

REPORT
OF THE
Unemployment Committee
United Provinces
1935



ALLAHABAD:
SUPERINTENDENT, PRINTING AND STATIONERY, UNITED PROVINCES
1936

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APPENDICES

APPENDIX I

(Vide paragraph 14 of the Report)

UNEMPLOYMENT COMMITTEE

UNITED PROVINCES

QUESTIONNAIRE

1. What facts and figures can you quote to prove the existence and extent of unemployment among the young men of the United Provinces—

(a) who have received purely literary education ;

(b) who have qualified for the professions of law, medicine (including veterinary), electrical, mechanical or civil engineering, agriculture, teaching, etc. ;

(c) who have received technical or professional training for any form of commercial business (including banking, insurance, accountancy, etc.) or any industrial occupation ;

(d) who have been abroad for education ?

2. What facts and figures can you quote to prove the extent to which young men, who have received a superior and/or specialized education, have been forced into employment for which such education is unnecessary, or are unable to earn a decent living owing to the overcrowding of their particular profession or calling ?

3. Do you know any form of employment in which the supply of educated young men in these provinces does not equal the demand ?

4. Do you think that unemployment has increased in the country on account of general depression, etc., or that demand for employment has increased as family incomes are now inadequate to meet the cost of an improved standard of living of the people ?

5. Is there, in your opinion, general unemployment in all classes and among all occupations in the United Provinces ? If so, what are the causes of such unemployment ? What bearing, if any, has such general unemployment, if it exists, upon unemployment among the educated classes ?

6. In relation to agriculture, are you of opinion that ancillary occupations are decaying ? If so, what measures would you suggest for their revival ?

7. To what extent is unemployment among the educated classes due to an aversion from, or to physical incapacity for any form of manual labour, even if it requires skill ? If so, can these tendencies be counteracted by—

(a) the encouragement of activities in schools such as market-gardening, carpentry, etc. so as to develop among the pupils a

capacity to utilize their leisure for profitable pursuits and to impress upon them the dignity of labour ; or

(b) the institution of a system of medical inspection and treatment for all pupils in schools and by the development of physical games and exercises, or

(c) any other means.

8. Is unemployment due to an excessive number of boys who receive only literary education, and are thereby unfitted to adopt a trade, profession or calling which requires technical knowledge and skill ? If so, will you offer your advice ?

9. Do you think that during the last 30 or 40 years, there has been a steady movement of young men from villages to towns and that these young men have joined schools and colleges for general literary education ? If so, what do you think has been the result of this movement on the question of unemployment ? Do you think that it is desirable to check this tendency and that it can be checked by improving the conditions of village life and providing avenues for employment or increasing efficiency of the youth in rural surroundings ?

10. How far, in your opinion, will the introduction of co-operative marketing help in standardizing the products of industry and agriculture and thus popularizing agricultural and industrial pursuits by enabling them to obtain better prices for their products ?

11. How far would the development of dairy farming, fruit-growing, canning and preservation of fruits, vegetable-growing, sericulture, pisciculture and other similar pursuits provide careers for educated young men ?

12. Do you think that the economic consequences of the social systems prevailing in the United Provinces specially early marriage, joint family, laws of inheritance and caste, etc. are a hindrance to the employment of educated young men ?

13. Do you think that the unrestricted growth of population is likely to still further accentuate the problem of unemployment among the educated classes.

Education

14. Do you think that it is necessary to give education to our young men for commercial, agricultural or industrial pursuits ? If so, please suggest practical measures.

15. (a) At what stage of the education of a young man should he receive training in agriculture, industries and commerce ? What measures do you suggest for the modifications in the educational system, so as to provide for training in commerce, agriculture and industries ?

(b) Whether it will be desirable to introduce some industrial education in our vernacular schools to help the sons of agriculturists to start cottage industries along with their agricultural pursuits.

16. Is it a fact that a good many young men who receive education at schools and colleges and universities do so with no settled idea as

to career, but are merely anxious to obtain Government service? If so, how do you think a change in their outlook can be brought about?

17. You are doubtless aware of the recent resolution of the local Government to effect further changes in the system of primary and secondary education. What opinion have you to express as regards changes in the system of education in relation to the question of unemployment?

18. What measures, in your opinion, should be taken by the Government for ensuring and demonstrating the practicability of vocational careers?

19. Do you think that technical, industrial and agricultural schools in these provinces are serving the end for which they were instituted? In other words, do you think that they have succeeded in settling young men in business or occupation. If not, what remedies do you suggest for improving those schools?

20. Have you any specific recommendations to make on the question of research carried on in the universities? Do you think that research work should, to some extent at any rate, be correlated to the economic and industrial needs of the country?

21. (a) What, in your opinion, has led to the increase in the number of graduates in the universities during the last 10 or 15 years?

(b) Do you think that the increase in the number of students in the universities has led to the lowering of standard of higher education?

(c) How far, in your opinion, is the increase of graduates due to the fact that University degrees are considered as passports to Government service?

(d) Do you think that it is desirable that Government should have a separate test for recruitment to services and not treat University degree as a qualification for entering Government service?

(e) Do you think that it is desirable that higher education should be so diversified as to provide education for a number of young men in commerce, industries, agriculture, etc.?

22. Would, in your opinion, an addition of new subjects of study under the various faculties in the universities, such as Geography, Geology, Experimental Psychology, Fine Arts, Anthropology, Sociology, etc. have the effect of opening out new careers for our young men?

23. Do you think, the introduction of subjects like Journalism, Estate Management and Secretarial work, etc. at some stage of our education system, is calculated to improve the prospects of our young men for employment?

Industries

24. Do you think the inadequate development of big industries in the province is responsible for the indifference of our young men to technical and industrial pursuits?

25. (a) Do you think that the development of industries, major and minor, in these provinces, is likely to provide employment for a large number of educated and skilled young men? If so, what specific industries, major and minor, would you like to be developed, having regard to the condition and resources of these provinces?

(b) As bearing on the question of unemployment among the educated classes, what steps would you suggest for the development of these industries and how far should the State help in their development?

(c) Do you think that it is possible to develop major, minor and cottage industries without giving them adequate protection against foreign competition, such as that of Japan? And would such protection help in the solution of the question of unemployment?

(d) How far, and to what extent, in your opinion, will the encouragement of cottage industries provide employment for educated young men? How far is the promotion of large scale industries essential for that purpose?

Agriculture

26. How far is it possible to start a scheme of colonization of educated young men on agricultural land in these provinces? Do you think that a sufficient quantity of cultivable land is available for that purpose in the United Provinces?

27. Will the extension of the Grid-electrification make settlement of educated young men in rural areas more feasible?

28. Do you think, if the country is opened up by better roads and adequate amenities are provided, that it will attract young men to settle down there in certain careers for instance medicine, etc.?

29. What measures do you suggest to make agriculture a more remunerative and attractive pursuit for educated young men?

30. What crops other than food crops would you suggest for cultivation in these provinces, in order to increase their general wealth and prosperity, and how far would educated young men be induced to undertake their cultivation?

Service

31. Is there any chance, in your opinion, of opening up more avenues for employment in services, by increasing the number of posts in any particular departments where the employees are over-worked?

32. (a) Do you think that the universities and schools should be asked to keep regular statistics of unemployment among their alumni?

(b) Do you suggest that there may be some regular body permanently established in these provinces to watch the growth of unemployment among the educated classes and to deal with it? How should it be composed?

Notes—(1) In answering the questions you might confine your remarks to consideration of the question as it affects your institution, association or department, as the case may be, or to facts within your personal experience.

(2) Please send your reply of the questions (above) to the Secretary, U. P. Unemployment Committee, 22-A Clive Road, Allahabad, before January 31, 1935.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE

In Question no. 22, Mineralogy and Metallurgy may be added.

Under Agriculture add the following questions :

(1) Is the agricultural education now available adequate to enable successful students to earn decent living by settling down as agriculturists ? If not, how can such training be made adequate.

Extra questions

(1) How far can the time now used in games, sports and physical exercises be profitably used in productive manual work, thus increasing the income of the Institution concerned and infusing dignity of labour amongst the students and training them in productive manual work for future ?

(2) Can you suggest practical methods to utilize surplus energy and education of the unemployed young men in universal mass education by—

(a) Opening simple schools of the *maktab* or *pathshala* pattern in *chaupals*, ordinary houses and under shady trees in the prevalent vernacular of the locality.

(b) Demonstrating cheap and simple methods of hygiene, medicine and first aid.

(c) The use of travelling educative cheap cinema shows and introduction of cheap radio sets for diffusing mass education in (1) Hygienic principles, (2) Simple industries, (3) Simple treatment of common diseases.

(3) To what extent is the complaint of unemployment due to—

(a) An artificially higher value of education in English not justified by actual utilitarian tests in practical life.

(b) The higher standard of living of students in hostels as compared to the market value of these scholars turned out after education and such residence.

(4) What village industries be developed by—

(a) raising customs duties without infringing existing agreements,

(b) village organizations manned by capable young men now unemployed,

(c) co-operative societies, and

(d) demonstration units ?

(5) How can a missionary spirit be introduced in the educated young men to diffuse education amongst their uneducated fellow countrymen, both by precept and personal example ? Can you suggest any effective and cheap organization to infuse and utilize such missionary spirit ?

APPENDIX II

(Vide paragraph 23 of the report)

(A) LIST OF WITNESSES

(1) Allahabad, 1st sitting

10th January, 1935.

1. Doctor N. R. Dhar, D.Sc. (London and Paris), F.I.C., I.E.S., Head of the Chemistry Department, Allahabad University.
2. The Rev. Dr. C. H. Rice, M.A., Ph.D., Principal, Ewing Christian College, Allahabad.
3. Rai Sahib Mr. Kaushal Kishore, B.A., L.T., F.R.G.S., Registrar, Departmental Examinations, United Provinces, Allahabad.

11th January, 1935.

4. Lala Sangam Lal Agarwala, M.A., LL.B., ex. M.L.C., Advocate, Allahabad.
5. Mr. C. H. Powell, M.B.I.C.C., Principal, Government Carpentry School, Allahabad.
6. Dr. K. N. Katju, M.A., LL.D., Advocate, High Court, Allahabad.

12th January, 1935.

7. Mr. Mason Vaugh, B.Sc., A.E., Agricultural Engineer, Agricultural Institute, Naini, Allahabad.
8. and 9. Mr. Anwar Dayal Chand and Mr. Nilkanth Rao Joshi, B.A., I.D.D., Agricultural Institute, Naini, Allahabad.
10. Munshi Iswar Saran, M.L.A., Allahabad.
11. Hon'ble Mr. Prakash Narain Sapru, M.A., LL.B., M.C.S., Bar.-at-Law, Allahabad.
12. Mr. W. G. P. Wall, M.Sc., I.E.S., Principal, Training College, Allahabad.
13. Pandit Rajeshwar Nath Kaul, M.A., L.T., Principal, Government Intermediate College, Allahabad.
14. Mr. N. C. Mukerji, M.A., Lecturer, Philosophy Department and Warden, Holland Hall, Allahabad University, Allahabad.

(2) Allahabad, 2nd sitting

15th April, 1935.

1. Mr. K. L. Govil, M.A., B.COM., Lecturer in Commerce, Allahabad University, Allahabad.

2. Dr. S. Dutt, M.A., F.R.S. (Calcutta), D.Sc. (London), Reader in Chemistry, Allahabad University.
 3. Mr. Prem Mohan Verma, M.A., B.Sc., LL.B., Advocate, High Court, Allahabad.
 4. Mr. G. P. Dutt, *Rai Sahib*, Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Allahabad.
 5. Mr. Parmeshwar Nath Sapru, Advocate, Fyzabad.
 6. Mr. S. E. J. Mills, President, Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association, Allahabad.
 7. Mr. K. K. Moghey, L.E., Consulting Engineer, Allahabad.
- 16th April, 1935.
8. Dr. M. N. Saha, D.Sc., F.R.S., Head of the Physics Department, Allahabad University, Allahabad.
 9. Mr. Ram Prasad Tandon, Superintendent, Accountant-General's Office, Allahabad.
 10. Mr. H. C. Dutt, L.C.E., B.S.E., Engineer (retired), Allahabad.
 11. 12, 13 and 14. Allahabad Doctors examined jointly :
Major D. R. Ranjit Singh, O.B.E., I.M.S. (retired), Allahabad.
Rai Bahadur Dr. R. N. Banerji, B.Sc., M.B.B.S., Captain, A.I.R.O., Allahabad.
Dr. S. N. Basu, M.B., Secretary, Medical Association, Allahabad.
Dr. Jairaj Behari Mathur, M.B.B.S., Allahabad.
- 17th April, 1935.
15. Mr. N. C. Mehta, I.C.S., Collector, Muzaaffarnagar.
 16. Mr. R. C. Srivastava, B.Sc., Sugar Technologist to Imperial Council of Agricultural Research, India, Cawnpore.
 17. Pandit Debi Prasad Sukla, B.A., Warden, MacDonnell University Hindu Boarding House, and Lecturer, Allahabad University, Allahabad.

(3) Benares

18th February, 1935.

1. Mr. Ajodhya Dass, Bar.-at-Law, Gorakhpur.
2. Mr. P. Russel, Principal, Jai Narain High School, Benares.
3. Mr. S. N. Juneja, Principal, Central Weaving Institute, Benares.
4. Mr. R. W. Mathur, M.A., L.T., Superintendent of Education, Municipal Board, Benares.
5. Mr. U. A. Asrani, Assistant Professor of Physics, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

19th February, 1935.

6. Professor N. P. Gandhi, M.A., B.Sc., A.R.S.M., D.I.C., F.G.S., Head of the Department of Mining and Metallurgy, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

7. Professor Bhim Chandra Chatterji, Engineering College, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

8. Professor R. S. Jain, Engineering College, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

9. Dr. N. N. Godbole, M.A., B.Sc., Ph.D. (Berlin), Professor of Industrial Chemistry, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

10 and 11. Rai Bahadur Vaidya Nath Dass, Banker and Zamindar and President, and Babu Anant Prasad Agarwala, B.A., LL.B., Honorary Secretary, the Benares District Zamindars' Association.

12. Sardar Dogar Singh, Head of Ceramic Department, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

13. Professor M. L. Shroff, Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

14. Kaviraj Pratap Singh, Superintendent, Ayurvedic Pharmacy, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

15. Dr. V. S. Dubey, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Lond.), D.I.C., Benares Hindu University, Benares.

20th February, 1935 :

16. Mr. S. T. Hollins, C.I.E., I.P., Inspector General of Police, United Provinces.

17. Mr. C. Maya Das, M.A., B.Sc. (Edin.), I.A.S., Deputy Director of Agriculture, Gorakhpur.

18. Mr. Narottam Dass Khatri, M.A., L.T., Head Master, Bisheshwar Nath High School, Akbarpur, district Fyzabad.

19. Mirza Mohd. Anwarul Hasan, Member of the Agriculturist Party, Benares.

20. Mr. R. N. Chakrawati, Sericulturist, Benares.

21. Dr. B. N. Singh, M.Sc., D.Sc., Head of the Institute of Agricultural Research, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

22. Dr. G. M. Singh, Department of Economics, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

23. Professor Sepahimalani, Economics Department, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

24. Dr. H. R. Soni, M.A., D.Sc. (Lond.), Economics Department, Benares Hindu University, Benares.

25. Pandit Ram Narain Misra, Head Master, Central Hindu School, Benares.

26, 27 and 28. Representatives of Benares Hindu University Students' Union

Mr. Amar Nath Mehrotra.

Mr. Vishnu Dutt Sharma.

Mr. Praduman Chandra Joshi.

(4) Lucknow

21st February, 1935.

1. Rai Bahadur Pandit Kashi Nath, M.A., M.B.E., Special Manager, Court of Wards Estates, Fyzabad.
2. Mr. H. R. Harrop, M.A., I.E.S., Director of Public Instruction, United Provinces.
3. Major A. W. H. Mathews, M.I.E., Principal, Government Technical School, Lucknow.

22nd February, 1935.

4. Mr. Vishnu Sahay, I.C.S., Registrar, Co-operative Societies, United Provinces, Lucknow.
5. Dr. K. L. Chaudhari, O.B.E., D.P.H., officiating Director of Public Health, United Provinces, Lucknow.
6. Mr. Mohammad Ishaq Khan, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, Basti.
7. Rai Bahadur Mr. Tirloki Nath Kapoor, Special Magistrate, Tanda.
8. Pandit Brij Nath Sharga, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, Lucknow.
9. Mr. D. B. Barve, B.A., Business Manager, United Provinces, Arts and Crafts Emporium, Lucknow.
10. Mr. N. K. Sawak Shaw, Chief Agent, Gresham Life Assurance Society Ltd., Lucknow.
11. Dr. D. Punt, B. COM., PH.D., Lucknow University.

23rd February, 1935.

12. Rai Bahadur Mr. Chhuttan Lal, I.S.E., Chief Engineer, Buildings and Roads Branch, Public Works Department, Lucknow.
13. Mr. Muhiuddin Ahmad, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Sarda Circle, Lucknow.
14. Mr. S. W. Haider, B.Sc. (Civil Engineer, Glasgow), Vice-Principal, Hewett Engineering College, Lucknow.
15. Mr. Satyendra Nath Ray, Lecturer in Physics, Lucknow University.
16. Mr. S. C. Sen, Principal, Shia Intermediate College, Lucknow.
17. Mr. Sidh Prasad, retired Advocate, Lucknow.
18. Mr. Jagannath Prasad Srivastava, B.A., Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Department, Lucknow.

(5) Aligarh

11th March, 1935.

1. Professor Mahabir Prasad, I.S.E., Vice-Principal, Roorkee College, Roorkee.
2. Khan Bahadur Mr. Abdul Qayum, Deputy Director of Agriculture, Aligarh.

3. Sir William L. Stampe, K.T., C.I.E., I.S.E., Chief Engineer, Irrigation Branch, Public Works Department, Lucknow.

4. Mr. Mohammad Huzur Alam, B.Sc., M.B.A.S., F.R.A.S., Government Inspector, Leather Industries, United Provinces Co-operative Department, Bijnor.

5. Mr. Jag Dayal Singh, Student, Bulandshahr Agricultural School, Bulandshahr.

12th March, 1935.

6 and 7. Professor K. G. Saiyidain and Mr. Tajammul Husain, Training College, Muslim University, Aligarh.

8. Lieut. M. Haider Khan, Reader in Chemistry and Provost, New Hall, Muslim University, Aligarh.

9. Professor Mohammad Habib, Professor of History and Politics, and Provost, Aftab Hall, Muslim University, Aligarh.

10. Mr. S. M. Shafi, Lecturer in Economics and Proctor, Muslim University, Aligarh.

11. Mr. A. M. Kureishy, Reader in Mathematics and Provost, V. M. Hall, Muslim University, Aligarh.

12. Dr. A. Butt, M.B., B.S., Incharge, Tibbia College, Muslim University, Aligarh.

13 and 14. Mr. Emran Husain and Mr. Mohammad Shaghil, Students of Economics, Muslim University, Aligarh.

15. Choudhuri Mukhtar Singh, ex M.L.A., and M.L.C., Manager, Daurala Sugar Works, Daurala, district Meerut.

16. Mr. S. B. Naidu, Wood Technologist and Principal, Central Woodworking Institute, Bareilly.

17. Mr. Nawal Kishore Chaddha, M.A., LL.B., Lecturer in Economics, Bareilly College, Bareilly.

18. Mr. Shiva Gopal, Upper India Dairy, Meerut.

19. Mr. Raghurib Prasad Mathur, M.Sc., L.T., K. P. School, Aligarh.

20. Mr. Bhagwati Sahai, Mayanganj, Etah.

(6) Agra

13th March, 1935.

1. Mr. F. G. Fielden, M.A. (London and Cantab), Principal, Agra College, Agra.

2. Pandit Raj Nath Kunzru, Chili Int, Agra.

3. Dr. D. L. Dubey, Ph.D., Professor of Economics, Meerut College, Meerut.

4. Mr. H. L. Puxley, Professor of Economics, St. John's College, Agra.

5. Mr. U. C. Dutt, M.A., L.T., Head Master, Government High School, Etah.

Mr. Krishna Lal Gupta, Director, Benares Bank.

Mr. M. L. Gupta, M.A., B.COM., A.S., A.A., B.A., Incorporated Accountant and Assistant Secretary of the Chamber.

13. Lala Padmapat Singhanian, President, Merchants' Chamber of Commerce, Cawnpore.

14. Mr. Tazimul Haqq, Student, Agricultural College, Cawnpore.

15. Mr. Krishna Kumar Sharma, M.A., B.COM., Professor of Economics, S. D. College, Cawnpore.

16. Mr. Kalka Prasad Bhatnagar, M.A., LL.D., Dean, Faculty of Commerce (Agra University), Dayanand Anglo-Vedic College, Cawnpore.

17. Mr. S. C. Chatterji, M.A., Principal, Christ Church College, and President, Indian Christian Association, Cawnpore.

(B) CLASSIFICATION OF WITNESSES EXAMINED

Place of sitting	Date	Official								Non-official							Total	
		Education	Industries	Agriculture	Medical	Cooperative	Engineering	Others	Legal profession	Businessmen	Educational		Engineering	Medical Profession.	Students			Others
											Professors of Economics	Others			Hindus	Muslims		
Allahabad ..	10th January, 1935	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	3
Do. ..	11th January, 1935	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Do. ..	12th January, 1935	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	8
																	14	
Benares ..	18th February, 1935	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	5
Do. ..	19th February, 1935	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	1	10
Do. ..	20th February, 1935	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	3	3	..	..	3	..	2	13
																	28	
Lucknow ..	21st February, 1935	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3
Do. ..	22nd February, 1935	..	1	..	1	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	8
Do. ..	23rd February, 1935	..	..	1	..	1	1	1	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	7
																	18	
Aligarh ..	11th March, 1935	..	..	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	5
Do. ..	12th March, 1935	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	5	..	1	..	2	2	15
																	20	
Agra ..	13th March, 1935	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	1	5
Do. ..	14th March, 1935	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	2	8
																	13	
Cawnpore ..	15th March, 1935	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	5
Do. ..	16th March, 1935	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	2	1	..	..	..	1	..	12
																	17	
Allahabad ..	15th April, 1935	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	7
Do. ..	16th April, 1935	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	4	..	..	..	7
Do. ..	17th April, 1935	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3
																	17	
	Total	6	7	5	1	3	3	5	11	11	11	31	4	6	7	3	18	

Total official ..

30

Total non-official ..

97

APPENDIX III

(Vide paragraph 94 of the Report)

Statement showing the total number of students passed out and employed since 1928 onwards from various technical and industrial institutes

Serial number	Name of the institution	Number of students passed out	Number of students employed			Getting further training	Total number of columns 4 to 7	Number of students unemployed	Particulars unknown including those dead	Remarks
			In Industrial concerns	In their own business	In Government and other service					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Harcourt Butler Technological Institute, Cawnpore.	63	36	6	10	4	56	..	7	These figures do not include 50 students who passed this year as details regarding these are not available.
2	Technical School, Lucknow	122	92	5	3	..	100	..	22	
3	Technical School, Gorakhpur	215	147	3	1	32	183	..	32	
4	Technical School, Jhansi	101	42	13	21	8	84	..	17	
5	Textile School, Cawnpore	41	30	2	..	1	33	4	4	
6	Central Weaving Institute, Benares ..	324	70	48	19	147	284	16	24	
7	Dyeing and Printing School, Cawnpore ..	91	42	21	8	..	71	3	17	
8	Weaving and Cloth Printing School, Bundshahr.	82	29	32	..	2	63	18	6	
9	Model Weaving School, Almora	50	31	12	1	3	47	..	3	
10	Model Weaving School, Agra	52	19	13	2	8	42	..	10	
11	Model Weaving School, Khairabad	84	10	53	..	8	71	..	13	
12	Model Weaving School, Mau	106	16	69	..	14	99	..	7	
13	Model Weaving School, Muzaffarnagar ..	107	79	20	3	2	104	..	3	
14	Model Weaving School, Najibabad	80	15	53	..	2	70	1	9	
15	Central Wood Working Institute, Baroilly	502	201	52	8	103	364	..	138	
16	Carpentry School, Allahabad	239	19	84	54	60	217	..	22	
17	Carpentry School, Naini Tal	58	34	8	5	5	52	..	6	
18	Carpentry School, Fyzabad	59	20	11	11	2	44	..	15	
19	Carpentry School, Dehra Dun	26	7	4	2	9	22	..	4	
20	Leather Working School, Cawnpore	103	11	42	1	2	56	..	47	
21	Leather Working School, Meerut	118	36	38	15	6	95	17	6	
22	Tanning School, Fatehpur	59	7	21	2	1	31	..	28	
23	Metal Working School, Aligarh	54	37	3	1	3	44	6	4	
24	Batuk Prasad Khattri Industrial Institute, Benares.	20	8	11	1	..	20	..	..
25	School of Arts and Crafts, Lucknow	204	15	47	85	10	157	..	47	

APPENDIX IV

(Vide paragraph 112 of the Report)

A—Statement showing the number of medical men employed by District Boards in the United Provinces

District	Total number of qualified medical men employed	Number of men holding degrees from Medical College, Lucknow	Number of men holding diplomas of Agra Medical School	Number of men holding diplomas of other universities	Remarks
PROVINCE OF AGRA					
Dehra Dun	2	..	1	1	(Calcutta)
Saharanpur	2	..	2	..	
Muzaffarnagar	6	..	6	..	
Meerut	8	..	8	..	
Bulandshahr	2	..	2	..	
Total, Meerut Division ..	20	..	19	1	
Aligarh	14	5	9	..	
Muttra	4	Nil	4	..	
Agra	9	Nil	9	..	
Mainpuri	2	Nil	2	..	
Etah	7	1	6	..	
Total, Agra Division ..	36	6	30	..	
Bareilly	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
Bijnor	12	3	8	1	(Calcutta)
Budaun	2	1	1	..	
Moradabad	9	3	5	1	(Lahore)
Shahjahanpur	6	2	2	2	
Pilibhit	9	1	8	..	
Total, Rohilkhand Division ..	38	10	24	4	
Farrukhabad	6	2	4	..	
Etawah	4	..	4	..	
Cawnpore	10	2	8	..	
Fatehpur	4	1	3	..	
Allahabad	9	..	9	..	
Total, Allahabad Division ..	33	5	28	..	
Jhansi .. ..	..	..	..	..
Jaloun .. ..	..	..	..	..
Hamirpur .. ..	..	..	..	..
Banda	1	..	1	..	
Total, Jhansi Division ..	1	..	1	..	
Benares	3	..	3	..	
Mirzapur	8	..	6	2	(1 Lahore) (1 Calcutta)
Jaunpur	3	3	..	..
Ghazipur	3	..	2	1	(Calcutta)
Ballia	2	..	2	..	
Total, Benares Division ..	19	3	13	3	

A—Statement showing the number of medical men employed by District Boards in the United Provinces—(concluded)

District	Total number of qualified medical men employed	Number of men holding degrees from Medical College, Lucknow	Number of men holding diplomas of Agra Medical School	Number of men holding diplomas of other universities	Remarks
Gorakhpur	8	2	6	..	Seems to be holding degree from other universities name not given. Ditto.
Basti	9	1	8	..	
Azamgarh	8	1	6	1 (Bombay)	
Total, Gorakhpur Division	25	4	20	1	
Naini Tal	12	1	11	..	
Almora	10	1	6	3	
Garhwal	5	..	4	1	
Total, Kumaun Division	27	2	21	4	
Total, Province of Agra..	199	30	156	13	
OUDEH					
Lucknow	6	1	5	..	As there are no dispensaries of western system under direct control of the board.
Unao	6	1	5	..	
Rae Bareilly	4	1	3	..	
Sitapur	2	2	..	..
Hardoi	Nil	Nil	Nil	..	
Kheri	8	Nil	8	..	
Total, Lucknow Division	26	5	21	..	
Fyzabad	9	1	8	..	
Gonda	9	1	8	..	
Bahraich	11	4	5	1 (Patna)	
Sultanpur	3	2	..	..
Partabgarh	6	1	5	..	The chairman reports that there are five dispensaries in the district managed by the board. The Sadr dispensary is in charge of Medical Officer of the P.M.S. cadre. Of the remaining four rural dispensaries two are staffed with medical officers of the Provincial Subordinate Medical Service and two with Agra trained men.
Bara Banki	9	1	8	..	
Total, Fyzabad Division	47	10	34	1	
Total, Oudh	73	15	55	1	
Total, United Provinces..	272	45	211	14	

B—Statement showing the number of medical men employed by Municipal Boards in the United Provinces

Name of Municipality	Number of qualified medical men employed by municipal boards	Number of men holding degree from the Medical College, Lucknow	Number of men holding diplomas of the Agra Medical School
Delhra	1	..	..
Mussoorie	2	..	2
Saharanpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Hardwar	1	1	..
Deoband .. .. .	..	..	..
Roorkee .. .. .	..	..	..
Muzaffarnagar .. .. .	..	..	..
Kairana .. .. .	..	..	..
Baraut .. .. .	..	..	..
Meerut	1	..	1
Ghaziabad .. .. .	..	..	..
Hapur .. .. .	..	..	..
Bulandshahr .. .. .	..	..	..
Khurja .. .. .	..	..	..
Sikandrabad .. .. .	..	..	..
Bareilly .. .. .	..	..	..
Bijnor .. .. .	..	..	..
Chandpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Dhampur .. .. .	..	..	..
Nagina .. .. .	..	..	..
Najibabad .. .. .	..	..	..
Budaun .. .. .	..	..	..
Ujhani .. .. .	..	..	..
Sahaswan .. .. .	..	..	..
Moradabad .. .. .	..	..	..
Chandausi .. .. .	..	..	..
Amroha .. .. .	..	..	..
Sambhal	1	..	1
Shahjahanpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Tilhar .. .. .	..	..	..
Pilibhit .. .. .	..	..	..
Bisalpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Fatehgarh-oum-Farrukhabad	1	..	..
Etawah .. .. .	..	..	..
Cawnpore	4	3	1
Kansuj .. .. .	..	..	..
Fatehpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Allahabad	3	2	..
Jhansi .. .. .	..	..	..
Mau .. .. .	..	..	..
Lalitpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Orai .. .. .	..	..	..
Kalpi .. .. .	..	..	..
Konch .. .. .	..	..	..
Banda .. .. .	..	..	..
Benares	2	1	..
Mirzapur .. .. .	..	..	..
Jaunpur .. .. .	..	..	..
Ghazipur	1	..	1
Ballia .. .. .	..	..	1
Gorakhpur	1	..	1
Azamgarh .. .. .	..	..	..
Almora .. .. .	..	..	1
Naini Tal	4	2	1
Kashipur	1	1	..

B—Statement showing the number of medical men employed by Municipal Boards in the United Provinces—(concluded)

Name of Municipality	Number of qualified medical men employed by municipal boards	Number of men holding degree from the Medical College, Lucknow	Number of men holding diplomas of the Agra Medical School
Lucknow	3	3	..
Unao .. ..	..	..	..
Rae Bareli .. ..	..	..	..
Sitapur .. ..	..	..	..
Khairabad	1	1	..
Hardoi .. ..	..	..	..
Shahabad .. ..	..	..	..
Sandila .. ..	..	..	..
Lakhimpur-Kheri .. ..	..	..	..
Fyzabad .. ..	..	..	..
Tanda .. ..	..	..	..
Gonda .. ..	..	..	..
Balrampur .. ..	..	..	..
Babraich	1	..	1
Sultanpur .. ..	..	..	..
Bela-Partabgarh .. ..	..	..	..
Nawabganj (Bara Banki).	..	..	..
TOTAL	28	14	9

APPENDIX V

(Vide paragraph 157 of the Report)

VOLUME OF LITIGATION

A—Comparative statement of institutions before the High Court and the Chief Court within the last 6 years

	AGRA						OUDE					
	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934
Civil Original Suit ..	3	9	9	13	10	10	12	10	21	10	8	10
Civil Miscellaneous Cases (Imperial Statement no. no. 5/30).	538	634	813	944	842	097	6	5	9	8	9	6
Civil Appeals (Imperial Statement no. 6/31).	2,730	2,518	2,285	1,988	2,233	2,394	499	510	522	419	471	506
Civil Appeals (Miscellaneous) (Imperial Statement no. no. 7/32).	263	274	221	253	252	268	259	339	322	370	373	466
Total ..	3,534	3,435	3,328	3,198	3,337	3,069	776	864	874	807	861	988
Criminal Appeals. (State- ment F—Criminal).	1,093	950	983	1,066	1,035	962	705	553	440	515	555	462
Criminal References (State- ment F—Criminal).	153	135	147	165	121	112	62	47	55	32	35	41
Criminal Revisions (State- ment F—Criminal).	846	912	853	929	921	1,100	191	200	213	189	222	250
Criminal Miscellaneous (State- ment F—Criminal).	506	520	754	889	664	863	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2,598	2,517	2,737	3,049	2,741	3,037	958	809	708	736	812	759

B—Comparative statement of institutions in civil courts, subordinate to the High Court and the Chief Court within the last 6 years

	AGRA						OUDEH					
	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934
Original Suits (Imperial Statement no. 2/27).	202,568	204,578	197,274	202,593	182,938	170,262	66,282	69,923	68,479	68,150	62,328	51,684
Miscellaneous cases (Imperial Statement no. 5/30).	55,370	58,127	56,911	61,809	59,625	53,863	13,718	14,073	13,022	12,936	12,179	6,952
Appeals from decrees. (Imperial Statement no. 6/31).	16,107	16,553	16,497	13,425	7,192	7,853	1,399	1,501	1,377	1,358	1,258	1,270
Miscellaneous appeals (Imperial Statement no. 7/32).	1,182	1,170	1,325	1,395	987	1,151	231	270	245	200	204	195
Total ..	275,227	280,428	272,007	279,222	250,742	233,129	81,630	85,767	83,123	82,644	75,969	60,101
Executions ..	198,787	210,201	203,358	220,026	222,479	198,229	73,289	79,757	76,790	79,447	80,318	51,857

C—Statement of institutions before the criminal courts, subordinate to the High Court and the Chief Court within the last 6 years

	AGRA						OUDH					
	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934
Number of cases brought to trial during the year (Judicial Statement no. 2, column 6 for Agra and Statement no. 75, column 4 for Oudh).	148,302	142,792	147,848	162,523	160,915	157,785	57,434	49,505	53,631	64,459	69,792	69,138
Number of appeals and applications for revisions during the year (Provincial Statement B).												
(a) Courts of Sessions ..	11,230	10,219	10,325	10,585	11,241	10,929	3,298	2,535	2,648	2,406	2,663	2,718
(b) Courts of Magistrates	4,082	3,881	4,101	3,744	3,759	3,456	1,138	1,005	980	1,236	1,071	955
Total ..	15,312	14,100	14,426	14,329	15,000	14,385	4,436	3,540	3,628	3,642	3,734	3,673

D—Statement showing institutions of rent and revenue appeals

	For the year ending 30th September				
	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
1. Before Collectors (Statement XXI)—					
(a) Agra ..	7,314	6,895	6,791	6,271	7,463
(b) Oudh ..	704	794	736	563	693
(c) Kumaun ..	115	105	117	121	169
Total ..	8,133	7,794	7,644	6,955	8,325
2. Before District Judges (Statement XXIII)—					
(a) Agra ..	1,266	1,263	1,375	1,149	1,362
(b) Oudh ..	545	560	572	453	530
Total ..	1,811	1,823	1,947	1,602	1,892
3. Before Commissioners (Statement XXIV)—					
(a) Agra ..	5,425	5,645	5,106	3,346	3,591
(b) Oudh ..	1,022	1,111	733	539	629
(c) Kumaun ..	21	11	11	13	19
Total ..	6,468	6,767	5,850	3,898	4,239

E—Statement showing institutions of rent and revenue original cases

	For the year ending 30th September				
	1933	1932	1931	1930	1929
1. Suits and applications under Act III of 1926 and Act XXII of 1886 and the Kumaun Tenancy Rules (Statement no. XX D)—					
(a) Agra	536,710	521,630	609,685	544,310	476,044
(b) Oudh	69,933	77,980	81,387	75,358	64,961
(c) Kumaun	735	699	803	744	714
Total	607,378	600,309	691,875	620,412	542,619
2. Mutations (Proprietary) (Statement XXVII)—					
(A) By order of Court—					
(a) Agra	9,506	8,674	8,671	8,833	8,302
(b) Oudh	2,234	1,802	2,127	2,315	2,277
Total	11,740	10,476	10,798	11,148	10,579
(B) By private transfer and otherwise—					
(a) Agra	171,312	162,804	159,482	169,285	198,065
(b) Oudh	53,207	46,458	50,685	52,675	51,983
Total	224,519	209,262	210,167	221,960	250,048
Grand Total A and B	236,259	219,738	220,965	233,108	260,627
3. Partition application (Statement XXVIII)—					
(a) Perfect	490	474	375	325	507
(b) Imperfect	2,083	1,781	1,689	2,148	2,248
Total	2,573	2,255	2,064	2,473	2,755

F—Statement showing the incidence of Income-tax on the Legal

District	1929-30			1930-31			1931-	
	No. of Asses- sees	Income	Tax	No. of Asses- sees	Income	Tax	No. of Asses- sees	Income
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Ghazipur ..	21	28,133	2,416	19	73,804	1,917	16	63,381
Ballia ..	17	60,964	1,754	14	50,417	1,313	16	51,580
Allahabad ..	106	12,48,577	74,856	109	11,84,150	69,594	133	12,85,433
Moradabad ..	38	1,26,311	8,414	47	2,46,381	8,594	49	2,11,709
Bijnor ..	22	89,809	2,522	27	1,10,829	2,837	33	1,33,382
Aligarh ..	45	1,78,242	4,947	43	1,67,237	4,007	52	2,10,125
Etah ..	29	66,575	1,688	23	76,654	2,129	25	69,186
Basti ..	26	1,23,565	3,610	25	1,43,923	4,821	23	1,08,606
Benares ..	32	1,94,917	5,110	33	1,81,244	4,992	52	2,07,533
Azamgarh ..	22	90,033	2,440	23	1,24,019	3,867	24	92,967
Jaunpur ..	25	1,16,814	3,468	24	1,25,144	3,838	18	95,506
Bulandshahr ..	24	79,186	2,073	27	1,01,079	2,917	57	1,28,664
Banda ..	5	23,902	695	5	30,187	908	18	45,373
Hamirpur ..	2	7,570	197	3	12,976	361	11	23,468
Jalaun ..	5	23,376	860	3	18,658	739	8	23,900
Jhansi ..	18	88,427	2,641	16	85,181	249	16	91,819
Dehra Dun ..	14	74,657	2,341	14	68,701	1,746	21	69,862
Garhwal ..	6	27,105	298	6	27,405	802	6	27,240
Meerut ..	56	2,56,993	6,810	43	2,49,002	6,444	61	2,78,365
Bareilly ..	28	1,46,469	4,341	25	1,24,094	3,866	72	1,82,830
Naini Tal ..	9	51,582	1,658	9	51,916	1,872	16	53,669
Almora ..	6	21,114	531	7	24,798	618	12	27,240
Budaun ..	21	71,985	1,883	20	63,040	1,718	46	1,06,696
Pilibhit ..	7	24,818	646	7	24,221	630	14	35,960
Agra ..	31	3,01,704	16,747	31	2,70,823	15,666	63	2,38,226
Muttra ..	10	47,913	1,566	14	55,738	1,585	33	87,488
Muzaffarnagar ..	23	88,181	2,448	22	85,441	2,291	28	1,19,069
Saharanpur ..	29	1,66,758	5,708	24	1,34,611	6,953	46	1,29,327
Gorakhpur ..	38	2,04,607	5,867	43	2,11,830	6,202	126	3,51,547
Farrukhabad ..	14	67,798	2,015	16	77,841	2,434	48	1,19,741
Mainpuri ..	20	61,951	1,780	25	78,625	2,081	51	1,04,056
Etawah ..	10	32,576	952	11	32,214	939	20	49,068
Mirzapur ..	17	81,607	2,262	14	47,561	1,292	28	64,802
Cawnpore ..	51	4,22,226	18,897	36	3,13,319	15,362	45	3,55,026
Rae Bareli ..	8	53,747	1,738	8	50,426	1,645	9	46,730
Hardoi ..	9	56,697	1,739	11	62,159	2,092	15	69,639
Bara Banki ..	13	60,743	1,898	11	59,610	1,945	21	69,187
Gonda ..	19	1,17,166	3,370	25	1,23,470	5,457	25	1,03,895
Bahraich ..	20	1,05,242	3,325	24	97,094	3,880	23	75,354
Fyzabad ..	23	1,29,978	4,513	23	1,34,589	4,587	54	1,74,571
Partabgarh ..	13	51,765	1,354	12	53,402	1,377	11	49,959
Sultanpur ..	12	54,695	1,703	12	59,622	1,880	25	73,110
Sitapur ..	10	70,165	2,265	10	65,465	1,926	10	65,406
Kheri ..	4	31,858	1,114	4	26,622	770	4	40,257
Shahjahanpur ..	9	39,819	1,272	8	38,561	1,085	12	60,426
Unao ..	13	17,541	2,288	13	79,912	2,949	20	96,136
Fatehpur ..	6	22,545	644	6	19,119	480	10	22,147
Lucknow ..	68	5,36,840	22,761	71	5,70,785	27,666	120	7,03,352
GRAND TOTAL ..	1,054	60,44,846	2,44,415	1,046	61,18,899	2,43,323	1,646	68,92,763

Profession in the United Provinces within the last six years

32	1932-33			1933-34			1934-35		
	Tax	No. of Asses- sees	Income	Tax	No. of Asses- sees	Income	Tax	No. of Asses- sees	Income	Tax
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
2,527	38	94,654	3,411	17	72,830	2,149	13	54,641	1,880
1,838	15	45,595	1,737	11	38,969	1,288	10	33,968	1,217
1,18,280	141	10,58,541	97,740	141	11,10,460	93,116	141	9,55,367	84,877
7,812	52	2,72,299	9,479	41	1,55,545	6,522	47	2,25,579	9,639
3,515	30	80,427	2,506	27	71,448	2,530	29	54,688	1,776
7,050	57	1,90,773	5,063	86	2,07,720	6,095	73	1,74,932	5,115
2,030	65	1,77,985	7,725	21	51,910	1,465	37	80,716	2,546
4,314	45	84,690	1,979	35	95,503	3,596	50	1,15,006	3,590
7,610	69	2,37,144	9,411	58	1,92,112	6,404	66	2,09,246	6,605
319	22	95,101	2,760	20	73,524	2,481	30	36,668	431
4,044	16	78,988	2,824	17	80,368	2,811	36	47,093	589
3,160	53	1,10,794	3,175	52	74,827	2,488	47	92,662	2,023
1,334	19	45,518	1,415	19	44,022	1,247	21	46,956	1,262
492	12	23,803	598	13	22,968	494	13	21,260	399
1,443	9	21,988	734	7	18,685	619	8	20,939	668
3,170	27	76,669	2,329	26	82,536	2,668	25	77,906	2,549
2,180	22	67,966	2,349	23	87,252	3,035	24	79,971	2,623
1,050	6	18,842	734	10	39,418	1,389	9	29,330	997
13,770	69	2,63,593	15,357	72	2,88,145	13,638	70	2,57,381	12,320
6,557	60	1,53,960	5,919	67	2,74,341	6,566	69	1,80,095	7,180
2,186	16	50,623	2,136	16	57,235	2,228	16	49,603	1,964
747	13	27,217	847	17	38,267	1,182	19	43,233	1,374
2,908	43	96,819	3,222	50	99,437	2,461	42	1,00,848	2,789
984	14	29,290	909	14	34,682	1,055	14	32,518	1,043
9,634	62	2,90,090	16,025	65	3,35,403	24,567	61	2,35,563	9,147
2,490	33	72,444	2,074	33	80,554	2,160	38	81,400	3,819
3,318	30	74,761	2,196	17	60,612	2,124	33	75,494	2,220
4,850	36	1,21,713	5,196	22	1,01,230	4,494	52	1,26,656	3,915
12,217	128	3,34,187	13,790	124	3,02,925	10,886	119	2,86,700	8,554
3,911	44	1,01,496	3,397	..	..	..	35	78,339	2,713
2,867	52	91,152	3,490	..	..	..	49	89,164	2,284
1,258	22	42,416	1,398	..	..	..	25	47,905	1,333
1,820	26	62,672	1,881	21	57,385	1,863	27	62,563	1,916
24,339	40	2,78,505	1,635	34	2,52,056	15,571	..	..	..
1,830	9	43,741	2,361	10	62,659	3,759	9	52,890	2,748
2,681	15	65,615	2,660	13	56,739	2,799	14	51,306	2,323
2,586	21	67,887	3,047	21	59,540	1,974	22	61,653	2,254
3,945	25	92,590	3,576	24	84,006	3,288	..	..	..
3,217	21	61,869	2,743	23	58,674	2,102	..	..	..
7,598	57	1,54,082	6,267	54	1,39,347	6,214	62	1,60,474	6,188
2,280	14	56,883	2,675	18	66,750	3,122	18	63,121	2,711
3,318	26	72,669	3,002	24	62,932	2,578	21	62,249	2,633
2,920	10	64,366	2,982	10	57,085	2,517	10	47,021	1,660
2,179	4	25,040	734	4	27,422	1,368	4	25,153	1,259
3,239	12	45,959	1,852	13	53,635	2,111	13	48,361	1,778
3,852	26	88,193	3,748	26	96,164	4,680	29	95,664	4,707
640	14	29,218	946	14	28,665	745	13	25,615	657
44,293	128	5,87,509	33,690	121	6,91,381	45,190	122	6,35,917	38,444
3,50,602	1,768	63,16,336	3,05,724	1,551	60,47,348	3,11,639	1,685	54,33,823	2,58,719

APPENDIX VI

(Vide paragraph 192 of the Report)

A—Statement showing the number of new recruits appointed during the five years (1929–30 to 1934–35) in the various departments of the Government of the United Provinces

(i) PROVINCIAL SERVICES

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gratuates	Inter-mediate passed	High School passed	Veru- cular final passed	Speci- ally quali- fied	Others	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
LAND REVENUE AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION								
Deputy Collectors	378	27	..	..	..	..	..	27
District Judge	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sessions and Subordinate Judge	5*	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Subordinate Judge	56†	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Munsiffs	150‡	31	..	..	..	..	..	31
Legal Remembrancer's Department—								
(a) High Court	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
(b) Chief Court	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Co-operative Department	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture Department	58	10	..	..	..	..	..	10
Veterinary Department .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Opium Department .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Income-tax Department	7	4	..	..	..	..	..	4
Survey Department .. .. .	..	14	..	..	..	..	7	21
Accounts Department .. .. .	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
Administrator General and Official Trustee.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Registration Department	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Police Department	65	11	..	..	..	..	..	11
Education Department	144	4	..	..	..	..	..	4
Industries Department	41	..	..	..	..	7	1	8
Public Health Department	77	..	..	..	..	22	..	22
Public Works Department (R. & B.)	41	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
Medical Department	97	..	..	..	..	23	..	23
Provincial Museum, Lucknow	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1,049	106	..	..	..	57	8	171

*Of these 4 are employed by the High Court of Allahabad and 1 by the Chief Court of Oudh

†Ditto 36 ditto ditto 20 ditto.

‡Ditto 108 ditto ditto 42 ditto.

(ii) SUBORDINATE SERVICES

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gratuates	Inter-mediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialy qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. Board of Revenue—								
(a) Naib-tehsildars	215	52	8	13*	..	..	..	73
(b) Tehsildars	202	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
(c) Land Records Department ..	143	1	5	76	..	..	..	82
2. Agriculture Department ..	523	11	..	6	10	119	31	177
3. Veterinary Department ..	..	..	..	1	..	45	..	46
4. Co-operative Department ..	108	12	..	..	..	3	..	15
5. Forest Department	1,118	1	7	19	10	2	85	124
6. Excise Department	158	15	2	..	..	..	..	17
7. Opium Department	83	..	..	..	..	..	3	3
8. Income-tax Department ..	30	16	..	..	..	..	..	16
9. Survey Department .. ..	..	8	1	12	..	..	54	75
10. Finance Department .. ..	..	3	..	3	..	..	..	6
11. Jail Department	48	3	3	2	..	..	..	8
12. Police Department	1,955	13	..	286	..	..	16	315
13. Education Department ..	1,769	89	60	36	27	19	11	242
14. Industries Department ..	153	6	..	7	..	41	18	72
15. Medical Department	346	..	..	1	..	57	..	58
16. Public Works Department (Buildings and Roads).	134	..	..	..	..	11	1	12
17. Public Health Department ..	91	..	..	..	..	..	13	13
18. Registration Department ..	194	28	2	7	..	1	2	40
19. Northern India Salt Revenue Department.	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20. Government Printing and Stationery, United Provinces, Allahabad.	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	2
	7,277	258	83	469	47	311	223	1,398

* Includes 5 diplomates of the Kanoongo school.

† Not supplied.

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gradu-ates	In-terme-diate passed	High School passed	Verna-cular final passed	Spe-cially qual-ified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
LAND REVENUE AND GENERAL ADMINIS-TRATION								
(a) Board of Revenue Office ..	66	1	3	2	..	..	..	6
(b) Commissioners' Offices—								
1. Gorakhpur ..	17	2	..	5	..	..	..	7
2. Kumaun ..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3. Agra ..	18	1	1	3	..	..	..	6
4. Lucknow ..	15	1	..	1	..	..	..	2
5. Allahabad ..	22	1	..	6	..	..	..	7
6. Fyzabad ..	17	1	1	2	1	..	..	5
7. Benares ..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	*
8. Meerut ..	21	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
9. Jhansi ..	14	..	1	1	..	..	1	3
10. Robilkhand ..	23	1	1	2	..	..	..	4
Total ..	178	7	4	24	1	..	1	37
(c) Collectors' Offices—								
1. Bijnor .. { Officials ..	130	1	..	13	6	..	5	25
.. { Patwaris ..	529	..	..	2	41	..	84	127
2. Fyzabad .. { Officials ..	178	..	2	13	14	1	1	31
.. { Patwaris ..	716	..	..	..	..	..	134	134
3. Bulandshahr .. { Officials ..	154	..	1	14	2	3	5	25
.. { Patwaris ..	499	..	..	..	..	..	112	112
4. Gonda .. { Officials ..	132	..	..	12	5	1	2	20
.. { Patwaris ..	857	..	..	..	..	..	182	182
5. Pilibhit .. { Officials ..	57	..	..	14	..	..	..	14
.. { Patwaris ..	336	..	..	..	71	..	..	71
6. Sultanpur .. { Officials ..	125	1	1	22	11	..	3	38
.. { Patwaris ..	706	..	..	..	..	..	103	103
7. Bara Banki .. { Officials ..	39	1	..	5	1	3	3	13
.. { Patwaris ..	580	..	..	..	..	..	120	120
8. Lucknow .. { Officials ..	125	..	1	21	3	..	3	28
.. { Patwaris ..	295	..	..	..	..	..	46	46
9. Sitapur .. { Officials ..	114	..	..	9	..	3	..	12
.. { Patwaris ..	706	..	..	..	..	..	98	98
10. Naini Tal .. { Officials ..	131	1	3	17	2	..	3	26
.. { Patwaris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33	33

* Not supplied.

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES—(continued)

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Inter-mediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialty qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
c) Collectors' Offices—(continued)—								
11. Garhwal .. { Officials ..	68	1	1	14	..	..	..	16
.. { Patwaris ..	80	..	..	1	13	..	3	17
12. Almora .. { Officials ..	77	1	2	15	1	..	1	20
.. { Patwaris ..	87	..	..	2	16	..	..	18
13. Bahraich .. { Officials ..	98	..	2	22	4	..	..	28
.. { Patwaris ..	738	..	..	1	20	..	148	169
14. Partabgarh .. { Officials ..	91	..	1	1	2	1	3	8
.. { Patwaris ..	491	..	..	..	..	..	98	98
15. Unao .. { Officials ..	136	..	..	20	3	..	9	32
.. { Patwaris ..	536	..	..	..	..	..	111	111
16. Rae Bareli .. { Officials ..	119	..	..	10	..	3	2	15
.. { Patwaris ..	511	..	..	5	15	..	72	92
17. Hardoi .. { Officials ..	152	..	..	17	24	..	2	43
.. { Patwaris ..	708	..	..	..	..	..	93	93
18. Kheri .. { Officials ..	77	..	1	12	..	1	2	16
.. { Patwaris ..	602	..	..	1	141	..	182	324
19. Mainpuri .. { Officials ..	101	1	..	17	6	..	..	24
.. { Patwaris ..	*	..	..	..	..	..	71	71
20. Fatehpur .. { Officials ..	126	1	2	19	3	2	2	29
.. { Patwaris ..	546	..	..	..	..	..	79	70
21. Hamirpur .. { Officials ..	92	..	..	10	4	..	..	14
.. { Patwaris ..	554	..	..	1	17	..	107	125
22. Etawah .. { Officials ..	110	..	..	10	..	1	1	12
.. { Patwaris ..	370	..	..	..	..	..	78	78
23. Gorakhpur .. { Officials ..	269	..	1	21	7	6	3	38
.. { Patwaris ..	1,586	..	..	..	..	..	299	299
24. Benares .. { Officials ..	119	..	..	8	5	..	3	16
.. { Patwaris ..	462	..	..	..	..	..	101	101
25. Allahabad .. { Officials ..	188	..	..	17	..	..	14	31
.. { Patwaris ..	956	..	..	..	..	..	140	140
26. Dehra Dun .. { Officials ..	47	..	..	8	1	..	1	10
.. { Patwaris ..	69	..	..	..	..	..	19	19
27. Azamgarh .. { Officials ..	209	..	..	14	12	4	1	31
.. { Patwaris ..	1,035	..	..	17	118	..	148	233

* Not supplied.

iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES—(continued)

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	In-termediate passed	High School passed	Verna- cular final passed	Speci- ally quali- fied	Others	
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
(c) Collectors' Offices—(continued)—								
28. Budain	{ Officials .. 127	..	..	15	3	..	..	18
	{ Patwaris .. 632	..	..	..	80	..	..	80
29. Bareilly	{ Officials .. 165	..	..	35	2	1	..	38
	{ Patwaris .. 627	..	..	..	..	..	127	127
30. Mirzapur	{ Officials .. 115	..	..	19	..	1	..	20
	{ Patwaris .. 523	..	..	..	..	..	65	65
31. Ghazipur	{ Officials .. 121	..	..	18	6	5	..	24
	{ Patwaris .. 585	..	..	..	..	..	97	97
32. Basti	{ Officials .. 179	..	..	9	1	1	4	15
	{ Patwaris .. 1,147	..	..	..	..	..	191	191
33. Muzaffarnagar	{ Officials .. 129	1	1	19	3	..	9	33
	{ Patwaris .. 472	..	..	..	37	..	15	52
34. Saharanpur	{ Officials .. 101	2	..	15	5	..	..	22
	{ Patwaris .. 571	..	..	..	..	..	123	123
35. Jhansi	{ Officials .. 75	1	1	10	..	..	1	13
	{ Patwaris .. 591	..	..	..	..	..	106	106
36. Ballia	{ Officials .. 240	1	4	13	3	..	29	50
	{ Patwaris .. 547	..	..	..	..	..	68	68
37. Moradabad	{ Officials .. 202	2	3	36	11	..	4	56
	{ Patwaris .. 690	..	..	..	143	..	..	143
38. Jaunpur	{ Officials .. 142	..	..	..	..	..	..	*
	{ Patwaris .. 669	..	..	..	..	..	158	158
39. Meerut	{ Officials .. 164	..	..	22	1	..	1	24
	{ Patwaris .. 606	..	..	..	..	..	127	127
40. Orai (Jalaun)	{ Officials .. 89	..	..	13	..	..	..	13
	{ Patwaris .. 402	..	..	..	39	..	..	39
41. Cawnpore	{ Officials .. 184	1	1	38	5	..	5	50
	{ Patwaris .. 741	..	..	2	27	..	93	122
42. Muttra	{ Officials .. 106	..	1	11	2	..	1	15
	{ Patwaris .. 444	..	..	2	42	..	28	72
43. Farrukhabad	{ Officials .. 140	..	..	21	9	..	..	30
	{ Patwaris .. 516	..	..	..	..	..	111	111
44. Shahjahanpur	{ Officials .. 96	..	..	11	7	..	8	26
	{ Patwaris .. 524	..	..	..	..	..	95	95
45. Etah	{ Officials .. 111	..	1	4	6	..	2	13
	{ Patwaris .. 472	..	..	..	24	..	50	74

* Not supplied.

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES—(continued)

Names of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Intermediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialty qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Collectors' Offices—(concluded)—								
46. Banda	Officials .. 136	1	2	24	17	..	1	45
	Patwaris .. 629	..	..	..	..	..	83	83
47. Aligarh	{ Officials .. 135	2	..	22	3	..	1	28
	{ Patwaris .. 622	..	..	..	..	..	114	114
48. Agra	{ Officials .. 134	2	..	27	1	..	..	30
	{ Patwaris .. 526	..	..	..	70	..	33	103
Total ..	Officials .. 6,155	21	32	752	201	37	135	1,178
	Patwaris .. 26,691	..	..	34	914	..	4,345	5,293
Judicial Department—								
(a) High Court	.. .. 221	8	..	10	..	1	2	21
(b) Chief Court	.. .. 103	2	..	11	..	..	1	14
(c) District Courts—								
1. Budaun	.. .. 108	1	..	6	..	..	1	8
2. Kumaun	.. .. 39	1	..	4	..	1	..	6
3. Bara Banki	.. .. 52	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
4. Azamgarh	.. .. 108	2	1	7	..	..	3	13
5. Agra	.. .. 146	..	..	7	..	..	2	9
6. Sitapur	.. .. 28	..	..	26	1	..	..	27
7. Moradabad	.. .. 28	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
8. Pilibhit	.. .. 136	..	..	9	..	..	3	12
9. Aligarh	.. .. 184	..	..	7	1	..	22	30
10. Mainpuri	.. .. 55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11. Unso	.. .. 118	..	3	19	..	..	..	19
12. Cawnpore	.. .. 81	1	1	9	..	..	..	12
13. Benares	.. .. 81	1	1	4	..	..	1	7
14. Ghazipur	.. .. 132	..	3	30	..	..	..	33
15. Lucknow	.. .. 69	..	..	10	..	3	1	14
16. Allahabad	.. .. 29	..	..	5	..	..	..	5
and	.. .. 97	1	2	13	..	..	2	18
Mirzapur	.. .. 97	..	..	10	..	..	..	10
17. Bareilly	.. .. 49	..	..	13	..	..	1	14
18. Bulandshahr	.. .. 75	2	..	18	2	..	..	22
19. Jhansi	.. .. 70	..	1	12	1	..	2	16
20. Hardoi	.. .. 146	..	..	20	..	..	..	20
1. Farrukhabad	.. .. *	2	1	8	2	..	..	13
2. Meerut	.. .. 88	1	..	5	..	..	1	7
3. Gorakhpur	.. .. *	..	1	7	..	..	..	8
4. Saharanpur	.. .. 137	2	..	11	..	1	4	18
5. Shahjahanpur	.. .. 105	1	1	21	..	..	..	23
6. Fyzabad	.. .. 80	1	..	10	1	..	..	12
7. Gonda	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Rae Bareli	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2,456	25	14	317	8	6	46	416

* Not supplied.

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES—(continued)

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 year					
		Gradauates	In-terme-diate passed	High School passed	Verna-cular final passed	Speci-ally quali-fied	Others
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Registration Department—							
1. Shahjahanpur .. ..	*	..	..	1	1	..	..
2. Gonda .. ..	*	..	..	2	1	..	..
3. Gorakhpur .. ..	*	..	..	1	1	..	..
4. Mirzapur .. ..	*	..	..	1*	..	..	..
5. Cawnpore .. ..	*	..	..	..	1	..	..
6. Mainpuri	11	*	*	*	*	*	*
7. Jhansi	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
8. Rae Bareli	11	..	..	1	1	..	..
9. Bareilly	11	..	..	..	4	..	..
10. Agra	18	..	..	4	..	..	..
11. Pilibhit	5	..	..	..	1	..	..
12. Unao	6	..	..	1	2	..	..
13. Meerut	29	..	..	4	..	..	2
14. Hardoi	9	..	..	1	2	..	..
15. Aligarh	23	..	..	1	1	..	..
16. Benares	18	..	..	3	..	..	..
17. Budaan	9	..	..	1	3	..	1
18. Saharanpur and Dehra Dun..	15	1	..	..	..	..	..
19. Farrukhabad	8	..	..	3	2	..	..
20. Bara Banki	6	..	1	..	..	..	..
21. Sitapur	9	..	..	1	..	..	..
22. Garhwal	2	..	..	1	..	..	..
23. Almora	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
24. Banda	9	..	..	1	1	..	..
25. Allahabad	12	..	..	1	..	..	..
26. Jaunpur	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Fyzabad	17	..	..	1	..	..	..
28. Azamgarh	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
29. Lucknow	11	..	..	1	4	..	..
30. Moradabad	22	..	..	2	1	..	..
31. Naini Tal .. ..	*	..	..	..	..	..	..
32. Ghazipur	13	..	..	2	2	..	..
33. Inspector General of Registra- tion, Lucknow.	209	1	..	1	..	..	..
Total	314	2	1	35	28	..	3
Industries Department—							
1. Chief Inspector of Factories and Boilers, Cawnpore.	9	..	..	1	..	..	..
2. Director of Industries, Cawn- pore.	34	4	..	2	..	..	..
3. Government Technical School, Jhansi.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
4. Government Carpentry School, yzabad.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5. Weaving and Cloth Printing School, Bulandshahr.	*	..	..	1	..	..	..
6. Government Leather Working School, Meerut.	..	..	..	2	..	5	4

*Not supplied.

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES—(continued)

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Intermediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialty qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Industries Department—(continued)—								
7. Government Model Weaving School, Muzaffarnagar.	*	..	..	..	..	4	2	6
8. Government Carpentry School, Dehra Dun.	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
9. Government Weaving School, Agra.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10. Government Textile School, Cawnpore.	6	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
11. Government Central Weaving Institute, Benares.	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
12. Government Model Weaving School, Khairabad (Sitapur).	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13. Government Metal Working School, Aligarh.	4	..	1	1	..	1	..	3
14. Government School of Dyeing and Printing, Cawnpore.	*	..	1	2	..	..	..	3
15. Government Model Weaving School, Almora.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
16. Government Model Weaving School, Mau (Azamgarh).	*	..	..	..	1	3	1	5
17. Government Carpentry School, Allahabad.	25	..	..	1	..	4	..	5
18. Government Tanning School, Fatehpur.	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
19. Government Batuk Prasad Khatri Industrial Institute, Benares.	9	..	..	..	..	2	3	5
20. Government Model Weaving School, Muzaffarnagar.	*	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
21. Government Carpentry School, Naini Tal.	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
22. Government School of Arts and Crafts, Lucknow.	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
23. Government Technical School, Lucknow.	5	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
24. Business Manager, United Provinces Arts and Crafts Emporium, Lucknow.	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
25. Government Leather Working School, Cawnpore.	8	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
26. Government Model Weaving School, Najibabad.	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27. Government Technical School, Gorakhpur.	*	..	..	3	..	..	..	3
28. Harcourt Butler Technological School, Cawnpore.	11	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
29. Wood Technologist, Bareilly	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	158	4	2	19	1	22	11	59

*Not supplied.

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES—(concluded)

Name of department	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gradauates	In-terme-diate passed	High School passed	Verna-cular final passed	Spe-cially qua-lified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Jail Department	148	1	1	30	2	..	..	34
Agriculture Department	195	2	3	18	..	1	1	25
Land Records Department	29	..	..	7	..	..	..	7
Veterinary Department .. .. .	..	..	1	6	..	..	..	7
Department of Co-operative Societies	244	2	..	2	..	..	..	4
Forest Department	288	1	..	26	..	2	11	40
Excise Department	48	1	..	5	..	..	..	6
Opium Department	59	..	..	5	..	..	..	5
Income-tax Department	188	..	..	19	..	..	..	19
Posts and Telegraphs Department	3,266	33	31	168	..	..	..	232
Survey Department .. .. .	..	7	3	8	..	..	..	18
Finance and Accounts Department	459	9	4	21	..	..	5	39
Police Department	197	1	8	64	6	..	..	79
Education Department	314	3	3	44	..	1	2	53
Medical Department	137	4	..	30	..	..	1	35
Public Works Department (B. & R.)	260	..	..	13	..	1	1	15
Public Health Department	116	2	..	22	..	4	..	28
Northern India Salt Revenue Department.	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Provincial Museum, Lucknow	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wasika Office, Lucknow .. .. .	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
Government Printing and Stationery, United Provinces, Allahabad.	..	1	..	12	..	..	186	201

B—Statement showing the number of new recruits appointed during the five years (1929-30 to 1934-35) in the Court of Wards Service

(i) IN POSTS EQUIVALENT TO PROVINCIAL SERVICES

Name of district	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Intermediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specially qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Meerut .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bulandshahr .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarnagar .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Saharanpur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dehra Dun .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Etah	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Muttra	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Aligarh .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bareilly .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Budaun .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bijnor	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moradabad .. .. .	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	4
Allahabad	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Etawah .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Farrukhabad .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cawnpore .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banda .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jalaun .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	2
Jhansi .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unao .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rae Bareli	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Kheri .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sitapur	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gorakhpur .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Basti .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amethi (Sultanpur) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bahraich .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deoria (Sultanpur)	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shahjahanpur .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Partabgarh	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hardoi .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Fyzabad	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bare Banki .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	11	6	..	3	..	..	1	10

Court of Wards Service—(continued)

(ii) IN POSTS EQUIVALENT TO THOSE IN THE SUBORDINATE SERVICES

Name of district	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Inter-mediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialty qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Meerut	22	1	..	5	..	4	1	11
Bulandshahr	13	..	..	..	6	..	3	9
Muzaffarnagar	14	..	..	..	1	..	4	5
Saharanpur	7	1	..	..	1	..	..	2
Dehra Dun* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Etah	14	..	..	1	3	..	..	4
Muttra* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aligarh	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Bareilly	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Budaun	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bijnor* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Moradabad	20	..	..	2	6	..	6	14
Allahabad	20	..	..	..	..	2	1	3
Etawah	13	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
Farrukhabad	13	..	..	1	4	..	4	9
Cawnpore .. .. .	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	2
Banda	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jalaun .. .. .	..	..	..	4	9	3	1	17
Jhansi* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unao	8	..	..	..	1	..	..	1
Rae Bareli	8	..	..	3	..	..	..	3
Kheri	16	..	..	1	..	..	4	5
Sitapur	39	..	1	2	6	..	4	13
Gorakhpur	33	..	3	9	4	2	..	18
Basti* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amethi (Sultanpur)	30	..	..	6	12	1	10	29
Bahraich .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deoria (Sultanpur)	13	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Shahjahanpur	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Partabgarh	62	2	..	11	1	..	..	14
Hardoi	16	..	..	3	5	1	..	9
Fyzabad	34	1	..	2	3	..	..	6
Bara Banki	28	3	..	1	3	..	..	7
Benares	29	1	..	..	..	4	1	6
<i>Under the Commissioners</i>								
Fyzabad* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Meerut* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Allahabad	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Gorakhpur	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benares* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	462	10	4	56	65	17	41	193

*Did not supply the information.

Court of Wards Service—(concluded)

(iii)—MINISTERIAL SERVICES

Name of district	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gratuates	In-termediate passed	High School passed	Verna- cular final passed	Spe- cially quali- fied	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Meerut	13	..	..	5	..	4	..	9
Bulandshahr	7	..	1	2	1	..	..	4
Muzaffarnagar	11	..	2	3	1	..	2	8
Saharanpur	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dehra Dun	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Agra .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Etah	10	..	..	..	2	..	1	3
Muttra	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Aligarh	24	1	1	4	7	..	10	23
Bareilly	17	..	..	4	2	..	5	11
Budaun	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bijnor	26	..	..	4	2	..	..	6
Moradabad .. ..	..	1	..	18	1	2	3	25
Allahabad	17	..	..	1	..	1	3	5
Etawah	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Farrukhabad	10	..	..	1	4	..	1	6
Cawnpore	13	1	..	1	2	..	1	5
Banda	18	1	..	2	1	1	9	14
Jalaun* .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi* .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unao	7	..	..	2	1	..	2	5
Rae Bareli	8	1	..	1	1	..	..	3
Kheri .. ..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	2
Sitapur	37	1	2	3	..	1	1	8
Gorakhpur	14	..	..	3	..	..	..	3
Basti	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Amethi (Sultanpur) .. ..	..	..	..	4	9	..	5	18
Bahraich .. ..	..	..	..	2	1	..	3	6
Deoria (Sultanpur)	9	..	..	1	1	..	..	2
Shahjahanpur	16	..	..	1	2	..	1	4
Partabgarh	42	..	1	8	3	2	..	14
Hardoi	10	..	..	1	1	..	..	2
Fyzabad	30	..	..	6	1	..	..	7
Bara Banki .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benares	27	2	..	5	..	..	3	1
<i>Under the Commissioners</i>								
Fyzabad	4	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
Meerut	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi .. ..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	3
Agra* .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Allahabad* .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gorakhpur* .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benares	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	388	8	9	87	43	11	52	210

* Did not supply any information.

C—Statement showing the number of new recruits appointed during the last five years (1929-30 to 1933-34) by the District Boards in the United Provinces

(i) IN POSTS EQUIVALENT TO THE PROVINCIAL SERVICES

Name of district	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gratuates	Intermediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specially qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mussoorie	14	..	..	..	..	5	..	5
Etawah	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Cawnpore	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jaunpur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Partabgarh	9	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
Gonda	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Etah	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Allahabad	5	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
Ghazipur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarnagar	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shahjahanpur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pilibhit	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Meerut	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	2
Basti	20	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Naini Tal	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mirzapur .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hamirpur .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aligarh .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	2
Garhwal	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bahraich	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Budaun	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gorakhpur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Farrukhabad	2	1	..	..	..	1	..	2
Rae Bareli	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Sultanpur	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Jhansi .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lucknow	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ballia .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jalaun .. ..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	2
Unao .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL	75	6	1	1	..	13	..	21

NOTE—The remaining District Boards did not supply any information. Several of those supplied are defective and unreliable. This applies to the following tables (ii) and (iii) as well.

District Boards Service—(continued)

(ii) IN POSTS EQUIVALENT TO THOSE IN THE SUBORDINATE SERVICES

Name of district	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						
		Graduates	Intermediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialty qualified	Others	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mussoorie	126	..	..	..	2	21	1	24
Etawah	106	..	..	..	..	8	25	33
Cawnpore	8	..	..	3	1	..	..	4
Jaunpur	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Partabgarh	739	..	1	1	70	2	1	75
Gonda	376	..	1	1	..	13	5	20
Etah	9	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Allahabad	13	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Ghazipur	11	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
Muzaffarnagar	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shahjahanpur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pilibhit	187	..	..	2	..	3	..	5
Meerut* .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Basti	606	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
Naini Tal	176	..	..	..	18	2	..	20
Mirzapur	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Hamirpur	12	2	1	3	..	5	..	11
Agra‡ .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aligarh	26	..	..	3	..	..	2	5
Garhwal	617	..	..	1	52	5	6	64
Bahraich .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Budaun	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gorakhpur	15	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
Farrukhabad .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rae Bareilly	672	1	..	9	40	3	..	53
Sultanpur	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jhansi	302	..	..	2	..	1	..	3
Lucknow	562	..	..	..	..	79	..	79
Ballia	8	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
Jalaun .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4
Unao .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	4,600	4	3	25	183	154	46	415

* Appear to be included in figures for Ministerial Services in table (iii).

‡ Not supplied.

District Boards Service—(concluded)

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICES

Name of district	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gratuates	Inter-mediate passed	High School passed	Ver-nacular final passed	Spe-cially qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mussoorie	65	..	..	2	..	2	8	12
Etawah	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
Cawnpore	14	..	..	2	..	..	2	10
Jaunpur	21	..	..	7	1	..	2	12
Partabgarh	46	..	..	5	..	1	6	12
Gonda	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	89
Etah	560	..	..	1	..	83	5	15
Allahabad	34	..	1	5	3	..	6	17
Ghazipur	36	..	..	3	7	4	3	..
Muzaffarnagar	58	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Shahjahanpur	24	1	..	5	..	..	..	..
Pilibhit	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	50
Meerut	1,129	2	..	24	8	..	16	8
Basti	24	..	..	6	..	1	1	1
Naini Tal	12	..	..	1	..	..	..	42
Mirzapur	292	..	..	7	..	35	..	5
Hamirpur	14	..	..	3	..	..	2	2
Agra	14	..	..	1	..	..	1	12
Aligarh	18	..	..	..	..	..	12(?)	4
Garhwal	14	..	..	3	..	..	1	4
Bahraich*	485	1	1	2	..	..	..	1
Budaun	14	..	1	..	..	..	..	3
Gorakhpur	29	..	..	3	..	..	..	12
Farrukhabad*	419	1	1	7	..	..	3	23
Rae Bareli	78	..	..	9	1	2	11	..
Sultanpur	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Jhansi	12	..	..	1	..	..	..	14
Lucknow	64	2	..	1	5	1	5	6
Ballia	81	..	..	6	..	..	..	8
Jalaun .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8(?)	3
Unao	314	1	..	2	..	..	..	..
Total	3,922	8	4	106	25	129	92	364

* No information as regards each class of service supplied separately.

‡ This includes all grades of services.

D—Statement showing the number of new recruits appointed during the last five years (1929-30 to 1933-34) by the Municipal Boards in the United Provinces

(i) IN POSTS EQUIVALENT TO PROVINCIAL SERVICES

Name of municipality	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Inter-mediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specially qualified	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Almora	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sultanpur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ghaziपुर	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orai .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lalitpur .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jaunpur	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
Mau .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sikandrabad .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bulandshahr	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roorkee	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanda	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gonda	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banda .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Atrauli .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fyzabad	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rae Bareli	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sikandra Rao	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Brindaban	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hapur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Budaun	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ujhani	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Na'ni Tal	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Gorakhpur	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tilhar	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kanauj	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mirzapur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lakhimpur-Kher	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dehra Dun	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ballia	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Balrampur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sitapur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benares	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Jhansi	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sandila	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Unao	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muttra	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bijnor	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Hardwar Union	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sahaswan	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Najibabad	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Shahjahanpur	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Allahabad	13	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Konch	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Deoband	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muzaffarnagar	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kashipur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bela-Partabgarh	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Azamgarh	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Soron	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Kalpi	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kasganj	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Khairabad	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chandausi	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Farrukhabad .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
Fatehpur .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	46	3	1	2	..	4	2	12

NOTE—The remaining municipalities did not supply any information. In several cases information supplied is defective and unreliable. This applies to the following tables (ii) and (iii) as well.

Municipal Boards Service—(continued)

(ii) IN POSTS EQUIVALENT TO THOSE IN THE SUBORDINATE SERVICES

Name of municipalities	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Gradauates	In-terme-diate passed	High School passed	Verna-cular final passed	Spe-cially quali-fied	Others	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Almora	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..*
Sultanpur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ghazipur	4	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Orai§ .. .. .	..	..	..	2	6	..	6	14
Lalitpur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jaunpur	18	1	..	..	..	3	..	4
Mau	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	†
Sikandrabad .. .. .	..	..	1	3	7	22	2	35
Bulandshahr	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Roorkee	6	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
Tanda	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gonda§	27	..	..	1	..	..	5	6
Banda	§60	..	..	1	4	..	..	5
Atrauli	5	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
Fyzabad	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rae Bareil i	26	..	..	1	2	..	2	5
Sikandra Rao	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Brindaban	44	..	..	..	1	1	..	2
Hapur	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Budaun	8	3	..	3	..	..	..	6
Ujhani†	1	7	9	6	5	5	22	54
Naini Tal	118	..	..	..	5	1	12	18
Gorakhpur	11	..	..	..	..	1	1	2
Tilhar	†	..	1	..	..	..	1	2
Kanauj	17	..	..	..	12	..	..	12
Mirzapur§	123	3	..	8	34	2	7	54
Lakhimpur Kheri	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Dehra Dun	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ballia	4	..	..	1	..	1	..	2
Balrampur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sitapur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Benares	5	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Jhansi§	111	6	..	7	2	1	6	22
Sandila	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unao	19	..	..	4	3	1	3	11
Muttra	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bijnor .. .. .	..	1	..	4	4	2	..	11
Hardwar Union	§68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..*
Sahaswan	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Najibabad	8	..	..	1	..	1	2	4
Shahjahanpur	11	1	1	1	..	2	1	6
Allahabad	152	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Konch	12	..	..	1	..	1	..	2
Deoband .. .. .	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	2
Muzaffarnagar	8	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Kashipur	Nil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bela-Partabgarh	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Azamgarh*	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agra	94	2	2	3	1	4	41	53
Soron .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kalpi	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kasganj	16	..	2	..	4	10	..	16
Khairabad	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chandausi	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Farrukhabad§	125	1	1	6	29	5	25	67
Fatehpur† .. .. .	..	..	..	1	5	1	14	21
Total	1,100	27	18	54	124	71	153	447

*No details supplied.
†Includes all grades of services.

‡Not supplied.
§Appear to include Ministerial Services.

Municipal Boards Service—(concluded)

(iii) MINISTERIAL SERVICE

Name of municipalities	Total number of posts	Number recruited during the last 5 years						Total
		Graduates	Intermediate passed	High School passed	Vernacular final passed	Specialty qualified	Others	
Almora	14	1	..	1	..	..	1	3
Sultanpur	10	..	..	1	..	1	1	3
Ghazipur	69	..	..	5	5	..	3	13
Orai .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lalitpur	24	1	..	6	3	1	6	17
Jaunpur	17	..	..	3	..	..	4	7
Mau	17	..	..	..	3	..	3	6
Sikandrabad .. .. .	..	..	..	..	2	..	24	26
Bulandshahr	26	..	1	2	..	1	..	4
Roorkee	18	..	..	4	3	..	7	14
Tanda	23	1	..	3	..	..	..	4
Gonda* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Banda	35	..	..	..	..	..	6	6
Atrauli	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Fyzabad	77	..	..	2	6	1	..	9
Rae Bareli	24	..	..	1	1	..	1	3
Sikandra Rao	25	..	..	..	..	1	4	5
Brindaban	23	..	..	..	..	2	3	5
Hapur	70	..	..	2	11	2	3	18
Budaun	34	..	..	1	..	..	5	6
Ujhani* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Naini Tal	18	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
Gorakhpur	40	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Tilhar .. .. .	..	..	..	1	8	3	20	32
Kanauj	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Mirzapur	58	1	..	6	..	..	4	11
Lakhimpur-Kheri	46	..	..	2	8	..	..	10
Dehra Dun	62	..	..	3	..	6	16	25
Ballia	6	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
Balrampur	23	1	1	2	4	1	..	9
Sitapur	40	..	..	1	..	..	1	2
Benares	677	10	2	19	57	13	28	129
Jhansi* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sandila	20	..	..	1	3	1	..	5
Unao	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Muttra	205	..	..	7	32	15	13	67
Bijnor .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	17
Hardwar* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sahaswan .. .. .	..	1	2	4	7	4	4	22
Najibabad	22	..	..	1	5	1	6	13
Shahjahanpur*	131	..	..	5	17	1	21	44
Allahabad	351	5	..	13	5	2	1	26
Konch	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	*
Deoband	23	..	..	4	4	2	11	21
Muzaffarnagar	66	..	..	3	3	..	5	11
Kashipur	42	..	..	1	3	5	8	17
Bele-Partabgarh	13	..	..	1	..	..	1	2
Azamgarh	40	..	..	..	8	1	..	9
Agra	118	3	2	5	50	8	37	105
Soron	26	..	..	..	..	7	1	8
Kalpi	21	..	..	..	4	..	7	11
Kasganj .. .. .	* ..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3
Khairabad	22	..	..	..	2	1	3	6
Chandausi	7	..	..	2	..	..	2	4
Farrukhabad* .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	2,598	24	8	123	254	80	277	766

*Information not supplied.

E—(i) Statement showing the number of men, educated and uneducated, in the employment of Joint Stock Companies registered with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, United Provinces

NOTE—Letters were issued to 427 Joint Stock Companies, out of whom 255 replied. The results are as follows :

Educated

Directors, Managers and Assistant Managers ..	190
Superintendents, Inspectors or Supervisors and Secretaries	194
Doctors	16
Compounders	28
Engineers	239
Overseers	753
Electricians, fitters and mistris	2,235
Chemists	405
Laboratory Assistants	281
Clerks	1,694
Accountants	50
Typists and stenotypists	120
	<hr/>
Total ..	6,205
	<hr/>

Uneducated

Peons	2,708
Bearers and coolies	7,310
Others	290
	<hr/>
Total ..	10,308
	<hr/>
GRAND TOTAL ..	16,513
	<hr/>

E—(ii) (a) Statement showing the number of aided colleges and the staff employed by them

Serial number	Name of the college	Number of teachers employed in the college as on 31st March, 1934			Number of clerks employed in the college as on 31st March, 1934		Number of teachers appointed within the last 5 years	
		Grada- uates	Under- gra- duates	Others	Grada- uates	Under- gra- duates	Grada- uates	Under- gra- duates
1	Meerut College, Meerut ..	42	..	3	..	8	11	..
2	Sanatan Dharma College, Cawnpore.	22	1	1	..	4	11	..
3	Agra College, Agra ..	53	..	1	..	6*	31	..
4	D. A.-V. College, Cawnpore..	32	..	..	1	3	12	..
5	Christ Church College, Cawnpore.	18	..	..	1	2	6	..
6	Bareilly College, Bareilly ..	20	..	..	..	5	12	..
7	St. Andrews College, Gorakhpur.	18	..	..	..	3	6	..
8	St. John's College, Agra ..	36	3	..	..	4	28	2
	Total ..	250	4	5	2	35	117	2

* Including Librarian and Hostel Superintendent.

E—(ii) (b) Statement showing the number of private educational institutions and the staff employed by them as it stood on 31st March, 1934

---	Aided institutions				Unaided institutions				Remarks
	In- terme- diate col- leges	Anglo- verna- cular high schools	Eng- lish middle schools	Total	In- terme- diate col- leges	Anglo- verna- cular high schools	Eng- lish middle schools	Total	
Number of institutions.	14	146	57	217	2	2	40	44	Includes one primary factory school at Shah-jahanpur.
English gra- duate tea- chers in all institutions.	250	1,120	117	1,487	33	14	70	117	
Teachers (un- dergrada- tes).	65	728	193	986	16	13	134	163	Two for above school, Ditto.
Other teachers	132	1,126	265	1,523	36	13	156	205	
Clerks ..	36	138	44	218	7	2	15	24	
Number of graduates and under-graduates appointed within the last five years.	168	974	318	1,460	31	11	311	353	

APPENDIX VII

(Vide paragraph 194 of the Report)

DR. GUPTA'S STATEMENTS ON WASTAGE RATES IN SERVICES

A—Summary of wastage by different causes

Class of Government servant	Average number employed	Death		Wastage due to						Period of inquiry		Remarks
				Retirement		Dismissal		Total		Number of years	Dates	
		Average number	Per cent.	Average number	Per cent.	Average number	Per cent.	Average number	Per cent.			
<i>Police</i>												
Gazetted officers	148	1.4	1.0	5.8	3.9	.5	.3	8	5.2	12	1920-31	Provincial and Indian Police Service. Sergeants, Inspectors and Sub-inspectors.
Non-gazetted officers	2,294	25	1.1	72	3.2	10	.4	107	4.6	3	1929-31	
Naiks and head constables	4,273	35	.8	187	4.4	17	.4	239	5.6	3	1929-31	
Constables	26,900	197	.7	475	1.8	739	2.7	1,411	5.3	3	1929-31	
<i>Forest Department</i>												
Gazetted officers	68	.07	.25	1.7	2.7	.07	.25	.2	3.2	12	1919-20 to 1930-31	Provincial and Indian Forest Service. Rangers.
Non-gazetted officers	105	.7	.6	2.4	2.3	.4	.4	3.5	12	1930-31		
<i>Public Works Department</i>												
<i>Irrigation—</i>												
Gazetted officers	122	1	.8	4	3.1	1	.8	6	.46	12	1920-21 to 1931-32	I. S. E. Assistant Engineers and Sub-Engineers. Patrols, ziledars, sub-overscers, etc.
Ministerial staffs	1,594	14	.9	17	1.1	42	2.6	73	4.6	12	1931-32	
Roads and Buildings— Gazetted officers	87	.6	.7	6.4	7.4	.4	.4	7.4	8.5	11	1910-21 to 1930-31	
Overseers and Sub-overseers	128	1	.9	7	5.3	.5	.4	8.5	6.6	11	1930-31	
<i>Co-operative Department</i>												
Officers (gazetted)	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1920-30	Registrars, deputies and assistants (10 in 1930). 56 in 1930. 52 in 1930.
Inspectors	33	..	..	.5	1.4	.6	1.9	1.2	3.3	11	1920-30	
Auditors	20	.1	.8	..	..	2	6.9	2	7.2	11	1920-30	

Provincial Judicial Service ..	187	2	1.0	3	1.6	.4	.2	5	2.8	12	1920-21 to 1931-32	Agra and Oudh (Provincial and Judges).	
Sub-Registrars ..	193	2	1.1	5	2.7	1.7	.9	9	4.7	12	1931-32		
<i>Executive Service</i>													
I. C. S. officers ..	197	1.2	.6	9.5	4.8	.2	.1	10.9	5.5	12	1920-31		
Deputy Collectors ..	394	5	1.2	11	2.8	2	.6	18	4.6	12	1920-31		
Fatwaris ..	27,890	377	1.8	155	.6	572	2.5	1,104	4.0	11	1920-21 to 1930-31		
<i>Education Department</i>													
Agra University teachers ..	166	1	.6	1.45	.9	10	6	12.4	7.5	11	1930-31	All teachers (18 gazetted and 8 non-gazetted).	
Government school teachers (gazetted).	126	1.75	1.4	5	4.1	.33	.3	7.3	5.8	12	1920-21 to 1931-32		
Government school teachers (non-gazetted).	1,619	13.5	.8	19.3	1.2	3.8	.24	37	2.3	12	1931-32		
Government lady teachers (gazetted).	112	..	..	.3	3	.1	.8	.4	3.8	12	1931-32	
Government lady teachers (non-gazetted).	321	3.4	1.1	1.6	.5	17.4	5.4	22.4	7.0	12	1931-32		
Thomson College, Roorkee ..	26	.17	.65	.75	3	1.4	5.5	2.3	9.0	12	1931-32		
<i>Medical Department</i>													
Gazetted officers ..	101	1	.8	3	2.8	.1	.1	4	3.7	11	910-21 to 1930-31	Civil and Assistant Surgeons.	
Non-gazetted officers ..	264	3	1.1	7	2.6	1	.2	11	3.9	11	1930-31	Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	
<i>Public Health Department</i>													
Gazetted officers ..	65	.25	.4	..	..	.5	.8	.75	1.2	12	1920-21 to 1931-32	Assistant Directors of Public Health and Public Health Officer. Medical Officers of traveling dispensaries.
Non-gazetted officers ..	75	.1	.1	..	..	10	14	10.1	14.1	12	1931-32	
<i>Agriculture Department</i>													
Gazetted officers ..	33	.33	1	.42	1.3	.25	.76	1	3.0	12	1920-31	I. A. S. and Provincial Service (43 in 1931). Average of all departments (Median).	
Clerical staffs ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2.6	12	1920-21 to 1931-32	

B—Wastage rates with standard deviation and error

Class of Government servant	Period of inquiry number of years	Average number of persons employed	Average annual wastage	Average wastage rate	Standard deviation	Standard error
<i>Police Department</i>						
Gazetted officers ..	12	148	8	5.2	1.96	.57
Non-gazetted officers ..	3	2,294	107	4.6	.31	.18
Naiks and head constables ..	3	4,273	230	5.6	.29	.17
Constables ..	3	26,900	1,411	5.3	.34	.20
<i>Forest Department</i>						
Gazetted officers ..	12	68	2	3.2	2.86	.83
Non-gazetted officers ..	12	105	3.5	3.3	1.93	.56
<i>Public Works Department</i>						
Irrigation—Gazetted officers	12	122	6	4.6	1.49	.43
Ministerial staff ..	12	1,594	73	4.6	.98	.28
Roads and Buildings—Gazetted officers.	11	87	7.4	8.5	3.18	.96
Overseers and sub-overseers	11	128	8.5	6.6	5.22	1.57
<i>Co-operative Department</i>						
Officers (gazetted) ..	11	6	..	..	..	..
Inspectors ..	11	33	1.2	3.3	2.83	.85
Auditors ..	11	29	2	7.2	4.97	1.50
<i>Judicial Service</i>						
Provincial Judicial Service ..	12	187	5	2.8	1.27	.37
Sub-Registrars ..	12	193	9	4.7	1.88	.54
<i>Executive Service</i>						
I.C.S. officers ..	12	197	10.9	5.5	1.58	.46
Deputy Collectors ..	12	394	18	4.6	1.12	.32
Patwaris ..	11	27,890	1,104	4.0	.3	.09
<i>Education Department</i>						
Agra University teachers ..	11	166	12.4	7.5	1.57	.44
Government school teachers, gazetted.	12	126	7.3	5.8	3.04	.87
Government school teachers, non-gazetted.	12	1,619	37	2.3	.48	.14
Government lady teachers, gazetted.	12	112	.4	3.8	5.46	1.58
Government lady teachers, non-gazetted.	12	321	22.4	7.0	2.47	.71
Thomson College, Roorkee, gazetted.	12	18	1.7	9.4	8.56	2.47
Thomson College, Roorkee, non-gazetted.	12	8	.7	8.3	11.62	3.36
<i>Medical Department</i>						
Gazetted officers ..	11	101	4	3.7	1.97	.59
Non-gazetted officers ..	11	264	11	3.9	1.62	.48
<i>Public Health Department</i>						
Gazetted officers ..	12	65	.75	1.2	1.12	.32
Non-gazetted officers ..	12	75	10.10	14.1	27.91	8.06
<i>Agriculture Department</i>						
Gazetted officers ..	12	33	1	3.0	3.67	1.06
Clerical staff ..	12	..	..	2.6	.47	.14

APPENDIX VIII

(Vide paragraph 201 of the Report)

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS SUPPLIED BY THE PUBLIC SERVICE
COMMISSION, DELHI*A—Name of Service—Superior Telegraph Engineering and Wireless
Branches of the Posts and Telegraphs Department*

Province	1930		1931		1932		1933		1934	
	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected
	<i>A—By competition</i>									
Madras ..	2	..	6	..	4	..	4	..	17	..
Bengal ..	7	..	11	1	3	..	3	..	13	..
Bombay ..	7	1	16	..	3	..	9	..	10	..
Punjab ..	10	..	20	1	14	2	14	..	32	1
United Provinces.	6	..	18	2	2	1	9	..	23	1
Central Provinces.	..	..	1	..	2	..	1	..	4	..
Bihar and Orissa.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
Assam ..	1	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Burma ..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	1	2	..
Others ..	1	..	10	..	3	..	11	1	16	1
Total ..	34	1	85	4	34	3	53	2	110	3
	<i>B—By nomination</i>									
United Provinces.	Information regarding appointments by nomination is not available with the Public Service Commission.				Nil		Nil		Nil	
Other Provinces.					1		1		1	
	<i>C—Combined figures for A and B</i>									
United Provinces.					1		Nil.		1	
Total for the rest of India.	As in (B) above				..		2		2	

*B—Name of Service—Indian Railway Service of Engineers and
Indran Service of Engineers*

Province	1930		1931		1932		1933		1934		
	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	
			<i>A—By competition</i>								
Madras ..	11	..	31	4				..	23	..	
Bengal ..	22	2	34	1		..		..	13	..
Bombay ..	20	4	49	4		..		..	10	..
Punjab ..	29	3	72	11		..		..	24	2
United Provinces.	22	4	43	4		..		..	23	..
Central Provinces.	1	..	..	..		..		..	5	
Bihar and Orissa.	2	..	4	..		..		..	4	..
Assam ..	1	..	4	..		..		..	..	..
Burma ..	..	..	2	..		..		..	3	..
Others ..	7	..	19	..		..		..	17	1
Total ..	115	13	258	24		..		..	122	3
			<i>B—By nomination</i>								
United Provinces.			Information regarding applicants by nomination is not available with the Public Service Commission.			No examination was held.		I. R. S. E. only			
Other provinces.											No appointment was made by nomination.
			<i>C—Combined figures for A and B</i>								
United Provinces.			As in (B) above			No examination was held.		In 1934			
Total for the rest of India.											Nil.
								3			

*C—Name of Service—Transportation (Traffic) and
Commercial Departments*

Province	January, 1935		1931		1930	
	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected
<i>A—By competition</i>						
Madras	27	3	17	4	8	2
Bengal	3	..	8	..	10	..
Bombay	2	..	12	1	8	..
Punjab	9	1	12	3	8	..
United Provinces	29	1	16	2	9	..
Central Provinces	9	..	6	..	5	4
Bihar and Orissa	5	..	4	..	4	..
Assam .. .. .	..	..	2	..	1	..
Burma .. .. .	..	..	1	..	1	..
Others	17	..	2	..	1	..
Total	101	5	80	10	55	6
<i>B—By nomination</i>						
One candidate from United Provinces was appointed by nomination.	Information regarding appointments by nomination in 1930 and 1931 is not available with the Public Service Commission.					

D—Royal Indian Navy Examinations held since 1930

	1932		1934	
	Appeared	Selected	Appeared	Selected
<i>A—By competition</i>				
Madras	1	..	1	..
Bengal	1	1	2	..
Bombay	3	..	3	..
Punjab	7	1	14	1
United Provinces	5	1	10	2
Central Provinces	2	1	1	..
Bihar and Orissa .. .. .	..	..	1	..
Assam .. .. .	..	..	..	..
Burma	1	..	1	..
Others	7	..	8	..
*Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun.	1	..	..	..

B—By nomination

The statement is blank.

*These candidates applied through the Principal of the Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College and it is not possible to give the provinces to which they belonged.

E—Examinations for admission to the Royal Air Force College, Cranwell, held since 1930

	1933		1934	
	Appeared	Selected	Appeared	Selected
<i>A—By competition</i>				
Madras	3	..	2	..
Bengal	1	..	3	..
Bombay	3	..	6	..
Punjab	10	1	16	1
United Provinces	6	..	4	1
Central Provinces	1	..	1	..
Bihar and Orissa .. .. .	..	..	..	..
Assam	1	..	..	..
Burma .. .. .	..	..	2	..
Others	15	1	5	..
*Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun.	1	1	..	..
<i>B—By nomination</i>				
The statement is blank.				

*These candidates applied through the Principal of the Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College and it is not possible to give the provinces to which they belonged.

F—Statistics of direct recruitment to All-India and Central Services made by or with the advice of the Public Service Commission, India, in the years 1930 to 1934

Name of Service—INDIAN AUDIT AND ACCOUNTS SERVICE

Serial number	Province	1930		1931		Total	
		Number of candidates	Selected	Number of candidates	Selected	Number of candidates	Selected
<i>A—By competitive examination</i>							
1	Madras	45	1	25	..	70	1
2	Bombay	4	..	6	..	10	..
3	Bengal	23	..	16	..	39	..
4	United Provinces	34	2	21	2	55	4
5	Punjab	34	1	21	1	55	2
6	Central Provinces	3	..	2	..	5	..
7	Bihar and Orissa	7	..	1	..	8	..
8	Assam	5	..	..	..	5	..
9	Burma	2	..	1	..	3	..
10	North-West Frontier Province.	..	..	1	..	1	..
11	Others	41	1	33	2	74	3
	Total	198	5	127	5	325	10
<i>B—By nomination (on the basis of competitive examination)</i>							
	United Provinces		3		..		3
	Total (rest of India)		2		1		3
<i>C—Combined figures for A and B</i>							
	United Provinces		5		2		7
	Total (for the rest of India).		5		4		9

G—Statistics of direct recruitment to All-India and Central Services made by or with the advice of the Public Service Commission, India, in the years 1930 to 1935

Name of Service—INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE

Province from which recruited	1930		1931		1932		1933		1934		1935		Total		Remarks
	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
<i>A—By competitive examination</i>															
Madras	36	4	32	..	42	2	47	1	51	2	35	..	243	9	..
Bengal	20	..	13	..	15	..	11	..	17	..	7	..	83	..	..
Bombay	8	..	8	..	5	..	9	..	12	..	8	..	50	..	..
The Punjab	34	1	45	3	51	1	43	..	39	..	23	1	235	6	..
United Provinces	38	1	43	6	70	1	47	1	36	2	26	3	260	14	..
Central Provinces	6	..	3	..	5	..	1	..	2	..	4	..	21	..	..
Bihar and Orissa	9	1	9	..	12	..	11	..	12	..	6	..	59	1	..
Assam	2	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	1	..	1	..	10	..	..
Burma	16	5	14	5	17	3	19	3	27	3	21	2	114	21	..
Others	21	1	24	2	29	1	36	2	25	..	21	..	156	6	..
Total	190	13	191	16	247	8	229	7	222	7	162	6	1,231	57	..
<i>B—By nomination</i>															
United Provinces .. .. .	..	2	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	..
Total for the rest of India..	..	3	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	9	..
<i>C—Combined figures for A and B</i>															
United Provinces .. .. .	..	3	..	7	..	3	..	1	..	3	..	3	..	20	..
Total for the rest of India..	..	15	..	11	..	9	..	6	..	6	..	5	..	52	..

NOTE—The first sub-column for each year is for the total number of candidates who sat for the competitive examination in that year; the second sub-column is for the number of candidates, if any, who were selected.

H—Statistics of direct recruitment to All-India and Central Services made by or with the advice of the Public Service Commission, Delhi, in the years 1930 to 1935

Name of Service—INDIAN POLICE.

Provinces from which recruited	1930		1931		1932		1933		1934		1935		Total		Remarks	
	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
					<i>A—By competitive examination</i>											
Bengal .. .. .	..	..	19	1	30	2	20	2	32	3	42	2	143	10	
Bombay	6	1	6	1	11	1	4	1	5	1	10	1	42	6	..	
Punjab .. .. .	..	..	21	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	1	36	2	..
United Provinces	20	2	22	1	44	2	29	1	..	..	9	1	124	7	..
Central Provinces	5	1	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	2	..
Bihar and Orissa	13	1	..	..	..	..	10	1	11	1	7	1	41	4	..
Assam .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	..	7	1	..
Burma .. .. .	..	..	3	1	5	2	..	..	8	1	8	1	24	5	..
North-West Frontier Provinces.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	..	..	5	1	..
Total	44	5	78	6	90	7	70	6	61	7	91	7	434	38	..	
					<i>B—By nomination (on the basis of competitive examinations)</i>											
United Provinces .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	1	..	..	11	1	..
Total for the rest of India..	12	1	10	1	16	2	16	2	11	1	5	2	70	9	..	
					<i>C—Combined figures for A and B</i>											
United Provinces	20	2	22	1	44	2	29	1	11	1	9	1	135	8	..	
Total for the rest of India..	36	4	66	6	62	7	57	7	72	8	87	8	380	40	..	

NOTE—Figures for the year 1935 are based on the data available in office.

The examination for the year 1935, is not yet complete.

NOTE 1—The first sub-column for each year is for the total number of candidates who sat for the competitive examination in that year; the second sub-column is for the number of candidates, if any, who were selected.

I—Statistics of direct recruitment to All-India and Central Services made by or with the advice of the Public Service Commission, Delhi, in the years 1930 to 1935

Name of Service—EXAMINATION FOR ADMISSION TO THE INDIAN MILITARY ACADEMY, DEHRA DUN, HELD SINCE 1930

Province from which recruited	1932				1933				1934				1935	
	July		October		March		October		March		October		March	
	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected	Number of candidates	Number selected
	<i>A—By competitive examination</i>													
Madras	2	..	4	1	4	..	7	..	4	..	8	2	5	..
Bengal	1	..	8	..	3	..	5	..	4	..	6	..	7	..
Bombay	3	..	13	..	6	..	13	..	9	..	10	..	8	..
Punjab	43	6	75	6	42	4	86	6	39	6	77	3	64	7
United Provinces	5	..	35	..	17	1	31	3	10	2	43	3	20	2
Central Provinces	4	..	4	..	6	..	6	..	3	1	4	1	2	..
Bihar and Orissa	1	..	2	..	2	..	4	..	..	..	3	..	1	..
Assam .. .. .	..	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
Burma	2	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	2	1	3	..	2	..
Others	17	..	37	4	38	3	45	3	16	2	49	3	17	3
*Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College.	10	6	7	1	5	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	<i>B—By nomination</i>													
United Provinces	5	..	35	..	17	..	31	1	10	1	43	..	20	..
Others	83	3	151	3	108	4	170	6	77	3	162	7	106	4
	<i>C—Combined figures for A and B</i>													
United Provinces	5	..	35	..	17	1	31	4	10	3	43	3	20	2
Others	83	15	151	15	108	15	170	15	77	13	162	16	106	14

*These candidates applied through the Principal of the Prince of Wales's Royal Indian Military College and it is not possible to give the provinces to which they belonged.

NOTE 1—The first sub-column for each year is for the total number of candidates who sat for the competitive examination in that year; the second sub-column is for the number of candidates, if any, who were selected.

J—Candidates appointed to the First Division of the Government of India Secretariat on the results of the Ministerial Service (I and II Divisions) Examinations held in 1931 and 1933, arranged according to Provinces.

Provinces	Number- appointed on the results of the examination held in 1931	Number appointed on the results of the examination held in 1933
Madras	3	8*
Bengal .. .. .	..	1
Bombay .. .. .	..	..
The Punjab	1	4
The United Provinces .. .. .	..	4
The Central Provinces .. .. .	..	..
Bihar and Orissa .. .. .	..	..
Assam .. .. .	..	..
Burma .. .. .	..	..
Others	1	1

*Including Madras States.

APPENDIX IX

(Vide paragraph 325 of the Report)

Comparative statement showing the percentage of passes in the various examinations of the Allahabad University :

- (1) Before the reorganization of the University in 1921
- (2) After the reorganization with Mofassil colleges still affiliated to it
- (3) After the separation of the Mofassil colleges

Year	LL.M.	LL.B. Final.	LL.B. Previous	M.A. Final	M.A. Previous	M.Sc. Final	M.Sc. Previous	L.T.	B.A.	B.Sc.	Intermediate	Matriculation	Final Gr. A.	M.B.B.S. Grade B.	First M.B. B.S.	B.Sc.	Commercial Certificate	M.D.	B. Com. I	B. Com. II	B.A. III Year Honours	B.A. II Year Honours	B.Sc. Ag.
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Before the reorganization under the New Act	1917	0	77	79	74	62	88	72	60	42	41	43	28	100	71	74	26	50	..	..	..	..	..
	1918	0	52	60	75	49	65	81	86	31	40	48	21	100	57	62	40	50	..	..	..	..	..
	1919	0	72	68	72	73	66	82	88	32	47	44.5	36	75	100	37	41	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1920	0	58	54	54	59	68	72	91	32.5	21	42	33	100	70	42	23	100	..	..	..	..	..
Average	..	..	65	65	69	61	72	77	81	35	37	44	30	94	93	71	42	39	75	..	..	..	..
With external side	1924	0	85	54	76	60	88	71	88	54	71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	78	..	..	..	..
	1925	0	87	75	82	66	78	100	..	61	61	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	57	100	..	..	..
	1926	0	84	34	85	76.6	68	81	97	60	75	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	54	70	..	..	..
	1927	0	72	62	88	73	82.6	83.6	97	61	76	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	65	91	..	..	..
Average	..	..	82	56	83	69	79	84	94	59	71	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	63.5	87	..	..	..
Purely Internal, i.e. without the Mofassil colleges	1931	0	93	91	92	85	71	..	69	72	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	64	91	100	79	..
	1932	0	52	73	93	80	96	84	..	87.7	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	82	94	93	71	..
	1933	..	88	84	90	82	93	78	..	71	67	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	93	94	91	66	..
	1934	..	82	80	94	83	93	92	..	68	83	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	100	93	96	64	100
Average	..	..	79	82	92	82.5	92	81	..	69	72	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	85	93	95	70	100

(B)—SCHOLARSHIPS

(a)

Statement showing the different kinds of scholarships and stipends that are awarded by the Education Department.

(i) UNIVERSITY EDUCATION

Name of scholarship	No.	Rate per month	Period of availability	Amount provided for 1935-36
		Rs.		Rs.
1. Teachers' Training College attached to the Benares Hindu University.	20	20*	10 months	4,667
2. Teachers' Training College attached to the Aligarh Muslim University.	20	20*	Do. ..	4,667
3. Teachers' Training College attached to the Isabella Thoburn College, Lucknow.	3	20	9 months	540
4. Post Acharya.. .. .	6	20	3 years ..	4,320
5. Post-graduate scholarship for depressed classes.	1	20	22 months	440
6. B.A., B.Sc. scholarship for depressed classes.	2	15	Do. ..	660
7. Lump provision for honours' course students for the B.A., B.Sc. scholarship holders.	..	..	..	3,000
8. Degree scholarships for Europeans ..	6	35	20 months	4,200
9. B.Sc. scholarship	9	20	2 years ..	4,320
10. B.A. scholarship	12	20	Do ..	5,760
11. B. Com. scholarship	2	20	Do. ..	960
12. B.A., B.Sc. stipends one each in each degree college.	2	20	20 months	6,400
13. B.A., B.Sc. scholarships for girls ..	2	20	2 years ..	960
14. Sanskrit scholarships	60	5	1 year ..	3,600
15. Anglo-Sanskrit scholarships	Not fixed		Do. ..	840
16. Kumaun Centenary	5	30	33 months	4,950
			Total ..	50,284

In the case of the Universities of Allahabad, Lucknow and Agra the grants allowed by the Government towards expenditure on the Universities in 1934-35 of scholarships of the total amounts noted below :

			Rs.
University of Allahabad .. .. .	..	..	25,000
University of Lucknow .. .. .	..	..	33,664
University of Agra .. .. .	..	..	8,600
		Total ..	67,264

*From July, 1935, the value has been reduced from Rs.30 to Rs.20 per mensem.

(ii) PROFESSIONAL COLLEGES

Name of scholarship	No.	Rate per month	Period of availability	Amount provided during 1935-36
<i>Training College Stipends</i>		Rs.		Rs.
Allahabad Training College	22 48	15	} 10 months	9,060
Lucknow Training College		12		
Lucknow Training College	22	12	22 months	5,808
Agra Training College	22	12	Do. ..	5,808
<i>Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee</i>				
Civil Engineering class	16	50	9 months	7,200
Overseer class	16	25	Do. ..	3,600
Draftsman class	12	4	Do. ..	432
Technical scholarship tenable at Engineering, Commercial and Agricultural Institutions.	3	50	3 years ..	3,600
			Total ..	35,508

(iii) SECONDARY SCHOOLS

Name of scholarship	No.	Rate per month	Period of availability	Amount provided during 1935-36
		Rs.		Rs.
1. Intermediate scholarship	48	16	2 years ..	18,48
2. Intermediate stipends for Government Intermediate Colleges.	8	16	Do. ..	3,07
3. Intermediate scholarships for girls ..	6	16	Do. ..	2,30
4. Intermediate scholarships for depressed classes.	4	10	Do. ..	96
5. Intermediate scholarships in each aided Intermediate College.	23	16	Do. ..	8,83
6. High School stipends	240	10	Do. ..	57,60
7. High School stipends for female teachers	4	30	48 months	5,76
8. High School stipends for depressed classes :				
For Classes III and IV	*14	2	One year ..	} 2,35
For Classes V and VI	*14	3	Do. ..	
For Classes VII and VIII	*14	4	Do. ..	
For Classes IX and X	*14	5	Do. ..	
9. High School scholarship for European (boys).	12	25	18 months	5,40
10. High School scholarship for European (girls).	3	40	30 months	3,60
11. High School scholarship for European (girls).	9	25	20 months	4,50
12. Middle scholarship for European (boys).	12	10	2 years ..	2,88
13. Middle scholarship for European (girls).	12	10	Do. ..	2,88
14. Upper Middle scholarship	59	5	Do. ..	8,28
15. Lower Middle scholarship	57	4	Do. ..	5,47
16. Upper Primary	57	3	Do. ..	4,10
17. Kumaun Centenary scholarship	5	20	Do. ..	2,40
18. Anglo-Vernacular Middle scholarship for girls.	30	8	Do. ..	} 9,84
		10	Do. ..	

* Eight stipends, 2 for each stage are allotted to each of 7 Inspectors. Educational Circles.

(iii) SECONDARY SCHOOLS—(concluded)

Name of scholarship	No.	Rate per month	Period of availability	Amount provided during 1935-36
		Rs.		Rs.
19. Special scholarship and stipends for prospective women teachers.	2	15	} 2 years ..	4,032
Ditto ..	2	10		
Ditto ..	8	6		
Ditto ..	9	5		
Ditto ..	5	5		
20. Language proficiency stipend to girls..	4	10	Do. ..	960
21. Scholarship tenable at the Husainabad High School, Lucknow.	Not fixed			2,16*
22. Stipends to female teachers ..	6	8	22 months	1,056
23. Scholarship to the children of deceased Indian and Anglo-Indian soldiers.	..	..	..	8,000
24. Two scholarships in each district to depressed class boys.	96	7	4 years ..	29,568
25. Vernacular Final scholarships ..	100	6 for 3 years 8 for 2 years	} 5 years	40,800
26. Vernacular Middle School stipends for depressed classes.	432	2	3 years ..	10,368
27. Vernacular Lower Middle scholarship for girls.	6	8 for 4 years 10 for two years	} 6 years ..	3,744
28. Stipends to candidates joining Training class at Ghora Gali.	4	50	22 months	4,400
29. Stipends to women candidates joining the Training classes attached to All Saints' Diocesan College, Naini Tal, and Woodstock College, Mussoorie.	8	40	30 months	3,600
Ditto ..	7	30	20 months	4,200
30. Stipends at the Preparatory Training class at all Saints' Diocesan College, Naini Tal.	4	30	Do. ..	2,400
31. Stipends to the sons of artisans ..	..	..	..	*864

* This is on account of old stipends. The stipends for artisans' sons were abolished in 1931.

(iv) SPECIAL SCHOOLS

Name of scholarship	No.	Rate per month	Period of availability	Amount provided during 1935-36
		Rs.		Rs.
Primary scholarships .. .. .	..	..	..	2,304
Scholarships in Model Girls' Schools attached to Girls' Normal Schools.	..	..	..	2,200
Scholarship at the Lady Irwin College, Delhi, for training women teachers in home science.	2	70	9 months	450
E. T. C. stipends for training to prospective women teachers in aided training classes for girls.	28	{ at Rs.30 3 at Rs.20 25 }	22 months	12,98
V. T. C. stipends for training as teachers to girls in aided training classes.	35	{ at Rs.15 1 at Rs.12 34 }	Do. ..	9,306
P. T. C. stipends for training as teachers to girls in aided training classes.	12	10	Do. ..	2,640
Training class attached to the Stri Sudhar Vidyalaya, Bareilly.				
Training class stipends	6	10	One year..	} 1,920
Primary section	6	10	Do. ..	
Training of widows in primary section ..	5	8	Do. ..	
FOREIGN SCHOLARSHIPS				
One scholarship, including cost of one "B" grade passage at £74 and tuition fee to a lady graduate for training in western methods of education.	1	£216 per annum	19 months	£476*

*Part in United Provinces budget and part in High Commissioner's budget.

(v) PRIMARY SCHOOLS

Name of scholarship	No.	Rate per month	Period of availability	Amount provided during 1935-36
		Rs.		Rs.
1. Scholarships to encourage wives and female relations living under the care of teachers to qualify themselves as teachers.	..	..	..	6,040
2. Vernacular Girls' School scholarships	..	..	..	17,000
3. Vernacular Lower Middle scholarships for girls.	6	8	2 years ..	1,152
4. Stipends for depressed classes :				
		Rs. a. p.		
Class I	700	0 6 0	One year..	} 14,700
„ II	700	0 6 0	Do. ..	
„ III	700	0 8 0	Do. ..	
„ IV	700	0 8 0	Do. ...	

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(b)

Statement showing the amounts spent by the District Board in the United Provinces on scholarships and stipends under the various kinds of institutions for the year 1933-34.

			Rs.
1. Vernacular middle schools	..	..	18,901
2. Training school (stipends)	..	..	57,905
3. Primary schools	..	..	74,878
4. Islamia primary schools and maktabas	..	..	1,129
5. Depressed class education	..	..	13,573
6. Female education	..	..	2,324
7. Compulsory Primary Education	..	..	646
			<hr/>
		Total	.. 1,69,356
			<hr/>

(c)

Statement showing amount spent by each Municipal Board on payment of scholarships to school boys for education during 1934-35

Municipal Board	Amount	Municipal Board	Amount
	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
1. Dehra	Nil	25. Etah	Nil
2. Mussoorie	Nil	26. Soron	154 0
3. Saharanpur	70 0 (for technical training).	27. Kasganj	Nil
4. Hardwar Union	239 4	28. Jalesar	Nil
5. Deoband	Nil	29. Bareilly	Nil
6. Roorkee	57 0	30. Bijnor	Nil
7. Muzaffarnagar	Nil	31. Chandpur, Siao	60 0
8. Kairana	Nil	32. Dhampur	60 0
9. Baraut	Nil	33. Nagina	60 0
10. Meerut	Nil	34. Najibabad	60 0
11. Ghaziabad	Nil	35. Budaun	152 0
12. Hapur	Nil	36. Ujhani	Nil
13. Bulandshahr	360 0	37. Sahaswan	Nil
14. Khurja	120 0 (for technical training).	38. Moradabad	134 0
15. Sikandrabad	Nil	39. Chandausi	Nil
16. Koil (Aligarh)	120 0	40. Amroha	Nil
17. Hathras	Nil	41. Sambhal	73 0
18. Atrauli	Nil	42. Shahjahanpur	3,294 0
19. Sikandra Rao	Nil	43. Tilhar	120 0
20. Muttra	Nil	44. Pilibhit	92 0
21. Brindaban	Nil	45. Bisalpur	128 0
22. Agra	533 8	46. Fatehgarh-cum-Farrukhabad.	Nil
23. Firozabad	Nil	47. Etawah	282 0
24. Mainpuri	Nil	48. Cawnpore	1,800 0
		49. Kanauj	Nil
		50. Fatehpur	Nil
		51. Allahabad	500 0

Municipal Board	Amount	Municipal Board	Amount
	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
52. Jhansi	Nil	68. Kashipur	Nil
53. Mau	72 0	69. Lucknow	1,595 13
54. Lalitpur	28 0	70. Unao	120 0
55. Orai	Nil	71. Rae Bareli	8 0
56. Kalpi	Nil	72. Sitapur	32 0
57. Kunch	Nil	73. Khairabad.. ..	Nil
58. Banda	278 0	74. Hardoi	Nil
59. Benares	24 0 (for technical training)	75. Shahabad	45 0
60. Mirzapur	788 0	76. Sandila	Nil
61. Jaunpur	Nil	77. Lakhimpur	501 0
62. Ghazipur	Nil	78. Fyzabad	348 0
63. Ballia	Nil	79. Tanda	Nil
64. Gorakhpur	Nil	80. Gonda	300 0
65. Azamgarh	Nil	81. Balrampur	Nil
66. Almora	Nil	82. Bahraich	Nil
67. Naini Tal	120 0 (for technical training)	83. Sultanpur	Nil
		84. Bela (Partabgarh)	78 0
		85. Nawabganj (Bara Banki)	Nil

APPENDIX X

Classified statement of unemployed educated youths in the United Provinces who gave information of their unemployment

A notice was issued and given wide publicity, asking unemployed educated young men to furnish particulars of their age, qualifications, date of passing the highest examination and efforts made to seek employment, to the Secretary by the 15th December, 1934. As the response thereto was not satisfactory, the time was extended up to the 31st of January and a second notice was circulated in sufficient number through

(1) all heads of departments, (2) all District Officers, (3) all District Judges, (4) all Chairmen, Municipal Boards, (5) all Chairmen, District Boards, (6) all Inspectors of Schools, (7) all Principals of Intermediate colleges, (8) the Vice-Chancellors of the Universities of Agra, Lucknow, Allahabad, Benares and Aligarh, (9) all the Leading English and Vernacular papers, (10) all Bar Associations, (11) all Zamindars' Associations, (12) all Chambers of Commerce, and (13) several other bodies and associations as well as individuals.

It was made clear in the body of the notice that the information was wanted only for statistical purposes and that the Committee should not be understood to encourage any kind of expectation on the part of any individual.

The result of this was that replies were received from or concerning 3,111 young men only.

These are given in tabular form according to qualifications, age, district or length of unemployment. It is, however, not believed that all those in the province, who ought to have received the notice did receive it, or that they all cared to send their names, knowing as they did that they had nothing to expect thereby. It is, however, significant to note that almost all intimations received, with very few exceptions, ended with a prayer for being provided some job, if opportunity offered itself.

TABLE I

Statement showing the number of unemployed educated youths according to their degrees or diplomas

M.A.'s and M.Sc.'s	B.A.'s and B.Sc.'s	Intermediate	High School	Vernacular Final	Technical Diploma holders	Oriental Diploma holders	Total
26	131	49	949	1,643	53	260	3,111

TABLE II

Statement showing the number of educated youths unemployed since passing the highest examination in different years

	Before 1928	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	Year not known	Total
M.A.'s and M.Sc.'s	2	1	1	4	5	3	5	5	..	26
B.A.'s and B.Sc.'s	5	8	7	16	14	28	26	27	..	131
Intermediates	5	3	7	5	7	5	5	12	..	49
High School	75	20	44	62	178	203	128	151	90	949
Vernacular Final Examination ..	150	149	185	216	210	121	146	269	197	1,643
Technical Diploma holders ..	..	4	2	1	4	2	7	8	25	53
Oriental Diploma holders ..	20	22	27	27	27	38	32	36	31	260
Total ..	257	207	273	331	445	400	347	508	343	3,111

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TABLE III

Statement showing the number of educated unemployed by age

Diplomas	Below 21 years	Between 21 and 23 years	Between 23 and 25 years	Between 25 and 27 years	Between 27 and 29 years	Above 29	Age unknown	Total
M.A.'s and M.Sc.'s ..	..	6	2	3	4	4	7	26
B.A.'s and B.Sc.'s ..	..	20	16	23	21	20	31	131
Intermediate ..	3	4	5	9	6	6	16	49
High School passed ..	110	138	171	139	149	103	139	949
Vernacular Final passed ..	252	181	169	108	132	165	636	1,643
Technical Diploma holders	5	5	8	3	1	1	30	53
Oriental Diploma holders	9	15	22	28	15	12	159	260
Total ..	379	369	393	313	328	311	1,018	3,111

TABLE IV

Statement showing the number of unemployed educated youths by districts in the United Provinces

Name of district	M.A.'s and M.Sc.'s	B.A.'s and B.Sc.'s	Inter- medi- ates	High School passed	Ver- nacul- lar final	Techn- ical Diplo- ma holders	Orien- tal Diplo- ma holders	Total
Aligarh	2	6	..	19	21	14	..	61
Agra	1	6	1	81	45	..	..	134
Allahabad	3	6	5	138	78	..	..	230
Azamgarh .. .. .	..	7	..	4	18	..	..	29
Almora .. .. .	..	..	..	4	33	..	..	37
Bulandshahr	1	3	5	33	18	..	..	60
Bareilly .. .. .	..	..	1	25	55	..	..	81
Bijnor .. .. .	..	..	..	10	26	..	..	36
Budaun .. .. .	..	2	1	4	29	..	..	36
Banda .. .. .	..	2	2	27	49	..	3	83
Benares	1	2	2	94	102	..	100	301
Ballia .. .. .	..	1	..	13	23	..	..	37
Bahraich .. .. .	..	..	..	8	19	..	..	27
Bara Banki .. .. .	..	2	..	4	17	..	..	23
Basti .. .. .	..	2	1	43	79	..	..	125
Cawnpore .. .. .	..	6	2	23	75	..	..	106
Dehra Dun .. .. .	..	1	1	3	41	..	12	58
Etah	2	4	1	5	15	..	..	27
Etawah	1	..	..	11	21	..	..	39
Farrukhābad .. .. .	..	..	1	15	13	..	..	29
Fatehpur .. .. .	..	1	..	5	11	..	..	17
Fyzabad .. .. .	..	2	1	27	19	14	10	73
Ghazipur .. .. .	..	1	..	17	10	..	..	28
Gorakhpur	1	8	3	21	55	..	..	88
Garhwal .. .. .	..	2	..	1	51	..	..	54
Gonda .. .. .	..	4	..	12	23	..	5	44
Hamirpur .. .. .	..	..	..	..	14	..	..	14
Hardoi	1	2	..	3	20	..	..	26
Jhansi .. .. .	..	5	1	3	19	..	10	38
Jalaun .. .. .	..	..	1	2	21	..	..	24
Jaunpur	2	2	2	21	62	..	..	89
Kheri .. .. .	..	..	..	7	30	..	..	37
Muttra .. .. .	..	1	..	3	35	..	25	64
Lucknow	7	7	2	17	82	..	35	150
Muzaffarnagar .. .. .	..	2	2	6	20	..	..	30
Meerut .. .. .	..	5	4	74	26	..	15	124
Mainpuri .. .. .	..	..	..	13	29	..	..	42
Moradabad	2	4	..	6	37	..	..	49
Mirzapur .. .. .	..	3	..	5	25	..	..	33
Naini Tal .. .. .	..	7	..	4	29	..	..	40
Partabgarh .. .. .	..	..	..	7	9	..	..	16
Pilibhit .. .. .	..	..	..	2	27	..	..	29
Sultanpur .. .. .	..	1	..	10	25	..	..	36
Sitapur .. .. .	..	..	..	1	43	..	..	44
Rae Bareli .. .. .	..	7	..	16	30	..	..	53
Saharanpur .. .. .	..	5	..	8	19	25	45	98
Shahjahanpur .. .. .	..	..	1	6	35	..	..	46
Unao .. .. .	..	..	..	12	26	..	..	38
Others (out of United Prov- inces).	2	17	5	76	34	..	..	134
TOTAL	26	131	49	949	1,643	53	260	3,111

APPENDIX XI

Statement showing Important Statistics for certain countries by DR. GIRWAR SAHAI

Serial number	Country	Occupations			Industries		National income per head	Percentage of—		Literacy	Public health			Transport per 10,000 of total population		Remarks
		Percentage employed to total working population			Net value of products			Imports of manufactured goods to total imports.	Exports of raw materials to total exports		Per 1,000 of total population		Expectation of life in years	Railway mileage	Road mileage	
		Agriculture	Industry and Commerce	Public Service	Per worker	Per head of total population					Deaths	Births					Miles	Miles
		Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Per cent.		Per cent.	Per mille	Per mille	Years	Miles		Miles
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	India ..	*66.4	*16.8	1.2	*265	*12	82	*71	41.7	*8.5	24.5	32.9	*26.7	1.2	7	*Under industrialized.
2	United States ..	21.5	56.2	2.2	6,327	721	2,053	27	41	74.5	11.3	18.9	56.4	21.2	245	
3	Great Britain ..	6.7	67.9	5.9	2,500	412	1,092	22	16.2	76.1	12.5	16.3	57.6	4.6	41	Over industrialized.
4	Canada ..	27.55	42.6	2.9	7,647	470	1,268	59	25.6	71.6	10.7	23.9	..	..	..
5	Germany ..	30.3	57.7	2.0	..	..	..	16	17.9	80.5	11.1	17.5	49.04	..	..
6	France ..	37.85	50.3	2.2	..	..	636	19	23.3	80.1	16.3	17.4	50.5	..	..
7	Japan ..	48.3	39.7	7.0	1,761	158	271	14	43.7	71.7	18.17	32.35	45.5	..	..

**Explanatory Note to the Statistical Chart by Dr. Girwar Sahay, M.A.,
Ph.D. (London)**

THE true cause of unemployment is the lack of balance and co-ordination between workers and occupations in the national economy of any country. It is a case of mal-adjustment,—social and economic. Speaking of this, Sir Arthur Salter says that “there is no absolute surplus (of workers) independent of the defects of the economic system. . . . The surplus is only relative to the character and the working of the system of currency and credit and custom and commercial policy under which world trade is conducted.*”

The truth is that for a country to have sound economics, its social and economic life should be so organized and regulated as to provide scope and opportunity for work for all its nationals and to insure to them an equitable distribution of work, wealth and leisure.

International statistics and conditions are difficult to compare accurately; firstly, due to the paucity of materials and data, which is most marked in the case of India, more especially in the case of the United Provinces; and, secondly, for lack of uniformity in the methods of their treatment and compilation in different countries; still, such as they are, they are useful and invaluable in providing the only available basis of international comparisons and in giving a bird's eye view of the economic positions of different countries. Strict accuracy of the statistics mentioned in the chart hereto appended can hardly be expected, but they do indicate fairly correctly the trend of economic affairs and are the nearest available approximations to conditions existing in different parts of the world; they thus provide a fairly sound, and the best available basis for drawing broad conclusions in regard to economic and other matters prevailing in different countries.

A good many of the important figures are not available for the United Provinces, namely, columns 6 to 10, specially regarding the value of industrial out-put and *per capita* income; but all-India figures may be taken to be as not unrepresentative of the United Provinces which was justly described by the last statutory commission as “perhaps the most typically Indian of all the provinces of India† The proportion of rural to urban populations in both cases is very nearly the same, namely 9 to 1.

The figures speak for themselves. A perusal of the chart reveals the following points :

Columns 3 and 4 give the distribution of workers in agricultural and industrial pursuits in different countries. The unfortunate fact is that the occupations of the people are the most ill-balanced nearest home in the two countries, India and the United Kingdom. Columns 3 to 10 unquestionably prove that India is not enough developed industrially. India is industrially backward or “under-industrial”. and “over-agricultural” with too many people living on agriculture

* Arthur Salter, *Recovery*.

† Omd. 3568, Indian Statutory Commission Report, 1930.

as a "sweated industry" which to the majority of workers provides at best only a poor and precarious living. England provides the opposite instance of an "over-industrial" country. The consequence in both cases is the same, namely, an insecure, unstable and unbalanced national economy, fraught with dangers economic, political and social.*

Industrial development evidently, therefore, offers not only the best hope and solution of the unemployment problem in India, but it will at the same time increase the national dividend and insure a more well-balanced and sounder national economy. The numbers at present employed in industries in India, viz., 16·8 per cent. of the working population could easily be increased to about 30 per cent., considering the presence of raw materials in the country and a vast home market (*vide* Reports of the Indian Industrial and Fiscal Commissions). Proper industrial development of the country would give employment to over 100 lakhs persons more and would thus reduce the excessive pressure of population on the land.

Column 5 gives 3·7 per cent. as the average of those employed in public services in the other six countries mentioned in the chart, which might suggest the trebling of the present Indian figure, that is only 1·2 per cent.; still it should not be forgotten that public services could not be expected to employ more than, relatively speaking, a very small proportion of the entire population.

Columns 6 and 7 show our low industrial production, which has already been emphasized. This must be increased by a more rapid and systematic development of national industries, large, medium and small, and by increasing the efficiency and skill of the Indian worker by better training and education.

Column 8 states our very low national income per head, which must be increased by all-round better economic organization of the country's vast resources in men and materials.

Columns 9 and 10 stating our imports of manufactured goods and export of raw materials, which implies their re-import into the country as finished products, again point out to the need of the country's systematic industrial development and the desirability of converting our raw materials into finished products at home.

Columns 11 to 16 show India's appalling backwardness in matters of education, public health and communications. There is immediate and urgent need of a more liberal policy in developing all these as well as the agricultural, co-operative and rural development services, if we are to make life worth living in this land of 700,000 villages.

The necessity of undertaking and putting into execution sound national policies in matters of education and economic development

* Some people are left wondering whether the two countries, namely, India and England, could balance each other economically. It may be stated that narrow national, economic, political and racial differences and jealousies stand in the way of proper international adjustments, not only between India and England, but among all the other nations of the world.

is urgent and obvious. The problem should really be tackled at both ends simultaneously, viz., by providing better "tuition" for our young men and thereby fitting them for life's work, as well as by "development" plans covering the entire national economy of the country, especially its industrial and commercial sides. Better tuition and systematic economic development must go hand in hand, for, obviously, the one without the other will not do.

Reform in our educational system as well as the setting up of Provincial and National Development Departments and Economic Councils as suggested by Sir M. Visvesvaraya, must be taken up without any further delay. Stressing the need of the latter, Sir M. Visvesvaraya says : "A body with a plan, however much we may dislike it for particular reasons, is preferable to a group sauntering down the road, complaining of the economic weather and wondering when the rain will stop."*

The problem is indeed huge and complicated, and no set of individuals however high and qualified, is competent to deal with the problem that is staggering us in the face with its "many-sidedness"; the modern state with its growing functions, opportunities and powers is the only body that can deal with it fully, adequately and properly. The United Kingdom Liberal Industrial Inquiry Committee must have felt the same when they recommended that "the whole business of able-bodied poor (and unemployment) relief should be taken over by the State."†

Unemployment insurance, benefits, exchanges and other similar schemes, though useful and necessary in their own places, are after all but partial and mere palliatives, inadequate to solve the grave issues before us; "the proper way of dealing with unemployment is, as in the case of any other disease, to remove its (root and fundamental) causes."‡ To let things drift is to sow the seeds of political and economic crime. In the words of John Stuart Mill, "Since the State must necessarily provide subsistence for the criminal while undergoing punishment, not to do the same for the poor who have not offended is to put a premium on crime." The State which claims sovereignty over the persons and properties of its nationals, is bound to provide them with food and work.

* M. Visvesvaraya, *Planned Economy for India*.

† *Britain's Industrial Future*, being the Report of the Liberal Industrial Inquiry Committee of Great Britain, 1923.

‡ *Ibid.*

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