

THE
Servants of India Society

(Registered under the Societies Registration Act No. XXI of 1860)

**REPORT
FOR 1965-66**

P O O N A

Sunday, 12th June, 1966

Work of the Society at a Glance

Nature of Work	Members engaged in it
Political :	
<i>General</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Ambekar, Shri Mani, Shri Gokhale, Shri Venkataraman.
<i>Legislatures</i>	—Shri Mani.
<i>Journalism</i>	—Shri Mani, Shri Desai.
Social :	
<i>Education</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Desai, Shri Chitalia.
<i>Scouting</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman.
<i>Social Service</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Aborigines</i>	—Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra.
<i>Rural Uplift, & Local Self- Government</i>	} Shri Desai, Shri Venkataraman, Shri Gupte, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Distress Relief</i>	—Shri Ambekar, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Business Concerns</i>	} Shri Ambekar (A. B. Press, Poona). Shri Dinkar Desai (Bombay Vaibhav Press). Shri Mani (Hitavada Press, Nagpur).

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CONTENTS

	<i>Pages</i>
Gokhale's Preamble to the Constitution of the Society	i-ii
Report of the Society	1-20
	<i>Pages</i>
Introduction	1
Organisation	1
Founder's Day Celebration ...	2
General	2
Welfare of Aborigines	5
Rural Welfare and Co-operation	10
Education	12
Social Service	15
Medical Relief	18
Relief of Distress	19
Other Activities	20
Printing Presses	20
Report of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics	21-29
Financial Statements of the Society	30-42
List of Donations to the Society	43-45
Financial Statements of the Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics	46-60
Financial Statements of The Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale Trust Fund	61-63
Constitution and Bye-Laws of the Society	64-74
List of Members of the Society	75-76

The Servants of India Society

PREAMBLE

Extracts from the original Preamble to the Constitution of the Society written by the illustrious Founder, the late Gopal Krishna Gokhale, in 1905.

For some time past the conviction has been forcing itself on many earnest and thoughtful minds that a stage has been reached in the work of nation-building in India when, for further progress, the devoted labours of a specially trained agency applying itself to the task in a true missionary spirit are required. The work that has been accomplished so far has indeed been of the highest value. The growth during the last fifty years of a feeling of common nationality based upon common traditions and ties, common hopes and aspirations, and even common disabilities, has been most striking. The fact that we are Indians first, and Hindus, Mahomedans, Parsees or Christians afterwards, is being realised in a steadily increasing measure, and the idea of a united and renovated India marching onwards to a place among the nations of the world, worthy of her great past, is no longer a mere idle dream of a few imaginative minds, but is the definitely accepted creed of those who form the brain of the community — the educated classes of the country. A creditable beginning has already been made in matters of education and of local self-government; and all classes of the people are slowly but steadily coming under the influence of liberal ideas. The claims of public life are every day receiving wider recognition, and attachment to the land of our birth is growing into a strong and deeply cherished passion of the heart. The annual meetings of Congresses and Conferences, the work of public bodies and associations, the writings in the columns of the Indian Press — all bear witness to the new life that is coursing in the veins of the people. The results achieved so far are undoubtedly most gratifying, but they only mean that the jungle has been cleared and the foundations laid. The great work of rearing the superstructure has yet to be

taken in hand, and the situation demands on the part of workers devotion and sacrifices proportionate to the magnitude of the task.

The Servants of India Society has been established to meet in some measure these requirements of the situation. . . . Much of the work must be directed towards building up in the country a higher type of character and capacity than is generally available at present, and the advance can only be slow. Moreover, the path is beset with great difficulties; there will be constant temptations to turn back; bitter disappointment will repeatedly try the faith of those who have put their hand to the work. But the weary toil can have but one end, if only the workers grow not faint-hearted on the way. One essential condition of success in this work is that a sufficient number of our countrymen must now come forward to devote themselves to the cause in the spirit in which religious work is undertaken. Public life must be spiritualised. Love of country must so fill the heart that all else shall appear as of little moment by its side. A fervent patriotism which rejoices at every opportunity of sacrifice for the motherland, a dauntless heart which refuses to be turned back from its object by difficulty or danger, a deep faith in the purpose of Providence which nothing can shake—equipped with these, the worker must start on his mission and reverently seek the joy which comes of spending oneself in the service of one's country.

The Servants of India Society will train men, prepared to devote their lives to the cause of the country in a religious spirit, and will seek to promote, by all constitutional means, the national interests of the Indian people. Its members will direct their efforts, principally towards (1) creating among the people, by example and by precept, a deep and passionate love of the motherland, seeking its highest fulfilment in service and sacrifice; (2) organizing the work of political education and agitation, basing it on a careful study of public questions and strengthening generally the public life of the country; (3) promoting relations of cordial goodwill and co-operation among the different communities; (4) assisting educational movements, especially those for the education of women, the education of backward classes and industrial and scientific education; (5) helping forward the industrial development of the country; and (6) the elevation of the depressed classes. . . .



View of the Central Library of the Society Poona

The Servants of India Society



REPORT FOR 1965-1966

Introduction

The Servants of India Society was founded by Gopal Krishna Gokhale on June 12, 1905. Its objects are the training of national missionaries for the service of India and the promotion, by all constitutional means of the interests of the Indian people without distinction of caste or creed. The members of the Society are pledged to give throughout their lives the best that is in them to the cause of the country in all secular fields. The circumstances in which the Society was founded and the objects which the Founder had in view in founding it are explained in the preamble he wrote to its constitution in 1905, extracts from which are given in the preceding two pages. The preamble has been a source of inspiration to the Society during the sixty one years of its existence.

Organisation

The headquarters of the Society are at Poona where the members meet every year in June for its annual session. The Society has branches in Madras, Bombay, Nagpur and Allahabad and centres of work at Cuttak and Kozhikode.

Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru continued to be President and Shri A. D. Mani, Vice-President of the Society. Shri D. V. Ambekar, Shri A. D. Mani, Shri Dinkar Desai and Shri R. S. Misra continued to be Senior Members of the Society's Branches in Poona, Central India, Bombay and Uttar Pradesh respectively. Shri S. S. Misra, Dr. R. G. Kakade and Shri R. S. Gupte were elected to the Council by the members of the Society. Shri Gokhale continued as the Society's Secretary.

Founder's Day Celebration

The 99th birth-day of Gopal Krishna Gokhale was observed on the 9th May ; the usual dinner arranged on that day was attended by the members and associates in Poona, the expenses being met out of the interest on an endowment created for the purpose by the late Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Inchalkarnji.

General

Pandit H. N. Kunzru continued to be the President of the Indian Council of World Affairs and Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Indian School of International Studies started by the Council. He was re-elected President of the Council at the annual meeting held in April 1965 in Bombay.

He inaugurated the Mysore Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs early in July, 1965 and spoke on India's foreign policy.

At Mysore he also delivered a lecture on education in the University Extension Lecture Series and spoke on Unity and Disunity to a group of American Professors who were undergoing a re-orientation course.

In April 1965 Pandit Kunzru addressed a meeting at Hyderabad on Problems of Indian Security, which was held under the auspices of the Exhibition Club. He also spoke at a meeting held there under the auspices of the Motilal Nehru Unity Centre. The occasion was the release of two publications containing biographical accounts of some great Indians and stories which strengthen the desire for intercommunal unity. He presided over the public meeting held at Hyderabad on the 27th March, 1966 at which Dr. Zakir Husain declared open the building of the Central Institute of English and spoke of the importance of English and the work done by the Central Institute of English. The same evening he spoke on the Tashkent Declaration at a public meeting held there under the auspices of the Exhibition Club.

He presided over the first session of the All-India Railway Passenger's Conference held at Poona on June 27th last year.

On December 20th he presided over the inaugural session of the seminar on the Himalaya which was jointly organised by the Indian School of International Studies and the Delhi University.

He attended the Golden Jubilee celebration of the Marwari Relief Society in Calcutta in April, 1965. He spoke at a public meeting held under its auspices and presided over the seminar on the form that social work should take, which was organised by the Society.

Shri A. D. Mani continued to be a member of the Rajya Sabha. He was re-elected to the Rajya Sabha for a second term in March, 1966.

Shri Mani continued to be the Chief Editor of the Hitavada.

He went to New Zealand in November 1966 as a member of Parliamentary Delegation. He spoke on the Viet Nam question and pointed out that no military solution should be sought by Americans for the Viet Nam crisis. He also spoke on the population problem and the steps that we were taking to control the population explosion. Discussing the Commonwealth idea he emphasised the need for an exchange of information on economic matters and pointed out that the Commonwealth idea had not spread among the people. After the Conference, he visited Australia as the guest of the Australian Government.

Shri Mani was the Vice-Chairman of the Committee on Small Newspapers appointed by the Government of India. It submitted its report regarding the price-page schedule. He opposed, in a minute of dissent, the amendment of the Constitution for the purpose of enforcing the schedule.

He was a member of the Governing Bodies of the Indian Council for Cultural Relations the Indian School of International Studies and a member of the School's Executive Committee.

Shri Mani spoke on the Press Council Bill in the August Session of the Rajya Sabha and took objection to the amendment moved by the Government seeking to delete from the bill the provision which authorised the Press Council to entertain complaints of journalists against non-journalists. He generally supported the Press Council Bill subject to his minute of dissent to the bill.

Shri Mani moved a Constitution (Amendment) Bill providing that no judge of the Supreme Court shall be asked to discharge any duty excepting what was laid down in the Constitution. The bill was moved on account of the step taken by the Late Jawaharlal Nehru seeking the advice of a Judge of the Supreme Court in the K. D. Malaviya affair. The bill was strongly opposed by Congressmen and was defeated.

Speaking on the supplementary Finance Bill, Shri Mani said that the Bill imposed a degree of taxation which the industry could not bear, and that the Government was unable to control the price line.

Speaking on the Tashkent Agreement Shri Mani pointed out that though the Tashkent agreement fell short of the Indian position and it would create great dissatisfaction to evacuate the Haji Pir pass, it was not a bad agreement from the Indian point of view.

Speaking on the Appropriation Bill, Shri Mani complained that some of the restrictions imposed by government on importers of goods under the Aid India agreement with the United States were humiliating. He supported the Indo-U. Si Foundation and said that unnecessary suspicions should not be entertained about it as long as there was joint participation of Indians in its affairs. He objected to the continuance of the emergency. In the debate on the Kerala Proclamation, Shri Mani pointed out that it was a mistake for government to have dissolved the legislature. Continuous attempts should have been made to form an alternative government by the Governor. There was widespread suppression of civil liberties under the Governor's rule in Kerala. He suggested that in future, when the constitution had broken down, efforts should be made by government to set up standing committees of

members of parliament and local men to advise the Governor on the administration of departments.

Shri S. R. Venkataraman continued to be the Hon. Secretary of the Madras Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs. During the year four meetings were held of which the following were important; one was addressed by Dr. Dennis Brogan, on "Transfer of Political Institutions", and the other by Mr. R. Ramani, Malayan Ambassador to the United Nations on the 'United Nations and the World'. A discussion on study group on Foreign Relations was inaugurated by Prof. R. Bhaskaran in which Shri K. Santhanam and Mr. V. K. Narasimhan of the Hindu participated. There was a conversation at which Mr. R. Candran, a barrister from South Africa, was the chief guest. Shri Venkataraman brought out during the year the second issue of Gokhaleana and the fourth in the Sastriana series.

Shri D. V. Ambekar continued to be a member of the Council of the Deccan Sabha; Shri S. G. Kokhale continued to be one of its secretaries.

The first volume of Gokhale's speeches and writings sponsored by the Deccan Sabha, Poona was published about three years ago. The Servants of India Society decided to publish his remaining speeches and writings in two volumes, Prof. D. G. Karve, and Shri D. V. Ambekar being in charge of editing of them. The second volume containing Gokhale's political speeches and writing was declared published by Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, President of India, at the inauguration of the Gokhale Birth Centenary Celebrations held on the Society's premises on May 9, 1966; it is hoped that the third volume will be published before the Centenary year ends.

Welfare of Aborigines

Pandit Kunzru continued to be a Vice-President of the Bharatiya Adim Jati Sevak Sangh..

Aboriginal welfare work in the Mirzapur and Allahabad Districts claimed most of the time and attention of Shri R. S. Misra. The society maintained 10 primary schools for boys and 5 primary schools for girls in the Mirzapur District

mainly for the education of the non-scheduled tribal children of the district. These schools are located in the interior of the tribal area where no schools existed before. In these schools books, reading and writing material are supplied free of cost. There were 875 students in these schools. Of these 393 were girls and 482 boys. In order to encourage expansion of education among Adivasis and Harijans, the Society maintained an Ashram school at Khantara providing free food and clothing to 30 boys. Efforts have been made to develop a fruit and vegetable garden at Khantara, where the Ashram school boys are required to work regularly as part of their practical training. The total expenditure incurred by the Society on the maintenance of the primary schools including the Ashram school at Khantara was about Rs. 41,800.

The Society maintained five Junior High Schools at Pachokhara, Salkhan, Muirpur and Siltham in the Mirzapur district and one at Konhdar in the Allahabad district. All the Junior High Schools are recognised by the Education Department. These schools had on their rolls 439 students of whom 169 were Harijans and Adivasis. There were 8 girl students in these schools.

The junior High School at Konhdar was the only school in the Allahabad district, having secured a hundred per cent success in the last Departmental Examinations. Of the fourteen boys who appeared at the Examination thirteen secured distinction in various subjects. The Junior High School at Muirpur was the only Junior High School in the Mirzapur district having secured 96 per cent passes against the district average of 54%.

The Junior High School at Pachokhara has secured 20 acres of land by way of donation. There is a great demand for a Higher Secondary School there.

The Society maintained hostels at Pachokhara, Muirpur, Salkhan and Siltham. These hostels provided free boarding, lodging and clothing to the Harijan and Adivasi boys studying in the Junior High Schools. The total number of inmates in these hostels was 169 boys of whom 134 were Adivasis and Harijans. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these hostels was about Rs. 41,700. The U. P. Gandhi Smarak

Nidhi gave a grant for the hostels at Pachokhara, Salkhan and Muirpur on the basis of 50% of the expenditure. The Harijan and Social Welfare Department of the U. P. Government gave a grant of Rs. 4,860/- for lighting, conservancy and the hostel servants. The hostel at Siltham was maintained by a grant from the Government of India.

The Society maintained five Women's Welfare Centres at Sarsa and Bandhwa in the Allahabad district and at Chunar, Abraura and Duddhi in the Mirzapur district. These centres taught adult women tailoring, embroidery, clay modelling and soap making as a spare time activity. One hundred and forty women took advantage of these facilities. The total expenditure on the Women's Welfare Schemes during the year was about Rs. 12,600.

The Society has been receiving financial aid from the Government of India in carrying out the tribal welfare schemes.

The Society maintained four dispensaries at Konhdar in the Allahabad district and at Khantara, Khutia and Amilaudha in the Mirzapur district. The number of new patients treated in these dispensaries during the year was 7,670. The total expenditure on these dispensaries during the year was about Rs. 5,300.

Cholera broke out in epidemic form in a number of villages in Tahsils Meja and Karchhana and many families suffered heavy casualties during the months of August and September. The Society immediately got into contact with the district health authorities and arranged for mass inoculation in the affected villages and distributed a cholera mixture in the area.

Shri R. S. Misra continues to be a member of the General body of the Bharatiya Adim Jati Sevak Sangh and was a member of its Executive Committee till the end of August 1965. He and Shri Venkatraman toured the border areas of the U. P. in April and May last to study the socio-economic conditions of the people there and make recommendations to the B. A. J. S. Sangh for the development of welfare activities in that area. They visited all the places along the route upto Gangotri, Kedarnath and Badrinath, besides visiting

villages in the interior. Most of the people in the area live on scanty agriculture, sheep farming, wollen industry, fruit gardening and pilgrim traffic. These however neither provide them with full employment nor enable them to earn adequate wages through the year. Thus their standard of living is not what it ought to be. On the basis of these observations suitable recommendations have been made to the All India Khadi Commission suggesting ways and means to improve the lot of the people living in this most neglected part of the country. The report of this survey was published in the Vanya Jati (October 1965) the quarterly magazine of the Sangh. The Sangh has now constituted an Advisory Board for the development of the welfare work among Scheduled castes, adivasi tribes and backward classes in that region. Shri Misra has been nominated a member of the Advisory Board.

Shri Venkataraman continued to be in charge of the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam, Zonangipalem, in the Sriharikota Island, Nellore District, Andhra Pradesh which gets a grant from the Central Government. During the year there were 18 Yenadi boys and 13 Yenadi girls in the Gurukulam. The school attached to the Gurukulam provided instruction from I to V standards and was attended by 44 boys and 36 girls making a total of 80. The Gurukulam received financial assistance from the Government of India.

The Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam at Nirgacimund, in the Nilgiris, near Ootacamund consisting of a hostel and a school for the two aboriginal tribes in the Nilgiris namely the Todas and the Kotas, was looked after by Shri Venkataraman as in the past years. There were in all 36 boys and 5 girls belonging to the two tribes in the hostel where they were given free food, lodging, medical aid, clothes and books. The school attached to the Gurukulam provided education upto the V Standard. The School was also attended by the children of the school-going age in the neighbourhood. The total number of pupils in the school was 88. The Gurukulam was, in receipt of grant-in-aid from the Education and Harijan Welfare Departments of the Government of Madras.

Shri Venkataraman continued to be in charge of the six Devadhar schools in Kerala with about 1800 pupils. These schools are attended by children of Panians, Katha-nickens and Harijans. All the schools are in the interior

where no other educational facilities exist. Shri Venkataraman participated in the Annual Day function of Sastriar U. P. School, of Chelode in Nilambur on 12-3-1966, when the local people wanted the school to be raised to the status of a High School.

Shri Venkantaraman was a member of the Madras State Tribal Advisory Council.

Out of the interest on the Nayanar Memorial Fund a sum of Rs. 300 was spent on Harijan students studying in the colleges in Kerala.

Shri S. S. Misra assisted by Shri Madhusudan Sahoo was in charge of the Thakkar Bapa Ashram at Rayagada in the Koraput District in Orissa. This hostel for the adivasi students has been in existence since 1939. It has now 54 inmates including 18 girls. Out of these 14 boys were reading in the local high school, 2 girls were reading in the local girls M. E. School and the remaining ones were prosecuting their studies in the upper primary school attached to the Ashram. During the year 5 boys were in receipt of merit scholarships from the Education Department. In addition to the hostel the society runs four primary schools in the area covered by the Rayagada Police Station. The average attendance in these schools is 30. Mid-day feeding on working days has been found useful in attracting children to the schools.

The Society manages a maternity centre at Muniguda. A midwife is in charge of this centre. She visits the surrounding adivasi villages and conducts normal deliveries in the homes of the adivasis; abnormal cases are referred to the nearest hospital. During the year she handled 28 delivery cases and visited about 400 patients. The Society gets financial assistance from Government for running these welfare centres. The total expenditure on the tribal welfare activities of the Orissa Centre amounts to about Rs. 49,900.

Shri S. S. Misra supervised the activities of the Gokhale Children's Home at Narsannapet in the Andhra State. The Home was started in 1945 after the terrible cyclone which devastated the area. The Home has a building of its own and has a strength of 44 inmates. Out of these inmates 25 are in the High School classes and the remaining in elementary

classes. One of the old inmates of this Home is now a student of the Andhra Medical College. All the expenses of the inmates of the Home on food, clothing, medicines and education are met by the Home. The annual expenditure of the Home amounts to Rs. 17,000.

Rural Welfare and Co-operation

Dr. R. G. Kakade continued to be Vice-Chairman of the Poona Central Co-operative Consumers' Store till January, 1966 after which period he was elected its Chairman. The Stores, started in 1963 under the Government of India Scheme, is intended to serve the City of Poona, Cantonment area and industrial areas roundabout the city within a radius of 15 miles. It conducted 21 branches and did wholesale business in connection with distribution of controlled commodities like sugar, etc. Its membership stood at about 8800. From July 1965 to the end of March 1966 its turnover exceeded 75 lakhs of rupees. From the 15th August it started functioning as the only authorised wholesale dealer under the State Government's Employees' State Insurance Scheme for the industrial labour in Poona. The store owns a building worth about Rs. 150 lakhs. The State Government has contributed Rs. 1.50 lakhs by way of share capital of the Store and its branches, besides providing financial assistance for various specific purposes.

He continued to be chairman of the District Industrial Co-operative Association, which is a federal body of the industrial co-operatives in the district. Besides conducting four handloom depots—two in Poona, one in Baramati and one in Junnar—it worked on an agency basis for the distribution of coalash, yarn, dyestuffs, chemicals, zinc, camphor etc. As a chairman of the District Association, he was an Associate member of the Zilla Parishad and its co-operation Committee. The Association was carrying out the Secretaries' Cadre Scheme for industrial co-operatives. The object of the Scheme is to provide, under the direction and control of the Association, services of trained secretaries to industrial co-operative societies in the district. It was run on an experimental basis for the State Government.

He continued to be a co-opted member of the Board of Management of the Pravara Co-operative Sugar Factory since

1949. The factory has proved to be a focal point for a variety of social and economic activities in that region.

Dr. Kakade was a member of the Rural Industrialisation Committee of the Sangamner Project in Ahmednagar district. This is one of the four projects in Maharashtra State which are sponsored by the Rural Industrialisation Committee of the Planning Commission. Owing to various reasons the progress of industrial development in the project area has not been as encouraging as it was expected it to be.

He continued to guide and help, the Yeravada Gadi Wadar Co-operative Majoor Society which he helped to organise in 1948. The Society is working quarries of its own satisfactorily. Its assets total up to over a couple of lakhs of rupees. Its membership was roundabout 350 and its annual turnover comes to about Rs. 5 lakhs.

Dr. Kakade continued to be the Honorary Secretary of the Deccan Agricultural Association. During the year the Association submitted two memoranda to the State Government, one about the Godavari Project and the other about the Bhima (Ujani) Project. The association participated in the conferences held in connection with rehabilitation of the people to be displaced by submergence of villages on account of the work of these projects. The work of the Association's journal—Shetaki and Shetari—kept him busy for a considerable time.

He was one of the members of the Board of Trustees of the 'Institute of Regional Development Planning' at Wardha. The Institute has been founded and registered for undertaking resource studies, research in action programmes and integrated planning for regional development. It is intended to serve the eight districts of Vidarbha. It has started functioning from February 1966.

Dr. Kakade continued to be Honorary Secretary of the Study Group that has been established by the Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics for studying various problems of planning and development of Poona City and its environs. It is constituted of representatives of various organisations and the government departments concerned. During the year the Group prepared and submitted to Government a Development Plan for Poona City and an area of about 40 sq. miles

roundabout Poona, embodying a large number of suggestion in regard to roads and communications, markets, schools sanitation and use of waste water, industrial areas etc. for satellite townships also.

Shri R. S. Gupte continued to be in charge of the Rural Centre in Shendurjana Bazar in the Amravati District. He continued to be the Treasurer of the Multipurpose Co-operative Society, a position he has held since 1946. The Society was placed in "A" class for the fourth time in succession. He was elected by the Society to represent it at the Chandur Taluq Agricultural Co-operative Purchase and Sale Union Ltd. Chandur. Shri Gupte supervises the fair price shop of the Multipurpose Co-operative Society, particularly regarding the distribution of Government controlled grain. He continued to be a member of the Seva Sahakari Society, which distributed loans up to Rs. 45,000. He was elected to represent the Society on the Central Co-operative Bank.

Shri Gupte continued to be a Director of the Amravati District Central Co-operative Bank, and in his capacity as a Director of the Bank was also ex-officio Director of the Chandur Taluq Regional Board of the Bank. As a representative of the Central Co-operative Bank, Shri Gupte represents it on the Tewsa Block Co-operative Supervising Union, and the Tewsa Block Agricultural Co-operative Kharedi Vikri Samiti Ltd.

He continued to be the member of the Chandur Taluq Food and Civil Supplies Advisory Committee. He is the elected member of the Tewsa Nyaya Panchayat from Shendurjana Bazar.

The Rural Centre, as in the past, distributed seeds, particularly cotton seed, to about 150 cultivators valued at Rs. 4,000. The seed is given at almost the cost price and its cost is recovered after the harvest. This practice gives the cultivators some relief in their agricultural operation.

Education

Dr. Kunzru continued to be a member of the Executive Council of the Banaras and Delhi Universities. He is a nominee of the Delhi University on the Managing Committee of the Delhi School of Social Work, which is a college affiliated to the Delhi University. He was a member of the Courts of the Allahabad; Aligarh and Rajasthan Universities.

He continued to be a member of the University Grants Commission till February, 1966 and a member of the Board of Governors of the Central English Teaching Institute at Hyderabad. As a member of the Committee appointed by the University Grants Commission he visited Goa in January, 1966 to study the existing educational facilities there. At the request of the University Grants Commission he visited the Rural Institute for Higher Education in Agra District in November 1965.

In December last he attended a meeting of the selection committee appointed by the Rajasthan University to draw up a panel of three persons out of whom one might be appointed Vice-Chancellor. He also attended a committee sponsored by the University Grants Commission in connection with the International Co-operation Year, which met in December and a conference of the members of the Education Commission and representatives of Students' Union in various Universities.

Shri Dinkar Desai is the Chairman of the Kanara Welfare Trust which was founded in 1953. The aims and objects of the Trust are to undertake measures for the educational, cultural and social advancement of the people in general, and backward classes in particular, in the North Kanara District of the Mysore State. The Trust has 13 centres of work. All these centres are in villages. The headquarters of the Trust are situated at Ankola. Shri Desai devoted most of his time to the work of the Trust, including the collection of donations. About Rs. 1,20,000 were collected during the year. The total donations collected during all these years amount to about Rs. 10,66,000. The Trust today has total assets of more than thirteen lakhs of rupees, including the value of the lands granted free by the Government. Its annual expenditure exceeds Rs. 3,25,000.

The construction of the high school building at Arge was completed during the year. Thus all the Trust high schools, except the two youngest high schools at Dhareshwar and Bedkani, which were opened during the last two years, have their own buildings. It is proposed to take up the construction work of the Dhareshwar High School building next year.

The Trust conducts twelve High Schools in seven talukas. They are situated at (1) Ankola; (2) Baad-Kagal; (3) Shirali; (4) Dandeli; (5) Kadtoka; (6) Kadwad; (7) Kasarkod; (8) Murdeshwar; (9) Mirjan; (10) Arge; (11) Dhareshwar and (12) Bedkani. In addition, the Trust is conducting an English Medium Middle School at Dandeli.

The High School at Ankola is a multipurpose vocational institution teaching agriculture, tailoring and domestic science, in addition to ordinary academic subjects. Horticulture for boys and tailoring for girls are compulsory subjects in all the high schools. Bee-keeping is also taught as an extra-curricular activity in all the schools.

Since the schools of the Trust are in villages and in backward areas, the proportion of backward-class students in them is very considerable. As many as 1,358 pupils out of a total of 2,645 in all the schools belonged to backward classes. Of these 1,041 were boys and 317 were girls. In spite of the fact that all the high schools of the Trust are in villages and a large proportion of the students belong to backward classes, the S. S. L. C. Examination results were very satisfactory. Out of 296 students who appeared from these schools 194 came out successful. Thus the percentage of the successful candidates was 65 as against the percentage of 37 for the whole Mysore State.

The Trust is conducting a hostel at Ankola. There were 26 inmates in the Hostel. All of them were students of our high school.

Shri K. J. Chitalia, though keeping unsatisfactory health maintained his contact with the educational bodies in Bombay and Bhavnagar with which he is connected.

Shri S. S. Misra was a member of the Utkal University till November, 1965. He is the Secretary of the Managing Committee of the P. M. Academy, one of the biggest non-official high schools at Cuttack.

Shri Madhusudan Sahoo met the working group on the education of the backward classes set up by the Education Commission of the Government of India and expressed his views on primary education of the adivasi children.

The Shendurjana Rural Centre looked after by Shri R. S. Gupte manages the Pilot Library sponsored by the Education Department of Maharashtra. New books to this Library are supplied by the Government District Library at Amravati.

This library besides inculcating habit of reading among men has been able to create interest for reading books among women. Books are carried to their homes and delivered there as generally women do not like to visit the library themselves.

Shri Sharangpani continues to be associated with the work of the Students' Welfare Association which runs three meal centres in the Sir Parshuram Bhau, Fergusson and Agriculture Colleges where poor and deserving students are given meals at a cheap rate of Rs. 28/- per month. The number of students taking advantage of this facility and other facilities afforded by the Association was roughly 400 during the year. The Association has taken in hand the work of construction of a Hostel for 100 students on a site near the Fergusson College purchased by the Association last year.

Social Service :

Dr. Kunzru continued to be the General Secretary of the All India Seva Samiti. He visited the Kumbha Mela Camp of the Samiti at Allahabad and supervised arrangements made for the safety and convenience of the pilgrims during the Kumbha and addressed the Seva Samiti Volunteers.

All The Social Welfare activities of the Kanara Welfare Trust of which Shri Dinkar Desai is the chairman are conducted through the Thakkar Bapa Seva Kendra.

The Ankola Centre of Seva Kendra conducts a tailoring school for the benefit of backward-class and other girls and women. Tailoring, embroidery, knitting and toy-making are taught there. No fees are charged. Harijan girls are supplied cloth free of charge for tailoring. The school is adequately equipped with ten sewing machines and other accessories. The number of pupils on the register during the year was 43 out of whom 28 belonged to backward classes. The school is recognised by the Board of Technical Education of Mysore Government. During the year 18 pupils appeared for the Tailoring Examination of this Board; of these 15 came out successful.

The Trust is conducting a Sanskara Kendra at Ankola with the financial aid of the Education Department. The objects of this Kendra are to provide opportunities for Harijan children to educate themselves in healthy environment which helps them to mix freely with the children of other castes and communities. A recreation centre is maintained for this purpose.

The Trust has established a Harijan Colony at Ankola where 12 families are settled. Each family is provided with a dwelling hut, and is given land for fruit and vegetable cultivation. Adequate arrangement for water supply has been made by digging a big well. The purpose of this Colony is to show how the landless poor in our village can be settled.

Shri Desai was in charge of schemes run by the Servants of India Society for the benefit of the backward classes in North Kanara, for which the Central Government gives financial assistance. Most of the poor backward class pupils were also supplied free clothes and text-books in all our high schools under the same scheme. The backward class pupils who attend the High Schools of the Kanara Welfare Trust are daily given mid-day snacks and a glass of skimmed milk free of charge. Snacks were given to 526 pupils; text books were supplied to 380 pupils and clothes were given to 274 pupils.

At Shirali a Janata Stores was established four years ago with the enthusiastic co-operation of the local peasants. The object of the Stores is to provide mainly foodgrains to the peasants at reasonable prices. A local committee consisting of representatives of the consumers has been formed to look after the Stores.

The Trust conducts the social welfare weekly *Janasevaka* in Kannada which is the regional language. The journal publishes informative articles on social, educational, cultural and economic problems. Articles on current topics are also published. The weekly is printed at Ankola in the press owned by the Trust.

Shri Desai continued as General Secretary of the Social Service League, Bombay, during the year. The League is one of the oldest social welfare institutions. It was founded 54 years ago. The League conducts two Night Schools, three

Libraries, two Reading Rooms, six Industrial Schools for Women, and a Textile Technical School. It also conducts two Dispensaries.

Shri Venkataraman continued to be the Vice-President of the Indian Council of Social Work, and attended the meeting of the Central Executive Committee at Bombay in April 1965. He attended the Seminars organised in Madras by the Indian Conference of Social Work, on "Institutions and the Community around" in November 1965 and on "National Health" to both of which he contributed a paper on the role of voluntary organisations. He also participated in a Seminar on Social Welfare Training for Voluntary leaders, organised by the Madras School of Social Work and another in September 1965 at Delhi on the "Role of Voluntary Organisations in Developing Countries" organised by the India-International Centre, New Delhi.

He continued to be a Vice-Chairman of the Guild of Service, Madras, and the Hon. Jt. Secretary and Treasurer of the Indian Council for Child Welfare, Madras State Branch. The Council as usual organised a big children's rally on the Children's Day on 14-11-1965 in which over 5000 children representing all categories of schools in the city participated. The Indian Council for Child Welfare, Madras is the only state Branch which has conducted successfully four training courses for Bala Sevikas to run Balavadis in Tamilnad. So far 4 batches of 50 each have undergone training and are suitably employed. All the Bala Sevikas have been sponsored either by industrial concerns, voluntary agencies, local bodies like panchayats, municipalities or other welfare organisations. After their training the Bala Sevikas have been put in charge of Balavadis run by these sponsoring bodies.

Shri R. S. Misra was a member of the General Council and Executive Committee of the All India Seva Samiti and worked as its Secretary in the Ayurvedic and Mela Departments. He worked in the Magh Mela Camp during the Kumbh. He represented the All India Seva Samiti on the Western Regional Railway Users Consultative Committee of the North Eastern Railway.

Dr. Kakade continued to be Hony. Secretary of the Society for the Welfare of the Physically Handicapped in Wanowrie Poona. The Society runs a Home for orthopaedically handicapped boys between 6 and 18 years of age. It also runs a sheltered workshop to provide employment to handicapped adults. It is a registered body and received grants from the State Government and the Central Social Welfare Board. The Home is located in the Society's own buildings worth about Rs. 2 lakhs. Last year there were 62 boys in the Home who attended ordinary schools.

He was elected chairman of the Managing Committee of the Poona District Probation and Aftercare Association for the year 1965-66. He was re-elected a member of the Managing Committee of the Maharashtra State Probation and Aftercare Association.

Dr. Kakade was elected a member both of the Executive Committee and the Managing Committee of the Karve Institute of Social Work. Besides conducting research programmes for women and children, the Institute trains social workers for running welfare agencies. It conducts two training courses one for graduates and the other for non-graduates who have at least passed the S. S. C. examination.

He is the Hon. Treasurer of the Mahila Seva Mandal, an institution engaged in rescue work for women and children. He continued to be an office-bearer of the Navjeevan Mandal and the Hon. Treasurer of the Co-ordinating Council of social service agencies in Poona.

Medical Relief

The Kanara Welfare Trust of which Shri Desai is the chairman conducts two Dispensaries, one at Bankikodla and the other at Shirali. A Maternity Home is being added at Bankikodala. Both the dispensaries were under the charge of qualified doctors. The total number of patients registered during the year at the Bankikodla dispensary was 1,326. The number registered at the Shirali Dispensary was 2,152. Both the dispensaries were well-stocked with allopathic medicines. The Trust also conducts a Maternity Clinic at Ankola.

Shri Venkataraman has been in charge of the T. N. C. Dispensary at Chetput. During the year 5392 patients were treated of whom 275 were men, 1792 women and 3325 were children. The dispensary is in charge of Dr. Mrs. Shyamala who is assisted by a lady compounder and an ayah. The T. N. C. Charities, Chetput, as usual has been subsidising the dispensary.

Shri S. S. Misra supervised the activities of the leprosy clinic at Choudwar in Orissa which the Society has been conducting since 1927. The clinic works on two days in the week—Thursdays and Sundays. On an average 98 patients received treatment every week. The annual expenditure on the clinic amounts to Rs. 4000/-

Shri Madhusudan Sahoo continues to be the Secretary of the Bharati Kala Mandir, the only music and dancing school at Rayagada. The Kala Mandir received a grant of Rs. 1000/- from the Rayagada Notified Area Council and another grant of Rs. 2000/- from the Tribal and Rural Welfare Dept. of the State Govt. for its cultural activities. As the Secretary of the Rayagada Sanskritik Parishad he organised meetings at Rayagada.

The dispensary and a maternity home at the Shendurjana Rural Centre is in charge of a qualified Doctor. The maternity home conducted sixty three cases in 1965-66. The Doctor is assisted by a compounder while on the maternity side there is a midwife to look after routine work of the maternity home. The dispensary is used both by the villagers and outsiders.

Relief of Distress

Dr. Kakade was re-elected Hony. Secretary of the reorganised Maharashtra Central Famine Relief Committee. In that capacity he toured some of the districts of Vidarbha and Western Maharashtra. The late rains in November and December 1965 considerably improved the situation in regard to fodder and supply of drinking water. Till the end of the year it was not found necessary to organise relief work of any kind to supplement government and Zilla Parishad Relief Work. As one of the Hony. Secretaries of the District

Famine Relief Association (a registered body) he also toured with another Secretary the famine affected areas of Poon district.

Shri S. S. Misra is a member of the All Orissa Drought Relief Committee presided over by Srimati Rama Devi. The Servants of India Society has contributed a sum of Rs. 3000/- to this Committee for relief work. As a member of the Committee Shri S. S. Misra toured the drought - affected areas of the Kalahandi District.

Other activities

Shri Venkataraman was nominated a Member of the After Care Home for Males and the Troop Amenities Committee of the Government of Madras. He participated in the Narayana Guru's Birthday in September last and spoke of Narayana Guru's services to the uplift of the Thiya Community in Kerala and bringing about unity among the people there. He also spoke at the Gujarathi Yuvak Mandal felicitating them on the social work they have been doing for over three decades.

With a view to celebrate Gokhale's Birth Centenary in a suitable manner in Madras, Shri. Venkataraman formed a Committee of prominent leaders drawn from all walks of life for the purpose. The Committee will celebrate the event during the Birth Centenary year till the 9th May 1967.

Printing Presses

Shri Ambekar is in charge of the Aryabhushan Press Poona ; Shri Mani of the Hitavada at Nagpur and Bhopal and Shri Desai of the Bombay Vaibhava Press, Bombay. All these concerns are owned by the Society.

**GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS,
POONA 4**

Annual Report for the year 1965-1966

In the Agro-Economic Research Unit for Western India located at the Institute by the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India, the fieldwork of the resurveys of two villages from Mysore state was completed during the year under report. Some members of the research staff were engaged in such studies as the growth of agricultural output, analysis of the influence of the stocks and issues of foodgrain by the Government on the price of foodgrain. A study of the concepts and definitions used in the Farm Management Studies and analysis of the Farm Management data was also undertaken during the year. The drafting of the report on the Socio-Economic Survey of Goa which was carried out at the instance of the Planning Board for Goa was in progress. Among other work, the preparation of summary reports of the village surveys, estimation of marketable surplus, and analysis of consumer expenditure based on the data collected during the village surveys in the Agro-Economic Research Unit were in progress. A special survey of sheep rearing in Rajasthan was carried out during the year. The drafting of the report is in progress.

The association of the Institute in working out the details, implementation and concurrent evaluation of the Wardha District Plan was continued during the year.

In the Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics located at the Institute by the University Grants Commission, studies in trends in land utilization since 1950-51, on a districtwise basis for five States in India were completed and those on cropping pattern were in progress. Besides, studies on growth of mechanization in India during the Second Plan period, problems of numbers in livestock in India (based on the 1961 Livestock Census), trends in the relative agricultural wage rate and cereal prices in different regions of India during

the pre-and post-war years, and study of agricultural price support policies in the Western European Countries were either partly completed or nearing completion by the end of the year. The preparation of the report on mechanization in agriculture based on data collected in Dharwar District, Mysore State, during the previous year was completed.

The research staff was also engaged in selection of articles for and editing of the Silver Jubilee Volume of the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics published under the title "Indian Journal of Agricultural Economics, 1941-64: Selected Readings."

The Section in Demography continued to work on the following projects:—

- (1) Demographic Resurvey of six villages in north Satara District which were surveyed 10 to 12 years back,
- (2) Family Planning Clinics in the city of Poona and the pattern of contraception in the city,
- (3) Census monograph on Size and Composition of households.

A seminar on "Sterilization" was organized by the section in which 24 papers were read by experts in demography from various parts of the country. The staff of the section contributed 7 papers to the Seminar.

In the Section in Urban Economics, the staff was engaged in a study of cities of India. Press copies of the report on working and living conditions of the workers in S. T. Central Workshop, Dapodi and of the draft report on the Panshet disaster in Poona, in English and Marathi, were finalised during the year. Some research staff was engaged in the work for the Committee appointed by the Government of Maharashtra under the Chairmanship of Prof. D. R. Gadgil to prepare the Regional Development Plans for Bombay-Panvel and Poona regions. The Committee submitted its report in March 1966.

In the Rural Sociology Section, the fieldwork of the survey of the Tribal Development Block of Harsul, Nasik District, was carried out as preparatory to chalking out a development plan

for the area. The processing of the data and writing of the report was in progress.

The Institute, under a contract with the UNESCO Research Centre for Southern Asia, carried out a sociological study on the Subjective Assessment of Social Status in a rural and urban setting and submitted the report to the UNESCO in February 1966.

The other studies carried out during the year included a study of land use pattern of the Poona rural-urban fringe and social change with special reference to tribal, rural and urban families.

In the Section in Applied Statistics, a report on some Cost Studies of Higher Education based on the University of Poona and its colleges was drafted and submitted to the University Grants Commission at whose instance the study was carried out. The other studies included: Progress of literacy and education in the villages of Maharashtra during the period after 1947, Regional levels of living studies, studies in interactions between regional-level rates of population growth and some socio-economic indicators and studies in long-term and short-term fluctuations in economic series. Besides, the staff was engaged in studying the methodology used during the village surveys, particularly the methodology and questionnaires used for the survey of cultivation practices.

In the Section 'Structure of Indian Economy,' apart from the work in relation to organising the Seminar on Input-Output Analysis to which the members of the staff contributed 12 papers, the following work was in progress:

- (1) The study of flow-coefficients of the manufacturing activity for various states.
- (2) Structure of large scale manufacturing industries in Maharashtra.
- (3) Developing a new technique for estimating capacity in multiproduct firms.
- (4) Developing a system for deflation of national income appropriate to developing economy.

Some of the other projects in progress during the year include :—

- (1) Study of the Chambers of Commerce in India,
- (2) An Empirical Investigation of the Relationship between Education and Economic Development in India between 1951 and 1961,
- (3) A study of the substitution between food crops and cash crops in India from 1900 to 1960,
- (4) The regional variations in real wages,
- (5) Measurement of Long Period Growth in India,
- (6) Crop Constellation in Maharashtra,
- (7) Application of sample multi-regional population growth and migration models—based on district level Census data of Mysore State,
- (8) Communication between some socio-economic indicators and rates of population growth - Maharashtra and Mysore State,
- (9) Checking the consistency of Central and State Income estimates - a study based on certain aspects of data on methodology and estimates of Indian National and State incomes for the year 1955-56 and 1960-61,
- (10) Finances of the Maratha Government during 1763 to 1773.

During the year under report, the Institute organized three Seminars. The first one on the problems relating to working of the Zilla Parishads was held at the Institute in August 1965 during which some Presidents, Chief Executive Officers and Officers from the Secretariat of the Maharashtra State Government participated. A Seminar on Input-Output Analysis was held in August-September 1965 under the guidance of Dr. Wassily Leontief, Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, U. S. A. A Seminar on "Sterilization" was held in November 1965. Besides, the Institute organized a programme of training of the Zilla Parishad Planning Officers in the formulation of District Plans in December 1965.

As in the previous years studies in (1) Structure of Indian Economy, (2) Problems of development of the Poona Metropolitan Area, (3) Study of Zilla Parishads and preparation of district development plans, (4) Benefit cost studies in Water Resource Use and (5) Mapping of the data relating to wages and living conditions were carried out in the scheme of co-ordinated research made possible by the Ford Foundation grant to carry out a programme of research and training in collaboration with the Planning Commission.

In the programme of training in methods of social science research we introduced a change this year. We awarded in July 1965, nine fellowships for a period of 3 months to post-graduates in Economics and four fellowships to those who had their Bachelor's degree in Agriculture. The Junior Fellows were given a few courses during this period and on the basis of their performance, the fellowships of seven persons were continued for the remaining part of the year. The agricultural graduate who was offered the fellowship did not continue the training programme. As a result only 6 Junior Fellows completed the training offered during the year 1965-66.

Under the Senior Fellowships offered to College teachers, a Lecturer in Economics from Dr. Ambedkar College, Aurangabad (Marathwada University) completed the training in research methods.

The Institute offered five fellowships to Junior Fellows who had undergone training in the previous year for working on their Ph. D. theses.

The Three Senior Fellows who were awarded fellowships during the year 1964-65 continued to work until the expiry of the fellowship period and returned to their respective departments viz. Lok Sabha Secretariat, Ministry of Transport and Planning Commission.

The U. G. C. Senior Research Fellow continued to work on the Land Systems in India. He has compiled a bibliography of the Land Legislation in India 1793 to-date. The bibliography is being finalised for publication.

In the U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics, four Senior and one Junior Fellowships were offered during the year. The Senior Research Fellow who had joined in the previous year continued to work on "Study of Cropping pattern and agricultural productivity in Rajasthan from 1951-52 to 1961-62". The first part of the study is now complete and is being finalised for publication. The other Senior Fellow worked on some problems of cultivators in Wai Development Block of Satara District. The work had to be suspended due to the near famine conditions. The Senior Fellowships were offered to college teachers to finalise for publication their Ph. D. theses. Under a Junior Fellowship the Junior Fellow was engaged in the study of Land Systems in India.

The Dharamsi Morarji Chemical Co., Ltd., Bombay offered to the Institute a fellowship for research in the use of phosphatic fertilizers. However, the fellowship could not be awarded for lack of a suitable candidate.

An I. C. A. R. Fellow worked at the Institute during the year under report on "Live-stock problems in rural areas" for his Ph. D. thesis.

Under a fellowship offered by the Ministry of Health, a Junior Fellow joined the Institute in August 1965 for training in Demography.

Shri. G. J. Khudanpur continued to work on his Ph. D. thesis in Economics at the University of Kentucky under the fellowship from the Agricultural Development Council, New York. Dr. V. P. Pethe who was awarded a fellowship for training in Demography by the Population Council, New York, returned in August 1965 after completing the training programme. Dr. A. P. Kulkarni who was deputed for training at the Institut Fur Auslandsische Landwirtschaft, an der Universitat, Gottingen (West Germany) for one year from April 1965 particularly to study Agricultural Policies in the Western European countries after II World War, was awarded the Alexander Von Humboldt Scholarship for a further period of ten months from April 1966 to complete his study in respect of the other countries of the E. E. C., Dr. S. G. Sapre was

awarded a Fellowship under the Colombo Plan for one year from November 1965. He is working on farm management studies in U. K. at the Oxford Institute of Agricultural Economics, Oxford, U. K. , Shri D. B. Sardesai was deputed for on the job training in the field of Computer and Data Processing Techniques at the Survey Research Centre, University of California, Berkeley, California, U. S. A. for one year from April 1966.

Mrs. K. Dandekar, the head of the Demography Section, was invited to attend an international meeting of the University Women's Association. She gave a talk in Brisbane, Australia, on "Implications of fertility in underdeveloped countries". Prof. N. V. Sovani and Mrs. K. Dandekar attended the World Population Conference in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, in September 1965. Prof. Sovani presented a paper and also worked as a moderator for one of the sessions at the Conference. Mrs. Dandekar also presented two papers and worked as a rapporteur for one of the sessions at the Conference. Prof. V. M. Dandekar attended the Conference on Economic Problems of Agriculture in Industrial Societies, and Repercussions in Developing Countries at Rome held by the International Economic Association, September 1965, where he submitted a paper for discussion. He also attended in September 1965 the Fifth meeting of the Directors of Economic and Social Development Research and Training Institute organized by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, Paris, at the Centre for Advanced Training and Research in Agricultural Economics in Portici (Naples). Prof. P. N. Mathur and Dr. Mrs. V. Mukerji were invited by the Econometrics Society to attend the First World Congress held at Rome in September 1965. Both of them contributed papers but could not attend the Congress due to travel difficulties.

From the year 1966-67, the University of Poona has established a Centre for Undergraduate teaching at the Institute for the special combination of subjects—Economics, Mathematics, and Statistics at the B. A. The necessary arrangements are being made for the purpose.

Prof. D. R. Gadgil was elected the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Poona in March 1966. Prof. D. R. Gadgil, the first Director of the Institute retired on the 1st April 1966. He will continue to work at the Institute as a Professor Emeritus. Prof. V. M. Dandekar is appointed as the Director and Dr. A. R. Kamat as the Joint Director as from the 1st April 1966. Prof. N. V. Sovani retired from the services of the Institute and took an assignment at the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development at Geneva as a Programme Director.

Prof. V. M. Dandekar was elected the President of the Annual Conference of the Indian Society of Agricultural Economics to be held in December 1966 at Chandigarh.

The construction of the office building for the U. G. C Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics was completed during the year under report. The University Grants Commission made a grant of Rs. 1,75,000 for the construction of the office building and furniture and a grant of Rs. 22,000/- for the construction of retention wall and garden around the new building. The construction of hostel was delayed due to the shortage of cement. The hostel building is expected to be ready by December 1966.

During the year under report, the Institute sent the following reports to the Press :

- (1) Impact of Assistance under P. L. 480 on Indian Economy—N. Rath and V. S. Patwardhan.
- (2) Communication in Family Planning : Report on an Experiment – Kumudini Dandekar.
- (3) Chambers of Commerce in India – M. V. Namjoshi and B. R. Sabade.

Artha Vijnana, quarterly journal of the Institute completed the seventh year of the successful publication. We continue to experience difficulty in getting articles in Indian languages for publication.

The following theses for the Ph. D. degree of the University of Poona were submitted by the students who worked under the recognized guides at the Institute :

- (1) Marketing of tobacco with special Reference to Guntur - T. V. Subba Rao.
- (2) The Growth of the Bank of Maharashtra in its area of operation. (A case study in monetary economics and banking theories)—M. V. Patwardhan.
- (3) Processing and Marketing of Bidi Tobacco in Nipani District - R. R. Doshi.
- (4) Social Accounting and Regional Incomes in India - Ramkrishna Mehrotra.

Shri. T. V. Subba Rao was awarded the Ph. D. Degree during the year under report. Shri. N. Somasekhara was also awarded Ph. D. Degree during the year under report. [The Effectiveness of Industrial Estate - An Analysis of Industrial Estates in Mysore]

The R. R. Kale Memorial Lecture was delivered this year by Prof. D. R. Gadgil. The subject of the lecture was " District Development Planning "

The Servants of
Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
To Expenses in respect of properties :				
Rates, Taxes, and Cesses	11,333	32		
Repairs and Maintenances	20,214	37		
Property Insurance	525	76		
Garden Expenses	6,939	07		
Other Expenses (Lease Rents)	550	64	39,563	16
.. Establishment Expenses :				
Members' Expenses	47,575	10		
Staff Expenses	40,667	32	88,242	42
.. Legal Expenses			50	00
.. Audit Fees			1,675	00
.. Contributions and Fees			5,380	94
.. Amounts written off : Bad Debts			1,492	05
.. Miscellaneous Expenses (List F)			51,923	15
.. Depreciation on Deadstock			2,127	00
.. Amounts transferred to Reserves or Specific Funds (List G)			11,574	00
.. Expenditure on objects of the Trust :				
(a) Nil				
(b) Nil				
(c) Nil				
(d) Nil				
(e) Rural Uplift work (List H)				
Welfare work	64,866	54		
Education	16,426	45		
Distress Relief	5,801	10		
Medical	7,449	90	94,543	99
.. Contribution to National Defence Fund			2,700	00
.. Library :				
Servants of India Society, Poona	20,192	01		
Gokhale Memorial Library, Nagpur	3,983	84	24,175	35
.. Gokhale Day			1,037	55
.. Gokhale Birth-day Centenary Expenses			539	48
			Total ...	3,25,024 59

Poona,
29th Sep. 1966.

India Society*for the year ending 31st March, 1966.*

INCOME	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
By Rent Realised			28,235	74
.. Interest Realised:				
On Securities	26,728	75		
On Bank Accounts	114	93		
On Deposits	—		26,843	68
On Loans :				
A. B. Press Capital	54,730	75		
B. V. Press Capital	18,187	20		
Hitavada Press Capital	45,840	00	1,18,757	95
By Dividends			188	75
.. Donations in cash or kind (Centenary Donations Rs. 300)			17,711	77
.. Members' Earnings			7,910	83
.. Supervision Charges			—	
.. Press Profit	1,28,385	55		
Less : Provision for Bonus (-)	24,219	00	1,04,166	55
.. Miscellaneous Receipts			13,591	92
.. Profit on Sale of Securities			584	25
.. Transfer from Reserves (List G)			2,241	50
.. Excess of expenditure over Income i. e. Deficit carried over to Balance Sheet			4,791	65
			Total ...	3,25,024 59

As per our Report of even date.

K. T. DIXIT, B.A., B.Sc., G.D.A., F.C.A.
Chartered Accountant.

The Servants of
Balance Sheet as at

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES					
		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Trust Fund and Corpus:					
The Society's General Fund					
Balance as per last					
Balance Sheet					
	19,67,268	62			
<i>Add:</i>	Additions during the year				
	6,20,585	13			
	25,87,853	75			
<i>Less:</i>	Deficit from Income and				
	Expenditure A/c				
(-)	4,791	65	25,83,062	10	
Earmarked Funds :					
Trust Funds (as per List A) ...					
	3,68,093	89			
Funds set aside out of Income					
or Resources, by the Society as					
per list B ...					
	6,82,040	29	10,50,134	18	
Loans :					
For Hitavada Press, Nagpur & Bhopal					
Overdraft and Cash credit Accounts					
(1) At Nagpur - Secured against the					
deposit of 3 % G. P. Notes of the					
Face value of Rs. 1,00,000/-					
	1,10,741	98			
(2) At Bhopal					
	30,791	38	1,41,533	36	
Liabilities :					
Expenses					
	2,55,320	01			
Advances					
	77,637	37			
Rent and other Deposits ...					
	50,211	96			
Sundry Credit Balances ...					
	71,146	67			
Bonus Provision					
	40,918	50	4,95,234	51	
<div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;">Total carried over ...</div> <div style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;">42,69,964</div> <div style="text-align: right;">15</div>					

India Society

31st March, 1966.

		ASSETS			
		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Buildings and Sites (as per list C)					
Balance as per last Balance Sheet		6,62,678	31		
<i>Add:</i> Additions during the year (Hitavada Property)		11,217	00		
<i>Add:</i> New Library Building		6,80,585	13	12,94,410	45
Investments :					
In Government Securities as cost		7,05,300	52		
In Shares and Debentures		10,963	25	7,16,263	77
Papers and Presses Assets :					
Machinery, Furniture Type and Deadstock ...		5,87,779	11		
Stores, Stock and Incomplete Works		2,47,643	08		
Book Debts ...		8,47,205	37		
Advances and Deposits		1,02,960	35		
Copy right		1	00		
Investments		5,000	00		
Vehicles		25,176	90	18,22,765	81
Furniture and Fixtures :					
Balance as per last Balance Sheet		42,543	30		
<i>Add:</i> Additions during the year		3,755	57		
<i>Less:</i> Depreciation	(-)	2,127	00	44,181	87
Stock :					
Cloth		—			
Food Grains		1,668	47		
Live Stock		560	00	2,222	47
Total carried over ...				38,79,914	36

The Servants of
Balance Sheet as at

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES

	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought over			42,69,964	15

Grand Total ... 42,69,964 15

India Society

31st March, 1966.

ASSETS				
	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought over			38,79,914	36
Advances:				
To Members	3,022	14		
To Employees	1,705	00		
To Deposits	4,939	86		
To Others	59,832	07	69,499	07
Income Outstanding:				
Rent ...	1,718	72		
Interest ...	18,737	27		
Other Sources ...	—	—	20,455	99
Cash and Bank Balances as per List E :				
(a) In Current Accounts, Savings Accounts, Deposit Accounts, with Banks, Centres, Branches and Presses.	2,89,010	36		
(b) Nil	—			
(c) With Managers, and Secretaries, at Branches, Centres and Presses	11,084	37	3,00,094	73
Grand Total ...			42,69,964	15

The above Balance Sheet to the best of my knowledge and belief contains a true account of the Funds and Liabilities and of the Property and Assets of the Trust.

There is a contingent liability so far unprovided in the account books of the Society and Hitavad Press at Nagpur and Bhopal for providing Gratuity to employees of the Hitavad for Rs. 61,513-40.

As per our report of even date.

Poona,
29th, Sep., 1966.

K. T. DIXIT, B. A., B. Sc., G.D.A., F.C.A.
Chartered Accountant.

LIST A**Servants of India Society, Poona 4.**

Statement of earmarked Funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds as on 31st March, 1966.

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
1. Gokhale Memorial Trust Fund:				
Received in securities from the Memorial Committee formed in Bombay, the face value of the securities being Rs. 1,33,000/- the benefit of which is to be spent for the general purposes of the Society.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...			1,33,000	00
2. Gokhale Memorial Library Trust Fund:				
Received from the Ex-Trustees at Nagpur for Managing the Public Library situated there on a leasehold plot of land. The building then valued was of Rs. 6,075. Securities and Cash Balances handed over to the Society were of Rs. 5,843-86. The whole of the Fund has been spent over the G. K. L. Building.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...			11,918	86
3. Rao Bahadur D. Laxminarayan Trust Fund:				
Received from the Executors of the Will of the Late Shri D. Laxminarayan for maintaining a branch at Nagpur in that arsa (former Province of Madhya Pradesh) with 3 members there. The amount was received in cash.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...			1,00,000	00
Total carried over ...			2,44,918	86

LIST A—Contd.**Servants of India Society, Poona 4.***Statement of earmarked Funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds as on 31st March, 1966.*

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought over ...			2,44,918	86
4. South Indian Flood Relief Fund :				
Received as per the order of the High Court out of the residuary balance of the above Fund in the form of securities worth Rs. 21,415—47 Ps. and cash balance of Rs. 10-91. The benefit of the Fund is to be utilised in the specified area affected by the floods in Madras Presidency.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...	23,899	62		
Add: Interest during the year ...	+ 750	25		
			24,649	87
5. Late Mr. Nayanar Memorial Trust Fund :				
This Fund raised by the friends of Mr. Nayanar, a deceased member of the Society, to celebrate his memory by giving suitable scholarships, educational aid to Harijan students in the Madras Presidency.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...	11,143	12		
Add: Interest during the year ...	+ 446	00		
			11,589	12
6. Hiralal Atmaram Patel Trust Fund:				
Received from the executor of— as per conditions in the deed for relief work in Gujarat and Kathiawar.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...	30,461	29		
Add: Interest during the year ...	+ 1,218	00		
			31,679	29
Total carried over ...			3,12,837	14

LIST A—Contd.**Servants of India Society, Poona 4.***Statement of earmarked Funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds as on 31st March, 1966.*

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought over ...			3,42,837	14
7. Lady Laxmibai Distress Relief Fund :				
Received from the executors of the will of the late Lady Laxmibai, widow of Sir Jagmohandas Veerjeevandas, Bombay, for distress relief in India.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...	48,343	75		
Add : Interest during the year ...	1,938	00		
			50,281	75
8. Gokhale Day Celebration Fund :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...			2,000	00
9. Dr. P. Narasinha Raju Distress Relief Trust Fund :				
Received in form of Debentures and Share from Dr. P. Narasinha Raju, the total face value being Rs. 2640/-, the benefit of which is to be spent mainly for Distress Relief.				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet ...	2,863	25		
Add : Interest during the year. ...		111	75	
			2,975	00
Grand Total) ...			3,68,093	89

Poona
Dated 29th Sep. 1966.

K. T. DIXIT, B. A., B. Sc., G. D. A., F. C. A.
Chartered Accountant.

LIST B**Servants of India Society, Poona 4.**

*Statement of Funds and Other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its income or resources as on 31st March, 1966.*

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
1. A. B. Press :						
(1) Reserve Fund :						
(i) Building Reserve Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	1,19,047	12				
Add : Additions during the year	+ 4,200	00				
Add : Interest during the year	+ 4,760	00				
			1,28,007	12		
(ii) Rehabilitation Reserve :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			82,947	69		
(iii) Machinery Depre- ciation Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	10,896	00				
Add : Additions during the year	23,161	00	34,057	00	2,45,011	81
2. Bombay Vaibhav Press :						
(i) Reserve Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	56,904	31				
Add : Additions during the year	+ 9,667	80				
			66,572	11		
(ii) Rehabilitation Reserve :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	5,000	00	5,000	00		
(iii) Retrenchment Reserve :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			36,000	00	1,07,572	11
Total carried forward ...					3,52,583	92

LIST B—Contd.

Servants of India Society, Poona 4.

*Statement of Funds and Other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its income or resources as on 31st March, 1966.*

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
	Total brought over ...				3,52,583	92
3. Hitavada :						
(i) Reserve Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			68,225	00		
(ii) Retrenchment Compensation Reserve:						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			30,532	44		
(iii) Building Reserve Fund:						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	5,959	45				
<i>Add</i> : Interest during the year	+ 538	00	6,197	45		
(iv) Hitavada Rehabilitation Reserve :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			65,000	00		
(v) Hitavada Gratuity Provision A/o						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet			22,927	00		
(vi) Building Depreciation Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	8,572	00				
<i>Add</i> : Interest during the year	+ 350	00	8,922	00	2,01,863	89
Total carried over ...					5,54,387	81

LIST-B—Cont'd.

Servants of India Society, Poona 4.

Statement of Funds and Other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its income or resources as on 31st March, 1966.

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought over			—		5,54,387	81
4. Servindia Relief Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	25,496	63				
Add: Interest during the year	994	00				
	<u>26,490</u>	<u>63</u>				
Less: Relief granted during the year	616	50			25,844	13
5. Investments Reserve Fund :						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet					68,472	92
6. Workmen's Welfare Fund :						
The Fund is intended for giving Relief to the workers in the A. B. Press.						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	9,503	24				
Add: Interest during the year	+ 368	00				
	<u>9,871</u>	<u>24</u>				
Less: Relief granted during the year	— 295	00			9,576	24
7. Servindia Welfare Fund :						
The Fund has been built up by the Society for the general benefit of its employees.						
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	9,902	19				
Add: Interest during the year	+ 400	00				
	<u>10,302</u>	<u>19</u>				
Less: Relief granted during the year	— 1,300	00			9,002	19
Total carried over ...					<u>6,67,283</u>	<u>29</u>

List of Donations

1965—66

Head Quarters	Rs.	Ps.
Mr. D. V. R. Cole	804	86
Mr. Fitz Eger	118	76
The late Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale Trust	100	00
The late Justice M. G. Ranade Charities	100	00
Shri Chhaganlal Parekh (Calcutta)	50	00
Sums below Rs. 25	45	00
Total	1,218	62

Bombay Branch

	Rs.	P.
The Bank of India Ltd.	2,500	00
The Bank of Baroda Ltd.	2,500	00
Sir Ratan Tata Trust	2,000	00
A Well Wisher	1,000	00
Shreeram Charitable Trust	1,000	00
Shri S. B. Dhavle	1,000	00
The Central Bank of India Ltd.	500	00
The ADJEH Trust.	500	00
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.	500	00
Shri K. J. Chitalia	300	00
Shri Mulraj Karsandas	250	00
Sympathiser	240	00
Killik Industries Ltd.	200	00
Anchor Line Charities	100	00
N. M. Wadia Charities	100	00
Shri G. A. Kamtekar	25	00
Shri H. M. Hasham Premji	25	00
Shri Rangrao Talchekar	24	00
Shri H. K. Vissanji	20	00
Total	*12,784	00

* Out of these donations, Rs. 12,484 have been passed over to the Kanara Welfare Trust towards help for schools and rural welfare work conducted by the Kanara Welfare Trust.

Madras Centre		Rs.	P.
T. N. Charities.	...	1,714	19
Buckingham & Curnatik Mills	...	345	05
Oratorical Contest.	...	45	00
Sums below Rs. 25	...	350	00
Total		2,454	24

Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Raygada		Rs.	Ps.
Shri P. K. Nanda	...	100	00
„ Ch. Seetaramswamy	...	50	00
„ N. Ramasesheya	...	50	00
„ M. Kamiyya	...	50	00
Sums below Rs. 25	...	1,596	75
Total		1,846	75

A. W. W. Mirzapur		Rs.	P.
Collections through J. H. S. Muirpur		1,993	76
„ „ „ „ „ Pachokhara		1,700	97
„ „ „ „ „ Salkhan		1,017	60
„ „ „ „ „ Shri A. D. Mani		1,000	00
Collections through J. H. S. Siltham		632	43
„ „ Ramnuj Memorial Trust		343	42
„ „ Amilaudha Dispensary		342	19
„ „ J. H. S. Konhdar		310	79
„ „ W. W. C. Sarsa		250	00
„ „ „ „ „ Bandhwa		250	00
„ „ „ „ „ Dudhi		250	00
Municipal Board Chunnar		250	00
Collections through Purkhus Dispensary		201	00
„ „ J. H. S. Pachokhara		175	00
„ „ Primary School Kundadih		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Bhaluhi		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Kirwani		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Mahuli		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Raj Sarai		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Injani		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Pateri		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Baghaila		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Newariah		100	00
„ „ „ „ „ Khantara Dispensary		39	00
„ „ „ „ „ Khuria		20	00
Total		9,676	16

U. P. Branch

Madam L. Morine, All India Radio, New Delhi	25 00
Donations below Rs. 25	10 00
Total	35 00

Orissa Centre

Dorabjee Tata Trust Fund	1,000 00
Shri Durga Glass Factory	200 00
M/S Johurimal Public Charity Trust	101 00
Shri. Basudeb Modi	100 00
„ Khatau Sunderdas	100 00
„ K. K. Rathor	100 00
Ranisaheb, Darpan	100 00
Justice Shri R. K. Das	50 00
A friend	45 00
Sums below Rs. 25	10 00
Total	1,806 00

Gok hale Children's Home, Narsannapet

M/S K. V. Bhagayya Bros, Narsannapet	40 00
Sums below Rs. 25	35 00
Total	75 00

**Gokhale Institute of
Balance Sheet as at**

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Publication Reserve :				
Stock of Publications	49,921	69		
Advance Provision for Publications as per last Balance Sheet	31,273	88		
			81,195	57
Reserve for Replacement of Tabulating Machinery :				
As per last Balance Sheet	82,814	75		
Further provision this year	11,000	00		
Add: Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments	13,327	40		
			1,07,142	15
Reserve for Statistical Laboratory				
As per last Balance Sheet	35,000	00		
Add: Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments	3,532	83		
			38,532	83
Reserve for Staff Quarters Repairs etc.				
As per last Balance Sheet	1,621	02		
Less—Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account	664	43		
			956	59
Reserve for Gratuity :			8,466	00
Liabilities :				
For Expenses	14,572	34		
Hostel Deposits	30	00		
Sundry Credit Balances and Advance Receipts	3,598	29		
Retention Money and Tender Deposits	8,339	00		
Provision for charges for the use of computer	10,180	00	36,719	63
Building and Equipment Grant				
As per last Balance Sheet	8,76,297	23		
Add: From the University Grants Com- mission for the expenditure on the construction of building, equipment and furniture for the Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics	2,11,066	35		
Total carried forward ...	10,87,363	58	2,73,012	77

Politics and Economics, Poona 4
31st March, 1966

ASSETS	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Land : at cost as per last Balance Sheet			1,07,528	77
Buildings : at cost				
As per last Balance Sheet	6,63,744	45		
Add : Expenditure on the construction of building for the Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics	1,80,384	37		
Further expenditure on the construction of quarters for research staff and other work	11,742	69		
	<u>8,55,871</u>	<u>51</u>		
Less—Provision for Depreciation				
made upto last year	49,300	00		
made this year	<u>13,300</u>	<u>00</u>		
			7,93,271	51
Tabulating Machines : at cost (including installation expenses)				
As per last Balance Sheet	82,992	92		
Additions during the year—out of grant for equipment for the Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics	7,628	98		
	<u>90,621</u>	<u>90</u>		
Less—Provision for Depreciation made upto last year			82,718	03
			<u>7,903</u>	<u>37</u>
Furniture, Deadstock and Equipment : at cost				
As per last Balance Sheet	1,35,182	11		
Additions during the year— out of grant for furniture, etc., for the Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics	23,053	00		
	<u>1,58,235</u>	<u>11</u>		
Less—Provision for Depreciation				
made upto last year	51,600	00		
made this year	<u>6,800</u>	<u>00</u>		
			<u>99,835</u>	<u>11</u>
Total carried forward ...			<u>10,08,539</u>	<u>14</u>

**Gokhale Institute of
Balance Sheet as at**

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward	10,87,363	58	2,73,012	77
From R. B. R. R. Kale Trust for further expenditure on the construction of quarters for research staff and other work	11,742	69	10,99,106	27
Advance Grants :				
For Publication etc.	4,683	84		
Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India, for Agro Economic Research Unit	12,950	34		
Ministry of Health, Govt. of India, for Demographic Research	1,262	11		
University Grants Commission, Grant for (i) Expenditure on upgrading teachers salaries	525	50		
(ii) Structure of Indian Economy	2,795	84		
Ministry of Health, for Family Planning Communication research project	10,000	00		
Ford Foundation—for :—				
(i) Research in Planning and Development	81,070	06		
(ii) Construction of Students' and Trainees' hostel	1,24,487	93		
(iii) Foreign Training Fellowships and for the purchase of books and equipment	1,87,625	00	4,25,400	62
The Rockefeller Foundation Stabilization Grant :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	7,92,175	69		
Add : Interest received during the year	38,325	25	8,30,500	94
Total carried forward ...			23,28,020	60

Politics and Economics, Poona 4
31st March 1966

ASSETS	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			22,90,671	24
Amounts Receivable : (unsecured, considered good)				
For Capital Expenditure				
From the University Grants Commission				
for expenditure on the construction of building, equipment and furniture for the Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics	36,066	35		
From R. B. K. R. Kale Trust - Further expenditure on quarters for research staff etc.	11,742	69		
For expenditure on research work :				
University Grants Commission for Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics				
From the Government of Maharashtra State for four Research Sections	14,868	92		
From the Ford Foundation for Social Science Research and Training Programme	1,85,478	83		
From others	40,495	23		
			2,98,417	64
Cash and Bank Balances.				
Cash in hand	529	41		
Postage stamps in hand	221	00		
Cheques on hand	571	40		
			1,321	81
In Current Account with Banks				
With the Bank of Maharashtra Ltd.,				
Poona 4	31,861	74		
With the United Commercial Bank Ltd.,				
Poona 2	1,894	49		
With the Central Bank of India Ltd.,				
Poona 4	853	68		
			37,609	91
Grand Total	...		26,28,020	60

1st June 1966

Examined and found correct
as per our report attached.
Sd. M. F. CHITALE & Co.
Chartered Accountants

**Gokhale Institute of
Income and Expenditure Account for**

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
General Section				
Research-Salaries and Allowances and Investigational Expenses			82,807	10
Library-Schedule 'A'			62,628	39
Publication Section			33,158	38
Establishment Expenses-Schedule 'B'			50,314	52
Contribution to Employees' Prov. Fund	39,860	09		
Less : Charged to Research Work etc.	33,862	46		
			5,997	63
Reserve for payment of Gratuity			8,465	00
Depreciation on Buildings and Furniture			14,100	00
Tabulating Section				
Expenses Schedule 'C'	92,441	21		
Less : Charged to various projects	86,128	96		
			6,312	25
Demography Section				
Schedule 'D'			65,420	14
Planning and Development Section				
Schedule 'E'			1,13,170	99
Sir Dorabjee Tata Section in Agricultural Economics				
Agro-Economic Research Unit — Schedule 'F'			2,01,042	48
U. G. C. Centre for Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics				
Expenditure from Recurring Grant — Schedule 'G'	1,34,323	15		
Expenditure from Non-Recurring Grant Books and Journals	25,843	85		
			1,60,167	00
Government of Maharashtra :				
Four Research Sections — Schedule 'H'				
(i) National Income and Develop- ment Planning	23,759	12		
(ii) Applied Statistics	54,981	15		
(iii) Urban Economics	33,463	53		
(iv) Rural Sociology	37,651	59		
Expenditure on office establishment for four research sections	9,910	23		
			1,59,765	62
Total carried forward			9,63,350	50

Politics and Economics, Poona 4
31st March 1966

ASSETS	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			10,08,539	14
Investments : at cost				
<i>Earmarked Investments</i>				
For replacement of Tabulating Machines and Equipment 12 years' National Savings Certificates (face value) Rs. 12,400 00				
Add—Interest accrued	3,348	00	15,748	00
Fixed Deposit with the Bank of Maharashtra, Ltd., Poona 4			80,000	00
			<u>95,748</u>	<u>00</u>
For Statistical Laboratory :				
Fixed Deposit with the Bank of Maharashtra, Ltd., Poona 4			36,000	00
				<u>1,31,748</u>
Other Investments :				
Fixed Deposit with the Bank of Maharashtra Ltd., Poona 4 (Lodged for arrangement of cash credit with the Bank - Rs. 5 lacs)				8,15,000 00
Publications :				
Stock on hand at cost	49,921	69		
Stock of paper on hand at cost	5,329	96		
				<u>55,251 65</u>
Deposits :				
With the Maharashtra State Electricity Board for electric connection	1,485	00		
Other Deposits	175	00		
				<u>1,660 00</u>
Advances: (Unsecured, considered good)				
For purchases	18,407	01		
For expenses	8,742	44		
Payments towards the construction of hostel building for students and trainees	50,950	00		
To Institute of International Education, New York	1,87,625	00		
To Employees	12,748	00		
			<u>2,78,472</u>	<u>45</u>
Total carried forward			22,90,671	24

**Gokhale Institute of
Balance Sheet as at**

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward	...		26,28,020	60

Grand Total ... 26,28,020 60

Sd. V. M. DANDEKAR,
Director
Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics,
Poona 4.

Politics and Economics, Poona 4
the year ended 31st March, 1966

INCOME		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward		...	9	36,931	42
<i>Receipts</i>					
From the University Grants Commission through the Poona University for the study of cost of education per student survey		1,613	13		
From the UNESCO for project on the subjective assessment of status .		3,743	20		
For Tabulation and Statistical Services		5,961	90		
For overhead charges		902	49		
				12,220	72
Contribution from the University of Poona				14,964	00
Sale of Publications				21,355	33
Miscellaneous and Other Receipts				3,762	95
Interest Received					
On Employees' Advances		941	89		
On Bank Balance		10	35		
				952	24
Staff Quarters Account					
Rent and other Receipts		16,661	14		
Add : Transferred from Reserve for Staff Quarters repairs, etc.		664	43		
Less : Maintenance		11,325	57	17,325	57
Provision for Depreciation		6,000	00	17,325	57
Grand Total		...	9,90,186	66	

As per our report attached
 Sd. M. P. CHITALE & Co.
 Chartered Accountants
 1st June 1966.

Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Poona 4
Schedules Forming Part of Income and Expenditure
Account for the year ended 31st March, 1966

SCHEDULE 'A'

Library

Books and Periodicals	3,169	19
Establishment	41,289	12
Book-binding charges	13,971	00
Less : Charged to Research Works	2,900	00
	11,071	00
Printing, Stationery & Contingencies	4,070	08
Furniture and Office Equipment	3,029	00
	62,628	39

SCHEDULE 'B'

Establishment Expenses

Salaries of Office Staff	19,871	26
Postage and Telephones	10,610	40
Printing and Stationery	1,980	63
Travelling and Conveyance	544	61
Building and Garden-Repairs and Maintenance	5,281	56
Rent, Taxes and Insurance	2,703	21
Electricity Charges	659	26
Miscellaneous Expenses	7,234	59
Audit Fees	1,500	00
Less : Charged to Research work	350	00
	1,150	00
Interest on Bank Overdraft	279	00
	50,314	52

SCHEDULE 'C'

Tabulating Section Expenses

Salaries and Allowances, including piece-work payments	53,477	21
Printing, Stationery & Miscellaneous	2,246	58
Machinery Rental and Maintenance	15,537	42
Provision for Computer Services	10,180	00
Provision for replacement of Tabulating Machinery	11,000	00
	92,441	21

Politics and Economics, Poona 4
the year ended 31st March, 1966

INCOME	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
<i>Grants: Receipts & Appropriation</i>				
From the Government of Maharashtra:				
Grant-in-Aid	15,000	00		
From the Research Programmes Committee:				
Planning Commission, for Secretarial Establishment	3,000	00		
From the Finance Commission: Govern- ment of India, for office facilities extended to the Commission	3,000	00		
From the University of Poona	3,111	00		
From University Grants Commission through Poona University for the revision of salary scales of library staff for the years				
1963-64	522	00		
1964-65	2,496	00	3,018	00
Grant for publications	5,268	74		
			32,397	74
<i>Grants for Research Work</i>				
From the Ford Foundation: for Social Science Research and Training Programme	1,85,478	83		
From the Ford Foundation: for research in Planning and Development	1,13,170	99		
From the Ministry of Health, Government of India, for Demographic Research	62,944	26		
From the Ministry of Food and Agri- culture, Government of India for Agro-Economic Research Unit	2,01,042	48		
From the University Grants Commission: (through Poona University) for				
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in Agri- cultural Economics	1,60,167	00		
(ii) Research Section (Third Five Year Plan) in Structure of Indian Economy	21,964	50		
From the Government of Maharashtra for Four Research Sections	1,59,765	62		
			9,04,533	85
Total carried forward	...		9,36,931	42

**Gokhale Institute of
Income and Expenditure Account for**

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward ...			9,63,330	50
U. G. C. Section (Third Five Year Plan)				
Structure of Indian Economy - Schedule ' I '			21,964	50
UNESCO Project on the Subjective Assessment of Status			3,989	17
Transferred to R. B. R. R. Kale Trust			902	49
Receipts for overhead charges				
			9,90,186	66

Sd. V. M. DANDEKAR,
Director,
Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics,
Poona 4.

SCHEDULE 'H'

*Government of Maharashtra — Four Research Sections**(1) National Income & Development Planning*

Salaries & Allowances:		
Reader	9,546	00
Research Assistants	5,852	27
	<hr/>	15,398 27
Provident Fund Contribution		1,338 00
Books and Journals		1,500 85
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		4,174 05
Contingencies		1,347 95
		<hr/>
		23,759 12

(2) Applied Statistics

Salaries and Allowances		
Professor	13,545	00
Reader	9,546	00
Lecturers	12,375	00
Research Assistants	6,166	16
	<hr/>	41,632 16
Provident Fund Contribution		3,678 00
Books and Periodicals		1,501 36
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		6,043 65
Contingencies		2,125 98
		<hr/>
		54,981 15

(3) Urban Economics

Salaries and Allowances		
Lecturers	12,078	25
Research Assistants	4,635	00
	<hr/>	16,707 25
Provident Fund Contribution		2,254 00
Books and Periodicals		1,506 80
Publications		6,685 37
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		5,319 21
Contingencies		990 90
		<hr/>
		33,463 53

(4) *Rural Sociology*

Salaries and Allowances :

Reader	9,546 00	
Lecturers	11,988 00	
Research Assistants	7,029 26	
	<hr/>	28,563 26
Provident Fund Contribution		1,992 00
Books and Periodicals		1,500 24
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		4,528 00
Contingencies		1,068 09
		<hr/>
		37,651 59
<i>Expenditure on Office Establishment</i>		
Salaries and Allowances		9,238 55
Provident Fund Contribution		671 68
		<hr/>
		9,910 23

SCHEDULE 'I'

Structure of Indian Economy

Salaries and Allowances :

Reader	11,610 00	
Lecturers	8,500 50	
	<hr/>	20,110 50
Provident Fund Contribution		1,854 00
		<hr/>
		21,964 50

Signatures to the Schedule
'A' to 'I'
Sd. M. P. CHITALE & CO.
1st June 1966,

Sd. V. M. DANDEKAR,
Director,
Gokhale Institute of Politics and
Economics, Poona 4

SCHEDULE 'D'

Demography Section

Salaries and Allowances			
Reader	9,546	00	
Research Assistants	6,187	00	
Investigators	8,983	30	
			<u>24,716 30</u>
Office Establishment			4,627 51
Provident Fund Contribution			1,841 74
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			12,846 88
Printing, stationery and contingencies			2,763 78
Investigational Expenses			4,103 40
Books and Periodicals			6,705 77
Publications			5,475 88
Seminar Expenses			2,338 88
			<u>65,420 14</u>

SCHEDULE 'E'

Planning and Development Section

Salaries and Allowances :			
Professor	14,190	00	
Reader	9,546	00	
Lecturers	9,136	77	
Research Assistants	10,469	31	
Senior Fellowships	22,688	64	
			<u>66,030 72</u>
Office Establishment			7,864 16
Provident Fund Contribution			3,259 20
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			6,226 93
Investigational Expenses			6,099 48
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services	12,976	44	
Books and Periodicals	5,372	32	
Seminar Expenses	5,341	74	
			<u>1,13,170 99</u>

SCHEDULE ' F '

Agro-Economic Research Unit :

Salaries and Allowances :

Readers	16,318	50	
Lecturers	35,397	46	
Research Assistants	49,246	62	
Field Inspector	2,940	00	
Field Investigators	9,862	35	
Office establishment	13,006	22	
Library Assistants	6,228	00	
			<hr/>
			1,32,999 15
Provident Fund Contribution			8,755 12
Investigational Expenses			15,213 08
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			31,937 85
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			5,902 69
Training Abroad Expenses			3,679 20
Books and Periodicals			2,555 39
			<hr/>
			2,01,042 48

SCHEDULE ' G '

*U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Agricultural Economics**Expenditure from Returring Grant*

Salaries and Allowances

Professor	13,545	00	
Readers	19,092	00	
Lecturers	10,731	51	
Research Fellowships	18,736	02	
Research Assistants	6,112	40	
Visiting Professors	1,337	07	
			<hr/>
			68,854 00
Provident Fund Contribution			4,307 60
Books and Journals			5,834 45
Travel			6,454 18
Other Expenditure			32,464 86
Ph. D. Fellowships			1,408 06
Publications			15,000 00
			<hr/>
			1,34,323 15

*

Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale Trust Fund

Investments as on 31st March, 1966.

	Face Value	Book Value	Rate	Market Value	Interest/Dividend	Remarks
3% G. P. Notes 1896-97	10,000	8,025-00	53/00	5,300-00	300-00	
3% G. P. Notes 1970-75	2,500	2,197-50	85/00	2,125-00	75-00	
3% Conversion Loan — 1946	33,300	33,237-50	54/25	18,065-75	999-00	
3 1/2% Bombay Municipal Debentures, 1977	2,500	2,400-00	68/10	1,700-00	105-61	Includes interest Rs. 24/57 on Rs. 1500/- matured
3 1/2% Poona Municipal Debentures	—	—	—	—	207 60	On Rs. 20,000/-
4% Poona Municipal Corporation Debentures	—	—	—	—	300-00	On Rs. 7,500/-
4% Bombay Municipal Debentures 1967	15,000	14,625-00	96/00	14,400-00	600-00	
4% Bombay State Road Transport Debentures	12,000	12,000-00	—*	12,000-00	4-0-00	On Rs. 12,000/-
4% M. P. Co-operative Bank Ltd., Debentures	53,000	52,225-00	—	52,000-00	2661-66	Includes Rs. 541/66 on Rs. 13000 matured
4% Saurashtra S. D. Loan II Series 1967	20,000	19,700-00	98/00	19,600-00	800-00	
4% Madhya Bharat Loan — 1968	12,000	11,910-00	98/10	11,772-00	480-00	
4% Bombay State Development Loan 1970	50,000	50,000-00	91/00	47,000-00	2000-00	
4% Bombay State Development Loan 1971	35,000	35,367-50	91/00	31,500-00	1400-00	
4% Maharashtra Loan 1969	15,000	14,973-90	94/00	14,100-00	600-00	
4 1/2% Andhra Co-op. C. L. M. B. Debentures	14,000	13,930-00	—*	14,000-00	595-00	
4 1/2% Bombay State Development Loan 1970	38,000	38,000-00	93/00	35,340-00	1615-00	
4 1/2% Mysore L. M. C. Co-op. Bank Debentures	35,000	35,000-00	—*	35,000-00	1575-00	
4 1/2% Government Loan 1986	50,000	47,675-00	98/50	49,250-00	—	
4% Satara Inamdar Mandal — Debentures	5,000	5,000-00	—*	5,000-00	200-00	
Kiroskar Bros. Ltd.-300 Equity Shares,	7,500	6,750-00	45/00	13,500-00	910-00	
	4,09,800	4,03,006-10	—	3,82,652-25	15893-87	
					Loss 460-00	Int. paid on purchase of Loan Rs. 50,000/-
					15433-87	

* No Quotation.

K. T. DIXIT, Chartered Accountant.

CONSTITUTION
OF THE
Servants of India Society

The following Constitution has been adopted for the Society :

1. The Society shall be called " The Servants of India Society."*

2. The objects of the Society are to train national missionaries for the service of India and to promote, by all constitutional means, the interests of the Indian people.

3. The Society will consist of (a) a First Member or President ; (b) a Vice-President ; (c) Ordinary Members ; and (d) Members under Training.

4. The First Member or President will be the head of the Society.

5. Every member, on admission, shall undergo a special training for a period of five years. During the period, he will be known as a ' Member under Training '. When a Member under Training has completed his five years' discipline, he will be styled as an ' Ordinary Member ' of the Society.

6. Subject to Rules 12,12A, and 13, every member of the Society shall be a member for life.

7. The First Member or President, assisted by a Council, shall manage the affairs of the Society in accordance with the Bye-laws framed for the purpose. This Council shall consist of the Vice-President, the Senior Members of the Branches and three Ordinary Members elected annually by the members of the Society, the retiring Members being eligible for re-election.

* हिंदू सेवक संघ has been adopted as its name in the vernaculars.

Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale Trust Fund

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 1966

(June 1966)

LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	ASSETS	Rs.	P.
R. B. R. R. Kale Trust Fund			Investment (at cost)		
Balance per last B/S	3,01,229	28	(as per schedule attached)		
Add: G. I. P. E. overhead charges	902	49	(a) In Government & other Securities ...	3,85,143	27
Donations to corpus	50	00	Purchases	47,675	00
	3,02,181	77		4,32,818	27
Investment Reserve			Matured	41,561	87
Bal. per last B/S	13,784	37		3,91,256	40
Add: Amt. on maturity of security	438	13	(b) In Debentures—Satara Inamdar		
	14,222	50	Mandal—50 Debentures of		
Income & Expenditure Accounts			Rs. 100 each—fully paid	5,000	00
Bal. per last B/S	97,568	99	(c) In Shares—Kirloskar Bros. Ltd.,		
Add: surplus for the year	3,685	59	300 Equity Shares of Rs. 25 each		
	1,01,254	58	fully paid	6,750	00
				4,03,006	40
			Balance with the Servants of		
			India Society	14,652	45
				4,17,658	85
Total ...	4,17,658	85	Total ...	4,17,658	85

POONA,
14th June, 1966

As per report of even date.
K. T. DLXIT,
Chartered Accountant.

8. No person will be admitted as a member of the Society unless his admission is recommended by the Council and the recommendation accepted by the First Member or President.

9. Every member at the time of admission shall take the following seven vows :

- (i) The country shall always be the first in my thoughts and I will give to her service the best that is in me.
- (ii) In serving the country I will seek no personal advantage for myself.
- (iii) I will regard all Indians as brothers and work for the advancement of all without distinction of caste or creed.
- (iv) I will be content with such provision for myself *and my family,** as the Society may be able to make. I will devote no part of my energies to earning money for myself.
- (v) I will lead a pure personal life.
- (vi) I will engage in no personal quarrel with any one.
- (vii) I will always keep in view the aims of the Society and watch over its interests with the utmost zeal, doing all I can to advance its work. I will never do anything which is inconsistent with the objects of the Society.

10. Every Member under Training shall, during the time that he is under training, place himself under the entire guidance and control of the First Member or President, and shall do such work and devote himself to such studies as the First Member or President may direct.

11. An Ordinary Member may be sent by the First Member or President and Council to any part of India on special duty or for general work in connection with the Society. He will be bound to do the work assigned to him under the general direction of the First Members or President and Council

* The italicised words to be omitted if there be no family.

and shall obey orders and instructions that may be received from them.

12. The Society may release a member from its vows and permit him to resign his membership on the ground of continued ill-health or for other sufficient cause, on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President.

12 A. The Society may, in exceptional circumstances, permit a member to retire after thirty years' approved service or on the attainment of the age of seventy after twenty-five years' approved service on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First member or President. A member so permitted shall cease to be a member of the Society.

13. The Society may remove the name of any member from its roll of members on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

14. (a) The First Member will hold office for life.

(b) It will be the duty of the First Member to recommend in writing to the Council the names of three Ordinary Members out of whom the members of the Society shall elect a successor to him as First Member on a vacancy occurring. If no such recommendation has been received by the Council when the vacancy occurs, the members of the Society may elect any Ordinary Member or in the absence of a suitable Ordinary Member, any member to succeed as First Member.

(c) In case, however, it appears undesirable to elect a First Member, the members may elect one of their number to be President of the Society for a period of three years.

(d) The members of the Society shall elect an Ordinary Member to be Vice-President of the Society for three years.

(e) The First Member or President may, notwithstanding any other rule, delegate any of his functions to the Vice-President and, during the absence of the Vice-President from India, to any other Ordinary Member.

(f) The council of the Society shall appoint one of the Ordinary Members to be the Secretary of the Society.

15. When a vacancy occurs in the First Membership or Presidentship of the Society, the Council shall exercise all the powers vested by the Rules in the First Member or President singly or the First Member or President and Council, until such time as a new First Member or President is duly elected; and any act done by the Council during such time shall be deemed valid, provided that the Council takes steps with all reasonable despatch to arrange for the election of a new First Member or President under rule 14 (b) or 14 (c), as the case may be.

16. In special circumstances the First Member or President and Council may exempt, for reasons to be recorded in writing, any member of the Society from the operation of any rule save Rule 9.

17. An applicant for membership may be required to pass through a period of probation before admission and may in that case be enrolled as a Probationer on such terms and for such period as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

18. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Probationer from the list of Probationers before the expiry of the period of probation. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

19. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person, who, in their opinion, is capable of being trained to assist members of the Society in their work and who is prepared to devote his life to such work, as a Permanent Assistant of the Society, on such terms as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

20. A Permanent Assistant may, on grounds of special fitness and after a period of approved service of not less than three years, be admitted as Member under Training by the First Member or President and Council.

21. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Permanent Assistant from the list of Permanent Assistants of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

22. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person who is in full sympathy with the objects of the Society and is prepared to devote himself to such work as may be assigned to him for the benefit of the Society as an Attache of the Society on such terms and under such control as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

23. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Attache from the list of Attaches of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

24. The First Member or President and Council may enro any person who is in full sympathy with the objects of the Society and who is prepared to devote a portion of his time and resources to the furtherance of its work as an Associate of the Society.

25. Probationers, Permanent Assistants, Attaches and Associates will have no voice in the management of the affairs of the Society and no interest in the Society's property or funds.

26. All property of the Society shall belong to the Society in its corporate character, and no member in his individual capacity, nor the heirs, executors or assignees of any member shall have any right to any portion of it.

27. (a) The property of the Society, whether immovable or movable, including stocks, funds, shares and other securities and all other property otherwise vested in or transferred to the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be held in the name of the Society or the Governing Body as constituted

under Rule 7 and shall remain under the general control, supervision and management of the First Member or President of the Society for the time being and the Council.

(b) All arrangements, deeds, conveyances, contracts, transfers or other instruments relating to the sale, transfer or other transactions or dealings entered into by the Society or to which the Society is a party, whether relating to the property, whether immovable or movable, belonging to the Society or held by the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be made, signed, sealed, delivered or executed by such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint. For the purpose of this Rule any authority given by the First Member or President under his signature alone authorising any person or persons to enter into, make, sign, deliver or execute any deed, or instrument, contract or transfer and recording the fact that such authority is given with the approval of the Council shall be deemed sufficient and valid authority to such person or persons to execute the several rights, powers and authorities thereby given to him or them. For all payments received by or made to the Society the receipt of the Secretary or such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint shall be valid and complete discharge to the party making such payment.

(c) The Society shall be at liberty to invest the surplus funds in its hands in the securities authorised by the Indian Trust Act or in the purchase of such landed properties of any tenure as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time determine.

(d) Subject to the conditions in respect of properties (if any) entrusted to the Society and earmarked for specific objects, if and whenever it is found expedient or necessary, the First Member or President and Council shall be at liberty to deal with the properties belonging to the Society, whether movable or immovable, by sale, mortgage, lease, or pledge thereof or otherwise. All deeds, documents, agreements, mortgages, contracts or transfers in respect of the properties so sold, mortgaged, leased, or pledged or otherwise dealt with shall be executed as provided in clause 27 (b) hereof.

28. In all suits brought by or against the Society, the Society shall be represented by the First Member or President or such other person or persons nominated or appointed by the First Member or President for that purpose.

29. The Society shall not be dissolved by the death, secession or removal of any member.

30. The First Member or President may, with the concurrence of a majority of the Ordinary Members of the Society, make, alter or rescind any Bye-law or Bye-laws for (1) the management of the affairs of the Society and the conduct of its business; (2) the custody, disposal and control of the funds of the Society; (3) the provision to be made for members of the Society and their families, the grant of special allowance to them in special circumstances, and of pensions to members retiring under Rule 12A; (4) the grant of leave to members of the Society; (5) grant the allowances to Permanent Assistants and Attaches of the Society; and (5) the carrying out in other ways of the objects of the Society.

31. The First Member or President and Council shall have power to take whatever steps may be deemed necessary in the interest of the Society provided that they are not inconsistent with the objects of the Society or with the provisions or spirit of any of the Rules or Bye-laws at the time in force.

32. No alteration shall be made in this Constitution unless it is recommended by the Council with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society and the recommendation is accepted by the First Member or President.

Bye-Laws

The following Bye-Laws have been made under Rule 30

1. The Society shall, as circumstances permit, establish Branches for work in different parts of the country. At the head of each Branch there shall be a Senior Member, whose appointment and removal shall vest in the First Member or President and Council. He will be an *ex-officio* member of the Council. The affairs of each Branch shall be managed by a Board consisting of the Senior Member and the Ordinary Members belonging to it.

2. (a) Every Member under Training will be granted an allowance of Rs. 200 a month for the first year, Rs. 205 for the second year of his training and thereafter he will get an increment of Rs. 10 annually in his allowance until he reaches the maximum of 325 at the end of 14 years of his membership of the Society.

(b) A rent allowance not exceeding Rs. 50 a month or the actual rent paid, if less, will be granted to members, in case there are no quarters available on the premises of the Society.

(c) Permanent Assistants will be paid such allowance as the Council of the Society may determine.

(d) Every Probationer will be given an allowance of Rs. 175 a month during the period of his probation.

(e) Every Member under Training, who may be deputed to work in the City of Bombay, will be paid Rs. 5 as Bombay allowance until he becomes an Ordinary Member.

(f) In case of serious illness, Members may be paid by the Branches, on the recommendation of the Senior Member the whole or part of the medical fees and medicine charges.

3. Notwithstanding any provision in Bye-Law No. 2, the First Member or President and Council may, after due inquiry and for sufficient cause, at a meeting of the Council at which not less than four members are present, reduce by not more than half the allowance for a period not exceeding one year at a time but in no case for more than two consecutive years.

4. (a) A Member under Training is entitled to two months' leave every year, which may be granted by the First Member or President and, if the applicant is attached to a Branch, by the Senior Member of the Branch.

(b) Ordinary Members are entitled to a month's leave every year. Senior Members may grant leave for one month and the First member or President for three months and the First Member or President and Council for longer periods.

(c) Ordinary Members of the Madhya Pradesh and Berar are entitled to one month and ten days' privilege leave if they go on leave on the 1st of May.

(d) All Members are entitled to twenty days' casual leave in a year.

(e) Both casual and privilege leave mentioned above will only be sanctioned if the work of the Society permits.

5. (a) The life of a member enrolled after June 12, 1962, will on admission, be assured by the Society in favour of the First Member or President for the time being for a sum of Rs. 5,000, only Rs. 5,000 being payable at death. If no Insurance Company accepts the life of any Member for assurance, the First Member or President and the Council may make such other arrangements as they deem fit to secure, in the case of such a Member, the object of this Bye-law.

(b) On the death of a Member whose life has been assured for Rs. 3,000 under Bye-law No. 5 (a) as it stood on June 1, 1962, the First Member or President shall pay only Rs. 3,000 on the life-policy of the deceased to such person or persons as the deceased Member may, by will or otherwise in

writing have directed. In addition, the President shall pay out of the revenues of the Society an additional sum of Rs. 2,000 as an ad hoc grant to such person or persons.

In the absence of such direction, the First Member or President and the Council shall have power to determine whether the amount recovered may be paid to any person or persons belonging to the family of the deceased, and if so, to whom.

In this Bye-law, the word "Member" includes a Member who has been permitted to retire under rule 12A.

6. The First Member or President and Council may grant, in special circumstances, a special allowance to a Member or a Permanent Assistant suitable to the requirements of his case.

6A. The First Member or President and Council may grant to a Member who is permitted to retire under Rule 12A such pension as they consider suitable to the requirements of his case. In case, however, such a Member acts in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Society, the First Member or President and Council may withhold it from him.

7. If a Member's connection with the Society is terminated under Rule 12 or Rule 13, he and his family shall forfeit all claim to the benefit secured to him or them under these Bye-laws.

8. The funds of the Society may be deposited in the Banks approved by the Council, and the accounts shall be in the name of the Society, its Branches, Centres and Business Concerns as the case may be, and be operated upon by such persons and in such manner as the Council may decide from time to time.

9. (a) When the First Member or President and Council resolve to enrol anyone as Associate, the fact will be communicated to the person concerned by the Secretary.

(b) In case any application for Associateship is rejected the Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons.

(c) A Branch may, where practicable, ascertain the opinion of the Associates assigned to it in respect of any new

schemes of work contemplated by it and in respect of any question of policy to be laid down by the Society on occasions when momentous questions are before the country.

(d) An Associate will so conduct himself as not to compromise the position of the Society, but further its aims and interests.

(e) Associates will be kept informed by the Headquarters of the Society about the progress of the work from time to time; will be invited to attend the anniversary of the foundation day; will be allowed to use the libraries of the Society at the Headquarters and at the Branches; may be invited to attend special sessions and be allowed to reside, if room be available, at the Headquarters or the Branches for purposes of study or work.

(f) The President and Council may remove the name of an Associate from the list of Associates maintained at the Headquarters on a recommendation to that effect being received from the Branch to which the Associate is assigned. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

Members of the Servants of India Society, December 15, 1965.

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>President:</i>		
1 Hriday Nath Kunzru, B.A., B.Sc., LL.D. ...	11-7-1909	†S. I. S., 1, P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2. also, Sapru House, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 1. 'Phone Nos. Allahabad 2130, New Delhi 40243
<i>Vice-President:</i>		
2 Annakavoor Duraiswamy Subramani (A. D. Mani), M.A. ...	14-6-1935	S. I. S., Dhantoli, Nagpur 1. 'Phone No. 2066.
<i>Senior Members:</i>		
3 Dattatray Vasudeo Ambekar ..	20-12-1914	.. Poona 4. 'Phone Nos. 56813 & 56210.
4 Dinkar Dattatray Desai, M.A., LL.B. ...	12-6-1936	.. Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4. 'Phone No. 355014.
5 Rama Shankar Misra, B.A., LL.B. ...	12-6-1937	.. 1. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2. 'Phone No. 2130.

† S. I. S. stands for Servants of India Society.

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>Ordinary Members :</i>		
† 6 Shankar Govind Gokhale, M. A. * ...	29-7-1928	S. I. S., Poona 4. 'Phone No. 56210.
7 Keshav Ganesh Sharangpani, B.A., LL.B. ...	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Poona 4. 'Phone No. 56210.
† 8 Singanallur Ramakrishna Venkataraman, B.A., B.L. ...	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 86252.
9 Ramohandra Sadashiv Gupte ...	30-6-1933	S. I. S. Rural Centre, P. O. Shendurjana Bazar (Dist. Amravati)
†10 Shyam Sundar Misra, M.A. ...	12-6-1936	„ Cuttack, Orissa. 'Phone No. 252.
11 Krishnadas Jagjiwandas Chitalia ...	13-6-1941	„ Poona 4. 'Phone No. 56210.
13 Raghunath Govind Kakade, M. A., LL. B., Ph. D. ...	12-6-1943	„ Poona 4. 'Phone No. 56210.
<i>Members under Training :</i>		
13 Madhusudan Sahoo, B. A., D. A. M. S., ...	14-6-1963	S. I. S. Cuttack, Orissa. 'Phone No. 252.
14 Sarwadaman Shankar Ajgaonkar, M. A. ...	16-6-1966	S. I. S. Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4 Phone No. 355014

† Member of Council.

* Secretary.

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Work of the Society at a Glance

Nature of Work	Members engaged in it
Political :	
<i>General</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Ambekar, Shri Mani, Shri Gokhale, Shri Venkataraman.
<i>Legislatures</i>	—Shri Mani.
<i>Journalism</i>	—Shri Mani, Shri Desai.
Social :	
<i>Education</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Desai, Shri Chitalia, Shri S. S. Misra
<i>Scouting</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman.
<i>Social Service</i>	—Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar
<i>Aborigines</i>	—Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri M. Sahoo.
<i>Rural Uplift, & Local Self- Government</i>	} Shri Desai, Shri Venkataraman, Shri Gupte, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Distress Relief</i>	—Shri Ambekar, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Business Concerns</i>	} Shri Ambekar (A. B. Press, Poona). Shri Dinkar Desai (Bombay Vaibhav Press). Shri Mani (Hitavada Press, Nagpur).