

ACTS of 1837.

1837—continued.

ACT.

CL.

Sudder Ameens. Appeals from the orders or decisions of a Principal Sudder Ameen to a Zillah or City Judge shall not be received unless preferred within the limit prescribed, except under the circumstance stated

XXV.

Sudder Ameens. Clause 2, section 25, Regulation V. 1831, extended to Ministerial Officers of the Moonsiff's Courts - Sudder Ameens. Those of the Courts of Moonsiffs, Sudder Ameens, and Principal Sudder Ameens, shall be nominated and appointed by those Courts, subject to the control of the Zillah and City Judges and Sudder Dewanny Adawlut

Sudder Ameens, Principal. See Perjury. Sudder Ameens. To try criminal cases in which any person may be concerned

XXXIV.

Sudder Ameens. Europeans and Americans not to be tried by them, but by Criminal Judges

Superintendent of Police at Madras. See Revenue.

Superintendent of Police. Authorizing the appointment of Superintendent of Police. When one is appointed, certain parts of section 7, Regulation I. 1829, shall cease to have effect within his jurisdiction. By what rules he is to be guided in the execution of his duties

XXIV.

Superintendent of Police. When one is appointed for any jurisdiction, section 3, Regulation I. 1831, Bengal Code, shall cease to have effect within it

Superintendent of Police. Powers of, in regard to the appointment, suspension, and removal of any Ministerial or Police Officer subordinate to any Magistrate or Joint Magistrate

Superintendent of Police. When a Session Judge shall receive and try any appeal from any order of a Magistrate or Joint Magistrate. Proviso

Superintendent of Police. The decision of a Session Judge, and the orders of the, alluded to, shall not be open to revision by the Nizamat Adawlut

Superintendent of Police. When a Session Judge shall possess any of the powers of a Session Judge over Gaols and the Officers of Gaols

Superintendent of Police. When shall be appointed and the powers of, in regard to imprisonment, operation

Salt. Levying rates and Joint Magistrates to approve of this Act. Factories. Levying rates within the cleansing and repairing of the Collector

XV.

Salt. No person shall be liable to be levied from any factory or place of business, or any shop or habitation, unless he has received notice in writing from the Collector, or occupier of any shop or habitation, of the amount of the assessment to be levied from him

Salt. Collector, or occupier of any shop or habitation, liable to be levied from any factory or place of business, or any shop or habitation, unless he has received notice in writing from the Collector, or occupier of any shop or habitation, of the amount of the assessment to be levied from him

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EAST INDIA.

COPY OF

INDEX TO THE ACTS

OF

THE SUPREME GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

FOR THE YEARS 1838 AND 1839.

(Pursuant to Act.)

East India House,
30 March 1841.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed, 10 June 1841.

YEAR 1838.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Act No. II. 1836, except so far as it repeals any regulation of the Bombay Code, repealed -	I.	II.	
No. XIX. 1836, Section III. of, repealed -	XXIV.	I.	
No. VIII. 1837, repealed -	III.	"	
No. XVII. 1837, Section VIII. of, repealed -	XX.	"	
No. XXXI. 1838, shall extend to persons or places over whom or which the criminal jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Courts of Justice in the territories of the East India Company extends -	XXXL	XX	
See Criminal Act.		XXII.	
portions of, passed in the 9th Geo. IV., for improving the administration of criminal justice in the East Indies, shall cease to have effect -		XXIII.	
Acts (Parliamentary) regarding wills, &c. shall cease to have effect in the territories of the East India Company, except as the same or any of them relative to any wills or estates <i>pur autre vie</i> , to which this Act does not extend -	"	XV.	
Ameens. See Sudder Boards.	XX.		
Anjengo and Changanerry, joint Criminal Judge having jurisdiction over the districts of, to exercise the powers of joint Magistrate defined in the Madras Regulations -	III.	X	
Appeals; when any Court in Bombay trying an appeal, finds that the action was decided in a Revenue Court, when it ought to have been decided in a Court of Adawlut, the Court shall annul only the decree, and refer the suit to be tried in the Court to which the jurisdiction properly belongs -	XVI.	V.	
original, relating to any of the subjects enumerated in Clause 1st, Section I. of this Act, which may be depending in the Revenue Courts, shall be transferred to the Courts of Adawlut -	"	VI.	
(summary) to be received by Zillah Judges, assistant Judges of auxiliary Courts and Principal Sudder Ameens of Madras, from the orders or decrees of district Moonsiffs, in cases in which such Moonsiffs may have refused to admit suits cognizable by them, &c. -	XVII.	I.	
the provisions of the 5th and 6th following Clauses of Section V., Regulation XV. 1816, Madras code, regarding, shall apply to the summary appeals preferred under this Act -	"	II.	
Zillah and City Judges within the Presidency of Fort William shall receive, from the decrees of the Moonsiffs subordinate to them in cases in which such Moonsiffs may have refused to admit suits cognizable by them, &c. -	XXII.	I.	
the provisions contained in the 5th and 6th following Clauses of Section III., Regulation XXVI. 1814, and Section II., Regulation XII. 1833, and Section VII., Regulation IX. 1831, Bengal Code, shall apply to, preferred under this Act -	"	III.	
		IX.	
		XV.	

COPY OF INDEX TO THE ACTS OF THE SUPREME

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Bank of Bengal, capital stock of, may be increased	XXIV.	II.	
whenever increase of capital stock of, shall be ordered, proprietors may subscribe for new stock	"	III.	
whenever increase of capital stock of, shall be made, the Governor General shall prescribe that the subscriptions be made on each share, in any given proportion to the amount of stock represented by such share	"	IV.	
the Governor General shall prescribe that the amount of new capital that may not be subscribed for by proprietors within the period of 18 months, shall be sold by public auction for the benefit of	"	"	
the Governor General at the time of ordering any increase of the capital stock, shall reserve the portion of such increase that may belong to Government by reason of its share of the capital of	"	V.	
on the refusal of Government to take its share of new stock, such stock shall not be sold on account of the proprietors at large as above provided for stock not subscribed for by other proprietors, &c.	"	"	
Boats, goods not to be conveyed to or from any vessel otherwise than in authorized	I.	XXXIII.	
Boat note, to accompany each boat load of goods for the purpose of being landed and passed for importation	"	XXXIX.	
Bombay. See Territory.			
Bonded Warehouse Association, shall sue and be sued by its corporate name, &c.	V.	II.	
balance sheet of funds and report of affairs of, to be presented at general meetings thereof	"	XIV.	
bye-laws of, to be framed for the regulation of its proceedings	"	XXXII.	
provisions of Act No. XXV. 1836, relating to private licensed warehouses shall be applicable to all warehouses wherein the, shall receive bonded goods	"	XXV.	
to be dissolved by order of the Governor General in council on 14th March 1860	"	XXXVII.	
to be dissolved at any time by a resolution of two-thirds of the proprietors and value of proprietors qualified to vote	"	XXXVIII.	
the directors of	"	VIII.	
to be removed or elected by general meeting	"	IX.	
to be elected by lot	"	X.	
to be removed from office	"	"	
to be elected	"	"	
should be proprietors in their own right	"	XII.	
of the capital stock of	"	XIII.	
should be resident within the Presidency	"	XXI.	
William	"	XXI.	
may spend the money of, for the purchasing warehouses, &c.	"	XXXIX.	
on its dissolution shall cause its property to be converted into money	"	XI.	
on any of the, going out of office, otherwise than by the rule of rotation, an extraordinary general meeting shall be convened to appoint a successor	"	XIV.	
dividend out of the profits of, shall be declared by a general meeting	"	XXXVI.	
East India Company to have the right of pre-emption in purchasing any premises disposed of by	"	XXII.	
instalments due by the proprietors of the, shall be paid by them	"	XXIII.	
if not paid by proprietors, they shall pay interest on the deficient sum at 10 per cent. per annum	"	XIV.	
meetings, ordinary general, of the proprietors of, shall be held twice a year	"	XV.	
may adjourn themselves to a future day	"	XVI.	
extraordinary general, of the proprietors shall be held as directed in the bye-laws of the Association	"	VII.	
proprietors of shares of the capital stock of, who to be proprietors of such stock, shall cease to be members of the corporation	"	"	
persons becoming proprietors of the capital stock of, shall be members of the corporation	"	"	
power in writing may be given by one proprietor to another to vote for him	"	XX.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Bonded Warehouse Association, proprietors of the, shall not be personally liable for any acts or liabilities of the Association	V.	XXXI.	
parties having any legal demand on, shall recover the amount of such demand from the capital stock of the Association	"	"	
price on premises belonging to, shall be fixed by two appraisers	"	XXXVI.	
register book to be kept by the directors of, for the registry of the names, additions and places of residence of the proprietors	"	IV.	
report in writing of the affairs of, shall be presented at ordinary general meetings	"	XIV.	
register of the transfer of share belonging to the proprietors of, who shall fail to pay instalment or interest, shall be refused	"	XXIV.	
table of rates of warehousing goods shall be placed at every warehouse and wharf of	"	XXVII.	
Rules regulating the original capital stock of, shall apply to additional stock	"	XXXV.	
stock, capital of, to be 10,00,000 rupees, and shall be divided into 2,000 shares of 500 rupees each	"	III.	
shares of the, may be transferred by indorsement made on the certificate for such shares by the proprietors of them, or their attorneys	"	VI.	
shares of proprietors of, to be sold by public auction, if the instalment or interest due shall not be paid	"	XXIV.	
security by bond for payment of duties of importation on goods lodged in any warehouse of, to be given by the Association	"	XXVI.	
suits against, to be brought in the Supreme Court at Calcutta	"	XXIX.	
stock (joint) of, shall be held and enjoyed by the proprietors as personal estate	"	XXX.	
stock (capital) of, may be increased by votes at two extraordinary general meetings of the proprietors	"	XXXIII.	
no proprietor bound to subscribe to the increased	"	XXII. V.	
increased, not subscribed for by proprietors of the original stock to be sold for the benefit of the Association	"	XXIII.	
by a majority of votes shall every election and question at general meetings of the proprietors of, be decided	"	XV.	
no proprietor of, shall be allowed to vote unless he be possessed of two or more shares of the capital stock	"	XV.	
votes of shareholders, how regulated	"	XV.	
joint votes of persons partners in trade shall be received as votes of single proprietors	"	X.	
warrant of goods lodged in any warehouse of, shall be given by its secretary	"	XXI.	
certificate signed by three Directors of, shall be delivered to every proprietor of the capital stock	"	II. V.	
Bottellos. See Craft.			
Bullocks, laden. See Toll.			
Cargo boats laden with goods shall not make fast to, or lie alongside of, any vessel, unless goods on such boats be covered with a Custom-house pass	I.	XXXVIII.	
Certificate to be produced showing that customs duty has been paid	"	IX.	
of the payment of customs duties to be delivered to Chokey officer in charge, to entitle goods to pass	"	X.	
of payment to be given to any merchant or other person on receipt of money as customs duty	"	XI.	
not to be received at any Chokey that shall bear date more than 30 days before the date when the goods arrive at the Chokey	"	XII.	
goods provided with a, shall be sent back; if not so provided, shall be detained and be liable to confiscation	"	XIII.	
of the registry of vessels at Bombay, how sealed and signed	XX.	VIII.	
of ditto ditto, when to be issued	XIX.	IX.	
from the Marine Paymaster or Boat-master at Bombay shall not be required to enable any person to obtain a port clearance for vessels at the Custom-house of Bombay	"	XV.	
See Vessels.			

4
COPY OF INDEX TO THE ACTS OF THE SUPREME

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Changancherry. <i>See</i> Anjengo.			
Chapters I., II., IV., VI., VIII. and IX. of Regulation XX. of 1827, Bombay Code, with Appendices A. B. C. E. H. I. J. K. of that Regulation, repealed	I.	II.	
<i>See</i> Regulation.			
Charges on account of things done in contravention of this Act to be determined by the Magistrate or joint Magistrate of any city or district	II.	VI.	
Chokee. <i>See</i> Customs Chokees.			
Coins to be issued by authority of the Governor General in his executive capacity	XXI.	I.	
provisions of Act No. XVII. 1835, and No. XXXI. 1837, applicable to devices, &c. of, issued by virtue of Act No. XVII. 1835, shall apply to the coins which may be issued by virtue of this Act	"	II.	
Collector of Customs to fix a period, not being less than 20 days, when there shall be no Customs officer aboard of vessels discharging cargo for the discharge thereof and clearance of the vessel inwards	I.	XLV.	
or other principal officer entrusted with the collection or management of the revenues of Government of Bombay, is authorized to require security of one or more individuals in the form of Schedule A. of this Act	XVIII.	I.	
or other officer may, after security has been given, demand fresh or additional security	"	III.	
Commission shall be appointed at Bombay to inquire into any charge of malversation against any public servant	VI.		
Confiscation of goods landed, or put on board without due entry of vessel	I.	XXX.	
of ditto ditto at unauthorized places	"	XXXII.	
of ditto found on unauthorized boats	"	XXXIII.	
of ditto concealed on vessels, and not duly accounted for	"	XXXVI.	
of ditto on cargo boats alongside of a vessel not having a Customs pass	"	XXXVIII.	
of ditto ditto not having a boat note	"	XXXIX.	
of ditto transportation or exportation by sea, if the packages which they may be contained shall found not correspond with the description of them given in the Bill of Lading	"	XL.	
of goods seized after being landed, or before they have passed through the Custom House, with a view of defrauding the revenue	"	XLI.	
goods under this Act; the Collector of Customs is authorized to adjudge	"	LVII.	
penalties unduly severe, may be mitigated by the Collector of Customs to the extent of the levy of double	"	LIX.	
penalties			
goods produced at salt works in the North-west of Bombay, which notice has not been given as prescribed in the first section of this Act	II.	IV.	
goods landed in any other than authorized ports of Bombay	I.	XXV.	
Courts, revenue, to give immediate possession of all lands, premises, trees, &c. and of all profits arising from the same to parties dispossessed of them	XVI.	I.	II.
parties to whom possession is given by the Court shall continue in possession until ejected by a decree of a Court of Sudder Adawlut	"	"	"
parties shall continue to exercise the jurisdiction defined in Clauses 3, 4 and 5 of Section XXXI. Regulation XVII. of 1827 in the Bombay Code	"	"	III.
<i>See</i> Appeals.			
Craft (Pattamars, Dhonies, Bottellas, &c.) from the Maldiva and Laccadive Islands, or from the native ports of Kattywar, &c. shall be treated as coasting craft of the British territory	I.	LII.	
Credit to be given at Bombay for the sum that may be paid as duties on goods at any port not subject to the Presidency of Bombay, or such goods being subsequently imported to Bombay	"	XX.	
Criminal Act; administering poison, stabbing, cutting, wounding and doing bodily injury dangerous to life, how punished	XXXI.	III.	
poisoning by shooting at any person, drawing a trigger, or by loaded arms, attempting to drown, or suffocation, with intent to murder	"	IV.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Criminal Act; maiming, disfiguring, or disabling any person resisting or preventing the lawful apprehension or detainer of any person	XXXI.	V.	
causing to be received or taken any explosive substance, casting upon any person any corrosive fluid	"	VI.	
causing the miscarriage of any woman	"	VII.	
when any felonious crime shall include an assault against any person, the jury shall find a verdict of guilty of assault against the person indicted	"	VIII.	
burglary or breaking into any house attended with murder	"	IX.	
ditto, how punished	"	X.	
burglary to commence at 9 o'clock in the evening, and to conclude at 6 o'clock in the morning	"	XI.	
stealing property from a dwelling-house equal to or above the value of 50 Co.'s Rs. and putting people in bodily fear by menace or threat	"	XII.	
robbing, cutting and wounding	"	XIII.	
robbing, assaulting, being armed with intent to rob, and beating, striking or using personal violence	"	XIV.	
the crime of buggary	"	XV.	
plundering or stealing any part of any ship or vessel in distress, or wrecked, stranded or cast on shore, or any goods, merchandize or articles belonging to such ship or vessel	"	XVI.	
robbing any person, or stealing any property from the person of another	"	XVII.	
assaulting any person with intent to rob	"	XVIII.	
demanding any property of any person with menaces or by force, with intent to steal the same	"	XIX.	
setting fire to any dwelling-house, any person being therein	"	XX.	
setting fire to church, chapel, house, stable, coach-house, out-house, warehouse, office, shop, mill, barn, &c. with intent to injure or defraud any person	"	XXI.	
setting fire to, casting away, or in anywise destroying any ship or vessel, with intent to murder any person	"	XXII.	
exhibiting any false light or signal with intent to bring any ship or vessel into danger	"	XXIII.	
setting fire to or destroying any ship or vessel, or any goods on board the same, or any person who hath underwritten any policy of insurance upon such ship or vessel, or upon the freight thereof	"	XXIV.	
preventing any person endeavouring to save his life from any ship or vessel in distress, wrecked, stranded or cast on shore	"	XXV.	
destroying any part of any ship or vessel in distress, wrecked, stranded or cast on shore, or any goods or merchandize belonging to such ship or vessel	"	XXVI.	
setting fire to any mine of coal	"	XXVII.	
ditto, to any stack of rice, corn or other grain, pulse, sugar cane, straw, hay or wood, or to any crop of rice, or to any part of a wood, coppice or plantation of trees or valuable plants, or to any grass or fern	"	XXVIII.	
stealing any growing tree, sapling or shrub, or any underwood, or any pole, post or stile, or any growing cultivated plant, root, fruit or vegetable production, or injuring any real or personal property	"	XXIX.	
money which shall be forfeited for the amount of any injury done, shall be paid to the party aggrieved; imprisonment for non-payment of forfeit money	"	XXX.	
where several persons guilty of the commission of the same offence shall be adjudged to forfeit a sum equivalent to the amount of the injury done, no further sum shall be paid to the party aggrieved than that which shall be forfeited by one of such offenders only	"	XXXI.	
offenders who shall have paid the sum adjudged with costs, or who shall have suffered imprisonment for non-payment thereof, shall be released from all further proceedings	"	XXXII.	
every punishment and forfeiture imposed on any person maliciously committing any offence shall equally apply, whether the offence be committed for malice or otherwise	"	XXXIII.	
it shall be necessary in any proceeding either for theft or for malicious injury, spoil or damage to or upon any property dedicated to public use, to allege the same to be the property of any person	"	XXXIV.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Criminal Act; the word "property" shall include every thing included under the words "chattel, money or valuable security"	XXXI.	XXXV.	
every principal in the second degree and every accessory before the fact in every case of felony	"	XXXVI.	
persons convicted of offences for which imprisonment shall be awarded, may be imprisoned and kept to hard labour, and in solitary confinement	"	XXXVII.	
natives of the East Indies not born of European parents, not to be transported to the East Coast of New South Wales, &c.	"	XXXVIII.	
Customs Chokies established for the levy of duties of Customs on goods exported by land to, or imported by land from, foreign territories	I.	IX.	
Customs Officer, declaration of value of goods shall be submitted to	"	XXIV.	
shall be allowed 20 days, exclusive of Sundays and holidays, for the discharge of the import cargo of vessels not exceeding 600 tons, and 30 days exclusive of Sundays and holidays, for the discharge of import cargo of vessels exceeding that burthen	"	XLIV.	
sent on board of any vessel discharging cargo shall be allowed a further period of 15 days for putting on board export cargo, if the vessel shall not exceed 600 tons burthen, and 20 days if it exceed that burthen	"	XLVI.	
shall be sent to watch the cargo of vessels put back for stress of weather during the re-landing or removal of such cargo	"	XLIX.	
amenable to the Civil Courts at Bombay by action for damages on account of any executive acts done in their official capacity at the suit of the parties injured by such acts	"	LX.	
Dhories. <i>See</i> Craft.			
Drawback, shall not be allowed on goods shipped on native craft, such as pamtams, dhonies, &c.	"	LIII.	
Duties (Customs); certain regulations of the Bombay Code, prescribing the levy of, repealed	"	II.	
levied on goods imported by sea into the territories subject to the government of Bombay	"	IV.	
levied on country goods exported by sea from any ports of Bombay	"	V.	
levied on goods passing by land into or out of foreign European settlements within the limits of Bombay	"	VII.	
officers to receive money on account of	"	X.	
appointment of officers receiving, to be notified in the official Gazette	"	XI.	
of export or import; ships of any European nation having firman privilegés in the port of Surat, not subject to	"	VI.	
<i>See</i> Ships.			
levied on goods for which a value has not been fixed, shall be levied <i>ad valorem</i>	"	XXII.	
Estates, remuneration of Ameens, or other persons effecting partition of	XI.	II.	
Excise Duty. <i>See</i> Salt.			
Fee (anchorage) shall be levied at every port subordinate to the Bombay Presidency, according to the burthen on all country craft above the burthen of 100 maunds	I.	LVI.	
Felony. <i>See</i> Criminal Act.			
Fine, the master of a vessel shall be liable to, whose manifest of cargo shall not be found to contain a true specification of goods imported in the vessel	"	XXVII.	
to be levied on masters of vessels refusing to deliver manifests of cargo	"	XXVIII.	
<i>See</i> Masters.			
ditto ditto who shall refuse to allow an officer to search their vessels	"	XXXVI.	
ditto ditto who shall remove from or put on board of vessels any goods on any day when the Custom House is closed without leave of the collector of Customs	"	XXXVII.	
ditto ditto who shall put on board of vessels any goods after the removal from them of the Custom House Officer	"	XLVII.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Fine, to be levied on masters of vessels if goods on account of which drawback has been paid be not found on board their vessels -	I.	XLIX.	
ditto on persons for knowingly contravening the anchorage rules regarding coasting and country craft -	"	LI.	
if any person in charge of a vessel shall become liable to, for any act or omission relating to Customs, the collector of Customs shall be competent to refuse port clearance to such vessel until the fine be paid -	"	LVIII.	
to be imposed on persons who shall obstruct any Customs Officer in the exercise of any powers given him by this Act -	"	LXI.	
ditto on officers appointed under this Act, who shall accept or obtain from any person any property as a consideration for doing or forbearing to do any official act -	"	LXII.	
ditto on officers appointed under this Act for practising any fraud on the Customs Revenue -	"	LXIII.	
to be awarded by Session Judges of Bombay in adjudging a sentence of fine, in like manner as is competent to Magistrates to award fines under Clause First, Section XIII., Regulation XII. 1827, of the Bombay Code	IX.		
Fines shall be paid by owners of vessels for not marking, painting or numbering them, and for not producing certificates of registration, &c. -	XIX.	XIII.	
Functionaries appointed in the province of Kumaon to be placed under the control in civil and criminal cases of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut at Allahabad, and in revenue cases under the Sudder Board of Revenue at Allahabad -	X.	II.	
<i>Ganja and Bhang. See Regulations.</i>			
Goods passing in and out of the territory of any native chief not subject to the Presidency of Bombay, declared liable to the duty fixed for British or Foreign bottoms -	I.	VIII.	
<i>See Certificate.</i>			
which may be passed across any frontier guarded by Chokies between sunset and sunrise shall be seized and confiscated -	"	XIV.	
any Chokie officer needlessly injuring under pretence of examination, or who shall wrongfully detain goods for which there shall be produced a sufficient certificate, shall be liable to fine and imprisonment -	"	XVI.	
imported by sea into any port of Bombay liable to same duties as are imposed by Schedule A. of this Act on imports in foreign bottoms -	"	XVII.	
entered into the Schedules of this Act as liable to duty shall be exempted from payment of it under special order from the Governor in Council of Bombay -	"	XVIII.	
admitted to free entry on export and import duty being paid -	"	XIX.	
not allowed to leave any vessel or to be put on board thereof, until entry of the vessel shall have been made at the Custom House -	"	X	
<i>See Confiscation; Boats.</i>			
brought by sea and stowed in bulk shall be weighed or measured on board ship before being sent to land -	"	XLII.	
remaining on board after 20 days, or after the time allowed in Section XLIV. of this Act, shall be landed and warehoused for the security of the duties chargeable thereon -	"	XLV.	
double duties shall be levied on, liable to duty that may be passed through the Custom House for shipment -	"	XLVIII.	
which are free or have paid import duty, 5 per cent. on the market value shall be levied thereon -	"	"	
on board vessels put back from stress of weather, shall not be allowed to be transhipped or re-exported free of duty -	"	XLIX.	
re-landed before the lading of any vessel is complete the duty upon, shall be returned to the exporter -	"	L.	
<i>See Drawback.</i>			
exported in the same vessels, if manifested for re-export, shall not be subject to import or export duty -	"	LIV.	
brought to any port in any vessel, if transhipped in such port, shall be subject to the same duty as if they had been landed and passed through the Custom House for re-exportation -	"	"	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Goods, transshipment of, shall not be made except under special order in writing from the collector of Customs of the port	I.	LV.	
_____ seized vexatiously and unnecessarily, damages shall be adjudged for, with the immediate release of the same	"	LIX.	
Harbour Craft. <i>See</i> Vessels.			
Imprisonment, Chokie officer to be liable to, who shall permit goods to pass across the frontier line, when not covered by a sufficient certificate	"	XV.	
<i>See</i> Fine.			
Judge of Zillah or City Court shall exercise the powers vested in a single Judge of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, by Clause 2, Section II., Regulation IX. 1831, of the Bengal Code	VII.		
<i>See</i> Appeal.			
Justice (one) shall exercise all powers in criminal cases	XXXII.	I.	
_____ to issue warrants of distress for the recovery of arrears of assessment	"	II.	
Lieutenant Governor of the North West Provinces. <i>See</i> Power.			
Manifest of cargo to be delivered by master of vessel arriving at any port of Bombay	I.	XXVI.	
Masters refusing to receive on board their vessels officers and their servants appointed to watch the lading and unlading of the cargo shall be liable to fine	"	XXXV.	
_____ shall be charged with the wages of Customs officers if the whole cargo of their vessels be not discharged within the period specified in this Act	"	XLIV. and XLVI.	
Moonsiffs. <i>See</i> Regulation.			
Murder. <i>See</i> Criminal Act.			
Oath to be administered by a commission appointed to inquire into any charge of malversation against any public servant	VI.		
Officer in charge of a Custom House at Bombay to pass free of duty any baggage in actual use	I.	XVIII.	
Officers. <i>See</i> Duties.			
_____ establishment of, maintained at any port, to be sent on board of vessels to watch their lading and unlading	"	XXXIV.	
_____ competent to require any cabins, lockers or bulkheads of vessels to be opened in their presence	"	XXXVI.	
Palanquin for <i>See</i> Toll.			
Pattamar. <i>See</i> Craft.			
Penalty of 0 rupees, master of vessel liable to, for every missing or deficient package of unknown value of goods entered in manifest	"	XXXI.	
Perjury, any person guilty of, in the Court of Sudder Adawlut at Bombay, shall be committed to custody by that Court, and transmitted to the Zillah Court nearest to the Presidency	IV.	I.	
_____ shall be guilty of, who shall give such fixed, shall be le a commission appointed to inquire into malversation against any public servant, as, _____ a Court of Justice, would render such witness guilty of perjury	XXVII.		
Personal Estate, shall extend to leasehold estates and other chattels real, &c.	VI.		
Places, what, within the Presidency of Bombay, shall be ports for landing and shipment of merchandize	XXV.	I.	
Poisoning. <i>See</i> Criminal Act.	I.	XXV.	
Postage Act. <i>See</i> VIII. Act No. XVII. 1837, repealed	XX.	I.	
_____ letters exceeding in weight 12 tolas, and not exceeding 40 tolas, shall be received by Postmasters for transmission by the letter post	"	II.	
_____ letters for despatch being of the description specified in heads, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the Schedule A. annexed to Act XVII. 1837, the postage duty thereon shall be levied by rateable increase	"	"	I.
_____ ditto exceeding 12 and not exceeding 40 tolas brought for despatch along a road where there is no regular Bhanjee post established, being certified to contain any of the things specified as subject to rateable postage duty under heads Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the Schedule A. annexed to Act XVII. 1837, shall be forwarded by the letter post	"	"	II.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Postage Act; letters exceeding 40 tolas being brought for despatch by the letter post at Bhangee rates, may be forwarded under the rules prescribed in the preceding section of this Act	XX.	III.	
letters brought for despatch by Bhangee post shall not be returned on the ground that the post has not been laid for the whole distance to the place of delivery -	"	IV.	
fine shall be levied on every person wilfully certifying by writing on any letter, cover or packet delivered at any post-office what is not true in respect to such letter, &c.	"	{ V. VI. and VII.	
incurred on account of letters or packets, shall be demanded by the Postmaster-General	"	VIII.	
goods and chattels of parties not paying, shall be sold by warrant under the hand of magistrates -	"	"	
fine, parties, the proceeds of the sale of whose effects shall not equal the amount of, shall be put in prison -	"	"	
Postmaster shall detain any letter or packet in respect of which any party shall become liable to a, until it shall be paid	"	IX.	
Powers given to the Governor-General of India in Council by Section I. of this Act may be delegated to the Governor of Bengal, and to the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces	XIII.	II.	
given to the collector of Customs by the Governor in Council of Bombay, can be transferred to any other functionary	I.	LXIV.	
Powers. See Judge.			
Principal Sudder Ameen, all persons committed by the, of Sirsee, for the trial before the Court of Circuit for the Western Division of the Madras territories, shall be tried at the sessions of gaol delivery to be held at Honore	XXVI.	I.	
all persons committed by, at Madras, for trial before the Court of Circuit, shall be tried at any sessions of gaol delivery to be held at any station within the Zillah Court of such Principal Sudder Ameen	"	II.	
See Treasure (hidden); Regulation Appeals.			
Real Estate, shall extend to messuages, lands, rents and hereditaments, whether corporeal, incorporeal or personal	XXV.	I.	
Registration of Deeds shall be subject to the payment of the same fees as are prescribed in Section XIV., Regulation XXXVI. 1793	XXX.	III.	
Registry of Deeds, Offices for, may be established at any civil stations	"	II.	
what Regulation and Sections shall not [be held applicable to offices and persons established and appointed for	"	IV.	
copying of, shall be paid for according to the established rates of section writing, &c.	"	V.	
on account of the death or absence of any person appointed to register deeds, the Zillah Judge shall appoint any person to take charge of the office of Registerer of Deeds	"		
of vessels at Bombay of every description, their burthen, and the names of their owners shall be made by the master attendant	XIX.	IV.	XXX.
Regulation I. 1832, of the Bombay Code, repealed	I.	II.	
IV. 1833, of ditto - ditto	"	"	
IV. 1834, of ditto - ditto	"	"	
See Transit or Inland Customs Duties.			
X. 1817, of the Bengal Code, repealed	X.	I.	
XII. 1833, provisions of, to extend to the Court of Principal Sudder Ameen, Sudder Ameen, or Moonsiff	XIII.		
XII. 1827, of Bombay Code, Clause I. Section XXXV. of, repealed	XV.		
XIX. 1814, Bengal Code, Section XV., of, repealed	XI.	"	
V., 1831, Bengal Code, so much of Clause 1, Section XVIII. of, which provides that no suit be referred to a Principal Sudder Ameen, in which the vakeels or officers of his court shall be a party repealed	XXVII.	"	
X. 1819, Bengal Code, Sections LIX., LX. and LXI. of, repealed	XXIX.	"	
XXXVI. 1793, Sections II. and XIV. of, modified	XXX.	"	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Regulation IV. 1831, Madras Code, so much of Section III. of, as excepts the liability to attachment or sequestration in certain cases of the grants mentioned in Section II. of the said Regulation, repealed	XXIII.		
XX. 1827, Bombay Code, Sections XX. and XXI. of, repealed	XIX.	I.	
Regulations, all the, of the Bombay Code, passed before the year 1827, with certain exceptions, repealed	I.	II.	
II. and XIII. 1831, of ditto, repealed	"		
III. 1820, and IX. 1831, provisions of, extended to Ganja and Bang	XIV.		
Resistance to salt officer shall be punished in like manner as if it had been offered to the ordinary process of the collector Revenues. See Collector.	II.	VII.	
Rewards to be distributed amongst Customs officers from the proceeds of the sale of goods liable to confiscation	I.	LIX.	
Routes by which goods shall be allowed to pass into or out of any foreign territory, public notice shall be given of	"	XIII.	
Rules to be established for the anchorage of the country, and coasting craft for the delivery of manifests of the cargo of vessels, and for the landing of goods therefrom, and shipping of goods therein	"	LI.	
Salt that has paid the Excise duty fixed by Act No. XXVII. 1837, a certificate shall be granted for, and shall be passed into the interior without the levy of any further duty, either of Excise or of Customs	"	XLIII.	
shall not be manufactured at any place within the territories of the Lieutenant-Governor North-Western Provinces, unless notice be given to the Collector of the district in which the places of manufacture may be situated	II.	I.	
manufactured and stored. The Collector shall, by an order under his seal and signature, depute one or more officers who shall have power to take account of	"	II.	
works, proprietors of, within the North-West Provinces, shall pay to the collector the wages of one officer retained for the supervision of the works at the rate of 10 rupees per mensem	"	III.	
See Wages.			
works producing, of which notice has not been given in the manner prescribed, shall be destroyed	"	IV.	
agent or superintendent of salt chokies, how to act upon information received			
contraband salt is stored in any warehouse, &c.	XXIX.	II. V.	
what quantity of contraband, stated to be clandestinely warehoused, to	"	III.	
the door of the house where contraband is stored, to be broken open	"	IV.	
it is competent for the head officer of any salt chokie or Aurrung to	"		
information of, being in store in a house as prescribed in Section II., and to act thereupon, in accordance with Sections III. and IV. of this Act	"	VI.	
fixed, shall be liable to be punished or dismissed from office	"	VII.	
Estates, remission of, is to be broken open to effect a seizure of, as prescribed in Regulation XX. 1817, and Regulation X., Regulation VII. 1799, of the Bengal Code, shall be observed by the police officers in attendance	"	VIII.	
circumstances under which seizure of, is made, shall be recorded in the office	"	IX.	
when seizure of, is made by an officer of salt department other than an agent or superintendent of chokies, such officer shall report the circumstances of the seizure to his official superior	"	X.	
no, found in store shall be liable to be contraband, unless there shall be more there than one maund or Indian mun	"	XI.	
persons carrying, unaccompanied by a rowanna, shall be apprehended	"	XII.	
officers to stop and search any vessels adapted for sea, that may be found within the limits described in Section XXXIII. of this Act, and to detain them if salt be found thereon unaccompanied by any rowanna, and to take them up for adjudication of the case	"	XIII.	
any person found conveying, without rowanna, in Bengal or Orissa, shall be punished	"	XIV.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Salt, persons failing to pay fine imposed on them for smuggling, liable to imprisonment	XXIX.	XV.	
persons sentenced to imprisonment under Sections XXXI., LXVIII. and LXX. of Regulation X. 1819, Bengal Code, may suffer such punishment in the Foujdarry gaol	"	XVI.	
persons convicted for a second time of gang smuggling to be imprisoned for six months in the Foujdarry gaol	"	XVII.	
agent shall proceed for the recovery of any balance due to Government by the process of distraint	"	XVIII.	
parties preventing the arrest of persons by salt officers, liable to the punishment prescribed in Section LVI., Regulation X. 1819, Bengal Code	"	XIX.	
officer neglecting to convey salt smugglers to the proper salt officer, to be dismissed from office, and to suffer fine and imprisonment	"	XX.	
the party arresting any salt smuggler shall be bound to take the person to the proper officer of the salt department	"	XXI.	
any salt officer vexatiously and unnecessarily seizing any goods on the pretence of searching for salt, to be punished with dismissal from office, with fine and imprisonment	"	XXII.	
any person giving false information in respect of there being illicit, in any house whereby such house shall be searched to the injury of its owners, shall be liable to imprisonment, &c.	"	XXIII.	
parties convicted of the illegal possession of, and liable to the penalty of five rupees per maund, shall one and all be liable to the whole fine	"	XXIV.	
any assistant to a salt agent or uncovenanted superintendent of salt chokies, shall be vested with power of adjudicating cases of contravention of the salt revenue laws	"	XXV.	
cases arising out of this Act shall be tried in the same manner as is prescribed in Regulation X. 1819, Bengal Code, for other cases of contravention of the salt revenue laws	"	XXVI.	
persons under engagement with Government for the land revenue, on whose land there shall be any salt works, shall give notice of the same to the nearest public officer of police or land revenue	"	XXVII.	
proprietors or land farmers, &c. who shall knowingly fail to give notice of, manufactured in the lands under their management, shall be liable to fine	"	"	
when there shall be no direct proof of the unauthorized removal of, from any golah, the officer in charge of such golah shall be liable for the offence, and suffer fine, &c.	"	XXVIII.	
how the cases of persons charged with the contravention of the salt revenue laws, are to be adjudicated	"	XXIX.	
in an ex-parte case, the City or Zillah Judge shall issue orders and institute proceedings authorized by Sections CXI. to CXIII. of Regulation X. 1819, Bengal Code; fines to be levied on the application of the salt agent, &c. under the rules in force for the execution of the decrees of Civil Courts	"		
judgment of any salt agent, &c. shall be final in all cases wherein the salt adjudged to be confiscated shall not exceed 80 maunds, and the fine imposed on the defendant shall not exceed 400 rupees	"		
Zillah and City Judges shall pass final judgment in all cases when the quantity of salt to be confiscated shall exceed 80 maunds, or the fine imposed shall exceed 400 rupees; in all such cases there shall be an appeal open to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut	"	XXXII.	
within what tract of country the penalties of this Act are to take effect	"	XXXIII.	
Section XV., Regulation XIX. 1814, Bengal Code, repealed	XI.	I.	
Ships of any European nation, having firman privileges in the port of Surat, not subject to duties of import or export	I.	VI.	
Stabbing; See Criminal Act.			
Sudder Boards of Revenue of Calcutta and Allahabad to fix the remuneration of an ameen or other person employed to effect a partition of an estate under regulations enacted for that purpose	XI.	II.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Suit, where a, cannot be referred to a Sudder Ameen, and where the Zillah and City Judges cannot refer such suit to be tried by any other authority, each of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut within the Presidency of Fort William shall direct that the cognizance of such suit shall be transferred to any other Zillah or City Court - - -	XXVII.	II.	
Suits presented in the Courts of Judges or collectors at Bombay, which they shall not deem within their jurisdiction, shall be referred by them to those Courts in which the jurisdiction lies - - -	XVI.	"	
the jurisdiction of disputed, at Bombay, shall be decided at the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut - - -	"	II. & III.	
a Court of Adawlut or a Revenue Court at Bombay entering on its file a suit in which it has no jurisdiction, the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut shall direct that the suit be transferred to the Court possessing jurisdiction - -	"	IV.	
in Bombay, regarding tenures, and the nature and extent of the interest which should be enjoyed by the parties concerned, shall be brought in the Courts of Adawlut, and not in the Revenue Courts - - -	"	I.	I.
Sureties of, collectors entrusted with the collection of Revenues of the Bombay Government shall be liable to be proceeded against, in case of default, jointly and severally, in the same manner as their principal is liable to be proceeded against - - -	XVIII.	II.	"
shall pay a sum sufficient to cover any loss which the Government may sustain by the default of the principal -	"	"	II.
shall not be liable to summary imprisonment, provided they pay into the collector's treasury the penalty named in the bond - - -	"	"	III.
may withdraw from their suretyship on their stating to the officer to whom bond has been given their desire to withdraw - - -	"	IV.	
liability of, shall not be affected by the death of principal or by his appointment to a situation different from that which he held when the bond was executed - -	"	V.	
the date from which the liability of, is to commence, shall be stated in the bond - - -	"	VI.	
Treasure, hidden, all powers vested in Zillah or Assistant Judges by Regulation XI. 1832, of the Madras Code, in respect of, shall be vested in principal Sudder Ameen in the Madras Presidency - - -	XII.		
Territory of any native Chief, not subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts and civil authorities of Bombay, may be deemed to be Foreign Territory - - -	I.	VIII.	
Toll, rates of, shall be levied at the Dhore Ghaut, on palanquins, &c. - - -	VIII.	I.	
leviable on palanquins, laden bullocks, &c., the provisions of Act No. II. 1837, shall be applicable to - -	"	II.	
fixed, shall be any article liable to <i>ad valorem</i> duty, and shall be taken to be the value of the articles - - -	I.	XXI.	
particulars prescribed by the owner, &c. upon the face of Regulation X., Regulation of the passing of goods through the Custom House - - -	"	XXIII.	
Vessels, not allowed to break bulk until a manifest shall have been delivered to the collector of Customs: port clearances, cocketts, &c. shall likewise be delivered to him -	"	XXIX.	
employed in the coasts of Bombay, shall be marked or branded with the name of the place to which they belong -	XIX.	III.	
employed in the coasts of Bombay, shall have their names, number, burthens, and names of owners, registered in a book - - -	"	IV.	
registered at a subordinate port at Bombay, information thereof shall be given by the registering officer to the master attendant - - -	"	V.	
how and by whom to be marked and branded - -	"	VI.	
owners of, shall apply for certificates of registry from the person authorized to make such registry - - - See Certificate.	"	VII.	
what fees shall be paid by owners of, for certificates of registry - - -	"	X.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Vessels, fees for the registry of, at Bombay, shall be paid to officers appointed by the Governor of Bombay, and to be carried to the credit of Government - - - -	XIX.	XI.	
owners of, shall produce certificates - - - -	"	XII.	
persons seizing, for not being marked and numbered, and for not producing certificates of registration, &c. shall be compensated out of the proceeds of the sale of such vessels - - - -	"	XIV.	
Wages of extra officers employed by the collector to supervise salt works in the North-West Provinces, shall be defrayed by Government - - - -	II.	III.	
Warrants issued by (one) Justice of the Peace shall be deemed legal - - - - <i>See Justice (one.)</i>	XXXII.	"	
Will, shall extend to a testament, codicil, &c. - - - -	XXV.	I.	
this Act shall extend to wills of persons whose personal property cannot by the law of England pass to their representatives, without probate or letters of administration obtained in one of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature - - - -	"	III.	
it will be lawful for persons to bequeath by, all real and personal estate in law or in equity, and which, if not so bequeathed, will devolve upon the heirs-at-law of them - - - -	"	IV.	
not to be made by any person under the age of 21 years - - - -	"	V.	
made by a married woman not to be valid, except such as might have been made before the passing of this Act - - - -	"	VI.	
to be signed at the foot or end thereof by the testator, or some other person in his presence, and by his direction - - - -	"	VII.	
must be signed in the presence of two or more witnesses - - - -	"	"	
must be subscribed to by witnesses in the presence of the testator - - - -	"	"	
no appointment made by will shall be valid, unless it be executed in the manner required in Section VII. - - - -	"	VIII. & IX.	
if any person who shall attest the execution of a will, be incompetent to be admitted a witness to prove the execution thereof, the will on that account shall not be invalid - - - -	"	X.	
any gift or bequest made to the attestor of the execution of a will shall be null and void - - - -	"	XI.	
any person to whom a legacy may be bequeathed in a will, competent to attest the execution thereof - - - -	"	"	
in case, by any will, any estate shall be charged with debts, the creditor shall be competent to attest the execution thereof - - - -	"	XII.	
an executor to a will not incompetent to be admitted a witness to prove the execution thereof - - - -	"	XIII.	
made by a man or woman, shall be revoked by his or her marriage - - - -	"	XIV.	
shall not be revoked by any presumption of an intention on the ground of an alteration in circumstances - - - -	"	XV.	
no will or codicil shall be revoked, but by another will or codicil - - - -	"	XVI.	
no obliteration, interlineation or other alteration made in any will after its execution shall be valid - - - -	"	XVII.	
no will or codicil revoked, shall be revived, otherwise than by the re-execution thereof - - - -	"	XVIII.	
no conveyance or other act made subsequently to the execution of a will, shall prevent its execution - - - -	"	XIX.	
every will shall be construed to speak and take effect, as if it had been executed immediately before the death of the testator - - - -	"	XX.	
real estate and interest in a will, which shall fail or be void by reason of the death of the devisee in the lifetime of the testator, shall be included in the residuary devise - - - -	"	XXI.	
a general devise of the real estate of the testator shall be construed to include any real estate - - - -	"	XXII.	
a bequest of the personal estate of the testator shall be construed to include any personal estate - - - -	"	"	
where any real estate shall be devised to any person without any words of limitation, such devise shall be construed to pass the fee-simple - - - -	"	XXIII.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Will; the words "die without issue," or "die without leaving issue," shall mean a want or failure of issue in the life-time, or at the time of the death of such person, and not an indefinite failure of his issue	XXV.	XXIV.	
any real estate devised to any trustee or executor shall be construed to pass the fee-simple	"	XXV.	
where any real estate shall be devised to a trustee without any express limitation, such devise shall be construed to vest in such trustee the fee-simple	"	XXVI.	
how any estate devised for an estate tail, or an estate in quasi entail is to be disposed of	"	XXVII.	
where any person being a child of the testator to whom any real or personal estate shall be devised, shall die in the life-time of the testator leaving issue, such devise shall not lapse	"	XXVIII.	
any soldier being in actual military service, or any seaman being at sea, may dispose of his personal property	"	XXIX.	
nothing in this Act shall repeal the provisions of Act No. XX. 1837	"	XXX.	
this Act shall not extend to any will made before the 1st February 1839	"	XXXI.	
Witnesses to be summoned before a Commission appointed to inquire into any charge of malversation against any public servant	VI.		
Wounding. <i>See</i> Criminal Act.			
Wuttons. <i>See</i> Suits.			

YEAR 1839.

Abolition of certain dowers. <i>See</i> Dower.			
Agreements. <i>See</i> Dower.			
Allowances of suspended officers. <i>See</i> Officers.			
Amendments in the law of dower. <i>See</i> Dower.			
in the app of inheritance. <i>See</i> Inheritance, (law of.) held			
Arrears of rent from wRent. ed in the			
Bail. <i>See</i> P			
Bank of Bengal, all the charter of the Bank bearing date the 29th May 1833, and the Acts No. XIX. of 1836, and No. XXV. of 1838 relating thereto, shall respectively cease to have effect		I.	
persons being the proprietors of the capital stock of the Bank of Bengal shall, notwithstanding the determination of the said Charter and Acts, continue to be a corporation	"	II.	
all property and securities for property, claims, &c. shall, on the determination of the charter, devolve in and be continued in the Bank of Bengal	"	III.	
shall be subject to all debts, demands, &c. outstanding against it, and no suit at law shall cease by the renewal of the bank by virtue of this Act	"	"	
Est. shall sue and be sued, and use such seal as the directors shall appoint, competent to acquire property and to transfer the same	"	IV.	
capital stock as constituted under the present charter, to continue to be the capital stock of the Bank renewed	"	V.	
capital stock to be increased, and the disposal of the amount of the same to be ordered by the Governor General of India in council	"	"	
capital stock to consist of 75 lakhs of Company's rupees, and to be divided into shares of 4,000 rupees each, or into quarter shares of 1,000 rupees each	"	VI.	
no proprietor to increase his share in the capital stock beyond the amount of one lakh and 60,000 rupees, except under the authority of the Government	"	VII.	
a certificate, signed by three directors, shall be delivered to proprietors of shares. Any person who is a proprietor of more than one share may demand a certificate for each of his shares	"	VIII.	
shares shall be of the nature of personal estate, and transferable by endorsement	"	IX.	
corporate body renewed and continued, shall consist of registered proprietors	"	X.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Bank of Bengal; business of the Bank to be managed by nine directors, of whom three shall be appointed and removable by Government. The remaining to be elected by the proprietors, and removable by vote of the majority -	VI.	XI.	
persons who, at the time of the determination of the present charter, shall be directors, shall thereafter continue to be directors -	"	XII.	
two of the directors to go out of office by rotation each year, and when directors going out of office, not to be re-elected at the election which takes place thereupon -	"	XIII.	
in case of death, resignation or absence of any directors, others are to be elected in their stead -	"	XIV.	
a director must be a proprietor in his own right of three shares of 1,200 rupees, and who shall not be a director of any other Bank -	"	XV.	
every election and other matters to be decided by a majority of votes. No person to vote in respect of any share acquired by transfer or purchase than by act of law -	"	XVI.	
scale of votes -	"	XVII.	
proxy in writing to be given to any person desirous of attending any general meeting of the proprietors -	"	XVIII.	
one proprietor can give a proxy in writing to another proprietor -	"	XIX.	
a president to be appointed, in whose absence the senior director shall be vice-president. President and vice-president to have the casting vote -	"	XX.	
three directors to form a board for the transaction of business -	"	XXI.	
all accounts; all instruments not under seal shall be signed by three directors. The seal to be affixed to all instruments in the presence of three directors -	"	XXII.	
directors competent to appoint officers for the conduct of the duties of the bank, and to fix the salaries of such officers. The expense of the establishment not to exceed 60,000 rupees, without authority from Government -	"	XXIII.	
secretary, treasurer, head accountant or khazanchee shall engage in no other commercial business. Persons appointed to any of the said offices to give security in the sum of 50,000 rupees -	"	XXIV.	
in what kinds of business the bank is to be engaged -	"	XXV.	
directors not to discount negotiable security, and not to make loans, but under certain restrictions -	"	XXVI.	
directors not to discount negotiable securities, nor lend any money, and not to advance money on bank share or certificate of shares, nor on mortgage, &c. except under certain restrictions and provisions specified -	"	XXVII. and XXVIII.	
the bank shall not be in advance to the Government more than seven lakhs and a half of Company's rupees what ought to be construed as being in advance to the Government -	"	XXIX.	
directors not to suffer persons to overdraw their account -	"	XXX.	
to issue promissory notes payable on demand, or at a specified date; notes by whom signed; total amount of notes not to exceed two crores of rupees, and no notes to be under 10 rupees -	"	XXXI.	
the transactions of the bank confined to limits of India only -	"	XXXII.	
lawful for the bank to receive in deposit goods not of a perishable kind -	"	XXXIII.	
when the books of the bank are to be balanced, settlement of the balance to be transmitted to Government; the Government entitled to require information touching the affairs of the bank -	"	XXXIV.	
when an account of the profits is to be taken, and a dividend thereof made, the amount of the dividend shall be determined by the directors, who are to set apart from the profits a sum as a reserve against contingencies -	"	XXXV.	
statements of the affairs of the bank to be submitted at yearly general meetings to the proprietors, which general meetings competent to pass resolutions, frame rules, &c. relative to the affairs of the bank -	"	XXXVI.	
three directors or any ten proprietors competent to convene a general meeting of the proprietors -	"	XXXVII.	
formation of branch banks -	"	XXXVIII.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Bank of Bengal; the bank to withhold payment of dividends to proprietors in debt to the bank, and to apply such dividends towards payment thereof. In default of payment, to refuse registration of the transfer of shares of such proprietors; bank when competent to sell shares towards payment of debt -	VI.	XXXIX.	
the continuance, modification and dissolution of the bank -	"	XI.	
Bequest. <i>See</i> Dower.			
Board of Customs, salt and opium. <i>See</i> Charges.			
Bombay and Colaba. <i>See</i> Buildings.			
Buildings; rule for the guidance of persons intending to erect or re-build any buildings within the islands of Bombay and Colaba, coming within 25 feet of the edge or side of any public road, &c. Certificate to be obtained from the collectors of land revenue endorsed by the surveyor to the Court of Petty Sessions -	XXVIII.	II.	
directions for endorsing the certificates, course to be pursued by any party feeling aggrieved by such endorsement being withheld -	"	III.	
party obtaining certificate and endorsement not at liberty to deviate from the original plan of building without previous sanction in writing of the surveyor to the court of Petty Sessions -	"	IV.	
penalty attending non-observance of the foregoing rules and alteration of the certificate and endorsement -	"	V. & VI.	
limitation of height of buildings within the walls of the fort of Bombay, fine in case of infringement -	"	VII.	
no inflammable materials shall be used in the external roof or walls of any building within the fort walls, nor in the external part of any building without the fort walls of Bombay; fine if disobeyed -	"	VIII.	
provision against any buildings being so erected as to interfere with any of the water-courses or draining of the islands; fine if disregarded -	"	IX.	
Court of Petty Sessions empowered to order the removal and discontinuance of any work interfering with water-courses, &c.; penalty to which the owner shall be subject in not obeying such order -	"	X.	
liabilities of persons building within the islands of Bombay and Colaba, who act in any manner contrary to the provisions of this Act -	"	XI.	
ground from any building of which part is situated within 25 feet of the edge or side of the public road, liable to be given up for public purposes if required, the party giving up of ground being entitled to a certain compensation -	"	XII.	
provision with the view of preventing fraudulent evasions as to the giving up of ground under the last section -	"	XIII.	
such ground as may be required to be given up under this Act shall be measured from the exterior of the building itself -	"	XIV.	
Court of Petty Sessions authorized, with the sanction of the government of Bombay, to require any ground within the islands of Bombay or Colaba to be given up for public purposes when required -	"	XV.	
mode of valuation to be observed in paying for ground required to be given up under any of the preceding clauses -	"	XVI.	
valuation to be decided by a jury in the event of owners objecting to that fixed by the court of Petty Sessions -	"	XVII.	
mode of summoning jury for giving effect to the foregoing section -	"	XVIII.	
fees allowed on account of warrants for summoning juries -	"	XIX.	
fund from which money shall be paid to person or persons as a compensation under this Act -	"	XX.	
such compensation shall be paid by the Court of Petty Sessions into the hands of the Accountant General of the Supreme Court of Bombay in every case wherein conflicting claims are set up to any property; whose receipt shall be a sufficient discharge to the said court -	"	XXI.	
remedy against nuisances, punishable by fine -	"	XXII.	
tiled roofs and weather frames allowed under certain provisions -	"	XXIII.	
rule with regard to scaffolding -	"	XXIV.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Buildings; rule with regard to the tiles of roofs - - -	XXVIII.	XXV.	
----- with regard to water-courses and gutters	"	XXVI.	
----- with regard to ruinous buildings; liable	"	XXVII.	
to sale, if not repaired in time - - - - -	"	XXVIII.	
----- how the various expenses attendant on the pulling			
down of ruinous buildings, and removal of materials,			
shall be met - - - - -			
Builder, Head. <i>See Fines.</i>			
Carpenter, Master. <i>See Fines.</i>			
Certificate. <i>See Buildings.</i>			
Charges; rule prescribed for the investigation of charges of	XXVI.	II.	
official misconduct against officers subject to the control			
of the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, Sudder			
Boards of Revenue, or the Board of Customs, salt and			
opium - - - - -			
----- may be preferred direct to either of the Courts of			
Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, Sudder Boards			
of Revenue or Board of Customs, salt and opium, who			
are vested with the discretionary power of examining par-			
ties, with or without oath, according to circumstances -	"	III.	
----- competency of any Judge, Magistrate, Commissioner			
of Revenue or Collector, also to investigate such charges,			
submitting their proceedings to the authority under whose			
control the person accused may be subject - - - - -	"	IV.	
----- circumstances under which charges shall be cogniz-			
able by the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut			
Adawlut and the Boards of Revenue, &c. - - - - -	"	V.	
----- Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut,			
and said Boards empowered to dismiss charges, where			
they do not see substantial reason to enter into a further			
inquiry, subject to the provisions contained in Section II.			
of this Act - - - - -	"	VI.	
----- also empowered to institute inquiry, if in the course			
of any proceedings which come before them there shall			
appear any matter affecting the official conduct of cove-			
nanted officers - - - - -	"	VIII.	
----- mode of conducting the help, and assistance, when such			
charges are referred to a special mission of inquiry -	"	XII.	
----- accused shall be permitted to offer observations on			
the result of the inquiry - - - - -	"	XV.	
----- against principal Sudder Ameens, Sudder Ameens			
and Deputy Collectors. <i>See Sudder Ameens.</i>			
Chinchnee. <i>See Villages.</i>			
Coin, crime of drilling, defacing or debasing, shall be punish-	XXXI.	I.	
able by transportation or imprisonment, not exceeding			
four years - - - - -			
----- natives of East Indies not transportable to the			
eastern coast of New South Wales, or to any adjacent			
islands - - - - -	"	II.	
----- how far jurisdiction extends - - - - -	"	III.	
Colaba. <i>See Buildings.</i>			
Collector. <i>See Tasheldars.</i>			
Commission. <i>See Tasheldars.</i>			
Commission of Inquiry; circumstances under which a Com-	XXVI.	IX.	
mission or Commissioner shall be appointed to inquire			
into charges involving the official conduct of covenanted			
officers - - - - -			
----- to be guided in their proceedings by the instructions			
they may receive from the government to which they are			
subordinate - - - - -	"	X.	
----- oath required to be taken by the Commissioner or			
Commissioners - - - - -	"	XI.	
----- mode of conducting the prosecution - - - - -	"	XII.	
----- duties imposed upon them, and manner in which			
their proceedings shall be conducted - - - - -	"	XIII.	
----- powers vested in them - - - - -	"	XIV.	
----- accused shall be permitted to offer observations on			
the result of the inquiry - - - - -	"	XV.	
----- shall submit their proceedings direct to the Govern-			
ment to which they may be subordinate, accompanied by			
translations of papers not in the English language, together			
with a summary of the pleadings and evidence and opinion			
on the merits of the case - - - - -	"	XVI.	
----- the authorities under whose control such Commission			
may be, shall be at liberty to require further evidence if			
the Report of the Commission be wanting in this respect -	"	XVII.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Commission of Inquiry; the proceedings and report to be ultimately submitted to Government - - - - -	XXVI.	XVIII.	
— authority for the appointment of, to investigate charges of official misconduct against principal Sudder Ameens, Sudder Ameens and Deputy Collectors - - - - -	"	XXI.	
Commissioners. <i>See</i> Tasheldars.			
Compensation; fund from which money shall be given to person of persons as compensation under Act XXVIII. of 1839 - - - - -	XXVIII.	XX.	
Complaints against covenanted officers. <i>See</i> Charges.			
Convict. <i>See</i> Judge (Assistant Session.)			
Costs. <i>See</i> Suits.			
Court of Requests, Calcutta. <i>See</i> Décrées.			
Court of Quarter Session at Prince of Wales's Island, Singapore and Malacca, shall try matters made offences by Act No. IV. of 1839, relating to stealing any growing tree, sapling or shrub - - - - -	IV.	VII.	
— of ditto shall not be held to try matters of the above description excepting in the presence of one of the Judges of the Court of Judicature - - - - -	"	"	
Courts (Moonsiffs'.) <i>See</i> Rent.			
Courts Martial; imprisonment, with or without hard labour, or dismissal from service of native soldiers - - - - -	XXIII.		
Covenanted Officers. <i>See</i> Officers.			
Decrees; Court of Requests authorized to execute decrees passed by the Judge of the Dewanny Adawlut of the Zillah of the 24 Pergunnas, in certain cases - - - - -	XXVII.	I.	
Defence. <i>See</i> Persons.			
Deputy Collectors. <i>See</i> Sudder Ameens.			
Distrained property for the recovery of arrears of rent, regulations relating to, repealed - - - - -	I.	"	
— property to be sold by persons appointed by a collector or officer exercising the powers of a collector, and who are to remunerate themselves by deducting a percentage on the amount of the proceeds of the sale - - - - -	"	II.	
<i>See</i> Repeal of Acts, &c. Tasheldars.			
Districts; <i>See</i> Ganjam and Vizagapatam.			
Dower; extension of the amendments in the English law of dower contained in the statute 3d and 4th Will. IV. cap. 105, to the territories of the East India Company - - - - -	XXIX.	I.	
— definition of the meaning of certain words in the Act - - - - -	"	"	
— widows to be entitled to dower out of equitable estates - - - - -	"	II.	
— seisin shall not be necessary to give title to - - - - -	"	III.	
— no dower out of estates disposed of - - - - -	"	IV.	
— all partial estates and interests and all charges created by any disposition or will of a husband, and all debts, &c. to which his land shall be subject, shall be valid and effectual as against the right of his widow to dower - - - - -	"	V.	
— may be barred by a declaration in a deed, or by a declaration in the husband's will - - - - -	"	VI. & VII.	
— subject to restrictions by a husband's will - - - - -	"	VIII.	
— devise of real estate to the widow shall bar her dower - - - - -	"	IX.	
— bequest of personal estate to a widow shall not bar her dower - - - - -	"	X.	
— any agreement or covenant not to bar dower may be enforced by a Court of Equity - - - - -	"	XI.	
— legacies in satisfaction of dower entitled to priority over other legacies - - - - -	"	XII.	
— certain dowers abolished - - - - -	"	XIII.	
— this Act to take effect from the 1st July 1840 - - - - -	"	XIV.	
— construction of the Act - - - - -	"	XV.	
Drilling. <i>See</i> Coin.			
Duties (Port); charges of the port and roadstead of Madras, as anchorage duty, light-house duty, &c. to be commuted into a port duty; upon what vessels levied, and at what rates - - - - -	XIII.	I.	
— (ditto); on vessels sailing under the colours of a Foreign European or American nation, anchoring at Madras, a consolidated duty shall be levied - - - - -	"	II.	
— (Tonnage); shall be levied upon vessels in the port of Madras which, without breaking bulk, shall, after anchoring therein, sail again out of the port - - - - -	"	III.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Duties (Port); all powers, authorities and penalties applicable to the enforcing of the payment of charges of the port and roadstead of Madras, equally applicable to the enforcing of the commuted port duties - - - - -	XIII.	IV.	
— Port or Harbour; Government to order the consolidation and commutation of any, into a tonnage duty, leviable at rate specified - - - - -	"	V. & VI.	
— (Port), shall be levied by the master-attendant, or by the collector of Customs; if such duties be not paid, port clearance, &c. to be withheld from the vessel, on account of which payment may be refused - - - - -	"	VII.	
— (Port or Harbour) all powers, authorities and penalties, by which any port or harbour duty of any subordinate port of any Presidency shall be commuted by virtue of this Act, may have been legally enforced before, shall be applicable to the enforcing thereof as hereinbefore provided, shall be applicable to the enforcing of the consolidated and commuted duties imposed by this Act - - - - -	"	VIII.	
— (Postage), in modification of Sections VI. and XIV., of Act No. XVII. of 1837, competent to Government to authorize the levy of postage duties at rates different from those specified in Schedules A. and B., annexed to that Act - - - - -	XVII.		
Endorsement. See Buildings.			
Evidence. See Commission of Inquiry.			
Exactions of Rent. See Rent.			
Fees. See Jury.			
Felony See Petty Offence Act.			
Fines; the property of offenders not paying fines, shall be distrained by the magistrate in whose jurisdiction the offenders reside, for the payment thereof - - - - -	II.	I.	
— persons not possessing property to pay the amount of fines levied on them, how to be dealt with - - - - -	"	"	
— when the extreme amount of fine and imprisonment is not specified, in regard to offenders who may be punishable thereby, the magistrate not to impose any fine exceeding 200 rupees, or to imprison the offender for any term exceeding six months - - - - -	"	II.	
— magistrates to receive proof of the commission of offence upon oath, or solemn affirmation, on account of which a person may be punishable by fine - - - - -	"	III.	
— the terms "fine" and "fines," shall extend to all "penalties" and "forfeitures" - - - - -	"	IV.	
Fine. See Buildings, also Jury.			
— liability of every head-builder, master-carpenter, master-mason or labourer employed in building, &c. in Bombay and Colaba, to the payment of fines, if they offend against the provisions contained in this Act - - - - -	XXVIII.	XIX.	
— shall be levied by warrant of two or more magistrates in petty sessions; appropriation; punishment in default of payment - - - - -	"	XX.	
— course of proceeding which shall be adopted for the recovery of - - - - -	"	XXI.	
— remedy against any irregularity in the proceedings - - - - -	"	XXII.	
Forfeiture; persons not paying the amount of injury done by them for stealing any growing tree, sapling or shrub, within the jurisdiction of the Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, shall be committed to prison with or without hard labour - - - - -	IV.	III.	
— See Persons.			
— every forfeiture and punishment imposed by Act No. IV. (relative to the stealing of any growing tree, sapling or shrub), on any person maliciously committing any offence, shall be enforced, whether the offence shall have been committed from malice or otherwise - - - - -	"	VI.	
Ganjam and Vizagapatam, districts of, operation of the rules for the administration of civil and criminal justice, &c. to cease to have effect in - - - - -	XXII.	I. & II.	
— admission of civil and criminal justice (including the superintendence of police), and the collection of all revenue, to be vested in the collector of Ganjam, and in the collector of Vizagapatam - - - - -	"	III.	
— shall be exercised by them respectively, as agents of the Governor of Fort St. George - - - - -	"	IV.	
— of this Act - - - - -	XXI.	I.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Ganjam and Vizagapatam; Governor of Fort St. George to prescribe rules for the guidance of such agents, and to define their duties	XXIV.	IV.	
upon the receipt of any criminal trials referred by the agents, the Foujdaree Adawlut to pass a final judgment	"	V.	
upon the receipt of any appeal from a decree of the agents, the Court of Sudder Adawlut to try and determine in the same manner as appeals from the Provincial Courts	"	VI.	
agents have power to make commitments by warrant under their hand, and to transmit report to Governor in Council for orders	"	VII.	
Governor in Council competent to make alterations in the limits of the tracts within the aforesaid districts	"	VIII.	
Ground. See Buildings.			
Huck, lawful to prohibit the levy of	XX.	I.	
orders for such prohibition not to be questioned by any court of law	"	II.	
levying of hucks, how punished	"	III.	
Inheritance, Law of; extension of the amendments in the English law of inheritance contained in stat. 3d and 4th, Will. IV. chap. CVI. to the territories of the East India Company	XXX.	I.	
meaning of certain words in the Act defined	"	"	
descent shall always be traced from the purchaser, but the last owner shall be considered to be the purchaser, unless the contrary be proved	"	II.	
heir entitled under will, shall take as devisee, and a limitation to the grantor or his heirs shall create an estate by purchase	"	III.	
where heirs take by purchase under limitations to the heirs of their ancestors, the land shall descend as if the ancestor had been the purchaser	"	IV.	
brothers and sisters shall trace descent through their parents	"	V.	
lineal ancestor may be heir in preference to collateral persons claiming through him	"	VI.	
preference shall be given to paternal ancestors	"	VII.	
the mother of more remote male ancestors to be preferred to the mother of less remote male ancestor	"	VIII.	
half-blood, if on the part of a male ancestor, to inherit after the whole blood of the same degree; if on the part of a female ancestor, after her	"	IX.	
power of oath of a person attainted, his descendants may	"	X.	
this Act not to extend to any descent before the 1st July 1840	"	XI.	
limitations made before the 1st July 1840, to the heirs of a person then living, shall take effect as if the Act	"	XII.	
may be made	"	XIII.	
declaration of the Act	"	XIII.	
subject. See Stamp Duty.			
devise on of the provisions of stat. 3d and 4th Will.			
dower - sec. 28, concerning the allowance of interest			
bequest of to the territories of the East India Company	XXXII.	I.	
any agreement between Chinchnee. See Villages.			
to be enforced by a Court. See Magistrate.			
legacies in satisfaction of all sentences passed by an, whereby over other legacies			
certain dowers abolished, imprisonment for a period exceeding this Act to take effect, confirmed by the Session Judge	XIX.		
construction of the Act			
Drilling. See Coin.			
Duties (Port); charges of the port			
as anchorage duty, light-house			
into a port duty; upon what vessel he town to summon a Jury			
rates			
(ditto); on vessels sailing in the Islands of Bombay			
Foreign European or American nation, public purposes with			
ras, a consolidated duty shall be levied, this Act. Fine to be			
(Tonnage); shall be levied upon neglect of duty	XXVIII.	XVIII.	
of Madras which, without breaking bulk &c. for summon-			
choring therein, sail again out of the port	"	XIX.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Justice of the Peace. <i>See</i> Magistrate; Petty Offence Act. ——— no Justice of the Peace at Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, being a proprietor or renter of a spice plantation, or otherwise directly interested in the enforcement of the provisions of Act No. IV. of 1839, relative to stealing any growing tree, sapling or shrub, shall have a deliberate voice in trying matters made offences by such Act	IV.	VII.	
Labourers. <i>See</i> Natives. <i>See</i> Fines.			
Lands in the islands of Bombay and Colaba. <i>See</i> Buildings. ——— collector of land revenue, Bombay, authorized to take possession, for the use of Government, of such lands constituting streets, roads or thoroughfares, beyond the limits of the town, as shall become useless for such purposes	XXVIII.	XXIX.	
Magistrate; the term Magistrate, in cases of levy of fines, shall extend to all "joint Magistrates," "persons exercising the powers of a Magistrate," and "Justice of the Peace" — Magistrates and Assistant Magistrates, offences specified in Sections XI. and XXVII. of Regulation XVI. of 1827, and sundry other Sections and Regulations of Bombay Code cognizable by Magistrates and Assistant Magistrates	II. XXV.	IV.	
Mason, Master. <i>See</i> Fine. Moonsiffs' Courts. <i>See</i> Rent.			
Natives, emigration of, as labourers without the East India Company's territories, prohibited. Persons contracting with natives for labour beyond those territories shall be liable to a fine <i>See</i> Seamen.	XIV.	II.	
Oath to be taken by a Commission of Inquiry. <i>See</i> Commission of Inquiry.			
Officers (accused of official misconduct) power of suspending, vested in the authority under whose control they shall be	XXVI.	XIX.	
——— authority to which they are subordinate empowered to pass decision after due investigation; individuals deeming themselves aggrieved to seek redress according to the ordinary forms prescribed by law	"	XX.	
——— covenanted, mode of investigation, &c. to be adopted in cases of charges of official misconduct against covenanted officers. <i>See</i> Charges.			
——— suspended, allowance to which they are entitled left discretionary with the authority under whose control they shall be	"	XI.	
Penalties. <i>See</i> Fines.			
Penalty attendant on the non-observance of certain rules connected with buildings in the islands of Bombay and Colaba. <i>See</i> Buildings. <i>See</i> Fines.			
Persons convicted of any offence by virtue of Act IV. of 1840, and who shall have paid the sum adjudged to be paid, together with costs, or shall have suffered imprisonment, shall be released from all further proceedings for the same cause	IV.	III.	
——— who shall receive any property, the stealing of which is by Act No. IV. punishable, knowing the same to be unlawfully come by, shall be liable to forfeiture and punishment	"	VI.	
——— tried for any offence allowed to make full answer and defence by counsel, and to have all witnesses examined and cross-examined	XXII.	I. & II.	
——— held to bail to have copies of examinations of witnesses upon whose depositions they have been held to bail. Copies of such examinations to be refused if not applied for in a certain time; Judge competent to postpone trial for want of such examinations.	"	III.	
——— under trial entitled to inspect depositions taken against them	"	IV.	
Petty Offence Act; not lawful for Justices of the Peace to sentence persons charged with the commission of felony, or otherwise than according to the provisions of this Act	XXI.	I.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Petty Offence Act; rule, ordinance and regulation for the good order and civil government of the settlement of Fort William, repealed - - - - -	XXI.	I.	
Justices of the Peace to sentence persons stealing property to the extent of 20 rupees - - - - -	"	II.	
ditto to award what punishment and to what period - - - - -	"	III.	
ditto at liberty to commit persons guilty of simple larceny for trial at the Supreme Court - - - - -	"	IV.	
ditto to draw up his judgment, after trying any such offender, in what form of words - - - - -	"	V.	
ditto to transmit to the Supreme Court all judgments of acquittal and conviction passed by them, with the depositions and examinations of the witnesses and prisoners - - - - -	"	VI.	
ditto to swear prisoners, or require them to make solemn affirmation, to cause the depositions of the witnesses, &c. to be reduced to writing, and to sign such writing - - - - -	"	VII.	
persons summoned as witnesses to be punished on refusing to attend - - - - -	"	VIII.	
Justice of the Peace to order the restitution of the property stolen. Persons to be fined for refusing to restore the same, and in default of payment to be imprisoned - - - - -	"	IX.	
persons guilty of assault or battery on board of merchant ships shall be liable to be punished by fine - - - - -	"	X.	
nothing in this Act to affect the remedy of any person aggrieved through the means of the writ of Certiorari - - - - -	"	XI.	
Postage. See Duties.			
Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca; peace or revenue officers empowered to enter and search any house or shop in which there shall appear sufficient cause to believe articles, the exclusive privilege of preparing or selling which, has been farmed out to parties, and to seize and take possession of them - - - - -	V.	I.	
persons committing any act in contravention of any of the provisions of Regulations, Nos. II., III., IV. and V. of 1830, passed by the late Governor in Council of the settlements of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca may be searched without a warrant, by a peace or revenue officer; persons to be searched may demand to be taken before some neighbouring Magistrate or Justice of the Peace - - - - -	"	II.	
persons obstructing officers in making search as aforesaid, shall be subject to fine, or in case of non-payment of fine, to imprisonment - - - - -	"	"	
any officer maliciously apprehending or detaining any person on the plea of their having infringed the provisions of the aforesaid Regulations shall pay a fine, and in case of non-payment of it, to be liable to imprisonment - - - - -	"	III.	
any officer committed under the preceding Section, who shall have paid the sum adjudged to be paid by him, or who shall have suffered the imprisonment awarded, shall be released from further proceedings from the same cause - - - - -	"	IV.	
no revenue or peace officer competent to act under this Act, unless appointed in a certain way by the principal civil authority of the station, where such peace or revenue officer may reside - - - - -	"	V.	
persons within the settlements of, waging war against the government of any power in alliance with the government of the Company, or attempting to wage such war, shall be guilty of felony, and be liable to transportation or imprisonment - - - - -	X.	I.	
ditto, ditto; receiving any property, knowing the same to have been taken from any power in alliance with the government of the Company, in the prosecution of war against such power, shall be guilty of felony, and be liable to transportation, or imprisonment, with or without hard labour - - - - -	"	II.	
assessment to be levied on dwelling-houses, &c. at George Town, &c. - - - - -	XII.	"	
assessment to be levied on dwelling-houses, &c. beyond the limits of George Town, &c. - - - - -	"	III.	
dwelling-houses, &c. of value less than six Spanish dollars, exempted from assessment - - - - -	"	IV.	
chief civil officer to fix the limits of the town of George Town, &c. in order to the determination of the rates of assessment - - - - -	"	V.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca; religious edifices, hospitals, cemeteries, &c. appropriated to charitable purposes, exempted from assessment	XII.	VI.	
houses, bungalows, &c. within any military cantonment, and occupied by officers, soldiers and sepoy, exempted from assessment	"	VII.	
a tax to be levied on all carriages, carts and cattle at rates specified	"	VIII.	
chief civil officer authorized to appoint officers for the collection of assessment and taxes; officers so appointed subject to the same responsibility as those employed in the collection of land revenue	"	IX.	
in default of payment of assessment, property to be distrained and sold; overplus of sale to be made over to owners	"	X.	
officers collecting assessment competent to sue defaulters for the recovery of arrears through a court of justice	"	XI.	
persons who claim exemption from the payment of assessment, should pay the same on demand, and afterwards appeal against such demand to Justice of the Peace sitting in general quarter sessions	"	XII.	
watching, cleansing, lighting and repairing of the streets and thoroughfares in George Town, &c. and repairing roads, bridges, &c. to be effected out of the funds collected from the assessment	"	XIII.	
detailed statements, exhibiting the sums collected under the heads of cesses and taxes, and showing the disbursements to be furnished by the officer collecting the assessment. The statement so prepared shall be published in the newspapers	"	XIV. & XV.	
officers appointed to collect the assessment to be subject to the chief civil authority of the incorporated settlement	"	XVI.	
palanquin, carriage, cart, &c. to be registered by police officer; owner of any conveyance in omitting to register the same to pay a forfeit, in default of the payment of which, his goods to be distrained	"	XVII.	
assessment to be paid half-yearly in advance	"	XVIII.	
forfeit to be paid by owner of vehicles for not placing numbered boards on them	"	XIX.	
in case of any change in the occupation of any dwelling-house, the same assessment to be levied as before. The same rule to hold in reference to assessment levied on goods and chattels of the occupiers	"	XX.	
the owner of a dwelling-house not let to any tenant, shall be deemed the occupier thereof; abatement of assessment to be made if the premises have not been inhabited for a period of three months	"	XXI.	
no assessment shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name of any person, or any thing chargeable with assessment or tax	"		
land occupied in the settlements without a grant or title from Government duly registered, and which has not been declared free from assessment, shall be liable to assessment	XVI.	II.	
persons holding land in the settlements as by the preceding section, to remove from it on notice being given to that effect, and on refusing to do so, to be ejected and the land taken possession of; persons who have filed their claim to exemption from assessment on land shall not be liable to ejection until their claim shall have been determined	"	III.	
magistrates and police officers to aid collector and his officers in the ejection. Holders of land resisting such ejection, and persons who shall be aiding such resistance, shall be fined, and in default of payment of the same, shall be imprisoned	"	IV.	
persons desirous of clearing and occupying waste and forest lands in the settlements to make application to the collector of land revenue. If there be cause to prevent the immediate measurement of land which is to be leased, the collector to issue to the applicant a permit or written authority to clear and occupy such land. On land thus occupied, the collector to demand and enforce the payment of rent with certain provisions	"	V.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca; on land being leased, the applicant to set up good land-marks, and to keep them in repair. If land-marks be not kept in repair, the collector to cause the repairs to be made, and levy three times the cost of such repairs from the holder of the land. Persons resisting the collector in his removing or defacing any land-mark shall be punished as provided in the IVth Section of this Act	XVI.	VI.	
all applications to hold lands for a term exceeding that specified in Section V. to be forwarded to the Government of Bengal	"	VII.	
every lease to be signed by the collector, and to specify the name of the leaseholder, the quantity of the land and the rate of rent. These particulars to be entered in a register	"	VIII.	
collector to accept on the part of Government surrender of a grant or lease by parties for the purpose of subdividing the same, and re-grant or lease the same in parcels. No subdivision allowed unless all arrears of rent are paid up	"	IX.	
payment of rent of land to be made in the office of the collector	"	X.	I.
collector to demand rent by notice in writing, in default of payment of which the amount, with costs of process, to be recovered under the powers of this Act	"	"	II.
notice, how to be served	"	"	III.
one rupee to be charged for serving notice, which, if not paid, shall be leviable, in the same manner as arrears of rent	"	"	IV.
attachment to be issued against the holder of land for not paying arrear of rent, and the collector to seize the personal property of the holder, and to bring the same to sale by public auction	"	"	V.
attachment to be made by whom seal to be set on property, and an inventory thereof taken. The assistance of the police to be availed of in case of resistance	"	"	VI.
for an attachment two rupees shall be charged; leviable by sale of attached property if not paid on demand	"	"	VII.
land on account of which arrear of rent shall be demanded and not paid, shall be sold, and in what manner	"	"	VIII.
two rupees to be deducted for advertisement, and one per cent. on the net proceeds of sale	"	"	IX.
persons having an interest in any property, may prevent the sale thereof by paying the rent in arrear, with interest and all legal expenses	"	"	X.
summary process to be held applicable to arrears of rent due within the period of one year	"	"	XI.
persons having objections to the seizure of their personal property at liberty to represent such objections to the collector. If the call adhere to the seizure, application to be made to any Civil Court	"	"	XII.
no lease of property to be stayed without a deposit of money to the amount of arrears of rent, or without substantial security	"	"	XIII.
mutations in reference to land, how to be registered	"	"	XIV.
no mutations shall be registered unless the boundaries of the lands are defined by land-marks. Holders to keep land-marks in repair, in default of which they shall be liable to a forfeit	"	XI.	I. & II.
what fee to be charged for the register, for inspecting the register, and for granting a certified extract from the register	"	"	III.
registry of mutation not of itself to establish legal title to land, nor bar any rights questioned judicially. Deed to be registered in the collector's office to render it valid, and to be received in evidence as a legal instrument	"	"	IV.
nothing in this Act contained shall apply to such cultivators and resident tenants of Malacca as hold their lands by prescription	"	"	V.
Regulations of the Bengal Code, giving authority to any person to sell distrained property for the recovery of arrears of rent, repealed	"	XII.	
	I.	I.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Regulations of the Bengal Code, giving powers to persons appointed to conduct the sale of property distrained for the recovery of arrears of rent, &c., applicable to all parties appointed for the sale of such property under this Act -	I.	III.	
Rent; no person is, by reason of place of birth, or by reason of descent, in proceedings connected with arrears or exactions of rent, excepted from the jurisdiction of the Revenue Courts -	III.	I.	
no proceeding connected with arrears and exactions of rent instituted in any Revenue Courts, and no decree passed in such proceeding by such Courts, shall be treated as invalid by reason of the place of birth or descent of any party -	"	II.	
no person shall by reason of place of birth, be in any civil proceeding connected with arrears or exactions of rent excepted from the jurisdiction of Moonsiffs' Courts <i>See Distrained Property.</i>	"	III.	
Repeal of Acts and Regulations; Section XXIII. of Regulation XXVIII. of 1802 of the Madras Code repealed; and commissions for the sale of distrained property appointed under the provisions of that section annulled -	VII.	I.	
Repeal of ditto and ditto; Regulation I. of 1827, repealed -	XII.	"	
Acts No. XXXII. of 1837, and No. V. of 1837, repealed <i>See Petty Offence Act.</i>	XIV.	"	
Act No. XXIII. of 1836, repealed -	XXIV.	"	
Regulation IV. of 1831, repealed, and certain other clauses and sections of Regulations of Bombay Code, so far as they relate to the penal jurisdiction of collectors as magistrates, repealed -	XXV.	"	
sections and clauses of sundry Regulations, relating to charges of corruption; to covenanted servants, &c., repealed -	XXVI.	"	
certain articles of Rule, Ordinance and Regulations of 1812 and 1815, passed by the Government of Bombay, repealed -	XXVIII.	"	
Ruinous Buildings. <i>See Buildings.</i>			
Scaffolding. <i>See Buildings.</i>			
Seamen (Native) Act; not applicable to, who freely contracts to navigate such vessel, or embarks in the capacity of a mental servant -	XIV.	III.	
Security; liability of persons preferring charges against covenanted officers for official misconduct to furnish security -	XXVI.	VII.	
Stamp Duty or Institution Fee not payable in appeals to Her Majesty in Council -	XI.		
Stealing any growing tree, sapling, or shrub, &c. within the jurisdiction of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, how punished -	IV.	I.	
Every sum of money forfeited for stealing any growing tree, sapling, &c. within the jurisdiction of Prince of Wales' Island, &c. shall be paid to the party aggrieved -	"	II.	
Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut. <i>See Charges.</i>			
Sudder Boards of Revenue. <i>See Charges.</i>			
Sudder Ameens (Principal and other, and Deputy Collectors); authority for the appointment of Commissioners to investigate charges of official misconduct against them -	XXVI.	XXI.	
Sugar Act; foreign sugar, or any sugar which is the growth of any British possession into which foreign sugar can be legally imported, not to be landed in any part of the Madras territories, under pain of confiscation -	XV.	I.	
persons desiring to obtain certificate of origin of sugar, shall in the presence of the officer granting such certificate make and subscribe a declaration in the form of Schedule, marked A. annexed to this Act -	"	II.	
officer before whom a declaration in the form of Schedule A. shall have been made, shall grant to the declarant a certificate in the form of Schedule, marked B annexed to this Act -	"	III.	
persons intending to ship sugar shall produce to the collector of Customs a certificate such as is above described, and to make and subscribe a declaration in the form of Schedule, marked C. annexed to this Act -	"	IV.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.
Sugar Act; the officer to whom such certificate shall have been produced, and before whom such declaration shall have been so made, shall grant to the person who has subscribed to such declaration a certificate in the form of Schedule, marked D. annexed to this Act	XV.	V.	
persons knowingly affirming an untruth in making any declaration, shall be punished by fine and imprisonment, with or without hard labour	"	VI.	
this Act to come into operation one year after the date of its publication	"	VII.	
Suits for the recovery of fines. See Fines.			
preliminaries necessary previous to commencing any action or suits against parties coming under this Act, and forms which shall be observed at different stages of proceedings	XXVIII.	XXXIV.	
in formâ pauperis to be instituted in Civil Courts, in what conditions	IX.	I.	
pleadings in, on the part of the defendant to be written on unstamped paper, and copies of orders or proceedings which the defendant may be required to take to be furnished him on unstamped paper. Defendant not required to deposit Vakeel's fees. The conditions on which the Court shall calculate the whole of the costs, and to whom to charge the same, and in what proportions	"	II.	
nothing contained in this Act to extend to suits in formâ pauperis in Her Majesty's Courts	"	III.	
Suspended officers. See Officers.			
Tasheldars of Bombay vested with the powers of Commissioners for the sale of property distrained for arrears of rent	VII.	II.	
to be subject to the control of the collector instead of the Zillah Judge, except in judicial proceedings	"	III.	
to be subject to same liabilities to which they are subjected by Section X., Regulation IX. of 1822 of the Madras Code	"	IV.	
entitled to no fee or commission for selling distressed property	"	V.	
have authority to delegate powers vested in them to any public servants placed under their authority	"	VI.	
Thuggee, persons guilty of the crime of, in what Court to be tried	XVIII.		
Tiled roofs. See Buildings.			
Transportation. See Coin.			
Tree. See Stealing.			
Villages comprising the Nagheer of Chinchnee subject to all Acts and Regulations in force within the Bombay territories	VIII.		
Vizagapatam. See Ganjam and Vizagapatam.			
Warrant. See Jury.			
Water Courses. See Buildings.			

INDEX
TO THE
ACTS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
For 1850.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
A.				
Accountants. [See Public Accountants.]				
Act VII. of 1849; amended and extended to Fort St. George and Bombay. [See Administrator-general]	II.	I.		
— XI. of 1836; section II., modified	III.	I.		
— VIII. of 1844; repealed	VII.	I.		
— XII. of 1848; repealed	IX.	III.		
— VII. of 1847; extended to arrears of rent not exceeding 500 rupees	IX.	LXXXIX.		
— X. of 1841; section 13; repealed	XI.	I.		
— 9 Geo. IV. c. 99 to 104; repealed	XIII.	III.		
— III. of 1844; declared to be in force in the Straits Settlements	XIV.	III.		
— XII. of 1843, shall apply to points to be established or on which proof is required by the Moonsiff's Court in the Bengal Presidency. [See Moonsiffs]	XV.	II.		
— XXVIII. of 1839; enlarged for taking grounds within Bombay and Colaba for Railway or other purposes. [See Bombay and Colaba]	XVII.	I.		
— I. of 1838, part of, as relates to the duty on Tobacco in Bombay; repealed [See Tobacco]	XXIV.	I.		
— IV. of 1846; so much of sections 5 and 9 as relates to the disposal of forfeiture of deposits at sales of land in execution of decrees; repealed. [See Lands]	XXV.	I.		
— X. of 1842; repealed	XXVI.	I.		
— XXXI. of 1838, amended. [See Poisoning]	XXIX.			
— I. of 1846 - } Application of	XXX.	I.		
— IV. of 1850 - }				
— XXVII. of 1837; section 7; applicable to any tracts of country where salt is found within the Bombay Presidency	XXXI.	VIII.		
— XV. of 1836; repealed	XXXII.			
— XXII. of 1839; extended	XXXVIII.	Preamble.		
— XVI. of 1847, part of, as regards Municipal Commissioners of Calcutta; repealed	XXXIX.	I.		
Acts XXI. of 1839, and III. of 1842, made applicable to the Straits Settlements	XIV.	I.		
— VI. of 1838 - } Repealed	XXXVII.	I.		
— XXVI. of 1839 - }				
— XIII. of 1843 - }				
Aden declared a free port and settlement	X.	I.		
— the above port not within the provision of Act VI. of 1848	"	II.		
Administrator-general at Calcutta, Act VII. of 1849, relating to; extended to the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay	II.	I.		— Madras and Bombay.
Administrator-general at Fort St. George and Bombay respectively may hold both the offices of Ecclesiastical Registrar and Administrator-general	"	II.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Administrator-general. The altered rate of commission under Act VII. of 1849, not to take effect until directed by the respective Governments - - -	II.	III.		
Administrator-general at Calcutta, and the above Presidencies, prohibited from trading under penalties mentioned - -	"	IV.	- -	-- Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.
Appeals (regular) to the Sudder Court; time limited for presenting to the Lower Court petitions to contain simple notice of - - - - -	IV.	I.	- -	Bengal.
proceedings held in the course of appeal to be certified to the Sudder Court, and notice thereof given to the appellant - - - - -	"	II.		
time limited for presenting to the Sudder Court specific objections to the judgment and detailed reasons for preferring the appeal - - - - -	"	III.		
Powers given by c. 3, s. 16, Regulation V. of 1831, Bengal Code, to Zillah Judges, of confirming decisions on certain, without serving any notice on respondents, extended to Principal Sudder Ameen - - - - -	VIII.	I.	- -	Bengal.
Every Judge or Principal Sudder Ameen so acting shall record his reasons for rejecting the appeal - - - - -	"	II.		
Regular, Act IV. of 1850, not to affect, in cases decided before the passing of this Act as to the period limited for filing - - - - -	XXX.	II.	- -	General.
affixing notice to appellants in the house of the Sudder Court sufficient - -	"	III.		
Act IV. of 1850, not to affect appeals by paupers, except as regards the periods for presenting the specific objections and detailed reasons - - - - -	"	IV.		
Apprentices; children of what age may be bound as, and by whom and for what period - - - - -	XIX.	I.	- -	General.
age mentioned in the contracts shall be evidence of the age in questions of the master's right to the continuance of their service - - - - -	"	II.		
any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace may act as guardian on behalf of any orphans or poor children abandoned by their parents or convicted of vagrancy or any petty offence - - - -	"	III.		
children brought up by any public charity by whom to be bound - -	"	IV.		
boys may be bound in the sea service to any of Her Majesty's subjects being owners of ships belonging to and trading from any registering port in the Company's Territories - - - - -	"	V.		
boys may in like manner be bound for sea service in any of the Company's ships - - - - -	"	VI.		
master of ships in which an apprentice shall be appointed to serve shall be deemed agent of the party to whom he is bound - - - - -	"	VII.		
contract of apprenticeship how to be drawn - - - - -	"	VIII.		
contract to be signed by what parties - - - - -	"	IX.		
contracts executed as above, where to be deposited; certified copies shall be received as evidence - - - - -	"	X.		
terms of service may be changed during the apprenticeship, or the contract determined with the consent of the parties - - - - -	"	XI.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Apprentices; may be assigned by the master to any other person, with the consent of the parties concerned - - -	XIX.	XII.		
----- complaints by or on behalf of, how to be tried and disposed of - -	"	XIII.		
----- contract not cancellable, and masters and agents not liable to criminal proceeding for moderate chastisement given to any apprentice; but criminal proceeding may be adopted against masters in certain cases - -	"	XIV.		
----- how to be punished for ill-behaviour and for absconding - - -	"	XV.		
----- Magistrate may order the contract to be cancelled, with the consent of the parties, upon complaint of repeated ill-behaviour on the part of the apprentice, though the charge be not proved - - -	"	XVI.		
----- any sum recovered on behalf of the, on cancelling the contract how to be disposed of by the magistrate - -	"	XVII.		
----- period limited for preferring complaints by masters against, and <i>vice versa</i> - - -	"	XVIII.		
----- if masters die before the end of apprenticeship, the proportionate part of the premium paid by the apprentice to be returned by the executor, unless he retains his services - - -	"	XIX.		
----- the executor's offer to keep the apprentice, how to be certified - -	"	XX.		
----- shall be entitled to three months' maintenance after the master's death, provided the apprentice lives with the executor - - -	"	XXI.		
----- of persons becoming bankrupts or insolvents shall be discharged from all obligation under the contract, and the premium paid, how recoverable - - -	"	XXII.		
----- amenability to the Courts and Magistrates of the East India Company of British subjects, and others, in the Company's Territories without the towns - - -	"	XXIII.		
----- appeal shall lie to sessions court from the orders of Magistrates without the towns - - -	"	XXIV.		
----- meaning of certain words used in this Act explained - - -	"	XXV.		
----- Schedules A. and B. - - -	"			
Article of War; part of 113th repealed -	XXXVI.	I.		
B.				
Beggars; penalty for masters or nakodas of ships, junks, &c., landing diseased or disabled, within the Straits settlements - - -	XLI.	I.		Straits Settlements,
----- who have not resided one month in the settlement, may be removed to the place whence they were brought, and the cost of removal may be recovered from the master of the vessel by whom they were brought - - -	"	II.		
----- penalty for masters or nakodas not delivering to the Master Attendant of the port, within 24 hours, a true and complete list of passengers - - -	"	III.		
Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, and the Sudder Board in the Lower Provinces, consolidated - - -	XLIV.			Bengal.
----- of Revenue for the Lower Provinces, the Sudder Board shall hereafter be styled as - - -	"	III.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Bombay; special duty on Tobacco in. [<i>See Tobacco.</i>]				
Bombay and Colaba; sections 15 to 21 of Act XXVIII. of 1839, extended to enable Courts of Petty Sessions to take ground or building in, for railway or other public purposes	XVII.	I.	- -	Bombay.
Bombay Ferries. [<i>See Ferries.</i>]				
Bombay Salt Revenue. [<i>See Salt.</i>]				
Boundary disputes concerning Zemindaries in the Tributary Mehals in Cuttack. [<i>See Cuttack.</i>]				
Breach of Trust; persons in the East India Company's or Her Majesty's service, embezzling chattel, money or valuable security, shall be deemed to have feloniously stolen the same	XIII.	I.	- -	General.
certain officers in the two Services enumerated as coming within the scope of this Act	"	II.		
Clauses 99 to 104, of Act 9 Geo. 4, regarding Criminal Justice in East Indies, repealed	"	III.		
a clerk or servant stealing chattel, money, &c., belonging to his master, how punishable	"	IV.		
a clerk or servant receiving and embezzling any chattel, money, &c., shall be guilty of what offence	"	V.		
every member and officer of a trading corporation, or company, and every banker, merchant, factor, broker, attorney, or other agent, shall be deemed to have feloniously stolen the property entrusted to him for safe custody, or any special purpose, if the same be otherwise disposed of	"	VI.		
every sub-agent, clerk or servant of any such trading corporation or company, or of any banker, merchant, factor, broker or other agent, who shall fraudulently apply any chattel, money, &c., entrusted to the company, or persons by whom he is employed, knowing the purpose of the trust, shall be deemed to have committed what offence	"	VII.		
persons embezzling chattel, money, &c., entrusted to them by others, shall be deemed, to have feloniously stolen the same	"	VIII.		
Persons convicted under this Act of having feloniously stolen property, how to be punished	"	IX.		
definition of valuable security	"	X.		
offenders under this Act may be proceeded against on the same charge for any number of distinct acts within six months	"	XI.		
if the offence relates to money, bank note, &c., allegation in the indictment, of the embezzlement or fraudulent application of money, sufficient, without specifying the particular coin or security	"	XII.		
declaration in the indictment of the person to whom the property embezzled belongs, or any description of the property, other than its general character, not necessary, and the mention of the capacity in which the accused received the property embezzled, sufficient	"	XIII.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Breach of Trust; the Court before which any offender is tried may make amendments necessary by reason of variance between the statements and evidence as to description of property, person, &c. -	XIII.	XIV.		
offenders may be tried and punished by any Court of competent jurisdiction -	"	XV.		
punishment of offender not to lessen his own, or the liability of his sureties, to make good the loss -	"	XVI.		
penalty for persons charged with a breach of trust, but proved only to have knowingly furnished false accounts of money received or paid -	"	XVII.		
British Subjects; administration of estates of. [See Administrator-General.]				
C.				
Calcutta; first seven sections of Reg. I. of 1824, Bengal Code, made applicable to lands within, needed for public purpose -	I.	I.	-	Town of Calcutta.
Government securities on account of purchase-money reserved according to the 5th clause of sec. 6 of the said Regulation, with whom to be deposited -	"	II.		
interest of such securities, how to be applied and disposed of. [See Regulation.] -	"	III.		
lands in; how to be assessed -	XXIII.	I.	-	Calcutta.
lakhiraj tenures of what character shall be valid -	"	II.		
non-payment of assessment how leviable -	"	III.		
if paid by any tenant, he may deduct the amount from the rent payable to his landlord -	"	IV.		
Company's land revenue or rent to have priority of claim over all others upon the land or the property distrained -	"	V.		
the Collector's process of distraint for arrears not to be stayed, unless the amount be lodged with him -	"	VI.		
time limited for recovery of arrears becoming due after the passing of this Act -	"	VII.		
claims to lakhiraj tenures, how to be disposed of by the Collector and Commissioner -	"	VIII.		
penalty for obstructing or molesting the Collector or his subordinates in the execution of their duty -	"	IX.		
penalty for contempt committed in the Collector's cutcherry -	"	X.		
Collector to act under control of Superior Revenue Authorities -	"	XI.		
under 21 Geo. 3, c. 70, the Supreme Court shall have no jurisdiction over matters concerning the Calcutta ground-rents -	"	XII.		
all actions concerning ground-rents in, triable in the 24-Pergunnahs Civil Court -	"	XIII.		
meaning of "Collector" and "Commissioner," as used in this Act, explained -	"	XIV.		
part of Act XVI. of 1847, as relates to the election and time of holding office of the Municipal Commissioners for the town of, repealed -	XXXIX.	I.	-	Calcutta.
Commissioners shall continue to exercise their powers under the said Act until 1st March 1851, or until other provision be made -	"	II.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Coasting Trade of India may be carried on by other than British ships [<i>See Foreign Ships.</i>]	V.	-	-	General.
Colaba; ground and building taken for railway and other public purposes. [<i>See Bombay and Colaba.</i>]				
Commander-in-Chief may pardon persons convicted by Courts Martial for offences against Articles of War for the government of native soldiers and officers, or may remit any part of the punishment awarded against them	VI.	I.	-	General.
shall issue a warrant for granting pardon	"	II.		
warrant by whom to be countersigned	"	III.		
sheriff and gaolers shall give effect to the warrant	"	IV.		
Commission of Inquiry into the conduct of public servants. [<i>See Public Servants.</i>]				
Commissioners for the Improvement of the Town of Calcutta. [<i>See Calcutta.</i>]				
Confinement of State Prisoners. [<i>See State Prisoners.</i>]				
Coroner may hold inquest on a body lying dead within his jurisdiction, though the cause of death may not have arisen there	XLV.	I.	-	General.
Counsel allowed to persons on the trial of offences in Courts and before Magistrates under the Company's authority, and the accused may personally, or by his agent, make his defence	XXXVIII.	I.	-	General.
such Courts and Magistrates may allow any prosecution to be conducted by an agent	"	II.		
what particular persons shall act as agents	"	III.		
presence of prosecutor or accused now required by law, not to be dispensed with	"	IV.		
Court of Small Causes. [<i>See Small Debts.</i>]				
Cuttack; disputes concerning boundaries of Zemindaries between the tributary Mehals of, and the Regulation Provinces, how to be settled	XX.	I.		
D.				
Defaults of Public Accountants. [<i>See Public Accountants.</i>]				
Defence; counsel allowed for the, of prisoners. [<i>See Counsel.</i>]				
Deposits; forfeiture of, at sales of putnee tenures and lands belonging to judgment debtors. [<i>See Lands.</i>]				
District Moonsiffs; no person, by reason of place of birth or of descent, exempted from the jurisdiction of	III.	I.	-	-- Madras Presidency.
Drugs; administration of, [<i>See Poisoning.</i>]				
Duty; import and export trade in Aden, exempted from, [<i>See Aden.</i>]	X.	I.		
Duty on Tobacco in Bombay. [<i>See Tobacco.</i>]				
E.				
Embezzlement. [<i>See Breach of Trust.</i>]				
Estates of British Subjects; administration of. [<i>See Administrator General.</i>]				
F.				
Ferries, Public; Government may declare what shall be, establish new ones, and make changes therein	XXXV.	I.	-	Bombay.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Ferries, Public; tolls shall be settled from time to time - - - - -	XXXV.	II.		
— body of soldiery on their march exempted from tolls - - - - -	"	III.		
— boats to be provided, and the crew appointed by authority - - - - -	"	IV.		
— a toll-keeper to be appointed at every ferry station - - - - -	"	V.		
— a table of tolls to be hung up at ditto - - - - -	"	VI.		
— penalty for toll-keepers neglecting to hang up, or removing or altering the same - - - - -	"	VII.		
— penalty for toll-keepers asking or taking unauthorized tolls, or wilfully delaying passengers, &c. - - - - -	"	VIII.		
— penalty for persons refusing to pay the toll and obstructing the toll-keepers in the execution of their duty, as also for maliciously doing damage to any toll-bar, boat, and the table of tolls - - - - -	"	IX.		
— public boats shall be numbered and registered, and the names of all tindals and others, as also the toll-keepers, to be registered - - - - -	"	X.		
— rules shall be made for the management of the boats as to the number of passengers, and the quantity of goods, &c., to be carried at one trip; penalty for tindals, toll-keepers and others infringing such rules - - - - -	"	XI.		
— may be leased for any period not exceeding seven years - - - - -	"	XII.		
— established between the Island of Bombay and the main-land, and the adjacent islands, shall cross each way at least once daily - - - - -	"	XIII.		
— penalty for persons, without license, conveying for hire passengers' goods, &c., from any part of the Islands of Bombay and Colaba, across the harbour of Bombay to the mainland, or any adjacent islands; exemptions - - - - -	"	XIV.		
— penalty for persons, without license, conveying passengers, animals, &c., across any other arm of the sea, creek or river, to any point or place on the opposite bank within three miles on either side - - - - -	"	XV.		
— offences against this Act where to be heard and determined; penalties how recoverable - - - - -	"	XVI.		
— tolls, rents and penalties shall form a general fund, and how applicable - - - - -	"	XVII.		
— persons shall be appointed for carrying this Act into execution with salaries to be paid out of the fund - - - - -	"	XVIII.		
Fines to be added to punishments already inflicted on persons convicted in the Company's Courts of offences concerning property, and the same may be distributed among the sufferers. [See Property] - - - - -	XVI.	I.	- -	General.
Foreign Ships may convey goods and passengers from one part of the Company's Territories to another - - - - -	V.	- -	- -	General.
G.				
Governor-general, power of, during his absence in the North Western Provinces from the Council of India - - - - -	XXII.	I.		
— Act when to take effect - - - - -	"	II.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
H.				
Hindoos; right of inheritance of. [See Inheritance.]				
I.				
Improvement of Towns. [See Municipal.]				
Inheritance; right of, of Hindoos and Mahomedans not impaired at law by reason of their renouncing or having been excluded from the communion of any religion - - - - -	XXI.	I.		
Inquiry into the conduct of Public Servants. [See Public Servants.]				
J.				
Jails; confinement of state prisoners in. [See State Prisoners.]				
Joint Stock Companies; of what nature and character will be entitled to registration - - - - -	XLIII.	I.		General.
Supreme Courts may on petition, order registration of - - - - -	"	II.		
Petition, containing certain particulars, to be filed, with a deed of partnership and a list of directors and shareholders verified by the secretary or manager - - - - -	"	III.		
directors shall call for a meeting of shareholders to resolve upon the registration of, which have been carried on before registration without any provision for registration in the deed of partnership - - - - -	"	IV.		
resolution for registration of one-half of the shareholders owning one-half of the shares, shall be binding on the company - - - - -	"	V.		
the petition for registration to contain certain other particulars concerning the meeting - - - - -	"	VI.		
liability of directors to the company shall not disqualify it for registration, but such directors shall cease to continue as such - - - - -	"	VII.		
registered companies shall be subject to the following regulations - - - - -	"	VIII.		
one or more ordinary general meetings to be held every year - - - - -	"	"	1.	
seven shareholders may call an extra general meeting - - - - -	"	"	2.	
purchasing their own shares, or lending money on the security of such shares, shall be deemed breach of trust - - - - -	"	"	3.	
registered companies prohibited from making any loan of, or securities for money to any director or registered officer, except in the case of banking companies - - - - -	"	"	4.	
members of a local committee at any branch or agency not to become security for any person in any transaction with the company, nor shall they incur any uncovered liability - - - - -	"	"	5.	
the accounts to be audited half-yearly - - - - -	"	"	6.	
auditor's report, balances and accounts to be filed in the Court, and furnished to the shareholders on demand - - - - -	"	"	7.	

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Joint Stock Companies; disobedience on the part of directors to any order of the Supreme Court for enforcing performance of their duties, shall be deemed contempt of Court - - - -	XLIIII.	IX.		
_____ a memorial of partners, with particulars, and of directors and registered officers, to be filed within the first week of January and July, and all changes as they shall happen -	"	X.		
_____ names of two or more persons holding any share to be entered in the memorial; in case of other registered companies owning shares, the name of such companies to be entered only - - - -	"	XI.		
_____ memorials by whom to be signed, and how verified - -	"	XII.		
_____ copy of registered deed or memorial shall be received in evidence before all courts - - -	"	XIII.		
_____ all persons to be allowed to inspect or to have copies of deeds or memorials - - - -	"	XIV.		
_____ fees to be established by the Court for Registering Deeds and Memorials, and allowing inspection and furnishing copies thereof - -	"	XV.		
_____ shares how transferable - - - -	"	XVI.		
_____ shares not transferable until all calls due by holders of such shares shall have been paid -	"	XVII.		
_____ memorial to be made and filed of such transfers - - -	"	XVIII.		
_____ transfers when to be deemed complete, and the liability of the shareholder when to cease, and that of the purchaser to commence - -	"	XIX.		
_____ Supreme Court may order material errors in memorials filed to be corrected - - - -	"	XX.		
_____ directors may close register of transfers for 14 days before payment of dividend - - - -	"	XXI.		
_____ the Company shall not see to any trust to which a share is subject. A receipt from what persons shall be a sufficient discharge for dividends - - - -	"	XXII.		
_____ a registered company shall sue and be sued in the name of the company. Service of process on a registered officer sufficient - -	"	XXIII.		
_____ the registered company may be named in any indictment or information for any offence against their money or goods - - - -	"	XXIV.		
_____ suits proceeded with in the name of the company shall be non-suited, unless begun by order of competent persons on behalf of the company - - - -	"	XXV.		
_____ suits, indictments, &c., shall not be prejudiced by reason of change in the partnership or direction -	"	XXVI.		
_____ no suits by or against the company shall be affected by the defendant or plaintiff being a shareholder of the company - - - -	"	XXVII.		
_____ unpaid capital on account of the capital stock of the company, how recoverable - - - -	"	XXVIII.		
_____ a registered company committing an act of forfeiture shall be liable to the jurisdiction of the Insolvent Court - - - -	"	XXIX.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Joint Stock Companies; adjudication of forfeiture not to affect individual members of the company	XLIII.	XXX.		
the assignee shall be vested with the whole of the real and personal property of the company, with all their other rights mentioned	"	XXXI.		
the assignee may compromise any debts or claims belonging to the company	"	XXXII.		
directors when unable to meet engagements shall publish a resolution of their inability, and what shall be the effect of such resolution	"	XXXIII.		
creditors may petition the Insolvent Court if the company do not satisfy judgments within two months, and how the Court shall act in such case	"	XXXIV.		
upon filing of any petition the Court shall make the like vesting order in favour of the assignee as in individual cases	"	XXXV.		
the directors shall furnish a balance sheet and accounts, and assist the assignee in closing the affairs of the company	"	XXXVI.		
creditors of the company shall not enforce their claim against any shareholder otherwise than under this Act, except for any special contract in his individual capacity	"	XXXVII.		
the official assignee shall assess the amount of liability of the company among the shareholders, non-payment by them within the period ordered shall be an act of insolvency	"	XXXVIII.		
if full satisfaction cannot be obtained within reasonable time from the incumbent shareholders, persons who shall have been shareholders within three years before the adjudication shall be assessed to such amount as the Court may order	"	XXXIX.		
the Court may make allowances for unrealized assets of the company	"	XL.		
no assessment shall be set aside by reason of excess of others: the Court may reduce any assessment	"	XLI.		
if on realizing the assets a balance shall remain after paying the company's debts, the same how to be disposed of	"	XLII.		
liability of certain retired shareholders to contribute	"	XLIII.		
what proceeding shall be adopted in cases where the aid of a Court of Equity is necessary for closing the affairs of the company	"	XLIV.		
Supreme Court may make orders for claims of any shareholder against another	"	XLV.		
whenever any shareholder shall be adjudged an insolvent, the assignee shall rank as a creditor of his estate on behalf of the company	"	XLVI.		
after the affairs of any registered company are closed under this Act, the partnership shall be dissolved	"	XLVII.		
Schedule	"			
Judicial Officers protected from being sued in any Civil Court for any official act, as well as persons belonging to their Courts for executing their orders	XVIII.			

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Jurisdiction of Sudder Ameens and District Moonsiffs in the Madras Presidency extended. [See District Moonsiffs and Sudder Ameens] - - - -	III.	I.		
Justices of the Peace in the Straits Settlements vested with the powers of those for the Town of Calcutta in trying and punishing larcenies, &c. [See Straits Settlements.]				
L.				
Land Revenue of Calcutta. [See Calcutta.]				
Land; forfeited deposits at sale of, under Regulation VIII. of 1819 and Act IV. of 1846, no longer to be regarded as part of the proceeds - - - -	XXV.	I.	- -	Bengal.
— such forfeitures, how to be applied hereafter - - - -	"	II.		
Lands in Calcutta taken for public purposes; law for confirming title to. [See Calcutta and Regulation.] - - - -	I.			
Larcenies, trial and punishment of, in the Straits Settlements. [See Straits Settlements.]				
M.				
Magistrates in the Straits Settlements vested with the powers of those for the Town of Calcutta. [See Straits Settlements.]				
Mahomedans, right of inheritance of. [See Inheritance.]				
Malacca. [See Beggars. Pawnbrokers.]				
Merchant Seamen, registry of. [See Registry.]				
Military Offences. [See Commander-in-Chief.]				
Moonsiffs. [See District Moonsiffs.]				
— sections 10 and 12, Regulation XXVI. of 1814, Bengal Code, made applicable to suits in the Courts of, in the Bengal Presidency - - - -	XV.	I.	- -	Bengal.
— Act XII. of 1843 shall apply to points to be established, or on which proofs are required by the Court - -	"	II.		
Municipal Improvements; this Act may take effect in any town or suburb beyond the towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, if the inhabitants are desirous for making - - - -	XXVI.	II.	- -	General.
— Application for having the Act put in force in any town or suburb, how to be notified for ascertaining the wishes of the inhabitants - - - -	"	III.		
— this done, notice to be given of a final order as to whether the Act shall or shall not take effect wholly or partially in such town - - - -	"	IV.		
— publication of such order shall be evidence that the provisions of this Act have been complied with, and that it is thenceforth in force within the town - - - -	"	V.		
— Commissioners shall be appointed, with authority for preparing Rules for the purposes of the Act - - - -	"	VI.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Municipal Improvements; what shall be the objects of the Rules -	XXVI.	VII.		
Commissioners shall make contracts, and apply the taxes raised in necessary works and expenses -	"	VIII.		
Commissioners not personally liable for any contract, but shall be liable for misapplication of monies -	"	IX.		
arrears of taxes and penalties, how recoverable -	"	X.		
no rate shall be invalid for defect of form; description of property as generally known sufficient; naming the owner or occupier not necessary -	"	XI.		
moveable property shall be seized and sold for arrears of tax -	"	XII.		
Commissioners shall send up to the Government every year an account of all works executed and sums received and spent by them -	"	XIII.		
Government may suspend the operation of this Act in any town, and appoint persons to report upon the behaviour of the Commissioners, or any of them, or their officers -	"	XIV.		
Municipal Law of Calcutta amended so far as regards the Commissioners. [See Calcutta.]				
N.				
Native Officers and Soldiers. [See Soldiers.]				
O.				
Offences, Military, pardon of. [See Commander-in-Chief.]				
Officers, Native Military. [See Soldiers.]				
P.				
Pardon of Military Offences. [See Commander-in-Chief.]				
Passes granted to ships belonging to native Princes or States in alliance with the East India Company, wherever the same may have been built. [See Ships.]	XI.			
Pawnbrokers shall take out a license from the Superintendent of Police of the station where their shop is situated -	XL.	II.		
penalty for persons trading as, without license, and taking in pledge goods for loans under 150 dollars -	"	III.		
penalty for licensed, taking goods on pawn between sunset and sunrise -	"	IV.		
penalty for pledging or buying goods belonging to European or native soldiers without authority from the commanding officer -	"	V.		
penalty for pledging or buying goods from any child apparently under age -	"	VI.		
shall report to the Superintendent of Police all cases of suspicion, keep proper entries of every article pledged, and give a duplicate of the entry to the person pawning, in default what shall be the penalty -	"	VII.		

- - Straits Settlements.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Pawnbrokers; penalty for failing to produce all entries before the police officer whenever called upon to do so - - -	XL.	VIII.		
penalties may be imposed on conviction before two Justices of the Peace, and how to be levied - - -	"	IX.		
Act when to take effect - - -	"	X.		
Pleaders; Section 8, Act IV., of 1846, not applicable to private agreements between parties and their pleaders before the passing of that Act - - -	XXX.	I.	- -	General.
allowed for the defence of prisoners in the Company's Courts. [See Counsel.]				
Poisoning for doing bodily harm; how punishable - - -	XXIX.	I.	- -	General.
with intent to murder, but the offence proved to be one under this Act, how punishable - - -	"	II.		
Act to be construed with and as part of Act XXXI. of 1838 - - -	"	III.		
Prince of Wales' Island. [See Beggars. Pawnbrokers.]				
Principal Sudder Ameens within the Bengal Presidency empowered to confirm decisions on certain appeals without any notice to the respondents. [See Appeals and Regulations] - - -	VIII.			
Prisoners may be removed from one prison to another within the Company's Territories by order of the Governor or Governor in Council of any Presidency, without application to the Superior Criminal Court - - -	VII.	II.	- -	General.
time of removal shall reckon as part of the period of imprisonment - Prisoners. [See State Prisoners.]	"	III.		
Property; fine may be added to punishment awarded by Criminal Courts in the Company's Territories to persons convicted of offences concerning, not exceeding the value thereof, and may be distributed among the sufferers -	XVI.	I.	- -	General.
payment of such fines, how to be enforced - - -	"	II.		
Protection of Judicial Officers. [See Judicial Officers.]				
Public Accountants to give security for the discharge of their trusts, and account of monies coming in their possession -	XII.	I.	- -	General.
amount of security, how to be fixed - - -	"	II.		
definition of a Public Accountant - - -	"	III.		
how and by whom to be proceeded against for defalcations -	"	IV.		
Laws for the recovery of arrears of Land Revenue due to Government, and for recovery of damages by persons wrongfully proceeded against for any such arrear, shall apply to Public Accountants - - -	"	V.		
sales of estates made before the passing of this Act for satisfaction of security bonds, how to be dealt with - - -	"	VI.		
Public Servants; Government may order a formal inquiry into charges against -	XXXVII.	II.	- -	General.
inquiry to whom to be entrusted - - -	"	III.		
Government to appoint some person to conduct the prosecution - - -	"	IV.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Public Servants; penalty for persons making false accusations, which shall be reduced to writing, and verified by oath; accusation on oath not necessary on the part of Government	XXXVII.	V.		
an accuser shall furnish security that he shall prosecute the charge thoroughly, and answer any countercharge against him for malicious prosecution or perjury	"	VI.		
Government may abandon the prosecution, and allow the accuser to continue it	"	VII.		
powers of the Commissioners of Inquiry	"	VIII.		
penalty for disobeying any process for the purposes of the Commission	"	IX.		
a copy of the articles of charge and list of documents and witnesses, when to be delivered to the accused	"	X.		
at the beginning of the inquiry the articles shall be openly read, and the accused required to plead guilty or not guilty; non-attendance on his part will be construed into admission of the charge	"	XI.		
the prosecutor shall then address the Commissioners in explanation of the charge	"	XII.		
examination of witnesses, how to be conducted	"	XIII.		
Commissioners may, before the close of the case for the prosecution, allow new evidence: the accused in such case may have the proceedings adjourned for three clear days	"	XIV.		
accused shall make his defence orally, or in writing	"	XV.		
evidence for the defence, how to be taken	"	XVI.		
witnesses shall be examined on oath, and for false evidence shall be liable to the penalties of perjury: a private prosecutor may be examined for both sides	"	XVII.		
notes taken in English of all oral evidence shall be read to each witness	"	XVIII.		
the inquiry shall end if the accused makes only an oral defence, and offers no evidence; in case of a written defence and exhibition of evidence, the prosecutor may make a general reply, and produce new evidence	"	XIX.		
Commissioners may order amendments of any articles of charge not clearly drawn, and may, on application by either party, adjourn the inquiry	"	XX.		
after close of the inquiry Commissioners shall report to the Government the proceedings, with their opinion	"	XXI.		
Government may order further investigation, and in case of Special Commissioners consult the authority to which the accused may be subordinate, and will pass final orders thereon	"	XXII.		
meaning of the word "Government" as used in this Act, explained	"	XXIII.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Public Servants; this Act not to affect any Act or Regulation for the suspension of uncovenanted Judicial and Revenue Officers, but a commission may sit for their trial - - - - -	XXXVII.	XXIV.		
the authority of Government for suspending or removing any public servant without an inquiry to remain unaffected - - - - -	"	XXV.		
Public Works. [See Railways.]				
Putnee Lands; forfeiture of deposits at sales under Regulation VIII. of 1819. [See Lands.]				
Putnee Tenures; petition to the Civil Court for the sale of, no longer necessary; one to the Collector sufficient - - - - -	XXXIII.	I.	- -	Bengal.
sales held without presenting such petitions to Civil Courts, and for the reversal of which no suit was commenced before 4th April 1850, declared valid - - - - -	"	II.		
putneedars whose tenures have been sold before this Act, without presenting such petitions to Civil Courts, may sue zemindars for actual loss sustained by them - - - - -	"	III.		
R.				
Railway; grounds and buildings taken for, in Bombay and Colaba. [See Bombay and Colaba.]				
Railways declared public work within the meaning of Regulation I. of 1824, Bengal Code - - - - -	XLII.	I.	- -	- - Bengal Presidency.
power of persons employed in surveying lands for, or other public works	"	II.		
the proper officer of Government shall take account of all necessary damage for awarding compensation	"	III.		
penalty for obstructing or doing damages to railway works - - - - -	"	IV.		
the officer may take immediate possession of lands required, and the consideration how to be paid; obstruction of possession how to be dealt with - - - - -	"	V.		
surrender of lands, how to be enforced in case of impediment - - - - -	"	VI.		
lands may be temporarily occupied for the purposes of, and compensation allowed for such occupation, and any damage done to the lands - - - - -	"	VII.		
the officer may execute award, and do all things for completing the work without reporting to the local government - - - - -	"	VIII.		
lands taken otherwise than according to Regulation I. of 1824 shall vest in the East India Company after five years, if no claim were preferred during that period - - - - -	"	IX.		
the five years how to be reckoned	"	X.		
in cases of suits begun in five years, and the right of plaintiffs established, the claim how to be adjusted - - - - -	"	XI.		
Register Office for Merchant Seamen to be established at the ports of the several Presidencies, and other ports as shall be necessary - - - - -	XXVII.	I.	- -	General.
a Registrar to be appointed, with establishment - - - - -	"	II.		

(continued)

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Register Office; each Registrar shall, with two sureties, execute bonds to the East India Company for the faithful performance of his duty and due application of all monies	XXVII.	III.		
conditions of registry of persons to serve as seamen on board vessels navigating from any of the Company's ports, and registered as a British vessel	"	IV.		
every seaman appearing at the office shall be registered	"	V.		
a register ticket to be given for a fee to every seaman, containing a description of him, and the class he belongs to	"	VI.		
a seaman losing his ticket, shall have another on payment of an extra fee, if no fraud has been committed	"	VII.		
the tickets of seamen when in prison, how to be taken care of; whenever seamen are sentenced to death or transportation, their tickets to be sent to the Registrar	"	VIII.		
list of cancelled and lost tickets to be published from time to time and sent to different public officers mentioned	"	IX.		
penalty for masters of vessels engaging unregistered seamen or those with cancelled tickets	"	X.		
penalty for persons applying for register tickets making false statements	"	XI.		
penalty for abuse of tickets	"	XII.		
penalty for persons retaining register tickets of seamen of which they have come in possession, either by death of such seaman or otherwise	"	XIII.		
penalty of seamen for tendering to masters of vessels cancelled tickets, or tickets not lawfully issued to them	"	XIV.		
penalties by whom to be imposed and how levied	"	XV.		
fees received by the Registrar, how to be applied; a yearly duty to be levied on vessels of certain capacity for the same purpose	"	XVI.		
Schedules (A.) and (B.)	"			
Registration of Joint Stock Companies.— [See Joint Stock Companies.]				
Registry of Ships. [See Ships.]				
Regulation I. of 1824; first seven sections of, Bengal Code, made applicable to lands within Calcutta needed for public purpose. [See Calcutta.]	I.	I.		
VI. of 1793, section 10 of—				
XII. of 1797, section 3 of—				
XXVI. of 1814, section 8, of Bengal Code, modified. [See Appeals.]	IV.			Bengal.
V. of 1831, clause 3, section 16 of, Bengal Code, extended to Principal Sudder Ameens. [See Appeal and Principal Sudder Ameens.]	VIII.	I.		Bengal.
VII. of 1832, section 9, Bengal Code, the principle of, extended throughout the Company's territories	XXI.			General.
XXVI. of 1814, sections 10 and 12 of, Bengal Code, made applicable to suits in the Moonsiffs' Courts in the Bengal Presidency. [See Moonsiffs.]	XV.	I.		Bengal.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Regulations XXXIII. of 1827, and XV. of 1828, Bombay Code, repealed - -	XXIV.	I.		
Regulation VIII. of 1819; so much of section 9, Bengal Code, as relates to forfeiture of deposits at sales of land under the above Regulation being regarded as part of the proceeds, repealed. [See Land and Putnee Tenures.] - -	XXV.	I.		Bengal.
— VIII. of 1819, clause 2, section 8, Bengal Code, modified - -	XXXIII.			
— III. of 1818, Bengal Code, explained and extended - -	XXXIV.			
— VII. of 1830, passed by the Governor of the Straits settlements, and Regulation XI. of 1833, Bengal Code, repealed, with certain exceptions - -	XL.	I.		
— I. of 1824, Bengal Code, extended in certain respects - -	XLII.			
— IV. of 1819, Bengal Code, rescinded - -	XLIV.	I.		
Religion, renouncing, no bar to the right of inheritance. [See Inheritance.]				
Restitution of the value of stolen property. [See Property.]				
Revenue, Land, of Calcutta. [See Calcutta.]				
Revenue Board. [See Board.]				
S.				
Sale of Putnee Tenures. [See Putnee Lands.]				
Salt, Customs duty on, passing into or out of foreign European territories leviable within the Bombay Presidency - -	XXXI.	I.		Bombay.
— the same to be levied under what rules and restrictions - -	"	II.		
— penalty for passing illicit salt - -	"	III.		
— passed or attempted to be passed contrary to this Act shall be liable to confiscation with conveyances and packages - -	"	IV.		
— informers may be rewarded through whose means seizures may be made - -	"	V.		
— penalty for persons using new, or reopening salt-works, without permission of Government - -	"	VI.		
— Government may suppress any work not producing a yearly average of 5,000 maunds - -	"	VII.		
— applicability of section 7, Act XXVII., of 1837 - -	"	VIII.		
Seamen, Registry of. [See Registry.]				
Seamen (Merchant); masters of registered vessels shall, before putting to sea, make an agreement with his crew, with certain specifications - -	XXVIII.	I.		
— agreement, how to be drawn and executed - -	"	II.		
— certified copy of the agreement shall be evidence on behalf of the seamen; they are not required to produce agreement, and, in case of non-production, may establish their claims by other evidence - -	"	III.		
— agreements purporting to deprive seamen of their right or claim to wages or salvage, not binding upon them - -	"	IV.		
— their wages to be calculated by the calendar month - -	"	V.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Seamen (Merchant); authority to the registrar to receive part of the wages of seamen during their absence, for the maintenance of their families - - -	XXVIII.	VI.		
such payments, when to cease - - -	"	VII.		
such receipts and payments to be entered in a book, and authenticated by the Registrar. - - -	"	VIII.		
Registrar shall, at the time of agreement, explain to the seamen the conditions on which they can allot a part of their pay to their families - - -	"	IX.		
penalty for masters not delivering to the Registrar, before leaving the port, a list of every seaman engaged by him in the Company's territories - - -	"	X.		
penalty for persons obstructing the Registrar or his assistant in examining the seamen on board, in order to prevent their being unlawfully shipped - - -	"	XI.		
Registrar may stay the grant of port clearance if the master, owner or agent evade or neglect these provisions - - -	"	XII.		
balance of wages to be paid to the seamen within seven days after the arrival of the vessel at the port where the voyage ends, or after the end of their services - - -	"	XIII.		
penalty for non-payment of the wages as prescribed above - - -	"	XIV.		
wages due to deceased seamen, to whom to be made over, and how to be disposed of afterwards - - -	"	XV.		
penalty for masters not paying the wages due to deceased seamen within 10 days after the vessel's arrival at the port of registry - - -	"	XVI.		
subsistence and passage of seamen, how to be provided for by masters whenever the vessel is sold at any port out of the Company's territories, or where their services shall end - - -	"	XVII.		
the expenses incurred for the above purpose by any person other than the master, how recoverable - - -	"	XVIII.		
the above two sections shall not apply to seamen who may give their consent to be discharged - - -	"	XIX.		
in cases of disasters, seamen entitled to wages up to the time of wreck or loss of ships - - -	"	XX.		
allowance of provisions at reduced rates to be compensated by increased wages, proportionately - - -	"	XXI.		
assignment of seamen's wages, &c. before the accruing thereof, or irrevocable power of attorney for receipt of wages, &c. not valid - - -	"	XXII.		
penalty for owners not supplying a vessel with the requisite medicine and appliances - - -	"	XXIII.		
expense of medical treatment of master, officer or seamen, and his subsistence until return to port, shall be defrayed by the owner - - -	"	XXIV.		
penalty for seamen not working out their advance in vessels other than those for which their services are engaged, but which are prevented by accidents from going on their intended voyage - - -	"	XXV.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Seamen (Merchant), Registrar may grant license to brokers to procure, and to keepers of lodging-houses to allow seamen to be engaged there - - - -	XXVIII.	XXVI.		
penalty for unauthorized persons engaging seamen and obtaining their register ticket for engaging them on any vessel, and for persons obtaining any consideration from seamen for engaging them - - - -	"	XXVII.		
brokers shall forfeit their license for engaging seamen in unlicensed lodging-houses, and for being interested in such lodging-houses - -	"	XXVIII.		
penalty for ill-advising seamen and concealing deserters - -	"	XXIX.		
penalty for a seaman refusing to join vessel or to go to sea, and for absenting without leave, or deserting - - - -	"	XXX.		
penalty for seamen absenting from or refusing to perform their duties, and for leaving without permission, after arrival of vessels at port of delivery - - - -	"	XXXI.		
forfeitures to the owner for desertion - - - -	"	XXXII.		
excess of wages paid to substitutes of deserters at out-ports, how recoverable - - - -	"	XXXIII.		
what shall constitute a desertion - - - -	"	XXXIV.		
penalty for harbouring or concealing deserters - -	"	XXXV.		
debts exceeding three rupees incurred by seamen after being engaged, not recoverable till the end of their services; penalty for keepers of lodging-houses detaining for alleged debts, chests, tools, &c. of seamen -	"	XXXVI.		
penalty for masters not replacing provisions, water and medicines on board ship declared by Surveying Officer as unfit for use -	"	XXXVII.		
adequate shelter to be provided for every seaman, and in default they shall be entitled to what compensation - - - -	"	XXXVIII.		
penalties how and by whom to be imposed, and how recoverable - - - -	"	XXXIX.		
claims for wages or forfeitures by whom to be determined, and the amount with cost how recoverable - - - -	"	XL.		
definition of "master," "seamen," "owner," and "agent" as used in this Act - - - -	"	XLI.		
Schedules A. and B.	"			
Servants. [See Public Servants.]				
Ships; passes issued under section 24 of Act X. of 1841 may be issued to, belonging to Native Princes or States in alliance with the East India Company or their subjects, wherever they may have been built - - - -	XI.	II.		General,
owned by British Subjects entitled to registry under Act X. of 1841, or by Native Princes or their subjects, and employed only in coasting voyage or between the Continent of India and Ceylon, may be registered and obtain passes - - - -	"	III.		
fees payable for certificates of registry - - - -	"	IV.		
this Act to be construed with Act X. of 1841 - - - -	"	V.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Singapore. [<i>See</i> <i>Beggars. Pawnbrokers. Straits Settlements.</i>]				*
Small Debts; Courts of Commissioners and of Requests for the recovery of, shall be held under this Act - - -	IX.	I.	- -	General.
application of the words "Governor in Council" or "Supreme Court" as used in this Act - -	"	II.		
all provisions of the Charter of Justice of King George the Second, and Acts of Parliament and of any Regulation, Act or Proclamation heretofore made for the constitution or practice of the Courts, repealed - -	"	III.		
Courts how to be styled - -	"	IV.		
jurisdiction of the Courts shall be to the extent as at present, and may be further extended from time to time - -	"	V.		
Courts under this Act shall be Courts of Record and Courts of Requests within the meaning of Act VII. of 1841, Section 6 - - -	"	VI.		
proceedings commenced before the passing of this Act how to be dealt with - - -	"	VII.		
the number of Judges not to exceed three, one of whom to be a Barrister - - -	"	VIII.		
the Judges restrained from practising as advocate or attorney in any of the Queen's or Company's Courts, and from trading - - -	"	IX.		
the Judges shall be removeable by order of the Governor-general in Council - - -	"	X.		
powers which may be exercised by the Judges of the Supreme Court in the Small Cause Court - - -	"	XI.		
duties to be performed by the clerk and bailiffs shall be performed in cases tried by a Judge of the Supreme Court by Supreme Court officers - -	"	XII.		
clerk or clerks may be appointed and removed by the Judges subject to the approval of the Governor in Council - - -	"	XIII.		
duties of the clerk defined - -	"	XIV.		
the Judges may appoint, suspend and dismiss bailiffs of the court - -	"	XV.		
duties of the bailiffs defined - -	"	XVI.		
penalty for clerks acting directly or indirectly as attorney or vakeel, or being concerned in any trade or profession; the same by whom and how leviable - - -	"	XVII.		
security to be given by the clerk and bailiffs - - -	"	XVIII.		
rates of fees payable - - -	"	XIX.		
rule for payment of fee or commission; Judges may grant summons to poor plaintiffs without deposit, or with a partial deposit of fees, and also may remit costs to poor suitors - -	"	XX.		
the amount of fees may be lessened and again increased, but not beyond the prescribed scale - -	"	XXI.		
rules to be made for securing the money in the hands of any officers, and for the application thereof - -	"	XXII.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Small Debts; the Court shall sit daily, except on certain holidays, and each of the Judges may sit apart and with either of them - - - - -	IX.	XXIII.		
persons forging the seal or any process of the Court, or making any use of the same, or any paper falsely purporting to be a copy thereof, shall be guilty of felony - - - - -	"	XXIV.		
amount of suits for debt or damage limited to 500 rupees; suits shall be heard and determined in a summary way; cases exempted from its jurisdiction - - - - -	"	XXV.		
on applications made for bringing a suit, what shall be the procedure of the Court - - - - -	"	XXVI.		
mis-statements of the cause of action, how to be rectified - - - - -	"	XXVII.		
what shall constitute liability of persons to the jurisdiction of the Court - - - - -	"	XXVIII.		
what course to be adopted for the service of any summons or other process of the Court out of its district - - - - -	"	XXIX.		
service of any summons or process out of the district of the Court, how to be proved - - - - -	"	XXX.		
any minor may sue for wages or piece-work, or for work as a servant - - - - -	"	XXXI.		
the Court shall have jurisdiction in cases not exceeding 500 rupees, as whole or part of the unliquidated balance of partnership account, or the amount of a distributive share under an intestacy, or of any legacy under a will - - - - -	"	XXXII.		
executors and administrators may sue or be sued as in his own right and judgment, and execution shall be the same as in the Supreme Court in like cases; no executor or administrator shall be summoned within six months after the death of the person whose executor or administrator he is - - - - -	"	XXXIII.		
plaintiffs not allowed to divide cause of action for bringing two or more suits, but having claims exceeding 500 rupees may abandon the excess - - - - -	"	XXXIV.		
persons exempted from liability to the processes of these Courts - - - - -	"	XXXV.		
service of process to any one of two or more defendants sufficient; every defendant who has satisfied a judgment may recover contribution from others jointly liable with him; in cases of misjoinder of defendants, the suit to be proceeded against such only against whom cause of action appears - - - - -	"	XXXVI.		
the Judges may determine questions of fact, law or equity - - - - -	"	XXXVII.		
on plaintiff and defendant appearing, how shall the Judges proceed - - - - -	"	XXXVIII.		
a defendant having a claim against the plaintiff may set the same against plaintiff's demand, and sue him for any balance due after such set-off - - - - -	"	XXXIX.		
the Judges may, with the consent of both parties, refer cases to arbitration - - - - -	"	XL.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Small Debts; the Judges shall, subject to the approval of the Supreme Court, frame rules for regulating the practice and proceedings of the Court, and forms for every proceeding and keeping books, entries and accounts; in cases not expressly provided for, the practice in the Supreme Court may be adopted - -	IX.	XXI.		
----- cause to be struck out if the plaintiff shall not appear, and if he shall appear, but fail to prove his demand, the Judges may nonsuit the plaintiff, or give judgment for the defendant; and, in either case, where the defendant shall appear and not admit the demand, the Judges may award to the defendant, by way of costs and satisfaction for his trouble, such sums as they may think fit; if the defendant appears while the plaintiff is absent, and admits the claim and pays the fees, the Court may give judgment as if the plaintiff had appeared - - - -	"	XXII.		
----- in case of non-appearance of defendant a writ of attachment may be issued to compel his attendance, or the cause may be heard <i>ex parte</i> , and the judgment shall be as valid as if both parties had attended; the Judges may, however, set aside any <i>ex parte</i> judgment, and grant new trial - - - -	"	XXIII.		
----- the Judges may grant time to either party to proceed, and from time to time adjourn any Court or the hearing of any cause - - - -	"	XXIV.		
----- defendant may pay into Court such sum as he shall think a full satisfaction for the plaintiff's demand and cost; if the plaintiff shall proceed and recover no further sum, he shall pay to the defendant the costs incurred by him after the payment - - - -	"	XXV.		
----- in trials, the parties, their wives and all other persons may be examined for either party, subject to the Regulations in force with respect to women of rank - - - -	"	XXVI.		
----- persons giving false evidence, on oath or affirmation, shall be guilty of perjury - - - -	"	XXVII.		
----- summonses to witnesses may be obtained with or without a clause for production of papers, and any number of names may be inserted - - - -	"	XXVIII.		
----- penalty for persons served with such summons refusing or neglecting to appear, or to produce the papers required, and for refusing to swear and give evidence - - - -	"	XXIX.		
----- in suits for sums exceeding 30 rupees, if any defendant evades process of the Court, or disposes of his property for defrauding the plaintiff or his creditors generally, or is about to withdraw his person and effects from the Court's jurisdiction, the Court may issue a warrant for the apprehension of such person, and commit him to gaol until security be given for his appearance until judgment - - - -	"	L.		
----- payment of fine, how to be enforced - - - -	"	LI.		
----- costs of actions or proceedings shall be paid by or apportioned between the parties, and in default of special direction shall abide the event of the action - - - -	"	LII.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Small Debts; Every Order and Judgment of the Court shall be final; but the Judges may nonsuit the plaintiff in default of proof, entitling either party to the judgment of the Court, and the Court may in every case order a new trial - - - - -	IX.	LIII.		
causes of what nature, and under what circumstances, may be removed into the Supreme Court - - - - -	"	LIV.		
under what circumstances questions of law or equity may be reserved for the opinion of the Supreme Court; if two Judges sit and differ in opinion the question may be referred to the Supreme Court - - - - -	"	LV.		
Judges may order debts, damages or costs to be paid by instalments - - - - -	"	LVI.		
in cases of cross judgments, executions shall be taken out only for the balance remaining of the larger sum, after deducting the smaller amount - - - - -	"	LVII.		
in default of payment of money ordered by the Court, execution may issue against the body or goods and chattels of the defaulter - - - - -	"	LVIII.		
in cases of instalments, execution shall not issue until after default of some instalment, and execution, or successive executions may then issue for the whole or part of the amount - - - - -	"	LIX.		
persons arrested in execution of a writ, how to be dealt with - - - - -	"	LX.		
persons shall not be imprisoned twice, nor execution issued against the body and goods at the same time under the same judgment - - - - -	"	LXI.		
persons suing out a warrant, shall deposit diet money for one week - - - - -	"	LXII.		
on the execution of a warrant, diet money for the remainder of the month in which the warrant is executed to be deposited with the keeper of the prison, and the same to be done monthly in advance so long as the debtor is to be kept in prison - - - - -	"	LXIII.		
in default of payment of the diet money, the prisoner shall be discharged - - - - -	"	LXIV.		
diet money spent, shall be costs in the cause, and that not spent, repaid to the creditor - - - - -	"	LXV.		
prisoners may be discharged on giving good security for payment of debt and costs in full or by instalments - - - - -	"	LXVI.		
on payment of the debt and costs in full, the prisoner shall be forthwith discharged - - - - -	"	LXVII.		
all property belonging to a prisoner, or afterwards acquired by him, shall be liable to be taken in execution after his discharge from prison for satisfaction of his debt and costs - - - - -	"	LXVIII.		
bailiffs in executing any process may seize goods, money, banknotes, cheques or securities for money - - - - -	"	LXIX.		
such cheques, &c. &c., shall be held by the clerk for the amount due by the defendant, and the plaintiff may sue in the name of the defendant for the amount secured thereby - - - - -	"	LXX.		

INDEX TO ACTS OF THE

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Small Debts; if from sickness or any sufficient cause, the defendant is unable to pay his debts or damages, judgment order or execution might be suspended until the cause of his disability has ceased	IX.	LXXI.		
sale of goods seized in execution, when to be made	"	LXXII.		
goods seized, where to be deposited	"	LXXIII.		
Judges may appoint persons for keeping possession, and others to be sworn brokers and appraisers, for the purpose of selling or valuing goods	"	LXXIV.		
such goods to be sold by one of such brokers and appraisers	"	LXXV.		
what shall be the costs of the appraisement and sale, and how they are to be applied	"	LXXVI.		
the clerk shall keep an account of the proceeds and of the amounts paid and reserved out of the same	"	LXXVII.		
judgment how to be executed when the defendant shall go out of the Court's jurisdiction before execution	"	LXXVIII.		
Writs of error or <i>supersedeas</i> sued for the reversing of any judgement, how allowed to be prosecuted, and that in cases of what amount	"	LXXIX.		
on payment, before sale of the goods, of the amount and costs, the goods seized in execution shall be discharged	"	LXXX.		
the clerk shall keep a record of all proceedings, which shall be authenticated by the Judges, and authenticated copies of such entries shall be admitted in all Courts	"	LXXXI.		
monies paid into Court on account of suitors, for six years, how applicable	"	LXXXII.		
penalty for misbehaviour in Court towards the Judges, clerks or other officers	"	LXXXIII.		
penalty for persons assaulting any officer or bailiff of the Court in the execution of his duty, and for rescuing persons arrested, or goods levied under process of the Court	"	LXXXIV.		
penalty for proved neglect of bailiffs to execute warrants	"	LXXXV.		
penalty for proved extortion or misconduct, or non-payment of money levied by any clerk, bailiff or officer of the Court	"	LXXXVI.		
penalty for any clerk, &c. exacting or accepting any unauthorized fee for any thing done for putting this Act into execution	"	LXXXVII.		
claims for goods seized in execution, the same belonging to persons not being the parties against whom the writ has issued, how to be satisfied	"	LXXXVIII.		
powers of Act VII. of 1847 shall be extended to the Court of Small Causes for the recovery of arrears of rent not exceeding 500 rupees	"	LXXXIX.		
affidavit of arrear may be made either by the principal or agent	"	XC.		
tenants or occupiers of houses paying a rent of 500 rupees per annum continuing to occupy without the owner's leave, or under an expired lease, or after notice to quit, to be summoned to show title to occupy the premises	"	XCI.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Small Debts; in default of tenants to comply with the requisition, the owner or agent shall give proof to the Court of his right to claim possession - - -	IX.	XCII.		
— upon proof of due service of the summons and of the neglect of the tenant, a warrant may be issued for giving possession of the premises -	”	XCIII.		
— if the tenant or occupier be out of the Court's jurisdiction, what will be deemed a due service - - -	”	XCIV.		
— no action shall be against the Judges or officers for issuing or executing the warrant or summons, by reason that the person suing out the same had no lawful right to the possession -	”	XCIV.		
— owners having right to the possession shall not be a trespasser for irregularity in the mode of proceeding for obtaining possession, but the party aggrieved may recover damages specially laid - - -	”	XCVI.		
— absence of lawful right to the possession of the premises at the time of suing out the warrant shall be a trespass against the tenant or occupier, and he may sue the person suing out the warrant, execution upon the warrant being stayed until judgment be given in the action of trespass - - -	”	XCVII.		
— recovery of possession no bar to a regular suit in the Supreme Court for trying the title of the house, &c. -	”	XCVIII.		
— bonds shall be made to the other party to the action on its removal, or upon staying, delaying or reversing any judgment or execution, or the execution of any warrant of possession, or on moving for a new trial, or to set aside a verdict, judgment or nonsuit -	”	XCIX.		
— actions against any officer of the Small Cause Court, except in certain cases, may be brought in the Supreme Court by the party suing - -	”	C.		
— in actions in the Supreme Court for less than 500 rupees on contract, or less than 100 rupees for wrong, the plaintiff shall recover such sum only and no costs, and how the question of costs to be disposed of if there be no verdict for plaintiff - - -	”	CI.		
— no costs shall be allowed in suits brought in the Supreme Court against the clerk, bailiff or officer for grievances under pretence of the Court's process, where the damage does not exceed 500 rupees, - - -	”	CII.		
— penalties, fines and forfeiture authorized by this Act, how to be levied	”	CIII.		
— for nonpayment of penalties, &c., forthwith upon conviction, the offender to be detained until return of warrant of distress of his property -	”	CIV.		
— if sufficient distress cannot be had, the offender how to be dealt with	”	CV.		
— the monies levied as penalties, &c. to be paid to the clerk of the Court, and how applied - - -	”	CVI.		

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Small Debts; proceedings to be adopted by a Justice or Magistrate in regard to penalties recoverable before him by this Act - - - - -	IX.	CVII.		
----- form of conviction for offences against this Act - - - - -	"	CVIII.		
----- no order, verdict or judgment or other proceeding, shall be quashed or vacated for want of form - - - - -	"	CIX.		
----- distress made under this Act shall not be unlawful, nor the person making it a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form, but the person aggrieved may bring an action for special damage - - - - -	"	CX.		
----- actions for anything done in pursuance of this Act to be commenced within three months, and notice of the same to be given to the defendant at least a month before commencement of action - - - - -	"	CXI.		
----- Schedule of fees - - - - -	"			
Soldiers, Native; shall not be entitled to pay or allowance when imprisoned under sentence of a Court Martial or Criminal Court, but shall be clothed and subsisted in manner directed by the Governor general in Council. [See Articles of War] - - - - -	XXXVI.	II.	- -	General.
State Prisoners may be confined by virtue of warrants under Regulation III. of 1818, Bengal Code, in any gaol of the Supreme Court, or any fortress or gaol in any part of the Company's territories - - - - -	XXXIV.	I.	- -	General.
----- the above Regulation extended to every sheriff, commandant or officer having, in custody - - - - -	"	II.		
----- confined within the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court under warrant of the Governor-general in Council, declared lawful - - - - -	"	III.		
Stolen Property; restitution of the value of. [See Property.]				
Straits Settlements; Magistrates and Justices of the Peace in the, vested with the powers given by Act XXI. of 1839, or Act III. of 1842, to the Calcutta Justices of the Peace for the trial and punishment of certain larcenies, felonies and assaults - - - - -	XIV.	I.		
----- how the above Acts to be read in applying them to the - - - - -	"	II.		
----- Magistrates or Justices of the Peace in the, shall be deemed Magistrates within the meaning of Act III. of 1844 - - - - -	"	III.		
----- penalty for persons failing to attend to give evidence before any Magistrate or Justice of the Peace - - - - -	"	IV.		
Straits Settlements. [See Beggars. Pawn-brokers.]				
Subathoo and its annexed territories no longer subject in civil cases to the Agra Sudder Court, except as to cases now before it - - - - -	XXXII.	I.	- -	- - North Western Provinces.

	ACT.	SECTION.	CLAUSE.	TERRITORIAL SCOPE OF THE ACTS.
Sudder Ameens; no person by reason of place of birth or of descent exempted from the jurisdiction of. [See Acts] -	III.	I.	- -	-- Madras Presidency.
Sudder, Board of Revenue in the Lower Provinces and the Board of Customs, Salt and Opium, consolidated - - -	XLIV.	II.	- -	Bengal.
----- the Board how to be styled hereafter. [See Board of Revenue] -	"	III.		
Sudder Dewanny Adawlut. [See Appeals.]				
T.				
Tobacco: special duties leviable on, imported into the Island of Bombay - -	XXIV.	II.	- -	Bombay.
----- drawback not allowable, except as provided - - - - -	"	III.		
----- this Act not to affect the provisions of any former law for enforcing payment of the special duty - -	"	IV.		
Towns, Improvement of. [See Municipal Improvements.]				
Tributary Mehals Cuttack. [See Cuttack.]				
Trust [See Breach of Public Accountants.]				
V.				
Vagrants. [See Beggars.]				
Z				
Zemindaries; boundary disputes concerning, in the Tributary Mehals in Cuttack. [See Cuttack.]				

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