

Indian Opinion

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NOTES AND NEWS

AFTER spending an exceedingly busy week in Durban during which time she has visited Tongaat and the districts round about Durban and attended numerous private functions and delivered not less than twenty-five important speeches Mrs. Sarojini Naidu left by motor car for Maritzburg on Friday afternoon. She was accompanied by members of the Congress Committee. From Maritzburg Mrs. Naidu will go to Dannhauser and thence to Johannesburg and from Johannesburg she will proceed to Rhodesia and return to Durban on or about the 21st instant and after spending a few days she will leave for Kenya. Mr. V. S. C. Pather will accompany Mrs. Naidu to Rhodesia.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu accompanied by Messrs. Parsee Rustomjee and Omar Hajee Amod Jhaveri paid a visit to the Phoenix Settlement and the Oblange (Native) Institution on Wednesday last where a special Zulu war dance was performed which Mrs. Naidu was anxious to see. She gave an inspiring message to the Native students. On her way Mrs. Naidu also visited the Wesleyan Indian Orphanage on Prospect Hall Road built by Mr. Parsee Rustomjee.

In the Municipal Consolidation Ordinance just gazetted for introduction into the Natal Provincial Council appears the following section which, if passed, will disenfranchise Indians in municipalities:—

13. (1) Every person, male or female—
- Who is the owner of rateable property within any ward of the Borough of the assessed value of Fifty Pounds (£50); or
 - Who has occupied for a continuous period of three months prior to the first day of June in the current year any rateable property within any ward of the Borough of a gross annual value of Ten Pounds (£10);

and who is registered as a parliamentary voter, or who, being a woman, possesses all the qualifications which would in the case of a man entitle him to such registration, shall be entitled to be unrolled as a burgess and to vote at the election of Councillors for such ward as aforesaid, subject to the disqualifications hereinafter stated.

Provided, however, that no person who, at the commencement of this Ordinance, was enrolled as a burgess of any Borough shall be disqualified for or disentitled to such enrolment merely by reason of not being a British subject or for non-compliance with the foregoing provision in regard to parliamentary qualifications.

There are other objectionable provisions in the Ordinance which we hope to publish in our next issue.

The following is a copy of a telegram sent by the Natal Indian Congress to the Clerk of the Provincial Council and the Administrator at Maritzburg:—

Natal Indian Congress representing Indian community of Natal protests against certain provisions of proposed Municipal Consolidation Ordinance gazetted 26th. inst. particularly in regard to franchise and licence

and desire to be heard before the bar of the House or Select Committee."

We have to tender our apologies to our readers once again for failing to publish our last week's issue. We desired to bring out a larger issue this week but owing to unavoidable circumstances we have been unable to fulfil our desire.

THE CONGRESS

FROM all parts of South Africa came representatives to the Fourth Conference of the South African Indian Congress and for four full days and three nights they earnestly discussed their disabilities, restrictions and responsibilities in the country in which most of them were born.

The result of their deliberations is reflected in the resolutions which are published elsewhere in these columns.

The resolutions are potential and there is the promise of much good in them. For there is always hope for the individual as for the community which does not sit with folded arms and complain of restrictions and talk of the achievements of ancestors while it does nothing for itself or for others. We are glad to observe that the Conference has while taking count of Indian disabilities decided upon practical work in the interests of the Indian community.

The many resolutions of the Conference are so important and have so vital a bearing on Indians that each of them justifies special consideration. But to-day we propose briefly to deal with several of them.

For the adjustment of differences between the European and Indian communities—and for that matter in any case—there is nothing more desirable or commendable than the medium of a Round Table Conference. It is to be hoped that the Union Government will do everything possible to bring about such a Conference; and Ministers of the Government as members of the parliament will admit that in the course of the Conference Mrs. Sarojini Naidu had with them, she had no difficulty in disproving allegations concerning Indians which were accepted by them as truth without Indians ever having had the opportunity to refute them. During the part debate on the Class Areas Bill, Mrs. Naidu and other representative Indians present were staggered by the ignorance displayed by members of Parliament on the Indian question, and can there be any doubt that if Indians were allowed even limited representation in Parliament or in Provincial Councils that the world would hear less or not at all of the so-called Indian menace which

is founded on prejudice and ignorance and Indians would not be harassed by legislation born of that prejudice and ignorance.

The question of all questions is the education of the boys and girls of the Indian community. Education in the community to be sound and to be in its interests and to the glory of India must while any Indian educational scheme provide facilities and opportunities for girls as for boys be so conducted that in the training of the head, the heart and the hand, Indians no matter to what religion they subscribe or what vernacular they may speak must be taught and must grow up together under one roof—the Indian roof. We have no doubt that the South African Congress Executive will take these factors into consideration in formulating an educational scheme for the higher education of Indians. And it is now also for those who are the Guardians of the Passive Resistance Fund in India to do the right thing by the people for whom it was subscribed.

The most immediate practical resolution is the decision to hold an Indian Agricultural and Industrial Show on the 24th and 25th day of the present month. The proposal is evoking much enthusiasm in the country and this to those who know anything about Indians means the beginning of a new life—as shut-out of European Shows, discouraged, they have gone on their own way. But if they are serious and there is every indication that they are, year by year the proposed Indian Show will grow in strength and in utility. We hope they will not shut out other than Indian Competitors from this Show. If they do, they will be following the bad example of the white man. But we know, on the other hand, they will be encouraging all comers to compete.

The difficulties arising out of the Immigrants Regulation Act and the Rules framed thereunder were minutely and carefully considered and the resolution thereof is so reasonable that we cannot see how the Government can hesitate to give it their favourable consideration, and this remark applies no less to the other resolutions.

The outgoing officials of the S. A. Congress submitted a report which disclosed the very satisfactory work done during last year. Mr. V. S. C. Pather in particular as the Hony. General Secretary was responsible for much of the good work and to him, as those associated with him in that work, the thanks of the Indian community is due.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, as the President, of the S. A. Congress has with the help, advice and guidance, not only strengthened that Congress as the Union Indian organisation but has set it out on the road, to practical work. The work of Mrs. Naidu for her people at home and abroad and for the brotherhood of mankind cannot be measured in set terms. Her work has won for her the love of the world.

To deputise for her Dr. A. H. Gool, of Capetown, has been appointed Deputy President of the Congress and with him, at Capetown, which is the headquarters of Congress for the year, are associated Mr. A. Ismail as Hony. General Secretary and Mr. S. Cassimally as Hony. Treasurer, and we wish their terms of office will be successful to them and useful to their countrymen.

MRS. NAIDU'S BUSY DAY

Sunday the 27th Prox. was a day to be long remembered by those privileged to be present at the meetings addressed by Mrs. Naidu. It was a wound of wonderful addresses each possessing its own particular note of appeal and each equally strong in its intensity. The programme was roughly Tongaat 10.0 a.m. Umgeni 12.30 p.m. Hindi Temple 2.30 p.m. and Rooi-Kopjes 4.0 p.m. Below in brief is a resume of the day:—

TONGAAT

A little after 10 a.m. Mrs. Naidu and party arrived and after she had visited the Temple for prayer was escorted to a beautifully canopied platform where Mr. M. G. Naidoo welcomed the distinguished guest on behalf of the Tongaat Indians. Mrs. Naidu was then presented with a set of desert knives and forks and a set of silver jugs from the district association, she also received a beautiful pendent from the Indian women of the district, after which she made a wonderful appeal to 5000 Indians specially mentioning the evils of drink, and showed how the women can help to combat this evil by having clean and bright homes.

Referring to the Indian claim for equal status she said they must see that none pointed the finger of scorn at them saying:—You are not worthy! but to be both ready and worthy of it. If faults were shown them, they must say the faults of to-day shall not exist tomorrow; and to remember poverty is not a crime but instead a virtue.

After a vote of thanks to Mrs. Naidu, proposed by Mr. Choonoo and carried by a storm of applause, the party left for Umgeni.

UMGENI

Arriving at 12.30 Mrs. Naidu was received by the chairman Mr. Pillay and welcomed in glowing terms to the Umgeni District. The function was held in the grounds of Mr. R. K. Naidoo's residence. On behalf of the district Indians Mrs. Naidu was presented with a beautiful Inkstand and pen. In the course of her address she referred to the wonderful scenery around Umgeni and said it probably helped towards the happy faces surrounding her in such hundreds.

She showed how they could bring about more quickly the mitigation of their grievances by giving their whole-hearted support to the South African Indian Congress who spoke to them as the voice of the Indian community of South Africa. After Mrs. Naidu, Messrs V. S. C. Pather, Sorabjee Rustomjee and P. K. Naidu had been garlanded, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded Mrs. Naidu.

Mr. R. K. Naidu entertained the distinguished guest and party which included the Congress delegates to lunch and about 2.0 p.m. all left for the Hindi Temple, Depot Road.

HINDI TEMPLE, DEPOT ROAD

Arriving at 3.15 p.m. Mrs. Naidu was brought in a special car left by Mr. K. Baijnath and accompanied by a deputation consisting of Messrs B. M. Singh, R. A. Dookan, B. A. Megrath, M. Beethusee Maharaj and the small daughter of Mr. B. Muthoo Singh.

A salute of guns heralded the arrival of the party and immediately after small girls recited sacred mantras and showered flowers on the Devi who then entered the Temple proper and performed the Arti-Pujan and also joined with the Brahmins in the performance of the Havan ceremony, after which she was escorted to a specially raised platform where the Congress delegates were seated and speeches were delivered.

After performing the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the "Sarojini Hindi Girls High School" Mrs. Naidu secured as memento a silver frowel suitably inscribed.

RESOLUTIONS

The following resolutions were passed by the South African Indian Congress at its fourth session held in Durban on the 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th April, 1924 under the presidentship of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu :-

1. This South African Indian Congress at its Fourth Session assembled at Durban views with profound consternation and alarm the growing hostility to all legitimate desires and aspirations of the Indian population of the Union and places upon record that such hostilities are opposed to all the accepted principles of British fairplay and justice, and is calculated in its final effect to destroy British prestige.

Proposed by Sorabjee Rustomjee.

Seconded by M. Beethasee Maharaj.

2. That this Congress protests against the declaration of the South African Government's accredited representative General Smuts that he could not accept the principle of equal rights of British Citizenship for the resident Indian population of this Union, a declaration made at Conferences of Premiers in the teeth of and in opposition to the unanimous acceptance of that principle by all other Dominions and places on record its sense of gratitude to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru for his able and manly advocacy and defence of Indian rights in South Africa supported by the Government of India and ex-Secretary of India, Viscount Peel.

Proposed by M. Beethasee Maharaj.

Seconded by A. Ismail.

3. That this Congress reiterates that it is of the conviction that the deeming order of the Minister for the Interior declaring all Asiatics for the purposes of the Immigrants' Regulation Act as prohibited on economic grounds is insulting, degrading, unfair and unjust to the Indian community.

a. That in its application unmistakable injustice resulted in that children of persons having dual domiciliary and statutory rights have been debarred from the full enjoyment and exercise of such rights (vide re Goolam Rasool.)

b. That interprovinci visiting can only be obtained under and compliance with what is considered to be irksome Regulations. It is again asked that the deposit of £10 be dispensed with wherever the Immigration Officer or the Magistrate is satisfied with the education, commercial, professional or social standing of the applicant.

c. That the Form D.I.4 is as complicated and intricate as D.I.90 and Congress urges that Form D.I.4 with the elimination of the requirement on the back thereof will meet the cases of applicants who have already filled in D.I.90 and to whom an Identity Certificate has already been issued.

That an Identity Certificate once granted to an Indian should remain in his possession and be his property like the domicile Certificate.

d. That the President Mrs. Sarojini Naidu be requested to ask the Government of India to dispense with the Certificates of Identity required by it in lieu of passports as a war measure, as the continuance of such a demand by it for such Identity Certificates is a source of trouble and injustice happening to Indians and as such Certificates should not be demanded of its own Nationals.

e. That the Right of Appeal against the decision of the Immigration Officer be extended from three to seven days in the discretion of the Immigration officer in the event of a ship not leaving at the date on which it was expected to leave when the time limit to appeal was fixed by the Immigration Officer.

f. That the Immigrants' Appeal Board should, in view of the jurisdiction of the Courts being ousted, be constituted of men of legal training experience in fairness to applicants.

That an Appeal from the Board to the Supreme Court be allowed both on facts and law.

That in view of the liberty of the subject being involved in Immigration cases, sittings of the immigrants' Appeal Board should take place in the Court House and every facility be given for the attendance of the public and for the publication of its proceedings.

g. That the holder of an Identity Certificate, if he does not return within three years should not when he does come be subject to further examination as such examination is not required if he returns within the three years.

h. Requirement of thumb impressions from Indian women on Immigration Forms be dispensed with.

i. That owing to the difficulties arising from delay in the arrival of D. I. 90 form completed from India it is asked that bail be fixed at £10 at the highest pending establishment of the right of the entrant.

That where an entrant is not able to find bail, he or she be detained and given an opportunity to take the matter of his or her prohibition for before the Immigrants' Appeal Board without being required to find either bail or appeal or other fees in view of the liberty of a subject being at stake.

That the appeal fee of £25, is unreasonable and it is suggested that it be reduced such sum as is found usually to cover the costs of appeals before the Immigrants' Appeal Board.

j. That woman exassiners to the Immigration Department be appointed to meet the religious susceptibilities of Indians in regard to the women.

That waiting Rooms be provided for Indian women in the Immigration Offices.

k. That in regard to transit permits Immigration Officers be instructed to exercise their discretion in the extension of the same on reasonable grounds and not on medical grounds alone.

l. That as was understood at the time of the passing of Immigrants' Regulation Act, Natal-born Indians and Cape-born Indians should be allowed to return to their respective Provinces on the production of their birth certificates.

4. This Congress is strongly opposed to the principle of segregation in any form and will again oppose to the uttermost the Class Areas Bill or any Bill having for its object, segregation of Indians.
Proposed by P. K. Naidoo.
Seconded by P. R. Pather.

5. That this Congress reiterates its objection generally to the principle and incidence of the Indian Immigration Laws on Indians and their descent (introduced to this country), and this Congress asks for the repeal of such laws so that Indians as British subjects may come under the ordinary laws of the country.

Proposed by R. N. Moodley.
Seconded by R. B. Moharaj.

6. That this Congress reiterates that it is of the opinion that in view of an Interpreter being expected to be qualified in several languages and to assist in the administration of justice and to live in ordinary comfort, the scale of salary fixed by the Government is inadequate and beggarly and strongly protests against the Government disregarding the recommendations of the Public Service Commission on this subject, and urges that the Government's reply that the remuneration to Interpreters is not beggarly because Interpreters will be found is not proof that the Interpreters are satisfied with the scales of pay allowed to them as it is known that they are not satisfied with the pay they receive.

Proposed by V. S. C. Pather.
Seconded by Sorabjee Rustomjee.

7. That this Congress requests that the principle of primary, free and compulsory education should be extended to Indians up to Standard 6; that the qualification, grading, conditions of service and scales of salary of Indian teachers should be the same as those prevailing in European schools. And that facilities for higher, technical and other education should be provided and that State Aided Schools should be taken over by the Government.

It be an instruction for the provincial bodies to take action in their respective provinces and report to the next Conference or to the Executive.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by A. I. Kajeer.

8. That this Congress resolves that in the interests and welfare of the Indian community of South Africa it is highly desirable that a South African Indian College for boys and girls for higher education be established and the incoming Executive of the South African Congress formulate a scheme to inaugurate same, and take such action as it may be able to do.

That this Congress requests the President Mrs. Surajini Naidu to make application to the Bombay Imperial Citizenship Association for the establishing of a South African Indian Trust from the funds of the last Passive Resistance struggle now in the hands of the Association, and that the Trust shall be for the securing and payment of salary and other incidental expenses and charges of men and women teachers for the proposed South African Indian College and the Trustees of such Trust shall be Mahatma Gandhi, Mrs. Surajini Naidu, Mr. J. B. Petit, Mr. K. Natarajan and Mohamed Ali, with such others as such Trustees in their discretion may co-operate. All other conditions of such Trust shall be the discretion of such Trustees.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by P. K. Naidoo.

9. That this Congress reiterates its protest against the differential treatment based on race under the Railways Laws of the country.

Proposed by A. A. Mirza.
Seconded by A. Ismail.

10. That this Congress appeals to the Government to make provision in the existing Licensing Laws of the country for the right of appeal in all licensing cases to the Supreme Court.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by M. I. Kajeer.

11. That this Congress reiterates that the present scale of witness fees paid in the Law Courts of the Union is unfair and degrading to Indians as Indians and should be based not on racial grounds but on the status of the witnesses.

Proposed by A. I. Kajeer.
Seconded by P. R. Pather.

12. That the cause of all disabilities which the Indians in the Transvaal Province labour under being by reason of their status being held lower than that of the Europeans, this Congress records its respectful but emphatic protest against the maintenance and retention of the differential and discriminating laws in that Province and urges upon the Government the imperative necessity of repealing or otherwise amending or altering all such laws so as to divest them of their present discriminating and differentiating character especially in regard to occupation and ownership of landed property.

Proposed by A. I. Kajeer.
Seconded by A. Ismail.

13. That this Congress make representations to the Union Government for the amendment of Act No. 35 of 1908 (Transvaal), known as the "Gold Law" which debar Indian goldsmiths from conducting their legitimate calling in the Transvaal.

Proposed by P. K. Naidoo.
Seconded by P. R. Pather.

14. That this Congress reiterates that reasonable facilities should be given to Indian farmers, store-keepers and others to possess firearms as a means of protection throughout the Union.

Proposed by R. N. Moodley.
Seconded by P. K. Naidoo.

15. That the Natal Indian Congress act with full powers as local committee to the South African Indian Congress with the co-operation of the Honorary General Secretary of the South African Indian Congress for the purpose of making all necessary arrangements for the holding of an Indian Agricultural and Industrial Show in Durban to be opened by the President Mrs Sarojini Naidu, a few days before the President's departure for India.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by R. N. Moodley.

16. That this Congress requests that the principle of equal rights to all civilised people be adopted by the Union Government and the rights of citizenship be extended to all all unrepresented people in the Union.

Proposed by J. Royeppen.
Seconded by A. Christopher.

17. That in the opinion of this Congress it is highly necessary that there should be one official Indian organ in English, Tamil, Hindi and Gujerati languages, voicing the sentiments and feelings of the South African Indian community, and that the matter be referred to the Executive of the South African Indian Congress to take the necessary action for that purpose.

Proposed by M. B. Naik.
Seconded by M. Beethasee Maharaj.

18. That this Congress make representations to the Union Government to appoint members of the Indian community in the different Provinces to the offices of Justice of the Peace and Commissioner for Oaths.

Proposed by M. Beethasee Maharaj.
Seconded by A. I. Kajeer.

19. That the Union Government be requested to discourage the use of the word "Coolies" when speaking of Indians in debate either in the Union Parliament or Provincial Councils etc. as unparliamentary language.

Proposed by M. D. Desai
Seconded by A. A. Mirza.

20. That having regard to evils traced to alcoholic drink this Congress includes in its policy of work the lending of active support to any movement for the discouragement of the consumption of alcoholic liquor, and further that each Provincial body with its District Committees be called upon to give effect to this resolution wherever possible.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by Abdul Karrim.

21. That this Congress adopts the use of English and Hindi language as the official languages in all proceedings of the Congress.

Proposed by B. K. Patal.
Seconded by C. B. Desai.

22. That this Congress congratulates the East African Indian Congress upon its struggle for the maintenance of the honour of Indians in East Africa and of India, and prays that questions arising out of the struggle in Kenya may be settled in a manner acceptable to the European settlers and Indian settlers and the natives of the country on a fair and equitable basis honourable to all.

That an invitation be extended to the East African Indians Congress to send fraternal delegate or delegates by courtesy to the Conference of the South African Indian Congress.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by Ismail.

23. That this Congress make representations to the Indian National Congress to open an Overseas Department under its guidance for the benefit of the Indians abroad and the President Mrs. Sarojini Naidu be requested to do whatever is possible in India with the object of bringing pressure by representation or otherwise in the Government of India to establish a Ministry for Overseas Indians.

Proposed by M. Beethasee Maharaj.
Seconded by R. Singh.

24. That Indian women Auxiliaries be formed by the Provincial bodies affiliated to the South African Indian Congress, among other things, with a view to Indian women being eventually admitted to membership in the South African Indian Congress.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by R. K. Naidoo.

25. That this Congress approves of the principle of South African Indians being represented on the scene of the Imperial Conference and the League of Nations.

Proposed by A. Ismail.
Seconded by Pundit Bhawani Dayal.

26. That representatives be sent to India every year to place the grievances of South African Indians before the Government of India, public bodies of India and the people of India.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by Pundit Bhawani Dayal.

27. That this Congress calls upon each of the affiliated Provincial bodies to compile a statement of the disabilities and restrictions in its Province together with all relevant information within two months from date and thereafter the Honorary General Secretary convene a meeting of two representatives to be nominated by each of the Provinces to sit together to edit a handbook to contain in addition to Provincial matters the disabilities and restrictions imposed by the Union Government together with all such relevant matters in regard to Union questions and the Executive have the authority to approve of the expense necessary to publish such Handbook within six months from date.

Proposed by S. R. Naidoo.
Seconded by P. R. Pather.

28. That this South African Indian Congress in Session approves of the suggestion of the President Mrs. Sarojini Naidu to the Union Government for a Round Table Conference, constituted of representatives of Union Parliament, representatives of India and of the Indian Government and representative of the South African Indian Congress headed by the President, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu for the adjustment of questions involving the rights and liberties and responsibilities of Indians domiciled and born in South Africa.

Proposed by A. Christopher.
Seconded by V. A. Pillay.

29. That this Congress make representations to the Union Government in regard to the Union Health Act and in regard to the Health Committee Ordinance of Natal, particularly with reference to the principle of taxation without representation laid down in the said Ordinance, and further the Executive take legal opinion whether such Ordinance is not *ultra vires*.

Proposed by M. Beethasee Maharaj.
Seconded by Pundit Bhawani Dayal.

30. That the Headquarters of the South African Indian Congress be in Cape Town.

Proposed by R. N. Moodley.
Seconded by B. A. Maghrajhi.

31. That this Congress authorises the Honorary General Secretary to obtain information by wire as to the object of the United Non-European Congress formed in the Cape Province. That the South African Indian Congress sitting in session send fraternal greetings to the United Non-European Congress of the Cape wishing it success in its Mission of Co-operation and mutual endeavour among non-Europeans for their betterment and fuller recognition in the State and in order to bring about an understanding with and to work with Europeans for the greater prosperity and glory of South Africa.

Proposed by P. K. Naidoo.
Seconded by A. Christopher.

32. This Congress expresses its deep sense of gratitude to the Government of India, Imperial Indian Citizenship Association, The Indian Overseas Association and people of India for the interest they are taking and the support they are rendering to the Indian Community in South Africa, and this Congress earnestly hopes and prays that they will ever continue to do everything possible in the amelioration and the betterment of the Indian community in this sub-Continent and elsewhere.

Proposed by V. Lawrence.
Seconded by M. Beethasee Maharaj.

33. That the South African Indian Congress now in Conference at Durban hereby places on record its grateful sense of appreciation to the Indian National Congress for delegating Shrimati Sarojini Naidu to visit South Africa in the interest of Indians domiciled and born in South Africa.

Proposed by Sorabjee Rustomjee.
Seconded by V. S. C. Pather.

34. That the South African Indian Congress now in Session representing the South African Indian Community is grateful to Mrs. Naidu its President, for the invaluable services now being rendered by her for and to the Indians in South Africa.

Proposed by V. S. C. Pather.
Seconded by A. Ismail.
Supported by P. K. Naidoo.

35. That this Congress empowers the Executive to take necessary measures to give effect to the principles in the foregoing resolution in so far as such resolutions fall within its scope and generally to act in regard to the resolutions as provided in the Constitution of the South African Indian Congress.

Proposed by A. I. Kajee.
Seconded by Pundit Bhawani Dayal.

Natal Indian Congress

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of Members will be held at Rawats Bio, Victoria Street, on Sunday 18th, May, 1924, at 3 p.m.

Business: Reduction of Subscription to 2s. 6d. per Annum;

Amendment of Rule in regard to District Committees;

Appointment of three Councillors on the South African Indian Congress Executive.

AMOD BAYAT.

President.

A. CHRISTOPHER,

SORABJEE RUSTOMJEE.

Hon. Joint Secretaries.