Corrections to C. 46. M. 23. 1928. IX. 24

[C.P.D. 107.]

· GAPRI

Geneva, March 14th, 1928.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS

5

Preparatory Commission for the Disarmament Conference.

CORRECTIONS

TO THE

DRAFT DISARMAMENT CONVENTION SUBMITTED BY THE DELEGATION OF THE UNION OF SOCIALIST SOVIET REPUBLICS

At the request of the delegation of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, Article 4r of the Draft Convention submitted by that delegation should be replaced by the following text:

Article 41.

With a view to protection at sea, the waters of the globe shall be divided into sixteen zones, as enumerated below.

LIST OF ZONES OF PROTECTION.

Number of zone	Name of zone	Boundaries of zone	States responsible for protection in a given zone
I.	Baltic Sea.	The whole zone of the Baltic Sea, including the Cattegat and the Skager Rack. The zone is bounded on the west by Longitude 8° E. of Greenwich.	
2.	North Sea.	This zone (beginning with the north) is bounded by: Latitude 70° N. from Longitude 4° W. of Greenwich to the west coast of Norway; The west and south coast of Norway as far as Longitude 8° E. of Greenwich; Meridian as far as its intersection with the German coast; The German, Dutch, Belgian and French coasts as far as Cape St. Mathieu; The line joining this cape to the Lizard; The south and then the east coast of Great Britain as far as Longitude 4° W. of Greenwich; This meridian as far as Latitude 70° N.	

S.d.N. 1.625 (F.) 1.200 (A.) 3/28. Imp. Kundig.

Publications of the League of Nations
IX. DISARMAMENT.
1928. IX. 5. Erratum.

States responsible

for protection in a given

zone

Number Boundaries of zone of zone Name of zone This zone is bounded (starting from the Eastern Section of 3. the Arctic Ocean. north) by: Longitude 170° W. of Greenwich from the North Pole as far as the intersection of that meridian with Latitude 660 30' N.: This parallel as far as the coast of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics; The coasts of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, Finland and Norway as far as Latitude 700 N; This parallel as far as Longitude 4° W. of Greenwich; This meridian as far as the North Western Section of 4. This zone is bounded (starting from the the Arctic Ocean. north) by: Longitude 4° W. of Greenwich from the North Pole to the intersection of the meridian with Latitude 600 N.; That parallel to its intersection with the east coast of Canada; The east and north coasts of Canada and Alaska as far as Latitude 66° 30'; That parallel to its intersection with Longitude 170° W. of Greenwich; That meridian as far as the North Pole. 5. Mediterranean The whole zone of the Mediterranean; Sea. It is bounded on the north-east by the line Sed-El-Bahr - Kum-Kaleh; On the south-east by the north entrance of the Suez Canal; On the west by the line joining Cape Spartel and Cape Trafalgar. 6. North-East Section This zone is bounded (starting from of the Atlantic the north) by: Ocean. Latitude 60° N. from Longitude 30° W. of Greenwich to Longitude 4° W. of Greenwich: This meridian to its intersection with the north coast of Great Britain; The north and west coasts of Great Britain as far as the Lizard; The line joining the Lizard and Cape St. Mathieu; The west coast of Europe as far as Cape Trafalgar; The line joining Cape Trafalgar and Cape Spartel; The west coast of Africa to the Equator; The Equator to Longitude 30° W. of Greenwich;

N.

That meridian as far as Latitude 60°

States responsible for protection in a given zone

		_ 3 _
Number of zone	Name of zone	Boundaries of zone
7.	North-West Section of the Atlantic Ocean.	This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by: Latitude 60° N. from the east coast of Canada to Longitude 30° W. of Greenwich; This meridian as far as the Equator; The Equator as far as the east coast of South America; The east coast of South America, Central America and North America as far as Latitude 60° N.
8.	South-East Section of the Atlantic Ocean.	This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by: The Equator from Longitude 20° W. of Greenwich to the west coast of Africa; The west coast of Africa as far as Cape Agulhas (Longitude 20° E. of Greenwich); This meridian as far as the South Pole; Longitude 20° W. of Greenwich from the South Pole to the intersection of
		this meridian with the Equator.
9.	South-West Section of the Atlantic Ocean.	This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by: The Equator from the east coast of South America to Longitude 20° W. of Greenwich; This meridian as far as the South Pole; Longitude 70° W. of Greenwich from the South Pole as far as the intersection of this meridian with the south coast of Tierra del Fuego; The south and east coasts of Tierra del Fuego and South America as far as the Equator.
io.	Black Sea.	The whole zone of the Black Sea, including the Sea of Marmora. The zone is bounded on the southwest by the line Sed-el-Bahr - Kum-Kaleh.
II.	Northern Section of the Indian Ocean.	The boundaries of this zone are (starting from the north-west): The South entrance of the Suez Canal; The west, south and east coast of Arabia and the south coast of Asia, as far as the north entrance of the Malacca Straits; The west coast of Sumatra and the south coasts of the islands of Java, Sumbawa, Flores and Timor as far as the eastern extremity of the island of Timor; A line drawn from the eastern extremity of the island of Timor to Cape Londonderry (Australia) as far as Latitude Iro S.; Along this parallel as far as the east coast of Africa; The east coast of Africa as far as the south entrance of the Suez Canal.

12. Southern Section of the Indian Ocean. This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by:

Latitude IIO S. from the east coast of Africa to a line drawn from the eastern extremity of the islands of Timor to Cape Londonderry (Australia);

This line as far as Cape Londonderry (Australia);

The west and south coasts of Australia as far as Longitude 143° E. of Greenwich;

Along this meridian as far as the South Pole;

Longitude 20° E. of Greenwich from the South Pole as far as the south coast of Africa (Cape Agulhas);

The south and east coasts of Africa as far as Latitude IIO S.

13. North-West Section of the Pacific Ocean.

This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by:

Latitude 66° 30' N. between the coast of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and Longitude 170° W. of Greenwich;

This meridian as far as the Equator;

The Equator as far as Longitude 155° E. of Greenwich;

This meridian as far as Latitude 11° S.;

This parallel as far as the east coast of Australia;

The north coast of Australia as far as Cape Londonderry;

A line drawn from Cape Londonderry to the eastern extremity of the island of Timor;

The north coast of the Sunda islands; Timor, Flores, Sumbawa, Java, and the east coast of Sumatra as far as the north entrance of the Malacca Straits;

The west, south and east coasts of the Malay Peninsula and south and east coasts of Asia as far as Latitude 66° 30' N.

14 North-East Section of the Pacific Ocean. This zone is bounded by (starting from the north) by:

Latitude 66° 30' N. from Longitude 170° W. of Greenwich to the west coast of Alaska;

The west coast of North, Central and South America as far as the Equator;

The Equator as far as Longitude 170° W. of Greenwich;

This meridian as far as Latitude 66° 30' N.

Number of zone	Name of zone	Boundaries of zone	States responsible for protection in a given zone
15.	South-West Section of the Pacific Ocean.	This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by:	
		 The Equator from Longitude 155° E. of Greenwich to Longitude 135° W. of Greenwich; 	
		Longitude 135° W. of Greenwich as far as the South Pole;	
		Longitude 143° E. of Greenwich from the South Pole to the south coast of Australia;	
		The south and east coasts of Australia as far as Latitude II° S.;	
	•	This parallel as far as Longitude 155° E. of Greenwich;	
		This meridian as far as the Equator.	
16.	South-East Section of the Pacific Ocean.	This zone is bounded (starting from the north) by:	
		The Equator from Longitude 135° W. of Greenwich to the west coast of South America;	
		The west coast of South America and the west and south coasts of Tierra del Fuego as far as Longitude 70° W. of Greenwich;	·
		This meridian as far as the South Pole;	
		Longitude 135° W. of Greenwich from the South Pole to the Equator.	

Note. Protection on inland seas washing the coasts of two or more States shall be fixed by special agreement between States.