

THE
Servants of India Society

(Founded by the late Hon. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
on 12 th June 1905)

(Registered under the Societies' Registration Act No. XXI
of 1860 on 25-7-1928. R. No. 470 of 1928)

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REPORT
FOR 1980-81

PUNE

Friday, 12th June, 1981

Donations to the Society are exempted from Income Tax.

CONTENTS

	<i>Pages</i>
Gokhale's Preamble to the Constitution	
of the Society	i - ii
Report of the Society	1-45

	<i>Pages</i>
Introduction	1
Organisation	1
Gokhale Day	2
General	3
Sugar-cane Price Fixation Committee	7
Education Work	9
Welfare Scheme	12
Socio-Economic Schemes	13
Survey and Development Planning	21
Medical Aid	25
Relief of Distress	28
Social Service	42
Other Activities	45
Financial Statements of the Society	46-53
Financial Statements of the	
Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale Trust Fund	54-57
List of Donors of the Society	58-64
Report of the Gokhale Institute	
of Politics and Economics	65-75
Financial Statements of the Gokhale	
Institute of Politics and Economics	76-87
List of Members of the Society	88-89

The Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale

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FOUNDER

The Servants of India Society



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View of the Central Library of the Society, Pune

The Servants of India Society

PREAMBLE

Extracts from the original Preamble to the Constitution of the Society written by the illustrious founder the late Gopal Krishna Gokhale, in 1905

For some time past the conviction has been forcing itself on many earnest and thoughtful minds that a stage has been reached in the work of nation-building in India when, for further progress, the devoted labours of a specially trained agency applying itself to the task in a true missionary spirit are required. The work that has been accomplished so far has indeed been of the highest value. The growth during the last fifty years of a feeling of common nationality based upon common traditions and ties, common hopes and aspirations, and even common disabilities has been most striking. The fact that we are Indians first, and Hindus, Mahomedans, Parsees or Christians afterwards, is being realised in a steadily increasing measure, and the idea of a united and renovated India marching onwards to a place among the nations of the world, worthy of her great past, is no longer a mere idle dream of a few imaginative minds, but is the definitely accepted creed of those who form the brain of the community—the educated classes of the country. A creditable beginning has already been made in matters of education and of local self-government; and all classes of the people are slowly but steadily coming under the influence of liberal ideas. The claims of public life are every day receiving wider recognition, and attachment to the land of our birth is growing into a strong and deeply cherished passion of the heart. The annual meetings of Congresses and Conferences, the work of public bodies and associations, the writings in the columns of the Indian Press—all bear witness to the new life that is coursing in the veins of the people. The results achieved so far are undoubtedly most gratifying, but they only mean that the jungle has been cleared and the foundations laid. The great work of rearing the superstructure has yet to be taken in hand, and the situation demands on the part of workers devotion and sacrifices proportionate to the magnitude of the task.

The Servants of India Society has been established to meet in some measure these requirements of the situation...Much of the work must be directed towards building up in the country a higher type of character and capacity than is generally available at present, and the advance can only be slow. Moreover, the path is beset with great difficulties; there will be constant temptations to turn back; bitter disappointment will repeatedly try the faith of those who have put their hand to the work. But the weary toil can have but one end, if only the workers grow not faint-hearted on the way. One essential condition of success in this work is that a sufficient number of our countrymen must now come forward to devote themselves to the cause in the spirit in which religious work is undertaken. Public life must be spiritualised. Love of country must so fill the heart that all else shall appear as of little moment by its side. A fervent patriotism which rejoices at every opportunity of sacrifice for the motherland, a dauntless heart which refuses to be turned back from its object by difficulty or danger, a deep faith in the purpose of Providence which nothing can shake—equipped with these, the worker must start on his mission and reverently seek the joy which comes of spending oneself in the service of one's country.

The Servants of India Society will train men, prepared to devote their lives to the cause of the country in a religious spirit and will seek to promote, by all constitutional means the national interests of the Indian people. Its members will direct their efforts, principally towards (1) creating among the people by example and by precept, a deep and passionate love of the motherland, seeking its highest fulfilment in service and sacrifice; (2) organizing the work of political education and agitation, basing it on a careful study of public questions and strengthening generally the public life of the country; (3) promoting relations of cordial goodwill and co-operation among the different communities; (4) assisting educational movements especially those for the education of women, the education of backward classes and industrial and scientific education; (5) helping forward the industrial development of the country; (6) the elevation of the depressed classes.

The Servants of India Society

REPORT FOR 1980-81

Introduction

The Servants of India Society was founded by Gopal Krishna Gokhale on June 12, 1905. Its objects are the training of national missionaries for the service of India and the promotion by all constitutional means, of the interests of the Indian people without distinction of caste or creed. The members of the Society are pledged to give throughout their lives the best that is in them to the cause of the country in all secular fields. The circumstances in which the Society was founded and the objects, which the Founder had in view in founding it, are explained in the preamble he wrote to its constitution in 1905, extracts from which are given in the preceding two pages. The preamble has been a source of inspiration to the Society during the seventy-six years of its existence.

Organisation

The Headquarters of the Society are at Poona, where the members meet every year in June for its annual session. The Society has branches in Madras, Bombay, Nagpur, Allahabad and Cuttack.

Sri. S. R. Venkataraman continued to be President and Sri. R. S. Misra, Vice-President of the Society. Sri K. G. Sharangpani, Sri. Dinkar Desai, Sri. R. G. Kakade and Sri. S. S. Misra continued to be Senior Members of the Society's branches in Poona, Bombay, Nagpur and Cuttack respectively. Sri. S. S. Ajaonkar and Sri. Madhusudan Sahoo were elected to the Council by the members of the Society. Sri. R. G. Kakade was Secretary of the Society.

Gokhale Day Dinner

The Gokhale Day Dinner was cancelled owing to circumstances beyond control. A tea party was arranged instead which was attended by all the members in Poona and Prof. G. P.

Pradhan, M. L. C., the speaker of that day. The expenses of the party were met out of the interest on an endowment created for the purpose by the late Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji.

Gokhale Day

The Gokhale Day was observed on the 9th May 1980 in Poona, Madras and Cuttack. In Poona, Gokhale Day address was delivered under the presidentship of Dr. 'G. S. Mahajani by Prof G. P. Pradhan, M. L. C., his theme of address being 'Has Liberalism any Role to play in Indian Politics ?'

The Gokhale Day was celebrated in Madras on 9th May '80 with Sri. K. Chandrasekaran, Retd. Tagore Prof. of Humanities, University of Madras, when, the 20th issue of Gokhalena was released by Sri. A. Ranganathan. This issue of Gokhalena contained appreciations and anecdotes about Gokhale, by his contemporaries, and a speech of Gandhi on spiritualising public life, while unveiling the portrait of Gokhale at the Gokhale Insitute of Public Affairs, in Bangalore in 1915. '

Similarly, the 19th Feb. 1981, Gokhale's death anniversary was celebrated at Madras with an oratorical contest for college students, when Sri. T. Chengalvarayan, presided over the meeting and distributed prizes to winners in the oratorical contest. The 21st issue of Gokhalena was also released on the occassion, containing an article, 'Gokhale's contribution to the spiritualization of politics' delivered by Sri. P. N. Mahanti on 9th May '79 at the Cuttack Branch of the Society.

The 115th birth anniversary of Sri Gopal Krishn Gokhale was celebrated by the Orissa Branch on 9th May 1980 at Cuttack. In the evening of the day a public meeting was held at Cuttack which was presided over by Mr. Justice R. N. Misra the chief Justice of Orissa. Dr. Radhanath Rath, Editor of the "Samaja", acted as the chief guest on the occasion and Sri Govind Das, Barrister-at-law & Advocate General of Orissa, acted as the chief speaker. The Chief Justice of Orissa Mr. Justice R. N. Misra, Dr. Radhanath Rath and Sri Govind Das, Advocate General of Orissa paid high tributes to the qualities of head and heart of the Founder of the Society and gave a clarion call to their countrymen to emulate his example.

Sastri Day

Rt. Hon V. S. Srinivasa Sastri's 112th birth day was celebrated at Madras on the 22nd Sept. '80, under the presidentship of the Hon. Chief Justice Thiru, M. M. Ismail of the Madras High Court. Sri. K. Chandrasekaran released the 22nd issue of Sastriana containing Sastriar's lecture on Indian Philosophy at Whitewaterstand University, Natal, in 1929. Sri. A. Ranganathan spoke on Sastri as a letter writer par excellence. The winners of the oratorical contest in English for college students were awarded prizes.

Srinivasa Sastri's 35th death anniversary was observed at Madras on 16th April '81 with a Sanskrit recitation contest for High School students, when the prizes were awarded to the first three winners. Sri. C. R. Pattabhiraman presided. Sri. A. Ranganathan released Sastriana No. 23 containing a paper on Sastri by Dr. Ray T. Smith Jr., of the University of California. Dr. A. Thiruvengadathan, Prof. of Sanskrit, spoke on the Interpretation of the Ramayana in the course of which he referred to Sastri's illuminating lectures on the Ramayana, and compared them to those of Brady on Shakespeare.

Thakkar Bapa Jayanti

The 112th Birth Anniversary of Thakkar Bapa and the 41st Annual Day of the Thakkar Bapa Ashram were celebrated by the Rayagada Centre (Koraput district in Orissa) of the Society on the 29th Nov. 1980. Sri Sriharsha Misra, Editor, Prajatantra, presided over the function. Swami Dharmananda Saraswati, Acharya, Gurukaul Mahavidyalaya, Khariar Road, acted as the Chief Guest. The function began at 9 A. M. with a procession of the school students. At 11 A. M. more than 100 students were awarded prizes for their outstanding qualities. About 400 children were entertained in a feast at about 1 P. M. A Public meeting was held at 6-30 P. M. which was well-attended. The President and the Chief Guest spoke on "Thakkar Bapa and his service to the country."

General

Indian Council of World Affairs (Madras Branch)

Sri. Venkataraman, having resigned his office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Madras Branch of the Council, was elected

as its Vice-President for the year 1981-82. When he was the Secretary, he arranged a meeting on India and Middle East, when Mr. Syed Sahabuddin M. P. spoke on 1-12-80. Sri. Venkataraman received two leaders of the South African-born Indians who were visiting India, for the first time. The first batch of Indians under the indentured labour, landed at Durban on the 16th Nov. 1861, 120 years ago, and the South African Indians are arranging to celebrate this event in a fitting manner and appointed a committee in Madras with Sri. Venkataraman as Chairman for the purpose.

A meeting of citizens was held on 26th June '80. The note on the reservation of seats in educational institutions prepared by Sri. Venkataraman served as the basis for discussions, when Dr. R. V. Rajan, Prof. Emeritus of the Madras Medical College, Sri. V. T. Titus, former Director of Public Instruction, Sri. G. A. Appan and Prof. Jameel Ahamad, spoke, pointing out the difficulties faced by the students of the forward communities in getting admission into colleges, on account of the policy of the Tamilnadu Govt. reserving 68% of the seats to the Schedule Castes, Schedule Tribes and other backward class students. Most students of the forward communities, who had secured high second and first classes in their examinations could not get admission in any of the city or mofussil colleges on account of the reservation policy of the Government. The meeting passed a resolution appealing to the Govt. to consider the case of the students with merit belonging to the forward communities, to enable them to get admission to courses in arts, science and other professional colleges.

At the invitation of Gokhle Institute of Public Affairs and Study Circle, Sri Venkataraman visited Bangalore and spoke on the Servants of India Society's work and appealed to young dedicated workers to join the Society.

Sri Desai was honoured on 6th April 1981 with an Award instituted by the Swamiji of Partagali Math in Goa for his educational work in North Kanara district through the Kanara Welfare Trust which was founded by him in 1953. After the late Dr. T. M. A. Pai of Manipal in South Kanara district, Sri Desai is the second educationist to be honoured for educational work. The Award carries Rs. 5,005/- in cash and some holy mementoes

in bronze. The function for honouring Sri. Desai was held at Partagali Math situated in Goa.

Sri. S. S. Misra wrote an article, in English, on "My Initiation into public life" which was published in the Independence Special issue of the "News of the World", the only English daily of Orissa. He wrote an article, in Oriya, on the virtual one-party Government prevailing both in the Union centre and in most of states of our country and characterised this as a negation of parliamentary democracy as envisaged by the constitution of our country. He therefore urged the opposition splinter groups to merge into one single party so as to offer a viable alternative to the party in power. This article was published in the "Samaja" the Oriya daily with the largest circulation in Orissa. He also wrote an article in the "Samaja" entitled "Gokhale's contribution towards national integration" on the birth anniversary day of the founder of the Society.

On 11th October 1980 he spoke at a public meeting in Cuttack about "Sri Jayaprakash Narayan, in his role as a democrat". This meeting was organised by Sri Jayaprakash Narayan birthday celebration committee of Orissa. Shri S. S. Misra presided over a public meeting held in the Cuttack Town Hall to felicitate Dr. Radhanath Rath, the Editor of the "Samaja", on his completing 83 years.

Sri Kakade was a member of the Committee which makes, arrangements for the annual competitions, open to college students, for the Gokhale Elocution Cup, endowed by the Raja of Sangli, the late Sir Chintamanrao Appasaheb Patwardhan, soon after Gokhale's Death in 1915. He attended the Committee's meeting held in the Nowrosji Wadia College on the 5th October, 1980.

Sri Kakade continued to be Hony. Treasurer of Kunzru Centre for Studies in Defence Affairs. The Centre has been conducting training classes for students seeking admission to the NDA and for Security Officers. The latter course has been approved by the Defence Ministry. The Centre has been allotted a plot of land nearabout Gokhale Nagar by the Competent Authority under the Urban Land Ceiling Act.

Sri Ajgaonkar continued to be Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Social Reform Association, a non-political and non-party organisation, founded by the late Justice Narayan G. Chandavarkar

and other fellow workers of Justice Ranade after his death in 1901. It was an off-shoot of the National Social Conference started by the late Justice Ranade in 1887. The Association which stands for elimination of such disruptive forces as casteism, communalism and others, and for complete social and national integration by creating a common civil code, has a distinguished record of service for the furtherance of social reform in the country. It has played a valuable part in bringing many beneficial measures on the statute book.

During the year under report the Association organised a seminar on 'Adoption of Indian children by Indian and foreign families'. The Seminar was held at the Servants of India Society's Home, Bombay, in which eminent social workers and legal luminaries participated.

The Association celebrated the 91st Death Anniversary of Mahatma Jyotiba Phule, the renowned social reformer of Maharashtra. A large number of Adivasis and Harijans from villages of Takve-Khurd, Rajmachi, Oundhe (Lonavla) specially came to Bombay to attend the function held in the Bombay Office of the Servants of India Society. Among the special invitees were workers of Muslim Satyashodhak Samaj and the Indian Secular Society. Barrister P. G. Patil, a Member of the Maharashtra Public Service Commission and one of the foremost men of learning in Maharashtra, was the chief-guest.

The G. L. Mehta Project for Education and Cultural enterprise was started by the Bombay Social Reform Association to commemorate the memory of the late Sri Gaganvihari L. Mehta, in 1974, with the object of spreading formal as well as social education in villages and starting, conducting and aiding reading rooms and libraries in the villages, holding group meetings of villagers in which they could discuss their problems with a view to finding out solution thereto, and such other schemes as would induce the villagers to undertake a more constructive approach to life. The project was started with the initial contribution of Rs. 10,000/- from Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India, and Rs. 2,000/- from Dorabji Tata Trust in Maval Taluka, district Pune.

During the year under report a Child Care Unit was opened. The Unit was named M. W. Desai Child Care Unit to comm-

morate the late Sri M. W. Desai, former Municipal Commissioner of Greater Bombay, in response to a donation given by Sri Desai's friends and admirers. With the co-operation and help of Lonavla Municipal Hospital, the Unit could arrange treatment to 12 physically handicapped children of Maval Taluka and give them medicines and tonics free of cost. Through the G. L. Mehta Project, 30 children of village Takve-Khurd were given monthly grant of Rs. 30/— each for twelve months. They were given sets of school uniforms, writing material, nutritional diet, carpets and bed-sheets. The expenses were borne by the Community Aid Services Programme. In addition R. L. Birla Trust of Calcutta gave a donation of Rs. 4,000/— for this purpose.

Sugarcane Price Fixation Committee

Sri Kakade has been the Chief Minister's nominee on the four-member committee appointed by the State Government to arbitrate in the dispute between the Kolhapur Canesugar Works on the one hand and its sugarcane suppliers on the other, in respect of sugarcane price to be paid for the supplies made during the years 1976-77 and 1977-78. The Committee has also to lay down principles for fixation of sugarcane price for the years 1978-79, 1979-80 and 1980-81. The Director of National Institute of Sugar, Kanpur, is the technical member. Sri Kakade attended all the meetings of the Committee held during the year at Kolhapur, Bombay and Poona. By the end of the year under report all the evidence, oral and documentary, had been recorded.

Shri Madhusudan Sahoo has been nominated as a member of the District Legal Aid Committee. He has been a member of the Sub-Divisional Vigilance Committee. This Committee investigates cases of bonded labourers and suggests ways and means of rehabilitating freed bonded labourers.

Sri Sahoo is a member of the Sub Divisional Citizens Committee. This Committee looks into the supply position of controlled commodities and their market price, etc.

Sri Sahoo arranged some public meetings in the Ashram. He was invited to preside over a Seminar on National Integration.

Sri Damodar Sahoo participated in the Indo-Soviet Friendship Association's meetings. He attended the 18th statutory Confe-

rence of the Orissa Federation of Teachers held at Cuttack. He inaugurated a co-operative consumers store at Choudwar. He was the chief speaker of the closing ceremony of the House Mothers' Training Camp of the State Govt.

Uttar Pradesh

Sri R. S. Misra as the Senior Member of the U. P. Branch was responsible for planning, co-ordination and finance for the welfare work for Adivasis in U. P.

Sri P. K. Dwivedi continued to function as organising secretary for the districts of Nainital, Lakhimpur-Kheri, Bahraich and Gonda and was in-charge of the actual field work in these districts.

Sri. A. N. Misra was responsible for organising the welfare activities in the districts of Mirzapur and Allahabad and was in-charge of the actual implementation of the various schemes in these districts.

In December 1980, the Government of U. P. appointed Sri R. S. Misra a director of the Tarai Anusuchit Janjati Vikas Nigam Ltd.

The entire tribal welfare work in U. P. was carried on under the guidance of the U. P. Tribal Welfare Committee of which Sri Amir Hasan, I.A.S. is the Chairman.

The Government of India have nominated their Zonal Director of the Backward Classes Welfare Work in U. P. as their nominee and the U. P. State Government have nominated the Director of Harijan and Social Welfare in U. P. as their nominee on the U. P. Tribal Welfare Committee. The Committee has been strengthened by Dr. Ku. Kanchanlata Sabbarwal, Chairman, State Social Welfare Advisory Board, joining it as a member.

The U. P. Tribal Welfare Committee met twice during the year under report, on 18th May and 31st Dec. 1980.

The welfare activities of the U. P. Branch for socio-economic advancement of the tribes and other backward classes in U. P. covered mainly three fields of activity namely, Educational, Medical and Economic.

EDUCATIONAL WORK

Primary Schools

The Society maintained 28 Primary Schools distributed as follows.:-

Mirzapur 20 + Nainital 8 — total 28

The total number of students in these schools was 1617, of whom 1282 were schedule castes and schedule tribes.

The Tarai Anusuchit Janjati Vikas Nigam Ltd. transferred the management of all their Primary Schools and the Balwadies in the districts of Lakhimpur-Kheri, Bahraich, Bijnore and Gonda to the Servants of India Society in March 1981. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these Primary Schools was Rs. 1,71,886.61.

Junior High Schools

The Society maintained Junior High Schools at Siltham, Salkhan and Muirpur in the Mirzapur district. The total number of students attending these schools was 435 of whom 190 belonged to scheduled castes and schedule tribes.

The attendance in these schools suffered heavily on account of drought and famine conditions in the Mirzapur and other tribal areas. Most of the students were running away to the carpet weaving centres where they got ready employment and it has become a job to sustain the attendance of the Adivasi students in the Junior High Schools. The Government of India have sanctioned a Destitute Childrens' Homes at Salkhan and Muirpur in the Mirzapur district where free food and clothing is given to 25 destitute children at each centre. This exerted a steadying influence on the attendance of Adivasi children.

The result of the Junior High School examination conducted by the Education Department was 100% at Muirpur. Of the 32 candidates who appeared at the examination 5 secured 1st division, 25 2nd division and 2 3rd division. The result of the Junior High School, Siltham was 92.3%. Of the 39 candidates who appeared at the examination, 10 secured 1st division and 25, 2nd division.

The name of the Junior High School at Muirpur has been changed to Birla Vidya Mandir Junior High School, Muirpur and

the change has been approved by the Education Department. As a result of the generous help of Rs. 1.60 lacs from Shri G. D. Birla, the Society has been able to get 4 new class rooms constructed at Muirpur. The District Inspector of Schools has recommended the recognition of Birla Vidya Mandir, Muirpur as a Higher Secondary School from July next.

The total expenditure on the maintenance of these Junior High Schools during the year was Rs. 1,04,596.60.

Hostels

The Society maintained its 4 old hostels at Siltham, Salkhan and Muirpur in the Mirzapur district and at Konhdar in the Allahabad district. The Government have sanctioned 4 new hostels for the Tharu boys at Chandan-Chauki and Pallia in the Lakhimpur-Kheri district and at Panchporwa and Tulsipur in the Gonda district. The total number of students in all the eight hostels was 350.

Towards the end of March, the Government of India sanctioned a hostel-cum-coaching centre for the Denotified Tribe Boys at Moradabad. The Moradabad hostel will start functioning as soon as a suitable building is allotted by the Government for the purpose and will accommodate 50 Denotified Tribe boys. The District Magistrate of Moradabad has been approached for the allotment of a building. The total expenditure on these hostels during the year under report was Rs. 79,131.03.

Bhoksa Boys Hostel, Bazpur

The Government of U. P. have sanctioned Rs. 80,000/— during the year under report for the extension of the hostel building. The total number of hosteliars was 58, who were reading in classes VI to XII in the local intermediate college. The inmates belonged to several tribes beside the Bhoksa tribe. The hostel provided free lodging, board and coaching facilities. It was manned by requisite staff. The total expenditure on the maintenance of the hostel during the year under report was Rs. 92,909.15.

Ashram School, Khantara

The Ashram School, Khantara, provides free hostel and boarding facilities to 60 Harijan and Adivasi boys reading in the Upper Primary School at Khantara.

The Ashram School, Khantara, is regarded as the best Primary School in Patahara Block. Eight students passed the Upper Primary School and 3 in the Junior High School Examination at Khantara Ashram. The Government have allotted one acre of land for the playground of the Ashram-School and another plot of nearly two acres for an additional school building.

The total expenditure on the maintenance of the Ashram was Rs. 70,916.20.

Ashram School, Siltham

The Ashram School, Siltham, provided free boarding and lodging facilities to 60 Adivasi and Harijan boys reading in the Junior High School maintained by the Society at Siltham. Seventeen inmates of the hostel appeared at the last Junior High School Examination of whom 16 passed. The total expenditure on the maintenance of the Ashram during the year under report was Rs. 63,094.67.

Ramanuj Intermediate College, Konhdar (Dist. Allahabad)

The Ramanuj Intermediate College, Konhdar, Allahabad, is making steady progress and during the year under report, there were 485 students on its rolls. Of these 23 were Adivasis, 54 Harijans and 13 girls. Of the 56 candidates sent up for the Intermediate Examination, 45 candidates passed in the II nd division and 10 in the III rd division. Thus, the result of the College was 94.9%.

The College has been given recognition in English for the Intermediate Classes. One room for the English Class, one library building and two office rooms were constructed during the year under report through local efforts. The total expenditure of the College during the year under report was Rs. 2,81,290.25.

Balwadies

The Society maintained 33 Balwadis in the tribal area. Twenty one of these were located in the Nainital district, 5 in the Lakhimpur-Kheri district, 5 in the Gonda district and 2 in the Mirzapur district. In all 1291 students attended these Balwadis and they were given supplementary nutrition. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these Balwadis was Rs. 1,03,049.50.

Women's Welfare Schemes

The Society maintained 5 centres of women's welfare activities at Muirpur, Parsauna, Ghorawal, Robertsganj and Dudhi in the Mirzapur district. Efforts were made to educate women in the three rupees at these centres and also the centres offered facilities for training in tailoring, cutting, embroidery and knitting. One hundred seventy five girls attended these centres. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these centres was Rs. 25,623·95.

A training camp for rural women in public co-operation was organised by the Servants of India Society in village Betkheri of the Nainital district. Twenty two women attended the programme from 22nd March to 2nd April, 1981. The total expenditure on the training camp was Rs. 3,682·35.

Mobile Creche

One Creche was maintained at Beria-Doulat in the Nainital district for the children of working women. Twenty six children were taken care of by the creche at Boria-Doulat. The total expenditure on the creche was Rs. 5,845·60.

A. N. P. Centres

The Society maintained three Additional Nutrition Centres at Ranpuri, Bhatpuri and Dhaki in the Bhoksa area of the Nainital district. One hundred and fifty children benefitted under this scheme. The total expenditure on these A. N. P. centres was Rs. 8,878·50.

Shorthand and Typewriting Institutes

Shorthand and Typewriting Institutes were sanctioned by the Government of India for Bazpur in Bhoksa area of the Nainital district and for Lucknow, Mirzapur and Varanasi towns to facilitate training of Harijan and Adivasi Boys in Shorthand and Typewriting, so that they could have better opportunities for employment. The Shorthand and Typewriting Institute at Bazpur functioned regularly and had 25 trainees on its rolls. The Institutes at Lucknow, Mirzapur and Varanasi were sanctioned late in March and could not be started, but necessary typewriters and equipments have been purchased.

Similarly the Typewriting Institute sanctioned by the U. P. State Government for the Sitarganj Centre in the Tharu area of

the Nainital district could not be started as the sanction was received very late. These Institutes will soon be started. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these Institutes was Rs. 68,757·87.

The total expenditure on the educational work of the Society was Rs. 10,79,662·32. during the year under report.

Children's Welfare Centres

The Society maintained two centres of children's welfare activity, one at Bandar-Bharori in the Lakhimpur-Kheri district and the other at Dhaki in the Nainital district for the welfare of Adivasi children. Seventy six children attended these centres regularly and their health was checked every week by a qualified doctor and necessary medicines were provided. They were given games materials and free books and a library is being developed for the benefit of these children. They attended the Balwadis run by the Servants of India Society in the area where they were given supplementary nutrition. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these centres was Rs. 9,000·00.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC SCHEMES

Kandia Project

The Kandia Project, covering 28 villages in the Ghorawal Block of the Mirzapur district, taken up five year ago, is making steady progress.

Tikuria Project

The society has 13 bighas of land in village Tikuria where a rural development centre has been established by the Society. As the village is under a consolidation scheme any construction or development of the Centre was not possible during the year under report. Ten bighas out of 13 were, therefore, let out on annual basis.

Bazpur area

The Bhoksa villages in the vicinity of Bazpur in Nainital district need developmental efforts. The Society had demonstrated at Bazpur the potentialities for fishery, and steps are being taken to encourage it in the villages Banna Khera, Sani, Sitpure, Beria Doulat where tanks have been constructed. The Society is

also encouraging Bee-keeping in tribal area. It organised a seminar at Bazpur for the purpose, which was attended by 50 representatives from the area.

Shri P. K. Dwivedi attended a meeting of the U. P. Tribal Welfare Committee at Lucknow on 31st December 1980.

Orissa

Shri Madhusudhan Sahoo was in charge of the Rayagada Centre of the Society in the Koraput district of Orissa. The Servants of India Society, which had started its tribal work in the district 40 years back, runs the Thakkar Bapa Ashram for Adivasi and Harijan students at Rayagada, a residential Middle English School called as Thakkar Bapa Bidyapeeth, Thakkar Bapa Upper Primary School and four Lower Primary Schools in rural areas. It also maintains a maternity centre at Hazaridangu and two Balwadis in the villages in Rayagada.

Thakkr Bapa Ashram

A hostel for 75 students is maintained at Rayagada. During the year there were 60 boys and 15 girls residing in the Ashram. Out of them, 63 belonged to the Kondh tribe, 7 belonged to Sours and 5 to the Scheduled Castes. Seven students were reading in the High School, 33 students were reading in the Ashram M. E. School and the remaining ones were reading in the U. P. School attached to the Ashram.

Besides free boarding and lodging the students were given necessary reading and writing materials, school dresses and beddings. They got free medical facilities. Free private coaching was also arranged for most of the students. They enjoyed outdoor and indoor recreational facilities. They were doing well both in study and games. A children's library with about 800 books, was kept open for the use of the students.

A group of 15 students received training in the Tailoring Training Class.

A batch of 16 students went on an educational tour to Konark, Bhubaneswar, Cuttack, Puri and Choudwar.

Twelve students appeared for the middle school Common Examination in April 1980. All of them passed while one got merit scholarship.

Thakkar Bapa Vidyapeeth

This is a residential Middle English School meant for the inmates of the Ashram. During the year 1979-80, 26 Adivasi and 2 Harijan students were reading in this school.

Thakkar Bapa Upper Primary School

This school is situated on the premises of the Ashram. There were 219 students in the school. Out of them 67 were Adivasis and 47 Harijans.

Rural Primary Schools

The four Primary Schools run by the society, one each in the villages Tumbiguda, Barijhola, Jayaramguda and Adibasi Sahi, were recognised by the Education Department of Orissa. During the year, 150 students were reading in these schools. All the Adivasi students were provided with necessary reading and writing materials.

On all these welfare schemes, including the Maternity Centre, the society spent about Rs. 1,15,415. The Government of India's grant, however, amounted only to Rs. 88,200. The deficit of Rs. 27,215 was met by the Society.

Balwadis

The Society managed two Balwadis, one at Barijhola and another at Kondh Sahi, out of the grants received from the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi. On an average 80 children of age group 3-6 years got the benefit of these centres. The children were given mid-day snacks for 22 days in a month.

During the year 1980-81 the Society received a sum of Rs. 8,500 from the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh and spent an amount of Rs. 8,387 for the maintenance of the Balwadis.

Creche Centre

The Society maintained a creche centre at Laxminarayan Sevagram with the financial assistance of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi. 25 children of working women have been included in this scheme. The children belong to Schedule tribes from Andhra Pradesh and Orissa. The Centre is in the heart of a slum area. The children are provided with supplementary nutrition, medical care and other facilities as has been provided by the scheme.

Balwadi

A Balwadi centre is managed by the society at Shankarpur, a tribal village, with the financial assistance of State Social Welfare Advisory Board, Bhubaneswar. 40 children within the age group 3-5 get the benefit from the Centre.

Andhra Pradesh

Shri Venkataraman continued to manage the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam at Chillakur (near Gudur), Nellore district of Andhra Pradesh. The Gurukulam is a residential-School-cum hostel, primarily intended for the educational advancement of children of Yenadhi tribe. The residential school situated near the Sankaran Yenadhi Colony, about 3 miles away from Gudur, continued to function satisfactorily as before.

The school provided education from classes I to VII upto the middle school stage. The total number of pupils on rolls of the School was 259 pupils of whom 172 were boys and 87 girls. Communitywise the strength was as under :

	Boys	Girls
Tribal Yenadhis	69	31
Harijans	72	37
Backward Classes	31	19
	<hr/> 172	<hr/> 87

In addition to the teaching of 3 rupees practical training in carpentry for elderly boys of classes V to VII and sewing and tailoring for elderly girls are also taught in this institution. The school staff consists of 8 teachers and one watchman-cum-peon as detailed below :

	Male	Female
Scheduled Tribe	3	1
Backward Classes	2	—
Others	3	—
	<hr/> 8	<hr/> 1

All the 17 students of the VIIth Std. who appeared for the VIIth Std. A. P. Government's common examination during April 79, came out successful, securing 100% result for the third year in succession. During the year 1980-81, 27 students appeared for the VIIth Std. common examination, and it is expected that all of them would come out successful as in the past.

The inspection of the school was conducted on 27-8-80 by the Dy. Inspector of Schools, Gudur. Being fully satisfied with the working of the school he has suggested in his report that two more class rooms be provided and two more B. Ed. teachers be added, besides providing requisite furniture for all the classes.

The District Educational Officer, Nellore, inspected the Gurukulam institution on 30-12-80 and again on 9-2-81 and was impressed with the working of the Gurukulam and its vast campus, extensive play-grounds, the suitability of the Gurukulam for upgrading it and scope for putting additional buildings.

The School Advisory Committee consists of Lion Sri. C. V. Krishniah, who is also the Governor of the Lions Gudur and Nellore Districts. Dr. C. R. Reddy, Dr. K. Seetharamiah, Sri. V. Subbarama Reddy, the Sarpanch of the Village of Chillakur, Sri. B. Raghaviah besides Sri. S. R. Venkataraman. They have all approved the upgrading of this institution into a high school in stages, starting with the opening of the eighth standard from the June 1981. The Dist. Educational officer has also recommended the proposal, as it would help the Tribal children to have uninterrupted education upto the 10th Std. (S. S. L. C.).

All the day scholars, mostly belonging to Harijan and other backward communities, were provided with mid-day meals and on an average 140 pupils were fed on every school working day. The school children were given free books, supplied by the A. P. Govt. Social Welfare Dept. through the Dist. Backward Classes Officer.

The annual day of the school was celebrated with Sri. C. V. Krishniah, Lions Club Governor, as the President, when the wife of the Sub-Collector of Gudur, distributed the prizes to the winners in various competitions in sports, cultural activities and those who had distinguished themselves in their studies.

Gurukulam Hostel

The Hostel attached to the Gurukulam, maintained 100 tribal Yenadhi boarders, of whom 69 were boys and 31 were girls. The hostel had a warden, a matron, 2 cooks, and one helper with an Hony. Superintendent Shri B. Raghaviah to supervise the affairs of the Gurukulam. Of the hostel staff, 4 belonged to Scheduled Tribes, and 2 to the Backward Classes. Free medical care and check-up, books and slates, two sets of uniforms and bedding were given to each of the hostel inmates during the year. The boarders were given milk, eggs, fruits and buttermilk regularly and their health was quite satisfactory.

The members of the Lions Club of Gudur, its President, and Secretary, participated in the Republic Day celebrations of the Gurukulam.

Sri J. Siddhartha Kumar, Research Officer, Office of the Director of Schedule Castes, and Schedule Tribes, Government of India, at Hyderabad, visited the Gurukulam on the 27th and 28th March 81, conducted a detailed inspection of the accounts of the Gurukulam and its working and has recorded in his remarks that "the working of the Gurukulam is highly satisfactory."

During the year under report, a sum of Rs. 2,00,487.16 was spent on the working of the Gurukulam, including the office administrative expenses, against which we had received Rs. 1,69,876 as Govt. of India grant and Rs. 9,050 as grant from A. P. Government, leaving a deficit of Rs. 21,561.16 to be met by the Society from its own funds and donations from the public.

Tamil Nadu

Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam is a tribal residential school-cum-hostel mainly intended for the educational advancement of the tribal Toda and Kota children. This institution is situated at Nirgacimund, 8 miles from Otacamund on the Mysore/Ooty road, in the midst of the Toda munds. It has been functioning since 1952.

The school attached to the Gurukulam offers education upto the middle school stage in classes I to VIII and is attended by the tribal Toda/Kota children, and children drawn from Harijans and other backward classes in and around the Gurukulam upto

a radius of 2 K. ms. During the year under report, there were 235 pupils on the rolls of the Gurukulam school as detailed under :-

	Boys	Girls
Scheduled Castes (Harijans)	45	30
Scheduled Tribes	71	26
Muslims	1	0
Backward classes	30	32
	<hr/> 147	<hr/> 88

The school has a staff of 6 teachers, including one pre-vocational teacher, who is a Toda and the remaining teachers coming from backward and Harijan communities. The annual inspection of the school was conducted on 26-9-80 by the Dy. Inspector of Schools. He expressed satisfaction at the working of the institution. There was 93% pass during the year for the school as a whole, and 100% pass in the VIIth Std. common examination conducted by the Tamilnadu Govt.

The hostel attached to the Gurukulam maintained 97 Toda/Kota tribal inmates, 71 of whom were boys and 26 girls, who were provided free boarding, lodging, books/slates, uniforms, medical aid and bedding. The hostel has a warden and 2 cooks for preparation of food for the hosteliars. The warden assists the tribal children in their studies.

During the year, the District Tribal and Harijan Welfare Officer made two surprise visits to the hostel, to check up its working and the Tribal Revenue Inspector, three times, for check-up of the attendance and its working condition, before passing the boarding grant bills. They were all impressed with the working of the institution.

Electrification of the Gurukulam school and the hostel was carried out this year, with donations collected specifically for the purpose and the switching on ceremony was done by the Dt. Harijan Welfare Officer on 2nd Oct '80, Gandhijayanti Day.

During the year a sum of Rs 82,272.84 was spent on the working of the Gurukulam, including the office administrative expenses, against which the Gurukulam received Rs. 74,969.35 as grant in aid from the Tamilnadu Govt. towards the boarding expenses and teachers' salaries and the deficit of Rs. 7303.49 was met from donations and Society's own funds.

Most of the former Toda/Kota boys of this institution are employed in the industrial establishments and business houses in the Nilgiris.

Kerala

Shri Venkataraman looked after the five Devdhar Schools located in the hilly and backward areas of Nilambur, Malapuram and Calicut districts of Kerala State.

The five schools; namely Devdhar U. P. School, Nediyruppu, Devdhar L. P. School, Karulai, Devdhar L. P. School, Pulliyil, Gokhale U. P. School, Mudadi, and Sastriar U. P. School, Amarambalam, Chelode, continued to function as in the past, catering to the educational needs of the backward classes, and the Mopla Muslims.

During the year the five schools had on their rolls 3302 pupils of whom 1721 were boys and 1581 girls. Communitywise, the number of pupils are as under.

Pupils :—

	Boys	Girls
Scheduled Tribes	19	11
Scheduled Castes	223	177
Backward Classes	386	366
Mopla Muslims	840	798
Others	253	229
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1721	1581

The five schools had a staff of 87 teachers consisting of 56 males and 31 females. Of them, 5 were from Scheduled Castes, one from Scheduled Tribe, 23 from Backward Classes, 14 Muslims and 44 from other communities.

The salaries of school staff amounting to Rs. 6,84,235 per annum was disbursed directly to the teachers through the head masters of the respective schools by the Education Department of Kerala Government.

During the year under report, the Nayanar scholarships amounting to Rs. 600 were awarded to 6 Harijan students of Calicut Medical College, who had come out successful in the M. B. B. S. course, on the recommendation of the Principal, Calicut Medical College.

During the year, the total expenditure on the working of the five schools including the administrative expenditure, (but excluding staff salaries) amounted to Rs. 18,279·12 against which Rs. 13,585 was received as maintenance grant from Kerala Government, leaving a deficit of Rs. 4,694·12, which was met by the Society from its own funds and donations collected.

Cooperation and Rural Development

The Society has started its Servindia Rural Development wing for undertaking rural development programmes. The wing has been approved by the Commissioner of Income-tax, Bombay, for the purposes of Sec. 35 (CCA) of the Income-tax Act. The development programme submitted in respect of Shendurjana Bazaar area in Amaravati district has also been approved by the commissioner of Income-tax. The programme is being implemented during the current year.

The Bureau of Rural Development has been reconstituted, after the death of Sri. Annasaheb Sahasrabudhe, under the chairmanship of Sri R. S. Misra, Vice-President of the Society. Sri Madhusudan Sahoo, Sri R. G. Kakade, Dr. P. K. P. Nair, Sri Radhakrishna of Gandhi Peace Foundation (New Delhi) and Sri Kanakmal Gandhi of Ashram Pratishtan (Wardha) (Secretary) are the other members of the Bureau. Dr. Nair and Sri Kanakmal Gandhi were engaged in the Bureau's activities in Wardha district, with Sevagram as their headquarters.

SURVEY AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

In cooperation with the district administration the Bureau of Rural Development undertook the survey of 34 contiguous villages of which 20 are inhabited, in order to prepare a development plan for the area. As a preliminary to the survey, discussions with the leaders of these villages were held at different locations. To assist the Bureau in this survey work, 20 young persons were selected, three of whom were women. Their academic qualifications varied from Matriculation to Graduate degree. An intensive training programme for these persons was conducted consisting of teaching material and field work for a period of 37 days.

In the actual survey, their work has been supervised by 2 workers of the Bureau deputed by the Sevagram Ashram

Pratishthan. The data have been analysed and the implications of a development plan have been discussed with the officials of the district administration. The preliminary note prepared for this purpose is indicative of replicable actions for groups of villages.

Participation in Meetings

The Bureau participated in the national conference of constructive workers held at Sevagram from the 12th to the 15th March, 1981 and contributed a paper which was discussed in the meeting.

Rural Marketing Centre (RMC)

In pursuance of the report prepared by the Bureau on the artisans in Wardha Block, a Rural Marketing Centre has started functioning at Sevagram under its auspices.

The RMC has helped establish a Bricks and Tiles manufacturing unit, which employs 16 people (4 full time and 12 seasonal). The unit has been found viable and promising.

In the Spinning and Weaving programme, 45 people are employed in two villages. For this programme the centre assists them in the purchase and storage of raw materials and marketing of products.

In the Rural Repairs Workshop four people are employed to assist the village artisans and farmers.

The RMC conducted one training programme and collaborated with another agency for another training programme for upgrading the skills of the artisans.

Under the auspices of the Bureau a 4-day exhibition of artisan products was held at Sevagram. Large numbers of villagers visited the exhibition.

Conscientisation Programme

Two full-time workers of the Bureau whose services were lent by Sevagram Ashram Pratishthan have conducted a number of adult education programmes in conscientisation in different villages in the Wardha Block. With the help of the projector and films lent to us by other organisations, they have also tried to disseminate information on village health, village industries and agricultural development.

Training Programmes

The Bureau is preparing materials for a continuous series of training programmes in basic education for learning processes in political consciousness and economic developments.

The Sevagram Ashram Pratishtan contributed an amount of Rs. 8,400, Gandhi Smarak Nidhi, New Delhi, a sum of Rs. 15,000 and Gandhi Peace Centre, New Delhi, Rs. 21,000 for conducting the programmes of the Bureau of Rural Development, in Wardha district. Some of these programmes are continuing during the current year.

Sri Kakade continued to be Hony. Secretary of the Deccan Agricultural Association. The Association has been publishing a monthly journal in Marathi entitled the Shetaki and Shetakari since Aug. 1910. The journal is published regularly on 20th of every month. That keeps Sri Kakade busy for about a week before the date of publication.

Sri Kakade was elected Chairman of the District Industrial Co-operative Association towards the end of the year, to fill up the vacancy caused by the death of the chairman. The Association conducts two cloth shops in Poona and one in Baramati. It also conducts one Handicraft Emporium in Poona and one leather depot at Baramati. It also supplies coal-ash and other raw materials to artisans and their co-operative societies. The Association has been appointed as an Administrator of a big metal workers' co-operative society.

As Chairman of the DICA Sri Kakade was an Associate Member of the Poona Zilla Parishad and its Co-operation and Agriculture Committee.

Sri Kakade was a member of the Poona District Co-operative Board, the Western Maharashtra Divisional Board and also of the Maharashtra Rajya Sahakari Sangh. He tried to attend meetings of these bodies as far as possible.

Sri Kakade continued to be a member of the Governing Council of the Indian Society for Studies in Co-operation and attended its meeting.

Sri Kakade was the Chairman of Dr. Vitthalrao Vikhe Patil Memorial Foundation (Proposed) and attended 3 meetings of the Committee at Pravaranagar. He also continued to be Chairman

of Dr. D. R. Gadgil Memorial Committee of the Pravara Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana.

The Society's Rural Centre at Shendurjana Bazaar in Amravati district, started more than forty-five years back, continued, to function as before. The activities included a Maternity Home, a medical dispensary, a circulating library and an agricultural farm. A Multi-purpose Co-operative Society conducted a Fair Price shop on the premises of the Society's Centre. The Centre is proposed to be strengthened by consolidation of the existing activities and by addition of some new ones. The Society has a farm of 16 acres. Sri R. V. Neve was in charge of the Centre.

Sri Aijaonkar as the General Secretary was an ex-officio member of the Florence Nightingale Village Sanitation Fund Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay. From this Fund grants not exceeding Rs. 1,000/- are paid to institutions and individuals in rural areas, undertaking to do rural sanitation work by such means as sinking wells, cleaning streets, sweeping refuse, filling in insanitary pools and ditches, digging drains, etc.

Dr. Nair was a consultant in rural development and rural industries to different organisations connected with the Sarva Seva Sangh. He was a member of the panel of consultants of the State Planning Institute of U. P. and of the Development Systems Corporation Ltd., Lucknow (both Govt. sponsored). He is an invitee of the committee for the upliftment of Backward Classes set up by the Planning Commission, New Delhi. He continued to be member of the faculty for the Master's Degree course in rural development, organised by Piloni University in Rajasthan. He has been offered membership of the expert committee of the Association of Voluntary Agencies for Rural Development (AVARD), New Delhi and of the Advisory Committee of the Society for the Development of Gramdan Villages.

Dr. Nair participated in a number of seminars and meetings during the year, like the seminar and workshops in rural development organised by the Government of Gujrath in Baroda.

Sri Madhusudan Sahoo was a member of the Advisory Committee of the Agricultural Training Centre at Gopalwadi in Koraput district in Orissa.

Sri Jawahar Shah is in charge of the office of the Gujrat Rajya Gramin Vikas Mandal at Ahmedabad. In that capacity

he attends district level meetings of voluntary agencies that are doing rural development work. He is also co-operating with Ahmedabad District Sarvoday Mandal in respect of its work in rural areas.

At Choudwar (Orissa) a poultry farm is conducted in the Centre with the assistance of UNICEF.

MEDICAL AID

Medical Relief Work

The Servants of India Society maintained three dispensaries at Khantara, Tikuria and Ghuwas in the tribal area of the Mirzapur district. The dispensaries have registered and qualified Vaidyas. A 14 bed hospital has been sanctioned by the State Govt. for Ghuwas. During the year under report 14,384 patients were treated through these dispensaries as per details below :-

Dispensaries	Males	Females	Children	Total
1. Khantara	1630	1268	907	3805
2. Tikuria	1673	1679	327	3679
3. Ghuwas	4164	1620	1116.	6930
	<u>7467</u>	<u>4567</u>	<u>2350</u>	<u>14,384</u>

Out of these, 7207 were old patients and 7177 new patients. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these dispensaries was Rs. 11,145=39.

Anti-Malaria Campaign

Owing to heavy and incessant rainfall this year, malaria had been raging in the tribal areas in an epidemic form. The Servants of India Society organised an anti-Malaria campaign in one hundred villages of the tribal area. The villages under the jurisdiction of our dispensaries were selected on the basis of acuteness of the epidemic.

During the anti-Malaria campaign 752 pits were filled-up with earth to prevent breeding of larve in the villages. One thousand three hundred and thirty six Tulsi planted, 170 Kanail plants were planted to control the growth of malarial mosquitoes and 150 wells cleaned and treated with Potassium Permanganate, besides treating 13,903 patients for malaria.

Medicines worth Rs. 10,285·27 were distributed through the dispensaries under the anti-Malaria campaign as per details below :—

1. Khantara	Rs. 3,138·95
2. Tikuria	Rs. 3,774·12
3. Ghuwas	Rs. 3,372·20

Total	Rs. 10,285·27
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The Servants of India Society is grateful to the R. D. Birla Smarak Kosh, Bombay for their donation of Rs. 5,000/— which prompted the Society to organise the anti-Malaria Campaign as an emergency measure.

Orissa

Maternity Centre, Hajaridangu

This health centre has been functioning in the village Hajaridangu since 1964. There is a mid-wife in charge of this centre. She moves round in 50 surrounding Adivasi villages and conducts normal deliveries in the huts of the Adivasis. She distributes iron and vitamin tablets to expectant mothers and treats patients suffering from minor ailments. During the period 1980-81 she conducted 69 normal deliveries.

Leprosy Clinic :— The oldest activity of the Orissa Branch of the Society is the clinic for the treatment of patients suffering from leprosy. The clinic was started by the late L. N. Sahu in the year 1927 and is under a person who has been specially trained for treating leprosy patients. The clinic provides medicines and mid-day snacks to the patients out of the grant made by the State Social Welfare Advisory Board, Bhubneshwar, for the purpose. The patients are given Dapson, Vitamin, Iron, Avil, Resochine and other tablets. There are 137 patients under regular treatment. There are also arrangements for domiciliary treatment facilities. The clinic works on every Sunday. The number of patients treated during the year was 3670 while the average number of patients attending the clinic on Sundays was 74. The annual expenditure for running the clinic amounted to Rs. 17,935.

Karnataka

Medical Aid in Rural Areas

The Kanara Welfare Trust conducts two dispensaries in the rural areas. These dispensaries are situated at Bankikodla in Kumta taluka and at Shirali in Bhatkal taluka. Both these dispensaries were managed by qualified doctors and were well-equipped with medicines. The work of these dispensaries was appreciated by the people. Three years ago the dispensary at Bankikodla was handed over to the Government of Karnataka for running the same on behalf of the Trust. This was necessary as it was extremely difficult for it to find a doctor for the dispensary.

Mother and Child Welfare, Murdeshwar

The Kanara Welfare Trust is also running, with the financial assistance of Sri Dorabji Tata Trust, the Mother and Child Welfare Centre at Murdeshwar in Bhatkal Taluka. Miss Ganga Sthalekar, who is a highly qualified Midwife, is in charge of this Centre. The Centre has already become popular. The Centre serves the villages of Murdeshwar, Kaikeni and the neighbouring rural areas which are densely populated and which are very backward. There are two quarters for this Centre.

The Mother & Child Welfare Centre, in addition to the Maternity Clinic, has also opened a Bal Mandir at Murdeshwar. Miss Ganga Sthalekar, who is in charge of the Maternity Clinic, is also running this Bal Mandir. The aims and objects of this Bal Mandir are to give children of two to six years scope to attain maximum standard of physical, mental and social health.

In this Bal Mandir there are 34 children between the age of two to six. Snacks are given to them daily free of cost. In addition, illiterate girls are taught to read and write. Sewing, knitting, embroidery and other useful crafts for girls are also taught.

In this Centre, ante-natal examination and guidance is also given. Preventive health measures are taken. After delivery, guidance on Family Planning and Infant Care is given.

Tamil Nadu :

Shri. Venkataraman arranged for securing medicines necessary for treatment of the scabies, prevalent among the tribal children

and elders of the Sholgar tribe in Talavadi area in Coimbtore district. These medicines were distributed and administered through the members of the Rotary Club of Satyamangalam, Dr. S. V. Kalyanasundaram and its President Sri. T. P. Kannan. It is heartening to learn that the disease had been brought under control to a great extent. The number of persons treated were 418 men, 253 women, 436 boys and 237 girls total 1344 persons. The treatment is being continued in other areas.

During his visit to Bangalore Shri Venkataraman met the officials of the Social Welfare Department of Karnataka Government and discussed with them about the condition of the Sholagar tribe in Karnatka State adjoining Tamil Nadu.

Maharashtra

The Society's Rural Centre at Shendurjana Bazaar in Amravati Dist. has been conducting a dispensary under a qualified doctor and a Maternity Home since 1935-36. The dispensary is used by people in the surrounding villages as well.

Shri Ajgaonkar as a General Secretary of the Social Service League, was a member of the Supervising Committee of the Bai Bachubai Kanji Karsandas Charitable Allopathic Dispensary and Ayurvedic Dispensary of the League. Both the dispensaries are located at the League's Parel Office.

Shri R. V. Neve helped the Vidarbha Maharogi Seva Mandal in running its institutions for leprosy patients.

DISTRESS RELIEF

Uttar Pradesh :

Forty nine districts out of 56 in U. P. suffered from a serious drought during the year under report. The drought was complete in the sense that there were no food grains available. In view of such wide spread calamity something had to be done but funds could not be raised in U. P. The Headquarters of the Society had only Rs. 2,000 in the distress relief funds which was supplemented by local collection to the extent of Rs. 1,000 only. In view of financial difficulty, the Society had to be content with its token relief work limited to only one village namely, Khantara in the Mirzapur district which is a hundred per cent Adivasi village.

Desilting of a village tank at Konhda in the Allahabad district was taken-up under the food for work programme. The tank was expected to irrigate about 500 acres of land. The Government provided twenty seven truck loads of wheat and the work continued for about three months. Desilting provided work to about 100 persons every day. Desilting had been completed and the cultivators have got irrigation facilities for growing their crops.

Smt. Indira Gandhi during her study tour of the drought area visited our Kandia Project area on 4th April, 1980 and addressed a largely attended public meeting at Ghuwas, our project headquarters. As a result of Mrs. Gandhi's visit to the area, the people got plenty of food grains under the food for work programme.

Orissa :

Relief camps were organised by the Centre in flood affected and cyclone-hit areas. Food, clothing, medicines etc. were distributed to the people in distress. Medical relief camps were also organised in tribal villages at Sapha, Amiyjhari, Berhampur etc., Free medicines were distributed to the poor Adivasi people on proper examination by the experienced doctors like Dr. A. A. Khan Dr. Nayeem, Dr. Uttam Sahoo. These doctors attended the camp on behalf of the Society free of charge. The Choudwar centre distributed polio vaccines in tribal villages.

Sri. Madhusudan Sahoo as a member of the Rayagada Sub-Divisional Relief Committee took part in the Gunupur Flood Relief work. The Committee collected 69 bags of rice and Rs 7000/- from the local people and distributed those among the flood affected-people.

Gujrat

Sri. Jawahar Shah was co-operating with the Saurashtra Rachanatmak Samiti in implementing its rehabilitation programme for the Morvi flood-stricken people.

Maharashtra

Sri. Kakade continued to be Hon. Secretary of the Maharashtra State Association for the Relief and Eradication of Famine, which has been registered as a public charitable trust.

EDUCATION

National Adult-Education Programme.

During the year under report the Society conducted two units under the National Adult Education Programme in Maharashtra and one unit in Uttar Pradesh. The Programme is meant for persons between 15 and 35 years of age. A unit consists of 30 Centres the classes in which are run at night. In Maharashtra 30 centres were taken up in Phaltan taluka of Satara district from the 1st Sept. 1979 and another set of 30 centres in Udgir taluka Osmanabad district in Marathwada, from the 1st October 1979. All the centres were closed after running them for ten months. Sri H. P. Shinde and Sri M. M. Dhanore were in charge of the units respectively.

Shri Neve conducted a few centres of adult education in Amravati district of Maharashtra.

Karnataka

Sri. Desai spent most of his time during the year for the work of the Kanara Welfare Trust of which he is the Founder and Chairman. The aims and objects of the Kanara Welfare Trust are to undertake measures for the educational and social advancement of the people in general and the backward-classes in particular in North Kanara (Karwar) District in Karnataka State. The people in this forest district are extremely poor. A large number of these belongs to Backward Castes and Tribes. Over 75 per cent of the total area of the district is under forests; and the people living in the forest villages have to undergo many hardships.

The Kanara Welfare Trust has eighteen centres of work in the district. It is the biggest educational body in Karnataka State, in the sense that it conducts the largest number of educational institutions in the State.

Institutions of the Kanara Welfare Trust

The Trust runs the Gokhale Centenary College (Arts and Science) at Ankola, the Divekar College of Commerce at Karwar and two Junior Colleges at Dandeli and Kadтока. The Trust also runs 15 High Schools, one English Medium School, one free Hostel for Adiwasi students, two Nursery Schools, one Mother & Child Welfare Centre and two dispensaries. One of these dispen-

saries is now given to the Government for running the same on behalf of the Kanara Welfare Trust, as the Trust could not find a doctor for this dispensary. The Trust also conducts, on behalf of the Servants of India Society, two Tailoring Schools, one at Ankola and the other at Mundgod. Thus the total number of institutions conducted by the Trust is 28.

Gokhale Centenary College

This College, which was opened at Ankola in June 1966, fulfills a long-cherished need for an institution of higher education. It has both Arts and Science sections. The College, which was established during the Birth Centenary year of Gopal Krishna Gokhale, is named after him as part of the Centenary Celebrations inaugurated by Dr. Radhakrishnan, ex-President of India, on 9th May 1966.

The College has well-equipped Laboratories and Library. It provides N. C. C. training for both boys and girls. The Karnataka University has provided a N. S. S. Unit for the College. A special feature of the College is the tutorial system under which students receive individual coaching and attention. The College has a large building, with adequate accommodation, on a campus extending about 75 acres. The total strength of the College at present is 1092. Of these 389 are girls, As many as 769 students belong to backward-classes. The College showed satisfactory results in the various University Examinations.

A separate building for the Dadabhai Naoroji Library of the College was constructed in 1972. This is the biggest Library for any College in the Karnataka University, with a floor area of 6,600 square feet. The College has also an Indoor Games Hall and a separate building for the Canteen. A Guest House for the College has also been constructed.

Three years ago, a quarter for the Chairman of the Kanara Welfare Trust has also been constructed in the compound of the Gokhale Centenary College.

Six quarters for the staff of the College have been constructed this year with the financial help of the University Grants Commission. These quarters are in the College campus. Two years ago an Open-Air Theatre for the College has been constructed.

Divekar College of Commerce

This College was opened in Karwar in June 1970. The need for a Commerce College at Karwar was keenly felt. Karwar was the only district headquarters in the former Bombay Karnataka districts, where there was no Commerce College.

The College has a total strength of 760. The number of girls in the College is 262. The number of backward-class students is 487. The College has a well-equipped Library. The Library has its own extensive building. The College showed satisfactory results in the University Examinations. The College has also a full-fledged Naval Wing. This was introduced seven years ago. A special feature of the College is the tutorial system under which the students receive individual coaching and attention.

The College stands on a beautiful site on the sea-shore. The area of this land is five acres. In addition to the main building of the College, there is a separate building for the Principal of the College and also a Guest House. There is also a Canteen building, the quarter for the night-watchman and the cycle stand.

Junior Colleges

Two of the High Schools of the Trust have been raised to the position of Junior Colleges. The Junior Colleges, in addition to the High School Classes, conduct the First PUC and Second PUC Classes. These Junior Colleges are situated at Dandeli in Haliyal Taluka and Kadтока in Honavar Taluka. These Junior Colleges have introduced "Commerce" also in addition to Arts subjects. The number of students in these Junior Colleges was 1448. Of these 939 were boys and 509 were girls. The total number of backward-class students in these Junior Colleges was 615. Of these 381 were boys and 234 were girls. Four years ago the building for the Junior College at Kadтока was extended. The building for the Junior College at Dandeli has been extended during this year with the financial help of the Mysore Power Corporation, as the number of students has increased.

High Schools in Villages

In addition to the two Junior Colleges mentioned above, the Trust conducts thirteen High Schools in different Talukas. All these High Schools, except the High School at Ankola, are in villages. These High Schools are situated at (1) Ankola in Ankola

Taluka; (2) Baad-Kagal in Kumta Taluka; (3) Kadwad in Karwar Taluka; (4) Shirali in Bhatkal Taluka; (5) Kasarkod in Honavar Taluka; (6) Murdeshwar in Bhatkal Taluka; (7) Mirjan in Kumta Taluka; (8) Arge in Karwar Taluka; (9) Dhadeshwar in Kumta Taluka; (10) Bedkani in Siddapur Taluka; (11) Katgal in Kumta Taluka; (12) Anilgod in Honavar Taluka and (13) Kulve-Baroor in Sirsi Taluka.

The total number of students in these 13 High Schools was 2770. Of these 1684 were boys and 1086 were girls. The total number of backward-class students was 1786. Of these 1169 were boys and 617 were girls.

All the educational institutions of the Trust have their own buildings specially constructed for the purpose. All the sites selected for these buildings are well situated.

English Medium School, Dandeli

This Primary School was opened in 1958 with the object of satisfying the educational needs of the cosmopolitan population of Dandeli. It is but natural that such a school should have English as the medium of instruction.

This Primary School teaches upto Std. VII. It also conducts the Nursery and the Pre-Primary Classes. The School has a total strength of 809. Of these 312 were girls. The total number of backward-class pupils was 213.

The financial position of the Kanara Welfare Trust is satisfactory. The Reserve Fund of the Trust now amounts to Rupees seven lakhs which gives an annual interest of Rs. 70,000/- .

Tamil Nadu

Sri. Venkataraman continued to be a member of the Governing Body of the Madras School of Social Work since its inception and attended its meetings. The school organised several orientation courses for police officers, personnel of certified schools, for Professors of National Students Services of colleges etc., in all of which Sri. Venkataraman participated. Last year 33 students took their M. A. degree in Social Work.

Maharashtra

Sri K. G. Sharangpani continues to be in-charge of the Society's Central Library. The Library has a rare collection of

old Parliamentary blue books of the East India Company's time, almost an unbroken series of proceedings of Legislatures in India and abroad and a large collection of reports of commissions and committees appointed by the Government of India, U. S. A., U. K., etc. It is a depository Library of the U. N., UNESCO, FAO, ILO, etc. Specialising only in Social Sciences, it has a collection of about 1,76,205 books. It is open to the general public under suitable safeguards and no fees or subscription is charged for its use. The number of registered borrowers is 1395 and the number of books issued was 13,825. The Library also serves as the Library of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics in particular and research scholars in general. The number of books added during the year was 4,230. About 850 periodicals are received in the Library.

The Library is on the free mailing list of the U. N., UNESCO; the FAO, ILO; the International Monetary Fund, the International Bank etc. as in previous years. Parliamentary Proceedings of Australia, South Africa, Canada, New Zealand, Trinidad, and Tobago and Aden are received free of charge as before.

The Library continues to be on the free mailing list of the Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha, some Central Ministries and all State Governments and Legislatures.

Sri Kakade was a member of the Board of Management of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics. As a representative of the Board he was also a member of the Internal Management Committee and of the Selection and Confirmation Committee. He attended almost all the meetings of the Internal Management Committee and two meetings of the Board during the year.

Sri Kakade continued to be Hony. Secretary and a trustee of the Institute of Regional Development Planning at Nagpur. The Institute helps development authorities in formulating and evaluating development plans and programmes. It receives projects from the Planning Commission, the Ministry of Agriculture and Community Development, the Government of Maharashtra and others. It receives a regular maintenance grant of Rs. 1,00,000 from the State Government.

The Institute was being reorganised during the latter part of the year under report. The Institute is facing difficulty in

getting a permanent suitable incumbent for the post of Director. Sri Kakade attended two meetings of the Board of Trustees during the year.

Dr. Nair, who was also a Trustee of the Institute, attended all the four meetings.

Sri. Kakade was re-elected Hony. Treasurer of the Maharashtra Association for the Cultivation of Science, Poona, and in that capacity was a member of the Executive Committee, the General Council, the Budget Committee and the Building Committee. The Association, affiliated to the Poona University, receives projects and grants from the Central and State Govts. ICAR, ICMR and such other research bodies. Retired scientists give benefit of their knowledge and experience in honorary capacity to young researchers and students of the Association. The Association owns an experimental farm, with irrigation facilities, in Baramati taluka of Poona district. It owns a big campus with a number of buildings constructed therein. As Hony. Treasurer he alone operates the bank accounts of the Association. He attended all the meetings of the various committees of the Association during the year under report.

Sri Kakade continued to be one of the Trustees of the Kanara Welfare Trust.

Dr. Nair was looking after the Gokhale Memorial Library at Nagpur. He was also going through the speeches of the late Pandit H. N. Kunzru made in the Council of States, the Constituent Assembly and the Rajya Sabha. The Society has decided to publish selected speeches of Pandit Kunzru. Dr. Nair is going through them with a view to selecting speeches subjectwise and editing them.

Sri Ajaonker continued his work on the Education Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay. The Committee manages four High Schools—a Day High School and three Night High Schools—a Pre-Primary School, a Primary School, a Junior College in Arts, Science and Commerce. All these institutions are in predominantly labour areas of Bombay.

The Committee started G. L. Mehta Book-Bank with the donation of Rs. 10,000/- in the form of debenture that the League received from the I. C. I. C. I. The students of the Social Service League High School were given on loan text books for the

academic Year 1987-81. Eighty students took advantage of the Library during the academic year.

The two class rooms were provided free of cost from 6.30 p. m. to 9.00 p. m. to the students of the High School who had no facilities for study at home. A qualified teacher is appointed to help the students in solving their difficulties and supervise their studies.

Sri Ajgaonkar continued to be a member of the Mafatlal Gagalbhai Textile Technical Institute Supervising Committee of the Social Service League. The Institute was started in 1924 to provide for systematic training to those who seek entry in the textile industry as a career and to those who are already in the industry. The school is only one of its kind in the country which imparts theoretical and practical training in textile technology to students without interfering with their jobs in any way. The training in the school is divided into two sections—The Post-Employment Training Section and Pre-Employment Training Section. The school also organises session in Basic Training and Related Instructions for the Apprentices deputed by the textile mills at the instance of the Bombay Millowners Association and the State Apprenticeship Adviser, Government of Maharashtra, under Apprentices Act, 1963 (Central). The Bombay Millowners Association entrusted upon the Mafatlal Gagalbhai Textile Training School this training programme on behalf of the Millowners of the city. Thus the Institute is doing its utmost in helping the Textile Industry and improving economic condition of the workers by equipping them with technical know-how for their trades. During this year the League organised a class in Participative Management for the apprentices in the weavers trade. The class proved very useful for the trainees and the response from the trainees to the discussions that followed the lectures, was very encouraging.

Sri Ajgaonkar was a Convenor of the Sub-Committee appointed by the Social Service League for sending counter-proposal to the Bombay Millowners' Association in the light of the report of the Secretary-General of Millowners' Association on the Textile Technical Training for the workers and supervisory personnel in the City of Bombay. The report submitted by the League's Sub-Committee of which Sri Ajgaonkar was a Convenor, envisages facilities for 1266 trainees per year in 8 textile manu-

facturing trades and expansion of League's Mafatlal Gagalbhai Textile Technical Institute's building and work-shop for the purpose. The total capital outlay for the purpose is estimated at Rs.12 lakhs while recurring expenditure is worked out at Rs.3 lakhs.

Sri Ajgaonkar was member of the League's Supervisory Committee for six Industrial Schools for women. These schools are conducted in different parts of the city. They were started in 1925 with the object of giving women such practical training in crafts and professions as would enable them to supplement their family income and promote social inter-course among women of different classes, castes and creeds. At present the following courses of the Department of Technical Education are taught in these schools :—

(1) Certificate Course in Tailoring and Cutting, (2) Certificate Course in Embroidery and Fancy Works, (3) Craft teacher's Course in Card Board Work and Book-Binding, (4) Craft Teacher's Course in Needle Work and Embroidery. All these courses are of one year's duration, except the course in Card Board Work and Book-Binding, which is of six months' duration.

Sri Ajgaonkar was actively associated with the N. M. Joshi Social Workers' Training Class of the League which is conducted in the Servants of India Society's Home, Bombay. The Class was started in 1925 with a view to equip people for better citizenship by disseminating the knowledge of social theories and social problems. The course which is of six months duration is held every year from July to January by experts in those subjects and visits to 35 social welfare institutions. The course was inaugurated this year by Prin. T. K. Tope, former Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay.

Sri Ajgaonkar organised the second N. M. Joshi Memorial Lecture at the Servants of India Society's Home, Bombay during the year under report. Sri B. N. Datar, Director of Ambekar Institute for Labour Studies, Bombay, read a paper on "The Current Labour Scene—Relevance of Mr. N. M. Joshi's ideas," which will be published by the Social Service League out of funds collected for the purpose.

Sri Ajgaonkar as General Secretary was also a member of the Library Committee of the League which conducts Libraries and Reading Rooms at Chinchpokli and Madanpura.

Orissa

Sri S. S. Misra is closely associated with the administration of the Kala Vikas Kendra of Cuttack, an institution for the promotion of dance, drama and music, both as a founder-member of the institution and as a member of the Board of Trustees. He attended many of the meetings of this institution.

He continues to be the Vice President of the Orissa Branch of the Guild of Service and attended all the meetings of the institution.

Sri Madhusudan Sahoo intends to take up moral welfare work among school students. An organisation named as Charitra Nirman Samstha and a fund as Charitra Nirman Nidhi have been instituted for the said purpose. Sri Sahoo organised an essay competition among school students and started giving postal lessons to a group of students. Moral Aid (part-I), a booklet of the Charitra Nirman Samstha was published during the year.

Sri Damodar Sahoo conducted a Nursery School called Shishu Vihar on the Society's premises at Choudwar. The School is financed by the Choudwar Municipality. A library called Laxminarayan Pathgar and a reading room for the use of the inmates of the Ashram and the local children, are also conducted. Similarly a wall magazine 'Barbula' is being published every month, containing very interesting stories and poems written by the children of the Destitute Home. In addition to these, the Society manages a Telugu School at Choudwar Centre to serve 200 Telugu families residing in Laxminarayan Sevagram. The children belong to scheduled castes and scheduled tribes of Andhra Pradesh and Orissa. An experienced young teacher has been appointed for the purpose.

Uttar Pradesh

The Servindia Child Welfare has a two pronged programme namely, 1. General Health Programme which includes health check-up, immunisation etc. and 2. the mental growth of the children through the Dr. Kunzru Nursery School which aims at laying the foundations of true education.

Three Health Camps were organised during the year under report which were attended by four hundred children. They were medically examined and treatment given.

The Child Welfare Centre also started the Dr. Kunzru Nursery School on the premises of the Society at Allahabad. Fifty three children attended the school and they are making steady progress under the guidance of trained and experienced lady teachers. The Children's Day and the Republic Day were celebrated by the children with great enthusiasm.

The Servindia Child Welfare Centre collected Rs. 7,310/- as donations.

Creative Work Centre for Women and their Rehabilitation

Two Centres of Creative Work for women were organised, one at 1, P. D. Tandon Road and the other at 43, A. Dr. Katju Road. There were 21 ladies attending the Centre at Tandon Road where they were given training in tailoring, embroidery and knitting by hand and machine and painting. The Katju Road Centre has 30 women who attended the classes regularly.

Tamil Nadu

Indian Conference of Social Work

Sri Venkataraman continued to be member of the Central Executive Committee of the Indian Council of Social Work and participated in its deliberations held locally at Madras. Sri Venkataraman, as the Vice-President of the Indian Council for Child Welfare, regularly attended the meetings of the Bala Sevika Training Institute. He continued to be President of the Association for Social Health in India, Madras Branch, which in addition to taking steps to prevent commercial prostitution, with the help of the police, arranged several courses of lectures for college students on genetics, social health and family life.

Guild of Service

Sri Venkataraman continued to be one of the Vice-Presidents of the Guild of Service and an ex-officio member of its various units such as Seva Samajam for Girls, Seva Samajam Boys Home, Save the Children Fund etc., and attended its meetings regularly.

Karnataka

Tailoring School

The Trust, on behalf of the Servants of India Society, conducts two Tailoring Schools, one at Ankola in Ankola Taluka and the

other at Mundgod in Mundgod Taluka. The number of students in the Tailoring School at Ankola was 34. The School is recognised by the Board of Technical Education of Karnataka Government. During the year 19 pupils appeared for the Tailoring Examination of this Board. Nine passed in First Class and 10 passed in Second Class.

The Tailoring School at Mundgod was opened in 1969, mainly for the benefit of the backward class girls, including the Lamanis who are very backward. The strength of this School was 40. This School is also recognised by the Board of Technical Education of the Karanataka Government. During the year 18 pupils appeared for the Tailoring Examination of this Board. 13 pupils passed in Second Class.

Maharashtra

Sri. Dhanore has started a tailoring class for rural women in Deogiri (Daulatadad) in Aurangabad district. Fifteen women are taking benefit of it. The Department of Social Welfare of Govt. of Maharashtra has provided two sewing machines.

Sri. Shinde has started a Tailoring School in Phaltan from February 1981. A trained lady instructor has been appointed. Sixteen women are attending the School.

Gujrath

A sewing class has been opened by Sri. Jawahar Shah in Vejalpur village near Ahmedabad city. Two sewing machines have been purchased. Thirteen women are attending the class regularly. A demand from another village for such a class has been received.

Andhra Pradesh

Sri. S. S. Misra supervised the management of the Gokhale Children's Home at Narasannapeta, dist. Srikakulam. This Home, which was started in the year 1945 in the wake of a devastating cyclone in the then North-Vizag district, has been rendering valuable service to the orphaned and helpless children of the area. During the year under report there were 42 children in the Home. Their ages ranged between 7 and 16. This institution is providing free boarding and lodging and clothing, soap and oil, education and free medical aid to the inmates of the

Home. The annual expenses of the Home amounted to Rs. 23,195.39. The Society pays a lump sum grant of Rs. 8,124/- to the Home every year. The Central Social Welfare Board has also been sanctioning an annual grant of Rs. 8,000/- to provide nutritive food to the inmates of the Home. The Home is under the direct management of Sri P. S. Prasada Rao and Sri. T. Babjee, attaches of the Society, and Sri R. K. Sahoo is working as the warden of the Home.

Orissa

Ashok Pratap Tailoring School

Inaugurated last year by the Rajmata of Darpani, Ashok Pratap Tailoring School of the Society is running smoothly, in two shifts. Both the inmates of the Ashram and outside children and women are taking advantage of it.

The Destitute Children's Home

The Destitute Children's Home, started at Choudwar in 1975, had 50 children between the ages of 3 and 5 years on its roll during the year under report. The inmates are provided with free board, lodging, clothing, educational and other essential facilities. They are brought up in such a loving atmosphere that they feel the Home to be their own. The children attend the local educational institutions. Dr. A. A. Khan, Dr. K. M. Mohanti and Dr. B. N. Swain looked after the medical care of the children.

The 18th death anniversary of late lamented L. N. Sahu and the annual foundation day of the Destitute Children's Home at Choudwar were celebrated. This function was held on two days viz. 18th and 19th January. The function held on 18th January was presided over by Shri R. K. Das, Retired-Judge, Orissa High Court. It was inaugurated by Dr. Radhanath Rath, Editor of the "Samaja". Sri J. B. Patnaik, Chief Minister of Orissa acted as the chief guest on the occasion. Shri K. C. Lenka, Revenue Minister of Orissa and the representative of the Choudwar constituency, acted as one of the speakers. The meeting was a grand success. About 5000 persons attended the public meeting held on 18th January in the evening. Sri J. B. Patnaik highly complimented the members of the Orissa Branch of the Society for their social welfare work and promised every possible help from the

Govt. Dr. Radhanath Rath while inaugurating the function put forward a forceful plea for the proper rehabilitation of the destitute children of the State.

SOCIAL SERVICE

Sri Dhanore conducted two Balwadis at village Daulatabad and Maliwada in Aurangabad district. About 50 children are deriving the benefit. He had been able to secure the requisite funds from the local people.

All India Seva Samiti

Mr. Misra continued for the third year in succession as the General Secretary of the All India Seva Samiti, Allahabad. In order to strengthen the Seva Samiti financially Mr. Misra was instrumental in constructing fourteen shops on the premises of the Seva Samiti. These shops yield a monthly income of Rs. 3,500/— and this additional income has enabled the Seva Samiti to repair all its buildings and allot more funds for the qualitative improvement in its various social welfare activities.

Servindia Child Welfare Centre, Allahabad

The Servindia Child Welfare Centre, initiated in the international year of the child took a more concrete shape during the year under report. The Child Welfare Centre is headed by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice S. D. Agarwal, a sitting Judge of the Allahabad High Court, who attended all its meetings and took keen interest in the development of the child welfare activities. Dr. Smt. M. P. Balani was the Secretary of the Centre from the very beginning but later she left for the U. S. A. and her charge was taken over by Dr. Smt. Saroj. M. A., D. Phil. a lecturer in the Mahila Vidyapith Degree College, Allahabad.

Most of the doctors of the Motilal Nehru Medical College, Kamla Nehru Hospital and the Sarojini Naidu Children's Hospital and the Metha Eye Hospital who are specialists in child welfare are members of the Servindia Child Welfare Centre. These doctors conducted three camps called the Children's Health Camps.

Maharashtra

After the closure of the Adult Education Programmes by the Govt. of India, the Society continued voluntarily onward follow-up programmes. Sri Dhanore started a non-formal education class

for women at Doulatabad in Aurangabad district. He is the Hony. Secretary of Pralhad Smarak Sarvajanik Wachanalaya at Deoni Budruk (Udgir taluka, Usmanabad district). He is trying to start an ashram-school in the most backward district of Bhir in Marathwada.

As a follow-up measure, ten newspaper reading centres and five small libraries were started by Sri H. P. Shinde in Phaltan area of Satara district. Sri Shinde also conducted a non-formal education project at Sakharwadi in Phaltan taluka, for 60 children of 9 to 14 years age-group, who had earlier dropped out from the formal schools. These were the children of the harvesting and carting workers who had migrated from Marathwada in search of work in Phaltan Sugar Works at Sakharwadi. The school, held in the evenings, worked for three months from January 1981. This experiment, costing Rs. 960, was fully financed by the Phaltan Sugar Works Ltd.

Shri Shinde organised a Seminar on ideology of social education in October 1980. 25 representatives of different organisations in the State participated. The discussions on the concepts and methodology of social education, were considered to be very useful. Sri Shinde also organised four Orientation Courses at the headquarters of the Society for women workers from rural areas of Maharashtra. Lectures by experts in various subjects were arranged.

Sri Shinde was associated with the educational activities of the Jagrut Yuvak, an organisation in Phaltan area and with the Chaitanya Pratishthan which runs Balwadis and medical aid centres in a few slums in Poona city.

He delivered about 30 lectures during the year on adult education and non-formal education in the adult education section of Poona University and of Government's Education Department, the Indian Institute of Education and in few other voluntary organisations.

Sri Kakade was re-elected Chairman of the District Probation & Aftercare Association, which conducts two remand homes in Poona, one for boys and another for girls, and a Child Guidance Clinic for problematic children. He presided over all the meetings of the Managing Committee and of the Executive Committee. During the year under report, the Association has worked out a

development project with the help of Bank of India, subject to the approval of the Charity Commissioner.

Sri Kakade was elected Vice-President of the Maharashtra State Probation & Aftercare Association and attended all the meetings of the Managing Committee and of the Executive Committee. He was the Chairman of the Holiday Home of the Association at Mahabaleshwar, of which he held a meeting at Mahabaleshwar on 11th March 1981. He was Chairman of the Constitution Amendment Committee and held its two meetings. He was Chairman of the Review Evaluation Committee of the Association. The relevant information from the remand homes in the State is being collected through a questionnaire which is already circulated. The Association's head office is located in Poona, and he attends to some of its administrative matters.

Sri Kakade continued to be Hony. Secretary of the Society for the Welfare of the Physically Handicapped in Wanawadi. The Society conducts a Home for Crippled Children between 6 and 16 years of age, in its own building, in which food, clothing, bedding, schooling, medical care, surgical treatment, prosthetic appliances, pre-vocational training etc. are provided free of cost to about 70 children. The Society has applied for a building grant to Govt. of India for a similar Home for physically handicapped girls. But pending materialisation of the application the Society has constructed a floor on its existing building and has decided to admit 30 girls from June 1981.

Sri Kakade was one of the members of the Board of Trustee of the Society for the Prevention of Malnutrition. The Society does not undertake any commercial activity on its own but initiates, encourages and certifies production of balanced food articles manufactured by other agencies. The Poorna Ahar biscuits certified by it for its qualities is getting popular with consumers.

Sri Kakade remained a member of the Managing Committee of the Mahila Seva Mandal which conducts a Rescue Home for women in moral danger, Fit-Person Institute for children, a hostel for working women in low income brackets and a pre-primary and primary school. The Vocational Training Centre is the special feature of the Mandal. To keep the distracted girls and women occupied in some gainful work a number of trades and crafts are conducted at the Centre by various industrial

concerns which take the entire responsibility of production, finance, marketing etc. The strength of children and women residing in the institute is round about 400 on an average.

Sri Kakade continued to be a member of the Managing Committee of the Nav-Jeevan Mandal, a public charitable trust working for the rehabilitation and welfare of released prisoners.

Sri Kakade was a member of the Managing Committee of the David Sassoon Infirm Asylum. He tried to attend as many meetings of the Committee as possible.

Sri Kakade was the Managing Trustee of Justice Mahadeo Govind Ranade Trust. The Trust distributes every year on the Ranade Day (Jan. 18) small donations to a large number of institutions in Poona and outside.

As Secretary of the Society, Sri Kakade was member of Wrangler R. P. Paranjpye Trust.

Sri Ajgaonkar was elected General Secretary of the Social Service League, one of the oldest institutions in Bombay. The League conducts among other things, four High Schools, a Textile Training Institute, six Industrial Schools for Women, Primary and Pre-Primary Schools, three Libraries, a Gymnasium, a Co-operative Credit Society, a Co-operative Dramatic Association and two dispensaries. The League spent Rs. 20,00,000 for its various activities during the year under report.

In the capacity of General Secretary of the League he continued to be a member of the Health Committee Association for Social Health in India (M. S. Branch) and also a member of the League's Gymnasium.

OTHER ACTIVITIES

Sri S. G. Gokhale looks after the affairs of the Gokhale Hall and generally helps the Secretary in the administration.

Sri Desai was a Trustee of the Divekar charity trust founded by Dr. M. R. Divekar who comes from North Kanara district. The office of the Trust is in Bombay. This Trust spends money on education and medical relief.

Sri Madhusudhan Sahoo continued his effort to establish a Sanskrit Pathshala at Rayagada. He has collected donations for this project.

Shri Damodar Sahoo actively co-operated with all public activities of the Choudwar Municipality.

SERVANTS OF
Balance Sheet as at

FUNDS & LIABILITIES	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Trust Fund or Corpus :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	21,56,190.34			
Add : Additions during the year	7,921.80		21,64,112.14	
Other Earmarked Funds :				
(i) Trust Funds (as per Schedule 'A')	4,42,715.78			
(ii) Funds set aside out of income or Reserve of the Society (as per Schedule 'B')	17,12,167.88		21,54,883.66	
Loans :				
(Secured or Unsecured)				
Current Liabilities :			5,38,565.71	
(as per Schedule 'C')				
			<u>48,57,561.51</u>	

INDIA SOCIETY, PUNE 411 004

31st March 1981.

PROPERTY & ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Immovable Property :				
Building and Sites				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	7,57,450.60			
<i>Add</i> : Additions during the yer (Building under Construction for Member's Residence at Choudwar)	20,080.68		7,77,531.28	
Investments :				
(i) In Shares and Debentures	3,700.00			
(ii) Dr. P.N. Raju's Trust Fund Investments. (Schedule 'E')	2,863.25			
(iii) In Fixed Deposits with Nationalised Banks.	27,68,131.85		27,74,695.10	
Furniture and Fixtures :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	41,958.00			
<i>Add</i> : Additions during the year	7,272.01			
	49,230.01			
<i>Less</i> : Depreciation @ 10% for the year	4,923.01		44,307.00	
Advances :				
(as per Schedule 'F')			4,30,179.55	
Cash and Bank Balances :				
Cash in hand (at various centres)	3,485.33			
In Banks at various centres and Branches of the Society	8,27,363.25		8,30,848.58	
			48,57,561.51	

16 Sept. 1981

As per our report of even date
JOSHI & SAHNEY
Chartered Accountants

SERVANTS OF
Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Expenditure in Respect of Property :				
Rates, Taxes and Cesses	1,87,849.40			
Repairs and Maintenance	33,129.89			
Property Insurance	867.00			
Garden Expenses	11,822.12			
Lease Rents	322.64		2,33,991.05	
Establishment Expenses :				
For Members	37,180.04			
For Staff	69,669.03		1,06,849.07	
Remuneration to Trustees :				
Legal Expenses			1,010.00	
Audit Fees			1,875.00	
Contributions and Fees			—	
Bad Debts Written off			62,465.13	
Miscellaneous Expenses (as per separate statement)			82,039.44	
Transfer to Reserves			2,00,000.00	
Depreciation :				
Furniture and Fixture	4,923.01			
Buildings	—		4,923.01	
Loss on Sale of Securities				
			17,400.00	
Expenditure on objects of the Trust :				
Tribal & Backward Class welfare work	25,65,067.63			
Library Expenses	30,226.31			
Gokhale Day Expenses	1,216.12			
Sastri Day Expenses	392.91			
National Adult Education Programme	36,802.00		26,33,704.97	
			<u>33,44,257.67</u>	

INDIA SOCIETY, PUNE 411 004*for the year ended 31st March 1981.*

INCOME	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Rent Realised			2,58,499.58	
Interest :				
On Securities		720.00		
On Bank Accounts		24,146.69		
On Fixed Deposits		2,40,036.69	2,64,903.38	
Dividends				9.00
Donations in Cash :				
From Members		2,136.95		
From Others		2,34,326.33	2,36,463.28	
Grants Received for Tribal and Backward Class Welfare Work			24,75,674.29	
Profit on Sale of Securities				89.17
Other Income :				
Miscellaneous Receipts		57,770.61		
Gokhale Hall Surplus		22,162.77		
A. B. Press Surplus		1,810.71	81,744.09	
Transfer from Reserves				7,000.00
Excess of Expenditure over Income				19,874.88
			<u>33,44,257.67</u>	

As per our report of even date

JOSHI & SAHNEY*Chartered Accountants*

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY**LIST 'A'**

*Statement of Earmarked Funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds
as on 31st March 1981*

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1. Gokhale Memorial Trust Fund :				
Received in securities from the Memorial Committee formed in Bombay. The face value of the securities being Rs. 1,33,000.00. The benefit of which may be used for the general purpose of the society.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			1,42,310.00	
2. Gokhale Memorial Library Trust Fund :				
Received from the ex-trustees at Nagpur for Managing the Public Library situated there on a lease-hold plot and land. The building was valued at Rs. 6,073.00. Securities and cash balance handed over to the society were Rs. 5,843.86. The whole of the fund has been spent over the G. M. Bldg. Balance as per last Balance Sheet				12,752.86
3. Rao Bahadur D. Laxminarayan Trust Fund :				
Received from the executive at the will of Late Shri D. Laxminarayan for maintaining a branch at Nagpur for that area (Former province of Madhya Pradesh) with three members. The amount was received in cash.				
Balance as per last Balance sheet			1,00,000.00	
			<u>2,55,062.86</u>	
		Total C/F.		2,55,062.86

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY

LIST 'A' (Contd.)¹

Statement of Earmarked Funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds
as on 31st March 1981

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
	Total B/F.		2,55,062.86	
4. South Indian Flood Relief Fund :				
Received as per the order of the High Court out of the residual balance of the above fund in the form of securities worth Rs. 21,415.47 and cash balance of Rs. 10.92. The benefit of the fund is to be utilised in the specified area affected by floods in the Madras Presidency				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	25,482.00			
Add : Interest	1,784.00		27,266.00	
5. Late Mr. Nayanar Memorial Trust Fund :				
This fund was raised by the friends of Mr. Nayanar, a deceased member of Society, to celebrate his memory by giving suitable scholarships, educational aids to Harijan Students in Madras Presidency.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	19,507.00			
Add : Interest	1,365.00		20,872.00	
6. Hiralal Atmaram Patel Trust Fund :				
Received from the executors as per the conditions in the deed for relief work in Gujarath & Kathiawar.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	38,531.00			
Add : Interest	2,697.00		41,228.00	
	Total C/F.		3,03,200.86	

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY

LIST 'A' (Contd.)

Statement of Earmarked funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds
as on 31 March 1981

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs. Ps.		Rs. Ps.	
	Total B/F.		3,03,200.86	
7. Lady Laxmibai Distress Relief Fund :				
Received from the executors of the will of the late Lady Laxmibai W/O Sir Jagmohandas Veerjeevandas, Bombay for Distress relief in India				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	13,509.00			
Add : Interest	945.00			
	<hr/>			
	14,454.00			
Less : Relief Granted during Previous year	7,000.00		7,454.00	
	<hr/>			
8. Gokhale Day Celebration Fund :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			2,000.00	
9. Dr. P. Narsinha Raju Distress Relief Trust Fund :				
Received in form of Debentures and Shares from Dr. P. Narsinha Raju the total face value being Rs. 2640/-. The benefit of which is to be spent mainly for distress relief.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	3,688.37			
Add : Interest	Rs. 60.00			
Dividend	Rs. 13.04	73.04	3,761.41	
	<hr/>			
10. Kashmir Fund :	83,131.85			
Add : Interest	1,939.66		85,071.51	
	<hr/>			
		Total Rs.	4,42,715.78	
			<hr/>	

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY

LIST 'B'

*Statement of Fund and Other Reserves set aside by the Society from its
Income or Resources as on 31st March 1981*

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1. Servindia Relief Fund : (Balance as per last Balance Sheet)			23,637	00
2. Investment Fluctuation Reserve Fund : (Balance as per last Balance Sheet)			29,111	48
3. Servindia Welfare Fund : The fund has been built up by the Society for the general benefit of its employees (Balance as per last Balance Sheet)			7,823	00
4. Insurance Fund : Fund is built up by matured life policies of members. The amounts are payable on death (Vide Bye-law No. 5) (Balance as per last Balance Sheet)			34,757	00
5. Building Depreciation Fund : (Balance as per last Balance Sheet)			3,86,787	11
Servindia Deficit Cover Fund : (Balance as per last Balance Sheet	10,52,619	98		
<i>Add : Additions during the year</i>	2,57,867	40		
			13,10,487	38
<i>Less : Deductions during the year</i>	60,560	21		
Deficit during the year	19,874	88	80,435	09
			12,30,052	29
			Total Rs.	17,12,167.88

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 1981

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.	ASSETS		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Trust Fund or Corpus						Investments					
Balance as per last Balance Sheet		5,36,498.	71			(As per separate schedule)				3,40,625.	29
<i>Less</i> : Amounts paid to G. I. P. E.						Current Assets					
out of matured investments						Loans and Advances					
79-80	1,35,000.00					Amount due from Servants of					
80-81	75,000.00					India Society		13,766.	30		
		2,10,000.00		3,26,498.	71	Interest Receivable		2,950.	00		
						Tax Deducted at Source		231.	78	16,948.	08
Investments Reserve Fund											
Balance as per last Balance Sheet					13,499.	54					
Liabilities :											
Audit Fees payable			100.00								
Amount payable to Gokhale											
Institute of Politics and Economics		13,890.	80	13,990.	80						
Income and Expenditure Account											
Adjustments pertaining to 79-80		1,35,000.	00								
<i>Add</i> : Surplus for the year 80-81			2,325.	50							
				1,37,325.	50						
<i>Less</i> : Balance as per last Balance Sheet		1,33,741.	18	3,584.	32						
		Total Rs.		3,57,573.	37			Total Rs.		3,57,573.	37

The above Balance Sheet to the best of our knowledge and belief contains a True account of the Liabilities and Assets of the Trust.

Pune
August 6, 1981

As per our report of even date
Joshi & Sahney
Chartered Accountants

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March 1981

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.	INCOME	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Expenditure on the Objects of the Trust					By Interest on Securities			13,677.50	
To Grants to Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics			28,708.00		By Interest on Deposits			14,900.00	
Other Expenditure					By Dividend Received			3,037.50	
To Bank Charges and Sundry Expenses	34.50								
To Management Charges Paid to Servants of India Society		447.00							
To Audit Fees		100.00	581.50						
To Surplus transferred to Balance Sheet.				2,325.50					
			<u>Total Rs.</u>	<u>31,615.00</u>				<u>Total Rs.</u>	<u>31,615.00</u>

55

Pune

August 6, 1981

As per our report of even date

Joshi & Sahney

Chartered Accountants

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Schedule of Investments as at 31st March 1981

Sr. No.	Particulars	Face Value	Cost Price	Market Value	Interest Receivable	Interest Received	Out of interest if any Up-to-Date
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1.	4% Satara Inamdar Mandal Debentures	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	200.00	200.00	—
2.	4½% Govt. of India Loan 1986	50,000.00	47,675.00	46,525.00	2,250.00	—	2,250.00
3.	5½% Rajya Sahakari Bhoovikas Samiti Limited Debentures	2,000.00	1,901.41	2,000.00	115.00	115.00	—
4.	5½% Govt. of Maharashtra S. D. Loan 1983	75,000.00	74,098.88	75,825.00	4,312.50	4,312.50	—
5.	5½% M. P. State Co-op. L. M. Bank Debentures	40,000.00	39,200.00	40,000.00	2,300.00	2,300.00	—
6.	Fixed deposits with United Commercial Bank R. No. AF/03						
	696510 @ 9% 1-12-1981 Date of Maturity	—	1,10,000.00	1,10,000.00	9,900.00	9,900.00	—
	R. No. AF/03 210186 @ 10% 20-1-1983	—	50,000.00	50,000.00	5,000.00	5,000.00	—

Schedule of Investment (Contd.)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
7.	Kiroskar Bros. Ltd., 900 Equity Shares of Rs. 25/- each fully paid (Bonus Issue 77-78-3. 2)	22,500.00	12,750.00	35,550.00	3,037.50	3,037.50	—
		1,94,500.00	3,40,625.29	3,64,900.00	27,115.00	24,665.00	2,450.00
8.	Matured during the year 6% Bombay Municipal Debentures	75,000.00	75,000.00	—	4,500.00	4,500.00	—
				Total Rs.	31,615.00	29,165.00	2,450.00

Pune
August 6, 1981

Examined & Found correct.
Joshi & Sahney
Chartered Accountants

Servants of India Society, Pune 4
List of Donors for the Year 1980-81
Headquarters (Pune)

Sr. No.	Name of the Donor	Amount	
		Rs.	Ps.
1.	N. M. Wadia Charities, Bombay	10,000	00
2.	Kirloskar Cummins Ltd., Charitable Trust (Kothrud) Pune (Rural)	10,000	00
3.	National Rayon Corporation Ltd. Bombay.	5,000	00
4.	Sir Ratan Tata Trust, Bombay	3,000	00
5.	Raja Bahadur Motilal Charities Trust, Bombay	2,500	00
6.	Seth Purshottamdas Thakurdas Divaliba Charitable Trust, Bombay	2,500	00
7.	Vinod Apparels, Bombay	2,500	00
8.	Lallubhai Trust, Ahamadabad	2,000	00
9.	Shubada Sales, Bombay	1,002	00
10.	Glaxo Laboratory, Bombay	1,000	00
11.	Shri. M. B. Gokhale, Pune	1,000	00
12.	Bank of Maharashtra, Pune	1,000	00
13.	Shri Chimanlal Chotalal Charity Trust, Bombay	1,000	00
14.	Birla Pvt. Ltd., Bombay	1,000	00
15.	Peico Electronical & Electricals Ltd.	1,000	00
16.	United Commercial Bank	1,000	00
17.	Anonymous Donor through State Bank of India, Pune	1,000	00
18.	Shrenik Charity Trust, Ahmedabad	1,000	00
19.	Golden Textile Corporation, Bombay	1,000	00
20.	Maharashtra Kapad Vikri Kendra, Bombay	1,000	00
21.	Shree Ram Mills Charitable Trust, Bombay	501	00
22.	Shrimad Bhagwan Vasudev Trust, Bombay	201	00
23.	Raibahadur Ch. Narayan Singh Pratap Singh Dharmadaya Niyas, Karnal	101	00
24.	Late Justice M. G. Ranade Trust, Pune	100	00
25.	Late R. B. R. R. Kale Dharmadaya Trust, Pune	100	00
26.	Sums Below Rs. 50/-		30

Total Rs. 50,535.00

Servants of India Society, U. P. Branch, Allahabad

1. Judah David Correspondance Department, Bombay, Main Branch, Fort, Bombay	250·00
Total Rs.	<u>250·00</u>

Servants of India Society, Madras Branch, Madras

1. The Hyderabad Race Club, Charitable Trust Malikept, Hyderabad	5,000·00
2. The Aryamatha Sabha, Madras	1,000·00
3. Thrimathi Gomathi Sundaran, Tuticorin	501·00
4. The Nilgiris Association, Kotagiri	100·00
5. Thirumathi, Sribala, Madras	100·00
6. Thiru S. N. Raja, Coimbatore	75·00
7. Thiru Pakshirajan, Coimbatore	51·00
8. Sums below Rs. 25/-	5·00
Total Rs.	<u>6,832·00</u>

Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam, Nirgacimund Centre

1. Thiru Moolchand, Ootacamund, the Nilgiris	250·00
2. Thiru G. Venkataraman, Auditor, Coimbatore	250·00
3. M/s. Premier Paper Products, Coimbatore	100·00
4. Rotary Club, Satyamangalam	100·00
5. Thiru J. Subramanian, Advocate, Coimbatore	100·00
6. Thiru Sriputhy Rao, Ootacamund	100·00
7. Thiru S. Sambasivan, Coimbatore	35·00
Total Rs.	<u>935·00</u>

Calicut Centre

1. Thiru K. Gopalan Nair, Mudadi	600·00
2. Through Headmaster, D. A. L. P. School, Pulliyil, from Canara Bank for constructing water tank	250·00
3. Through Headmaster, D. U. P. School, Nediyiruppu.	100·00
Total Rs.	<u>950·00</u>

Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam Chillakur (Gudur A. P.)

1. Thiru C. V. Krishnishgaru, Gudur	1,000-00
2. Thiru M. Sujatathamma, Gudur	1,000-00
3. Thiru C. Chandrasekara Rao, Gudur	1,000-00
4. Thiru A. Kondiah	1,000-00
5. Thiru B. Sridhar	1,000-00
6. Thiru T. Kondiah	1,000-00
7. Thiru Chandrasekara Rao, Gudur	1,000-00
8. Thiru T. N. Venkateswaralu, Gudur	1,000-00
9. Thirumathi, Navaneethamma, Gudur	700-00
10. Thiru S. Narayana Reddyguru, Gudur	500-00
11. Thiru T. Kondiah, Gudur	500-00
12. Thiru B. Konda Reddy, Gudur	300-00
13. Thiru A. Munirathinam, Gudur	200-00
14. Thiru G. Shankar Reddy, Gudur	100-00
Total Rs.	10,300-00

Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam, Chillakur, (Gudur A. P.)**Donations in Kind**

1. Tribal Welfare Officer, Nellore, for books	468-85
2. Dist. Social Welfare Officer for books	555-55
3. Dr. C. R. Reddy for a Table	139-00
Total Rs.	1,163-40

For Creches at Gudur

1. Dr. C. R. Reddy, Gudur	675-00
2. Dr. K. Seethramiah, Gudur	675-00
Total Rs.	1,350-00

Servants of India Society, Bombay Branch

1. S. S. Miranda Charity Trust	2 000-00
2. Bank of India	1 000-00
3. H. C. J. Charitable Trust	1 000-00
4. M/s. Gujrati Stri Sahakari Mandal Ltd.	101-00
5. A Sympathiser	60-00
6. M/s. Law & Prudence	51-00
Total Rs.	4 212-00

Servants of India Society, Choudwar Centre

1. Shri Ashok Pratap Singh, M. D., Orissa Textile Mills Ltd., Choudwar	5,000-00
2. Dr. Abdul Anwar Khan, Jan Sevak Clinic Choudwar	1,000-00
3. President and Members Y. P. M. Ladies Club Choudwar	501-00
4. Head Master and staff members, Municipal High School, Choudwar	90-00
5. Sums below Rs. 50/-	1,938-85
Total Rs.	<u>8,529-85</u>

Destitute Children's Home, Choudwar

1. President and Members O. T. M. Ladies Club Choudwar	500-00
2. Mrs. Begum Noorjahan O. T. M. Colony Choudwar.	250-00
3. Executive Officer, Choudwar Municipality	200-00
4. Shri Gandhrbasen Rout Kuspangi	106-45
5. Shri. G. J. Patnaik, C. E. T. O. T. M.	101-00
6. Shri. T. T. Senthana, Orissa Chemical Industries	100-00
7. Shri. Satyananada Shao Kharamangi	100-00
8. Shri. B. Misra T. P. M.	51-00
9. Shri. C. S. Das O. T. M.	51-00
10. Shri. B. B. Padhi, Headmaster, O. T. M. High School	50-00
11. Shri. B. Patnaik P. T. M.	50-00
12. Shri. S. P. Das P. M. O. T. M.	50-00
13. Sums below Rs. 50/-	6,543-00
Total Rs.	<u>8,152-45</u>

Creche Centre, Choudwar

1. Smt. S. Dei of Chowdwar	55-00
2. Dr. K. M. Mohanty (O. T. M. Colony)	45-00
	<u>100-00</u>

**Gokhale Children's Home, Narasannapeta, Srikakuluma
Dist. (A. P.)**

1. Shri. K. Rama Rao	957·50
2. The Eye Camp Organisation Committee, N. Peta	500·00
3. Gokhale Seva Samaj, Narasannapet	224·00
4. Shri. S. Someswara Rao, Narasannapet	50·00
5. Shri. V. Jagannathan, Edulucataasa	50·00
6. Shri. K. Madhava Rao, Gandhinagaram	50·00
7. Shri. M. Karuna K. Kumar	50·00
8. Shri. K. Swethavahana Rao, Tulasipeta	50·00
9. Shri. G. Amasi	50·00
10. The Post Master, Narasannapet	50·00
11. Shri. S. Satyanarayana, Sarapancha, Tulasipet	30·00
12. Shri. M. Appa Rao, Gandinagaram	25·00
13. Shri. R. Kumar Swamy, L. I. C. Agent, N. Peta	25·00
14. Sums below Rs. 25/-	18·00
	<hr/>
Total Rs.	2 129·50

**Servants of India Society, U. P. Branch, Allahabad
(Aboriginal Welfare Work)**

1. Bazpur Centre	39,493·00
2. Ramanuj Trust	15,000·00
3. Konhdar Centre	9,680·00
4. Siltham Centre	9,010·00
5. Khantra Centre	9,000·00
6. Mirzapur Centre	6,210·00
7. Shri Rameshwar Das Birla Smarak Kosh, Bombay	5,000·00
8. Salkhan Centre	4,428·00
9. Tikuria Centre	551·00
10. Dudhi Centre	540·00
11. Ghorwal Centre	540·00
12. Robertaganj Centre	540·00
13. Ledua Centre	900·00
14. Baijnath	900·00
15. Ghuwas Centre	900·00
16. Babhani Centre	900·00
17. Rampur Centre	900·00
18. Malua Centre	900·00
19. Paraouna	460·00

20. Sendur Centre	450·00
21. Deoinjani Centre	450·00
22. Kandia Centre	450·00
23. Louban	450·00
24. Savakunda	450·00
25. Rajasaria	450·00
26. Kundadih	450·00
27. Bhaluhi	450·00
28. Kusmbha	450·00
29. Injani	450·00
30. Dr. Saroj	149·00
31. Khantra Centre	60·00
Total Rs.	1,10,561·00

Dr. Kunzru's Nursery Primary School, Allahabad

1. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas Trust, Bombay (Through Hd. Qrs. Poona)	2,500·00
2. Shri. B. B. Goel, Allahabad	1,001·00
3. Smt. Ram Pyari Misra, Sirsa-Allahabad	1,001·00
4. Hon. Mr. Justice S. D. Agarwal, Allahabad	501·00
5. Shri Pran Nath Gupta, Allahabad	501·00
6. Shri Bhanji Bhai, Allahabad	501·00
7. M/s. Anand Motors Agencies, Allahabad	501·00
8. Shri. O. P. Gupta, Divekar Trust, Dehradun	251·00
9. United Provincial Transport Co. (Regd.) Allahabad	251·00
10. Shri. A. K. Yog, Allahabad	151·00
11. Smt. Dr. Saroj, Allahabad	151·00
Total Rs.	7,310·00

Servants of India Society, Orissa Branch, Cuttack

1. Volkart Foundation, Bombay House, 24 Homi Modi street, Fort, Bombay-23	5,000·00
2. Sarvajanik Seva Trust, C/o Shri Ratan Tata Trust, Bombay	3,000·00
3. Shri. Babulal Doshi, Oriya Bazar, Cuttack	1,001·00
4. The Manager, The Joypore Sugar Company Ltd., Rayagada, Koraput	250·00
5. Shri. J. K. Jhunwala, Orissa Industrial Barange	250·00
6. Shri. Khatan Sundar Das, Ranihat, Cuttack	101·00

7.	Rajmata of Darpani, Chandani Chowk, Cuttack.	101·00
8.	Shri. Vijoy K. Rathor, Bhima Ice Factory and Flour Mills, Ranihat, Cuttack.	101·00
9.	Shri. Jahurimal Charitable Trust Bakharabad, Cuttack.	101·00
10.	Shri. Basudeo Modi, Bankabazar, Cuttack.	101·00
	Total Rs.	10 006·00

Servants of India Society, Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Rayagada

1.	Smt. K. B. Das, Rayagada	1,440·00
2.	Shri. K. N. Thakkar, Rayagada	251·00
3.	Shri. Judan Devid, Bombay	250·00
4.	Shri. Ch. Settaramswmay	220·00
5.	M/s. J. S. Co. Rayagada	200·00
6.	M/s. Om Prakash Shaw Mills	200·00
7.	Shri. S. C. Jain, J. K. Paper Mills	101·00
8.	M/s. Jaganath Saw Mills	101·00
9.	Shri. R. N. Srivastava, J. K. Paper Mills	51·00
10.	Shri. B. L. Bihani —do—	51·00
11.	Shri. M. Kameyya, Ex. M. L. A., Rayagada	51·00
12.	M/s Hindustan Automobiles, Rayagada	51·00
13.	Shri. G. Manmadha Rao, Tax Practitioner, Rayagada	51·00
14.	Shri. Trinath Das, Contractor	51·00
15.	M/s. K. N. K. A. & Sons, Rayagada	51·00
16.	Shri. K. Ch. Jaganadhan	51·00
17.	Shri. H. M. Dudhani, J. K. Paper Mills	31·00
18.	Shri. P. C. Panda, J. K. —do—	21·00
19.	Shri. Soura Senapati	20·00
20.	Shri. K. Ch. Boxipatra, Advocate	20·00
21.	Shri R. C. Boxipatra	20·00
22.	Donations below Rs. 20/- in total	2,563·00
	Total Rs.	5,846·00
23.	M/s J. K. Paper Mills (moral teachings)	2,250·00
24.	M/s Indian Metals & Ferrow Alloys Ltd. (moral teachings)	1,500·00
	Total Rs.	3,750·00

**GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS,
PUNE 411 004**

**ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1980-81
(Abridged)**

It is gratifying to note that the Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics completed 50 years of its useful work on 12th June 1980. To celebrate this occasion of Golden Jubilee the Institute hosted jointly with the University of Poona the following four all-India Economic Conferences :

- | | |
|---|--|
| (1) 63rd Annual Conference of the Indian Economic Association | 26th, 27th, and 28th December 1980 |
| (2) 40th Annual Conference of the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics | } 30th and 31st December 1980 and 1st January 1981 |
| (3) Biennial Seminar of the Indian Association for Research in National Income and Wealth | |
| (4) XIXth Conference of the Indian Econometric Society | |

About 500 delegates attended the first Conference and another 500 delegates the remaining three Conferences. Besides the staff and students of the Institute, a number of University and College teachers and students, past students and ex-employees of the Institute and a large number of friends in various professional fields and industries in and around Pune, extended their financial support and Co-operation to make the conferences a success. The authorities of some of the local colleges and institutions made available the accommodation in their hostels without which it would have been impossible to hold the Conferences. We like to place on record our gratitude to the University authorities and all those institutions and individuals who rendered assistance in various ways for making the Conferences a success and also to the Government of Maharashtra, the University Grants Commission and the Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi, for financial assistance.

Prof. V. M. Dandekar, Director of the Institute, retired with effect from 5th January 1981 and was conferred the status of Professor Emeritus on his retirement. We like to place on record our appreciation of the services rendered by Prof. Dandekar, both as the Director of the Institute and as a researcher and teacher, during his long career at the Institute lasting over 35 years.

Dr. Nilakantha Rath was appointed Director of the Institute from 6th January 1981.

Prof. Mrs. K. Dandekar retired from 1st January 1981. Mrs. Dandekar was associated from the beginning of her career in the Institute with demographic studies and was incharge of the Population Research Centre of the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, located at this Institute.

Dr. K. S. Srikantan, who joined the Institute as Visiting Professor from 1st January 1981, has been designated as the Professor-in-charge of the Population Research Centre from January 1981.

As in the past, the Institute had a number of research projects in progress. Out of them the following eight studies were completed during the year :

- (1) "A Structural Study in India's Trade Dependence (1957-75) Phase II", by S. V. Bokil, Submitted to the Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi in September 1980.
- (2) "Evaluation of the Programme of Implementation of the Maharashtra Agricultural Land (Ceiling on Holdings) Act 1961—Report on Thana District", by S. W. Muranjan, Submitted to the Government of Maharashtra and also to the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, in April 1980.
- (3) "Survey of Surplus Land Allotted under the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act 1961—Solapur District" by G. R. Mulla, Submitted to the Government of Maharashtra and also to the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, in August 1980.
- (4) "Evaluation of the Programme of Implementation of the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act, 1961—Aurangabad District.", by M. V. Joglekar,

Submitted to the Government of Maharashtra and also to the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, in August, 1980.

- (5) "Employment Guarantee Scheme—An Alluring Opportunity for Women", by Mrs K. Dandekar, Submitted to the Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi, in December 1980.
- (6) "Assessment of Multi-Purpose Worker (MPW), Scheme and the Community Health Volunteer (CHV) Scheme in Maharashtra, 1980", by Mrs. V. Bhate, Submitted to the Ministry of Health, Government of India, in December 1980
- (7) "Evaluation of Current Family Welfare Programme—Ratnagiri and Kolaba Districts", by Mrs. V. Bhate, Submitted to the Ministry of Health, Government of India, in April 1981.
- (8) "A Monograph on "The Gandhian Constitution at Work—the Aundh Model", by Mrs. Indira Rothermund, Submitted to the Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi, in April 1981.

Besides these projects, a number of papers by our Research Staff and Research Fellows were published in various journals during the year under report.

The work on the following studies was in progress and is expected to be completed in the forthcoming year :

- (1) Management and Use of Irrigation Water in Maharashtra—by N. Rath, A. K. Mitra and E. S. Patole.
- (2) Terms of Trade in Indian Agriculture—by N. Rath.
- (3) Evaluation Study of Shri Warna Sahakari Dudh Utpadak Prakriya Sangh, Ltd., Amrutnagar—by D. P. Apte.
- (4) Agrarian Legislation in India (1793-1978)—by D. C. Wadhwa.
- (5) Resurvey of Aldur, Chikmaglur District, Karnataka State—by C. S. Gajarajan.
- (6) Evaluation of Food for Work Programme in Karnataka State—by C. S. Gajarajan.
- (7) Crop Insurance in India—by S. N., Gadam

- (8) Agricultural Growth and Potential in Maharashtra—by M. P. Khare.
- (9) Consolidated Report of the Survey of Surplus Land Allottees under the Maharashtra Agricultural Lands (Ceiling on Holdings) Act 1961, in Aurangabad, Solapur, Thana and Yaotmal Districts—by G. R. Mulla.
- (10) Marketing of Mangoes in Ratnagiri District—by S. W. Muranjan.
- (11) Irrigation Statistics of British India, 1890-1947—by M. B. Padki and S. D. Kulkarni.
- (12) Impact of SFDA Project in Satara District, (Maharashtra)—Second Point Study—by M. V. Joglekar.
- (13) Land Development in Girna Project, Jalgaon District, Maharashtra State—by G. R. Mulla and E. S. Patole.
- (14) National Fertility and Mortality Survey, Maharashtra—by Mrs. K. Dandekar, K. S. Srikantan and Mrs. Bhate V.
- (15) Societal Attitudes towards Trained Female Workers in Rural Areas—by Mrs. V. Bhate.
- (16) Evaluation of Current Family Welfare—Aurangabad and Bhir Districts—by Mrs. V. Bhate.
- (17) Health-Services and Their Impact on Health in India (Study of Factors affecting mortality in India)—by Mrs. S. Mulay.
- (18) A Look on Malthus (in Marathi)—by V. P. Pethe.
- (19) Fertility Determinants—State Level Analysis—by V. P. Pethe.
- (20) The State of the Population Question : A Monograph reviewing (i) conceptualization of the population problem, (ii) research (iii) policy and (iv) programme, with special reference to India—V. P. Pethe.
- (21) To revise the manuscript on 'India's Population Growth: An Appraisal' and translate the same in Marathi
—by V. P. Pethe.
- (22) To translate into Marathi a book on Compulsion and Population Policy—by V. P. Pethe.
- (23) India's Population Policy : (a comprehensive historical review, with perspectives for the future)—by V. P. Pethe.

- (24) Rates of Return on Ordinary Shares Listed on Major Stock Exchanges in India—by B. S. R. Rao.
- (25) Cost of Capital to Selected Indian Industries—by B. S. R. Rao.
- (26) Growth Cycles in the Indian Economy—by V. S. Chitre and Chitra Shankar.
- (27) Centre-State Financial Relations in India—A. S. Nadkarni.
- (28) Report on Evaluation Study for Assessing the Impact of Agricultural Development Programme on the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes Population in Maharashtra
—by A. S. Nadkarni.
- (29) Small Scale Industries in India : Their Role in Development
—by V. S. Patvardhan.
- (30) Historical Statistics of India—First Phase—by V. D. Divekar and Mrs. S. Dhavle.
- (31) Urban History of India—Emergence of Business Class in Western India, 18th-19th Centuries—by V. D. Divekar.
- (32) Monographs on Commercial Crops—by V. D. Divekar.
- (33) Historical Statistics of India relating to Commercial Crops
—by Mrs. S. Dhavle.
- (34) Income Distribution and Production Structure
—by P. Venkatramaiah and A. R. Kulkarni.
- (35) Regional Differences in Fuel Consumption
—by Mrs. L. Argade.
- (36) Planning and Management of Socialist Economies in East European Countries—by K. K. Das Gupta.
- (37) Preparation of Teaching Materials for M. Phil. students
—by K. K. Das Gupta.
- (38) Work on the Council for Mutual Economic Assistance (CMEA)—by R. G. Bapat.
- (39) Bibliography of English Language Articles on East European Socialist Economics—by Mrs. V. Rath.
- (40) Problems of Scheduled Castes in Maharashtra with Special Reference to the Problems of Mangs—by A. Bopegamage.
- (41) Impact of Gandhian Ideas on Maharashtra — Regional Response — by Mrs. Indira Rothermund.

Apart from delivering lecture courses to our M. A. and M. Phil. students, members of the staff also delivered lectures at other post-graduate centres in Economics of the University of Poona, to the trainees at the College of Agricultural Banking, Pune of the Reserve Bank of India, to the participants in the seminars organised by the Indian School of Political Economy, Lonavala and at other institutions and Colleges and Departments of Economics of some of the Indian Universities.

Work on Committees and Other Information

Prof. V. M. Dandekar worked as a member of the Committee to review the Working of Life Insurance Corporation and submitted the Committee's Report to the Government of India.

Prof. N. Rath worked as an advisor and member of the Selection Committee set up by the Government of Orissa to create a new planning unit in the State Government. He also worked as a member of the Working Group on Agricultural Taxation of the Government of Maharashtra. Prof. Rath attended the meeting of the UGC Committee to review existing programmes of collaboration between higher educational institutions in India and the GDR on 13th October 1980.

Prof. A. S. Nadkarni was appointed Member, Planning Board, Government of Goa, Daman and Diu and submitted to the Government 'A Preliminary Note on Resource Mobilisation for the Government of Goa, Daman and Diu's Sixth Five Year Plan, 1980-85' on 6th September 1980. He worked as Honorary Chief Editor, 'Arthasamvad', Quarterly Journal of the Marathi Arthasastra Parishad.

Prof. K. K. Das Gupta visited Bulgaria as a Visiting Professor in the Indo-Bulgarian Cultural Exchange Programme and did intensive study of some aspects of Bulgarian economy, through primary sources, and had discussions with eminent scholars at Sofia and Varna.

Prof. K. S. Srikantan was Member, International Union for Scientific Study of Population Committee on Family Planning Programmes and also of the India Panel of the Committee on Population and Demography, National Research Council, U.S.A.

Shri D. P. Apte worked as Indian Director for the Group of American Teachers who visited India in July 1980 for the Seminar on Social and Economic Development Through Science and Technology under a Short Term Programme administered by the U. S. Educational Foundation in India, New Delhi.

Dr. A. Bopegamage was the Chairman of Board of Studies in Sociology and a member of the Academic Council, University of Poona.

Dr. V. D. Divekar was a Member, Indian Historical Records Commission, 'Co-opted Member', Executive Committee of the Bharat Itihas Samshodhak Mandal, Pune, and Member, Executive Committee of the Urban History Association of India.

Dr. V. P. Pethe was re-elected as Vice-President of Indian Association for Study of Population. He chaired the Session on "Current Demographic Situation" at IASP Annual Conference, ISA, Calcutta, December 1980.

Shri P. Venkatramaiah was a member of Standing Committee on Research and Evaluation of the National Institute of Rural Development, Hyderabad, and also member of the Executive Committee of the Indian Econometric Society.

Dr. D. C. Wadhwa taught a Course on the Agrarian Land Systems in India, etc., as Visiting Professor for four months (from April 1, 1980 to July 31, 1980) at the University of Konstanz, West Germany, at the invitation of the Department of Sociology of that University. He was awarded a Senior Fellowship by the ICSSR for two years with effect from December 1980.

Dr. G. R. Mulla was a member on the Committee to evaluate the Scheme of Consolidation of Land Holdings in Maharashtra State, Government of Maharashtra, Bombay.

Mrs. K. Pore was Member, Zonal Advisory Board, Life Insurance Corporation, West Zone; Member, Board of Studies (Economics), S. S. C. Board, Maharashtra; Member, Committee of Social Scientists, Sahitya Sanskriti Mandal, Maharashtra and Member, Advisory Board, Pune Bank-Users' Association, Pune.

In addition, many of the members of the research staff worked on the committees appointed by the University of Poona and other universities and institutions.

The Institute rendered assistance to research workers under the Guidance and Consultancy Services in Data Processing Work under the ICSSR Scheme.

The position in respect of fresh awards during the year as well as continuation of the National Scholarships for M. A./ Fellowships for M. Phil./Ph. D. awarded in previous years was as follows :

	Fresh Awards during 1980-81	Continuation of Scholarships/ Fellowships awarded in previous years
	No.	No.
(1) National Scholarships	2	4
(2) UGC's Junior Fellowships	7	8
(3) UGC's Teacher Fellowships to College Teachers	4	4
(4) UGC's Faculty Improvement Programme	2	3
(5) RBI Fellowship in Finance	1	1

Besides, there were 3 teachers in Sociology who worked under the guidance of recognized guide at this Institute under the fellowships they had received under the Faculty Improvement Programme in Sociology. All the three teachers submitted their thesis and one of them was awarded Ph. D. degree during the year under report.

Under the P. V. Pandurangi Prize Endowment the dissertation entitled "Stock Price Behaviour : A Survey of Literature" by Shri Y. Shreerama Murthy was selected for a cash prize of Rs. 500/-.

There were 12 students for M. Phil. degree in Economics during the year 1980-81. Four of the candidates registered during 1979-80 completed all the requirements and were awarded the degree of M. Phil. during the year.

Under the protocol entered into by the Institute with the Bruno Leuschner School of Economics, Berlin, G. D. R., 3 senior Professors of the School visited the Institute and delivered full courses of lectures on the Working of Socialist Economy of the G. D. R. during January and February 1981. Apart from our M. Phil. students, 4 teachers from other Universities/Research Institutes attended the lecture courses. This was the third and final year of such lecture programme under the protocol.

The Institute organized from 19th May 1980 to 7th June 1980 Summer-Institute-cum-Workshop in M. A. Economics in respect of the revised M. A. courses (Compulsory) in Economics of the University of Poona to be taught during Semesters I and II in the year 1980-81. Twenty-six teachers from the different post-graduate teaching centres under the University attended the Workshop. The participant teachers discussed the contents of the courses to be taught in the academic year 1980-81 starting in July 1980 as also the new books, articles and reading material that have become available during the last two years. The faculty of the Institute conducted the workshop.

Under the auspices of the University of Poona, in the UGC's scheme of "Exchange of Teachers between Universities" Dr. P. R. Brahmananda, Professor of Monetary Economics, University of Bombay, delivered at this Institute two lectures on 'Inflation' and 'A New Approach to Indian Economics' on 2nd and 3rd March 1981 and Prof. G. C. daCosta, Professor of International Economics, University of Bombay, delivered two lectures on 'Floating Exchange Rates : Theory and Experience' on 30th and 31st March 1981, to the M. A. and M. Phil. students in Economics of the University of Poona.

During the academic year 1980-81, 72 students registered for M. A. Economics at the Centre for Post-Graduate Teaching in Economics of the University of Poona located at this Institute.

In view of the growing paucity of younger scholars for research and teaching in Economics, and the inadequate equipment of most postgraduate students of Economics, the Institute by a joint arrangement with some of the local colleges in Pune decided to organise teaching of B. A. with Economics as the special subject and Mathematical and Statistical pre-requisites and subsidiary subjects, for a limited batch of students. The

first year class began in July 1980 with a batch of 11 students. These students will move on to the second year B. A. in 1981-82. Larger class is expected from 1981-82. The Institute has in the meanwhile requested the University of Poona to give special permission to the Institute to register the students directly for the programme. Pending approval of the University, the arrangement with the local colleges will be continued.

Seven research scholars from Indian and foreign universities institutions worked at this Institute during the year under report on their research projects/Ph. D. thesis.

The following publications were brought out during the year under report :—

- (1) Annotated Bibliography on the Economic History of India : (1500 A. D. to 1947 A. D.), Vol. IV-B.
- (2) "Problems of Indian Minorities" : Aloo J. Dastur, Kale Memorial Lecture, 1980.
- (3) Volume XXII of the Institute's Quarterly Journal Artha Vijnana.
- (4) Regional Input-Output Matrices, India 1965, P. Venkataramaiah, A. R. Kulkarni and Latika Argade. Artha Vijnana Reprint Series No. 4.
- (5) Economic Benefits of Rural Electrification in Maharashtra : A Study of Electrification of Villages in Four Districts : Ashok K. Mitra and S. W. Muranjan, Artha Vijnana Reprint Series No. 5.

The Institute is glad to report that the following research students who worked for their Ph. D. under the guidance of the members of the staff of the Institute were awarded Ph. D. Degree of the University of Poona during the year under report :

Ph. D. in Economics

- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| (1) L. V. Ambegaonkar | A Study of the Utilization of Irrigation Potential of the Purna Irrigation Project. |
| (2) A. Mukhopadhyaya | Inter-Regional Variation in Cost of Production and Relative Profitability of Some Major Crops in India. |

- (3) E. S. Patole A Study of Small Farmers of Drought Prone Areas With Special Reference to Financing for irrigation.

Ph. D. in Sociology

- (4) Smt. Ratna N. Rao Social Organisation in an Indian Slum.

The following thesis for Ph. D. were submitted during the year under report :

Ph. D. in Economics

- (1) C. Harischandran The Role of Panchayati-Raj Institutions in Rural Development with Particular Reference to Tamil Nadu.
- (2) S. D. Tupe The Impact of Sugar Factories on Rural Economy—A Case Study.
- (3) P. C. Sharma India's Tariff Structure During 1965-75.

Ph. D. in Sociology

- (4) Smt. Rajeshwari Rao Women, Family and Kinship Network in Indian Slums.
- (5) Smt. Vasundhara Gadgil Social Bases of Political Power in Rural Maharashtra.
- (6) Smt. Uttara Shastri Neo-Buddhists as a Marginal Group in India.
- (7) Smt. Manik Kher Alienation and Participative Management in Industry.

The R. B. R. R. Kale Memorial Lecture was delivered this year (1981) by Professor V. M. Dandekar. The subject of his lecture was "On Measurement of Poverty".

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Publication Reserve				
Stock of Publications	31,264.42			
Advance Provision for Publications as per last Balance Sheet	31,273.88		62,538.30	
Reserve for Buildings And Equipment				
As per last Balance Sheet	4,82,987.00			
Add : Amount transferred from Income and Expenditure Account	71,682.00		5,54,669.00	
Reserve for Replacement of Tabulating Machinery				
As per last Balance Sheet	2,19,107.77			
Add : Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments	18,650.00		2,37,757.77	
Reserve for Statistical Laboratory				
As per last Balance Sheet	94,295.12			
Add : Provision made this year	1,000.00			
Add : Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments	6,375.00		1,01,670.12	
Reserve for Staff Quarters And Hostel Repairs Etc.				
As per last Balance Sheet	27,629.56			
Less : Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account	12,210.41		15,419.15	
Liabilities				
For Expenses	2,35,819.03			
Sundry Credit Balances and Advance Receipts	35,602.80			
Mess, Electricity, Hostel and Other Deposits	4,925.50			
Retention Money and Tender Deposits	80.00			
Provision for DCM Computer Charges	7,500.00			
Provision for Contingencies	40.01		2,83,967.34	
Total C/F.			12,56,021.68	

AND ECONOMICS, PUNE 411 004

at 31st March, 1981

ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Freehold Land (At Cost)				
As per last Balance Sheet			1,93,328.46	
Buildings (At Cost)				
As per last Balance Sheet	26,27,614.41			
Addition during the year	1,09,768.57			
	<u>27,37,382.98</u>			
<i>Less</i> : Provision for Depreciation made upto 31st March 1970	1,51,032.00		25,86,350.98	
Tabulation Machines (At Cost) including installation expenses)				
As per last Balance Sheet	90,621.90			
<i>Less</i> : Provision for Depreciation made upto 31st March 1975	89,918.03		703.87	
Furniture, Deadstock and Equipment (At Cost)				
As per last Balance Sheet	3,85,967.89			
Addition during the year	26,184.49			
	<u>4,12,152.38</u>			
<i>Less</i> : Adjustment in respect of additions made in previous year	3,400.00			
	<u>4,08,752.38</u>			
<i>Less</i> : Provision for Depreciation made upto 31st March 1970	98,006.00		3,10,746.38	
Investments (At Cost)				
Earmarked Investments For Replacement of Tabulating Machines and Equipment				
Fixed Deposits with Banks				
(i) Bank of Maharashtra, Pune	1,25,000.00			
(ii) United Commercial Bank, Pune	84,000.00		2,09,000.00	
	<u>2,09,000.00</u>			
Total C/F.			<u>33,00,129.69</u>	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Total B/F.			12,56,021.68	
Building and Equipment Grant				
As per last Balance Sheet	30,24,931.34			
Add : From R. B. R. R. Kale Trust Fund	1,09,768.57			
UGC CASE (NR) V Plan : Furniture and Equipment	26,184.49			
	<u>31,60,884.40</u>			
Less : Adjustment in respect of previous year	3,400.00		31,57,484.40	
Advance Grants (Schedule ONE)			3,16,964.86	
The Rockefeller Foundation				
Stabilisation Grant				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	14,16,969.27			
Add : Interest received during this year	1,11,900.00			
	<u>15,28,869.27</u>			
Less : Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account	6,688.10		15,22,181.17	
P. V. Pandurangi Prize Endowment Grant				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	6,300.75			
Add : Interest received during the year	532.00			
	<u>6,832.75</u>			
Less : Prizes awarded during this year	500.00		6,332.75	
B. N. Datar Grant Account				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	76,205.25			
Add : Grant received during the year	10,000.00			
Add : Interest received during the year	7,652.70		93,857.95	
Total C/F.			<u>63,52,842.81</u>	

AND ECONOMICS, PUNE 411004*As at 31st March 1981.*

ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Total B/F			33,00,129	69
For Statistical Laboratory				
Fixed Deposit with Banks				
(i) Bank of Maharashtra, Pune	45,000.00			
(ii) United Commercial Bank, Pune	26,000.00			
12 Years' National Defence Certificate (Face Value)	5,000.00			
<i>Add</i> : Interest accrued	2,800.00		78,800.00	
P. V. Pandurangi Prize Endowment Grant Investment				
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maha- rashtra, Pune			6,300.00	
B. N. Datar Grant Investment				
Fixed Deposits with Banks				
(i) Bank of Maharashtra, Pune	70,200.00			
(ii) United Commercial Bank, Pune	24,000.00		94,200.00	
Other Investments				
Fixed and Short Term Deposits with Bank				
* (i) Bank of Maharashtra, Pune	11,50,000.00			
Equity Shares of Poona University Federal Co-operative Consumers' Stores Ltd.	1,000.00		11,51,000.00	
* Lodged for arrangement of Cash Credit with the Bank : Rs. 5 Lakhs				
Publications				
Stock on Hand : At Cost	31,264.42			
Stock of Paper on Hand : At Cost	24,488.03		55,752.45	
Total C/F			46,86,182.14	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS*Balance Sheet as*

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs		Ps.	
	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Total B/F			63,52,842.81	
Bank of Maharashtra Overdraft			2,57,697.56	

Note :

- (1) The UNESCO Book Coupons in Dollars acquired before 6th June 1966 have been converted into Rs. at the pre-devaluation rate of exchange.

Total :	66,10,540.37
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Examined and found correct
Sd/- M. P. Chitale and Co.
Chartered Accountants
Date : 11th June 1981

Sd/- N. Rath
Director,
Gokhale Institute of
Politics and Economics,
Pune 411 004

AND ECONOMICS, PUNE 411004

at 31st March, 1981.

ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
	Total B/F.		46,86,182.14	
Deposits			8,837.00	
Advances				
For Purchases	14,721.44			
For Expenses	26,566.68			
To Employees	66,475.00		1,07,763.12	
Amount Receivable (Unsecured) Schedule Two				
Considered good	16,60,732.16			
Considered doubtful	2,878.00		16,63,610.16	
Cash and Bank Balances				
Postage Stamps in Hand	573.65			
Cheques on Hand	47,722.66			
Remittance in Transit	77,809.00		1,26,105.31	
In Current Account with Banks				
With the United Commercial Bank, Pune	12,439.24			
With the State Bank of India, Pune				
Savings	3,715.18			
Current	1,888.22		18,042.64	
			Total :	
			66,10,540.37	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS

Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
General Section				
Library — Schedule 'A'			63,760.29	
Publication Section			51,534.75	
Establishment Expenses — Schedule 'B'			62,544.67	
B. A., M. A., M. Phil. Course—				
Work Expenses			6,869.45	
Depreciation on Buildings and Furniture			51,445.00	
Furniture and Office Equipment			7,076.00	
Grant Not Sanctioned written off			126.65	
Tabulating Section				
Schedule 'C'	2,36,131.61			
Less : Charged to various projects	2,19,944.68		16,186.93	
Population Research Centre				
Schedule 'D-I'			3,00,199.71	
National Fertility and Mortality Survey				
Schedule 'D-II'			2,04,133.52	
Planning and Development Section				
Schedule 'E'			2,07,806.38	
Centre of Advanced Study in Economics :				
Government of Maharashtra				
Schedule 'F'			3,03,968.75	
Sir Dorabjee Tata Section in				
Agricultural Economics				
Agro-Economic Research Centre				
Schedule 'G'			3,21,865.53	
U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Economics				
Schedule 'H'			1,57,287.98	
Non-recurring Expenditure :				
Books and Journals			20,593.00	
Centre of Advanced Study in Economics				
U. G. C.'s Fifth Plan Assistance				
Recurring Expenditure — Schedule 'I'			2,00,498.04	
Total C/F			19,75,896.63	

AND ECONOMICS, PUNE 411 004.*for the Year Ended 31st March 1981.*

INCOME	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Grant : Receipts and Appropriations -				
From the Government of Maharashtra :				
(i) Grant-in-aid			15,000.00	
Grants for Research Work				
From the Planning Commission, Government of India, for Research in Planning and Development				
	2,07,806.38			
From the Ministry of Health, Government of India; for :				
(1) Population Research Centre	3,00,199.71			
(2) National Fertility & Mortality Survey	2,04,133.52			
From the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation, Government of India, for Agro-Economic Research Centre				
	3,21,865.53			
From the University Grants Commission (through the University of Poona) for :				
(1) Centre of Advanced Study in Economics	1,57,287.98			
(2) Area Studies Programme	1,38,929.30			
(3) Non-recurring Grant for Books and Journals	20,593.00			
(4) Fifth Plan Assistance	2,00,498.04			
(5) Summer Course-cum-workshop in Economics	12,322.80			
From the Government of Maharashtra for :				
(1) Four Research Sections	2,40,309.94			
(2) III Plan Section	71,690.62			
(3) Centre of Advanced Study in Economics	3,03,968.75			
From the Indian Council of Social Science Research for :				
(1) Bibliography Publication Expenses	46,697.00			
(2) Irrigation Statistics of British India	16,188.64			
Total C/F			15,000.00	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS

Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Total B/F			19,75,896.65	
U. G. C.'s Development of Area Studies Programme				
Schedule 'J'			1,38,929.30	
Government of Maharashtra four Research Sections				
Schedule 'K'			2,40,309.94	
(i) Development Planning	57,937.81			
(ii) Applied Statistics	34,373.60			
(iii) Urban Economics	39,642.31			
(iv) Rural Sociology	68,300.82			
Expenditure on Office Establishment	40,055.40			
Government of Maharashtra :				
III Plan Section				
Schedule 'L'			71,690.62	
Indian Council of Social Science Research				
Schedule 'M'			1,04,721.35	
(i) Bibliography Publication Expenses	46,697.00			
(ii) Irrigation Statistics of British India	16,188.64			
(iii) Study regarding Education and Social Change in India	2,226.95			
(iv) Structural Study in India's Trade Dependence : Phase I & Phase II	2,625.00			
(v) Study of Employment Guarantee Scheme	3,024.40			
(vi) Socio-Economic Survey of Chandrapur District	4,058.35			
(vii) Historical Statistics of India	29,901.01			
Total C/F			25,31,547.86	

AND ECONOMICS, PUNE 411 004

for the Year Ended 31st March 1981.

INCOME		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Total B/F				15,000.00	
(3)	A Study regarding Education and Social Change in India	2,226.95			
(4)	A Structural Study in India's Trade Dependence — Phase I & Phase II	2,625.00			
(5)	A Study of Employment Guarantee Scheme	3,024.40			
(6)	Socio-Economic Survey of Chandrapur District	4,058.35			
(7)	Historical Statistics of India	29,901.01			
	From the Reserve Bank of India for Chair in Finance	90,559.38			
	From the Industrial Development Bank of India for Research Project	11,365.08			
	From the Government of India, Ministry of Education for American Teachers' Seminar	3,658.00			
	From the Central Water Commission for Irrigation Study	1,62,305.68			
	From Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation for Evaluation Studies	1,338.18			
	From Others	2,300.00		25,55,853.24	
Receipts					
	For Tabulation & Statistical Services	16,006.83			
	For Overhead Charges	20,753.67			
	Sale of Publications	1,01,669.84			
	Miscellaneous and Other Receipts	25,876.06			
	B. A., M. A., M. Phil & Ph. D. (Economics) Fees	29,475.00			
	Donation	1,000.00		1,94,781.40	
Interest Received					
	On Fixed Deposits	3,760.67			
	On Employees' Advances	3,475.33		7,236.00	
Total C/F				27,72,870.64	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS*Income and Expenditure Account*

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Total B/F			25,31,547.86	
Industrial Development Bank of India "Indicators of Business Recessions and Revivals in India"				
Schedule 'N'			11,365.08	
Reserve Bank of India Chair in Finance				
Schedule 'O'			90,559.38	
Central Water Commission : Irrigation Study				
Schedule 'P'			1,62,305.68	
Golden Jubilee Economic Conferences				
Schedule 'Q'			1,68,454.31	
U. G. C. Summer Course-Cum-Workshop In Economics			12,322.80	
Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation				
For Evaluation Studies			1,338.18	
American Teachers Seminar			3,658.00	
Total Rs.			29,81,551.29	

NOTE : Sale of Publications

Publication sales are inclusive of sales of the Institute's Publication by the following Distributor : Orient Longmans Ltd., for the period from 1-10-1979 to 30-9-1980

AND ECONOMICS, PUNE 411 004
for the Year Ended 31st March 1981.

INCOME	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps
Total B/F			27,72,870.64	
Staff Quarters and Hostel Account				
Rent and Other Receipts		89,327.57		
Less : Maintenance	81,300.98			
Provision for depreciation	20,237.00	1,01,537.98		
		(—) 12,210.41		
Transferred from Reserve for Staff Quarters & Hostel Repairs		12,210.41		—
Golden Jubilee Economic Conferences				
63rd Indian Economic Conference, 40th Agricultural Economics Conference, 19th Conference of the Indian Econometric Society and Biennial Seminar on National Income and Wealth Grants from the U. G. C., ICSSR and Government of Maharashtra		30,000.00		
Donations		91,607.00		
Contribution from Members/Delegates for accommodation in the Delegates' Camp		51,385.55	1,72,992.55	
Contribution Towards Deficit for the Year				
(i) From the R. B. R. R. Kale Trust		29,000.00		
(ii) From the Rockefeller Foundation Stabilisation Grant		6,688.10	35,688.10	
Total Rs.			29,81,551.29	

Examined and found correct

Sd/- M. P. Chitale
Chartered Accountants

Date : 11th June, 1981

Sd/ N. Rath
 Director

Gokhale Institute of Politics
 & Economics, Pune 411 004

Members of the Servants of India Society, October 1, 1981

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>President :</i>		
§ 1 Singanallur Ramkrishna Venkataraman B.A., B.L. ...	25-9-1930	† S. I. S., 8, West Cott Road, Royapettah, Madras 600 014. Phone No. 86252.
<i>Vice-President :</i>		
§ 2 Rama Shankar Misra, B.A., LL.B. ...	12-6-1937	S. I. S., 1. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 221 002. Phone No. 3685.
<i>Senior Member :</i>		
§ 3 Shankar Govind Gokhale, M.A. ...	29-7-1928	S. I. S., Pune 411 004. Phone No. 56210.
§ 4 Dinkar Dattatray Desai, M.A., LL.B., D. Litt. ...	12-6-1936	S. I. S., Vallabhbbhai Patel Road, Bombay 400 004. Phone No. 355014.
§ 5 Shyam Sunder Misra, M.A. ...	12-6-1936	S. I. S., Cuttack, 753 001 Orissa. Phone No. 20658.
§*6 Raghunath Govind Kakade, M.A., LL.B., Ph.D. ...	12-6-1943	S. I. S., Pune, 411 004. Phone No. 56210.

† S. I. S. stands for Servants of India Society.

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>Ordinary Members :</i>		
§ 7 Keshav Ganesh Sharangpani, B.A., LL.B. ...	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Pune, 411 004. Phone No. 56210.
§ 8 Madhusudan Sahoo, M.A., D.A.M.S. ...	14-4-1963	Thakkar Bapa Ashram, At Post Rayagada, 765 001 Dist. Koraput, (Orissa State)
§ 9 Sarwadaman Shankar Ajaonkar, M.A. ...	16-6-1966	S. I. S., Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Bombay 400 004. Phone No. 355014.
10 Damodar Sahoo, B.A. ...	17-6-1975	S. I. S., P. O. Choudwar, Dist. Cuttack (Orissa).
<i>Members under Training :</i>		
11 Prem Krishna Dwivedi, B.A., B.Ed. ...	12-6-1976	Bhoksa Boys' Hostel, Bazpur, 262 401. Dist. Nainital (U. P.)
12 Atma Nand Misra, M.A. ...	12-6-1978	Ghuwas, P. O. Amilaudha, Dist. Mizapur (U. P.)
13 P. K. Prabhakaran Nair, M.A., Ph.D. ...	11-9-1978	S. I. S., Wardha Road, Dhantoli, Nagpur 440 012.
14 Jawahar H. Shah, B.A. ...	12-6-1979	1. Chetan Society, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad 380 007.
15 Shri R. V. Neve, B.Sc., B.T., ...	12-6-1980	Vidarbh Maharogi Seva Mandal, P. O. Tapovan (Amaravati) 444602.
16 Shri V. S. Ravi, B.A. ...	12-6-1980	S. I. S., 8 West cott Road, Royapettah, Madras 600 014, Phone No. 86252.
17 Shri M. M. Dhanore	3-1-1980	Deoni Budruk, Tal. Udgir, Dist. Osmanabad.
18 Shri H. P. Shinde	3-1-1980	S. I. S., Pune, 411 004. Phone No. 56210.
<i>Attache :</i>		
19 Shri P. S. Rao, B.A., LL.B., Advocate ...	16-6-1972	Narsannapet, Shrikakulam, Dist. Andhra Pradesh.
20 Shri T. Babjee	10-6-1980	Narsannapet, Shrikakulam, Dist. Andhra Pradesh.

* Secretary.

§ Member of Council.

WORK OF THE SOCIETY AT A GLANCE

<i>Nature of Work</i>	<i>Members engaged in it</i>
Social :	
<i>Public Affairs</i>	Shri Venkataraman, Shri Gokhale, Shri Sharangpani, Shri S. S. Misra.
<i>Education</i>	Shri Desai, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Ajgaonkar, Shri Kakade, Dr. Nair. Shri M. M. Dhanore, Shri H. P. Shinde.
<i>Social Service</i>	Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar, Shri Damodar Sahoo, Shri R. V. Neve, Shri V. S. Ravi.
<i>Aborigines</i>	Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri M. Sahoo, Shri P. K. Dwivedi, Shri A. N. Misra, Shri Damodar Sahoo.
<i>Rural Uplift & Local Self-Government</i>	Shri Desai, Shri Venkataraman, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Kakade, Dr. Nair, Shri J. H. Shah.
<i>Distress Relief</i>	Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade Shri M. Sahoo, Shri Damodar Sahoo.