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THE
Servants of India Society

(Registered under the Societies Registration Act No. XXI of 1860)

REPORT
FOR 1973-74

POONA

Wednesday, 12th June, 1974

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The Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale



FOUNDER

The Servants of India Society



View of the Central Library of the Society, Poona.

INCOME-TAX EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE

No.P.165(s-88)/ 73-74

AAYAKAR AAYUKTA KARYALAYA
Office of the
Commissioner of Income-tax,
Poona, 24-9-73

From :

The Commissioner of Income-tax,
P O O N A :

To

The Secretary,
Servants of India Society,
Poona-4,

Sir,

Sub:- Exemption U/s 80-G of the
Income-tax Act, 1961 -

Ref:- Your application dated
10-4-1973

Donations made to Servants of India Society,
Poona-4, will be eligible to the benefit
of deduction u/s 80-G of the Income-tax Act 1961, in the
hands of Donors subject to the limits and conditions
prescribed therein.

2. This exemption is valid from 1-4-73 to 31-3-76

Yours faithfully,

Sd/-

(C.N. VALSHNAV)
Commissioner of Income-tax,
P O O N A.

Note:-

(Photo-stat copy.)

The Servants of India Society

PREAMBLE

Extracts from the original Preamble to the Constitution of the Society written by the illustrious Founder, the late Gopal Krishna Gokhale, in 1905.

For some time past the conviction has been forcing itself on many earnest and thoughtful minds that a stage has been reached in the work of nation-building in India when, for further progress, the devoted labours of a specially trained agency applying itself to the task in a true missionary spirit are required. The work that has been accomplished so far has indeed been of the highest value. The growth during the last fifty years of a feeling of common nationality based upon common traditions and ties, common hopes and aspirations, and even common disabilities, has been most striking. The fact that we are Indians first, and Hindus Mahommedans, Parsees or Christians afterwards, is being realised in a steadily increasing measure, and the idea of a united and renovated India marching onwards to a place among the nations of the world, worthy of her great past, is no longer a mere idle dream of a few imaginative minds, but is the definitely accepted creed of those who form the brain of the community—the educated classes of the country. A creditable beginning has already been made in matters of education and of local self-government; and all classes of the people are slowly but steadily coming under the influence of liberal ideas. The claims of public life are every day receiving wider recognition, and attachment to the land of our birth is growing into a strong and deeply cherished passion of the heart. The annual meetings of Congresses and Conferences, the work of public bodies and associations, the writings in the columns of the Indian Press—all bear witness to the new life that is coursing in the veins of the people. The results achieved so far are undoubtedly most gratifying, but they only mean that the jungle has been cleared and the foundations laid. The great work of rearing the superstructure has yet to be taken

in hand, and the situation demands on the part of workers devotion and sacrifices proportionate to the magnitude of the task.

The Servants of India Society has been established to meet in some measure these requirements of the situation....Much of the work must be directed towards building up in the country a higher type of character and capacity than is generally available at present, and the advance can only be slow. Moreover, the path is beset with great difficulties; there will be constant temptations to turn back; bitter disappointment will repeatedly try the faith of those who have put their hand to the work. But the weary toil can have but one end, if only the workers grow not faint-hearted on the way. One essential condition of success in this work is that a sufficient number of our countrymen must now come forward to devote themselves to the cause in the spirit in which religious work is undertaken. Public life must be spiritualised. Love of country must so fill the heart that all else shall appear as of little moment by its side. A fervent patriotism which rejoices at every opportunity of sacrifice for the motherland, a dauntless heart which refuses to be turned back from its object by difficulty or danger, a deep faith in the purpose of Providence which nothing can shake—equipped with these, the worker must start on his mission and reverently seek the joy which comes of spending oneself in the service of one's country.

The Servants of Indian Society will train men, prepared to devote their lives to the cause of the country in a religious spirit, and will seek to promote, by all constitutional means, the national interests of the Indian people. Its members will direct their efforts, principally towards (1) creating among the people, by example and by precept, a deep and passionate love of the motherland, seeking its highest fulfilment in service and sacrifice; (2) organizing the work of political education and agitation, basing it on a careful study of public questions and strengthening generally the public life of the country; (3) promoting relations of cordial goodwill and co-operation among the different communities; (4) assisting educational movements, especially those for the education of women, the education of backward classes and industrial and scientific education; (5) helping forward the industrial development of the country; (6) the elevation of the depressed classes...

The Servants of India Society

REPORT FOR 1973-74

Introduction

The Servants of India Society was founded by Gopal Krishna Gokhale on June 12, 1905. Its objects are the training of national missionaries for the service of India and the promotion by all constitutional means, of the interests of the Indian people without distinction of caste or creed. The members of the Society are pledged to give throughout their lives the best that is in them to the cause of the country in all secular fields. The circumstances in which the Society was founded and the objects, which the Founder had in view in founding it, are explained in the preamble he wrote to its constitution in 1905, extracts from which are given in the preceding two pages. The preamble has been a source of inspiration to the Society during the sixty nine years of its existence.

Organisation

The Headquarters of the Society are at Poona, where the members meet every year in June for its annual session. The Society has branches in Madras, Bombay, Nagpur and Allahabad and a centre of work at Cuttack.

Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru continued to be President and Shri A. D. Mani, Vice-President of the Society. Shri S. G. Gokhale, Shri A. D. Mani, Shri Dinkar Desai and Shri R. S. Mishra continued to be Senior Members of the Society's Branches in Poona, Nagpur, Bombay and Allahabad respectively. Dr. R. G. Kakade, Shri S. R. Venkataraman and Shri S. S. Ajaonkar were elected to the Council by the members of the Society. Dr. R. G. Kakade was Secretary.

Gokhale Day Dinner

The usual dinner arranged on the Gokhale Day (May 9th) at the Headquarters had to be cancelled owing to severe drought

condition in Maharashtra. A tea party was arranged instead which was attended by all the members in Poona, the expenses being met out of the interest on an endowment, created for the purpose by the late Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji.

Gokhale Day

The Gokhale day was observed in Poona, Madras, Gudur (A. P.) and Cuttack. In Poona the Gokhale Day address was delivered by Dr. S. P. Aiyar of the Bombay University.

Gokhale day was celebrated this year at the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam at Chillakur near Gudur, when the Sub-Collector of Gudur Sri. Ramakrishnaiyya I. A. S; presided and Mr. C. V. Krishnaiyya, a prominent mica merchant, spoke on Gokhale's life.

In Madras Gokhale day was celebrated on the 19th February with Shri. K. K. Shah, the Governor of Tamil Nadu, in the chair. He delivered a very instructive lecture on *Gokhale's Contribution to Parliamentary Democracy*. Shri. K. Chandrasekharan released the tenth issue of Gokhaleana.

At Cuttack the 107th birth-day anniversary of the founder of the Society was celebrated by the Orissa Centre. In a public meeting organised by the centre, Shri. G. Rath, the Advocate-General of Orissa, presided. Dr. K. M. Patnaik, Head of the Dept. of Economics of the Ravenshaw College, gave a lucid exposition of the economic ideas of Gokhale and Dr. Mayadhar Mansinha, the well-known litterateur and educationist of Orissa, spoke about Gokhale's ideas on education.

Sastri Day

Sastri day was observed in Madras on the 22nd September 1973 in the Society's premises. There was oratorical contest for college students in the morning and in the evening there was a public meeting under the chairmanship of Shri K. Chandra-shekharan, former Tagare Professor of Humanities, Madras University, Shri A. G. Venkatachari, Assistant Editor of Dinamani, delivered the Sastri Day address. At the evening function prizes were distributed to winners in the oratorical contest.

Ranade Day

Ranade day was celebrated in Poona on the 18th January 1974 when Dr. N. K. Kulkarni, Principal of the Brihan Maharashtra College of Commerce, Poona, delivered the address on Ranade's work.

Thakkar Bapa Jayanti

On the 29th November Thakkar Bapa's 104th Birth Anniversary was celebrated at the Thakkar Bapa Ashram at Rayagada, in Orissa, under the presidentship of Shri Surendra Nath Dwivedy, Chairman, State Planning Board, Orissa. Dr. B. P. Panda, Managing Director of the Indian Metals and Ferro Alloys Ltd. Theruvalli and member of the State Planning Board, was the Chief Guest on the occasion.

Deccan Sabha property transferred to the S. I. Society :

After the dissolution of the Deccan Sabha, Poona, its immovable property including the Gokhale Hall was transferred to the Servants of India Society last year. This year the securities worth Rs. 33,000/- were transferred in the name of the Society.

GENERAL

Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru continued to be President of the Indian Council of World Affairs, New Delhi. In that capacity he had to preside over meetings of its General Body, the Executive Committee and some other committees.

Pandit Kunzru presided over the panel discussions on West Asia, which were held under the auspices of the Council, the participants being such distinguished people as General J. N. Chaudhari, Dr. Agwani and Prof. Bondal. Shri Jagjivan Ram, the Union Defence Minister, spoke at the Council on "India's Security Problems" with Pandit Kunzru in the chair. The U. S. Ambassador, Mr. Moynihan, was scheduled to address a meeting under the auspices of the Council; but as he was unable to come personally owing to illness, his prepared speech was read by the Deputy Chief of the U. S. Mission. Pandit Kunzru presided on the occasion, as also when the Prime Minister of New Zealand spoke at Sapru House, the Council's head-quarters.

Shri Ashok Mehta delivered three lectures on Lajpat Rai Memorial, "India and International Affairs" at the Lajpat Bhavan, the head-quarters of the Servants of People Society. Pandit Kunzru presided over the second lecture. The second session of the Convention on National Consensus which was held at Poona towards the end of March was attended by Pandit Kunzru. as its Convener.

He wrote an appreciation of Dr. Zakir Hussain, former President of India, for a commemoration volume published by the Zakir Hussain Memorial Committee. He also contributed an article on Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to the souvenir volume which his daughter, Kumari Maniben Patel M. P., wanted to bring out in memory of her father. He also delivered a radio broadcast on Shri Vithalbhai Patel.

Pandit Kunzru is a member of the Board of Governors of the Institute of Economic Growth, New Delhi, founded by Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao.

He met the National Cadet Corps Evaluation Committee of which Dr. G. S. Mahajani was president, and in the course of his remarks before the Committee, he strongly pleaded for the continuance of the corps and increasing the number of girl cadets. He was honoured by the Meerut University by the conferment on him of a Doctorate in absentia.

Shri A. D. Mani, during the year, continued to be a member of the Council of the Indian Institute of Cost Accountants, an institute set up by an act of Parliament. He had been nominated as a Govt. nominee on the Institute in 1972 for a 2-year-term ending July 1974. He took an active part in the work of the Institute which is extremely complicated. He was nominated a member of the Profession Development Sub-Committee, Training and Educational Facilities Sub-Committee and the Editorial Committee of the Institute, which brought out a journal called the 'Management Accountants'. He attended the meetings of the Training and Facilities Committee at Trichinopoly and the Cost Conference that was held there. He was an active member of the Nagpur Chapter of Cost Accountants and attended its various Executive Committee meetings.

Shri Mani was a member of the Zonal Committee of the Central Railway and attended its meetings regularly including its Station Committee meetings. He had pleaded for the construction of dormitories at Faridabad. He also did an extensive study of passenger amenities at the Itarsi Railway Station and submitted it to the General Manager, Central Railway, Bombay and the Chairman, Railway Board, New Delhi. His term as a member of the Zonal Committee came to an end on the 31st March 74. It was renewed.

He inaugurated the Social Gathering of the 'University College of Education' and spoke about "Job-oriented Education" in his key-note address. He also inaugurated the lecture-series of the University post-graduates of the Economics Association and spoke at length about "Deficit Financing" having led to inflation and about failures of the Government's attempt to take over the whole-sale trade of wheat. He had asked for reduction in direct taxation. These suggestions were subsequently made by five distinguished economists to the Government of India.

He addressed a meeting of Vidarbha Productivity Council on "Labour and Discipline" and spoke about the absenteeism of labour and lack of consciousness and responsibility on the part of labour in building a welfare State. He also addressed a meeting of the Income-tax Probationers' College on the 'Economic Crisis' and spoke about "Stagnation in Investments" which had led to a stand-still economy and which had brought the country to the economic collapse. He was the main speaker at a gathering of officials engaged in the National Small Savings Scheme and spoke about raising interest rates of small savings to 6% to attract deposits and dealt with at length on the crisis in our economy. He wrote in the Press about the Shiv Sena activities in Bombay and pleaded for the creation of a Maharashtra Linguistic Association for protection of rights of minorities. He also pleaded that while the Govt. could insist on Marathi as an essential qualification for Government employment, they cannot insist on such a qualification for the private employment because it went against the constitutional guarantee of Inter-State Commerce.

He also wrote in the Press about the Bihar disturbances and the growing irrelevance of Parliamentary institutions of the

country and about the remoteness of M. P.s and MLAs from economic problems which they were unable to tackle and asked Government for the rethinking of our Constitutional Parliamentary structure.

He made a study of Gas Cylinder Industry located in Kalmeshwar.

He delivered three Nagpur University lectures on the 'Art of Editorial Writing', 'Sensationalism in the Press' and the 'Freedom of the Press'. He presided over a meeting addressed by Mrs. Sushila Rohatgi, Deputy Minister of Finance, on national savings.

He addressed the All India Postal Employees Class III union. He criticised budgetting methods of the P. and T. Department.

Shri Mani continued to be a member of the Hitavada Trust. He had to devote much of his time to sort out matters connected with the Trust and its dealings with the Society. He attended the meeting of the Trust on May 7, 1973 and voted against the transfer of the Hitavada to the Progressive Writers and Publishers Society by sale by the Hitavada Trust on the ground that the conditions and terms on which the Hitavada had been transferred by the Society had not been fulfilled by the Trust. He recorded his dissent in writing. He voted against the Hitavada trust and Hitavada balance sheets.

Shri S. R. Venkataraman continued to be the Secretary and Treasurer of the Indian Council of world Affairs, Madras, a position he has held since 1948. At a meeting convened by him under its auspices General Choudhary addressed on the "Problem of Indian Ocean" under the Chairmanship of Sri. P. Achutha Menon, a former Ambassador to West Germany.

Shri Venkataraman read a paper on Gandhiji's conception of Rural Reconstruction on the invitation of the Governor of Tamilnadu, Shri K. K. Shah, during the celebration of Gandhi Jayanthi organised and at Gandhi Memorial Mandap in Guindy on the 7th October, in which Sriman Narayan, Achyut Patwardhan and other Gandhian leaders participated.

He participated in a meeting organised by the Gandhi Fellowship and deplored the fall in values resulting in violence and corruption in all walks of life.

Sri. Venkataraman acted as a judge in the oratorical contest for college students at the Society on the U. N. day, when the students spoke on "The U. N. and World Development".

He also acted as a judge in another oratorical contest organised by the Gandhi Samaj during Nehru's birthday celebration. As a member of the "New life for India movement" he attended a meeting of college students. He also participated in the Vitthalbhai Patel Birthday Centenary meeting held at the Society by the Gandhi Samaj.

Sri Venkataraman assisted Dr. Hardev Sharma of Nehru National Memorial Museum and Library to contact prominent people in Madras for recording their experiences and participation of our country's public life and also gave him some Sastri papers.

Sri D. V. Ambekar is member of a committee to arrange for the collegiate elocution competitions for the Gokhale Cup endowed by the late Raja of Sangli, soon after Gokhale's death.

Dr. R. G. Kakade was the Hony. Treasurer of the Defence Affairs Study Centre which aims at educating public opinion on all aspects of national defence and thereby help to evolve a non-official expertise on defence matters. Pandit H. N. Kunzru is the Patron of the Centre which includes retired high officials of the Defence Dept., industrialists, educationists and leaders of public opinion in Poona. The Centre, located in the Servants of India Society's Home, is being registered as a public trust.

Sri S. S. Misra published a number of articles in Oriya, in the local daily 'the Samaj' on matters of topical interest. He arranged discussions in Society's premises on important problems of the day. "The Right to Property", and "The impact of agrarian legislations of Orissa on religious endowments" were among the problems discussed.

Sri Misra wrote articles, in Oriya, on the life and activities of late Balakrushna Kar, a well-known Journalist of Orissa and life and activities of Dr. Mayadhar Mansinha, a well-known

litterateur of Orissa. He presided over a discussion in the townhall, Cuttack, where Shri Surendra Mohanty M. P. initiated a discussion on "Dangers to Democracy in India".

Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar continued to be a secretary of the Bombay Social Reform Association. During the year the Association completed seventy years of its existence. A public meeting was held at the Indian Merchants' Chamber and was presided over by the Finance Minister of Maharashtra. To mark the completion of seventy years of the Association, a new organisation called the Joint Efforts for Social Security (J.E.S.S.) was sponsored under the joint auspices of the Bombay Social Reform Association, the Social Service League, and the Prarthana Samaj, to consider the problems of Depressed Classes. Shri Ajgaonkar as the Secretary of the Organisation (J. E. S. S.) convened several meetings, under the presidentship of the late Shri G. L. Mehta, to tackle the problems of Harijans, Girijans and other Depressed Classes of Maval Taluka, District Poona. He also prepared a programme of continuous activity in this area, with the help and guidance of Shri G. L. Chandavarkar, the President of the Bombay Social Reform Association and the General Secretary of the Vidya Vinay Sabha, Lonavala. A beginning was made on the Gandhi Jayanti Day. Two field workers were assigned the work to collect data about living conditions, needs, difficulties, grievances etc. of Harijans and Girijans in 20 villages of Maval Taluka. After preliminary survey of social conditions, a batch of young voluntary workers from Bombay and Lonavala went round the villages to establish personal contacts with the villagers. As a result of these contacts, a regular programme of social and educational activity in these villages is being undertaken, the expenses being met out of collections from the public.

Shri Ajgaonkar continued to be the Editor of "The Social Service Quarterly".

WELFARE WORK FOR THE ABORIGINES

Pandit Kunzru continued to be one of the vice-presidents of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi. The Executive Committee of the Sangh appointed a committee with Pandit Kunzru as its President to revise the constitution of the Sangh

with a view to its being modernised. This work took quite a considerable part of his time.

At the seminar to determine the priorities in tribal welfare work which was organised by the Sangh, Pandit Kunzru laid particular emphasis on decentralisation. In this context he urged the establishment of a Board for each district, where there is a large tribal population, with full powers to decide the location and construction of hospitals, dispensaries, roads, etc., as was done in Dandakaranya. He also wanted the workers of such Boards to have a knowledge of the conditions and culture of the Adivasis.

He also laid great stress on the construction of roads so as to enable the Adivasis to take their produce to the market and to have an opportunity of meeting non-tribal people.

Uttar Pradesh

Shri R. S. Misra devoted most of his time to the aboriginal welfare work in the districts of Allahabad, Mirzapur and Nainital. The work is mainly educational but he is now taking up work for the economic advancement of the aborigines.

SCHOOLS : Primary Schools

The Servants of India Society continued to maintain 18 Primary Schools for boys and 5 Primary Schools for girls in the tribal areas of the Allahabad, Mirzapur and Nainital districts. All the schools are recognised by the Education Department and regularly inspected by the D. I. O. S.

All the schools have got buildings of their own except the two at Kotwa and Malua in the Mirzapur district. Efforts are now being made to construct buildings at these places.

The total number of students in these schools was 1,204 of whom 715 were Adivasis, Harijans and other Backward Classes. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these schools during the year was Rs. 53,700/-.

Junior High Schools

The Society maintains Junior High Schools at Siltham, Muirpur and Salkhan in Mirzapur district. A new Junior High School was started at Pipalsana in the Ramnagar Block

of the Nainital district in July 1973. There are 100 children in the school, majority of them being Buksas. There were 403 students on the rolls of these schools of whom 167 were Harijans, Adivasis and other Backward Classes.

The Siltham Junior High School again maintained its high position by securing 79.2% passes in the Junior High School examination conducted by the Education Department against the district average of 44%. One Adivasi student obtained distinction in Mathematics and two in Sanskrit.

Shri G. D. Birla (Hindalco) has sanctioned a donation of Rs. 2,17,000/- for the development of the Muirpur School, Rs. 2,00,000 (two lakhs) are intended to be utilized for constructing an Adivasi Boys' Hostel at Muirpur and Rs. 17,000/- for up-grading the Muirpur Junior High School to Higher Secondary School. The construction of the hostel building has been entrusted to the Hindalco Construction Division.

The total expenditure on the maintenance of these Junior High Schools during the year was Rs. 46,474/-.

Hostels

The Society maintained hostels for Adivasi boys reading in the Junior High Schools at Siltham, Salkhan and Muirpur in the Mirzapur district. The hostels provide free accommodation, lighting, common mess facilities and medical attention. The total number of inmates in these hostels was 89.

Konhdar hostel provides free residential facilities to 50 students.

Harijan Boys' Hostel, Mirzapur City

The Society maintains a hostel for Harijan and Adivasi boys in the Mirzapur City reading in the Polytechnic there. Of the 40 students living in the hostel, 20 are students of Mechanical Engineering, 19 of Electrical Engineering and one of shorthand and typewriting.

The inmates are provided with free residence, lighting and common mess facilities. All of them get Government Scholarships for their maintenance. A library of Scientific books dealing with the subjects of study is maintained for the benefit of the inmates.

Bhoksa Boys' Hostel, Bazpur, Nainital

The Bhoksa Boys' Hostel started with the financial support of the Government of India in 1969, provides accommodation and other facilities to Adivasi boys reading in classes VI to XII. There are 60 Bhoksa, Bhotia and Tharu boys living in the hostel. The hostel provides free accommodation, lighting, medical help, free food, book aid and clothes.

The total expenditure on the maintenance of these hostels was Rs. 55,478/-.

ASHRAM TYPE SCHOOLS

Two Ashram Schools, one for the Adivasi boys reading in the Junior High School at Siltham and the other for the Primary School boys at Khantara are maintained in the Mirzapur district.

There were 40 inmates in each of these Ashrams who were given free food, clothing, reading and writing material. How the facilities provided by the Ashram type schools at the Junior High School stage can mould the career of Adivasi children is clearly shown by the results of the Siltham Ashram. These facilities have sustained the regular attendance of the students in the classes and secured better results at the final examinations. The Siltham School has maintained its first position in the district and Adivasi students have secured distinction in Science, Mathematics, Sanskrit and Physical culture. The inmates of the Ashram practised agriculture on the six acres farm attached to it and produced ten maunds of paddy, besides producing the seasonal vegetables for the Ashram kitchen. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these Ashrams was Rs. 52,820/-.

Ramanuj Intermediate College

The Ramanuj Intermediate College has been recognised as such from July 1973 and the XI class was started in Arts subjects. There are 35 students in the Inter Section. The total number of students in the college is 500 and there are 18 teachers on the staff. The Managing Committee proposes to up-grade the college into a degree College. The Ramanuj Memorial Trust has offered financial support. Steps have been taken to open Science Classes and necessary recommendation has been made by the D. I. O. S. to the Education Department.

Adarsh Kanya Junior High School, Bazpur

The Girls' Junior High School at Bazpur continued to make steady progress during the year under report. The local people helped the management in collecting Rs. 53,000/- for completing the five rooms required for the school. The depression in the court-yard has been filled up with earth and the frontage of the school building on the roadside has been cleared of encroachments. It is now proposed to construct the boundary wall and some shops on the roadside, which will be a source of permanent income to the management.

The school has received permanent recognition and is brought on the grant-in-aid list. Steps will now be taken to up-grade the school to a Higher Secondary School. There are 198 girls on the roll.

Balwadis

Of the fourteen Balwadis being run in the Nainital district, eight were located at Pipalsana, Khempur, Dhuria, Beria Daulat, Khanpur, Khambati, Barhanf and Banna Kheda in the Bhoksa area and six at Tharu Tisour, Nagra, Kanjabagh, Khatima (Bhoor) Sisona and Chinti Mazra in the Tharu area. Five hundred children attended these Balwadis who were given pre-school education and supplementary nutrition during the period under report. The total expenditure on these Balwadis was Rs. 43,189/-.

A. N. P. Centres

Fifteen centres for providing supplementary nutrition to children below six years were maintained in the Nainital district. Supplementary nutrition to 750 children was given to these centres every day. The total expenditure on the supplementary nutrition programme was Rs. 21,287/-.

Bal Niketan, Sarsa

The Bal Niketan at Sarsa has one hundred children on its rolls. The Nursery section had 34 students in 3 to 6 age group and the rest were in the age group 6 to 9. They were classified into four groups according to their achievements and maturity of understanding. A committee of five educationists is

experimenting in methods of improving the primary education. There are, however, two difficulties in the way. The first is about a suitable building with necessary play-grounds and space for gardening. The second difficulty is about the recruitment of competent lady workers for the rural areas.

Womens' Welfare Centres

Five centres of womens' welfare activities were maintained during the year. Three of them were located at Sarsa, Delaunha and Bharatganj in the Allahabad district and two at Dudhi and Muirpur in the Mirzapur district. Free instruction in tailoring, knitting, embroidery and toy making were provided at these centres. One hundred eighty four women attended these classes regularly and are preparing to complete their two years' course.

Medical Relief Work

The Society maintained Ayurvedic Dispensaries at Khantara, Rampur and Phoolwari Sharif in the Mirzapur district and at Konhdar in the Allahabad district. All the Vaidyas are registered by the U. P. Board of Indian Medicines. 10,157 patients were treated during the year of whom nearly 7,000 were new cases.

Brick Kiln Business

On the 2nd October 1973, Shri Misra started a brick kiln at the Konhdar centre. The project is meant to develop economically the tribal tracts of the Allahabad district which are poor and to find employment for the villagers.

The location of the kiln in the area has cut down the transportation charges of bricks. This has made possible several developmental activities. One hundred and ten persons have been working on the kiln. Most of them are Mundas, Hos, Santhals, Kols and other Backward Classes. At the end of March, 1974 nearly 11,00,000 bricks were ready for sale and there were nearly 6,00,000 green bricks awaiting firing.

The Development Officer (Pottery) of the Khadi & Village Industries Commission, U. P. visited the kiln and was pleasantly surprised to find such fine quality of bricks.

Shri Misra was a member of the Executive Committee and the General Body of the B.A.J.S. Sangh and attended some of

the meetings of its Finance Committee as a special invitee. He was a member of the Silver Jubilee Celebrations Committee of the B.A.J.S. Sangh. He attended an All India Seminar organised by the Sangh at Delhi in the first week of March, 1974. He participated in the discussions relating to the Nomadic Tribes.

Andhra Pradesh

Shri. S. R. Venkataraman continued to manage the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam at Chillakur near Gudur in Andhra Pradesh, during the year 1973-74.

During the year there were 60 Yenadi boarders, 45 boys and 15 girls, in the hostel attached to the Gurukulam. The inmates of the hostel were looked after by a resident warden and matron assisted by two cooks.

The school attached to the Gurukulam provided instruction up to the V standard and was attended by the Yenadi boarders and children of the school-going age in the area. The total strength of the school including boarders was 120, of whom 86 were boys and 34 were girls. All the day-scholars were given mid-day meals. To some of the day scholars, the mid-day meal is the only meal they have for the whole day. The health of the boarders and of the school children is being looked after by two eminent doctors of Gudur, Dr. C. R. Reddy and Dr. Bhujagendra Rao, free of cost.

The students of the Gurukulam went on an excursion to places of interest to the Nellore Anicut, the Kanigiri Irrigation Tank, the Sidhapuram Agricultural Colony of Yenadis, near Nellore where mat-weaving is a flourishing cottage industry and to the temple of Kamakshi Tai.

During the year four pucca buildings—one for the school, one for the boys' dormitory, one for the girls' dormitory and one for the kitchen were constructed at a cost of Rs. 43,785. Srimati Vanajakshamma Garu, wife of Shri. C. V. Krishnaiah, President of the Lions Club and a mica merchant, donated a sum of Rs. 3,500/- towards the cost of the girls' dormitory. The new buildings were opened on 5-2-74 by Srimati Danam, wife of Shri. R. Danam, Sub-Collector of Gudur, who presided over the function.

Other members of the Lions Club, Gudur, have been equally helpful to the Gurukulam. Sri. Rokkam Venkatarama-naiah supplied one set of uniform for all the inmates of the Gurukulam and also gave them a feast on the Republic Day, both to the hostel inmates and the children of the school; while another citizen of Gudur Sri. B. Ramachandraiah gave a feast to the children on the Ugadhi day.

The expenditure incurred in running the Gurukulam hostel, the school and mid-day meals amounted to Rs. 37,512 and on the construction of buildings Rs. 43,785/- making a total of Rs. 81,297/- while receipts in the shape of grants from the Social Welfare Department of the Government of India amounted to Rs. 33,761/- and the compensation for buildings left behind in Sriharikota Rs. 41,000/- making a total of Rs. 74,761/- ending in a deficit of Rs. 6,536/- which was made up from donations received and from the funds of the Society.

An Advisory Council for the Gurukulam has been constituted with Shri. C. V. Krishnaiah as Chairman, Dr. C. R. Reddy, Dr. Bhujangendra Rao, Sri. Reddi, Principal, Polytechnic, Gudur and Sri. B. Raghaviah, the Honorary Superintendent of the Gurukulam who has been able to secure local support to the Gurukulam.

Tamilnadu

Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam at Nirgacimund, near Ooty, in the Nilgiris District of Tamilnadu, a residential school for the Toda and Kota Tribes of the Nilgiris continued to function during the year under the supervision of Sri. S. R. Venkataraman.

There were 52 inmates in the hostel attached to the Gurukulam consisting of 12 Toda Boys and 12 Toda girls, 21 Kota boys and 7 Kota girls. Facilities for the education upto the VIII standard were provided in the school attached to the Gurukulam. There were in all 156 boys on the rolls consisting of 98 boys and 58 girls including the boarders. There were four Secondary Grade teachers and one craft teacher. Two of them belonged to the Badaga community, and one to the Toda Tribe. The craft instructor taught the pupils in the top four classes

horticulture and agriculture. The vegetables raised in the garden were used for the hostel.

G During the year two Toda boys were studying in the P. U. C. in the Arts College at Ooty and four Toda girls in the S. S. L. C. classes. One Kota boy who has passed his M. A. is now employed in the Income Tax Department in the Nilgiris District itself. The Kotas are still conservative and generally do not allow their girls to study beyond the VIII Standard.

An Advisory Council for the Gurukulam was formed consisting of Shri. S. K. Jogi, the President of the Panchayat Union of Nanjanad within whose jurisdiction our Gurukulam is situated. Dr. Narashimhan, Miss Victoria Armstrong of Kotagiri, Shri. Muthicane, the Toda leader, and Shri. Kavañdan the Kota leader. The District Welfare Officer, the District Health Officer, the District Forest Officer, the District Agricultural Officer are ex-officio members of the Advisory Council. The first meeting of the Council was held on the 26th March when the problems of water supply, supply of electricity, planting of the trees and better utilisation of the two acres of lands were discussed.

The total expenditure incurred on the Gurukulam during the year amounted to Rs. 28,912/- as against a receipt of Rs. 25,241/- from the Tamilnadu Government, both for the hostel and the school. The deficit amounting to Rs. 3,671/- was met from the funds of the Society. The inspecting officers of the Government have recorded that the Gurukulam was functioning satisfactorily.

Kerala

Shri. Venkataraman looked after the five Devdhar Schools located in the hilly and backward areas of Malapuram and Calicut districts of Kerala State.

The Gokhale U. P. School at Mudadi provided instruction up to the VII standard. The total strength of the school was 360 pupils consisting of 198 boys and 162 girls, of whom 31 boys and 23 girls belonged to the Harijan community, 97 boys and 97 girls to the Backward Classes, 49 boys and 29 girls belonged to the Mopla Community, and 21 boys and 13 girls to other classes. The school had a staff of 15.

The Devdhar U. P. School at Nediyruppu, had a strength of 314 pupils consisting of 202 boys and 112 girls of whom 28 boys and 26 girls were Harijans, 139 boys and 69 girls belonged to the Mopla community, 26 boys and 8 girls to Backward Classes, 9 boys and 9 girls belonged to other communities. The School requires additional accommodation.

The Sastriar U. P. School at Chalode provided instruction up to the VIII standard. It has a strength of 1054 pupils consisting of 581 boys and 473 girls. Of these 40 boys and 7 girls were Harijans, 195 boys and 190 girls were from backward community, 197 boys and 123 girls belonged to the Mopla community and 149 boys and 153 girls to other communities.

During the year 3 acres of land were donated to the school and a sum of Rs. 4,500 was donated for a building costing Rs. 6,500/-. The two remaining Devdhar Schools at Pulliyil and Karulai functioned as in the past. The Pulliyil school had a strength of 708 pupils with 21 teachers.

The Devdhar L. P. School at Karulai, Nilambur, imparted instructions from class I to IV. It had a total strength of 584 pupils with a staff of 13 teachers.

The total expenditure incurred by the Society on the schools in Kerala was Rs. 6,510 against which a maintenance grant of Rs. 5,161 was received from Government. The balance was met from local donations and grants from the Society. The salary of 85 teachers of the schools in Kerala is disbursed directly by the Government as a matter of policy. A maintenance grant of Rs. 2.25 a year per pupil based on the effective strength of the pupils is paid to the managers of the schools.

In the seven schools managed by the Society in Tamilnadu, Kerala and Andhra Pradesh, there were in all 3,296 pupils and 92 teachers and 10 other staff.

Shri. Venkataraman was a member of the General Council of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi, and attended its meetings and the seminar on "Priorities in Tribal Welfare Work". He suggested that Balawadis for Tribal children should be tacked on to the socio-economic programme for mothers if they are to serve their purpose. He wrote an article on the

'*Tamilnadu Tribes*' to the February number of Social Welfare, the monthly organ of the Central Social Welfare Board, New Delhi, on the invitation of its Chairman.

Orissa

Shri Madhusudan Sahoo was in charge of the Thakkar Bapa Ashram at Rayagada in Koraput District, Orissa. This institution started in 1939 has been doing tribal welfare work in the Koraput District. At present the Society runs a hostel for 75 Adivasi and Harijan students at Rayagada, one residential Middle English School, one Upper Primary School and five Lower Primary Schools in rural areas. It also maintains a maternity centre at Hazaridangu and two Balwadis in the villages in Rayagada P. S.

Thakkar Bapa Ashram

There are 75 students in the Ashram. Out of them 48 boys and 19 girls belong to the Scheduled Tribes and 7 boys and one girl belonged to the Scheduled Caste. Among these students 27 are studying in the M. E. School and the remaining ones are studying in the U. P. School. Each student, besides being provided with free board and lodging, is supplied with necessary reading and writing materials. Special private coaching has been arranged for weak students.

Thakkar Bapa Vidyapitha

This is a residential M. E. School situated in the premises of the Ashram meant for Adivasi and Harijan students. At present there are 27 students in the school.

Thakkar Bapa U. P. School

There are 160 students in this school, which is also situated in the premises of the Ashram. Out of them 58 are Adivasis and 14 are Harijans.

Thakkar Bapa L. P. Schools

There are 5 L. P. Schools in 5 Adivasi villages namely Tumbiguda, Barizola, Beriguda, Jayasamguda and Kondha Sahi. 138 Adivasi students including 37 girls are reading in these schools.

Balwadis

Under the auspices of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi, the Servants of India Society is managing two

Balwadis in two Adivasi localities one in Beriguda and the other at Konda Sahi. About 80 children of 3-6 age group are being looked after in the Balwadis. The children are being given mid-day snacks for 22 days in a month.

Maternity Centre

There is a Maternity Centre in the village — Hajaridangu. A midwife is in charge of this centre. She moves round in 30 surrounding Adivasi villages, conducts normal deliveries and treats ante-natal and post-natal cases. During the period under report she conducted 106 deliveries.

The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 82,409, out of which a sum of Rs. 55,377 has been received as grant from the Government of India, Rs. 16,007 received from the Servants of India Society, Poona and a sum of Rs. 7,475 has been received from the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi. Rs. 66,525.84 were spent on the maintenance of the Ashram, the primary schools and the Maternity Centre. A sum of Rs. 7,475 has been spent on two Balwadis. The balance has been spent on the U. P. School and the M. E. School.

Dr. B. D. Panda, an industrialist of Orissa, has announced a contribution of a sum of Rs. 5,000 for the development of the Ashram.

A Building Fund for the Thakkar Bapa Ashram has been created. During the year a sum of Rs. 2,437.00 has been collected towards this fund.

With the help of some friends Shri Sahoo has started one Tailoring School in the premises of the Ashram for the benefit of our Ashram students. The Tailoring School has been affiliated to the Usha Tailoring Organisation, Patna.

He attended the seminar on Tribal Welfare at New Delhi in the first week of March, 74. He acted as the Co-ordinator in one of the group-meetings.

Rural Welfare and Cooperation

Dr. R. G. Kakade was re-elected chairman of the District Industrial Cooperative Association during the year under report. The Association conducted two cloth shops, one for handloom and the other for mill cloth in Poona and one in Baramati.

The handloom cloth shop at Junnar had to be closed down on account of losses. In addition to these cloth shops, it conducted a handicraft depot in Poona. It also conducted a handmade paper centre in Baramati, but it was not doing well on account of reasons beyond its control. The Association continued to distribute, as before, coal ash to potters and brick-makers, cotton and artsilk yarns, dyestuffs and chemicals to weavers and zinc and such other materials needed by brassware industry. It worked as agents of Government for distribution of yarn during the period of yarn shortage.

As Chairman of the District Industrial Cooperation Association he was a member of the Zilla Parishad and its Agriculture and Cooperation Committee. He tried to attend as many meetings of the Parishad and of the Committee as he could conveniently do.

He was elected, for a period of three years, a representative of Maharashtra State on the Board of Directors of the National Federation of Industrial Cooperatives, New Delhi. The Federation helps its constituent member-federations in marketing their finished goods in India and abroad. He attended two meetings of the Board, one in November 1973 and another in March 1974.

Dr. Kakade continued to be Honorary Secretary of the Deccan Agricultural Association. In October 1973 the Association, in collaboration with another ad hoc body, convened a well attended seminar in Poona to discuss irrigation problems of the State. The Seminar was inaugurated by Shri V. B. Patil, Irrigation and Power Minister of Maharashtra. The Agricultural and Rural Development Conference that was proposed to be organised on state-level during the year had to be postponed on account of wide-spread and very severe famine conditions in the State.

The work of the Association's monthly journal—the Shetaki and Shetakari—(which completed 63 years of its uninterrupted and useful existence) kept him busy for a considerable time every month.

Shri Ajaonkar was a member of the Florence Nightingale Village Sanitation Fund Committee of the Social Service League,

Bombay. From this fund grants not exceeding Rs. 500/- are paid to institutions and individuals in rural areas undertaking to do rural sanitation work by such means as sinking wells, cleaning streets, sweeping refuse, filling in insanitary pools and ditches, digging drains etc.

Shendurjana Rural Centre

Shri R. S. Gupte continued to be in charge of the Rural Centre in Shendurjana Bazar, Amravati District. He has held charge of the Rural Centre since July 1946.

Shri Gupte spent considerable time attending to the agricultural operations. He arranged the annual general meeting of the Multipurpose Cooperative Society on the 23rd December 1973. At this meeting, Shri Gupte was again unanimously elected Treasurer.

He looked after the work of the Multipurpose-Cooperative Society which has a fair price shop serving one village only. The Society's purchases during the year 1972-73 amounted to Rs. 1,33,825 while the sales exceeded Rs. 1,23,430 leaving a marginal profit was Rs. 80.

The Seva Sahakari Society Ltd.

Shri Gupte continued to be a member of the Seva Sahakari Society. He attended its annual general meeting.

Agricultural Produce Market Committee, Dhamangaon

He continued to be a member of the Agricultural Produce Market Committee, Dhamangaon.

The Rural Centre runs a Dispensary and a Maternity Home in the village. It is looked after by a medical practitioner. It spends about Rs. 1,600/- on medicines every year.

The Maternity Home is used by the women of the village and also from villages in the vicinity. There were 100 cases of maternity during 1973-74 as against 90 during 1972-73. By way of fees the Home has received Rs. 513 as against Rs. 437 during 1972-73. A midwife looks after the Maternity Home.

RELIEF OF DISTRESS

Maharashtra

Dr. Kakade continued to be the Honorary Secretary of the Maharashtra Central Famine Relief Committee. The Committee is composed of nominees of almost all the political parties and groups, including the Congress, representatives of trade, commerce and industry, zilla parishads, co-operative sector, non-political social workers and of the press. The Central Committee aims at, inter alia, ensuring that various types of relief administered by Government reaches the famine-affected people in full measure and on time, that there is no avoidable wastage and corruption in relief administration and that malpractices are prevented by maintaining a vigilant eye on relief works. In pursuance of its aims and objects the Committee appointed 22 observers, who were regularly paid honorarium and travelling allowance, to work in 14 worst-affected districts of the State. On the basis of factual information collected first hand by these observers the defects, deficiencies, shortcomings and a variety of mal-practices etc. in the relief administration of Government as well as expectations and demands of the affected people along with their privations and hardships were regularly brought to the notice of Government, and the public in the form of hand-outs. This main work of the Committee kept the Hon. Secretary busy. Besides attending to the office work Shri Kakade toured, along with other members of the Executive Committee, a number of worst-affected districts. A Conference of representatives of famine-affected people was held in Poona in September 1973 to ventilate the grievances of the relief workers as well as to educate public opinion about the famine situation. Due to the acute scarcity of foodgrains and fodder the Central Committee could not undertake sustained relief operations on its own, as it did in previous famines, to supplement Govt. relief. The Committee therefore decided to extend financial assistance to some schools and colleges that undertook to provide free meals to the students appearing for their annual examinations, water supply schemes, a cattle feeding centre in Poona and an orphanage in Sholapur district. To supplement Government relief or where Govt. relief did not reach, the Committee sent its teams of medical men to Osmanabad, Bhir,

Sholapur, Sangli, Satara, Poona, Ahmednagar, Dhulia and Nasik districts to distribute medicines and to give preventive inoculations. The Committee thus spent in all about Rs. 82,000 on relief work through other agencies, out of its total collections about Rs. 4,00,000/-. Bulk of the donations have been earmarked for certain specific purposes. The Committee has been registered as a public charitable trust under the name of Maharashtra Association for the Relief and Eradication of Famine. Dr. Kakade continues to be Hony. Secretary of the newly registered organisation which devotes its attention mainly to projects and surveys calculated to augment supplies of water, surface and underground, for irrigational purposes, with a view to mitigating rigours of famines in future.

Dr. Kakade was one of the members of the Board of Trustees of Bijapur Reconstruction Trust which was founded by the late Shri Thakkar Bapa.

Utter Pradesh

Large parts of the Mirzapur district suffered from severe drought during the year under report. Shri R. S. Misra carried out an extensive survey of Pargana Kantit with a view to organising some relief operations but it was not possible to collect the necessary funds. He had therefore to content himself with the distribution of paddy seeds worth Rs. 500/- provided by the Society to 20 families of Harijans and Adivasis in the Thakkar Gram Colony.

He also initiated the construction of a dam across the Dahva Nala in village Khantara which when completed will irrigate nearly 500 acres of land. The work is still continuing.

Tamil Nadus

Last year a sum of Rs. 500 was received through the Servants of India Society, Poona, for affording relief to the Tribes who had been affected by drought in the Nilgiris. This sum was utilised by Shri Venkataraman for helping two Kurumba and four Toda agriculturists to purchase seed and manure for cultivation. The distribution was done through Dr. Narashimhan and Miss Victoria Armstrong of the Nilgiris Adivasi Seva Sangh, Kotagiri.

This sum of Rs. 500/- was given out of the remittance for drought relief in India from the Indians working in U. S. A.

Andhra Pradesh

In April, fishing nets donated by the Servants of India Society at a cost of Rs. 1,000/- were distributed by the Sub-Collector of Gudar (Dist. Nellore) Shri. M. V. Krishnamurthi to 50 Yenadis who had lost their nets in a cyclone.

EDUCATION

Pandit Kunzru continued to be President of the Allahabad University Alumni Association. There was a feeling among the members of the Association that it should engage itself in some intellectual activity so that the members may be in touch with modern ideas. Their suggestions to this end were discussed at the annual meeting of the Association held at the residence of Shri H. N. Bahuguna, the then Minister of State for Communications, New Delhi. It was decided to have quarterly seminars for the discussion of any topic in which the person chosen to initiate the discussion was interested. Another proposal which was accepted was that a News-letter should be brought out every quarter to enable the members to remain in contact with one another. In his speech Pandit Kunzru deplored the general deterioration in educational standards, particularly in U. P.

He continues to be prominently associated with the Anjuman Taraqqie Urdu Hind (an association for the propagation of Urdu) during the first half of the year. He presided over the annual meeting of its Delhi Branch. He is a member of the Jawaharlal Nehru University.

Pandit Kunzru is a member of the Administrative Committee of the Agra University. Before the Kamalpati Tripathi ministry resigned, an ordinance was passed, suppressing the executive and academic Councils of all the State Universities in the U. P. The Administrative Committee takes the place of the Executive Council. The Administrative Committee had now been replaced by the Executive Council with a different constitution.

He was convener of committees to choose panels of qualified persons from whom the Governor, who is the Chancellor, can

select Vice-Chancellors for the Gorakhpur and Meerut Universities.

Shri Mani continued to be an active Member in the educational field. He was a member of the Governing Body of the LAD College for Women, Nagpur, and a Member of the Council of Management of the foundations of the Society which runs the College. The College has about 1,500 girl students on its roll and he is a member of its various sub-committees.

Karnataka

Shri Dinkar Desai spent most of his time during the year for the work of the Kanara Welfare Trust of which he is the Founder and Chairman. The aims and objects of the Kanara Welfare Trust are to undertake measures for the educational and social advancement of the people in general and the backward classes in particular in North Kanara (Karwar) District in Karnataka State. The people in this forest district are extremely poor. A large number of them belong to Backward Tribes and castes. Over 80 per cent of the total area of the district is under forests; and the people living in the forest villages have to undergo many hardships.

The Kanara Welfare Trust has eighteen centres in the district. The Trust is the biggest educational body in Karnataka State in the sense that it conducts the largest number of educational institutions in the State.

Collection of Donations

Since the foundation of the Trust in 1953, the total donations collected till 31st March 1973, was Rs. 27,78,000-00. The total assets of the Trust as on 31st March 1973 amounted to over Rs. 41,00,000. During the year Trust spent Rs. 14,55,000-00 as recurring expenditure.

Institutions of the Trust :

The Trust runs in all 28 institutions : 1. Gokhale Centenary College (Arts and Science), Ankola, 2. Divekar College of Commerce, Karwar, 3. Junior College, Dandeli, 4. Junior College, Baad-Kagal, 5. Junior College, Kadтока, 6. People's Multipurpose High School, Ankola, 7. Janata Vidya-

laya, Baad-Kagal, 8. Janata Vidyalaya, Shirali, 9. Janata Vidyalaya, Dandeli, 10. Janata Vidyalaya, Kadtoka, 11. Janata Vidyalaya, Kadwad, 12. Janata Vidyalaya, Kasarkod, 13. Janata Vidyalaya, Murdeshwar, 14. Janata Vidyalaya, Mirjan-Kodkani, 15. Janata Vidyalaya, Arge, 16. Janata Vidyalaya, Dhareshwar, 17. Janata Vidyalaya, Bedkani, 18. Kamalabai Pikale High School, Katgal, 19. Janata Vidyalaya, Anilgod, 20. Janata Vidyalaya, Kulve-Baroor, 21. English Medium School, Dandeli, 22. Tailoring School, Ankola, 23. Thakkar Bapa Hostel, Ankola, 24. Tailoring School, Mundgod, 25. Nursery School, Dandeli, 26. Thakkar Bapa Seva Kendra, Ankola, 27. Rural Dispensary, Bankikodla and 28. Ramrao Lakshman Ugrankat Dispensary, Shirali.

Gokhale Centenary College :

This College, which was opened at Ankola in June 1966, fulfills a long-cherished need for an institution of higher education. It has both Arts and Science sections. The College is affiliated to the Karnatak University. The College which was established during the Birth Centenary year of Gopal Krishna Gokhale, is named after him as part of the Centenary Celebrations inaugurated by Dr. Radhakrishnan, ex-President of India, on the 9th May 1966.

The College has a young, competent and devoted staff. It has well-equipped Laboratories and Library. It has introduced the N. C. C. and N. C. C. R. A special feature of the College is the tutorial system under which students receive individual coaching and attention. The College developed into a fulfilled institution in June 1969, teaching upto B. A. and B. Sc. Degree courses. The total strength of the College at present is 894. Of these 289 are girls. As many as 723 students belong to backward classes.

The College was shifted to its own building in June 1967. The College campus, which forms the slopes of a beautiful hill, extends over 75 acres.

The College showed satisfactory results in the various University Examinations.

A separate building for the Dadabhai Naoroji Library of the College was constructed two years ago. This is the biggest Library building for any College in the Karnatak University, with a floor area of 6,600 square feet. The College has also a separate fine building for its canteen.

Divekar College of Commerce, Karwar :

This College was opened at Karwar in June 1970. The need for a Commerce College at Karwar was keenly felt. Karwar was the only district headquarters in the former Bombay Karnatak, where there was no Commerce College. The college is affiliated to the Karnatak University.

The College has a total strength of 433. The number of girls in the College was 75. The number of backward class students was 394. The College developed last year into a full-fledged institution, teaching upto the degree course. The College showed satisfactory results in the University Examinations.

The College has a young, competent and devoted staff. It has a well-equipped Library. It introduced the N. C. C. in the very first year. A special feature of the College is the tutorial system under which the students receive individual coaching and attention.

The College was shifted to its own building in June 1972. It is a fine building constructed on the five acres of land on the sea-shore. This land is given by the Government of Karnataka for the College.

The quarters for the principal of the College have now been constructed. A Guest House for the College has also been constructed. Both these buildings are in the same compound. Recently the Municipal Council of Karwar has sanctioned a donation of Rs. 25,000/- for constructing an additional lecture hall for the College.

Junior Colleges :

Last year three of the Higher Secondary Schools of the Trust have been raised to the position of Junior Colleges under the new scheme of the State Government. The Junior Colleges

in addition to High School Classes conduct the First PUC and Second PUC Classes. These three Junior Colleges are situated at Dandeli, Baad-Kagal and Kadtoka. The Junior College at Dandeli has introduced Commerce also in addition to Arts subjects. The other two Junior Colleges are for arts subjects only. The number of students in these Junior Colleges was 1,083. Of these 714 were boys and 369 were girls. The total number of backward class students in these three Junior Colleges was 578. Of these 422 were boys and 156 were girls.

High Schools in Villages :

In addition to three Junior Colleges mentioned above, the Trust conducts twelve High Schools in different talukas. All these High Schools are in villages. These High Schools are situated at (1) Ankola in Ankola Taluka; (2) Kadwad in Karwar Taluka; (3) Kasarkod in Honavar Taluka; (4) Shirali in Bhatkal Taluka; (5) Murdeshwar in Bhatkal Taluka; (6) Mirjan in Kumta Taluka; (7) Arge in Karwar Taluka; (8) Dhareshwar in Kumta Taluka; (9) Bedkani in Siddapur Taluka; (10) Katgal in Kumta Taluka; (11) Anilgod in Honavar Taluka and (12) Kulve-Baroor in Sirsi Taluka.

The total number of students in these 12 High Schools was 1,861. Of these 1,153 were boys and 708 were girls. The total number of backward class students was 1,064. Of these 706 were boys and 358 were girls.

Buildings :

All the educational institutions of the Trust have their own buildings specially constructed for the purpose. All the sites selected for these buildings were well situated. The Trust has prepared a programme for extending the buildings at Dandeli, Baad-Kagal and Kadtoka as the High Schools in these three Centres have been up-graded as Junior Colleges last year. At present classes are held in these three Junior Colleges under the shift system.

English Medium School, Dandeli :

This primary school was opened in 1958 with the object of satisfying the educational needs of the cosmopolitan population

of Dandeli. It is but natural that such a school should have English as the medium of instruction.

This primary school teaches upto Std. VII. It also conducts the Nursery and the Pre-Primary Classes. The School had a total strength of 417. Of these 166 were girls. The total number of backward-class pupils was 30.

The examination results of the Colleges and the High Schools of the Trust were satisfactory during the year. They were above the general average results. For instance, the percentage of passes in the S. S. L. C. Examination for the Trust High Schools was 56.6 per cent as against 35.5 per cent for the whole Karnataka State.

Maharashtra :

Shri K. G. Sharangpani continued to be in charge of the Society's Library.

The Library has a rare collection of old parliamentary blue books of the East India Company's time, almost an unbroken series of proceedings of legislatures in India and abroad and a large collection of reports of commissions and committees appointed by Governments in India, U.S.A., U. K. etc. It is a depository library of the U. N., UNESCO, FAO, ILO etc. Specialising only in social sciences, it has a collection of about 1,52,900 books. It is open to the general public under suitable safeguards and no fees or subscription is charged for its use. The number of registered borrowers is about 1495. The library also serves as the Library of the Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics in particular and research scholars in general.

Shri Sharangpani is associated with the work of the Students' Welfare Association which gives subsidized meals to about 300 boys and girls studying in colleges in Poona and coming from low income families from rural areas. The Association also runs two hostels for boys (total strength 155) and one hostel for 50 girls coming to Poona for higher education.

Dr. Kakade was a member of the Board of Management of the Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics and attended the meeting of the Board in June 1973. He represented the Board on the Internal Management Committee, and the Selection and

Confirmation Committee of the Institute. He attended most of their meetings during the year.

He was elected Treasurer of the Maharashtra Association for the Cultivation of Science and in that capacity was a member of the Executive Committee. The Association is affiliated to the Poona University and conducted its micro classes for its M. Sc. degree. It receives research projects and grants, therefore, from the Central Govt., ICAR, ICMR, and such other research organisations, besides a grant-in-aid from the State Government. Dr. Kakade attended most of the meetings of the Executive and other sub-committees during the year.

Dr. Kakade was a member of both the Executive and Managing Committees of the Karve Institute of Social Service and regularly attended their meetings. Recognised by the Poona University, the Institute conducted a diploma course for graduates and also a certificate course for S. S. L. C. E. passed students. Besides conducting research programmes, it organised seminars about welfare of women and children. The State Govt. has recognised the diploma and certificate of the Institute for employment purposes.

He continued to be one of the Trustees of the Kanara Welfare Trust at Ankola.

He was one of the members of the Board of Trustees of the Institute of Regional Development Planning at Wardha and was elected its Honorary Secretary. The Institute helps the Zilla Parishads and other development agencies in the eight districts of Vidarbha in formulating their development plans and evaluating their development programmes. It gets a maintenance grant-in-aid from the State Government. It receives some research projects from the State and Central Governments. Shri Kakade visits Wardha whenever necessary and devotes a few days every time to the work of the Institute.

The Shendurjana Rural Centre looked after by Shri R. S. Gupte managed the Pilot Library sponsored by the Education Department of the Maharashtra State. The activities of the Library had to be curtailed.

Shri Ajaonkar continued his work on the Education Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay, which conducts two high schools, a day high school and a night high school in a predominantly labour area of Bombay.

The Day High School was started in 1966 with five divisions of Std. VIII. During the year there were one division of Standard V, one division of Standard VI, seven divisions of Standard VIII, five divisions of Standard IX, six divisions of Standard X, and three divisions of Standard XI. The number of pupils on the roll was 1,164 out of which 319 belonged to Backward and Economically Backward Classes.

The Night High School is one of the oldest educational institutions working in this area for the last 52 years. The School is a full-fledged one and conducts classes from Std. V to Std. XI. During the year the total number of pupils on the roll was 394.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar continued to be a member of the Mafatlal Gagalbhai Textile Technical Institute Supervising Committee of the Social Service League. The Institute was started in 1924 to provide facilities for systematic training to those who seek entry in the textile industry as a career and to those who are already in the Industry. The School is only one of its kind in the country which imparts theoretical and practical training in the textile technology to students, without interfering with their jobs in any way. The training in the School is divided into two sections viz., the Post-Employment Training Section and Pre-Employment Training Section.

In the Post-Employment Training Section there are two courses, namely (1) the Textile Apprentice Courses in Spinning and Weaving and (2) the Certificate Cotton Spinning and Certificate Cotton Weaving Courses.

The Textile Apprentice Courses are meant for Officers, Workers and Apprentices in textile mills who have passed the S. S. C. Examination. The duration of each course is of two years. The classes are conducted once a week. The medium of instruction is English. The annual examinations are held by the Board of Technical Examinations, Maharashtra State. During the year the number of students admitted to the First

Year and Second Year Classes of the Textile Apprentice Courses was 116. They were drawn from 40 textile mills.

The Certificate Cotton Spinning and Cotton Weaving Courses are meant for ordinary textile workers who aspire to hold such posts as jobbers and supervisors in the textile mills. The Courses are of two years' duration and are held morning and evening so as to accommodate employees working in different shifts. The medium of instruction is Marathi and the minimum qualification is Vernacular VI Std. During the year there were 157 students drawn from 42 textile mills.

In the Pre-Employment section a Certificate Course of three months' duration in weaving is conducted, for those who seek employment as weavers in textile mills. The total admissions in this section during the year were 178.

The School also organised four sessions in Basic Training and Related Instructions for the apprentices deputed by the textile mills at the instance of the Bombay Millowners' Association and the Staff Apprenticeship Advisor, Government of Maharashtra, under Apprentices Act 1963 (Central). The Basic Training of apprentices working in textile mills is the responsibility of employers. The Bombay Millowners' Association entrusted upon the M. G. T. T. School this training programme on behalf of the millowners of the city. According to the understanding reached with the Millowners' Association the School receives a batch of 50 apprentices every quarter. Thus during the year the School received 141 apprentices for Basic Training and Related Instructions.

Under the Central Apprentice Act, during the year two more trades came to be designated in the textile industry. They are (1) Tenter (Fram) and Doffer-cum-Piecer (Ring). As the Institute had no machinery for these trades, it did not take up the practical part of the training. It took up only the related instructions part in the above two trades. During the year the mills deputed 64 apprentices for the trade of tenter and 77 for the trade of the doffer-cum-piecer. The Managing Committee of the League proposes to replenish the Institute with the machinery that would be required for practical training in these two trades.

Thus the Institute is helping the textile industry and improving economic condition of the workers by equipping them with technical know-how for these trades.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar was a member of the League's Supervisory Committee for Six Industrial Schools for Women. These Schools are conducted in different parts of the city. At present the following courses of the Department of Technical Education are taught in these schools. (1) Tailoring Courses in Women's and Children's Garments, (2) Hand Embroidery, Machine Embroidery and Fancy Work, (3) Crafts Teachers Course in Board Work, Needle Work and Embroidery, and (4) Crafts Teachers Course in Card-Board Work and Book-Binding. All these Courses are of one year's duration, except the course in Card-Board Work and Book-Binding, which is of six months duration.

During the year 58 students completed the training in Card-Board Work, 75 in Craft Teachers Course in Needle Work and Embroidery, 230 in Tailoring Courses in Women's and Children's Garments, and 39 in Crafts Embroidery and Fancy Work.

Dr. Mohamed Mohsein, Chairman of the National Education Committee, Government of Nepal, visited the Industrial Schools for Women at Parel and appreciated the work.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar was actively associated with the N. M. Joshi, Social Workers Training Class of the League which he conducted in the Servants of India Society's Home, Bombay. The number of students who attended the course was 81.

SOCIAL SERVICE

Pandit Kunzru continued to be the General Secretary of the All India Seva Samiti, Allahabad, and attended meetings of its Executive Committee and the General Council.

He is a member of the Governing Body of the Indian Council for Cultural Relations, New Delhi, of which he was made a Fellow during the year. He is also a Trustee of the India International Centre, New Delhi. He is president of the Delhi Branch of the National Association for the Blind and attended its meetings.

Uttar Pradesh

Shri R. S. Misra was a member of Executive Committee and the General Council of the All India Seva Samiti.

As one of the Secretaries he was in charge of its Ayurvedic department, and the Mela department. He attended the Mela Camp of the Seva Samiti, in Allahabad on the Amavasya and Basant Panchami, the two important bathing days. He also attended the office of the Seva Samiti to discuss with the organising secretary, the details of the arrangements for the Kumbh Mela at Hardwar.

Karnataka

All the Social Welfare activities of the Kanara Welfare Trust are conducted through the Thakkar Bapa Seva Kendra.

The Trust, with the financial help of the Servants of India Society, conducts two Tailoring Schools, one at Ankola in Ankola Taluka and the other at Mundgod in Mundgod Taluka. The number of students in the Tailoring School at Ankola was 30. The school is recognised by the Board of Technical Education of Karnataka Government. During the year twelve students appeared for the Tailoring Examination of this Board. All of them passed. Two stood in first class and ten stood in second class.

The Tailoring School at Mundgod was opened in 1969, mainly for the benefit of the backward class girls, including the Lamanis who are very backward. The strength of this school was 30. During the year six students appeared for the Tailoring Examination of the Board of Technical Education of Karnataka Government. All of them passed. One stood in first class and five stood in second class.

Snacks, Clothes and Books Service in Schools :

The Servants of India Society, in close co-operation with the Kanara Welfare Trust and with the financial assistance of the Central Government is conducting this scheme for the benefit of school children. The backward class pupils who attend our high schools from considerable distance are daily given mid-day snacks free of charge. The total number of children benefited under this scheme during the year was 558.

Backward class poor students were also supplied free clothes and text-books in our High Schools under the same scheme. The total number of pupils who received clothes was 405, while the number of pupils who received books was 575. The total number of students who were benefited under this Scheme was 1,538.

Thakkar Bapa Hostel, Ankola

The total number of inmates in this Hostel was 30. All inmates are provided free boarding and lodging and are given clothes and text-books free of cost. All these students belong to the aboriginal tribe known as 'Halakki Vakkals'. They are the most backward in the district.

The Hostel has three buildings specially constructed for the purpose. In two buildings students live, and the third building is meant for the dining room, cooking room, store room and bath room. The Hostel is situated on a fine site. The inmates of the Hostel maintain a fine garden which includes many banana plants.

Shri Desai was the General Secretary of the Social Service League, Bombay. This is one of the oldest social welfare organisations in the country.

Shri Desai was the Trustee and Secretary of the Bijapur Reconstruction Trust. It has been decided by the Trustees of the Bijapur Reconstruction Trust to build some public wells in those villages of Bijapur district, where the Harijans live in large numbers. It may be mentioned that the interest accrued on the corpus of Rs. 1,50,000/- is Rs. 54,000/-. It is proposed to spend Rs. 50,000/- out of the interest accrued and to request the Government of Karnataka to sanction an equal amount of Rs. 50,000/- making a total of rupees one lakh. This amount of rupees one lakh is proposed to be spent for public wells. These wells will be named as "Thakkar Bapa Wells". It may be noted that the Bijapur Reconstruction Trust was founded by Thakkar Bapa.

Tamilnadu :

Shri. Venkataraman was elected Vice-Chairman of the Guild of Service (Central) having branches in all the districts of

Tamilnadu and some talukas, as well as in some other States. In the city of Madras, it runs several destitute homes, such as the Seva Samajam Boy's Home and Training Institute, a Working Boys' Hostel, a Nursery School, a Bakery run entirely by women, a Destitute Girls' Home and Girls' Training Institute, Mary Clubwala Girls' High School, Hospital visits by women and men volunteers, Bala Vihar, (an institution for the mentally retarded children), several slum welfare centres, the Madras School of Social Work, which offers a two year post-graduate course in Social Work and a mobile Nutrition Unit which visits slums and welfare institutions demonstrating the preparation of wheat dishes thus popularising the consumption of wheat. Shri. Venkatarman was an ex-officio member of the committees of the above said units of the Guild of Service and attended most of the meetings of its working and executive committees during the year.

Shri. Venkataraman continued to be one of the Vice-Presidents of the Indian Council of Social Welfare, Madras Branch. He represented the Madras Branch on the Central Executive Committee of the Council at Bombay. He participated in its meetings held in Panaji, Goa, and a seminar on '*The Growing Child*'. He pleaded for special attention to the tribal children in rural and tribal areas.

He continued to be a member of the Board of Management of the Madras School of Social Work, of the Advisory Committee of the After-Care Home for men at Pallavaram, 10 miles South of Madras, and of the Executive Committee of the Association for Moral and Social Hygiene.

Shri. Venkataraman was one of the Vice-Presidents of Indian Council for Child Welfare. He wrote an article '*Toda child—a vignette*' for the Childrens Day Number published by the I. C. C. W. Tamilnadu Branch. He continued to be the Chairman of Bala Sevika Training Committee. He interviewed along with three others, candidates seeking admission to the course and presided over the quarterly meetings of the Committee to review the work of the training course.

Maharashtra :

Dr. Kakade continued to be Chairman of the Managing Committee of the District Probation and After-care Association of Poona. The Association conducts one Remand Home for boys and another for girls, besides a Child Guidance clinic. He attended the meetings of the Executive Committee and the Managing Committee and presided over them.

He was elected as one of the Vice-Presidents of the Maharashtra State Probation and After-care Association.

He continued to be one of the Hony. Secretaries of the Society for the Welfare of the Physically Handicapped in Wanawad i which runs a Home for Crippled Children between 6 and 18 years of age. The Home provides free of cost food, clothing and bedding, shelter, medical treatment and surgical operations and prosthetic aids, education and pre-vocational training to the inmates whose number normally fluctuates roundabout 65. The Home receives grant-in-aid from the State Government which is highly inadequate. To meet the deficit, the Society is required to collect every year donations of about Rs. 15,000/- or more.

Dr. Kakade continued to be one of the Hony. Treasurers of the Mahila Seva Mandal which runs a Rescue Home for women and children in moral danger, an Orphanage, a Training-cum-Production Centre and a Hostel for earning women in low income brackets. The Primary School which was started a few years back for the inmate-children has been recognised by Government for purposes of grant. A new building for the school is under construction. Normally there are about 350 inmates, both women and children, in the Mahila Sevagram. It being a recognised institution receives grant-in-aid from Government.

He continued to be Hony. Treasurer of the Navjeevan Mandal which works for the welfare of released prisoners.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar continued to be a Secretary of the Social Service League, one of the oldest institutions in Bombay. The League conducts among other things, two High Schools, a Textile Training School, six Industrial Schools for Women, three Libraries, a Gymnasium, a Co-operative Credit Society, a Cooperative Dramatic Association and two dispensaries. The

League spent Rs. 10,41,500/- for its various activities during the year.

He continued to be a Secretary of the Bombay Social Reform Association, established in 1903. He was a member of the Health Committee of the Association for Moral and Social Hygiene (Maharashtra State Branch).

Andhra Pradesh

Shri S. S. Mishra continues to look after the Gokhale Children's Home at Narasannapet, Srikakulam District. The Home, started in the year 1945 in the wake of a devastating cyclone in the then North-Vizag District, has been rendering valuable service to the orphaned and helpless children of the area. During the year there were 20 children (all male) in the Home. The institution provides free boarding and lodging, clothing, soap and oil, education and free medical aid to the inmates of the Home.

The Home used to have on an average about 45 children, but the number during the year fell to 20 on account of the stoppage of grant of Rs. 10,120 per annum from the Social Welfare Department of the Andhra Pradesh Government, due to the new policy of the A. P. Government to stop giving subsidy to privately managed hostels by starting hostels directly managed by them.

Of the 20 boys in the home 10 belonged to backward classes, 9 to scheduled class and one to economically backward class.

The Central Social Welfare Board had sanctioned a grant of Rs. 7,200 for three years ending March 1974. The management has applied to the Board to increase the grant to Rs. 5,000 per year to the home in view of the withdrawal of the annual grant by the Andhra Pradesh Government.

The Gokhale Seva Samaj, an organisation constituted to help this institution, under the Scheme "A handful of rice a day a house" gave a donation of Rs. 3,710-40 for the maintenance of this Home. A donation of Rs. 400/- was received from the Melukolupu Sangam, Narasannapet. The total donations received during this year were Rs. 4,269-38. Officials of the Central Social Welfare Board and some other VIPs. visited the

institution and expressed satisfaction about its work. The Home is under the management of Shri P. S. Prasad Rao, an attache of the society and Shri Ravindra Kumar Sahoo is working as the warden of the Home.

Medical Relief

The Kanara Welfare Trust conducts two dispensaries in the rural areas. These dispensaries are situated at Bankikodla in Kumta Taluka and at Shirali in Bhatkal Taluka. Both these dispensaries were managed by qualified doctors and were well supplied with medicines. The work of these dispensaries was appreciated by the people.

The Thakkar Bapa Seva Kendra of the Trust conducts a Maternity Clinic at Ankola, mainly for the benefit of Harijans and other Backward classes. A whole-time qualified midwife works at this Clinic.

Shri S. S. Misra assisted by Shri Madhusudan Sahoo supervised the activities of the leprosy clinic at Choudwar in Orissa.

This is the oldest activity of the Choudwar Centre of the Servants of India Society. It was started in the year 1927 and is in charge of a worker who has taken special training in the treatment of of leprosy patients. The clinic works on every Sunday in the week and the patients are given Dapson, Vitamin and other tablets. They are also supplied with mid-day tiffin out of the grant made by the Central Social Welfare Board for the purpose. The number of patients treated during the year 1973-74 was 3023. The average number of patients attending the clinic on every Sunday was 62. The annual expenses of running the clinic amounted to Rs. 7610-15.

Since 1-3-73 a Nursery school called the Sishu Vihar has been functioning in the premises of the society at Choudwar Centre. This is a self-supporting institution. It has now 51 students and three lady teacher including the head-mistress of the Sishu Vihar. The daily average attendance of the students in the school is 45. Mainly the students belonging to the economical backward class are reading in the Sishu Vihar.

There is a library and a reading room for public use at Choudwar Centre, Choudwar.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar was a member of the Supervising Committee of the Bai Bachubai Kanji Karsandas Charitable Allopathic Dispensary and Ayurvedic Dispensary of the Social Service League. Both the dispensaries are located at League's Parel Office. In the Allopathic dispensary women and children are treated by a lady doctor at nominal charges. The total number of patients treated during the year was 5,423 of whom 3720 were women and 1703 were children. In the Ayurvedic dispensary, men, women and children are treated by a qualified Vaidya. The total number of patients treated at the Ayurvedic dispensary was 3,334, out of whom 1,116 were men, 1,173 were women and 1,045 were children.

Other Activities

Shri S. G. Gokhale looks after the affairs of the Gokhale Hall property which has now been made over to the Society after the dissolution of the Deccan Sabha.

Shri S. S. Misra is Vice-President of the Gana Sanskruti Parishad having as its aim the promotion of civic amenities in the towns of Orissa. He is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Kala Vikash Kendra, an institution having as its aim the promotion of cultural activities in Orissa. He is also a member of the Executive Body of the same institution. He is one of the Vice-Presidents of the Orissa Branch of the Guild of Service.

Shri Desai is a Trustee of the Divekar Charity Trust founded by Dr. M. R. Divekar who comes from North Kanara District. This Trust spends money on educational and medical relief.

Shri S. S. Ajaonkar continued to be a member of Supervising Committee of the Social Service League Gymnasium which was started in 1923. During the year the average number of members on the roll was 413, and the average daily attendance was 309.

Dr. R. G. Kakade continued to be one of the Trustees of the Mahadeva Govind Ranade Trust representing the Society. He is also a Trustee of the Dr. R. P. Paranjpye Trust representing the Society.

Printing Presses

Shri R. S. Gupte was in charge of the Aryabhushan Press, Poona. Shri S. S. Ajaonkar was in charge of the Bombay Vaibhav Press, Bombay. Both these presses are owned by the Society.

**GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS,
POONA 411 004**

Annual Report For The Year 1973-74

During the year under report research staff of the Institute continued to work on a number of research projects. Some of the research projects were taken up partly for their wider research interest and a few at the request of some official and non-official agencies working in the field. In the following are the studies completed during the year under report :—

- 1) A study of Incomes, Savings and Investments in Agriculturally prosperous Areas in Ahmednagar district, Maharashtra State, 1969-70. Provisional report M. P. Khare submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture in May 1973 and article published in Artha Vijnana.
- 2) A study of Incomes, Savings and Investments in Agriculturally prosperous Areas in Bangalore district, Mysore State, 1970-71. Submitted to the C. S. Gajarajan Ministry of Agriculture, in August 1973.
- 3) An Economic Survey of Chafal Valley comprising of 14 villages in Patan taluka of Satara district, Maharashtra State. Report submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture in May 1974. D. P. Apte
- 4) Survey of Special Employment Programmes under SFDA and MFAL Schemes, Satara District, Maharashtra State, Kharif 1972-73. Provisional Report submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture in July 1973. M. V. Joglekar

- (5) Concurrent Evaluation of SFDA, Mysore District, Mysore State 1972-73. Provisional Report submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture in August 1973. V. S. Satya-priya
- (6) Crop Loans in Ankola District, 1968-69. Submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture in April 1974. M. B. Padki
- (7) Status of Women. Submitted to the National Committee on Status of Women, the following papers: Mrs. K. Dandekar
- (i) Hindrances to raising the age at marriage indicating the status of women in India.
- (ii) Sex-ratio and mortality differentials among the sexes.
- (iii) Employment of Indian women and possibility of their raising status in the society.
- (8) Human Fertility and Its Control—Past, Present and Future. Submitted to Population Year Celebration Volume for India. Mrs. K. Dandekar
- (9) Impact of the Three Five-Year Plans on Rural India. Submitted to the Ministry of Health, November 1973. Mrs. K. Dandekar and Mrs. V. Bhate
- (10) A Note on the Self Removal Procedure and Excise Duties: Comparison of Production Trends of Individual Commodities. Submitted to the SRP Review Committee in June 1973. M. C. Purohit

- (11) Sales Tax Exemptions— Submitted to the M. C. Purohit
Its Economics and Reve- Finance Depart-
nue Potentiality. nent, Govt. of
Maharashtra in
December 1973.
- (12) Regional Variations in Published in Artha N. Rath
Cost and Level of Living Vijnana, December
in Rural India, 1960-61. 1973.
- (13) Thesis "Tribals in an G. M. Gare
Urban Setting" Revised
for publication in the
light of the comments
and suggestions made by
ICSSR, New Delhi.
- (14) Data Base on Indian Paper to be publi- A. R. Kamat
Educational Statistics. shed in the volume
on Data Base
Seminar.
- (15) Has Rural Unemployment Paper to be published N. Rath
Declined? Examination in the volume on
of Some Recent N. S. S. Data Base Seminar.
Data on Employment and
Expenditure.
- (16) Consistency between Age- Paper to be Mrs. K.
Structure, Life-tables and published in the Dandekar
Population Counts in volume on Data and
Indian Census. Base Seminar. Mrs. S. Mulay

The work on the following studies is in progress and is expected to be completed in the forthcoming year :

1. A Study of Incomes, Savings and Invest- M. P. Khare
ment in Agriculturally Prosperous Areas in and
Ahmednagar district of Maharashtra State— C.S. Gajarajan
Reports for the years 1970-71 and 1971-72 and
combined report for the years 1969-70 to 1971-72,
and Bangalore District, Mysore State—Report
for the year 1971-72 and combined report for
the years 1970-71 and 1971-72.

2. Concurrent Evaluation of the work of M. V. Joglekar and Small Farmers' Development Agency and also of the Programme for Small and Marginal Farmers in Satara District, Maharashtra State and Mysore District, Mysore State. C.S. Gajarajan
3. A Survey of Scarcity Affected Areas in certain areas of Maharashtra State. Mrs. S. Brahme
4. Agrarian Legislation in India, 1793-1966, Vol. II. D. C. Wadhwa
5. Trends in the Price-Size Relationships of Teak and other Important Wood Species in Maharashtra. S.W. Muranjan
6. Employment Effects of the Crash Scheme for Rural Employment in Thana District, Maharashtra. D. P. Apte
7. Construction of Statewise Input-Output Tables and Building up an Inter-Regional Model. P. Venkat-ramaiah and A. R. Kulkarni
8. Studies in the Changes of the Structure of the Indian Economy 1950-1965. P. Venkat-ramaiah and Mrs. L. C. Argade
9. Growth of Public Finance in India. M. C. Purohit
10. Foreign Trade and Economic Growth in India (1951-75) - a study in structural inter-dependence of the export, import and domestic sectors. S. V. Bokil
11. Employment in the Manufacturing Industry - An Analysis of Growth Rate and Trend (1960-70). A. Mitra
12. Occupationwise analysis of workers engaged in different industrial categories based on the data given by two Censuses (1961 and 1971) and also data published by the Directorate General of Employment and Training for the Organized Sector. A. Mitra

13. **Annotated Bibliography of Economic History of India: Under a three-year project financed by the Indian Council of Social Science Research, 6,000 items were annotated during the year 1972-73 and another 7,000 items were annotated during the year 1973-74. The bibliography will be published in eleven volumes as follows :** **S. H. Pore and others**

1. Selections from Records.
2. Survey Settlement Reports.
3. British Parliamentary Papers.
4. Committee Reports.
5. Census Reports.
6. Gazetteers.
7. Acts and Regulations.
8. Serials.
9. Theses.
10. Books.
11. Articles.

Volume I on Selections from Records, was prepared during the year under report and finalised for sending to the Press. At least three more volumes are expected to be ready during the next year (1974-75).

14. **Changes in the different aspects of social life of people in Rural and Urban Maharashtra, 1947-1972.** **A. Bopegamage**

15. **Status of Retired Military Officers in India.** **A. Bopegamage**

16. **The Study of Uneven Progress of the Family Planning Centres in Rural Maharashtra and Factors Affecting the Progress.** **Mrs. V. Bhate**

17. **A Study of differentials in family planning success in various districts of Maharashtra.** **Mrs. V. Bhate**

18. Analysis of Expenditure on Medical and Public Health and Social Services for 1957-1960 and 1968-70 for various States in India and Analysis of Available Manpower. P. B. Jorapur
Mrs. S. Mulay
19. Evaluation Study of I. U. D. Mass Programme in Maharashtra. Mrs. K.
Dandekar
20. Population Redistribution and Economic Change in India, 1951-1971. Mrs. K.
Dandekar
21. Evaluation of the Welfare Programme for Scheduled Tribes. G. M. Gare
22. Output and Employment in Manufacturing Sector : 1951-1958. Mrs. V. K.
Purohit
23. Review of Research on Benefit-Cost Analysis in irrigation and Rural Electrification in India. N. Rath

Under a grant from the Planning Commission, the Institute organized the Second Seminar on the Data Base of Indian Economy on the Role of the Sample Surveys in Collecting Official Statistics on 9th, 10th and 11th June 1973. About 50 papers were presented and nearly 100 delegates participated in the Seminar. The papers have now been edited and are ready for publication.

Under a grant from the Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi, Prof. Mrs Joan Robinson gave a seminar at this Institute from 10th to 16th January 1974 on her recent text-book on Economic Theory. About 20 teachers from some colleges and universities in Maharashtra and Gujarat participated in the Seminar.

Shri P. V. Pandurangi, a Ph. D. Fellow, who expired on 9-12-1971 had expressed a desire to his parents that the accumulated amount may be returned to the Institute as he was unable to complete his thesis before death. The Institute received from his parents the accumulated fellowship in the form of an endowment grant of Rs. 4,000/- during the year under report. The Institute has decided to utilise this amount by instituting Pandurangi Essay Prize Competition in his memory. Essays on the Current Price Situation in India were invited from post-graduate

students and junior lecturers from colleges in the Poona University. We received 7 essays. Though none of the essays came upto our expectations, we awarded four prizes to the following to encourage the participants :—

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|---|------------|
| (1) Miss Brinda Ramchandran, M. A. Part II Economics Student from the University's Post-graduate Centre of Teaching in Economics located at this Institute. | Rs. 150·00 |
| (2) Shri B. N. Zemse, M. A. Part II Economics Student Bhiwandi Nizampur Nagarpalika College, Bhiwandi. | Rs. 50·00 |
| (3) Miss Paramjit Wahan, Junior Research Fellow at this Institute. | Rs. 50·00 |
| (4) Shri V. V. Acharya, Lecturer, Tuljaram Chaturchand College, Baramati. | Rs. 50·00 |

During the year 1973-74 there were about 30 students for M. A. Part I and 50 students for M. A. Part II in Economics at the Centre for Post-Graduate Teaching in Economics of the University of Poona located at this Institute.

The Institute was able to revive its interest and effort in post-graduate teaching. At the initiative of the Institute the University of Poona has approved special courses in Economics (Mathematics-based) which may be offered by the Second Year B. Sc. and Second Year B. A. students together with Mathematics and Mathematical Statistics. The teaching in Economics is located at the Advanced Centre. The experience during the year has been encouraging. Nine students (7 B. A. and 2 B. Sc.) have offered the course.

During the year under report 3 National Scholarships awarded last year to M. A. Part I students in Economics were continued. Three fresh National Scholarships were awarded to M. A. Part I students in Economics during the year 1973-74.

Besides, in the U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Economics 6 Junior Fellows who were awarded fellowships in the previous year continued to work on their Ph. D. theses

during the year under report. Because of want of suitable candidates, only one Junior Fellowship out of the four Junior Fellowships could be awarded this year. The selected candidate later received a Senior Fellowship from the Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi, to work on his Ph. D. thesis. As such none of the Junior Fellowships could be utilised during the year under report. We also could not award any Senior Research Fellowship for want of suitable candidates during the year under report. A Reader in Economics from M. P. C. College, Baripada, Orissa, who was awarded a Senior Fellowship for one year from 12-9-1972 continued to work at the Centre upto 11-9-1973.

Under the Programme of Visiting Fellowships, a Reader in Economics from the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta, who was awarded a fellowship last year continued to work at the Centre upto 7th September 1973.

Under a fellowship for one year from the Indian Council of Social Science Research, New Delhi, Professor K. R. Ranadive from the University of Bombay was at this Institute from 15th June 1973. During this period she worked on 'Behaviour of Income Share : Facts and Theory'.

Under the Teacher Fellowship Programme for College Teachers fellowships were awarded to two college teachers from Poona University and one college teacher each from Marathwada University and Mahatma Phule Krishi Vidyapeeth. The Teacher Fellows worked on the following topics : (1) A Critical Review of Research Work in Agricultural Marketing and Prices, (2) Famine Conditions in Sinnar Taluka, Nasik District, Maharashtra State, 1970-73, (3) Green Revolution in India—Its Effects and Problems, and (4) Review of Literature on Soviet Economic Aid to India.

A student from the University of Paris, who joined the Institute in December 1972 under one year fellowship under the Indo-French Cultural Exchange Programme 1971-73 continued to work on (a) Handicrafts of India and (b) The Nature of Religion and Religious Life in Rural India. The fellowship has been extended upto 31st August, 1974.

Under a fellowship from the Basel University Fellowship Fund a research scholar who joined the Institute in July 1972 continued to work on his research project upto June 1973.

A Ph. D. student of the University of Paris reported at this Institute under a grant from the Canada Council, Ottawa, under the Council's fellowship programme for one year from 1st December 1973 to work on "The Nature of the Village Society in Maharashtra in Regard to the Social, Economic and Political Aspects of the State."

Dr. K. L. Joshi, who joined the Institute on 1st January 1973 under the University Grants Commission's scheme for preparation of University Level books by Indian authors continued to work on "The Problems of Higher Education in India"

Dr. P. V. Sukhatme, an Emeritus Scientist of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, continued to work on "Studies on the Nature of Food and Protein Problem in India" under a grant sanctioned by the I. C. A. R.

Professor V. M. Dandekar attended the First General Meeting of Asian Association of Development Research and Training Institute at Bangkok from 30th July to 1st August and the Second Meeting on 2-3 November 1973. He participated (on behalf of the U. G. C.) in the "Indo-Hungarian Colloquium" on Economic Sciences held at Budapest from 8th to 18th October 1973. Professor Dandekar delivered Presidential Address at the All India Economic Conference at Tiruchirapalli (December 27-29, 1973) and delivered First G. D. Somani Memorial Lecture at Bombay on 8th January 1974. He visited Shivaji University, Kolhapur, on 28th and 29th January 1974 to deliver three lectures in Economics to the post-graduate students of the University. On 2nd and 3rd March 1974 he delivered the late Bhai Kaka Memorial Lecture on behalf of the Charutar Vidya Mandal at Vallabh Vidyanagar. Prof. Dandekar was this year the recipient of the "Acharya Atre Award" given by the Acharya Atre Foundation, Bombay. Prof. Dandekar continued to be the Chairman of the Governing Council of the National Sample Survey Organization and the Pimpri-Chinchwad New Town Development Authority.

Professor N. Rath participated in the Seminar on Teaching of Land and Resource Economics Problem held in November 1973 at Hongkong which was sponsored by Kasetsart University, Bangkok, Thailand. He also attended a workshop on the proposal for a "Clearing House for Social Sciences in Asia", organized by the Frederick Ewan Stifung of West Germany at Bangkok in the middle of April 1973. He was nominated by the Government of Orissa as a Member of the Orissa State Planning Board, in June 1973. Since then he has attended three meetings of the Board at Bhubaneswar and submitted to the Orissa State Planning Board notes on (i) Estimates of Agricultural Production in the Fifth Plan (Draft) of Orissa, (ii) Irrigation (major, medium, minor — flow and lift) in the Fifth Plan (Draft) of Orissa, (iii) Land Reforms in Orissa and (iv) Approach to a Sub-Plan for Backward Area Development in Orissa.

Shri D. P. Apte was this year the recipient of the Pant Award given by the Government of Uttar Pradesh for his book in Hindi on Techniques of Socio-Economic Investigations.

Dr. G. M. Gare received along with the joint author an award of the Government of Maharashtra for the book entitled "महाराष्ट्रातील दलित—शोध आणि बोध" based on the report on untouchability submitted to the Indian Council of Social Science Research during 1972-73.

Under the programme of exchange of visits of scholars between the Centres of Advanced Study in India and the Universities/research institutions in U. K. in the programme of British Assistance to the Centres of Advanced Study Projects in Indian Universities, Dr. V. D. Divekar, Assistant Librarian, was deputed to U. K. for one year from October 1973 to collect material for the project entitled "A Comprehensive Annotated Bibliography on the Economic History of India" at the School of Oriental and African Studies, University of London, London. Dr. G. R. Mulla and Dr. N. Benjamin, Lecturers, who were deputed to U. K. during the year 1972-73 to work on the "Problems of Regional Imbalance in Economic Development" and "Comprehensive Annotated Bibliography of the Economic History of India" respectively returned in September 1973.

Professor A. R. Kamat, Joint Director, who was granted extension of two years upto 3rd February 1974 after reaching the age of 60 years, retired from the service of the Institute during the year under report.

During the year under report the following publications were brought out :

- (1) Agrarian Legislation in India (1793-1966), Volume I, D. C. Wadhwa.
- (2) द. र. गाढगीळ लेखसंग्रह (१९२३-१९६९) खंड १, संपादक : सुलभा ब्रह्म.
- (3) The Politics and Economics of "Intermediate Regimes" (Kale Memorial Lecture by K. N. Raj, 1973).
- (4) Marketing of Paddy—A Study based on fifteen villages (Igatpuri Taluka, Nasik District, Maharashtra State), V. S. Satyapriya (Mimeograph Series No. 18).
- (5) Selected Writings and Speeches of Prof. Gadgil on Planning and Development (1967-1971), Ed. A. R. Kamat (In Press).
- (6) Compendium of Forest Resources in Maharashtra State—Forest Enumerations—S. N. Gadam (In Press).

Volume XV of the Institute's Quarterly Journal ARTHA VIJNANA was published during the year under report.

The State Board for Literature and Culture, Government of Maharashtra, during the year under report, sanctioned additional grant to meet a part of the expenses on account of the publication of the 2nd Volume in Marathi of the collection of articles published between 1923 to 1969 by the late Prof. D. R. Gadgil.

"Educational Situation and Other Essays" being a collection of papers on Education written by Prof. A. R. Kamat was published by the Peoples Publishing House, New Delhi during the year under report.

The Institute constructed during the year under report residential quarters for Field Investigators, Office Peons and Malis.

We are glad to report that the following research students who worked for their Ph. D. in Economics under the guidance of the members of the staff of the Institute were awarded the Ph. D. degree of the University of Poona during the year :

- (1) Shri B. M. Mahajan, Economics of Consumer behaviour in India with articulation of Methods for approximate determination of Indifferences Surfaces.
- (2) Shri V. S. Satyapriya Marketing of Arecanut in Mysore State.

The following thesis for Ph. D. in Economics was submitted during the period under report :

- (1) Land Utilisation and Cropping Pattern in Mysore State — A Post-Independence Study — Shri M. Prahladachar.

The R. R. Kale Memorial Lecture was delivered this year (1974) by Dr. H. K. Paranjape. The subject of the lecture was "India's Strategy for Industrial Growth — An Appraisal".



**Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics
Poona 411 004.**

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 1974

AND

**Income and Expenditure Account
For the Year Ended 31st March 1974**

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Publication Reserve				
Stock of Publications	42,972-93			
Advance Provision for Publications as per last Balance Sheet	31,273-88		74,246-81	
Reserve for Buildings and Equipment				
As per last Balance Sheet	1,18,143-00			
Add: Amount transferred from Income and Expenditure Account	39,381-00		1,57,524-00	
Reserve for Replacement of Tabulating Machinery				
As per last Balance Sheet	1,25,113-98			
Add: Provision made this year	2,000-00			
Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments	5,637-50		1,32,751-48	
Reserve for Statistical Laboratory				
As per last Balance Sheet	60,315-15			
Add: Interest received or accrued on earmarked investments	3,574-95		63,890-10	
Reserve for Staff Quarters and Hostel Repairs Etc.				
As per last Balance Sheet	30,882-97			
Add: Transferred from Income and Expenditure Account :				
(i) Contribution to Development Levy for Staff Quarters etc.	2,619-24			
(ii) Surplus of rent and other receipts over expenditure	7,461-33		40,963-54	
Reserve for Gratuity				
As per last Balance Sheet	3,905-02			
Add: Interest transferred from Income and Expenditure Account	234-30		4,139-32	
Liabilities				
For Expenses	26,560-16			
Mess Deposit	1,200-00			
Electricity Deposits	811-40			
Hostel Deposit	722-50			
Total carried forward	29,294-06		4,73,515-25	

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 411004

at 31st March 1974

ASSETS		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Freehold Land (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet				1,93,328	46
Buildings (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet		14,27,791	10		
Less : Provision for Depreciation made upto 31st March 1970		1,51,032	00	12,76,759	10
Buildings under construction (including advance paid to Contractor)					
				82,838	71
Tabulating Machines (At cost including installation expenses)					
As per last Balance Sheet		90,621	90		
Less : Provision for Depreciation made upto last year		88,318	03		
made this year		800	00	89,118	03
				1,503	87
Furniture, Deadstock and Equipment (At cost)					
As per last Balance Sheet		2,16,503	08		
Less : Provision for Depreciation made upto 31st March 1970		98,006	00	1,18,497	08
Investments (At cost)					
Earmarked Investments					
For Replacement of Tabulating Machines and Equipment					
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona					
As per last Balance Sheet		80,000	00		
Add : Investments during this year		45,000	00	1,25,000	00
For Statistical Laboratory					
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona		51,000	00		
7 Years' National Savings Certificate (Face Value)		5,000	00		
12 Years' National Defence Certificate (Face Value)		5,000	00		
Add : Interest accrued		700	00	61,700	00
Total carried forward		1,86,700	00	16,72,927	22

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward	29,294-06		4,73,515-25	
Sundry Credit Balances and Advance Receipts	50,008-98			
Amount payable to Bank for Purchase of Foreign Exchange	46,500-00			
Retention Money and Tender Deposits	3,399-35			
Provision for Charges for the use of Computer	809-99			
Provision for Contingencies	40-01		1,30,052-39	
Buildings and Equipment Grant				
As per last Balance Sheet			17,89,284-14	
Advance Grants				
Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India for :				
(i) Agro-Economic Research Unit	1,361-45			
(ii) Land Reforms Centre	7,406-17			
Ministry of Health, Family Planning, Government of India for :				
(i) Communication Research Project	7,204-00			
University Grants Commission for :				
(i) Financial Assistance to Teachers	1,070-10			
(ii) Forestry Economics Section	12,580-96			
(iii) Writing University Level Book	1,120-22			
Government of Maharashtra for :				
(i) Four Research Sections	23,014-90			
(ii) III Plan Section	30,867-06			
Planning Commission, Government of India for Research in Planning and Development	22,361-02			
Indian Council of Social Science Research for :				
(i) Publication	300-00			
(ii) Inventory Project	9,825-84			
(iii) Prof. Mrs. Joan Robinson's Seminar	4,794-20			
(iv) Research Fellowship	7,219-36			
Indian Council of Agricultural Research For Emeritus Scientists' Scheme	3,212-82			
Government of Maharashtra, State Board of Literature, for Publication	2,300-00			
Sir Dorabjee Tata Trust for Special Grant for Books	1,964-02		1,36,602-12	
Total carried forward			25,29,453-90	

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 411004.

at 31st March 1974

ASSETS	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
Total brought forward	1,86,700-00	16,72,927-22.
For P. V. Pandurangi Prize		
Endowment Grant Investment		
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona	4,000-00	1,90,700-00
Other Investments		
Fixed and Short Term Deposits with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona	11,70,000-00	
Equity Shares of Poona University Federal Co-operative Consumers' Stores Ltd.	1,000-00	11,71,000-00
*Lodged for arrangements of Cash Credit with the Bank Rs. 5,00,000/—		
Publications		
Stock on Hand : At cost	42,972-93	
Stock of Paper on hand : At cost	3,121-87	46,094-80
Deposits		
With the Maharashtra State Electricity Board for Electric Connection	3,105-00	
With the Superintendent, Govt. Milk Supply Scheme, Poona	4,992-00	
With the Divisional Engineer, Telephones, Poona	640-00	
With Kosangas Company for Gas Cylinder	100-00	8,837-00
Advances		
For Purchases	14,721-44	
For Expenses	7,037-49	
To Employees	26,950-07	48,709-00
Amount Receivable		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of India for study re. Crash Scheme for Rural Employment	688-75	
Ministry of Health, Government of India for Demography Section	1,10,273-07	
Total carried forward	1,10,961-82	31,38,268-02

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward			25,29,453-90	
The Rockefeller Foundation				
Stabilization Grant				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	10,48,642-80			
Add : Interest received during this year		76,114-70		
		<u>11,24,757-50</u>		
Less : Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account	58,717-77		10,66,039-73	
P. V. Pandurangi Prize Endowment Grant	4,000-00			
Add : Interest received during the year		556-35		
		<u>4,556-35</u>		
Less : Prizes awarded during the year		300-00	4,256-35	
Total			<u>35,99,749-98</u>	

Notes :

(1) Stock of Publications on 31-3-1974 Rs. 42,972-93 is inclusive of stock with the following distributors as per their latest Statement of Accounts, on the record of the Institute :

- (i) Asia Publishing House,
Statement upto the period
31 December 1970 10,622-49
- (ii) Orient Longman Ltd.,
Statement upto the
period 30 Sept. 1973 722-07

(2) The UNESCO Book Coupons in Dollars acquired before 6th June 1966 have been converted into rupees at the pre-devaluation rate of exchange.

Examined and found correct

Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co.

Chartered Accountants

8th June, 1974.

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar,

Director,

Gokhale Institute of
Politics and Economics,
Poona 411004

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 411004

at 31st March 1974

ASSETS	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward	1,10,961-82		31,38,268-02	
University Grants Commission for :				
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in Economics	43,033-49			
(ii) Revision of Salary Scales of Library Staff		240-00		
Indian Council of Social Science Research for Bibliography Project	22,049-10			
Indian Council of Agriculture Research for Study re. Nature and Food Protein Problem in India		9,862-37		
Others	92,056-03		2,78,202-81	
Cash And Bank Balances				
Postage Stamps in Hand		495-15		
Cheques on Hand	1,35,538-50		1,36,033-65	
In Current Account with Banks				
With United Commercial Bank, Poona	7,202-28			
With Central Bank of India, Poona	7,251-81			
With Bank of Maharashtra, Poona	32,791-41		47,245-50	
Total			35,99,749-98	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF
Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
General Section		
Research-Salaries & Allowances and Investigational Expenses		8,862.41
Library — Schedule 'A'		40,015.68
Publication Section		51,444.66
Establishment Expenses — Schedule 'B'		45,297.86
Contribution to Employees' Provident Fund	63,583.79	
<i>Less</i> : Charged to Research Works etc.	61,159.65	2,424.14
Depreciation on Buildings & Furniture		21,817.00
Furniture and Office Equipment		1,987.22
Contribution to Development Levy for Staff Quarters		2,619.24
Grants receivable not sanctioned		7,871.78
Tabulation Section		
Schedule 'C'	95,103.70	
<i>Less</i> : Charged to various projects	87,500.00	7,603.70
Demography Section		
Schedule 'D'		1,46,928.14
Planning and Development Section		
Schedule 'E'		1,11,028.11
Forestry Economics Section		
Schedule 'F'		43,140.51
Sir Dorabjee Tata Section in Agricultural Economics		
Agro-Economic Research Unit Schedule 'G'		2,21,930.84
U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Economics		
Recurring Expenditure — Schedule 'H'		2,77,384.45
Non-Recurring Expenditure Books and Journals		22,522.24
Land Reforms Centre		
Schedule 'I'		67,588.41
Government of Maharashtra :		
Four Research Sections		
Schedule 'J'		
(i) Development Planning	34,114.48	
(ii) Applied Statistics	44,556.11	
(iii) Urban Economics	29,138.84	
(iv) Rural Sociology	36,745.05	
Expenditure on Office Establishment	19,244.39	1,63,798.87
Total Carried Forward		12,44,265.26

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 411004

for the year ended 31st March 1974

INCOME	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Grants : Receipts and Appropriations				
From the Government of Maharashtra :				
Grant-in-aid	15,000-00			
From State Board of Literature for Publication	7,700-00			
From Sir Dorabjee Tata Trust for purchase of books	3,035-98			
From the Cabinet Secretariat, Government of India towards secretarial assistance to the Chairman, National Sample Survey Organization	10,311-23			
From Others	2,675-00		38,722-21	
Grants for Research Work				
From the Planning Commission, Government of India :				
For Research in Planning and Development	1,32,598-36			
From the Ministry of Health, Government of India :				
For Demography Section	1,46,928-14			
From the Ministry of Agriculture, Government of India, for :				
(i) Agro-Economic Research Unit	2,21,930-84			
(ii) Land Reforms Centre	67,588-41			
(iii) Research Study re : Crash Scheme for Rural Employment	688-75			
From the University Grants Commission (through the University of Poona), for :				
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in Economics	2,99,906-69			
(ii) Forestry Economics Section	21,570-26			
From the Government of Maharashtra, for :				
(i) Four Research Sections	1,63,798-87			
(ii) III Plan Section	53,828-16			
From the Indian Council of Social Science Research :				
(i) A Comprehensive Annotated Bibliography on the Economic History of India	2,31,963-38			
(ii) Inventory Project	2,024-16			
(iii) Prof. Mrs. Joan Robinson : Seminar	2,855-80			
(iv) Research Fellowship	15,210-64			
From the Indian Council of Agricultural Research :				
(i) Grant of Financial Assistance under the Emeritus Scientists' Scheme	9,964-74			
(ii) Research Study re. Nature and Food Protein Problem	9,862-37			
Total Carried Forward	13,80,719-57		38,722-21	

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward				12,44,265-26	
Government of Maharashtra :					
III Plan Section					
Schedule 'K'				53,828-16	
Indian Council for Social Science Research					
(i)	Bibliography Project - Schedule 'L'			2,31,963-38	
(ii)	Inventory Project - Schedule 'M'			2,024-16	
(iii)	Prof. Mrs. Joan Robinson's Seminar			2,855-80	
(iv)	Research Fellowship			15,210-64	
Indian Council of Agricultural Research					
(i)	Emeritus Scientists' Scheme - Schedule 'N'			9,964-74	
(ii)	Research Study re. Nature and Food Protein Problem - Schedule 'O'			9,862-37	
U. N. D. P. Global Project of a Study of Social and Economic Implications of the High Yielding Varieties Programme				1,12,220-90	
Research Study re. Crash Scheme for Rural Employment - Investigational Expenses				688-75	
Note-Sale of Publications :					
Publication Sales are inclusive of sales of Institute Publications made by the following distributors :					
Orient Longman Ltd. for the period from 1 April 1973 to 30 September 1973.					
Bhatkal Books International for the year 1973. For want of statement of accounts from Asia Publishing House from 1 January 1971 onwards, no credit has been taken in the accounts for the sales (if any) of Institute's Publications effected by them from 1 Jan. 1971 till 31 March, 1974.					
Total				16,82,884-16	

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 411004

for the year ended 31st March 1974

INCOME		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Total brought forward		13,80,719-57		38,722-21	
From the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development, Geneva, for U.N.D.P. Global Project of a study of Social and Economic Implications of the High Yielding Varieties Programme		1,16,931-79			
From Others		8,858-21		15,06,509-57	
Receipts					
For Tabulation and Statistical Services		5,940-09			
For Overhead Charges		11,386-87			
Contribution from the University of Poona		6,652-49			
Sale of Publications		16,664-08			
Miscellaneous and Other Receipts		6,482-31			
From R. B. R. R. Kale Trust		22,893-74		70,019-58	
Interest Received					
		Rs.			
On Fixed Deposits		7,335-50			
Less : Transferred to Reserve for Gratuity		234-30		7,101-20	
On Employees' Advances				1,813-83	8,915-03
Staff Quarters and Hostel Account					
Rent and Other Receipts				58,219-77	
Less : Maintenance		33,194-44			
Provision for Depreciation		17,564-00		50,758-44	
				7,461-33	
Transferred to Reserve for Staff Quarters and Hostel Repairs etc.				7,461-33	
Contribution towards deficit for the year					
From the Rockefeller Foundation Stabilization Grant					58,717-77
Total					16,82,884-16

Examined and found correct

Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants

8th June, 1974

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar
Director,
Gokhale Institute of
Politics and Economics,
Poona 411004

**GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS,
POONA 411004**

*Schedule forming part of Income and Expenditure
Account for the year ending 31st March 1974*

SCHEDULE ' A '

Library	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Books and Periodicals			4,872	48
Establishment			24,549	25
Bookbinding charges			6,569	00
Microfilm camera maintenance			879	14
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			3,145	81
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			40,015	68

SCHEDULE ' B '

Establishment Expenses				
Salaries of Office Staff			12,151	99
Postage and Telephones			5,190	98
Printing and Stationery			2,171	33
Travelling and Conveyance			1,477	80
Building and Garden Repairs and Maintenance			6,820	03
Rent, Taxes and Insurance			2,071	74
Electricity Charges			833	60
Miscellaneous Expenses			10,714	84
Audit Fees		2,000	00	
Less: Charged to Research Works		<u>500</u>	00	1,500
Legal Expenses			2,365	53
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			45,297	86

SCHEDULE ' C '

Tabulating Section				
Salaries and Allowances including piecework payments			66,134	78
Printing, Stationery and Miscellaneous			3,040	10
Machinery Maintenance			19,989	04
Depreciation on Tabulating Machines			800	00
Charges for the use of Computer			3,139	78
Provision for replacement of Tabulating Machines			2,000	00
			<hr/>	<hr/>
			95,103	70

SCHEDULE ' D '

Demography Section		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Salaries and Allowances :					
Professor		15,981-29			
Lecturer		12,110-00			
Research Assistants		16,958-51			
Investigators		16,288-49			
Office Establishment		25,651-63			
Library Assistant		6,752-60			
Key Punch Operators/Tabulators		17,884-80			
Provident Fund Contribution		6,158-66		1,17,785-98	
				<hr/>	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies				7,896-91	
Investigational Expenses				6,226-01	
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services				10,009-52	
Books and Periodicals				5,009-72	
				<hr/>	
				1,46,928.14	

SCHEDULE ' E '

Planning and Development Section		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Salaries and Allowances :					
Reader		13,754-00			
Lecturers		10,712-60			
Research Assistants		34,428-20			
Office Establishment		15,810-97			
Provident Fund Contribution		5,406-07		80,111-84	
				<hr/>	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies				6,736-80	
Investigational Expenses				858-55	
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services				3,184-53	
Books and Periodicals				10,001-12	
Expenditure on Forest Labour Co-operatives Study				2,546-03	
Seminar on Data Base of Indian Economy				4,548-99	
Computer Processing of Data				3,040-25	
				<hr/>	
				1,11,028-11	

SCHEDULE ' F '

Forestry Economics Section		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Salaries and Allowances :					
Lecturers		25,295-20			
Technical Staff		11,722-52			
Provident Fund Contribution		2,647-50		39,665-22	
				<hr/>	
Investigational Expenses				30-30	
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services				3,444-99	
				<hr/>	
				43,140-51	

SCHEDULE ' G

Agro-Economic Research Unit			
Non-Plan Expenditure		Rs. P.	Rs. P.
Salaries and Allowances :			
Reader		17,834-00	
Lecturers		46,287-93	
Research Assistants		20,293-91	
Field Inspector		9,115-40	
Field Investigators		13,618-23	
Office Establishment		38,274-85	
Library Establishment		11,865-53	
Provident Fund Contribution		12,208-31	1,69,498-16
		<hr/>	
Investigational Expenses			7,174-04
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services			31,578-65
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			8,680-29
Books and Periodicals			4,999-70
			<hr/>
			2,21,930-84

SCHEDULE ' H '

U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study in Economics			
Expenditure from recurring grant			
Salaries and Allowances :			
Professors		44,496-00	
Readers		24,834-00	
Lecturers		15,727-40	
Research Fellowships		24,320-13	
Visiting Fellowships		6,837-03	
Teacher Fellowships		34,081-05	
National Scholarships		10,104-16	
Technical Staff		19,165-00	
Administrative Staff		35,497-00	2,14,561-77
		<hr/>	
Books and Journals			15,001-87
Travel			4,667-31
Other Expenditure			17,858-58
Publications			25,294-92
			<hr/>
			2,77,384-45

SCHEDULE ' I

Land Reforms Centre			
Salaries and Allowances:			
Readers		10,614-00	
Lecturers		3,575-83	
Research Assistants		5,126-01	
Office Establishment		15,959-70	
Library Assistant		6,752-60	
Provident Fund Contribution		2,393-20	44,421-34
		<hr/>	
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies			5,134-04
Investigational Expenses			427-30
Tabulation and Statistical Services			7,997-57
Books and Periodicals			10,008-16
			<hr/>
			67,588-41

SCHEDULE 'J'

Government of Maharashtra : Four Research Sections

	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
1. Development Planning		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Reader	953-70	
Lecturers	12,110-00	
Research Assistants	10,430-84	
Provident Fund Contribution	1,734-00	25,228-54
Books and Periodicals		1,501-38
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		6,371-25
Contingencies		1,013-31
		<u>34,114-48</u>
2. Applied Statistics		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Professor	21,336-00	
Lecturer	11,000-00	
Research Assistant	3,068-75	
Provident Fund Contribution	2,375-85	37,780-60
Books and Periodicals		1,511-00
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		3,906-10
Contingencies		1,358-41
		<u>44,556-11</u>
3. Urban Economics		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Reader	15,611-30	
Research Assistant	4,101-13	
Provident Fund Contribution	1,360-20	21,072-63
Books and Periodicals		1,500-55
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		5,589-31
Contingencies		976-35
		<u>29,138-84</u>
4. Rural Sociology		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Reader	17,834-00	
Lecturer	7,448-00	
Research Assistant	2,399-10	
Provident Fund Contribution	2,098-50	29,779-60
Books and Periodicals		1,505-12
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		4,142-36
Contingencies		1,317-97
		<u>36,745-05</u>

SCHEDULE 'J' (Continued)

Expenditure on Office Establishment		
Salaries and Allowances	18,107.99	
Provident Fund Contribution	1,136.40	19,244.39
		<hr/>
Grand Total for Four Research Sections		1,63,798.87
		<hr/>

SCHEDULE 'K'

Government of Maharashtra : III Plan Section		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Reader	13,079.00	
Lecturers	37,242.16	
Provident Fund Contribution	3,507.00	53,828.16
		<hr/>

SCHEDULE 'L'

ICSSR — Bibliography Project		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Annotators	1,44,838.39	
Library Assistants	27,573.41	
Office Establishment	15,696.59	
Provident Fund Contribution	8,149.01	1,96,257.40
		<hr/>
Travel		18,572.11
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies		4,468.00
Equipment		1,620.00
Overhead Charges		11,045.87
		<hr/>
		2,31,963.38
		<hr/>

SCHEDULE 'M'

ICSSR — Inventory Project		
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies		152.98
Tabulation and Statistical Services		1,871.18
		<hr/>
		2,024.16
		<hr/>

SCHEDULE 'N'

ICAR — Emeritus Scientist's Scheme		
Honorarium		6,600.00
Fellowships		2,370.00
Travel		117.80
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies		876.94
		<hr/>
		9,964.74
		<hr/>

SCHEDULE ' O '

**ICAR—Food and Protein Problem
in India****Salaries and Allowances :**

Research Assistant	2,180.64
Printing, Stationery and Contingencies	1,333.14
Provision for Offprints of research papers	1,200.00
Travel	815.00
Tabulation and Statistical Services	1,546.72
Equipment	2,786.87
	<hr/>
	9,862.37
	<hr/>

Signatures to the Schedule ' A ' to ' O '

Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co.
Chartered Accountants
8 June, 1974

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar
Director,
Gokhale Institute of
Politics and Economics,
Poona 411004

**Financial Statements of
The Servants of India Society**

SERVANTS OF
Balance Sheet as at

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1. Trust Funds or Corpus				
The Society's General Fund :				
Balance as per last Balance Sheet	27,76,775.47			
Less : Library Buildings transferred to Gokhale Institute's Account (as per contra)	6,20,585.13		21,56,190.34	
2. Other Earmarked Funds :				
Trust Funds (List ' A ')	3,60,984.99			
Funds set aside out of Income or Resources by the Society (List ' B ')	7,02,968.50		10,63,953.49	
3. Loans (Secured & Unsecured) :				Nil
4. Liabilities :				
(a) Presses Liabilities	7,11,342.96			
(b) Hitavada Trust for payment of Liabilities.	5,32,489.53			
(c) Society's Liability				
1. Expenses	44,801.39			
2. Advances	1,28,906.10			
3. Deposits	32,915.00			
4. Others	36,013.00		14,86,467.98	
Total c/f ..			47,06,611.81	

INDIA SOCIETY

31st March, 1974.

PROPERTY AND ASSETS		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1.	Immovable Property :				
	Buildings and Site (List 'C')				
	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	15,00,721.89			
	Less : Transferred to Gokhale Institute's account (as per contra)	6,20,585.13		8,80,136.76	
2.	Investments (At Cost) :				
	In Government Securities (List 'D')	2,27,711.44			
	In Shares and Debentures (List 'B')	10,963.25		2,38,674.69	
3.	Furniture and Fixtures :				
	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	68,983.29			
	Less : Adjustments during the year	17,395.34			
		51,587.95			
	Less : Depreciation	3,449.29		48,138.66	
4.	Loans (Secured and Unsecured)				Nil
5.	Advances and Deposits :				
	Hitavada Trust for Recovery of dues	9,34,343.39			
	Hitavada Trust for Rent dues	25,000.00			
	Members	1,455.40			
	Employees	1,066.79			
	Others	2,01,920.69			
	Deposits	12,481.33		11,76,267.80	
6.	Income Outstandings :				
	Rent	2,263.00			
	Interest	3,537.87		5,800.87	
7.	Cash and Bank Balance :				
	(a) In Current, Savings, Deposits A/cs with Banks at Centres and Branches	3,19,267.87			
	(b) Cash with Managers, Secretaries at Branches and Centres.	628.72		3,19,896.59	
8.	Presses Assets :				
	Plant and Machinery	5,98,610.60			
	Furniture and Deadstock	71,937.28			
	Stores, Stocks and Incomplete Work	3,40,185.73			
	Book Debts	3,31,406.32			
	Advances and Deposits	30,069.25			
	Investments	50,000.00			
	Vehicles	4,450.00			
	Cash and Bank Balance	38,213.40		14,64,872.58	
9.	Stock at Close :				
	Live Stock	230.00			
	Food Grains	4,055.00		4,285.00	
10.	Income and Expenditure Account :				
	Balance as per last Balance Sheet	4,34,860.71			
	Add : Deficit during the year as per Income and Expenditure A/c.	1,33,678.15		5,68,538.86	
		Total	..	47,06,611.81	

As per separate report of even date.

A. H. JOSHI & CO.

Chartered Accountants.

SERVANTS OF

Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs. Ps.	Rs. Ps.
1. Expenses in respect of Properties :		
Rates, Taxes and Cesses	13,564.70	
Repairs and maintenance	9,470.86	
Property Insurance	840.70	
Garden Expenses	6,651.56	
Lease Rent	322.64	30,850.46
2. Establishment Expenses :		
Members' Expenses	32,896.46	
Staff Expenses	52,049.63	
Gratuity	16,420.40	
Ex-gratia	6,641.25	1,08,007.74
3. Remuneration to Trustees :		Nil
4. Legal Expenses :		359.00
5. Audit Fees :		2,050.00
6. Contribution and Fees :		12,000.00
7. Bad-Debts written off :		2,225.93
8. Miscellaneous Expenses :		
(As per List F)		48,595.29
9. Depreciation :		
On Dead Stock	3,449.29	
On Buildings	14,250.00	17,699.29
10. Amounts transferred to Reserves or Specific Funds (As per list G)		5,637.33
11. Expenditure on objects of the Trust :		
a. Rural Uplift work (Education, Welfare, Distress Relief and Medical)	9,62,327.38	
b. Libraries at various Centres and Headquarters	20,825.53	
c. Gokhale Day	879.27	9,84,032.18
12. Press Losses :		
Aryabhushan Press : Poona : Deficit		1,30,320.10
13. Loss on Sale of Securities :		6,010.00
Total		<u>13,47,787.32</u>

INDIA SOCIETY

for the year ending 31st March, 1974.

INCOME	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1. Rent Realised :			66,524.70	
2. Interest Realised :				
On Securities	9,531.74			
On Bank Accounts	11,130.49			
On Capitals :				
(i) A. B. Press	78,585.00			
(ii) B. V. Press	21,313.20		1,20,560.43	
3. Dividends :				93.50
4. Donations : (In cash or kinds)				
From Members	4,340.00			
From Others	2,30,827.66		2,35,167.66	
5. Grants Received for Rural Uplift Work :				7,72,477.45
6. Income from other sources :				
Miscellaneous Receipts	17,879.99			
B. V. Press — Surplus	1,005.44		18,885.43	
7. Transferred from Reserve				400.00
8. Deficit transferred to Balance Sheet :				1,33,678.15
			<u>13,47,787.32</u>	
			<u>13,47,787.32</u>	

As per our separate report of even date.
A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, PUNE 411004.

LIST 'A'

Statement of earmarked funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds
as on 31st March, 1974.

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs. Ps.	Rs. Ps.
1. Gokhale Memorial Trust Fund : Received in Securities from the Memorial Committee formed in Bombay the face value of the Securities being Rs. 1,33,000/-, the benefit of which is to be spent for the general purposes of the Society. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet.		1,33,000.00
2. Gokhale Memorial Library Trust Fund : Received from the Ex-Trustees at Nagpur for managing the Public Library situated there on a lease hold Plot of land. The building then valued was Rs. 6,075/- Securities and Cash balances handed over to the Society were of Rs. 5,843.86. The whole of the fund has been spent over the G. M. Building. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet.		11,918.86
3. Rao Bahadur D. Laxminarayan Trust Fund : Received from the Executors of the will of the late Shri. D. Laxminarayan for maintaining a branch at Nagpur in that area (former province of Madhya Pradesh) with three members there. The amount was received in cash. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet.		1,00,000.00
4. South Indian Flood Relief Fund : Received as per the order of the High Court out of the residuary balance of the above Fund in form of Securities worth Rs. 21,415.47 and Cash balance of Rs. 10.92. The benefit of the Fund is to be utilised in the specified area affected by the floods in Madras Presidency. Balance as per Last Balance Sheet Add : Interest during the year	22,077.87 642.13	22,720.00
	Total C/F.	2,67,638.86

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, PUNE 411004.

LIST 'A' (Contd.)

Statement of earmarked funds passed on to the Society as Trust
Funds as on 31st March 1974.

NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs. Pt.		Rs. Pt.	
	Total B/F		2,67,638.86	
5. Late Mr. Nayanar Memorial Trust Fund :				
This fund was raised by the friends of Mr. Nayanar, a deceased member of the society to celebrate his memory by giving suitable scholarships, educational aid to Harijan Students in the Madras Presidency.				
Balance as per Last Balance Sheet	12,798.12			
Add : Interest during the year	511.88		13,310.00	
6. Hirralal Atmaram Patel Trust Fund :				
Received from the Executor as per conditions in the Deed for relief work in Gujrath and Kathiwar.				
Balance as per Last Balance Sheet	41,685.29			
Add : Interest during the year	1,667.40		43,352.69	
7. Lady Laxmibai Distress Relief Fund :				
Received from the Executors of the will of the late Lady Laxmibai W/o. Sir Jagmohandas Veerjeevandas, Bombay for distress relief in India.				
Balance as per Last Balance Sheet	30,281.75			
Add : Interest during the year	1,211.25		31,493.00	
8. Gokhale Day Celebration Fund :				
Balance as per last B/S.			2,000.00	
	Total C/F ..		3,57,794.55	

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, PUNE 411004.

LIST 'B'

*Statement of Funds and other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its Income or Resources as on 31st March, 1974.*

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
1. Aryabhushan Press :				
(i) Rehabilitation Reserve :				
Balance as per last B/S.	82,947.69		82,947.69	
2. Bombay Vaibhav Press :				
(i) Dep. Reserve Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.	93,106.71			
Add : Additions during the year	2,583.87		95,690.58	
(ii) Retrenchment Reserve :				
Bal. as per last B/S.			36,000.00	
(iii) Rehabilitation Reserve			5,000.00	
3. Servindia Relief Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.	21,873.13			
Add : Interest during the year	874.87		22,748.00	
4. Investment Fluctuation Reserve Fund :				
Bal. as per last B/S.	1,00,000.00			
Add : Provision during the year	6,010.00			
	1,06,010.00			
Less : Loss on sale of securities	6,010.00		1,00,000.00	
5. Workmen's Welfare Fund :				
The fund is intended for giving relief to the workers in A. B. Press.				
Bal. as per last B/S.	10,362.24			
Add : Interest during the year	414.48			
	10,776.72			
Less : Relief granted during the year	200.00		10,576.72	
	Total C/F.		3,52,962.99	

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, PUNE 411004.

LIST 'B' (Contd.)

Statements of Funds and other Reserves set aside by the Society
from its Income or Resources as on 31st March, 1974.

NAME OF THE FUND	Rs. Ps.		Rs. Ps.	
	Total B/P.		3,52,962.99	
6. Servindia Welfare Fund :				
The fund has been built up by the Society for the general benefit of its employees.				
Bal. as per last B/S.	7,883.19			
Add : Interest during the year	315.32			
	<u>8,198.51</u>			
Less : Relief granted during the year	200.00		7,998.51	
7. Insurance Fund :				
Fund is built up of matured life policies of members. The amounts are payable on death. (Vide bys Law No. 5)				
Bal. as per last B/S.			17,757.00	
8. Building Depreciation fund :				
Balance as per last B/S.	3,10,000.00			
Add : Additions during the year	14,250.00		3,24,250.00	
			<u>7,02,968.50</u>	
		Total Rs.		7,02,968.50

Poona.

A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants.

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1974

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Ps.	ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.
I. Trust Funds or Corpus :			I. Immovable Properties :	Nil	
Balance as per last B/Sheet	5,36,498.71		II. Investments (At Cost) :		
II. Other Earmarked Funds :			As per Separate Schedule	6,03,098.91	
Investment Reserve Fund			III. Furniture and Fixtures :	Nil	
Balance as per last B/Sheet	52,455.16		IV. Loans (Secured and unsecured) :	Nil	
III. Loans (Secured or unsecured) :		Nil	V. Amounts due from		
IV. Liabilities :			Servants of India Society :	19,928.58	
Amount due to			VI. Income Outstanding :		
Gokhale Institute of Politics			Interest on securities	8,086.25	
and Economics		22,893.74	VII. Cash and Bank Balances	Nil	
V. Income and Expenditure Account :					
Balance as per last B/Sheet	13,371.13				
Add : Surplus for the year	5,695.00				
		19,266.13			
Total Rupees	6,31,113.74		Total Rupees	6,31,113.74	

The above Balance Sheet to the best of our knowledge and belief contains a true account of Liabilities & Assets of the Trust.

Poona
18th Oct. 1974

As per our separate report of even date.
A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND
Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31st March, 1974.

EXPENDITURE	Rs.	Ps.	INCOME	Rs.	Ps.
To Expenditure in respect of Properties :		Nil	By Rent		Nil
„ Bank Charges		Nil	„ Interest on Securities	28,588.74	
„ Remuneration to Trustee		Nil	„ Dividends		Nil
„ Legal Expenses		Nil	„ Donations in cash or kind		Nil
„ Audit Fees		Nil	„ Grants		Nil
„ Contribution and Fees		Nil	„ Deficit transferred to B/Sheet		Nil
„ Amounts written off		Nil			
„ Miscellaneous Expenses		Nil			
„ Depreciation		Nil			
„ Amounts transferred to Reserve or specific fund		Nil			
„ Expenditure on the objects of the Trust :					
Grants to Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics		22,893.74			
Surplus carried over to B/Sheet		5,695.00			
Total Rupees	28,588.74		Total Rupees	28,588.74	

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As per our separate report of even date.
A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants,

Poona 18th Oct. 1974.

RAO BHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Schedule of Investments as at 31st March, 1974.

Sr. No.	Description	Face Value	Cost Price	Rate	Market Value	Interest Receivable	Int. Recd.	Outstand- ing Int.	Remarks
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1.	3% Rupee Loan 1996-97	10,000.00	8,025.00	60.00	6,000.00	300.00	300.00	Nil	
2.	3% Conversion Loan 1946	1,02,000.00	1,01,937.50	60.00	61,200.00	3,060.00	3,060.00	Nil	
3.	3½% Bombay Municipal Deb. 1977	67,500.00	65,087.50	90.00	60,750.00	2,193.74	2,193.74	Nil	
4.	4% Satara Inamdar Mandal	5,000.00	5,000.00	100.00	5,000.00	200.00	200.00	Nil	
5.	4½% Andhra P. Co-op. Central L. M. Deb. 1975	14,000.00	13,930.00	100.00	14,000.00	595.00	297.50	297.50	
6.	4½% Mysore Central Co-op. L. M. Deb. 1975	35,000.00	35,000.00	100.00	35,000.00	1,575.00	945.00	630.00	
7.	4½% Govt. of India Loan 1986	50,000.00	47,675.00	92.50	46,250.00	2,250.00	2,250.00	Nil	
8.	5½% Maharashtra S.D. Loan 1979	2,00,000.00	1,97,592.50	100.40	2,00,800.00	11,500.00	7,906.25	3,593.75	
9.	5½% M. P. Rajya Sahakari Bhoovikas Bank Simit	2,000.00	1,901.41	100.00	2,000.00	115.00	Nil	115.00	
10.	5½% M. P. State Co-op. L. M. Bank Deb. 1976-81	40,000.00	39,200.00	100.00	40,000.00	1,150.00 2,300.00	Nil Nil	1,150.00 2,300.00	72-73 73-74
11.	6% Bombay Municipal Deb. 1982	75,000.00	75,000.00	99.85	74,887.50	4,500.00	4,500.00	Nil	
12.	Kirloskar Brothers 540 Equity Shares of Rs. 25 each	13,500.00	12,750.00	47.00	25,380.00	Nil	Nil	Nil	Dividend
Total Rupees		6,14,000.00	6,03,098.91	—	5,71,267.50	29,738.74	21,652.49	6,936.25 1,150.00 8,086.25	73-74 72-73

Poona
18th Oct. 1974

Examined and found correct.
A. H. JOSHI & CO.
Chartered Accountants

List of Donors for the year 1973-74

Headquarters

Sr. No.	Name of the Donor	Amounts Rs.
(1)	Mukund Iron and Steel Works Ltd., Bombay	25,000·00
(2)	Shri. G. D. Birla, Calcutta	10,000·00
(3)	Sir Ness Wadia Foundation, Bombay	10,000·00
(4)	Groundnut Extraction Export Development Association, Bombay	10,000·00
(5)	National Rayon Corporation Ltd., Bombay	10,000·00
(6)	Hindustan Steel Ltd., Ranchi	10,000·00
(7)	Times of India, Bombay	6,000·00
(8)	Sir Ratan Tata Trust, Bombay	5,000·00
(9)	Sir Dorab Tata Trust, Bombay	5,000·00
(10)	Elgin Mills, Kanpur	5,000·00
(11)	Raja Bahadur Bansilal Motilal Trust, Bombay	5,000·00
(12)	Brook Bond India Ltd., Calcutta	5,000·00
(13)	Indian Tobacco Co. Ltd., Calcutta	5,000·00
(14)	Standard Mill Ltd., Bombay	3,000·00
(15)	Khosala Metal Powder Pvt. Ltd., Bombay	2,000·00
(16)	Mafatlal Spinning and Manufacturing Co. Ltd., Bombay	2,000·00
(17)	Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Divaliba Trust, Bombay	2,500·00
(18)	Shri Vikas Nadkarni (Indian Students Association, Delaware)	1,882·69
(19)	Shri S. R. Bharatiya, Allahabad	1,100·00
(20)	Brihan Maharashtra Sugar Syndicate, Poona	1,000·00
(21)	Kasturbhai Lalbhai Charity Trust, Bombay	1,000·00

(22)	Gamman India Ltd., Bombay	1,000·00
(23)	Great Eastern Shipping Co. Ltd., Bombay	1,000·00
(24)	Pandit Brothers, New Delhi	1,000·00
(25)	Central Bank of India, Bombay	500·00
(26)	Johnson & Johnson Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(27)	Air India, Bombay	500·00
(28)	Canara Bank, Poona	500·00
(29)	Raja Bahadur Motilal Mills, Bombay	500·00
(30)	Greaves Cotton Co. Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(31)	Wallace Floor Mills Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(32)	India Oxygen Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(33)	Association Business Corporation, Bombay	500·00
(34)	Devji Khimjee Sarvajanic Trust, Bombay	500·00
(35)	Asian Cables Corporation Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(36)	Rashtra Sahayaka Kosh, Bombay	500·00
(37)	Prof. N. V. Sovani, Poona	500·00
(38)	Synthetics and Chemicals Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(39)	Grain, Rice and Oilseeds Pvt. Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(40)	Jagdish Oil Industries Pvt. Ltd., Bombay	501·00
(41)	Shri M. M. Kunzru, Agra	501·00
(42)	Dodsai Pvt. Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(43)	Nirlon Foundation Trust, Bombay	500·00
(44)	Titagar Paper Mills Co., Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(45)	Mahindra UGINE Steel Co., Ltd., Bombay	500·00
(46)	Pirojshah Godrej Foundation, Bombay	500·00
(47)	Shri Ram Mills Charitable Trust,, Bombay	501·00
(48)	Sangli Bank Limited, Sangli	501·00
(49)	Champalal Brothers Private Limited, Bombay	201·00
(50)	Shri V. A. Patwardhan, Poona	200·00
(51)	Late R. B. R. R. Kale Dharmadaya Trust, Poona	100·00
(52)	Late Justice Ranade Charitable Trust, Poona	100·00

Total	Rs.	...	1,22,587·69
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List of the Donors of the Servants of India Society Choudwar Centre, Choudwar, Cuttack

	Rs.
1. Head-Mistress & Staff Members, Kalinga Public School	73.00
2. Sj. Nanda Kishor Sahoo, Choudwar	50.00
3. Sums Below Rs. 25/-	280.00
Total	<u>403.00</u>

List of Donors of the Servants of India Society Choudwar Centre, Sishu Vihar

1. Shibasankar Sahoo, C/o Baidhar Sahoo	51.00
2. Premlata Mohanty, C/o Nimain Ch. Mohanty	40.00
3. Donations below Rs. 25/-	598.00
Total	<u>689.00</u>

List of Donors of the Servants of India Society. Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Rayagada, Dist. Koraput for the year 1973-74

1. Donations below Rs. 20/-	32.50
Total Rs.	<u>32.50</u>

Building Fund Collection for the year 1973-74

1. The staff of the R. E. Division, Rayagada	100.00
2. Sri Ch. Seetaram Swami	75.00
3. Sri N. Deviprasad	50.00
4. Sri M. Kameya	50.00
5. Sums below Rs. 25/-	1525.00
Total Rs.	<u>1,800.00</u>

**List of Donors of the Servants of India Society,
Orissa Centre, Cuttack**

1. Hindusthan Charity Trust, (a Birla Foundation) 78, Syed Amir Ali Avenue, Calcutta.	1,000-00
2. Shri J. K. Jhunjhunwala, Proprietor, Orissa Industries Ltd., Barang, Dist. Cuttack.	101-00
3. Bhima Ice Factory and Flour Mills, Ranihat, Cuttack	100-00
4. Shri Khatau Sundar Das, Ranihat, Cuttack	100-00
5. Shri Jahurimall Gajananda, Bakharabad, Cuttack	100-00
6. Shri Basudev Modi, Nayasadak, Cuttack	100-00
7. Shri Gangadhar Rath, Advocate General, Orissa, Cuttack.	100-00
Total Rs.	<u>1,601-00</u>

**Gokhale Children's Home, Narsannapeth, Srikakulam-Dist.
(Under the management of Servants of India Society, Poona-4)
List of Donors for the year 1973-74.**

1. Gokhale Seva Samaj, Narasannapeth.	3,700-40
2. The Secretary, Velukolupu Sangham, Narasannapet.	400-00
3. Prof. G. Pardhasarodhi, Andhra University, Waltair.	50-00
4. Shri B. Krishnam Raju, S. I. Police, Narasannapet.	25-00
5. Sums Below Rs. 25-00	93-98
Total Rs.	<u>4,769-38</u>

**Servants of India Society, Bombay Branch
Donations Received During the year 1973-74**

1. Simon Sylvester Miranda Charitable Trust	2751-00
2. Bank of India	2,500-00

3.	Shri Mahalakshmi Temple Charitable Trust	2,000-00
4.	A. D. J. E. H. Trust	4,000-00
5.	Shri P. C. Jain	100-00
6.	Sympathiser	60-00
7.	Sympathiser	60-00
8.	Shri G. A. Kamtekar	25-00
	Total Rs.	8,496-00

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY U. P. BRANCH

MIRZAPUR CENTRE (ALLAHABAD)

	Rs. P.
1. Adarsh Kanya Junior High School, Bazpur	
2. Nainital Cane Development Society, Bazpur	
3. The Bazpur Co-operative Sugar Fac. & Others	41,662-00
4. Bhoksa Boys Hostel Bazpur, Nainital, The Bazpur Co-operative Sugar Factory (Building construction)	15,000-00
5. Bazpur centre ... other sources	2,000-00
6. Khatima Centre, Nainital	4,000-00
7. Bal Niketan Sarsa, Allahabad	3,777-00
8. Sisona (Sitarganj) Centre, Nainital	505-00
9. Konhdar Centre, Allahabad	440-00
10. Siltham Centre, Mirzapur	1,546-00
11. Muirpur " " "	491-00
12. Salkhan " " "	4,279-02
13. Khantara " " "	1,301-41
14. Banaki Dispensary " " "	300-00
15. Khantara " " "	210-00
16. Furwari " " "	2,697-00
17. Konhdar " Allahabad	100-00
18. Womens' Welfare Centre Dudhi, Mirzapur	275-00
19. " " Muirpur, " "	275-00
20. " " Bharatganj, Allahabad	275-00
21. " " Delaunha, " "	275-00

20.	Primary School Bhabhaich, Mirzapur	150·00
21.	„ „ Kusumbha, „	150·00
22.	„ „ Injani „	150·00
23.	„ „ Kunda Dahi „	150·00
24.	„ „ Bhaluhi „	150·00
25.	„ „ Kirwani „	150·00
26.	„ „ Raja Sarain, „	150·00
27.	„ „ Sawa Kund, „	150·00
28.	„ „ Lerua „	300·00
29.	„ „ Baij Nath „	150·00
30.	„ „ Ataraila „	300·00
31.	„ „ Rampur „	300·00
32.	„ „ Malua „	300·00
33.	„ „ Kotwa „	150·00
34.	„ „ Deo Injani „	150·00
35.	„ „ Sendur „	150·00
36.	Girls Primary School, Newada, Allahabad	150·00
37.	„ „ Hargarh, „	175·00
38.	„ „ Mamoli, „	150·00
39.	„ „ Suraicha, „	150·00
40.	„ „ Shahpur Khurd, „	965·50
41.	Harijan & Adivasi Hostel Salkhan, Mirzapur	109·00
42.	Bhoksa Junior High School Pipalsana, Nainital	56·00
	TOTAL	84,163·93

Servants of India Society, Madras Branch
Donations received during, the year 1973-74

	Rs. Ps.
1. Smt. C. V. Vanajakshamma of Gudur (Donated for Building construction of T. B. Gurukhulam, Chillakur)	3500-00
2. Shri Venkataraman of Jupiter Press	885-50
3. Aryamatha Sabha	400-00
4. Guild of Service (Central)	250-00
5. Mrs. Mary Clubwala Jadhav	101-00
6. Shri V. Abdulah (Oriental Longman Ltd.)	100-00
7. Shri V. N. Subba Rayan	100-00
8. Shri A. F. Byramshah	51-00
9. Shri T. S. Narayanaswamy	10-00
Total	<u>5397-50</u>

CONSTITUTION
OF THE
Servants of India Society

The following Constitution has been adopted for the Society* :—

1. The Society shall be called "The Servants of India Society".
2. The objects of the Society are to train national missionaries for the service of India and to promote, by all constitutional means, the interests of the Indian people.
3. The Society will consist of (a) a First Member or President; (b) a Vice-President; (c) Ordinary Members; and (d) Members under Training.
4. The First Member or President will be the head of the Society.
5. Every member, on admission, shall undergo a special training for a period of five years. During the period, he will be known as a 'Member under Training'. When a Member under Training has completed his five years' discipline, he will be styled as an 'Ordinary Member' of the Society.
6. Subject to Rule 12, 12A, and 13, every member of the Society shall be a member for life.
7. The First Member or President, assisted by a Council, shall manage the affairs of the Society in accordance with the Bye-laws framed for the purpose. The Council shall consist of the Vice-President, the Senior Members of the Branches and three Ordinary Members elected annually by the members of the Society, the retiring Members being eligible for re-election.

* हिंद सेवक संघ has been adopted as its name in the vernaculars.

8. No person will be admitted as a member of the Society unless his admission is recommended by the Council and the recommendation accepted by the First Member or President.

9. Every member at the time of admission shall take the following seven vows :

- (i) ~~The country shall always be~~ the first in my thought and I will give to her service the best that is in me.
- (ii) In serving the country I will seek no personal advantage for myself.
- (iii) I will regard all Indians as brothers and work for the advancement of all without distinction of caste or creed.
- (iv) I will be content with such provision for myself *and my family*, as the Society may be able to make. I will devote no part of my energies to earning money for myself.
- (v) I will lead a pure personal life.
- (vi) I will engage in no personal quarrel with any one.
- (vii) I will always keep in view the aims of the Society and watch over its interests with the utmost zeal, doing all I can to advance its work. I will never do anything which is inconsistent with the objects of the Society.

10. Every Member under Training shall, during the time that he is under training, place himself under the entire guidance and control of the First Member or President, and shall do such work and devote himself to such studies as the First Member or President may direct.

11. An Ordinary Member may be sent by the First Member or President, and Council to any part of India on special duty or for general work in connection with the Society. He will be bound to do the work assigned to him under the general direction of the First Member or President and Council and shall obey orders and instructions that may be received from them.

* The italicised words to be omitted if there be no family.

12. The Society may release a member from its vows and permit him to resign his membership on the ground of continued ill-health or other sufficient cause, on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President.

12A. The Society may, in exceptional circumstances, permit a member to retire after thirty years' approved service or on the attainment of the age of seventy after twenty-five years' approved service on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. A member so permitted shall cease to be a member of the Society.

13. The Society may remove the name of any member from its roll of members on a recommendation to that effect, being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

14. (a) The First Member will hold office for life.

(b) It will be the duty of the First Member to recommend in writing to the Council the name of three Ordinary Members out of whom the members of the Society shall elect a successor to him as First Member on a vacancy occurring. If no such recommendation has been received by the Council when the vacancy occurs, the members of the Society may elect any Ordinary Member or in the absence of the a suitable Ordinary Member, any member to succeed as First Member.

(c) In case, however, it appears undesirable to elect a First Member, the members may elect one of the members to be President of the Society for a period of three years.

(d) The members of the Society shall elect an Ordinary member to be Vice-President of the Society for three years.

(e) The First Member or President may, notwithstanding any other rule, delegate any of his functions to the Vice-President and, during the absence of the Vice-President from India to any other Ordinary Member.

(f) The Council of the Society shall appoint one of the Ordinary Members to be the Secretary of the Society.

15. When a vacancy occurs in the First Membership or Presidentship of the Society, the Council shall exercise all the powers vested by the Rules in the First Member or President singly or the First Member or President and Council, until such time as a new First Member or President is duly elected; and any act done by the Council during such time shall be deemed valid, provided that the Council takes steps with all reasonable dispatch to arrange for the election of a new First Member or President under rule 14 (b) or 14 (c), as the case may be.

16. In special circumstances the First Member or President and Council may exempt, for reasons to be recorded in writing, any member of the Society from the operation of any rule save Rule 9.

17. An applicant for membership may be required to pass through a period of probation before admission, and may in that case be enrolled as a Probationer, on such terms and for such period, as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

18. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Probationer from the list of Probationers before the expiry of the period of probation. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

19. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person, who, in their opinion, is capable of being trained to assist members of the Society in their work and who is prepared to devote his life to such work, as a Permanent Assistant of the Society, on such terms as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

20. A Permanent Assistant may, on grounds of special fitness and after a period of approved service of not less than

three years, be admitted as Member under Training by the First Member or President and Council.

21. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Permanent Assistant from the list of Permanent Assistants of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

22. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person who is in full sympathy with the objects of the Society and is prepared to devote himself to such work as may be assigned to him for the benefit of the Society as an Attache of the Society on such terms and under such control as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

23. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Attache from the list of Attaches of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

24. The First Member or President and Council may enrol any person who is in full sympathy with the object of the Society and who is prepared to devote a portion of his time and resources to the furtherance of its work as an Associate of the Society.

25. Probationers, Permanent Assistants, Attaches and Associates will have no voice in the management of the affairs of the Society and no interest in the Society's property or funds.

26. All property of the Society shall belong to the Society in its corporate character, and no member in his individual capacity nor the heirs, executors or assignees of any member shall have any right to any portion of it.

27. (a) The property of the Society, whether immovable or movable, including stocks, funds, shares and other securities and all other property otherwise vested in or transferred to the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be held in the name of the Society or the Governing Body as constituted under Rule 7 and shall remain under the general control, supervision and management of the First Member or President of the Society for the time being and the Council.

(b) All arrangements, deeds, conveyances, contracts, transfers or other instruments relating to the sale, transfer or other transactions or dealings entered into by the Society or to which the Society is a party, whether relating to the property, whether immovable or movable, belonging to the Society or held by the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be made, signed, sealed, delivered or executed by such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint. For the Purpose of this rule any authority given by the First Member or President under his signature alone authorising any person or persons to enter into, make, sign, deliver or execute any deed or instrument, contract or transfer and recording the fact that such authority is given with the approval of the Council shall be deemed sufficient and valid authority to such person or persons to execute the several rights, powers and authorities thereby given to him or them. For all payments received by or made to the Society the receipt of the Secretary or such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint shall be valid and complete discharge to the party making such payment.

(c) The Society shall be at liberty to invest the surplus funds in its hands in the securities authorised by the Indian Trusts Act or in the purchase of such landed properties of any tenure as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time determine.

(d) Subject to the conditions in respect of properties (if any) entrusted to the Society and earmarked for specific objects, if and whenever it is found expedient or necessary, the First Member or President and Council shall be at liberty to deal with the properties belonging to the Society, whether movable or immovable, by sale, mortgage, lease, or pledge thereof or otherwise. All deeds, documents, agreements, mortgages, contracts or transfers in respect of the properties so sold, mortgaged, leased, or pledged or otherwise dealt with shall be executed as provided in clause 27 (b) hereof.

28. In all suits brought by or against the Society, the Society shall be represented by the first Member or President

or such other person or persons nominated or appointed by the First Member or President for that purpose.

29. The Society shall not be dissolved by the death, secession or removal of any member.

30. The First Member or President may with the concurrence of a majority of the Ordinary Members of the Society, make, alter or rescind any Bye-law or Bye-laws for (1) the management of the affairs of the Society and the conduct of its business; (2) the custody, disposal and control of the funds of the Society; (3) the provision to be made for members of the Society and their families, the grant of special allowance to them in special circumstances, and for pensions to members retiring under Rule 12A; (4) the grant of leave to members of the Society; (5) the grant of allowances to Permanent Assistants and Attaches of the Society; and (6) the carrying out in other ways of the objects of the Society.

31. The First Member or President and Council shall have powers to take whatever steps that may be deemed necessary in the interest of the Society provided that they are not inconsistent with the objects of the Society or with the provisions or spirit of any of the Rules or Bye-laws at the time in force.

32. No alteration shall be made in this Constitution unless it is recommended by the Council with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society and the recommendation is accepted by the First Member or President,



Bye-Laws

The following Bye-Laws have been made under Rule 30 :

1. The Society shall, as circumstances permit, establish Branches for work in different parts of the country. At the head of each Branch there shall be a Senior Member, whose appointment and removal shall vest in the First Member or President and Council. He will be an *ex-officio* member of the Council. The affairs of each branch shall be managed by a Board consisting of the Senior Member and the Ordinary Members belonging to it.

2. (a) Every Member under Training will be granted an allowance of Rs. 225 a month of the first year, Rs. 230 for the second year of the training and thereafter he will get an increment of Rs. 10 annually in his allowances until he reaches the maximum of Rs. 350 at the end of 14 years of his membership of the Society.

(b) A rent allowance not exceeding Rs. 50 a month or the actual rent paid, if less, will be granted to members, in case there are no quarters available on the premises of the Society.

(c) Permanent Assistants will be paid such allowance as the Council of the Society may determine.

(d) Every Probationer will be given an allowance of Rs. 200 a month during the period of his probation.

(e) Every Member under Training, who may be deputed to work in the City of Bombay, will be paid Rs. 5 as Bombay Allowance until he becomes an Ordinary Member.

(f) In case of serious illness, Members may be paid by the Branches, on the recommendation of the Senior Members, the whole or part of the medical fees and medicine charges.

3. Notwithstanding any provision in Bye-Law No. 2, the First Member or President and Council may, after due inquiry

and for sufficient cause, at a meeting of the Council at which no less than four members are present, reduce by not more than half the allowance for a period not exceeding one year at a time but in no case for more than two consecutive years.

4. (a) A Member under Training is entitled to two months leave every year, which may be granted by the First Member or President, and if the applicant is attached to a Branch by the Senior Member of the Branch.

(b) Ordinary Members are entitled to a month's leave every year. Senior Members may grant leave for one month and the First Member or President for three months and the First Member or President and Council for longer periods.

(c) Ordinary Members of the Madhya Pradesh and Bihar are entitled to one month and ten days' privilege leave if they go on leave on the 1st of May.

(d) All Members are entitled to twenty days' casual leave in a year.

(e) Both casual and privilege leave mentioned above will, only be sanctioned if the work of the Society permits.

5. (a) The life of a member enrolled after June 12, 1962, will on admission, be assured by the Society in favour of the First Member or President for the time being for a sum of Rs. 5,000 only, Rs. 5,000 being payable at death. If no Insurance Company accepts the life of any Member for assurance, the First Member or President and the Council may make such other arrangements as they deem fit to secure, in the case of such a Member, the object of this Bye-Law.

(b) On the death of a member whose life has been assured for Rs. 3,000 under Bye-Law No. 5 (a) as it stood on June 1, 1962, the First Member or President shall pay only Rs. 3,000 on the life-policy of the deceased, to such person or persons as the deceased Member may, by will or otherwise in writing, have directed. In addition, the president shall pay out of the revenues of the Society an additional sum of Rs. 2,000 as an ad hoc grant to such person or persons.

In the absence of such direction, the First Member or President and Council shall have power to determine whether the amount recovered may be paid to any person or persons belonging to the family of the deceased, and if so, to whom.

In this Bye-Law, the word "Member" includes a Member who has been permitted to retire under rule 12 A.

6. The First Member or President and Council may grant, in special circumstance, a special allowance to a member or a Permanent Assistant suitable to the requirements of his case.

6A. The First Member or President and Council may grant to a Member who is permitted to retire under Rule 12A such pension as they consider suitable to the requirements of his case. In case, however, such a member acts in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Society, the First Member or President and Council may withhold it from him.

7. If a Member's connection with Society is terminated under Rule 12 or Rule 13, he and his family shall forfeit all claim to the benefit secured to him or them under these Bye-Laws.

8. The funds of the Society may be deposited in the Banks approved by the Council, and the accounts shall be in the name of the Society, its Branches, Centres and Business Concerns as the case may be, and be operated upon by such persons and in such manner as the Council may decide from time to time.

9. (a) When the First Member or President and Council resolve to enrol any one as Associate, the fact will be Communicated to the person concerned by the Secretary.

(b) In case any application for Associationship is rejected the Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons.

(c) A Branch may, where practicable, ascertain the opinion of the Associates assigned to it in respect of any new schemes of work contemplated by it and in respect of any question of policy to be laid down by the Society on occasions when momentous questions are before the country.

(*d*) An Associate will so conduct himself as not to compromise the position of the Society, but further its aims and interests.

(*e*) Associates will be kept informed by the Headquarters of the Society about the progress of the work from time to time; will be invited to attend the anniversary of the foundation day; will be allowed to use the libraries of the Society at the Headquarters and at the branches; may be invited to attend special session and be allowed to reside, if room be available, at the Headquarters or the Branches for purpose of study or work.

(*f*) The President and Council may remove the name of an Associate from the list of Associates maintained at the Headquarters on a recommendation to that effect being received from the Branch to which the Associate is assigned. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

Members of the Servants of India Society, November 1, 1974.

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>President :</i>		
1 Hridaynath Kunzru, B.A., B.Sc., LL.D. ...	11-7-1909	†S. I. S., I. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2. also, Sapru House, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 1 Phone Nos. Allahabad 52340, New Delhi 40243
<i>Vice-President :</i>		
2. Annakavoor Duraiswamy Subramani (A. D. Mani), M.A. ...	14-6-1935	S. I. S., Dhantoli, Nagpur 1. Phone No. 2066
<i>Senior Members :</i>		
3 Shankar Govind Gokhale, M.A. ...	29-7-1928	.. Poona 4. Phone No. 56210
4. Dinkar Dattatray Desai, M.A., LL.B. ...	12-6-1936	.. Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4. Phone No. 355014
5 Rama Shankar Misra, B.A., LL.B. ...	12-6-1937	.. I. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2. Phone No. 52340

†S. I. S. stands for Servants of India Society

Name of the Member	Date of admission to the Society	Address
<i>Ordinary Members :</i>		
6 Dattatray Vasudeo Ambekar	20-12-1914	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
* 7 Keshav Ganesh Sharangpant, B.A., LL.B. ..	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
§ 8 Singanallur Ramkrishna Venkataraman, B.A., B.L. ..	25-9-1930	S. I. S., Royapettah, Madras 14. Phone No. 86252.
9 Ramchandra Sadasbiv Gupte,	30-6-1933	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No. 56813 & 56210
10 Shyam Sunder Misra, M.A.	12-6-1936	,, Cuttack, Orissa. Phone No. 252.
§11 Raghunath Govind Kakade, M.A., LL. B., PH. D. ..	12-6-1943	,, Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
12 Madhusudan Sahoo, M.A., D. A. M. S. ..	14-4-1963	Thakkar Bapa Ashram, At Post Rayagada, (Dist-Koraput Orissa State)
§13 Sarwadaman Shankar Ajsaonkar, M. A. ..	16-6-1966	S. I. S., Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4. Phone No. 355014.
<i>Attaches :</i>		
14 P. S. Prasad Rao, Advocate	15-6-1970	Narsannapet. Shrikakulam Dist. (A. P.)
15 Damodar Sahoo, B. A.	16-6-1972	S. I. S., P. O. Chowdwar, Dist. Cuttack, Orissa

§ Member of Council.

* Secretary.

WORK OF THE SOCIETY AT A GLANCE

<i>Nature of Work</i>	<i>Members engaged in it</i>
<i>Public Affairs</i>	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Mani, Shri Ambekar, Shri Gokhale, Shri Venkataraman.
<i>Journalism</i>	Shri Mani, Shri Desai, Shri Ajgaonkar.
Social :	
<i>Education</i>	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Desai, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Ajgaonkar.
<i>Social Service</i>	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar.
<i>Aborigines</i>	Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri M. Sahoo.
<i>Rural Uplift & Local Self-Government</i>	Shri Desai, Shri Venkataraman, Shri Gupte, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Distress Relief</i>	Shri R.S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
<i>Business Concerns</i>	Shri R. G. Kakade (A. B. Press, Poona). Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar (B. V. Press, Bombay).