



REPORT ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

**IN THE
ANDHRA STATE**

FOR THE YEAR

1954-55

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EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

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OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
Dated 28th February 1956.

From

SRI G. RANGA RAO,
DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, ANDHRA STATE,
MADRAS-6.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, ANDHRA STATE,
KURNOOL.

SIR,

[Report on Public Instruction, 1954-55]

I have the honour to submit herewith the report on Public Instruction in the State for 1954-55.

Yours faithfully,
G. RANGA RAO,
Director of Public Instruction.

Figures given in brackets in the report refer to the previous year

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REPORT ON PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN THE ANDHRA STATE FOR THE YEAR 1954-55.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Introduction—Institutions—Enrolment—Educational Costing.

1. INTRODUCTION.

The year 1954-55 was the first full year of the functioning of the Department after the formation of the Andhra State which came into existence from 1st October 1953. The Anniversary of the inauguration of the State was celebrated throughout the State on 1st October 1954 and sweets were distributed to the school children.

Within an year after its inauguration the new Andhra State had established another University at Tirupati, in Chittoor district. The University named as "Sree Venkateswara University" was inaugurated on 2nd September 1954. One new second grade college, two oriental colleges, seven secondary schools, one basic training school and 942 elementary schools were opened newly during the year. In the field of elementary education the State reverted to the old scheme by abandoning the modified scheme of elementary education during the year.

The area of the Andhra State is 63,608 square miles and the population of the State according to the 1951 census was 20,507,801 (males 10,313,725 and females 10,194,076). The estimated population of the State for 1954-55 calculated at an increase of 1.4 per cent over the population according to the 1951 census will be 21,668,297 (males 10,897,359 and females 10,770,938).

2. INSTITUTIONS.

The number of Public Institutions in the Andhra State at the end of the year 1954-55 was 22,282 (excluding the Board of Secondary Education and 21 unrecognized primary schools) as detailed below (Table I):—

Universities	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Colleges—							
General Education for men	..	..	..	..	..	..	29
General Education for women	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Professional Education for men	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
Professional Education for women	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Special Education for men	..	..	..	..	..	..	13
Special Education for women	..	..	..	..	..	..	2

Schools—

General Education for boys	19,725
General Education for girls	72
Professional Education for boys	167
Professional Education for girls	33
Special Education for boys	2,221
Special Education for girls	7
Total	22,164
	{ For boys .. 22,164
	{ For girls .. 118

3. ENROLMENT.

The strength of scholars under instruction in all types of institutions specified above at the end of the year was 1,444,007 boys and 733,796 girls making a total of 2,177,803 as detailed below (Tables IV-A and IV-B):—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Universities	1,356	64	1,420
Colleges—			
General Education for men	26,392	1,245	27,637
General Education for women		339	339
Professional Education for men	1,897	157	2,054
Professional Education for women		45	45
Special Education for men	442	153	595
Special Education for women		32	32
Schools—			
General Education for boys	1,328,959	7,05,160	2,034,119
General Education for girls	796	19,141	19,937
Professional Education for men	14,778	497	15,275
Professional Education for women	59	3,046	3,105
Special Education for boys	69,312	3,557	72,869
Special Education for girls	16	360	376
Total	1,444,007	7,33,796	2,177,803

The percentage of those under instruction on 31st March 1955 to the total estimated population was 10.05 per cent.

4. EDUCATIONAL COSTING.

The total direct expenditure on education in the State was Rs. 6,96,20,517 and the indirect expenditure was Rs. 1,55,76,209. The total expenditure on education from all sources was Rs. 8,51,96,726. The expenditure from public and private funds works out to 76.15 per cent and 23.85 per cent respectively of the total expenditure (Tables V-A and V-B). The total revenue of the State in the year was Rs. 19,73,38,105. The amount spent on education from the State funds during the year was Rs. 4,49,02,162. The expenditure per head from all sources works out to 31.96 taking direct charges into account.

CHAPTER II.

Educational Services—General—Amendments to Service Rules—
Personnel—Inspection.

I. EDUCATIONAL SERVICES—GENERAL.

The State Educational Service consisted of 99 Gazetted Officers in the men's branch and 12 Gazetted Officers in the women's branch as per details given in Table XVII. Posts carrying a salary, the minimum pay of which is Rs. 500 have been shown under Class I and the rest under Class II as there is no classification in this State of posts styled as Class I and Class II. Among the professional colleges, the Teachers' Training and the Engineering Colleges alone are under this department and the others are under the respective departments. The qualifications prescribed for the various posts in the Directorate and Inspectorate are given in Table XVIII.

II. AMENDMENTS TO SERVICE RULES.

Consequent on the removal of restrictions regarding sex in the matter of appointments to the service, the question of amending the Service Rules for Andhra Educational Service and Andhra Educational Subordinate Service is under the consideration of Government. Pending the issue of necessary amendments to the rules in this regard, recruitment to the posts of District Educational Officers and Lecturers in Training Colleges was made.

III. PERSONNEL.

During the period under report the following new posts were created in the Andhra Educational Service.

- (1) Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Planning).
- (2) Joint District Educational Officers, West Godavari and Guntur (2 posts).
- (3) Headmaster, P.R. Government College High School, Kakinada.
- (4) Professors in Education for M.Ed. course, Government Training College, Rajahmundry (2 posts).
- (5) Lecturer in General Science, Government Training College, Kurnool.
- (6) Lecturer in Zoology, Government Arts College, Anantapur.
- (7) Lecturer in Mathematics, Government Arts College, Cuddapah.
- (8) Lecturer in Economics, Government Arts College, Srikakulam.
- (9) Lecturer in English, Government Arts College, Srikakulam.
- (10) Lecturer in Chemistry, Government College for Women, Guntur.
- (11) Lecturer in Chemistry, Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam.
- (12) Lecturer in Economics, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.
- (13) Lecturer in Telugu, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.
- (14) Lecturer in Mathematics, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.
- (15) Lecturer in Botany, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.
- (16) Lecturer in History, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(17) Lecturer in English, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(18) Lecturer in Commerce, P.R. Government College, Kakinada (post vacant).

The names of the officers who were appointed in the abovementioned posts are furnished hereunder—

(1) Dr. C. B. Rao, Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Planning).

(2) Sri R. H. D. Prasada Rao, Joint District Educational Officer, West Godavari.

(3) Sri Satyanarayana Patnaik, Joint District Educational Officer, Guntur North.

(4) Sri M. A. Somayajulu, Headmaster, P.R. Government College High School, Kakinada.

(5) Sri K. U. Rao. } Professors of Education, Government
(6) Dr. D. Ramakrishnaiah, } Training College for Men,
Rajahmundry.

(7) Sri C. Gopinatha Rao, Lecturer in General Science, Government Training College, Kurnool.

(8) Sri John P. Sundara Rao, Lecturer in Zoology, Government Arts College, Anantapur.

(9) Dr. M. V. Subbarao, Lecturer in Mathematics, Government Arts College, Cuddapah.

(10) Sri R. Suryanarayanamurthy, Lecturer in Economics, Government Arts College, Srikakulam.

(11) Sri M. K. Ramakrishnan, Lecturer in English, Government Arts College, Srikakulam.

(12) Srimathi P. Nagarathnam, Lecturer in Chemistry, Government College for Women, Guntur.

(13) Sri V. Anna Rao, Lecturer in Chemistry, Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam.

(14) Sri D. Ramakrishna Rao, Lecturer in Economics, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(15) Sri E. V. V. Raghavachary, Lecturer in Telugu, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(16) Sri K. Satyanarayana, Lecturer in Mathematics, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(17) Sri T. U. Chacko, Lecturer in Botany, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(18) Sri V. Narayana Rao, Lecturer in History, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(19) Sri B. B. Rakshit, Lecturer in English, P.R. Government College, Kakinada.

(20) Lecturer in Commerce, P.R. Government College, Kakinada (post vacant).

Sri S. Govindarajulu Naidu served as Director of Public Instruction and Commissioner for Government Examinations and Director of Public Libraries from 1st October 1953 to 30th April 1954 and handed over charge of the posts of Director of Public Instruction and Director of

Public Libraries to Sri G. Ranga Rao Naidu, Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Personnel) and the post of Commissioner for Government Examination to Sri P. N. Chamu Nair, Deputy Commissioner for Government Examinations on 30th April 1954 afternoon. Sri G. Rangarao Naidu and Sri P. N. Chamu Nair were placed in additional charge, in addition to their own, of the posts of Director of Public Instruction and Director of Public Libraries and Commissioner for Government Examinations respectively up to 10th June 1954 forenoon. Sri D. S. Reddi, former Director of Public Instruction of the Madras Composite State, on return from Liberia was appointed as Director of Public Instruction, Director of Public Libraries and Commissioner for Government Examinations on contract basis for a period of three years on a pay of Rs. 1,800 plus his pension, in G.O. Ms. No. 250, Education, dated 15th March 1954 and he took over charge on 10th June 1954 forenoon.

An additional post of Deputy Director was sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 1378, Education, dated 2nd November 1954 in connection with the work relating to Planning and Sri C. Raghunathan, who was till then working as Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Finance) was appointed in the post. He held the post from 18th December 1954 to 11th March 1955 afternoon. Dr. C. B. Rao, Principal, Government Training College (Men), Rajahmundry after the completion of his administrative training joined duty in the post on 11th March 1955 afternoon in place of Sri C. Raghunathan who went on leave preparatory to retirement.

Sri L. Bullayya, Divisional Inspector of Schools, Anantapur division was transferred and posted as Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Finance) in place of Sri C. Raghunathan and he took charge of the post on 22nd December 1954.

Sri K. V. Punṇayya, Principal, Government Training College, Kurnool, was temporarily promoted as Principal, Government Training College, Rajahmundry in place of Dr. C. B. Rao and he took charge of the post on 11th January 1955. Sri T. R. Denadayal, District Educational Officer, Anantapur, was temporarily promoted as Principal, Government Training College, Kurnool, in place of Sri K. V. Punṇayya and he joined duty on 10th January 1955 afternoon.

The post of Secretary to Commissioner for Government Examinations which was vacant till then from the time of formation of the State was filled in by appointing Sri N. Venugopala Naidu, a direct recruit to the category of District Educational Officers in Andhra Educational Service, and he joined duty on 15th April 1954 afternoon.

(2) Transferred Officers:

The following officers who were taken as transferred officers to the Andhra State continued to serve in the Andhra State during the period under report:—

(1) Sri P. N. Chamu Nair, Deputy Commissioner for Government Examinations.

(2) Sri C. Raghunathan, Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Finance).

(3) Sri R. H. P. Holman, Principal, Government Arts College, Anantapur.

(4) Sri N. S. Krishnaswami Ayyangar, Principal, College of Engineering, Anantapur.

(5) Sri R. Natesan, Principal, College of Engineering, Kakinada.

(6) Sri N. R. Seethapathi, Professor of Civil Engineering, College of Engineering, Kakinada.

(7) Sri R. C. Advani, Professor of Electrical Engineering, College of Engineering, Kakinada.

(8) Sri S. Srinivasan, Professor of Electrical Engineering, College of Engineering, Anantapur.

(9) Sri S. Ananthkrishnan, Professor of Mechanical Engineering, College of Engineering, Anantapur.

(10) Sri B. L. Ranganathan, Lecturer in English, Government Arts College, Cuddapah.

(11) Kumari K. V. Shivagamy, Lecturer in English, Government College for Women, Guntur.

(12) Kumari B. Pankajam, Lecturer in Economics, Government College for Women, Guntur.

Of the above officers Nos. (3), (5), (11) and (12) namely Sri R. H. P. Holman, Sri R. Natesan, Kumari K. V. Shivagamy and Kumari B. Pankajam have been permanently absorbed in the Andhra State.

(3) *Officers left in the Residuary State:*

The following Officers working in the Andhra Educational Service continue to serve in the Residuary State for want of corresponding posts in the Andhra State. They were treated as allotted Officers but allowed to continue in the Madras State till their services are required in this State.

(1) Dr. P. B. Patnaik, Chief Professor of Mathematics, Presidency College, Madras (on foreign service at Calcutta).

(2) Dr. S. Gopalakrishnamurthy, Chief Professor of Physics, Presidency College, Madras.

(3) Sri G. Subrahmanyam, Instructor in Tele-Communications Engineering, Engineering College, Guindy.

(4) Sri T. N. Venkatanatha Chary, Lecturer in Botany, Government Victoria College, Palghat.

(5) Sri B. Lakshminarayana, Professor of Telugu, Presidency College, Madras.

(6) Srimathi I. Rajyalakshmi, Lecturer in Telugu, Queen Mary's College, Madras.

The following allotted Officers who were allowed to continue in the Madras State for want of corresponding posts in the Andhra State have since been taken over to this State.

(1) Sri K. V. V. Subba Raju, Lecturer in Commerce, His Highness the Rajah's College, Pudukkottai.

(2) Sri John P. Sundara Rao, Professor of Zoology, Presidency College, Madras.

(4) *Direct recruits.*

During the period under report only one officer namely Sri K. S. Lakshmana Rao, was selected by the Andhra Public Service Commission, in a war reserved vacancy and appointed as Lecturer in Physics, Government Arts College, Anantapur, with effect from 15th March 1955 forenoon.

(5) Contract Appointments.

Sri D. S. Reddi, was appointed as Director of Public Instruction, Director of Public Libraries and Commissioner for Government Examinations on a contract basis for a period of three years on a pay of Rs. 1,800 plus pension. He took charge of the posts from 10th June 1954 forenoon.

The contract appointment of Sri D. Ramakrishnaiah as Lecturer in Education, Government Training College for Men, Rajahmundry was renewed up to 30th June 1955 afternoon.

(6) Retirements.

The following Officers working in the Andhra Educational Service retired from service with effect from the dates noted against each:—

(1) Srimathi A. Kotamma, Inspectress of Girls Schools, I Circle, Rajahmundry from 22nd October 1954.

(2) Sri D. Rajagopalacharya, District Educational Officer, Guntur South from 15th October 1954.

(3) Sri Md. Mahaboob Ali, District Educational Officer, West Godavari from 31st March 1955.

(4) Sri M. K. Srinivasa Raghavāchar, Lecturer in Economics, Government Arts College, Anantapur from 5th August 1954.

(7) Re-employments.

The following Officers were granted re-employment or extension of re-employment after retirement in the posts noted against each:—

(1) Sri G. Ranga Rao Naidu, Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Personnel) attained the age of superannuation on 11th June 1953. He was granted re-employment for a further period of one year from 11th June 1954, in G.O. Ms. No. 309, Finance (Pension), dated 28th May 1954.

(2) Sri P. N. Chamu Nair, Deputy Commissioner for Government Examinations (Transferred Officer) attained the age of superannuation on 2nd January 1954. He was granted further re-employment for a period of six months from 2nd January 1955 in G.O. Ms. No. 697, Finance, (Pension) dated 2nd November 1954.

(3) Sri C. Raghunathan, Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Finance) (Transferred Officer) attained the age of superannuation on 4th January 1953. He was granted further re-employment for a period of six months from 1st October 1954 in G.O. Ms. No. 697, Finance, dated 2nd November 1954.

(4) Kumari I. A. Williams, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, II Circle, Nellore attained the age of superannuation on 18th December 1954. She was granted re-employment for a period of one year from 18th December 1954 in G.O. Ms. No. 697, Finance (Pension), dated 2nd November 1954.

(5) Sri A. Narayana Reddi, Divisional Inspector of Schools, Anantapur attained the age of superannuation on 6th January 1955. He was granted re-employment for a period of one year from 6th January 1955 in G.O. Ms. No. 697, Finance (Pension) dated 2nd November 1954.

(8) Foreign Service.

Dr. P. B. Patnaik, formerly Chief Professor of Mathematics, Presidency College, Madras continued to be on foreign service in Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta.

(9) Study Overseas.

Sri K. Umamaheswara Rao, formerly Assistant Lecturer in Mathematics returned from abroad after completion of his studies and was posted as Professor of Education in Government Training College, Rajahmundry (Men). He took charge of the post on 30th July 1954.

Sri P. Bhujanga Rao, Assistant Lecturer in Mathematics, College of Engineering, Anantapur was deputed abroad for higher studies in Engineering Mathematics under Point Four Programme during 1953-54 and he stayed abroad during the year 1954-55 also.

IV. INSPECTION.

(1) Divisional Inspectors of Schools.

There were two Divisional Inspectors of Schools in charge of the two divisions, viz., Kakinada and Anantapur. Sri A. Narayana Reddy was in charge of Godavari Division up to 6th December 1954 forenoon and Sri L. Bullayya was in charge of Anantapur division till 13th December 1954 afternoon. Sri K. Veerabhadra Swami, District Educational Officer, East Godavari was promoted regularly as Divisional Inspector of Schools and posted to Godavari division in G.O. Ms. No. 1527, Education, dated 28th November 1954 and he took charge of the post on 6th December 1954 relieving Sri A. Narayana Reddy, who was transferred as Divisional Inspector of Schools, Anantapur division. Sri A. Narayana Reddy joined duty at Anantapur on 13th December 1954 afternoon relieving Sri L. Bullayya who was transferred as Deputy Director of Public Instruction (Finance).

(2) District Educational Officers and Inspectresses of Girls, Schools.

There was a District Educational Officer for each Revenue district except Krishna and Guntur, which had two District Educational Officers each. In order to assist the District Educational Officers of the six Educational districts of Godavari, Guntur and Krishna in the inspection of the large number of Secondary Schools in those districts, two posts of Joint District Educational Officers in the Junior Andhra Educational Service were created and attached to the District Educational Officer's offices at Eluru and Guntur from 26th and 17th January 1955 respectively. There were two Inspectresses of Girls' Schools in charge of I and II Circles with Headquarters at Rajahmundry and Nellore respectively.

(3) Basic Education Officers.

There were two Basic Education Officers in charge of two circles Kakinada and Anantapur.

(4) Subordinate Inspecting Officers.

The following statement shows the strength of Subordinate Inspecting staff:—

Deputy Inspectors (Propaganda) Personal Assistants to the District Educational Officers and Senior Deputy Inspectors of Schools.	} belongs to a combined cadre.	146+3 in Agency.
School Assistants		305+3 on fixed pay
Junior Deputy Inspectors		*126+2 in Adult Schools +3 in Agencies
Regional Inspectors of Physical Education	.. .. .	2

* This includes the 27 posts of Attendance Officers which were converted into posts of Junior Deputy Inspectors of Schools with effect from 1st March 1955.

CHAPTER III.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

General—Centres—Schools—Single Teacher Schools—School Buildings—School-less Scholars—Wastage—size of classes and Medium of Instruction—Examination—Results—Scholarships and Free Places—Compulsory Education—Teachers—Expenditure.

1. GENERAL.

The following types of schools exist for Primary Education in the State:—

- (1) Lower Elementary Schools—Standards I to V.
- (2) Higher Elementary Schools—Standards I to VIII.
- (3) Junior Basic Schools—Grades I to V.
- (4) Senior Basic Schools—Grades I to VIII.
- (5) Primary Departments of Secondary Schools, Classes I to V.
- (6) Primary Schools for Anglo-Indians—Standards I to VI.

This chapter deals mainly with elementary schools, i.e., schools of the non-basic types. Details relating to basic schools are given in Chapter IV and those relating to Anglo-Indian Schools are given in Chapter No. XI.

The classification of schools into boys and girls schools has been abolished in so far as elementary education is concerned and all elementary schools are treated as mixed schools open to boys and girls alike.

The modified scheme of elementary education which was introduced in all lower elementary schools in non-municipal areas at the beginning of the school year 1953-54, was abandoned at the end of that year and the schools reverted to the old scheme from the beginning of the school year 1954-55.

The Committee which was constituted by the Government in February 1954 to examine and suggest measures for the improvement of elementary education in the State submitted its report to the Government on 22nd May 1954. The report contains 80 recommendations most of which have far reaching importances. The report was under examination by the Government during the year.

During the year the Andhra State commenced its participation in the Government of India's Education Programme for the relief of the educated unemployed. The idea behind this scheme is to open new elementary schools in the several school-less places in the State wherein to provide employment as teachers to such of the educated unemployed as are suitable for that profession. In the first year, i.e., in the year in which the schools are opened, the Central Government aids the State Government to the extent of 75 per cent of the recurring expenditure and cent per cent of the non-recurring expenditure incurred on the schools. In the subsequent years the Central aid towards the recurring expenditure on the schools decreases by 25 per cent every year, with the result that from the fourth year onwards the maintenance of the schools falls entirely on the resources of the State Government. Under this scheme 1,045 new schools were opened in the State by 31st March 1955 (including schools which were not actually granted recognition by the end of the year though permission was granted for their opening).

2. SCHOOL-LESS CENTRES.

The policy of Government was to provide schools in all places where there was need for schools, preference being given to villages, with a population of 500 and above. According to the Census of 1951, there are 9,803 population centres (villages and towns) in the State with a population of 500 and above. Of these 8,413 centres have been provided with one or more schools. One hundred and sixty-one villages with a population of 2,000 and above, one hundred and forty-nine villages with a population of 1,000 to 2,000 and 494 villages with a population of between 500 to 1,000 were without an elementary school on 31st March 1955 (Subsidiary Table No. 14).

3. SCHOOLS.

The number of institutions for primary education increased from 18,259 to 19,105 as indicated below:—

Type of Institution.	1953-54.	1954-55.
Higher Elementary Schools	805	821
Lower Elementary Schools Single-Teacher ..	2,011	2,654
Other than Single-Teacher	14,985	15,125
Total ..	17,801	18,600
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools	4	4
Other Primary Schools .. .. .	..	..
Senior Basic Schools	35	38
Junior Basic Schools	419	463
Total ..	18,259	19,105

The District-wise distribution of elementary schools is given in subsidiary table No. 15. Besides the 40 schools converted into Basic Schools, 103 schools were closed and 942 schools were opened newly during the year. (Subsidiary Table No. 16). Of the 9,971 elementary schools under aided management 5,334 schools were managed by teacher-managers, such schools being found in large numbers in the districts of Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, Godavari East and West, Guntur South, Nellore and Cuddapah. (Subsidiary Table No. 17).

4. SINGLE-TEACHER SCHOOLS.

The number of single-teacher schools was 2,654 out of which 2,082 schools were under the District Boards including Panchayat managements (Table No. III).

4. SINGLE-TEACHER SCHOOLS.

Out of a total of 18,600 elementary schools, 8,846 (8,502) were accommodated in their own buildings and the rest were in rented or rent-free buildings (Subsidiary Table No. 3). The number of school buildings newly constructed during the year was only 81. (Subsidiary Table 18). Three thousand four hundred and fifty-nine (2,379) schools had no gardens while 17,780 (17,443) schools had either no playgrounds or their area was less than an acre in extent (Subsidiary Table No. III).

6. SCHOLARS.

The number of pupils under instruction in all Primary schools including Anglo-Indian Schools and Basic schools (other than those reading in Pre-Primary sections) increased from 1,721,660 to 1,760,156 during the year under report as shown below:—

		1952-53.	1953-54.	Difference.
Boys	.. .. .	9,96,431	10,61,708	65,277
Girls	.. .. .	613,120	6,59,952	46,832
		1953-54.	1954-55.	Difference.
Boys	.. .. .	1,061,708	1,080,956	19,248
Girls	.. .. .	659,952	679,200	19,248

The number of pupils under instruction in Standards/Grades/Classes I to V in all schools was 1,038,124 (1,020,866) boys and 666,270 (646,554) girls working out to 71.6 (71.1) per cent for boys and 46.5 (45.6) per cent for girls to the estimated population in the age group 6-12. If, however, only the number of pupils under instruction is the age group 6-12 alone is taken into account, the figures will be as follows:—

		Pupils of 6-12 age under instruction in Standards I to V.	Pupils of 6-12 age under instruction in the classes above V Standard.	Total
Boys	..	8,85,476	83,867	969,343
Girls	..	576,978	23,112	600,090

These totals work out to 67.1 (66.6) per cent for boys and 41.89 (41.2) per cent for girls to the estimated population in the age group 6-12.

The following statement gives the standardwise distribution of pupils in elementary schools:—

	1953-54.		1954-55.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Standard I	350,410	2,54,362	358,612	2,60,448
II	213,372	1,41,466	217,113	1,43,885
III	169,747	1,03,524	172,043	1,06,229
IV	134,743	72,442	139,014	76,411
V	123,074	54,951	119,163	57,853
Total	991,346	626,745	1,005,945	6,44,826
VI	19,875	7,742	19,898	6,906
VII	12,537	4,396	13,590	4,656
VIII	8,393	3,030	8,943	3,214
Total	40,805	15,168	42,431	14,776
Grand Total	1,032,151	641,913	1,048,376	659,602

7. WASTAGE.

The percentage of pupils in Standards IV and V to the strength in Standard I was shown below:—

		1954-55.			
		Boys.	Percentage.	Girls.	Percentage.
Standard IV	.. ..	139,014	38.76	76,411	29.3
V	.. ..	119,163	33.2	57,853	22.2

8. SIZE OF CLASSES AND MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION.

Instruction in all classes of Elementary schools is ordinarily given in the regional language. However, for pupils whose mother-tongue is different from the regional language, provision exists for arranging instruction through the medium of their mother-tongue provided there is a minimum strength of 10 such pupils in a standard or of 30 such pupils in a school.

9. EXAMINATION RESULTS.

Out of 11,004 (12,399) boys and 3,732 (3,478) girls who appeared for the VIII Standard Public (E.S.L.C.) Examination 3,538 (3,391) boys and 33.9 (27.3) per cent for boys and 31.8 (21.9) per cent for girls.

10. SCHOLARSHIPS AND FREE PLACES.

Instruction is generally free in elementary schools under the public management, but it is open to private managements to levy such rates of fees as they deem fit in the schools managed by them. Girls who are certified too poor to pay fees are admitted free in all schools, managements being compensated by Government. Besides poor girls; orphan children, Harijan children and Children of Non-gazetted Officers are also admitted free in all elementary schools, managements of fee levying schools being compensated by the Government for the loss of fee income caused thereby. In addition, the Education Department awards 24 (33) scholarships for boys and 31 (31) scholarships for girls (General) tenable for ten months in a year, their monthly value being Rs. 2 in Standard VI, Rs. 2½ in Standard VII and Rs. 3 in Standard VIII. The Harijan Welfare Department awards Scholarships to pupils of the eligible communities as indicated below;—

		Where no fees are levied.		Additional amounts where fees are levied							
		In Madras city Institutions		In Muffasal Institutions.		In Madras city institutions			In Muffasal Institutions.		
		RS.	RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.		
Standard	IV ..	6	6	4	8	0	2	4	0		
"	V ..	6	6	6	0	0	3	0	0		
"	VI ..	9	9	9	0	0	4	8	0		
"	VII ..	12	12	10	8	0	5	4	0		
"	VIII ..	12	12	12	0	0	6	0	0		

11. COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

Compulsory Education in this State is in force in the Primary stage only in certain select areas. The school-age for which the scheme is applicable comprises the age-group 6—12 for both boys and girls. Prior to 1930, the scheme was largely confined to certain Municipalities and in some of them it was applicable to boys only while in others it was made applicable to both boys and girls. Under the Post-War Development Plan, compulsion was introduced in a large number of rural areas and it was made applicable to both boys and girls. The scheme is in force in 13 Municipalities, 179 'Urban' areas (other than Municipalities) and 809 rural areas (Table No. IX).

The progress of compulsory elementary education in the areas in which the scheme has been introduced may be judged from the data given below:—

	Boys.	Girls.
1 Total estimated School age population ..	267,640	1,5,257
2 School-age pupils under instruction ..	219,660	137,551
3 Percentage of Column (2) to (1) ..	82.6%	70.4%

Notices to the defaulting parents were issued in over 88 thousand cases. The fines realised amounted to Rs. 969 (Table IX).

All the posts of the 27 attendance officers were converted into those of Junior Deputy Inspectors during the year with effect from 1st March 1955.

12. TEACHERS.

The number of teachers employed in elementary schools was as shown below:—

	1953-54.	1954-55.
Trained teachers—		
Men	42,100	43,915
Women	10,016	10,689
Total ..	<u>52,116</u>	<u>54,604</u>
Total Number of teachers—		
Men	44,774	45,863
Women	10,275	10,818
Total ..	<u>55,049</u>	<u>56,681</u>

The proportion of trained teachers to the total number works out to 96.3 (94.6) per cent. The Districtwise distribution of teachers is given in Subsidiary Table No. 28 and the number of teachers by grades and languages in Subsidiary Table No. 27. The qualifications of teachers and the scales of pay in force under the various managements are given in Annexure I.

13. EXPENDITURE.

The total direct expenditure on primary (other than Basic) education from all sources was Rs. 3,75,41,385. 75.2 per cent of the expenditure was met from Government funds and 21.2 per cent from Local Body Funds making a total of 96.4 per cent as from Public Funds (Subsidiary Table No. 12). The cost per student was 21.97 on the average.

CHAPTER IV.

BASIC EDUCATION.

Schools—Scholars—Teachers—Size of Classes—Methods and Standards of Teaching—Pre-Basic Schools—Training Schools—Re-Training of Teachers—Economic aspect of Basic Education—Development of Compact Areas—Conferences—Syllabus—Basic Education Journal—Development under the First Five Year Plan—Inspectorate—General—Expenditure.

This is the first full year of the work in Basic education in the Andhra State after partition. The several aspects of Basic Education in the State during the year under report are detailed below:—

1. SCHOOLS.

The Basic Schools in the State are of the following types:—

- (1) Junior Basic Schools—Grades I to V.
- (2) Senior Basic Schools—Grades I to VIII.

There are no Post-Basic Schools at present. During the year under report the number of basic schools increased to 501 (454) in the Andhra State. Of them 463 (419) were Junior Basic Schools and 38 (35) were Senior Basic Schools. Of the 463 Junior Basic Schools, 17 (10) were single-teacher schools. The number of schools managementwise and their distribution districtwise are given in Subsidiary Table No. 30. A number of these schools were by conversion from elementary to basic schools. Three schools had a garden space of one acre and above and 76 schools had a garden space ranging from 10 cents to 1 acre. The rest had either no garden at all or had very little space for gardening. Further details regarding the nature of accommodation provided for these schools are given in Subsidiary Table No 3.

2. SCHOLARS.

The number of scholars reading in all basic schools at the end of the year increased to 32,465 (29,383) boys and 19,333 (17,746) girls (excluding the strength in Pre-Basic Classes). Their strength in the several grades was as follows:—

Grade	1953-54.		1954-55.*	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
I	9,157	6,640	10,643	7,564
„ II	6,216	4,011	6,413	4,230
„ III	4,909	2,940	5,347	3,109
„ IV	3,819	2,082	4,236	2,183
„ V	3,461	1,568	3,850	1,674
„ VI	923*	257*	879*	300*
„ VII	502*	140*	652*	157*
„ VIII	396*	108*	445*	116*
Total ..	29,383	17,746	32,465	19,333

* These figures include the strength of unconverted Higher Elementary Standards also.

3. TEACHERS.

The number of teachers employed in Basic Schools was as shown below:—

	1953-54.	1954-55.
Trained Teachers—		
Men	1,370	1,524
Women	222	210
Total ..	<u>1,592</u>	<u>1,734</u>
Total Number of Teachers—		
Men	1,403	1,533
Women	226	212
Total ..	<u>1,629</u>	<u>1,745</u>

The proportion of trained teachers to the total number was 99.3 (97.7) per cent.

4. SIZE OF CLASSES.

The rules relating to the size of classes in non-Basic Schools apply to Basic schools also.

5. METHODS AND STANDARDS OF TEACHING.

Basic Education methods are adopted in these schools to the extent that facilities permit.

6. PRE-BASIC SCHOOLS.

Details regarding Pre-Basic Classes attached to Basic Schools may be found in Chapter X.

7. TRAINING SCHOOLS.

Details regarding Basic and Pre-Basic Training institutions may be found in Chapter VII.

8. RE-TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

Re-training in Basic Education for 31 graduate teachers was conducted for five months at the Government Basic Training School at Pentapadu from September 1954 to February 1955. Re-training for Secondary and Elementary Grade teachers could not be conducted for want of sanction of funds.

9. ECONOMIC ASPECT OF BASIC EDUCATION.

(a) Craft equipment Stores—

There were 10 Central Craft Equipment Stores attached to certain Government Basic Training Schools and these stores were supplying craft equipment to all the basic schools in the State on indents approved by the competent authorities. Craft equipment at the rate of Rs. 150 per Basic Trained teacher was supplied to the Basic schools in the year under report as per G.O. No. 691, Education, dated 22nd June 1954. The entire

expenditure was met by the State Government. These craft equipment stores are inspected by the Basic Education Officers. The Basic Schools in the area hand over periodically the yarn to these Central Craft Stores and take raw materials like cotton, lint, etc., in exchange. No new craft equipment stores were opened during the year under report, for want of funds.

(b) Craft work—

The main crafts are spinning and weaving and agriculture or gardening.

The productivity and self-sufficiency aspects in both the Basic Training Schools and the Basic schools are being watched by the Basic Education Officers through the monthly craft Reports. In this regard, certain standards of net per capita monthly earning have been prescribed for each grade in the schools. These include income from gardening, spinning, weaving and any other craft.

Details regarding the productivity and net earnings in Basic Elementary Schools for the year 1954-55 are furnished below:—

	Basic Elementary Schools.
1 Hanks spun	88,447
2 Yards of cloth woven	2,160
3 Lbs. of vegetables grown	27,024
4 Value of craft produce	RS. 20,365
5 Net earning	RS. 11,059
(Value of craft produce <i>Minus</i> value of Raw materials)	

Government issued instructions in the orders Nos. 587, Education, dated 25th June 1954 and 326, Education, dated 4th March 1955 for the disposal of finished products in the basic schools and basic training schools in the State.

10. DEVELOPMENT OF COMPACT AREAS.

The policy of the Government continued to be one of restricted expansion in compact areas and of having 30 Basic schools at least surrounding each Basic Training School by opening new Basic schools or by conversion of existing schools. Expansion of Basic Education to other areas is sought to be done after consolidating the position in belt areas and improving the quality in those areas except in special cases of schools having the necessary facilities. Government issued orders to prevent basic trained teachers from seeking employment in non-basic schools when basic schools suffered for want of basic trained teachers in G.O. Ms. No. 1122, Education, dated 16th September 1954.

11. CONFERENCES.

The Tenth All-India Naitalim Conference was held at Sansora in Saurashtra during November 1954 for which the two Basic Education Officers in the State were deputed. A conference of Principals of Training Colleges and Basic Education Officers was held in the Office of the Director of Public Instruction (Andhra) during December 1954. The State Basic Education Conference was held at Tiruvuru during January 1955 and resolutions were passed for more effective working of the Basic Education. Some of these resolutions are under consideration of the Government at present.

12. SYLLABUS.

The syllabus of the Composite State was followed. A Committee for suggesting modifications to Basic School and Basic Training School syllabuses so as to suit local conditions, was constituted during the year under report.

13. BASIC EDUCATION JOURNAL.

The Government in their Order Ms. No. 380, Education, dated 11th March 1955 permitted the publication of a quarterly journal in Telugu on Basic Education. An Editorial Board was constituted for this purpose.

14. DEVELOPMENT UNDER THE FIRST FIVE-YEAR PLAN.

Details regarding development in Basic Education under First Five-Year Plan may be found in Chapter XV (Item I).

15. INSPECTORATE.

There were two Basic Education Officers of Gazetted status for the two divisions, viz., Godavari and Anantapur, corresponding to the two educational divisions of the Andhra State. These Basic Education Officers inspect Basic Training Schools (both men and women) and the Central Craft Equipment Stores attached to the Government Basic Training Schools.

16. GENERAL.

The *Ad hoc* Committee constituted by the Government of Composite Madras State in 1953 made certain recommendations for the expansion and improvement of Basic Education in the Composite Madras State and they were accepted by the Madras State on the eve of partition. In view of the separation of Andhra State, the Government of Andhra examined afresh these recommendations of the Committee and passed orders accepting most of them in principle in their Order Ms. No. 43, Education, dated 10th January 1955.

17. EXPENDITURE.

The total expenditure (direct charges) on Basic Education from all sources was Rs. 10,97,352. 71.9 per cent of the expenditure was met from Government Funds and 25.6 per cent from Local Body Funds, making a total of 97.5 per cent as from Public Funds (Subsidiary Table No. 12). The cost per pupil in Basic Schools was Rs. 21.2 on the average.

CHAPTER V.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

General—Schools—Scholars—Teachers—Diversified Courses—Buildings—Medium of Instruction—Teaching of Hindi—School fees—Size of classes—New Regulations—Examination Results—Special Courses for Teachers—Seminars—Reorganisation and New Developments—Assesment of Teaching Grant—Expenditure—Rishivalley School.

1. GENERAL.

Schools for Secondary Education in the State are of the following types:—

- (a) (Indian) High Schools—Classes I to V and Forms I to VI.
- (b) (Indian) Middle Schools—Classes I to V and Forms I to III.

(c) (Anglo-Indian) High Schools—Standards I to XI.

(d) (Anglo-Indian) Middle Schools—Standards I to IX.

Indian Secondary Schools may have all or any of the classes in the primary stage or they may have classes from Form I only. At the end of the VI Form course, the students take the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate Public Examination conducted by the Commissioner for Government Examinations. Schools are classified either as boys' schools or as girls' schools according as they are intended mainly for boys or girls. Boys above the age of 12 are not admitted into girls' schools and in no case are they permitted to study in the higher forms (IV, V and VI) of any girls' school. Girls may be admitted into boys' schools in areas where there are no girls' schools; but the management shall make adequate arrangements for the conveniences necessary for them and where there is an appreciable enrolment of girls, the management shall appoint, wherever possible, women teachers. Details regarding Anglo-Indian schools are given in Chapter XI.

2. SCHOOLS.

The number of secondary schools in the State at the end of the year increased by 684 (679) as detailed below:—

Type of Institution, (1)	Schools for			
	1953-54.		1954-55.	
	Boys. (2)	Girls. (3)	Boys. (4)	Girls. (5)
Indian Secondary School—				
High	545	46	561	49
Middle	65	16	54	13
(A) Total ..	610	62	615	62
Schools for Anglo-Indian—				
High	1	2	1	2
Middle .. .. .	..	4	..	4
Total ..	1	6	1	6
(A) and (B) Total ..	611	68	616	68
Grand Total ..	679		684 *	

7 (23) New Secondary Schools (all for boys) (*Vide* Annexure III) were opened during the year as detailed below:—

	Boys' Schools
Government	5
District Board	2
Municipal	2
Aided	7

Ten Middle schools for boys (two under Municipal Board; six under District Board; and two under Aided managements) and two Middle schools for girls under municipal management were raised to the status of high schools by opening Form IV during the year under report. Forms II and III of the Board Middle school, Lingapuram were closed during the year and the school ceased to exist (Form I was closed during 1953-54). The

* These exclude Rishivally School about which a special paragraph is added at the end of the Chapter.

higher forms of the Municipal High School, Santhapet (Chittoor district) were closed and the school now exists as a middle school. The Board Middle School, Etukur, was closed. The Ch.S. Municipal Middle School, Eluru, was amalgamated with the Municipal High School, Eluru, and it ceased to exist as a separate middle school from 1st October 1954. Forms I to III of the Board High School, Kalahasti, were recognized separately as a Middle School and so there are (1) Board High School, Kalahasti with higher forms only and (2) Board Middle School, Kalahasti.

The distribution of Indian Secondary Schools, districtwise, is given in subsidiary tables 26 and 27. The number of (Indian) Secondary schools, according to the degree of completeness, is shown below (subsidiary tables 34 and 35).

Having as the highest—	Schools for	
	Boys.	Girls.
Form VI	503	43
„ V	36	3
„ IV	22	3
„ III	54	13
	<u>615</u>	<u>62</u>

3. SCHOLARS.

The total number of pupils under instruction in all types of Secondary schools at the end of the year (excluding the strength in the nursery classes) was as shown below:—

(1)	1953-54.			1954-55.		
	Boys. (2)	Girls. (3)	Total. (4)	Boys. (5)	Girls. (6)	Total. (7)
Indian Secondary Schools—						
For Boys	244,387	23,393	267,780	24,7391	25,792	273,183
For Girls	295	16,722	17,017	245	18,308	18,553
Total	<u>244,682</u>	<u>40,115</u>	<u>284,797</u>	<u>247,636</u>	<u>44,100</u>	<u>291,736</u>
Anglo-Indian Secondary Schools—						
For Boys	346	..	346	392	..	392
For Girls	453	734	1187	492	767	1,259
Total	<u>799</u>	<u>734</u>	<u>1,533</u>	<u>884</u>	<u>767</u>	<u>1,651</u>
Grand Total	<u>286,330.</u>			<u>2,93,387</u>		

Subsidiary Tables Nos. 32 and 33 show the strength of scholars in Indian Secondary Schools districtwise. Column (10) in these tables gives indication of the relative progress of the districts in the matter of enrolment. Subsidiary Tables Nos. 38 and 39 show the strength of Secondary

Schools, classwise, -for boys and girls separately. The classwise distribution of boys and girls in these schools taken as a whole was as follows:—

		1953-54.			1954-55		
Class		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
I	.. ..	82	249	331	59	292	351
..	II	73	258	331	58	315	373
..	III	43	331	374	54	324	378
..	IV	171	381	552	181	423	604
..	V	842	646	1,488	585	614	1199
Form	I	41,510	9,491	51,001	42,317	10,361	52,678
..	II	45,572	9,091	54,663	43,021	9,332	52,353
..	III	46,258	7,985	54,243	45,179	8,850	54,029
..	IV	40,213	5,255	45,468	41,781	6,132	47,913
..	V	35,658	3,689	39,347	38,693	4,297	42,990
..	VI	34,260	2,739	36,999	35,708	3,160	38,868
Total ..		244,682	40,115	284,797	247,636	44,100	291,736

4. TEACHERS.

The qualifications prescribed for the main categories and the scales of pay sanctioned under the different managements are, furnished in Annexure I. The number of teachers in Indian Secondary Schools increased to 12,625 (12,382) as shown below (subsidiary Table No. 40).

		1953-54			1954-55		
		Trained.	Untrained.	Total.	Trained.	Untrained.	Total.
Men	.. ..	9,173	2,184	11,357	9,659	1,842	11,501
Women	.. ..	926	99	1,025	1,010	114	1,124

The percentage of trained teachers to the total number works out to 83.9 for men and 89.8 for women.

5. DIVERSIFIED COURSES.

Eighty-one (81) Secondary Schools were having diversified courses as per details given below:—

		Schools.	
		Boys.	Girls.
1	Secretarial	36	1
2	Engineering	16	..
3	Agriculture	13	..
4	Domestic Science .. ..	..	9
5	Music	1	1
6	Drawing and Painting	1	..
7	Teaching Practice	2	1
		69	12

Permission was granted to open the agriculture course in two schools, viz., Board High School, Dosakayalapalli and Coles Memorial High School, Kurnool, during 1954-55. Permission was granted to close teaching practice in Coles Memorial High School, Kurnool, from the year 1954-55. Sherman Girls' High School, Chittoor, has also closed the Teaching Practice Course from the year 1954-55. Thus, the number of Secondary Schools having diversified courses continued to be 81 as in the previous year. In the case of schools which opened diversified courses with special aid, teaching grant is calculated at $\frac{3}{4}$ net cost instead of at $\frac{2}{3}$ for the first five years.

5. BUILDINGS.

Four hundred and ninety-three (Indian) Secondary Schools for boys and 52 (Indian) Secondary Schools for girls were held in own buildings, the percentage working out to 80.5 for boys schools and 83.9 for girls' schools (subsidiary Table No. 3). The position in regard to gardens and playgrounds was not satisfactory. One hundred and five boys' secondary schools and three Girls' Secondary Schools had no garden space, while 129 boys' Secondary Schools and 37 Girls' Secondary Schools had no playground at all or had less than an acre in extent.

7. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION.

Instruction in all classes of a Secondary school shall ordinarily be given through the regional language. Pupils whose mother tongue is different from the regional language may be given instruction through the medium of their mother tongue or any language other than the regional language provided there is a minimum strength of 45 such pupils in the three forms in the respective stages of the Secondary Schools, namely, Forms I to III and Forms IV to VI.

8. TEACHING OF HINDI.

During the year under review, Hindi was continued to be taught as an optional subject under third language as in the previous years. With a view to giving further impetus for Hindi the Government in their Order Ms. No. 1331, Education, dated 22nd October 1954 ordered that Hindi shall be taught as a compulsory subject of study as third language in Forms I to IV from the academic year 1955-56 and continued in V and VI Forms in the succeeding years.

9. SCHOOL FEES.

The school year for purposes of fees is divided into two terms—one, the long term commencing from the reopening of the school after the summer vacation and continuing till the Christmas holidays, and the other the short term, commencing after the Christmas holidays and extending to the beginning of the summer vacation. The standard rates of fees to be levied for seven instalments in the long-term and three instalments in the short-term are prescribed in rule 89-A of the Madras Educational Rules. In institutions under private management, the rates and levy of fee, is subject to the grant of the concessions under rule 92 of the Madras Educational Rules and other concessions, left to a large extent to the discretion of the managements. Loss of fee income due to grant of concessions is fully compensated by Government at management's rates. Besides the ordinary tuition fees, special fees may be levied for such school activities as Physical Education and games, library, literary association and reading room, stationery, excursion and scouting, visual education, medical inspection and for practical work in science.

Scholarships and fee concessions in force in Secondary Schools are given in Annexure II. The scholarships are sanctioned in the Education Department by the District Educational Officers or the Inspectresses of Girls Schools concerned and in the Social Welfare Department by the District Collectors.

10. SIZE OF CLASSES.

No section of a class in a Secondary School should have more than 40 pupils upon the rolls. As a special case, Government have permitted excess admissions over and above the 40 pupils as detailed below as a temporary measure:—

The headmaster can admit up to 45 pupils in a section subject to the condition that each pupil shall be allowed a floor space of not less than 10 square feet; admissions over and above this maximum limit should not be made without the prior approval of the department.

The position exists till 1955-56.

11. NEW REGULATIONS.

The following administrative orders were issued during the year under report.

(1) Government directed that the cases of Headmasters of Secondary Schools under Local Bodies who retire before the 30th September of a year be considered for re-employment on merits and that Headmasters of Secondary schools under Local Bodies who retire on or after the 1st October of a year be permitted to be continued as such till the end of the school year, the re-employment being sanctioned till then with permission to draw the full vacation salary*.

(2) Government ordered that the Physical Directors in Secondary schools should also be given some classroom work so that they might also become eligible for promotion to the posts of Headmasters †.

(3) Government directed that no new Secondary school shall be allowed to come into existence either by any local body or by private agency unless the management is able to provide or deposit in advance, as the case may be, funds to meet its share of expenditure on—

- (a) Suitable accommodation and playground space of at least five acres.
- (b) Furniture and equipment for the classrooms and laboratories.
- (c) A library adequate for the use of teachers and pupils.
- (d) Audio-Visual Equipment.
- (e) Workshop and craft-rooms.
- (f) Qualified staff ‡

(4) Government informed the Special Officers of District Boards and Executive authorities of Municipal Councils that displaced teachers from Pakistan who are employed in Secondary schools under their control may be continued in service up to the age of 60 years without any restrictions and that displaced persons who are employed as Headmasters may be continued in service after superannuation with the permission of the Director of Public Instruction §

(5) The local body Secondary schools which were in receipt of Block grants till 1st January 1947 were being paid teaching grants since then on the basis of one half of the net cost of maintenance subject to the condition that the teaching grant paid to such schools should be not less than

* G.O. No. 956, Education, dated 6th August 1954.

† Government Memo No. 11941 B/53-6 Education, dated 10th February 1955.

‡ G.O. No. 385, Education, dated 11th March 1955.

§ G.O. No. 403, Education, dated 21st April 1954.

the subsidies to which the local bodies were entitled under the Block Grant System. Abolishing this system the Government ordered that the grants payable in 1954-55 and in future years should be determined on the net cost basis ignoring the block grant admissible under the old system*

(6) The following new communities were included in the list of Backward Classes under items 153 to 157 as per the amendment issued, to the list†

153. Pombala.	157. Anyakshatriyas.
	Buchis (Telugu-speaking).
154. Bhatraju.	Chitrakara.
	Chittari.
155. (ā) Jalarlu.	Nakhas.
(b) Nagavaddilu.	Ginigar.
	Rajus.
156. Bhavakshatriyas.	Sarigai.

12. EXAMINATION RESULTS.

The number of students who passed their III Form at the end of the year was as given below :

The results of the other equivalent examinations are given in Table VIII—

	1953-54.			1954-55.		
	Number on Rolls.	Number passed.	Percent age.	Number on Rolls.	Number passed.	Percent age.
Boys	53,216	43,992	82.7	37,536	29,433	78.4
Girls	9,212	7,111	77.2	7,139	5,032	70.4

Comparative statistics for the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate Examination taken as a whole are given below:—

	1953-54.			1954-55.		
	Number of candidates taking subjects eligible for University Courses of study.	Number declared eligible.	Percentage of column (3) to column (2).	Number of candidates taking subjects eligible for University courses of study.	Number declared eligible.	Percentage of column (6) to column (5).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
All Candidates.—						
March—	{ Boys. 37,433	15,264	40.8	40,269	14,885	37.0
	{ Girls. 2,406	909	37.8	3,291	1,353	41.1
October—	{ Boys. 8,081	1,955	24.2	8,298	2,031	24.5
	{ Girls. 795	130	16.4	672	121	18.0
School Candidates only.						
March—	{ Boys. 34,123	14,704	43.1	36,227	14,083	38.9
	{ Girls. 2,162	881	40.7	2,996	1,303	43.5

(*) G.O. No. 948, Education, dated 4th August 1954.

(†) G.O. No. 389, Education, dated 12th March 1955.

13. SPECIAL COURSES FOR TEACHERS.

Under the auspices of the British Council a refresher course in English was conducted for about 25 years in Madras during the months of December 1954 and January 1955. A similar course was also organized in the Government Training College, Rajahmundry, for about 50 teachers in February 1955. A home-craft training course for about 25 L.T. and B.Ed. Assistants was conducted in the Government College for Women, Guntur, during the summer vacation of 1955, for the benefit of Graduate Assistants. A similar council was conducted at Rajahmundry and Nellore for the benefit of Secondary Grade Assistants and at each centre about 20 teachers underwent the course T.T.C. Courses in weaving, woodwork, music, etc., were also conducted as usual in the summer vacation of 1954-55.

14. SEMINARS.

Under the Ford Foundation Scheme the Government of India have organized a Seminar of Headmasters and Headmistresses at Coonoor in June 1954. About fifteen Headmasters from Andhra State have attended the Seminar. A few Inspecting Officers were also sent as observers to the Seminar.

15. REORGANIZATION AND NEW DEVELOPMENTS.

The recommendations of the Secondary Education Committee have been examined by the Board of Secondary Education and their views have been submitted to Government. The question of implementation of these recommendations is under consideration.

16. ASSESSMENT OF TEACHING GRANT.

Secondary schools under private managements are aided by the State Government. The amount of aid payable in any one year is normally based on two-thirds of the approved net cost of the preceding financial year, i.e., two-thirds of the excess of the approved recurring expenditure over the income from tuition fees reckoned at standard rates, the number of instalments being restricted to 8 as against 10 in the Madras Educational Rules subject to the condition that the Local Body Rules of pay at least are adopted for the staff. If the local body scales of pay are not adopted, the basis of assessment will be only half. In addition to the above, the management will be paid a grant equal to—

- (a) Half the expenditure on dearness allowance to staff and servants.
- (b) The loss of fee income foregone on account of the grant of fee concessions under Rule 92, Madras Educational Rules including full fee concessions to Hindu Harijans and Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes sanctioned under 32 of Grant-in-aid Code.
- (c) Half the expenditure on scholarships and fee concessions up to a limit of 10 per cent of the fee income reckoned at standard rates calculated at ten instalments.
- (d) the loss of fee income on account of grant of concessions to children of ex-army men.
- (e) the loss of the fee income on account of the grant of concessions to children of 'Non-Gazetted Officers'.

Secondary Schools under Local Bodies are also paid grants from State Funds on lines similar to Secondary Schools under aided managements but the basis of assessment is half the net cost instead of two-thirds and the fee income is calculated at standard rates for ten instalments instead of eight and only half of the income foregone on the grant of fees concessions to Non-Gazetted Officers is reimbursed to the Local Bodies.

17. EXPENDITURE.

The total expenditure on Secondary Education (direct charges) during the year from all sources was Rs. 1,87,85,037; 1,71,40,352 in boys schools and Rs. 16,44,685 in girls' secondary schools. The percentage of expenditure from various sources was from

	Boys Schools.	Girls Schools.
Government Funds	18·0	47·3
Local Body Funds	27·7	14·7
Fees	51·0	29·8
Other sources including endowments	3·3	8·2

The expenditure per head was Rs. 62·6 in boys' schools and Rs. 83·0 in girls' schools.

18. RISHIVALLEY SCHOOL.

The Rishi Valley School in Chittoor district is a residential school providing special type of education and students from the institution are sent up to the Cambridge School Certificate Examination and Matriculation Examination of the Andhra University. Both in class and house each child being one of a group of 12 to 15, receives all parental care from teachers.

Method of Academic Work.—The senior classes work according to a system of individual work (a modified form of the Dalton-cum-Winnetka Scheme) with assignments and supervised individual study. A record of each pupil's work is kept by the teachers concerned. The junior classes work more or less on the class system but in addition to more individual attention being paid, children are regrouped for each subject according to their achievements in different subjects.

The children's section works on Kindergarten lines with some Montessori material also. All subjects are taught right through the schools in the English medium. Hindi is taught to all and Telugu to children of Telugu parents.

During the year under report there were 109 pupils on rolls of the school (82 boys and 27 girls). There were 21 teachers on the staff of the school. The expenditure of the institution during the year was Rs. 60,091.

CHAPTER VI.

UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGIATE EDUCATION.

Universities—Collegiate Education—Affiliated Colleges for General Education—Regulations in vogue Regarding size of Classes and Colleges—Scholarships and fee concessions—Examination Results—Qualifications of Staff—Expenditure.

1. UNIVERSITIES.

At the time when the Andhra State was formed on 1st October 1953 there was only one University in the State, namely, Andhra University at Waltair. Within an year after its inauguration the new Andhra State had by Act XIV of the Legislature established another University at Tirupati, in Chittoor district, the abode of Lord Sree Venkateswara. The University was also named as "Sree Venkateswara University" and was inaugurated on 2nd September 1954. It is a teaching and residential University to start with and shall be having also affiliating functions from the commencement of the academic year 1956-57 with the jurisdiction over the area comprising the districts of Anantapur, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Chittoor and Nellore in the State of Andhra.

To start with as a nucleus it has organised instruction of the Honours standard (both in Arts and Science) in the Sree Venkateswara College for men, Tirupati during the year under report. There were 29 men and 1 woman in these Honours classes.

The Andhra University continued to function during the year with its four departments otherwise called as University Colleges. The names of these colleges and their strength are furnished below:—

	Strength.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.
1 University College of Arts and Commerce	466	28	494
2 Erskine College of Natural Science	92	14	106
3 J.V.D. College of Science and Technology	313	8	321
4 University College of Law	456	13	469
Total	1,327	63	1,390

J. V. D. College of Science and Technology provides for instruction in Science, Technology and Pharmacy. Out of the strength of 321 in the college, 45 men were studying in Technological subjects and 31 men were studying the Pharmacy course. Out of the strength of 494, in the College of Arts and Commerce, 16 men and 4 women were studying in the Diploma Courses of Hindi (Junior and Senior), Geography and Librarianship and 45 men and 1 woman were studying in the certificate course of Librarianship conducted by the Andhra University.

The following new courses of study have been started in the University Colleges with effect from the academic year 1954-55.

- (1) M.Sc. Degree Course in Ore Dressing.
- (2) Diploma Course in Geography.
- (3) M. Pharm. Degree Course.
- (4) Diploma Course in Hindi, and
- (5) Certificate course in Librarianship.

The curriculum for a new course of study leading to B.Sc. degree in non-clinical subjects in the Faculty of Medicine has been adopted.

The M.Sc. degree course in Applied Physics has been completely revised so as to provide for a three-year course for B.Sc. Pass Graduates and a two-year course for Honours Graduates. The B.E. Degree Course of study has been revised introducing new subjects such as (i) Metallurgy, and (ii) Applied Electronics and effecting a general revision of the syllabi. The Regulations for M.D. and M.S. Degree Examinations have been revised providing for replacement of the essay paper by a paper of a higher standard in the respective specialities.

2. COLLEGIATE EDUCATION.

After partition of the State from 1st October 1953, the affiliation of the Colleges in the Rayalaseema continued to be with the Madras University till the end of the academic year 1953-54 and from 1954-55 it has been switched over to the Andhra University, Waltair.

The affiliated colleges under Andhra University during the year were as detailed below:—

Colleges for								Men.	Women.
1	Arts, Science and Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	29	3
2	Education	..	..	..	..	..	2	1
3	Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
4	Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
5	Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
6	Music	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
7	Oriental learning	..	..	..	..	..	12	2
Total							..	49	6

3. AFFILIATED COLLEGES FOR GENERAL EDUCATION.

Excluding the departments directly managed by the Andhra University, there were 29 (28) colleges for men and 3 (3) colleges for women for general education in the State during the year under report. These colleges have been affiliated to the Andhra University. Of these 32 colleges 6 were Government Colleges (5 for men and 1 for women) and 26 were Aided Colleges (24 for men and 2 for women). Details in this regard are furnished below:—

Men's Colleges.—Of the 29 colleges for men, 2 were first grade colleges and 6 (6) second grade colleges. The number of students under instruction in all the men's colleges, excluding 166 (166) boys and 9 (9) girls studying the 2 B. Ed. sections attached to the M.R. College, Vizianagaram and the Andhra Christian College, Guntur was 26,226 (22,549) boys and 1,236 (957) girls (Arts Science and Commerce Groups).

Enrolment was as detailed below:—

	1953-54.			1954-55.		
	Men.	women.	Total.	Men	Wemen.	Total.
Degree Colleges for men ..	21,135	899	22,034	24,375	1,177	25,552
Second grade colleges for men.	1,414	58	1,472	1,851	59	1,910
	<u>22,549</u>	<u>957</u>	<u>23,506</u>	<u>26,226</u>	<u>1,236</u>	<u>27,462</u>

Women's Colleges.—Of the three Colleges for women, one was First Grade College and two were Second Grade Colleges. The names of the Colleges are furnished below:—

(1) Government College for Women, Guntur—First Grade College (Government).

(2) Ch. S. T. D. St. Theresa's College for Women, Eluru—Second Grade College (Aided).

(3) S. V. College for Women, Tirupathi—Second Grade College (Aided).

The total number of students reading in the Women's Colleges in the Arts and Science Groups was 339 (215).

The Government Arts College for Men, Srikakulam, which was a second grade during the year 1953-54 was upgraded during the year under report. The Andhra Loyola College for Men, Gunadala (Aided) was opened newly during the year under report.

Total number of women under instruction in all the affiliated Colleges:—

The total number of women under instruction taking both the men's and women's colleges into account was 1,575 (1,172) as detailed below:—

					1953-54		
					For women	For men	Total
Intermediate	I Year	..	..	..	125	357	482
	II Year	..	..	..	77	348	425
Degree Pass Course	I Year	..	..	..	9	138	147
	II Year	..	..	..	4	114	118
Total					215	957	1,172

					1954-55		
					For women	For men	Total
Intermediate	I Year	..	..	..	193	566	759
	II Year	..	..	..	103	341	444
Degree Pass Course	I Year	..	..	..	34	193	227
	II Year	..	..	..	9	136	145
Total					339	1,236	1,575

The following new affiliations were sanctioned during the year in the Government Colleges.

1. Government Arts College, Srikakulam B. A. Part III Economics.
2. Government Arts College, Cuddapah B. A. Part III: Mathematics i) (b) with Statistics and pure Geometry.
3. Government Arts Collage, Rajahmundry Intermediate Part III—Physics, Chemistry and Biology (96 seats from out of 258 seats provided for M. P. C. Groups)
Intermediate Part III—Accountancy, Banking and General Commercial Knowledge (80 seats)
Intermediate Part III—Telugu.

4. Government Arts College, Anantapur B. A. Part III—Zoology Main with Botany subsidiary (20 seats out of the number provided for maths. and Economics groups)
Inter; B. A., Part II—Hindi.
5. Government College for Women, Guntur. B. Sc., Chemistry Main 20 seats—
B.A. Part III—History, Economics (30 seats)
Intermediate, Part III—Telugu (15 seats)

In view of the demand for admissions the following increase was sanctioned in the strength of the existing courses.

1. Government Arts Collage, Rajahmundry B.Sc., Maths 24—48 seats.
B.Sc., Physics 24—48 seats.
B.Sc, Chemistry 24—48 seats.
2. Government Arts Collage, Anantapur Intermediate Junior M.P.C. group 200—280 seats.
3. Government Arts College, Cuddapah Intermediate Junior M.P.C. group 50—96 seats
Humanities 120—200 seats.

As the accommodation in the Government Arts College at Anantapur and Cuddapah was not adequate, Government, as a special case, sanctioned provision for the construction of an additional building for each college during the year.

Consequent on the sanction for new affiliations during the year, the following Gazetted Posts in the Andhra Educational Service were sanctioned besides the other necessary staff:—

- (1) Government Arts College, Srikakulam—One Lecturer in Economics.
- (2) Government Arts College, Cuddapah—One Lecturer in Mathematics.
- (3) Government Arts College, Anantapur—One Lecturer in Zoology.
- (4) Government College for Women, Guntur—One lecturer in Chemistry.

For the first time Government sanctioned the employment of Graduate Librarians in the scale of pay Rs. 75—5—145 one in each of the Government Arts Colleges at Anantapur and Rajahmundry in lieu of the Librarians on Rs. 45—90. With a view to provide some relief to Principals in administrative routine, one post of Office Manager in the scale of Rs. 140—5—190 was sanctioned for each of the following Colleges:—

Government Arts College, Anantapur.

P. R. Government College, Kakinada.

4. REGULATIONS IN VOGUE REGARDING SIZE OF COLLEGES AND CLASSES.

Item (1) size of Colleges and Classes:—

First Grade College.—The size should not exceed 1,750 including not more than 1,200 in Intermediate classes.

Second Grade Colleges.—The size should not exceed 1,000.

Size of Classes—Non-Science Subjects.—No section in Intermediate Classes should have a strength exceeding 100. For Degree Courses, the strength may go up to 150.

Science Subjects.—In Science subjects including Mathematics, a class should not exceed 100 in number. For Mathematics Classes regular Tutorial Scheme should be introduced, each tutor in charge of 25 students.

Practical batches.—No demonstrator shall be assigned more than 16 students at a time for supervision in a laboratory. He can be assigned 18 hours of practical work per week.

For Intermediate Classes, under no circumstances more than 16 batches should work in laboratories in a week, both First and Second year Classes put together. For the B.Sc. Classes, not more than 12 batches shall work in the laboratories in a week, Junior and Senior Classes put together.

5. SCHOLARSHIPS AND FEE CONCESSIONS.

Scholarships and fee concessions in force are given in Annexure II. The Government of India are also sanctioning a certain number of Scholarships every year to students belonging to the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes.

6. EXAMINATION RESULTS.

The number of students who passed their degree examination (pass course) during the year was as detailed below:—

		1953-54			
		Examination held in			
		March 1954		September 1954	
		Men	Women	Men	women
B. A.	.. .. .	534	41	403	26
B. Sc.	.. .. .	480	44	160	15
B. Com.,	.. .. .	328	..	162	..
	Total ..	1,342	85	725	41

		1954-55			
		Examination held in			
		March 1955		September 1955	
		Men	Women	Men	Women
B. A.	.. .. .	836	63	549	27
B. Sc.	.. .. .	525	43	131	15
B. Com.,	.. .. .	277	..	143	..
	Total ..	1,638	106	823	42

The results of various University Examinations are given in Table VIII.

7. QUALIFICATIONS OF STAFF.

(1) In the case of teachers in Arts subjects, holders of First or Second Class Honours B.A., or M.A., Degree obtained after undergoing a course of instruction and a public examination are eligible to be appointed as Lecturers.

(2) In the case of teachers in Science subjects, holders of a Doctorate Degree; M.Sc. Degree of the Andhra University; B.Sc. (Hons.) Degree (First or Second Class) or a degree of any other University recognized by the Syndicate as equivalent thereto are eligible for appointment as Lecturers.

8. EXPENDITURE.

The total expenditure from all sources on colleges for Arts and Science was Rs. 50,02,678 (52,10,906). Of this Rs. 48,56,385 was for the Men's Colleges and Rs. 1,46,293 was for Women's Colleges. The percentage of expenditure from the various sources was:—

	Men's Colleges	Women's Colleges.
Government Funds	17.5 (23.2)	41.3 (45.6)
Local Body Funds .. .. .	.. (0.09)	.. ..
Fees	77.7 (64.1)	34.5 (32.9)
Other sources	4.8 (12.5)	24.2 (21.3)

CHAPTER VII.

TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

Training Schools, Ordinary—Training Schools, Basic—Training of Language Teachers—Training of Physical Education Teachers— Training Colleges.

1. TRAINING SCHOOLS, ORDINARY.

There were 30 (31) training schools for men and 26 (26) for women with a total strength of 5,456 (5,876) men and 2,830 (2,962) women.

The distribution of these training schools according to the medium of instruction was as follows:—

	Institution for	
	Men	Women.
Telugu	27	23
Tamil	1	1
Urdu.. .. .	2	2
Total	30	26

Details regarding the names of the Institutions having Tamil and Urdu Medium referred to above are furnished below:—

- (1) Tamil Training School, Proddaturpet.
- (2) B.M. Training School for Women, Chittoor.
- (3) Islamia Urdu Training School for Men, Kurnool.

(4) Training section attached to the Government Muslim High School, Kurnool (Men).

(5) Government Secondary and Training School for Muslim Women, Guntur.

(6) Government Secondary and Training School for Muslim Women, Kurnool.

The Government Training School, Chittoor had provision for teaching in both Tamil and Telugu Medium.

The training school at Dhulipudi in Guntur South district was closed during the year.

Twelve (10) Training schools for Men and 17 (20) Training Schools for Women had either no playgrounds or their extent was less than one acre. Thirteen (15) Training Schools for men and 13 (16) Training Schools for Women had either no garden or their extent was less than ten cents (Subsidiary Table No. 3).

The total strength of scholars by grades and years of study is given below:—

Grades	Men's Institutions		Women's Institutions.		Total	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
1953-54.						
Elementary Grade—						
First year ..	1,196	52	..	1,063	1,196	1,115
Second year ..	1,146	45	..	1,158	1,146	1,203
Total ..	<u>2,342</u>	<u>97</u>	..	<u>2,221</u>	<u>2,342</u>	<u>2,318</u>
Secondary Grade—						
First year ..	1,788	55	..	247	1,788	302
Second year ..	1,746	77	..	265	1,746	342
Total ..	<u>3,534</u>	<u>132</u>	..	<u>512</u>	<u>3,534</u>	<u>644</u>
Grand Total ..	<u>5,876</u>	<u>229</u>	..	<u>2,733</u>	<u>5,876</u>	<u>2,962</u>
1954-55.						
Elementary Grade—						
First year ..	1,345	79	..	974	1,345	1,053
Second year ..	1,751	66	..	1,055	1,751	1,121
Total ..	<u>3,096</u>	<u>145</u>	..	<u>2,029</u>	<u>3,096</u>	<u>2,174</u>
Secondary Grade—						
First year ..	1,114	37	..	304	1,114	341
Second year ..	1,246	34	..	281	1,246	315
Total ..	<u>2,360</u>	<u>716</u>	..	<u>585</u>	<u>2,360</u>	<u>656</u>
Grand Total ..	<u>5,456</u>	<u>216</u>	..	<u>2,614</u>	<u>5,456</u>	<u>2,830</u>

The number of students who passed their Training School-Leaving Certificate Examination was as shown below:—

	1954				1955			
	March		October		March		October	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Secondary ..	491	131	596	118	851	204	569	111
Elementary ..	685	392	399	239	1,071	685	772	361

Admission into training schools.—Twenty-five per cent of the seats in Secondary Grade in the Training Schools were reserved for Scheduled Castes and Backward Classes put together at 10 per cent and 15 per cent, respectively. The admission of pupils from candidates possessing the relaxed qualifications from these communities was made subject to the non-availability of candidates with the prescribed qualifications in these communities. The selection of candidates into Non-Basic Training Schools is made by the District Educational Officers or the Inspectresses of Girls' Schools, as the case may be, whereas the selection of pupils for admission into the Basic Training Schools is made by a Committee of which the District Educational Officer is the Secretary.

Examinations.—For the first time, Government have ordered to conduct the T.S.L.C. Public Examinations in September 1954. This is as a temporary measure.

2. TRAINING SCHOOLS, BASIC:

There were 20 (19) Basic Training Schools for Men and three (3) Basic Training Schools for Women in the State with a total strength of 2,494 (2,640) men and 295 (286) women during the year under report.

Of these 23 Basic Training Schools, the Government Basic Training School, Pentapadu and the Andhra Basic Training School for Women, Tiruvuru continued to be co-educational institutions. The Government Basic Training School for Women, Bellary, and the Aided Basic Training School, Konetipuram were co-educational institutions. The other 19 schools were for men.

The two Government Basic Training Schools (Men and Women) Bellary, though located in Mysore State were under the control of the Andhra State. The Government Basic Training School, Kurnool was shifted to Alur in the same district where type-design buildings were constructed. No training school was converted into Basic Training type during the year but one Aided Basic Training School for men was opened at Purushottampatnam in Guntur district.

Thirteen (12) Basic Training Schools for men and one (2) Basic Training School for women had either no playground or their area was less than one acre in extent. In regard to gardens two (4) Basic Training Schools for men had either no garden or their area was less than ten cents.

Number of pupils under training in these institutions by grade and years of study was as follows:—

Grades.	Men's Institutions.		Women's Institutions.		Total	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
1953-1954.						
Senior Basic—						
First Year	763	28	22	73	785	101
Second Year	767	15	38	73	805	88
Total	<u>1,530</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>146</u>	<u>1,590</u>	<u>189</u>
Junior Basic—						
First Year	478	..	..	65	478	65
Second Year	572	..	..	32	572	32
Total	<u>1,050</u>	<u>..</u>	<u>..</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>1,050</u>	<u>97</u>
Grand Total	<u>2,580</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>243</u>	<u>2,640</u>	<u>286</u>
1954-55.						
Senior Basic—						
First Year	621	5	..	46	621	51
Second Year	628	3	..	25	628	28
Total	<u>1,249</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>..</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>1,249</u>	<u>79</u>
Junior Basic—						
First Year	565	..	37	79	602	79
Second Year	621	25	22	112	643	137
Total	<u>1,186</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>191</u>	<u>1,245</u>	<u>216</u>
Grand Total	<u>2,435</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>262</u>	<u>2,494</u>	<u>295</u>

Stipends at the rate of Rs. 18 per mensem per trainee, both of the Junior and Senior Grades, were continued to be paid during the year.

The number of students who passed their Basic Training School Leaving Certificate Examination was as shown below:—

	1954.				1955.			
	March.		October.		March.		October.	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
Senior Basic	255	12	182	7	369	15	200	7
Junior Basic	540	63	129	1	413	74	138	22

Re-training.

Details of re-training of teachers in Basic Education are given in Chapter IV.

Economic aspects.

Details regarding productivity and net earnings in Basic Training Schools during the year are given below:—

Comparative figures in respect of Basic Training Schools.

1 Hanks spun .. ..	.. ..	2,12,010
2 Yards of cloth woven .. ..	.. ..	19,820-1-2
3 Lbs. of Vegetables grown .. ..	.. ..	50,045
4 Value of craft produce	Rs.	87,187-2-5
5 Net earnings	Rs.	47,137-14-2

(Value Crafts produce MINUS value of raw materials)

Advances for weaving were permitted in Government Memorandum No. 8678 C/54-3, Education, dated 17th June 1954.

3. TRAINING OF LANGUAGE TEACHERS.

Pandits' Training Classes for the training of language teachers were conducted, as usual, during the year in the Government Training College, Rajahmundry. The course was of five months' duration and two courses were held during the year, one from July to November 1954 and the other from December 1954 to May 1955. Eleven men attended the first course while 24 men attended the second course.

4. TRAINING OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION TEACHERS.

There was one institution in the Andhra State for the training of Physical Education Teachers during the year under report, i.e., the Andhra Training College of Physical Education, Vijayawada. The enrolment in the Institution during the year was 152 (140) men. Higher and Lower grade certificate courses for Men are provided in this Institution.

5. TRAINING COLLEGES.

There were three Training Colleges in the State during the year under report (excluding the B.Ed. Sections attached to the M.R. College, Vizianagaram and the A.C. College, Guntur) as stated below:—

Name of the Colleges.	Strength.	
	Men.	Wome.
1 Government Training College, Rajahmundry	103	14
	(including 9 + 2 of M.Ed. Course)	
2 Government Training College, Kurnool ..	98	2
3 St. Josephs' Training College, for women Guntur.	0	45

M.Ed. Course was newly started in the Government Training College, Rajahmundry, during the year under report. The course is of one year's duration for full-time students and of two year's duration for part-time students. Of the eleven students in the M.Ed. Course, three were full-time students and eight were part-time students. Of them two were women students, one full-time and one part-time. The first batch of three full-time students appeared for the M.Ed. Examination in April 1955, of whom two have passed.

Shortened B.Ed. Course for the benefit of the Secondary Grade Trained Graduate Teachers was conducted, as usual, in the Government Training College, Rajahmundry, from 5th July 1954, for a period of three months and 59 (56) men and 2 (1) women attended the course. By an amendment to the regulations of the B.Ed. Degree examination of the Andhra University passed during this year, these students, on completion of training, have become eligible to sit for the B.Ed. Degree Examination, without passing the Collegiate Trained Teachers' Certificate Examination conducted by the Department as formerly, and therefore the Collegiate Trained Teachers' Certificate Examination has been discontinued from this year.

The number of students who passed B.Ed. Examination during the year was as follows:—

	Men.	Women.
April 1955	453 (331)	67 (67)
September 1955	53 (89)	3 (5)

Government have sanctioned one post of Office Manager in the scale in December 1954. The Principals, Government Training Colleges, Rajahmundry with a view to relieve the Principal of a portion of the office routine.

A Conference of Principals of Training Colleges was held at Hyderabad in December 1954. The Principals, Government Training Colleges, Rajahmundry and Kurnool were deputed to attend the conference. The strength of the two B.Ed. Sections in the M.R. College, Vizianagaram and the A.C. College, Guntur, was 166 (166) men and 9 (9) women.

CHAPTER VIII.

PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION.

Medicine—Veterinary—Agriculture—Forestry—Engineering—Technology—Industrial Schools—Schools for Arts and Crafts—Commerce—Law—Others—.

1. MEDICINE.

The number of Medical Colleges (Allopathic) in the Andhra State was two. The Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam, provides for the full M.B.B.S. course, while the Guntur Medical College, Guntur, provides instruction in pre-clinical subjects and sends up III year students to the Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam. The minimum educational qualifications prescribed for admission to the M.B.B.S. course is a pass in the Intermediate Examination with Biology, Physics and Chemistry under Part III. The candidates must have scored about 45 per cent of marks in each subject under Part III and they must have attained seventeen years of age. The number of scholars under instruction in these institutions during the year under report was 674 (632) men and 137 (121) women. The number of students who passed their M.B.B.S. Examination during this year was as follows:—

	Men.	Women.
March 1955	42	8
September 1955	39	8

Details in respect of each of these two colleges are furnished below:—
Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam.

The total number of scholars studying in the institution during the year under report was 572 (528) men and 118 (108) women. The number of scholars taking the M.B.B.S. course in the college was as follows:—

	1953-54.		1954-55.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
1st year	47	14	69	16
2nd year	60	19	68	20
3rd year	91	25	76	18
4th year	89	20	91	25
5th year	103	22	136	28
Total ..	390	100	440	107

The strength of the other courses in the Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam was 132 (138) men and 11 (8) women as per the details furnished below:—

	Men.	Women.	Total.
Diploma in Pharmacy	15	..	15
Sanitary Inspectors' Course	99	..	99
M. D.	3	5	8
M. S.	10	..	10
Post-Graduate Diploma Course in Medicine	5	6	11
Total ..	132	11	143

The selection of candidates for the M.B.B.S. course was done for the first time in the Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam, by the three-men committee consisting of the Principal and two non-officials. Eighty-five students were admitted in the college during the year. The number of seats was increased from 60 to 85.

Besides normal teaching and routine work, research is being done in most of the departments and papers were also published during the year by staff members.

Guntur Medical College.

The number of scholars studying in the college during the year under report was 102 (104) men and 19 (13) women (I M.B.B.S.).

In July 1954 clinical courses of studies were started in the college but they had to be discontinued early in November since the University Commission was not satisfied with the facilities then available and did not give recognition and all the Third Year students were again transferred to Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam.

The construction of the new Pathology Block was completed. One hostel building for 50 women students was built during the year.

2. VETERINARY.

There was no Veterinary College in the Andhra State during the year under report.

3. AGRICULTURE.

(1) Agricultural College, Bapatla.

The Agricultural College, Bapatla is the only Agricultural College in the Andhra State. The strength of the college was 195 (233) men and 1 (1) woman. The college is affiliated to the Andhra University, Waltair. The course of training leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture. The course extends over a period of 3 years. The course of study in Agriculture comprises both theoretical and practical instruction in the following subjects:—

I. Agronomy.

II. Agricultural Botany.

III. Agricultural Chemistry.

IV. Agricultural Entomology.

V. Agricultural Engineering. (Mechanical and Civil).

VI. Animal Hygiene.

VII. Horticulture

VIII. Agricultural Economics.

The minimum qualification required for admission to the college is a pass in the Intermediate in Arts and Science or Intermediate examination in

Sciences of the Andhra University having offered as optional subjects, Chemistry and any two of the following subjects:—

1. Mathematics.
2. Biology.
3. Physics.
4. Botany.
5. Natural Science.
6. Zoology, including human Physiology.

The strength of the college in the various courses was as given below:—

		B. Sc.					
		1953-54.			1954-55.		
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
First year	.. .. .	82	..	82	48	..	48
Second year	.. .. .	75	1	76	72	..	72
Third year	.. .. .	76	..	76	75	1	76
Total	..	233	1	234	195	1	196

The number of candidates admitted during the year was 48. The number of students who took their B.Sc., in Agriculture during the year was 71 (66) (i.e. 70 men and 1 woman) in March 1955 and 6 (10) men in September 1955. The rate of fees collected was Rs. 144 per year.

(2) Basic Agricultural School, Bapatla.

The school was started during 1954-55 as per G.O. Ms. No. 2946, Education, dated 31st December 1954 of Home (Planning and Development) Department of Government of Andhra and it started functioning from 1st February 1955. Normally the duration of the course is for one year in the school after which the successful trainees will be sent for six months' training course at one of the extension training centres in the State, after the completion of which the trainees will be fit for the post of a Village Level Worker. The strength of the school during the year was 118 men.

4. FORESTRY.

There is no Forest College in the Andhra State at present.

5. ENGINEERING.

The number of Engineering Colleges in the State was 2 as stated below:—

(1) Government Engineering College, Kakinada.

(2) Government Engineering College, Anantapur.

The total enrolment in these institutions was 733 (713) men and 1 (2) women. There was provision for Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Courses in both the institutions. The course of instruction for the B.E. Degree extends over a period of 4 years, the instruction in the first two years being common for all the branches of Engineering. The minimum qualification prescribed for admission to the B.E. Degree is a pass in the Intermediate Examination with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry as the optional subjects. The number of students in the B.E. Class alone in the various colleges was as follows:—

		1953-54.		1954-55.	
		Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
First year	.. .. .	195	..	192	1
Second year	.. .. .	182	..	195	..
Third year	.. .. .	172	..	178	..
Fourth year	.. .. .	164	2	168	..
Total	..	713	2	733	1

The number of students who passed their B.E. Examination during the year was 131 (135) men and 1 (1) woman in March 1955 and 8 (25) men in September 1955. There is a dispensary attached to each of these two colleges with a whole-time Medical Officer looking after the health of the students.

Government have sanctioned the employment, during the year, of Office Managers in the scale of Rs. 140—5—190 one in each of these two colleges, with a view to relieve the principal, of a part of the administrative routine. The employment of accountants, one in each of these two colleges, in the scale of Rs. 80—3—95—5—125 was also sanctioned during the year.

6. TECHNOLOGY.

The Department of Industries is responsible for the organization and control of technical education of the diploma, certificate and the artisan standards and for the administration of the Government (State) Polytechnics and Industrial Schools and the Institute of Oil Technology, Anantapur, and the Government Ceramic Institute, Gudur. The Department also aids financially the private industrial schools. Details regarding these institutions are furnished below:—

Schools of Technology.

There were 6 (4) institutions under this class in this State during the year under report—4 under State Government and two under Central Government—with a total strength of 1,120 (859) men and 21 (4) women. The names of these institutions are—

- | | |
|---|---|
| (1) The Andhra Polytechnic, Kakinada. | } Under the control of the Department of Industries and Commerce, Andhra State. |
| (2) The Vuyyur Polytechnic, Vuyyuru. | |
| (3) The Oil Technological Institute, Anantapur. | |
| (4) The Government Ceramic Institute, Gudur. | |
| (5) Industrial Training Institute, Kakinada. | } Under the control of the Ministry of Labour, Government of India. |
| (6) Industrial Training Institute, Anantapur. | |

Details regarding the strength of the Institutes and the courses taught in them are furnished below:—

Polytechnics.

Andhra Polytechnics, Kakinada 575 (483) plus 7 (4).

Vuyyur Polytechnics, Vuyyur 324 (348) plus 0 (0).

A Diploma course of three years' duration in Radio Engineering was started in the Andhra Polytechnic, Kakinada during the year. The names of the courses existing in the polytechnics and the strength during the year is furnished below:—

1. Andhra Polytechnic, Kakinada.

I Diploma Course.

1. Licentiate in Civil Engineering.
2. Licentiate in Automobile Engineering.
3. Licentiate in Radio Engineering.
4. Licentiate in Mechanical Engineering.
5. Licentiate in Electrical Engineering.
6. Licentiate in Fisheries Technology.

II Certificate course.

1. Electrical wiring.
 2. General Mechanics.
 3. Handloom weaving.
2. Vuyyur Polytechnic, Vuyyur.

I Diploma Course.

1. Licenciante in Civil Engineering.
2. Licenciante in Mechanical Engineering.

The qualifications for admission to diploma courses was Secondary School-Leaving Certificate and for all certificate courses III form or VIII standard. No fee is charged for certificate courses but a fee of Rs. 72 per annum payable in two equal instalments in July and January is levied in respect of diploma courses. The final year students of the diploma classes were examined by the Technological Diploma Examinations Board and the successful candidates were awarded diplomas. The Examinations for the final year certificate course students were conducted and certificates issued by the Joint Director of Industries and Commerce. During the year 212 (197) men appeared for the diploma examination and out of them 90 (110) men were successful.

Technological Diploma Examination Board.

A Technological Diploma Examination Board for the Andhra State was constituted during the year with the Joint Director of Industries and Commerce as chairman and the Industrial Engineer as Secretary. The Board conducted its first examination in May 1955.

Oil Technological Institute, Anantapur.

The institute is imparting instruction in the Diploma course in Oil Technology. There were no admissions in the year to the first year diploma course in Oil Technology in this institute. There were only three students (men) in the final year class. The qualifications required are Intermediate with Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry as optional subjects. A tuition fee of Rs. 72 is charged per annum payable in two equal instalments of Rs. 36 each. Research has been the main activity of the institute. Research work on five schemes commenced in the previous year was carried out during this year also. Three students (men) appeared for the final diploma examination and all passed.

Government Ceramic Institute, Gudur.

Two Diploma courses in Ceramics for Secondary School-Leaving Certificate candidates are offered namely (i) potteries and refractories and (ii) glass and enamel. The duration of each course is three years. There were 22 students (men) on rolls of the school during the year under report. No fees are charged in the institute. The first batch of students have not yet completed the course.

Industrial Training Institutes.

		Strength.	
		Men.	Women.
1	Industrial Training Institute, Kakinada ..	108	14
2	Industrial Training Institute, Anantapur ..	88	..

Both these institutes are administered by the Ministry of Labour, Government of India. Training in the undermentioned trades are given in these institutes.

Industrial Training Institute, Kakinada.

(a) Vocational trades (2):—

- (1) Cutting and tailoring.
- (2) Foot-wear.

(b) Technical trades (5):—

- (1) Motor Mechanic.
- (2) Mechanic (Radio).
- (3) Mechanic (Instrument).
- (4) Draughtsman (Civil).
- (5) Electrician and armature winder.

Industrial Training Institute, Anantapur (7):—

- (1) Blacksmithy.
- (2) Fitters.
- (3) Electrician.
- (4) Mechanists.
- (5) Motor mechanics.
- (6) Turners.
- (7) Welders.

Training is free in these institutes.

7. INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

There were 11 Industrial Schools in the Andhra State during the year with a total strength of 558 men and 33 women. Of these, one school was under State Government, two schools under District Board management and seven were under aided management and one school, viz., Jateeya Kala-sala Industrial School, Masulipatnam was an unaided one. The private Industrial schools are given financial aid every year in the form of building, equipment, capitation and maintenance grants in accordance with the code of regulations for Industrial Schools. No fee is charged in these schools.

8. SCHOOLS FOR ARTS AND CRAFTS.

There were five schools for Arts and Crafts (one for men and four for women) under the Industrial Department as stated below:—

- (1) St. Josephs Industrial School, Guntur.
- (2) Women's Industrial School, Palamaner.
- (3) School of Arts and Crafts, Vizianagaram.
- (4) Sree Sarada Niketanam Industrial School, Guntur.
- (5) Sree Kasturi Devi Industrial School, Nellore.

The total enrolment in these schools was 32 (41) men and 170 (176) women.

The Sarada Niketanam Industrial School was transferred from private management to the management of Hindu Religious Endowment Board during the year under report. It is therefore shown under Government management. The other four schools are under private management.

All the courses in these schools are of certificate standard, V Standard being the minimum qualification for admission. The age-limit is not less than 12 years in the case of girls and 13 years in the case of boys and not more than 17 years in the case of girls and 18 years in the case of boys. Except in the school of Arts and Crafts, Vizianagaram, no fee is charged in the other schools.

9. COMMERCE.

There were no institutions of the College standard solely for Commerce, except that the Colleges for Arts and Sciences were affiliated in Commerce Groups also. The number of students taking Commerce in the various classes was as follows:—

Class—	1953-54.		1954-55.	
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
Intermediate				
First year	1,673	1	2,095	9
Second year	1,881	4	1,803	7
Pass Course—				
First year	512	1	508	1
Second year	513	..	523	1
Honours—				
First year	24	..	26	..
Second year	23	..	24	..
Third year	26	..	23	..
Post Graduate—				
First year	13	..	15	..
Second year	17	..	13	..
Total	<u>4,682</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>5,030</u>	<u>18</u>

The number of commercial schools in the State was 96 (86). These schools were on the approved list of the Department. The total number of scholars in the schools was 4,787 (3,991) men and 194 (138) women (Subsidiary Table No. 50). The number of students who passed their B.Com., Examination during the year was 277 (328) men in March 1955 and 143 (162) men in September 1955.

10. LAW.

The Andhra University College of Law, the only one of its kind in the Andhra State, is located at Waltair. It is managed by the University. The staff consists of a Professor who is also the Head of the Department of Law, and four lecturers. The duration of the law course is two years, with the first Examination in Law at the end of the first year and the B.L. degree examination at the end of the second year. Candidates who possess a degree in Arts, Science, or Commerce of the Andhra University or any corresponding degree of any other University recognized as equivalent thereto are eligible for admission. There is also a special provision for those passing the Intermediate Examination; they are eligible for admission to the Law course provided they undergo a Law Preliminary course for one year which provides for an intensive study of subjects such as English, Sociology, Political theory and Organization, and Outlines of Modern European History, and pass an examination conducted by the University at the end of the year.

The strength of the College in the year under review was as follows:—

	1953-54.			1954-55.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Law Preliminary Class	77	1	78	74	5	79
F. L. Class	166	3	169	241	5	246
B. L. Class	92	4	96	141	3	144

One hundred and twenty-three (80) men and three (4) women in March 1955 and 22 (15) men in September 1955 passed their B.L. Examination during the year.

The College is also running a post-graduate law course leading to the Master of Laws degree. It is a whole-time course of two years duration. A candidate seeking admission should have secured at least a second class in the B.L. degree examination and more than 50 per cent of the marks in the particular subject in which he wants to specialize for the M.L. Degree. A special feature of this course is that it is partly by examination and partly by research, in both of which the candidate should satisfy the Board of Examiners on whose recommendation the syndicate awards the degree. For the first time one candidate appeared for the M.L. degree examination held in April 1955, taking the Law of Property as the subject of specialization, and has taken his degree at the Convocation held on 3rd December 1955. Another candidate has joined the M.L. degree course 1955-56, offering Law of Property as his special subject.

11. OTHERS.

Training ship 'Mekhala'.

The Training ship "Mekhala" was inaugurated in Calcutta in June 1950 to train young men to become seamen and firemen in foreign-going merchant ships. It moved to Visakhapatnam in 1951 and is at present moored in Visakhapatnam harbour. The period of training is three months, and 40 candidates are trained in each batch. Every month 40 trainees are recruited and 40 trainees pass out after completing their training. Thus, in any month there will be 120 trainees on the Board. During the year under report 479 candidates were trained in the ship.

CHAPTER IX.

SOCIAL (ADULT) EDUCATION.

General Social (Adult)—Education Centres—Mobile Units—Social Education Through University Students—Social Education in Training Institutions—Training of Teachers—

GENERAL.

The Director of Public Instruction continues to be the Head of the Adult (Social) Education. At the Headquarters Office, he is assisted by a Deputy Director and a Special Officer in dealing with the subject. The post of the Honorary Organizer for Andhra Desa continued during the year and it was abolished from 1st April 1955.

The Andhra Government have sanctioned the payment of a grant-in-aid of Rs. 250 to the Indian Adult Education Association, Delhi for a period of three years from 1954-55.

SOCIAL (ADULT) EDUCATION CENTRES:

The Scheme of Adult (Social) Education was introduced in the Madras Composite State as early as in 1948 and it is being continued in the Andhra State. The Scheme attempts much more than mere Adult Education which, in its restricted sense, meant instruction in reading and writing. Social Education, conceived under the Scheme, has two important aspects (1) Liquidation of illiteracy among adults and (2) Improving the knowledge and the education already possessed by the adults through Social Education centres, libraries, cinemas, etc. According to the syllabus prescribed for Adult Schools the scheme of studies has been spread over a period of three years. In the first year class adults admitted into the schools are taught to read specially prepared books. Instruction is continued for a further period of two years to enable them to read a newspaper which covers all branches of knowledge. The literacy part of the education course lasts for four months in which the illiterates within the age range of 13 to 40 are taught to read and write. At the end of this course literacy tests are conducted for them and the successful candidates are awarded certificates.

The number of Social (Adult) Education Centres in the State increased to 2,176 (1,899) during the year under report and the number of adults under instruction during the year rose to 67,251 (60,563) men and 3,087 (2,430) women. One daily newspaper *Andhra Prabha* and one periodical *Chandamama* are supplied to these schools. Seven thousand six hundred and ninety adults were turned literates during the year under report. The remuneration of Rs. 12 plus Rs. 4 to the trained teacher and Rs. 8 plus Rs. 4 to the untrained teacher continued to be paid during the year under report. The scheme of payment of bonus to the teachers at the rate of one rupee per adult turned literate was also continued during the year. The expenditure incurred on the maintenance of adult schools during the year was Rs. 4,92,707 and the expenditure incurred on the supply of journals was Rs. 35,120.

MOBILE UNITS.

There are two Adult Education Mobile Units in this State. One is attached to the Divisional Inspector of Schools' Office, Kakinada and the other to the Divisional Inspector of Schools' Office, Anantapur. Each unit consists of a Propaganda Deputy Inspector, an Operator, a Driver and a cleaner. The units are equipped with 16 m.m. Projectors, electricity generators, public address equipment and gramophone records. The Mobile Unit at Anantapur was also equipped with a 35 m.m. film strip projector during the year 1954-55. Propaganda Lectures and Educational Film shows were given for the benefit of illiterate audience. Two hundred and fifty Propaganda lectures were delivered by the Propaganda Deputy Inspectors during the year under report. One hundred and twenty-eight film shows were given and 824 records were relayed by these two units during the year. The Mobile Unit at Anantapur did also special propaganda on Agriculture in Tungabhadra Project area. The two mobile vans in the State are not in a position to meet the demands made on them as they have to cover an extensive jurisdiction. Further, due to their log services there were frequent break-downs. In spite of all the difficulties, they did useful service in the cause of Social Education in the State.

SOCIAL EDUCATION THROUGH UNIVERSITY STUDENTS.

The scheme of Social Education through the agency of University students was continued during the year. The students of the Arts and

Professional Colleges were asked to organize Social Service Leagues for this purpose. The Arts and Professional Colleges depute their student volunteers to work in the villages for a period of 40 days in order to improve the general sanitation and to spread literacy among adults. They organize physical demonstrations or recreational activities and informational exhibitions on every day science or other subjects such as arts and humanities in which the local adults are interested. They enliven the local community life through educative dramatization at nights, besides doing all they could, to make the adults literacy-minded and to popularize and strengthen the local Social (Adult) Education Centres. During the year under report six* such camps were organized by the following Colleges during the summer vacation of 1954. Radio sets were installed in the camps.

- * 1 Government Arts College, Rajahmundry (2 Camps—1 for Boys and 1 for Girls).
- 2 Government Arts College, Anantapur (1 Camp).
- 3 Government Arts College, Srikakulam (1 Camp).
- 4 Government P. R. College, Kakinada (1 Camp).
- 5 Government Training College, Kurnool (1 Camp).

SOCIAL EDUCATION IN TRAINING INSTITUTIONS.

Citizenship Training Courses were conducted for B.Ed. students in Training Colleges (Men and Women) and for outgoing pupil-teachers of the Senior Secondary Grade Training in the Training Schools (Men and Women) in the State.

TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

There were two Government Training Schools in this State for giving intensive training to Elementary School Teachers in Social Education, one at Anantapur and the other at Anaparthi, East Godavari district. The school at Anantapur was originally at Bellary and it was transferred to Anantapur consequent on the formation of the Andhra State. It was closed at Bellary on 4th March 1954 afternoon and was opened at Anantapur from 10th June 1954. Teachers in Elementary Schools are trained in these training schools in batches, each batch containing 40 trainees. The duration of each course is six weeks. While under training, they are given instruction in Adult Psychology and the special techniques of teaching adults as well as practical training in the preparation of teaching aids. Six batches were conducted in the Government Adult Literacy Training School, Anantapur and seven batches were conducted in the Government Adult Literacy Training School, Anaparthi during the year under report. Training in Adult Literacy methods was also given to outgoing pupil-teachers and untrained teachers in ten normal and Basic Training Schools during the year in the summer vacation of 1953, the duration of the course being 45 days.

CHAPTER X.

OTHER TYPES OF EDUCATION.

[Pre-primary—Music—Oriental Education—Education of the handicapped—Jail Schools—Village Guide Centres.

1. PRE-PRIMARY.

There are two types of schools in the State for Pre-Primary Education—the Nursery and the Pre-Basic. Admissions to Nursery Schools are made in the age groups 2-5. Nursery Schools lead to Standard I. The pre-basic

Schools are intended for children between the ages 2½ and 6 and these classes are invariably attached to Basic Schools. The number of schools in each category and the number of pupils enrolled are as given below:—

Schools.	Institutions by Management.				Strength.		
	Government.	Municipal Board.	Aided.	Unaided.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Nursery	3	..	3	1	94	113	207
Pre-Basic Sections (attached to Basic Schools) .. .. .	..	1	4	..	103	94	197
Total ..	3	1	7	1	197	207	404

The names of the Nursery Schools are furnished below:—

Nursery Schools.

Names of Schools.	Name of District.	Management.
1 Ramachandrapur	East Godavari	Government (Opened by the Project Executive authorities in the Kakinada-Peddapuram Project area during 1954-55).
2 Samalkot		
3 Peddapur		
4 Seva Samaj Vihar Nursery School, Anantapur	Anantapur.	Aided.
5 Sree Sarada Sundara Mani Guild Nursery School, Kakinada	East Godavari.	Do.
6 Indian Red Cross Nursery School, Nellore	Nellore.	Unaided.
7 A.B.M. Nursery School, Kavali	Do.	Aided (Mission).

Nursery Schools Nos. 1 to 6 were opened newly during the year 1954-55 and school No. 7 was in existence previously. Schools Nos. 1 to 3 were under the jurisdiction of the District Educational Officer, East Godavari and schools Nos. 4 to 7 were under the jurisdiction of the Inspectress of Girls Schools.

Pre-Basic sections.

Of the five pre-basic sections, one was in East Godavari district (aided), two were in West Godavari district (one Municipal and one aided) and two were in Krishna West district (aided).

2. MUSIC.

Colleges—

There was one Music College in the State during the year under report, i.e., Maharajah's Music College, Vizianagaram. The enrolment in the institution was 39 (28) men and 117 (86) women. Of these, 32 (21) men and 106 (77) women were in the certificate course and 7 (7) men and 11 (9) women were in the diploma course. The college is affiliated to the Andhra University. The college sends up candidates for the diploma examination of the Andhra University in Vocal Music, Violin and Veena. Candidates are also sent up for the Government Examinations in Music of the Higher Grade.

Secondary schools have introduced music under the diversified courses. The L.M. High School for Boys, Gooty, and the Bantlamudi Hanumayamma Girls High School, Guntur, continued to have the subject under the diversified courses of studies during the year under report.

3. ORIENTAL EDUCATION.

(a) Oriental Colleges—

The course of study in Oriental Colleges extends over four years. After the course is completed, the students appear for Oriental Title Examinations conducted by the Andhra University. The Oriental Title courses that are provided for in Oriental Colleges at present are the following:—

- (1) Bhasha Praveena.
- (2) Vidya Praveena.
- (3) Adib-I-Fazil.
- (4) Afzul-ul-Ulma.
- (5) Tabib-I-Kamil (Unani medicine).

Students are trained for diploma course in music of the Andhra University in the Sarada Niketanam Oriental College, Guntur.

There were 14 (11) Colleges for Oriental studies during the year under report. Of them 12 (10) were for men and 2 (2) were for women. The total strength of all the colleges was as detailed below:—

Colleges.	Oriental Colleges for Men			Oriental Colleges for Women.		
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars.		Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars.	
		Men.	Women.		Men.	Women.
1 Sanskrit Colleges. ..	10	316+36		2	..	32
2 Arabic Colleges ..	2	7+..		..	..	..
Total ..	12	403+36		2	..	32

The Prachaybhasha Maha Vidyalaya Oriental College, Vijayavada and the Sri Challapalli Rajeswari College, Modekurru (both for men) were newly opened during the year under report.

(b) Oriental advanced Sanskrit Schools and Oriental High Schools—

The advanced Sanskrit schools with a training of four years or at least two final years (and also by private study) send up students for the entrance examination. When G.O. Ms. No. 2833, Education, dated 31st October 1951 requiring that all the advanced Sanskrit schools should be converted into Secondary schools (Oriental) within a period of three years from 1952-53, i.e., by the end of the school year 1954-55 was issued there were 10 advanced Sanskrit schools in the State. By the end of the year 1954-55, eight out of these ten advanced Sanskrit schools were converted into Middle schools. The Veda Samajam Sanskrit Advanced School for Boys, Salur, and the Saradaniketanam Advanced School (Girls), Guntur, remained unconverted by the end of the year.

The Oriental High Schools are assessed grant, at the rate of two-thirds of the net admissible expenditure. The Oriental High School course provides for the study of six years and makes the students eligible to study either Intermediate in general colleges or Bhasha Praveena or Vidya Praveena in Oriental Colleges. The Oriental High School course comprises two groups, the classical group and the non-classical group. The course of study in the main language comes up to the standard of the Government entrance examinations. In schools where there is only one section in a form fees are collected at half the standard rates. If there are more than one section in each form full fees at standard rates are to be collected. Migration from an Oriental High School to a General High School or vice versa is permitted up to III Form provided the standard in the main language of the students of the General High School is considered high enough for admission into the Oriental High School. Students after passing the III Form Examination of an Oriental High School are eligible to join IV Form of the General High School and vice versa on the same condition as stated above. No migration is allowed after IV Form.

There were 15 Oriental Middle Schools in the State (thirteen were for boys and two were for girls) during the year under report. The enrolment in them was 662 boys and 286 girls. The Sanskrit Middle School, Kurnool, and the Sree Krishna Geervana Sanskrit Middle School, Proddatur (both for boys) were opened newly during the year under report. The M.R. Sanskrit Middle School, Vizianagara was also opened during the year by converting the M.R. Sanskrit Advanced School, Vizianagaram.

Besides the above converted schools, the original Advanced Sanskrit Schools also continue to function with the remaining Advanced Sanskrit classes. The enrolment in these 10 schools (8 for boys and 2 for girls) during the year was 63 boys and 74 girls.

(c) Oriental Elementary Schools—

The Oriental Elementary School provides for a four-year course of study. A certificate will be issued (by the Headmaster of the school) for the candidate who passes the examination at the end of the IV standard course. A pupil can join the I Form class of an Oriental High School after the IV standard examination.

There were 13 Sanskrit Elementary Schools in the State during the year under report (10 for boys and 3 for girls) with an enrolment of 282 boys and 358 girls. No new Sanskrit Elementary School can be started according to present rules.

(d) Hindi Vidyalayas—

There were three Hindi Pracharak Vidyalayas in the State, one at Tenali (Guntur district) and one in each at Vijayavada and Pamarru (Krishna district) training students for teachership. The course is for one year and the students sit for the Pracharak examination of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Pracharak Sabha. A Visharad certificate of the sabha is sufficient to make one eligible for the post of a Hindi teacher, but the Visharad Certificate-holder should pass the Pracharak examination also to hold the post permanently. In the school at Tenali, coaching is given for Visarad Examination also.

The enrolment in the three Hindi Vidyalayas during the year was 89 boys and 43 girls.

4. EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED.

The number of the institutions for the handicapped children during the year was six with a strength of 170 (98) boys and 58 (36) girls. The names of the schools are given below:—

<i>Name of the School.</i>	<i>Name of the District.</i>	<i>Management.</i>
<u>Schools for the Blind—</u>		
1 Government School for the Blind, Cuddapah.	Cuddapah.	Government.
2 Luthern School for the Blind, Rentachintala.	Guntur North.	Aided.
<u>Schools for Deaf and Dumb—</u>		
3 Government School for the Deaf and Dumb, Kakinada	East Godavari.	Government.
<u>Schools for the Crippled—</u>		
4 Bethesda Leprosy Hospital School, Narasapur.	West Godavari.	Aided.
5 Leper School, Bapatla.	Guntur South.	Do.
6 Leper Home School, Ramachandrapuram. ..	East Godavari.	Do.

Schools Nos. 3 and 6 were opened newly during the year under report.

In the schools for the blind at Cuddapah and Rentachintala, the pupils are taught to read Telugu through Braille system. There were 1 to 5 standards in the school at Cuddapah and 1 to 6 standards in the school at Rentachintala. The Government Deaf and Dumb School, Kakinada, was having 1 and 2 standards. Free boarding, lodging and clothing were provided to the pupils in this school and a part-time doctor was looking after the health of the pupils. The three Leper schools at Narasapur, Bapatla and Ramachandrapuram were having 1 to 5 standards.

Instruction was mostly free in these schools. The elementary school syllabus was generally followed and in addition to general education, special attention has been paid in these institutions to vocational training in crafts like tape-weaving, carpentry and mat-making, etc.

5. JAIL SCHOOLS.

There were two jail schools attached to the Central Jails at Rajahmundry and Visakhapatnam. The enrolment in them was 158 (64) men.

6. VILLAGE GUIDE CENTRES.

There was one school for village guides at Samalkota in East Godavari district during the year under report with an enrolment of 146 (50) men. The main object of this centre is to train village level workers in extension work relating to various items of development programmes. The extension training is covered in six months. All extension trainees should have a prior basic training in Agricultural and Animal Husbandry in Basic Agricultural Schools or Wings attached to extension centres. The subjects taught in the extension training period relate to extension work, agriculture, animal husbandry, co-operation, panchayat administration, public health, and social education. In addition, there were refresher courses extending over a period of three months for each of the batches. The workers trained in this direction were grama sevaks of old Rural Welfare Department. Practicals related to farm work and visits to villages round about for extension work. In addition, they were sent on educational tours to places of importance and interest to gather information first. They also had cultural programmes in the institution and these were designed to bring out talent and at the same time to develop a personality in the trainees.

CHAPTER XI.

EDUCATION OF SPECIAL CLASSES.

[Scheduled Castes—Scheduled Tribes—Backward Classes—Anglo Indians—
Children and Dependents of Ex-Army men—Education of Refugees.]

1. SCHEDULED CASTES.

There is a separate department of Government in this State under the name of Harijan Welfare Department (now called Social Welfare Department) specially set up for the amelioration of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Ex-Criminal Tribes and other eligible communities and other Backward Classes. Details relating to the Officers of this Department and the various duties assigned to them are given in Table XIV-B. Education is one of the ameliorative measures undertaken by the Harijan Welfare Department to uplift these classes. The following are provided by the Department (1) separate Harijan Welfare Schools, (2) Government Hostels, (3) Subsidized Hostels run by private individuals for the benefit of Harijans, (4) granting scholarships and amounts for the purchase of books and clothings, (5) payment of examination fees and supply of midday-meals.

Two Government Secondary Schools for boys, i.e., the Government High Schools, Masulipatnam, and the Government High School at Dokiparru in Krishna district were specially intended for Harijans and the number of pupils under instruction in them was 679 boys and 119 girls. The Government Middle School, Dokiparru was raised to the status of a high school by opening IV Form during the year under report. The total number of elementary schools mainly intended for the Scheduled Castes was 1,831 and the number of Scheduled Caste scholars under instruction in them was 68,490 boys and 44,411 girls (Subsidiary Table No. 53).

The total number of pupils of the Scheduled Castes reading in all types of institutions was 180,208 boys and 95,344 girls and details are given in Subsidiary Table No. 7. A scheme of scholarships and fee concessions to which the pupils of these communities are eligible is given in Annexure II. The grant of scholarships by the Harijan Welfare Department to pupils of eligible communities was made on the usual lines. The scholarships sanctioned comprised of residential and non-residential scholarships. The non-residential scholarship covers the school fee, if any, paid by the students including special fees, cost of books and clothing. The sanction of additional boarding and lodging charges makes it a residential scholarship. Boarding grants on behalf of Harijan pupils and the supply of mid-day meals to pupils reading in the schools run by the Harijan Welfare Department are dealt with in Chapter XIV.

2. SCHEDULED TRIBES.

The total number of elementary schools specially intended for Scheduled Tribes was 388 with an enrolment of 8,671 boys and 4,398 girls of Scheduled Tribes (Subsidiary Table No. 54). The total number of pupils belonging to Scheduled Tribes reading in all types of institutions was 23,728 boys and 15,327 girls and details are given in Subsidiary Table No. 7.

3. BACKWARD CLASSES.

The total number of elementary schools mainly intended for the Backward communities was 275 with a total enrolment of 14,691 boys and 11,323 girls of Backward Classes (Subsidiary Table No. 55). The largest number is found in the West Godavari district where there are 148 schools with a strength of 10,978 boys and 9,078 girls.

4. ANGLO-INDIANS.

Anglo-Indian schools are governed by a special Code of Regulations and separate provision for paying grants to these schools is made in the Education Budget. The school-year is from January to December. The Primary school teaches up to Standard VI inclusive, the Middle School up to Standard IX inclusive, and the high school up to Standard XI. Middle School Leaving Certificate Examination is held at the end of Standard IX and the High School-Leaving Certificate Examination is held at the end of Standard XI. There were 11 schools in the Andhra State specially intended for Anglo-Indians during the year under report—3 (3) High Schools, 4 (4) Middle Schools and 4 (4) Primary schools—Subsidiary Table No. 56. Two (2) Middle Schools for Girls and 3 (3) Primary schools for Girls were run by the Central Government under the Ministry of Railways. The strength of all the Anglo-Indian Schools was 999 (904) boys and 1,032 (960) girls (Subsidiary Table No. 56), the number of Anglo-Indian pupils among them being 463 boys and 535 girls. The total number of Anglo-Indian pupils in the various types of institutions was 527 boys and 578 girls (vide Subsidiary Table No. 7).

After the partition of the State on 1st October 1953, these schools were placed under the control of concerned Inspectress of Girls' Schools in view of the fact that they were only very few and the Inspectresses were entrusted with the responsibilities and duties performed before by the Inspector of Anglo-Indian Schools, Madras. In their Order Ms. No. 308, Education, dated 3rd March 1955, Government have entrusted the inspection of the three Anglo-Indian High Schools in the State to the Deputy Director of Public Instruction in charge of Anglo-Indian Education. In their Order Ms. No. 1388, Education, dated 3rd November 1954, Government ordered that boarding grants under articles 156 and 159 of the Code of Regulations for Anglo-Indian Schools will be paid to the Anglo-Indian pupils from the Andhra State who were admitted into the Boarding Homes attached to the Anglo-Indian Schools in Madras for want of educational facilities at the place of residence of the parents till the end of the year 1960. Two seats were reserved in the Church Park Training School for the Andhra students, the stipends being payable to them by the Andhra Government. The pupils in Anglo-Indian Schools in the Andhra State continued to appear for the examination conducted by the Anglo-Indian School-Leaving Certificate Examination Board. With reference to article 337 of the Constitution, the first ten per cent cut on grants imposed on the grants that were paid to the Anglo-Indian Schools during the year 1953-54, was continued during the year 1954-55 also.

5. CHILDREN AND DEPENDANTS OF SOLDIERS AND EX-ARMY MEN.

During the year under report children and dependants of soldiers and ex-service men continued to enjoy the following concessions under G.O. Ms. No. 1879, Education, dated 27th June 1950.

- (a) Book allowance for the purchase of books.
- (b) Remission of school or college fees and certain items of special fees.

(c) Remission of examination fees conducted under the authority of the Government or of a University.

(d) Boarding charges (not exceeding Rs. 40 per mensem for a period not exceeding ten months in the year) also continued to be sanctioned under G.O. Ms. No. 1878, Education, dated 27th June 1950.

A few students also enjoyed the scholarships as per the scheme sanctioned in G.O. No. 886, Education, dated 26th April 1956 in addition to the concessions under G.O. No. 1879, Education, dated 27th June 1950.

6. REFUGEES.

The scheme of financial assistance for the benefit of the displaced refugee students continued to be in force during the year 1954-55. The following expenditure was incurred during the year on this account.

	RS.	A.	P.
Stipends to College Students (5 Cases)	4,080	0	0
Cash grants to Secondary School pupils (5 Cases)	70	0	0
Freeships to Secondary School pupils (2 Cases)	56	8	0
Total ..	4,206	8	0

CHAPTER XII.

BOOKS AND LIBRARIES.

Public Libraries and Reading Rooms—State central Library—Books and Publications—Use of School Libraries by the public—Registration of Books—Text Book Committee.

1. PUBLIC LIBRARIES AND READING ROOMS.

The total number of Libraries under several managements on 31st March 1955 was 1,205 and reading rooms 251 and details on their behalf are given below (Subsidiary Table No. 5).

I Number of Libraries and Reading rooms under:	Libraries.	Reading Rooms.
Local Library Authority	114	..
Government	33	..
District Board	71	..
Panchayat	526	110
Municipal	23	15
Private Management	430	124
Other Libraries	8	2
Total ..	1,205	251
II. (a) Total number of books issued on Loan .. .. .	..	5,18,597
(b) Total number of books consulted in the Libraries .. .. .	..	6,92,165
III. Total number of volumes at the end of the year .. .. .	..	8,93,643
IV. Total number of visitors .. .. .	..	25,23,425
V. Expenditure—		
Libraries .. .. .	..	Rs. 4,12,475
Reading Rooms .. .. .	..	Rs. 3,419

The total number of libraries has increased to 1,205 (1,027) during the year and the number of volumes in them increased to 2,523,425 (1,632,895). The reading rooms are attached to most of the libraries.

The Madras Public Libraries Act, 1948 which came into force from 1st April 1950, is being followed *mutatis mutandis* in this State. There was steady progress in the spread of Library Movement in the State during the year under report. The eleven District Central Libraries continue to be functioning at the headquarters of each revenue district during the year. Forty-six Branch Libraries were newly opened under the control of the Local Library Authorities during the year, thus making the total number of Branch Libraries under the control of Local Library Authorities 65. Besides, 38 Book Deposit Centres were also opened under the control of Local Library Authorities during the year. These Branch Libraries and the Book Deposit Centres were opened in the localities where there was poor library service. The total number of libraries and book deposit centres under the control of the Local Library Authorities were as follows:—

	Total Number.
District Central Libraries	11
Branch Libraries	65
Book Deposit Centres	38
Total	<u>114</u>

All the eleven District Central Libraries were manned by Graduate Librarians trained in the Diploma Course in Librarianship. Instructions were issued to the Local Library Authorities to open children's department, Social Education department and Audio-Visual Education Section in the District Central Libraries and to secure sites for the construction of suitable buildings for them. The Government sanctioned a sum of Rs. 2,40,222 as contribution to the Local Library Authorities under section 13 (3) of the Madras Libraries Act, 1948, for the year 1954-55. A sum of Rs. 41,468 was disbursed towards grants to recognized private, Co-operative, Gramasangam and Panchayat Libraries in the State. The Andhra University, Waltair, conducted the Certificate Course in Librarianship during the year and 40 candidates were deputed for training by the Local Library Authorities and after their training they were appointed as Librarians in the Branch Libraries under their control.

The State Library Committee constituted after the formation of the Andhra State with the Honourable Minister for Education as its Chairman met for the first time at Kurnool on 7th November 1954.

2. STATE CENTRAL LIBRARY.

Government, in their Order Ms. No. 422, Education, dated 27th April 1954, sanctioned the setting up of a State Central Library for the Andhra State at Visakhapatnam. A sum of Rs. 3,72,000 was sanctioned for the construction of a suitable building and for the purchase of books, furniture, etc., for the Library. The Library has been temporarily located in a rented building at Visakhapatnam. A sum of Rs. 92,360-8-3 was spent during the year on the maintenance of the Library including the purchase of equipment. Necessary staff was also appointed for the Library.

3. BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

With a view to encourage the production and publication of best books in various regional languages, the Government of India formulated a scheme under which it was proposed (1) to give prizes for the best books on Children's Literature in various languages, (2) to purchase 2,000 copies of the prize books as well as other books of approved merit, and (3) to subsidise, in special cases, the publication of really good books to enable the publisher to sell them at a low price and they accordingly invited best books in various languages. During the year, the following three books in Telugu were awarded a prize of Rs. 500 (Rupees five hundred only) each:

- (1) Bommarillu.
- (2) Lakkapitalu.
- (3) Pillalabommabharatam.

Two thousand copies, each of the three prize books were also purchased for distribution to all the educational institutions and public libraries in the State in order to enable maximum number of children to read and enjoy them.

The Government, in their Order Ms. No. 443, Education, dated 28th March 1955, constituted an ad hoc committee for production and selection of choice books on Children's Literature.

4. USE OF SCHOOL LIBRARIES BY THE PUBLIC.

The number of school libraries attached to secondary schools which were open to the Public was 108 and the number of persons who made use of these libraries was 3,276. The number of books made use of by the public during the year under report was 12,221. The number of Elementary Schools whose libraries were thrown open to the public was 1,167. The number of persons who made use of these libraries was 36,796 and the number of books made use of was 42,684.

5. REGISTRATION OF BOOKS.

During the year the total number of publications registered under the Press and Registration of Books Act was 1,740 (887). Of these 670 (493) were books and the remaining 1,070 (394) were periodicals. Of the total number of books registered, 272 (222) or 41 (45) per cent were designed for educational purposes.

The tone and contents of most of the books registered were unobjectionable and were intended to educate the public in the different branches of learning. A few books revealing communist learnings were taken to the notice of the Government for necessary action.

6. TEXT BOOK COMMITTEE.

In accordance with the rules of the Andhra Text-Book Committee, the Government of Andhra in their Order No. 1027, Education, dated 26th August 1954, constituted the Committee with 25 persons as members of the Andhra Text-Book Committee to hold the Office for a period of three years from 1954. The Government have approved the proposal that the Andhra Text-Book Committee may consider books in the languages of English, Telugu, Urdu, Sanskrit and Hindi and that it need not consider books in other languages, viz., Tamil, Kannada and Oriya and that books in those languages approved by the neighbouring States may be taken for use in schools in Andhra State. The Committee met once during the year and the meeting was held from 7th to 10th February 1955.

Forty-six applications were received for registration during the year under report out of which 39 were registered and admitted as publishers by the end of the year. An amount of Rs. 18,400 was realised towards registration fees during the year. The total number of Registered Publishers at the end of the year was 161. In accordance with the orders contained in G.O. Ms. No. 760, Education, dated 2nd July 1954 all the Registered Publishers of the Composite State within the jurisdiction of the Andhra State and who registered themselves with the Composite Madras Text-Book Committee prior to 1st October 1953 were recognized as publishers of the Andhra Text-Book Committee without further registration.

610 books (102 for Elementary Schools and 508 for Secondary Schools) were received for consideration by the Text-Book Committee during the year and a sum of Rs. 11,578 was realized as scrutiny fees.

The consolidated list of approved books for 1954 published by the Madras Text-Book Committee was made applicable for Andhra State also for a period of two years, i.e., 1954-55 and 1955-56 as per Government Memo. No. 13325 G/54-5, Education, dated 3rd August 1954.

Under rule 6 of the Rules relating to Andhra Text-Book Committee the appointment of 39 persons as expert reviewers for the purpose of dealing with different subjects and languages for Secondary and Elementary Schools was made by the Director of Public Instruction, Andhra State. The assignment of sub-committees to the several members and reviewers and the appointment of Chairman to the several sub-committees from among the members was approved by the Text-Book Committee at its meeting held on 10th February 1955. Sub-Committees in the following subjects were constituted for the Text-Book Committee:—

- (1) English.
- (2) Mathematics.
- (3) Science.
- (4) Social Studies.
- (5) Telugu.
- (6) Urdu.
- (7) Hindi.
- (8) Sanskrit.
- (9) Education.
- (10) Music.
- (11) Commerce.

CHAPTER XIII.

MISCELLANEOUS I.

Audio—Visual Education—Physical Education—National Cadet Corps and Auxiliary Cadet Corps—Boys' Scouts and Girl Guides—Junior Red Cross—Youth Camps and Labour Service.

1. AUDIO-VISUAL EDUCATION.

The Central Film Library was set up in the office of the Director of Public Instruction during the month of December 1954 with the films, filmtrips, projectors, etc., transferred from the Central Library, office of the

Director of Public Instruction, Madras. During the year under report as many as 1,250 film shows were given in the schools with the films borrowed from the Central Film Library.

Necessary training was given to 30 teachers in the Central Film Library of this office in the handling and maintenance of projectors, radios, etc. Besides, two intensive training courses of four days duration each were conducted at Vijayawada and Gudur and 51 teachers were trained in these courses in the handling and maintenance of Modern Audio-Visual Equipment, and in the techniques of using films, filmstrips, etc.

On 31st March 1955 there were 100 schools equipped with 16 m.m. projectors, 65 schools with 35 m.m. filmstrip projectors and 350 schools with radio sets. Besides, 46 schools had also set up their own film and filmstrip Libraries.

In order to enable the non-electrified schools to have the benefits of Visual Educational through the exhibition of film shows, Government approved two models of 35 m.m. filmstrips projects viz., 'Aldis' and 'Agfa' workable on batteries for use in those schools so that they may have the exhibition of filmstrip shows till their buildings get electrified.

Twelve schools were equipped with battery operated filmstrip projectors. Schools equipped with the minimum Audio-Visual Equipment (i.e., a 16 m.m. projector, a 35 m.m. filmstrip projector and a radio) and sufficient number of films and filmstrips were permitted to go in for tape recorders and 36 schools were equipped with tape recorders.

2. PHYSICAL EDUCATION.

The work of promoting Physical Education in the schools was as usual attended to by the Chief Inspector of Physical Education assisted by the two Regional Inspectors of Physical Education, Kakinada and Anantapur. The Regional Inspectors of Physical Education, Kakinada and Anantapur had their jurisdiction over the Godavari and Anantapur divisions respectively. The office of the Chief Inspector of Physical Education was shifted from Madras to Kakinada in April 1954 as ordered in G.O. Ms. No. 189, Education, dated 2nd March 1954 and it was opened in the Pithapur Rajah's Buildings at Kakinada on the forenoon of 12th April 1954. In the absence of a Woman Specialist in Physical Education for the State, the Chief Inspector of Physical Education attended to the important routine matters relating to the organisation of Physical education in the Girls Schools referred to him by the Inspectresses of Girls Schools. The Chief Inspector of Physical Education attended, as the representative of the Andhra State, the Third All-India Physical Education Conference sponsored by the National Association of Physical Education and Recreation, India and organised at Calcutta in the last week of December 1954.

The Chief Inspector of Physical Education and the Regional Inspectors of Physical Education have inspected 91 Secondary and Training Schools and visited 42 Secondary and Elementary Schools. The Regional Inspectors of Physical Education held demonstrations of mass drill, mass games and other physical activities during their inspections and visits to schools and had also attended meetings of some of the Elementary School Teachers' Associations and demonstrated activities suitable for use in Elementary Schools. Fifty-three demonstrations of physical activities—both stage and outdoor—in which a large number of pupils and physical

education teachers participated were held during the year. One Physical Education Exhibition also was organised. Thirty-three Play festivals were organised by the Chief Inspector of Physical Education and the Regional Inspectors at the different centres in the Regions.

With the appointment of a large number of Physical Training Instructors in the year out of the 140 Instructors trained at the Andhra Training College of Physical Education, Vijayavada and of the instructors of the Andhra State trained at the Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education, Madras, the position in regard to the Physical Education Staff employed in the Secondary and Training Schools in the State showed further improvement. But yet there was still need for about 65 physical directors, 400 instructors of the Higher and Lower Grade and 60 Instructresses for the Secondary and Training Schools in the State. The regulations that there should be one Physical Education teacher for every 250 pupils, one Physical Director for Schools whose strength exceeds 750 and one Instructress for boys schools where the number of girls exceeds 75 were not implemented fully and there 110 schools with unqualified Instructors on the staff. The number of Instructors trained at the Andhra Training College of Physical Education during 1954-55 was 152. Some more Instructors from the Andhra State were trained at the Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education, Madras. With the addition of these Instructors, the position is expected to improve further. However, the dearth of Instructors of the Higher Grade still continues almost unchanged since the number of Instructors of the Higher Grade Trained in the Physical Education Colleges is very small when compared with the need. A large number of training schools were staffed by Lower Grade Instructors and needs to be replaced by Higher Grade Instructors as per rules.

The position regarding playgrounds attached to schools still needs improvement. As many as 168 schools were not having practically any playgrounds. Thirty-three schools secured additional grounds during the year.

One women candidate was deputed by the State for Physical Training of the Higher Grade at the Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education, Madras, during the year and a deputation allowance of Rs. 1,000 was paid to her. As usual, Government stipends were sanctioned during the year for 42 students of the Andhra Training College of Physical Education, Vijayavada at Rs. 18 per month per student for the full training course of ten months. The total expenditure incurred by the State towards these stipends was Rs. 7,371-4-0.

One of the noteworthy features of the year was the organization of an Athletic Coaching Camp by the Andhra Amateur Athletic Association. This coaching camp was organized under the Rajakumari Amrit Kaur Sports Coaching Scheme sponsored by the National Club of India. Schools were permitted to depute interested Physical Education Teachers for athletic coaching and skilful athletes for athletic training. They had the benefit of coaching from Dr. A. W. Howard, Hon. Senior Coach of the Amateur Athletic Federation of India and the official coach of the Rajkumari Sports Coaching Scheme. Another significant feature was the organization of a Grand Play Festival on a huge scale in which a mass of 2,000 boys and girls participated. The Director of Public Instruction, Andhra, presided over this Festival and it was filmed by the Films Division of the Information and Broadcasting Department and covered by the All-India Radio, Vijayavada.

The following grants were sanctioned by the State Government during the year to the State Associations promoting the different forms of sport in order to promote their activities.

Name of the Association.	Amount of grant sanctioned.
	P.S.
1 Andhra Cricket Association	4,000
2 Andhra State Foot-ball Association	1,000
3 Indian Olympic Association	1,000
4 Andhra Amateur Athletic Association	700
5 Andhra State Basket-ball Association	500
6 Andhra State Table Tennis Association	400

3. (a) NATIONAL CADET CORPS.

At the time when the Andhra State was formed with effect from 1st October 1953 there were only two Infantry Units of the Senior division, 30 troopes of Junior Division Army Wing and 3 troopes of Junior Division Naval Wing. The total authorized strength was 15 National Cadet Corps Officers and 624 Cadets. The two Infantry Units were the First Andhra Battalion with three companies with its Headquarters at Waltair, and Anantapur Independent company at Anantapur. The First Andhra Battalion at Waltair was catering for the University Colleges and Mrs. A. V. N. College, Visakhapatnam. The Second company was shared between P.R. College, Kakinada and Government College, Rajahmundry and the third company was located at Guntur which was distributed between Hindu College, and Andhra Christian College. The Anantapur Independent Company was catering for the Government Arts College, Anantapur.

During the year 1954-55, there was marked expansion of the National Cadet Corps. New and re-organized National Cadet Corps Units were raised as shown below:—

Number of the Unit.	Number of Officers.	Number of Cadets.
Vizag Indep. Coy. Vizagapatnam	3	154
Kakinada Indep. Coy. Kakinada	3	154
2nd Andhra Bn. Anantapur (Anantapur Indep. Coy. being up graded as a two coy, Bn.)	8	315
7th Andhra EME Sec. Kakinada	2	60
8th Andhra EME Sec. Anantapur.	2	60
12th Andhra Med. coy. Vizagapatnam	2	60
6th Andhra Naval Unit, Waltair	2	60
3 Sub-troops Sr. Div. Girls	3	90
4 Troops Jr. Div. Girls	4	120
3 Troops Jr. Div. Naval Wing	3	99
3 Troops Jr. Div. Air Wing	3	99

(a) Visakhapatnam Independent Company, National Cadet Corps, Visakhapatnam has been raised with the two existing National Cadet Corps troops of the Andhra University Waltair, and Mrs. A.V.N. College and the newly raised National Cadet Corps troops at Maharajah's College, Vizianagaram.

(b) Kakinada Independent Company, National Cadet Corps, Kakinada, has been formed with the existing National Cadet Corps Troops of Government P.R. College, Kakinada and Government Arts' College, Rajahmundry.

(c) National Cadet Corps Sub-Units have been raised in the following colleges which along with the existing NCC troop at Andhra Christian College, Guntur and Hindu College, Guntur forms the present First Andhra Battalion, National Cadet Corps. The previous one platoon strength of Hindu College, Guntur has now been doubled.

- | | |
|--|---------------------|
| (i) Sir C. R. Reddy College, Eluru. | } One platoon each. |
| (ii) Tenali College, Tenali. | |
| (iii) S.R.R. & C.V.R. College, Vijayawada. | |
| (iv) Andhra Loyola College, Gunadala. | |
| (v) Hindu College, Masulipatnam. | |

(d) Anantapur Independent Company, National Cadet Corps, Anantapur has been raised to a two Company Battalion by allotting one company strength to Osmania College, Kurnool and Sri Venkateswara College, Tirupati.

(e) The following new units have been raised:—

Senior division.

(i) Sixth Andhra Naval Unit National Cadet Corps at Mrs. A.V.N. College and Andhra University College, Waltair.

(ii) One medical company at Andhra Medical College, Visakhapatnam.

(iii) Two EME sections one each at Government Engineering College, Kakinada and Anantapur.

(iv) Three girls troops, two at Government College for Women, Guntur and one at Government P.R. College, Kakinada.

Certificate Examinations for all the eligible cadets for award of Certificate 'A' Part I and II and certificate B & C were held during the year as usual and the results of the examinations are given below:—

'A' Certificate.				'B' Certificate.		'C' Certificate.					
Part I.		Part II.									
Navy.	Infantry.	Navy.	Infantry.	A	P	A	P				
A	P	A	P	A	P	A	P				
61	61	441	312	26	26	160	134	235	145	12	6

(A= Appeared P=Passed).

Combined cadre and Social Service Camp for the year 1954-55 was held at Waltair from 20th April to 10th May 1954. Two hundred and sixty-five Cadets and seven National Cadet Corps Officers attended the camp. During the camp the construction of a hockey field at University Campus was undertaken and completed. The work involved cutting of 3,00,000 cubic feet of earth from the higher reaches of an hillock and filling the lower region with the same. The hockey field was declared open

by Sri C. M. Trivedi, Governor of Andhra on 7th May 1954. In May 1954 four senior division officers and 9 Junior Division Officers were sent for refresher training of three weeks duration.

Annual Camps were held by both the Senior and Junior Division Units as per details given below:—

Unit.	Division.	Date.	Place.
1st Andhra Bn.	Senior	15th to 28th December 1954	Marripalem
	Junior	26th December 1954 to 7th January 1955.	"
	Junior (Naval wing)	27th December 1954 to 5th January 1955.	Visakhapatnam.
2nd Andhra Bn.	Senior	18th to 31st December 1954	Hindupur.
	Junior	25th September to 4th October 1954.	Anantapur.

The Third National Cadet Corps Day was celebrated by all units on Sunday the 5th December 1954 in a befitting manner. A contingent consisting of one National Cadet Corps Officer and 27 cadets (out of whom five were from Andhra State and 22 from Madras State) were sent to Delhi to take part in the Republic Day Parade on 26th January 1955. The contingent had come back with great honours. The contingent won first place both in 'Guard Mounting' and 'Drill' and also won the 'Best Circle Banner'. National Cadet Corps Sports Rally for all units in Madras and Andhra States was held at Madras on the 6th and 7th of February 1955. Sri Sri Prakasa, Governor of Madras presided over the function on 7th February 1955 and gave away the prizes.

(b) Auxiliary Cadet Corps.

Another important feature of the expansion of National Cadet Corps during the year was the introduction of Auxiliary Cadet Corps for the first time. At the beginning of the year, National Cadet Corps units were functioning only in about 4.4 per cent of the total number of secondary schools in the State. Inadequacy of funds severely restricted the expansion of National Cadet Corps to more schools during the year with the result that the majority of schools had to be left out for consideration in future years. Under these circumstances the scheme of Auxiliary Cadet Corps was formulated as a less costly substitute for National Cadet Corps which could be introduced in schools which could not be considered for the introduction of National Cadet Corps for financial reasons. The functioning of Auxiliary Cadet Corps was also designed in such a way as to pave the way for its substitution in due course by regular National Cadet Corps. Auxiliary Cadet Corps Units were started during the year in 104 schools with 105 Officers (Government High School for Boys, Anantapur alone having two officers). A training camp for the teachers, who were selected to serve as Auxiliary Cadet Corps Officers in their schools, was conducted at Anantapur during October 1954 in which the 105 teacher Officers were given Auxiliary Cadet Corps Training and were awarded certificates in token thereof.

4. BOY SCOUTS' AND GIRLS' GUIDES.

The Andhra Bharat Scouts and Guides witnessed rapid progress during the year under report with Shri C. M. TRIVEDI, Governor, Andhra as the President and Sri M. P. Pai, I.C.S., Second Member, Andhra Board of Revenue as the State of Chief Commissioner. Shri D. S. Reddy,

Director of Public Instruction, Andhra was the State Commissioner—Scouts and Kumari Jamuna Bai, Women Welfare Officer, Andhra was the State Commissioner—Guides. The strength of the members increased nearly by 37 per cent in the Scouts section and 117 per cent in the guides section over last year. The total number of cubs, scouts, Rovers and Officers at the end of the year was 12,833 (9,205) and of Bulbuls, Guides and Rangers and Officers was 3,468 (1,598). Twenty training camps were conducted during the year under report (six for scoutmasters and 14 for cubmasters) and as many as 607 teachers were trained of whom 555 were men teachers and 52 were women teachers.

Scout and Guide Rallies were held in every district. A State Scout Rally was also held at the State Capital at Kurnool. About 1,000 Scouts and Guides and their Officers participated in the rally. Two ever-rolling efficiency shields instituted by Shri C. M. TRIVEDI, Governor of Andhra and Srimathi KUSUM TRIVEDI, costing Rs. 800 were awarded in the Rally. The Scout shield went to Anantapur district and the Guide Shield to Kurnool district. The high-lights of the rally was that there was a Scout and Guide Handicraft Exhibition with over 1,000 items contributed by the groups from all the districts in the State.

The Scouts have taken part in useful Social Service work in the form of constructing village roads, digging manure pits, cleaning village cherries and other community project schemes under the National Extension Services and Community Project. A training camp for the Community Project workers was run at Anaparthi, East Godavari district for 27 campers from 5th to 16th June 1954. A Scoutmasters' Training Camp for the Village Guides under the Community Project Programme was also conducted at Samalkot, East Godavari district in December 1954. A Youth Labour Service Camp for 100 scouts was run at Palliput, Chittoor district from 22nd December 1954 to 12th January 1955.

The Government were pleased to permit the Divisional Inspectors of Schools at Kakinada and Anantapur to act as Assistant State Commissioners (Administrative) for guiding the work of the Assistant State Organizing Commissioners in their respective areas. This has contributed for the more efficient and decentralised work. An amount of Rs. 13,700 was paid by Government to the Andhra Bharat Scouts and Guides as Grant-in-aid during the year.

5. JUNIOR RED CROSS.

The Andhra State Branch of the Indian Red Cross Society which was inaugurated on 23rd January 1954 continued to function during the year under report with Sri C. M. TRIVEDI, Governor as the President. The Director of Public Instruction was one of the ex-Officio members of the State Branch Committee. There were 163 Junior Red Cross Groups registered in the Andhra State during the year. The Indian Red Cross week was held throughout the State from the 2nd November 1954. A training course for the counsellors was held at Kalyandrug, Anantapur district, commencing from the 26th December 1954, consisting of 60 teachers. With a view to promote international understanding and goodwill the Canadian Junior Red Cross Society sent to the Headquarters, New Dehli, one case containing 'Afghans' large and small, baby set, woolen blankets, cover-crib stuffed toys and health kits. The parcel received was sent by the State Branch to the Orphanage Association, Nellore, as desired by the Canadian Red Cross Society.

6. YOUTH CAMPS AND LABOUR SERVICE BY STUDENTS.

Government of India have undertaken to organize Labour and Social Service Camps for the benefit of students. The primary aim in introducing this programme is to offer an opportunity to students and teachers to participate in community service by contributing to the various tasks connected with national reconstruction. Besides developing a sense of dignity of labour, such activities are calculated to help in promoting team work, self-confidence and a sense of responsibility and they would enable the students to gain a truer perspective on national problems and an insight into the life of the people. In pursuance of this scheme five youth camps were conducted in the State during the year under report—two at Tallogokavaram and Surapagudem under the auspices of the Social Service Samithi, Eluru in West Godavari district; one at Dubacherla in West Godavari district by the students of the Government Basic Training School, Pentapadu; one at Kolanka in East Godavari district by the students of the Board High School, Samalakota and one at Palliput in Chittoor district under the auspices of the Bharat Scouts and Guides, Chittoor. The projects undertaken were the construction of Roads, laying out a park on the summit of a hill and repairing the damage done to an irrigation channel by repairing the bund. The total expenditure on all these camps was Rs. 40,140 and this amount was met fully by the Government of India.

CHAPTER XIV.

MISCELLANEOUS 11.

Orphanages and Boarding Homes—School Meals—Medical Inspection—Indian Students Abroad—Teachers' Associations—Teachers as Branch Post-Masters—Departmental Audit System.

1. ORPHANAGES AND BOARDING HOMES.

(a) *Orphanages aided by the Education Department.*

Institutions which are primarily orphanages and which make suitable arrangements for the education of the inmates are admitted to aid. One of the important conditions of aid is that at least 50 per cent of the inmates in the orphanages should be certified free destitutes belonging to the State. Grants were sanctioned on behalf of orphan and non-orphan certified destitutes within the age of 6 to 18 in the case of boys and 5 to 18 in the case of girls, subject to a maximum limit of Rs. 8 per mensem per inmate or three-fourth of net boarding charges whichever was less. The number of such orphanages in the State on 31st March 1955 was 107 (112). The amount of grant-in-aid spent during the year under this head was Rs. 5,85,041 (4,99,411).

(b) *Boarding Homes maintained by the Social Welfare Department.*

The policy of granting financial assistance to organisations such as the Harijan Sevak Sangh and other private individuals towards the cost of maintenance of boarding homes conducted by them for the benefit of the communities eligible for help by the Social Welfare Department was continued during the year 1954-55 also. The subsidy given by Government was at the rate of Rs. 15 per boarder. There were 322 recognised hostels in the State and 8,555 Scheduled Castes and 836 Backward Class students were paid lumpsum boarding grants amounting to Rs. 14,08,650.

in these hostels. After partition, 21 new hostels were recognised in hostel-less taluks in the State and 240 lumpsum boarding grants amounting to Rs. 36,000 were sanctioned to these new hostels. In pursuance of the Government orders, the Director of Harijan Welfare accorded sanction to the payment for 1954-55 of a subsidy of Rs. 10 per mensem or half the pay of matron whichever is less for a period of twelve months in a year or the actual period of employment of the matron in the case of hostels maintaining 10 to 15 girl pupils, and Rs. 15 per mensem or half the pay of matron whichever is less for a period of twelve months in a year or the actual period of employment of the matron in respect of hostels maintaining more than 15 pupils. There were 11 Government hostels in the State, three for girls and eight for boys. During the year 1954-55 an expenditure of Rs. 1,89,621 was incurred on the maintenance of these hostels.

2. SCHOOL MEALS.

The supply of midday meals to the children studying in the schools maintained by the Harijan Welfare Department was continued during the year. The cost of each meal was Re. 0-2-6. The expenditure incurred on the supply of midday meals was Rs. 5,11,283.

3. MEDICAL INSPECTION.

There is no organised scheme of medical inspection in Secondary Schools. There is provision for Medical inspection in all the colleges—Arts and Professional. A dispensary with a full time Medical Officer is attached to each of the Government Engineering Colleges at Kakinada and Anantapur. A dispensary with a part-time doctor is attached to each of the following Government Colleges:—

- (1) Government Training College (Men), Rajahmundry.
- (2) Government Arts College, Rajahmundry.
- (3) Government Arts College, Anantapur.
- (4) Government College for Women, Guntur.

4. INDIAN STUDENTS ABROAD.

As many as 27 students proceeded abroad for further studies during the year. Twenty-three proceeded to the United States of America, one to United Kingdom, one to Netherlands; one to West Germany; and one to Switzerland. Two of them were women. Out of these 27 students, 17 were stipendiary students. Details about the subjects are given below:—

DETAILS.

Subject.	United States of America.	United Kingdom.	Netherlands.	West Germany	Switzer land.	Total
	Men	Men	Men	Men	Men	Men
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Arts subjects	6	1	1	..	..	8
Science subject	6	..	..	1	1	8
Engineering	3	..	..	..	..	3
Technology & Industry ..	3	..	..	..	..	3
Medicine & Veterinary Science	3	..	..	..	..	3
Law	1	..	..	..	..	1
Commerce	1	..	..	..	..	1
Total	23	1	1	1	1	27

5. TEACHERS' ASSOCIATIONS.

Elementary School Teachers' Associations were organised in each Deputy Inspector's Range at convenient centres so as to be within easy access of all the teachers in the area. All the teachers in recognised Elementary schools, whether under public or private managements, in the area served by the respective associations, including teacher-managers, are required to be members of these associations. None other than those can be admitted as members of the Associations. The Deputy Inspectors of schools are the ex-officio Presidents of these Associations and the members select a Secretary and Treasurer from among themselves subject to the approval of the President. These associations have for their object the improvement of efficiency of the teachers. The Inspecting Officers will interpret and give advice and instructions for the proper implementation of orders received from the above. They may express opinions on educational matters referred to them by the Director of Public Instruction and they are not allowed to discuss political or non-educational subjects. The Associations are expected to meet once a month preferably on a holiday at a convenient centre with a programme of work determined at the previous meeting. There is a general plan for the year. A teacher who is absent for two consecutive meetings is liable to be punished by the controlling authority, the controlling authority for this purpose in the case of schools under private management being the Deputy Inspector. There were 1,119 such associations during the year and 12,364 meetings were held (Subsidiary Table No. 29).

Besides these officially sponsored taluk or Range Associations, there used to be provision for Teachers' Unions separately for teachers under different managements. This provision has since been cancelled in G.O. No. 2775, Education, dated 24th October 1951, but the Unions already recognised were not precluded from continuance without departmental recognition. At present, there is only one Union of Teachers in the Andhra State which has been recognised by the Government. This is the Andhra Teachers' Federation recognised in G.O. No. 214, Education, dated 1st February 1952. This represents all teachers in all recognised schools, elementary, secondary and professional.

6. TEACHERS AS BRANCH POSTMASTERS.

Teachers working in recognised schools continued to be employed as sub and branch Post-Masters in extra-departmental sub and branch offices. The number of teachers in charge of Post offices was 803 (1236) during the year (Government 11, District Board 549, Municipal 243 = Total 803).

7. DEPARTMENTAL AUDIT SYSTEM.

The departmental audit system in respect of aided Secondary Schools continued to be in force in the year 1954-55. In all, five auditors were working during the year.

CHAPTER XV.

FIRST FIVE-YEAR PLAN.

First Five-Year Plan - Community Projects - National Extension Service Schemes.**1. PLANNING COMMISSION—THE FIRST FIVE-YEAR PLAN.**

(a) For implementation under the First Five-Year Plan, to start with, there was no general assemblage of schemes specially drawn up for the purpose, but a few of the schemes which were already being implemented even prior to 1951 were formulated. When this was done, the Andhra State was a part of the Composite Madras State. The following five schemes were formulated by the Madras Composite State and were included in the First Five-Year Plan.

(1) Primary Education including Basic Education.

The total provision for the Plan period is Rs. 182.80 lakhs. The target for 1954-55 was Rs. 37.22 lakhs and the amount spent during the year was Rs. 23.43 lakhs. The total amount spent up to 31st March 1955 under this scheme was Rs. 106.33 lakhs. The targetted amount could not be spent entirely due to nonavailability of trained personnel and also due to the fact that some of the District Boards were financially deficient. The number of schools (Basic and non-Basic) proposed to be opened during the Plan period is 1,592. Up to the end of March 1954 six hundred two schools (Basic and non-Basic) were opened and 149 schools (Basic and non-Basic) were opened during the year 1954-55 as against the target of 386 schools for the year. The target could not be achieved for the reason that there were certain restrictions then in regard to the opening of new schools. Also 2,805 elementary schools and 133 Basic schools which were in existence in 1950-51 are required to be maintained during the Plan period under this scheme.

(2) Arts and Professional Colleges—Maintenance of the Engineering Colleges at Anantapur and Kakinada.

The total provision for the Plan period is Rs. 43.46 lakhs. The target fixed for 1954-55 was Rs. 7.72 lakhs and the amount spent during the year was 5.89 lakhs. The total amount spent up to 31st March 1955 under this scheme was Rs. 29.44 lakhs. The number of students proposed to be admitted during the Plan period is 960 students in these two colleges. Five hundred and eighty-five students were admitted up to March 1954 and 195 students were admitted during 1954-55.

(3) Special Schools—Training of Teachers including Basic Training.

The plan provision under this scheme is Rs. 33.33 lakhs. The target for 1954-55 is Rs. 6.00 lakhs and the amount spent during the year was Rs. 9.22 lakhs. The total amount spent up to 31st March 1955 under this scheme was Rs. 35.29 lakhs. The target fixed for the plan period is to open 14 Basic Training Schools. Up to the end of March 1954 seven Basic Training Schools were opened and one Basic Training School was opened during the year 1954-55 under the scheme. Besides, 15 additional sections opened in the existing non-Basic Training Schools under the Post-War Reconstruction Schemes and 12 Basic Training Schools which were in existence in 1950-51 are required to be maintained during the plan period under this scheme.

(4) *Adult Education.*

The plan provision for this scheme is Rs. 28.86 lakhs. An amount of Rs. 6.23 lakhs was spent during 1954-55 as against a target of Rs. 4.69 lakhs for the year. The total amount spent up to the end of March 1955 under this scheme was 15.53 lakhs. The target fixed for the Plan period is to open 2,700 Adult schools under this scheme. Four hundred and eighty one Adult Schools were opened under the Scheme during the year under report, the total achievement up to 31st March 1955 being 1,989 schools.

(5) *Special schools for defective children:*

There is a plan provision of Rs. 3.01 lakhs for this scheme. An amount of Rs. 0.40 lakhs was spent during 1954-55 as against a target of Rs. 0.80 lakhs for the year. The total amount spent up to 31st March 1955 under this scheme was Rs. 0.82 lakhs. It was proposed to open two schools for defective children during the Plan period. These two schools were already opened and the target was achieved.

The following schemes are also a part of the First Five-Year Plan as approved by the Planning Commission in February 1954 and were implemented during 1954-55.

(6) *Post-graduate training course in Basic Education and Model Basic School of the Senior Grade in Government Basic Training School, Pentapadu.*

Rs. 0.47 lakhs are provided for in the plan. A sum of Rs. 0.05 lakhs was spent during 1953-54 and Rs. 0.30 lakhs during 1954-55, the total amount spent up to the end of March 1955 being Rs. 0.35 lakhs.

(7) *Starting of a State Central Library and Audio-Visual Education Department therein.*

This scheme of starting of a State Central Library has been implemented only partly. Out of a plan provision of Rs. 6.96 lakhs for this scheme, an amount of Rs. 0.92 lakhs was spent during the year 1954-55 under this scheme.

(8) *Grants to aided libraries:*

There is a plan provision of Rs. 0.47 lakhs out of which an amount of Rs. 0.41 lakhs was spent during 1954-55 under this scheme.

It may be mentioned here that the scheme "Introduction of bifurcated courses in Government and Private schools", for which Rs. 0.40 lakhs are provided for in the plan, has not been implemented as such, but that it has been merged with the scheme "Development of selected secondary schools" which is being implemented with central assistance outside the plan provision; and that the schemes, viz., "Provision of research in Government Training Colleges", "Preparation of suitable literature for adults and children" and "Audio Visual Education Training of Experts", for which there is a plan provision of Rs. 0.15 lakhs, Rs. 0.20 lakhs and Rs. 2.64 lakhs, respectively, were not sanctioned during 1954-55.

It will be thus seen that out of a total plan provision of Rs. 302.75 lakhs, an amount of Rs. 189.09 lakhs was spent up to the end of March 1955 including Rs. 46.80 lakhs spent during 1954-55.

(b) The following schemes were implemented during 1954-55 with the aid of the Government of India under the First Five-Year Plan although they are outside the plan provision.

Improvement of 13 primary schools as schools-cum-community centres:

Out of an allotment of Rs. 19,500 for 13 primary schools at Rs. 1,500 for each school, an amount of Rs. 0.11 lakhs was spent under this scheme during 1954-55 for providing each school with a gramophone, records, harmonium, material for dramatization and dance. The entire allotment could not be spent before 31st March 1955 as the schools had not sufficient time to make purchases in accordance with the rules.

Development of selected Secondary Schools:

Out of an allotment of Rs. 1,95,000 for 13 schools at Rs. 15,000 for each school an amount of Rs. 0.97 lakhs was spent under this scheme during 1954-55 towards purchase of laboratory equipment; play material and library books as well as for introduction of diversified courses. The entire allotment could not be spent before 31st March 1955 as the schools had not sufficient time to make purchases in accordance with the rules.

Scheme for the relief of educated unemployed:

This scheme has been sponsored by the Government of India. Opening of Single Teacher Schools is the major theme of this scheme. Government of India have sanctioned the opening of 1,200 Single Teacher Schools during 1954-55. One thousand and forty-five schools were started during 1954-55 under this scheme incurring an expenditure of Rs. 0.32 lakhs. Most of the schools were opened in March 1955.

II. COMMUNITY PROJECTS.

The Scheme of Community Development Programme was introduced in two project areas in the State, i.e., Kakinada-Peddapuram and Kurnool-Cuddapah Canal area. The Director is concerned with the scheme in regard to "Education" and "Social Education" aspects. Each project area has got a Chief Social Education Organizer. There are also Social Education Organizers (Men and Women) in each Project area. The schemes under the "Education" and "Social Education" are drawn up by the Director and they are being implemented in co-ordination with the Project staff.

III. NATIONAL EXTENSION SERVICE SCHEMES:

Two Community Development Blocks, one at Vayalpad in Chittoor district and the other at Itchapur in Srikakulam district and 22 National Extension Service Blocks in 11 districts were established up to March 1954. Five more National Extension Service Blocks were established during 1954-55. The Community Development Programme drawn up in

respect of Community Projects is applicable to these Community Development Blocks and the National Extension Service Blocks. There are Social Education Organizers working in each Block. The administrative and technical control over the Social Education Organizers (Men and Women) has been transferred to the Director. The most important duty of these Social Education Organizers is to arouse or stimulate the people to self-help and thereby assist also the other departments like—co-operation, agriculture, public health, etc., to help the villagers to help themselves. The degree of glow or awakening that is perceptible in a general way on the part of the villagers is the measure of success in respect of this duty. The other functions of these Social Education Organizers are to propose the opening of elementary schools, to organize Adult Literacy Schools, Community Centres, entertainments, sports, etc., with the assistance of the villagers as also to obtain contributions either in cash or kind or by way of labour from the villagers to the extent possible.

ANNEXURE I—(a) Qualifications and scales of pay of staff in Elementary Schools.

Management. (1)	Type of teachers. (2)	Minimum qualification. (3)	Scales of pay. (4) RS.
Government	Secondary Grade Teachers	* Minimum general educational qualification and a Secondary Grade Trained Teacher's Certificate.	45—3—60—2—90.
	Higher Elementary Grade Teachers	Higher Elementary Trained Teachers' Certificate	30—1—50.
	Lower Elementary Grade Teachers	Lower Elementary Trained Teachers' Certificate	23—1—35.
Local Body	Secondary Grade Teachers	S.S.L.C. and Secondary Grade Trained Teachers' Certificate.	40—1-1/2—55—2—75.
	Higher Elementary Grade Teachers	Higher Elementary Trained Teachers' Certificate	30—1—45.
	Lower Elementary Grade Teachers	Lower Elementary Trained Teachers' Certificate	23—1—33.
	Pre-vocational Instructors	(a) Technical Teachers' Certificate	30—1—45.
		(b) General Educational Qualification and Proficiency in pre-vocational subjects.	30
(c) Proficient in the pre-vocational subject	100 per annum.		
Private †	Collegiate Trained Teachers	Collegiate Teachers' Certificate	37—1—45.
	Secondary Grade Teachers	* Minimum general educational qualification and a Secondary Grade Trained Teachers' Certificate.	37—1—45.
	Higher Elementary Grade Teachers	Higher Elementary Trained Teachers' Certificate	27—1/2—30.
	Lower Elementary Grade Teachers	Lower Elementary Trained Teachers' Certificate	20.
	Pre-vocational Instructors	(a) Technical Teachers' Certificate	25—1/2—30.
		(b) General educational qualification and proficiency in pre-vocational subjects.	25.
(c) Proficient in the pre-vocational subject		100 per annum.	

NOTES.—* S.S.L.C. with the prescribed number of marks.

† With regard to schools under private management the particulars in column (5) relate to scales of grant paid by Government. In addition, the management are required to pay the trained teachers in extra salary of Rs. 3 per mensem each. Subject to these minimum, the managements may actually pay the teachers higher salaries at their option.

ANNEXURE I—(b) Qualifications and scales of pay of staff in Secondary Schools.

<i>Management.</i>	<i>Type of teachers.</i>	<i>Minimum qualification.</i>	<i>Scales of pay.</i>	<i>Allowances other than dearness allowance.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
			RS.	
Government	1 Headmasters and Assistants. and School	The degree of B.A. or B.Sc. of a University in the State and B.T. Degree of the Madras University or B.Ed. Degree of the Andhra University.	Grade I: 165—5—205—10—245. Grade II: 85—5—125—10—175.	<i>Special pay to Headmasters:</i> 1 Special pay of Rs. 25 if the strength of the school is above 500. 2 Special pay of Rs. 10 if the strength is 500 and below.
	2 Secondary Grade Teachers ..	* Minimum general educational qualification and Secondary Grade Teachers' Certificate.	45—3—60—2—90 ..	....
	3 Pandits and Munshis ..	Oriental title and Pandits or Secondary Grade Training.	Grade I: 85—5—125—10—175. Grade II: 45—3—60—2—90.	....
	Hindustani Teachers (in High Schools).	1 A degree in the language plus B.T. or Oriental title in Hindi plus Pracharak Diploma or Secondary Training.	85—5—125—10—175 ..	....
		2 III Form and Pracharak Diploma ..	65—5—130 ..	....
		3 Pracharak Diploma	55—5—115 .. ..	....
	Hindustani Teachers (in Middle Schools.)	Pracharak Diploma	45—3—60—2—90 ..	....
	4 Physical Training Instructors ..	1 S.S.L.C. with Higher Grade Certificate in Physical Education.	50—2—70—2-1/2—95 ..	....
		2 A completed S.S.L.C. with Lower Grade Certificate in Physical Education.	45—2—75 .. ..	....
	5 Drawing Teachers ..	A Technical Teachers' Certificate of the Higher Grade in Drawing.	45—3—60—2—90 ..	....

† Craft Teachers—

(a) Commercial Instructors	Minimum general educational qualification and a pass in the Government Technical Examination by the Higher Grade in Shorthand and Typewriting.	60—4—100	..	..	....
(b) Instructors—Aluminium, Engraving, Wood Carving	General—III Form Professional—Successful completion of Training course in the Reformatory and Senior certified school, Chingleput.	45—3—60—2—90	1	..	....
(c) Assistant Manual Training Instructors in Wood Work.	Completed S.S.L.C. and Manual Training certificate of the Teachers' College, Saidapet.	45—3—60—2—90		..	....
(d) Weaving Instructresses and Handicraft Instructresses.	General—III Form Professional—Technical Teachers' Certificate of Weaving Lower Grade.	45—3—60—2—90		..	....
(e) Drawing Mistresses ..	1 A T.T.C. of the Higher Grade	45—3—60—2—90		..	....
2 Sewing Mistresses ..	2 A Group certificate in Needlework and Dressmaking.	45—3—60—2—90		..	....
3 Combined Drawing and Sewing Mistresses.	3 The qualification prescribed for either the drawing mistresses or the sewing mistresses.	45—3—60—2—90		..	....
7 Music teacher	Completed S.S.L.C. Diploma in Indian Music.	45—3—60—2—90		..	....
Local Body ..	1 (a) Headmaster of a Secondary School having Form IV and below.	The degree of B.A. or B.Sc. of a University of the State and B.T. Degree of the Madras University or B.Ed. Degree of the Andhra University.	75—5—145	..	.. 1 Special pay of Rs. 10 if the strength is 500 and below.
	(b) Head-master of a Secondary School having Form V and above.	Do.	150—10—200	..	.. 2 Special pay of Rs. 25 if the strength is above 500.
2 Assistant teachers	Do.	75—5—145	..	..	....
Secondary Grade teachers ..	S.S.L.C. and Secondary Grade Trained Teachers' Certificate.	45—2—85	..	..	....

ANNEXURE—(b) Qualifications and scales of pay of staff in Secondary Schools—contd

<i>Management.</i>	<i>Type of teachers.</i>	<i>Minimum qualification.</i>	<i>Scales of pay.</i>		<i>Allowances other than dearness allowance.</i>	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(5)	
			RS.			
Local Body—cont.	3 Pandits and Munshis (High Schools).	1 S.S.L.C. and Oriental title and Secondary Grade Training.	75—5—145	--	--	...
	Pandits and Munshis (in Middle Schools).	Do.	45—2—85	--	--	...
	Hindustani Teachers (in High Schools), Grade I.	1 Degree in the languages plus L.T. or B.T. or B.Ed., B.O.L.(Pass or Honours) with S.S.L.C. completed, L.T., B.T., or B.Ed. Oriental title in Hindi and with S.S.L.C. completed plus Secondary Grade Training or Pracharak Diploma of the Hindustani Pracharak Sabha Madras, or equivalent thereto as may be prescribed by Government with S.S.L.C. completed.	75—5—145			
			2 Oriental title in Hindi or Pracharak Diploma of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha or equivalent thereto with the educational qualification of III Form.	60—4—120	--	--
3 Oriental title in Hindi or Pracharak Diploma of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha or equivalent thereto as may be prescribed by Government without educational qualification of III Form.			50—4—110	--	--	...
Hindustani teachers (in Middle Schools), Grade II.	4 Oriental title in Hindi or Pracharak Diploma of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha or equivalent thereto as may be prescribed by Government with the educational qualification of at least III Form.	45—2—85	.	..	...

		2 Oriental titles in Hindi or Pracharak Diploma of the Hindustani Prachar Sabha or equivalent thereto as may be prescribed by Government without the educational qualification of III Form.	40—2—80	..	..	.....
4 Physical Directors.		1 B.A., L.Ts., holding the Y.M.C.A. Diploma in Physical Education.	90—5—160	..	..	....
		2 Graduate who possess the Y.M.C.A Diploma in Physical Education.	75—5—145	..	..	....
		3 Candidates who have completed the Intermediate Course and possess the Y.M.C.A. Certificate of Physical Education.	75/- (Fixed pay)	..	..	....
5 Physical Training Instructors ..		1 Diploma in Physical Education or (Higher) Grade Certificate in Physical Education.	50—2—70—2-1/2—95	..	..	....
		2 A completed S.S.L.C. with Lower Grade certificate in Physical Education.	45—2—75	..	..	....
6 Drawing Teachers ..	..	A Technical Teachers' Certificate of the Higher Grade in Drawing.	45—2—85	..	..	....
7 Craft Teachers ..	..	(a) Secondary Grade Trained possessing a certificate in Craft awarded after two years training or qualifications prescribed in Rule 13 Madras Educational Rules.	50—2—90	..	..	....
		(b) S.S.L.C. eligible for University courses of study and trained in a Craft for a period of 2 years.	45—2—85	..	..	....
Music Teachers Grade I	..	1 Completed S.S.L.C.—Diploma in Indian Music—Technical Teachers' Certificate in Higher Grade.	45—2—85	..	..	....
Grade II	..	2 Government Technical Examination in Indian Music in Higher Grade and Technical Teachers' Certificate—Higher Grade.	40—1-1/2—70	..	..	....

NOTE.—* S.S.L.C., with prescribed number of marks.

Schools under private management should adopt the Government or the local body scales of pay.

ANNEXURE I—(b) *Qualifications and scales of pay of staff in Secondary Schools*

Scales of pay of teachers for diversified courses.

<i>Managemen.</i>	<i>Type of teachers.</i>	<i>Qualifications.</i>	<i>Scales of pay for those in Government Second- ary schools.</i>	<i>Scales of pay for those employed in secondary schools under Local Board and private managements.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
			RS.	RS.
1	Secretarial Assistant	1 B.Com. and D.Com. untrained	85	75.
		2 B.Com. with teachers Diploma obtained after undergoing a course of teachers Training that may be arranged for them or D.Com. with Teachers' Training Certificate or Technical Teachers' Certificate in the subjects concerned.	85—5—125—10—175	75—5—145.
		3 B.Com. with L.T., B.T., or B.Ed.	100—5—125—10—175	90—5—145.
2	Commercial Instructor	Technical Teachers, Certificate, Higher in Typewriting.	60—4—100	50—2—90.
3	Engineering Instructor	L.M.E. or L.E.E. with three years practical experience in Engineering work shop or three years experience as Instructor in any recognised technical school.	85—5—125—10—175	75—5—145.
			Persons possessing the required qualifications and experience may be started on Rs. 100 in Government Secondary Schools and Rs. 90 in Secondary Schools under Local Bodies and Private Management in the respective scales of pay.	
4	Assistant Instructor	Same as above with a minimum of one year's experience.	85—5—125—10—175	75—5—145.
5	Senior Machanic	I form with Technical experience as 1st Class Engine Fitter or as Auto Mechanic for a period of at least five years.	45—3—60—2—70	45—3—60—2—70.

6 Junior Mechanic ..	.. Good experience as a metal turner or carpenter.	40-2-50-1-55 ..	40-2-50-1-55.
7 Attender .. ..	.. Good experience as a blacksmith or as a striker.	30-1-40	30-1-40.
8 Agriculture Instructor ..	.. B.Sc. Agriculture. In the absence of a B.Sc. Agriculture Higher Certificate holder.	85-5-125 -10-175 ..	75-5-145. B.Sc. candidates may be started on Rs. 100 in Government Secondary Schools and Rs. 90 in Non Government Secondary Schools in the respective scales.
9 Domestic Science Assistant ..	.. L.T. or B.T. In the absence of persons with the prescribed qualifications a graduate in Home Science untrained.	85-5-125-10-175 ..	75-5-145. An untrained graduate may be granted a fixed pay of Rs. 65 or any higher pay not exceeding the minimum of the time scale of pay.
Attender (Women) ..	.. III Form.	24-1-32-1/2-(A)-35 ..	24-1-32-1/2-(A)-35.
10 Drawing Instructor ..	.. Completed S.S.L.C. Second Class Diploma in Drawing granted by the School of Arts and Crafts or Government Diploma in Drawing.	85-5-125-10-175 ..	75-5-145.
11 Dancing Instructor ..	.. Diploma Course of Kalakshetra, Adyar which provide instruction in Bharata Natya and Kathakali—One as the main part and the other as Subsidiary Part.	85-5-125-10-175 ..	75-5-145. The Instructors with the above qualifications employed in Secondary Schools under Government may be started on Rs. 100/- in the appropriate scale and those employed in Secondary schools under Local Bodies with such qualification may be granted a starting pay of Rs. 90 in the scale applicable to them.
12 Music Teacher, Vocal Instrumental and Tablam.	Graduate in Music or Diploma Holder in Music. Title Holders Sangitha Siromani or Sangitha Bhushan with S.S.L.C. or Matriculation General Qualification.	85-5-125-10-175 ..	75-5-145.

ANNEXURE I—(c) Scales of pay of staff in Colleges for General Education.

Designation of post. (1)	Aided Colleges.		
	Government Arts Colleges. (2)	Madras University area. (3)	Andhra University area. (4)
	RS.	RS.	RS.
Principal	500—50/2—800	(a) 400—25—600—25—800. (b) 300—20—400—25—500.	400—40—600. 300—25—400.
Professors		250—15—400—25—500.	..
Lecturers	230 300—30/2—260—40/2—500.	150—150—10—300	(a) 150—10—210—15—300. (b) 150—7-1/2—210—10—250.
Assistant Lecturers and Assistant Professors.	150—5—200—10—250 + 5 Rs. for B.T.'s.	..	..
Tutors and Demonstrators	80—5—120—10—140.	85—5—125	(a) 80—5—120. (b) 80—4—100—5—110
Physical Directors, Grade I	200—10—250	} 150—150—10—250 ..	125—7-1/2—200.
Grade II	100—5—140—10—190.		125—7-1/2—200.

ANNEXURE I—(c) Scales of pay of staff in Colleges for Professional Education.

Designation of post. (1)	Government Training Colleges. (2)	Engineering Colleges. (3)
	RS.	RS.
Principals	600—100/2—1,000 500—50/2—800	1,000—100/2—1,200. ..
Professors .. ..	..	600—75/2—900.
Lecturers	230—30/2—260—40/2—500.	....
Assistant Lecturers	165—5—205—10—245	....
Tutors	85—5—125—10—175	....
Instructors .. ..	....	260—40/2—500—50/2—700.
Senior Workshop Instructors .. ..	....	260—40/2—420.
Assistant Instructors and Laboratory Assistants.	..	180—10—280.

ANNEXURE II—*Scholarships, stipends and free places in schools and colleges.*

I. FREE PLACES.

A. SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

<i>Management.</i> (1)	<i>Pupils eligible.</i> (2)	<i>Classes in which applicable.</i> (3)	<i>Extent of concession.</i> (4)
All (a)	Girls (Non-Backward)	All	Half free.
	Girls (Muslims and Backward Classes.)	Forms I to III	Full free
	Girls (Muslims and Backward Classes.)	Forms IV to VI	Half free.
	Boys (Muslims and Backward Classes.)	All	Do.
	Boys and Girls (Scheduled Castse)	All	Full free.
	Boys and Girls (Scheduled Tribes).	All	Do.
	Boys and Girls (Erukalas and Sugalis.)	All	Do.
Government (Girls Schools).	Girls	Forms IV to VI	Half or full free up to 10 per cent of the fee income realizable.
Government	Boys and Girls	Forms I to VI	Half free for boys and half or full-free for girls upto 20 per cent of the additional income derived due to the increase in the number of instalments in the tuition fees.
Private	Do.	Do.	Half or full free for boys and girls upto 10 per cent of the fee income calculated at standard rates.
Local Body	Do.	Do.	Half free for boys and half or full-free for girls upto 10 per cent of the fee income.
All	Children of Ex-army men.	All	Full free.

B. colleges.

All	Boys and Girls (Harijans).	All	Full-free.
	Boys, (Backward and Muslim Girls, all communities).	Do.	Half-free.
Government	Boys and Girls	Do.	Half-free up to 20 per cent of the increase in the rate of tuition fees
Private	Do.	Do.	Half or full free up to 10 per cent of the fee income calculated at standard rates.
All	Children of Ex-army men	Do.	Full free.

ANNEXURE II—*Scholarships, stipends and free places in schools, and colleges—cont.*

2. SCHOLARSHIPS.

(A) SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

(i) *Awarded by the Education Department.*

(Awarded every year and are tenable for nine months.)

<i>Name of the scholarship.</i>	<i>By whom tenable.</i>	<i>Number.</i>	<i>Value per month.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Scholarships —General	Boys	138 in each class.	Rs. 4 in Forms I and II and Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	Commencing from Form I.
Do. ..	Do. ..	32 do.	Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	Commencing from Form IV.
Do. ..	Girls ..	27 do.	Rs. 4 in Forms I to III and Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	Commencing from Form I.
Do. ..	Do. ..	13 do.	Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	Commencing from Form IV.
Scholarships —Special.	Hindu and Muslim widows.	14 { Class IV .. Class V .. Form I .. Form II .. Forms III to VI.	Rs. 4. Rs. 5. Rs. 6. Rs. 7. Rs. 8.	
Scholarships —Residential.	Do.	14	Rs. 8.	
Do.	Unmarried Hindu and Muslim Girls.	5 ..	Rs. 18.	
Scholarships —Special for Muslims.	Labbaik, Dudeskulas and Jona-gunus.	17 ..	Rs. 4 in Forms I to II and Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	
Do.	Poor Muslims ..	19 ..	Rs. 4 in Forms I to III.	
Do.	Do. ..	10 ..	Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	
Scholarships Agency Area.	Hill-Tribes and Scheduled Classes	6 ..	Rs. 4 in Forms I to III.	
Do.	Do.	4	Rs. 8 in Forms IV to VI.	

ANNEXURE II.—Scholarship, stipends and free places schools and colleges—cont.

2. SCHOLARSHIPS—cont.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS—cont.

(ii) Awarded by the Social Welfare Department.

Class in which tenable	No fee rate.			Additional amount paid where fees are levied.		
	For pupils in Madras city Institutions.	For pupils in Muffassal Institutions.	For pupils in Madras city Institutions.	For pupils in Muffassal Institutions.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Scholarships—Ordinary—	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
Classes IV and V ..	8 0 0	6 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0		
Forms I and II ..	18 11 0	18 11 0	11 0 0	11 0 0		
Form III ..	21 5 0	18 11 0	11 0 0	11 0 0		
Forms IV to VI ..	37 5 0	32 0 0	21 0 0	21 0 0		
Residential Scholarships—						
Forms I to III ..	.. ..	150 0 0		150 0 0		

Rates fixed with reference to the lodging and boarding charges in the respective hostels and amounts intended for fees, if any, special fees and for the purchase of books, etc.

(B) COLLEGES.

(i) Awarded by the Education Department.

Name of the scholarship.	By whom tenable.	Number.	Value per month.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Scholarships—General.	Boys and Girls	34 in each class.	Rs. 12 in the Intermediate and Rs. 16 in the Degree classes.	Commencing from 1st University Class.
Scholarships Muslims.	Do.	3 in each class.	Do.	Do.
Scholarships General.	Do.	4 in each class.	Rs. 16 in the Degree Classes.	Commencing from 3rd University Class.
Do.	Do.	1 in each class.	Do.	For students who after passing B.A., B.Scr., B.Com. Degree Examinations take the post graduate courses.
Scholarships Languages.	Girls	3 in the Intermediate and 10 in B. O.L. (Pass Honours.)	Rs. 12 in the Intermediate and Rs. 16 in the Degree classes.	

ANNEXURE II—Scholarship, stipends and free places schools and colleges—cont.

2. SCHOLARSHIPS—cont.

COLLEGES—cont.

(ii) Awarded by the Social Welfare Department. (Rates annual.)

Class in which tenable.	No fee rate.						Additional amount paid where fees are levied.					
	For pupils in Madras City institutions.			For pupils in muffassal institutions.			For pupils in Madras City institutions.			For pupils in muffassal institutions.		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Intermediate Junior	49	5	0	46	11	0	44	0	0	46	0	0
Do. Senior	37	5	0	34	11	0	53	0	0	46	0	0
B.A. and B.Sc., Hons. Classes, Junior ..	58	14	0	58	14	0	65	8	0	56	8	0
Do. Senior	43	7	0	43	7	0	61	0	0	61	0	0
M.A. or M.Sc. (Post-graduate classes) ..	Actual requirements not exceeding Rs. 200 per annum limited to three awards.											
B. Com., Hon.—class												
I year	223	8	0									
II year	23	8	0									
III year	23	8	0									
Residential scholarships	Rates fixed with reference to the lodging and boarding charges in the respective hostels and the amounts intended for fees, if any special fees and for the purchase of books, etc.											
Diploma course in politics and public administration. ..	160	0	0	per annum (Two non-residential scholarships).								
B.O.L. Hon. Course	No fee rates 1st year Rs. 120-8-0,* 2nd year Rs. 20-8-0 and 3rd year Rs. 20-8-0.											

ANNEXURE III.—*List of Secondary Schools Newly opened in 1954—55.*

(LOCAL BODY MANAGEMENT).

<i>Name of Schools.</i>		<i>Name of the village.</i>	<i>Name of the district.</i>
(1)		(2)	(3)
1 Board High School	.. ..	Yeleswaram ..	.. East Godavari.
2 Board High School	.. ..	Koyyalagudem ..	.. West Godavari.
3 Board High School	.. ..	Tangutur ..	.. Guntur.
4 Board High School	.. ..	Chinnamandem ..	.. Cuddapah,
5 Board High School	.. ..	Rajupalem ..	.. Kurnool.

AIDED MANAGEMENT.

1 Sri Gurukula Vidyavanam Residential			
High School	.. ..	Pericherla ..	.. Guntur.
2 Committee High School	.. ..	Veldurthi ..	.. Kurnool.

I. General Summary of Educational Institutions, Scholars and Teachers.

Area in square miles—63,608.

Type of Institution.	Number of Institutions for						Number of Schools	
	Boys.			Girls.			Boys	
	Previous year (1953-54.)	Current year (1954-55.)	In rural areas (included in column 3).	Previous year (1953-54.)	Current year (1954-55.)	In rural areas (included in column 6).	Previous year (1953-54.)	Current year (1954-55.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Recognised—								
Universities	1	2	..	..	..	..	1,114	1,356
Research Institutions .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boards of Secondary Education	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education	28	29	2	3	3	..	22,715	26,392
Colleges for Professional Education	7	7	..	1	1	..	1,832	1,877
Colleges for Special Education	11	13	3	2	2	..	496	442
High Schools	546	563	246	48	51	..	2,35,452	2,39,547
Middl Seenor Basic Schools	100	92	56	20	17	..	15,333	14,882
Primary/Junior Basic Schools	18,220	19,067	16,561	..	..	..	10,56,404	10,75,232
* Nursery Schools .. .. .	..	3	..	1	4	..	15	94
Schools for Professional Education	151	167	15	33	33	1	13,978	14,837
Schools for Special Education	1,935	2,221	1,813	5	7	..	62,058	69,328
Total ..	21,000	22,165	18,696	117	118	1	14,09,397	14,44,007
Unrecognised .. .. .	..	21	21	..	..	..	..	427
Grand Total ..	21,000	22,186	18,717	117	118	1	14,09,397	14,44,434

* Includes 5 Prebasic Schools.

† There are unrecognised primary schools.

	Males	..	..	..	..	1,08,97,359		Boys	..	..	27,57,032
Total estimated Population]	Females	..	..	..	..	1,07,70,938	Total estimated Population of children of school-going age (Age group 6-17).	Girls	..	..	27,25,047
	Total	..	..	..	..	2,16,68,297		Total	..	..	54,82,079

Type of Institution.	Number of scholars.						Number of teachers.	
	Boys.			Girls.			Men.	Women.
	From rural areas (included in column 9).	Number of married students of and above the age of 18 included in column (9).	Previous year (1953-54.)	Current year (1954-55.)	From rural areas (included in column (13).	Number of married students of and above the age of 14 (included in column (13).		
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
Recognised—								
Universities	485	278	62	64	19	9	165	6
Research Institutions	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boards of Secondary Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education	11,388	1,371	1,181	1,584	486	83	1,449	102
Colleges for Special Education	171	100	146	185	..	11	93	6
Colleges for Professional Education	700	86	184	202	19	12	247	22
High Schools	97,227	1,672	37,387	41,576	9,868	509	11,028	1,033
Middle/Senior Basic I Basic Primary	7,556	15	6,345	6,407	2,454	38	802	180
Primary/Junior Basic Schools	7,91,548	130	657,069	6,76,205	4,51,920	833	47,108	11,019
Nursery Schools	30	..	20	113	47	..	..	8
Schools for Professional Education	6,511	2,863	3,566	3,543	1,155	670	701	149
Schools for Special Education	48,718	36,289	3,103	3,917	2,069	1,782	3,405 (a)	274 (a)
Total	9,64,334	42,804	709,063	733,796	468,037	3,947	64,998	12,819
Unrecognised	44	..	..	277	245	..	21	..
Grand Total	9,64,738	42,804	7,09,063	7,34,073	4,68,282	3,947	65,019	12,819

Note.—(a) Includes 3,058 Men and 39 Women part-time teachers of Adult Literary Schools also.

II. General Summary of Expenditure on Education.

Total Revenue of the State		Rs. 19,73,38,105							
		Recurring	.. ..	Budgeted	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Separate figures for recurring and non recurring not available.	
		Non-recurring	.. ..	Budgeted	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Amount spent on Education from State Revenues (including Government grants to Local Boards)		Total	.. ..	Budgeted	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Rs. 4,22,17,000	
				Actual	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	Rs. 4,49,02,162	
Expenditure on Education for Boys.									
Percentage of Expenditure from									
(1)	Previous year (1953-54).	Current year (1954-55).	Government Funds.	District Funds.	Board	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments etc. (8)	Other sources.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
	RS.	RS.							
Direction and Inspection	8,70,864	20,33,328	100	..	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous (including buildings, scholarships, hostel charges etc.)	1,21,20,437	1,26,04,293	76.49	4.26	1.97	4.81	9.93	2.54	
Total ..	<u>1,29,91,301</u>	<u>1,46,37,621</u>	<u>79.76</u>	<u>3.67</u>	<u>1.70</u>	<u>4.14</u>	<u>8.55</u>	<u>2.18</u>	
Recognised—									
Universities	12,60,616	11,37,212	38.04	2.93	..	29.34	.60		
Research Institutions .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boards of Secondary and/or Intermediate Education	8,00,539	8,49,898	..	..	..	100	..		
Colleges for General Education	51,15,528	48,95,912	17.49	..	..	77.69	4.60	.22	
Colleges for Professional Education	20,43,697	21,90,844	85.01	..	..	14.00	.77	.22	
Colleges for Special Education	1,51,861	2,02,243	45.58	..	..	.17	52.13	2.12	
High/Higher Secondary Schools	1,90,69,349	1,65,37,994	17.96	23.27	3.80	51.74	2.51	.72	
Middle/Senior Basic/Junior High School	9,20,436	8,82,895	33.24	27.37	14.14	21.63	3.25	.37	
Primary/Junior Basic/Basic Primary School	3,70,53,237	3,83,64,572	75.20	17.97	3.27	.12	2.81	.60	
Nursery Schools .. .. .	..	328	81.40	..	15.90	..	2.70	..	
Schools for Professional Education	13,32,648	16,71,701	72.71	1.01	..	12.53	8.42	5.33	
Schools for Special Education	6,30,071	7,47,142	88.74	2.48	.03	.88	5.42	2.45	
Total ..	<u>6,83,77,982</u>	<u>6,75,40,741</u>	<u>55.18</u>	<u>16.39</u>	<u>3.00</u>	<u>21.17</u>	<u>3.05</u>	<u>1.21</u>	
Unrecognised .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	<u>8,13,69,283</u>	<u>8,21,78,862</u>	<u>59.57</u>	<u>14.12</u>	<u>2.75</u>	<u>18.13</u>	<u>4.04</u>	<u>1.39</u>	

Total Revenue of Local Boards in the State—Rs. 309.86 lakhs.

Amount spent on Education from the Revenue of Local Boards.	Recurring ..	Budgeted Actual ..	(Lakhs.)	Grant for Education from the Central Government	Recurring ..	Rs. 1,351
	Non-recurring ..	Budgeted Actual ..	Rs. 298.67		Non-recurring ..	2,44,848
	Total ..	Budgeted Actual ..	Rs. 11.77		Total ..	2,45,199
			Rs.320.44			

Expenditure on Education for Girls.

	Amount spent on Education from the Revenue of Local Boards.		Percentage of Expenditure from						
	Previous year (1953-54).	Current year (1954-55).	Government Funds.	District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments etc.	Other sources.	
	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
	RS.	RS.							
Direction and Inspection	15,703	38,375	100	..	..	..	..	..
Miscellaneous (including buildings, scholarships, hostel charges etc.)	14,74,276	8,99,713	87.61	4.66	.60	7.13	..	..
Total ..	14,89,979	9,38,088	88.11	..	4.43	.57	6.84	..	
Recognised—									
Universities .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Research Institutions .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boards of Secondary and/or Intermediate Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education	95,378	1,46,293	41.29	..	..	34.52	23.38	0.81
Colleges for Professional Education	54,521	52,497	34.27	..	..	3.36	62.37	..
Colleges for Special Education	26,294	10,476	72.06	..	..	..	27.94	..
High/Higher Secondary Schools	13,12,746	14,52,786	45.39	3.48	11.47	31.64	8.02	..	
Middle/Senior Basic/Junior/High School	2,40,625	1,91,899	61.68	4.55	8.60	16.13	8.22	0.82	
Primary/Junior Basic/Basic Primary	41,283	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery Schools	1,398	11,289	3.54	..	..	16.63	79.83	..
Schools for Professional Education	3,63,759	3,30,075	56.21	..	..	0.60	59.24	3.95
Schools for Special Education	21,851	31,459	34.21	..	..	3.73	34.71	27.35
Total ..	21,57,855	22,26,774	47.62	2.66	8.22	24.60	15.80	1.10	
Unrecognised									
Grand Total ..	36,47,834	31,64,862	59.62	1.88	7.11	17.48	13.14	.77	

(a) Figures for 1952-53 for this state are not available.

III. Educational Institutions by Management.

Type of Institution .					For Boys.							
					Recognised Institutions managed by						Unrecognised Institutions.	Total.
					Government.			Private Bodies.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)				
Universities	2	..	..	2			
Boards of Secondary Education	1			
Research Institutions			
Colleges for General Education			
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>												
Arts only			
With only degree classes			
Others			
Science only			
With only degree classes.			
Others			
Arts and Science			
With only degree classes			
Others	5 (a)	..	..	18	..	..	..	23	
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>												
With only Intermediate classes	6 (b)	..	..	6			
Others			
Total	5	..	..	24	..	..	..	29	
<i>Colleges for Professional Education—</i>												
Education	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	
Engineering	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	
Technology			
Medicine	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	
Veterinary			
Agriculture	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Forestry			
Commerce			
Law			
Applied Art and Architecture			
Total	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	

Colleges for Special Education—

Music ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1
Dancing ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	12
Physical Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	11	..	..	13

Schools for General Education—

Higher Secondary ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High ..	..	..	..	..	..	10	419	37	96	1 (c)	..	563
Senior Basic ..	..	..	..	..	..	10	14	1	13	..	..	38
Middle ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	30	13	10	..	..	54
Junior Basic ..	..	..	..	..	..	24	193	26	220	..	..	463 (d)
Primary—													
Single-teacher	6	185	2,082	5	376	..	21	2,675
Others	9	441	5,470	433	9,596	1	..	15,950 (e)
Nursery	3	3
Total	15	674	8,208	515	10,311	2	21	19,746 *

Schools for Professional Education—

Training (Ordinary) ..	..	..	..	..	..	11	..	1	18	..	..	..	30
Training (Basic) ..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	..	2	..	..	..	20
Engineering ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—													
Poly-technic ..	..	..	..	..	..	2 (f)	4 (g)	..	..	..	..	..	6
High ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry ..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	7	1	..	..	11
Medicine ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture ..	..	..	..	..	..	1 (h)	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Forestry ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96	..	..	96
Arts and Crafts ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Physical Education ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 (j)	..	..	..	1
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	1 (k)	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	3	35	2	1	29	97	..	167

(a) The Government College at Srikakulam which was a second grade college during 1953—54 was developed into first grade college during 1954—55 and hence the Number became 5 this year as against 4 of last year.

(b) A new Second Grade College under Private Management was opened during the year 1954—55 (Andhra Lyola College, Gunadala) and hence the number became 6 this year as against 5 of last year.

(c) Riahi Valley School.

(d) Includes 17 Single Teacher Junior Basic Schools.

(e) Includes 4 Anglo-Indian Primary Schools Railway Schools and 1 aided School.

(f) Two Industrial Training Institutes at Anantapur and Kakinada under the Management of Ministry of Labour Government of India.

(g) Of these 4, the Vuyyur Polytechnic School imparts instruction in civil Engg. & Mech. Engg. courses only with a strength of 216+0 and 108+0 respdy.

(h) Basic Agricultural School, Bapatla.

(j) Andhra Training College of Physical Education, Vijawada providing instruction in certificate courses (Higher & Lower only).

(k) Training Shipag "M EKHALA" at Visakhapatnam Harbour.

III. Educational Institutions by Management.

For Boys

Recognised Institutions managed by

Type of institution.	Government.		District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private Bodies.		Unrecognised Institutions.	Total.
	Central.	State.			Aided.	Unaided.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Schools for Special Education—								
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	2	6	..	26	..	..	34
Physical Education
School for Social work	3 (1)	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped—								
Mentally Handicapped
Physically Handicapped	2	..	..	4	..	..	6
For Adults	101	248	91	1,722	14	..	2,176
Reformatory
Others—								
Jail Schools	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
Tota	110	254	91	1,752	14	..	2,221
Grand Total	18	834	8,464	607	12,129	113	21	22,186

(1) includes 2 Adult Literacy Training School at Anaparty and Anantapur and Village Guides School at Samalkota.

Type of Institution.	Recognised Institutions managed by							Total.	Grand total.
	Government.				Private Bodies.		Unrecognised Institutions.		
	Central.	State.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Aided.	Unaided.			
(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
Universities	2
Boards of Secondary	1
Research Institutions
Colleges for General Education—									
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>									
Arts only
Science only
Arts and Science
Others	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	24
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>									
With only intermediate classes	2	..	..	2	8
Others
Total	1	..	..	2	..	..	3	32
Colleges for Professional Education—									
<i>Education—</i>									
Engineering	1	..	..	1	3
Technology	2
Medicine	2
Veterinary
Agriculture	1
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	1	..	..	1	8
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music	1
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	2	..	..	2	14
Physical Education
Social Education
Total	2	..	..	2	15

Agriculture .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Forestry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96
Arts and Crafts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	4	..	5
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Total .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	20	..	..	33	..	200
Schools for Special Education—														
Music .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	7	..	41
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
School for Social Workers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
For the Handicapped—														
Mentally Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
For Adults .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,176
Reformatory .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others—														
Jail Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Total .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	7	..	2,228
Grand Total .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	2	36	7	13	59	1	118	..	22,304

IV-A. Distribution of Scholars in Educational Institutions for Boys.

Institution.	In Recognised Institutions								
	Central Government.			State Government.			District Board.		
	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Universities—									
University Departments
Research Institutions
Colleges for General Education—									
Arts With only degree classes.
.. .. Others
Science With only degree classes.
.. .. Others
Arts and Science With only degree classes.
.. .. Others	5,036	4,700	709	..	..	..
Intermediate Colleges—									
With only Intermediate Classes
Others
Total	5,036	4,700	709	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education ..									
Education
Engineering	313	301	67	..	..	..
Technology	734	709	633	..	..	..
Medicine
Veterinary	811	784	371	..	..	..
Agriculture	196	176	173	..	..	..
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	2,054	1,970	1,244	..	..	..
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music	156	151	..	..	..	..
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies
Physical Education	30	27	..	..	..	..
Schools for Social Education
Total	186	178	..	..	..	..

IV-A. Distribution of Scholars in Educational Institutions for Boys—cont.

In Recognised Institutions.

Institution.	Municipal Board.			Private.					
	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Aided.			Unaided.		
				Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.
	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
Universities—									
University Departments	1,420	1,133	653	..	..	..
Research Institutions
Colleges for General Education—									
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>									
Arts With only degree classes.
Science Others
Arts and Science With only degree classes.
Others
Intermediate Colleges—				20,691	19,071	2,047	..	..	..
With only Intermediate classes	1,910	1,629	299	..	..	..
Others
Total	22,601	20,700	2,346	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—									
Education
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies
Physical Education	409	378	143	..	..	..
Schools for Social Work
Total	409	378	143	..	..	..

IV-A. Distribution of Scholars in Educational Institutions for Boys—*cont.*

Institution.	In Recognised Institutions.			In Unrecognised Institutions.			Number of Girls included in		
	Total.			Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Column (20).	Column (23).	Total.
	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.						
	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)
Universities—									
University Department	(a) 1,420	1,133	653	..	..	..	64	..	6
Research Institutions .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education—									
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>									
Arts With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. .. . Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Science With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. .. . Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Science With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
.. .. . Others	(b) 25,727	23,771	2,756	..	..	..	1,186	..	1,186
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>									
With only Intermediate classes	(c) 1,910	1,629	299	..	..	..	59	..	59
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	27,637	25,400	3,055	..	..	..	1,245	..	1,245
Colleges for Professional Education—									
Education	(d) 313	301	67	..	..	..	18	..	18
Engineering	734	709	633	..	..	..	1	..	1
Technology .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	811	784	371	..	..	..	137	..	137
Veterinary .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	196	176	173	..	..	..	1	..	1
Forestry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Applied Art and Architecture .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	2,054	1,970	1,244	..	..	..	157	..	157
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music	(e) 156	151	..	..	..	..	117	..	117
Dancing .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	439	405	143	..	..	..	36	..	36
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Social Workers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	595	556	143	..	..	..	153	..	153

Schools for General Education—

Higher Secondary	(f) ..										
High	2,63,469	2,34,239	7,366	..	..	..	24,343	..	..	24,343
Senior Basic	8,916	6,553	707	..	..	..	3,089	..	..	3,089
Middle	10,215	9,086	407	..	..	..	1,476	..	..	1,476
Junior Basic	43,079	31,571	..	..	..	..	16,338	..	..	16,338
Primary											
Single-teacher	1,06,641	77,482	342	704	506	..	33,404	277	..	33,621	
Others	16,01,717	12,05,406	7,365	..	..	..	6,26,463	..	..	6,26,463
Nursery	82	70	..	..	..	..	47	..	..	47
Total	20,34,119	15,64,407	16,187	704	506	..	7,05,160	277	..	7,05,437	

Schools for Professional Education—

Training (Ordinary)	5,672	5,197	599	..	..	..	216	..	..	216
Training (Basic)	2,468	2,228	2,468	..	..	..	33	..	..	33
Engineering .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—										
Polytechnic	(g) 1,141	1,058	188	..	..	..	21	..	..	21
High .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	591	539	390	..	..	..	33	..	..	33
Medicine	118	118	118	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	4,981	4,400	..	..	..	..	194	..	..	194
Arts and Crafts	32	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	152	143	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others—										
Training Ship Mekhala	120	120	120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	15,275	13,825	3,883	..	..	..	497	..	..	497

Schools for Special Education—

Music .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	1,481	1,206	205	..	..	..	401	..	..	401
Schools for Social Workers	(h) 664	625	344	..	..	..	11	..	..	11
For the Handicapped—										
Mentally Handicapped	228	209	164	..	..	..	58	..	..	58
Physically Handicapped	70,338	51,083	..	..	..	..	3,087	..	..	9,087
For Adults .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	158	158	123	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others Jail schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	72,869	53,281	836	..	..	..	3,557	..	..	3,557
Grand Total	21,53,969	16,60,572	26,001	704	506	..	7,10,833	277	..	7,11,110

- a) Includes 763 boys and 46 girls studying Arts, science and Commerce subjects and out of them 73 studying (B.Com. Hons.) and 28 M.Com.
 Includes 45 boys studying Technology.
 Includes 31 boys studying Pharmacy.
 Includes 456 boys and 13 girls studying Law.
 Includes 16 boys and 4 girls studying the Diploma Courses of Geography, Hindi and Librarian Ship.
 Includes 45 boys and 1 girl studying Certificate Course in Librarianship.
 (b) Includes 166 boys and 9 girls studying in the B.Ed. sections of M.R. College, Vizianagaram and A.C. College, Guantur, and 4,374 boys and 16 girls studying Commerce subjects.

- (c) Includes 555 boys and 2 girls studying Commerce subjects.
 (d) Includes 35 boys studying pandits training course and 59 boys and 2 girls studying shortened training course in Government Training College, Rajahmundry.
 (e) Includes 32 boys and 106 boys studying certificate course in Music in M. R. College Vizayanagaram.
 (f) Includes 82 boys and 27 girls studying in Rishivalley School.
 (g) Includes 196 boys and 14 girls studying in Industrial training institutes at Kakinada and Anantapur.
 (h) Includes 146 boys studying in Village Guide School.

IV-B. Distribution of Scholars in Educational Institutions for Girls.

Institution.	In Recognised Institutions.								
	Central Government.			State Government.			District Board.		
	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Universities—									
University Departments
Research Institutions
Colleges for General Education—									
Degree Colleges—									
Arts
With only degree classes.
Others
Science
With only degree classes.
Others
Arts and Science
With only degree classes.
Others
Intermediate Colleges—									
With only intermediate classes	211	193	95	..	..	..
Others
Total	211	193	95	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—									
Education—Post graduate (Non-Basic) Training
Colleges
Education—Post graduate (Basic) Training
Colleges
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies
Physical Education
Social Workers
Total

Schools for General Education--

Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	3,281	4,633	179	1,019	897	216	
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	..	..	..	..	346	329	768	698	32	128	114	7
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary--	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	346	329	6,049	5,331	211	1,147	1,011	223

Schools for Professional Education--

Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	..	..	1,154	1,099	682	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	114	111	114	..	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology--	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	44	28	26	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	1,312	1,238	822	..	..	..	..

Schools for Special Education--

Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Special workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped--	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adult Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	..	..	346	329	7,572	6,762	1,128	1,147	1,011	223
Grand Total (Boys)	..	..	..	..	2,651	2,272	67,439	52,782	7,433	8,57,030	6,46,086	3,696
Grand Total (All Persons)	..	..	..	..	2,997	2,601	75,011	59,544	8,561	8,58,177	6,47,097	3,919

IV-B. Distribution of Scholars in Educational Institutions for Girls—cont.

Institution.	In Recognised Institutions.								
	Municipal Board.			Private. Aided.			Un-aided.		
	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.
(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
Universities—									
University Departments
Research Institutions
Colleges for General Education—									
Degree Colleges—									
Arts With only degree classes.
Others
Science With only degree classes.
Others
Arts and Science With only degree classes.
Others
Intermediate Colleges—									
With only intermediate classes	128	123	72	..	..	..
Others
Total	128	123	72	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—									
Education—Post graduate (Non Basic) Training Colleges. (a)	45	40	..	..	..	..
Education—Post graduate (Basic) Training Colleges.
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	45	40	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	32	29	15	..	..	..
Physical Education
Social Education
Total	32	29	15	..	..	..

Schools for General Education—

Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	3,779	3,318	303	7,575	6,924	2,693	..	..	..
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	..	..	..	256	232	..	660	618	148	..	..	..
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	..	..	..	..	96	78	..	29	20	..
Total	..	..	..	4,035	3,550	303	8,331	7,620	2,841	29	20	..

Schools for Professional Education—

Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,460	1,422	1,123	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	207	196	207	..	..	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	126	110	105	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,793	1,728	1,435	..	..	..

Schools for Special Education—

Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	376	325	43	..	..	..
Schools for Social Workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adult Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	376	325	43	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	..	4,035	3,550	303	10,705	9,865	4,406	29	20	..
Grand Total (Boys)	..	..	..	1,07,949	99,197	1,304	11,13,185	8,55,240	13,198	5,715	4,995	111
Grand Total (All Persons)	..	..	..	1,11,984	1,02,747	1,607	11,23,890	8,65,105	17,604	5,744	5,015	111

IV—B. Distribution of Scholars in Educational Institutions for Girls—*con.*

Institution.	Total			In Unrecognised Institutions.			Number of Boys included in.		
	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Number of Scholars.	Average daily attendance.	Number of residents in approved hostels.	Column (20)	Column (23)	Total
	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)
Universities
University Departments
Research Institutions
Colleges for General Education
Degree Colleges—
Arts
With only degree classes.
Others
Science
With only degree classes.
Others
Arts and Science
With only degree classes.
Others	211	193	95	..	..	..	..	..	..
Intermediate Colleges—
With only Intermediate classes	128	123	72	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others
Total	339	316	167	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—
Education—Post graduate (Non-Basic) Training College.	45	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Education—Post graduate (Basic) Training College.
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	45	40	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Special Education—
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	32	29	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education
School for Social Education
Total	32	29	15	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for General Education—

Higher Secondary—											
High	17,654	15,772	3,391	..	..	..	..	421	..	..	421
Senior Basic .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	2,158	1,991	187	..	..	..	..	316	..	..	316
Junior Basic .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—											
Single teacher .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursary	125	98	..	..	..	..	..	59	..	..	59
Total ..	19,937	17,861	3,578	..	..	..	..	796	..	..	796

School for Professional Education—

Training (Ordinary)	2,614	2,251	1,805	..	..	..	..	59	..	..	59
Training (Basic)	321	307	321	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—											
Polytechnic .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	170	138	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	131	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	3,105	2,966	2,257	..	..	..	..	59	..	..	59

Schools for Special Education—

Music .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	376	325	43	..	..	..	..	16	..	..	16
Schools for Social Workers .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adult .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	376	325	43	..	..	..	..	16	..	..	16
Grand Total ..	23,834	21,537	6,060	..	..	..	..	871	..	..	871
Grand Total (Boys) ..	21,53,969	16,60,572	26,001	704	506	..	7,10,833	277	..	..	7,11,110
Grand Total (All Persons) ..	21,77,803	16,82,109	32,061	704	506	..	7,11,704	277	..	..	7,11,981

V-A. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Boys.

Institutions. (1)	Government Institutions.				Fees. (6)	Endowments, etc. (7)	Other Sources. (8)	Total (9)	District Board Institutions.			
	Government funds.		District Board funds. (4)	Municipal Board funds. (5)					Government Funds.		District Board funds. (12)	Municipal Board Funds. (13)
	Central. (2)	State. (3)							Central (10)	State. (11)		
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Universities—												
University Departments
Research Institutions
Board of Secondary Education	8,49,898	..	..	8,49,898	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education—												
Degree Colleges—												
Arts With only degree
Classes
Others
Sciences With only degree
Classes
Others
Arts and Science With only degree
Classes
Others	2,04,745	..	..	7,28,661	..	3,138	9,36,544	..	..	..	..
Intermediate Colleges—												
With only Intermediate classes
Others
Total	2,04,745	..	..	7,28,661	..	3,138	9,36,544	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—												
Education (a) Post-graduate *	..	1,33,557	..	..	3,519	..	1,310	1,38,386	..	..	..	..
(Non-Basic) Training Colleges.
Do. Basic Training Colleges.
Engineering	4,78,802	..	..	1,26,533	..	8,082	6,08,417	..	..	..	..
Technology
Medicine	8,03,948	..	..	1,63,491	..	414	9,67,853	..	..	..	..
Veterinary
Agriculture	4,46,964	..	..	29,224	..	..	4,76,188	..	..	..	..
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	18,63,271	..	..	3,22,767	..	4,806	21,90,844	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music	14,629	..	..	..	..	..	14,629	..	..	..	..
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	1,31,334	..	..	..	..	..	13,334	..	..	..	..

Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	27,963	..	..	..	..	..	27,963	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for General Education--													
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	3,11,543	..	..	1,38,504	..	194	4,50,241	..	10,71,379	38,46,746	..	..
Senior Basic	..	4,257	52,293	..	..	..	370	56,920	..	25,531	88,285	..	..
Middle	..	..	4,964	..	..	..	..	4,964	..	28,874	1,53,370	..	..
Junior Basic	..	1,591	35,147	..	..	..	77	36,815	..	1,31,115	1,54,444	..	..
Primary--	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	9,447	1,32,654	..	..	100	50	1,42,251	564	7,92,218	4,43,352	..	..
Others	..	97,610	9,08,309	..	24,185	..	392	1,3,496	4,415	64,95,841	71,60,434	..	..
Nursery	..	..	328	..	..	..	..	328	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	1,12,905	14,45,238	..	1,62,689	100	1,083	17,22,015	4,979	85,44,958	1,18,46,631	..	..
Schools for Professional Education--													
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	2,79,683	..	477	..	5	2,30,165	..	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	2,99,081	..	124	..	18,435	3,17,640	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	80,166	1,70,590	..	63,703	8,000	2,489	3,24,948	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	7,021	..	..	..	..	7,021	..	..	16,912	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture (Basic)	..	..	7,165	..	..	..	..	7,165	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others (Mekhala)	..	2,85,678	..	..	..	..	..	2,85,678	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	365,844	7,13,540	..	64,304	8,000	20,929	11,72,617	..	..	16,912	..	..
Schools for Special Education--													
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	7,279	..	..	..	..	7,279	..	..	17,808	..	..
Schools for Social Workers	..	..	1,05,715	..	..	..	..	1,05,715	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped--	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11,707	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	11,707	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	12,522	..	..	..	..	12,522	..	44,262	708	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others--	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jail Schools	..	..	2,436	..	..	..	..	2,436	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	1,39,659	..	..	..	..	1,39,659	..	44,262	18,516	..	..
Grand Total	..	4,78,749	43,94,416	..	21,28,319	8,100	29,956	70,39,540	4,979	85,89,220	1,18,82,059	..	..

(a) There are no undergraduate training colleges in the State.

V-A. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Boys—cont.

Institution.	District Board Institutions—cont.				Municipal Board Institutions.							
	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.	Government funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total
	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	Central. (18)	State. (19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Universities—												
University Departments
Research Institutions
Board of Secondary Education
Colleges for General Education—												
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>												
Arts With only degree classes.
Others
Science With only degree classes.
Others
Arts and Science With only degree classes.
Others
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>												
With only Intermediate classes.
Others
Total
Colleges for Professional Education—												
(a) Post-graduate (Non-Basic) Training Colleges.
Post-Graduate (Basic) Training Colleges.
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies

Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for General Education—													
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	Nil.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Professional Education—													
Training	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Special Education—													
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Social Workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jail Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

(a) There are no under-graduate training colleges in the State.

V-A. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Boys—cont.

Institution.	Private Institutions.											
	Aided.							Unaided.				
	Government funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.
	Central. (26)	State. (27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Universities—												
University Departments	1,86,735	2,45,900	25,290	..	3,33,654	3,45,633	..	11,37,212	..	..	..	..
Research Institutions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Board of Secondary Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education—												
Degree Colleges—												
Arts With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Science With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Science With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	6,15,316	..	..	27,83,158	1,90,906	6,203	35,95,583	..	..	..	..
Intermediate Colleges—												
With only Intermediate classes.	..	45,592	..	..	2,67,721	49,110	1,362	3,63,715	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	6,10,908	..	..	30,50,879	2,40,016	7,565	39,59,368	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—												
Education (a) Post graduate (Non-Basic)												
Training Colleges.												
Do. Do. (Basic)												
Engineering .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Applied Art and Architecture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies * .. ..	..	64,196	..	..	344	1,05,443	4,297	1,74,280	..	..	..	..
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	64,196	..	..	344	1,05,443	4,297	1,74,280	..	..	..	..

* Islamia Arabic College only.

(*) There are no under-graduate training colleges in the State.

V-A. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Boys—cont.

Total—Direct Expenditure.

Institution.	Total—Direct Expenditure.							Total.	Total expenditure on salaries of teachers (already included in column 45).
	Government Funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.		
	Central.	State.							
	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)			(45)	(46)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Universities—									
University Departments	1,86,735	2,45,900	25,290	..	3,33,654	3,45,633	..	11,37,212	5,57,325
Research Institutions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Boards of Secondary Education	..	..	..	..	8,49,898	..	..	8,49,898	..
Colleges for General Education—									
Degree Colleges—									
Arts									
With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Science									
With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Science									
With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	8,20,061	..	..	35,05,050	1,90,906	16,110	45,32,127	31,25,673
Intermediate Colleges—									
With only Intermediate classes.	..	45,592	..	..	2,67,721	49,110	1,362	3,63,785	2,40,402
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	8,65,653	..	..	37,72,771	2,40,016	17,472	48,95,912	33,66,075
Colleges for Professional Education—									
Education .. ..	..	1,33,557	..	..	3,519	..	1,310	1,38,386	1,00,410
Engineering .. ..	..	4,78,802	..	..	1,26,533	..	3,082	6,08,417	3,14,583
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine .. ..	..	8,03,948	..	..	1,63,491	..	414	9,67,853	7,57,698
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	4,46,964	..	..	29,244	..	..	4,76,188	2,12,179
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Applied Art and Architecture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	18,63,271	..	..	3,22,767	..	4,806	21,90,844	13,84,870
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music .. ..	..	14,629	..	..	..	..	..	14,629	12,490
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies .. ..	..	77,530	..	..	344	1,05,443	4,297	1,87,614	1,32,943

Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	92,159	..	..	344	1,05,443	4,297	2,02,243	1,45,433
Schools for General Education—										
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	29,69,694	38,47,246	6,28,934	85,57,983	4,15,251	1,18,886	1,65,37,994	1,26,32,116
Senior Basic	..	..	4,257	1,81,662	88,285	1,965	579	2,661	1,128	2,58,882
Middle	..	..	..	1,07,540	1,53,370	1,22,882	1,90,432	25,986	2,148	6,02,358
Junior Basic	..	..	..	6,03,721	1,54,444	36,854	..	5,780	17,797	4,99,488
Primary—	..	..	1,591	..	..	..	..	..	..	7,46,436
Single-teacher	..	..	10,527	11,53,656	4,43,352	3,109	..	3,821	15,162	16,29,627
Others	..	..	3,56,507	2,67,22,183	71,60,434	12,13,906	39,983	2,10,814	2,70,931	3,59,11,758
Nursery	..	..	..	328	..	..	..	..	328	328
Total	..	3,72,882	3,17,38,784	1,18,47,131	20,07,650	87,88,977	6,64,313	4,26,052	5,57,82,789	4,84,39,494
Schools for Professional Education—										
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	3,43,762	..	..	7,742	96,238	3,399	4,51,141
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	3,07,781	..	..	253	15,609	25,178	3,48,821
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Poly technic	..	..	80,166	1,70,590	..	63,703	8,000	2,489	3,24,948	2,15,845
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	10,171	16,912	..	..	10,692	20,855	58,630
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	43,319
Agriculture	..	..	..	7,165	..	..	..	..	7,165	1,944
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,17,079	7,069	4,795	1,28,943
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	1,800	..	..	1,221	3,186	..	6,207
Physical Education	..	..	..	8,299	..	..	34,428	..	17,441	60,168
Others (Mekhala)	..	..	2,85,675	..	..	..	..	..	..	29,006
Total	..	3,65,844	8,49,568	16,912	..	2,24,426	1,40,794	74,157	16,71,701	11,20,527
Schools for Special Education—										
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	20,193	17,808	..	6,354	38,946	14,952	98,253
Schools for Social workers	..	..	..	1,05,715	..	..	..	..	..	87,447
For the Handicapped—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,725
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	417	18,127	..	220	1,339	3,032	23,135	14,858
For Adults	..	..	..	5,16,128	708	228	218	321	5,17,603	4,23,124
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jail Schools	..	..	2,436	..	..	..	..	..	2,436	2,436
Total	..	417	6,62,599	18,516	228	6,574	40,503	18,305	7,47,142	5,37,590
Grand Total	..	9,25,878	3,63,17,934	1,19,07,849	20,07,878	1,42,99,411	15,36,702	5,45,089	6,75,40,741	5,55,51,314

V-B. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Girls.

Institutions. (1)	Government Institutions.								District Board Institutions.			
	Government funds,		District Board Funds, (4)	Municipal Board Funds, (5)	Fees, (6)	Endowments, etc., (7)	Other sources, (8)	Total, (9)	Government funds,		District Board Funds, (12)	Municipal Board Funds, (13)
	Central, (2)	State, (3)							Central, (10)	State, (11)		
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Universities—												
University Departments
Research Institutions
Board of Secondary Education
Colleges for General Education—												
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>												
Arts .. With only degree classes.
.. Others
Science .. With only degree classes.
.. Others
Arts and Science With only degree classes.
.. Others	..	46,200	..	..	30,771	..	..	76,971	..	..	..	..
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>												
With only Intermediate classes.
Others
Total	46,200	..	..	30,771	..	..	76,971	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—												
<i>(a) Education—</i>												
Post graduate (Non-basic) Training Colleges.
Do. (Basic) Training Colleges
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts

Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for General Education—														
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	4,09,657	..	..	1,06,448	..	..	49	5,16,154	..	6,480	50,579
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,368	1,08,888	..	..	8,730
Middle	..	..	10,041	85,529	..	..	11,950	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	10,041	4,95,186	..	..	1,18,398	..	1,417	6,25,042	..	6,480	59,309	..	..
Schools for Professional Education—														
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	73,745	..	..	143	..	..	89	73,977	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	12,984	..	..	..	..	..	252	13,236	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	..	956	1,556	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	87,329	..	..	143	..	1,297	88,769	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Special Education—														
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Social workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	10,041	6,28,715	..	..	1,49,312	..	2,714	7,90,782	..	6,480	59,309	..	..

(a) There are no undergraduate training colleges in this State

V-B. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Girls—cont.

Institutions.	District Board Institutions—cont.				Municipal Board Institutions.							
	Fees. (14) RS.	Endowments, etc. (15) RS.	Other sources. (16) RS.	Total. (17) RS.	Government funds.		District Board Funds, (20) RS.	Municipal Board Funds, (21) RS.	Fees. (22) RS.	Endowments, etc. (23) RS.	Other sources. (24) RS.	Total. (25) RS.
					Central. (18) RS.	State. (19) RS.						
Universities—												
University Departments
Research Institutions
Board of Secondary Education
Colleges for General Education—												
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>												
Arts .. With only degree classes.
Science .. With only degree classes.
Arts and Science With only degree classes.
Others
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>												
With only Intermediate classes.
Others
Total
Colleges for Professional Education—												
<i>(a) Education—</i>												
Post graduate Training (Non-basic) Colleges.
Post graduate Training (Basic) Colleges
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies

Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for General Education—													
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	19,230	..	..	76,309	..	6,777	..	1,66,569	86,537	..	2,59,883
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	..	..	1,713	..	..	10,443	..	..	..	16,503	4,620	..	21,123
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	20,963	..	..	86,752	..	6,777	..	1,83,072	91,157	..	2,81,006
Schools for Professional Education—													
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Special Education—													
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Social workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	20,963	..	..	86,752	..	6,777	..	1,83,072	91,157	..	2,81,006

(a) There are no undergraduate training colleges in this State.

V-B. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Girls—*cont.*

Institution.	Private Institutions.											
	Aided.							Unaided.				
	Government funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.
	Central.	State.										
(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.]	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Universities—												
University Departments
Research Institutions
Board of Secondary Education
Colleges for General Education—												
Degree Colleges—												
Arts
With only degree classes.
Others
Science
With only degree classes.
Others
Arts and Science
With only degree classes.
Others
Intermediate Colleges—												
With only Intermediate classes.	..	14,191	..	..	19,733	34,216	1 182	69,322	..	..	..	..
Others
Total	14,191	..	..	19,733	34,216	1,182	69,322	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—												
Education Post graduate (Non-Basic)												
Training Colleges. (a)	..	17,993	..	..	1,764	32,740	..	52,497	..	..	..	..
Do. (Basic) Training Colleges.												
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	17,993	..	..	1,764	32,740	..	52,497	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	7,549	..	..	..	2,927	..	10,476	..	..	..	..

Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	7,549	..	..	..	2,927	..	10,476	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for General Education—														
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	2,36,455	..	..	..	2,47,382	1,16,603	..	6,00,440	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	..	..	22,789	..	..	..	12,662	15,779	215	51,445	..	..	..	..
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	940	..	..	940
Nursery	..	..	399	..	..	..	936	9,014	..	10,349	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	2,59,643	..	..	..	2,60,980	1,41,396	215	6,62,234	940	..	..	940
Schools for Professional Education—														
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	84,829	..	..	..	1,811	91,709	25	1,78,374	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	9,886	..	..	..	..	15,338	6,710	31,979	..	..	..	..
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	3,480	..	..	..	..	22,442	5,031	30,953	..	..	..	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	98,195	..	..	..	1,811	1,29,534	11,766	2,41,306	..	..	..	..
Schools for Special Education—														
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	10,764	..	..	..	1,173	10,919	8,603	31,459	..	..	..	..
Schools for Social workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	10,764	..	..	..	1,173	10,919	8,603	31,459	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	4,08,335	..	..	..	2,85,461	3,51,732	21,766	10,67,294	..	..	..	940

(a) There are no undergraduate training colleges in the State.

V-B. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Girls—cont.

Institution.	Total Direct Expenditure.								Total expenditure on salaries of teachers (already included in column 45), (46)
	Government Funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.	
	Central.	State.							
	(38)	(39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)	(45)	
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.		
Universities—									
University Departments
Research Institutions
Board of Secondary Education
Colleges for General Education—									
Degree Colleges—									
Arts									
With only degree classes.
Others
Science									
With only degree classes.
Others
Arts and Science									
With only degree classes.
Others	46,200	..	..	30,771	..	..	76,971	62,047
Intermediate Colleges—									
With only Intermediate classes.	..	14,191	..	..	19,733	34,216	1,182	69,322	40,106
Others
Total	60,391	..	..	50,504	34,216	1,182	1,46,293	1,02,147
Colleges for Professional Education—									
Education Postgraduate (Non-Basic) Training Colleges. (a)	..	17,993	..	..	1,764	32,740	..	52,497	29,236
Education Postgraduate (Basic) Training Colleges.									
Engineering
Technology
Medicine
Veterinary
Agriculture
Forestry
Commerce
Law
Applied Art and Architecture
Total	17,993	..	..	1,764	32,740	..	52,497	29,236
Colleges for Special Education—									
Music
Dancing
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	7,549	..	..	..	2,927	..	10,476	9,212

Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	7,549	..	..	..	2,927	..	10,476	9,212	..
Schools for General Education—											
Higher Secondary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	6,59,369	50,579	1,66,569	4,59,617	1,16,603	49	14,52,786	10,68,962	..
Middle	..	..	1,08,318	8,730	16,503	30,945	15,779	1,583	1,91,899	1,50,390	..
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Single-teacher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	399	..	..	1,876	9,014	..	11,289	4,192	..
Total	..	10,041	7,68,086	59,309	1,83,072	4,92,438	1,41,396	1,632	16,55,974	12,23,544	..
Schools for Professional Education—											
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	1,58,574	..	..	1,954	91,799	114	2,52,351	1,68,747	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	22,870	..	..	..	15,383	6,962	45,215	29,291	..
Technology—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Poly-technic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	4,080	..	..	..	22,442	5,987	32,509	18,886	..
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	1,85,524	..	..	1,954	1,29,534	13,063	3,30,075	2,16,924	..
Schools for Special Education—											
Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	10,764	..	..	1,17	10,919	8,603	31,459	24,451	..
Schools for Social Workers	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For the Handicapped—	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mentally Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	10,764	..	..	1,173	10,919	8,603	31,459	24,451	..
Grand Total	..	10,041	10,50,307	59,309	1,83,072	5,47,833	3,51,732	24,480	22,26,774	16,05,514	..

(a) There are no undergraduate training colleges in the State.

V-A. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Boys—*cont.*

	Total Indirect Expenditure.							Total.
	Government funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	
	Central. (38)	State. (39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)		(45)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Total Direct carried over from V. A.	9,25,878	3,63,17,934	1,19,07,849	20,07,878	1,42,99,411	15,36,702	5,45,089	6,75,40,741
Direction .. .. .	..	2,85,571	..	..	..	..	..	2,85,571
Inspection .. .. .	..	17,48,257	..	..	..	..	..	17,48,257
Buildings (A)	3,71,270	24,09,659	4,73,143	2,47,579	5,12,775	11,31,524	1,71,998	53,17,948
Scholarships and other Financial Concessions.	9,10,760	27,32,335	63,774	1,226	19,422	39,605	96,415	38,63,537
Hostel Charges	1,343	10,49,622	..	..	73,916	80,420	51,378	12,56,679
Miscellaneous .. .. .	..	21,66,129	..	..	..	..	..	21,66,129
Total (Indirect) ..	12,83,373	1,03,91,573	5,36,917	2,48,805	6,06,113	12,51,549	3,19,791	1,46,38,121
Grand Total (Direct and Indirect) ..	22,09,251	4,67,09,507	1,24,44,766	22,56,683	1,49,05,524	7,88,251	8,64,880	8,21,78,862

V-B. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for Girls—*cont.*

	Total Indirect Expenditure.							Total.
	Government funds.		District Board Funds.	Municipal Board Funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	
	Central. (38)	State. (39)	(40)	(41)	(42)	(43)	(44)		(45)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Total Direct carried over from V. B.	10,041	10,50,307	59,309	1,83,072	5,47,833	3,51,732	24,480	22,26,774
Direction and Inspection .. .. .	..	38,375	..	..	..	..	..	38,375
Buildings .. .. .	..	1,95,869	.. 99	41,172	2,990	25,963	.. 41	2,66,140
Scholarships and other Financial Concessions.	27,883	4,83,863	..	687	..	47	..	5,12,480
Hostel Charges .. .. .	..	80,593	..	..	2,376	38,124	..	1,21,093
Miscellaneous .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total (Indirect) ..	27,883	7,98,700	99	41,859	5,366	64,134	47	9,38,088
Grand Total (Direct and Indirect) ..	37,924	18,49,007	59,408	2,24,931	5,53,199	4,15,866	24,527	31,64,862
Total (Direct)—Boys ..	9,25,878	3,63,17,934	1,19,07,849	20,07,978	1,42,99,411	15,36,702	5,45,089	6,75,40,741
Total (Direct)—All persons ..	9,35,939	3,73,68,241	1,19,67,158	21,90,950	1,48,47,244	18,88,434	5,69,569	6,97,67,515
Grand total (Direct and Indirect) Boys.	22,09,251	4,67,09,507	1,24,44,766	22,56,683	1,49,05,524	27,88,251	8,64,880	8,21,78,862
Grand total (Direct and Indirect) All persons.	22,47,175	4,85,58,514	1,25,04,174	24,81,014	1,54,58,723	32,04,117	8,89,407	8,53,43,724

(*) Includes Expenditure spent by Public Works Department.

VI-A. Distribution of Scholars receiving General Education by Classes and by Age-groups.

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Age Group.				School Education.														
				Number of students in classes.														
				Nursery.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)				
Below 5	Boys	..	..	..	..	152	123	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	276
	Girls	..	..	..	..	155	111	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	266
5-6	Boys	..	..	..	..	41	65,141	6,247	306	36	20	..	..	..	..	..	71,791
	Girls	..	..	..	..	52	49,347	4,207	202	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	53,809
6-7	Boys	..	..	..	..	4	1,39,917	35,023	5,414	429	98	32	13	..	..	..	1,80,930
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	1,01,112	21,795	3,811	195	36	5	2	..	..	..	1,26,956
7-8	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	95,008	64,341	30,151	5,937	729	358	35	6	..	..	1,96,565
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	69,277	41,730	18,440	3,321	303	117	5	..	..	..	1,33,193
8-9	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	44,609	58,839	45,264	19,600	5,954	3,415	551	26	..	..	1,78,258
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	33,326	40,598	27,214	10,906	2,868	1,151	214	11	1	..	1,16,289
9-10	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	16,313	35,870	44,316	33,649	16,099	8,918	3,137	457	4	..	1,58,763
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	10,616	25,082	27,813	18,803	8,943	2,777	1,010	216	6	..	95,266
10-11	Boys	5,697	15,010	29,699	34,665	26,056	13,808	8,965	3,393	362	10	..	1,37,665
	Girls	3,343	9,974	18,722	20,143	14,860	4,122	2,407	888	55	4	4	74,522
11-12	Boys	1,971	5,578	13,939	25,905	29,396	14,857	13,800	8,661	2,495	554	10	1,17,166
	Girls	1,102	3,514	8,902	14,935	15,294	4,102	3,438	1,969	486	88	34	53,864
12-13	Boys	577	1,966	5,715	14,480	23,790	10,827	12,975	12,392	6,670	1,924	566	91,882
	Girls	213	1,367	3,582	7,243	10,397	2,904	3,137	2,829	1,296	340	47	33,355
13-14	Boys	106	649	2,143	6,117	13,146	5,870	8,774	12,158	10,827	5,289	1,393	66,672
	Girls	38	278	882	2,565	5,201	1,505	2,072	2,555	1,962	952	193	18,203
4-15	Boys	48	151	552	1,998	5,947	3,110	5,194	8,386	10,284	8,810	3,703	..
	Girls	4	40	209	842	1,895	697	1,137	1,769	1,464	1,359	459	9,875

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15-16	..	Boys	11	59	86	626	1,916	1,394	2,403	5,088	6,610	9,034	9,176	..	36,403
	..	Girls	5	20	178	343	219	504	1,026	555	978	1,004	..	4,832
16-17	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	4	13	17	81	428	474	984	2,367	3,185	6,851	8,725	..	23,129
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	16	86	57	196	572	238	414	680	..	2,261
17-18	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	24	94	106	368	906	979	3,663	5,947	..	12,091
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	2	5	5	74	248	67	116	419	..	939
18-19	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	10	25	97	376	298	1,772	3,429	..	6,015
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	1	16	82	29	35	207	..	376
19-20	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	28	115	76	592	1,758	..	2,577
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	39	13	25	91	..	171
20-21	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	51	16	154	689	..	914
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	15	12	11	24	..	65
21-22	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	10	4	38	226	..	279
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	7	1	3	7	..	21
22-23	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	11	75	..	89
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	4	..	7
23-24	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	22	..	24
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	3
24-25	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
Over 25	..	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	..	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	Boys	..	..	..	197	3,69,527	2,23,747	1,77,604	1,43,555	1,25,691	63,196	57,328	54,596	41,810	38,702	35,720	..	13,29,673A
	..	Girls	..	..	..	207	2,68,490	1,48,590	1,09,803	79,151	60,236	17,662	14,220	12,228	6,186	4,325	3,176	..	7,24,274

(A) This does not include the strength of the Rishivalley school (82 Boys—27 Girls) which has been included under Secondary Schools as per letter No. F 1—11 A—54—58, dated 28th December 1955 of the Ministry of Education since the classes therein do not fit in with the Standard-wise distribution of this table. A separate sheet for the same is appended.

AGE WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS IN RISHI VALLEY SCHOOL.

Age group.		Preparatory.	Junior.	Senior.	Matric.	Total.
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
5-6	Boys ..	2	..	..	..	2
	Girls ..	1	..	..	..	1
6-7	Boys ..	4	..	..	..	4
	Girls ..	1	..	..	..	1
7-8	Boys ..	8	1	..	..	9
	Girls ..	2	..	..	..	2
8-9	Boys ..	3	3	..	..	6
	Girls ..	2	..	..	..	2
9-10	Boys ..	4	3	..	..	7
	Girls ..	1	2	..	..	3
10-11	Boys ..	5	8	..	..	13
	Girls ..	..	5	1	..	6
11-12	Boys ..	2	11	..	..	13
	Girls ..	..	4	..	..	4
12-13	Boys ..	..	7	2	..	9
	Girls ..	..	1	..	..	1
13-14	Boys ..	..	3	3	..	
	Girls ..	..	1	1	..	
14-15	Boys ..	..	1	3	1	5
	Girls ..	..	..	2	..	2
15-16	Boys ..	..	1	4	..	5
	Girls ..	..	..	1	1	2
16-17	Boys ..	..	..	..	1	1
	Girls ..	..	..	..	1	1
17-18	Boys ..	..	..	..	2	2
	Girls ..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	Boys ..	28	38	12	4	82
	Girls ..	7	13	5	2	27

VI-A. Distribution of Scholars receiving General Education by classes and Age-groups—*cont.*

Age group		Collegiate Education.																		
		Number of students in Intermediate classes.				Number of students in Degree classes.						Number of students in Post-graduate classes.				Number of Research Students.				
		Arts.		Science.		Arts.			Science.			Arts.		Science.		Arts.	Science.	Total.		
		First year.	Second year.	First year.	Second year.	First year.	Second year.	Third year.	First year.	Second year.	Third year.	First year.	Second year.	First year.	Second year.	(30)	(31)	(32)		
		(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)					
Below 5	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5-6	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6-7	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
7-8	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8-9	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9-10	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10-11	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
11-12	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12-13	Boys	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
13-14	Boys	..	..	..	24	..	59	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Girls	..	..	..	1	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

14-15	Boys	..	..	..	184	106	341	142	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	773
	Girls	..	..	..	10	3	54	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	71
15-16	Boys	..	..	..	448	119	1,002	377	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,949
	Girls	..	..	..	44	14	103	31	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	193
16-17	Boys	..	..	..	699	276	1,373	647	125	20	..	55	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,199
	Girls	..	..	..	64	26	135	69	15	1	..	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	319
17-18	Boys	..	..	..	597	408	1,098	949	249	78	..	179	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	3,614
	Girls	..	..	..	66	31	85	73	23	9	..	25	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	318
18-19	Boys	..	..	..	522	381	792	816	503	153	3	284	155	2	..	..	2	..	..	3,613
	Girls	..	..	..	36	27	43	54	25	22	..	36	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	258
19-20	Boys	..	..	..	337	323	496	530	527	304	9	234	246	8	..	..	4	2	..	3,020
	Girls	..	..	..	21	23	25	31	25	19	1	20	10	1	..	..	..	..	..	176
20-21	Boys	..	..	..	222	230	311	323	427	316	16	149	176	15	..	..	16	11	..	2,212
	Girls	..	..	..	12	16	23	13	17	16	..	11	12	3	..	..	..	1	..	124
21-22	Boys	..	..	..	129	147	160	175	305	268	17	82	110	24	..	..	14	21	..	1,452
	Girls	..	..	..	5	5	5	8	9	11	..	15	8	1	..	..	..	1	..	68
22-23	Boys	..	..	..	108	103	83	115	226	221	14	49	69	6	..	..	1	14	..	1,009
	Girls	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	4	7	1	2	8	1	..	..	1	1	..	29
23-24	Boys	..	..	..	55	46	27	40	132	162	10	26	38	9	..	..	1	4	..	550
	Girls	..	..	..	2	2	1	..	4	2	1	1	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	18
24-25	Boys	..	..	..	21	36	15	32	55	78	8	14	15	3	..	..	2	6	..	285
	Girls	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Over 25	Boys	..	..	..	5	11	5	12	31	62	13	16	25	4	..	..	5	7	..	196
	Girls	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Total	Boys	..	..	..	3,351	2,186	5,762	4,162	2,581	1,662	90	1,090	894	71	..	..	45	65	..	21,959
	Girls	..	..	..	262	149	488	288	127	92	3	118	66	6	..	..	1	3	..	1,603
								(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)			(G)	(H)			

(A) Includes 124 Boys and 12 Girls studying B.A. (Hons.) I Year in Andhra and Tirupathi Universities.

(B) Includes 103 Boys and 9 Girls studying B.A. (Hons.) II Year in Andhra University.

(C) Includes 90 Boys and 3 Girls studying B.A. (Hons.) 3rd year in Andhra University.

(D) Includes 7 Boys and 1 Girl studying B.Sc., pass I year and 89 Boys and 7 Girls studying B.Sc. (Hons.) I year in the Andhra and Tirupathi Universities.

(E) Includes 75 Boys and 5 Girls studying in B.Sc. (Hons.) II Year in Andhra University.

(F) Includes 71 Boys and 6 Girls studying B.Sc. (Hons.) 3rd Year in Andhra University.

(G) & (H) Enrolment in M.Sc. Class in Andhra University.

VI-B—Distribution of Scholars receiving Professional and Special Education by Age-groups.

Age Group.	School Education.																				Total.	
	Training				Engineering Technology and industry.		Medicine and Veterinary.		Agriculture and Forestry.		Commerce.		Arts and Crafts.		Music, dancing and other fine Arts.		Oriental Studies.		Other subjects.			
	Ordinary		Basic.		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
Below 10..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	308	251	42	19	350	282
10-11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	7	189	101	41	10	230	119
11-12	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	..	12	168	126	20	11	201	154
12-13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	5	2	14	155	119	22	3	195	141
13-14	..	..	..	..	58	5	..	..	..	..	9	2	2	7	3	12	91	62	307	50	470	138
14-15	..	..	106	6	83	3	..	..	..	..	70	..	1	31	3	12	52	33	2,635	322	2,844	401
15-16	112	106	..	6	133	11	..	..	..	..	381	22	2	27	3	12	23	14	3,960	293	4,620	485
16-17	253	565	116	13	272	17	..	..	..	..	659	37	5	34	5	13	29	11	4,711	290	6,050	980
17-18	656	668	239	58	376	7	..	..	25	..	881	63	6	16	5	4	17	11	5,293	221	7,498	1,048
18-19	802	513	298	61	243	3	..	..	28	..	773	40	6	12	4	6	11	6	5,511	191	7,677	832
19-20	805	330	381	74	221	4	..	..	34	..	680	22	4	9	2	..	9	10	5,797	216	7,933	665
20-21	865	198	394	29	99	3	..	..	6	..	525	6	..	8	1	2	10	7	5,919	305	7,818	558
21-22	700	117	372	20	75	1	..	..	8	..	369	1	..	10	..	..	8	2	5,215	228	6,747	379
22-23	408	80	269	19	48	..	..	..	3	..	247	..	3	3	..	..	9	4	4,786	154	5,776	260
23-24	323	59	135	11	20	..	..	..	4	..	139	1	..	..	..	..	12	4	4,057	113	4,690	188
24-25	191	72	109	6	13	..	..	..	2	..	32	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	3,868	146	4,220	224
25-26	131	61	86	2	7	..	..	..	3	..	14	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	6,037	426	6,279	491
26-27	76	26	40	1	4	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,558	27	1,682	54
27-28	53	15	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,403	32	1,481	47
28-29	40	7	11	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,224	22	1,276	29
29-30	30	5	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,090	22	1,126	27
30-31	9	2	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	982	18	998	11
31-32	9	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	859	8	870	11
32-33	7	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	772	3	779	5
33-34	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	714	5	719	6
34-35	6	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	574	13	584	13
Over 35	12	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	886	9	898	10
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	266	..	266	..
Total	(a) 5,491	2,830	2,494	295	1,678(b)	54	..	..	118	..	4,787	194	32	170	(c) 32	106	1,096	761	(d) 6,8549	3,157	84,277	7,567

Strength of Trainingship Mekhala 120 and Village guide school (which is included in Social Education).
146 the classification of which is not furnished.

FOOT NOTE—(a) includes 35 Boys studying the pandits training course (school standard in Government Arts College, Rajahmundry).

(b) Includes 924 Boys and 7 Girls in Polytechnic Schools.

196 Boys and 14 Girls in Industrial Training Institutions.

558 Boys and 33 Girls in Industrial Schools.

1678 Boys and 54 Girls in TOTAL

(c) Includes 32 Boys and 106 girls studying the certificate course (School standard in Government M. R. Music College, Vizianagaram).

(d) Others include—

Training Schools for Adult School Teachers (Social Education) 507X11
Jail Schools 158X 0
Physical Education 152X 0
Handicapped 170X58
Adults Schools 67,251X3,087
Training ship Mekhala 120X 0
Village guide school 146X 0

VII—A. Teachers in Schools for General Education.

Institution.	Trained.										Untrained.			
	Graduate.		Passed Intermediate or Matriculate.		Non-Matriculate.		Total.			Graduate.		Uncertified.		
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	All persons	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
Nursery Schools	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	8	8	..	..	..	..
Basic Schools—														
Junior Basic ..	..	..	225	12	1,012	169	1,238	181	1,419	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic ..	..	..	158	12	132	20	291	32	323	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2	..	383	24	1,144	189	1,529	213	1,742	..	..	..	..
Primary Schools—														
Recognised—														
Government ..	..	1	168	30	894	177	1,064	208	1,272	..	..	1	..
District Board ..	..	5	2,552	117	14,025	3,174	16,582	3,291	19,873	..	..	..	..
Municipal Board ..	..	5	247	122	859	737	1,111	859	1,970	..	..	..	..
Private ..	..	25	3,997	702	21,133	5,643	25,155	6,348	31,503	..	..	10	..
Aided ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unaided ..	..	1	3	..	2	..	6	..	6	..	..	..	..
Unrecognised ..	..	..	7	..	14	..	21	..	21	..	..	..	..
Total ..	38	4	6,974	971	36,927	9,731	43,939	10,706	54,645	..	..	11	..
Middle Schools—														
Recognised—														
Government ..	..	10	4	36	..	24	5	70	75	..	..	..	1
District Board ..	..	27	3	113	7	56	4	196	14	210	..	..	2
Municipal Board ..	..	13	2	110	14	23	3	146	19	165	..	..	..
Private ..	..	13	6	54	26	16	4	83	36	119	..	..	..
Aided ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unaided ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unrecognised ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	54	21	281	83	95	35	430	139	569	..	..	2	1
High Schools—														
Recognised—														
Government ..	..	82	104	134	26	52	224	268	492	..	..	2	1
District Board ..	..	58	2,873	60	1,359	16	5,786	134	5,920	..	..	474	10
Municipal Board ..	..	390	532	87	258	21	1,180	167	1,347	..	..	37	3
Private ..	..	699	940	199	412	44	2,051	366	2,417	..	..	148	15
Aided ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unaided ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Unrecognised ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	A 2,737	322	4,449	480	2,055	133	9,241	935	10,176	..	..	561	29
Grand Total ..	2,831	347	12,087	1,566	40,221	10,088	55,139	12,001	67,140	..	..	674	30

* Includes Teachers in Pre-basic Schools also.

A. This excludes the Teachers in the Rishivalley School which is included under High Schools: The particulars of teaching staff have been furnished as in respect of Professional and special Schools which are given below:—

Possessing a Degree.		Possessing a Diploma/certificate.		Possessing no Degree/Diploma/Certificate.		Total.		All persons.	
Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
10	4					14	7		21

VII-B. Teachers in Schools for Professional and Special Education.

Institution.	Number of Teachers.									
	Possessing a Degree.		Possessing a Diploma/Certificate.		Possessing no Degree/Diploma/Certificate.		Total.			
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	All persons.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Schools for Professional Education—										
Training (Ordinary)	95	47	125	63	13	4	233	114	347	
Training (Basic)	77	11	63	6	3	..	143	17	160	
Engineering .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—										
Polytechnic	27	..	55	..	13	..	95	..	95	
High .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	1	..	20	1	17	2	38	3	41	
Medicine .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	3	..	1	..	..	..	4	..	4
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	9	1	140	..	18	..	167	1	168	
Arts and Crafts .. ..	..	2	2	9	..	3	2	14	16
Physical Education	6	..	3	..	..	..	9	..	9
Others—										
Training Ship " MEKHALA " .. ..	..	..	2	..	8	..	10	..	10
Total	218	61	411	79	72	9	701	149	850	
Schools for Special Education—										
Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	7	5	85	1	22	1	114	25	139	
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for School Workers	11	..	14	..	..	..	25	..	25
For the Handicapped—										
Mentally Handicapped .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically Handicapped .. ..	..	1	11	5	1	..	12	6	18
For Adults .. ..	..	..	190	7	..	..	190	7	197*
Reformatory .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others—										
Jail Schools .. ..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	3
Total	18	6	303	31	23	1	344	38	382	
Grand Total	236	67	714	110	95	10	1,045	187	1,232	

* Includes 3058 men 239 women part-time teachers.

VIII. Examination Results.

Name of Examination.	Boys.						Girls.					
	Number appeared.			Number passed.			Number appeared.			Number passed.		
	From recognised insti- tutions. (2)	Private. (3)	Total. (4)	From recognised insti- tutions. (5)	Private. (6)	Total. (7)	From recognised insti- tutions. (8)	Private. (9)	Total. (10)	From recognised insti- tutions. (11)	Private. (12)	Total. (13)
(1)												
DEGREE AND OTHER EQUIVALENT EXAMINATIONS—												
<i>Arts and Science—</i>												
D.Litt.
D.Sc.
Ph.D. (Science)
D.Phil. (Arts)
D.Phil. (Science)
M.A.	36	..	..	36	..	9	..	..	9	..
M.Sc. By Study (Other than Technology)	71	..	..	62	..	3	..	..	3	..
B.A. (Hons.)—three years' course	86	..	..	64	..	3	..	..	3	..
B.A. (Hons.)—Two years' course	14	..	..	10	..	2	..	..	2	..
B.Sc. (Hons.)—Other than Technology Three years' course]	54	..	..	47	..	3	..	..	3	..
B.Sc. (Hons.)—Other than Technology Two years' course	20	..	..	17	..	3	..	..	3	..
B.A.	1,636	404	2,040	649	81	730	88	51	139	49	11	60
B.Sc.	729	223	952	431	94	525	63	22	85	37	6	43
<i>Education—</i>												
M.Ed.	2	..	..	2	1	..	1	..	..	..
B.Ed.	373	..	..	359	68	..	68	66	..	66
B.T. and L.T.
Shortened course	4	..	..	4	..	1	1	..	1	1
<i>Engineering—</i>												
Master of C.E.
Master of E.E.
Bachelor of C.E.	86	..	..	71	..	1	..	..	1	1
Bachelor of E.E.	18	..	..	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bachelor of M.E.	60	..	..	44	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bachelor of other Engineering subjects
Bachelor of Mining and Metallurgy
Others
<i>Medicine—</i>												
M.D.
M.B.B.S.	92	..	..	42	..	..	15	..	..	..
M.C.P. and S.	8	..	8
M.S.M.F. or M.M.F.
D.L.O.	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
D.G.C.	2	..	..	4	..	..	4
D.V.	2	..	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	1
F.C.P.S.
B.D.S.
D.O.M.S.
M.S.	22	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
M. Obstetrics

VIII. Examination Results—cont.

Name of Examination.	Boys.						Girls.					
	Number appeared.			Number passed.			Number appeared.			Number passed.		
	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
DEGREE AND OTHER EQUIVALENT EXAMINATIONS—cont.												
<i>Medicine—cont.</i>												
D.Cv.
B.Hys.
D.I.H.
D.O.
M. (Pharmacy)
B.Sc. (Sanitary)
B.Sc. (Pharmacy)
B. (Pharmacy)
D.T.M.
Others
<i>Veterinary—</i>												
M.Sc. (Vet.)
B.Sc. (Vet.)
Others
<i>Agriculture—</i>												
Master of Agriculture
Bachelor of Agriculture (B.Sc., Ag.)
Others
<i>Technology—</i>												
Master of Technology (M.Sc., Technology)
Bachelor of Technology B.Sc. (Hons.)—Technology
Three years
Bachelor of Technology B.Sc. (Hons.)—Technology
Two years
<i>Commerce—</i>												
M.Com.
B.Com. (Hons.)
B.Com.
<i>Law—</i>												
Doctor of Laws
Master of Laws
Bachelor of Laws
<i>Oriental Learning—</i>												
M.O.L.
B.O.L.
<i>Applied Art and Architecture—</i>												
Diploma of Degree
<i>Research Degree—</i>												
(Andhra University)
M.A. (Hons)

M. Com. (Hons.)	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
M.Sc. in Physics	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
M.Sc. in Chemistry	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
M.Sc. in Botany	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
M.Sc. in Zoology	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
M.Sc. in Geology	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
D.Sc. in Physics	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
D.Sc. in Chemistry	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
D.Sc. in Technology	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
D.Sc. in Geology	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ph.D. in Mathematics	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ph.D. in Economics	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
M.O.L.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
D.Sc. (Medical)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
M.Sc. (Ag.)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Research Degrees— (Sri Venkateswara University)													
INTERMEDIATE AND OTHER EQUIVALENT EXAMINATIONS—													
Intermediate in Arts and Science	7,921	4,377	12,298	3,119	1,318	4,437	440	270	710	209	84	293	
Diploma in Indian Music	3	5	8	2	5	8	11	19	4	10	14		
Diploma in Hindi	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Diploma in Geography	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Diploma in Librarianship	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Oriental Learning—													
Vidya Pravachna (Oriental title)	13	6	19	8	4	12	12	14	3	4	4		
Bhasha Pravachna	51	47	98	35	20	55	12	7	14	3	4		
P.O.L.	1	2	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Sirmani	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Entrance Test to O.T. Telugu Tamil	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Vidwan	23	23	23	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	
Munshi-Kamil	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Entrance Test to O.T. (Persian)	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Entrance Test to Inter Grade D. English with Arabic,													
Urdu or Persian	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Abidi-Fazil (Preliminary)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Afzal-ul-Ulama	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Tabeebi-Kamil	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Examinations conducted by the Department—													
Diploma Course	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	
Examinations conducted by the Director of Industries & Commerce—													
In Technology—													
L.M.E.	38	38	38	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
L.C.E.	152	152	152	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	69	
L.E.E.	17	17	17	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Fisheries Technology—													
Navigation	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Ceramics Supervisory Course	22	22	22	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	
Oil Technology	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS—													
On completion of High School Course—													
Higher Secondary													
Higher Secondary (Technical)													
Recruitment	2,304	2,304	2,304	651	6219	52,66	13	9	607	665	8964		
School Final	306821	306821	306821	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	
Secondary School-Leaving Certificate, etc.	36,227	4,7040	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	4972	

VIII. Examination Results.—cont.

Name of Examination—	Boys.						Girls.					
	Number appeared.			Number passed			Number appeared.			Number passed.		
	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.	From recognised institutions.	Private.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Anglo-Indian and European High School	12	..	12	9	..	9	19	..	19	12	..	12
Cambridge Senior .. ..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1
On completion of Basic or Middle School Course—												
Senior Basic	334	..	334	201	..	201	97	..	97	40	..	40
Middle	37,536	..	37,536	29,433	..	29,433	7,139	..	7,139	5,032	..	5,032
Anglo-Indian and European Middle	121	..	121	104	..	104	143	..	143	129	..	129
Cambridge Junior .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
On completion of Primary or Junior Basic School Course—												
Upper Primary (VIII Standard) E.S.L.C.	8,247	2,757	11,004	2,959	579	3,538	2,918	814	3,732	531	181	1,112
Lower Primary Standard, Class V	1,16,654	..	1,16,654	79,854	..	79,854	55,742	..	55,742	32,810	..	32,810
Junior Basic	3,271	..	3,271	2,072	..	2,072	1,444	..	1,444	959	..	959
Jail Schools	2	..	2	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
On completion of Professional and Special School Course—												
Examinations conducted by the Department—												
For Teachers' Certificate—(Normal Training)—												
Matriculate	1,239	1,409	2,648	455	406	851	303	216	519	123	81	204
Non-Matriculate	1,732	2,157	3,929	637	434	1,071	1,097	953	2,050	445	240	685
For Basic Training Certificate—												
Matriculate	603	258	861	283	86	369	23	26	49	11	4	15
Non-Matriculate	611	265	876	301	112	413	129	20	149	69	5	74
Pandit's Training Certificate	13	..	13	13	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering—												
Higher .. ..	..	227	227	..	51	51	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lower .. ..	..	1,163	1,163	..	208	208	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture—												
Higher .. ..	..	147	147	..	69	69	..	5	5	..	2	2
Lower .. ..	..	142	142	..	63	63	..	1	1	..	1	1
Commerce—												
Higher .. ..	..	1,835	1,835	..	787	787	..	30	30	..	10	10
Lower .. ..	..	5,299	5,299	..	2,295	2,295	..	127	127	..	53	53
Indian Music—												
Higher .. ..	..	33	33	..	25	25	..	165	165	..	130	130
Lower .. ..	..	58	58	..	45	45	..	85	85	..	67	67
Free hand Outline and Model Drawing—												
Higher .. ..	..	454	454	..	151	151	..	40	40	..	8	8
Lower .. ..	..	437	437	..	273	1,273	..	31	31	..	16	16
Design—												
Higher .. ..	..	23	23	..	14	14	..	1	1	..	1	1
Lower .. ..	..	51	51	..	8	8	..	1	1	..	1	1

Geometrical Drawing—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	23	23	..	8	8	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	98	98	..	37	37	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
Painting—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	40	40	..	16	16	..	2	2	..	..	..	5
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	67	67	..	36	36	..	7	7	..	..	..	5
Needle Work and Dress Making—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	38	38	..	..	..	38
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	1	..	43	43	..	..	..	17
Embroidary—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	36	..	..	..	19
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	19	..	..	..	13
Tailoring—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	14	..	9	9	..	9	9	..	..	..	..
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	27	27	..	11	11	..	13	13	..	..	..	..
Book-Binding—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Handloom-Weavery—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	6	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	149	149	..	66	66	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
In Oriental Studies—																		
Sanskrit Entrance Examination						..	24	44	68	17	26	43	3	1	4	2	..	2
Physical Education—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	12	12	..	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	140	..	140	133	..	133	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technical—																		
Teacher certificate Examination—																		
Higher	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lower	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	2	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..
Reserved Scheme						..	112	..	112	69	..	69	9	..	9	9	..	5
Account test for employees of Local Bodies						..	..	24	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Account test for Head Masters and Head Mistresses						..	120	120	..	50	50	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
Government Technical Examinations (relating to the Examinations in Competency Headworks water works Pipe line filter)						..	23	23	..	12	12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Examinations conducted by Director of Industries and Commerce—																		
In Industry						..	374	..	374	305	..	305	..	..	..	..	..	..
In Arts and Crafts—																		
Needle work & Dress Making						..	9	..	9	9	..	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
Embroidery..						..	6	..	6	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Teachers' Certificate in Needle work & Dress Making						..	5	..	5	5	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
General Drawing						..	18	..	18	18	..	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commercial Art						..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sculpturing						..	1	..	1	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Painting						..	29	..	29	29	..	29	..	..	..	..	..	..
weaving						..	4	..	4	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dyeing and Printing..						..	7	..	7	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
Teachers Training						..	4	..	4	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..

VIII. Examination Results (Supplemental Examinations—September–December 1955).

(1)	Boys.						Girls.					
	Number appeared.			Number passed,			Number appeared.			Number passed.		
	From recognised institutions. (2)	Private. (3)	Total. (4)	From recognised institutions. (5)	Private. (6)	Total. (7)	From recognised institutions. (8)	Private. (9)	Total. (10)	From recognised institutions. (11)	Private. (12)	Total. (13)
DEGREE AND OTHER EXAMINATIONS ARTS AND SCIENCE EXAMINATIONS—												
B.A.	4	1,354	1,358	..	549	549	..	81	81	..	27	27
B.Sc.	1	333	334	..	131	131	..	34	34	..	15	5
B.Ed.	57	9	66	48	5	53	2	2	4	..	1	3
Engineering—												
B.E. Civil	..	9	9	..	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
B.E. Electrical	..	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
B.E. Mechanical	..	7	7	..	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine—												
M.D.	19	..	19	4	..	4	6	..	6	1	..	1
D.O.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
D.G.O.	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	2	..	2
M.B.B.S.	84	..	84	39	..	39	17	..	17	8	..	8
Agriculture—												
B.Sc. Agriculture	..	7	7	..	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce—												
B.Com.	2	436	438	1	142	143	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law—												
B.L.	..	24	24	..	22	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Learning—												
Vidyapraveena	..	2	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Bhashapraveena	..	43	43	..	26	26	..	12	12	..	8	8
P.O.L.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Intermediate in Arts and Science	22	6,607	6,629	4	1,871	1,875	..	351	351	..	108	108
INTERMEDIATE AND OTHER EQUIVALENT EXAMINATIONS—												
Diploma in Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Diploma Course in Librarianship	45	..	45	35	..	35	1	..	1	1	..	1
SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS—												
On completion of High School Course—												
Matriculation	..	1,357	1,357	..	483	483	..	263	263	..	95	95
S.S.L.C. Examination	..	8,298	8,298	..	2,031	2,031	..	672	672	..	121	121
On completion of Professional and Special School Course—												
For Teachers' Certificate—												
Training (Normal) Matriculates	..	1,615	1,615	..	569	569	..	241	241	..	111	111
Non-Matriculates	..	2,404	2,404	..	772	772	..	1,326	1,326	..	361	361
For Teachers' Certificate (Basic Training)—												
Matriculate	..	449	449	..	200	200	..	21	21	..	7	7
Non-Matriculate	..	367	367	..	138	138	..	89	89	..	22	22

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IX. Progress of Compulsory Education.

Type of area under compulsion	Year in which compulsion was introduced.	Age group of children under compulsion.	Number of towns/cities or villages under compulsion.	Total estimated population of the children of school going area in area (s) under compulsion during the current year.		Number of institutions where compulsion is in force.	Number of students on rolls under compulsion		Percentage of enrolment under compulsion to total population given in column (5)	
				Boys.	Girls.		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Urban (Towns and Cities)—										
For boys only	1924	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1926-27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1928-29	6-12	6	29,672	..	229	76,341	..	86.5	..
	1932-33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1934	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For girls only	1934	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For both boys and girls ..	1945-46	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1946-47	6-12	172	110,901	94,095	1,000	88,891	66,643	82.6	71.1
	1947-48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1948-49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1952-53	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .	..	6-12	178	140,573	94,095	1,229	115,232	66,643	84.5	71.1
Rural (villages)—										
For boys only .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For girls only .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For both boys and girls ..	1945-46	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1946-47	6-12	22	1,27,067	97,062	1,531	104,421	67,512	80.7	69.8
	1947-48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	1948-49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .	..	6-12	822	1,27,067	97,062	1,531	1,04,421	67,512	80.7	69.8
Grand Total .. .. .	..	6,12	1 1000	267,640	192,157	2,769	219,654	134,155	82.6	70.4

Type of area under compulsion.	Percentage of average daily attendance.	Number of notices issued.	Number of attendance orders passed.	Coercive Measures taken during current year.			Number of attendance officers.	Total expenditure.	
				Prosecutions.					
				For non-enrolment.	For non-attendance.	Fines realised.			
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
Urban (Towns and Cities)—									
For boys only	80.4	..	701	429	272	228	Rs. A. P. 38 4 0	..	..
For girls only	78.2	74.5	32,621	22,063	6,887	12,807	377 0 0	..	..
For both boys and girls ..	79.3	74.5	33,322	22,492	7,159	13,035	415 4 0	..	..
Total	79.3	74.5	33,322	22,492	7,159	13,035	415 4 0	..	..
Rural (villages)—									
For boys only .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For girls only .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For both boys and girls ..	78.2	72.3	54,861	37,734	16,247	17,543	553 6 0	..	..
Total	78.2	72.3	54,861	37,734	16,247	17,543	553 6 0	..	..
Grand Total	78.7	73.4	88,183	60,226	23,406	30,578	968 10 0	.. (a)	21,31,600 (b)

(a) The posts of 27 Attendance Officers were converted in to the post of Junior Deputy Inspector with effect from 1st March 1955.
 (b) Expenditure for urban and rural areas separately is not available.

X. Education in Rural Areas.

Type of Institutions. (1)	Number of Institutions in rural areas.					Number of Scholars on rolls in.					
	Recognized.				Unrecog- nized. (6)	Recognized institutions.				Unrecog nized (11)	
	Government. (2)	District (3)	Private. (4)	Total. (5)		Government. (7)	District (8)	Private. (9)	Total. (10)		
For Males—											
Colleges for General Education			2	2				590	590		
Colleges for Professional and Special Education			3	3				53	53		
Schools for General Education—											
High		1	222	23 (a)	246		154	62,418	7,669	70,241	
Middle			26	2	28			2,874	227	3,101	
Senior Basic			13	10	28		670	3,635	2,127	6,432	
Primary		(b) 597	6,947	8,638	16,182	21	37,374	551,475	724,058	1,312,907	704
Junior Basic/		19	179	181	379		1,178	18,126	12,408	31,712	
Nursery				4	4				167	167	
Total ..		622	7,387	8,858	16,867	21	39,376	638,528	746,656	1,424,560	704
Schools for Professional and Special Education—											
Training (Ordinary)		1		2	3		198		360	558	
Training (Basic)		10		2	12		1,451		78	1,529	
Agriculture											
Arts and Crafts											
Music Dancing and other Fine Arts											
For Adults		97	181	1,520	1,798		2,514	5,307	50,735	58,556	
Others		2	3	10	15		266	172	393	831	
Total ..		110	184	1,534	1,828		4,429	5,479	51,566	61,474	

For Females—

Colleges for General Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional and Special Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for General Education—

High .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Junior Basic .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for Professional and Special Education—

Training (Ordinary) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	39	39	..	..
Agriculture .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Music, Dancing and other Fine Arts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others (c) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. .. .	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	39	39	..	..	..
Grand Total	732	7,571	10,398	18,701	21	43,805	644,007	798,904	14,86,716	704	..	..	..	..

(a) Includes one Rishivaley School.

(b) Includes one Anglo-Indian Railway Primary School at Pakala.

(c) Others include Adult Training Schools, Oriental Schools, Industrial Schools and Commercial Schools.

X. Education in Rural Areas—cont.

Type of Institution.	Expenditure (direct and indirect) on					Number of teachers in					
	Recognized Institutions.					Recognized Institutions.					
	Government Funds.	District Board Funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.	Unrecognized.	Government.	District Board.	Private.	Total.	Unrecognized.
(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.						
For males—											
Colleges for General Education	10,100	..	87,062	7,123	1,04,285	..	..	..	38	38	..
Colleges for Professional and Special Education	7,031	..	19,060	..	26,091	..	..	..	14	14	..
Schools for General Education—											
High	8,53,100	20,07,044	59,70,687	1,86,878	90,17,709	..	13	2,998	359	3,370	..
Middle	19,411	1,23,982	51,854	7,636	2,02,883	..	..	188	13	201	..
Senior Basic	1,26,272	90,759	..	1,419	2,18,450	..	31	107	95	233	..
Primary	2,27,73,942	56,47,828	1,38,304	12,27,266	2,97,87,340	..	1,021	16,779	25,102	42,902	21
Junior Basic	3,50,809	1,63,950	..	21,826	5,36,585	..	42	489	528	1,059	..
Nursery .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	7	..
Total	2,41,23,534	80,33,563	61,60,845	14,45,025	3,97,62,967	..	1,107	20,561	26,104	47,772	21
Schools for Professional and Special Education—											
Training (Ordinary)	1,09,260	..	1,592	11,251	1,22,103	..	7	..	14	21	..
Training (Basic)	3,64,343	..	260	25,604	3,90,207	..	77	..	6	83	..
Agriculture .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Music, Dancing and other Fine Arts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	4,59,651	528	..	1,632	4,61,811	..	124	243	2,488	2,855	..
Others	38,737	20,949	4,995	17,083	81,764	..	6	11	27	44	..
Total	9,71,991	21,477	6,847	55,570	10,55,885	..	214	254	2,535	3,003	..

For Females—

Colleges for General Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Professional and Special Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for General Education—

High	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Middle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Junior Basic	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for Professional and Special Education—

Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	1,186	..	..	4,577	5,763	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Music, Dancing and other Fine Arts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	1,186	..	..	4,577	5,763	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	..	..	..	2,51,13,842	80,55,040	62,54,754	15,31,355	4,09,54,991	..	1,321	20,815	28,693	50,829	21	..	..

XI. Scholarships, Stipends, Free Studentships and other Financial Concessions to Students.

Scholarships and stipends awarded by

Type of Institution.	Central		Government		State Government.				Institution itself.			
	Number.		Total value per annum.		Number.		Total value per annum.		Number.		Total value per annum.	
	Boys. (2)	Girls. (3)	Boys. (4) RS.	Girls. (5) RS.	Boys. (6)	Girls. (7)	Boys. (8) RS.	Girls. (9) RS.	Boys. (10)	Girls. (11)	Boys. (12) RS.	Girls. (13) RS.
Universities—												
University Department	72	9	91,265	9,549	73	2	23,601	288	74	2	12,596	104
Research Institutions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education—												
Degree Colleges—												
Arts .. With only degree classes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Science .. With only degree classes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Science With only degree classes	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	843	209	3,37,584	88,192	2,838	34	5,76,499	22,951	484	5	34,334	1,360
Intermediate Colleges—												
With only intermediate classes	56	26	19,499	15,396	217	6	24,067	1,469	25	..	1,850	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	899	235	3,57,083	1,03,588	3,055	40	6,00,566	24,420	509	5	36,184	1,360
Colleges for Professional Education—												
Education—												
Post-graduate (Non-basic) Training Colleges	6	10	2,958	6,930	23	2	4,257	655	..	..	..	..
Post-graduate Basic Training Colleges	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering	270	..	2,61,152	..	38	..	10,747	..	..	..	..	..
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	90	19	78,789	16,399	41	2	24,449	1,128	..	..	..	..
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	4	..	2,281	..	20	..	6,900	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law	6	1	4,531	1,129	22	..	9,452	..	5	..	390	..
Applied Art and Architecture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	376	30	3,49,711	24,658	144	4	55,805	1,783	5	..	390	..
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies .. ..	..	1	..	350	7	5	378	902	36	..	2,324	..
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	1	..	360	7	5	378	902	36	..	2,324	..

XI. Scholarships, Stipends, Free Studentships and other Financial Concessions to Students—cont.

Type of Institution.	Scholarships and stipends awarded by								Total of all scholarships and stipends.			
	Local Boards.				Others.							
	Number.		Total value per annum.		Number.		Total value per annum.		Number.		Total value per annum.	
	Boys. (14)	Girls. (15)	Boys. (16)	Girls. (17)	Boys. (18)	Girls. (19)	Boys. (20)	Girls. (21)	Boys. (22)	Girls. (23)	Boys. (24)	Girls. (25)
Universities—				RS.			RS.				RS.	
University Departments	36	1	3 939	120	..	..	..	..	255	14	1 31,401	10,061
Research Institutions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education—												
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>												
Arts .. With only de- gree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Science .. Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Science With only de- gree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Intermediate Colleges—												
With only Intermediate classes.	..	..	..	..	6	..	325	..	304	32	45,741	16,865
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	..	..	..	57	3	3,101	138	4,520	283	9 96,934	1,29 506
Colleges for Professional Education—												
<i>Education—</i>												
Post graduate (Non-basic) Train- ing Colleges.	8	..	3 500	..	..	..	..	..	37	12	10 715	7,585
-Do- (Basic) Training Colleges ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1011	..	310	..	2,72 910	..
Engineering .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	4	900	1 680	132	25	1 04,138	19,407
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	4	..	1,500	..	28	..	10,681	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33	1	14,373	..
Law .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Applied Art and Architecture ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	8	..	3 500	..	7	4	3,411	1 680	540	38	4,12,817	28,171
Colleges for Special Education—												
Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies .. ..	..	..	..	..	10	..	1,077	..	53	6	3,779	1 262
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total .. ..	..	..	..	..	10	..	1,077	..	53	6	3,779	1 262

Schools for General Education—

Higher Secondary	924	126	35,454	4,355	274	49	82,04	1,681	8,721	1,231	313,168	1,00,600
High					2		35		16	8	191	168
Senior Basic					6	11	174	220	379	181	11,444	4,261
Middle									3		114	
Junior Basic												
Primary—												
Single teacher									27		180	
Others	1		10		1	2	5	22	277	101	4,829	3,043
Nursery												
Total ..	925	126	35,464	4,355	283	62	8,418	1,923	9,423	1,521	3,29,926	1,08,072

School for Professional Education—

Training (Ordinary)									5,085	2,798	7,91,228	3,79,627
Training (Basic)									2,323	404	4,41,884	71,073
Engineering												
Technology—												
Poly-technic					11		1,058		240		47,790	
High												
Others												
Industry									199		19,476	
Medicine												
Agriculture									118		9,924	
Forestry												
Commerce									3		720	
Arts and Crafts									27		2,718	
Physical Education	14		8,903		3		1,700		78		27,799	
Others: Training ship Mekhala												
Total ..	14	..	8,903	..	14	..	2,758	..	8,073	3,202	13,43,539	4,50,700

Schools for Special Education—

Music												
Dancing												
Other Fine Arts												
Oriental Studies					4		44		170	1	3,981	18
Schools for Social Workers									557	11	18,719	362
For the Handicapped—												
Mentally Handicapped												
Physically Handicapped												
For Adults												
Reformatory												
Others—												
Total ..	..	..	..	..	4	..	44	..	727	12	22,700	380
Grand Total ..	983	127	51,806	4,475	375	69	18,809	37,41	23,589	5,126	32,41,096	7,32,370

XI - Scholarships, Stipends, Free Studentships and Other Financial Concessions to Students.—cont.

Type of Institution.	Free Studentships.				Other Financial concessions.				Number of scholars in institutions where education is free.	
	Number.		Yearly amount forgone.		Number.		Yearly amount forgone.		Boys. (34)	Girls. (35)
	Boys. (26)	Girls. (27)	Boys. (28)	Girls. (29)	Boys. (30)	Girls. (31)	Boys. (32)	Girls. (33)		
			rs.	rs.			rs.	rs.		
Universities—										
University Department	62	..	11,175	..	79	17	12,409	2,236	..	..
Research Institutions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for General Education—										
<i>Degree Colleges—</i>										
Arts .. With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Science .. With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Science .. With only degree classes.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others ..	3,392	490	5,05,157	60,301	400	58	35,146	5,769	..	..
<i>Intermediate Colleges—</i>										
With only intermediate classes.	1,120	42	35,030	5,123	86	2	8,483	80	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	4,512	532	5,40,187	65,424	486	60	43,629	5,849	..	..
Colleges for Professional Education—										
<i>Education—</i>										
Post graduate (Non-Basic) Training Colleges .. ..	..	..	..	..	2	..	10	..	295	63
Do (Basic) Training Colleges .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering	178	..	38,640	..	1	..	102	..	..	..
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	71	20	17,040	4,800	31	4	5,240	1,000	..	..
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	400	..	..	..
Forestry	16	..	2,300	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law .. ..	..	..	1,470	..	43	3	6,156	315	..	..
Applied Art and Architecture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	262	55,680	59,450	4,800	78	7	11,908	1,315	295	63
Colleges for Special Education—										
Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	117
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	403	68
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	85	198

(a) There are no under-graduate training Colleges in the State.

Schools for General Education—

Higher Secondary	53,434	7,665	19,89,232	2,80,044	12,731	1,569	2,81,049	42,189	..	..
High	124	..	762	..	..	..	..	..	5,827	3,089
Senior Basic/Junior High	3,075	1,317	44,796	36,556	544	428	9,663	890	..	..
Middle .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26,638	16,244
Junior Basic/Basic Primary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary—										
Single-teacher .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	73,237	33,404
Others	70	66	650	633	1,609	124	4,163	2,169	81,48,810	50,28,961
Nursery .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	197	207
Total ..	56,703	9,048	20,35,440	3,17,233	14,884	2,121	2,94,875	45,248	9,20,780	5,55,729

Schools for Professional Education—

Training (Ordinary) .. ..	..	..	..	10	19	41	391	772	5,456	2,830
Training (Basic) .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	6	..	2,494	295
Engineering .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology—										
Poly-technic .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	72	..	218	14
High .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry .. ..	..	..	..	..	54	..	5,174	..	558	33
Medicine .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	118	..
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	50	..	4,258	..	170
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other: Training Ship Mekhala .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	..
Total ..	..	..	..	10	75	91	5,643	5,040	8,964	3,342

Schools for Special Education—

Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	434	485
Schools for Social Workers .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	664	..
For the Handicapped—										
Mentally Handicapped .. ..	..	..	..	..	19	13	380	260	106	32
Physically Handicapped .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
For Adults .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	67,251	3,087
Reformatory .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jail Schools .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	158	..
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	..	..	..	..	19	13	380	260	68,613	3,604
Grand Total ..	61,539	9,600	26,46,252	3,87,467	15,621	2,313	3,68,845	60,948	9,99,894	5,62,923

XII-A. Education of Adults.

Managing body.				Number of regular schools for			Number of literacy centres/ classes for.			Number of scholars on rolls in.				Number made literate.			
										Regular schools.		Literacy centres/ classes.		During the previous years.		During the current year.	
				(1)	Men. (2)	Women. (3)	Both. (4)	Men. (5)	Women. (6)	Both. (7)	Men. (8)	Women. (9)	Men. (10)	Women. (11)	Men. (12)	Women. (13)	Men. (14)	Women. (15)
Government	101	..	..	..	..	2,449	169	40	..	174	..		
District Board	248	..	..	..	..	6,776	110	1,527	60	1,622	19		
Municipal Board	91	..	..	..	..	1,813	173	453	6	350	22		
Private—																	
Aided	1,722	..	..	..	..	55,828	2,630	6,131	218	5,472	181		
Unaided	14	..	..	..	..	385	5	30	..	11	..		
Total	2,176	..	..	..	..	67,251	3,087	8,181	284	7,629	222		

				Average duration of literacy courses (in months).	Number of teachers.										Total expenditure from.				
					Specially trained.					Others.					Government funds.	District Board funds.	Municipal Board funds.	Other sources.	Total.
					Honorary.		Paid.			Honorary.		Paid.							
					Men. (17)	Women. (18)	Men. (19)	Women. (20)	Both. (21)	Men. (22)	Women. (23)	Both. (24)	Men. (25)	Women. (26)	Both. (27)	Rs. (28)	Rs. (29)	Rs. (30)	Rs. (31)
Government	39	4	..	..	67	9	..	..	13,380	..	..	..	13,380		
District Board	195	6	21	3	90	1	15	..	44,820	708	..	..	45,528		
Municipal Board	82	7	9	..	9	..	5	..	15,059	..	228	..	15,287		
Private—																			
Aided	1,693	112	49	3	864	100	91	1	4,48,763	..	..	1,746	4,50,529		
Unaided	18	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	50	50		
Total	2,027	129	79	6	1,031	110	111	1	5,22,042	708	228	1,796	5,24,774		

XII-B. Libraries and Reading Rooms for Adults.

Managing body,	Number of libraries.				Number of reading rooms.	Number of books and journals (back number) in the library.				Number of books and journals added during the current year.			
	Stationary.	Moving.	Branches.	Total.		Stationary.	Moving.	Branches.	Total.	Stationary.	Moving.	Branches.	Total.
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Government	58	..	..	58	10	141	..	..	141	1,444	..	..	1,444
District Board	123	..	..	123	40	3,519	..	..	8,519	2,129	..	..	2,129
Municipal	23	..	..	23	2	1,431	..	..	1,431	407	..	..	407
Private—													
Aided	889	..	..	889	308	27,282	..	..	27,282	23,777	..	..	23,777
Unaided	7	..	..	7	..	159	..	..	159	..	..	..	..
Total	1,100	..	..	1,100	360	32,532	..	..	32,532	27,757	..	..	27,757

Managing body,	Number of books, journals, etc., issued during the current year from the library.				Number of special books and pamphlets on adult education published during the current year by			Average daily attendance in the reading Rooms.			Total expenditure on libraries and reading rooms during the current year.
	Stationary.	Moving.	Branches.	Total.	State Government	Others in the State.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)		(25)
Government	990	..	..	990	..	..	..	600	7	607	721
District Board	2,515	..	..	2,515	..	..	..	1,165	12	1,177	6,685
Municipal	374	..	..	374	..	..	..	66	..	66	885
Private—											
Aided	21,554	..	..	21,554	..	..	..	5,858	296	6,154	8,319
Unaided .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	25,433	..	..	25,433	..	..	..	7,689	315	8,004	16,610

XIII-A. Educational Institutions and Teachers for the Handicapped.

Institutions for (1)	Recognised institutions managed by								Unrecognised institutions	
	Government.		Local boards.		Aided.		Private bodies.		For boys. (10)	For girls. (11)
	For boys. (2)	For girls. (3)	For boys. (4)	For girls. (5)	For boys. (6)	For girls. (7)	For boys. (8)	For girls. (9)		
Mentally handicapped
Physically handicapped—										
The Blind	1	..	..	..	..	..
The Deaf-blind
The Deaf
The Deaf-mute	1	..	..	..	..	..
The Handicapped in speech
The Crippled	3	..	..	..	..
Others
					Total ..	2	..	..	..	..
					Grand Total ..	2	..	..	..	..

	Number of teachers.									
	Total.		Specially trained.		Others.		Total.		Men. (18)	Women. (19)
	For boys. (12)	For girls. (13)	Men. (14)	Women. (15)	Men. (16)	Women. (17)	Men. (18)	Women. (19)		
Mentally Handicapped
Physically handicapped—										
The Blind	2	..	5	3	3	3
The Deaf-blind
The Deaf
The Deaf-Mute	1	..	..	..	3	3
The handicapped in speech
The Crippled	3	..	..	4	4	..
Others
					Total ..	6	..	5	3	7
					Grand Total ..	6	..	5	3	7

XIII-B. Enrolment in Educational Institutions, and Scholarships, etc., for the handicapped.

Institutions for.	Number of scholars in recognised institutions managed by										Unaided.			Number of scholars in un-recognised institutions.	
	Government.		Local Boards.		Aided.		Private bodies.			Maximum capacity.	Number on rolls.				
	Maximum capacity.	Boys.	Girls.	Maximum capacity.	Boys.	Girls.	Maximum capacity.	Boys.	Girls.		Maximum capacity.	Boys.	Girls.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Mentally handicapped
Physically handicapped
The Blind	..	41	43	..	..	..	60	25	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Deaf-Blind
The Deaf
The Deaf-Mute	..	29	21	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The handicapped in speech
The Crippled	113	81	32	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others
Total	..	72	64	8	..	..	173	106	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	72	64	8	..	..	173	106	50	..	..	..	..	..	..

Institutions for	Maximum capacity.	Scholarships and stipends awarded during the year by													Free studentships and other financial concessions awarded.		
		Total.		Number employed after completion of course.		Government.				Others.				For boys.		For girls.	
		Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Number.	Total value per annum.	Number.	Total value per annum.	Number.	Total value per annum.	Number.	Total value per annum.	Number.	Yearly amount fore-gone.	Number.	Yearly amount fore-gone.
(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	
Mentally handicapped	
Physically handicapped	
The Blind	..	103	68	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	380	13	260
The Deaf-Blind	
The Deaf	
The Deaf-Mute	..	29	21	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The handicapped in speech	
The Crippled	..	113	81	32	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Others	
Total	..	245	170	58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	380	13	260
Grand Total	..	245	170	58	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	380	13	260

XIII-C. Expenditure on Educational Institutions for the Handicapped.

Institutions for, (1)	Government institutions.						Other institutions.						All Institutions.					
	Expenditure from						Expenditure from						Expenditure from					
	Government funds.	Local board funds.	Fees.	Endowments etc.	Other sources.	Total.	Government funds.	Local board funds.	Fees.	Endowments etc.	Other sources.	Total.	Government funds.	Local board funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Mentally handicapped .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physically handicapped .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Blind	10,134	..	..	..	..	10,134	7,453	..	220	716	8,359	16,748	17,537	..	220	716	8,359	26,882
The Deaf-blind .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Deaf .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Deaf-Mute	9,002	..	..	..	..	9,002	..	..	..	..	..	..	9,002	..	..	..	..	9,002
The Handicapped in speech ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
The Crippled .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,398	..	..	623	180	2,201	1,398	..	..	623	180	2,201
Others .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	19,256	..	..	..	180	19,436	8,851	..	220	1,339	8,539	18,949	27,987	..	220	1,339	8,539	38,085
Grand Total ..	19,256	..	..	..	180	19,436	8,851	..	220	1,339	8,539	18,949	27,987	..	220	1,339	8,539	38,085

XIV-A Institutions and Expenditure for the Education of the Scheduled Castes and other Backward Communities.

Type of Institution, (1)	Number of Institutions.								Total expenditure on institutions.										
	For boys.				For girls.				For boys.					For girls.					
	Recognised.		Unrecognised.		Recognised.		Unrecognised.		Government funds.	Local board funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.	Government funds.	Local board funds.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other sources.	Total.
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)
RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Nursery Schools .. ..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	600	..	..	..	..	..	..
Primary Schools	560	1,934	..	2,494	..	..	..	39,17,001	2,47,546	361	29,126	9,526	42,03,560	..	..	..	..	..	..
Junior Basic Schools	13	36	..	49	..	..	..	60,503	4,757	..	..	930	66,190	..	..	..	..	..	..

Middle School	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Senior Basic Schools	..	..	1	2	..	3	..	..	..	15,823	..	..	..	..	15,823	..	..	..	..	..	..
High Schools	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	61,862	..	9,383	..	..	71,245	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technical and Industrial Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Institutions (Adult)	..	..	3	162	..	165	..	..	..	34,035	906	..	..	38	34,979	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	579	2,135	..	2,714	..	..	..	40,89,824	2,53,209	9,744	29,126	10,494	43,92,397	..	..	..	..	..	..

XIV-B. Special Government Staff for the Education of the Scheduled Castes and Other Backward Communities.

Designation of staff.	Number belonging to				Minimum academic qualifications.	Scales of pay.	Duties.	
	Scheduled castes and other backward communities.		Others.					
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
Director of Social Welfare of post)	1	..	This post is manned by an Officer in the I.A.S. Cadre.	800—1 800 p.m.	Direction of Social Welfare Work (Ameliorative and welfare work relating to scheduled Castes Scheduled Tribes—Ex.-Criminal Tribes and Backward Communities.
Personal Assistant to the Director of Social Welfare (Gazetted) (1 post).	1	..	Recruitment from the rank of Deputy Collectors.	300—50/2—700 p.m.	Office work and assistance to the Director of Social Welfare in executive duties.
District Welfare Officers (Non-Gazetted) (11 posts).	10	..	Recruitment from the cadre of Tahsildars.	200—10—300 p.m.	Inspection of schools and hostels. (Government and subsidised) Provision of house sites to harijans and such ameliorative works in the districts.

XIV-C. Enrolment, Stipends and Examination Results for the Education of the Scheduled Castes and other Backward Communities.

Type of institution.	Number of scholars.						Number of students in approved hostels.			
	In institutions for scheduled castes and backward communities only.		In other institutions.		Total.		Attached to institutions for scheduled castes and backward communities only.		Attached to other institutions.	
	Boys. (2)	Girls. (3)	Boys. (4)	Girls. (5)	Boys. (6)	Girls. (7)	Boys. (8)	Girls. (9)	Boys. (10)	Girls. (11)
Arts and Science Colleges .. .. .	..	..	6,580	582	6,580	582	..	..	1,744	116
Total .. .. .	..	..	6,580	582	6,580	582	..	..	1,744	116
Schools for General Education—										
Nursery .. .. .	..	11	78	88	96	99	..	..	..	..
Primary	1,03,691	72,788	4,50,238	2,72,501	5,53,929	3,45,289	2,859	1,310	1,769	1,133
Junior Basic/Basic Primary	1,304	1,103	12,258	7,303	13,562	8,406	..	..	..	..
Middle .. .. .	..	..	4,049	1,306	4,049	1,306	..	..	341	179
Senior Basic/Junior High	153	102	2,421	1,242	2,574	1,344	20	..	506	124
High	229	43	92,141	17,017	92,370	17,060	97	..	5,931	2,039
Higher Secondary .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1,05,395	74,047	5,61,185	2,99,457	6,66,580	3,73,504	2,976	1,310	8,547	3,475
Colleges for Professional and Special Education—										
Education—										
Post graduate (Non-basic) Training Colleges .. .. .	..	..	61	29	61	29	..	..	11	19
Post graduate (Basic) Training Colleges .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering .. .. .	..	..	317	..	317	..	..	..	299	..
Technology and Industry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine and Veterinary .. .. .	..	..	194	35	194	35	..	..	144	30

Agriculture and forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	28	..	28	..	..	..	26	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law	..	..	..	..	..	..	49	3	49	3	..	..	49	3
Music and Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	64	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	720	67	720	67	..	..	531	52

Schools for Professional and Special Education—

Training (Non-basic)	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,183	1,532	2,183	1,532	..	..	583	1,158
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	..	985	102	985	102	..	..	891	194
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology and Industry	..	..	..	..	..	..	667	40	667	40	..	..	365	25
Medicine and Veterinary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture and Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	39	..	39	..	..	..	39	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	888	29	888	29	..	..	..	..
Law	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Music and Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	48	8	48	..	..	..	41
Oriental studies' and others'	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	4,297	196	41,608	3,470	45,905	3,666	2,134	1,467

(Of Institutions for Professional and Special Education)

Unrecognized	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Grand Total	..	..	..	..	..	..	1,09,692	74,243	6,10,093	3,03,576	7,19,785	3,77,819	2,976	1,310
														12,956
														5,110

XIV-C. Enrolment, Stipends and Examination Results for the Education of the Scheduled Castes and other Backward Communities.—cont

Type of Institution.	Students getting stipends and other financial Concessions				Examination Results.			
	Number.		Total value per annum.		Number appeared.		Number passed.	
	Boys. (12)	Girls. (13)	Boys. (14)	Girls. (15)	Boys. (16)	Girls. (17)	Boys. (18)	Girls. (19)
Arts and Science Colleges	5,692	576	13,19,553	75,362	2,216	89	697	40
Total ..	5,692	576	13,19,553	75,562	2,216	89	697	40
Schools for General Education—								
Nursery .. .. .	..	..	..	..	2	4	2	4
Primary	1,556	326	4,793	2,429	45,000	22,787	34,693	15,295
Junior Basic	1	..	23	..	1,589	775	1,032	424
Middle	2,774	790	29,218	20,586	1,339	326	1,109	277
Senior Basic	12	6	136	123	452	130	252	30
High	56,781	10,481	20,81,823	3,36,301	28,137	4,508	16,692	2,658
Higher Secondary .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	60,124	11,603	21,15,993	3,59,439	76,519	28,530	53,780	18,688
Colleges for Professional Education—								
Post Graduate (Non-Basic) Training Colleges	37	11	10,715	7,228	42	28	38	27
Post graduate (Basic) Training Colleges .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering	277	..	1,45,610	..	172	..	71	..
Technology and Industry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Medicine and Veterinary	..	..	..	..	..	137	24	1,16,160	20,127	38	9	28	6
Agriculture and Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	27	..	12,204	..	12	..	10	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law	..	..	..	..	..	38	1	17,357	1,129	21	1	20	1
Music and Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	7	..
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	..	516	36	3,02,046	28,484	294	38	174	34

Schools for Professional and Special Education—

Training (Non-Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	1,507	1,470	2,31,837	2,21,652	1,267	771	500	345
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	..	..	701	79	1,33,616	16,193	400	72	194	21
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology and Industry	..	..	..	..	..	383	..	70,867	..	402	..	205	..
Medicine and Veterinary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture and Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	640	..	465	22	224	..
Law	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Music and Dancing	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	..	..	..	95	..	6,836	2	49	2	38
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	..	19	15	359	936	56	4	24	..
Others	..	..	..	..	..	256	23	20,697	588	14,203	599	5,021	203
Total	..	..	..	..	..	2,870	1,682	4,58,016	2,46,205	16,795	1,513	6,170	616
Grand Total	..	..	..	..	..	69,202	13,897	41,93,608	7,09,690	95,824	30,170	60,821	19,378

XVI-A. Distribution of Scholars going abroad for further studies.

Number of scholars who went abroad for advanced studies in

Name of the country. (1)	Arts subjects.		Science subjects.		Education.		Engineering.		Architecture and Design.		Technology and Industry.		Medicine and Veterinary Science.		Agriculture and Forestry.		Law.	
	Men. (2)	Women. (3)	Men. (4)	Women. (5)	Men. (6)	Women. (7)	Men. (8)	Women. (9)	Men. (10)	Women. (11)	Men. (12)	Women. (13)	Men. (14)	Women. (15)	Men. (16)	Women. (17)	Men. (18)	Women (19)
United States of America ..	5	1	6	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	2	1	..	..	1	..
Canada ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other North American Countries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South America ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
United Kingdom ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
France ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Netherlands ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Germany west ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Russia ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Switzerland ..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other European Countries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Australia ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Africa ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
China ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Japan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iran ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Afghanistan ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Asian Countries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	7	1	8	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	3	..	2	1	..	..	1	..

Number of scholars who went abroad for advanced studies in

Name of the country.	Commerce.		Journalism.		Banking and Insurance.		Fine Arts.		Nursing.		Library Science.		Other subjects.		Total.		Number of stipendiary students included in	
	Men. (20)	Women (21)	Men. (22)	Women. (23)	Men. (24)	Women. (25)	Men. (26)	Women. (27)	Men. (28)	Women. (29)	Men. (30)	Women. (31)	Men. (32)	Women. (33)	Men. (34)	Women. (35)	Col. (34) (36)	Col. (35) (37)
United States of America ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	2	1	..
Canada
Other North American Countries
South America
United Kingdom	1	..	..	..
France
Netherlands	1	..	..	..
Germany West	1	..	1	..
Russia
Switzerland	1	..	1	..
Other European Countries
Australia
Africa
China
Japan
Iran
Afghanistan
Other Asian Countries
Total ..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	2	16	1

XVII. State Educational Service, as on 31 st March 1955.

Number of posts filled up by

	(1)	Total number of posts.			Direct recruitment.			Promoted officers.			Officiating arrangements.			Number of posts vacant or held in abeyance.		
		Class I.	Class II and others.	Total.	Class I.	Class II and others.	Total.	Class I.	Class II and others.	Total.	Class I.	Class II and others.	Total.	Class I.	Class II and others.	Total.
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Direction	Men	5	4	9	1	1	5	3	8							
	Women															
	All persons	5 (b)	4	9	1	1	5	3	8							
Inspection	Men	2	18	20			2	18	20							
	Women		2	2		1	1	1	1							
	All persons	2	20	22		1	2	19	21							
Teaching:—																
Collegiate	Men	14 (a)	50	64		11	11	14	38	52				1(a)	1	
	Women	2 (b)	4	6				2	4	6				(Vacant)		
	All persons	16	54	70		11	11	16	42	58				1	1	
Schools	Men		6	6		1	1		5	5						
	Women		4	4					4	4						
	All persons		10	10		1	1		9	9						
Others	Men															
	Women															
	All persons															
Total	Men	21	78	99		13	13	21	64	85				1	1	
	Women	2	10	12		1	1	2	9	11						
	All persons	23	88	111		14	14	23	73	96				1	1	
(a) Arts and Science*		5	26	31		2	2	5	23	28				1	1	
Training		2	10	12		3	3	2	7	9						
Engineering		8	14	22		6	6	8	8	16						
(b) Arts and Science	Government College for Women, Guntur.	1	4	5				1	4	5						
Training Colleges																

* One woman officer viz., Smt. T. Vasundhara was serving as Principal, Government Arts College Cuddapah on 31st March 1955.
 (a) The post of Lecturer in Botany, Government P.R. College, Kakjinada is vacant. (b) There are no I.E.S. Officers.

XVIII: State Educational Directorate and Inspectorate * as on 31st March 1955.

Designation. (1)	Number of Posts. (2)	Prescribed minimum educational qualifications. (3)	Scales of pay. (4)	Duties. (5)
1 Director of Public Instruction and Commissioner for Government Examinations.	1	Promotion from the category of Divisional Inspector, Deputy Directors and Principal, Government Training College, (Men) Rajahmundry.	1,500—150/2—1,800 ..	Head of the Education Department in the State and also the Commissioner for Government Examinations and Director of Public Libraries.
2 Deputy Directors	3	Transfer from Principal, Government Training College, Rajahmundry or from Divisional Inspector of Schools or promotion from District Educational Officers or Lecturers of Government Training Colleges or from Principal, Government Training College, Kurnool.	600—100/2—1,000 plus Special pay of Rs. 50.	Assists the Director of Public Instruction in the Administration of the Department.
3 Deputy Commissioner for Government Examinations.	1	Do.	Do.	Assists the Commissioner for Government Examinations in the conduct of S.S.L.C., T.S.L.C., E.S.L.C. and other Government Examinations.
4 Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Instruction.	1	A first or II class (Hons.) or M.A. with a teaching degree if recruited direct or University Degree in Arts or Science with a teaching degree for recruitment by transfer.	230—30/2—260—40/2—500	Assists the Director of Public Instruction in the administration of the Department.
5 Special Officer for Administration of the Libraries Act and Audio-Visual Education Scheme.	1	B.Sc., B.Ed., with experience in practical working of the Libraries and working of the methods of Audio-Visual Education in Schools and also with a knowledge of the working of the various types of film projectors and other Audio-Visual Education aids and equipments.	230—30/2—260—40/2—500—50/2—700.	Assists the Director of Public Instruction in the administration of the Department.
6 Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations.	1	As per No. 4.	230—30/2—260—40/2—500.	Assists the Commissioner for Government Examinations in conducting all Government Public Examinations relating to the Education Department.
7 Assistant Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations.	1	As per No. 4	230—30/2—260—40/2—340.	Assists the Secretary in conducting the Examinations.
Divisional Inspectors of Schools	2	Promotion from District Educational Officers or from Lecturers in Government Training Colleges and from Principal, Government Training College, Kurnool.	600—100/2—1,000. ..	Control in supervision of inspecting staff in the respective divisions.

9	District Educational Officers	.. ..	13	As per No. 4 also for teachers in Non-Government Schools who are recruited direct, a degree in Arts and Science with a degree in teaching and experience in teaching for a period of not less than 12 years.	230—30/2—260—40/2—500.	Inspects Secondary and Training Schools for men and controls Elementary Schools.
10	Joint District Educational Officers	.. ..	2	The degree of B.A., or B.Sc. of a University in the State and a degree of B.T. or B.Ed. Recruitment by transfer from the category of Deputy Inspectors and School Assistants Grade I.	Ra. 230—30/2—260—40/2—340.	Inspects Secondary Schools.
11	Chief Inspector of Physical Education	.. .	1	A diploma in Physical Education of Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education, Saidapet.	230—30/2—260—40/2—500	Inspects Physical Education activities in Schools and supervises the work of the Regional Physical Inspectors.
12	Basic Education Officers	.. ..	2	As per No. 4 with Basic Training	Do.	Inspects the institutions imparting Basic Education in the State.
13	Inspectresses of Girls' Schools	.. ..	2	As per No. 4	Do.	Inspects the Secondary and Training Schools for Women.
14	Deputy Inspectors of Schools (Senior Scale) and School Assistants (Combined Cadre).	.. ..	457	The degree of B.A., or B.Sc., of a University in the State in the subject in respect of which recruitment is necessary, but preference shall be given to persons who possess the degree of B.A. of a University in the State or the degree of B.Sc. of the Annamalai University.	85—5—125—10—175 Grade II. 165—5—205—10—245 Grade I.	.. Inspects Elementary Schools.
	Deputy Inspectors of Schools (Junior Scale) ..	.. ..	131	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The degree of B.A., or B.Sc. of a University in the State and the degree of B.T. or B.Ed., in the case of direct recruitment 2. Minimum general educational qualification as prescribed in the Schedule to the General Rules for the State and Subordinate Services, and a completed Teachers' Training Certificate of the Secondary Grade, and not less than 10 years of service as teachers and below the age of 35 years in the case of recruitment from among teachers employed in Railway Schools and in schools under the control of Local Bodies or Aided Agencies. 3. In the case of promotion from among Secondary Grade teachers, etc., in service, a Secondary-Grade Teacher's Certificate will do. 	65—4—105—5—125	.. Inspects Elementary Schools.

* (Statistics for Men's Branch and Women's Branch may be given separately).

(1) *Institutions, Scholars and Education in Relation to Population by Districts.*

District	Area in square miles.	Population (1954 estimated).			Institutions.				Scholars.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.	1953-54.	1954-55.	Increase.	Decrease.	Males.	1953-54. Females.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
1 Srikakulam	3,902	1,093,474	1,149,806	2,243,280	2,017	2,351	334	..	130,813	59,338	190,151
2 Visakhapatnam	5,201	1,081,093	1,108,895	2,189,988	1,489	1,660	171	..	106,827	40,736	147,563
3 East Godavari	5,678	1,274,756	1,276,702	2,551,458	2,403	2,522	119	..	164,101	104,274	268,375
4 West Godavari	2,988	897,033	896,765	1,793,798	2,028	2,047	19	..	134,459	90,078	224,537
5 Krishna East	3,496	955,021	925,162	1,880,183	996	1,036	40	..	67,190	42,584	109,774
6 Krishna, West					1,151	1,240	89	..	81,045	48,546	129,591
									148,235	91,130	239,365
7 Guntur North	5,795	1,364,844	1,329,453	2,694,297	1,489	1,497	8	..	106,304	60,281	166,585
8 Guntur, South					1,789	1,862	73	..	117,000	61,193	178,193
									223,304	121,474	344,778
9 Kurnool	9,275	865,039	845,178	1,710,217	1,771	1,814	43	..	110,656	44,816	155,472
10 Anantapur	7,387	806,577	760,967	1,567,544	1,185	1,230	45	..	87,935	28,862	116,797
11 Cuddapah	5,923	628,735	598,738	21,27,473	1,333	1,404	71	..	79,011	30,260	109,271.
12 Nellore	7,942	953,876	943,362	1,897,238	2,027	2,095	68	..	124,393	58,657	183,050
13 Chittoor	5,931	976,911	935,910	1,912,821	1,438	1,524	86	..	99,663	39,438	139,101
Total	63,518	10,897,359	10,770,938	21,668,297	21,116	22,282	1,166	..	1,409,397	709,063	2,118,460

District.	Scholars—cont.						Percentage of scholars to population.					
	Males.	1954-55.		Increase.	Decrease.	Males.	1953-54.		Males.	1954-55.		
		Females.	Total.				Females.	Total.		Females.	Total.	
(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)		
1 Srikakulam	138,050	61,259	199,309	9,158	..	12.1	5.2	8.6	12.6	5.3	8.9	
2, Visakhapatnam	111,548	42,996	154,544	6,981	..	10.0	3.7	6.8	10.3	3.9	7.1	
3 East Godavari	165,623	106,912	272,535	4,160	..	13.1	8.3	10.7	13.0	8.4	10.7	
4 West Godavari	136,019	86,227	222,246	..	2,291	15.2	10.2	12.7	15.2	9.6	12.3	
5 Krishna, East	68,605	43,147	111,752	1,978	..	15.7	10.0	12.9	16.1	10.2	13.2	
6 Krishna, West	85,606	51,369	136,975									7,384
	154,211	94,516	248,727									
7 Guntur, North	108,012	61,488	169,500	2,915	..	16.6	9.3	13.0	16.9	9.9	13.4	
8 Guntur, South	123,776	69,606	193,382									15,189
	231,788	131,094	362,882									
9 Kurnool	113,939	46,636	160,575	5,103	..	13.0	5.4	9.2	13.1	5.5	9.4	
10 Anantapur	84,323	29,629	113,952	..	2,845	11.1	3.8	7.6	10.5	3.9	7.2	
11 Cuddapah	82,689	33,511	116,200	6,929	..	12.7	5.1	9.6	13.1	5.6	9.4	
12 Nellore	126,367	60,436	186,803	3,753	..	13.2	6.3	9.8	13.2	6.4	9.8	
13 Chittoor	99,450	40,580	140,030	929	..	10.3	4.3	7.4	10.2	4.3	7.3	
Total	1,444,007	733,796	2,177,803	64,479	5,136	13.1	6.7	9.9	13.2	6.8	10.0	

(2) Number of Aided and Unaided Institutions under Mission and non-Mission Agencies.

Institutions.	Aided.						Unaided.					
	Mission.		Non-Mission.		Total.		Mission.		Non-Mission.		Total.	
	Institutions.	Pupils.	Institutions.	Pupils.	Institutions.	Pupils.	Institutions.	Pupils.	Institutions.	Pupils.	Institutions.	Pupils.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
INSTITUTIONS FOR MEN.												
Universities .. .. .	..	..	2	1,420	2	1,420	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colleges for Arts and Science	3	2,660	21	19,941	24	22,601	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>												
Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>												
Music .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Colleges .. .. .	..	..	11	409	11	409	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>												
Indian Secondary Schools	29	18,997	77	49,630	106	68,627	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rishivalley School (Secondary) .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	109	1	109
Elementary Schools	2,343	205,693	7,629	727,827	9,972	933,520	..	..	1	220	1	220
Senior and Junior Basic Schools	45	5,761	188	17,408	233	23,169	..	..	..	..	..	..
Prebasic Section	1	29	3	138	4	167	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Schools for Professional Education.</i>												
<i>Training Schools—</i>												
Ordinary	11	1,838	7	983	18	2,821	..	..	..	..	..	..
Basic	1	39	1	39	2	78	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industry	4	232	3	212	7	444	..	..	1	15	1	15
Arts and Crafts .. .. .	..	..	1	32	1	32	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96	4,981	96	4,981
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	1	152	1	152	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for Special Education.

Oriental Schools	26	1,131	26	1,131	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Handicapped	3	115	1	41	4	156	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Adults	6	181	1,716	58,277	1,722	58,458	..	..	14	390	14	390	..
Reformatory .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	2,446	2,35,545	9,687	8,77,640	12,133	11,13,185	113	5,715	113	5,715	..

WOMEN/GIRLS.

Colleges for Arts and Science	1	38	1	90	2	128
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Colleges for Professional Education.

Education	1	45	1	45
Medicine

Colleges for Special Education.

Oriental Colleges	2	32	2	32
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Schools for General Education.

Indian Secondary Schools	20	7,389	4	846	24	8,235
Elementary Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery Schools	2	63	1	33	3	96	..	..	1	29	1	29	..

Schools for Professional Education.

Training Schools—

Ordinary	13	1,242	2	218	15	1,460	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Basic	1	..	2	207	2	207	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	2	82	1	44	3	126	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for Special Education.

Music and Dancing .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Schools .. .. .	..	..	7	376	7	376	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Reformatory Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	39	8,859	20	1,846	59	10,705	..	..	1	29	1	29	..

3. School accommodation including garden and playgrounds.

Name of institution.	Number of institutions.	Building.			Nature of building.		Play ground extent.					Garden extent.				
		Own.	Rented.	Rent free.	Pucca.	Thatched.	Below 1 acre.	1 to 2 acres.	2 to 3 acres.	3 to 4 acres.	4 to 5 acres.	Above 5 acres.	No garden.	Below 10 cents.	10 cents to 1 acre.	Above 1 acre.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
INSTITUTION FOR MEN/BOYS.																
Universities	2	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	1	..
Colleges for Arts and Science	29	23	4	2	29	..	3	1	..	2	..	23	8	4	11	6
<i>Professional Colleges—</i>																
Education	2	1	1	..	2	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	1	..
Engineering	2	2	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	..
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	2	2	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Applied Art and Architecture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Special Education.</i>																
Music	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	12	11	1	..	12	..	10	1	..	1	..	..	8	1	3	..
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Social Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for General Education.

Indian High Schools	561	462	31	68	475	86	95	65	71	41	94	195	98	279	166	18
Indian Middle Schools	54	31	11	12	49	5	34	3	6	7	2	2	7	40	7	..
Anglo-Indian High Schools	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rishivalley School (Secondary)	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Senior Basic Schools	38	28	9	1	30	8	34	2	2	..	..	..	..	14	22	2
Junior Basic other than Single teacher Schools	446	204	192	50	211	235	436	10	..	..	..	..	51	34	54	1
Junior Basic Single Teacher Schools.	17	..	10	7	7	10	17	..	..	..	..	..	4	13	..	..
Higher Elementary Schools	821	521	259	41	651	170	727	77	6	3	2	6	42	640	126	13
Lower Elementary other than single teacher Schools.	15,125	7,765	6,309	1,051	5,996	9,129	14,525	586	12	..	1	1	2,430	12,213	478	4
Lower elementary single teacher Schools	2,654	560	784	1,310	800	1,854	2,528	125	1	..	..	..	987	1,630	36	1
Pre Basic Sections	5	5	..	..	1	4	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..
Nursery Schools	3	..	2	1	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..

Schools for Professional Education.

Training Schools (Ordinary)	30	22	7	1	30	..	12	2	4	2	1	9	2	11	12	5
Training Schools (Basic)	20	18	2	..	18	2	13	2	1	1	1	2	11	2	7	..
Engineering .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Technology:-																
Polytechnic	6	2	4	..	3	3	..	3	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	3
Industrial Schools	11	11	..	..	9	2	7	1	..	..	1	2	4	..	6	1
Agriculture	1	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Commercial Schools	96	29	67	..	96	..	96	..	..	..	..	..	96	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Physical Education	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..

Schools for Special Education.

Oriental Studies	34	31	1	2	33	1	10	17	2	1	1	3	18	8	6	2
Schools for Social workers:-																
Adult Training Schools	2	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
Village Guide Schools	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..

3. School accommodation including garden and any playgrounds.—cont.

Name of Institution.	Number of Institutions.	Buildings.			Nature of Buildings.		Play Ground extent.						Garden extent.			
		Own.	Rented.	Rent free.	Pucca.	Thatched.	Below 1 acre.	1 to 2 acres.	2 to 3 acres.	3 to 4 acres.	4 to 5 acres.	Above 5 acres.	No garden.	Below 10 cents.	10 cents to 1 acre.	Above 1 acre.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Schools for handicapped ..	10	8	2	..	10	..	7	1	2	..	..	..	4	1	5	..
Adult Schools	2,176	829	438	909	806	1,370	2,152	23	..	..	..	1	1,030	1,060	82	4
Jail Schools	2	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..
INSTITUTION FOR WOMEN/GIRLS.																
Colleges for Arts and Science ..	3	3	..	..	3	..	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	1
Colleges for Professional Education	1	1	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Colleges for Special Education.																
Oriental Studies	2	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..
Schools for General Education.																
Indian High Schools	49	40	9	..	49	..	29	6	7	1	3	3	2	30	13	4
Indian Middle Schools	13	12	1	..	13	..	8	3	..	..	..	2	1	8	1	3
Anglo-Indian High Schools	2	2	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools	4	3	1	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools	4	4	..	..	4	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..
Pre-Basic Sections .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery Schools	4	4	..	..	4	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	2	2	..	..
Schools for Professional Education.																
Training (Ordinary)	26	21	5	..	26	..	17	5	2	..	..	2	1	12	10	3
Training (Basic)	3	3	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	2
Arts and Crafts	4	2	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	..	..	..	2	..	1	1
Schools for Special Education.																
Oriental Studies	7	6	1	..	7	..	7	..	..	..	..	..	2	4	1	..

4. School Libraries:

Institutions.	Boys Institutions.			Girls Institutions.		
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Institutions having libraries	Number of volumes.	Number of Institutions	Number of Institutions having Libraries.	Number of volumes.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Universities	2	1	62,436	..	..	..
Colleges for Arts and Science	29	29	239,205	3	3	4,906
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>						
Education	2	2	13,385	1	1	4,372
Engineering	2	2	10,147	..	..	..
Medicine	2	2	16,322	..	..	..
Agriculture	1	1	12,083	..	..	..
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>						
Music	1	1	180	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	12	11	45,735	2	2	6,232
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>						
Indian High Schools	561	534	12,20,429	49	48	94,891
Indian Middle Schools	54	49	42,063	13	12	15,696
Rishivalley School (Secondary School) ..	1	1	8,000	..	..	..
Anglo-Indian High Schools	1	1	4,030	2	2	4,607
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	4	4	5,232
Senior Basic Schools	38	26	6,417	..	..	..
Junior Basic Singel Teacher Schools ..	17	5	165	..	..	..
Junior Basic other than Single Teacher Schools	446	231	15,632	..	..	..
Higher Elementary Schools	821	702	167,120	..	..	..
Lower Elementary Schools (Single Teacher)	2,654	618	23,453	..	..	..
Lower Elementary Schools (other than single Teachers)	15,125	8,103	5,50,652	..	..	..
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools	4	4	4,149	..	..	..
Pre-Basic Schools	5	1	1,034	..	..	..
Nursery Schools	7	1	13	..	..	..
<i>Schools for Professional Education.</i>						
Training (Ordinary)	30	28	41,879	26	21	46,178
Training (Basic)	20	20	25,583	3	3	5,096
Poly-technic Schools	4	4	7,263	..	..	..
Industrial Schools	11	7	601	..	..	..
Commercial Schools	96	60	5,891	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts	1	1	95	4	2	771
Physical Education	1	1	645	..	..	..
<i>Schools for special Education.</i>						
Oriental Studies	34	28	19,260	7	7	4,680
<i>Schools for social Workers—</i>						
Adult Training Schools	2	2	135	..	..	..
Village Guide Schools	1	1	791	..	..	..
Handicapped	6	3	227	..	..	..
Adult Education	2,176	1,100	48,114	..	..	..
Jail Schools	2	2	25,12	..	..	..

5. Public Libraries.

	(1)	Government. (2)	District Board. (3)	Municipal Board. (4)	Par. Govts. (5)
Number of Libraries.—					
Stationery	12	69	23	526
Moving
Branches	21	2	..	..
Total ..		<u>33</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>526</u>
Number of Reading Rooms.—					
Stationery	15	110
Moving
Branches
Total ..		<u>..</u>	<u>..</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>110</u>
Stock of volumes at the end of the year	8,06,664
Total number of volumes issued on loan	4,64,546
Total number of volumes consulted in the libraries	4,73,813
Total number of volumes	8,91,190
Total number of visitors	18,07,868
Total number of members	42,665
Expenditure on Libraries.—		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Government Funds	7,778 1 3	.. .. .	.. .. .	12,097 9 0
District Board Funds	7,234 11 0	.. .. .	24,190 11 6
Municipal Board Funds	11,554 11 0	.. .. .
Local Library Authority Funds
Other sources	8,507 12 6
Total ..		<u>7,778 1 3</u>	<u>7,234 11 0</u>	<u>11,554 11 0</u>	<u>44,796 1 0</u>
Expenditure on Reading Rooms.—					
Government Funds	60 0 0	.. .. .	.. .. .	.. .. .
District Board Funds	115 0 0
Municipal Funds	1,394 0 0	.. .. .
Local Library Authority Funds
Other sources	1,131 0 0
Total ..		<u>60 0 0</u>	<u>..</u>	<u>1,394 0 0</u>	<u>1,246 0 0</u>

	<i>Grama Bangams.</i>	<i>Other Aided.</i>	<i>Unaided.</i>	<i>Other Libraries.</i>	<i>Local Library Authority.</i>	<i>Total</i>
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Number of Libraries—						
Stationary	193	215	19	8	76	1,141
Moving .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Branches .. ..	..	3	..	..	38	64
Total	193	218	19	8	114	1,205
Number of Reading Rooms—						
Stationary	22	102	..	2	..	251
Moving .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Branches .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	22	102	..	2	..	251
Stock of Volumes at the end of the year .. ..	..	..	..	..	86,979	8,93,643
Total number of Volumes issued on loan .. ..	..	..	..	..	54,051	5,18,597
Total number of Volumes consulted in the Libraries .. ..	..	..	..	..	2,18,352	6,92,165
Total number of Volumes .. ..	..	..	..	..	2,49,493	11,40,683
Total number of Visitors .. ..	..	..	..	..	7,15,557	25,23,425
Total number of members .. ..	..	..	..	..	1,542	44,207
Expenditure on Libraries.—						
Government Funds	2,533 14 9	6,848 6 0	..	1,180 0 0	..	30,437 15 0
District Board Funds	6 0 0	813 0 0	..	..	..	32,244 6 6
Municipal Funds .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	11,554 11 0
Local Library Authority Funds	2,420 11 0	40,940 11 6	10,189 1 3	4,706 9 0	2,71,472 12 6	2,71,472 12 6
Other sources .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	66,764 13 3
Total	4,960 9 9	48,602 1 6	10,189 1 3	5,886 9 0	2,71,472 12 6	4,12,474 10 3
Expenditure on Reading Rooms.—						
Government Funds .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	60 0 0
District Board Funds .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	115 0 0
Municipal Board Funds .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	1,394 0 0
Local Library Authority Funds .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other sources .. ..	..	719 0 0	..	..	..	1,850 0 0
Total .. ..	..	719 0 0	..	..	..	3,419 0 0

NOTE.—Reading rooms are attached to most of the libraries.

6. Number of hostels and boarding houses and the number of inmates in them.
Men's Institutions.

Institution.	Number of hostels intended for.					Number of scholars in the hostels.													
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	Scheduled Castes.		Scheduled Tribes.		Backwards Classes.		Others.		Total.				
							Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.			
							(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)			
Universities	1	1	8	1	3	..	88	5	526	22	625	28			
Colleges for Arts and Science	19	20	721	4	60	..	963	81	1,181	45	2,925	130			
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>																			
Education	1	1	..	..	..	..	6	..	61	..	67	..			
Engineering	2	2	79	..	16	..	204	..	334	..	633	..			
Medicine	2	2	42	6	4	5	98	19	131	66	275	96			
Agriculture	1	1	2	..	1	..	23	..	147	..	173	..			
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>																			
Music			
Oriental Studies	5	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	136	5	138	5			
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>																			
Indian High Schools	22	7	1	36	66	3,541	328	350	30	2,129	128	683	..	6,703	486
Indian Middle Schools	226	21	1	..	114	45	341	66
Anglo-Indian High Schools	1	1	68	68	..
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools
Rishivalley School (Secondary)	1	1	82	27	82	27
Senior Basic School	2	..	1	3	370	108	41	..	155	16	17	583	124
Junior Basic other than single teacher Schools

Junior Basic Single Teacher Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Higher Elementary Schools	7	8	..	53	68	1,940	974	533	252	1,137	681	320	121	3,930	2,034				
Lower Elementary other than single Teacher Schools	1	6	..	20	27	551	335	119	16	138	53	116	73	924	477				
Lower Elementary Single Teacher Schools	3	..	..	2	5	179	123	31	9	..	..	..	..	210	132				
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pre-Basic Sections .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Schools for Professional Education.</i>																			
Ordinary Training Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	2	9	11	277	..	..	..	306	13	3	..	586	13			
Basic Training Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	20	20	222	26	10	..	634	..	1,569	7	2,435	33				
Polytechnic .. .. .	..	..	..	4	4	23	..	1	..	41	..	123	..	188	..				
Industrial Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	2	7	9	206	25	6	..	136	..	17	..	365	25			
Agriculture.. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	9	..	..	..	30	..	79	..	118	..				
Commercial Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Trainingship "Mekhala" .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	..	120	..			
<i>Schools for Special Education.</i>																			
Oriental Studies .. .. .	..	..	..	9	9	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	171	28	176	29			
<i>Schools for Social workers:-</i>																			
Adult Training Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	12	..	..	..	102	2	82	..	196	2				
Village Guide Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	146	..	146	..			
For the Handicapped .. .. .	..	..	..	1	3	4	34	18	..	1	32	16	56	7	122	42			
Adult Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jail Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	2	2	33	..	..	..	38	..	52	..	123	..				
Total ..	34	23	6	203	266	8,482	1,970	1,176	313	6,374	1,059	6,220	407	22,252	3,749				

i. Number of Hostels and Boarding Houses and the number of inmates in them.
(Women's Institutions.)

Institution.	Number of hostels intended for					Number of scholars in the hostels.										
	(1)	Schedul- ed Castes.	Schedul- ed Tribes.	Backward Classes.	Others.	Total.	Scheduled Castes.		Scheduled Tribes.		Backward Classes.		Others.		Total.	
							Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
							(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
Universities .. :
Colleges for Arts and Science	3	3	..	4	..	1	..	26	..	136	..	167
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>																
Education
Engineering
Medicine
Agriculture
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>																
Music
Oriental Studies	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	..	15
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>																
Indian High Schools	21	21	8	939	..	23	..	591	4	1,710	12	3,263
Indian Middle Schools	4	4	..	14	..	1	..	98	..	8	..	121
Anglo-Indian High Schools	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	18	98	18	98	..
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	65	1	65	..
Senior Basic Schools
Junior Basic other than single teacher Schools..

Junior Basic Single teacher Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Higher Elementary Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
23 Lower Elementary other than single teacher Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lower Elementary single teacher Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nursery Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for Professional Education.

Ordinary Training Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	26	..	379	..	3	..	763	..	660	..	1,805
Basic Training Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	3	13	58	..	..	2	110	44	94	59	262
Poly-technic .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industrial Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commercial Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arts and Crafts .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	..	12	..	..	..	29	..	90	..	131
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Schools for Special Education.

Oriental Studies .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	5	..	7	..	..	..	4	..	32	..	43
Schools for Social Workers;—																		
Adult Training Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Village Guide Schools .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Schools for Handicapped
Adult Schools
Jail schools

Total	70	70	21	1,413	..	28	2	1,621	67	2,908	90	5,970
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7. Distribution of Scholars according to Communities (by type of Education imparted).

Institutions.	Scheduled Classes.	Non-Brahmins.			Muslims.		Indian-Christian.		Jains.	Anglo-Indians.	Others.	Total.	
		Scheduled Tribes.	Other than Backward.	Backward.	Brahmins.	Other than Backward.	Backward.	Other than Backward.					Backward.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
MEN/Boys.													
Colleges for Arts and Science	1,419	191	11,528	3,806	8,332	362	463	162	713	4	1	8	26,989A
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>													
Education	1	..	106	37	269	10	5	15	18	..	..	..	461B
Engineering	78	16	190	213	191	15	4	8	6	..	..	12	733
Technology .. .. .	..	..	20	3	21	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	45C
Medicine	45	6	232	117	131	6	9	8	17	..	..	134	705D
Veterinary .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	2	2	102	24	50	9	..	4	..	..	..	2	195
Forestry .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law .. .. .	..	8	136	94	195	9	1	8	4	..	..	1	456E
Physical Education .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>													
Music .. .. .	..	..	15	6	16	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	39
Oriental Studies .. .. .	..	..	115	3	198	26	60	1	..	..	..	..	403
Diploma Courses Conducted in Andhra university .. .. .	..	..	2	..	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16F
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>													
Indian High Schools	22,431	1,964	97,179	51,906	39,653	6,135	7,450	3,226	8,578	84	6	247	2,38,859
Indian Middle Schools	1,129	56	3,237	2,098	1,123	240	339	85	427N.c.	27	..	16	8,777

Anglo-Indian High Schools	..	..	..	5	151	35	87	17	..	23	1	6	244	37	60	6
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools	..	..	..	..	68	..	14	11	..	25	..	3	155	2	278	..
Rishivaly School (Secondary)	..	..	..	..	52	..	24	2	..	..	..	2	2	..	82	..
Senior Basic Schools	..	..	..	891	71	2,067	1,455	640	374	62	172	95	..	..	..	5,827
Junior Basic Single Teacher Schools	..	..	..	43	5	133	243	32	28	1	13	19	..	..	..	517
Junior Basic other than single teacher Schools	..	..	..	3,647	440	9,084	7,647	1,649	1,437	418	700	1,099	..	..	..	26,121
Higher Elementary Schools	..	..	..	10,198	1,525	48,282	40,943	7,927	6,895	2,236	2,708	7,036	16	4	40	1,27,810
Lower Elementary Single teacher Schools	..	..	..	9,660	4,778	24,405	24,125	2,134	4,338	1,308	1,024	1,461	..	..	4	73,237
Lower Elementary other than single teacher Schools	..	..	..	1,19,379	13,157	2,89,094	2,52,340	36,987	50,568	17,689	19,126	48,094	237	51	607	8,47,329
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools	..	..	..	..	..	11	5	11	1	4	18	..	..	64	1	115
Pre-basic Sections	..	..	..	32	..	39	18	12	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	103
Nursery Schools	..	..	..	1	1	29	26	18	1	..	1	17	..	..	..	94
<i>Schools for Professional Education.</i>																
Training (Ordinary)	..	..	..	537	19	1,293	1,227	935	251	41	235	915	3	..	..	5,456
Training (Basic)	..	..	..	231	10	771	628	534	86	27	118	89	..	..	..	2,494
Polytechnic	..	..	..	44	14	445	238	345	13	..	10	10	..	1	..	1,120G
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Industrial Schools	..	..	..	205	7	50	98	11	27	..	17	136	..	..	7	558
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Veterinary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	9	..	..	16	30	..	8	..	6	..	..	49	118
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	..	..	..	188	136	1,773	491	1,669	248	25	216	101	..	..	..	4,787
Arts and Crafts	..	..	..	2	..	10	6	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32
Physical Education	..	..	..	1	..	112	20	10	1	2	3	3	..	..	..	152
Certificate Course in Librarianship Conducted in Andhra University	..	..	..	2	..	13	6	21	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	45
Training ship 'Mekhala'	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	120*

Distribution of scholars according to Communities,

(By type of Education imparted.)

Institution.	Scheduled Classes. (2)	Scheduled Tribes (3)	Non-Brahmin.		Brahmins. (6)	Muslims.		Indian-Christian.		Jains. (11)	Anglo-Indians. (12)	Others. (13)	Total. (14)
			Other than backward. (4)	Backward. (5)		Other than backward. (7)	Backward. (8)	Other than backward. (9)	Backward. (10)				
<i>Schools for Special Education.</i>													
Music Schools
Dancing Schools
Other Fine Arts
Oriental Studies	103	..	385	168	295	86	7	..	52	..	..	1,096
Schools for Social Workers;—
Adult Training Schools	37	2	114	64	130	35	1	2	122	..	..	507
Village Guides	146	146*
Handicapped	24	..	72	24	6	4	2	8	30	..	..	170
Adult Education	9,821	1,315	21,757	24,237	398	2,540	1,243	2,115	3,761	..	64	67,251
Reformatory
Jail Schools	48	..	26	48	..	24	..	12	..	..	..	158
Total	1,80,208	23,728	5,13,098	4,12,415	1,04,066	73,803	31,406	30,065	72,811	382	528	1,497	14,44,007

WOMEN/GIRLS.

Colleges for Arts and Science .. .. .	..	79	8	525	190	545	18	7	49	198	..	1	1	1,621A
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>														
Education .. .. .	..	..	1	11	7	25	1	..	6	21	..	..	..	72B
Engineering .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Technology	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	..	..	..	..	10	5	58	14	30	1	..	2	6	..	..	11	137
Veterinary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law	..	..	..	..	..	1	6	2	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	13C
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Colleges for Special Education.

Music	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	..	81	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	117
Oriental Studies	..	..	..	..	4	1	11	3	49	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	68
Diploma Courses conducted in the Andhra University	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4D

Schools for General Education.

Indian High Schools	..	..	..	4,606	419	12,906	6,232	9,029	566	484	1,559	5,315	16	4	15	41,151
Indian Middle Schools	..	..	..	349	7	882	465	671	22	103	68	382	..	..	..	2,949
Anglo-Indian High Schools	..	..	..	..	4	113	..	46	9	..	29	..	3	194	..	398
Anglo-Indian Middle Schools	..	..	..	..	..	93	..	25	12	..	19	..	1	218	1	369
Rishi Valley School (Secondary)	..	..	..	..	..	16	..	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	27
Senior Basic Schools	..	..	..	381	219	942	577	385	290	21	128	146	..	..	..	3,089
Junior Basic, single teacher Schools	..	..	..	15	24	41	71	5	8	21	2	..	..	..	..	187
Junior Basic other than single teacher Schools	..	..	..	2,490	230	5,578	4,453	1,130	588	98	486	1,004	..	..	..	16,057
Higher Elementary Schools	..	..	..	4,997	3,691	27,358	19,994	7,015	3,167	1,185	2,480	3,937	3	..	..	73,827
Lower Elementary, single teacher Schools	..	..	..	4,352	2,218	10,724	9,959	1,400	3,014	588	1,331	818	..	..	..	33,404
Lower Elementary other than single teacher Schools	..	..	..	76,853	8,477	1,92,371	1,45,950	34,541	30,708	10,208	13,681	38,576	237	38	731	5,52,371
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools	..	..	..	..	..	77	..	44	10	..	9	..	..	123	2	265
Pre-basic Sections	..	..	..	31	..	31	9	18	4	..	..	1	..	..	..	94
Nursery Schools	..	..	..	2	..	37	326	15	2	..	1	20	..	..	..	113

Schools for Professional Education.

Ordinary Training Schools	..	..	..	343	3	326	238	260	32	104	334	1,190	..	..	..	2,810
Basic Training Schools	..	..	..	60	..	44	16	17	..	2	132	24	..	..	..	295

7. Particulars of Scholars According to Communities—cont.

(By type of Educational imparted).

Institutions.	Scheduled Classes.	Scheduled Tribes.	Non-Brahmin		Brahmins.	Muslims		Indian Christian		Jains.	Anglo-Indians.	Others.	Total.
			Other than backward.	Backward.		Other than backward.	Backward.	Other than backward.	Backward.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Engineering—Polytechnic	16	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21E
Industrial Schools	25	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33
Medicine .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	6	6	65	13	68	3	..	29	4	..	..	..	194
Arts and Crafts	8	..	49	11	22	1	1	50	28	..	..	..	170
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Training Ship Mekhala .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Certificate Course in Librarianship Conducted in Andhra University .. ..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
<i>Schools for Special Education.</i>													
Music .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	19	..	278	87	363	..	1	..	13	..	..	..	761
<i>Schools for Social Workers;—</i>													
Adult Training Schools .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Village Guide Schools .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Handicapped	..	..	..	..	10	1	13	9	2	1	..	..	22	..	..	..	58
Adult Education	..	..	..	..	688	12	1,086	508	5	66	58	184	476	..	..	4	3,087
Reformatory	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jail Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Training Ship Mekhala	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	..	..	..	..	95,344	15,327	2,53,677	1,88,857	55,812	38,523	12,881	19,580	52,191	260	578	766	7,33,796

MEN/BOYS.

- (A) Includes 763 Boys studying in (1) College of Arts and Commerce (40).
 2 J. V. D. College of Science and Technology (Students studying science subjects only were shown here (92).
 3 Erskine College of natural sciences (237).
 4 Students studying in (Hons) Class in S. V. College which is managed by Tirupathi University (29).
- (B) Includes 166 Boys studying in B. Ed. Sections of M. R. College and A. C. College, Guntur.
- (C) Students studying Technology subject in J. V. D. College of Science and Technology of Andhra University.
- (D) Includes 31 Boys studying Pharmacy Course in J. V. D. College of Science and Technology of Andhra University.
- (E) Students studying in the Law College of Andhra University.
- (F) Students studying Diploma Courses of Hindi, Geography and librarianship in Andhra University.
- (G) Includes 196 Boys studying in Industrial Training Institutes at Kakinada and Anantapur.
 * The community-wise classification of students studying in Training-ship Mekhala and Village guide school are not available.

WOMEN/GIRLS.

- (A) Includes 46 Girls studying in (1) Colleges of Arts and Commerce (23).
 2 J. V. D. College of science and Technology (students in Science subjects only are included (14).
 3 Erskine college of Natural Science (8).
- B) Includes 9 Girls studying in B. Ed. Sections of M. R. College, Vizianagaram
- C) Students studying in the Law College of the Andhra University.
- D) Girls studying in the Diploma Classes in the Andhra University.
- E) Includes 14 Girls studying in the Industrial Training Institute, Kakinada.

8. Distribution of scholars According to (1) Wealth and (2) occupation of parents or Guardians (by type of education imparted)

Institution.	Scholars according to wealth.					Scholars according to the occupation of parent or guardian									Total.
	Rupees 6,801 and above.	Rupees 2,500 to 6,000.	Rupees 751 to 2,500.	Rupees 750 and below.	Total.	Officials.	Professional People	Traders.	Agriculturists.	Artisans.	Unskilled workers.	Destitutes.	Others.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
Colleges for Arts and Science	1,475	4,290	10,758	10,466	26,989	5,950	4,271	3,702	10,670	971	998	74	353	26,989A	
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>															
Education	6	49	248	158	461	126	107	25	168	6	10	..	19	461B	
Engineering	75	145	253	260	733	240	82	121	206	60	20	1	3	733	
Technology	6	7	20	12	45	18	8	1	15	2	1	..	..	45C
Medicine	106	173	353	73	705	136	116	110	124	3	81	2	133	705D	
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	3	36	121	35	195	30	28	40	91	..	6	..	..	195
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law	36	117	212	91	456	129	115	14	186	8	3	..	1	456E	
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>															
Music .. ..	..	1	9	29	39	4	7	..	13	1	14	..	..	39
Oriental Studies	1	6	66	330	403	58	55	30	191	13	42	14	..	403	
Diploma Courses	3	5	7	1	16	9	3	..	4	..	..	..	..	16F
Conducted in Andhra university															
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>															
Indian High Schools ..	10,889	30,701	76,216	1,21,053	2,38,859	34,730	24,439	32,674	97,924	12,262	31,173	1,270	4,387	2,38,859	
Indian Middle Schools ..	298	932	2,955	4,592	8,777	1,293	1,019	1,016	2,968	712	1,442	154	173	8,777	

	Anglo-Indian High Schools	61	144	203	198	606	221	132	102	64	38	19	30	..	606	
	Anglo-Indian Middle Schools.	24	92	131	31	278	170	30	11	23	32	7	5	..	278	
24	Rishi Valley school (secondary)	73	5	4	..	82	36	6	14	26	..	..	..	..	82
	Senior Basic schools ..	120	434	1,367	3,906	5,827	606	727	632	2,183	245	1,271	163	..	5,827	
	Junior Basic Single teacher schools	6	25	124	362	517	57	46	15	340	21	28	10	..	517	
	Junior Basic other than single teacher schools.	744	2,195	5,523	17,659	26,121	2,499	3,005	2,067	11,264	1,629	5,039	618	..	26,121	
	Higher Elementary schools	2,295	10,606	30,478	85,651	1,27,810	12,856	12,645	13,657	56,538	9,318	20,099	2,052	1,223	1,27,810	
	Lower Elementary Single teacher schools.	1,005	3,365	12,578	56,289	73,237	2,340	4,104	3,864	48,905	3,431	9,274	785	534	73,237	
	Lower elementary other than single teacher schools	20,432	61,176	1,63,404	6,02,267	8,47,329	50,245	70,851	69,610	4,24,564	63,544	1,50,727	12,743	4,645	8,47,329	
	Anglo-Indian Primary schools	..	22	48	45	115	113	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	115
	Pre-basic Sections	..	10	11	26	103	7	18	9	42	9	18	..	..	103
	Nursery schools	..	14	9	18	53	94	33	38	14	6	4	..	1	94	
	<i>Schools for Professional Education.</i>															
	Training—Ordinary	..	45	412	1,629	3,370	5,456	512	969	410	2,271	270	689	44	291	5,456
	Training—Basic	..	13	106	741	1,634	2,494	434	344	142	1,139	136	298	1	..	2,494
	Engineering.
	Polytechnic	..	22	157	264	677	1,120	248	122	100	401	134	48	..	67	1,120
	Industrial Schools	63	495	558	33	44	23	201	17	134	43	63	558
	Medicine
	Veterinary
	Agriculture	14	104	118	21	4	2	38	..	53	118
	Forestry
	Commerce	..	197	902	2,479	1,209	4,787	1,567	780	838	1,066	225	292	..	19	4,787
	Arts and Crafts	8	24	32	18	10	4	32

8. Distribution of scholars according to (1) Wealth and (2) occupation of parents or Guardians (by type of education imported—cont.)

Institution.	Scholars according to wealth.					Scholars according to the occupation of parent or guardian.									
	Rupees 6,001 and above.	Rupees 2,500 to 6,000.	Rupees 751 to 2,500.	Rupees 750 and below.	Total.	Officials.	Professional People.	Traders.	Agriculturists.	Artisans.	Unskilled workers.	D. st. sties.	Others.	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
						MEN/BOYS.									
Physical Education		3	40	109	152	7	11	10	116	2	6	..	..	152
Training Ship Mekhala .. ..		..	..	120	120	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	120	120*
Certificate course in Librarianship conducted in Andhra University		3	30	12	45	29	..	3	11	..	1	..	1	45	
<i>Schools for Special Education.</i>															
Music Schools .. ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dancing Schools .. ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Fine Arts .. ..		..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oriental Studies	12	67	195	822	1,096	203	125	108	463	59	103	35	..	1,096	
School for Social Works,—															
Adult Iyinging Schools .. ..		..	240	267	507	272	235	..	..	..	..	..	..	507
Village Guides .. ..		..	..	146	146	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	146	146*
Handicapped .. ..		..	5	165	170	5	2	8	65	5	37	26	22	170
Adult Education	340	1,346	7,500	58,065	67,251	376	4,296	2,204	38,531	5,425	15,014	313	1,092	67,251	
Reformatory .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jails .. ..	..	..	82	76	158	..	14	15	64	10	54	..	1	158
Total	38,361	1,16,942	3,18,412	9,70,292	14,44,007	1,15,613	1,28,206	1,31,637	7,00,881	98,992	2,37,001	18,384	13,293	14,44,007	

					GIRLS/WOMEN.										
Colleges for Arts and Science.	133	335	677	476	1,621	588	362	139	454	26	34	7	11	16,21A	
<i>Colleges for Professional Education.</i>															
Education	12	11	28	21	72	40	13	..	11	2	..	..	6	72B
Engineering	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Technology .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Medicine	36	41	46	14	137	32	30	19	35	..	10	..	11	137	
Veterinary .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture .. ..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Forestry .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Law	4	2	5	2	13	2	3	1	7	..	..	..	..	13C
Physical Education .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<i>Colleges for Special Education.</i>															
Music .. ..	..	6	52	59	117	52	6	3	9	4	43	..	..	117
Oriental Studies.. ..	..	4	20	44	68	21	7	5	28	..	..	7	..	68
Diploma Courses conducted in the Andhra University.	1	3	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4D
<i>Schools for General Education.</i>															
Indian High Schools ..	2,680	5,997	12,790	19,684	41,151	11,093	6,525	4,458	11,007	1,598	5,465	526	479	41,151	
Indian Middle schools ...	185	314	862	1,588	2,949	722	450	430	652	115	502	61	17	2,949	
Anglo-Indian High schools	37	164	105	92	398	259	76	22	26	3	..	12	..	398	
Anglo-Indian Middle schools.	36	101	131	101	369	166	28	24	41	35	5	70	..	369	
Rishivally School (Secondary)	18	4	5	..	27	21	..	2	4	..	..	..	..	27
Senior Basic schools ..	74	192	721	2,102	3,089	413	322	451	1,096	174	527	106	..	3,089	
Junior Basic single teacher schools,	4	5	48	130	187	24	11	10	106	19	15	2	..	187	
Junior Basic other than single-teacher schools	505	1,237	3,326	10,989	16,057	1,762	1,658	1,442	6,723	958	3,244	270	..	16,057	
Higher Elementary schools	1,467	6,232	18,386	47,742	73,827	10,220	7,256	9,692	29,480	5,326	10,033	1,093	727	73,827	

8. Distribution of scholars according to (1) Wealth and (2) Occupation of Parent or Guardians—cont.

(by type of education incorporated.)

Institution.	Scholars according to wealth.					Scholars according to the occupation of Parents or guardian.									
	Rupees above 6,001	Rupees 2,500 to 6,000.	Rupees 750 to 2,500.	Rupees 750 and below.	Total.	Officials.	Professional People.	Traders.	Agriculturists.	Artisans.	Unskilled workers.	Destitutes.	Others.	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
Lower elementary single teacher schools.	510	1,578	5,757	25,549	33,404	1,595	1,791	4,274	18,980	1,676	4,617	246	225	33,404	
Lower elementary other than single teacher schools	14,204	40,217	1,12,510	3,85,440	5,52,371	40,663	44,034	53,100	2,66,348	39,995	97,034	6,293	4,904	5,52,371	
Anglo-Indian Primary schools.	45	75	69	76	265	135	8	64	..	30	28	..	..	265
Pre-Basic sections	6	11	28	49	94	5	12	10	50	10	7	..	..	94
Nursery Schools	16	13	27	57	113	39	50	14	7	1	2	..	..	113
<i>Schools for Professional Education.</i>															
Training—Ordinary	1	30	862	19,37	2,830	574	554	164	1,925	90	477	35	11	2,830	
Training—Basic	1	5	79	2,10	295	109	15	10	109	1	51	..	..	295
Engineering	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polytechnic	..	..	14	7	21	2	3	2	5	1	2	..	6	21
Industrial schools	..	..	..	33	33	..	..	..	23	5	..	5	..	33
Medicine	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Veterinary	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Agriculture	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Forestry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Commerce	9	26	98	61	194	100	36	31	9	16	..	..	2	194
Arts and Crafts	..	..	8	162	170	3	11	2	4	30	61	8	51	170
Physical Education	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

9. Scholars According to Languages Studied.
(Medium of Instruction).

Scholars according to the Languages Studied.

Type of Institution.						Scholars according to the Languages Studied.									
						Tamil.	Telugu.	Malayalam.	Kannada.	Urdu.	Oriya.	English.	Other languages.	Total.	Scholars learning Hindi.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)					
Indian Secondary Schools—															
Boys	1,144	243,912	..	372	1,921	99	188	..	247,636(A)	2,27,807
Girls	457	43,343	..	24	262	7	7	..	44,100	39,538
Anglo-Indian Secondary Schools—															
Boys	884	..	884	23
Girls	767	..	767	19
Indian Elementary Schools—															
Boys	8,186	1,007,278	..	2,484	26,818	3,610	..	..	1,048,376	..
Girls	4,239	6,20,510	..	1,126	31,863	1,864	..	..	659,602	..
Anglo-Indian Primary Schools ..															
Boys	115	..	115	..
Girls	265	..	265	45
Basic Schools—															
Boys	32,201	..	..	264	..	..	..	32,465	142
Girls	18,889	..	..	444	..	..	..	19,333	61
Total	Boys	..	..	..	..	9,330	12,83,391	..	2,856	29,003	3,709	1,187	..	1,329,476	2,27,972
	Girls	..	..	..	..	4,696	6,82,742	..	1,150	32,569	1,871	1,039	..	724,067	39,663
Grand Total	14,026	19,66,133	..	4,006	61,572	5,580	2,226	..	2,053,543	2,67,635

(A) This include strength in Rishi Valley School

10. Number of Scholars Unprotected from Small-Pox.

<i>Institutions.</i>	(1)	1953—54.		1954—55.			
		<i>Boys.</i>	<i>Girls.</i>	<i>Boys.</i>	<i>Girls.</i>		
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Universities	5	1		
Colleges for Arts and Science	291	23	343	22
Professional Colleges
Colleges for Special Education
Secondary Schools	14	13	83	13
Elementary Schools	445	241	163	84
Basic Schools	34	20
Schools for Professional Education	23	..	3	..
Schools for Special Education	340	..	..	..
Nursery Schools
Total	1,113	277	631	140		

11. STATEMENT OF CHARGES FROM STATE FUNDS—(37 EDUCATION AND 47 MISCELLANEOUS ANNUALS).

Type of Institution (1)	Major						
	Government.		Local Body.		Private.		
	Recurring.	Non-recurring.	Recurring.	Non-recurring.	Recurring.	Non-recurring.	Total.
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
RS..	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Colleges for Arts and Science	8,82,372	2,30,253	..	..	6,91,790	26,200	18,30,615
Professional Colleges .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Engineering Colleges	5,12,679	76,353	..	..	..	..	5,89,032
Teacher's Colleges	1,80,335	15,558	..	..	21,012	..	2,16,905
Music and Sanskrit Colleges	38,960	..	..	..	..	..	38,960
Secondary Schools (A)	4,56,021	6,556	15,13,862	1,63,636	15,07,376	36,023	36,83,474
(B)	81,290	16,374	4,966	..	..	..	1,02,630
Primary Schools (A)	18,564	..	78,49,617	23,361	2,01,47,895	..	2,80,39,437
(B)	1,28,344	37,141	76,42,098	..	3,67,695	..	81,75,278
Basic Schools (C) (A)	8,59,148	39,527	..	6,679	83,958	..	9,89,312
(B)	5,847	..	..	..	80,099	..	85,946
Training Schools	12,20,378	13,860	..	..	1043,416	..	22,77,654
Schools for Defectives	28,572	4,640	..	..	4,236	..	37,448
Direction	3,14,134	4,469	..	..	..	..	3,18,603
Inspection	17,42,454	5,086	..	..	..	..	17,47,540
Scholarships	92,700	..	..	..	..	..	92,700
Charges in England .. .. .	..	10,365	..	..	..	..	10,365
Miscellaneous:—							
Oriental Manuscripts	11,638	..	..	..	..	..	11,638
Scout Movement	13,700	..	..	..	..	..	13,700
Public Libraries	4,09,284	..	24,331	..	..	..	4,33,615
National Cadet Corps	2,66,846	10,000	..	..	..	..	2,76,846
Other items	14,19,965	..	..	..	..	..	14,19,965
TOTAL ..	86,83,231	4,70,182	1,70,34,874	1,93,676	2,39,47,477	62,223	5,03,91,663

- (A) Relates to Expenditure on institutions in other areas debited under "37 Education"
- (B) Relates to the Expenditure on Institutions in scheduled areas debited under "47 Miscellaneous (K) Miscellaneous Departments—Welfare of Scheduled castes, Tribes, and Backward Classes.
- (C) Includes expenditure incurred on Basic Primary Classes and Basic Training Schools.

12. Cost per Student in Institutions for General Education.

Type of Education.	Number of students on rolls.	Total Expenditure.	Average annual cost per student.					Percentage of total Expenditure.			
			To Government Funds.	To Local Funds.	To Fees.	To other sources.	Total.	To Government Funds.	To Local Funds.	To Fees.	To other sources.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Colleges for Arts and Science—											
Boys	27,462	48,56,385	30.9	..	137.4	8.5	176.8	17.5	..	77.7	4.8
Girls	339	1,46,293	178.1	..	149.0	104.4	431.5	41.3	..	34.5	24.2
Secondary Schools—											
Boys	2,73,684	1,71,40,352	11.2	17.4	31.9	20.5	62.6	18.0	27.7	51.0	3.3
Girls	19,812	16,44,685	39.3	12.2	24.8	6.8	83.0	47.3	14.7	29.8	8.2
Primary Schools (other than Basic schools)	17,08,358	3,75,41,85	16.5	4.7	..	.8	22.0	75.2	21.2	.1	3.5
Basic Schools	51,798	10,97,352	15.2	5.4	..	.5	21.1	71.9	25.6	..	2.5

13. Expenditure on Hostels and Boarding Homes (Capital Expenditure only).

Expenditure from

Institutions managed by		Government Fund	District Board Fund.	Municipal Fund.	Fees.	Endowments, etc.	Other Sources.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	
Government	Males	43,587	..	..	..	..	955	44,542
	Females .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
District Boards	Males	3,162	..	..	..	..	..	3,162
	Females .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Municipal Boards	Males .. .. .	..	..	4,674	..	..	..	4,674
	Females .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Aided Agencies	Males	4,862	..	..	667	53,225	6,475	65,329
	Females .. .. .	..	..	..	..	2,232	..	2,232
Total	Males	51,611	..	4,674	667	53,325	7,430	1,17,701
	Females .. .. .	..	..	..	..	2,232	..	2,232
Grand Total	.. .. .	51,611	..	4,674	667	55,557	7,430	1,19,939

14. Extension of Elementary Education.

District.	Number of villages having a population of (according to the census of '51.)					Number of villages provided with one or more public schools, the population of each village being					Percentage of				
	Above 2,000.	2,000 to 1,000.	1,000 to 500.	500 to 200.	Less than 200.	Above 2,000.	2,000 to 1,000.	1,000 to 500.	500 to 200.	Less than 200.	Column (7) to column (2).	Column (8) to column (3).	Column (9) to column (4).	Column (10) to column (5).	Column (11) to column (6).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
<i>Agencies.</i>															
1 Srikakulam .. ..	..	..	8	70	360	..	..	8	59	..	..	..	100	85	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	4	16	29	78	44	2	14	13	66	23	50	82	44	84	52
3 East Godavari ..	4	15	51	210	748	4	15	51	170	13	100	100	100	81	2
4 West Godavari ..	3	8	11	28	45	3	8	11	8	8	100	100	100	28	18
<i>Plains.</i>															
1 Srikakulam	197	415	650	1,145	661	130	377	409	940	23	69	90	62	82	3
2 Visakhapatnam ..	247	373	343	184	126	247	365	328	94	6	100	98	96	51	5
3 East Godavari ..	374	245	93	86	10	374	245	91	80	1	100	100	97	93	10
4 West Godavari ..	295	202	117	70	24	264	183	99	57	15	89	91	84	81	62
5 Krishna, East ..	87	95	82	44	15	87	95	79	42	..	100	100	96	95	..
6 Krishna, West ..	132	177	153	70	22	132	176	149	60	3	100	99	97	85	14
7 Guntur, North ..	225	117	68	33	..	225	117	68	33	..	100	100	100	100	..
8 Guntur, South ..	203	303	303	148	16	203	303	303	148	..	100	100	100	100	..
9 Kurnool	216	339	285	148	75	182	309	236	66	20	84	91	83	45	27
10 Anantapur	247	291	228	147	61	223	262	167	46	..	90	90	73	31	..
11 Cuddapah	170	211	203	185	98	170	208	150	103	23	100	99	94	56	23
12 Nellore	217	371	361	446	178	217	371	361	228	..	100	100	100	51	..
13 Chittoor	207	408	404	472	130	204	389	332	180	18	98	95	82	38	4
Total	2,828	3,586	3,389	3,564	2,913	2,667	3,437	2,895	2,380	13	94.3	95.8	85.4	69.6	4.5

15. Number of Elementary Schools and Scholars by Districts (1954-55).

District.	Number of Institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Aided.	Unaided.	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
<i>Agencies—</i>									
1 Srikakulam	17	..	..	49	..	66	2,142	1,094	3,236
2 Visakhapatnam	(a) 42	3	..	69	..	114	4,212	1,311	5,523
3 East Godavari	27	55	..	177	..	259	7,022	4,046	11,068
4 West Godavari	28	..	..	23	..	51	1,494	1,002	2,496
<i>Plains—</i>									
1 Srikakulam	4	650	11	1,366	..	2,031	1,12,701	57,323	1,70,024
2 Visakhapatnam	6	681	40	521	..	1,250	75,394	35,302	1,10,696
3 East Godavari	118	804	64	915	..	1,901	1,10,242	93,847	2,04,089
4 West Godavari	45	560	36	926	..	1,567	92,214	74,645	1,66,859
5 Krishna, East	42	350	24	465	..	881	43,561	38,877	82,438
6 Krishna, West	8	320	39	641	..	1,008	56,583	45,189	1,01,772
7 Guntur, North	20	336	41	785	1	1,183	73,422	54,600	1,28,022
8 Guntur, South	18	316	23	1,185	..	1,542	89,804	62,306	1,52,110
9 Kurnool	59	807	44	643	..	1,553	86,369	42,961	1,29,330
10 Anantapur	(b) 61	61	42	227	..	1,021	61,430	26,328	87,758
11 Cuddapah	15	480	27	619	..	1,161	62,602	29,944	92,546
12 Nellore	(c) 93	666	29	895	..	1,683	92,801	54,184	1,46,985
13 Chittoor	(d) 35	833	18	443	..	1,329	76,383	36,643	1,13,026
Total ..	638	7,552	438	9,971	1	18,600	10,48,376	6,59,602	17,07,978

(a) Includes 2 Central Government Schools.
 (b) " 2 " " "
 (c) " 7 " " "
 (d) " 1 " " "

16. Number of Elementary Schools Opened and Closed during the year.

<i>Management.</i>				<i>Number of schools on the 31st March 1954.</i>	<i>Number of schools opened during the year.</i>	<i>Number of schools closed during the year.</i>	<i>Number of schools conver- ted into Basic Schools.</i>	<i>Number of schools on the 31st March 1955.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Central Government	11	1	..	..	12	
State Government	608	24	5	1	626			
District Board	6,782	660	45	25	7,372			
Panchayat Board	168	13	1	..	180			
Municipal	439	4	1	4	438			
Aided.. .. .	9,792	40	51	10	9,971			
Unaided	1	..	..	..	1
Total	17,801	942	103	40	18,600			

17. Number of Aided Elementary and Basic Schools Managed by Teacher Managers.

<i>District.</i>	(1)	<i>Elementary Schools.</i>				<i>Basic Schools.</i>				<i>Grand total.</i>
		<i>Higher Elementary.</i>	<i>Lower Elementary other than the single teacher.</i>	<i>Lower Elementary single Teacher.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	<i>Senior Basic.</i>	<i>Junior Basic other than single teacher.</i>	<i>Junior Basic single teacher.</i>	<i>Total.</i>	
<i>Agencies.</i>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam	49	..	49	..	..	..	..	49
2 Visakhapatnam	42	12	54	..	..	..	..	54
3 East Godavari	24	50	74	..	..	..	..	74
4 West Godavari	1	10	5	16	..	..	..	..	16
<i>Plains.</i>										
1 Srikakulam	7	1,197	11	1,215	..	11	..	11	1,226
2 Visakhapatnam	2	313	21	336	1	..	..	1	337
3 East Godavari	11	354	1	366	1	3	..	4	370
4 West Godavari	302	..	302	..	26	..	26	328
5 Krishna, East	4	132	..	136	..	..	..	..	136
6 Krishna, West	1	211	..	212	..	12	..	12	224
7 Guntur, North	5	285	..	290	..	1	..	1	291
8 Guntur, South	23	643	6	672	1	13	..	14	686
9 Kurnool	9	138	13	160	..	..	..	..	160
10 Anantapur	2	123	12	137	..	3	..	3	140
11 Cuddapah	11	349	17	377	..	19	..	19	396
12 Nellore	9	677	12	698	..	..	..	..	698
13 Chittoor	4	218	18	240	..	..	..	..	240
Total		89	5,067	178	5,334	3	88	..	91	5,425

18. Number of Elementary School Buildings Constructed.

District.	(1) Agencies.	Public Agencies.			Private Agencies.				(9) Total.
		(2) Government.	(3) Municipal	(4) District Board.	Aided.		Unaided.		
					(5) Mission.	(6) Non-mission.	(7) Mission.	(8) Non-mission.	
	Agencies.								
1	Srikakulam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2	Visakhapatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	East Godavari	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
4	West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Plains.								
1	Srikakulam	..	..	1	..	21	..	..	22
2	Visakhapatnam	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	East Godavari	..	..	8	2	4	..	..	14
4	West Godavari	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
5	Krishna, East	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	2
6	Krishna, West	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
7	Guntur, North	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8	Guntur, South	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	Kurnool	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1
10	Anantapur	..	..	7	..	7	..	..	14
11	Cuddapah	..	1	..	..	6	..	..	7
12	Nellore	..	..	9	..	2	..	..	11
13	Chittoor	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	4
	Total	..	1	34	2	44	..	..	81

19. Boys (of all ages) in the primary classes (I to V) compared with the male Population in the age Group 6 to 12.

Districts.	(1)	(2) Male population.	(3) Estimated male population in the age group 6 to 12.	(4) Number of boys of all ages reading in standard classes grades 1 to 5.	(5) Percentage of column (4) to column (3).
1 Srikakulam	..	10,93,474	1,45,432	1,14,052	78.4
2 Visakhapatnam	..	10,81,093	1,43,786	82,495	57.4
3 East Godavari	..	12,74,756	1,69,543	1,13,732	67.1
4 West Godavari	..	8,97,033	1,19,305	93,972	78.8
5 Krishna, East	42,221	77.7
6 Krishna, West	..	9,55,021	1,27,018	56,430	
				98,651	
7 Guntur, North	..	13,64,844	1,81,524	71,752	89.4
8 Guntur, South	90,547	
				1,62,299	
9 Kurnool	..	8,65,039	1,15,050	85,049	73.9
10 Anantapur	..	8,06,577	1,07,275	61,533	57.4
11 Cuddapah	..	6,28,735	83,622	63,371	75.8
12 Nellore	..	9,53,876	1,26,865	92,318	72.8
13 Chittoor	..	9,76,911	1,29,929	70,652	54.4
Total	..	1,08,97,359	14,49,349	10,38,124	71.6

20. *Girls (of all ages) in the primary classes (I to V) compared with the female population in the Group 6 to 12.*

<i>District.</i>				<i>Female population.</i>	<i>Estimated female population in the age-group 6 to 12.</i>	<i>Number of girls (of all ages) reading in standard/ classes/ grades 1 to 5.</i>	<i>Percentage of column (4) to column (3).</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)			
1 Srikakulam	11,49,836	1,52,924	59,519	38.9			
2 Visakhapatnam	11,08,895	1,47,483	38,756	26.3			
3 East Godavari	12,76,702	1,69,802	97,016	57.1			
4 West Godavari	8,96,765	1,19,270	77,744	65.2			
5 Krishna, East	9,25,162	1,23,046	37,948	67.4			
6 Krishna, West			44,985				
			82,933				
7 Guntur, North	13,29,453	1,76,817	53,830	66.8			
8 Guntur, South			64,252				
			1,18,082				
9 Kurnool	8,45,178	1,12,409	43,440	38.6			
10 Anantapur	7,60,967	1,01,209	26,796	26.5			
11 Cuddapah	5,98,738	79,632	31,394	39.4			
12 Nellore	9,43,362	1,25,467	54,979	43.8			
13 Chittoor	9,35,910	1,24,476	35,611	28.6			
Total ..	1,07,70,938	14,32,535	6,66,270	46.5			

21. Boys in the Age group 6—11 under instruction compared with the male Population of the corresponding Age-Group.

District.	Total Male Population.	Estimated population in the age group.	Number of boys reading in standards.			Percentage of column (6) to column (3).
			I to V	VI to XI	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1 Srikakulam ..	10,93,474	1,36,684	87,352	2,22	80,594	65.5
2 Visakhapatnam ..	10,81,093	1,35,137	64,323	2,951	67,174	49.8
3 East Godavari ..	12,74,750	1,59,345	18,53	7,501	90,024	60.3
4 West Godavari ..	8,97,033	1,12,125	72,540	4,20	76,360	68.1
5 Krishna, East ..	9,55,021	1,19,378	3,937	3,09	36,976	70.2
6 Krishna, West ..			43,606	3,11	46,867	
			77,623	6,220	83,843	
7 Guntur, North ..	13,64,844	1,70,606	56,466	3,632	6,098	79.4
8 Guntur, South ..			71,550	3,734	75,284	
			1,28,016	7,366	1,35,382	
9 Kurnool ..	8,65,039	1,08,130	66,55	2,912	69,370	64.1
10 Anantapur ..	8,06,577	1,00,822	48,688	2,175	50,863	50.4
11 Cuddapah ..	6,28,735	78,593	47,942	2,164	50,106	63.8
12 Nellore ..	9,53,876	1,19,235	71,921	3,508	75,429	63.3
13 Chittoor ..	9,76,911	1,22,115	55,571	2,331	57,902	47.4
Total ..	1,08,97,359	13,62,170	8,08,687	43,490	8,52,177	62.6

22. Girls in the Age-group 6—11 under instruction compared with the Female Population of the corresponding Age-Group.

District.	Total Female Population.	Estimated population in the age group.	Number of girls reading in standards.			Percentage of column (6) to column (3).
			I to V	VI to XI	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1 Srikakulam ..	11,49,806	1,43,726	47,513	408	47,921	33.3
2 Visakhapatnam ..	11,18,895	1,38,612	31,320	748	32,068	23.1
3 East Godavari ..	12,76,702	1,59,588	77,221	2,209	79,430	49.8
4 West Godavari ..	8,96,765	1,12,096	59,517	1,517	61,034	54.4
5 Krishna, East ..	9,25,162	1,15,645	30,55	1,261	31,786	59.2
6 Krishna, West ..			35,370	1,237	36,607	
			65,895	2,498	68,393	
7 Guntur, North ..	13,29,453	1,66,181	43,647	1,197	44,844	59.1
8 Guntur, South ..			52,336	973	53,309	
			95,983	2,170	98,153	
9 Kurnool ..	8,45,178	1,05,647	35,784	663	36,447	34.5
10 Anantapur ..	7,60,967	95,121	21,904	535	22,439	23.6
11 Cuddapah ..	5,98,738	74,842	25,077	409	25,486	34.1
12 Nellore ..	9,43,362	1,17,920	43,657	1,103	44,760	37.9
13 Chittoor ..	9,35,910	1,16,989	29,360	735	30,095	25.7
Total ..	1,07,70,938	13,46,367	5,33,231	12,995	5,46,226	40.6

23. Boys in the age group 11—14 under instruction compared with the male population of the corresponding Age-Group.

District.	Total Male population.	Estimated Population in the Age-Group.	Number of Boys reading in standards				Percentage of Column (7) to Column (3)
			I to V.	VI to VIII.	IX to XI.	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1 Srikakulam ..	10,93,474	74,356	16,853	6,345	15,24	24,722	33.2
2 Visakhapatnam ..	10,1,093	73,514	11,188	6,677	2,087	19,952	27.1
3 East Godavari ..	12,74,756	86,683	10,872	12,342	3,054	32,278	37.2
4 West Godavari ..	8,97,033	60,998	13,722	10,595	3,011	27,328	44.8
5 Krishna, East ..	955,021	64,941	5,143	6,008	2,473	13,624	46.3
6 Krishna, West ..			6,207	7,339	2,873	16,419	
			11,350	13,347	5,346	30,043	
7 Guntur, North ..	13,64,844	92,809	9,519	8,010	3,155	20,684	46.9
8 Guntur, South ..			12,832	8,090	1,894	22,816	
			22,351	16,100	5,049	43,500	
9 Kurnool ..	8,65,039	58,823	11,482	7,944	1,541	20,967	35.6
10 Anantapur ..	8,06,577	54,847	7,902	6,598	1,586	16,086	29.3
11 Cuddapah ..	6,28,735	42,754	10,461	5,316	1,183	16,960	39.7
12 Nellore ..	9,53,876	64,864	13,003	6,544	3,898	23,445	36.1
13 Chittoor ..	9,76,911	66,431	10,294	8,706	1,449	20,449	30.8
Total ..	1,08,97,359	7,41,020	1,45,478	1,00,514	29,728	2,75,720	37.2

24. Girls in the age-group 11—14 under instruction compared with the female population of the Corresponding Age-Group.

District	Total Female Population	Estimated population in the Age-Group.	Number of Girls reading in standards				Percentage of Column (7) to Column (3)
			I to V.	VI to VIII.	IX to XI.	Total	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1 Srikakulam ..	11,49,806	78,187	6,295	796	129	7,220	9.2
2 Visakhapatnam ..	11,08,895	75,405	3,821	1,510	363	5,694	7.6
3 East Godavari ..	12,76,702	86,816	13,286	3,635	685	17,606	20.3
4 West Godavari ..	8,96,65	60,980	11,157	3,176	617	14,950	24.5
5 Krishna, East ..	9,25,162	62,911	4,379	1,765	466	6,610	21.3
6 Krishna, West ..			3,819	2,376	590	6,785	
			8,198	4,141	1,056	13,395	
7 Guntur, North ..	13,29,453	90,403	5,826	2,467	536	8,829	20.6
8 Guntur, South ..			7,327	2,009	500	9,836	
			13,153	4,476	1,036	18,665	
9 Kurnool ..	8,45,178	57,472	3,896	1,181	244	5,321	9.3
10 Anantapur ..	7,60,967	51,746	2,388	1,139	222	3,749	7.2
11 Cuddapah ..	5,98,738	40,714	3,758	809	141	4,708	11.6
12 Nellore ..	9,43,362	64,148	6,248	1,35	478	8,461	13.2
13 Chittoor ..	9,35,910	63,642	3,313	1,913	427	5,653	8.9
Total ..	1,07,70,938	7,32,424	75,513	24,511	5,398	1,05,422	14.4

25. Boys in the age group 14—17 under instruction compared with the male population of the corresponding age-Group

District.	Total male population.	Estimated population in the age-group.	Number of boys reading in Standards.			Percentage of column (6) to column (3).
			I to VIII.	IX to XI	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1 Srikakulam ..	10,93,474	68,890	3,840	2,967	6,807	9.9
2 Visakhapatnam ..	10,81,093	68,110	3,299	3,967	7,266	10.7
3 East Godavari ..	12,74,756	80,310	4,888	8,467	13,355	16.6
4 West Godavari ..	8,97,033	56,513	4,001	7,888	11,889	21.0
5 Krishna, East ..	9,55,021	60,166	1,573	5,805	7,378	24.9
6 Krishna, West ..			1,984	5,610	7,594	
			3,557	11,415	14,972	
7 Guntur, North ..	13,64,844	85,985	2,207	6,149	8,356	19.4
8 Guntur, South ..			3,120	5,175	8,295	
			5,327	11,324	16,651	
9 Kurnool ..	8,65,039	54,497	3,742	5,088	8,830	16.2
10 Anantapur ..	8,06,577	50,814	2,304	3,602	5,906	11.6
11 Cuddapah ..	6,28,735	39,610	2,241	3,318	5,559	14.0
12 Nellore ..	9,53,876	60,094	3,572	3,886	7,458	12.4
13 Chittoor ..	9,76,911	61,545	4,566	4,456	9,022	14.7
Total ..	1,08,97,359	6,86,534	41,337	66,378	1,07,715	15.7

26. Girls in the age-group 14—17 under instruction compared with the female population of the corresponding age-group.

District.	Total female population.	Estimated population in the age-group.	Number of girls reading in Standards.			Percentage of column (6) to column (3).
			I to VIII.	IX to XI	Total.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1 Srikakulam ..	11,49,806	72,438	448	138	586	0.8
2 Visakhapatnam ..	11,08,895	69,860	631	474	1,105	1.6
3 East Godavari ..	12,76,702	80,432	1,300	956	2,256	2.8
4 West Godavari ..	8,96,765	56,496	1,470	900	2,370	4.2
5 Krishna East ..	9,25,162	58,285	541	612	1,153	4.6
6 Krishna, West ..			715	806	1,521	
			1,256	1,418	2,674	
7 Guntur North ..	13,29,453	83,756	834	750	1,584	3.8
8 Guntur South ..			1,036	600	1,636	
			1,870	1,350	3,220	
9 Kurnool ..	8,45,178	53,246	548	358	906	1.7
10 Anantapur ..	7,60,967	47,941	303	264	567	1.2
11 Cuddapah ..	5,98,738	37,721	303	187	490	1.3
12 Nellore ..	9,43,362	59,432	961	504	1,465	2.5
13 Chittoor ..	9,35,910	58,962	727	602	1,329	2.3
Total ..	1,07,70,938	6,78,569	9,817	7,151	16,968	2.5

27. Number of trained and Untrained teachers by languages in Elementary schools.

Teachers whose language is.		Number of trained teachers.					Number of untrained teachers.					Grand Total.
		Graduates.	Passed Intermediates, Matriculation, S.S.L.C., or equivalent examination.	Non-Matriculates.			Total Trained Teachers.	Graduates.	Passed Intermediate, Matriculation S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination.	Non-Matriculation.	Total untrained teachers.	
				Passed III Form VIII Standard Elementary.	school certificate or equivalent examination.	Passed V Standard or equivalent examination.							Others.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
Telugu	Men	38	6,866	32,604	2,363	304	42,175	11	726	1,165	1,902	44,077
	Women	4	940	8,773	295	79	10,091	..	34	87	121	10,212
Urdu	Men .. ..	..	69	1,036	180	4	1,289	..	11	24	35	1,324
	Women .. ..	..	8	409	50	..	467	..	..	8	8	475
Kannada	Men .. ..	..	9	73	1	..	83	..	..	..	..	83
	Women .. ..	..	..	37	..	..	37	..	..	..	..	37
Oriya	Men .. ..	..	1	127	19	..	147	..	2	3	5	152
	Women .. ..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
Tamil	Men .. ..	..	19	199	1	2	221	..	2	4	6	227
	Women .. ..	..	7	85	..	..	92	..	..	..	..	92
Total	Men	38	6,964	34,039	2,564	310	43,915	11	741	1,196	1,948	45,863
	Women	4	955	9,304	347	79	10,689	..	34	95	129	10,818

28. Number of teachers, the percentage of trained teachers to the total number in each district, the number of pupils per trained teacher and the number of pupils per teacher in Elementary Schools.

District.	Number of teachers trained.			Total number of teachers.			Percentage of trained teachers to total number* in each (percentage of columns 2 to 5; 3 to 6 and 4 to 7.)			Total number of pupils on rolls.			Number of pupils per trained teacher.	Number of pupils per teacher.	
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
Agencies.—															
1 Srikakulam	66	..	66	149	..	149	44.3	..	44.3	2,142	1,094	3,236	48.9	21.7	
2 Visakhapatnam	72	3	75	187	4	191	43.8	75.0	39.3	4,212	1,311	5,523	73.6	28.9	
3 East Godavari	302	36	338	361	42	403	83.6	83.3	83.8	7,022	4,046	11,068	32.7	27.4	
4 West Godavari	60	9	69	78	15	93	76.8	60.0	74.2	1,494	1,002	2,496	36.2	26.7	
Plains.—															
1 Srikakulam	4,929	226	5,155	5,483	231	5,714	89.8	97.8	90.2	112,701	57,323	1,70,024	32.9	29.8	
2 Visakhapatnam	2,815	411	3,226	3,092	427	3,519	91.0	96.2	91.6	75,394	35,302	1,10,696	34.3	31.4	
3 East Godavari	5,359	1,085	6,444	5,399	1,088	6,487	99.2	99.8	99.4	110,242	93,847	2,04,089	31.6	31.5	
4 Godavari West	4,524	1,437	5,961	4,557	1,441	5,998	99.3	99.7	99.5	92,214	74,645	1,66,859	27.9	27.7	
5 Krishna East	2,068	692	2,760	2,078	694	2,772	99.8	99.7	99.6	43,561	38,877	82,438	29.9	29.8	
6 West Krishna	2,345	953	3,298	2,385	971	3,356	98.3	98.1	98.2	56,583	45,189	1,01,772	30.8	30.3	
7 Guntur, North	2,964	1,348	4,312	3,034	1,368	4,402	97.6	98.5	97.9	73,422	54,600	1,28,022	29.6	29.0	
8 Guntur, South	3,918	1,177	5,095	4,017	1,189	5,206	96.6	98.9	97.9	89,804	62,306	1,52,110	29.8	29.4	
9 Kurnool	3,123	856	3,979	3,191	862	4,053	97.9	99.3	98.1	86,369	42,961	1,29,330	32.5	31.9	
10 Anantapur	2,064	425	2,489	2,162	431	2,593	95.5	98.6	95.9	61,430	26,328	87,758	35.6	33.4	
11 Cuddapah	2,486	415	2,901	2,616	423	3,039	95.0	98.3	95.4	62,602	29,944	92,546	31.9	30.4	
12 Nellore	3,804	1,115	4,919	3,861	1,124	4,985	98.5	99.1	98.7	92,801	54,184	146,985	29.8	29.4	
13 Chittoor	3,016	501	3,517	3,213	508	3,721	93.8	98.6	94.5	76,383	36,643	1,13,026	32.4	30.3	
Total ..	43,915	10,689	54,604	45,863	10,818	56,681	95.7	98.8	91.0	10,48,376	6,59,602	17,07,978	31.2	30.1	

* Should be as follows:—
(Percentage of columns 2 to 5; 3 to 6 and 4 to 7).

29. Number of Elementary School Teachers' Associations and Unions.

District.	(1)	Number of Managers' Associations.	(2)	Number of Teachers'—Managers' Associations.	(3)	Number of Teachers' Unions.	(4)	Number of Teachers' Associations.	
								Number of Associations.	Number of meetings held during 1954-55.	(5)	(6)
<i>Agencies.—</i>									
1 Srikakulam	5	50
2 Visakhapatnam	12	119
3 East Godavari	1	..	20	240
4 West Godavari	3	36
<i>Plains.—</i>									
1 Srikakulam	117	1,312
2 Visakhapatnam	2	7	..	76	869
3 East Godavari	2	..	6	8	..	102	1,143
4 West Godavari	5	..	22	5	..	83	898
5 Krishna, East	1	..	1	..	..	54	617
6 Krishna, West	1	..	2	6	..	63	688
7 Guntur, North	1	..	1	..	..	57	627
8 Guntur, South	96	987
9 Kurnool	1	..	1	5	..	87	891
10 Anantapur	1	..	87	984
11 Cuddapah	1	..	..	75	846
12 Nellore	4	..	94	1,062
13 Chittoor	88	995
Total	11	..	36	37	..	1,119	12,364

30. Number of Basic Schools and Scholars by Districts.

District.	(1)	Number of institutions by Management					Strength			
		Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
					Aided.	Unaided.	Total.			
(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)		
<i>Agencies—</i>										
1 Srikakulam	1	..	..	..	1	145	41	186	
2 Visakhapatnam	
3 East Godavari	2	..	..	..	2	161	69	230	
4 West Godavari	1	..	..	..	1	29	22	51	
<i>Plains—</i>										
1 Srikakulam	2	10	..	17	29	2,495	1,623	4,118	
2 Visakhapatnam	3	37	9	21	70	5,853	2,529	8,382	
3 East Godavari	2	4	3	8	17	1,675	1,194	2,869	
4 West Godavari	6	42	8	50	106	5,502	4,594	10,096	
5 Krishna, East	1	..	1	49	37	86	
6 Krishna, West	12	..	21	33	1,434	1,004	2,438	
7 Guntur, North	1	1	77	80	157	
8 Guntur, South	2	15	1	60	78	4,906	3,316	8,222	
9 Kurnool	2	14	3	10	29	2,115	898	3,013	
10 Anantapur	7	21	..	10	38	2,239	727	2,966	
11 Cuddapah	2	23	2	27	59	3,320	1,672	4,992	
12 Nellore	4	21	..	8	33	2,270	1,453	3,723	
13 Chittoor	3	..	..	3	195	74	269	
Total	34	207	27	233	501	32,465	19,333	51,798A.	

A.) This excludes the strength of 5 pre-basic Sections which is 103 Boys and 94 Girls.

31. Number of Basic School Buildings constructed during the Year.

District.	Public Agencies.			Private Agencies.				Total.	
	Government.	Municipal Board.	District Board.	Aided.		Unaided.			
				Mission.	Non-mission.	Mission.	Non-mission.		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
Agencies—									
1 Srikakulam	
2 Visakhapatnam	
3 East Godavari	
4 West Godavari	
Plains—									
1 Srikakulam	
2 Visakhapatnam	
3 East Godavari	
4 West Godavari	
5 Krishna, East	
6 Krishna, West	
7 Guntur, North	
8 Guntur, South	
9 Kurnool	
10 Anantapur	1	..	4	1	..	6
11 Cuddapah
12 Nellore
13 Chittoor
Total	1	..	4	1	6

32. Number of (Indian) Secondary-Schools for Boys and Scholars by Districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Govern-ment.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.				
(i)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam .. ..	..	40	1	1	..	42	13,306	797	14,103
2 Visakhapatnam .. ..	..	19	8	5	..	32	15,106	1,128	16,234
3 East Godavari	4	44	5	18	..	71	33,263	4,144	37,407
4 West Godavari	1	43	4	11	..	59	25,773	2,878	28,651
5 Krishna, East	2	31	3	5	..	41	18,655	2,289	20,944
6 Krishna, West .. ..	..	48	3	3	..	54	20,326	3,518	23,844
7 Guntur, North	1	49	2	18	..	70	22,333	2,023	24,356
8 Guntur, South .. ..	..	40	5	15	..	60	19,767	1,996	21,763
9 Kurnool	1	27	4	8	..	40	18,393	1,237	19,630
10 Anantapur	1	26	5	3	..	35	14,897	1,087	15,984
11 Cuddapah .. ..	..	20	3	3	..	26	11,965	581	12,546
12 Nellore	1	33	5	9	..	48	17,157	1,871	19,028
13 Chittoor .. ..	..	29	2	6	..	37	16,450	2,243	18,693
Total	11	449	50	105	..	615	2,47,391	25,792	*2,73,183

* This excludes Rishivalley school.

33. Number of (Indian) Secondary Schools for Girls and Scholars by Districts.

District.	Number of institutloyps by Management.						Strength.		
	Govern- ment.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unai- ded.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam ..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	293	298
2 Visakhapatnam ..	2	..	2	1	..	5	8	1,615	1,623
3 East Godavari ..	1	1	1	2	..	5	16	2,030	2,046
4 West Godavari ..	2	1	2	1	..	6	..	1,919	1,919
5 Krishna ..	2	..	3	1	..	6	127	2,137	2,264
6 Guntur ..	2	3	2	8	..	15	17	4,368	4,385
7 Kurnool ..	3	..	..	1	..	4	17	1,210	1,227
8 Anantapur ..	4	..	1	..	..	5	28	999	1,027
9 Cuddapah ..	2	1	..	..	..	3	18	979	997
10 Nellore ..	1	1	1	4	..	7	14	1,810	1,824
11 Chittoor ..	2	..	1	2	..	5	..	948	948
Total ..	22	7	13	20	..	62	245	18,308	18,553

34. Number of (Indian) Secondary Schools for Boys According to the Degree of Completeness.

Schools having forms up to and including.	Number of schools.					
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Sixth	9	372	34	88	..	503
Fifth .. ..	..	32	1	3	..	36
Fourth	1	15	2	4	..	22
Third	1	30	13	10	..	54
Second .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
First .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	11	449	50	105	..	615

35. Number of (Indian) Secondary Schools for Girls According to the Degree of Completeness.

Schools having forms up to and including.	Number of schools.					
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Aided.	Unaided.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Sixth	14	4	9	16	..	43
Fifth	1	1	..	1	..	3
Fourth	1	..	2	..	..	3
Third	6 *	2	2	3	..	13
Second .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
First .. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	22	7	13	20	..	62

* Including one Middle School at Bellary.

36. Boys in (Indian) Secondary Schools.

Districts.	Male Population	Boys in Secondary Schools on 31st March		Percentage of Columns (4) to (2).
		1954.	1955.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Srikakulam	10,93,474	13,279	13,306	1.21
Visakhapatnam	10,81,093	14,955	15,114	1.3
East Godavari	12,74,756	31,557	33,279	2.61
West Godavari	8,97,033	25,876	25,773	2.87
Krishna, East	9,55,021	18,694	18,679	4.09
Krishna, West		20,158	20,429	3.08
Guntur, North	13,64,844	22,677	22,350	2.12
Guntur, South		20,330	19,767	1.85
Kurnool	8,65,039	17,887	18,410	1.90
Anantapur	8,06,577	14,216	14,925	1.80
Cuddapah	6,28,735	11,650	11,983	1.90
Nellore	9,76,911	17,068	16,450	1.68
Chittoor	9,53,876	16,335	17,171	1.80
Total	1,08,97,359	2,44,682	* 2,47,636	2.27

* This excludes strength in Rishl valley School.

37. Girls in (Indian) Secondary Schools.

District.	Female Population.	Girls in public Secondary Schools on 31st March		Percentage of Columns (4) to (2)
		1954.	1955.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Srikakulam	11,49,806	928	1,090	0.94
Visakhapatnam	11,08,895	2,459	2,743	0.24
East Godavari	12,76,702	5,495	6,174	0.48
West Godavari	8,96,765	4,395	4,797	0.53
Krishna, East	9,25,162	7,507	3,514	0.86
Krishna, West			4,430	
Guntur, North	13,29,453	7,362	5,023	0.63
Guntur, South			3,364	
Kurnool	8,45,178	2,112	2,447	0.29
Anantapur	7,60,967	1,900	2,086	0.27
Cuddapah	5,98,738	1,411	1,560	0.26
Nellore	9,35,910	3,396	3,681	0.39
Chittoor	9,43,362	3,150	3,191	0.34
Total *	1,07,70,938	40,115	44,100*	0.41

* This excludes strength in Rishl valley School.

40. Number of trained and untrained teachers by languages in Secondary Schools.

Teachers whose language is.	Number of trained teachers.						Number of untrained teachers.										
	Graduates.	Passed intermediates, Matriculation, S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination.	Non-matriculいたes.			Total trained teachers.	Graduates.	Passed Intermediate, Matriculation, S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination.	Non-Matriculいたes.	Total, untrained Teachers.	Grand total.						
			Passed III Form, VIII Standard Elementary School Certificate or equivalent examination.	Passed Vth standard or equivalent examination.	Others.												
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)						
Telugu—																	
Men	2,750	4,627	935	180	938	9,430	646	282	875	1,803	11,233
Women	323	501	94	32	27	977	28	15	68	111	1,088
Tamil—																	
Men	3	1	1	..	..	5	1	..	..	1	6
Women	1	5	..	..	2	8	2	..	1	3	11
Urdu—																	
Men	15	66	9	4	31	125	4	4	10	18	143
Women	3	7	2	..	12	..	..	..	..	12
Malayalam—																	
Men	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
Women	1	2	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	3
Kannada—																	
Men	13	20	1	..	5	39	11	1	5	17	56
Women	3	3	1	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	7
Other languages—																	
Men	1	12	4	2	40	59	..	..	3	3	62
Women	2	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	3
Total ..																	
Men	2,783	4,726	950	186	1,014	9,659	662	287	893	1,842	11,501
Women	328	516	102	34	30	1,010	30	15	69	114	1,124

A. This excludes the teachers in Rishi Valley School.

41. Number of colleges for men and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam	1	..	..	..	1	243	18	261
2 Visakhapatnam	6	..	6(a)	3,197(b)	247	3,444
3 East Godavari	2	..	1	..	3	3,268	229	3,497
4 West Godavari	3	..	3	2,940	87	3,027
5 Krishna, (East)	3	..	3	3,119	145	3,264
6 Krishna, (West)	2	..	2	1,870	88	1,958
7 Guntur, (North)	3	..	3	4,089 (c)	179	4,268
8 Guntur, (South)	4	..	4	1,944	34	1,978
9 Kurnool	1	..	1	1,013	35	1,048
10 Anantapur	1	..	..	..	1	1,270	57	1,327
11 Cuddapah	1	..	..	..	1	684	17	701
12 Nellore	2	..	2	1,890	117	2,007
13 Chittoor	2	..	2	1,704 (d)	38	1,742
Total ..	5	..	..	27	..	32	27,231	1,291	28,522

(a) Includes University College of Arts and Commerce, J. V. D. College of Science and Technology and Erskine College of Natural Science.

(b) Includes 840 boys 45 girls studying in College of Arts and Commerce, J. V. D., College of Science and Erskine College of Natural Science and 70 boys and 9 girls in B.Ed., section attached to M. R. College, Vizianagaram.

(c) Includes 96 boys in the (B. Ed. Section) attached to A. C. College, Guntur.

(d) Includes 29 boys and 1 girl in (Hons) class of S. V. College Tirupathi which was run under the management of the Tirupathi University during the year.

42. Number of colleges for women and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam
3 East Godavari
4 West Godavari	1 (a)	..	1	..	38	38
5 Krishna, (East)
6 Krishna, (West)
7 Guntur, (North)	1	..	..	..	1	..	211	211
8 Guntur, (South)
9 Kurnool
10 Anantapur
11 Cuddapah
12 Nellore
13 Chittoor	1 (a)	..	1	..	90	90
Total ..	1	..	..	2 (a)	..	3	..	339	339

(a) Indicates second grade colleges.

43. Number of training colleges and scholars by districts.

District.	management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.			M.c.i.	Womn.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam
3 East Godavari	1	..	..	..	1	197	16	213(b)
4 West Godavari
5 Krishna, (East)
6 Krishna, (West)
7 Guntur, (North)	1(a)	..	1	..	45	45
8 Guntur, (South)
9 Kurnool	1	..	..	..	1	98	2	100
10 Anantapur
11 Cuddapah
12 Nellore
13 Chittoor
Total ..	2	..	..	1	..	3	295	63	358

(a) Indicates Women's College.

(b) Includes 35 boys studying Pandits' Training course and 59 boys and 2 girls studying Shortend Training course in the Government training College, Rajahmundry.

44. Training schools (ordinary) for men and scholars by districts.

District.	management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.	Total.			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam ..	..	1 (c)	..	..	..	1	256	28	284
2 Visakhapatnam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3 East Godavari ..	..	1 (c)	..	2 (c)	..	3	661	..	661
4 West Godavari ..	..	..	..	1 (a)	..	1	146	..	146
5 Krishna, (East) ..	..	1 (c)	..	1 (a)	..	2	445	11	456
6 Krishna, (West) ..	..	..	..	1 (c)	..	1	165	..	165
7 Guntur, (North) ..	..	1 (c)	..	1 (a)	..	3	414	..	414
8 Guntur, (South) ..	..	1 (c)	..	1 (c)	..	..	..	..	..
				2 (c)	..	6	1,006	40	1,046
				1 (b)	..	..	..	..	..
				1 (a)	..	..	..	..	..
				1 (d)	..	..	..	..	..
9 Kurnool ..	..	1 (b)	..	1 (a)	..	4	411	28	439
				1 (b)	..	..	..	..	..
				1 (c)	..	..	..	..	..
10 Anantapur ..	..	1 (c)	..	..	..	1	238	1	239
11 Cuddapah ..	..	..	1 (d)	1 (c)	..	2	260	11	271
12 Nellore ..	..	2 (c)	..	1 (b)	..	3	594	12	606
13 Chittoor ..	..	2 (c)	..	1 (c)	..	3	860	85	945
Total ..	10 (c)	1 (b)	1 (d)	5 (a), 3 (b)	..	30	5,456	216	5,672

(a) Has provision for secondary grade training only.

(b) Has provision for elementary grade training only.

(c) Has provision for secondary and elementary grade training.

(d) Schools having one year course for those who have teaching under diversified course in S.S.L.C.

45. Number of training schools (Ordinary) for women and Scholars by districts.

District.	Number of Institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Aided.	Unaided.	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2 Visakhapatnam ..	.. 1 (b)	..	..	..	..	1	..	95	95
3 East Godavari ..	.. 1 (c)	..	..	1 (c)	..	3	..	539	539
4 West Godavari ..	.. 2 (b)	..	..	1 (a)	..	3	..	277	277
5 Krishna, (East)	1 (b)	..	..	1 (b)	..	2	..	188	188
6 Krishna, (West)	..	..	..	1 (a) 1 (b)	..	2	..	152	152
7 Guntur, (North) }	.. 1 (b)	..	..	1 (a) 2 (b) 1 (c)	..	5	..	512	512
8 Guntur, (South)	..	..	..	2 (b)	..	2	..	203	203
9 Kurnool ..	.. 1 (b)	..	..	1 (b)	..	2	..	72	72
10 Anantapur ..	.. 1 (c)	..	..	..	..	1	..	129	129
11 Cuddapa ..	.. 1 (b)	..	..	..	..	1	..	98	98
12 Nellore ..	.. 1 (b)	..	..	1 (c)	..	2	..	221	221
13 Chittoor ..	.. 1 (b)	..	..	1 (b)	..	2	..	128	128
Total ..	9 (b) 2 (c)	..	..	3 (a) 8 (b) 3 (c) 1 (a) & (d)	..	26	..	2,614	2,614

(a) Has provision for secondary grade only.

(b) Has provision for elementary grade only.

(c) Has provision for both secondary and elementary training.

(d) Schools having one year course for those who have taken teaching practice under diversified course in S.S.L.C.

(M) This consists of the Training section (with Secondary Grade Senior and junior sections) attached to U.L.C.M. Schade Girls' High School, Rajamundry and one year course for students who have taken teaching practice as a Special Subject in S, S, L, C.

46. Number of training schools (Basic) for men and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of Institutions by Management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam ..	2 (c)	..	..	..	..	2	234	..	234
2 Visakhapatnam ..	3 (c)	..	..	..	..	3	356	..	356
3 East Godavari ..	1 (c)	..	..	..	..	1	74	..	74
4 West Godavari ..	4 (c)	..	..	..	..	4	485	33	518
5 Krishna, (East) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Krishna, (West) ..	..	..	..	1 (b)	..	1	39	..	39
7 Guntur, (North) ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
8 Guntur, (South) ..	2 (c)	..	..	1 (a)	..	3	350	..	350
9 Kurnool ..	1 (c)	..	..	..	..	1	157	..	157
10 Anantapur ..	2 (c)	..	..	..	..	2	269	..	269
11 Cuddapah ..	2 (c)	..	..	..	..	2	309	..	309
13 Nellore ..	1 (c)	..	..	..	..	1	162	..	162
12 Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total ..	18 (c)	..	..	1 (b) 1 (a)	..	20	2435	33	2,468

(a) Has provision for Senior Basic Training only.

(b) Has provision for Junior Basic Training only.

(c) Has provision for Senior and Junior Basic Training.

47. Number of training schools (Basic) for women and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam
3 East Godavari
4 West Godavari
5 Krishna, (East)
6 Krishna, (West)	1 (b)	..	1	59	109	168
7 Guntur, (North)
8 Guntur, (South)	1 (a)	..	1	..	39	39
9 Kurnool
10 Anantapur	1 (b)	..	..	..	1	..	114	114
11 Cuddapah
12 Nellore
13 Chittoor
Total ..	1 (b)	..	..	1 (a)	..	3	59	262	321
				1 (b)					

(a) Has provision for Junior Basic Training only.

(b) Has provision for both Senior and Junior Basic Training.

48. Number of institutions for technology-polytechnics and scholars by districts.

Districts	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam
3 East Godavari	2	..	..	..	2	683	21	704
4 West Godavari
5 Krishna	1	..	..	..	1	324	..	324
6 Guntur
7 Kurnool
8 Anantapur	2	..	..	..	2	91	..	91
9 Cuddapah
10 Nellore	1	..	..	..	1	22	..	22
11 Chittoor
Total ..	6	..	..	..	..	6	1120	21	1141

49. Number of industrial Schools and scholars by districts.

Districts.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam ..	1	..	..	..	..	1	28	2	30
2 Visakhapatnam	1	..	1	54	..	54
3 East Godavari
4 West Godavari	1	..	1	80	21	101
5 Krishna	1	1	2	94	..	94
6 Guntur	2	..	4	..	6	302	10	312
7 Kurnool
8 Anantapur
9 Cuddapah
10 Nellore
11 Chittoor
Total ..	1	2	..	7	1	11	558	33	591

50. Number of commercial schools and scholars by districts.

Districts.	Number of institutions by private management.			Strength.		
	Recognised.	Approved.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1 Srikakulam	3	3	94	..	94
2 Visakhapatnam	7	7	499	26	525
3 East Godavari	21	21	716	15	731
4 West Godavari	14	14	563	14	577
5 Krishna (East)	8	8	372	22	394
6 Krishna (West)	9	9	339	11	350
7 Guntur (North)	9	9	489	13	502
8 Guntur (South)	6	6	220	11	231
9 Kurnool	6	6	505	15	520
10 Anantapur	4	4	211	3	214
11 Cuddapah	1	1	51	9	60
12 Nellore	2	2	191	..	191
13 Chittoor	6	6	537	55	592
Total	96	96	4,787	194	4,981

51. Number of schools for arts and crafts and scholars by districts.

Districts.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.		
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys	Girls.	Total.
				Aided.	Unaided.				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam	1	..	32	..	32
3 East Godavari
4 West Godavari
5 Krishna
6 Guntur	1	..	..	1	..	..	76	76
7 Kurnool
8 Anantapur
9 Cuddapah
10 Nellore	1	..	..	44	44
11 Chittoor	1	..	..	50	5
Total ..	1	..	..	4	..	5	32	170	202

52. Number of adult schools and scholars by districts.

Districts.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.			
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	
				Aided.	Unaided.					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
<i>Agencies.</i>										
1 Srikakulam	10	..	10	305	..	305
2 Visakhapatnam	13	..	13	316	1	317
3 East Godavari	14	..	14	374	1	375
4 West Godavari	14	..	14	336	8	344
<i>Plains.</i>										
1 Srikakulam	4	16	3	137	..	160	6,045	17	6,062
2 Visakhapatnam	1	11	7	129	..	148	5,050	53	5,103
3 East Godavari	25	27	9	133	3	197	5,620	110	5,730
4 West Godavari	16	24	171	..	211	6,305	525	6,830
5 Krishna (East)	11	9	68	..	88	2,221	297	2,518
6 Krishna (West)	16	6	1	97	..	120	3,896	114	4,010
7 Guntur (North)	25	15	156	..	196	6,443	583	7,026
8 Guntur (South)	7	5	133	1	146	5,327	213	5,540
9 Kurnool	24	10	8	121	7	170	4,721	176	4,897
10 Anantapur	6	24	4	79	..	113	2,895	74	2,969
11 Cuddapah	12	19	4	110	..	145	3,392	200	3,592
12 Nellore	15	1	107	3	126	2,948	142	3,090
13 Chittoor	13	61	1	230	..	305	11,057	573	11,630
Total ..	101	248	91	1,722	14	2,176	67,251	3,087	70,338	

53. Number of Elementary schools for scheduled castes and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.			
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
				Aided.	Unaided.					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
<i>Agencies.</i>										
1 Srikakulam	1	..	1	30	21	51
2 Visakhapatnam	25	..	27	558	291	849
3 East Godavari	2	..	..	..	..	2	41	41	82
4 West Godavari	2	..	2	..	..	..
<i>Plains.</i>										
1 Srikakulam	1	3	..	19	..	23	1,010	538	1,548
2 Visakhapatnam	1	3	..	14	..	18	1,211	687	1,898
3 East Godavari	115	29	2	270	..	416	14,555	11,162	25,717
4 West Godavari	41	20	3	256	..	320	15,699	9,194	24,893
5 Krishna, East	37	5	..	98	..	140	4,093	3,805	7,898
6 Krishna, West	8	4	2	12	..	26	1,082	877	1,959
7 Guntur, North	13	..	2	108	..	123	6,272	4,633	10,905
8 Guntur, South	16	4	..	346	..	366	7,870	4,386	12,256
9 Kurnool	11	11	3	24	..	49	5,127	1,857	6,984
10 Anantapur	54	2	1	..	..	57	1,954	1,045	2,999
11 Cuddapah	15	6	2	48	..	71	2,672	1,183	3,855
12 Nellore	82	10	..	70	..	162	5,440	4,037	9,477
13 Chittoor	15	3	..	12	..	30	966	654	1,620
Total	409	102	15	1,305	..	1,831	68,490	44,411	1,12,501	

54 Number of Elementary Schools for Scheduled Tribes and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strength.			
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
				Aided.	Unaided.					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
<i>Agencies—</i>										
1 Srikakulam	17	..	..	49	..	66	2,016	1,050	3,066
2 Visakhapatnam	42	..	..	65	..	107	2,944	813	3,757
3 East Godavari	12	22	..	100	..	134	1,718	1,305	3,023
4 West Godavari	21	..	..	17	..	38	612	363	975
<i>Plains—</i>										
1 Srikakulam	1	4	..	9	..	14	509	294	803
2 Visakhapatnam
3 East Godavari	2	..	..	..	..	2	30	30	60
4 West Godavari	2	..	..	..	2	55	42	97
5 Krishna, East
6 Krishna, West	1	..	..	..	..	1	79	43	122
7 Guntur, North	1	..	..	..	..	1	217	152	369
8 Guntur, South
9 Kurnool	20	..	..	..	..	20	377	251	628
10 Anantapur	2	1	..	..	3	114	55	..	169
11 Cuddapah
12 Nellore
13 Chittoor
Total	119	29	..	240	..	388	8,671	4,398	13,069	

55 Number of Elementary schools for backward classes and scholars by districts.

District.	Number of institutions by management.						Strengt .			
	Government.	District Board.	Municipal Board.	Private.		Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
				Aided.	Unaided.					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
Agency—										
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam	3	..	3	..	6	125	52	177
3 East Godavari	9	15	..	32	..	56	824	430	1,254
4 West Godavari
Plains—										
1 Srikakulam
2 Visakhapatnam
3 East Godavari	12	..	12	591	393	984
4 West Godavari	30	..	118	..	148	10,978	9,078	20,056
5 Krishna- East	1	..	10	..	11	440	386	826
6 Krishna- West
7 Guntur, North
8 Guntur, South
9 Kurnool	6	..	..	..	..	6	214	98	312
10 Anantapur
11 Cuddapah
12 Nellore	2	3	..	16	..	21	1,089	630	1,719
13 Chittoor	15	..	..	..	..	15	430	256	686
Total ..	32	52	..	191	..	275	14,691	11,323	26,014	

56 Institutions chiefly intended for Anglo-Indians and their strength.

Type of institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Boys.		Girls.		Total.	
		Anglo-Indian Boys.	Other Boys.	Anglo-Indian Girls.	Other Girls.	Boys.	Girls.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1 Anglo-Indian High Schools for Boys.	1	135	257	..	..	392	..
2 Anglo-Indian High Schools for Girls.	2	109	105	194	204	214	398
3 Anglo-Indian Middle Schools for Boys.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Anglo-Indian Middle Schools for Girls.	4 (a)	155	123	218	151	278	369
5 Anglo-Indian Primary Schools for Boys.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Anglo-Indian Primary Schools for Girls.	4 (a)	64	51	123	14	115	265
Total ..	11	463	536	535	497	999	1,032

(a) Indicates 2 Central Government Schools against item No. 4 and 3 Central Government Schools against item No. 6 (Railway Schools).

57 Expenditure on Anglo-Indian schools.

(Direct and Indirect.)

Expenditure from.	Expenditure during 1954-55.	Percentage to total expenditure
(1)	(2)	(3)
	RS.	
Public Funds	95,686	42.04
Fees	78,556	34.52
Endowments, etc.	46,003	20.21
Other sources	7,346	3.23
Total ..	2,27,591	100.00

58. Teachers in Anglo-Indian Schools for General Education.

Type of Institution.		Number of Trained Teachers.											
		Non-Matriculates.											
		Graduates.		Passed Intermediates, on the Matriculation, S.S.L.C. or equivalent examination.		Passed III Form VIII standard elementary school certificate or equivalent examination.		Passed V standard or equivalent examination.		Others.		Total trained teachers	
(1)	Men. (2)	Women. (3)	Men. (4)	Women. (5)	Men. (6)	Women. (7)	Men. (8)	Women. (9)	Men. (10)	Women. (11)	Men. (12)	Women. (13)	
1 High Schools for Boys	6	..	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	6
2 High Schools for Girls	1	8	..	20	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	29
3 Middle Schools for Boys .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Middle Schools for Girls	1	7	2	21	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	29
5 Primary Schools for Boys .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Primary Schools for Girls .. .. .	..	..	3	16	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	17
Total	8	15	7	63	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	15	81

58. Teachers in Anglo-Indian Schools for General Education—cont.

Type of Institution.	Number of untrained Teachers.									
	Graduates.		Passed Intermediate, Matriculation, S.S.L.C., or equivalent examination.		Non-Matriculates.		Total untrained teachers.		Grand Total.	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
(1)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)
1 High Schools for Boys	1	..	..	2	..	1	1	3	9	9
2 High Schools for Girls .. .. .	..	..	1	..	1	1	2	1	3	30
3 Middle Schools for Boys .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4 Middle Schools for Girls .. .. .	..	..	2	1	1	..	3	1	6	30
5 Primary Schools for Boys .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
6 Primary Schools for Girls .. .. .	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	2	4	19
Total	1	..	3	4	3	3	7	7	22	88