seq.; arraigned for malversation, 219; death, 221; 276, 284
Khâsâs, 138
Khâmil, 71, 160, 165
Khânsa, Al, 28
Khârânî, 247, 402
Khârâjites, 368 et seq.; hostile attitude towards Aly, 382; defeated at Nehwân, 399; origin of name, 400; émences, 405; 443, 444, 454
Khâridân, 64
Khâwarnac, palace, 79, 82, 161
Khâzraj, Bami, 4, 5, 61
Kheibar, 22, 64, 224
Khîrîrî, the Khârâjite rebel, 405
Khôram, 259
Khûristân, 249, 250
Kîbîa, 209

INDEX.

LACKIT, 51
Lady’s Castle, the, 73
Lakhmite dynasty, 69, 78
Leducia, 199
Leila, 34, 36, 41; Abu Bekr’s son en­moured of her, 272
Lesser Pilgrimage, 329
Levant, 298
Lydda, 206

MAÂB, 97, 153
Maârâ, 199
Madrâ, Battle of, 74
Mahomet, death of, 1; burial, 5; 20, 27, 36, 38; woman betrothed to him, 59; 76, 223, 224, 286; his ring, 314; 354; pulpit, 426
Mähra, 18, 51, 52
Mâlik, Beni, 30
Mâlik ibn Noweira, 30 et seq.; 221, 222
Mâmun, Al, 450, 452
Marâh (Germanica), 201
Marj al Soffar, 94
Marj Arjûn, 206
Mary, Coptic maid, 276
Masbaţân, 190
Masala, 406
Masjid al Aâkab, at Jerusalem, 209
Maskat, 51
Másâd, brother of Mothâna, 137
Mâsole, 309
Medain, 82, 248, 251
Meddâin, 87, 76, 84, 162, 179; western suburb taken, 181; capture of city, 183; spoil, 184; jewelled carpet, 185, 192
Medîna threatened, 10
Memâra, 125
Melahite and Maronite patriarchs, 248
Memâr, 377
Memphis, 241
Mentjib (Hieropolis), 201
Merv, 259, 450
INDEX.

MER

Merwan, 300, 322, 324, 333, 338, 339, 344, 372, 420; Caliph, 446
Mesopotamia, 69; Upper, 217
Micha, 288, 290
Mina, 200
Ministers of religion, 270
Miracle of lake, 48; of the sea, 49; of Darâ'bird, 260
Mia, 241
Móds ibn Jabal, 56, 182; dies in plague, 285
Móanna, 74
Mocarran, sons of, 14
Moleda, 90
Moghirá ibn Shoba, Governor of Bussorah, 192; deposed, 264; appointed to Kufa, 269; 278, 284, 288, 345, 423, 425, 429
Moghirá, the Thaکifite, 338, 340
Mohájír, 18, 62, 58, 58
Mohakken, 42, 44
Mohamad, doctor of Bussorah, 86
Mohamad, Hanify, son of Aly, 350, 381
Mohamad ibn Cotara, 338
Mohamamed ibn Masmá, 194, 248, 325, 333
Mohammed, son of Abu Bakr, 302, 313, 330, 338, 339, 360; Governor of Egypt, 372; 392, 394, 402; killed, 403
Mohamened, son of Abu Hodzeifa, 302, 313, 330, 370
Mohammed, son of Talha, 391
Moharrum, the, 442
Motja, 40 et seq., 44; Khálid marries his daughter, 46
Mundhir, chief of Bahaín, 47
Moselamia, 18, 23; marries Sájah, 31; 38; killed, 43; myings, 46
Mosque of Omar, 209
Motamman, 34 et seq.
Motzalites, 451 et seq.
Mohamens, 50, 57, 74, 84, 101, 112 et seq.; retrieves defeat at Bridge, 131; gains battle of Buseib, 135; his horse, 'the Rebel,' 135; suspended, 139; character, 135, 139; 155; death, 169; his widow Selma, 159, 170
Mothers of the Faithful, Mahomet's widows, 69, 225, 278
'Mount of the Eagle,' 103
Muáva, 218; appointed Governor of Syria, 237; his mother Hind, 277, 294; attacked by Romans, 297; 316, 319, 326; sends help to Qútamán, 334, 345; letter to Aly, 349; machinations against Cays, 373; joined by Amru, 373; marches to meet Aly, 378; at battle of Siffín, 379 et seq.; arbitration, 380; elicits Caliph, 394; gains

OMA

Egypt, 403; raid against Iráé, 407; visits Mosal, 408; truce with Aly, 410; escape, assassination, 412; sole Caliph, 419; declares Yezid heir apparent, 429; death, 433
Muáveza, 241 et seq.
Mueðzirin, 176, 238
Muhájírín, or Refugees, 5
Mukhár, 445
Mundzir, Gháfr, 49
Mundzir, Prince of Hira, 82
Murád, Beni, 65
Musa, conqueror of Spain, 86
Muslim, killed, 435
Múta, 8, 22, 82

NABLUS, 206
Nahr Shér, 84, 179
Náila, Othmán's wife, 315, 339; her fingers hung up at Damascicus, 342, 348
Najaf, 79; Sea of, 185; 161; 414
Najrán, 88, 85; Christians of, 223
Nadhir, 128
Nâm, Beni, 31, 134, 137, 190
Narse, 127
Naval enterprise, 264, 300
Nefúd, desert, 101
Négrus of Abyssinia, 223
Néhávend, 296; battle of, 257, 278
Néstoríans, 49
Night of Clangour (Cádeefa), 168, 173
Nile, 241, 242, 245; Omar's letter to, 246
Nisibín, 216, 217
Néém ibn Moscarrin, 258
Néjair, 67, 64
Nokheíla, 401
Nómán ibn Moscarrín, 14, 251, 252, 256; his death, 257
Nómán, Prince of Hira, 79
Noseir, 98
Nubians, 242

OBEIDALLAH, son of Abbá, his little children put to death, 408
Obeidallah, son of Omer, 381
Obeidallah, son of Ziad, 435 et seq., 444
Oba, 10
Obola, 76, 191, 192
Odzeib, 160, 171
Odoh, 22, 44
Oksidar, 87, 88
Okkasha, 26
Oman, 21, 47, 50
Omar, described, 2, 275, 283; 4, 6, 9, 18, 28, 324; angry with Khálid, 84, 46; mourns for his brother Ziad, 46;
OME
50; frees all Arab slaves, 64; judge, 65; deposes Khalid, 111, 114; accession to Caliphate, 126; 132; orders new levies, 133; 155; receives tidings of victory at Cadiz, 177; weeps at seeing spoil, 189; forbids advance on Persia, 189; 203, 249; visits Jerusalem, 207 et seq.; journeys to Jâbaa, 216; arraigns Khalid, 219; his Dewân, 225; compiles Korân, 231; administration of famine, 232; in the plague, 234; progresses through Syria, 235; entertained by a bishop, 236; performs pilgrimage, 238; conquers Egypt, 239 et seq.; letter to the Nile, 246; releases Hormânâd, 253; pressed to allow advance on Persia, 256; sends army against Persia, 256; miraculous interception of, to save Sariá, 261; enlarges square at Mecca, 268; dreads naval enterprise, 264; acquires Abu Mosâ, 267; establishes era of Hegira, 271; simplicity, 273; marries Omm Kolthüm, 275; last pilgrimage, 278; assassination, 280; appoints Electors, 280; death, 283; burial, 285; 286, 296, 306, 406
Ommayyad, Basí, 234, 316; dynasty, 443, 446; in Spain, 449
Omm al Basîn, 315
Omm al Fâdhîl, widow of Abbâs, 355
Omm Ayman, 66
Omm Farwa, 58, 120
Omm Habîba, 386
Omm Keïs, 162
Omm Kirfâ, 27
Omm Kolthüm, 203; Omar's wife, 276, 413, 415
Omm Salma, 55
Omm Simîl, 27
Omm Walad, 265, 272
Omm, or Lesser Pilgrimage, 329
Ordinances of Omar, 212, 452
Ordonna (Jordan), 153, 205
Orontes, 199, 203
Orthodoxy, intolerant, 455
Orwa, 318
Osâma, expedition, 8 et seq.; 16, 225
Oibs, 191, 249, 251, 264
Othmân, 275; appointed Elector, 280; elected Caliph, 291, 294; appoints Abû Sârâb over Egypt, 298; outlook darker, 302; recession of Corân, 307; palace, 309; puts down unlawful amusements, 311; enlarges square of Kaâba, 312; embellishes Mosque at Medina, 312; alters rites of pilgrimage, 313; loses Prophet's ring, 314; sinks wells, 314; marries Nâisa, 316; gives in to Kûfa, 320; Aly expostulates with him, 321; appeals to the people, 322; last pilgrimage, 322; contumeliously treated, 324; complaints invited, 326; conference with governors, 328; attacked by regicides, 329 et seq.; addresses them, 335; blockade, 337; slain, 339; character, 341; bloody shirt hung up at Damascus, 348, 374, 376
Othmân ibn al Aâs, 52
Othmân ibn Honeif (see Ibn Honeif)
Oxus, 259, 296
Oyina, 23, 26, 27, 28, 315

P
PALESTINE, 200, 205, 211
Paradise, 105
Patriarch, Jerusalem, 208; Maronites, 248
Paul, 150
Persepolis, 249, 255
Persian Gulf, 191
Persians, 72 et seq., 76, 90
Persia, war in, 296; Shi'ite, 465
Phœbus (Tel Fâkhana), 245
Pilgrimage, 45; Khalid's ignominy, 91; rules altered by Othmân, 313; 323
Pilgrimage to Nejd,' 101
Plague, 234
Polygamy, 457
Predication, 211, 235
Promised Land, 96

R
RABADZA, 13, 16
R. Rabia, 21
Rajâl, 39, 41
Rama (Arimathæa), 206
Ramch, 206
Ram Hormuz, 249, 261
Ramleh, 206, 211
Readers of Corân, 45, 231, 301
Refugees, 8, 32, 136, 227
Regicides attack Medina, 329; return with document bearing Othmân's seal, 331
Register (Dewân) of Arab races, 229
Rei, captured, 258
Retribution, law of, 202
Rîca, 216, 277
Ring of Mahomet, 314
River of Blood,' 76
Rohâ, 199, 216, 217
Roman army, 90, 92, 104, 193; and defeat, 216
Roman empire, 66
INDEX.

RUS
Rustem, 126, 155, 163; forebodings of, 165; killed, 174

SABĀT. 138, 179
Sacalār, 152
Sād ibn (Mālik) Abu Wakkās, 167; marches to Irāk, 158; marries Selma, Mothama's widow, 159; reorganises army, 169; battle of Cādesiya, 167; upbraided by Selma, 170; captures Medāin, 168; his castle, 194; deposed, 208; appointed Elector, 280; 287; again appointed to Kūfa, 303; superseded, 308; 325, 343
Sād ibn Obāda, 8 et seq., 871
Saffāh, 138, 179
Sālim, 42
Salmān, 183
Samūl, 167
Sālid, 96
Sāmūn, 252
Sānūn, 878; battle of, 379
Sānūn, 252
Sāri, 83
Sawād, 168, 179
Shāh, Governor of Kūfa, 306; expelled by citizens, 819; servant killed, 820; 355
Sajāh, Prophets, 23, 39 et seq., 39, 85
Sakatia, 129
Sakūn, Bnin, 58
Salabiya, in Egypt, 241
Sālim, 42
Salmān, 167
Sālid, 83
Samaritans, 168, 211
Samāst (Samarata), 201
Samāšt, the sword, 53, 92
Sanā', 54, 56
Sarī, 260
Sawād, 53, 179, 104; 'Garden of Corvæus,' 217 et seq., 820
Sayyād, desert, 67
Sea of Najaf, 71
Sebastia, 206
Second coming, 317
Sedīr, palace, 82
Siseystān, 237
Soleūnīn, 70, 179
Service of victory; at Hira, 82, 83; at Medāin, 184
Savaria population, 344
Shabirān, 112, 113
Shams, 199
Shamir, 438, 440, 445
Shanūs, Roman general, 198
Shāh al Arab, 191
Shēbān, Bnak, 31, 50
Sheyrāt, 108
Shīrāz, 445 et seq.; 451; tolerant, 455
Shorabhībul, 18, 53, 40, 94, 97, 108, 102, 153, 206, 208, 237
Shoreb, 391, 394
Showeil, 80

Shalīb, 413
Shusan, 252
Shuster (Tootar), 251
Sicily, 450
Siffin, 373; battle of, 379 et seq.
Sinnimār, 79
Sirān, Wady, 102
Sirīn, 86
Siores, 67, 84, 127, 156
Slavery, female, 273, 457
Slaves, Arab, set free, 68

Society, Moslem, 271, 273 et seq.
Sōlār, 61
Sohel, 96
Sommayya, 290, 380
Songstresses, two, mutilated, 59
Sosadelis, 455
Soomies, 465
Sophronius, Bishop of Jerusalem, 208, 210
Spain, 449
Spoon, at Cadesiya, 178; at Medāin, 184; at Jādīla, 186
Succession, 7, 286, 427 et seq.
Sudān, the regicide, 340
Sues Canal, 244
Suleim, Bnin, 26, 27
Sunh, af, 121
Summat, 451, 455
Sur, 179
Sūr al Rūm, 377
Sūrās, read before battle, 167; at Medāin, 184; how compiled, 231
Sūs (Shushah), 252
Saww, 103
'Sword of God,' 'Sword of the Lord,' name of Khālid, 68, 77, 107
Syria, attacked, 94; east of Jordan, described, 141; Northern, 198 et seq., 206, 211, 215; field measurement, 239; sends grain to Hajāz, 233; 297, 348, 350, 370, 374; invaded by Ayl, 377, 408
Syrian desert, 66

TARARI, vi, 21, 77
Tadmor, 103, 154
Tadārak, 98
Ṭāğhib, Bnin, 31, 89, 137, 190; Christian, 218; 406
Tāhir, 63
Ṭahirite dynasty, 460
Tak I Khosa, 179
Takhta, 6, 117; appointed Elector, 280; 287, 290 et seq.; sends son to protect Othman, 334; 342 et seq., 350; retires to Mecca, 352; 353; marches on Bussorah, 354; its occupation,
INDEX.

TAJ

356 et seq.; Battle of Camel, 361 et seq.; killed, 364; 366
Tay, Beni, 15, 22; reclaimed, 24; 27, 131, 438
Tâyif, 53, 55
Tebûk, 55
Tebrit, 181, 190
Tell Azaz, 201
Témim, Beni, 16; described, 30; 48, 360, 436
Th'bit ibn Cays, 22, 42, 318
Theocratic faction, 388
Theodoric, 97
Thindit, 300
Thoulflfl, 198
Thinia, 301
Thamlma, 48
Three Hundred of Bedr, 95
Tibenas, 163, 206, 208
Tiflia, 298
Tigrill, 71, 130, 179; swum by Arab cavalry, 183; canals, 230
Thâma, 42
Timoor, passage of Tigris by, 183
Tithe, 218
Tolbiha, 13, 17, 21 et seq.; defeated, 26; 26, 164, 173, 237, 318
Tostar (Shuster), 251
Tower of Babel, 70
Tradition, 29
Trench of Sapor, 71, 160, 165
Tripoli (Africa), 247, 299
Tumlât, valley of, 245
Turks, 259, 297; mercenaries, 453

VEILED PROPHET, 52
Veil, the, 265, 456
Victory, Service of, 82
Villains’ Road, the, 53
Volcano near Medina, 263
Voluptuousness, 273

WACASA, 98
Wadi al Com, 10, 94
Wahshi, 43
Wajaja, battle of, 75
Wasit, 447
‘Waterer of the two Holy Places’ (Abbas), 233
Weld ibn Obe, 87, 93, 94, 303; deposed for inebriety, 304; 394

ZAB

Zeid, brother of Omar, 26; killed, 42; 45
Zeid ibn Thâbit, 123; compiles Corân, 221; 309, 323, 343
Zeinab, 276, 415
Zidd, 55, 186, 265, 267, 366, 407, 423; declared brother of Mahâvîa, 424; 429
Zidd ibn Lebid, 293
Zibrîtan, 15, 48, 80
Zimmies, 63, 194, 201, 318
Zobeid, Beni, 53
Zobeir, 6, 240 et seq.; appointed Elector, 280; 287, 309, 327, 328, 329 et seq.; sends son to protect Othman, 334 et seq.; 350; retires to Mecca, 362; marches on Busra and, 364; its occupation by, 356; Battle of Camel, 261 et seq.; killed, 364; 266
Zohra, 164, 176, 179
Zohra, Beni, 289
Zorneil, 90
Zoroastrians, 72, 259, 260

SMITH, ELDER, & CO.'S PUBLICATIONS.

ANNALS OF THE EARLY CALIPHATE,
By Sir WILLIAM MUIR, K.C.S.I., LL.D.,
Author of 'The Life of Mahomet' &c. 8vo. 16s.

THE LIFE OF MAHOMET,
WITH INTRODUCTORY CHAPTERS ON
THE ORIGINAL SOURCES FOR THE BIOGRAPHY OF MAHOMET,
AND ON THE PRE-ISLAMITE HISTORY OF ARABIA.
By Sir WILLIAM MUIR, K.C.S.I., LL.D.
4 vols. Demy 8vo. 32s.

THE LIFE OF MAHOMET,
FROM ORIGINAL SOURCES.
By Sir WILLIAM MUIR, K.C.S.I., LL.D.

LIFE OF LIEUT.-GEN. SIR JAMES OUTRAM.

LIFE OF SIR HENRY LAWRENCE.
By Major-General Sir HERBERT BENJAMIN EDWARDES, K.C.B.,
K.C.S.I., and HERMAN MERIVALE, C.B.
With Two Portraits. 8vo. 12s.

WORKS BY W. W. HUNTER, B.A., LL.D.
THE ANNALS OF RURAL BENGAL.
FROM OFFICIAL RECORDS AND THE ARCHIVES OF NATIVE FAMILIES.

ORISSA;
OR, THE VICISSITUDES OF AN INDIAN PROVINCE UNDER
NATIVE AND BRITISH RULE.
Being the Second and Third Volumes of 'Annals of Rural Bengal.'
With Illustrations. 2 vols. Demy 8vo. 32s.

A LIFE OF THE EARL OF MAYO,
FOURTH VICE-ROY OF INDIA.

ENGLAND'S WORK IN INDIA.
Crown 8vo. 1s.

London: SMITH, ELDER, & CO., 15 Waterloo Place.
SMITH, ELDER, & CO.'S PUBLICATIONS—continued.

THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF CASTE.
Being an Inquiry into the Effects of Caste on the Institutions and Probable Destinies of the Anglo-Indian Empire.
By B. A. IRVING, M.A.
Post 8vo. 5s.

IDYLLS FROM THE SANSKRIT.
By RALPH T. H. GRIFFITH, M.A.,
Principal of the Sanskrit College, Benares.
Fcp. 4to. 6s.

THE SHORES OF LAKE ARAL.
By HERBERT WOOD,
Major, Royal Engineers.
With Maps. Crown 8vo. 12s.

ESSAYS ON THE EXTERNAL POLICY OF INDIA.
By the late J. W. S. WYLLIE, C.S.I.,
Indian Civil Service.
Edited by W. W. HUNTER, B.A., LL.D. With a Portrait of the Author.
8vo. 14s.

THE WILD SPORTS OF INDIA.
With Detailed Instructions for the Sportsman; to which are added Remarks on the Breeding and Rearing of Horses, and the formation of Light Irregular Cavalry.
By Lieut.-Col. SHAKE SPEARE,
Late Commandant Nagpore Irregular Force.

THE ENGLISHWOMAN IN INDIA.
Containing Information for the use of Ladies proceeding to or residing in the East Indies, on the subject of their Outfit, Furniture, Housekeeping, &c., to which are added Receipts for Indian Cookery.

EGYPT OF THE PHARAOHS AND OF THE KHEDIVE.
By the Rev. F. BARHAM ZINCKE.

INDIAN BALLADS; AND OTHER POEMS.
By WILLIAM WATERFIELD.
Crown 8vo. 6s.

A NOVEL OF ANGLO-INDIAN LIFE.
CHRONICLES OF DUSTYPORE:
A TALE OF MODERN ANGLO-INDIAN SOCIETY.
By the Author of 'Wheat and Tares,' 'Late Laurels,' &c.
Fcp. 8vo. 2s. 6d.

London: SMITH, ELDER, & CO., 15 Waterloo Place.
1. Books drawn from the library may not be retained for longer than a fortnight.

2. Borrowers will be held strictly responsible for any damage done to books while they are in their possession.