

INDIAN OPINION

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Indian Opinion

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MOST FORTUNATE IN THE WORLD

IN these times of world depression the Union of South Africa is the most fortunate country in the world. This fact has been amply proved by Mr. N. C. Havenga, the Minister of Finance through his Budget which has revealed a total surplus of £6,224,000. The step taken to lessen the weight of taxation from the country is a step in the right direction and will no doubt be much appreciated by every section of the population. But that will not be enough. The rulers of a country that is blessed with prosperity such as South Africa are expected at least to see that every section of the people are living in peace and contentment. One would expect to see large-heartedness and not pettiness of mind. In this vast sub-continent there is surely room enough for all sections—be they British, Dutch, Natives, Asiatics or any others—that are already present and even double the number. It is not human to deny any one section room in this God's good land, blessed with health, wealth and prosperity. And yet, such as human nature is, man is not satisfied with all that he has, it is too little for him and he hankers after more. South Africa's position is envied by many other countries but she herself is not satisfied with her own position. Were it not so we would not find so much race hatred between white and white and between white and black. But the whites can afford to battle amongst themselves for they are on an equal footing. No sympathy is needed in their case. Not so in the case of the darker races who are voteless and voiceless. What is to become of them is a question which is very difficult to answer. Whoever may rule this country there seems to be very little hope for them. Past experience leaves nothing for them to choose. Their destiny is in the laps of God. They can appeal to the Godliness of their rulers. That is what we have been doing all along, and we are tempted to ask once again, when it is realised that this country is after all the most fortunate country in the world, whether there cannot

be found room for the neglected darker races to share a little of that God-given fortune?

Mr. Havenga's budget makes provision for the relief of unemployment among Europeans, a million is provided for improving the housing conditions and there are many other lofty schemes for the general welfare of the Europeans. Speaking for ourselves are not Asiatics also their burden. What provision has been made for the relief of unemployment among them and for their general upliftment as was promised in the Capetown Agreement? Or is Borneo alone going to be their fate? We might get a ready retort: "What are you yourselves doing for your own uplift?" We are prepared to receive the retort in all humility though it could be contended that we are given the opportunities to do so but that however does not release the Government of their responsibility towards Asiatics a section of their population.

INDIAN BUSES

NOT long ago we had reason to criticise the action of the National Council of Women in ungenerously suggesting the imposition of certain restrictions on the movement of Indian buses. Both Colonel G. Molyneux (ex-licensing officer) and Mr. G. E. Constable, Municipal Inspector of vehicles, have made a report which throws a flood of light on the question. Both these gentlemen declare that:

In fact the number of Indian buses registered locally has steadily decreased in recent years. Due to this decrease, states Colonel Molyneux, the borough fund has in the last five years lost an annual revenue of over £1,200. Colonel Molyneux adds that so far as he is aware no legal power exists to take action on the lines suggested, "even if it were advisable to do so, which I doubt."

Mr. Constable states that according to the licensing register the number of Indian buses has decreased by 67 between July, 1929 and July 1933. He adds: "This decrease is brought about by the ever increasing number of taxis which ply for hire on the different bus routes, taking away both tram and bus passengers. If therefore—as suggested—the Indian buses were more restricted it would only tend to bring more of these taxis on the roads and, in my opinion, would not bring a penny piece more to the trams. Until this menace of taxis is properly dealt with, it would be a bad move to interfere with the buses."

"As things are now, we have control over these omnibuses. They pay a heavy licence and are also insured against third party risks and are liable to be hauled up on the road for any repairs that the inspector thinks necessary. Not only that, but these vehicles are the cheapest form of transport in the borough, travellers being able to be carried five to six miles for 3d., which is just what is necessary for this poor class of people.

"The total fees paid on an omnibus of a carrying capacity of over 20 passengers is £39 5s. Of this amount £19 5s. accrues to the Borough, and on top of this is compulsory insurance to the amount of £1,000."

This puts the matter at rest at least for the time being—because it is a very paying proposition for the Durban Corporation!

Racial Inequality

Will Lead To Endless Race Conflicts

DR. HANS KOHN in a Radio Address under the auspices of the National Student Federation of America, dwelt on the alarming effect of race-consciousness, which has prejudiced many. The following extracts from the *World Unity* will be read with much interest in this country where we are experiencing racialism day in and day out:—

"The political and social importance of the modern race theory is not less far-reaching than its intellectual implications, for this theory is bound to awaken the fiercest race conflicts in a historic situation where the race question assumes dimensions unknown up to now. Race conflicts do not become acute until the race kept in the inferior position is animated by the tendency to change its status and to strive for equality with the race deemed superior. We witness to-day a world-wide movement of this kind. Fifty years ago the world accepted the supremacy of the white race without question. To-day the spread of education and of modern technical equipment throughout the world, the bringing together of all human races by the new rapid means of communication and transportation, have destroyed for ever this unquestioned order, and have introduced a new, dynamic element which makes itself felt not only in the revolt all over Asia but as well in similar movements for political and social emancipation outside of Europe which have reached their crises during the past few years in all Latin American republics, where even the long silent and suffering Indian race is awakening to a claim of its due position in its own ancient lands. Throughout Africa the Negro is stirring, a phenomenon which would have appeared entirely out of question a very few decades ago. There is a great forward movement on the part of all the non-white races which we called, only a few years ago, backward races, and who are to-day trying hard, and sometimes, as Japan proves, very successfully, to adopt for themselves the cultural and social standards of the white race. They strive not only for political emancipation but for a social advancement of their masses to participate in the progress of humanity toward a better world.

"I believe that all lovers of humanity will welcome this common effort of all human races toward a new world. It is, for the first time in world history, that such a common effort binds different and even the most distant parts of the world together. The basis of world unity is being created. In such a moment a new emphasis upon race and race inequality in many countries must have especially disastrous effects. It will tend to aggravate all race conflicts and therefore act as chief obstacle to world peace. No conflicts are as devastating as racial conflicts, no hatred as degrading as racial hatred because they appeal to the most primitive and most ferocious instincts of man and are apt to bring out

the worst sides of his nature. We very often witness the fact that a normally good-natured and reasonable man acts most brutally as soon as race prejudice or race instincts are involved. Through centuries we have striven to arrive at the recognition of personality, not of birth or race, as a standard of the value of man. The race theory means a regression from a spiritual point of view to a biological point of view.

Liberalism believes that man can be changed and improved by education and by social influences, race theory believes that a man has to continue as he has been born. Therefore, race theories in the present form are not only dangerous for world peace and humanity at large, but as theories of despair bid us to accept man and races as they are and to give up every idea of their improvement. The theory of racial inequality will, therefore, not only precipitate us into endless race conflicts, but make a combined human effort to create a new world futile!

Indian Housing

Regulations Governing Building Loans

The following regulations governing the advance of loans to Indians for the erection of dwellings on fully paid up freehold land have been passed by the Durban Town Council:—

1. That the building shall be erected in accordance with an approved plan and specification.
2. That not less than three tenders are to be obtained and submitted to the Borough Engineer.
3. That before any tender is accepted the applicant is to provide two approved surites each to the extent 25% of the contract price, and such surites are to enter into a bond prepared by the Town Solicitors guaranteeing the proper completion of the building. The builder is to enter into an approved form of building contract the original of which is to be deposited with the Borough Engineer.
4. A fee of 10/6d. will be charged for each inspection whether for certifying work for payment or for approval of work. The applicant is to deposit £3 3s. 0d., with the Town Treasurer to cover inspection fees, any unexpended balance will be returned to the applicant in the final certificate.
5. Loans will be granted to owners of fully paid up freehold land. The minimum loan shall be £200 with a maximum loan of £400. For amounts up to £250, the full contract price will be granted, and for amounts in excess of £250, 75% of the difference between £250 and the contract price will be granted.
6. Payments will be made as follows:
 - (a) 50% of value of work executed on completion of antguard.
 - (b) 50% of value of work executed less previous payment on completion of brick-work.
 - (c) 50% of value of work executed less previous payment on completion of building.
 - (d) Balance of loan two months after completion.
7. The work to be carried out only by an approved contractor and to the satisfaction of the Borough Engineer.

Duties Of The Indian Youth

Pandit Jaim'ni Speaks To Arya Yuvuk Mandal

AN interesting and instructive lecture on the duties of the Indian youth was delivered by Pandit Mehta Jaimini, the Vedic missionary, who has recently arrived from India, in the Hindu Tamil Institute under the auspices of the Arya Yuvuk Mandal.

Quoting Reverend Marduck, a well-known missionary in Madras, from his work "The three great necessities of India," the learned Pandit remarked that if you want to elevate a nation infuse your ideas in its youth. "The children of to-day are the nation of to-morrow" is a well-known saying. The duties of the Indian youth, said Panditji, are threefold, viz: (1) duty towards God, (2) duty towards their society and country, (3) duty towards their parents and elders. But what a pity it is that in our own schools there are no facilities for inculcating the fundamental principles of these duties; the consequent result being that the Indian youth are embracing a foreign civilisation and losing hold of their oriental one. Therefore the first thing we require is a change in the system of our education

Describing the system of education in different countries the learned Pandit said, our youth are taught three R's i.e. Reading, Writing and Reckoning. After finishing his study the Indian youth cannot stand upon his own legs, he wants some service or job to earn his livelihood. His mentality leads him to slavery and thus he cannot enjoy a life of independence—hence the question of unemployment is vehemently raging in India as well as abroad among the educated youth.

The progress of Japan, the Pandit said, was solely due to the Japanese youth and their system of education which comprises three H's (Head, Heart and Hand) education that Japan has elevated itself to the highest position in the industrial and political sphere. Unlike India more stress is laid there on the development of the mental faculties of the youth, infusing in them the idea of patriotism and serving their country and the last but not the least important, to enable them to earn their living independently by imparting to them the industrial education.

Germany's education, observed Panditji, according to Mr. Enkin, a great educationalist, lies in three N's i.e. National, Natural and Neutral education. The boys are taught how to serve their country and nation (2) how to enjoy nature, study it and derive benefit from it. In Germany the boys read in the open air in the natural method which is known as Kindergarten system and not cramming, (3) to be neutral i.e. free from bigotry, Imperialism and sectarianism.

In America we find the three M's education, that is Mechanical, Mineral and Mercantile education.

While all the countries are imparting education to their youth in their own right way, the Panditji regretted that Indian leaders are lying dormant with no care of their future generation. He emphasised on the necessity of right education of their youth, which is described by Swami Ram Tirath in his lecture in

America. He said that the object of education is and should be to utilise the resources of our Motherland, to purify the character to serve the nation, and to develop our senses and faculties and lastly to elevate the Soul by worshipping God.

Panditji in conclusion appealed to the Indian young men to do their duty. India, he said, is fettered with the chains of mental, economical and political slavery. It is the duty of the Indian youth whether in India or overseas to shatter the chains into pieces. "Mother India expects her children abroad to love their Motherland. Hence my dear young boys be faithful to your Motherland. You are inheritors of a culture which is not only ancient but fountain-head of all modern cultures. Your legacy is such a sublime philosophy as the modern philosophical schools vie with it and are the offshoots of that high philosophy, hence be loyal to your Motherland and your civilisation and Mother India will bless your efforts and energetic spirits. Your ideals in Ramayan and Mahabharat are so high that abiding by these precepts you can attract the whole world and brighten the name of India in the eyes of other nations."

John R. Mott and Christian Missions

Though the Jewish scriptures contain so priceless a statement on the racial problem as the book of Jonah, yet it would seem to have been difficult for them to believe that salvation was possible for other races, and there is much in the Creeds of the Christian Church which gives one the impression that other nations have less chance than the European of eternal acceptance.

It was a bold move on the part of Dr. John B. Mott, who is shortly to visit Natal, that he inaugurated a scheme for the international comradeship of Christian students of all races and established the Young Men's Christian Association as a world-wide power for good.

I have listened to him addressing a packed meeting at the Albert Hall in London for a full sixty minutes and other gatherings of students in Cambridge, Edinburgh and Liverpool. Ever he kept before his mind's eye the world-wide aspect of the Christian message throughout the world.

Dr. Mott has emphasised how speedily the whole wide world might be told of the essential truths of the Christian faith and has claimed, as the first duty of Christians, the evangelisation of the world in this very generation. The spread of the Christian missions has been in no small measure due to the wholehearted work of this great leader of modern days, who might readily have secured the position of Prime Minister of the United States, had he not recognised that spiritual enterprises are of vastly superior than those that are merely political and material.

CURRENT TOPICS

COMMENTS AND CRITICISM

(BY BHUSSMASOOR)

Colonisation Inquiry Committee

THE report of the Committee it was said would soon be out. It appears they considered 13 countries including Tanganyika and eventually have brought the number down to three. They are Borneo, New Guinea and British Guiana and the last named has lukewarm support. This leaves us with the first two named. Borneo has an area of about 31,106 square miles with a population of 257,804 persons of whom 533 are Europeans. The chief products are timber, sago, rice, coconuts, guma, coffee, fruits, nutmegs, cinnamon, pepper, gambler, gutta-paroha, rubber, camphor, rattams, tapioca, sweet potatoes and tobacco. Borneo is a British protectorate under the jurisdiction of the British North Borneo Co., and administered by a governor (appointed with the approval of the Secretary of State) and a Court of Directors in London appointed under a Royal Charter of 1881. It is rather premature for anyone to say more of Borneo until the report is made known. I wonder why a country next door to us, Tanganyika was passed over; in any case it would be better to wait and see. I give the above facts because they are of interest just now.

Cost Of Living

From the Union's budget it would appear there is a surplus of thousands and thousands of pounds and this surplus is being disposed of by Mr. Havenga. One would have thought that having found the surplus, avenues for more work for the people irrespective of colour, would also be found, so that there would be less unemployment and starvation. The cost of living is simply going up by leaps and bounds and the man in the street would like to know why the poor man is always hit. Take for example milk gone up, bread gone up, butter gone up, eggs gone up and other necessities of life. He would rather like to see a penny off the bread than off the postage. This juggling of figures is of no help to the family man, what he wants is work and the cost of living to come down. The Government could help them in both only if they were free from the high politics but the tug-of-war goes on *ad libitum*.

Harijan In South Africa

A prominent Indian of Maritzburg who takes keen interest in public affairs asks me to approach the leading Hindustanee Indians to take some interest on the Harijan question and thus assist the Mahatmaj in his great uplift work in India. Fortunately we have no such questions in South Africa under which the Harijans labour in India. I certainly think that it is up to the Hindustani people of South Africa to respond to the call of Bihar and thereby help them and strengthen the hands of Mahatmaj who is to-day looking to the wants of starving and homeless. Needless for me to state that this section

has done nothing so far to help them in their dire needs. The position of the distressed in Bihar to-day is worse than the Harijans and it would take a very long time before they are on their feet again. It is up to us to forget all other work and send our mite for the help of the Biharees. Who will not help in this worthy cause? It is for the leaders to go out with the begging bowls like the Mahatmaj and Rajendra Babu are doing in India.

Native Woman In Trousers

One must have been amused to read that a Native woman was fined by a Ladysmith Magistrate for wearing trousers. I wonder if the people of Ladysmith know that there are many women in Durban who wear trousers. And they are white women too. There is an agitation in the Transvaal in regard to the wearing of trousers by women, but worse still you find hundreds of them in shorts and many of the shorts above the knees parading on the beach or on the railway stations on the coast. But whatever is done by white women is considered right and fashionable but no sooner her darker sister tries to ape her, she finds herself in trouble and the following sermon is preached to her:—"No person shall appear in public wearing garments for the purpose of personating the opposite sex or such garments as would be calculated to deceive as to his or her sex."

Social And Personal

Mr. W. S. Seethal, headmaster of the St. Aidan's Indian Boy's School, Sydenham has gone on leave of three months. The manager, Rev. W. H. Satchell, presided over a function in honour of Mr. Seethal and in a felicitous speech alluded to the valuable services rendered by him, both to the School and to the Mission over many years. Mr. Seethal was presented with a handsome leather case by the staff in appreciation.

Mr. James A. Paul, the senior assistant, will be in charge of the St. Aidan's Indian Boy's School during Mr. Seethal's absence.

Mr. S. Pachia, the well reputed graphologist has after an extensive business tour of the Northern districts of Natal and Transvaal returned to Maritzburg.

Bihar Relief Fund

Contribution From Indians In South Africa

Amount previously acknowledged	£2,040	1	4
Eastern Transvaal Merobanis			
(Further collection)	65	5	3
Young India Club, Johannesburg	8	14	0
Desai Private School, Johannesburg	4	9	0
	£2,118	9	7

THINGS IN GENERAL

Indian Midwifery Service

IN the report of the Borough Medical Officer of Health the Public Health Committee of the Durban Town Council have recommended the latter that the vacancy for whole time midwife for attendance on Indian cases, due to the resignation of Nurse Lawler, be not filled meantime, and that a trial be given during the remainder of the Municipal year to a scheme of subsidising selected Indian midwives to carry out the services concerned at a cost not exceeding the saving effected thereby.

Licensing Officer For Durban

The General Purposes Committee of the Durban Town Council have recommended that the duties of Licensing Officer consequent on the retirement of Colonel Molynaux be carried out by Mr. B. R. Langerwall, Chief Clerk of the Licensing Department, until other arrangements are made by the Town Council.

Unpaid Rates In Added Areas

Only 43 per cent. of the total estimated rates from newly incorporated areas for the current Municipal year has been paid into the Durban Corporation coffers. This means that the outstandings for this year amounted to 57 per cent., as compared with 34 per cent. last year. The total assessment from the five areas is £69,590 but of this sum only £29,928 has been collected. The figures reflect the following position:—

	Total Assessment (including Water Rates)	Defaulters
Greenwood Park	16,599	10,521
Umlaluzana	10,170	4,290
Mayville	12,246	5,091
Sydenham	11,144	5,524
South Coast Junction	19,431	14,238
Total	£69,590	£39,664

High Price For Building Land

Johannesburg property has reached a new high peak in price with the payment of £7 per square foot for a central City stand. This is probably the highest comparative price building land has reached in South Africa. It is certain that £49,000 is the highest price ever paid for a single stand in the history of this City. The nearest approach to it was the £40,000 for Stuttaford's Corner in 1928.

Postal Rates

Reduced inland and overseas rates are as follows:
 Inland: Letters, 1d. per ounce; Postcards, 1d. each.
 British Commonwealth, Egypt and Palestine: Letters, 1d. per ounce; Postcards, 1d. each.
 There is no change in the rate of postage to foreign countries.

Relief For Taxpayers

The proposals of the Minister of Finance for disposing his surpluses include:

Income Tax Abatement increased to £400.

20 per cent. rebate on Income Tax.

Restoration of penny postage.

Minimum telegraphic charge will be reduced from 1s. 3d. to 1s. from July next.

In addition the Government is abolishing the surtax on fixed interest, reducing the receipts duty and the stamp duty on cheques. Death duties are to be modified to give relief to small estates and quitrent is to be abandoned.

The duty on tea, coffee and rice is to be reduced and the Minister expressed the hope that the reductions would be passed on to the consumer, with a consequent reduction in the cost of living.

First Woman M.O.H.

The Union's first woman medical officer of health has been appointed. She is Dr. Marion Thompson, who will be medical inspector of maternity and infant welfare for Johannesburg.

Sentenced For Stealing Trust Monies

Described as an ex-Captain of the Sixth Dragoon Guards and a veterinary officer, William James Campbell (37), formerly Johannesburg municipal compound manager, was sentenced at Benoni to terms of imprisonment aggregating 10 months' hard labour approximately for the theft of trust monies. In his official capacity he received from certain compound natives in his charge monies to be held by him or despatched by him on their behalf to their relatives. Some of the natives had complained to the police that they could not recover their money from Campbell or that their relatives had not received it. The original charge contained 13 counts. Campbell pleaded guilty to six, but in two instances he repudiated the amounts involved. This plea was accepted. Two counts were withdrawn. The amount Campbell was convicted of stealing was approximately £223.

Insolvencies Down By Half

According to the insolvency returns of the Union the total number of insolvencies recorded during 1933 was 1,258, or only half that for 1932. In spite of the greater length and severity of the depression the ratio of insolvencies to population has been slightly lower than that for the previous depression. The measures taken by the Government to tide over the worst times is claimed to have assisted materially in bringing about this state of affairs.

Horse-sickness Cure?

A horse-sickness cure which, the discoverer claimed, saved thousands of pounds worth mules and horses on the Natal North Coast, has been handed to the *Natal Mercury* for publication by Sir J. L. Hallatt & Sons, Ltd.

The recipe is:—
 Glycerine, 20oz; strong iodine tincture, 1oz; belladonna tinct., 1oz, to be mixed well and in-

jected at the rate of from four to 10c.c. It is to be followed by a second injection composed of Trypan or Diemine Blue at the rate of from 10 to 15c.c. of a two per cent. solution.

The discoverer was the late Mr. J. H. Lonergan, of Stanger, who was in the Natal Veterinary Department in the Boer War days. He kept the recipe secret and used the preparation himself on thousands of mules and horses from Zululand to Port Shepstone. On his death in 1932 the recipe was bought by Hullett's in a sealed envelope. The firm used the preparation frequently with considerable success.

House Burgled At Felixton

The house belonging to a well-known Indian on the property Bendari at Felixton was burgled and an amount of £27 in notes and about £100 worth of jewellery stolen. A theft of chairs from the Recreation ground Hall has also been reported.

Not Applying In Full Name

The Rural Licensing Board in Maritzburg refused the application of an Indian giving his name as M. Cassim for a new refreshment room and butcher's licence at Goedvervrachting on the ground that applicant had failed to apply in his proper name which was Mahomed Cassim Parak which the applicant admitted was so and could give no satisfactory reason for failing to give his full name.

Mass Meeting

Under the auspices of the Manning Place Indian Land Owners and Residents Protective Association a Mass Meeting of the Indian community will be held on Sunday April 16, at 2.30. p. m., at the Hindu Temple Grounds, Briekfield Road, Mayville. Several important matters affecting the rate-payers will be discussed. Councillors W. F. Westgate, R. D. Lavery, M.P.O. and Advocate A. Christopher will address the meeting. All are cordially invited to attend.

Union's Budget

Mr. N. C. Havenga's Budget, revealed a total surplus of £6,464,000. The main figures of the Budget may be summarised as follows:

1933-1934	
Estimated Revenue	£36,798,000
Actual Revenue	39,524,000
Estimated Expenditure	£34,017,000
Actual Expenditure	33,100,000
Surplus: £6,434,000	
1934-1935	
Estimated Revenue	£36,796,000
Estimated Expenditure	£36,988,000
Estimated Surplus: £2,808,000	

Although the increase in revenue was primarily due to the rising price of gold, all the main sources of revenue were abundant.

Tit Bits From The Motherland

Shamlal Nehru Passes away

The Nehru family is thrown into mourning by the death of one of its prominent member, Pandit Shamlal Nehru who was in indifferent health for some time past.

New Indian Privy Councillor

Sir Shadi Lal has been appointed Privy Councillor and Member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in succession to Sir Dinshah Mulla, who has resigned due to ill-health.

More 'Quake Shocks In India

Further earthquake shocks as reported have devastated an area north of Bihar. No damage has hitherto reported.

On Foot To Mecca

Shah Subban Ahmed, popularly known Saultannul Mojahedun, passed through Cawnpore City on his way to Mecca where he is proceeding on foot offering prayers at every 5 paces. He is at present camping at Rawatpur. A large number of leading Muslim citizens gave a series of parties in honour of the Shah who is dressed only in a wrapper and does not accept any presents. Khan Bahadur Hafiz Hidayat Hussain, has issued an appeal to the public to help him on route on his prayers.

Fifty Drowned In Bihar

Fifty people were drowned when a large rowing boat overturned in a storm on the river Devi, in Bihar.

Fascist And British Rule In India

The Fascist movement was against the White Paper policy root and branch, declared Sir Oswald Mosley at Stoke-on-Trent. It was the duty of England to remain in India and govern India, which owed everything to British rule. He added that an agricultural policy should be initiated in India, where the masses were being driven from the country into the towns. They were working for 5s. a week and driving Lancashire cotton off the market.

Non-Co-operation To Be Abandoned

From recent telegraphic messages from India it would appear that a change has taken place in the political atmosphere. Mahatma Gandhi has approved of his decision of Congress leaders to contest the forthcoming elections for the Legislative Assembly, reviving the Swaraj Party for this purpose and has undertaken to render the party all assistance in his power. Mahatma Gandhi, writing to one of the leaders, says it is the right and duty of every Congressman, who has faith in the Legislatures, to seek entry in order to prosecute the programme which he believes to be in the country's interest. Mahatma Gandhi has urged the abandonment of Civil Disobedience in the course of a statement to the Press and said: "I must advise all Congressmen to suspend Civil Resistance for the Swaraj as distinguished from specific grievances." He added that he had decided to himself the sole civil resister. Mahatma

Gandhiji's announcement, in conjunction with his decision to contest the forthcoming election for the Legislative Assembly and reviving the Swaraj Party for that purpose, is interpreted to mean that he is abandoning non-co-operation and devoting all his energies to the attainment of the Swaraj.

Release Of Disobedience Prisoners Expected

The gradual release of all Civil Disobedience prisoners, except those convicted of sedition, says a Reuter's message from Bombay, is expected to follow Mahatma Gandhiji's statement which has profoundly affected the situation throughout the country and his appeal for a responsive gesture it is thought should be considered. The legislation which being embodied in the ordinances is not expected to be repealed but will probably be allowed to lie dormant except so far as it is necessary to deal with the terrorist movement, and the ban on Indian Congress organisations is likely to be lifted permitting Central Provincial organisations to meet again.

M. C. C. Brings Rs. 5,000 For Bihar Relief

The recent M. C. C. match played in India in aid of Bihar relief has brought Rs. 5,000. It is stated that the figure would have been much higher had the organisers not ignored the Nationalist papers as a result of which many Nationalist did not go to see the game.

Leadbeater Dead

The prominent Theosophist, Bishop O W Leadbeater, the presiding Bishop of the Liberal Catholic Church, Sydney, at the age of 87, died of heart disease. He was returning on board the "Mooltan" from India when he was taken ill and landed at Perth (W. Australia). The body was cremated and the ashes were sent to Sydney.

Ankleswar And Mangrol District Mohammedan Association

Generous Donation By President

The annual general meeting of the Ankleswar and Mangrol District Mohammedan Association was held at the Hindu Tamil Institute, Durban, on Sunday night. There was a fair attendance. The membership of the Institute now total 300.

Hajee M. E. Lakhi was in the chair and spoke about the friendliness, sympathy and brotherhood that existed in the Institute. The minutes were read and the treasurer's reports were passed. The financial statement for the year ended with a cash balance of £500. A hearty vote of thanks was extended by the Association to Hajee M. E. Lakhi for the generous donation of £50. Molvi I. A. Bayat also gave a speech on the aims and objects of the Association and to work religiously, socially and educationally. Mr. Lakhi, was re-elected President for the ensuing year.

The following trustees were also appointed: Hajee M. F. Lakhi, of Graytown; Hajee I. S. Buhala, of Durban; K. Essack, of Seven Oaks; C. H. Tothla, of New Hanover; Hajee Adam Mohamed, of Abrens

Rail; Hajee E. M. Asvat, of Ladysmith; I. A. Moola, of Kearsney; M. E. Gathoo, of Vereeniging; D. Bayat, of Maritzburg; vice-president, M. H. Tothla; secretary, K. S. Patel; assistant secretary, M. M. Manjna; treasurer, M. E. Amin; committee: Borath, Sakjee, A. Kosa, M. C. Motala, E. E. Oaia, I. Moola and Ballim.

The agents for collection in the country are: K. Essack and I. A. Bayat, for Greytown; Hajee E. M. Asvat and E. M. Gangat, for Ladysmith; D. Bayat, for Maritzburg; C. Borath and I. Moola, for North Coast; A. C. Lakhi and M. E. Gathoo, for Johannesburg.

Aryan Benevolent Society (Maritzburg)

Annual General Meeting

The 20th annual General Meeting of Aryan Benevolent Society was held at its Home, 500 Pietermaritz Street, Maritzburg on March 25. After the Minutes of the last Annual General Meeting were confirmed the Secretary read his Report which showed a membership roll of 36. The object of the Society is to cater for the poor indigent, helpless people, irrespective of class or creed. The Society also provides for orphan children.

A room has been set apart by the Society at the Home for conducting a Clinical Department. Owing to lack of workers the Women's Association were asked to take control of this part of the work. An experienced Doctor and a qualified Nurse are in attendance once weekly under the direction of the Medical Officer of Health. The Committee has left no stone unturned in bringing the Clinic as an additional to the Home.

The yearly grants in aid from the Corporation and the Government is £45, which sum proved insufficient for the maintenance of the Home, and strong representations has to be made to the authorities immediately.

The first instalment of £27 3s. 6d. due to the Corporation was met before the due date, funds were received by the sale of a football during the five-a-side tourney of the M. D. I. F. A. which was kindly presented by the Messrs Moodley's Service Station which realised a record price of £15 9s. with the assistance of the Associations' official the Good Friday street collection amounted to £10, thus the Society was able to meet the loan.

An amount of £75 was outstanding in the Building Fund and an earnest public appeal was made by the secretary to liquidate their liability.

The books of the Society relating to Finance were laid open for public inspection from the 16th to 24th March 1934 at the Home. The total revenue was £95 17s. 4d., and the expenditure amounted to £87 11s. 9d., thus leaving a credit balance £8 5s 7d.

In the loan Redemption and Building account the total income was £105 11s. 8d., and the ex-

penditure of £101 17s., leaving a credit balance of £3 14s. 6d. A Balance Sheet duly audited was also prepared which reflects the Capital account.

The Society has from time to time acknowledged in the Press and also passed on record the various gifts in kind and cash, which is too numerous to mention herein.

The Society tenders its thanks to the following gentlemen for their sympathy shown to the Society in its great work:—

Dr. M. R. Peters for his free attendances and medical treatment regularly to the inmates of the Home. Mr. H. M. Bass for free medicine, and the Press for publishing the proceedings of the activities of the Society, and to others who supplied vegetables, fruits, Cakes, Meat, Fish, and Bread etc.

The Chairman appreciated the services of the Secretary and then moved for the adoption of the Annual Report.

Supervisor's Report

Mr. M. S. Williams, the Supervisor in his report states that all the inmates of the Home are well and happy; and two persons of outside cases are being treated and relief is being rendered daily to them. Shelter and food were given to 14 persons from outside districts who were stranded.

He touched upon the real workings and doings of the Home and the many benefactors who supported the Home were thanked. He also submitted that the provisions received from the public during the year amounted to about £105 3s. 11d., apart from amounts received in cash.

The Inspector in his report submitted that the Home was always very clean; and recommended that two more rooms on the outside of the building should be built.

The Report was adopted, the Chairman on behalf of the Society thanking him for his regular attendance.

Election

The following Office-bearers were elected for the ensuing year:

Patron: Mr. D. C. Dick (re-elected); Trustee: Mr. S. R. Naidoo (re-elected); Hon Life Vice-Presidents: Messrs S. R. Naidoo, R. N. Moodley, and P. N. Naidoo; re-elected; President: Mr. R. Manicum, (re-elected); Vice-Presidents: Messrs J. M. David, G. K. Naidoo, Vincent George, F. Gareeb, (re-elected) C. K. Lazarus, and S. Sivanand; Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. R. M. Moorgas (re-elected); Hon. Supervisor: Mr. M. S. William; Hon. Inspector: Mr. R. N. Moodley; Hon. Physician: Dr. M. R. Peters (re-elected); Committee: Messrs K. Sarjoo, M. P. Govender, G. N. Padayachee, R. H. Rajan, C. Soobramoney, N. P. Reddy, L. N. Pillay, (re-elected) S. Visvanatean and G. Peter. The street collection taken below Retaif street, Maritzburg, on Good Friday, realised £11 12s. 8d., which members brought up to a round sum of £12.

Durban Indian Surf Life Saving Club

Welcome To Mr. J. C. Fishenden

A welcome reception in honour of Mr. J. C. Fishenden, Vice President of the Royal Life Saving Society, was accorded at the Hindu Tamil Institute, Cross Street, Durban, on Monday, the 26th ultimo.

The President (Mr. T. M. Naicker) described very briefly the beginning of the movement and the difficulties they had to put up with. Nevertheless, he said, with the help of the Pirates Life Saving Club, whose members instructed the Indian Life Savers, Sunday after Sunday they are now able to carry out the work with less difficulties. After presenting a Bouquet to Mr. F. O. Fishenden and another to Mr. G. Reynolds, he called upon Mr. A. Christopher to speak.

Mr. Christopher in welcoming Mr. Fishenden pointed out that the Club was in a bud but hoped, that he would come again when it was in full bloom. He said further that his application for a Swimming Bath at the Sports Ground was turned down, but he hoped that with the help of Mr. Fishenden and Mr. Reynolds the Indians will be granted a Public Bath in the near future.

Mr. B. B. Singh, the Captain of the Club, thanked Mr. Fishenden for the work he has done and is still doing for the Indian Surf Life Saving Club. He wished him a pleasant journey home.

Mr. Reynolds thanked the audience for their presence and especially the members of the Club for their valuable work they were rendering to the Indian community. He said that the help which was rendered by the Pirates Club to those of the Indian Club deserved praise and hoped that more would be done in the future in the furtherance of this Club. He mentioned the Swimming Competition which was held on Saturday night at the Beach Baths in which he was one of the Judges. Continuing he said he was very glad to see the Indians taking up this movement and mentioned the many cases of lives saved on Saturday by the Pirates. He said that this movement was very important to the bathers at the Beach and that such a movement should be supported by everyone. He said that he was pleased to meet Mr. Fishenden, who although came out on a holiday is busily occupied and has more work to do than when he was in England. He concluded by saying that he was ready to help anyone in this direction, and thanked the Indian Life Savers and especially the Pirates for their invaluable work.

Mr. Corse, the President of the Pirates mentioned the valuable work done by the Indian Club and its importance to the Indian Bathers. He considered it a pleasure for his Club to help the Indian Club in fostering the work, identical in objects; and in view of this fact he was glad to work and help in co-operation with the Indian Club. He concluded by saying that the Pirates were ready to help anyone on Sea as well as on Land (applause). He thanked Mr. Fishenden and wished him bon voyage.

History of the R. L. S. Society

Mr. Fishenden, after thanking the Club for the honour and bouquet, said, that the Royal Life Saving

Society, started in 1891 with very few members. There was need for such a Club owing to many cases of drowning. Its importance was soon realised and support came from many directions with the result that this Club to-day has branches all over the world. The King is the patron of the Society and sends his congratulations to it each year. The Society's work and reports are contained in small Hand-books. In 1932 five hundred thousand copies were sold all over the world. These works and reports are translated in nine different languages, one of which this year would be in Hindustani for the benefit of the Boy Scouts in India. In the year 1892, there were eighty six awards given out, but in 1933 there were seventy seven thousand six hundred and ninety five awards. The Hon. Secretary of the branch in India is Mr. Chatterjee. There were also branches in Bombay and Ceylon. The Hon. Secretary of the Royal Life Saving Society toured all over the world and his reports were printed in book form. This movement is voluntary. He then gave the names of Messrs T. M. Nalcker, A. Christopher, C. N. Pather, B. B. Singh through whose efforts and courage the Indian Surf Life Saving Club is carrying on its valuable work. "I had the opportunity," he said "of seeing the members of this Club carrying on their practices at the Beach and was very pleased with their work.

Swimming Bath At Sastri College

He further said that he was pleased to see Europeans such as Messrs. Bodma, Corse and Cooke giving valuable assistance to the Indian Club. He asked the members and officials to work hard and patiently as was done for the Sports Ground and press the authorities for a Swimming Bath of no elaborate expense. He suggested the Bath be built at Sastri College, where the Teachers could be trained to Life Saving methods and later teach the boys. He said he was confident that this would be a success with the help of the Principal of the Sastri College, Mr. Bues and Mr. Miller. "You have got the material" he said. "Introduce sports to the young children who will be men of help to the Indian community later." "While waiting for the Bath" he said, "I appeal to you to take up land drill in rescuing and resuscitation and go to the river and swim." He further said that there were films in Life Saving made by the Royal Life Saving Society. No one was paid for producing it and consequently no one should pay for seeing it; it would be shown to the Indian community as soon as it reaches Mr. G. Reynolds. In conclusion he appealed to those present to give their earnest and individual attention and support the Club and on his arrival in England he will report the work of this Club.

Later he exhibited Charts, Badges, Medals of awards, as the Bronze Medallion, the swimming instructions award and the methods and works of various others given by the Royal Life Saving Society.

A squad of six gave a demonstration under the direction of Mr. B. B. Singh, the Captain, while Mr. G. Reynolds gave detailed explanation of every hold and catch of rescue, release and resuscitation which were admirably exhibited. At the end of the demonstration, Mr. Reynolds appealed to the merchants to take an interest and support the Club. "When we elected the late Mr. Ellis Brown" he said, "as

President of our Club he did not know why he should be elected to this post, as he could not swim." But the speaker said that the late Mr. Ellis Brown was unable to sink when an appeal went to him. (Laughter). In conclusion he appealed to every school to teach resuscitation.

The President thanked Mr. Fishenden and Mr. Reynolds and introduced Mr. Sathia, the expert India swimmer who swam 400 yards into the sea, to the public. In conclusion he wished Mr. Fishenden a pleasant journey home.

In Aid Of Bihar

"KHOONI HAAR"

"Khooni Haar" meaning the Sanguinary Necklace, written by Mr. B. Tulsiram, will be staged by the Gyaan Prachar Natak Mandal, under the joint auspices of the Manor Garden Hindu Association and Early Morning Market and Squatters Association, on Sunday, April 14, 1934, at the Victoria Picture Palace, Victoria Street, Durban, commencing immediately after the Bio, in aid of the victims of the Bihar earthquake.

Pandit Mehta Jaimini will be present and will address the audience.

Prices : SPECIAL RESERVED 21/-, 1st CLASS 5/-, Reserved 10/6, 2nd Class 4/-, 3rd Class 3/-, Ladies 2/-, Children 1/6.

Tickets obtainable at : Messrs. Kapitan's Balcony Tea Rooms, T. Rughubur and Singh's Mutton Market, Indian Market, Victoria Tea Rooms, Brook Street, Hind Vijay Tea Room, Grey Street, Durban.

Plans at Singu's Cafe, Grey St., Durban, for Reserved Seats only.

R. S. SRIVASTANA, Tutor, B. R. SINGH, Stage Manager, B. TULSIRAM, Chairman, B. R. SINGH, Hon. Secretary, M. G. H. Association; T. G. DESAI, Chairman, I. JUGGERATH, Hon. Secretary, A. H. RAHAMAN, Hon. Treasurer, E. M. M. and S. Association.

Notice

INDIAN UNEMPLOYMENT

Will employers of Indian labour kindly notify the undersigned of any vacancies in their establishment.

WRITE:—Hon. Secretary, Sir Kurma Reddi Unemployment Relief Committee, Indian Sports Ground, Durban.

SPORTING NEWS

(BY SPORTSMAN)

BOXING

Kid Singh's Final Bow

KID Singh made his final appearance in the ring on Saturday, April 7, against Mannie Dixon, the local pugilist. The Town Hall was not packed to capacity but the big crowd that witnessed was sufficient evidence of the interest taken in Kid Singh's final fight in this country.

This international contest between Dixon of Natal and Kid Singh of England, U.S.A. and British Guiana was billed to go over 12 rounds. But Kid's experience and ringcraft were too much for Dixon who succumbed after an very plucky resistance to a right uppercut.

The first two rounds were full of thrills. Dixon held his own and at times even went on the offensive; but Kid's head manoeuvring made Dixon miss conspicuously. Kid dominated the ensuing rounds and it was not long before the crowd could prophesy the decision. Still Dixon put up a spirited fight and even before he fell he was as offensive as his rapidly diminishing stamina would allow.

In the 10th round Kid made full of the only opening Dixon afforded his opponent throughout the fight and sent Dixon on to the boards for a count of 9. He rose but weak and dazed he clung on the ropes an open prey to Kid. The referee timely intervened and awarded Kid the fight. Indubitably this is the only time that Kid has been extended during his sojourn in South Africa.

Dixon has all the makings of a first rate boxer and in good hands ought to be in the elite before long. Once more Kid gave evidence of his experience; he was ever on the offensive like a tiger after its prey. When he leaves he may leave with the full assurance that he has left an indelible impression on the minds of local fans.

Other Bouts

The other bouts, though not so thrilling were ding-dong affairs. Tiger Shaikh beat Kid Vengan on points over four rounds; William Fogus beat Cecil Jonosky on points. This latter bout was a willing contest. Jonosky opened reservedly and was throughout calm of temperament till the 8th round when, realising that he was behind on points tried heotically to close the gap; but though he fought openly and well he narrowly missed the decision. This is his first reverse in this town.

Dave Shade was beaten by Joe Aaron on points. Shade put up a good show towards the final stages but Aaron who had scored heavily in the opening rounds, was given a points decision.

The last contest of the evening was between L. Veeran and Joe Gains. Veeran gave gains nearly a stone and despite this heavy handicap won easily on points. The fight as a whole was marred by excessive infighting and clinching. Gains took severe punishment but it was his physical resiliency which prevented him from falling on the boards prior to the end.

Last Friday, Mr. Billy Padarath had arranged a boxing show to take place in the H. Y. M. A. Hall in P. M. Burg. The main bout was to have been between Young Judeep and Young Pottier. Unfortunately, the local police authorities acting on instructions evidently from Durban stopped the show. This is the second occasion on which Mr. Padarath's to stage a show in the city have been frustrated. The sanction of the N.B.O.O. we understand, was not obtained.

Wrestling.

R. M. Patel—Sonny Moodley Controversy

Last week's in these notes was published a letter by Mr. E. Haffjee, manager of R. M. Patel, stating that there had previously been no contest between Patel and Moodley. "Sportsman" who is responsible for these columns realises the fact but the statement was made to him by the promoters of the last show, who he felt ought to be an authority in the matter. We quite agree with Mr. Haffjee whom, we realise, has his ward's interests and welfare at heart.

Mt. Edgecombe "Feast"

The local promoter, Young Ramlagan, has arranged a two-night wrestling show at Mt. Edgecombe for Friday and Saturday nights, 13th and 14th instant. A number of amateur wrestlers and boxers have been engaged to take part. The "Feast" as the show has been billed, is being staged to coincide with the annual Mt. Edgecombe festivities.

Tennis

Mrs. K. K. Pillay's Shield

The final for the Mrs. K. K. Pillay's shield was won by Messrs. P. B. Singh and Wesley Thomas of Spes Bona. The finals took place at Greenwood Park on Sunday April 8. In appreciation of the donor's kindness in presenting the shield and in response to the donor's request the finals were staged on the Greenwood Park Court. Messrs. Thumbay and Isaacs of the Central Club were the chief rivals but the indisposition of Isaacs paved the way for the Spes Bona's couple's easy victory. This is the first year in which the shield has been competed for and though the competition (on the K.O. system) did not take long to complete the tennis, in this competition was keen and spirited.

Greenwood Park Indian Tennis

The Greenwood Park Indian Tennis Club elected the following office-bearers at its fifth annual meeting:— Patrons: Messrs. K. K. Pillay, A. L. Kajeo, L. Rajcoomar, S. Moodaliyar and V. O. Naidoo; president: Mr. S. M. Moodley; vice-presidents: Messrs. T. Thathiah, B. Nankoo and K. S. Pillay; committee: Messrs. K. R. Pillay, K. Gopaul Naidoo, T. M. Govender, C. S. Thavar, V. Moodley, K. C. Pillay and K. V. Pillay; secretary: Mr. Harry G. Thathiah; asst. secretary: Mr. T. Ramswamy; treasurer, Mr. D. L. Naidoo; assistant treasurer, Mr. D. V. Naidoo; captain: K. V. Pillay; vice-captain, T. Ramswamy; delegates Natal Indian Tennis Association: Messrs. H. G. Thathiah, K. S. Pillay, K. O. Pillay, T. Ramswamy and K. V. Pillay.

Soccer

N. I. F. Association

Intertown Seniors

The following fixtures have been drawn up for the season:

Saturday section, Maritzburg vs. Durban, at Maritzburg, 12th May 1934, Referee Mr. V. Arumugam.

Sunday section, (1) South Coast D.I.F.A. vs. M. County I.F.A., at Maritzburg, 13th May 1934; Referee Mr. D. Anthony.

(2) Mayville vs. Durban Sunday League, at Durban, 20th May 1934, Referee Mr. M. B. Iyaloo.

(3) Final, winners (1) vs. winners (2), on winners (2) ground, 27th May 1934, Referee Mr. M. S. Badat.

Junior Intertown, Durban vs. Maritzburg, at Maritzburg, 12th May 1934, Referee Mr. G. K. Naidoo.

Juvenile Intertown, Durban vs. Maritzburg, at Durban, 9th June 1934, Referee Mr. T. L. Nanco, at 2 p.m.

Natal Cup, Saturday section, Seniors, Maritzburg vs. Durban, at Durban, 18th August 1934, Referee Mr. M. K. Naidoo.

Juniors, Maritzburg vs. Durban, at Durban 18th May 1934, Referee Mr. B. Mansingh.

Juveniles, Maritzburg vs. Durban, at Maritzburg, 25th August 1934, Referee Mr. I. A. Haffjee,

Suncrush Shield

Sunday section, (1) South Coast vs. Durban, at Durban, 12th August 1934, Referee Mr. M. Thajmoon. (2) M. County vs. Mayville, at Mayville, 12th Aug. Referee Mr. S. Williams. (3) Final, winners (1) vs. winners (2), on winners (1) Ground, 26th August 1934, Referee Mr. M. B. Iyaloo.

Bodha's League Championship Cup, Saturday section, (1) South Coast vs. M. County, at Maritzburg, 2nd September 1934, Referee Mr. V. Arumugan. (2) Durban vs. Mayville, at Durban, 2nd September 1934, Referee Mr. B. Mansingh. (3) Final, winners (1) vs. winners (2), on winners (1) ground, 16th September 1934, Referee Mr. A. K. E. Bux, alternative D. Anthony.

Messrs. R. A. Moodley, S. L. Singh, and P. M. Pillay were appointed as Selection Committee of the Natal team.

South Coast District Indian Football Association

The following are the fixtures set down for Sunday 15th April 1934.

Springboks vs. Rank 1.10. Referee Mr. M. E. Sigamony.
Clairwood vs. Moonlighters 2.30. Referee Mr. A. Limalia.
Junction vs. School 3.30 Referee Mr. A. Andrew.
Rosenburgh, United, Sunrise, Star bye.

Annual Meetings

Dundee Football Club

The Dundee Stella Football Club held its annual meeting on March 29. Mr. R. A. James, the president of the Club was in the chair.

The following office-bearers were elected for season 1934.—Patrons: Messrs. J. Pane, S. C. Peer, and R. A. James; Hon. Life Vice-Presidents: Messrs. J. Pane and M. V. Moodley; President: Mr. V. V. Naidoo; Vice-Presidents: Messrs. A. C. Pane, S. M. Patany, H. Hayes, V. P. Pillay, B. R. Singh, G. H. David, and S. K. Reddy; Captain: Mr. Sunny Pane; Vice-Captain: Mr. Fred Kallie; Secretary and Treasurer: Mr. R. B. Singh; Committee: Messrs. I. M. Nakhoda, G. Singh, and P. S. Rai; Selection Committee: Messrs. V. V. Naidoo, M. V. Moodley, and J. Pane.

Arrangements for the coming season were discussed, and the hope was expressed that the Club would once again achieve success, as in previous years.

Royals F. C. Annual Meeting

The 34th Annual General Meeting of the Royals Football Club (Maritzburg) was held in Mr. S. Muthray's office, Retief Street, when the following officials were elected for season 1934/35:—

Patron: Mr. G. Jagwanth, (re-elected), President; Mr. S. Muthray (re-elected), Vice-Presidents: Messrs.

R. Mungal, B. Sundar, K. Tommy, George Manickum, S. E. Kader, V. D. Pillay, K. T. V. Jimmy, E. Jugdip, M. Ramdeen, J. Ebenezer, R. Rajkoomar, G. S. Maharaj, Hardaw Singh, B. N. Bhoola, Parbhoo Mankanjee, G. R. Singh (Sen), B. Bhugwandeem, Rugbeer Singh, Chota Ebrahim, A. R. Maharaj, K. Gopal, Robert Manicum, R. Tilak, R. Manickum, Ramkisson, P. M. Manuel, B. Seepaul, J. B. Singh, Sewchall Maharaj, A. G. Pillay and S. G. Chetty. Secretary and Treasurer: M. D. Pillay (re-elected), Hon. Life Vice-Presidents: as hitherto, Delegates to M.D.I.F.A. (Vice-President and S. Muthray), R. Manickum and M. D. Pillay, Auditor: T. Ramkilawan, Senior Captain: A. R. Govindsamy, Vice-Captain: Nabie, Senior-manager: Robert Manickum, Junior manager: R. Rajkoomar.

N. I. F. A.

Annual meeting

A Special General Meeting of the Natal Indian Football Association was held at the H.Y.M.A. Library, Church Street, Maritzburg, on Sunday April 8.

Those present included Mr. R. A. Moodley in the chair, supported by Messrs. Advocate A. Christopher, D. F. Yusuf, R. N. Moodley, A. Singh, E. M. Ohin, and A. Sookdoe (Hon. Life Vice-Presidents), K. A. Chin, S. N. Moodley, P. M. Pillay (Vice-Presidents), S. L. Singh, M. John, O. N. M. Khan, (representing D.D.I.F.A.), D. Anthony, R. P. Naidoo, (representing M.D.I.F.A.), N. M. Pillay, K. Samuels, A. Harry, (representing S.C. D.I.F.A.), M. Cunden (representing D. D. I. F. A. S. League), S. P. Pillay S. Rajpaul (Mayville D.I.F.A.), A. G. Pillay, R. Dookran, (representing M. County D.I.F.A.), and I. A. Haffjee, secretary.

The Chairman in declaring the meeting open welcomed the delegates, and explained the strenuous year which was before them, and appealed for the assistance and co-operation of all the representatives.

Letters of credentials from the various affiliated Associations were accepted. An affiliation from the Maritzburg County Indian Football Association was also accepted.

The minutes of a special general meeting held on October 12, 1933 was read and adopted.

A lengthy discussion took place as to the advisability of having the statement of accounts audited by Mr. P. B. Singh (Auditor). Eventually Mr. Christopher undertook to see that the accounts were duly audited and submitted at the next meeting.

A notice of motion by Mr. S. Muthray re-amnesty was read. A preliminary objection was taken that it was incompetent for the mover on the face of the motion to give notice independently, and not through the district. Rule 1 of the Council's standing order in regard to notice of motions was quoted. It was contended that if amnesty of all suspended players over 12 months were to be granted it should come from the South African Indian Football Association, and should be applicable to the whole of the Union, and not as was contemplated by the letters forming part of the subject. The objection was upheld and the chairman ruled the motion out of order.

All India Soccer Tour

In connection with the All-India Soccer tour correspondences and minutes from the South African Indian Football Association were read. Considerable discussion ensued regarding the financial side of the tour, and expenses of boarding and lodging of the tourists; and as no satisfactory agreement could be arrived at the subject was left to be dealt with later during the day. The chairman in the afternoon intimated to the meeting that during the lunch interval an agreement had been reached, as to the basis of the levy to be imposed upon each Association, and that any new association that may affiliate hereafter be taxed on the amount that may be decided by the Association. Amount of levy is as follows: D.D.I.F.A., inclusive with Sunday League, £85; S.O.D.I.F.A., £25; M.D.I.F.A., £20; Mayville D.I.F.A., £15; and M. Country I.F.A., £5; totalling in all £100. It was also agreed that the levies be paid by the 8th prox, and any such sum received shall be handed over to the Reception Committee. It was also agreed that in the event of there being a profit at the end of the tour, and provided a share of profits had accrued to the Association a sum of 25% of such profit shall be retained and the balance of 75% shall be divided amongst the contributory divisional Associations on the basis of such contribution. It was also recommended that the affiliated associations shall be precluded from opening or causing to open any subscription list, with a view of assisting in the payment of their levies.

Mr. S. L. Singh was appointed as a nominee on the Selection Committee of the South African Board.

Letters from the Durban District Liquor and Catering Trades Employee I. F. Association, and South Coast D. I.F.A. requesting a match with the All-India team to be allocated to them, it was decided to forward the letters to the South African Board, and in so far as the latter is concerned a recommendation be made from this Association to the parent body.

A letter from Mr. R. B. Lallie requesting for reinstatement who being placed under suspension for not having submitted a report in the match Overport Rangers vs. Swifts, it was resolved that in view of the mitigating circumstances his suspension be removed.

Other letters to and from the Association were read and noted. It was resolved that a trial match of two Natal elevens shall be held at Durban on May 24, 1934, with a view of selecting the Natal team, and also with a view of affording the South African Selection Committee an opportunity of seeing the Natal players in action; it was also decided that intimation be given to the South African Board of the trial, and a recommendation that the Transvaal trial shall be at a date earlier than May 24.

It was unanimously decided that the next meeting of the Association be held at Durban, on May 24, 1934, commencing at 10 a.m.

The meeting terminated with the customary vote of thanks to the chair.

Recreation Ground For South Coast Junction Area

The Durban Town Council has authorised the Borough Valuator to negotiate for the purchase of 8 1/2 acres from the Estate of B. H. Wood to make a full 10 acres block in conjunction with approximately 8 1/2 acres which has already been purchased from the Wood Estate by the Indian Football Association for recreation purpose in South Coast Junction Area.

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THE INDIAN REVIEW

Edited by the Hon. Mr. G. A. Natesan.

(A JOURNAL For INDIANS OVERSEAS)

The Indian Review is edited by one who, for over a third of a century, has evinced deep interest in the condition of Indians overseas. Mr. Natesan took a leading part in the great agitation in India in connection with the South African Indian struggle under the lead of Mahatma Gandhi. Mr. Gandhi was in constant communication with Mr. Natesan both in regard to keeping up the agitation in India as well as in safeguarding the interests of the South African deportees, whose cause he made his own. Mahatma Gandhi, writing in "Satyagraha in South Africa" says: "In those days, Mr. Natesan perhaps stood alone in India as a student of the grievances of Indians abroad, their valued helper, and a systematic and well-informed exponent of their case. I had regular correspondence with him. When the deportees reached Madras Mr. Natesan rendered them full assistance..." In this public work, his monthly magazine, *The Indian Review*, has played no inconsiderable part. For month after month, a special section in that journal devoted to the problem of Overseas Indians has kept up and stimulated Indian interests in the problem of Indians abroad. Such a magazine deserves to be widely read by South African Indians.

Mr. C. F. ANDREWS:—I came into closest contact with Mr. Natesan, owing to his devoted work on behalf of South African Indians, and I carried a message of affection from him to Mahatma Gandhi when I departed from him in Madras for South Africa at the end of November, 1913. The cause of Indians abroad has found in him, an indefatigable worker, and now, in the Council of State, I have named him "The Member for Indians Overseas."

Mr. H. S. L. POLAK:—I well remember the gallant support you gave and were instrumental in procuring in the critical days of the South African troubles before the War, and ever since the problem of the disabilities and state of Indians abroad has been ventilated in the *Review* with unflinching regularity.

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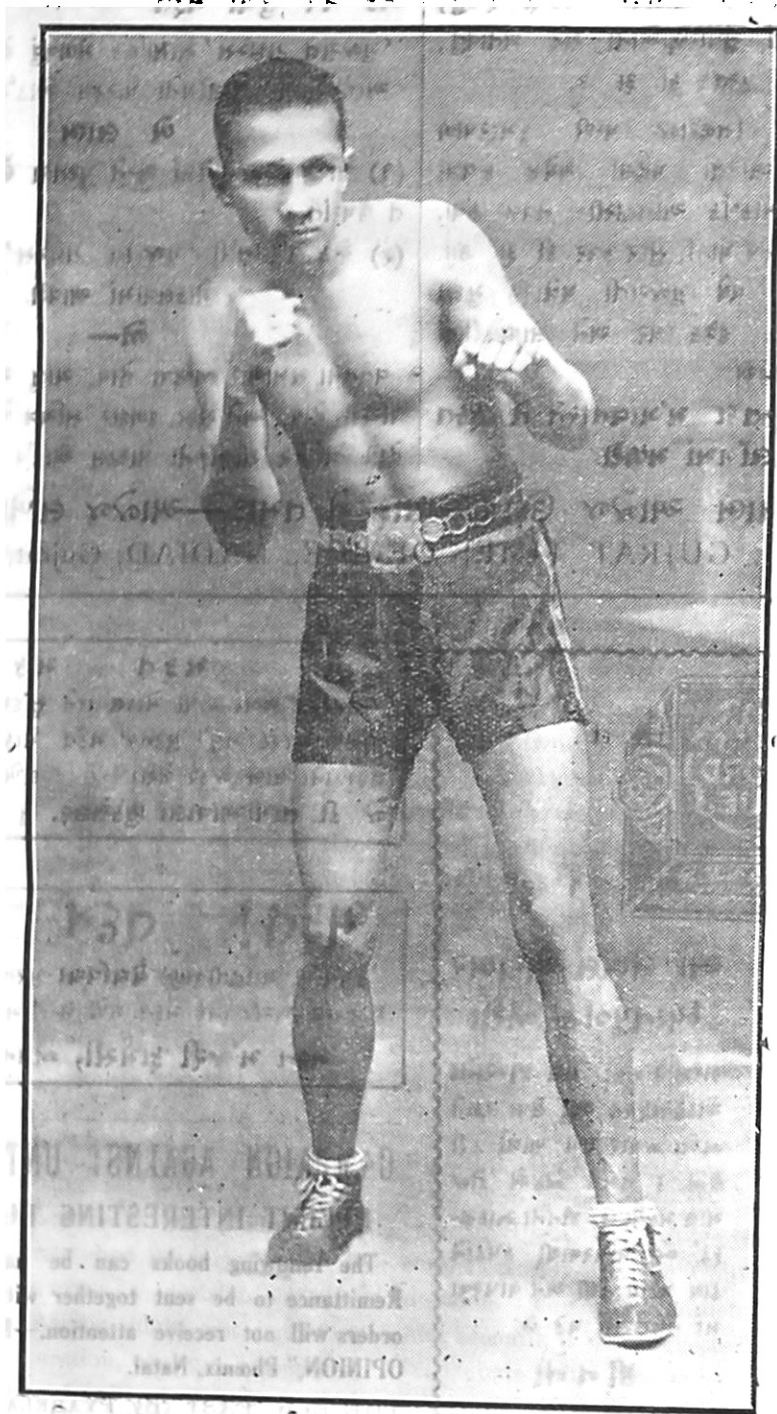
G. A. NATESAN & Co., Publishers, MADRAS, India.

To Correspondents

Correspondents are requested to kindly send their matter in for publication to reach here not later than Wednesday.

Manager 'Indian Opinion'

Kid Mottee Singh



Who has now completed his term of contract with the promoters Messrs. J. B. Panday and M. Mahomed. The latter desire, through the columns of this paper, to express their grateful thanks to the sporting public for their enthusiasm in following up the fights of Kid Singh as well as to the officials of the Naval Boxing Board of Control for their willingness in officiating at the various tournaments.

To the promoters, too, the sporting community is grateful for having made possible the visit of Kid Singh to this country.

આ અને આ


ફક્ત નવ શીર્ષાંગમાં
કુમકેતુ—વર્તમાન સમાજના સડાપર કટાક્ષ ફેંકવું, હિંદુ સમાજમાં સુધારણાઓની સહ બતાવવું, ૩૦૦ પાનાનું પુસ્તક કો. રૂ. ૩.

કુર્બંશપતિ—પાટણપતિ સિદ્ધરાજ પછી કુમારપાળ માદીએ આવતાં પહેલાં કયેલ કાવ્યનાં સંબંધી આકર્ષક ઐતિહાસીક નવલ કથા, સચિત્ર, ૩૨૫ પાનાં, સુંદર કવર કો. રૂ. ૩ા.

ઉપરનાં બંને પુસ્તકો વિષે ગુજરાતી પત્રોએ મુકત કંઠે વખાણ કર્યાં છે. ફરક ધર અને લાયબ્રેરીમાં આ પુસ્તકો હોવાં જોઈએ.

એકી સાથે બંને પુસ્તકો મંગાવનારને તે ફક્ત નવ શીર્ષાંગમાં મળશે.

આ લાભ આજે જ ઉઠાવો—સારું તે તમારું—આજે જ લખો,
 Manager (I), GUJRAT TIMES OFFICE, NADIAD, Gujrat, India.



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કારણ કે જ્યારે તમે કી-ઓનો ઓક્સફોર્ડ બ્લુ લેવા દમને બંધો જ્યારે તમે ખાતરી કરી લેશો કે તમને એક જ તેજ માલ મળ્યો છે. કીનો ઓક્સફોર્ડ બ્લુ વાપરવાથી કપડાંને કાલ પડતા નથી અને વાપરવા માં તે સસ્તો પડે છે.

કી ન ને!
ઓક્સફોર્ડ બ્લુ.
વેપારીઓને

કીનો ઓક્સફોર્ડ બ્લુ રંગમાં સાબુને અને તેજ બ્લુ વાપરવા બહામણ કરવી એ ફાયદાકારક છે એનું કારણ એ છે કે કીનો ઓક્સફોર્ડ બ્લુ તમે તમારા માલિકોને વેચશો તો તેમને કીને સંતોષ થશે અને ફરીથી પણ તેજ ખરીદવા આવશે.

મફત મફત

આ બહેર ખબર ક.પી મોહનનારને સુંદર રસ પડતી વાસ્તાનું વાંચવા લાયક નવું પુસ્તક મફત મોકલીશું. હમારી આ ઉદ્યોગને લાભ જરૂર લેશો. લખો:—
 જે. ડી. તાપીઆવાલા બુકસ્ટોર, મુ. ભરૂચ (ધન્ડીઆ).

મફત! તદ્દન મફત!!

કપયોગી માહિતીવાણું વેચવિધા પુસ્તક કંઈ પણ કિંમત કે રૂબાક અર્થ વગર મફત મળે છે મંગાવો
મફત મંગરૂરી ફાર્મસી, ભખનગર, કાઠીઆવાડ.

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