

THE
Servants of India Society

(Registered under the Societies Registration Act No. XXI of 1860)

REPORT
FOR 1970-71

POONA

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CONTENTS

	<i>Pages</i>
Gokhale's Preamble to the Constitution of the Society	i – ii
Report of the Society	1–32
	<i>Pages</i>
Introduction	1
Organisation	1
Gokhale Day Dinner	1
General	2
Welfare of the Aborigines	9
Rural Welfare and Cooperation	16
Education	18
Social Service	23
Medical Relief	29
Relief of Distress	30
Other Activities	31
Printing Presses	32
Report of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics	33–38
Financial Statements of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics	39–54
Financial Statements of the Society	55–63
Financial Statements of the Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale Trust Fund	64–67
List of Donations to the Society	68–73
Constitution and Bye-Laws of the Society	74–84
List of Members of the Society	85–86

The Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale



FOUNDER
The Servants of India Society



View of the Central Library of the Society, Poona.

The Servants of India Society

PREAMBLE

Extracts from the original Preamble to the Constitution of the Society written by the illustrious Founder, the late Gopal Krishna Gokhale, in 1905.

For some time past the conviction has been forcing itself on many earnest and thoughtful minds that a stage has been reached in the work of nation-building in India when, for further progress, the devoted labours of a specially trained agency applying itself to the task in a true missionary spirit are required. The work that has been accomplished so far has indeed been of the highest value. The growth during the last fifty years of a feeling of common nationality based upon common traditions and ties, common hopes and aspirations, and even common disabilities, has been most striking. The fact that we are Indians first, and Hindus, Mahommedans, Parsees or Christians afterwards, is being realised in a steadily increasing measure, and the idea of a united and renovated India marching onwards to a place among the nations of the world, worthy of her great past, is no longer a mere idle dream of a few imaginative minds, but is the definitely accepted creed of those who form the brain of the community—the educated classes of the country. A creditable beginning has already been made in matters of education and of local self-government; and all classes of the people are slowly but steadily coming under the influence of liberal ideas. The claims of public life are every day receiving wider recognition, and attachment to the land of our birth is growing into a strong and deeply cherished passion of the heart. The annual meetings of Congresses and Conferences, the work of public bodies and associations, the writings in the columns of the Indian Press—all bear witness to the new life that is coursing in the veins of the people. The results achieved so far are undoubtedly most gratifying, but they only mean that the jungle has been cleared and the foundations laid. The great work of rearing the superstructure has yet to be taken.

in hand, and the situation demands on the part of workers devotion and sacrifices proportionate to the magnitude of the task.

The Servants of India Society has been established to meet in some measure these requirements of the situation . . . Much of the work must be directed towards building up in the country a higher type of character and capacity than is generally available at present, and the advance can only be slow. Moreover, the path is beset with great difficulties; there will be constant temptations to turn back; bitter disappointment will repeatedly try the faith of those who have put their hand to the work. But the weary toil can have but one end, if only the workers grow not faint-hearted on the way. One essential condition of success in this work is that a sufficient number of our countrymen must now come forward to devote themselves to the cause in the spirit in which religious work is undertaken. Public life must be spiritualised. Love of country must so fill the heart that all else shall appear as of little moment by its side. A fervent patriotism which rejoices at every opportunity of sacrifice for the motherland, a dauntless heart which refuses to be turned back from its object by difficulty or danger, a deep faith in the purpose of Providence which nothing can shake—equipped with these, the worker must start on his mission and reverently seek the joy which comes of spending oneself in the service of one's country.

The Servants of India Society will train men, prepared to devote their lives to the cause of the country in a religious spirit, and will seek to promote, by all constitutional means, the national interests of the Indian people. Its members will direct their efforts, principally towards (1) creating among the people, by example and by precept, a deep and passionate love of the motherland, seeking its highest fulfilment in service and sacrifice; (2) organizing the work of political education and agitation, basing it on a careful study of public questions and strengthening generally the public life of the country; (3) promoting relations of cordial goodwill and co-operation among the different communities; (4) assisting educational movements, especially those for the education of women, the education of backward classes and industrial and scientific education; (5) helping forward the industrial development of the country; (6) the elevation of the depressed classes...

The Servants of India Society

REPORT FOR 1970-71

Introduction

The Servants of India Society was founded by Gopal Krishna Gokhale on June 12, 1905. Its objects are the training of national missionaries for the service of India and the promotion, by all constitutional means, of the interests of the Indian people without distinction of caste or creed. The members of the Society are pledged to give throughout their lives the best that is in them to the cause of the country in all secular fields. The circumstances in which the Society was founded and the objects, which the Founder had in view in founding it, are explained in the preamble he wrote to its constitution in 1905, extracts from which are given in the preceding two pages. The preamble has been a source of inspiration to the Society during the sixty-six years of its existence.

Organisation

The Headquarters of the Society are at Poona, where the members meet every year in June for its annual session. The Society has branches in Madras, Bombay, Nagpur and Allahabad and a centre of work at Cuttack.

Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru continued to be President and Shri A.D. Mani, Vice-President of the Society. Shri D.V. Ambekar, Shri A. D. Mani, Shri Dinkar Desai and Shri R. S. Misra continued to be Senior Members of the Society's Branches in Poona, Central India, Bombay and Uttar Pradesh respectively. Shri R. S. Gupte, Shri S. G. Gokhale and Shri S. R. Venkataraman were elected to the Council by the members of the Society. Shri Gokhale continued as the Society's Secretary.

Gokhale Day Dinner

The usual dinner arranged on the Gokhale Day (May 9th) at the Headquarters was attended by all the members in Poona,

the expenses being met out of the interest on an endowment created for the purpose by the late Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji.

Gokhale Day — The Gokhale Day was observed in Madras and Cuttack. In Madras the Gokhale Day was observed jointly by the Madras Branch of the Society and the South Indian National Association, when Shri K. Santhanam delivered the Gokhale Commemoration address on “ *Democracy and the functioning of the Legislature* ”. The seventh issue of Gokhaleana containing some anecdotes about Gokhale was also released on the occasion.

The Orissa Centre observed the birth anniversary of the founder of the Society on the 9th May at Cuttack. Shri N. Mahapatra, Minister for Cultural Affairs presided over the function and Shri K. C. Panigrahi, the well-known Oriya writer acted as the Chief Guest and delivered the Gokhale Day address.

General

Pandit H. N. Kunzru continued to be President of the Indian Council of World Affairs, New Delhi. At the General meeting of the Council held in Madras in July, 1970, he was reelected its President for a further term of two years. He presided over a lecture by Mr. Edward Heath, the British Prime-Minister, which was organised by the Council. He presided over a function for the presentation of a volume to Dr. Appadorai, who was Secretary-General of the Indian Council of World Affairs for eleven years and subsequently Director of the Indian School of International Studies. Presiding over the Gopal Krishna Gokhale Memorial lecture delivered by Prof. V. K. Menon, at a meeting organised by the Institute of Parliamentary and Constitutional Studies, he spoke about Gokhale's idea of the work that national missionaries devoted to public service were expected to do.

He addressed the meeting organised by the Jamia Milia in Delhi to celebrate the first death anniversary of Dr. Zakir Husain and another in celebration of the 70th birth anniversary of the late Rafi Ahmed Kidwai. He presided over the public meeting

which was arranged at the India International Centre in Delhi, to observe the first death anniversary of Prof. Humayun Kabir in August and also over the C. F. Andrews birth centenary meeting arranged in February by the Nehru Memorial Museum and Library. He also inaugurated an exhibition of C. F. Andrews's photographs arranged by the Gandhi Smarak Nidhi.

He spoke at the meeting organised in Delhi in observance of the birth centenary of Shri Jammalal Bajaj, which was presided over by President Giri. He also spoke at the Nath Pai Memorial meeting which was presided over by Prof. D. R. Gadgil.

During his stay in Madras in July, he released President Giri's book entitled "Jobs for Millions" and presided over his address on 'Priorities' at the Rajaji hall. He also spoke at a seminar arranged by the Madras Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs on 'Discrimination against Indians Abroad' and addressed a public meeting on 'Repatriation of Indians from Ceylon'.

He addressed a conference of NCC Zonal Directors in New Delhi in October. He addressed the seminar organised by the Bar Association of India on the President's powers under the Constitution. He spoke at the seminar organised in Delhi by the Institute of Parliamentary and Constitutional Studies on the President's power to dissolve the Loka Sabha.

He presided over the meeting of the South East Asia Study Centre, at which Shri K. B. Lal, who dealt for many years with foreign trade, spoke on India's trade prospects in South-East Asia. In his speech at the annual meeting of the Indian Law Institute he suggested research on the question of parliamentary privileges.

He wrote an article on Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya for the Dictionary of National Biography which is to be published by the Institute of Historical Studies, Calcutta.

He also contributed a foreword to a book on 'Railway Administration' by Shri G. S. Khosla, retired General Manager of the Western Railway.

Pandit Kunzru visited the town of Bhivandi, District Thana, which was ravaged by communal riots. During his visit he inspected the affected areas and met prominent leaders of both the communities. Subsequently he issued a statement on the situation

Shri A. D. Mani continued to be a member of the Rajya Sabha and the Chief Editor of the Hitavada. With this year he will complete thirty five years of the editorship of the paper, which will celebrate its Diamond Jubilee this year. From 1967 the Hitavada had been facing a serious labour situation and financial difficulties. The Hitavada has now been transferred to the Hitavada Trust from the 1st of October 1970. Shri Mani is one of the Trustees and continues to be its chief editor

Shri Mani was a member of the Joint Committee of Parliament on Salaries and Allowances of members of Parliament. He was nominated a member of the Select Committee on Shri Chitta Basu's Bonus Bill which wanted 10% minimum bonus to be given, even if a concern was running at a loss ; but the bill was opposed by Government and was thrown out. Shri Mani is a member of the Joint Committee on the Code of Criminal Procedure Bill. He was a member of the Executive Council of the Indian Council of World Affairs. He is a trustee of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics. For the fifth year in succession Shri Mani has been Chairman of the Residents' Committee of the Western Court, New Delhi where many members of Parliament stay. Shri Mani has been holding this office since 1967 and has been requested by the Joint Parliamentary Committee to continue in office at the present time.

Speaking in the monsoon session of the Rajya Sabha on a motion regarding influx of refugees from East Pakistan and the efforts made by Government to rehabilitate them, Shri Mani asked Government to recognise the fact that the Nehru-Liaquat Ali pact was dead, and therefore to denounce it. He suggested that East Pakistan Refugees should be settled in NEFA which has been regarded so far as a closed area, and in the Chambal Ravines.

Speaking on the international situation, Shri Mani referred to the discrimination of Indians in Great Britain owing to a colour bar in practice against Indians there.

Speaking on the performance of All India Radio, Shri Mani said that AIR was fairly objective but there was slanting of news on critical occasions, as for example during the split in the Congress Party in 1969. Those who listened to the AIR got the impression that Government got more news coverage than the Opposition. He regretted that the AIR did not reflect the sharp cleavage of opinion among various sections in the country. He complained about interference with news transmissions at State levels and wanted such interference to stop immediately. He repeated his demand that AIR should be converted into a Corporation.

During the December session of Parliament, Shri Mani, speaking on the situation in Bengal, deplored the breakdown of the Parliamentary system and suggested that law and order must be restored even if the police force of the State has to be strengthened from other parts of India. He wanted Shri Dhavan, the Governor to be recalled whatever might be his qualifications. There was a good deal of illegal literature put out by Naxalites in circulation in Bengal and this should be stopped in the interests of law and order.

Speaking on the Taxation Laws Bill, Shri Mani said that it was necessary that persons with incomes of Rs. 7500 and below should be exempted from income tax as has been recommended by the Boothalingam Committee. Trust owned newspapers also should be exempted from income tax. The fixation of exemption limit at Rs. 4000 a month for foreign technicians might act as a disincentive. He also wanted the Income tax department to notify in the newspapers, whenever the Department proposed to write off large sums owed by various parties.

Speaking on the Railway Appropriation Bill, in the brief session of the Rajya Sabha held after the mid-term poll, Shri Mani protested against the regulations of the Railway Board asking workers to work for 12 hours and more. He said this was against the spirit and the provisions of the Factories Act. He wanted a labour representative to be nominated on the Railway Board.

Speaking on the situation in East Pakistan, Shri Mani called for an arms embargo by Western powers to Pakistan, because

arms and equipment were being misused to put down the uprising in East Bengal. He wanted Britain to be approached for preventing the use of Maldives for arms supply to Pakistan. He suggested to the Government that in case East Pakistan leaders sought asylum in India in the event of the uprising being suppressed, such asylum should be given generously.

Shri Mani went to the Federal Republic of Germany (West Germany) in January-February for a period of 15 days on the invitation of the West German Government. He visited Stuttgart, Munich, the Bavarian Alps, Hamburg, Cologne, Bonn and Berlin. He saw the Mercedes Benz works at Stuttgart. He saw the Parliament at work in Bonn and had discussions with members of Parliament on the working of the democratic system in Germany. He spoke in Bonn and Hamburg to select gatherings of Germans and Indians on Democracy in India. He was speaking before the mid-term elections were held and he told listeners that Mrs. Gandhi would come back with a big majority, that the Parliamentary system would not break down in India and there was no chance of the country being taken over by the Army, because India was too big a country to be governed by the Army and the spirit of discussion had gone so deep into the minds of men and women that no military rule would be tolerated in the country.

Shri Dinkar Desai was a Member of Lok Sabha till the 27th December 1970 when the fourth Lok Sabha was dissolved. He represented North Kanara District, Mysore State,

Shri Desai spoke in the Lok Sabha on the motions regarding the Report of the Commissioner for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and the Report of the Committee on Untouchability. He said that education and the land were the most important aspects of the problems affecting the people belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. Very little progress has been made with regard to these people compared to the general progress all over the country. He further said that the condition of these people was pitiable. They did not get even one full meal a day. They could not afford to send their children to school. These children should

be given mid-day meals, so that the parents could be induced to send their children to school. There was need for more Ashram Schools and Hostels. Government should spend adequate funds on the welfare of the backward people. The Central Government should give to the State Governments at least 50 per cent of the total cost of primary education. Land should be given to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes wherever possible. House sites should also be given to them. Shri Desai also pleaded that the system of bonded labour which prevailed in certain parts of the country should be abolished immediately.

Shri Desai was a Member of the Parliamentary Consultative Committee on Education. He attended the meetings of this Committee regularly and made several suggestions for improving education. As a result of his constant pleading, Government have provided a larger amount to the University Grants Commission.

Shri Desai was also a Member of the Parliamentary Consultative Committee for the South-Central Railway, over which the Railway Minister presides. He made several suggestions for improving the amenities to passengers. He was also a Member of the Joint Committee on the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Powers and Conditions of Service) Bill, which submitted its Report in November 1970.

Shri Desai made several representations during the year to the Post-Master General, Mysore Circle, urging him to open new Post Offices and Public Telephone Call Offices in certain villages in North Kanara District. Some of these representations were successful. Shri Desai was an ex-officio Member of the Mysore State Development Council and also of the District Development Council of North Kanara.

Shri S. R. Venkataraman continued to be Hon. Secretary and Treasurer of the Indian Council of World Affairs, Madras Branch. Dr. M. S. Rajan, Director, Indian School of International Studies, Nehru University, New Delhi, spoke under its auspices on the "*Future of non-alignment*" on the 3rd February 1970 under the Chairmanship of Mr. K.

Santhanam. Shri K. Veeraswamy, the Chief Justice of the High Court, Madras addressed the Members of the Council on the 12th July 1970 on "*Discrimination against Indians Abroad*". The Indian Council of World Affairs, held its annual meeting and the election of office bearers in Madras in July 1970. Shri Venkataraman arranged for holding the annual meeting.

Shri Venkataraman presided over the Racial Discrimination Day organised by the Gandhi Peace Foundation at which the American Consul General, Mr. Recknagel, and Shrimati Saraswathi Srinivasan, Headmistress of a Girls' High School participated.

During the controversy about the medium of instruction in colleges, Shri Venkataraman wrote to the press drawing public attention to Article 26, sub-section 3, of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which gave the parents the right to choose the kind of education that shall be given to their children.

Shri Venkataraman was a member of the "*New Life for India*" movement whose motto is "Right knowledge, Right conduct and Right living". It has been carrying on propaganda for the cultivation of these values by all, particularly the student population, in the State, by holding meetings, seminars, symposia etc. in which students, professors and parents participated. It organised an oratorical contest in Tamil for High School students of the city on "*The Rights and duties of the Indian Citizen*". Shri Venkataraman acted as one of the judges. In all 35 boys and girls participated and 9 prizes were awarded to the successful participants. Similarly the Dhingra Trust organised an oratorical contest for college students, on "National Integration", "Unity of India" and "Secularism" in March. Shri Venkataraman acted as a judge on both the days. Cash prizes ranging from Rs. 150 to 500 were given to the winners, most of whom were girls.

Shri D. V. Ambekar continued to be a member of the Council of the Deccan Sabha, Poona. Shri S. G. Gokhale continued to be its Working Secretary.

Shri S. S. Misra was the convener of the Ispat Karkhana Sangram Samiti demanding the establishment of a second steel

plant in Orissa during the Fourth Five Year Plan, as according to the report of M/s M. N. Dastoor & Co., the iron mines of Orissa, contain the largest percentage of iron ore in the whole country. The Samiti prepared many pamphlets and memoranda to convince the members of Parliament about the justice of the claims of Orissa. It would be no exaggeration to say that members of Parliament belonging to all parties strongly supported the claim. But the Prime Minister stuck to her resolve not to establish a second Steel Plant in Orissa during the Fourth Five Year Plan. This disappointing reply from the Prime Minister was believed to be largely responsible for the success of the Utkal Congress in the mid-term elections in Orissa.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar was re-elected a Secretary of the Bombay Social Reform Association. During the year the Association convened several meetings on the subject of Indian Secularism and also held Samata Sammelan at Lonavala in which Harijans from surrounding rural areas participated. He continued to be the editor of the Social Service Quarterly.

Welfare of the Aborigines

Pandit Kunzru continued to be a Vice-President of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh.

He toured the tribal areas of the Allahabad and Mirzapur Districts (U. P.) in January, to acquaint himself personally with the tribal welfare work which Shri R. S. Misra has been doing for many years in that area, under the auspices of the Servants of India Society. In the course of the tour he presided over the Annual Day function of the Ramanuj Higher Secondary School at Konhrar and over the Mirzapur Zilla Adivasi and Harijan Conference at Muirpur. He suggested that there should be a farm attached to the school run at Muirpur by the Servants of India Society, so that the tribal boys might learn agriculture and vegetable growing, which would enable them to earn some money and have a balanced diet. He also suggested that arrangements should be made to teach carpentry and blacksmith's work to the tribal boys. The Conference was very largely attended by the aborigines and was a complete success.

He wrote a foreword to a book entitled " Tribal Revolts " written by a member of the executive committee of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, Delhi.

Shri R. S. Misra devoted most of his time to the aboriginal welfare work in the districts of Allahabad, Mirzapur and Nainital. He has taken up new work among the Bhoksas of the Nainital district. Bhoksas are one of the five tribes (Bhoksas, Bhotiyas, Banmanus, Tharus and Jaunsaries) Scheduled in 1967 by notification. These tribes in the border districts of Uttar Pradesh number 2,08,000 and in the area South of the Kaimur Range their number is 2,64,000.

The Society maintained one Higher Secondary School, three Junior High Schools and ten Primary Schools for boys in the Allahabad and Mirzapur districts. The number of students in the schools was 1250 out of whom 900 were Adivasis, Harijans and others belonging Backward classes. The Higher Secondary School sent up 15 boys in its first batch for the High School Examination of the U. P. Board. Of these 12 were declared successful, two in the first division with distinction in Mathematics and Sanskrit.

The Junior High School at Siltham secured the first position among the Junior High Schools of the district with its 87% passes against the district average of 51.42%. One Adivasi hosteller of the school secured a first class with distinction in Mathematics. The Siltham school was awarded a running shield at the Mirzapur District Adivasi Conference for its best results in the district.

The Junior High School at Muirpur which attracts the largest number of Adivasi students in the district did not have enough accommodation for all students seeking admission to it. Shri G. D. Birla has solved this difficulty of the school by donating Rs. 1,00,000/- for the construction of its building. The construction work has already started and five rooms have been completed.

Five schools started by the Society, specially for girls, were maintained in the tribal areas, four in the Allahabad and one in the Mirzapur district. These schools really worked as mixed schools. The total number of girls in these schools was 304.

The total expenditure on all these schools during the year was about Rs. 1,09,800 of which 90% was given by the Government of India and 10% was provided by the Society.

The Higher Secondary School and the Junior High Schools provided free hostel accommodation to 170 students. Of these 90 Adivasi students reading in the Junior High Schools were provided free food, clothing, lighting, medical facilities and text books. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these hostels was Rs. 19,760.

The Harijan Boys' Hostel in the Mirzapur City provided free accommodation and other hostel facilities to 40 Harijan young men studying in the Mirzapur Polytechnique and the Degree College. All of them received scholarships from the Harijan and Social Welfare Department. Common messing facilities were provided in the hostel. The total expenditure on the maintenance of this hostel was about Rs. 4,700/-.

The Society maintained one Ashram School for the Primary School Boys at Khantara in the Mirzapur district. Of the 77 students in the school 30 were given Ashram facilities. They were given free food, clothing besides reading and writing material. The students of the Ashram School not only maintained a high standard of educational work, but also won most of the prizes in the sports competitions organised by the Zila Parishad on Block level. The inmates of the Ashram produced fruits and vegetables worth Rs. 1,205 on the farm attached to the Ashram.

Another Ashram Type School for Junior High School students was maintained at Siltham. The inmates of the Ashram, besides showing the best results at the Junior High School Examination in the district, produced 10 maunds of paddy on the land given by the Gram Sabha. The total expenditure on the maintenance of the two Ashram type schools was Rs. 31,900/-.

In order to improve the economic condition of women in the rural area five centres of Women's Welfare activities were maintained at Muirpur and Dudhi in the Mirzapur district and at Bharatganj, Meja Road and Sarsa, in the Allahabad district. These centres provided spare time activity to adult women and offered free training facilities in tailoring, knitting and embroidery

both by hand and by machine. Knitting by machine and painting in fabric colours were introduced as new subjects during the year under report. One of these centres has a specialised course in toy making. On the occasion of the Mirzapur District Adivasi Conference an Exhibition was organised by our lady workers in which all the five centres participated. The exhibition was inaugurated by Smt. Vidya Kothari, wife of the president, Hindustan Aluminium Corporation, and the work of the centres was assessed by a committee consisting of Mrs. Kothari, Mrs. Mushran, Miss Chatwal, the Assistant Director of Social Welfare (Women) and Dr. Ragini Prem M. D; The work of Women's Welfare Centre at Sarsa was assessed as the best and the running Kothari shield was awarded to it.

The cultural activity organised by the team of our lady workers and students at the Mirzapur District Adivasi Conference drew a large audience. The evaluation of the Programmes was made by a panel of Judges consisting of Shri Satish Chandra Sonkar, District Harijan and Social Welfare Officer, Mirzapur, Shri Vidya Ratna, Deputy Inspector of Schools, Mirzapur, Shri Murli Dhar Varma, Medical Officer (Incharge of Muirpur Dispensary) and Shri Ram Pyare Panika, Adivasi M. L. A. The first prize went to the Women's Welfare Centre, Sarsa and the participants received as many as sixteen awards from the public.

Bhoksa Boys Hostel :

The Bhoksa Boys Hostel at Bazpur in the Nainital district provided free accommodation, food and clothing, besides reading and writing material to 40 students of the Bhoksa and Bhotiya tribes reading in class VI to XII. The hostel building is under construction. The total expenditure on the maintenance of the hostel was about Rs. 27,700/- and Rs. 21,400/- have so far been spent on the construction of the building.

Adivasi Conference Mirzapur :

A District Adivasi and Harijan Conference was organised at Muirpur in January 1971 under the presidentship of Pt. H. N. Kunzru. The Conference was well attended by officials and non-officials of the district and the Adivasis variously estimated between eight and ten thousand.

Shri Ram Pyare Panika, the Adivasi M. L. A. was the Chairman of the Reception Committee. The Director of the Harijan and Social Welfare, U. P., the Assistant Director of Social Welfare (Women) and the Senior Research Officer of the Social Welfare Department, besides the district officials of Revenue, Forest, Planning and Education Department, attended the Conference.

Several important subjects affecting the social and economic advancement of the Adivasis and Harijans were discussed and decisions taken for future action.

Shri R. S. Misra continued to be a member of the General Council and the Executive Committee of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh. He was also a member of the Evaluation Committee set up by the Sangh for the assessment of the work of its life members as required by the Government of India. The Evaluation Committee completed its labours at Ahamedabad in 1970 and the report has been submitted to the Government of India.

Shri Venkataraman looked after the affairs of the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulum, Nirgacimund, near Ootacamand in the Nilgiries, which has a hostel for Toda and Kota children and a school providing education up to the eighth standard attached to it. In the hostel there were 33 Toda and Kota boys and 22 Toda and Kota girls, who were under the immediate control and supervision of a warden assisted by a matron and two cooks. Uniforms and blankets for the hostel children were distributed in August last under the chairmanship of Mr. Muthuswamy, the P. A. to the Collector. They were distributed by Miss. Armstrong and Miss Rambeaught, two English ladies, settled in Kotagiri. The school attached to the Gurukulum had a total strength of 133 pupils. There were four teachers including an agricultural assistant, attached to the school. Besides formal education, instruction in horticulture and painting for boys, knitting, sewing and painting for girls and special classes in English for students in the three higher standards were conducted once a week by Miss Armstrong and Miss. Rambeaught, Visitors to the Gurukulam had complimented the students on their proficiency in English and their achievements in extra-curricular activities.

Shri Venkataraman continued to look after the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam, Zonangipalem, in Shriharikota Island in Nellore District (Andhra Pradesh). Ever since the location of the Rocket station in the island by the Atomic Energy Commission two years ago, Shri Venkataraman has been constantly meeting the officials and the Yenadis in connection with the rehabilitation of the Yenadis on the mainland. Though nearly a dozen places were shown to the Yenadi leaders, they were undecided as to where to settle. It is hoped that some satisfactory arrangement will be made before the next academic year.

In the hostel attached to the Gurukulam at Zonangipalem there were 24 Yenadi Boys and 10 Yenadi Girls; the hostel was looked after by a warden, and a matron. In the school attached to it, education was imparted up to the fifth standard to all the boarders and the children of the school-going age in the area numbering in all 70, and belonging to the Yenadi fishermen, Reddy, Muslim, Harijan and other communities. During the year the students of the senior classes went on an excursion to Mahabalipuram which they enjoyed immensely.

The Devdhar schools in Malabar catering to the needs of the children of the scheduled castes, the scheduled tribes and the backward classes are being managed by Shri Venkataraman. The schools are : (1) Gokhale Upper Primary School, Mudadi, (2) Sastriar Upper Primary School, Chalode, (3) Devadhar Upper Primary School, Nediyrup, (4) Devadhar Lower Primary School, Pulliyil, and (5) Devadhar Lower Primary School, Karulai. The total number of pupils on the rolls of the five schools was 2597.

The Kerala Government pays the salaries of teachers in all aided schools, direct to them and a maintenance grant of Rs. 2.25 per student per year, present on the day of inspection by the Assistant Educational Officer, is given to the management for managing the school. As against a total expenditure incurred by the Society of Rs. 6415/- the Society received a maintenance grant for all the five schools amounting to Rs. 5,501-25 from the Kerala Government. During

the year a sum of Rs. 15,040 was spent on repairs and additions to buildings.

Shri Venkataraman represented the Society at the meeting of the working group of the Social Welfare Department of the Government of India on the 26th March 1971, in New Delhi, at which the various welfare schemes submitted by the members of the Society to the Government for grant-in-aid were discussed. Excepting the scheme for putting up a building for the kitchen and dining hall at Rayagada, Orissa, at an estimated cost about Rs. 28,000, all the other new schemes sent by the members of the society, were not approved, some for want of funds, and some on grounds of policy.

Nayanar Scholarships for Harijan students in Kerala studying in professional colleges were given to one student of the Calicut Medical College and two students of the N. S. S. College of Engineering, at Palghat on the recommendation of the Principals of the colleges. Each student was given Rs. 75

Shri Madhusudan Sahoo was in charge of the Thakkar Bapa Ashram at Rayagada in the Koraput District, Orissa. This institution, started in 1939, has been doing tribal welfare work in the, Koraput District. At present the Society runs a hostel for 70 Adivasi and Harijan students at Rayagada, manages one Middle English School, one Upper Primary School and five Lower Primary Schools in rural areas. It also maintains a Maternity Centre in the village of Hazaridangu.

During the year there were 55 boys and 15 girls in the Hostel. Out of them 16 boys were reading in the M. E. School and the remaining ones were reading in the U. P. School. Community-wise, 55 students belong to Kandh tribe, 11 to Soura tribe and 4 students belong to the Scheduled Castes.

Besides free food, lodging and dress, the students were provided with the necessary reading and writing material. A Children's Library, indoor and outdoor game materials were also provided to them. A group of 20 students with their teachers went on an educational excursion to Puri, Bhuvneshwar Barang, Cuttack and Choudwar.

During the year the Thakkar Bapa Vidyapitha, a residential M. E. School, was opened in the premises of the Ashram, and 16 Adivasi students were admitted in class IV of the School.

The Thakkar Bapa U. P. School is situated in the premises of the Ashram. Out of 197 students of this School 62 are Adivasis and 15 are Harijans.

The Society manages five Primary Schools in five adivasi villages namely Tumbiguda, Chekaguda, Beriguda, Barijholia and Kandh Sahi. The total number of students attending these Schools is 147.

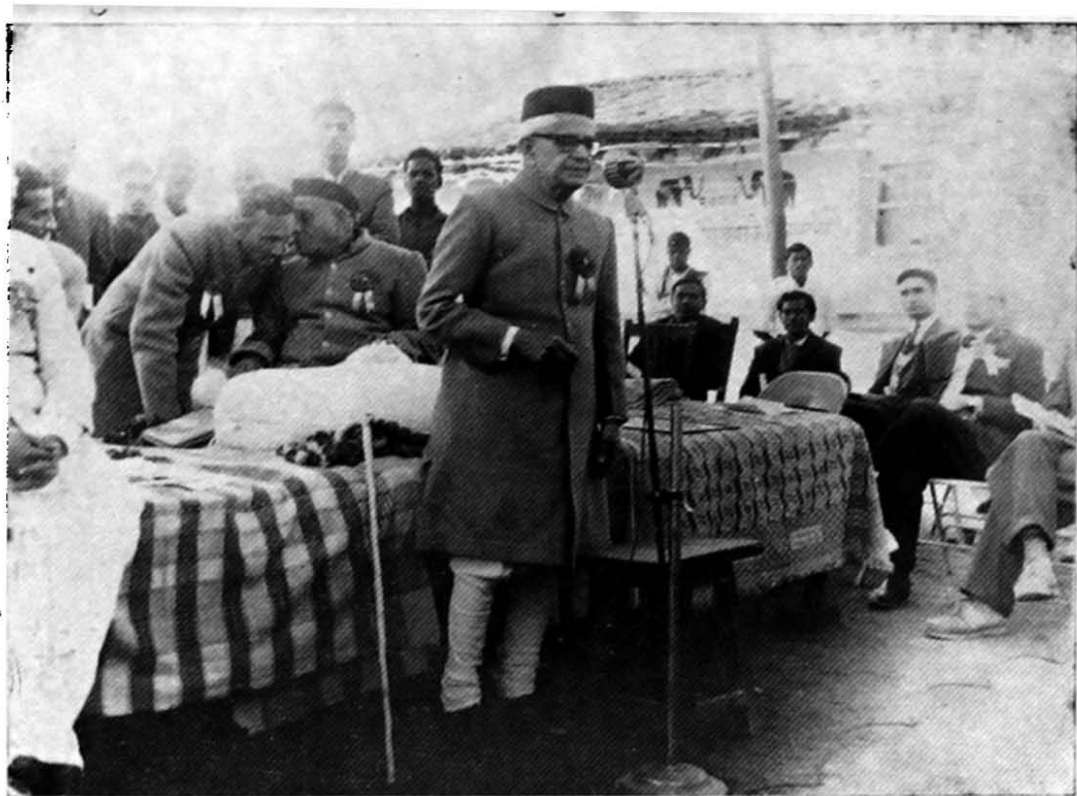
A Maternity Centre is being run which serves 30 adivasi villages. There is a midwife in charge of this Centre. She conducts deliveries in the huts of the adivasis and directs abnormal cases to the nearest hospital. She also attends to minor ailments. During the year she conducted 68 delivery cases. The total annual expenditure on maintaining all these institutions amounted to about Rs. 64,000.

Rural Welfare and Cooperation

Dr. R. G. Kakade was elected Chairman of the District Industrial Cooperative Association for another term of one year. The Association conducts two cloth shops—one for mill cloth and another for handloom cloth—in Poona and one shop each at Junnar and Baramati. A handicraft emporium was also conducted in Poona. The Handmade Paper Centre at Baramati went into production in May 1970. The Association has been working as agents of the Khadi and Village Industries Commission for the distribution of coalash from Poona to brick-manufacturers' and earthen wares manufacturers' societies in the district. It also engages itself in distributing zinc, chemicals, yarn etc. to artisans who need them.

He was elected a member on the Managing Committee of the National Federation of Industrial Cooperatives Ltd. in Delhi. The Federation undertakes marketing and export of goods manufactured by industrial cooperatives in India.

He continued to guide and help, whenever necessary, the Yeravada Gadi Wadar Cooperative Majoor Society since its



Dr. H. N. Kunzru inaugurating the Mirzapur District Adivasi and Harijan Conference at Muirpur on 22nd January 1971.



**Pandit Kunzru with Justice B. N. Gokhale (Left)
and Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar of S. I. S. Bombay (Right)
in the riot-torn Bhivandi. 30-5-1970**



**A Section of the audience at
the Mirzapur Adivasi Conference. 22-1-1971**

establishment in 1948. The Society, which owns quarry lands, buildings, trucks etc. worth a few lakhs of rupees, has an annual turnover of Rs. 10 to 11 lakhs.

He continues to be a member of the Rural Industrialization Committee of the Sangamner Project in Ahmednagar district. This is one of the four Projects in Maharashtra State.

Dr. Kakade continued to be Honorary Secretary of the Deccan Agricultural Association. The work of the Association's monthly journal—*Shetaki and Shetakari*—kept him busy for a considerable time every month.

He was elected Hon. Secretary of the Institute of Regional Development Planning at Wardha. The Institute has been helping eight districts of Vidarbha—particularly the Zilla Parishads and other agencies—in their development schemes. He visited Wardha three times during the year, devoting a few days every time for the work of the Institute. During the year the Ministry of Community Development has assigned a Growth Centre Project to the Institute, being one of the two given to the State of Maharashtra.

Shri R. S. Gupte continued to be in charge of the Rural Centre at Shendurjana Bazar in Amravati District (Maharashtra State). He was the treasurer of the Multipurpose Cooperative Society, a position he has held since 1946.

Owing to untimely distribution of rains throughout the season in the eight districts of Vidarbha, Jawar and cotton crops were badly damaged leading to near famine conditions. Government, therefore, gave permits to traders for importing grain, specially Jawar, from the neighbouring States. To forestall shortage of foodgrains the Multipurpose Cooperative Society in Shendurjana Bazar availed of this opportunity and from its own resources amounting to about Rs. 27,000/- purchased Jawar to cater to the needs of the local population. Besides giving permits for imports, the Maharashtra Government has lifted lately all restrictions on the movement of grain in the state. This has helped to ease the food situation in all the villages.

The Rural Centre agriculture also suffered and the total value of agricultural production was hardly enough to meet the operational expenses. All the same hybrid Jawar stood the test and gave a good account of itself so far as the Rural Centre was concerned. The Rural Centre distributed about one and half quintals of hybrid jawar seed to many cultivators. This is the only crop which gave them some grain.

Shri Gupte continued to be the ordinary member of the Seva Sahakari Society Ltd. He continued to be the member of the Cotton and Grain Markets Committees at Dhamangaon. The Rural Centre as in previous year, distributed cotton seed worth about Rs. 7,300.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar continued to be the Secretary of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association started in 1929 with the object of working for village uplift. During the year the Association helped the Kanara Welfare Trust to conduct an elocution competition in the name of Dadabhai Naoroji at the Gokhale Centenary College, Ankola.

He was a Member of the Florence Nightingale Village Sanitation Fund Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay. From this fund a grant of Rs. 500/- was given to Matru Mandir, for sinking a well at Deorukh, District Ratnagiri, Maharashtra State.

Education

Pandit Kunzru was President of the Allahabad University Alumni Association. He continues to be member of the managing committee of the Delhi School of Social Work which is a post-graduate college of the Delhi University. He continued to be a member of the Executive Council of the Banaras Hindu University and a member of the Court of the Allahabad University. He continued to be a Trustee of the India International Centre in Delhi and Vice-President of the Indian Council of Cultural Relations.

He continued to be the President of the Anjuman Taraqqi Urdu, Hind (All India Society for the promotion of Urdu) and took a keen interest in its work. In connection with the 1971 Census, the complaint of the people whose mother tongue

was Urdu was that, even though in the earlier census they described themselves as Urdu-speaking, they were entered as Hindi-speaking and were not allowed to see the entries for themselves. A deputation of the Anjuman represented the grievance before the Census Commissioner who agreed that the people concerned ought to have a right to assure themselves that the entries had been correctly made. He delivered the Convocation Address to the four colleges at Muzaffarnagar, U. P.

At the dinner arranged by the Indian Society for Training and Development in April 1970, he pointed out some of the directions in which its training can be made more affective. He was chief guest at the Founder's Day Function of the Delhi School of Economics.

Shri Dinkar Desai is the Chairman of the Kanara Welfare Trust which was founded in 1953. The aims and objects of the Trust are to undertake measures for the educational, cultural and social advancement of the people in general, and the backward classes in particular, in the North Kanara District of the Mysore State. Shri Desai devoted considerable time to the work of the Kanara Welfare Trust, including the work of collecting donations. Donations amounting to Rs. 2,80,000 were collected during the year. The total donations collected since the foundation of the Trust amount to about Rs. 21,65,000. The Trust has total assets of more than Rs. 27 lakhs, including the value of lands granted free by Government to its educational institutions. The annual recurring budget of the Trust is about Rs. ten lakhs.

The Trust, which has 18 Centres in North Kanara District in Mysore State, conducts one Arts and Science College, one Commerce College, five Higher Secondary Schools, ten High Schools, one English Medium Middle School, two Tailoring Schools, one free Hostel for poor students and two Dispensaries.

Gokhale Centenary College : This College, which was opened at Ankola in June 1966, fulfills a long-cherished need for an institution of higher education. It has both Arts and Science Sections. The College is affiliated to the Karnatak University. The College, which was established during the Birth Centenary

year of Gopal Krishna Gokhale, is named after him as part of the Centenary Celebrations inaugurated by Dr. Radhakrishnan, ex-President of India, on the 9th May 1966.

The College has a young, competent and devoted staff. It has a well-equipped Laboratory and Library. It has introduced the N. C. C. and N. C. C. R. in the very first year. A special feature of the College curriculum is the tutorial system under which students receive individual coaching and attention. The College developed into a full-fledged institution in June 1969, teaching up to B. A. and B. Sc. Degree courses. The total strength of the College at present is 992. Of these 284 are girls. As many as 828 students belong to backward classes. The College showed satisfactory results in the various University Examinations.

The College was shifted to its own building in June 1967. A separate building for the Library was constructed during the year. The College campus, which forms the slopes of a beautiful hill, extends over 75 acres.

Divekar College of Commerce : This College was opened at Karwar in June 1970. The need for a Commerce College was keenly felt. Karwar was the only district headquarters in the former Bombay Karnatak, where there was no Commerce College. The College is affiliated to the Karnatak University. It is named Divekar College of Commerce, as the Divekar Charity Trust has donated Rs. one lakh towards the establishment of the College.

The College has a total strength of 150. Of these 97 are in PUC Commerce Class, and 53 are in B. Com. Part I Class. The total number of girls in the College is 13. The number of backward-class students is 119. The College will develop in June 1972 into a full-fledged institution, teaching up to the degree course.

The College has a young, competent and devoted staff. It has a well-equipped Library. It has also introduced the N. C. C. in the very first year. A special feature of the College curriculum is the tutorial system.

The College is now housed in rented premises. The College building will be constructed next year on the five-acre plot of land recently given by the State Government.

Higher Secondary Schools and High Schools. They are situated at (1) Ankola, (2) Baad-Kagal, (3) Shirali, (4) Dandeli, and (5) Kadtoka. These High Schools which are permitted by the Education Department to have Standard XI are called Higher Secondary Schools. Standard XI is equivalent to the PUC Class in a College.

In addition to the five Higher Secondary Schools, the Trust is conducting ten High Schools. They are situated at (1) Kadwad, (2) Kasarkod, (3) Murdeshwar, (4) Mirjan-Kodkani (5) Arge, (6) Dhareshwar, (7) Bedkani, (8) Katgal, (9) Anilgod, and (10) Kulve-Baroor. The Trust also conducts an English Medium Middle school at Dandeli. All the Schools are in villages. Horticulture for boys and tailoring for girls are compulsory subjects in all the schools.

Since the educational institutions of the Trust are in villages and in backward areas, the proportion of backward class students was high. As many as 2,600 pupils out of a total of 4,403 in all the institutions belonged to backward classes. Of these backward class pupils, 1,873 were boys and 737 were girls. In spite of the fact that all the High Schools of the Trust are in villages and a majority of students belonged to backward classes, the S. S. L. C. Examination results were satisfactory. Out of 586 students who appeared from our High Schools 411 came out successful. Thus the percentage of the successful candidates was 70 as against the average of 41 for whole Mysore State.

The Trust is conducting the Thakkar Bapa Hostel at Ankola. There were 15 inmates in the Hostel. Poor students in the Hostel were given free boarding and lodging.

Shri K. G. Sharangpani is in charge of the Library of the Society. He also continues to be associated with the work of the Students' Welfare Association which conducts three messes at which about 300 poor and deserving students (boys and girls) coming from rural areas for college and University education

are given meals at a subsidised rate of Rs. 35/- per month. The Association also runs two hostels for boys one with accommodation for 120 and another for 30 male students and one hostel for girls (60 girl students) where they are charged Rs. 75/- per term (as compared to Rs. 120/- in college hostels and Rs. 200 in private hostels).

Dr. R. G. Kakade was a member of the Board of Management of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics. He attended two meetings—one in Poona and another in Delhi. As a member of the Internal Committee of the Institute he attended all its meetings during the year.

He was a member of the Executive and Managing Committees of the Karve Institute of Social Service, and attended almost all of their meetings. The Institute's post-graduate diploma course has been recognised by the Poona University, which conducts the examination. It also conducts an under-graduate certificate course in social service, besides conducting research programmes for women and children. The State Government has recognised the diploma and certificate of the Institute for the purposes of employment.

He was elected a member of the Executive Committee of the Maharashtra Association for the Cultivation of Science. The Association is affiliated to Poona University and receives grants from the Central and State Governments for its research.

He continued to be a Trustee of the Kanara Welfare Trust at Ankola.

The Shendurjana Rural Centre, looked after by Shri R. S. Gupte, manages the Pilot Library sponsored by the Education Department of the Maharashtra State. The main supply of books to library, in the form of renewals, comes from the Government District Library at Amravati. A servant who looks after the library circulates books from house to house among women readers, particularly because they do not like to visit the library. From reports received by Shri Gupte, the women seem to be happy at this arrangement and they are responding well to it.

Shri Ajgaonkar continued his work on the Education Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay, which conducts

two High Schools, a Day High School and a Night High School, in a predominantly labour area of Bombay. The Day High School which was started in 1966 has 786 pupils on its roll. The Night High School which is working in this area for the last 49 years has 250 pupils on its roll.

He continued to be a Member of the Mafatlal Gagalbhai Textile Technical School Supervising Committee of the Social Service League. The School was started in 1924 to provide facilities for systematic training to those who seek entry into the textile industry as a career and to those who are already in the industry. The School is only one of its kind in the Country, which imparts theoretical and practical training in textile technology to students without interfering with their jobs in any way. During the year 332 students took advantage of the training. This year the School organised a special training scheme of nine month's duration for thirteen persons deputed by the Kandy Textile Industries, Ceylon. The scheme was inaugurated by the Trade Commissioner of Ceylon for India. The School also imparted training to 189 apprentices deputed by the textile mills at the instance of the Bombay Millowner's Association in concurrence with the Apprentices Act, 1963 (Central).

Shri Ajgaonkar was a member of the Social Service League's Supervisory Committee for six Industrial Schools for Women. During the year 326 women took advantage of the Schools.

He was actively associated with the N. M. Joshi Social Worker's Training Class of the League. During the year 35 students took advantage of the Class.

Social Service

Pandit Kunzru continued to be General Secretary of the All India Seva Samiti, Allahabad, and attended meetings of its executive committee and the General Council.

All the social welfare activities of the Kanara Welfare Trust are conducted through the Thakkar Bapa Seva Kendra.

The Ankola Centre of the Seva Kendra conducts a Tailoring School for the benefit of the backward—class and other girls. Tailoring, embroidery, knitting and toy-making

are taught. No fees were charged. Harijan girls were supplied cloth free of charge for tailoring. The school is adequately equipped with twelve sewing machines and other accessories. The number of pupils on the register during the year was 69. The school is recognised by the Board of Technical Education of Mysore Government. During the year 13 pupils appeared for the Tailoring Examination of this Board. All of them passed, one in First Class and others in Second Class.

A Tailoring Class was opened in Mundgod in June 1969 mainly for the benefit of backward-class girls, including the Lamanis. The strength of the Class was 25.

The Trust is conducting a Sanskara Kendra at Ankola with the financial aid of the Education department. The objects of the Kendra are to provide opportunities for Harijan children to educate themselves in healthy environment which helps them to mix freely with the children of other castes and communities. A recreation centre is maintained for this purpose.

The Trust has established a Harijan Colony at Ankola. Each family is provided with a dwelling hut and is given land for fruit and vegetable cultivation. The huts are now being replaced by pucca tiled houses. Adequate arrangement for water supply has been made by digging a big well. The purpose of this Colony is to show how the landless poor in our village can be settled.

Shri Desai was in charge of the schemes conducted by the Servants of India Society for the benefit of the backward classes in North Kanara, for which the Central Government gives financial assistance.

The backward-class pupils, who attend our schools at considerable distance from their home, were daily given mid-day snacks free of charge. Backward-class poor pupils were also supplied free clothing and text-books in all our High Schools under this scheme. The total amount spent during the year under the scheme was Rs. 30,000.

The Trust conducts the social welfare weekly *Janasevaka* in Kannada which is the regional language. The journal publishes informative articles on social, educational, cultural and economic problems. Articles on current topics are also published.

The weekly is printed at Ankola in the Press owned by the Trust. Shri Desai wrote the front-page article, and also the editorials every week.

Shri Desai continued as General Secretary of the Social Service League, Bombay, during the year. The League is one of the oldest social welfare institutions in Maharashtra.

Shri Venkataraman was elected Hon. Secretary of the biggest social welfare complex in the city of Madras, Seva Samajam (Central), the Guild of Service (Central) having branches in thie districts of Tamilnad. It runs several welfare organisations in the city such as homes for destitute boys and girls, working men's and women's hostel, training institute for destitute girls, Balavihar, an institution for the mentally retarded; several slum welfare centres with creches, dispensaries, schools, family planning, women's welfare programmes, and programme for childrent feeding, a play and education centre for the pavement children, the Madras School of Social Work, mobile nutrition extension programme. He is an ex-officio member of the Committees of the above institutions sponsored by the Guild of Service, and attended the business and other meetings of the institutions mentioned above.

He was the Chairman of the Balasevika Training Committee and Vice-President of the Indian Council for Child Welfare, Madras State Branch. The Bala-sevika Training Committee has so far conducted 9 courses of a year's duration and has trained 500 Bala-sevikas to run Balavadis for the pre-school children. The entire training programme is financed by grants from the Social Welfare Department routed through the Indian Council for Child Welfare, New Delhi. As the demand for trained Balasevikas in Tamilnad is growing, Shri Venkataraman met the Hon. Secretary of the Indian Council for Child Welfare, New Delhi in March and requested her to sanction the tenth training course which is to begin from next June. Shri Venkataraman was a Vice-President of the Indian Council for Social Welfare, Madras State Branch, and a member of its Central Executive Committee, Bombay. He attended meetings of the Madras Branch and of the Central Executive Committee held at Kalammesery in Kerala. He attended the Seminar organised by the Council at Kalammesery on "*Spotlight on Children*"

and presided over the section dealing with the “ *Education of Tribal Children* ”.

Since its foundation in 1952, Shri Venkataraman has been a member of the Board of Management of the Madras School of Social Work, a post-graduate institution for training social workers. This is being sponsored both by the Guild of Service and the Indian Conference of Social Work, Madras Branch. Arrangements are under way to purchase the building in which the school is housed and the land for about Rs. 2 lakhs. Shri Venkataraman was a member of the Executive Committee of the Association for Social and Moral Hygiene, Madras Branch and attended the All India Conference on Social and Moral Hygiene held at Jaipur in November last. He read a paper at the conference on “ *Prostitutes-State Law and Society* ” and also spoke on the subject at the plenary Session. Shri Venkataraman attended the Third National Conference on the Mentally Retarded held in Madras and spoke on the need for a special law to deal with the mentally retarded who were not insane, violent or delinquent. He also attended the International Seminar on the Pre-School Child held in Madras and spoke on the need to devote greater attention to children of 0 to 3 years and the role of voluntary agencies in implementing the feeding programme for children all over the country, which Government was sponsoring.

In May 1970, Shri Venkataraman attended the Southern Regional Conference on Population and Family Planning.

He continued to be member of the ‘ *After Care Home for Males* ’ in Pallavaram, a place about 10 miles away from Madras. He has been nominated to it for another term of 3 years by Government. He also attended the Seminar on Juvenile Delinquents held in Madras and wrote a paper on “ *Legislative Protection for the Handicapped* ”.

Shri R. S. Misra was a member of the General Council and the Executive Committee of the All India Seva Samiti. He was also a member of its Finance Committee. He was Secretary of the Ayurvedic and the Mela Departments of the Seva Samiti and attended the Magh Mela camp of the Seva Samiti at the time of the Ardh Kumbh Mela.

The Government of India, considering the wide prevalence of mal-nutrition and under-nutrition among the economically backward sections of the people, and the permanent damage it causes to the growth and development of children in particular, have laid emphasis on the nutrition of children. A special programme to provide supplementary nutrition to children belonging to the age group 0—3 years has been undertaken. Ten centres have so far been opened in the Allahabad and Mirzapur districts by Shri R. S. Misra under this scheme. Each centre provides supplementary nutritive diet to approximately one hundred children. Each child is given food containing 300 calories and the Government is giving a grant of 15 paise per child plus the remuneration of the cook of each centre.

Shri S. S. Misra continues to be the President of the Orissa State Nishavandi Parishad. Under the guidance of the All India Prohibition Council, he took steps to popularise prohibition. He arranged the staging of a drama on the evil effects of drinking in the Kala Vikasha Kendra, Cuttack, in September, 1970. This drama was inaugurated by Dr. P. K. Parija, Ex-Vice-Chancellor of the Utkal University who also headed the Prohibition Committee of Orissa, which recommended introduction of complete prohibition in the whole State of Orissa by the 31st March 1966. Shri Misra also sent posters and leaflets to all the prohibition workers of the State, who are mostly the Sarvodaya workers, requesting them to organise public meetings to emphasize the point that in choosing candidates for elections both to the State Assembly and to the Lok Sabha, attempts should be made to get a promise from the candidates that they would try to introduce complete Prohibition in the State. The present Chief Minister of Orissa is favourably disposed towards prohibition and in reply to a representation made by Shri S. S. Misra to introduce prohibition at least in the coastal districts of Orissa has assured him that, the matter was receiving his careful consideration.

Shri S. S. Misra and Shri Madhusudan Sahoo continued to be in charge of the Gokhale Children's Home at Narasannapet in Shrikakulam District. This Home started in the year 1945 has now 53 inmates on its roll. Of them, 24 belong to the Scheduled Castes, 26 to Backward Classes and 1 to the Scheduled Tribes.

The remaining inmates belong to the other Backward Classes. All the boys are provided with free boarding and lodging, clothing, medical aid, books, fees, etc. by the Home. The Home has been declared a subsidised hostel by the Andhra Pradesh Government since 1960. The total annual expenditure on the maintenance of the Home amounted to about Rs. 20,800. Shri P. S. Prasada Rao who is an attache of the Servants of India Society, is working as the Honorary Office Secretary of the Home. Shri R. K. Sahu is the Warden of the Home.

Dr. Kakade was re-elected Chairman of the Managing Committee of the Poona District Probation and Aftercare Association for the fifth term. The Association runs two remand homes (one for boys and another for girls), a child guidance clinic and three juvenile guidance centres in Poona City.

He continued to be Honorary Secretary of the Society for the Welfare of the Physically Handicapped in Wanawadi, which runs a Home for Crippled Children between 6 and 18 years of age. The Home provides free of charge lodging, boarding, medical and surgical treatment to the boys. It receives a grant from the State Government to the extent of two-thirds of the total expenditure on admissible items and the Society is required to collect one-third of the amount.

He was re-elected a member on the Managing Committee of the Maharashtra State Probation and Aftercare Association. He continued to be one of the Hon. Treasurers of the Mahila Seva Mandal which runs a Rescue Home for women and children in moral danger, a Toddler's Section and a Training-cum-production centre.

He continued to be Hon. Treasurer of the Nav-Jeevan Mandal which works for the welfare of released prisoners. He was re-elected Hon. Treasurer of the Coordinating Council of Social Welfare Agencies in Poona.

Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar was re-elected a Secretary of the Social Service League, Bombay. He was also re-elected a Member of the Management Committee of the Association for

Moral and Social Hygiene (Maharashtra State Branch) and worked on the Rescue Committee and the Health Committee of the Association.

Medical Relief

The Kanara Welfare Trust conducts two dispensaries, one at Bankikodla and the other at Shirali. A Maternity Home is being added at Bankikodla. Both the dispensaries were under the charge of qualified doctors. Both the dispensaries were well-stocked with allopathic medicines. The Trust also conducts a Maternity Clinic at Ankola.

Shri R. S. Misra was in charge of three dispensaries maintained at Khantara, Khurhia and Banki in the Mirzapur district and at Konhdar in the Allahabad district. The total number of patients treated, was 9,960 of whom 6653 were new patients during the year.

There is need for more medical relief centres in that area specially for the treatment of yaws, leprosy and venereal diseases. Efforts are being made to collect necessary resources for starting a V. D. clinic at Muirpur.

Shri S. S. Misra assisted by Shri Madhusudan Sahoo supervised the activities of the leprosy clinic at Chowdwar in Orissa. The clinic has put in 44 years of useful service and is in charge of a worker who has received special training in the treatment of leprosy patients. The clinic works every Sunday and patients are given both Sulphone and other vitamin tablets. They are supplied with mid-day tiffin out of the grant made by the Central Social Welfare Board for the purpose. The number of patients treated during the year was 2081. There are thirty one students in the L. P. School attached to the clinic who come to school both in the morning and in the afternoon. The annual expenses on running the clinic and the School amounted to about Rs. 5,560.

The Rural Centre at Shendurjana conducted by Shri R. S. Gupte maintains a qualified doctor in charge of the dispensary and the maternity home run under his supervision. The maternity home conducted 82 cases of maternity during 1970-71 as against

Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar organised a visit of Pandit H. N. Kunzru to the town of Bhivandi, District Thana, which was ravaged by communal riots.

He was a Member of the Supervising Committee of the Social Service League Gymnasium which was started in 1933. The Gymnasium which organised this year the first Greater Bombay Power Lifts and Best Physique Contest has 680 members on the roll.

Printing Presses

Shri Ambekar is in charge of the Aryabhushan Press, Poona; and Shri Ajgaonkar of the Bombay Vaibhav Press, Bombay. Both these presses are owned by the Society.

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4.

Annual Report for the year 1970—71

In the Agro-Economic Research Unit for Western India located at the Institute by the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India, the drafting of the reports relating to (1) Land Utilisation and Cropping Pattern in Mysore State and (2) Marketing of Arecanut in Mysore State was completed. The report in respect of the Study into the Economics of Farm Management in Ahmednagar District 1967-68 was also completed. The tabulation of data and drafting of reports in respect of Disposal of Additional Incomes and Changes in the Standard of Living was in progress. The fieldwork of the survey relating to Incomes, Savings and Investment in Agriculturally Progressive Areas in Maharashtra initiated last year was continued during the year under report. A similar study was initiated in five villages from Bangalore district of Mysore State during the year under report. The fieldwork for the study initiated in five districts of Maharashtra State known as the Marathwada Region for preparing a regional development plan was completed. The tabulation of data and drafting of the report was in progress.

In the Section in Demography work was in progress in respect of the following projects :—

1. Follow-up Study of IUD Cases in Poona District,
2. Study of Internal Migration,
3. Growth of Cities,
4. Evaluation of Sample Registration Scheme,
5. Demographic Study of Kolhapur-Sangli-Miraj Region.

In the Centre of Advanced Study in Economics located at this Institute by the University Grants Commission the following work was in progress :—

1. Origins of Entrepreneurship in India,
2. Terms and Terminology in Indian Land Reforms,

3. Annotated Bibliography of Indian Land Reforms,
4. An Input-Output Model for Educational Planning,
5. Empirics of the Model Based on Family Budget Data,
6. Empirics of an Alternative Model on Time Series Data
7. Distributive Margins : Trade, Transport and Taxes—
Commoditywise Study,
8. Assam Finance 1947-1966.

In the Forestry Economics Section, the Compendium on the Forests and Forestry in Maharashtra was being finalised for publication.

In the Planning and Development Section the following studies were in progress :—

1. Work on the Estimation of Final Demand Vectors of the Input-Output Table.
2. A Commodity Classification of Industrial Production.
3. Work on the Inter-Industry Uses of About 2,000 Commodities.
4. Planning Problems of Bombay Metropolitan Region and the Strategy of Development.

During the year under report there were 6 junior and 3 senior research fellows in the U. G. C. Centre. Under the Visiting Fellowships in the U. G. C. Centre a lecturer from Gauhati University and an Assistant Professor from Saugar University worked on research problems.

Of the two National Scholarships awarded to students in July 1969 one was continued during the year 1970-71. The other fellowship which had fallen vacant due to the original awardee leaving the University was awarded to a student who enrolled for M. A. Part II in Economics in July 1970. In addition 4 new National Scholarships were awarded to the students who enrolled for M. A. Part I in Economics in July 1970.

Under a one-year fellowship under the Indo-Yugoslav Cultural Exchange Programme 1970-71 a research scholar from the Institute of International Politics and Economy, Beograd (Yugoslavia) joined the Institute in March 1971.

During the year under report Prof. S. S. Kale of the Brihan Maharashtra College of Commerce, Poona, continued to work at this Institute on a research project entitled "Management and Finance of Higher Education in Maharashtra." The project is financed by the Government of Maharashtra.

Some members of the staff of the Institute participated in international meetings and conferences. Prof. V. M. Dandekar attended meetings of the Advisory Council of the Asian Statistical Institute, Tokyo, Japan, held in Tokyo in August 1970 and February 1971. Prof. Dandekar also attended the meeting of the Advisory Board of the UNDP Global Project on the High Yielding Varieties Programme held at U. N. Research Institute for Social Development, Geneva, on 23rd and 24th March 1971 as the nominee of the Government of India as Country Director for the UNDEP Project GLO—2. Prof. Dandekar continued to be the Chairman, National Sample Survey and a Member of the Board of Directors of the Central Bank of India.

Prof. Nilakanth Rath was selected as a member of the delegates of the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics, Bombay, to participate in the International Agricultural Economics Conference held at Minsk, U. S. S. R. in August 1970.

Prof. A. R. Kamat took up an assignment with the F. A. O., Rome as Consultant in Zambia for a period of 3 months from 15th June 1970. Prof. Kamat also participated in the Regional UNESCO Seminar on Educational Statistics held at New Delhi in December 1970.

Mrs. K. Dandekar took up a U. N. assignment as Family Planning Expert at Colombo for one year from 1st September 1970.

Shri. P. Venkatramaiah, Lecturer, in the Institute who was deputed for advanced training at the Department of Applied Economics, University of Cambridge, U. K. under Prof. R. Stone, for a period of one year from September 1969, returned in September 1970.

Dr. A. R. Rajapurohit, Lecturer, who was deputed to do a diploma course on Urbanization in Developing Countries at the Centre for Urban Studies, University College, London, U. K. under Colombo Plan 1970-71 for a period of one year from 20th April 1970 returned towards the end of March 1971.

Shri S. W. Muranjan, Lecturer, was deputed to undertake from 20th September 1970 to 30th June 1971 a programme of study and research in Forestry Economics at the University of California, Berkeley, U. S. A. on a fellowship received under a grant made by the Ford Foundation to the Government of India, Planning Commission.

Dr. P. T. George, Lecturer, was deputed for training in Agricultural Economics under a UNESCO Fellowship under the programme of Participation 1969-70 at the Agricultural Economics Institute, Oxford University, U. K. for a period of 9 months from 22nd October 1970.

We regret to report the sad and sudden death of Prof. D. R. Gadgil, the Founder-Director of the Institute and who guided its destiny for 35 years until he retired from the service of the Institute in 1966, on 3rd May 1971 while he was returning from Delhi to Poona after resigning his post as the Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission. It was through his pioneering work and unstinting devotion during all these years that the Institute, from the small beginning in 1931, has grown and developed to its present status. It was to continue his valuable guidance and close association that the Institute invited him to be the Institute's first Professor Emeritus after his retirement in 1966 and it was gracious of him to have accepted the invitation. The Institute was looking forward to his resuming work in the Institute in that capacity after he had given up the responsibilities of the Planning Commission.

During the year under report the following publications were brought out :—

1. Prospects of Population Control-Evaluation of Contraception Activity (1951-1964) : by Mrs. K. Dandekar
2. बाबी तालुक्याच्या पूर्व भागातील शेती विकासाची वाटचाल, ले. म. भा. जगताप
3. चार जुने मराठी अर्थशास्त्रीय ग्रंथ, संपादक - दि. के. बेडेकर
4. Agrarian Legislation in India : by D. C. Wadhwa (In Press)
5. Index of Indian Economic Journals : by V. Rath (In Press)
6. Planning and Economic Policy in India (4th Edition) by D. R. Gadgil
7. Utilization of Long Term Finances for New Wells in the Famine Striken Areas of Ahmednagar District with special reference to Loans Issued by the Land Development Banks - A Survey : by D. B. Kadam (Mimeograph Series No. 8)
8. Utilisation of Industrial Capacity in India, 1967-68 : by Raghunath K. Koti (Mimeograph Series No. 9)
9. Planning Rehabilitation and Economic Change : by C. S. Gajarajan (Mimeograph Series No. 10)

The Institute is glad to report that the following research students who worked for their Ph. D. in Economics under the guidance of the members of the staff of the Institute were awarded the Ph. D. degree of the University of Poona during the year :—

1. Mrs. J. K. Coyaji : The Structure of the Liner Shipping Freight Market in India.
2. Shri V.V.N. Somayajulu : Economics of Steel Forging Industry.

The following theses for Ph. D. degree in Economics were submitted during the period under report :—

1. Land Tenure in Tripura – Shri B. P. Misra
2. Nature of Labour Inputs in Agriculture with reference to Seasonal Unemployment and Under-employment – Shri A. K. Mitra
3. Constructions of Small Enterprise Sector to National Income – Shri S. B. Rashinkar

Prof. Rajni Kothari, Director, Centre for the Study of Developing Societies, New Delhi was invited to deliver the Founder's Day Lecture on " Political Process and Economic Development in India ". The lecture was scheduled to be delivered on May 3, 1971. However, because of the sad news of the sudden death of Prof. D. R. Gadgil that morning, the lecture was postponed. Instead, a condolence meeting was held. The Vice-Chancellor, University of Poona, presided. The lecture will be delivered at a later date.

**Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics,
Poona 4.**

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 1971

AND

**Income and Expenditure Account
For the Year Ended 31st March 1971**

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Publication Reserve					
Stock of Publications		44,127.76			
Advance Provision for Publications as per last Balance Sheet		31,273.88		75,401.64	
Reserve for Buildings and Equipment					
Amount transferred from Income and Expenditure Account				39,381.00	
Reserve for Replacement of Tabulating Machinery					
As per last Balance Sheet		1,49,181.34			
Add: Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments		8,198.41			
		1,57,379.75			
Less: Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account		45,779.52		1,11,600.23	
Reserve for Statistical Laboratory					
As per last Balance Sheet		49,281.25			
Add: Further Provision this year Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments		3,200.00			
		2,053.90		54,535.15	
Reserve for Staff Quarters and Hostel Repairs Etc.					
As per last Balance Sheet		15,936.92			
Add: Transferred from Income and Expenditure Account		6,004.79		21,941.71	
Reserve for Gratuity					
As per last Balance Sheet		2,524.91			
Add: Interest transferred from Income and Expenditure Account		151.49		2,676.40	
Liabilities					
For Expenses		29,908.98			
Due to R. B. R. R. Kale Trust		2,535.39			
Mess Deposit		1,200.00			
Electricity Deposits		625.00			
Sundry Credit Balances and Advance Receipts		7,923.35			
Retention Money and Tender Deposits		2,899.35			
Provision for Charges for the use of Computer		80,209.99			
Provision for Contingencies		5,000.00		1,30,302.06	
Total carried forward ..				4,35,838.19	

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

at 31st March 1971

ASSETS		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Freehold Land (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet				1,31,834.21	
Rights in Leasehold Land (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet				51,896.25	
Buildings (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet		14,27,791.10			
Less : Provision for Depreciation made up to last year		1,51,032.00		12,76,759.10	
Tabulating Machines (At cost including installation expenses)					
As per last Balance Sheet		90,621.90			
Less : Provision for Depreciation made up to last year		85,918.03			
Made this year		800.00		86,718.03	3,903.87
Furniture, Deadstock and Equipment (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet		2,16,503.08			
Less : Provision for Depreciation made up to last year		98,006.00		1,18,497.08	
Investments (At cost)					
Earmarked Investments					
For Replacement of Tabulating Machines and Equipment					
Fixed Deposit with the Bank of Maharashtra, Poona 4			80,000.00		
For Statistical Laboratory					
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona 4		41,000.00			
12 Years' National Savings Certificates (Face value)		5,000.00	46,000.00	1,26,000.00	
Other Investments					
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona 4			*9,06,000.00		
Equity shares of Poona University Federal Co-operative Consumers' Stores Ltd.			1,000.00	9,07,000.00	
Total carried forward				26,15,890.51	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			4,35,838.19	
Building and Equipment Grant				
As per last Balance Sheet	17,89,671.58			
Less : Grant claimed disallowed by the University Grants Commission	387.44		17,89,284.14	
Advance Grants				
Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India for Agro- Economic Research Unit	6,703.95			
Ministry of Health, Family Planning, Government of India :				
(i) For Communication Research Project	7,204.00			
(ii) For Demography Section	2,524.70			
University Grants Commission for Financial Assistance to teachers Government of Maharashtra :	1,250.00			
(i) For Four Research Sections	2,912.83			
(ii) For III Plan Section	10,632.40			
Planning Commission, Government of India, for Research in Planning and Development	17,567.64		48,795.52	
The Rockefeller Foundation				
Stabilization Grant:				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	9,49,962.49			
Add : Interest received during the year	64,473.73			
	10,14,436.22			
Less : Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account	65,934.35		9,48,501.87	
Total carried forward ..			32,22,419.72	

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4.*at 31st March 1971*

ASSETS	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			26,15,890.51	
*Lodged for arrangements of Cash Credit with the Bank	5,00,000.00			
Lodged as a guarantee money towards purchase of a plot	6,000.00			
Publications				
Stock on hand : At cost		44,127.76		
Stock of paper on hand : At cost		6,938.65	51,066.41	
Deposits				
With the Maharashtra State Electricity Board for Electric Connection		2,925.00		
With the Superintendent, Govt. Milk Supply Scheme, Poona		4,992.00		
With the Divisional Engineer, Telephones, Poona		240.00	8,157.00	
Advances				
For Purchases		*18,612.73		
For Expenses		5,669.69		
To Employees		25,923.16		
*Includes advances considered doubtful Rs. 3,841.25			50,205.58	
Amount Receivable (Unsecured, Considered good)				
For Expenditure on Research Work				
University Grants Commission for,				
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in Economics		60,133.49		
(ii) Forestry Economics Section		43,409.44		
(iii) Special Grant for Books		14,999.17		
(iv) Revision of Salary Scale of Library Staff		240.00		
Planning Commission, Government of India, for Study in Exploitation of Forests		9,849.03		
Total carried forward			27,25,319.50	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF
Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			32,22,419.72	

Note : No account has been received from Asia Publishing House since 31st December 1969 for the stock of publications with them and sales made by them. The stock of publications as on 31st December 1969 with them is included in the stock of publications shown in the Balance-Sheet. No credit has been taken in the accounts for the sales (if any) effected by them after the said date.

Note : The expenditure incurred through the Institute of International Education, New York, out of the Dollar grant received before 6th June 1966 and the UNESCO Book Coupons in Dollars acquired before 6th June 1966 have been converted into rupees at the pre-devaluation rate of exchange.

Total	32,22,419.72
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Examined and Found correct
Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar
Offg. Director,
Gokhale Institute of
Politics and Economics,
Poona 4.

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

at 31st March 1971

ASSETS	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			27,25,319.50	
Government of Maharashtra for				
Research Project in Higher Education	18,247.85			
University of Poona for Tuition Fees and Library Grant	12,000.00			
Others	*74,400.67		2,33,279.65	
(*Includes amount considered doubtful Rs. 18,555.20)				
Cash And Bank Balances				
Postage Stamps in Hand	354.95			
Cheques on Hand	2,37,920.75		2,38,275.70	
In Current Account with Banks				
With United Commercial Bank, Poona 30	2,737.08			
With Central Bank of India, Poona 4	6,241.41			
With Bank of Maharashtra, Poona 4	16,566.38		25,544.87	
			<u>32,22,419.72</u>	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF
Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs. P.	Rs.. P.
General Section		
Research-Salaries & Allowances and Investigational Expenses		14,937.93
Library — Schedule ' A '		47,486.01
Publication Section		24,081.52
Establishment Expenses — Schedule ' B '		55,127.29
Contribution to Employees' Provident Fund	47,244.00	
Less : Charged to Research Works etc.	44,258.58	2,985.42
Depreciation on Buildings & Furniture		21,817.00
Grants Receivable not sanctioned and hence written off		6,396.62
Tabulating Section		
Schedule ' C '	2,00,255.99	
Less : Charged to various projects	1,33,928.47	66,327.52
Demography Section		
Schedule ' D '		1,24,164.36
Planning and Development Section		
Schedule ' E '		92,822.30
Forestry Economics Section		
Schedule ' F '		55,408.89
Sir Dorabjee Tata Section in Agricultural Economics		
Agro-Economic Research Unit — Schedule ' G '		2,91,863.27
U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Economics		
Recurring Expenditure — Schedule ' H '		2,29,585.25
Non-Recurring Expenditure Books and Journals		6,992.45
Government of Maharashtra :		
Four Research Sections		
Schedule ' I '		
(i) Development Planning	42,105.34	
(ii) Applied Statistics	54,546.26	
(iii) Urban Economics	18,439.24	
(iv) Rural Sociology	33,403.97	
Expenditure on Office Establishment	16,507.36	1,65,002.17
Total Carried Forward		12,04,998.00

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4*for the year ended 31st March, 1971*

INCOME	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Grants : Receipts and Appropriations				
From the Government of Maharashtra :				
(i) Grant-in-aid	15,000.00			
(ii) Grant for Publication	12,400.00			
From the University of Poona for purchase of books	2,000.00			
From the University Grants Commission (through the University of Poona) : Special Grant for Books	14,999.17			
From the Cabinet Secretariat, Govern- ment of India, towards secretarial assistance to the Chairman, National Sample Survey Organization	8,091.84		52,491.01	
Grant for Research Work				
From the Planning Commission, Government of India :				
(i) For Research in Planning and Development	1,10,590.32			
(ii) For a study in Exploitation of Forests	9,936.42			
From the Ministry of Health, Govern- ment of India : For Demography Section	1,14,186.26			
From the Population Council, New York, towards Publication	9,978.10			
From the Ministry of Food and Agri- culture, Government of India, for Agro-Economic Research Unit	2,91,863.27			
From the University Grants Commission (through the University of Poona) for :				
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in Economics	2,36,577.70			
(ii) Forestry Economics Section	27,704.45			
(iii) Course in Mathematics for Economics	7,798.54			
From the Government of Maharashtra for :				
(i) Four Research Sections	1,65,002.17			
(ii) III Plan Section	39,696.87			
(iii) Research Project in Higher Education	23,129.85			
From Others	13,957.15		10,50,421.10	
Total Carried Forward			11,02,912.11	

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4*for the year ended 31st March, 1971*

INCOME	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			11,02,912.11	
Receipts				
For Tabulation and Statistical Services	20,194.03			
For Overhead Charges	2,535.39			
Contribution from the University of Poona	11,228.08			
Sale of Publications	11,201.40			
Miscellaneous and Other Receipts	9,098.75			
From R. B. R. R. Kale Trust	22,510.00		76,767.65	
Interest Received				
On Fixed Deposits	330.90			
Less : Transferred to Reserve for Gratuity	151.49	179.41		
On Employees' Advances		1,584.78	1,764.19	
Staff Quarters and Hostel Account :				
Rent and Other Receipts		48,460.12		
Less : Maintenance	24,891.33			
Provision for depreciation	17,564.00	42,455.33		
		6,004.79		
Transferred to Reserve for Staff Quarters and Hostel Repairs etc.		6,004.79		
Amount withdrawn from the Reserve for Replacement of Tabulating Machines			45,779.52	
Contribution towards deficit for the year From the Rockefeller Foundation Stabilization Grant			65,934.35	
		Total	12,93,157.82	

Examined and found correct.

Sd/- M. P. Chitale and Co.

Chartered Accountants

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar
 Offg. Director,
 Gokhale Institute of
 Politics and Economics,
 Poona 4.

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

*Schedule forming part of Income and Expenditure
Account for the year ending 31st March 1971*

SCHEDULE ' A '

Library	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Books and Periodicals			6,090.81	
Establishment			36,327.38	
Bookbinding charges			2,370.50	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			2,697.32	
			<hr/>	
			47,486.01	
			<hr/>	

SCHEDULE ' B '

Establishment Expenses			21,308.84	
Salaries of Office Staff			4,795.26	
Postage and Telephones			1,648.86	
Printing and Stationery			2,846.45	
Travelling and Conveyance			5,061.69	
Building and Garden Repairs and Maintenance			4,346.69	
Rent, Taxes and Insurance			1,199.24	
Electricity Charges			2,898.03	
Miscellaneous Expenses				
Audit Fees	2,000.00			
Less : Charged to Research Works	<u>500.00</u>		1,500.00	
Interest on Bank Overdraft			815.00	
Contribution to Public Trust				
Administration Fund			2,241.85	
Legal Expenses			6,465.38	
			<hr/>	
			55,127.29	
			<hr/>	

SCHEDULE ' C '

Tabulating Section				
Salaries and Allowances including piecework payments			1,20,045.08	
Printing, Stationery and Miscellaneous			4,218.80	
Machinery Maintenance			16,212.59	
Depreciation on Tabulating Machines			800.00	
Tabulating Equipment			45,779.52	
Computer Maintenance			10,000.00	
Provision for Special Reserve for Statistical Laboratory			3,200.00	
			<hr/>	
			2,00,255.99	
			<hr/>	

SCHEDULE ' D '

	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Demography Section				
Salaries and Allowances :				
Reader	6,625.00			
Lecturer	9,582.30			
Research Assistants	20,284.20			
Investigators	9,720.90			
Office Establishment	17,970.13			
Library Assistants	5,356.50		69,539.03	
			<hr/>	
Provident Fund Contribution			3,794.20	
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			16,112.59	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			5,321.17	
Investigational Expenses			1,650.09	
Books and Periodicals			7,501.62	
Publications			20,245.66	
			<hr/>	
			1,24,164.36	
			<hr/>	

SCHEDULE ' E '

Planning and Development Section				
Salaries and Allowances :				
Lecturers	24,342.90			
Research Assistants	7,311.30			
Senior Fellowships	10,353.77			
Office Establishment	12,098.12		54,106.09	
			<hr/>	
Provident Fund Contribution			2,418.12	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			6,698.47	
Investigational Expenses			4,560.05	
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			15,217.28	
Books and Periodicals			9,822.29	
			<hr/>	
			92,822.30	
			<hr/>	

SCHEDULE ' F '

Forestry Economics Section				
Salaries and Allowances :				
Staff on Deputation	11,611.77			
Lecturers	6,472.80			
Technical Staff	11,733.96			
Junior Research Fellowships	4,800.00		34,618.53	
			<hr/>	
Provident Fund Contribution			869.35	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			353.85	
Investigational Expenses			1,559.10	
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			18,008.06	
			<hr/>	
			55,408.89	
			<hr/>	

SCHEDULE ' G '

Agro-Economic Research Unit

Non-Plan Expenditure

Salaries and Allowances :

	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Professor	2,246.	25		
Readers	15,424.	50		
Lecturers	68,957.	61		
Research Assistants	36,974.	01		
Field Inspectors	6,948.	30		
Field Investigators	14,657.	14		
Office Establishment	39,367.	50		
Library Establishment	18,305.	87	2,02,881.	18

Provident Fund Contribution			12,436.	62
Investigational Expenses			12,713.	60
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			49,824.	48
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			8,231.	65
Books and Periodicals			5,005.	52
Publications			770.	22
			<u>2,91,863.</u>	<u>27</u>

SCHEDULE ' H '

U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Economics

Expenditure from recurring grant

Salaries and Allowances :

Professor	44,619.	81		
Readers	35,721.	42		
Lecturers	22,107.	27		
Research Fellowships	33,731.	37		
Visiting Professors	13,479.	84		
M. A. and Ph. D. Scholarships	17,866.	87	1,67,526.	58

Technical Staff			17,239.	20
Books and Journals			10,141.	83
Travel			5,495.	85
Other Expenditure			29,181.	79
			<u>2,29,585.</u>	<u>25</u>

SCHEDULE ' I '

Government of Maharashtra : Four Research Sections

1. Development Planning

Salaries and Allowances :

Reader	9,629.	10		
Research Assistants	9,312.	60	18,941.	70

Provident Fund Contribution			1,300.	00
Books and Periodicals			1,498.	91
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			5,069.	34
Contingencies			1,167.	45
Publications			14,127.	94
			<u>42,105.</u>	<u>3</u>

	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
2. Applied Statistics		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Professor	13,535.33	
Lecturers	21,175.00	
Research Assistants	9,622.33	44,332.66
Provident Fund Contribution		2,891.47
Books and Periodicals		1,506.17
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		4,320.60
Contingencies		1,495.36
		<u>54,546.26</u>
3. Urban Economics		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Lecturers	6,860.27	
Research Assistants	2,536.00	9,396.27
Provident Fund Contribution		832.00
Books and Periodicals		1,498.71
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		5,333.51
Contingencies		1,378.75
		<u>18,439.24</u>
4. Rural Sociology		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Reader	6,375.00	
Lecturer	7,540.50	
Research Assistants	10,425.61	24,341.11
Provident Fund Contribution		1,524.00
Books and Periodicals		1,500.92
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		5,081.80
Contingencies		956.14
		<u>33,403.97</u>
Expenditure on Office Establishment		
Salaries and Allowances		15,537.76
Provident Fund Contribution		969.60
		<u>16,507.36</u>

SCHEDULE ' J '

Government of Maharashtra : III Plan Section		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Professor	9,150.00	
Lecturers	22,461.87	
Research Assistants	5,445.00	37,056.87
Provident Fund Contribution		2,640.00
		<u>39,696.87</u>

SCHEDULE ' K '

Rs. P.

Research Project in Higher Education	
Investigators	12,000.00
Travel	212.40
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services	10,096.53
Provident Fund Contribution	780.00
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies	40.92
	<hr/>
	23,129.85
	<hr/>

Signatures to the Schedule ' A ' to ' K '

Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar
Offg. Director,
Gokhale Institute of
Politics and Economics,
Poona 4.

**Financial Statements of
The Servants of India Society**

SERVANTS OF

Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
To Expenses in respect of Properties :				
Rates and Taxes and Cesses	11,318.	19		
Repairs and maintenance	21,165.	19		
Property Insurance		415.		70
Garden Expenses	7,241.	95		
Lease Rent		322.	40,463.	67
Establishment Expenses :				
Members' Expenses	27,309.	15		
Staff Expenses	47,417.	18		
Gratuity		5,605.		20
Gratia	19,301.	33	99,628.	86
.. Legal Expenses				270.00
.. Audit Fees				1,825.00
.. Contribution and Fees				12,000.00
.. Bad Debts written off				—
.. Miscellaneous Expenses (As per List F)			48,559.	61
.. Depreciation :				
On Dead Stock		2,349.00		
On Buildings		30,000.00	32,249.	00
.. Copyright written off				1.00
.. Amounts transferred to Reserve or Specific Funds (As per list C)				13,094.00
.. Expenditure on objects of the Trust :				
(a) Rural Uplift work (Welfare work, Education, Distress Relief, Medical)			2,25,907.	03
(b) Library :				
S. I. S. Poona Library	18,227.	11		
Gokhale Memorial Library Nagpur	3,243.	77	21,470.	88
(c) Gokhale Day			833.	19
			Total	4,96,402.24

INDIA SOCIETY

for the year ending 31st March, 1971.

INCOME	Rs. Ps.	Rs. Ps.
By Rent Realised		31,875.25
„ Interest Realised :		
(a) On Securities	19,279.49	
(b) On Bank Accounts	367.61	
(c) On Loans :		
(i) A. B. Press Capital	60,580.80	
(ii) B. V. Press Capital	15,912.45	
	76,493.25	96,140.35
„ Dividends		92.50
„ Donations (In cash or in kind)		
From Members	11,348.50	
From Others	1,91,465.93	2,02,814.43
„ Press Profits :		
A. B. Press	1,34,268.45	
B. V. Press	66,432.18	2,00,700.63
Less : Deficit of :		
Hitavada Press, Bhopal	25,249.83	
Nagpur	64,163.25	89,413.08
	89,413.08	1,11,287.55
„ Income from other sources :		
Profit on sale of securities	2.32	
Miscellaneous Receipts	13,811.49	13,813.81
„ Transfer from Reserve (List G)		9,675.00
„ Deficit carried over to Trust Fund and Corpus		30,703.35
	Total	4,96,402.24

As per our separate report of even date.

A. H. JOSHI & CO.

Chartered Accountants

17th November 1971

SERVANTS OF
Balance Sheet as at

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Trust Funds and Corpus				
The Society's General Fund :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	24,35,275.	20		
<i>Add</i> : Additions during the year		130.96		
		<u>24,35,406.16</u>		
<i>Less</i> : Deficit from Income and Expenditure account		<u>30,703.35</u>	24,04,702.	81
Earmarked Funds :				
Trust Funds (As per List A)	3,56,009.	03		
Funds set aside out of Income or Resources by the society (As per List B)	<u>8,25,407.37</u>		11,81,416.	40
Loans :				
Overdraft and Cash Credit accounts at Nagpur (Overdraft secured against Deposit of 3% G. P. Notes of the face value of Rs. 1,00,000/- for Hitavada Press at Nagpur and Bhopal.			3,18,859.	69
Liabilities :				
(a) Papers and Presses Liabilities	12,58,374.	51		
(b) Advance payable				
1. Expenses	15,917.	59		
2. Advances	71,225.	90		
3. Deposits	24,267.	00		
4. Others	<u>87,454.29</u>		<u>1,98,864.78</u>	<u>14,57,239.29</u>
			Total	53,62,218.19

INDIA SOCIETY

31st March, 1971

PROPERTY AND ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Buildings and Site (As per List C)				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	13,51,969.32		13,51,969.32	
Additions during the year		Nil		
Investments (At Cost) :				
In Government Securities (As per List D)	4,68,402.44			
In Shares and Debentures (As per List E)	10,963.25		4,79,365.69	
Papers and Presses Assets :				
Machinery, Furniture and Dead Stock	9,77,405.44			
Stores, Stock and Incomplete Works	3,82,912.57			
Book Debts	14,03,101.45			
Advances and Deposits	81,582.51			
Investments	5,050.00			
Vehicles	21,100.65		28,71,152.62	
Furniture and Fixture :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	46,984.00			
Add : Additions during the year	1,029.15			
	48,013.15			
Less : Depreciation	2,349.00		45,664.15	
Stocks :				
Food Grains	2,902.00			
Live Stock	460.00		3,362.00	
Advances and Deposits :				
(a) To Members	19,757.60			
To Employees	760.00			
To Others	1,85,765.63			
(b) To Deposits	8,004.30		2,14,287.53	
Income Outstanding :				
Rent	2,767.75			
Interest	6,570.40		9,338.15	
Cash and Bank Balances :				
(a) In Current accounts, savings account, deposits account with Banks, centres Branches and Presses.	3,75,024.60			
(b) With Managers and secretaries at Branches, centres and Presses.	12,054.13		3,87,078.73	
Total			53,62,218.19	

As per our separate report of even date.

A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants.

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

*Statement of earmarked funds passed on to the society as
Trust Funds as on 31st March, 1971.*

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs.	Ps.
1. Gokhale Memorial Trust Fund : Received in Securities from the Memorial Committee formed in Bombay the face value of the Securities being Rs. 1,33,000/- the benefit of which is to be spent for the general purposes of the Society. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet.		1,33,000.00
2. Gokhale Memorial Library Trust Fund : Received from the Ex-Trustees at Nagpur for managing the Public Library situated there on a leasehold plot of land. The building then valued was of Rs. 6,075/- Securities and Cash balances handed over to the Society were of Rs. 5,843.86. The whole of the fund has been spent over the G. M. Building. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet.		11,918.86
3. Rao Bahadur D. Laxminarayan Trust Fund : Received from the Executors of the will of the late Shri. D. Laxminarayan for maintaining a branch at Nagpur in that area (former province of Madhya Pradesh) with three members there. The amount was received in cash. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet.		1,00,000.00
4. South Indian Flood Relief Fund : Received as per the order of the High Court out of the residuary balance of the above Fund in form of Securities worth Rs. 21,415.47 and Cash balance of Rs. 10.92. The benefit of the Fund is to be utilised in the specified area affected by the floods in Madras Presidency. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet	23,753.87	
<i>Add : Interest during the year</i>	651.00	
	24,404.87	
<i>Less : Relief given during the year.</i>	2,200.00	
	22,204.87	
Total C/F.		2,67,123.75*

LIST A (Contd.)

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

Statement of earmarked funds passed on to the Society as Trust
Funds as on 31st March 1971.

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
5. Late Mr. Nayanar Memorial Trust Fund : This fund was raised by the friends of Mr. Naynor, a deceased member of the society to celebrate his memory by giving suitable scholarships, educational aid to Harijan Students in the Madras Presidency. Balance as per Last B/S. 11,944.12 Add : Interest during the year 478.00 <u>12,422.12</u> Less : Paid for Scholarships 300.00			12,122.12	
6. Hiralal Atmaram Patel Trust Fund : Received from the Executor as per Conditions in the Deed for relief work in Gujraath and Kothiwari. Balance as per Last B/S. 37,059.29 Add : Interest during the year 1,482.00			38,541.29	
7. Lady Laxmibai Distress Relief Fund : Received from the Executors of the will of the late Lady Laxmibai W/o. Sir Jagmohandas Veerjeevandas, Bombay for distress relief in India. Balance as per Last B/S. 34,497.75 Add : Interest during the year 1,380.00 <u>35,877.75</u> Less : Relief during the year 2,500.00			33,377.75	
8. Gokhale Day Celebration Fund : Balance as per last B/S.			2,000	00
9. Dr. P. Narsinha Raju Distress Relief Trust Fund : Received in form of debentures and shares from Dr. P. Narsinha Raju, the total face value being Rs. 2,640/- the benefit of which is to be spent mainly for Distress Relief. Balance as per Last B/S. 3,285.93 Add : Dividend during the year 158.21 <u>3,444.14</u> Less : Relief granted 600.00			2,844.14	
	Total	..	<u>3,56,009.03</u>	

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

*Statement of Funds and other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its Income or Resources as on 31st March, 1971.*

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1. Aryabhushan Press :				
(i) Reserve Fund :				
Balance as per last B/Sheet				—
(ii) Building Reserve Fund :				
Balance as per last B/S.	1,67,584.12			
Add : Additions during the year	4,200.02			
Add : Interest during the year	6,703.00	1,78,487.12		
Rehabilitation Reserve :				
Balance as per last B/S.		82,947.69		
(iv) Machinery Depreciation Fund		—		2,61,434.81
2. Bombay Vaibhav Press :				
(i) Reserve Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.		84,094.11		
Add : Additions during the year		3,294.00		87,388.11
(ii) Retrenchment Reserve :				
Bal. as per last B/S.		36,000.00		
(iii) Rehabilitation Reserve		5,000.00		1,28,388.11
3. Hitavada :				
(i) Reserve Fund :				
Balance as per last B/S		68,225.00		
(ii) Retrenchment Compensation Reserve :				
Balance as per last B/S.		30,532.44		
(iii) Building Reserve Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.	7,248.45			
Add : Interest during the year	290.00	7,538.45		
(iv) Hitavada Rehabilitation Reserve :				
Balance as per last B/S.		65,000.00		
(v) Hitavada Gratuity Provision A/c. Bal. as per last B/S.		22,927.00		
(vi) Building Depreciation Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.	10,435.00			
Add : Interest during the year	417.00	10,852.00		2,05,074.89
			Total C/F.	5,94,897.81

LIST B (Contd.)

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

Statements of Funds and other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its Income or Resources as on 31st March, 1971.

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
4. Servindia Relief Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.	25,032.	13		
Add : Int. during the year		1,001.00		
		<u>26,033.13</u>		
Less : Relief granted during the year		5,800.00		
				<u>20,233.13</u>
5. Investment Fluctuation :				
Reserve Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.			1,00,000.	00
6. Workmens' Welfare Fund :				
The fund is intended for giving relief to the workers in A. B. Press.				
Bal. as per last B/S.	10,101.	24		
Add : Interest during the year		404.00		
		<u>10,505.24</u>		
Less : Relief granted during the year		257.00		
				<u>10,230.24</u>
7. Servindia Welfare Fund :				
The fund has been built up by the Society for the general benefit of its employees.				
Bal. as per last B/S.	7,201.	19		
Add : Interest during the year		288.00		
		<u>7,489.19</u>		
Less : Relief granted during the year		200.00		
				<u>7,289.19</u>
8. Insurance Fund :				
Fund is built up of matured life policies of members. The amounts are payable on death. (Vide by Law No. 5)				
Bal. as per last B/S.			17,757.	00
9. Depreciation fund :				
Provision up to the last year	45,000.	00		
Add : Provision for the Current Year		30,000.00		
		<u>75,000.00</u>		
				<u>8,25,407.37</u>
	Total Rs.			

Poona.
17th Nov. 1971

A: H. JOSHI & CO-
Chartered Accountants

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March, 1971.

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	INCOME	Rs.	Ps.
To Expenditure in respect of Properties :			By Rent		—
„ Establishment Expenses :			„ Interest :		
Bank Charges	57.50		On Securities	18,996.50	
Interest & Commission paid at the time of purchasing securities	498.00		On debentures	3,601.24	22,597.74
Postage	—	555.50	„ Dividends		1,350.00
„ Remuneration to Trustee		—	„ Donations in cash or kind		
„ Legal Expenses	—		Grants for research Work		56,000.00
„ Audit Fees	—		„ Grants		—
„ Contribution and Fees	—		„ Income from other sources		
„ Amounts written off	—		1. Overhead charges received from Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics	6,263.19	
„ Miscellaneous Expenses	—		2. Profit on sale of Securities	312.50	
„ Depreciation	—		3. Income Tax Refund	88.00	6,663.69
„ Amounts transferred to Reserve or specific fund			„ Transfer from Reserve		—
Investment Reserve Fund	50,664.90		„ Deficit carried over to Balance Sheet		9,894.21
„ Expenditure on objects of the Trust :					
Grants to Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics.		45,285.24			
Total Rupees		96,505.64	Total Rupees		96,505.64

64

As per our separate report of even date.

A. H. JOSHI & CO.

Chartered Accountants.

Poona 15th October 1971.

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1971

5-2

LIABILITIES		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.	ASSETS		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
I. Trust Funds or Corpus						I. Investments (At Cost)					
Balance as per last B/Sheet		5,46,392.92				(As per Separate Schedule enclosed)				6,03,098.91	
<i>Less</i> : Deficit carried over from Income and Expenditure A/c		9,894.21	5,36,498.71			II. Advances					
		<u> </u>				Amounts due from Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics				2,535.39	
II. Other Earmarked Furals Investment Reserve Fund						III. Income Outstanding					
Balance as per last B/Sheet		1,790.26				Interest on securities				6,181.25	₹
<i>Add</i> : Additions during the year		50,664.90	52,455.16								
		<u> </u>									
III. Liabilities											
Amount due to Servants of India Society Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics		351.68									
		22,510.00	22,861.68								
		<u> </u>									
		Total Rupees	6,11,815.55							Total Rupees	6,11,815.55

The above Balance Sheet to the best of our knowledge and belief contains a true account of Liabilities & Assets of the Trust.

Poona
15th Oct. 1971

As per our separate report of even date.
A. H JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Investments as on 31st March, 1971.

	Face Value	Book Value	Rate	Market Value	Interest and Dividend recd.	Outstanding Int. & Divid.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3% G. P. Notes 1896-97	10,000	8,025.00	59.50	5,950.00	300.00		
3% G. P. Notes 1970-75	—	—	—	—	75.00		Matured
3% Conversion Loan 1946	33,000	33,237.50	60.00	19,800.00	999.00		Transferred from S.F.S.
	68,700	68,700.00	60.00	41,220.00	—		
3½% Bombay Municipal Loan 1977	65,000	62,687.50	82.25	53,462.50	2,112.50		
4% Bombay S. D. Loan 1970	—	—	—	—	1,000.00		Matured
4% Bombay S. D. Loan 1971	35,000	35,367.50	99.10	34,685.00	1,400.00		
4% Bombay S. D. Loan 1971	40,000	37,400.00	99.10	39,640.00	1,600.00		
4½% Bombay S. D. Loan 1970	—	—	—	—	807.50		Matured
4½% Govt of India Loan 1986	50,000	47,675.00	92.50	46,250.00	2,250.00		
5½% M. P. Rajya Sahakari Bhoos Vikas Bank	2,000	1,901.41	—	2,000.00	115.00		
5½% Maharashtra S. D. Loan 1979	75,000	73,800.00	100.40	75,300.00	2,156.25	2,156.25	
5½% Maharashtra S. D. Loan 1979	50,000	51,025.00	100.40	50,200.00	—	2,875.00	
Total C/F	4,28,700	3,19,818.50	—	3,68,507.50	12,815.25	5,031.25	

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Brought forward		4,28,700	3,19,818.50	—	3,68,507.50	12,815.25	5,031.25	
Debentures :								
3½% Bombay Municipal Deb. 1977		2,500	2,400.00	82.25	2,056.25	81.24		
4% Satara Inamdar Mandal		5,000	5,000.00	—	5,000.00	200.00		
4½% Andhra Co-op. C. L. M. B. Deb. 1975		14,000 28,000	13,930.00 28,000.00	95.00 93.75	13,300.00 26,250.00	595.00 1,260.00		
4½% Mysore L. M. C. Co-op. Bank Deb. 1975		7,000	7,000.00	100.00	7,000.00	315.00		
5½% M. P. Co-op. L. M. B. Deb. 1976-81		40,000	39,200.00	—	40,000.00	1,150.00	1,150.00	
6% Bombay Municipal Deb. 1982		75,000	75,000.00	99.50	74,625.00	—		
Shares :								
Kirloskar Brothers 540 Equity Shares		13,500	12,750.00	51.50	13,905.00	1,350.00		
Total Rupees		6,13,700	6,03,098.91		5,50,643.75	17,766.49	6,181.25	

67

Examined and found correct.

Poona
15th Oct. 1971

A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.
(HEADQUARTERS)

Donations received during the year 1970-71

Sr. No.	Name of the Donor	Amount Rs. Ps.
1.	Shri D. R. Ugrankar	16,000·00
2.	Sir Dorabjee Tata Trust	10,000·00
3.	Arvind Mafatlal Groups	5,000·00
4.	The Late R. B. R. R. Kale Dharmadaya Trust	100·00
5.	The Late Justice M. G. Ranade Charities.	100·00
6.	Mr. Fritz Eger (Neunberg-Germany)	95·54
7.	Sums below Rs. 25/-	5·00
		31,300·54
Gokhale Children's Home, Narsannapeta		
8.	Gokhale Seva Samaja, Narsannapeta	2,865·50
9.	Sri T. Sasibhushan Gupta	150·00
10.	Sri K. Rama Rao and K. Rajulu	56·00
11.	Asst. Engineer, Roads & Buildings	40·00
12.	Taluka Office Staff, Narasannapeta	29·00
13.	Sri Varanasi China Satya Narayan, Avilingi	25·00
	Total Rs.	3,165·50
Servants of India Society, Bombay Branch		
14.	Royal Western India Turf Club Ltd. Charities Fund	50,000·00
15.	Government of Maharashtra	20,000·00
16.	N. M. Wadia Charities	10,000·00
17.	Southern India Transport Service	5,000·00
18.	The Great Eastern Shipping Company Limited	5,000·00
19.	New India Assurance Company Limited	2,500·00
20.	Bank of Baroda	2,500·00
21.	Electro Metallurgical Works Limited	2,000·00
22.	Ratan J. Tata Charities Trust	2,000·00
23.	Mahalakshmi Temple Charities	2,000·00
24.	Dr. M. R. Divekar	1,000·00

<i>Sr. No.</i>	<i>Name of the Donor</i>	<i>Amount Rs. Ps.</i>
25.	Smt. Shakuntala Paranjape	1,000-00
26.	Shri C. H. Bhabha	1,000-00
27.	Hindustan Lever Limited	1,000-00
28.	Dr. S. N. Mangeshikar	1,000-00
29.	Lady Hirabai C. Jehangir Charitable Trust	1,000-00
30.	Simon Silvester Miranda Charitable Trust	251-00
31.	Killick Industries Limited.	200-00
32.	Sympathiser.	120-00
33.	Shri M. S. Vaze	51-00
34.	Shri G. A. Kamtekar	25-00
35.	Shri. J. M. Shapoorji	21-00
Total Rs.		1,07,668-00

These donations of Rs. 107668 have been passed on to the Kanara Welfare Trust towards help for schools and rural welfare work conducted by the Kanara Welfare Trust.

Servants of India Society, Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Rayagada

36.	Shri Ch. Seetharam Swamy	125-00
37.	Shri P. K. Naidu	100-00
38.	Thakkar Bapa Ashram, U. P. School	83-00
39.	Shri M. Kameya	50-00
40.	Shri N. Deviprasad	50-00
41.	Sums below Rs 25/-	835-50
Total Rs.		1,243-50

Servants of India Society, Orissa Centre

42.	Sir Ratan Tata Trust, Bombay, (Earmarked for Welfare work)	3,000-00
43.	Sri Khatau Sundardas, Ranihat, Cuttack	100-00
44.	Sri K K Rathor Charitable Trust, Cuttack	100-00
45.	Sri Joharimal Gajananda, Nayasadak, Cuttack	100-00
46.	Sri B P Modi, Nayasadak, Cuttack	100-00
47.	The Rani Saheba of Darpani, Cuttack	100-00
Total Rs.		3,500-00

Sr. No.	Name of the Donor	Amount	
		Rs.	Ps.

Servants of India Society, Madras Branch

48.	Sir Dorabji Tata Trust, Bombay	1,000	00
49.	Binny Limited, Madras-1, for value of clothes	434	90
50.	Arya Matha Sabha	300	00
51.	Sri T. Ramachandra Rao, Madras	50	00
Total		Rs. 1,784	90

S. I. S. Madras Branch, Calicut Centre and Devedhar Schools

I. Donations Received by Headmaster Sastriar

U. P. School Chalode, from

52.	Sri Ramchandra Nair	2,000	00
53.	Sri K. Sreethara Nair	1,000	00

Total Rs. 3,000·00

II. Donations received by Headmaster Devadhar

L. P. School, Pulliyol

54.	Sri P. Kunnikavan Nair, B. A. B. T.	250	00
55.	Sri P. Krishnan Kutty, Planter	250	00
56.	Sri P. Kumaran Nair, Timber Merchant	250	00
57.	Sri T. Karunakkaran Nair, Planter	250	00
58.	K. Kunhi Mohamed, Karulai	150	00
59.	Sri Chathu Nair	101	00
60.	Sri P. Alvai	101	00
61.	Sri P. Mathai	100	00
62.	Sri C. Abdurahiman	100	00
63.	Sri P. Kunhi Mohamed Kutty, Pullial	100	00
64.	Sri T. Veeran	100	00
65.	Sri Kesavan C. K.	100	00
66.	Sri Duriyan K. V.	100	00
67.	Sri P. Bhaskaran Nair	100	00

Sr. No.	Name of the Donor	Amount	
		Rs.	Ps.
68.	Sri K. Sankaren Nair	100	00
69.	Sri Hassan Gani Rowthar, Karulai	100	00
70.	Sri P. Kunhi Mohamed	100	00
71.	Sri J. Velayudhan	100	00
72.	Sri M. Bhaskaren Nair	100	00
73.	Sri Veluswami, Karulicode	100	00
74.	Sri V. Mohamed, Pulliyal	100	00
75.	Sri A. Parameswaran Nair	100	00
76.	Sri P. Raman	100	00
77.	Sri P. Narayanan, Karulai	100	00
78.	Sri P. Thappu Panikkar	100	00
79.	Sri K. Aboobeekaer, Pulliyal	100	00
80.	Sri V. Kunhi Moideen, Pulliyal	100	00
81.	Sri K. Veeran	100	00
82.	Sri K. Viswanathan Nair, Pulliyal	50	00
83.	Sri Varjese, K. V. Pullancherry	50	00
84.	Sri Chacho O. V.	50	00
85.	Sri Joseph, C. Karulai	50	00
86.	Sri T. Apputty, Pulliyal	50	00
87.	Sri T. K. Baby	50	00
88.	Sri P. Varkay	50	00
89.	Sri C. J. Abraham	50	00
90.	Sri Sri K. Kunhi Mohamed	50	00
91.	Sri Sri A. Beeran	50	00
92.	Sri K. Snakaran Variyar, Karlicod	50	00
93.	Sri P. Karuppan	50	00
94.	Sri S. K. Kutty Ali, Pullial	50	00
95.	Sri P. Velayudhan Vaidar	50	00
96.	Sri P. K. Radha Krishnan Nair	50	00
97.	Sri A. Narayan Nair	50	00
98.	Sri A. Kutty Krishnan Nair	50	00
99.	Sri A. Givindan Nair	50	00
100.	Sri K. V. Velu Pillai, Planter	50	00
101.	Sri A. Sankaran Nair	50	00
102.	Sri Maniappa V. Pulliayl	50	00
103.	Sri V. K. Ibrahim Hiji, Pulliyal	50	00

<i>Sr. No.</i>	<i>Nome of the Donor</i>	<i>Amount Rs. Ps.</i>
104.	Sri K. Madhavan Embranshire, Karlicod	50·00
105.	Sri K. Sreedharan	50·00
106.	Sri P. Kuriyan	50·00
107.	Sri A. P. Thankamma	50·00
108.	Sri E. Narayanan	50·00
109.	Sri N. Suliman	50·00
110.	Sri V. Abdulla	50·00
111.	Sri N. Hemalatha Amma	50·00
112.	Sri E. Raghavan Nair, Karlicod	50·00
113.	Sri E. Kesavan Nair, Karlicod	50·00
114.	Sri V. Varkay	50·00
115.	Sri K. Kunjaimma Thomas	50·00
116.	Sri T. Krishnan Nambisan	50·00
117.	T. K. Aboobecker, Timber Merchant	50·00
118.	Sri M. Moideankutty, Pulliyal	75·00
119.	Donations received from 99 others of less than Rs. 50	2,295·00
Total Rs.		7,622·00

III Donations received locally throught the
Headmaster, Devadhar U. P. School,
Nediyirup 200·00

**Servants of India Society U. P. Branch, Allahabad
(Aboriginal Welfare Work Mirzapur, Allahabad and
Nainital)**

120.	Sugar Factory Bazpur, Nainital	10,010·00
121.	Bazpur centre	5,167·00
122.	Konhdar centre	3,500·00
123.	J. H. S. Muirpur	3,163·00
124.	Salkhan centre	2,449·81
125.	J. H. School Siltham	2,088·32
126.	Konhdar Dispensary	501·00
127.	Primary School, Lerua	450·00
128.	Banki Dispensary	375·00

<i>Sr.</i>	<i>Name of the Donor</i>	<i>Amount Rs. Ps.</i>
129.	W. W. C. Sarsa	367·00
130.	Primary School Bajj Nath	300·00
131.	Primary School Bhalui	300·00
132.	W. W. C. Meja Road	275·00
133.	W. W. C. Bharatganj	275·00
134.	W. W. C. Muirpur	275·00
135.	W. W. C. Dudhi	275·00
136.	Khantara Dispensary	225·00
137.	Khuria Dispensary	225·00
138.	Primary School Shahapur Khurd	205·31
139.	Primary School, (Girls) Mamoli	156·00
140.	Primary Girls School, Suapankh	150·00
141.	Primary Girls School, Suraicha	150·00
142.	Primary School Sawa Kund	150·00
143.	Primary School Hargarh	150·00
144.	Primary School Bhabhaich	150·00
145.	Primary School Kusumbha	150·00
146.	Primary School Kunda Dih	150·00
147.	Primary School Injari	150·00
148.	Primary School Kirwani	150·00
149.	Primary School Raja Sarai	150·00
150.	Smt. Vidya Devi Kothari	101·00
Total Rs.		32,183·44

Servants of India Society, U. P. Branch, Allahabad

151. Donations below Rs. 25/- = Total Rs. 30·00

CONSTITUTION

OF THE

Servants of India Society

The following Constitution has been adopted for the Society* :

1. The Society shall be called "The Servants of India Society".

2. The objects of the Society are to train national missionaries for the service of India and to promote, by all constitutional means, the interests of the Indian people.

3. The Society will consist of (a) a First Member or President; (b) a Vice-President; (c) Ordinary Members; and (d) Members under Training.

4. The First Member or President will be the head of the Society.

5. Every member, on admission, shall undergo a special training for a period of five years. During the period, he will be known as a 'Member under Training'. When a Member under Training has completed his five years' discipline, he will be styled as an 'Ordinary Member' of the Society.

6. Subject to Rule 12, 12A, and 13, every member of the Society shall be a member for life.

7. The First Member or President, assisted by a Council, shall manage the affairs of the Society in accordance with the Bye-laws framed for the purpose. The Council shall consist of the Vice-President, the Senior Members of the Branches and three Ordinary Members elected annually by the members of the Society, the retiring Members being eligible for re-election.

* हिंदु सेवक संघ has been adopted as its name in the vernaculars.

8. No person will be admitted as a member of the Society unless his admission is recommended by the Council and the recommendation accepted by the First Member or President.

9. Every member at the time of admission shall take the following seven vows :

- (i) The country shall always be the first in my thought and I will give to her service the best that is in me.
- (ii) In serving the country I will seek no personal advantage for myself.
- (iii) I will regard all Indians as brothers and work for the advancement of all without distinction of caste or creed.
- (iv) I will be content with such provision for myself *and my family*, as the Society may be able to make. I will devote no part of my energies to earning money for myself.
- (v) I will lead a pure personal life.
- (vi) I will engage in no personal quarrel with any one.
- (vii) I will always keep in view the aims of the Society and watch over its interests with the utmost zeal, doing all I can to advance its work. I will never do anything which is inconsistent with the objects of the Society.

10. Every Member under Training shall, during the time that he is under training, place himself under the entire guidance and control of the First Member or President, and shall do such work and devote himself to such studies as the First Member or President may direct.

11. An Ordinary Member may be sent by the First Member or President and Council to any part of India on special duty or for general work in connection with the Society. He will be bound to do the work assigned to him under the general direction of the First Member or President and Council and shall obey orders and instructions that may be received from them.

* The italicised words to be omitted if there be no family.

12. The Society may release a member from its vows and permit him to resign his membership on the ground of continued ill-health or for other sufficient cause, on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President.

12A. The Society may, in exceptional circumstances, permit a member to retire after thirty years' approved service or on the attainment of the age of seventy after twenty-five years' approved service, on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. A member so permitted shall cease to be a member of the Society.

13. The Society may remove the name of any member from its roll of members on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

14. (a) The First Member will hold office for life.

(b) It will be the duty of the First Member to recommend in writing to the Council the name of three Ordinary Members out of whom the members of the Society shall elect a successor to him as First Member on a vacancy occurring. If no such recommendation has been received by the Council when the vacancy occurs, the members of the Society may elect any Ordinary Member or in the absence of a suitable Ordinary Member, any member to succeed as First Member.

(c) In case, however, it appears undesirable to elect a First Member, the members may elect one of the members to be President of the Society for a period of three years.

(d) The members of the Society shall elect an Ordinary Member to be vice-President of the Society for three years.

(e) The First Member or President may, notwithstanding any other rule, delegate any of his functions to the Vice-President and, during the absence of the Vice-President from India to any other Ordinary Member.

(f) The Council of the Society shall appoint one of the Ordinary Members to be the Secretary of the Society.

15. When a vacancy occurs in the First Membership or Presidentship of the Society, the Council shall exercise all the powers vested by the Rules in the First Member or President singly or the First Member or President and Council, until such time as a new First Member or President is duly elected ; and any act done by the Council during such time shall be deemed valid, provided that the Council takes steps with all reasonable dispatch to arrange for the election of a new First Member or President under rule 14 (b) or 14 (c), as the case may be.

16. In special circumstances the First Member or President and Council may exempt, for reasons to be recorded in writing, any member of the Society from the operation of any rule save Rule 9.

17. An applicant for membership may be required to pass through a period of probation before admission, and may in that case be enrolled as a Probationer, on such terms and for such period, as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

18. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Probationer from the list of Probationers before the expiry of the period of probation. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

19. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person, who, in their opinion, is capable of being trained to assist members of the Society in their work and who is prepared to devote his life to such work, as a Permanent Assistant of the Society, on such terms as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

20. A Permanent Assistant may, on grounds of special fitness and after a period of approved service of not less than

three years, be admitted as Member under Training by the First Member or President and Council.

21. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Permanent Assistant from the list of Permanent Assistants of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

22. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person, who is in full sympathy with the objects of the Society and is prepared to devote himself to such work as may be assigned to him, for the benefit of the Society, as an Attache of the Society on such terms and under such control as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

23. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Attache from the list of Attaches of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

24. The First Member or President and Council may enrol any person who is in full sympathy with the object of the Society and who is prepared to devote a portion of his time and resources to the furtherance of its work as an Associate of the Society.

25. Probationers, Permanent Assistants, Attaches and Associates will have no voice in the management of the affairs of the Society and no interest in the Society's property or funds.

26. All property of the Society shall belong to the Society in its corporate character, and no member in his individual capacity nor the heirs, executors or assignees of any member shall have any right to any portion of it.

27. (a) The property of the Society, whether immovable or movable, including stocks, funds, shares and other securities and all other property otherwise vested in or transferred to the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be held in the name of the Society or the Governing Body as constituted under Rule 7 and shall remain under the general control, supervision and management of the First Member or President of the Society for the time being and the Council.

(b) All arrangements, deeds, conveyances, contracts, transfers or other instruments relating to the sale, transfer or other transactions or dealings entered into by the Society or to which the Society is a party, whether relating to the property, whether immovable or movable, belonging to the Society or held by the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be made, signed, sealed, delivered or executed by such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint. For the purpose of this rule any authority given by the First Member or President under his signature alone authorising any person or persons to enter into, make, sign, deliver or execute any deed or instrument, contract or transfer and recording the fact that such authority is given with the approval of the Council shall be deemed sufficient and valid authority to such person or persons to execute the several rights, powers and authorities thereby given to him or them. For all payments received by or made to the Society the receipt of the Secretary or such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint shall be valid and complete discharge to the party making such payment.

(c) The Society shall be at liberty to invest the surplus funds in its hands in the securities authorised by the Indian Trusts Act or in the purchase of such landed properties of any tenure as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time determine.

(d) Subject to the conditions in respect of properties (if any) entrusted to the Society and earmarked for specific objects, if and whenever it is found expedient or necessary, the First Member or President and Council shall be at liberty to deal with the properties belonging to the Society, whether movable or immovable, by sale, mortgage, lease, or pledge thereof or otherwise. All deeds, documents, agreements, mortgages, contracts or transfers in respect of the properties so sold, mortgaged, leased, or pledged or otherwise dealt with shall be executed as provided in clause 27 (b) hereof.

28. In all suits brought by or against the Society, the Society shall be represented by the First Member or President or such other person or persons nominated or appointed by the First Member or President for that purpose.

29. The Society shall not be dissolved by the death, secession or removal of any member.

30. The First Member or President may with the concurrence of a majority of the Ordinary Members of the Society, make, alter or rescind any Bye-law or Bye-laws for (1) the management of the affairs of the Society and the conduct of its business ; (2) the custody, disposal and control of the funds of the Society ; (3) the provision to be made for members of the Society and their families, the grant of special allowance to them in special circumstances, and of pensions to members retiring under Rule 12A ; (4) the grant of leave to members of the Society ; (5) the grant of allowances to Permanent Assistants and Attaches of the Society ; (6) the carrying out in other ways of the objects of the Society.

31. The First Member or President and Council shall have powers to take whatever steps that may be deemed necessary in the interest of the Society provided that they are not inconsistent with the objects of the Society or with the provisions or spirit of any of the Rules or Bye-laws at the time in force.

32. No alteration shall be made in this Constitution unless it is recommended by the Council with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society and the recommendation is accepted by the First Member or President.



Bye-Laws



The following Bye-Laws have been made under Rule 30 :

1. The Society shall, as circumstances permit, establish Branches for work in different parts of the country. At the head of each Branch there shall be a Senior Member, whose appointment and removal shall vest in the First Member or President and Council. He will be an *ex-officio* member of the Council. The affairs of each branch shall be managed by a Board consisting of the Senior Member and the Ordinary Members belonging to it.

2. (a) Every Member under Training will be granted an allowance of Rs. 225 a month of the first year, Rs. 230 for the second year of the training and thereafter he will get an increment of Rs. 10 annually in his allowance until he reaches the maximum of Rs. 350 at the end of 14 years of his membership of the Society.

(b) A rent allowance not exceeding Rs. 50 a month or the actual rent paid, if less, will be granted to members, in case there are no quarters available on the premises of the Society.

(c) Permanent Assistants will be paid such allowance as the Council of the Society may determine.

(d) Every Probationer will be given an allowance of Rs. 200 a month during the period of his probation.

(e) Every Member under Training, who may be deputed to work in the City of Bombay, will be paid Rs. 5 as Bombay Allowance until he becomes an Ordinary Member.

(f) In case of serious illness, Members may be paid by the Branches, on the recommendation of the Senior Members, the whole or part of the medical fees and medicine charges.

3. Notwithstanding any provision in Bye-Law No. 2, the First Member or President and Council may, after due inquiry

and for sufficient cause, at a meeting of the Council at which no less than four members are present, reduce by not more than half the allowance for a period not exceeding one year at a time but in no case for more than two consecutive years.

4. (a) A Member under Training is entitled to two months' leave every year, which may be granted by the First Member or President, and if the applicant is attached to a Branch by the Senior Member of the Branch.

(b) Ordinary Members are entitled to a month's leave every year. Senior Members may grant leave for one month and the First Member or President for three months and the First Member or President and Council for longer periods.

(c) Ordinary Members of the Madhya Pradesh and Berar are entitled to one month and ten days' privilege leave if they go on leave on the 1st of May.

(d) All Members are entitled to twenty days' casual leave in a year.

(e) Both casual and privilege leave mentioned above will only be sanctioned if the work of the Society permits.

5. (a) The life of a member enrolled after June 12, 1962, will on admission, be assured by the Society in favour of the First Member or President for the time being for a sum of Rs. 5,000 only, Rs. 5,000 being payable at death. If no Insurance Company accepts the life of any Member for assurance, the First Member or President and the Council may make such other arrangements as they deem fit to secure, in the case of such a Member, the object of this Bye-Law.

(b) On the death of a member whose life has been assured for Rs. 3,000 under Bye-Law No. 5 (a) as it stood on June 1, 1962, the First Member or President shall pay only Rs. 3,000 on the life-policy of the deceased, to such person or persons as the deceased Member may, by will or otherwise in writing have directed. In addition, the president shall pay out of the revenues of the Society an additional sum of Rs. 2,000 as an ad hoc grant to such person or persons.

In the absence of such direction, the First Member or President and Council shall have power to determine whether the amount recovered may be paid to any person or persons belonging to the family of the deceased, and if so, to whom.

In this Bye-Law, the word "Member" includes a Member who has been permitted to retire under rule 12 A.

6. The First Member or President and Council may grant, in special circumstance, a special allowance to a member or a Permanent Assistant suitable to the requirements of his case.

6A. The First Member or President and Council may grant to a Member who is permitted to retire under Rule 12A such pension as they consider suitable to the requirements of his case. In case, however, such a member acts in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Society, the First Member or President and Council may withhold it from him.

7. If a Member's connection with Society is terminated under Rule 12 or Rule 13, he and his family shall forfeit all claim to the benefit secured to him or them under these Bye-Laws.

8. The funds of the Society may be deposited in the Banks approved by the Council, and the accounts shall be in the name of the Society, its Branches, Centres and Business Concerns as the case may be, and be operated upon by such persons and in such manner as the Council may decide from time to time.

9. (a) When the First Member or President and Council resolve to enrol any one as Associate, the fact will be Communicated to the person concerned by the Secretary.

(b) In case, any application for Associationship is rejected the Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons.

(c) A Branch may, where practicable, ascertain the opinion of the Associates assigned to it in respect of any new schemes of work contemplated by it and in respect of any question of policy to be laid down by the Society on occasions when momentous questions are before the country.

(*d*) An associate will so conduct himself as not to compromise the position of the Society, but further its aims and interests.

(*e*) Associates will be kept informed by the Headquarters of the Society about the progress of the work from time to time ; will be invited to attend the anniversary of the foundation day ; will be allowed to use the libraries of the society at the Headquarters and at the branches ; may be invited to attend special session and be allowed to reside, if room be available, at the Headquarters or the branches for purpose of study or work.

(*f*) The President and Council may remove the name of an Associate from the list of Associates maintained at the Headquarters on a recommendation to that effect being received from the Branch to which the Associate is assigned. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.



Members of the Servants of India Society, October 1, 1970.

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>President :</i>		
1 Hirdaynath Kunzru, B.A., B.Sc, LL.D ...	11-7-1909	†S. I. S., I. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2, also, Sapru House, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 1 Phone Nos. Allahabad 2130, New Delhi 40243
<i>Vice-President :</i>		
2 Annakavoor Duraiswamy Subramani (A D. Mani), M.A, M.P. ...	14-6-1935	S I. S., Dhantoli, Nagpur 1. Phone No. 2066
<i>Senior Members :</i>		
3 Dattatray Vasudeo Ambekar	20-12-1914	.. Poona 4. Phone No. 56813 & 56210
4 Dinkar Dattatray Desai, M.A LL.B. ...	12-6-1936	.. Vallabhbai Patel Road, Bombay 4 Phone No. 355014
5 Rama Shankar Misra, B.A.; LL.B. ...	12-6-1937	.. I. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2. Phone No. 2130

†S. I. S. stands for Servants of India Society

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>Ordinary Members :</i>		
§ 6 Shankar Govind Gokhale, M. A.* ..	29-7-1928	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No 56210.
7 Keshav Ganesh Sharangpani, B. A, LL.B. ..	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
§ 8 Singanallur Ramkrishna Venkataraman, B A., B, L. ..	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 86252.
§ 9 mchandra Sadashiv Gupte,	30-6-1933	S. I. S., Rural Centre, P. O. Shendurjana Bazar (Dist. Amravati)
10 Shyam Sunder Misra, M.A.	12 6-1936	.. Cuttack, Orisa. Phone No 522.
11 Raghunath Govind Kakade, M.A., LL. B., PH. D. ..	12-6-1943	.. Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
12 Madhusudan Sahoo, B.A., D. A. M. S. ..	14 4-1963	S. I. S., Cuttack, Orisa. Phone No. 252.
13 Sarwadaman Shankar Ajgaonkar, M. A. ..	16 6-1966	S. I. S., Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4, Phone No 355014.
<i>Attache :</i>		
14 P. S. Prasad Rao. Advocate	15-6-1970	Narsannapet. Shrikakulam Dist. (A. P)

§ Member of Council

* Secretary.

WORK OF THE SOCIETY AT A GLANCE

	<i>Nature of Work</i>	<i>Members engaged in it</i>
Political :	<i>General</i>	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Mani, Shri Ambekar, Shri Gokhale, Shri Venkataraman.
	<i>Legislatures</i>	Shri Mani.
	<i>Journalism</i>	Shri Mani, Shri Desai, Shri Ajgaonkar.
Social :	<i>Education</i>	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Desai, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Ajgaonkar.
	<i>Social Service</i>	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar.
	<i>Aborigines</i>	Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri M. Sahoo.
	<i>Rural Uplift & Local Self-Government</i>	Shri Desai, Shri Venkataraman, Shri Gupte, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
	<i>Distress Relief</i>	Shri R.S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
	<i>Business Concerns</i>	Shri Ambekar (A. B. Press, Poona). Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar (B. V. Press, Bombay).