

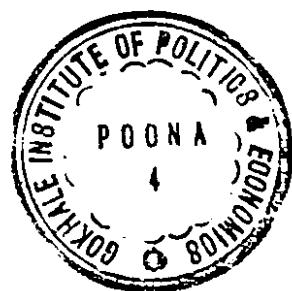
[FIFTIETH ISSUE]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE AND STATISTICS, INDIA

Agricultural Statistics of India

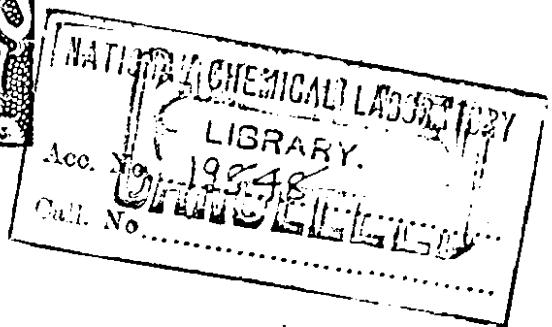
1933-34

Volume I



Area, Classification of Area, Area under Irrigation,
Area under Crops, Live-Stock, Land Revenue
Assessment and Harvest Prices in British India.

Published by order of the Governor-General in Council



DELHI: MANAGER OF PUBLICATIONS
1936

[No. 2875.]

CONTENTS

	PAGES
INTRODUCTORY NOTE	i—ix
(1) Map of India showing the departure of area sown and that of rainfall in 1933-34 from the average of the preceding ten years	<i>Frontispiece</i>
CHARTS illustrating—	
(2) Total area sown, area under food crops, current fallows (reversed), and variations in rainfall as compared with normal	xi
(3) Total cultivable area, total uncultivable area, net area sown, culturable waste other than fallow, and current fallows	xii
(4) Total area sown, total area under food crops, total irrigated area sown, and total area under non-food crops	xiii
(5) Area under rice, wheat, millets, oilseeds, cotton, jute, and other crops	xiv
(6) Total area sown and area under different crops	xv
(7) Total live-stock divided between bovine, ovine, and others	xvi
(8) Shares of provinces in the total area under principal crops	xvii
(9) Harvest prices of principal crops	xviii

SUMMARY TABLES

No.		
1. General summary, 1914-15 to 1933-34		2—3
2. Area cultivated and uncultivated in 1933-34		4
3. Area under irrigation in 1933-34		5
4. Area under different crops cultivated in 1933-34		6—7
5. Number of live-stock, ploughs, and carts		8—9
6. Area assessed and incidence of the land revenue assessment on area and population		10—11
7. Harvest prices of principal crops in 1933-34		12
8. Comparative statement showing acreage under certain crops in various countries of the World in 1934		13

GENERAL TABLES

TABLE I.—AREA

9. British India		14—15
10. Ajmer-Merwara		16
11. Assam		16—17
12. Bengal		18—19
13. Bihar and Orissa		20
14. Bombay		21—22
15. Burma		23—26
16. Central Provinces and Berar		27—28
17. Madras		29—30
18. North-West Frontier Province		31
19. Punjab		32—33
20. United Provinces		34—36

TABLE II.—CLASSIFICATION OF AREA

21. British India		37—38
22. Ajmer-Merwara		39
23. Assam		40
24. Bengal		41—42

GENERAL TABLES—*contd.*TABLE II.—CLASSIFICATION OF AREA—*contd.*

No.	PAGES
25. Bihar and Orissa	43—44
26. Bombay	45—46
27. Burma	47—50
28. Central Provinces and Berar	51—53
29. Madras	54—55
30. North-West Frontier Province	56
31. Punjab	57—58
32. United Provinces	59—62

TABLE III.—AREA UNDER IRRIGATION

33. British India	64—67
34. Ajmer-Merwara	68—69
35. Assam	70—71
36. Bengal	72—75
37. Bihar and Orissa	76—79
38. Bombay	80—83
39. Burma	84—91
40. Central Provinces and Berar	92—97
41. Madras	98—101
42. North-West Frontier Province	102—103
43. Punjab	104—107
44. United Provinces	108—115

TABLE IV.—AREA UNDER CROPS AND SPECIFICATION OF CROPS

45. British India	116—123
46. Ajmer-Merwara	124—125
47. Assam	126—129
48. Bengal	130—137
49. Bihar and Orissa	138—145
50. Bombay	146—153
51. Burma	154—165
52. Central Provinces and Berar	166—173
53. Madras	174—181
54. North-West Frontier Province	182—183
55. Punjab	184—191
56. United Provinces	192—207

TABLE V.—LIVE-STOCK, PLOUGHS, AND CARTS

57. British India	208—211
58. Ajmer-Merwara	212—213
59. Assam	214—215
60. Bengal	216—219
61. Bihar and Orissa	220—223
62. Bombay	224—229
63. Burma	230—237

GENERAL TABLES—*concl'd.*TABLE V.—LIVE-STOCK, FLOUGHS, AND CARTS—*concl'd.*

No.	PAGES
64. Central Provinces and Berar	238—243
65. Madras	244—247
66. North-West Frontier Province	248—249
67. Punjab	250—253
68. United Provinces	254—259

TABLE VI.—INCIDENCE OF THE LAND REVENUE ASSESSMENT ON AREA AND POPULATION

69. British India	260—267
70. Ajmer-Merwara	268—269
71. Assam	270—271
72. Bengal	272—275
73. Bihar and Orissa	276—279
74. Bombay	280—283
75. Burma	284—287
76. Central Provinces and Berar	288—291
77. Madras	292—295
78. North-West Frontier Province	296—297
79. Punjab	298—299
80. United Provinces	300—305

TABLE VII.—HARVEST PRICES

81. British India	306—307
82. Assam	308
83. Bengal	308—309
84. Bihar and Orissa	310—311
85. Bombay	312—313
86. Burma	314—317
87. Central Provinces and Berar	318—319
88. Madras	320—321
89. North-West Frontier Province	322
90. Punjab	323—324
91. United Provinces	325—327

(4)

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A—AVERAGE YIELD OF PRINCIPAL CROPS—

	PAGES
Introductory note	381—387

TABLES

No.

1. British India and Mysore	388—347
2. Ajmer-Merwara	348
3. Assam	<i>ib</i>
4. Bengal	349
5. Bihar and Orissa	350—361
6. Bombay Presidency	352
6A. Sind	<i>ib</i>
7. Burma	353
8. Central Provinces and Berar	354
9. Coorg	355
10. Delhi	<i>ib</i>
11. Madras	356
12. North-West Frontier Province	357
13. Punjab	358—359
14. United Provinces	360—361
15. Mysore	362

APPENDIX B—Glossary of Vernacular terms used in the Volume	363—366
---	----------------

APPENDIX C—Alphabetical List of Crops cultivated in India with their classification in Table IV	367—378
--	----------------

Index	375—381
------------------------	----------------

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

The Average Yield per Acre of Principal Crops in India.

A provisional estimate of the yield per acre of principal crops cultivated in India was first made in the year 1892 ; this estimate was based on the then available materials, namely, the various statistical publications, such as the periodical agricultural and settlement reports, crop forecasts, gazetteers, replies received in response to enquiries from the Famine Commission and other *ad hoc* bodies, etc. To provide for the periodical revision of the estimates, a system of experimental crop cuttings was first prescribed in 1893 by the Government of India. The results of these experiments are reported by Local Governments and Administrations at the close of each quinquennium and form principally the raw material for this volume. The returns for the last quinquennium ending 1931-32 have been scrutinised and tabulated in the appended tables.* These figures of outturns per acre are of some importance in view of the fact that they will form, during the present quinquennium (ending 1936-37), the basis for estimating the production of crops for which forecasts are prepared.

2. The estimate of standard yield should represent the average outturn on average soil in a year of average character, as deduced from the information obtained from experiments made up to the period under review. When, therefore, this average is multiplied by the average area sown, the result should give as near an approximation as possible to the outturn of the crop in an average year. The Departments of Agriculture or Land Records in the different provinces maintain standard estimates of the average yield of land of average quality (usually under the two major heads of irrigated and unirrigated land) for several crops in each district. The object of the experiments or investigations annually made is to test the accuracy of these estimates and to enable the head of the Department in each province to revise his provincial estimates, when necessary. Should it happen that the period has been one of exceptionally favourable or unfavourable conditions which have affected the experiments reported, this would not in itself necessarily involve a change in the standard estimates for the district or for the province, unless there are other reasons for believing that, as estimates of average yield in an average year, they have been pitched too high or too low.

3. On an examination of the relevant returns for the quinquennium ending 1911-12, it was felt that the results of the experiments as conducted by the district revenue staff were generally unreliable. A change in the system was therefore considered necessary ; and in 1915 the Government of India, with a view to improve the returns, issued instructions to employ, as far as possible, expert officers of the Agricultural Department to carry out experiments for the investigation of the average crop outturns in each province. The new system was, however, introduced only in some provinces, and that only to a limited extent, due mainly to paucity of staff possessing the many necessary special qualifications. During the quinquennium under review no crop cutting experiments were conducted in Bombay and Madras. In Bihar and Orissa, the method of estimating standard outturns by the method of random sampling has been experimented upon and is reported to have proved successful ; but the Local Government consider it still premature to use the figure thus obtained as a standard mean yield for the province. In the case of Bengal, the majority of experiments have been conducted by the trained officers of the Agricultural Department during the quinquennium under review, and the normal yields have been deduced solely from their results without taking into consideration the results of the past quinquennia. In certain other provinces, such as Sind, Ajmer-Merwara, Delhi, Coorg and the Mysore State, the standard yields appear to have been worked out on the actual results of experiments conducted during the quinquennium under review alone without considering whether the character of the seasons included in the period was such as would justify the results to be regarded as normal or standard.

4. As a result of the experiments conducted or investigations made during the present quinquennium, several revisions have been made in the figures of standard outturns previously adopted. Some of these variations are noted below.

* The return for the previous quinquennium ending 1926-27 was published in 1929.

APPENDIX A—continued

The yield of rice shows an increase in Coorg (from 1,464 to 1,580 lbs), the Punjab (from 1,178 to 1,212 lbs), and Bengal (the main or winter variety increasing from 1,022 to 1,111 lbs); the outturn of the crop in Sind has, on the other hand, been lowered from 1,364 to 1,255 lbs. The standard yield of wheat has been lowered in the United Provinces from 1,050 to 1,000 lbs, in the Central Provinces and Berar from 577 to 548 lbs and in the Punjab from 795 to 791 lbs; while it has been raised in the provinces of Delhi and Bengal from 828 and 721 lbs to 982 and 816 lbs, respectively. The yield of barley has been raised in Ajmer-Merwara from 1,160 to 1,315 lbs and in Delhi from 769 to 924 lbs, while there has been a marked decrease from 828 to 709 lbs in the North-West Frontier Province and from 805 to 722 lbs in the Punjab. The yield of jowar generally shows a lower trend except in Delhi where the yield has been slightly raised from 523 to 530 lbs. The yield of bajra has been lowered in the Punjab from 419 to 414 lbs. In the case of maize, the yield shows an increase in Delhi from 716 to 849 lbs and in the Punjab from 916 to 951 lbs, while it has been lowered in the North-West Frontier Province from 1,124 to 1,023 lbs and in the United Provinces from 1,100 to 1,050 lbs. The yield of gram is reduced from 616 to 585 lbs in the Punjab and from 800 to 750 lbs in the United Provinces but it has been increased in Bengal from 811 to 935 lbs. As regards oilseeds, the yield of linseed has been slightly increased in the Central Provinces and Berar from 212 to 215 lbs. In the case of sugarcane, the average yield in Bengal, Assam and the United Provinces increased from 3,054, 2,576 and 2,600 lbs to 4,643, 2,688 and 2,700 lbs, respectively; while in Sind, the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab there was a decrease from 7,600, 2,761 and 1,953 lbs to 7,200, 2,477 and 1,951 lbs, respectively. In the case of cotton there seems to be an all-round increase except in the Punjab. The largest increases occur in Sind where the yield is placed at 215 lbs against 181 lbs and in the comparatively unimportant tracts of Delhi, Assam and the North-West Frontier Province. In Bengal and Bihar and Orissa, the average yields of jute have been increased from 1,331 lbs and 1,200 lbs to 1,465 lbs and 1,333 lbs, respectively.

5. The statement below compares the average outturns of the major crops in the different provinces. The relative importance of each province in respect of each crop has also been shown by percentages representing the proportion of the total area under each crop in British India cultivated in each province. Tea has been included in this statement, although this crop is not dealt with in the quinquennial returns, the average outturns having been calculated from the special annual returns of the crop for the five calendar years ending 1931.

Province	RICE		WHEAT		BARLEY		JOWAR		BAJRA	
	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre
Ajmer-Merwara	..	lbs ~	0.1	lbs 758	0.8	lbs 1,818	0.3	lbs 266	..	lbs ..
Assam . .	5.7	{ (a) 898 (b) 1,084 (c) 717 }	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bengal . .	25.8	{ (a) 1,111 (b) 1,238 (c) 1,023 }	0.5	816	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa.	17.6	{ (a) 987 (b) 800 (c) 741 }	4.9	{ (d) 984 (e) 451 }	19.2	881	..	..	..	..
Bombay Presidency	2.5	1,280	6.5	575	..	..	35.7	{ (f) 1,500 (g) 670 }	29.5	400
Sind . .	1.5	1,255	2.0	{ (f) 937 (g) 764 }	0.2	{ (f) 495 (g) 397 }	2.7	{ (f) 849 (g) 643 }	7.9	{ (f) 596 (g) 322 }
Burma-Central Provinces and Berar . .	15.0	1,000	0.2	{ (f) 540 }	..	..	2.5	{ (f) 450 }	..	..
Coorg . .	0.1	1,580	..	..	..	..	19.9	846	..	..
Delhi . .	..	..	0.2	932	0.8	924	0.2	580	0.5	469
Madras-North-West Frontier Province . .	14.1	1,055	..	..	..	..	22.1	584	22.1	494
Punjab . .	0.1	862	4.0	626	2.7	709	0.4	495	1.2	417
United Provinces . .	1.1	1,212	38.2	791	12.7	722	4.6	885	22.1	414
	8.7	900	30.0	1,000	52.8	1,150	11.2	600	15.0	550

(a) Winter. (b) Spring. (c) Autumn. (d) Bihar. (e) Chota Nagpur. (f) Irrigated. (g) Unirrigated.

APPENDIX A—continued

Province	RAGI		MAIZE		GRAM		LINSRED		SESAME	
	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre
Ajmer-Merwara . .	..	1bs	..	1-3	563	..	1bs	..	..	..
Assam . .	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	..	0-6	336	..
Bengal . .	..	..	..	..	..	1-0	935	4-5	607	3-5
Bihar and Orissa . .	10-3	820	26-8	820	10-2	881	24-1	492	..	610
Bombay { Presidency . .	16-8 { (f) 1,400 (g) 1,000 } ..	..	..	..	4-4 { (f) 1,200 (g) 410 } ..	..	4-7	360	4-7	400
Sind . .	..	..	..	..	1-7 { (f) 589 (g) 517 } ..	..	..	..	0-8 { (f) 284 (g) 320 } ..	..
Burma . .	..	..	3-5	690	..	..	..	..	274	160
Central Provinces and Berar . .	..	..	..	..	0-1	534	32-0	215	12-4	210
Coorg . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delhi . .	..	..	..	849	0-3	580	..	..	..	326
Madras . .	57-1	917	2-1	635	0-6 { (h) 400 (i) 160 } ..	..	..	..	17-3	301
North-West Frontier Province . .	..	..	7-5	1,023	1-6	419	..	..	..	..
Punjab . .	..	..	17-8	951	30-7	585	..	..	..	..
United Provinces . .	..	..	34-6	1,050	38-4	760	33-0	500	25-7	280

Province	RAPE AND MUSTARD		SUGARCANE		COTTON		JUTE		TEA	
	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre	Percentage area to total area	Outturn per acre
Ajmer-Merwara . .	..	1bs	..	1bs	..	1bs	..	1bs	..	1bs
Assam . .	5-4	450	1-3	2,688	0-8	188	5-4	1,400	60-4	607
Bengal . .	11-7	624	7-7	4,843	0-4	155	87-2	1,465	27-5	527
Bihar and Orissa . .	10-8	492	10-8	2,460	0-5	155	7-4	1,833	0-4	286
Bombay { Presidency . .	0-8	626	2-4	6,950	28-2	102	..	..	..	..
Sind . .	3-0 { (f) 876 (g) 862 } ..	..	0-1	7,200	2-0	215	..	..	..	..
Burma . .	..	..	..	..	2-1	110	..	..	..	..
Central Provinces and Berar . .	..	..	0-8	8,890	32-1	102	..	..	..	..
Coorg . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0-1	424
Delhi . .	0-8	825	0-1	2,386	..	185	..	..	..	..
Madras . .	..	..	3-9	6,380	14-8	87	..	..	9-3	527
North-West Frontier Province . .	1-8	820	1-8	2,477	0-1	100	..	..	..	..
Punjab . .	18-4	428	15-7	1,951	14-3 { (f) 123 (k) 130 } ..	..	..	..	1-4	201
United Provinces . .	46-9	600	54-8	2,700	5-0	170	..	..	0-9	290

(f) Irrigated. (g) Unirrigated. (h) Bengal gram. (i) Horse gram. (j) Desi. (k) American.

APPENDIX A—*continued.*

6. The leading features of the provincial reports are summarised below:—

Ajmer-Merwara.—Experiments were conducted by the three Sub-divisional officers and the Tahsildar in Todgarh Tahsil in respect of the following main crops: jowar, maize, cotton, barley and wheat. On the basis of the results of these experiments, the yield of barley has been increased from 1,160 to 1,315 lbs; while that of maize and jowar has been lowered from 1,040 and 340 lbs to 563 and 265 lbs, respectively. The experiments in cotton were confined to irrigated variety alone during the quinquennium under review and the yield of this variety has been lowered from 269 to 232 lbs. It appears that the provincial figures reported are merely the arithmetic averages of the district figures.

Assam.—Experiments were made during the quinquennium by the revenue officers on all crops for which forecasts are prepared and on certain other crops such as *matikalai* (*phaseolus radiatus*), maize, potato and tobacco. The number of experiments made during the period under review was considerably less for practically all the important crops, the total number of experiments for all crops being 1,000 against 1,450 in the preceding quinquennium. Besides the experiments made by the Revenue Officers, systematic experiments were also conducted on sugarcane by the staff of the Agricultural Department during the first three years of the period. Only a few revisions have been made in the standards adopted for the province, and these are all in the upward direction except in the case of rape and mustard, the standard for which has been lowered. The important changes made are an increase in the yield of sugarcane from 2,576 to 2,688 lbs, and in that of cotton from 176 to 188 lbs; while there has been a decrease in the yield of rape and mustard from 504 to 459 lbs. The standard yield of tobacco has for the first time been fixed at 840 lbs per acre on the basis of the experiments conducted during the present and past quinquennia.

Bengal.—The total number of experiments made during the quinquennium under review with staple crops (rice, wheat, gram, linseed, rape and mustard, sesamum, sugarcane, jute and tobacco) was 6,923, as against 6,697 in the preceding quinquennium. The largest number of experiments was carried out in respect of winter rice. Next in order of importance came autumn rice and jute, though in the latter case, the number of experiments was very much smaller than in the preceding quinquennium. As the majority of the experiments were conducted during the quinquennium under review by trained officers of the Agricultural Department with due care and accuracy, it is stated that greater reliance can be placed on the data on which the average yields have been based. Unlike the procedure followed in the past, the provincial averages have, on this occasion, been deduced solely from the results of the experiments conducted during the quinquennium under review without taking into consideration the results obtained during the preceding quinquennia. It is nevertheless claimed that the provincial averages now deduced may safely be taken as normal yields, although the question as to whether the particular years comprised in the quinquennium under review are sufficient to smooth out the peculiarities of the season does not appear to have been thoroughly tested. The results of the experiments made show that the average yields per acre of all the principal crops have appreciably increased; and the position is explained as being due in certain cases to the spread of improved varieties and the methods of cultivation recommended by the Agricultural Department and their rapid adoption throughout the province. The important changes are in the yield of sugarcane from 3,054 to 4,643 lbs per acre, of tobacco from 1,007 to 1,191 lbs per acre, of jute from 1,331 to 1,465 lbs per acre and of autumn rice from 892 to 1,023 lbs per acre. The returns do not distinguish between irrigated and unirrigated crops, the area under the former being comparatively small in the province. A few experiments were also made as usual with certain minor crops, such as barley, maize, peas, lentil, potato, *mung*, *arhar*, *khesari*, and cotton.

Bihar and Orissa.—It was remarked in the preceding report that the method of crop-cutting experiments formerly adopted by district officers and the Agricultural Department had been given up in the province owing to admittedly unreliable results obtained therefrom and that the Local Government were experimenting with the statistical method of random sampling in arriving at the normal outturns of crops. The results of the experiments conducted under the new method during

APPENDIX A—*continued*

the last three years have demonstrated the value and practicability of the method as a guide to arriving at the standard outturn. But the Local Government consider it still premature to use the figures obtained under the new method. The standard yields in force have therefore been maintained. In the case of jute crop, however, the Director of Agriculture has revised the standard outturn of the crop on the basis of special enquiries made on the subject.

Bombay.—(i) *Presidency.*—It has long been recognised that the number of experiments conducted in the province during the past was not sufficiently numerous and representative to serve as reliable guides to the revision of normal yields. A scheme of conducting these tests on a more satisfactory basis by the agency of the Agricultural Department was, therefore, prepared by the local Director of Agriculture which was also approved by the Local Government. But unfortunately the introduction of the new scheme had to be postponed pending establishment of a satisfactory organisation for the purpose. No crop-cutting experiments have accordingly been made in the province during the quinquennium under review, and the old standards continue. The Director of Agriculture has, however, revised after due consideration certain district standards of the unirrigated groundnut crop in the Deccan division.

(ii) *Sind.*—The standard yields based mainly on the actual results of the experiments conducted during the quinquennium under review show an increase in the yield of cotton from 181 to 215 lbs, and a decrease in the yield of rice from 1,364 to 1,255 lbs, of barley (irrigated) from 756 to 495 lbs and barley (unirrigated) from 963 to 397 lbs, of jowar (unirrigated) from 966 to 643 lbs and of sugarcane from 7,600 to 7,200 lbs. The appreciable decrease in the standard yields of rice, barley and jowar (unirrigated) is explained by the fact that owing to floods and unsteady supply of water these crops did not receive the normal stimulus and also suffered to some extent on account of invasion of locusts.

Burma.—As stated in the preceding report, standard yields in Burma are based on experiments made by Settlement Officers. The standards adopted for the quinquennium ending 1926-27 have generally been retained. But the standard yield of rice (cleaned) in the Myitkyina district has been slightly revised on consideration of a later settlement report.

Central Provinces and Berar.—The defects noticed in the preceding report with regard to the method of conducting crop experiments in the province still persist in some of the district reports. In addition, it has been found that proper allowance for dryage is seldom made in arriving at the result and sometimes no mention is made as to whether it has been allowed for or not. These defects are, it is stated, being brought to the notice of the district officers concerned by the provincial Director of Land Records and it is expected that more satisfactory data will be forthcoming in future. The method of random sampling was given a trial in the case of rice crop in Chattisgarh for the first three years of the quinquennium but it had to be abandoned for financial reasons. The method is, however, likely to be taken up again as soon as conditions improve; and if it proves successful, would be extended to other important crops. Of the five years included in the quinquennium under review, the first three were particularly unfavourable to *rabi* (spring) crops in the northern districts and Nerbudda Valley owing to prevalence of frost and rust in 1927, intense cold in 1928 and insufficiency of the late monsoon in 1929. During 1930-31 there was absence of timely winter showers which reduced the outturns of *rabi* crops, while in the closing year 1931-32 there was a partial failure of all *kharif* (autumn) crops, except rice, owing to excessive rainfall. The results of the experiments conducted in the unsatisfactory period covered by the quinquennium under review could not naturally be taken to provide a satisfactory basis for revision of the figures; and accordingly the revisions made in the present return have been reduced to a minimum. The present revision shows an increase in the yield of sugarcane (*gur*) from 3,186 to 3,390 lbs as a result of experiments made by the Agricultural Department for eight years and that of linseed from 212 to 215 lbs, while the yield of wheat has been lowered from 577 to 548 lbs and that of jowar from 656 to 646 lbs. In the case of cotton, the normal outturn of the crop for the province as a whole, on the basis of actuals ascertained by trade and mill statistics for the past ten years 1922-23 to 1931-32, works out at 108 lbs of lint per acre, as against the current standard of 102 lbs per acre. It is stated that

APPENDIX A—*continued*

though the Berar standards might require raising as a result of the introduction of improved seeds by Agricultural Department, yet the results of the quinquennium under review afford no reliable basis for such revision.

Coorg.—The only experiments made in Coorg have, as usual, been on rice. During the period under review 111 experiments were carried out and on the results of these experiments the average yield of rice has been raised from 1,464 to 1,580 lbs.

Delhi.—As compared with the preceding quinquennium, the important changes are an increase in the average yield of barley from 769 to 924 lbs, of wheat from 828 to 982 lbs, of maize from 716 to 849 lbs, of sugarcane from 2,296 to 2,386 lbs and of cotton from 165 to 185 lbs. The comparative increase in the yield of sugarcane is explained to be due to the damaging of the crop by floods and dust storms in the preceding quinquennium.

Madras.—It was explained in the preceding reports that the standard outturns adopted in Madras are not based on crop-cutting experiments alone, but on other data as well, such as the results obtained in Government farms, trade figures, etc. The utility of crop-cutting experiments in the province has been considered to be doubtful in view of the fact that it is not possible to select an average ten cent plot which would represent a crop spread over a considerable area on account of the great variations to be found between different tracts in a country of small holdings. No crop-cutting experiments were therefore conducted in the province during the quinquennium under review, and the district standards previously adopted have mostly been retained. There have however been some changes in the provincial standards due to the variations in the normal areas which are revised once in every three years on the basis of reports for the last three non-famine years in consultation with the District Officers. The principal changes in the provincial standards are an increase in the yield of ragi from 937 to 947 lbs, of tobacco from 1,165 to 1,203 lbs, and of cotton from 84 to 87 lbs; and a decrease in the yield of jowar from 571 to 564 lbs.

North-West Frontier Province.—As usual, three representative districts, *viz.*, Hazara, Peshawar and Dera Ismail Khan were selected for the purpose of conducting crop experiments in the province. The experiments in the first two districts were, in accordance with the revised instructions, conducted by the members of the Agricultural Department, while those in the last-named district by the Revenue staff. Unfortunately, however, the crop returns supplied by the Agricultural Department were again incomplete, while the results of the experiments made by the Revenue staff in the Dera Ismail Khan district were considered to be unreliable as a guide to average outturn. The averages now reported have, however, been carefully scrutinised in consultation with the local officers and are believed to be correct. As a result of the present revision there has been a decrease in the yield of sugarcane from 2,761 to 2,477 lbs, of barley from 828 to 709 lbs and of maize from 1,124 to 1,023 lbs.

Punjab.—In the Punjab, the system of crop-cutting experiments has been recently revised and greatly improved. Formerly the experiments were made by the officers of the Agricultural Department in some districts, and by officers of the Revenue Department in others. But from 1930 both the departments have been conducting experiments separately in all districts except Simla. This system has resulted in a much larger number of experiments and has provided much more reliable data than in the past. Moreover, the results of the experiments after each harvest were carefully scrutinised jointly by the Director of Land Records and Director of Agriculture. In preparing the present return, the rates of yield fixed in the previous quinquennia or assumed for assessment purposes and the results of crop experiments made from time to time have all been considered along with the opinion of the local officers of the Revenue and Agricultural Departments before the yields were finally fixed. The latest revision shows a general decrease in the provincial averages. The important variations are a decrease in the yield of barley from 805 to 722 lbs, of jowar from 417 to 385 lbs, of gram from 616 to 585 lbs and of cotton (American) from 146 to 130 lbs. The yields of rice and maize have, however, been raised from 1,178 to 1,212 lbs and from 916 to 951 lbs, respectively. The average yield of the irrigated variety of tobacco has for the first time been fixed at 1,078 lbs per acre for the province.

APPENDIX A—continued

United Provinces.—In the quinquennium under review, crop-cutting experiments were, as usual, conducted in the representative districts of the province. The results obtained have necessitated revisions only in certain cases where the evidence accumulated was considered sufficient to justify a change. The principal changes are a decrease in the yield of wheat, maize and gram and an increase in the yield of sugarcane. The data on which these revisions are based are, however, considered by the provincial Director of Agriculture to be not very reliable and the method of crop-cutting experiments is, it is reported, under revision.

Mysore.—As a result of the experiments conducted during the quinquennium under review, the yields of rice, sugarcane and cotton have been lowered while those of ragi, horse-gram and sesamum raised. The important changes are an increase in the yield of ragi from 699 to 1,016 lbs, of sesamum from 281 to 411 lbs and a decrease in the yield of sugarcane from 3,847 to 3,639 lbs.

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 1.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each

PROVINCE	Quinque-nium ending	RICE (HUSKED) (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)			WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)			BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)			JOWAR (<i>Sorghum vulgare</i>)		
		Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both
Ajmer-Merwara	1911-12	1,248	550	1,168	..	137	..
	1916-17	1,086	322	..
	1921-22	1,429	1,300	1,396	..	252	..
	1926-27	1,521	800	1,160	..	340	..
Assam	1931-32	1,246	270	758	1,736	894	1,315	..	265	..
	1911-12	..	{(a) 1,008}	
	1916-17	..	{(c) 672}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	{(a) 952}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bengal	1926-27	..	{(b) 1,008}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	{(c) 706}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1911-12	..	{(a) 896}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	{(b) 1,008}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	1921-22	..	{(c) 706}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	{(a) 896}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	{(b) 1,064}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1911-12	..	{(c) 717}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Presidency	1911-12	{(a) 983}		861
	1916-17	..	..	{(b) 1,104}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	{(c) 807}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	{(a) 1,036}	..	..	698	..	..	..	..	..
Bombay	1931-32	..	..	{(b) 1,179}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1911-12	..	..	{(c) 871}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	{(a) 1,029}	..	..	688	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	{(b) 1,158}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sind	1926-27	..	..	{(c) 888}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	{(a) 1,022}	..	..	721	..	..	..	..	..
	1911-12	..	..	{(b) 1,142}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	{(c) 892}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	1921-22	..	..	{(a) 1,111}	..	..	816	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	{(b) 1,238}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	{(c) 1,023}	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1911-12	..	..	{(a) 1,234}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..
Presidency	1916-17	..	..	{(b) 800}	..	..	..	{(e) 451}	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	{(c) 800}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	{(a) 1,234}	..	..	..	{(e) 451}	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	{(b) 800}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..
Bombay	1921-22	..	..	{(c) 800}	..	..	..	{(e) 451}	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	{(a) 987}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	{(b) 800}	..	..	..	{(e) 451}	..	..	..	..
	1911-12	..	..	{(c) 741}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..
Sind	1916-17	..	..	{(a) 987}	..	..	..	{(e) 451}	..	..	..	..
	1921-22*	..	..	{(b) 800}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	{(c) 741}	..	..	..	{(e) 451}	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	{(a) 987}	..	..	..	{(d) 984}	..	..	..	..

NOTE—(1) Average yield of both irrigated and unirrigated land is ascertained by multiplying the yield of irrigated land by the irrigated area cropped, and the yield of unirrigated land multiplied by the unirrigated area cropped, and dividing the sum of these products by the total area cropped.

(2) The superseded figures of the previous four quinquennia have been inserted merely to show the trend of the revision made in each period. The variations in the figures of yield of crops now reported as compared with previous ones are due to the fact that the averages have been worked out not approximately as before, but accurately.

(a) Winter.

(b) Bihar.

(c) Spring.

(d) Chota Nagpur.

(e) Autumn.

PROVINCE OF BRITISH INDIA and in the MYSORE STATE

BAJRA (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)			RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)			MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)			PEAS AND BEANS			Quinquen- nium ending	PROVINCE
Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both		
..	..	..	..	..	..	946	835	868	..	..	..	1911-12	
..	..	..	..	..	..	998	827	934	..	..	..	1916-17	
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,090	400	917	..	..	..	1921-22	Ajmer-Merwara
..	..	..	..	..	..	1,309	771	1,040	..	..	..	1926-27	
..	..	..	..	..	..	807	320	563	..	..	..	1931-32	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Assam
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Bengal
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32	
..	..	..	..	..	..	820	..	..	820	..	..	1911-12	
..	..	..	..	..	..	820	..	..	820	..	..	1916-17	
..	..	..	..	..	..	820	..	..	820	..	..	1921-22	Bihar and Orissa
..	..	..	..	..	..	820	..	..	820	..	..	1926-27	
..	..	..	..	..	..	820	..	..	820	..	..	1931-32	
..	400	..	1,400	1,060	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
..	400	..	1,400	1,060	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
..	400	..	1,400	1,060	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Presidency
..	400	..	1,400	1,060	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
..	400	..	1,400	1,060	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32	Bombay
971	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
624	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
591	319	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Sind
609	320	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	515	..	1926-27	
596	322	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	454	..	1931-32	

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 1.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each

PROVINCE	Quinquen- tum ending	RICE (HUSKED) (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)			WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)			BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)			JOWAR (<i>Sorghum vulgare</i>)			
		Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	
Burma—														
Upper Burma*	1911-12	1,094	891	997	..	322	..	..	..	..	..	264	..	
	1916-17	..	..	1,034	..	..	545	..	..	..	..	..	488	
Lower Burma *	1911-12	..	1,140	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	1,083	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Burma . . .	1921-22	..	..	970	..	..	540	..	..	..	..	..	430	
	1926-27	..	..	1,000	..	..	540	..	..	..	..	..	450	
	1931-32	..	..	1,000	..	..	540	..	..	..	..	..	450	
	1931-32	..	..	624	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	664	..	
Central Provinces and Berar	1911-12	..	..	624	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	664	..	
	1916-17	..	..	624	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	664	..	
	1921-22	..	..	624	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	664	..	
	1926-27	..	..	647	..	..	577	..	..	..	..	656	..	
	1931-32	..	..	648	..	..	548	..	..	..	..	646	..	
	1931-32	..	..	1,483	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coorg . . .	1916-17	..	..	1,425	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	1,420	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	1,464	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	1,580	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delhi . . .	1916-17	..	..	..	1,148	656	..	960	870	..	..	400	..	
	1921-22	..	..	..	1,148	576	792	1,056	872	830	720	576	588	
	1926-27	..	..	..	1,148	656	828	1,051	693	769	734	520	523	
	1931-32	..	..	..	1,148	656	982	1,079	707	924	735	510	530	
Madras . . .	1911-12	1,193	887	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,379	721	..	
	1916-17	..	..	1,047	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	696	
	1921-22	1,106	804	1,006	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,241	493	569	
	1926-27	1,170	774	1,057	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,235	489	571	
North-West Frontier Province	1931-32	1,170	769	1,055	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,240	490	564	
	1911-12	1,205	..	..	874	559	633	1,189	736	876	..	436	..	
	1916-17	1,203	..	..	914	588	676	1,141	746	907	..	399	..	
	1921-22	862	..	862	793	522	614	1,140	685	880	663	399	500	
Punjab . . .	1926-27	862	..	862	795	521	612	1,113	680	828	875	345	505	
	1931-32	862	..	802	824	514	626	912	564	709	896	342	495	
	(a) 1911-12	782	474	688	898	556	726	1,018	592	716	488	381	406	
	1916-17	881	515	782	964	608	791	1,056	679	809	541	449	470	
Punjab . . .	1921-22	862	508	777	1,020	640	856	1,056	694	825	545	402	434	
	1926-27	1,360	783	1,178	997	576	795	1,004	626	805	514	392	417	
	1931-32	1,312	789	1,212	967	572	791	1,004	560	722	506	352	385	

See explanations given in footnotes (1) and (2) on page 10.

* The averages for Burma for 1916-17 are based on the normal outturns per acre given in the Season and Crop Report of Burma for 1916-17.

(a) Includes Delhi.

PROVINCE of BRITISH INDIA and in the MYSORE STATE—continued

BAJRA (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)			RAGI (<i>Erlusine coracana</i>)			MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)			PEAS AND BEANS			Quinquen-nium ending	PROVINCE	
Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both			
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(b) 478	(c) 855	..	1911-12	Burma—	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(b) 732	(c) 746	..	1916-17	Upper Burma	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12	Lower Burma	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	700	..	..	(b) 570	(c) 750	1921-22		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	680	..	..	(b) 560	(c) 780	1926-27	Burma	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	680	..	..	(b) 560	(c) 780	1931-32		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Central Provinces and Berar	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Coorg	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32		
..	360	..	..	..	..	..	..	840	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
600	528	529	..	..	..	912	648	728	..	..	..	..	1921-22	
599	463	463	..	..	..	1,039	638	716	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
588	466	469	..	..	..	956	629	849	..	..	..	..	1931-32	
1,020	659	..	1,419	1,075	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
..	624	..	..	1,092	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
960	440	488	1,341	639	927	..	..	636	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Madras
961	438	490	1,331	635	937	..	..	635	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
962	433	494	1,307	661	947	..	..	635	..	..	..	..	1931-32	
704	489	502	..	..	..	1,356	735	1,292	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
784	540	552	..	..	..	1,770	735	1,276	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
571	427	436	..	..	..	1,449	740	1,118	..	..	..	..	1921-22	North-West Frontier Province
585	417	424	..	..	..	1,459	740	1,124	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
594	408	417	..	..	..	1,209	734	1,023	..	..	..	..	1931-32	
521	365	379	..	..	..	1,112	766	908	..	..	..	..	1911-12	
568	416	429	..	..	..	1,324	822	1,040	..	..	..	..	1916-17	
556	409	425	..	..	..	1,261	745	962	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Punjab
526	406	419	..	..	..	1,187	720	916	..	..	..	..	1926-27	
508	400	414	..	..	..	1,177	760	951	..	..	..	..	1931-32	

(b) *Dolichos lablab* (large white).(c) *Phaseolus lunatus* (red).(d) *Phaseolus lunatus* (small white).

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 1.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each

PROVINCE	Quinquen-nium ending	RICE (HUSKED) (<i>Oryza sativa</i>)			WHEAT (<i>Triticum sativum</i>)			BARLEY (<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>)			JOWAR (<i>Sorghum vulgare</i>)		
		Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both
United Provinces	1911-12	1,100	850	900	1,250	850	1,050	1,300	900	1,100	..	650	..
	1916-17	1,100	850	900	1,250	850	1,050	1,350	900	1,150	..	600	..
	1921-22	1,100	850	900	1,250	850	1,050	1,350	900	1,150	..	600	..
	1926-27	1,100	850	900	1,250	850	1,050	1,350	900	1,150	..	600	..
	1931-32	1,100	850	900	1,200	800	1,000	1,350	900	1,150	..	600	..
Average for British India	1931-32	..	..	988	..	..	811	..	..	1,029	..	..	626
	1911-12	841	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mysore	1916-17	1,185	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	1,322	(a)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	1,071	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	1,003	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
PROVINCE	Quinquen-nium ending	ABHAR (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>)			GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)			LINSEED (<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>)			SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI) (<i>Sesamum indicum</i>)		
		Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both
Ajmer-Merwara	1911-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assam	1911-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	448	..	..	448	..
	1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	448	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	336	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	336	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	336	..	..	..	..
Bengal	1911-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	881	..	..	492	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	867	..	..	443	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	826	..	..	467	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	811	..	..	473	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	935	..	..	607	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	1911-12	..	..	881	..	..	881	..	..	492	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	881	..	..	881	..	..	492	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	881	..	..	881	..	..	492	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	881	..	..	881	..	..	492	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	881	..	..	881	..	..	492	..	..	..

(a) Relates to unhusked rice (paddy).

PROVINCE of BRITISH INDIA and in the MYSORE STATE—continued

BAJRA (<i>Pennisetum typhoides</i>)			RAGI (<i>Eleusine coracana</i>)			MAIZE (<i>Zea Mays</i>)			PEAS AND BEANS			Quinquen-nium ending	PROVINCE
Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both		
..	550	1,100	..	1,150	600	1,000	1911-12	United Provinces
..	550	..	..	..	..	..	1,100	..	1,150	600	1,000	1916-17
..	550	..	..	..	..	..	1,100	..	(b) 1,150	600	1,000	1921-22
..	550	..	..	..	..	..	1,100	..	1,150	600	1,000	1926-27
..	550	..	..	..	..	..	1,050	..	1,100	600	950	1931-32
..	..	452	972	933	700	1931-32	Average for British India
..	581	1911-12	Mysore
..	..	..	..	728	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	..	..	..	723	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	..	..	..	699	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	..	..	..	1,016	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32

RAPE AND MUSTARD (<i>Brassica sp</i>)			SUGARCANE (GUR) (<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>)			COTTON (CLEANED) (<i>Gossypium sp</i>)			JUTE (<i>Cochchorus sp</i>)			Tobacco (<i>Nicotiana Tabacum</i> and <i>N. Rustica</i>)	Quinquen-nium ending	PROVINCE
Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri-gated	Both			
..	180	127	170	1911-12	Ajmer-Merwara
..	..	..	..	..	..	324	93	291	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	..	..	..	..	..	176	18	136	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	..	..	..	..	..	269	164	216	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	..	..	..	..	..	232	(c)	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32
..	504	1,904	154	1,200	1911-12	Assam
..	504	..	..	2,016	..	..	153	..	..	1,320	..	..	1916-17
..	504	..	..	2,128	..	..	153	..	..	1,400	..	..	1921-22
..	504	..	..	2,576	..	..	176	..	..	1,400	..	..	1926-27
..	459	..	..	2,688	..	..	188	..	..	1,400	..	840	1931-32
..	..	492	2,905	155	1,271	..	1911-12	Bengal
..	..	480	..	..	2,963	..	..	155	..	..	1,300	..	1916-17
..	..	485	..	..	3,004	..	..	155	..	..	1,330	..	1921-22
..	..	483	..	..	3,054	..	..	155	..	..	1,331	1,007	1926-27
..	..	624	..	..	4,643	..	..	155	..	..	1,465	1,191	1931-32
..	..	492	2,460	155	1,200	..	1911-12	Bihar and Orissa
..	..	492	..	..	2,460	..	..	155	..	..	1,200	..	1916-17
..	..	492	..	..	2,460	..	..	155	..	..	1,200	..	1921-22
..	..	492	..	..	2,460	..	..	155	..	..	1,200	..	1926-27
..	..	492	..	..	2,460	..	..	155	..	..	1,333	..	1931-32

(b) *Pisum sativum*.

(c) No experiments were conducted during the quinquennium.

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 1.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each

PROVINCE	Quinquennium ending	ARHAR (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>)			GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)			LINSEED (<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>)			SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI) (<i>Sesamum indicum</i>)			
		Irri-gated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irri-gated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irri-gated	Unirri-gated	Both	Irri-gated	Unirri-gated	Both	
Bombay	Presidency	1911-12	..	..	..	1,200	410	..	..	360	..	..	400	..
		1916-17	..	..	..	1,200	410	..	..	360	..	..	400	..
		1921-22	..	..	..	1,200	410	..	..	360	..	..	400	..
		1926-27	..	..	..	1,200	410	..	..	360	..	..	400	..
		1931-32	..	..	..	1,200	410	..	..	360	..	..	400	..
	Sind	1911-12	..	..	..	..	476	..	..	..	..	394	..	..
		1916-17	..	..	..	..	604	..	..	..	..	242	..	..
		1921-22	..	..	..	593	491	..	..	..	..	320	..	..
		1926-27	..	..	..	575	502	..	..	..	..	274	..	..
		1931-32	..	..	..	589	547	..	..	..	..	284	320	..
Burma	Upper	1911-12	..	..	..	..	414	..	..	..	..	229	..	..
		1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	(a) 225	..
		1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lower	1911-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	160	..
Central Provinces and Berar	Burma	1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	160
		1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	160
		1911-12	..	..	..	..	532	..	..	226	..	..	224	..
	Central Provinces and Berar	1916-17	..	..	..	..	532	..	..	226	..	..	224	..
		1921-22	..	..	..	..	532	..	..	226	..	..	224	..
		1926-27	..	..	..	..	533	..	..	212	..	..	210	..
Coorg	Central Provinces and Berar	1931-32	..	..	..	..	534	..	..	215	..	..	210	..
		1911-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Coorg	1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delhi	Delhi	1916-17	..	..	..	..	650	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
		1921-22	..	..	..	720	552	555	..	..	..	..	..	317
		1926-27	..	..	..	739	549	551	..	..	..	..	325	325
	Delhi	1931-32	..	..	..	738	562	589	..	..	..	..	325	325
		1911-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	373	238
		1916-17	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	299
Madras	Madras	1921-22	..	..	..	..	..	..	{ (b) 400 } 160*	..	..	..	..	300
		1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	{ (b) 400 } 160*	..	..	..	..	303
		1931-32	..	..	..	..	..	..	{ (b) 400 } 160*	..	..	..	..	301

(a) Average of both Upper and Lower Burma.

(b) Relates to Bengal gram.

* Relates to horse gram.

PROVINCE of BRITISH INDIA and in the MYSORE STATE—*continued*

CAPE AND MUSTARD (<i>Brassica sp</i>)			SUGARCANE (GUR) (<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>)			COTTON (CLEANED) (<i>Gossypium sp</i>)			JUTE (<i>Corchorus sp</i>)			Tobacco (<i>Nicotiana Taba-</i> cum and <i>N. Rustica</i>)	Quinque- nium ending	PROVINCE
Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrigated	Unirri- gated	Both			
..	625	..	6,950	100	1911-12	Presidency
..	625	..	6,950	..	..	..	102	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	625	..	6,950	..	..	..	102	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	625	..	6,950	..	..	..	102	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	625	..	6,950	..	..	..	102	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32
602	4,233	125	1911-12	Bombay
393	379	..	8,142	..	..	170	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17
348	375	..	(c)	190	1921-22	Sind
432	321	..	7,600	..	..	181	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27
376	362	..	7,200	215	1931-32	
..	122	1911-12	Upper Burma
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	84	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	1931-32	
..	2,569	..	86	1911-12	Central Provinces and Berar
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,569	..	86	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	..	..	..	..	..	2,569	..	86	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	..	..	..	..	..	3,186	..	102	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	..	..	..	..	..	3,390	..	102	..	..	..	..	1931-32
..	1911-12	
..	1916-17	Coorg
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32
400	280	..	2,000	1,440	..	120	70	1916-17	Delhi
..	317	2,406	1,344	2,391	120	70	100	..	..	..	..	2,304	1921-22
325	325	2,390	1,660	2,296	193	120	165	..	..	..	..	2,524	1926-27
325	325	2,410	1,780	2,386	193	144	185	..	..	..	..	2,590	1931-32
..	..	6,701	..	..	87	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	1911-12
..	..	5,040	66	1916-17	
..	..	6,420	..	..	250	68	78	..	..	..	..	1921-22	Madras
..	..	6,383	..	..	250	71	84	..	..	..	..	1,165	1926-27
..	..	6,380	..	..	242	73	87	..	..	..	..	1,203	1931-32

(c) No experiments were conducted during the quinquennium.

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 1.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each

PROVINCE	Quinquennium ending	ARHAR (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>)			GRAM (<i>Cicer arietinum</i>)			LINSEED (<i>Linum usitatissimum</i>)			SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI) (<i>Sesamum indicum</i>)		
		Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both
North-West Frontier Province	1911-12	..	..	..	730	449	449	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	..	726	488	489	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	..	625	417	420	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	622	411	421	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	629	417	419	..	..	..	..	..	..
Punjab	(a) 1911-12	..	..	..	625	534	549	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1916-17	..	..	..	725	588	615	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1921-22	..	..	..	768	644	671	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	762	578	616	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	769	517	585	..	..	..	..	..	..
United Provinces	1911-12	..	750	..	950	800	800	..	500	..	..	280	..
	1916-17	..	800	..	950	800	800	..	500	..	..	280	..
	1921-22	..	800	..	950	800	800	..	500	..	..	280	..
	1926-27	..	800	..	950	800	800	..	500	..	..	280	..
	1931-32	..	750	..	900	750	750	..	500	..	..	280	..
Average for British India	1931-32	..	..	815	..	..	685	..	..	403	..	..	258
Mysore	1911-12	..	..	..	..	257*	..	..	..	..	..	189	..
	1916-17	..	..	..	..	386*	..	..	..	..	..	252	..
	1921-22	..	..	..	..	389*	..	..	..	..	..	238	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	..	360*	..	..	..	..	..	281	..
	1931-32	..	..	..	..	455*	..	..	..	..	..	411	..

(a) Includes Delhi.

* Relates to horse gram.

PROVINCE of BRITISH INDIA and in the MYSORE STATE—concluded

RAPE AND MUSTARD (Brassica sp)			SUGARCANE (GUR) (<i>Saccharum officinarum</i>)			COTTON (CLEANED) (<i>Gossypium sp</i>)			JUTE (<i>Cotchorus sp</i>)			Tobacco (Nico- tiana Taba- cum and N. Rustica)	Quinque- nium ending	PROVINCE
Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Both			
544	411	418	2,430	173	142	160	1911-12	North-West Frontier Province
622	435	450	2,660	..	..	191	115	164	..	..	..	..	1916-17
457	297	322	2,721	..	..	102	58	92	..	..	..	..	1921-22
443	297	314	(d) 2,761	..	..	102	59	90	..	..	..	..	1926-27
430	302	320	2,477	..	..	107	59	100	..	..	..	..	1931-32
498	330	396	1,748	1,467	1,686	126	95	118	1911-12	Punjab
540	339	429	2,038	1,520	1,933	143	104	135	..	..	..	..	1916-17
550	354	440	2,344	1,669	2,191	144	105	138	..	..	..	..	1921-22
532	338	435	2,045	1,533	1,953	(b) 138 (c) 146	(b) 104 (c) 81	(b) 130 (c) 146	..	..	..	..	1926-27
518	341	428	2,046	1,470	1,951	(b) 126 (c) 130	(b) 97 (c) 72	(b) 123 (c) 130	..	..	..	1,078	1931-32
..	600	..	2,600	220	130	160	1911-12	United Provinces
..	600	..	2,600	..	..	230	130	170	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	600	..	2,600	..	..	230	130	170	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	600	..	2,600	..	..	230	130	170	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	600	..	2,700	..	..	230	130	170	..	..	..	..	1931-32
..	..	539	2,956	110	1,452	1,179	1931-32	Average for British India
..	3,138	79	1911-12	Mysore
..	..	..	2,559	..	..	..	122	..	..	..	..	..	1916-17
..	..	..	2,621	..	..	..	(d) 37	..	..	..	..	..	1921-22
..	..	..	3,847	..	..	..	47	..	..	..	..	..	1926-27
..	..	..	3,639	..	..	..	44	..	..	..	..	..	1931-32

(b) Dried.

(c) American.

(d) Revised.

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 2.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in AJMER-MERWARA

DISTRICT	WHEAT			BARLEY			JOWAR	MAIZE			COTTON		
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated*	Both
Ajmer . . .	..	270	..	1,589	894	..	130	803	..	..	139	..	..
Kekri . . .	..	..	..	2,300	..	..	400	800	..	..	310	..	..
Merwara . . .	1,246	..	..	1,318	..	..	..	818	320	..	247	..	..
Average for the Province	1,246	270	758	1,736	894	1,315	265	807	320	563	232	..	..

* No experiments were conducted during the quinquennium.

No. 3.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of ASSAM

DISTRICT	RICE			Mati-kalai (<i>Phaeoelus radiatus</i>)	Rapo and Mustard	Linseed	Maize	Sugar-cane (<i>gur</i>)	Cotton (cleaned)	Jute	Tobacco	Potato	
	Winter	Autumn	Spring									Summer	Winter
Cachar (plains) .	(a) 896 (b) 896 (c) 896	784	..	..	448	..	..	2,576	..	..	..	..	..
Darrang .	(a) 672 (b) 952 (c) 941	784	..	..	560	..	..	2,576	..	..	..	..	..
Garo Hills (plains) .	(a) 784 (b) 1,176 (c) 1,131	896	..	..	448	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Goalpara .	(a) 784 (b) 1,120 (c) 1,030	706	..	..	504	..	..	3,136	..	..	..	..	..
Kamrup .	(a) 728 (b) 896 (c) 840	672	..	..	392	..	..	2,464	..	..	..	..	..
Lakhimpur .	(a) 952 (b) 1,008 (c) 1,008	672	..	..	504	..	..	3,024	..	..	..	..	..
Nowgong .	(a) 896 (b) 952 (c) 918	706	..	..	448	..	..	2,240	160	..	..	..	..
Sibsagar .	(a) 784 (b) 896 (c) 896	672	..	..	448	..	..	2,800	..	..	..	..	..
Sylhet .	840	728	1,064	..	392	336	..	2,912	..	..	..	..	..
Average for the Plains districts	896	717	1,064	302	459	336	..	2,688	160	1,400	840	..	..
Garo Hills (hills) .	..	672	..	..	..	..	..	..	200	..	..	..	..
Khasi and Jaintia Hills .	(a) 728 (b) 1,008 (c) 862	728	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	160	..	..	5,600	1,680
Lushai Hills .	1,232	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Cachar Hills .	(a) 896 (b) 1,232 (c) 1,064	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	..	..	..	..
Average for the Hill districts	1,142	694	..	..	..	..	2,128	..	192	..	..	5,600	1,680
Average for the Province	896	717	1,064	392	459	356	2,128	2,688	188	1,400	840	5,600	1,680

(a) Broad cast.

(b) Transplanted.

(c) Both.

No. 4.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of BENGAL

DISTRICT	Winter rice (husked)	Autumn rice (husked)	Summer rice (husked)	Wheat	Gram	Rape and mustard	Linseed	Sesamum (til)	Sugarcane (gur)	Jute	Tobacco
Bakarganj	1,127	1,055	1,032	..	..	..	..	752	4,370	1,488	..
Bankura	1,205	1,079	..	652	802	525	524	574	4,543	..	1,135
Birbhum	1,137	1,021	..	836	877	..	..	..	4,787	..	..
Bogra	1,021	978	..	..	800	570	510	545	5,006	1,393	..
Burdwan	1,310	1,068	..	640	956	593	..	..	5,234	1,630	..
Chittagong	1,412	1,130	..	..	..	629	..	550	5,222	..	1,100
Chittagong Hill Tracts . .	1,068	1,077	..	..	..	694	..	574	4,860	..	..
Dacca	1,039	1,023	..	790	892	607	..	..	4,789	1,444	1,033
Darjeeling	1,047	991	..	763	..	580	..	..	4,300	1,368	..
Dinajpur	1,237	1,022	..	700	..	751	..	526	4,496	1,430	..
Faridpur	1,123	985	1,130	839	931	625	647	590	5,046	1,448	1,033
Hooghly	1,201	993	..	..	..	..	..	..	5,342	1,553	..
Howrah	1,151	1,076	1,080	..	750	546	456	..	4,640	1,462	..
Jalpaiguri	1,064	971	..	..	..	666	..	500	4,595	1,406	1,099
Jessore	1,057	1,015	..	..	1,223	673	803	673	4,593	1,517	..
Khulna	1,169	990	1,174	..	..	..	..	..	4,272	1,463	..
Malda	1,029	1,050	980	830	927	595	680	582	4,888	1,408	1,000
Midnapore	1,138	1,022	..	..	875	740	588	..	4,563	1,438	900
Murshidabad	1,097	1,046	1,044	847	988	699	687	680	4,801	1,479	..
Mymensingh	1,044	985	1,344	..	960	602	..	..	4,855	1,516	1,150
Nadia	1,093	970	..	778	844	651	517	537	4,280	1,375	..
Noakhali	979	1,045	..	..	747	589	..	621	4,143	1,459	..
Pabna	967	1,032	1,120	787	761	561	539	616	4,191	1,521	1,047
Rajshahi	997	1,116	966	919	983	591	617	568	4,755	1,492	1,203
Rangpur	1,003	1,018	..	855	927	677	775	798	4,324	1,425	1,228
Tippera	1,064	1,020	1,000	..	..	529	..	..	4,168	1,451	..
24-Parganas	1,106	1,041	..	..	767	603	..	..	4,812	1,373	..
Average for the Province (a)	1,111	1,023	1,238	816	935	624	607	610	4,643	1,465	1,191

(a) These figures are averages of the experiments made during the quinquennium ending 1931-32.

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 5.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL

DISTRICT	WINTER RICE (husked)		AUTUMN RICE (husked)		SUMMER RICE (husked)		WHEAT		BARLEY		MAIZE		RAGI OR MARUA			
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated		
Angul	{ (a) 903 (b) 812	{ (a) 777 (b) 1,157	..	{ (a) 609 (b) 1,261	{ ..	{ ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	494	..	..
Balasore	{ (a) 518 (b) 695	{ (a) 760 (b) 675	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bhagalpur	{ (a) 659 (b) 206	{ (a) 787 (b) 824	..	{ (a) 881 (b) 129	{ ..	{ ..	402	518	378	783	..	..	..	1,072	..	
Champanar	{ (a) 773 ..	{ (a) 486 (b) 431	{ (a) 545 ..	{ (a) 422 (b) 566	{ ..	{ ..	..	504	..	473	..	917	..	..	..
Cuttack	{ (a) 1,043 (b) 984	{ (a) 922 (b) 1,081	{ (a) 1,061 (b) 1,047	{ (a) 488 (b) 979	{ (a) 1,269 (b) 611	{ (a) 986 (b) 736	..	1,880	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Darbhanga	{ (a) 945 (b) 296	{ (a) 606 (b) 461	..	..	..	..	..	643	..	551	..	1,066	..	1,063	..	
Gaya	{ (a) 879 ..	{ (a) 903 (b) 926	..	{ (b) 276	{ ..	{ ..	1,013	784	..	745	..	..	..	..	..
Hazaribagh	{ (a) 936 (b) 886	{ (a) 942 (b) 851	..	..	..	..	464	594	520	..	..	896	..	429	..	
Manbhum	{ (a) 1,100 ..	{ (a) 859 ..	..	{ (b) 276	{ (b) 591	{ ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	948	..	151	..
Monghyr	{ (a) 542 ..	{ (a) 566 (b) 546	..	..	..	..	669	548	..	236	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarpur	{ (a) 694 ..	{ (a) 803 ..	..	{ (a) 119 (b) 483	{ ..	{ ..	802	564	..	746	..	1,416	..	693	..	..
Palamau	{ (a) 619 (b) 586	{ (a) 474 (b) 709	{ (a) 824 ..	..	..	..	..	668	699	..	1,100	..	..	..	..	..
Patna	{ (a) 984 (b) 884	{ (a) 896 (b) 550	..	..	..	..	688	1,108	429	1,800	1,357	..	1,170	..	..	..
Puri	{ (a) 707 (b) 902	{ (a) 701 (b) 731	..	{ (a) 517 (b) 634	{ (b) 602	{ (b) 651	{ (b) 445	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Purnea	{ (a) 1,556 ..	{ (a) 931 (b) 769	..	{ (b) 694	..	..	..	..	544	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ranchi	{ (a) 1,414 ..	{ (a) 1,065 (b) 844	..	{ (b) 624	..	..	1,270	1,044	..	..	..	..	..	..	752	..
Sambalpur	{ (a) 1,074 (b) 871	{ (a) 1,176 (b) 643	{ (a) 836 (b) 1,209	..	{ (b) 949	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Santal Parganas	{ (a) 1,087 (b) 2,611	{ (a) 1,040 ..	{ (a) 1,188 (b) 447	..	{ (a) 871	..	..	588	1,273	..	1,224	..	1,512	..	..	..
Saran	{ (a) 436 ..	{ (a) 454 (b) 636	..	{ (b) 458	..	..	732	808	425	584	1,131	800	..	657	..	..
Shahabad	{ (a) 532 (b) 1,202	{ (a) 723 (b) 817	..	{ (b) 244 (b) 720	..	..	949	297	..	..	617	272	..	..	..	..
Singhbhum	{ (a) 977 (b) 946	{ (a) 832 (b) 760	{ (b) 931 (b) 533	..	{ (a) 791	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	570	..	..	..
Average for the Province (c)	{ (a) 875 (b) 914	{ (a) 799 (b) 745	{ (a) 891 (b) 660	{ (a) 587 (b) 645	{ (a) 1,269 (b) 631	{ (a) 986 (b) 590	{ 758	785	490	794	1,051	889	1,170	688	..	..

(a) Transplanted.

(b) Broadcast.

c) The provincial average stated here is merely the sum of the district averages divided by the number of districts. The standards adopted for the Province are stated in table No. 1.

CROPS in each DISTRICT of BIHAR AND ORISSA.

GRAM		AHHAR (<i>Cajanus Indicus</i>)		PEAS		MASUR		RAPE AND MUSTARD		LINSEED	POTATO	SUGARCANE (gur)		JUTE		DISTRICT
Irrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	380	..	..	2,164	..	..	..	..	..	Angul
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Balasore
517	344	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,136	..	..	..	..	483	Bhagalpur
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Champaran
745	..	..	..	..	..	..	309	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,123	1,076	Cuttack
..	320	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Darbhanga
1,054	661	..	..	..	2,172	..	..	..	..	4,937	..	..	..	..	..	Gaya
280	543	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Hazaribagh
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,225	895	..	..	..	..	Manbhum
87	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Monghyr
401	684	809	..	..	..	..	297	142	13,739	..	..	..	..	..	..	Muzaffarpur
..	584	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Palamau
658	844	..	543	783	1,168	908	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Patna
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,399	..	..	..	..	..	Puri
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	721	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	971	Purnea
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Ranchi
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,879	..	..	..	..	..	Sambalpur
..	..	746	..	..	..	..	576	..	..	3,647	..	..	..	..	..	Santal Parganas
134	111	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,512	..	..	..	..	..	Saran
756	315	..	..	..	1,586	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Shahnabad
..	..	151	..	..	..	..	90	68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Singhbhum
515	489	569	543	783	1,642	908	396	105	13,739	2,612	895	1,123	843	Average for the Province		

No. 7.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of BURMA

DISTRICT	Rice (cleaned) (2)	Wheat	Jowar	Maize	Sesamum (til or Injili)	Groundnut	Cotton (cleaned)	BEANS			
	Pegyi*	Pegya†	Pebiyugale‡								
Akyab	1,030	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amherst	800	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arakan Hill Tracts	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bassein	1,030	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bhamo	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hanthawaddy	1,100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Henzada	1,100	..	..	850	..	..	..	530	..	..
Insein	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Katha	930	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kyaukpyu	900	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kyaukse	970	..	..	..	200	..	..	..	..	770
Lower Chindwin	670	550	480	490	150	850	110	..	870	690	
Magwe	670	..	..	850	200	1,300	95	500	..	..
Mandalay	1,000	..	..	..	200	..	..	630	..	1,140
Maubin	1,070	..	..	800	..	..	..	..	..	..
Meiktila	730	..	..	610	150	850	95	..	410	700
Mergui	830	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minbu	1,070	..	..	800	175	..	..	770	1,152	..
Myaungmya	1,130	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Myingyan	670	..	380	660	125	850	105	..	700	640	
Myitkyina	970	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pakokku	670	..	500	600	150	900	95	490	..	600	
Pegu	1,100	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Prome	830	..	..	..	..	..	..	550	..	..
Pyapón	1,130	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rangoon	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sagaing	670	550	470	490	125	850	110	480	1,000	700	
Salween	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sandoway	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shwebo	830	512	..	..	150	850	95	..	1,070	..
Tavoy	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tharrawaddy	1,130	..	..	..	..	..	..	360	..	..
Thatôn	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thayetmyo	770	..	..	610	150	..	95	..	..	..
Toungoo	930	..	..	..	200	..	..	..	..	..
Upper Chindwin	870	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Yaméthin	830	..	..	590	175	850	95	720	..	..
Average for the Province		1,000	540	450	680	160	1,000	110	560	780	750

* *Dolichos lablab* (large white).† *Phaseolus lunatus* (red).‡ *Phaseolus lunatus* (small white).

(2) In converting paddy into 'cleaned rice'. 3 lbs of paddy have been taken as equivalent to 2 lbs of cleaned rice.

APPENDIX A—continued

No. 8.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of the CENTRAL PROVINCES and BERAR

DISTRICT	RICE (husked)		WHEAT		JOWAR	GRAM	LINSEED	SESAMUM (til or jinjili)	SUGARCANE (gur)		COTTON (cleaned)
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated
Balaghat	{ (a) 990 (b) 835	{ (a) 650 (b) 560	..	500	350	550	200	300	4,500	..	50
Betul . . . . .	..	(b) 435	1,000	620	550	500	200	180	4,000	..	80
Bhandara	{ (a) 030 (b) 835	{ (a) 650 (b) 560	..	500	450	460	200	300	3,000	..	50
Bilaspur	{ (a) 990 (b) 868	{ (a) 620 (b) 620	..	500	350	450	180	150	3,500	1,000	50
Chanda	{ (a) 990 (b) 930	{ (a) 650 (b) 560	..	500	650	550	250	200	4,500	..	90
Chhindwāra . . . . .	..	(b) 435	1,000	500	600	500	220	180	3,200	..	100
Drug	{ (a) 990 (b) 930	{ (a) 620 (b) 620	..	500	350	450	180	150	3,000	1,000	50
Damoh . . . . .	..	(b) 560	..	600	580	480	200	150	2,500	1,000	60
Hoshangābād . . . . .	..	(b) 435	..	570	450	520	250	250	3,000	1,000	80
Jubbulpore . . . . .	..	{ (a) 620 (b) 495	..	570	450	600	250	150	3,500	1,000	87
Mandla . . . . .	..	{ (a) 650 (b) 525	..	550	350	580	200	150	3,000	..	60
Nagpur	{ (a) 990 (b) 930	{ (a) 650 (b) 560	1,000	500	600	580	280	300	3,000	..	100
Narsinghpur . . . . .	..	(b) 435	..	620	450	600	280	200	3,000	1,000	80
Nimar . . . . .	..	(b) 620	1,000	640	600	500	200	260	3,500	..	107
Raipur	{ (a) 990 (b) 868	{ (a) 620 (b) 620	..	500	350	450	180	150	3,500	1,000	50
Sangor . . . . .	..	(b) 560	1,000	550	530	500	280	150	3,000	1,000	60
Seoni	{ (a) 990 (b) 930	{ (a) 650 (b) 545	..	550	450	500	250	150	2,500	..	60
Wardha . . . . .	..	(b) 435	1,000	500	700	580	300	300	3,000	..	100
Average for the Central Provinces	648	552	591	533	212	201	3,407	98			
Akola . . . . .	..	(b) 435	..	500	700	550	330	300	3,000	..	107
Amrāoti . . . . .	..	(b) 435	..	500	700	550	330	300	3,000	..	107
Baldana . . . . .	..	(b) 435	1,000	500	700	550	330	300	3,000	..	100
Yeotmal . . . . .	..	(b) 435	..	500	700	550	330	300	3,000	..	100
Average for Berar	434	506	700	550	330	300	3,000	104			
Average for the Central Provinces and Berar	648	548	646	534	215	210	3,390	102			

(a) Transplanted.

(b) Broadcast.

No. 9.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in COORG

DISTRICT	RICE (husked)			RICE STRAW (by-product)		
	Unirrigated			Unirrigated		
Coorg			1,580			2,160

No. 10.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in DELHI

DISTRICT	WHEAT			BARLEY			JOWAR			BAJRA		
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both
Delhi	1,148	656	982	1,079	707	924	735	510	530	588	466	409
DISTRICT	MAIZE			GRAM			SUGARCANE			COTTON (Cleaned)		
Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	
Delhi	956	629	849	738	562	589	2,410	1,780	2,386	193	144	185
DISTRICT	RAPESSEED			SESAMUM (til or jinjili)			TOBACCO					
Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Both				
Delhi	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	325	2,590	—	2,590

APPENDIX A—continued.

No. 11.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of MADRAS

DISTRICT	RICE (husked) (a)		JOWAR (a)		BAJRA (a)		RAGI (a)		Maize (a)	Sesamum (til or junjili)	Sugar- cane (gur)	COTTON* (cleaned)		Gro- und- nut	Castor	To- bacco (in dry leaf)	
	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated	Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated				Irrig- ated	Unirri- gated				
Anantapur	1,139	536	1,190	382	960	320	1,395	540	600	224	4,300	(b)	50		150	1,000	
Bellary	1,139	603	1,275	382	1,040	360	900	405	600	224	6,000	(b)	50		150	1,000	
Chingleput	1,038	737	1,190	510	800	520	990	540	600	280	6,000	(b)	50		250	1,000	
Chittoor	1,273	670	1,275	510	800	520	1,620	630	600	280	7,300	250	55		250	1,000	
Coimbatore	1,273	536	1,275	510	960	320	1,530	720	600	280	7,500	239	75		400	1,200	
Cuddapah	1,206	603	1,275	535	1,040	560	1,485	540	600	224	6,000	(b)	50		150	1,000	
East Godavari	1,340	603	1,105	595	960	504	1,080	720	600	336	7,500	(b)	75		250	1,300	
Ganjam	871	536	1,020	595	960	520	990	630	600	280	5,000	(b)	50		250	1,000	
Guntur	1,206	737	1,105	535	960	504	1,710	720	660	280	7,500	(b)	75		250	1,300	
Kistna	1,206	670	1,105	595	960	504	1,440	720	660	336	7,500	(b)	75		250	1,300	
Kurnool	1,072	670	1,190	535	960	440	1,440	585	600	224	4,500	(b)	50		150	1,000	
Madura	1,306	603	1,190	510	800	360	1,260	585	600	280	6,000	250	107		400	1,200	
Malabar . . . .	..	938	..	595	..	480	..	1,350	600	224	6,000	..	50	1,120	400	1,200
Nellore	1,038	737	1,105	510	1,040	560	1,485	540	600	280	6,000	(b)	75		250	1,300	
Nilgiris . . . .	..	1,206	..	425	..	360	..	900	600	280	6,000	..	..		400	1,200
North Arcot	1,273	737	1,275	510	960	520	1,395	720	600	280	6,000	250	50		250	1,000	
Ramnad	1,206	737	1,190	340	800	320	1,350	360	600	280	4,500	250	109		400	1,200	
Salem	1,273	536	1,275	510	1,040	480	1,395	675	600	280	6,000	250	79		400	1,200	
South Arcot	1,239	737	1,275	510	800	560	1,350	720	600	280	6,500	250	59		250	1,000	
South Kanara . . . .	..	1,005	..	..	..	..	..	900	600	280	5,400	..	50		400	1,200
Tanjore	1,172	737	1,105	425	960	560	990	450	600	336	6,000	..	65		400	1,200	
Tinnevelly	1,340	670	1,275	297	800	360	1,440	450	600	280	4,500	250	110		400	1,200	
Trichinopoly	1,273	670	1,275	425	960	400	1,260	585	600	336	5,000	250	65		400	1,200	
Vizagapatam	938	536	1,105	595	960	560	1,080	630	600	336	6,500	(b)	50		250	1,000
West Godavari	1,340	670	1,105	595	960	504	1,170	720	600	336	7,500	(b)	75		250	1,300	
Average for the Province .	1,170	769	1,240	490	962	433	1,307	661	635	301	6,380	242	73	1,120	231	1,203	
	1,055	564	494		947							87					

NOTE.—The figures of yield are taken from the Season and Crop Report of Madras for 1930-31.

* The figures of normal yield per acre in the South have been arrived at with reference to the distribution of the several varieties and hence they vary from year to year according to the distribution. Figures of average yield per acre for each variety are irrigated Cambodias 250 lbs; irrigated elsewhere; Uppam 65 lbs; dry Karunganni in Coimbatore 150 lbs; dry Cambodia 80 lbs in Salem, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly; 100 lbs in Madura, Ramnad and Tinnevelly; 50 lbs

(a) The yield reported in unhusked grain has been reduced by 33 per cent in the case of rice, 15 per cent in the case of jowar, 20 per cent in the case of bajra, 10 per cent in the case of ragi and 40 per cent in the case of maize.

(b) There is a small area under irrigation in these districts.

No. 12.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of the NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE

DISTRICT	RICE (husk-ed)	WHEAT		BARLEY		JOWAR		BAJRA	
	Irrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated
Bannu	..	741	514	700	453	..	..	617	412
Dera Ismail Khan	..	741	535	617	329	494	329	453	329
Hazara	823	741	473	782	535	..	..	404	329
Kohat	..	823	494	823	535	..	..	1,029	404
Kurram	864	823	329	1,070	..	..	..	..	..
Peshawar	925	880	520	969	615	987	412	..	..
North Waziristan	..	823	..	1,029	..	..	..	..	..
Average for the Province	862	824	514	912	564	896	342	594	408
		626		709		495		417	

DISTRICT	MAIZE		GRAM		RAPESEED		SUGAR-CANE (gur)	COTTON (CLEANED)	
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated
Bannu	864	..	741	412	412	288	1,975	113	57
Dera Ismail Khan	..	..	617	412	370	288	..	82	62
Hazara	1,316	741	..	..	432	329	1,975	93	57
Kohat	1,029	617	..	453	329	247	..	93	51
Kurram	1,152	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Peshawar	1,442	677	411	383	541	376	2,541	110	68
North Waziristan	1,481	..	..	..	..	..	..	62	..
Average for the Province	1,209	734	629	417	430	302	2,477	107	59
	1,023		419		320			300	

DISTRICT AVERAGES

358

(PUNJAB)

APPENDIX A—*continued*

No. 13.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL

DISTRICT	RICE (HUSKED)		WHEAT		BARLEY		JOWAR		BAJRA		
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	
Ambala	1,100	840	1,000	700	1,000	600	520	420	520	360	
Amritsar	1,700	840	1,000	610	1,000	620	400	350	..	..
Attock . . . .	..	..	1,000	470	1,100	480	..	330	900	400
Dera Ghazi Khan . . .	820	780	820	540	750	540	400	400	420	400	
Ferozepore	1,000	600	950	450	1,080	550	500	320	500	320	
Gujranwala	1,320	820	930	600	740	400	500	420	480	330	
Gujrat	1,320	1,150	1,000	640	1,100	620	540	360	600	500	
Gurdaspur	1,400	1,040	1,100	640	1,000	800	580	500	650	510	
Gurgaon . . . .	..	..	1,050	570	1,200	600	600	440	520	400
Hissar	920	920	1,000	400	1,100	500	440	200	460	300	
Hoshiarpur	1,400	1,000	1,000	700	1,000	750	..	..	530	350
Jhang	860	650	850	500	740	550	700	410	600	410	
Jhelum . . . .	..	820	1,100	600	1,000	620	..	270	800	430
Jullundur	900	780	1,250	680	1,075	600	500	420	410	330	
Kangra	1,300	670	510	480	600	530	..	..	..	..
Karnal	920	600	1,000	520	1,000	450	520	300	500	300	
Lahore	1,500	630	1,000	460	1,200	600	650	420	500	450	
Ludhiana	900	500	1,130	720	1,100	500	570	530	400	370	
Lyallpur	1,200	..	1,070	500	900	..	600	..	580	..	
Manawali . . . .	..	..	720	510	900	450	560	470	600	460
Montgomery	1,500	1,150	1,030	570	960	620	500	420	500	400	
Multan	1,000	..	870	465	800	500	450	400	470	400	
Muzaffargarh	1,100	900	800	450	700	520	410	370	500	320	
Rawalpindi	1,000	..	1,000	560	1,080	600	..	300	640	410	
Rohtak	1,000	..	1,100	520	1,200	600	800	400	500	420	
Shahpur	1,000	820	900	610	900	400	560	320	600	400	
Sheikhupura	1,600	1,100	900	500	900	500	500	420	600	300	
Sialkot	1,420	800	1,020	650	800	670	..	..	500	400
Simla . . . .	..	..	600	400	..	..	..	..	..	..
Average for the Province . . .		1,312	789	967	672	1,004	560	506	352	508	400
		1,212		701		722		385		414	

CROPS in each DISTRICT of the PUNJAB

MAIZE				GRAM		RAPESEED		SUGARCANE (gur)		COTTON (CLEANED)				TOBACCO	DISTRICT
Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Desi	American	Irrigated	Unirrigated		
1,100	700	980	610	520	380	2,200	1,400	150	130	..	..	..	..	Ambala
1,070	700	700	660	700	560	1,900	1,150	150	90	..	..	..	940	Amritsar
1,600	510	550	460	420	340	780	..	110	50	..	..	..	2,100	Attock
..	..	430	430	240	240	..	..	80	60	..	..	..	960	Dera Ghazi Khan
1,100	500	800	500	450	300	..	..	110	60	115	80	..	..	Ferozepore
820	580	650	580	400	300	1,800	650	110	70	170	90	930	..	Gujranwala	
1,000	750	660	650	480	300	1,300	780	110	80	120	90	980	..	Gujrat	
1,000	770	700	700	600	320	2,000	1,460	160	120	..	..	..	..	Gurdaspur
..	..	900	500	600	370	1,720	930	140	70	..	..	..	..	Gurgaon
1,070	800	680	420	400	400	2,500	..	150	90	..	..	..	..	Hissar
1,400	940	820	600	480	360	2,800	1,800	180	130	..	..	..	1,200	Hoshiarpur
900	500	650	550	450	240	1,300	..	100	60	110	..	600	..	Jhang	
1,040	800	800	610	420	350	..	..	146	61	..	..	..	..	Jhelum
1,450	600	900	600	450	265	3,000	1,400	180	110	..	..	..	1,500	Jullundur
1,000	700	..	480	360	225	..	1,200	64	50	..	..	..	..	Kangra
1,120	600	950	450	560	360	2,250	1,150	150	80	..	..	..	..	Karnal
1,000	500	900	700	500	300	2,000	1,000	110	70	150	72	900	..	Lahore	
1,400	720	900	520	730	430	2,500	1,500	190	82	..	..	..	1,250	Ludhiana
1,300	..	830	500	640	300	2,250	..	140	..	150	..	..	..	Lyallpur
..	..	640	520	330	330	..	..	80	50	..	..	..	..	Mianwali
800	560	880	510	460	400	1,100	..	120	70	140	80	980	..	Montgomery	
800	500	425	395	400	240	1,430	..	90	62	105	75	640	..	Multan	
..	..	420	400	360	300	1,130	1,080	90	50	..	..	600	..	Muzaffargarh
1,280	800	..	600	360	350	..	..	116	100	..	..	..	..	Rawalpindi
..	..	820	500	500	440	2,600	1,300	160	70	..	..	..	..	Rohtak
800	640	670	560	420	300	1,600	..	110	35	120	74	700	..	Shahpur	
900	550	800	660	530	350	2,160	1,070	100	80	170	80	1,700	..	Sheikhupura	
1,000	700	600	560	500	320	1,800	1,200	140	100	..	..	940	..	Sialkot
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Simla
1,177	780	769	517	518	341	2,046	1,470	126	97	130	72	1,078	Average for the Province		
951	585	585	517	428	428	1,951	1,23	130	130	..	..	..

APPENDIX A—*continued*

No. 14.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS

GROUP AND DISTRICT*	RICE (husked)		WHEAT		BARLEY		JOWAB	BAJRA	MAIZE	GRAM	
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated
Almora . { Naini Tal . Almora . Garhwal . Dehra Dun .	{ 1,500	1,400	1,250	1,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bahraich . { Bahraich . Pilibhit . Kheri .	{ 1,050	900	1,300	650	1,300	800	600	550	1,300	1,000	600
Ballia . { Ballia . Ghazipur . Azamgarh .	{ 1,200	800	1,250	750	1,300	900	650	700	1,000	950	900
Banda . { Banda . Hamirpur .	{ 800	700	900	550	1,000	500	550	400	650	800	750
Basti . { Basti . Gonda . Gorakhpur .	{ 1,050	900	1,250	800	1,300	750	650	400	1,000	700	600
Benares . { Benares . Jaunpur . Mirzapur .	{ 1,000	700	1,100	600	1,300	900	650	500	1,000	800	650
Budaun . { Budaun . Shahjahanpur .	{ 950	750	1,250	850	1,250	1,000	650	600	1,200	1,000	800
Bulandshahr { Bulandshahr . Aligarh .	{ 1,000	700	1,300	960	1,500	1,000	650	550	1,100	1,000	800
Fatehpur . { Fatehpur . Cawnpore . Allahabad .	{ 1,050	800	1,150	600	1,300	700	650	550	1,000	900	800
Jhansi . { Jhansi . Jalaun .	{ 800	550	1,000	650	1,000	500	550	400	650	700	550
Mainpuri . { Mainpuri . Etah . Etawah . Farrukhabad .	{ 950	700	1,150	700	1,300	800	650	550	1,200	1,000	700
Moradabad . { Moradabad . Saharanpur . Bijnor . Bareilly .	{ 1,050	800	1,150	800	1,300	1,000	680	500	900	1,000	650
Muttra . { Muttra . Agra .	{ 850	550	1,200	700	1,400	750	650	650	800	1,000	700
Muzaffarnagar-nagar. { Muzaffarnagar-nagar . Meerut .	{ 1,000	800	1,300	800	1,500	1,000	650	450	1,200	1,000	800
Sitapur . { Sitapur . Hardoi .	{ 1,000	800	1,250	900	1,300	1,100	650	550	1,200	950	900
Sultanpur . { Sultanpur . Bara Banki . Paritalgarh . Fyzabad .	{ 1,100	900	1,150	650	1,500	800	600	650	1,100	1,000	950
Unaо . { Unao . Lucknow . Kao Bareli .	{ 950	800	1,250	750	1,400	700	650	600	1,100	1,000	900
Average for the Province .	1,100	850	1,200	800	1,350	900	600	650	1,050	900	750
			600		1,000						750

* The districts are grouped into agricultural regions, and the determinations made in the representative district of each region are applied to the whole of that region.

in each DISTRICT of the UNITED PROVINCES

PEAS (<i>Pisum sativum</i>)		ABHAR (<i>Cajanus indicus</i>)	LINSEED	SESAMUM (til or (jin/jili))	RAPE AND Mustard	SUGAR- CANE (gur)	COTTON (cleaned)		FERDRO (dye)	GROUP AND DISTRICT	
Irrigated	Un- irrigated	Un- irrigated	Un- irrigated	Un- irrigated	Un- irrigated	Irrigated	Irrigated	Un- irrigated	Irrigated		
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	{ Naini Tal Almora Garhwal Dehra Dun	Almora
850	600	550	500	330	700	2,000	..	110	..	{ Bahraich Pilibhit Kheri	Bahraich
1,200	650	900	650	280	600	3,200	..	100	19	{ Ballia Ghazipur Azamgarh	Ballia
..	..	500	500	280	..	1,500	..	120	..	{ Banda Hamirpur	Banda
1,100	600	700	500	290	570	3,200	..	100	19	{ Basti Gonda Gorakhpur	Basti
1,260	550	700	500	280	..	3,200	..	100	19	{ Benares Jaunpur Mirzapur	Benares
650	400	..	400	320	430	2,400	..	120	18	{ Budaun Shahjahanpur	Budaun
1,000	650	..	..	350	490	2,000	220	130	19	{ Bulandshahr Aligarh	Bulandshahr
800	550	350	400	320	..	2,650	..	120	17	{ Fatehpur Cawnpore Allahabad	Fatehpur
..	..	..	450	280	..	1,500	..	100	..	{ Jhansi Jalaun	Jhansi
800	550	..	..	410	..	2,200	230	160	15	{ Mainpuri Etah Etawah Farrukhabad	Mainpuri
750	500	..	400	320	430	2,450	..	120	18	{ Moradabad Saharanpur Bijnor Bareilly	Moradabad
650	400	..	..	410	..	2,000	230	150	15	{ Muttra Agra	Muttra
800	550	..	..	350	490	2,800	220	140	19	{ Muzaffarnagar Meerut	Muzaffarnagar
1,000	650	600	500	300	570	2,800	..	110	..	{ Sitapur Hardoi	Sitapur
1,200	650	850	500	390	..	2,800	..	110	20	{ Sultanpur Bara Baniki Partabgarh Fyzabad	Sultanpur
1,150	650	700	400	300	490	2,600	..	120	..	{ Unao Lucknow Rae Bareli	Unao
1,100	600	750	500	280	600	2,700	230	130	18	Average for the Province	
950								170			

APPENDIX A—concluded

No. 15.—AVERAGE YIELD (lb per acre) of PRINCIPAL CROPS in each DISTRICT of the MYSORE STATE

DISTRICT	RICE (UNHUSKED)	RAGI	HORSE GRAM (<i>Dolichos biflorus</i>)	SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI)	SUGARCANE (gur)	COTTON (CLEANED)
	Irrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Unirrigated	Irrigated	Unirrigated
Bangalore	1,810	1,400	560	420	4,002	..
Chitaldrug	870	650	338	270	1,896	28
Hassan	1,240	900	588	562	2,296	84
Kadur	2,228	1,050	530	912	4,366	..
Kolar	1,181	1,035	334	220	4,175	70
Mysore	2,038	892	512	..	7,364	91
Shimoga	830	600	410	285	1,904	87
Tumkur	1,087	1,025	572	190	3,995	125
Average for the State .	1,003	1,016	455	411	3,639	44

APPENDIX B

VERNACULAR TERMS USED IN VOLUME I OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF INDIA

- Agasi, agati, or avati* (*Sesbania grandiflora*)—A vegetable crop.
- Ajmud* (*Carum Roxburghianum*)—A kind of spice.
- Ajwan* (*Carum copticum*)—A kind of spice, “Bishop’s weed”.
- Akurkura or jevandi* (*Chrysanthemum coronarium*)—A non-food crop.
- Amada or mamidi allam* (*Curcuma amada*)—A condiment.
- Ampazham* (*Spondias magnifera*)—The hog plum.
- Arhar* (*Cajanus indicus*)—The pigeon pea.
- Arunelli* (*Phyllanthus distichus*)—Country star gooseberry.
- Bajra* (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)—The spiked millet.
- Bané* (Coorg)—Forest land granted for the service of the holding of rice-fields to which it is allotted, to be held free of revenue for grazing, leaf manure, firewood, and for timber required for the farm.
- Barbati* (*Vigna catjang*)—Asparagus, a food grain.
- Barti* (see Wudalu).
- Bel* (*Aegle Marmelos*)—A fruit.
- Bhagdari* (see Narvadari).
- Bilimbi* (*Averrhoa Bilimbi*)—A fruit.
- Bimb* (*Cephaelandra indica*)—A fruit.
- Chaplash* (*Artocarpus Chaplasha*)—A tree grown mainly for timber.
- Chayroot* (*Oldenlandia umbellata*)—A dye.
- Cheena* (*Panicum miliaceum*)—The common millet.
- Cheik* (*Coix lachryma-jobi*)—A food grain, “Job’s Tear”.
- Chikkudukayalu* (*Dolichos lablab*)—The Indian or popat bean.
- Cholam* (see Jowar).
- Cholanathu* (*Andropogon sorghum*)—Fodder jowar.
- Chowli* (see Barbati).
- Cumbu* (see Bajra).
- Dani* (*Nipa fruticans*)—A sedgeiferous palm, the leaves of which are used for thatching purposes, also for matting.
- Dao-tax* (Assam)—A tax levied in Sylhet upon male Tepperas who cultivate by jhamming.
- Dhaincha* (*Sesbania aculeata*)—A plant cultivated mainly for green manure.
- Datura* (*Datura alba*)—A drug.
- Dividivi* (*Cæsalpinia coriaria*)—A tanning material.
- Dolois* (Assam)—The Headman of a group of villages in the Jowai Sub-division of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills district.
- Gajar*—Carrot.
- Garmal* (*Coleus barbatus*)—A fruit.
- Gondli* (see Kutki).
- Gorait* (United Provinces)—Village watchman.
- Henna* (*Lawsonia alba*)—A dye.
- Inám* (Madras)—Alienated villages or lands granted rent-free. *Whole inám* villages are entire villages held on such tenure; *minor ináms* are portions of villages, generally a number of fields, held on *inám* tenure.
- (Coorg)—A grant of land by Government as a reward for services rendered or for religious or charitable purposes.
- Isfagul* (*Plantago ovata*)—A drug.
- Istamrâri* (Punjab, Ajmer-Merwara)—A tenure which, though the revenue is assigned, is charged with a permanently fixed quit-rent.
- Isâfat* (Bombay)—A form of service tenure.
- Izâra* (Berar)—Land leased under the waste-land rules on stipulated terms.
- Jagir* (Berar)—Alienated villages or lands granted as rewards for service either rent-free or on payment of a quit-rent; such lands are hereditary.
- (Ajmer-Merwara)—Land granted revenue-free on condition of military service or as a charitable endowment.
- (Bombay)—Estates held hereditarily or for one or more generations on political considerations, no condition of service being attached to them.
- (Coorg)—Lands granted rent-free (1) to individuals on account of services rendered to the State by themselves or their ancestors, and (2) to some religious institutions.
- Jambo or naval*—Black plum.

APPENDIX B—continued.

VERNACULAR TERMS USED IN VOLUME I OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF INDIA—continued.

Jamma (Coorg)—A tenure under which lands are held on half the ordinary assessment on condition that the holders should perform certain services to Government if required, such as escorting Government treasure and rendering assistance to revenue officers on tour. These lands are inalienable without special sanction.

Jenugulu—Asparagus.

Jinjili (*Sesamum indicum*)—An oilseed.

Jira—Caraway.

Jodi (Madras)—Portion of the assessment reserved or left unalienated when lands were originally granted on favourable assessment. It is distinguished from quit-rent, which represents an additional charge (generally a certain proportion—one-eighth, one-fourth, one-half, or five-eighths—of the full assessment, *minus* the *jodi*) imposed when the tenures were enfranchised or converted into free-holds.

Jowar (*Sorghum vulgare*)—The great millet.

Kalpayaru—Kidney bean.

Kangni (*Panicum Italicum*)—Italian millet.

Kamranga (*Averrhoa Carambola*)—A fruit.

Kanda (*Dracontium*)—A vegetable crop.

Kankrol (*Momordica cochinchinensis*)—A vegetable crop.

Karola (*Momordica Charantia*)—A vegetable crop.

Karuvapilai (*Murraya Koenigii*)—A condiment.

Kavali (*Sterculia urens*)—The Indian katura, a fruit.

Kavathu (*Dioscorea alata*)—A tuber used as a food stuff.

Khalsa (Bombay)—Government occupancy or raiyatwari tenure.

—(Central Provinces)—Areas settled on malguzari or thekadari tenure, in contradistinction to zamindari.

—(Berar, Ajmer-Merwara)—Land paying full revenue to Government.

Khatedar (Berar)—A registered occupant whose name is entered by authority in the Government records as holding unalienated land.

Khiraj (Assam)—Land assessed to full revenue.

Khoti (Bombay)—A form of tenure, found chiefly in the Konkan, the holder of which is in return for certain semi-proprietary rights, held responsible for payment of assessment on the area held.

Kirni (*Mimusops hexandra*)—A large tree cultivated chiefly in north-western India. It produces an olive-shaped yellow berry which is eaten chiefly during times of scarcity, and in the hot weather.

Kodo or *Kutki* (*Paspalum Scrobiculatum*)—A kind of millet.

Kolinji (*Tephrosia purpurea*)—A drug.

Koorka (*Strobilanthes*)—A vegetable crop.

Korai—The Indian matting sedge.

Kuhudi (*Panicum trypheron*)—A food grain.

Kulthi (*Dolichos biflorus*)—Horse gram.

Kutki (see Kodo).

Kwin (Burma)—An area averaging about one square mile selected as a survey unit on account of some natural features or administrative boundaries.

Lakhiraj (Assam)—Revenue-free land.

Lobia (see Barbati).

Madder (*Rubia tinctorum* and *R. cordifolia*)—A dye.

Mahalkari (Bombay)—A revenue and police officer in charge of a sub-division of a taluk.

Makhan sim—The sword bean.

Malguzari (Central Provinces)—A form of tenure, the holder of which is responsible for the payment of the revenue assessed on a village.

Mamlatdar (Bombay)—The chief revenue and police officer (native) in charge of a taluk.

Mankachu (*Alocasia indica*)—A root crop.

Marua (*Elusine coracana*)—A kind of millet.

Marukkolundu (*Artemisia vulgaris*)—The Indian worm wood.

Mehwasi (Bombay)—A proprietary tenure assessable to revenue at a lump sum.

Muafi (Maupur)—Any kind of land held revenue-free either for a fixed period or in perpetuity, but the term does not ordinarily apply to jagirs.

Mung (*Phaseolus Mungo*)—Green gram.

APPENDIX B—*continued*VERNACULAR TERMS USED IN VOLUME I OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS OF INDIA—*continued*

- Munsarim* (Berar)—A head native revenue officer.
- Narvadari, Bhagdari* (Bombay)—Forms of proprietary tenure involving joint responsibility for the assessment: the revenue in the former case being fixed in the lump and in the latter distributed by rates over fields.
- Neem or Margosa* (*Melia azadirachta*)—A non-food crop.
- Neerali* (*Gynocordia odorata*)—An oilseed.
- Nela mulaka* (*Solanum xanthocarpum*)—The bogoda brinjal, a drug.
- Nisfkhiraj* (Assam)—Land liable to pay half the revenue which is ordinarily payable for the term of settlement.
- Odamula* (*Ochlandra Rheedii*)—A reed.
- Ol or zaminkand*—The elephant foot, a root crop.
- Palampat* (Berar)—Land held on payment of a quit-rent, but not necessarily hereditary.
- Panchayat* (Bengal)—A committee of five respectable persons nominated or appointed by local officers of Government in a village or group of villages for the settlement of petty disputes among the people and for dealing with other small local matters, such as caste, occupation, sanitation, etc.
- Papay* (*Carica papaya*)—A fruit.
- Parpattigar* (Coorg)—A revenue officer in charge of a sub-division of a taluk.
- Parvar* (see *Patol*).
- Patel* (Coorg)—Village headman appointed by Government.
- Patol* (*Trichosanthes dioica*)—A vegetable crop.
- Peshkash* (Madras)—The fixed land revenue payable to Government on all permanently settled estates.
- Pimakottai or pouna*—The mast wood.
- Ponnagantikura* (*Alternanthera sessilis*)—A vegetable crop.
- Poramboke* (Madras)—Lands reserved for public or village communal purposes.
- Pôt inâms* (Bombay)—Plots of alienated land in Khalsa villages.
- Pôt khardâb* (Berar)—The unculturable area included in a survey number.
- Puliyavara* (*Oxalis corniculata*)—A vegetable crop.
- Ragi* (see *Marua*).
- Randhuni* (see *Ajmud*).
- Rayatwari*—State lands leased to cultivators for a fixed term. A form of tenure in which the settlement of revenue is made by Government with each individual occupant or cultivator of the land for a given term, without the intervention of a third party.
- Sabai grass* (*Ischaemum Augustifolium*)—A fibre plant.
- Sank-alu* (*Pachyrhizus angulatus*)—A root crop.
- Sapodilla* (*Achras Sapota*)—A fruit.
- Sebestan* (*Cordia Myxa*)—A fruit.
- Shanbog* (Coorg)—A village accountant appointed by Government.
- Shrotriem* (Madras)—Village held on grant (originally to Brahmins), wholly or partially revenue-free.
- Siris tree or vagai* (*Albizia Lebbeck*)—A non-food crop.
- Sorrell* (*Rumex vesicarius*)—A vegetable crop.
- Sothen*—Radish.
- Swank* (*Panicum frumentaceum*)—A food grain.
- Taikthugy*—The headman of a group of villages.
- Talukdari* (Bombay)—A form of proprietary right in force in the northern districts of Bombay.
- Tejpat* (*Cinnamomum Tamala* and *C. obtusifolium*)—A spice.
- Thathameda* (Upper Burma)—Household tax.
- Thattan payara* (see *Barbati*).
- Thekadar* (Central Provinces)—A farmer, a leaseholder, a middleman; one who receives the rents from the cultivators and pays a stipulated sum to the proprietor.
- Thetke grass* (*Imperata arundinacea*)—A small perennial grass used chiefly for thatching purposes.

APPENDIX B—concluded**VERNACULAR TERMS USED IN VOLUME I OF AGRICULTURAL
STATISTICS OF INDIA—concluded**

Thuggi (Burma)—A village headman.

Til (*Sesamum indicum*)—An oilseed.

Uchhe (*Momordica muricata*)—A vegetable crop.

Udai (*Acacia eburnea*)—A thorny tree used as fuel or for fencing purposes.

Udhad-jamabandi (Bombay)—A proprietary tenure subject to fixed assessment.

Umbli (Coorg)—Lands granted on reduced rates to individuals on account of services rendered to the State by themselves or their ancestors.

Unda (*Pongamia glabra*)—An oilseed.

Urad (*Phaseolus radiatus*)—Black gram.

Wudalu or barti (*Panicum flavidum*)—A food grain.

Zamindar—The holder of an estate on a fixed assessment under a deed of permanent ownership granted by Government.

——— (Central Provinces)—A chief of minor importance who, while usually holding a large and compact estate on privileged tenure, has been restricted to the rank of an ordinary subject.

Zamindari—An estate held on a fixed assessment under a deed of permanent ownership granted by Government.

——— (United Provinces)—An undivided estate held in joint tenure.

APPENDIX C

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS CULTIVATED IN INDIA AND THEIR CLASSIFICATION
IN TABLE IV

NAME OF CROP				Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular			Botanical	
Agasi, agati or avati			Sesbania grandiflora .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Agave			Agave spp.	25. Fibres—others.
Ajmud or Randhuni			Carum Roxburghianum .	20. Condiments and Spices.
Ajwan or Bishop's weed			Carum Copticum .	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Akurkura (<i>see</i> Chrysanthemum) . . . . .			.....	.....
Al (<i>see</i> Morinda) . . . . .			.....	.....
Aloes			Aloe vera	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Alya (<i>see</i> Cress) . . . . .			.....	.....
Amada or Mamidi allam			Cucurbita Amada	20. Condiments and Spices.
Amaranths			Amarantus	41. Miscellaneous food crops.
Ampazham (<i>see</i> Plum) . . . . .			.....	.....
Anise seed			Pimpinella Anisum	20. Condiments and Spices.
Apple, wood			Feronia elephantum	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Rose			Eugenia Jambos	40. " " "
" Custard			Annona squamosa and A. reticulata	40. " " "
Areca nut or Betelnut			Areca catechu	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Arhar or pigeon pea			Cajanus indicus	10. Other food grains, etc.
Arnatto or Arnotto			Bixa Orellana	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Arrowroot, West Indian			Maranta arundinacea	41. Miscellaneous food crops.
" Wild or East Indian			Cucurbita augustifolia	41. " " "
Artichoke			Cynara Scolymus or Centaurea Cardunculus	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Arum (edible), Kachu or Kachalu			Colocasia Antiquorum	40. " " "
Arunelli (<i>see</i> Gooseberry, country star) . . . . .			.....	.....
Bajra (<i>see</i> Millet) . . . . .			.....	.....
Barbati, Lobia, Jenugulu, Thattan-payara or Chowli (Asparagus)			Vigna Catjang	10. Other food grains, etc.
Barley			Hordeum vulgare	4. Barley.
Barti (<i>see</i> Wudalu) . . . . .			.....	.....
Basil, sweet			Ocimum Basilicum	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Beans—			Canavalia sp.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Sim			Phaseolus calcaratus	10. Other food grains, etc.
" Sutri or Ghurush . . . . .			.....	.....
" Asparagus (<i>see</i> Barbati) . . . . .			.....	.....
" Cluster (<i>see</i> Vetch)			Phaseolus vulgaris	10. Other food grains, etc.
" French or Haricot			Vicia Faba	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Garden			Psophocarpus tetragonolobus	40. " " " "
" Goa			Dolichos Lablab	10. Other food grains, etc.
" Indian, Chikkudukayalu, Popat or Val			Phaseolus acutifolius	10. " " "
" Kidney, Moth or Kalpayaru			" Lunatus	10. " " "
" Lima			Glycine hispida	10. " " "
" Soy			Canavalia Ensiformis, C. gladiata	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Sword or Makhan Sim			Mucuna Pruriens	40. " " " "
" Velvet			Beta vulgaris	40. " " " "
Beetroot			Ægle Marmelos	40. " " " "
Bel			Piper Betle	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Betel vine . . . . .			.....	.....
" nut (<i>see</i> Areca nut) . . . . .			.....	.....
Bhindi (<i>see</i> Hibiscus, edible)			Averrhoa Bilimbi	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Bilimbi			Cephalandra indica	40. " " "
Bimb				

APPENDIX C—continued

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS—continued

NAME OF CROP						Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular			Botanical			
Bishop's weed (<i>see Ajwan</i>)	·	·	Coleus aromaticus .	.	.	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Borage, country	·	·	Solanum Melongena, S.	longum.	.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Brinjal	·	·	Solanum xanthocarpum .	.	.	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
„ bogoda or nela mulaka	·	·	Brassica oleracea .	.	.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Buck wheat (<i>see Wheat</i>)	·	·	Carum Carvi .	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Cabbage	·	·	„ Bulbocastanum .	.	.	20. „ „ „
Caraway or Jira	·	·	Amomum aromaticum .	subulatum	.	20. „ „ „
„ Black or Shahjira	·	·	Elettaria Cardamomum .	.	.	20. „ „ „
Cardamom Aromatic	·	·	Ceratonia Siliqua .	.	.	39. Fodder crops.
„ greater	·	·	Daucus Carota .	.	.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
„ lesser	·	·	Anacardium occidentale .	.	.	40. „ „ „
Carob or Locust tree	·	·	Manihot utilissima and M.	palmata.	.	40. „ „ „
Carrot or Gajar	·	·	Ricinus communis .	.	.	17. Castor.
Cashew nut	·	·	Brassica oleracea .	.	.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Cassava	·	·	Apium graveolens .	.	.	40. „ „ „
Castor	·	·	Oldenlandia umbellata .	.	.	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Cauliflower . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Celery . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	40. „ „ „
Chaplash (<i>see Sam tree</i>)	·	·	Cichorium Intybus .	.	.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Chayroot . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Cheena (<i>see Millet</i>) . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Cheik (<i>see Job's Tear</i>) . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Chicory	·	·	Chrysanthemum coronarium.	.	.	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Chickling Vetch (<i>see Vetch</i>)	·	·	Cinchona sp. .	.	.	35. Cinchona.
Chillies	·	·	Cinnamomum zeylanicum .	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Chikkudukayalu (<i>see Beans, Indian</i>)	·	·	Andropogon Sorghum .	.	.	39. Fodder crops.
Cholum (<i>see Millet</i>) . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Cholanathu (fodder Cholum)	·	·	Eugenia caryophyllata or Caryophyllus aromaticus.	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Chowli (<i>see Barbati</i>)	·	·	Cocos nucifera .	.	.	16. Coconut.
Chrysanthemum, Akurkura, or Jevandi	·	·	Coffea arabica .	.	.	32. Coffee.
Cinchona	·	·	Coriandrum sativum .	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Cinnamon	·	·	Gossypium sp. .	.	.	23. Cotton.
Citron or lime or lemon	·	·	Lepidium sativum .	.	.	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Cloves	·	·	Cucumis sativus .	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Coconut	·	·	Cuminum Cyminum .	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Coffee	·	·	Nipa fruticans .	.	.	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Coriander	·	·	Sesbania aculeata .	.	.	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Cotton	·	·	Datura alba .	.	.	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Cress or Alya	·	·	Peucedauum graveolens .	.	.	18. Oilseeds—others.
Cucumber . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Cumbu (<i>see Millet</i>) . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Cumin . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Custard Apple (<i>see Apple</i>) . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Dani . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Date palm (<i>see Palm</i>) . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	.....
Dhaincha . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Dhatura . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Dill or Sowa . . . . .	·	·	.....	.	.	18. Oilseeds—others.

APPENDIX C—continued

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS—continued

NAME OF CROP		Botanical	Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular			
Dividivi . . . . .	.	<i>Cæsalpinia coriara</i> .	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Drumsticks or Horse-radish . . . . .	.	<i>Moringa pterygosprema</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Elephant foot, Zaminkand or Ol . . . . .	.	<i>Amorphophallus campanulatus</i> . .	40. " " "
Elephant yam . . . . .	.	<i>Tryphonium trilobatum</i> .	40. " " "
Fennel . . . . .	.	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i> .	20. Condiments and Spices.
Fenugreek . . . . .	.	<i>Trigonella foenum græcum</i> .	20. " " "
Field Vetch (<i>see</i> Vetch) . . . . .	.	.....
Fig . . . . .	.	<i>Ficus Carica</i> . .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Flea-bane, purple . . . . .	.	<i>Vernonia anthelminthica</i> .	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Flowers . . . . .	.	.....	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Gajar (<i>see</i> Carrot) . . . . .	.	.....
Garlic . . . . .	.	<i>Allium sativum</i> .	20. Condiments and Spices.
Garmal . . . . .	.	<i>Coleus barbatus</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Gawar (<i>see</i> Vetch) . . . . .	.	.....
Ginger . . . . .	.	<i>Zingiber officinale</i> .	20. Condiments and Spices.
Goa bean (<i>see</i> Bean) . . . . .	.	.....
Gondi (<i>see</i> Millet) . . . . .	.	.....
Gooseberry, Cape—or tepari . . . . .	.	<i>Physalis peruviana</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Country star or Arunelli . . . . .	.	<i>Phyllanthus distichus</i> .	40. " " "
Goose foot . . . . .	.	<i>Chenopodium album</i> .	40. " " "
Gourd, Snake . . . . .	.	<i>Trichosanthes anguina</i> .	40. " " "
" Bottle . . . . .	.	<i>Lagenaria vulgaris</i> .	40. " " "
" Towel . . . . .	.	<i>Luffa acutangula</i> .	40. " " "
" Red or melon pumpkin . . . . .	.	<i>Cucurbita maxima</i> .	40. " " "
" Melon, white . . . . .	.	<i>Benincasa cerifera</i> .	40. " " "
Gram . . . . .	.	<i>Cicer arietinum</i> .	9. Gram.
" Field . . . . .	.	<i>Phaseolus trilobus</i> .	10. Other food grains, etc.
" Green or Mung . . . . .	.	<i>Phaseolus Mungo</i> .	10. " " "
" Horse or Kulthi . . . . .	.	<i>Dolichos biflorus</i> .	10. " " "
" Black or Urad (Matikalai) . . . . .	.	<i>Phaseolus radiatus</i> .	10. " " "
Grape . . . . .	.	<i>Vitis vinifera</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Groundnut . . . . .	.	<i>Arachis hypogœa</i> .	15. Groundnut.
Guava . . . . .	.	<i>Psidium Guajava</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Guinea grass . . . . .	.	<i>Panicum maximum</i> .	39. Fodder crops.
Gumberry . . . . .	.	<i>Cordia Rothii</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Hemp, Indian, or Ganja . . . . .	.	<i>Cannabis sativa</i> .	36. Indian hemp.
" Sunn . . . . .	.	<i>Crotalaria juncea</i> .	25. Fibres—others.
" Deccan . . . . .	.	<i>Hibiscus cannabinus</i> .	25. " "
" Sisal . . . . .	.	<i>Agave sisalana</i> .	25. " "
Henna . . . . .	.	<i>Lawsonia alba</i> .	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Hibiscus, edible or bhindi . . . . .	.	<i>Hibiscus esculentus</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Horse-radish (<i>see</i> Drumsticks) . . . . .	.	.....	.....
Indian Hemp (<i>see</i> Hemp) . . . . .	.	.....	.....
Indian worm wood (<i>see</i> Marukkolundu) . . . . .	.	.....	.....
Indigo . . . . .	.	<i>Indigofera sumatrana</i> and <i>I. arrecta</i> .	29. Indigo.
Isfagul . . . . .	.	<i>Plantago ovata</i> .	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Jack fruit . . . . .	.	<i>Artocarpus integrifolia</i> .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Jambotree (<i>see</i> Plum, black) . . . . .	.	.....	.....

APPENDIX C—continued

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS—continued

NAME OF CROP				Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular			Botanical	
Jenugulu (<i>see</i> Barbati)	.	.	.	.....
Jevandi (<i>see</i> Chrysanthemum)	.	.	.	.....
Jinjili (<i>see</i> Sesamum)	.	.	.	.....
Jira (<i>see</i> Caraway)	.	.	.	.....
Job's Tear or Cheik	.	.	Coix lachryma-jobi	10. Other food grains, etc.
Jowar (<i>see</i> Millet)	.	.	Zizyphus Jujuba	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Jujube	.	.	Corchorus sp.	24. Jute.
Jute	.	.	.	.....
Kachu or Kachalu (<i>see</i> Arum)	.	.	.	.....
Kakri (<i>see</i> Melon)	.	.	.	.....
Kalipayaru (<i>see</i> Beans, Kidney)	.	.	.	.....
Kamrang	.	.	Averrhoa Carambola	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Kanda	.	.	Dracontium	40. " "
Kangni (<i>see</i> Millet)	.	.	.	.....
Kankrol	.	.	Momordica cochinchinensis	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Kaon (<i>see</i> Millet)	.	.	.	.....
Kapok	.	.	Eriodendron anfractuosum	25. Fibres—others.
Karola	.	.	Momordica Charantia	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Karuvapilai	.	.	Murraya Koenigii	20. Condiments and Spices.
Kavali or Indian Katura	.	.	Sterculia urens	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Kavathu, pannikkavathu, pallakavathu, kolkavathu	.	.	Dioscorea alata	40. " " "
Kharbuja (<i>see</i> Melon)	.	.	.	.....
Khesari (<i>see</i> Vetch)	.	.	.	.....
Khurfa (<i>see</i> Purslane)	.	.	.	.....
Kidney bean (<i>see</i> Bean)	.	.	.	.....
Kirni	.	.	Mimusops hexandra	41. Miscellaneous food crops.
Kodo (<i>see</i> Millet)	.	.	.	.....
Korai (<i>see</i> Matting sedge, Indian)	.	.	.	.....
Kokam (<i>see</i> Mangosteen)	.	.	.	.....
Kolinji or vempali	.	.	Tephrosia purpurea	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Koorka	.	.	Strobilanthes	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Kuhudi	.	.	Panicum tryphon	10. Other food grains, etc.
Kulthi (<i>see</i> Gram)	.	.	.	.....
Kutki (<i>see</i> Millet)	.	.	.	.....
Lemon (<i>see</i> Citron)	.	.	.	.....
Lentils	.	.	Lens esculenta or Ervam lens	10. Other food grains, etc.
Lettuce	.	.	Lactuca Scariola	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Lime (<i>see</i> Citron)	.	.	.	.....
Linseed	.	.	Linum usitatissimum	12. Linseed.
Lobia (<i>see</i> Barbati)	.	.	.	.....
Locust tree (<i>see</i> Carob)	.	.	.	.....
Lucerne	.	.	Medicago sativa	39. Fodder crops.
Madder	.	.	Rubia tinctorum and R. cordifolia	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Mahua	.	.	Bassia latifolia and B. longifolia	41. Miscellaneous food crops.
Maize	.	.	Zea Mays	8. Maize.)
Makham Sim (<i>see</i> Beans, Sword)	.	.	Mangifera indica	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Mango	.	.	Garcinia indica	40. " " "
Mangosteen or Kokam	.	.	Alocasia indica	40. " " "
Mankachu	.	.	Melia azadirachta	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Margosa or Neem tree	.	.	.	.....

APPENDIX C—continued

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS—continued

NAME OF CROP						Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular			Botanical			
Marians			Bouea burmanica . . .			40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Marjoram			Origanum vulgare . . .			20. Condiments and Spices.
Marua (see Millet)			Artemisia vulgaris . . .			.....
Marukkolundu or Indian wormwood			Calophyllum inophyllum . .			42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Mast wood			Cyperus corymbosus, C. tegetum.			18. Oilseeds—others.
Mati kalai (see Black gram)			Vangueria edulis . . .			.....
Matting sedge, Indian or Korai			Cucumis Melo . . .			25. Fibres—others.
Medlar, Indian			Cucumis Melo var. momordica.			40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Melon, Kharbuja			Cucurbita moschata . .			40. " " "
" Kakri			Citrullus vulgaris . . .			40. " " "
" Musk			Trigonella foenum-graecum			20. Condiments and Spices.
" Water			Pennisetum typhoideum .			6. Cumbu or Bajra.
" White Gourd (see Gourd)			Sorghum vulgare . . .			5. Cholum or Jowar.
Metha (Fenugreek)			Panicum italicum or			10. Other food grains, etc.
Millet, Bulrush, Bajra or Cumbu			Setaria italica.			
" (Sorghum) or jowar or cholum			Paspalum scrobiculatum .			10. " " "
" Italian, Kangni, or Kaon			Panicum miliare . . .			10. " " "
" Kodo or Varagu			Eleusine Coracana . . .			7. Ragi or marua.
" Little, Kutki or Gondli			Panicum miliaceum . . .			10. Other food grains, etc.
" Marua or Ragi			Mentha arvensis . . .			20. Condiments and Spices.
" Common or Cheena			Morinda tinctoria . . .			30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Mint or Pudina			Morus indica . . . .			.....
Morinda or Al			Brassica sp.			42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Moth (see Bean) . . . . . . .			.....			.....
Mulberry			Gynocordia odorata . . .			14. Rape and Mustard.
Mung (see Gram)			Guizotia abyssinica . . .			.....
Mustard			Myristica fragrans . . .			18. Oilseeds—others.
Naval (see Plum, black)			Avena sativa			18. "
Neem tree (see Margosa)			Ochlandra Rheedii . . .			20. Condiments and Spices.
Neerali . . . . . . .			.....			39. Fodder crops.
Niger Seed or Sorguja			Allium Cepa			42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Nutmeg			Papaver somniferum . . .			.....
Oats			Citrus Aurantium			40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Odamula (reeds)			Phoenix sylvestris . . .			31. Opium.
Ol (see Elephant foot)			Borassus flabellifer . .			22. Sugar—others.
Onion			Carica papaya			40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Opium			Trichosanthes dioica . .			40. " " "
Orache, garden (see Spinach)			Prunus persica			40. " " "
Oranges			Pisum sativum or Pisum arvense.			10. Other food grains, etc.
Palm, Date . . . . . . .			.....
" Palmyra			Piper or Capsicum . . .			20. Condiments and Spices.
Papay			Piper nigrum			20. " " "
Parvar or Patol			Piper longum			20. " " "
Peach			Setaria glauca			10. Other food grains, etc.
Peas . . . . . . .			.....			.....
Peanut (see Groundnut) . . . . . . .			.....			.....
Pepper . . . . . . .			.....			.....
" Black . . . . . . .			.....			.....
" Long . . . . . . .			.....			.....
Pigeon or bottle grass . . . . . . .			.....			.....
" pea (see Arhar) . . . . . . .			.....			.....
Pigmakkottai, Pouuna (see Mastwood) . . . . . . .			.....			.....

APPENDIX C—continued

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS—continued

NAME OF CROP		Botanical	Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular			
Pine apple	.	Ananas sativa	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Plantain	.	Musa sapientum	40. " " "
Plum, black, Jambo tree or Naval	.	Eugenia Jambolana	40. " " "
" Hog, or Ampazham	.	Spondias mangifera	40. " " "
Poi (see Spinach)	.	.....	.....
Pomegranate	.	Punica granatum	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Pomelo	.	Citrus decumana	40. " " "
Ponnagantikura	.	Alternanthera sessilis	40. " " "
Potato	.	Solanum tuberosum	40. " " "
" Sweet	.	Ipomoea Batatas, Batatas edulis.	40. " " "
Pudina (see Mint)	.	Oxalis corniculata	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Puliyavara	.	Cucurbita pepo	40. " " "
Pumpkin	.	Portulaca Oleracea	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Melon (see Gourd red)	.	Raphanus sativus	40. " " "
Purslane	.	.....	.....
Radish or Sother	.	Brassica sp.	14. Rape and Mustard.
Ragi (see Millet)	.	Rubus lasiocarpus	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Randhuni (see Ajmud)	.	Bœhmeria nivea	25. Fibres—others.
Rapeseed	.	Oryza sativa	2. Rice.
Raspberry	.	Hibiscus sabdariffa	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Rhea	.	Hevea brasiliensis, Manihot Glaziovii.	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Rice	.	Ischœnum angustifolium	25. Fibres—others.
Rose apple (see Apple)	.	Carthamus tinctorius	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Roselle	.	Crocus sativus	30. Dyes and Tanning Materials—others.
Rubber (India)	.	Salvia officinalis	20. Condiments and Spices.
Sabai grass	.	Artocarpus Chaplasha	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Safflower	.	Pachyrhizus angulatus	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Saffron	.	Achras Sapota	40. " " "
Sage	.	Cordia myxa	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Sam tree or Chaplash	.	Cassia angustifolia and C. ovata.	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Sark-alu	.	Sesamum indicum	13. Sesamum.
Sapodilla	.	.....	.....
Sawan (see Swank)	.	Trapa bispinosa	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Sebestan	.	Albizzia Lebbek	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Senna	.	.....	.....
Sesamum, til or jinjili	.	Sapindus trifoliatus	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Shahjira (see Caraway, black)	.	Rumex vesicarius	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Shama (see Swank)	.	.....	.....
Singhara or water caltrop	.	.....	.....
Siris tree or vagai	.	.....	.....
Sisal hemp (see Hemp)	.	.....	.....
Soapnut or Kumkudu-Kaya	.	.....	.....
Sorguja (see Niger seed)	.	.....	.....
Sorrel	.	.....	.....
Sowa (see Dill)	.	.....	.....
Sother (see Radish)	.	.....	.....

APPENDIX C—concluded

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF CROPS—concluded

NAME OF CROP					Heads of classification in Table IV
English or Vernacular				Botanical	
Soy bean (<i>see</i> Bean)	.	.	.	.	.....
Spelt wheat (<i>see</i> Wheat)	.	.	.	.	.....
Spinach .	.	.	.	Spinacea oleracea .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
" Indian or poi .	.	.	.	Basella alba .	40. " " "
" Mountain, or Garden Orache .	.	.	.	Atriplex hortensis .	40. " " "
Strawberry .	.	.	.	Fragaria vesca .	40. " " "
Sugarcane .	.	.	.	Saccharum officinarum .	21. Sugarcane.
Sunflower .	.	.	.	Helianthus Annuus .	18. Oilseeds—others.
Swallow-wort .	.	.	.	Calotropis sp. .	25. Fibres—others.
Swank, Sawan, or Shama .	.	.	.	Panicum frumentaceum .	10. Other food grains, etc.
Sweet flag .	.	.	.	Acorus Calamus .	37. Drugs and Narcotics—others.
Sweet potato (<i>see</i> Potato) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Tamarind .	.	.	.	Tamarindus indica .	20. Condiments and Spices.
" Manila .	.	.	.	Pithecelobium dulce .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Taramira .	.	.	.	Eruca sativa .	14. Rape and Mustard.
Tea .	.	.	.	Camelia Thea .	33. Tea.
Tejpat .	.	.	.	Cinnainonum Tamala and C. obtusifolium.	20. Condiments and Spices.
Tepari (<i>see</i> Gooseberry) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Thattan-payara (<i>see</i> Barbati)	.	.	.	.....	.....
Thetkè (grass) .	.	.	.	Imperata arundinacea .	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Til (<i>see</i> Sesamum) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Tobacco .	.	.	.	Nicotiana Tabacum and N. Rustica.	34. Tobacco.
Tomato .	.	.	.	Lycopersicum esculentum .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Tori, Toria .	.	.	.	Brassica Napus .	14. Rape and Mustard.
Turmeric .	.	.	.	Cureuma longa .	20. Condiments and Spices.
Turnip .	.	.	.	Brassica Rapa .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Uchhe .	.	.	.	Momordica muricata .	40. " " " "
Udai .	.	.	.	Acacia eburnea .	42. Miscellaneous non-food crops.
Unda .	.	.	.	Pongamia glabra .	18. Oilseeds—others.
Urad (<i>see</i> Gram) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Varagu (<i>see</i> Millet) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Vagai (<i>see</i> Siris tree) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Vempali (<i>see</i> Kolinji) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Vetch, Field, Cluster bean, or gawar .	.	.	.	Cyamopsis psoralioides .	39. Fodder crops.
" Chickling or khesari .	.	.	.	Lathyrus sativus .	10. Other food grains, etc.
Water caltrop (<i>see</i> Singhara) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
" melon (<i>see</i> Melon) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Wheat .	.	.	.	Triticum sativum .	3. Wheat.
" Buck .	.	.	.	Fagopyrum esculentum .	10. Other food grains, etc.
" Spelt .	.	.	.	Triticum sativum var. Spelta.	3. Wheat.
Wood apple (<i>see</i> Apple) .	.	.	.	.....	.....
Wudalu or barti .	.	.	.	Panicum flavidum .	10. Other food grains, etc.
Yams .	.	.	.	Dioscorea sp. .	40. Fruits and Vegetables including root crops.
Zaminkand (<i>see</i> Elephant foot) .	.	.	.	.....	.....

INDEX

	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices
A		Page	A—contd.		Page
Agasi, Agati . . . . .	...	121, 363, 367	Area—contd.		Page
Agave . . . . .	...	117, 367	Opium	vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206
Ajmer-Merwara—			Professional survey	vii	2—4, 14—36
Area . . . . .	...	4, 14, 16	Ragi or marua	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198
Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 124—125	Rape and mustard	v	2, 3, 6, 117—199
Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 64—65, 68—69	Rice	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 13, 116—198
Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	348	Sesamum	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198
Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 37, 39	Sown	iii, iv—vi	2—4, 7, 37—62, 121—207
Land revenue	viii	10—11, 260—261, 268—269	Sown more than once	iii, iv, vi	7, 121—207
Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—209, 212—213	Sugar	v, vi	3, 9, 6, 117—199
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...	Sugarcane	vi	3, 9, 5, 6, 117—199
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...	Tea	vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206
Ajmud or Randhuni . . . . .	...	117, 363, 365, 367, 372	Tobacco	vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206
Ajwan . . . . .	...	120, 363, 367	Uncultivated . . . . .	...	4
Akukura . . . . .	...	121, 363, 367	Village papers	ii	2, 3, 4, 14—36
Al . . . . .	...	367	Wheat	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 13, 116—198
Algeria, area under wheat, barley, etc., in— . . . . .	...	13	Area and population of India	ii	...
Aloes . . . . .	...	120, 367	Arecanut . . . . .	...	120, 367
Alya . . . . .	...	367	Argentina, area under wheat, barley, etc., in— . . . . .	...	13
Amada . . . . .	...	117, 363, 367	Arhar . . . . .	...	116, 342, 344, 346, 351, 361, 363, 367
Amaranths . . . . .	...	121, 367	Arpatto . . . . .	...	120, 367
Ampazham . . . . .	...	363, 367	Arrowroot . . . . .	...	121, 367
Anise seed . . . . .	...	117, 367	Artichoke . . . . .	...	ib
Appendices, description of—	i, ix	...	Aram . . . . .	...	ib
Apple, wood, custard, rose . . . . .	...	131, 367, 372	Arunelli . . . . .	...	363, 367
Area—			Asparagus . . . . .	...	116, 367
Bajra or cumbu	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 116— 198	Assam—		
Barley	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 13, 116— 198	Area . . . . .	...	4, 14, 16—17
Castor	v	2, 3, 6, 117—199	Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 126—129
Cinchona . . . . .	...	7, 120—206	Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 64—65, 70—71
Coconut	v	2, 3, 6, 117—199	Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	348
Coffee	vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206	Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 37, 40
Condiments and spices	v, vi	6, 117—199	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—307, 308
Cotton	vi	2, 8, 5, 7, 13, 117—199	Land revenue	viii	10—11, 260—261, 270—271
Cultivated . . . . .	...	4, 10	Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—209, 214—215
Culturable waste	iii	2—4, 37—62	Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...
Drugs and narcotics	v, vi	7, 120—206	Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...
Dyes and Tanning Materials	v, vi	ib	Assessment, land revenue	vii—viii	2, 3, 10—11, 260—305
Fallows	iii, iv	2—4, 37—62	Australia, area under wheat in— . . . . .	...	13
Fibres	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 117—199	Austria, area under wheat, barley, etc., in— . . . . .	...	13
Fodder crops	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 121—207	Avati . . . . .	...	363, 367
Food crops	v	2, 3, 5, 7, 116—207	Average yield per acre of crops	ix	331—362
Food grains and pulses	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 116—198	B		
Forest	iii	2—4, 37—62	Bajra or cumbu—		
Fruits and vegetables	v, vi	7, 121—207	Area	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198
Fully assessed to land revenue . . . . .	...	10, 260—304	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306, 312—
Gram	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198	Irrigated . . . . .	...	313, 320—327
Groundnut	v	2, 3, 6, 117—199	Yield per acre . . . . .	...	5, 65—115
Indian hemp . . . . .	...	7, 120—206	Barbati . . . . .	...	332, 339—360
Indigo	vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206	Barley—		116, 363, 367
Irrigated	iv	2, 3, 5, 64—115	Area	v	2, 3, 6, 13, 116—198
Jowar or cholam	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 116—198	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	13, 306—310, 322—327
Jute	vi	2, 3, 7, 117—199	Irrigated . . . . .	...	5, 64—114
Linseed	v	2, 3, 6, 13, 116— 198	Yield per acre . . . . .	...	332, 338—360
Maize	v	2, 3, 5, 6, 13, 116—198	Barti . . . . .	...	116, 363, 367
Non-food crops	v	2, 3, 5, 7, 116—207	Basil, sweet . . . . .	...	120, 367
Not available for cultivation	iii	2—4, 37—62			
Not fully assessed to land rev- enue . . . . .	...	10, 260—304			
Oilseeds	v	2, 3, 6, 116—199			

INDEX

	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices
B—contd.	Page	Page	B—concld.	Page	Page
Beans . . . . .	...	116, 121, 353, 387	British India—contd.	vii	8—9, 210—211
Beet root . . . . .	...	121, 367	Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211
Bel . . . . .	...	121, 363, 367	Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...
Bengal—			Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...
Area . . . . .	...	4, 14, 18—19	Buck wheat	...	116, 368
Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 130—137	Buffaloes .	vii	2—3, 8, 208— 258
Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 64—65, 72—75	Bulgaria, area under rice, wheat, barley, etc., in —	...	...
Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	349	Bulls and bullocks	...	2, 3, 8, 208— 258
Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 37, 41—42	Burma—	...	4, 14, 23—26
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—307, 308, 309	Area	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 154— 185
Land revenue	viii	10—11, 262—263, 272—275	Area under crops	...	10—11, 262— 263, 284—287
Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—209, 216—219	Area under irrigation	...	5, 64—65, 84— 91
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...	Average yield of crops	...	353
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...	Classification of area	...	4, 37, 47—50
Betelnut . . . . .	...	367	Harvest prices	...	12, 306—307, 314—317
Betel vine . . . . .	...	120, 367	Land revenue	viii	10—11, 262— 263, 284—287
Bhindi . . . . .	...	367	Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—209, 230—237
Bihar and Orissa—			Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...
Area . . . . .	...	4, 14, 20	Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...
Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 138—145	C		
Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 64—65, 76—79	Cabbage	...	121, 363
Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	350—351	Caliroop, water	...	121, 373
Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 37, 43—44	Calves	...	2, 3, 8, 208— 258
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—307, 310—311	Camels	vli	9, 209—250
Land revenue	viii	10—11, 262—263, 276—279	Canada, area under wheat, barley and maize in —	...	13
Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—209, 220—223	Canals, area irrigated by	...	5, 64—114
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...	Caraway	...	117, 368
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...	Cardamom	...	ib
Bilimbi . . . . .	...	121, 363, 367	Carob	vi	121, 368
Bimb		ib	Carrot	...	ib
Bishop's weed . . . . .	...	120, 368	Carts	vii	9, 209—259
Bogoda brinjal . . . . .	...	120, 368	Cashew nut	...	121, 363
Bombay—			Cassava	...	ib
Area . . . . .	...	4, 14, 21—22	Castor—		
Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 146— 153	Area	v	2, 3, 6, 117— 199
Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 64—65, 80—83	Yield per acre	...	352, 356
Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	862	Cattle census	vii	...
Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 37, 45—46	Cattle per 100 acres of sown area in each province	vii	...
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—307, 312—313	Cattle per 100 of population in each province	vii	...
Land revenue	viii	10, 11, 262—263, 280—283	Cauliflower	...	121, 368
Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—209, 224—229	Celery	...	ib
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...	Census, cattle	vii	...
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...	Central Provinces and Berar—		
Borage, country . . . . .	...	...	Area	...	4, 15, 27—28
Bovine	vii	120, 368	Area under crops	...	6—7, 116—117, 120—121, 166— 173
Brinjal . . . . .	...	...	Area under irrigation	...	5, 64—65, 92— 97
British India—			Average yield of crops	...	354
Area	ii	2—4, 15	Classification of area	...	4, 37, 51—53
Area under crops	iv—vi	6—7, 118—119, 122—123	Harvest prices	...	12, 306—307, 318—319
Area under irrigation	iv	5, 66—67	Land revenue	viii	10—11, 262— 265, 288—291
Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	332—333, 338— 347	Live stock	vii	8—9, 208— 209, 238—243
Classification of area	iii	4, 38	Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...
Land revenue	viii	2—3, 10—11, 260—267	Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...
Chaplash . . . . .	...	...	Chaplash	...	121, 363, 368

INDEX

Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices	
	Page	Page		Page	Page
C—contd.			D		
Charts, illustrating—			Dani . . . . .	...	121, 363, 368
(1) Total area sown, area under food crops, current fallows and variations in rainfall			Date palm	vi	117, 368
(2) Total cultivable area, total uncultivable area, net area sown, culturable waste other than fallow, and current fallows			Delhi—		
(3) Total area sown, total area under food crops, total irrigated area sown, and total area under non-food crops	ix, xi— xxi	...	Area . . . . .	...	4, 15
(4) Area under rice, wheat, millets, oilseeds, cotton, jute, and other crops			Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 118—119, 122—123
(5) Total area sown and area under different crops			Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 66—67
(6) Total live stock divided between bovine, ovine, etc.			Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	355
(7) Shares of provinces in the total area under principal crops			Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 38
(8) Harvest prices of principal crops			Land revenue	viii	10—11, 264—265
Chayroot		120, 363, 368	Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211
Cheena		116, 363, 368	Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...
Cheik		ib	Proportion of sown to total area Denmark, area under wheat and barley in —	iii	...
Chickling vetch		116, 368	Dhaincha . . . . .	...	13
Chicory		121, 368	Datura . . . . .	...	121, 363, 368
Chikkudukayalu		363, 368	Dill or sowa . . . . .	...	120, 363, 368
Chillies		117, 368	Dividivi . . . . .	...	117, 368
Cholum (see Jowar)		...	Donkeys	vii	120, 363, 369
Cholanathu (fodder Jowar)	vi	363, 368	Drugs and narcotics	v, vi	209—259
Chowli (see Barbati)			Drumsticks . . . . .	...	7, 120—206
Chrysanthemum		121, 368	Dyes and Tanning Materials	v, vi	121, 369
Cinchona		7, 120—206, 368			7, 120—206
Cinnamon		117, 368	E		
Citron		121, 368	Egypt, area under wheat, barley, etc. in — . . . . .	...	13
Classification of area	iii	2—3, 4, 37—62	Elephant foot . . . . .	...	121, 369
Cloves		117, 368	Elephant yam . . . . .	...	ib
Coconut	v	2—3, 6, 117—199	Experiments, crop-cutting	ix	931—937
Coffee	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206	F		
Condiments and spices	v, vi	6, 117—199	Fallow	iii, iv	2—4, 37—62
Coriander . . . . .	...	117, 368	Fennel . . . . .	...	117, 369
Cotton—			Fenugreek . . . . .	...	117, 369
Area	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 13, 117—199	Feudatory and tributary States	ii	4, 14—36
Harvest prices		12, 307—324	Fibres	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 117—199
Irrigated . . . . .	...	5, 66—115	Field vetch	vi	121, 369
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 343—362	Fig . . . . .	...	ib
Coorg—			Flea-bane . . . . .	...	120, 369
Area		4, 15	Flowers . . . . .	...	121, 369
Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 118—119, 122—123	Fodder crops	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 121—207
Area under irrigation		5, 66—67	Food crops	v	2, 3, 7, 116—207
Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	355	Food grains	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198
Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 38	Foreign countries, area under certain crops in —		
Land revenue	viii	10—11, 264—265	Forest	iii	2—4, 37—62
Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211	Formosa, area under rice in — . . . . .	...	13
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...	France, area under wheat, barley, and maize in — . . . . .	...	13
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	2—3, 8, 208—258	French bean . . . . .	...	116, 367
Cows . . . . .	...	121, 368	Fruits and vegetables including root crops	v, vi	7, 121—207
Cress . . . . .	...	331—337	Fully assessed area . . . . .	...	10, 260—264
Crop-cutting experiments	ix	5, 64—115	G		
Crops, irrigated . . . . .	...	367—373	Garden bean . . . . .	...	121, 367
Crops, list of . . . . .	...	116—207	Gajar . . . . .	...	363, 369
Crops, mixed . . . . .	...	121, 368	Garlic . . . . .	...	117, 369
Crops, specification of . . . . .	...	117, 368	Garmal . . . . .	...	121, 363, 369
Cucumber . . . . .	...	121, 368	Gawar (see vetch) . . . . .	...	...
Culturable waste	iii, iv	2—4, 37—62	Germany, area under wheat, barley, etc. in — . . . . .	...	13
Cambu (see Bajra) . . . . .	...	117, 368	Ginger . . . . .	...	117, 369
Cumin . . . . .	...	117, 368	Goa bean . . . . .	...	121, 369
Current fallows	iii, iv	2—4, 37—62	Goats	vii	9, 209—259
Custard Apple . . . . .	...	121, 368	Gondi . . . . .	...	369

INDEX

	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices			
G—contd.	Page	Page	K—contd.	Page	Page			
Gram—			Kapok . . . . .	...	117, 370		
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198	Karola . . . . .	...	121, 364, 370		
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—327	Karuvali . . . . .	...	117, 364, 370	
Kinds of . . . . .	...	369	Kavali . . . . .	...	121, 364, 370	
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 342—362	Kavathu . . . . .	...	ib	
Grape . . . . .	...	121, 369	Kharbuja . . . . .	...	370	
Groundnut—			Khesari . . . . .	...	ib		
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 117—199	Khurfa . . . . .	...	121, 370		
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307, 315, 317	Kidney bean . . . . .	...	367, 370	
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	352—353, 356	Kirni . . . . .	...	121, 370	
Guava . . . . .	...	121, 369	Kodo . . . . .	...	116, 364, 370	
Guinea grass	vi	ib	Kodra . . . . .	...	352		
Gum berry . . . . .	...	ib	Kokam . . . . .	...	370	
H								
Harvest prices	viii	12, 306—327	Kolinji . . . . .	...	120, 364, 370		
Hemp, Indian . . . . .	...	7, 120—206	Koorka . . . . .	...	121, 364, 370	
Hemp, Sann, Deccan, and Sian	v	117, 369	Korai . . . . .	...	117, 364, 370		
Henna . . . . .	...	120, 363, 369	Kuhudi . . . . .	...	118, 364, 370	
Hibiscus (edible) . . . . .	...	121, 369	Kulthi . . . . .	...	ib	
Horses and ponies	vii	9, 209—259	Kutki . . . . .	...	116, 364, 370		
Horse-radish	121, 369	L					
Hungary, area under wheat, barley, maize, etc, in — . . . . .	...	13	Lakhira . . . . .	...	364	
I								
India—			Land revenue assessment	vii—viii	2, 3, 10, 11, 260—305			
Acreage under rice, wheat, barley, maize, cotton and linseed in—	...	13	Land revenue per head of population	viii	11, 261—305			
Area	ii	...	Lemon . . . . .	...	370		
Population	ii	...	Lentils . . . . .	...	116, 370		
Indigo—			Lettuce . . . . .	...	121, 370		
Area	vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206	Lima . . . . .	...	116, 367		
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	361	Lime . . . . .	...	370	
Indo-China, area under rice in — . . . . .	...	13	Linseed—				
Irrigated area, proportion of — to total cropped area	iv	...	Area	v	2, 3, 6, 13, 116—198			
Irrigated areas	iv	2—3, 5, 64—115	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307—311, 318—319		
Irrigation	iv	...	Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 342—361		
Isafgul . . . . .	...	120, 363, 369	List of crops . . . . .	...	367—373	
Italy, area under rice, wheat, barley, etc, in — . . . . .	...	13	Live stock	vii	8—9, 208—259		
J			Live stock per 100 acres of sown area in each province	vii	...			
Jack fruit . . . . .	...	121, 369	Live stock per 100 of population in each province	vii	...		
Jambho . . . . .	...	352	Lobia . . . . .	...	116, 364, 370	
Jambo (<i>see</i> Plum) . . . . .	...	...	Locust tree	vi	121, 370	
Japan, area under rice, wheat, and barley in — . . . . .	...	13	Lucerne	ib	ib		
Jenugulu . . . . .	...	364, 370	Luxemburg, area under wheat and barley in — . . . . .	...	13	
Jevandi	370	M					
Jinjili (<i>see</i> Sesamum) . . . . .	...	...	Madder . . . . .	...	120, 364, 370
Jira . . . . .	...	364, 370	Madras—				
Job's Tear . . . . .	...	116, 370	Area . . . . .	...	4, 15, 29—30	
Jowar or Cholam—			Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 118—119, 122—123, 174		
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198	—181					
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306, 312—313, 318—327	Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	5, 66—67, 98—101	
Irrigated . . . . .	...	5, 65—115	Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	356	
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	332, 338—360	Classification of area . . . . .	...	4, 38, 54—55	
Jujube . . . . .	...	121, 370	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—307, 320—321	
Jute—			Land revenue	viii	10—11, 264—265, 292—295			
Area	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 117—199	Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211, 244—247			
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307—311	Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...		
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 343—351	Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...		
K			Mahua . . . . .	...	121, 370		
Kachu or Kachalu . . . . .	...	370	Maize—				
Kakri . . . . .	...	ib	Area	v	2, 3, 6, 13, 116—198		
Kalpayaru . . . . .	...	364, 370	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306, 310, 314, 316, 322—327	
Kamrangia . . . . .	...	121, 364, 370	Irrigated . . . . .	...	5, 65—115	
Kanda . . . . .	...	ib	Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 339—360	
Kangni . . . . .	...	116, 364, 370					
Kankrol . . . . .	...	121, 364, 370					
Kaon . . . . .	...	370					

INDEX

	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		N—contd.	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices
M—contd.		Page	Page			
Makhan Sim	121, 364, 370		North-West Frontier Province— contd.		
Malguzari	364		Land revenue	viii	10—11, 266— 287, 296—297
Mamlatdar	364		Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211, 248—249
Mango	121, 370		Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...
Mangosteen	ib		Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...
Mankachu	121, 364, 370		Norway, area under wheat and barley in— . . . . .	...	18
Manpur Pargana— Area	15		Number of cattle	vii	2, 3
Area under crops	118—119, 122—123		Nutmeg . . . . .	...	117, 371
Area under irrigation	66—67		O		
Classification of area	38		Oats	vi	121, 371
Land revenue	266—267		Odamula . . . . .	...	121, 365, 371
Live stock	210—211		Ol (see Elephant foot) . . . . .	...	...
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area		Oilseeds	v	2, 3, 6, 116— 199
Proportion of sown to total area		Onion . . . . .	...	121, 371
Map of India showing the depar- ture of area sown and that of rainfall in 1933—34 from the average	frontispiece	9, 209—259		Opium	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 120— 206
Mare	121, 365, 370		Orache . . . . .	...	371
Margosa	121, 371		Oranges . . . . .	...	121, 371
Marians	117, 371		Ovine	vii	...
Marjoram		Oxen	vii	8, 208—268
Marua (see Ragi)		P		
Marukkolundu	121, 364, 369,		Palm, date and palmyra	vi	117, 371
Mastwood	371		Palmyra palm	vi	ib
Masur	117, 371		Papay . . . . .	...	121, 365, 371
Matikalai	348, 371		Parvar or patol . . . . .	...	ib
Matting sedge	117, 371		Patel . . . . .	...	365
Medlar (Indian)	121, 371		Peach . . . . .	...	121, 371
Mehwasi	364		Peanut . . . . .	...	371
Melon	121, 371		Peas . . . . .	...	116, 351, 352, 361, 371
Metha	371		Peas and beans . . . . .	...	339, 341, 343
Millet	6, 116—198, 371		Pepper . . . . .	...	117, 371
Mint	117, 371		Pigeon grass, pea . . . . .	...	116, 371
Mixed crops	v	...		Pigmakkottai (see Mastwood) . . . . .	...	...
Morinda	120, 371		Pine-apple . . . . .	...	121, 372
Moth	116, 371		Plantain . . . . .	...	ib
Muafi	364		Ploughs	vii	9, 209—259
Mulberry	121, 371		Plum . . . . .	...	121, 372
Mules	vii	9, 209—259		Poi . . . . .	...	372
Mung	116, 364, 371		Poland, area under wheat, barley, etc. in— . . . . .	...	13
Mustard (see Rape)	362		Pomegranate . . . . .	...	121, 372
Mysore—Average yield of crops			Pomelo . . . . .	...	ib
N						
Nachni	312—313		Ponnagantikura . . . . .	...	121, 365, 372
Narcotics (see Drugs)		Ponies (see Horses) . . . . .	...	...
Naval (see Plum, black)		Population	ii, iii	10, 11, 260—265
Nela Mulaka (see Brinjal)		Potato . . . . .	...	121, 348, 351, 372
Neem (see Margosa)		Professional survey	ii	2—4, 14—36
Neerali		Pudina . . . . .	...	372
Netherlands, area under wheat, barley, etc. in—	13		Puliavara . . . . .	...	121, 365, 372
New Zealand, area under wheat and barley in—	13		Pulses (see food grains) . . . . .	...	...
Niger seed	117, 371		Pumpkin . . . . .	...	121, 372
Non-food crops	2, 3, 7, 116—207		Punjab— Area . . . . .	...	4, 15, 32—33
North-West Frontier Province— Area	4, 15, 31		Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 118—119, 122—123, 184— 191
Area under crops	6—7, 118—119, 122—123, 182— 183		Area under irrigation . . . . .	...	122—123, 184— 191
Area under irrigation	5, 66—67, 102—103		Average yield of crops . . . . .	...	5, 66—67, 104— 107
Average yield of crops	357		Classification of area . . . . .	...	358—359
Classification of area	4, 38, 56		Harvest prices . . . . .	...	4, 38, 57—58
Harvest prices	12, 306—307, 322				

INDEX

	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices
P—contd.			S—contd.		
Punjab—contd.			Sown area, proportion of — to total area	iii	
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—307, 323—324	Soybean . . . . .	...	116, 367, 373
Land revenue	viii	10—11, 266— 267, 298—299	Spain, area under rice, wheat, barley, etc., in — . . . . .	...	13
Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211, 250—253	Spelt . . . . .	...	352, 373
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...	Spices (<i>see</i> Condiments) . . . . .	...	...
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...	Spinach . . . . .	...	121, 373
Purslane . . . . .	...	372	Straw (rice) . . . . .	...	355
R			Strawberry . . . . .	...	121, 373
Radish . . . . .	...	121, 372	Sugar	v, vi	2—3, 6, 117—199
Ragi or marua—			Sugarcane—		
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198	Area	vi	6, 117—199
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	312—313, 320— 321	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307—317, 322—324
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 339—362	Irrigated . . . . .	...	5, 65—115
Raiyatwari	vii—viii	10, 11, 260— 305, 365	Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 343—362
Randhuni . . . . .	...	117, 365, 372	Sunflower . . . . .	...	117, 373
Rape and mustard—			Survey, professional	ii	2—4, 14—36
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 117—199	Sutri beans . . . . .	...	116, 367
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307—311, 322—324	Swallow-wort . . . . .	...	117, 373
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 343—361	Swank . . . . .	...	116, 365, 373
Raspberry . . . . .	...	121, 372	Sweet basil . . . . .	...	120, 367
Revenue, land	vii—viii	2, 3, 10, 11, 260—305	Sweet flag . . . . .	...	120, 373
Rhea . . . . .	...	117, 372	Sweet potato . . . . .	...	121, 373
Rice—			Sweden, area under wheat and barley in — . . . . .	...	13
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 13, 116— 198	Switzerland, area under wheat, barley, and maize in — . . . . .	...	13
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 306—327	T		
Irrigated . . . . .	...	5, 64—114	Tables, description of—	i	...
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	332, 338—362	Taikthugy . . . . .	...	365
Roselle . . . . .	...	121, 372	Talukdari . . . . .	...	ib
Roumania, area under wheat, barley, etc., in — . . . . .	...	13	Tamarind . . . . .	...	117, 373
Root crops (<i>see</i> Fruits)	...	...	Tamarind Manila . . . . .	...	121, 373
Rubber (India). . . . .	...	121, 372	Tanks, area irrigated by — . . . . .	...	5, 64—114
S			Taramira . . . . .	...	373
Sabai grass . . . . .	...	117, 365, 372	Tea	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206, 333, 373
Safflower . . . . .	...	120, 372	Tejpat . . . . .	...	117, 365, 373
Saffron . . . . .	...	ib	Tenures of land, forms of—	vii	...
Sage . . . . .	...	117, 372	Tepari . . . . .	...	373
Sam tree . . . . .	...	372	Thattan-payara . . . . .	...	365, 373
Sankhalu . . . . .	...	121, 365, 372	Thetke grass . . . . .	...	121, 365, 373
Sapodilla . . . . .	...	ib	Til (<i>see</i> Sesamum) . . . . .	...	...
Sawan . . . . .	...	372	Tobacco—		
Sebestan . . . . .	...	121, 365, 372	Area	v, vi	2, 3, 7, 120—206
Senna . . . . .	...	120, 372	Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307—313, 315—317, 323— 324
Sesamum—			Yield per acre . . . . .	...	343, 345, 347— 349, 355, 356, 359
Area	v	2, 3, 6, 116—198	Tomato . . . . .	...	121, 373
Harvest prices . . . . .	...	12, 307, 314—319	Tori, Toria . . . . .	...	373
Yield per acre . . . . .	...	333, 312—362	Towns, number and population of—	...	261—305
Shahjira . . . . .	...	372	Panis, area under wheat, barley, and maize in — . . . . .	...	13
Shama . . . . .	...	116, 372	Turdal . . . . .	...	312—313
Sheep	vii	8, 208—258	Turmeric . . . . .	...	117, 373
Sim bean . . . . .	...	121, 367	Turnip . . . . .	...	121, 373
Singhara or water caltrop . . . . .	...	372	U		
Siris tree . . . . .	...	121, 365, 372	Uchhe . . . . .	...	121, 366, 373
Soap nut . . . . .	...	121, 372	Udai . . . . .	...	121, 366, 373
Sorguja . . . . .	...	372	Unda . . . . .	...	117, 366, 373
Sorrell . . . . .	...	121, 365, 372	United Kingdom, area under wheat, and barley, in the — . . . . .	...	13
Sother . . . . .	...	365, 372	United Provinces—		
Source and scope of the statistics	i	...	Area . . . . .	...	4, 15, 34—36
Sowa . . . . .	...	372	Area under crops . . . . .	...	6—7, 118—119, 122—123, 192 —207
Sown area	iii	7, 116—207			
Sown area per 100 of population in each province	iii	...			

INDEX

	Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices		Introductory Note	Tables and Appendices
	Page	Page		Page	Page
U—contd.					
United Provinces— <i>contd.</i>					
Area under irrigation	...	5, 66—67, 108 —115		Wells, area irrigated by —	5, 64—114
Average yield of crops	...	360—361		Whole inam villages	10, 11, 264— 265, 292—295
Classification of area	...	4, 38, 50—62		Wheat—	
Harvest prices	...	12, 306—307, 325—327		Area	2, 3, 6, 13, 116 —198
Land revenue	viii	10—11, 266— 267, 300—305		Harvest prices	12, 306—313, 318—319, 322— 327
Live stock	vii	8—9, 210—211, 254—259		Irrigated	5, 64—114
Proportion of irrigated to total sown area	iv	...		Yield per acre	332, 338—360
Proportion of sown to total area	iii	...		World, areas under certain crops in various countries of the	13
United States of America, area under rice, wheat, barley, maize, etc., in the —	...	13		Wormwood, Indian	121, 369
Urard	...	116, 366, 373		Wudalu	116, 366, 373
Uruguay, area under wheat, barley, and linseed in—	...	13			
V					
Val	...	116, 367		Y	
Vagai (see Siris tree)	...	...		Yams	121, 373
Varagu	...	116, 373		Yield per acre of crops	331—362
Vegetables (see Fruits)	...	...		Young stock (buffalo calves)	2, 3, 8, 208— 258
Velvet bean	...	121, 367		Young stock (calves)	2, 3, 8, 208—258
Vempali (see Kolinji)	...	...		Young stock (colts and fillies)	9, 209—250
Vernacular terms, meaning of—	...	363—366			
Vetch	...	116, 121, 367, 373			
Village communities	vii—viii	10, 11, 260—305		Z	
Village papers, area by —	ii	2—3, 4, 14—36		Zamindar	866
W					
Waste, culturable	iii, iv	2—4, 37—62		Zamindari	10, 11, 260— 305, 366
Water caltrop	...	121, 373		Zaminkand	369, 373
" Melon	...	ib			