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ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE FOREST CIRCLES IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, INCLUDING SIND, FOR THE YEAR 1916-1917.

CONSERVATORS IN CHARGE OF CIRCLES DURING THE YEAR.

Northern Circle.

W. F. D. Fisher, Esquire.

Central Circle.

O. H. L. Napier, Esquire.

Southern Circle.

T. R. Bell, Esquire.

Sind Circle.

G. R. Duxbury, Esquire.

CHAPTER I.

CONSTITUTION OF STATE FORESTS.

1.—ALTERATION IN AREA. Northern Circle.

Class of forest.		Area o July 1			during year.	durir	uded g the ar.	Area or June		Remarks.									
Reserved	•••	Sq. m. 2,688	Acres. 195	Sq. m.	Acres 55	Sq. m.	Acres. 279	Sq. m. 2,686	Acres.	*Of which 589 acres									
Protected	•••	488	269	0	64	0	53	488	280	assigned to a milk									
T3	Reserved .	330	595	595	595	595	595	595	59 5	0 595	595	595	••				330	595	in North Thans and 184 acres of forest land given
Leased .	Protected.	325	13	••	•		•	325	13	up for cultivation in North Nasik.									
	Total	3,832	432	0	119	1	332	3,831	219										

During the year, as set forth in Government Orders Nos. 11646 and 11786 dated 28th and 30th November 1916, the Násik and Thána forest divisions were reorganized, resulting in greatly increased efficiency of the executive staff without additional expenditure.

Central Circle.

The forest area at the close of the year was 5,400 square miles 239 acres as against 5,436 square miles 431 acres at its commencement. Alterations in areas in charge of the department were trifling, 1 square mile 541 acres being added to reserved forest and 201 acres deducted. The main cause of the net reduction in area of 36 square miles 192 acres lay in the disforestment for cultivation of 37 square miles 526 acres of pasture forests in charge of the Revenue Department in the Poons and Ahmednagar districts. Six acres of protected forest were disforested and leased forests remained unchanged. Eight square miles 280 acres of pasture forest in the Poona division were handed over to the Revenue Department after clearance of the tree growth, and this operation is now practically completed, one village alone remaining. Areas in charge of the Forest Department now total 3,731 square miles 217 acres, in charge of the Revenue Department 1,669 square miles 22 acres.

Southern Circle.

The total area of forest was reduced by 5 square miles and 212 acres during the year as follows:—

Class of fores	Class of forest.				Area on 1st July 1916.		Adding th	ed ne year.			Area 30th Jun		Remarks.
Reserved	•••	Ã 456	228	Sq.	m. 4 0	Acres. 103 *495	Sq. m. 0 *11	Acres. 134 219	Sq. m. 4,449	473	Changes due to rectifications of errors intimated by the Forest Settle-		
Protected	•••	132	103	{	*0 1	2 181	•	}	133	286	ment Officer on a comparison of forest registers with survey papers and on remeasurement		
Total	***	4,588	331	{	4 *2	105 36	0 *11	134 } 219 }	4,583	119	of areas in Kánara and Dhárwár.		

The real additions to, and the exclusions from, the area were 4 square miles and 105 acres, and 134 acres, respectively.

The additions to reserved forest occur mainly in the Kánara Northern and Belgaum divisions and are mostly from Government assessed waste lands relinquished by occupants and from scattered waste lands not in demand for cultivation. A few more in other divisions, wedged in between existing patches of jungles, were afforested. Disforestments in Kánara, Dhárwár and Bijápur were in the interests of agriculture.

In completion of the rearrangements of divisions in Kánara, Dhárwár and Bijápur as per Government Order No. 11396 of 27th October 1915 and in continuation of the readjustments, referred to in the last Annual Report as introduced from 1st February and 1st May 1916, the following changes were effected in Kánara Eastern, Central and Western divisions from 1st July 1916:—

- (a) portions of the Bhartnalli and Katur ranges of the Kánara Eastern division were transferred to the Sirsi range of the Kánara Central division—resulting in the sub-division of this range into two others styled the Sirsi East and Sirsi West ranges;
- (b) a bit of the Yellapur range of the Kanara Eastern division was similarly transferred to the Kadra range of the Kanara Western division.

These interchanges have not affected the total area of the circle.

An area of 7 square miles and 133 acres of pasture forests of the Parasgad taluka in the Belgaum division was transferred from the management of the Revenue Department to that of the Forest Department to complete the blocks of the Gokák working plan, sanctioned in Government Order No. 7352 dated 25th July 1916.

Sind Circle.

The alterations in area were:-

Class of forest.			Area on 1st July 1916.		Added during the year.		Excluded during the year.		Area on 30th June 1917.	
			Sq. m.	Acres.	Sq. m.	Acres.	Sq. m'.	Acres.	Sq. m.	Acres.
Reserved	i	•••	1,159	141	32	433	18	346	1,173	228
Protected		•••	0	585	•••	***	•••	•••	0	585
	Fotal	•••	1,160	86	3 2	433	18	346	1,174	173

The additions comprise-

Alluvial accretion Reservation by notification Rectification on resurvey	•••;	sq. m. 31 	Acres, 592 481
Total	•••	32	433
The exclusions were— Erosions Disforestment or transfer Rectification by resurvey Total	•••	18	346 346
The eroded area is thus classified—	-		
Growing valuable timber New alluvium without trees New alluvium with young growth Coupes under regeneration Blanks	•••		1,562 3,840 4,077 565 1,822
Total	•••		11,866

In the previous year the total erosion was 16,180 acres.

The value of the material exploited from eroded areas (vide Government Resolution No. 804 of 2nd February 1900) was—

Approximate area eroded after exploitation	•••	740		
Average value per acre	•••	Rs. 6	12	p.
Estimated value of timber before exploitation	on	4,996	7	9
Actual receipts	***	4,996	7	9

Contractors agreed to pay the price asked by the department.

Eight hundred and twenty-two acres, 800 of which were in Allahbux, Bahadipur and Achamarho forests containing growth valued at Rs. 6,910 were eroded before exploitation was possible owing to a sudden change in the course of the river during the inundation season.

One thousand seven hundred and sixty acres threatened with erosion were exploited. The resultant material was sold for Rs. 12,494.

Acquisition of kachas adjoining forest-

1 . •	•		Acres.
Kacha claims pending at the en	d of last year	•••	12
New claims made during the ye		•••	31
Decided in favour of the Forest		•••	31
Decided against the Forest Dep	artment	•••	Nil.
Claim withdrawn	•••	•••	Nil.
Still undecided		,•••	12

Two thousand three hundred and eighty-two acres and 2 gunthas were temporarily alienated to other departments; of these 2,353 acres were handed over to the military farm near Ruk.

2.—Forest Settlements.

Northern Circle.

These are complete.

Central Circle.

Settlement work consisted of the notification under section 19 of the Forest Act of 1 square mile 541 acres, comprising small areas taken up for inclusion in forest or for buildings. Under section 4 of the Act notifications regarding 22 square miles 405 acres of waste lands in West Khandesh, and of 331 acres in other divisions were issued by Forest Settlement Officers.

Outstanding work as mentioned in last year's report consists of the acquisition of teak bearing lands within the demarcation line in Sátára and Poona, and a report on the subject will shortly be submitted to Government. Minute examination of these lands has been found necessary in order to determine which are really required for forest purposes and which can be excluded for good and all, and this has delayed the submission of proposals in this important matter.

Southern Circle.

Four square miles and 105 acres were notified under section 19, and 2 square miles and 154 acres under section 4, of the Forest Act.

The proposals for the appointment of special Forest Settlement Officers for Kánara and Belgaum having been negatived by Government, the arrear work, detailed in the Annual Report for 1914-15, will have to be cleared in the usual way by the Assistant Collectors in the order of urgency. Proposals for afforestation of assessed waste lands in the Dhárwár and Bijápur districts were submitted to the respective Collectors during the year.

Rs. 9,674 were spent on "Forest Settlements" as under:

0,011 Well broad of x of cold better ab about.	
Acquisition of land for forest in Belgaum Acquisition of land for forest in Kánara S. D. Acquisition of land for a fuel depôt in Kánara C. D. Compensation for a building acquired for Range Forest Officer's résidence at Ankola in Kánara	1,044 26 380
C. D Cost of the Wild Tribes (Berads) settlement at Khanapur in the Belgaum division (G. R., J. D.,	2,000
No. 7784, dated 30th November 1916) charge- able to "exploitation of fuel—A-I-b" but shown under the above head by the Accountant	•
General Expenditure in 1915-16	6,224 2,594
Sind Circle.	2,001
Area awaiting settlement at the commencement of	Acres.
the year Area added by notification under section 4 of the	677
Indian Forest Act	89
Total	766
Area actually settled under section 19 of the Indian	
Forest Act	480
Balance awaiting settlement	286
Expenditure	Nil.

The need for more riverain forest in Upper Sind has been pointed out to the Commissioner in Sind.

3.—DEMARCATION.

Northern Circle.

Of the 109 miles remaining to complete the demarcation of the circle, 3 miles out of the 42 in Igatpuri range and 3 miles out of the 66 in the Dindori and Peint ranges were demarcated during the year, leaving 103 in all to be completed.

Central Circle.

In the 1915-16 report outstanding work was said to consist of 162 miles in Kolába, and 658 in the Akola and Rajur ranges, Nagar district, but forming part of the Poona division. The former figure was an underestimate, as actually 192 miles have been demarcated during the year, which completes the work in Kolába. The latter figure was largely overestimated; Akola has been completed by the demarcation of 68 miles, and 124 miles only in Rajur now remain to be taken in hand, the error in last year's figures being due to

the two ranges having only a short time before been transferred to the circle, and to accurate estimation not having been made of the lines which required demarcation. In West Khandesh 26 miles of boundary of the lands under afforestation were completed.

The final results of the year were 286 miles of new boundaries costing Rs. 3,096 and 5,124 miles of existing boundaries repaired at a cost of Rs. 2,591.

Southern Circle.

The details of work done, and expenditure incurred, under this head are shown in Form No. 9.

New demarcation amounted to 37 miles of external boundaries as detailed below and 510 miles of internal boundaries:—

	Line demarcated.	Cost.	Cost per mile.
	Miles.	Rs.	Rs.
The Mysore State frontier line in the Kanara Southern division.	6	281	47
The Portuguese territory frontier line in the Kanara Western division.	24	1,301	54
The Savantwadi State frontier line in the Belgaum division.	6	419	70
Boundary between two inam villages and British territory in the Kalghatgi range of the Kanara Northern division.	1	4	4

The cost of demarcation of these frontier boundaries varies with the nature of the country according as it is covered with thick jungle and hilly or otherwise. The cost of the Mysore frontier line, for instance, which was the heaviest in 1915-16, viz., Rs. 131 per mile, came down to Rs. 47 or about one-third in 1916-17. About three miles now remain to be cut of this line and about 14 miles of the Portuguese frontier line, both of which will be completed in 1917-18.

The internal lines are boundaries of betta lands, 30 miles in Kánara Central division and 480 miles in Kánara Southern division. The cost of these amounted to Rs. 223 or Rs. 04 per mile, being easy work. Betta demarcation is reported to be complete now and the Divisional Forest Officer, Kánara Southern division, states that the Betta Officer's establishment may be discharged from October 1917.

In the Dharwar-Bijapur division much work of clearing old lines was done as usual with the help of villagers on the concession of removing for their own use the wood and thorns cut. It is understood that the Collector of Dharwar has issued orders requiring inamdars to clear the common boundaries between their lands and Government forests. The Collectors of the other districts will be required to issue similar orders in their districts.

Sind Circle.

Internal boundaries.—The forests are divided into half-mile squares by rides 20 feet wide.

Fifty-two and one-fourth miles of new compartment lines were cut during the year by the free labour of herdsmen except in Larkana where the 9 miles cut through thick growth cost Rs 150.

Two thousand seven hundred and seventy miles of previously cut rides were kept clear by free labour valued at Rs. 5,541.

Ninty-eight thousand one hundred and fifty-nine acres remain round which rides have still to be cut. Most of this area contains very young lai (Tamarix gallica) growth in kachas, which in the course of time will be replaced by babul, and the work will then be taken in hand. The Deputy Conservator found arrears of demarcation work in the Hyderabad division especially in the mature Bahan forest of Keti Khasai, and this work will be commenced at once.

External boundaries.—Fifteen miles and 4,224 feet were demarcated with 241 new boundary marks. Nineteen thousand and seven old boundary marks on 2,022 miles 1,787 feet of line were repaired free of cost.

4.—Forest Surveys.

Northern Circle.

None were carried out.

The total expenditure under the heading "Constitution of State Forests" was Rs. 2,200 as against Rs. 3,269 in 1915-16.

Central Circle.

None were carried out.

The total expenditure on "Constitution of State Forests" was Rs. 8,625 as against Rs. 6,630 last year.

Southern Circle.

There were none.

The total expenditure on the "Constitution of State Forests" was Rs. 12,586 as against Rs. 6,630 last year.

Sind Circle.

The work done by the Working Plans Assistant and his staff and the surveyors attached to each division is given below separately:—

By whom.	Division.	River course surveyed.	Forest bound- aries surveyed and checked.	No. of test trees measur- ed.	Measurement of compart- ment lines.	No. of maps pre- pared.	No. of coupes marked and their area.	Levelling of bunds and drain- age pro- jects.
,	-	Sg. m. Feet.	Sq. m. Feet.		Sq. m. Feet.		No. A. g.	Miles.
Working Plans Assistant and	Sukkur	65 1,848	725 3,300	995	776 2,772	•••••	44 = 3,806 6	
his staff.	Hyderabad	1011115-	·	4++++	•	******	26 = 1,877 0	41111
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sukkur	. 10 0	7 0		27 0	41	\$174¢A	*****
Divisional sur-	Hyderabad	125 0	*****	•••••		275	59 = 3,366 0	
veyors.	Lárkána	<u> </u>	2 0	******	•	21	34 = 2,876 29	
	Jerruck	96 0 ′	*****	*****	******	20	37 = 2,273 6	15

The survey of river frontages and marking of coupes was carried out as usual by Range Forest. Officers, the number of miles surveyed being 97½. Fifty-four tracings were prepared in the Lárkána division. Two sets of coupes were laid out during the year, both in the Hyderabad and Jerruck divisions, as a precaution in case the amount of firewood available was not sufficient for the military contract and the markets of Lower Sind, and to enable the selection of reserves for large babul timber to be done with greater care during the ensuing working season.

CHAPTER II.

MANAGEMENT OF STATE FORESTS.

1.—REGULATION AND MANAGEMENT.

(a) Preparation and Control of Regular Working Plans. Northern Circle.

A plan for the hitherto unorganized forests of the South Dángs was sanctioned by Government Order No. 4726 dated 16th April 1917. The only forests remaining to be brought under working plans are those of the Central Dángs (267 square miles) and some 13 square miles of protected forests in West Thána division.

Owing to the transfer of the former Divisional Forest Officer, Panch Mahals, to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, the revised working plan for the Eastern Mahals was left undrafted, but its provisions, as laid down by the Superintendent of Working Plans, were applied, and the same principles are being extended to the Western Mahals forests of Godhra and Kalol. These provisions hinge mainly on the introduction of clear cutting in the place of coppice with standards, the rotation being suitably lengthened.

All the Thana forest working plans, after scrutiny, approval and suggestions on the spot by the Inspector-General of Forests in the months of January-February 1917, are being similarly revised under one plan, the draft of which is still in hand, and as the matter is urgent, its provisions are being introduced in anticipation of Government sanction.

It is satisfactory to note that in each of the above cases the result has been more conservative exploitation, together with more intense management, greater economy in working, and a higher revenue—though this last has been due to continued rise in prices of all material.

The revision of the working plan of the teak forests of the Nasik divisions will, if possible, be considered in the coming year, but the reduced Imperial staff makes the matter difficult. In other forests the prescriptions of existing plans were duly carried out.

Central Circle.

Preparation.—The Inspector-General of Forests having been invited by Government to visit the Presidency and advise regarding the revision of existing and the preparation of new working plans, he was shown the Satpuda forests of East Khandesh for which a plan had been drawn up in the previous year, but not submitted, the Sátpuda forests of North Khandesh on the revision of which the Working Plans Officer was at the time engaged, and the teak and babul forests in Poons which were under revision by the Divisional Officer. In the East Khandesh plan he recommended radical alterations, as also its combination with the North Khandesh plan, the forests of both being contiguous, of the same nature, and requiring similar treatment; in Poona he approved the lines on which the plans were based, but advised the adoption of the practice prevailing in other Provinces of having one plan for a whole division, with separate working circles for areas containing species requiring separate treatment, such practice making much for convenience and also for economy in printing. His advice on the above points is being followed and the results will reach Government during the current year. Naturally the taking in hand of the revision of all the plans of a division as a whole, instead of piecemeal as has hitherto been done, has caused delay in submission of the reports, but the delay is well worth while, and many of the Inspector-General's recommendations in matters of detail have already been brought into force.

The Working Plans Officer completed his plan for the Jávli, Wái and Sátára ranges of the Sátára division during the year, and this will shortly reach Government. It did not in all respects meet the Conservator's views and was held back for further consideration and alteration.

Control.—The prescriptions of existing plans were duly carried out subject to minor deviations resulting from shortage of labour, inferiority of growth, or inaccessibility of coupes. On the other hand, the keen demand for forest material resulted in these causes being less marked than usual and to coupes being more thoroughly worked.

Southern Circle.

Preparation.—Three working plans were sanctioned during the year:—

	System of working.	Area.	Total cost.	Cost per square mile.
 (1) The Gokák fuel working plan in Belgaum division. (2) A revised plan for Bhagvati fores Blocks VIII, IX and XX in Ká N. D. (3) A revised plan for Kirwatti teak area—Blocks XIV and XV in Ká E. D. 	ts— High forest selection system.	61 30	None but sum spe	nt for a tos illustra

The first plan was compiled by Mr. Hodgson, Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, in the course of his ordinary duties with no extra cost, for which he was granted a special allowance of Rs. 500 by Government. The other two plans were done by Mr. Miller, Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans.

Control.—The provisions of existing plans were carried out as far as the supply of labour and demand for the produce would admit. Some work is in arrears, particularly in Kánara Western and Eastern divisions, as will be seen from the detailed statement annexed to Form No. 11 in accordance with Government Order No. 9358 of 28th September 1916.

The work of improving the beds of the Kálinadi and Káneri for floating timber was continued but no definite results have yet been obtained. The work was done by Mr. Pipe, deputed from the Public Works Department and cost Rs. 12,997 (vide remarks under Chapter VI, 'General').

The survey of the Dándeli-Alnávar railway line (Dándeli-Távargátti in last year's report) was actually carried out this year but nothing has yet transpired as to when it is to be built. It is badly wanted.

If the railway line from Hubli to Sirsi via Kalghatgi and Mundgod, the survey of which has recently been sanctioned, is soon constructed and opened for traffic, the difficulties of forest transport, experienced in Kanara Eastern and Central divisions, will be much lessened.

Sind Circle.

The special work taken in hand during the year under report was in connection with the revision of the existing working plan of the forests of the Sukkur division. The field work was begun in November 1916 and completed at the end of April 1917.

The work comprised—

- (a) Resurvey of external boundaries where inaccuracy had been revealed on comparison with forest maps;
- (b) Resurvey of the course of the river Indus to ascertain and define its present position, and the changes effected by it in forest areas:
- (c) Re-measurement of compartment lines;
- . (d) Measurement of sample trees;
- (e) Detailed examination of compartments with a view to ascertain the composition and condition of the growing stock, and prepare stock maps accordingly.

The total cost incurred on the field work, inclusive of the pay of the Working Plans Assistant, Sind Circle, and his staff amounted during the year to Rs. 11,575.

The data collected during the previous working season was put on paper, and a revised plan for the Lárkána division is ready for criticism by the Deputy Conservator during the ensuing touring season.

(b) Preliminary Working Plans. Northern Circle.

There were none.

· Central Circle.

None were submitted, but in Sátára data were collected by the Sub-Divisional Officer for an extension of the areas now included in the Maháblesh-wár plan, a work necessitated by the ever increasing consumption of fuel at that hill-station and the importance of checking illicit cuttings to meet the demand. In Poona the Divisional Officer will include in his general plan for the division fresh areas in Máwal and elsewhere, the organization of which appeared a short time back to be quite unnecessary, but which are now readily taken up by contractors; all data for the purpose were collected by him during his tour.

Southern Circle.

The following plans were sent to press during the year:—

- (1) The Kalghátgi range plan;
- (2) The Bankápur and Hangal forest plan.

Plans under preparation:

Revised plan for Yellapur slopes—completed;
 Revised plan for Mundgod high forest;

(3) Revised plan for Mundgod teak pole area;

(4) The Honávar-Bhátkal fuel plan;

(5) The working plan for Bijápur forests;

(6) The Belgaum range plan;

(7) Revised Khanapur fuel plan. (Has been submitted to the Conservator);

(8) Revised Golihali-Godoli teak pole plan.

Nos. 1 to 5 are being prepared by Mr. Miller, Divisional Forest Officer, Working plans, and Nos. 6 to 8 by Mr. Hodgson, Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum; but owing to the deputation of the latter as Deputy Controller of Timber Supplies under the Munitions Board to Bombay during the year and the appointment of Mr. Miller as Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, further progress with these plans is hardly possible until Mr. Miller is relieved of the charge of the Belgaum division or at least an independent Imperial officer becomes available for the Working Plans division.

The field work done by the Working Plans party during the year was confined to Kanara N. D. and Bijapur; the expenditure on field work was:

Rs. 4,223 or 5'8 pies per acre. Inspection of Bijápur forests ...

Revision of Supa Blocks III,

Rs. 3,881 or 15 pies per acre. IV and V

> Total ... Rs. 8,104

> > Sind Circle.

Nil.

(c) Plans of Operations.

Northern Circle.

These were duly prepared and submitted by the Divisional Forest Officers. There was no important deviation from them during the year.

Central Circle.

These were duly prepared and carried out.

Southern Circle.

Plans of operations were submitted by all the Divisional Forest Officers and carried out as far as possible, expenditure on unremunerative works, such as buildings and wells, being postponed with a view to economy as in last year. In Kanara N. D., owing to the prevalence of plague and cholera and the crossing over the Kalinadi river at Bailpar being out of repair, some of the contractors in the high forest could not extract as much timber to the Tavargatti depôt as was expected. In the Belgaum division also, contractors' work has hindered to a certain extent owing to plague and cholera and the late heavy rains-which last item delayed work everywhere else also.

Sind Circle.

These were prepared in all divisions and carried out as far as possible.

2.—Communications and Buildings.

(a) Roads and Bridges.

Northern Circle.

New roads were constructed in:-

•		
Surat division (Dangs)—		Rs.
Mahal-Dulda, 1 mile		1,000
Borkhal-Bhawandagad, 2 miles		1,000
Galkund-Pandwa, ½ mile	•••	1,500
Málegaon-Zaria, 6 miles	•••	5,000
Málegaon-Chip ghát, 2 miles	•••	1,500
Malegaon-Only Start, 2 miles	•	,

North Thana— Káse-Udhwa, 5½ miles	, • •	Rs. 3,410
West Thnda— Redden Reddenur 1 mile	•	677
Potgaon-Badlápur, 1 mile	•••	14,087
Cart tracks in East Thána and South Násik	•••	2,926
Total, New works Total repairs in the circle, 196 miles	•••	17 013 7,816
Grand total, Roads	•••	24,829

Central Circle.

The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 9,378 as against Rs. 8,277 in 1915-16, 10 miles of new roads being constructed or partially so, or surveyed, at a cost of Rs. 2,071, and 144 miles of existing roads and paths repaired at a cost of Rs. 7,307.

In North Khandesh the final 3 miles of the Hisala-Bhoiti road, 10 miles long in all, were cut and levelled; though open to carts and already giving increased facilities for exploitation of coupes, this section still requires to be metalled before being fit to carry heavy traffic. On the Wasardi-Kodit road consolidation was continued, and extension towards Malkatar will be taken up. Other work consisted of conversion of bullock tracks into cart tracks, and of repairs to bridle paths. The advantage of pushing road communications deeper into the Satpuda hills and of opening out areas from which at present none but the most valuable material is removable, is being kept in mind, and the work will be pushed on as quickly as funds and labour are available. The Conservator discussed these matters on the spot with the Divisional Forest Officer, and also inspected the alignment proposed by the Forest Department for the road into the Akrani, as an alternative to that proposed by the Public Works Department. From the forest point of view the former is incomparably the better, and Government have already ordered the Public Works Department to consider the point in detail.

In East Khandesh no work was carried out beyond improvement of difficult gradients on the rough cart tracks that alone exist in the Satpudas. The country is difficult in the extreme, and careful surveys were the first essential. For this purpose a special surveyor was engaged, and 36 miles carefully aligned and pegged out. Systematic construction for a number of years can now commence; until these hills are properly opened up, the forests can never yield their full value.

In West Khandesh existing roads were repaired and improved. The Local Board road from Nawapur to Borzar is now almost finished, a work of great utility to the Forest Department, and to the maintenance of which on completion the latter has undertaken to contribute for a period of ten years.

In Poona 1 mile of ghát crest bridle path was converted into a cart track, giving access to a village 9 miles from Lonávia, a locality where there are considerable prospects of an increase in forest exploitation. Existing roads and bridle paths were kept in repair.

In Satara the question of the partial abandonment of the Koyna valley road scheme referred to in last year's report is now before Government. The Vang valley road was repaired, and improved by the construction of Irish bridges, but further work in this direction is still required; the full utility of this road is somewhat detracted from by the bad state of repair in which its continuation towards the east is kept by the Local Board, and the Forest Department is proposing to take over this section if the Board will contribute the amount they now allot for repairs. Further extensions to the west into teak-bearing areas are contemplated.

In Kolába the few existing tracks were repaired.

Southern Circle.

Rs. 18,460 were spent on the construction of the undermentioned roads and bridges during the year as against Rs. 12,846 last year:—

Division.		Name of work.	Di	stance.	Cost.
		Traine of Work.	Miles.	Miles. Furlongs.	
Kánará N. D.	{	Fansoli-Bavlázára road . Dabinkol road . Kalghátgi-Kudalgi road . Haliyál-Kávalgad road . Kalkeri road	3 1 3 7 3	4 6 6 	Rs. 1,196 264 443 1,117 1,395
Kánara E. D.		5 bridges on Gunjávati-Kyatnalli road. 2 bridges on Katur-Bomanhalli road. Dowginalla-Lalguli and Lalguli-Ghosemani roads. Katur-Bomanhalli road Baildundur-Basyánkop road Armáne-Hakkal road Venkátápur-Arekop road Chitgeri-Kurli road Mundgod-Dhundshi road	 7 2 3 1 2 4 5	 4 4 1 	500 524 } 1,180
Kánara C. D.	•••	Hattikeri-Gule road	2	. •••	377
Kánara W. D.	{	Kadra-Shivpur road—extension with 48 culverts on the road. Cycle paths	9 18	•••	8,818 74
Belgaum	{	Gunji-Shiroli road Kanbárgi-Muchandi road Completion of bridges on local fund roads.	7	3	960 1,582

Of the above, the last five only are new constructions. The Kádra-Shivpur road, costing in difficult places up to the present Rs. 1,000 and over per mile, will be one of the most important in Kánara as it will ensure the extraction of heavy timber from Gund and the Kálinadi valley. When the six extra miles aligned up to the Holegádda slide during the year is constructed and made fit for cart traffic, the whole road will be very useful and remunerative. The expenditure of Rs. 560 on the Kanbárgi road has raised the fuel revenue of the fellings affected from Rs. 1,930 in 1915-16 to Rs. 5,980 in 1916-17, or by Rs. 4,050.

A detailed scheme of forest roads was submitted to the Commissioner, S. D., in connection with the measures to be taken for obtaining additional revenue and orders thereon are awaited.

About 304 miles of forest roads and paths, besides the above, were repaired at a total cost of Rs. 25,205, compared with 252 miles repaired for Rs. 26,770 in the previous year.

The usual contribution of Rs. 5,000 was paid by each of the Kanara Northern and Western divisions for repairs of Local Board roads.

Sind Circle.

In Sind water carriage is usually resorted to, there is no metal for permanent forest roads, but the 20 feet rides throughout the forest are used to convey the material to the river banks, etc. These were repaired free of cost in all divisions.

(b) Buildings.

Northern Circle.

e following buildings were constructed in :		_
Surat—		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$.
Dharamshala at Fort Songad to accommerchants during auction sale per		. 3,750
Additional ward to Ahwa jail	,	500
North Thána—		
Offices and quarters for the Range For the three newly created ranges	rest Officers o	of 13,107
East Thána—		0
Guards' posts (kachha)	••	60
Total, N Repairs		. 17,417 2,734
Grand total,	Buildings	. 20,151
	÷	

Central Circle.

Expenditure under this head was Rs. 250 only on new works, Rs. 200 being spent on the completion of a guard's post in Sátára and Rs. 50 on temporary guard's quarters in Kolába. Elsewhere for financial reasons no buildings could be undertaken. Repairs to existing buildings cost Rs. 2,188. The provision of inspection bungalows in North Khándesh is very necessary; tent life there in the hot weather with no shade available does not conduce to an officer's health and efficiency, and it is hoped to start on a definite programme as soon as circumstances admit. On the housing of the subordinate establishment also there is much to be done in all divisions.

Southern Circle.

The cost of new buildings was Rs. 2,227 as under:

·	
	Rs .
Kánara S. D.—Guards' quarters at Bhatkal	827
Dhárwár-Bijápur.—Guards' quarters at Makarwalli.	619
Belgaum.—Guards' temporary huts, six	52
Rest-house at Nagargali completed	490
Kanara N. D.—Minor fittings to rest-houses	84
Paving the floor of the Divisional Forest Office with stones	48
Guard's naka at Kambarganvi— special repairs	107
Total for 1916-1917 Total for 1915-1916 Total for 1914-1915	2,227 12,439 29,981

The above comparison shows how expenditure has to be curtailed from year to year for the sake of economy, though many buildings are urgently required.

Repairs to buildings cost Rs. 6,017 against Rs. 4,127 last year.

Sind Circle.

Rs. 580 were spent on new buildings or portions of buildings as under:—

Sukkur—

Rs. 125 on paving with pacca brick the floors of the office, record room and verandah of the Range Forest Officer, Abad; Rs. 197 on paving with pacca brick the floor of the quarters of the Range Forest Officer, Abad, including verandah.

	. 13	τ
Ld.	rkána—	,
į.	Rs. 258 on building a new compound wall round the Larkana.	depôt a
•	Repairs to existing buildings cost Rs. 2,214.	
); ·	The Public Works Department spent Rs. 177 on repairs to in Sukkur.	building
	(c) Miscellaneous.	
	Northern Circle.	Rs.
डेंचे कर	The partial sinking of five wells in the Dangs of	.43 •
: <u>E</u>	Surat and one each in North Thana and South Nasik	
F: 1	Deepening and cleaning of existing wells in several	540 ′
6 4 3		833
	Total, Miscellaneous 2,	373
	Central Circle.	
${f Rs}$	622 were spent on wells including repairs in all divisions	. ـــ المحمر ا
TOM MO	rk in West Knandesh. In Kolába wire fencing of a casuarir	s and one
tion cos	t fis. 449.	ım bımının
	Southern Circle.	D.,
Ká	nara W.D Construction of a waterway in the Kaneri	Rs.
	and Kalinadi rivers for floating timber	
	from the Gund plateau forests to the	,
	Kodibág depôt—preliminary opera- tions	10.00
	1 tank at Tinaighát	12,995 888
${f Be}$	gaum 1 well at Chigule	500
	1 well at Nágargali—commenced	139
	árwár-Bijápur 1 well at Hangal—nearly finished	400
	nara C. D 1 well at Andle	350
Ká	nara E. D 1 well at Chitgeri } commenced	306
Ká	nara N. D. 1 tank at Kul.;	
<i>r</i> ,	1 tank at Ambgaon } special repairs	15
•	TI 4 1 f 1010 4 ff	
	Total for 1916-17	15,72
	Total for 1915-16	398
D.) and	e telephone connections between Yellapur and Kirwatti (I between Tavargatti and Dandeli (Kanara N. D.) were main centals of Rs. 335 and Rs. 450, respectively.	
**	Sind Circle.	
follows a	w minor irrigation works were undertaken by the deparate a cost of Rs. 788:—	tment, as
$oldsymbol{L}$ ár	·kána—	Řs.
	Construction of a new bund in Hassanwahan forest to keep	•
	forest irrigation water off local fund road	155
	Construction of a culvert for local fund road in Hassan- wahan forest	207
	s work was carried out under the orders of the Deputy	
	ator as forest irrigation water had damaged the local fund	
Conservators of the conservation of the conser	ator as forest irrigation water had damaged the local fund d was likely to damage it in the future.	
Conservators of the conservation of the conser	d was likely to damage it in the future.	
Conservations of the Conservation of the Conse	d was likely to damage it in the future.	236

The Public	Works	Department	constructed	the	following sluices	during
the year:	2					T) o

Jerruck-85 Repairs to bund in Penah and Huderani forests Construction of a sluice for irrigation of Penah and 5,070 Huderani forests Excavation of karia ex the sluice in Mulchand-Shahbunder 2,406 bund and rebuilding of sluice (Shikar wah) 150 Repairing of Gharko forest bund ... Construction of pacca sluice Taki 46 right side Kalri wah... 157 Sukkur-.21**1** Constructing a pacca sluice ex-Mahesro wah ... 40 Repairs to sluices and bunds. 8,119 Total

3.—PROTECTION OF FORESTS.

(a) General Protection.

Northern Circle.

Statement of offences by nature and treatment and comparison with former years.

	-	Cas	A es tak Cou	en int rt.	0	Case	s com	pound	eđ.	Саве	O bau ae	etecte	a.		Tot	al. 	[1	
Division.		Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Grand total.
1 25 1 (1)	(1916-17	Б :	16	18	1	6	550	824	18	50	256	1	 •••	61	822	843	19	1,745
Panch Maháls	1915-16	б	· 2	10		7	571	853	76	43	275	1	6	55	848	864	82	1,849
Burat	ſ1916-17	3	1		3	16	21	36	10	2	3	•••	•••	21	25	36	13	. 95
ouras	1915-16	4	2	ļ		- 4	19	20	8	4	1	·	2	12	22	20	10	64
North Thána -	1916-17		21	1			191	228	27	55	151		•••	55	363	229	27	674
MOLUM THOMA	1915-16	1	13	1	1	4	142	197	31	57	135		2	62	290	198	94	584
West Thána	∫1916-17	6	27	9	1	4	197	3 62	26	31	115	2	3	41	839	973	30	789
11004 = 2020-111	1915-16	3	9	13	2	1	259.	368	35	71	181	2	1	75	449	383	38	. 945
East Thána	{1916-17. _~	1	18	6	4	8	329	240	48	. 64	113	7	1	78	460	253	53	844
•	1915-16	i	17	12	i	5	315	248	60	66	124	1		75	456	261	65	857
South Násik	[1916-17	1 -		9	i _	5	163	123	38	41	36		•••	47	206	132	40	425
	1915-16	. 1	1	7		7	142	128	22	42	41			50	186	135	25	396
North Násik	{1916-17	į –	1	3		1	180	334	46	6	14	•••	1	8	202	937	48 54	598
	1915-16	`i		2		8	239	914	58	22	37	1 ***	•••	26	282	316		677
•	1916-17	1	3	5		1	301	278	11	13	36		***	14	340 257	283	11 24	648
Division.) 1915-16	·—	-'	51	- —	1 42	229 1.932	351	22	262	724	10	5	325	2,757	2,486	241	5,809
Total of		21 20	_'	52		32	1,932	2,425	224	318	817		12	370	2,790	2,535	331	6,026
Average of	the past se years.			58	_,	-		2,061	258	-}	870	5	12	462	2,946	2,555	283	5,81

The circle figures for the year are unremarkable. Protection generally was as satisfactory as can be reasonably hoped for in view of the steadily increasing state of inefficiency and shortage of staff, especially the former. The forest protective staff is the guard of an otherwise open treasury and requires greater immunity from common want. The uncertainty of prospects under a graded cadre of appointments accentuates present hardship.

Protection against theft.—The total number of cases of illicit fellings reported was approximately the same as last year, being 2,757 against 2,790. The number of cases prosecuted rose from 57 to 101—every division showing an increase owing to the need for deterrent action. Compounded cases rose from 1,916 to 1,932 and undetected cases fell from 817 to 724, which are tendencies in the right direction. The number of unreported cases is legion, but if adequate notice were taken of these the staff would be so reduced as to make work impossible.

Panch Mahals—The return from this division shows little diminution from the excessive figure of last year, then attributed to scarcity. It is hoped that the Divisional Forest Officer's remark about increased vigilance is the real explanation. More energy is required throughout.

Surat—This is the only division in which protection is really satisfactory. It is so in spite of difficulty with establishment which is chronic, and due to the extensive privileges of a small population and the paramount position of the Divisional Forest Officer. The inefficiency of the staff is chiefly felt in sylvicultural matters to the detriment of the future crop.

North Thána—The Divisional Forest Officer writes that theft of the best young teak is on the increase owing to the absence of the large bamboo which died six or seven years ago. He hopes to mitigate the evil by supply from thinnings under the revised working plan introduced this year. The worst of it is that in the absence of an efficient staff these casual misfortunes show the people our helplessness and give rise to temptations which threaten to assume the form of habit.

West Thána—In recording a decrease of unauthorized fellings reported in all ranges except Kalyán the Divisional Forest Officer says: "To my mind the improvement is more apparent than real. I am afraid in some rounds the offences are not correctly reported." It is satisfactory to note that in the last three years a reduction of offences in Bassein from 172 to 89 is attributable to the satisfactory working of special depôts in that taluka. The monetary loss to Government by such arrangements is considerable but is deemed justified and similar depôts are suggested for Thána, Bhiwandi and Murbád. The matter will be considered, but each case must rest on its merits or the whole country side will demand Government usurping the place of the retail trader.

East Thána—The Divisional Forest Officer mentions an increase in the number of offences in Igatpuri and South Sháhápur ranges but hopes the newly started firewood depôt at the former place will improve matters especially when he starts one at Ghoti also. There is justification for both these depôts. The increase in South Sháhápur was anticipated and is due to better reporting since the creation of the new range.

South Násik—The protection in the above-ghát portions of the Dindori range is, as usual, the worst in all respects, in spite of repeated warnings and communal punishments. It is bad also in Násik. In Dindori four villages have been reported to the Collector with the recommendation for the levying of double grazing fees and twenty-two villages are reported for warnings; while in Násik range two villages have been reported for double grazing fees and fourteen for warnings. The firewood depôt at Trimbak was carried on with some effect but, as usual, much difficulty was experienced in obtaining labour.

North Nasik.—A decrease from 282 to 202 cases is reported. This is undoubtedly a false picture and as the Divisional Forest Officer remarks regarding reduction in reported offences generally "...indicates slackness on the part of subordinates especially in Kalwan". An able Ranger has recently been appointed in Kalwan in the place of the late man who was long past for active work and it is hoped things will now improve.

Nasik Sub-Division.—The figures in this charge show a considerable increase, doubtless due to its consisting of an area which up to date has had little inspection from superior officers. These are early days to say more.

Central Circle.

The following table classifies the number of offences reported during the year as compared with those of 1915-16 and with the average of the three preceding years:—

	Cases	taken	into C	ourt.	Cases	eompo warn	undec	land	Cas		C detect	ed.		T	otal.	· 	Gra to	ind tal.
Division.	Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forests by fixe.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	Injury to forests by fire.	Unauthorized fellings.	Grazing without permission.	Other offences.	1916-1917.	1915-1916.
East Khándesh.	7	17	16	16	7	238	318	162	47	.64	3	3	61	319	337	181	898	793
West Khándesh.	9	5	5	1	1	199	395	. 32	55	75	8		65	279	403	33	780	693
NorthKhåndesh	6	2	1	8	12	171	144	64	43	103	2		61	276	147	67	551	590
Poora	4	25	26	8	33	767	878	194	83	128	6	1	120	920	910	203	2,153	1,905
Sátára	3	22	11	2	26	455	476	121	56	46		6	85	523	487	129	1,224	1,021
Kolába	23	128	35	13	12	314	380	65	36	286	4	6	71	728	419	84	1,302	1,273
Total of 1916-17.	52	199	194	43	- 91	2,144	2,591	638	320	702	18	16	463	3,045	2,703	697	6,908	
Total of 1915-16.	- 30	235	84	79	64	1,960	2,326	449	282	727	20	19	376	2,922	2,430	547		6,275
Average of the three pre ceding years 1912-13 to 1914-15	5 5 80	251	116	52	82	2,577	2,225	549	267	787	12	9	402	3,609	2,353	610	6,974	

The total shows an increase of 633 as compared with 1915-16, every class of offence contributing, fires by 87, fellings by 123, grazing by 273 and other offences by 150. Comparing results with the previous three year average, fires increased by 61, felling decreased by 564, and grazings and other offences increased respectively by 350 and 87, giving a total decrease of 66.

Fires and grazing are dealt with in detail later; as regards illicit fellings the variations, whether increase or decrease, are hardly of sufficient importance to call for much comment; the main point is that no serious thefts took place. As is only to be expected, the divisions that show an increase are Poona, Sátára and Kolába, those where there is least growth outside forest limits, and where temptation to commit depredations on forest to meet petty requirements is greatest; in this connection the evacuation of villages in several talukas of Poona on account of plague is said to have led villagers to steal forest material for erection of temporary huts. Other offences mostly consisted of encroachments on forest boundaries and breaches of the rules for control of forest material in transit.

Cases of the year taken into court numbered 388 as against 428. Including cases pending from 1915-16, 390 involving 956 persons, were disposed of. Of these 3 were withdrawn, and of the remaining 387,344 or 888 per cent., involving 843 persons, resulted in convictions, and 43 or 11.2 per cent., with 113 persons in acquittals. North Khandesh for the second year in succession had 100 per cent. of convictions. Prosecution was only resorted to in comparatively serious cases or where offenders refused to compound, for every case taken into ccurt means that the time of forest officials is wasted when it could be far more profitably employed elsewhere. In one case only had a Divisional Officer to make representations to the District Magistrate regarding an inadequate sentence.

The number of cases compounded rose from 4,230 to 4,966; those in which offenders were merely warned fell from 569 to 498, and undetected cases rose from 1,048 to 1,056. The amount of compensation taken was Rs. 33,833, or an average of Rs. 3-13-11 from 8,741 persons.

Offences are summarized below according to the jurisdictions of two Commissioners.

	East, We		il Division :— n Khándesh, . tára.	Divisions in the Southern Division;— Koliba.				
, -	1915-16.	1916-17.	Plus or minus.	1915-16.	1916-17.	Plus or minus.		
Total offences	No. 5,002	No. 5,606	+ 604	No. 1,273	No. 1,302	+ 29		
Fires	333	392	+ 59	43	71	+ 28		
Fellings	2,191	2,317	+ 126	731	728	- 3		
Grazing	2,091	2,284	+ 193	339	419	+ 80		
Other offences	387	613	+ 226	160	· 8 ±	– 76		
Cases taken into Court	214	189	- 25	214	199	- 15		
Cases disposed of	208	188	_ 20	217	199	- 18		
Percentage of convic-	95.6	92.2	•••	Ð1·9	85.9	-		
Cases compounded	3,776	4,441	+ 665	454	525	+ 71		
Compensation taken, Rs.	30,356	32,408	+ 2,052	1,617	1,425	-192		
Cases warned No	258	252	- 6	311	246	– 65		
Offenders not traced	754	72	- 30	294	332	+ 38		

Communal punishment in the shape of enhancement of grazing fees or suspension of privileges was inflicted by the Collectors of Poona and Kolába on twenty-one villages where persistent damage by cutting or grazing had taken place; on the other hand in the former division in five villages where such punishment had resulted in improved behaviour, grazing fees were again reduced to the normal rate. In Kolába the system was continued of working selected coupes for the supply of timber, firewood and agricultural implements to the coast towns and villages; previously these people having no other source from which their wants could be met, and seeing the outturn from the forests all exported to Bombay, were driven to purchase from Katkaries and Thakurs who in their turn had to manufacture dead wood to keep up the supply. The system while of great convenience to the public is of equally great benefit to the forests in that it does away with the main incentive to abuse of the dead wood privilege by the wild tribes. From 15 depôts established for the above purpose 1,874 agricultural implements and 8,830,976 lbs. of fuel were sold by the coupe contractors.

A further indirect measure which is no less in the interests of forest protection than of the public is the tahal campaign carried on in Kolába by Revenue and Forest officers; for an increase in the supply available from private lands must cause a corresponding decrease in depredations on the forests. While a noticeable improvement is apparent in methods of cutting, it cannot be said that there is as yet any inclination on the part of landholders to increase the supply by artificial propagation. For breaches of tahal rules three villages were punished by doubling of grazing fees or suspension of privileges, and for notably good work one village had its grazing fees remitted.

Southern Circle.

The following table gives the number and classification of forest offences reported during the year, as compared with those of 1915-16 and with the average of the past three years:—

	Tak	A en into c	ourt.	0	B ompoun	đeđ.	υ	C ndetect	ed.	Total.		
Nature of offence.	1916-17.	1915-16.	Average of past 8 years.	1916-17.	1915-16.	Average of past Syears.	1916-17.	1915-16.	Average of past Syears.	1916-17.	1915-16.	Average of past Syeurs
I.—Injury by fire	27	28	28	125	66	81	989	880	736	1,141	976	812
II.—Unsuthorized fellings	98	57	190	2,384	2,455	2,601	251	876	478	2,883	2,688	8,194
III.—Unsuthorized grazing	32	721	46	1,341	1,998	1,314	16	13	15	1,389	1,367	1,975
-IVOther offences	18	5	, 9	261	302	831	3	9	111	289	816	351
Total	175	111	903	4,111	4,148	4,337	1,359	1,278	1,235	5,645	5,587	5,765

The total number of offences reported exceeded those of the previous year by 108 but were less than the average of the past three years by 120.

There was an increase in the number of fires, due to a larger number detected in betta lands of Kánara C. D., as per new betta rules introduced from February 1917 and to the several fires in the Siddápur range of Kánara S. D., purposely set by people to manufacture dead wood.

The offences of unauthorized grazing also slightly increased in Kanara N. D. and E. D. and Belgaum. The increase is ascribed to greater vigilance on the part of the staff and to more systematic reporting rather than to any actual increase of cases.

Unauthorized fellings and other offences decreased notably in Kánara S. D.

The policy of rewarding forest subordinates and villagers for detecting forest offences and punishing them for neglect was continued.

The results of cases tried by courts are compared in the following table:—

Division.	1916	-17.	1915	-16.	Percentage of acquittals.		
• .	Convictions.	Acquittals.	Convictions.	Acquittals.	1916-17.	1915-16.	
Kánara N. D Kánara E. D Kánara C. D Kánara S. D Kánara W. D Belgaum Dhárwár-Bijápur	11 5 23 41 20 27 8 1	2 1 9 11 2 2 2	13 4 8 36 6 16 21 1	2 4 4 17 5 3	15•4 16·7 28·0 21·2 9·1 6·9 20·0	13.3 50.0 83.3 92.1 45.4 15.8 12.5	
Total	136	29	105	83	17:6	26 (

The percentage of acquittals has decreused by 9 per cent. and is shared by all divisions except Kanara N. D. and Dharwar-Bijapur.

Cases sent to court were largely those in which the offenders refused to compound; only 2.9 per cent of the table cases of the year were thus dealt with.

There was formerly a bad practice in Kanara which caused a lot of trouble to both the Magistrates and the forest staff. The fines levied by subordinate Magistrates from offenders were generally much less than the compensation originally fixed by the Forest Department with the result that offenders naturally refused to compound and preferred to go to courts. The Collector has, however, suitably dealt with such instances and they are not likely to give further trouble.

There were four important cases during the year, one in Kanara E. D. and three in Kanara C. D. In the Yellapur range of the former a serious case of theft of timber was detected, in which heavy compensation was recovered from offenders. In the latter a certain Mahomedan of Isloor in the Sirsi

range who systematically committed forest offences in the past was caught in two cases of theft of timber and fined Rs. 513 by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Sirsi. In another case of illicit cutting the offender was fined Rs. 300 by the court but, owing to some error in the legal procedure, the case was ordered to be re-tried and is pending disposal. The person who gave false evidence in the case of assault on a guard of the Badámi range in the Bijápur sub-division, referred to in the last report, was tried and convicted.

The number of cases compounded and the compensation recovered are compared in the following table:—

19:	16-17.	, 19 1	5-16.	Average of past three years.			
No. of cases.	Compensation.	No. of cases.	Compensation.	No. of cases.	Compensation.		
	Rs.	,	Rs.		Rs.		
3,785	23,873	3,809	21,397	3,906	20,978		

Nine-hundred and ninety-five offenders involved in 379 cases were let off with simple warning.

The number of undetected offences rose from 1,278 last year to 1,359 during the year, the increase being due to fires which are always difficult to trace.

Sind Circle.

The classification of forest offences detected during the year is given in the following prescribed form:—

•	Cases	taker	into (Court.	Ca	568 CO1	пропп	ded.	Ca	608 UD	detec	ed,		То	tal.		
Division.	Fires.	Unauthorized fel- lings.	Mick grazing.	Other offences.	Fires.	Unauthorized fel-	Illicit grazing.	Other offences.	Fires.	Unauthorized fel- lings,	Illicit grazing.	Other offences.	Fires.	Unauthorized fel-	Illicit grazing.	Other offences.	Grand total.
Sukkur	2	52	111	2		598	808	6	50	1 404			52	1,054	819	8	1,933
Lárkána		9	6	1		917	250	5	23	61			22	287	256	8	571
Hyderabad	***	31	5	1	***	348	431	20	8	22	. 1	•••	8	801	797	21	1,067
Jerruck	1	5			1	87	160	1	5	7	•••	***	7	99	180	1	267
Total of 1916-17	3	97	22	4	1	1,150	1,949	32	85	494	1		89	1,741	1,972	86	8,836
Total of 1915-16	8	97	53	22	1	1,153	2,699	23	158	392	•••		167	1,642	2,752	45	4,606
Average of past three years.	4	80	28	18	1	878	2,407	31	135	848		4	140	1,900	2,436	62	8,928

The total number of cases is less by 90 than the average of the past three years and is less under every head but that of unauthorized fellings. There is a great increase in the number of cases of unauthorized fellings reported; this number varies directly with the amount of walking done by the administrative officers.

Rain in the Kohistan hills during the month of March kept the number of illicit grazing cases down considerably, the total number being 1,972 compared with 2,752 during the previous year, and 2,436 the average of the past three years.

Undetected cases increased from 550 to 580 as compared with a three-yearly average of 482, but the increase was entirely under the head of unauthorized fellings. The form itself gives all statistical details.

The 3,132 cases compounded produced Rs. 11,937 in compensation as compared with 3,876 cases and Rs. 12,919 of last year.

Eighty-one cases were let off with a warning against 153 of the previous year.

The offences taken into court are detailed below:-

Pending from last year ... 54 Cases of the year ... 126 Total ... 180

Of these 122 were decided during the year, three cases pending last year in the Jerruck division were withdrawn, and two compounded. Of the 122 cases 94 resulted in conviction and 28 in acquittal: the percentage of acquittals being as follows:—

1916-17. 1915-16.

 Sukkur
 ...
 34.8
 13.7

 Lárkána
 ...
 27.2
 20.0

 Hyderabad
 ...
 7.69

 Jerruck
 ...
 16.6
 6.9

Out of the 23 cases lost in Sukkur no less than 16 were in the Kot Sultan range alone where they were tried by the Honorary Second Class Magistrate.

The two fire cases taken to court in the Sukkur range were not decided by the end of the year.

A case of obstructing a forest guard in the performance of his duty was successfully prosecuted in the Larkana division, and a similar result was obtained in the Hala range of Hyderabad division. In the latter case the accused was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment. In another case in which the services of the Public Prosecutor were obtained the nine accused were fined Rs. 40 each. It is satisfactory to note that all the eight cases reported pending in the Hyderabad division last year ended in conviction.

(b) Protection from Fire.

Northern Circle.

On the whole the fire protection of the circle was satisfactory there being 317 fires burning 24,119 acres as against 362 fires burning 38,576 in the last year, a reduction of $12\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. in number and 37 per cent. in the area and last year showed a marked improvement on former years. Circumstances in different districts vary very much and it is difficult to find any common cause for the improvement recorded. That rainy weather continued till the end of November and began again at the end of April doubtless reduced the area burnt in many instances. There is also little doubt that the people generally are steadily acquiescing to a greater extent in the undesirability of firing the forests. The disappearance of dead bamboos has relieved the forests of much inflammable material in many localities. Incendiarism continued in the old centres but was less extensive and continued to show an absence of malice towards the department, hunting and local jealousies among those interested in grass being the motives.

Panch Maháls.—Actual fires (neglecting mere breaches of rules) were 53 burning 5,573 acres as against 47 burning 4,874 acres in the last year. The Divisional Forest Officer's explanation that last year being a year of scarcity taught the people to protect their grass is a little difficult to accept. The figures of both years are about half the normal and when it is found that in spite of a normal season grazing offences maintained famine proportions it is feared that the reduction of fires was partly due to the absence of grass, which cannot be eaten and burnt.

Surat.—Results were as good as usual.

North Thána.—There were 55 fires burning 4,465 acres against an average of 59 fires burning 4,645. Half the area burnt is closed forest. The Dahánu range showed by far the worst result but it is noted that the Range Forest Officer was very short of roundguards owing to sickness. Results are satisfactory.

West Thána,—There were only 41 fires burning 1,544 acres as against 75 burning 5,126 acres last year. The decrease is attributed to a very wet season. Eight fires are stated to have been cases of incendiarism of which

six were made cases of prosecution. Only three were disposed of during the year and three were pending at the close which shows very undesirable delay in disposal. Of those disposed of, punishments varying from a fine of Rs. 2 to Rs. 10 were given, displaying a lack of appreciation of the gravity of the offence by the trying magistrates.

East Thana.—There were 78 fires burning 7,732 acres as against 75 burning 9,992 acres in the last year. Except in the Tansa catchment area fires were not serious and in this centre of incendiarism the area burnt has been reduced by 50 per cent. in the last three years—a very satisfactory result.

South Násik.—There were 47 fires burning 3,231 acres as against 50 burning 4,469 acres in the last year. Dindori range was answerable for 26 fires burning 2,419 acres and Násik for 15 burning 549 acres. The valuable forests of Peint are almost immune from fires. There was only one fire in these ranges, viz., of 215 acres in North Peint. Some cartinen who were responsible were caught and punished.

North Nasik.—A decrease from 26 fires burning 5,404 in the last year to 8 fires burning 250 acres is at first rather startling, but last year showed a big increase over the former years, and the average of the last three years is still only 16 fires, so that coupled with a wet season the result is not so surprising. The Divisional Forest Officer describes it as a 'lucky' year in fire conservancy. The Conservator fears it is largely 'luck' where slackness among subordinates is recognized.

Nasik Sub-division.—This sub-division shows one fire less than last year but a reduction of two-third of the area burnt. No reason is given.

The following statement required by Government Resolution No. 248 of 12th January 1904 shows the area protected:—

		Total forest	Extent of valuable	Proportion of valuable	Extent of	Exter	nt of forest	burnt.
Division.	:	area of the division in charge of the Forest Department.	forest for which cen- tinuous pro- tection from fire is desirable.	forest which has been continuously protected from fire for five years.	forest haturally immune from fire.	Open forest.	Closed forest.	Total.
		Acres.	Acres.	Percentage.	Acres.	Acres.	Aores.	Acres.
Panch Maháls	•••	2,12,152	2,12,152	74.7		1,679	3,894	5,578
Surat	***	4,63,507	4,63,507	99-3		42	81	78
North Thána	•••	2,08,206	2,08,206	90.8		2,373	2,092	4,465
West Thána		2,05,974	1,97,778	88.4	1,500	914.	630	1,544
East Thána	•••	2,94,530	2,80,531	70.2	4,856	2,869	4,863	7,782
South Násik	•••	2,17,860	2,17,860	95·9	h (2,105	1,126	8,231
North Násik		3,16,214	2,75,102	97.9	49,920	100	150	250
Násik Sub-division		1,65,133	1,65,138	78.6] [867	884	1,251
Total		20,83,576	20,20,269	89.0	55,776	10,449	18,670	24,119

Central Circle.

The number of fires increased by 75, from 432 in 1915-16 to 507 in the year under report, and the area burned by 48,741 acres, from 1,55,471 to 2,04,212. Separating the figures for the Commissioners' jurisdictions, the Central Division has 431 fires and 2.02,815 acres, as against 385 and 1,54,638 in 1915-16, and the Southern Division has 76 fires and 1,397 acres, as against 47 and 833. Results, therefore, must be put down as unsatisfactory.

East Khandesh, it is true, shows a decrease in the area burned of a few thousand acres, though an increase of nine in the number of fires; but it has to be admitted that it is little more than chance whether the acreage is more or less, for in the Satpudas, where the bulk of the fires occur, conditions and arrangements for the fire protection are not at present such that the Forest Department can ascribe success or failure to any one measure that it carried

out or failed to carry out. The difficulties that are experienced, and the measures that it was proposed to take to counteract them, were dealt with at some length last year, and Government having called for a special report, which has been submitted, it is unnecessary to go into the matter in detail now. But the problem may be stated briefly to be firstly, the introduction into these now uninhabited hills of a resident population, dependent on the forests for their livelihood and available at any season for preventive and protective fire measures; secondly, the exaction from forest villagers living near the forests of the help which it is their duty to give in return for the generous privileges they enjoy, but which help they now sedulously refrain from giving; thirdly, greater control, both as to place and season, over the movements of the casual fire-causing non-forest villager who now visits the forests for the sole purpose of taking something from them, but who has no interest whatever in their protection.

West Khandesh calls for no special comment other than that the area burned was slightly less than last year even though the number of fires was greater. The favourable results as regards area are ascribed partly to the effect of communal punishment in the previous year, partly to energetic work by the forest staff, and several of the fires were in comparatively valueless areas recently transferred from pasture to forest proper.

North Khandesh shows a decided setback, the number of fires rose from 44 to 72 and the area burned from 61,261 acres to 1,24,004, the division being thus responsible for more than the whole net increase shown for the circle. The greater part of the area burned was in the Akrani where the forests are unorganized, and if the 92,884 acres accounted for in this way be deducted from the total, there remain 31,120 acres of organized forest burned, a figure which is practically the same as that of last year for the corresponding areas. For the disappointing results in the Akrani the Divisional Officer gives two explanations, one that three fires started almost simultaneously and the population is too limited for such an emergency to be successfully met, the other that some patils and villagers showed gross negligence in fire matters, negligence which it may be mentioned was promptly punished.

Poona and Sátára are divisions which call for few remarks, the total burned area of the two amounting to no more than 7,089 acres. In numbers fires are comparatively large 124 in the former 86 in the latter, but partly because grass is so valuable a commodity, mainly because it is so scanty and confined to limited and isolated areas, no fire that breaks out is allowed to or can spread far; the anxieties that confront Khándesh officers are unknown here.

Kolába also presents a simple problem with a total area burned of but 1,397 acres, that is, an average of 18 acres for the 76 fires that broke out. Here the careless rab-burner is the main source of danger, and 35 of the 76 fires originated in this way; in 23 cases the offender being prosecuted.

Communal help rendered to Government in extinguishing fires lies very much on lines that might be expected. In Khandesh where no villager cares whether the grass is burned or not, and where work on a fire involves extremes of exertion and discomfort, much pressure, moral and material, is required to keep the people up to the mark. Thus in one division alone, North Khandesh, communal punishment had to be inflicted on 23 villages, four only being found to deserve reward for good help. In East Khandesh, a report has recently been made to Government asking for permission to substitute individual for communal punishment, the peculiar conditions and status of the privilege holders of the Satpuda ranges making the latter form impracticable for successful application. In Poona, Sátára and Kolába, on . the other hand, extinguishing a fire is not only a comparatively simple matter but one in which, as a rule, villagers in their own interests readily help; in Poona, however, exceptions to this as usual occurred in areas in temporary charge of the Military Department, the villagers' personal interest in such being less, and they, no doubt, having a score to pay off against the Military rakhawaldars for impounding of illicitly grazed cattle; four villages had their grazing fees doubled as a result.

For the whole circle the area under special protection was 23,88,058 acres and the cost incurred Rs. 16,819; 21,83,846 acres, or 91.4 per cent. were saved. Of the 2,04,212 acres burned 23,259 acres or 11.3 per cent. which is only half of last year's percentage were closed forest.

As regards origins of fires North and East Khandesh both show 11 cases due to carelessness in burning fire lines, though it is only fair to state that all these cases were not the result of departmental work, but that a large proportion were due to negligence of coupe contractors; it is satisfactory to note that the latter division has not to be pilloried this year, as has been the case for several years past, for the bad work of the forest staff in this respect. Eighty-nine cases occurred through fires crossing external boundaries, careless rab-burning in Kolába being the chief cause of offence in this respect. In 47 cases malicious firing is said to have been the cause, though proof of the same is generally wanting. In 188 cases the cause was unknown.

Fifty-four cases were taken into court, and in 31 of them convictions were obtained, in two the offenders were acquitted, three were withdrawn and 18 were pending at the close of the year. Seventy-one cases, either trivial ones in which little or no damage occurred, or rab-burning cases where the offenders made every effort to prevent damage occurring, were disposed of by compounding.

Southern Circle.

The area attempted to be protected from fire was 4,085 square miles as compared with 3,603 square miles in the preceding year. The percentage of failures was 2.0 against 8.7 which is satisfactory. The cost of protection was Rs. 5.6 per square mile against 5.3 in the previous year. Fire protection was, on the whole, much better this year than ever before, because of chiefly the late heavy rains in November, which kept the forests green longer than usual, and the special measures taken as a result of the disastrous fires of the previous year. The detailed results are compared with those of the previous year in the following statement:—

Divisio	, ded		tempt- b be Area burnt. cted.			Area actually protected.		Percentage of success.		Cost.		Cost per square mile protected.		
			1916-17.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1915-17.	1916-17.	1915-16
			Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Kanara N. D		•••	420	405	10	116	410	289	97.6	71.5	4,945	9,426	12-1	11.8
Kanara E. D		•	587	641	5	71	582	570	991	90.0	4,899	4,652	8.4	8.2
Kanara C. D			779	285	20	38	759	247	97.4	86-6	1,026	869	1.4	8.6
Kanara S. D	•••	•••	708	708	11	5	697	703	98.4	99:3	357	508	-5	-8
Kanara W. D		•••	829	837	8	36	821	801	99.0	95.7	2,838	1,493	3∙5	1.8
Belgaum	• •	,	636	627	20	35	616	592	96.9	94.5	7,934	6,030	12.8	10-2
Dhárwár-Bijápu		•••	107	81	9	14	98	67	91'6	83.3	768	528	7.8	7:9
Ratnágiri	•••	•••	19	19	·		19	19	100.0	100.0	30	28	1.2	1.5
	Tota	ı	4,085	3,603	83	315	4,002	3,288	98.0	91-8	22,797	17,564	5.7	5.3

It will thus be seen that fire protection was satisfactory in all divisions except the Kanára S. D., where the increase of six square miles noticeable in the area burnt was due to fires in betta lands. Under the betta rules, introduced during the year, the holders of betta lands are responsible for any fires in their bettas. In all the divisions the usual fire-protection measures of clearing fire traces were systematically followed. In three blocks of organized forests (Maingini, Goyar and Nagi) in Kárwár range, Kánara W. D., the fire protection was entrusted completely to the villagers and they were paid lump sums by the Divisional Forest Officer in person, and the headmen awarded turbans in cases of good work; the three blocks are reported to have been thus kept immune from fire during the whole year at a small cost of Rs. 65. Besides money rewards and presents, liberal free

grants of timber and free grazing were also given for good protection. Communal rewards and punishments were given as under:—

			Number o	f villages			
Division.		Rewarded with fa grazing for g protec	ree or concession good general otion.	Punished for bad protection by enhanced grazing fees.			
· ,	-	1916-17.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1915-16.		
Kánara N. D. Kánara E. D. Kánara C. D. Kánara S. D. Kánara W. D. Belgaum Dhárwár-Bijápur	•••	2 54 16 33 98 2	58 63 1 6 77 14	28 25 16 25 27 166 17	21 70 16 19 80 239 37		
Total	•••	205	219	304	482		

Form No. 15 shows the number and origin of fires. The particulars of detection and disposal, compared with those of last year, stand as under:—

	;		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1916-	17.	•		191	15-16.	•
Number compounded	l 	•••	125	(13·3 (10·9		,) ,)	976 96 68 28	(9·8 (7·0	per o	` }

Of the 27 cases prosecuted conviction was obtained in eight, the rest remaining pending in Magistrates' courts. The percentages of detection and disposal show much improvement over the previous year, and the Divisional Forest Officers report that detected cases were all suitably dealt with.

The statement showing areas enjoying continuous immunity from fire for a period of seven years, prescribed in Government Resolution No. 248 of 12th January 1904, is given below:—

, (Total forest area of the	Extent of valuable forest for	Proportion of valuable forest	Extent of forest		nt of forest l	
Division.	division in charge of the Forest Department.	which continuous protection from fire is desirable.	which has been continuously protected from fire for seven years.	naturally immune from fire.	Open forest.	Closed forest.	Total.
, .	Acres.	Acres.	Percent. Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Kánara N. D	2,72,843	2,72,848	58,030 or 21.3	500	1,448	4,998	6,441
Kánara E. D	3,75,223	8,75,223	3,24,775 or 86·5	6,000	2,589	, 346	2,885
Kánara C. D	5,33,496	Accurate	figures not	available	•••	•••,	12,936
Kánara S. D. :	4,53,055	4,11,045	2,00,000 or 48·6	1,09,180	7,149	2	7,151
Kánara W. D	5,30,398	1,80,808	1,11,127 or 85·0	52,994	1,813	8,151	4,964
Belgaum	4,07,138	4,07,138	48,500 or 11·9	48,500	6,079	6,703	12,782
Dhárwár-Bijápur.	1,85,712	1,83,407	1,32,638 or 72·3	2,297	4,231	1,379	5,610
Ratnágiri	12,054	2,546	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,508	•••	25	25
Total	27,69,919	*****	*****	•••	•••	•••	52,794

Sind Circle.

Form No. 15 shows the number and origin of fires. It will suffice here to contrast results of the present year under report and the previous year:—

Division,	1916	17.	1915-16.			
	Number of fires.	Area burnt.	Number of fires.	Area burnt.		
Tarresala	00	Acres. 1,285 375 270 58	55 47 7 54	Acres. 3,644 1,247 242 1,318		
Total .	88	1,988	163	6,451		

The general improvement is due chiefly to a good inundation, there was less firing of forests for grazing, and the rain in March 1917 kept hill graziers from bringing their cattle to the riversin forests.

At the same time, as the figures show, there were other causes contributing to the successful fire protection of the year.

In Sukkur the average area per fire dropped from 66 to 25 acres; this is stated to be due to prompt_action taken to extinguish fires. In Jerruck the average area decreased from 25 to 10 acres; the Divisional Forest Officer attributes this success to the value of the fire breaks supplied by traces cleared in all dangerous areas. New fire tracing work was carried out in the Larkana, Hyderabad and Jerruck divisions. In Jerruck 9 miles 792 feet of jungle were cleared at a cost of Rs. 235 or Rs. 40 per mile for 50 feet wide traces and Rs. 20 per mile for 25 feet wide traces; 10 miles were traced free of cost.

In Larkana fire lines 100 feet wide totalling three miles long were cut free of cost in the Larkana, Sehwan and Kandiaro ranges.

In Hyderabad three-half mile lengths 100 feet wide were cut free of cost in the Hala and Sakrand ranges.

Firewatchers were entertained in the Mulchand, Shahbunder and Tatta ranges of the Jerruck division.

The statement required by Government Resolution No. 248 dated 12th January 1904, regarding areas enjoying continuous immunity from fires for a period of seven years is given below for 1910-11 (vide Government Resolution No. 4081 of 22nd April 1908):—

•		Area of valuable forest	Proportion of valuable forest	Extent of	Extent of forest burnt during the year.					
Division.	Total forest area.	for which continuous protection from fire is desirable.	which has been continuously protected from fire for seven years.	naturally immune from fire.	Open.	Glosed.	Total.			
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres. Per. cent.		-		Aores.			
Bukkur	2,94,018	2,94,018	2,73,145 or 92 [.] 9	ا هرا	1,212	78	1,285			
Lárkána	1,47,938	1,47,938	1,46,060 or 98'7	formed	875		. 875			
Iyderabad	1,65,035	1,65,035	1,64,435 or 99.6	P-da 1	231	89 -	270			
	J,44,542	1,04,229	87,309 or 83*8	Newly kachas.	86	22	58			
Total	7,51,533	7,11,220	6,70,949 or 94·8	- -	1,854	194	1,988			

(c) Protection from Cattle.

Northern Circle.

The following statement shows the number and kind of animals impounded from open and closed forests respectively compared with previous years:—

D 15—7

Division.		vs and locks.	Batt	aloes.	G	oats.		ep.		er' ani- als.	To	tal.	nd fotal 1916-17.	nd total 1915-16.
	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.		Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Gra	Grand for 18
Panch Maháls	785	10,544	388	3,321	. 29	19	8,208	1,251	13	7	4,423	15,141	19,564	23,261
Surat	731	78	52	72	206	145	52.	50	***	·	1,041	345	1,386	416
North Thans	,	1,507	•••	418′	925	504	22	•••	•••		947	2,429	3,376	2,987
West Thána	274	2,258	•••	655	475	189		•••			749	3,102	3,851	3,424
East Thána	193	3,439	35	349	459	383		•••			687	4,171	4,858	4,097
South Násik	129	3,225	7	434	981	184	9			2	1,126	3,845	4,971	5,105
North Násik		4,153	 i	515	8,494	868	1,234	1,060	ļ	95	4,728	6,691	11,419	12,790
Násik sub-division		1,947		148	4,209	477	1,735	•••		23	5,944	2,595	8,539	8,893
Total, 1916-17	2,112	27,151	482	5,912	10,778	2,768	6,260	2,361	13	127	19,645	38,319	57,964	. •••
Total, 1915-16	1,283	27,985	347	5,010	12,546	8,499	3,557	1,466	69	211	17,802	43,171		60,973
Average for the past three years		23,466	346	4,037	12,535	6,440	4,230	1,835	66	120	18.491	35,898	54,399	

Panch Maháls.—The number of grazing offences was 843 involving the impounding of 19,564 cattle as compared with 864 involving 23,261 in the last year. But last year's figures were double those of the previous year and were excused on the two-fold ground that it was a year of scarcity causing an influx of outside cattle with turbulent owners and that to save fodder-grass strict protection was necessary. The Divisional Forest Officer is being asked to explain his figures of offences under all heads as this seems an instance in which lawlessness under exceptional circumstances threatens to become a habit unless promptly checked. It may be the increased figures indicate the necessary checking process.

Surat.—Figures are only remarkable for an unusual amount of trespass in Mandvi in June and July when all jungles are closed. The Conservator doubts the necessity of such a rule, but it is said to be of long standing and the number of cattle involved is not very great. The matter will receive attention in the coming season, change towards laxer control being undesirable without good reason.

North Thána.—Returns from this division are fairly normal showing an increase of 12 per cent. above the comparatively small average total of 3,000 cattle impounded, which was also the total of the last year. Of the total something over 50 per cent. are cows and bullocks from closed forest and 43 per cent. were goats from all forests. Of the increased number impounded 50 per cent. were buffaloes from closed forest and 50 per cent. cows and bullocks and goats, all from closed forest. The result is satisfactory, though as the Divisional Forest Officer points out better results are likely to accrue under the revised working plan.

West Thánā.—The figures of this division correspond very nearly with those of North Thána; with more open country the total impoundings are slightly larger, viz., 3,851 which is an increase of $10\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on last year's figure. Of the total 60 per cent. are cows and bullocks from closed forests while buffaloes from closed forests and goats from all forests each form 17 per cent. Of the $10\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. increased impoundings, 6 per cent. are buffaloes from closed forests and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. are goats from all forests, representing an increase of 50 per cent. in the number of buffaloes impounded and 33 per cent. in the case of goats. These results taken in connection with materially improved fire protection are very satisfactory, and as mentioned under North Thána the revised working plan should show improved protection.

East Thana.—This division shows much the same conditions, but Igatpuri being open country swells the total impoundings which are 4,858, showing an increase of about 12 per cent. on last year's figures. Seventy-one per cent. of the total are cows and bullocks from closed forest, 17 per cent. are goats from all forests and $8\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. are buffaloes, chiefly from closed forest. Eighty-seven per cent. of the increased impoundings are cows and buffaloes from closed forest. The Divisional Forest Officer explains the increase as due to cultural operations for which guards are yearly being made more responsible. In self-defence they become keener on keeping the closed forest free of cattle.

The reason is logical and probably correct. The revised working plan will increase this tendency.

South Nasik, North Nasik and Nasik Sub-division.—All these charges show slightly improved results and call for no remark except that the present arrangement of closure in the Nasik district handicaps any effort to protect the forests from cattle. As soon as possible the system of closure will be revised as part of the general revision of the working plan. Igatpuri, as formerly under Nasik, is similarly afflicted.

Central Circle.

One thousand six hundred and seventy square miles, representing pastures and protected forests in charge of the Revenue Department, were open to all animals throughout the year. Of the 3,730 square miles in charge of the Forest Department, 616 square miles or 17 per cent. being organized areas under regeneration, were permanently closed to all animals, and 119 square miles or 3 per cent. of kurans were kept closed during the grass-cutting season but opened to grazing of horned cattle in the hot weather; 2,995 square miles or 80 per cent. were open to all animals but browsers throughout the year.

The following statement compares the numbers and kinds of cattle impounded from open and closed forests, the total impoundings for the jurisdiction of the Commissioner, Central Division, being 43,087 as against 46,820 in the previous year; from open areas the figure is 16,680 as against 14,491, from closed areas 26,407 as against 32,329:—

Division.		s and ocks.	Buff	Buffaloes.		Goats.		Sheep.		Other animals.		Total.	
•	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	total.
East Khándesh	529	5,537	156	1,878	414	377	1,927	410	26	35	3,052	8,237	11,250
West Khándesh	111	5,163	9	857	1,569		2,699		66	128	4,454	6,148	10,602
North Khándesh	32	4,957	22	721	171	121	•••			3	225	5,802	6,027
Poons	653	2,905	61	319	3,297	654	1,946	230	14	57	5,971	4,165	10,186
Sátára	5	1,682		321	743	50	2,330	2			2,978	2,055	6,033
Kolába	5	2,536	32	661	452	166					479	3,368	8,842
Total, 1916-17	1,935	22,780	280	4,757	6,646	1,368	8,802	642	106	223	17,159	29,770	46,929
Total, 1915-16	2,131	27,859	341	4,050	7,706	1,208	4,947	1,949	117	258	15,242	35,324	50,566
Average of past three years.	1,491	23,489	195	3,516	9,802	2,002	7,352	1,094	219	253	19,061	30,356	49,417

The net decrease in impoundings for the circle is 3,637, those from open forest having risen by 1,917, those from closed forest fallen by 5,554. The only points that call for remark are that in every division but Kolába there has been a considerable decrease in the number of horned cattle impounded, while sheep and goat trespass, these animals being forbidden in any forest in charge of the department, has largely increased in Poona and West Khandesh and slightly increased in East Khandesh. That impoundings of horned cattle from closed areas should have been less than those of the previous year, may be put down partly to the abundance of grass after a favourable monsoon, partly to efficient protection by the forest staff, while the fact of the same animals having had to be impounded in less numbers from open forest indicates that their owners realized that it was better to pay the fees at once with a good grace than to refuse to do so, and thereby have to pay pound fees and compensation for each occasion of trespass, and inevitably the grazing fees as well later on; at the same time there are still many attempts on the part of the people to evade payment, for in Poona no less than 17,708 animals had to be charged for at double rates, they being caught in the forests after the prescribed date and their owners having declined to pay until they were actually caught. In the same division it is estimated that quite 10 per cent. of the cattle for which fees were eventually paid were caught trespassing, and had to be taken to villages before payment took place; the owners, of course, when the trespass was in open forest, could avoid impoundment by paying, but the unnecessary labour thrown on the forest staff was enormous. The effect would be salutary if the rules could be so amended that owners who pay voluntarily within the prescribed date be charged the single fee, while those who evade payment until caught be charged double.

Comparison of the number of horned cattle impounded with the number admitted to graze in forests free or on permit is interesting, the figures being 29,160 and 8,59,337, or slightly over 3 per cent., proof positive that no excessive hardship is caused to the public by the protective measures enforced. The hardship is all on the State, for in this circle most of the forests are hopelessly overgrazed and that too by useless animals; were none but such as are of value kept and stall feeding adopted, the advantage to both sides would be great, impoundings would decrease and the forests be more quickly regenerated. The grazing rules, it is true, allow of limitation of numbers of cattle to be admitted to given areas, but so long as the cattle exist in such quantity facilities have to be provided somehow, and the rules remain a dead letter. The whole question is now before Government in the form of a suggestion made by the Inspector General of Forests as to the possible superiority of the Central Provinces' system, and under which differentiation of fees according as the cattle are kept for agricultural purposes or for profit tends both to reduction of useless animals and to less pressure on the forests, and that too with no decrease in revenue obtained.

Southern Circle.

The details of area open and closed to grazing are given in Form No. 16. An abstract is given below:—

	Year.		Closed to all animals for whole year.	Closed to all animals for part of year.	Open to all animals (except browsers) for whole year.	Open to all animals for whole year.
1916-17 1915-16	•	•	Per cent. 20.9 15.3	Per cent. 0.3.	Per cent. 73·2 78·8	Per cent. 5.6 5.6

The above figures do not, however, furnish an accurate comparison, as the numbers furnished by the Divisional Forest Officers in previous years were not quite accurate.

The number of cattle that grazed in the forests during the past three years are compared below:—

	Year.		Horned cattle.	Sheep and goats.	Other animals.	Total.
1916-17 1915-16 1914-15	***	•••	488,167 468,991 462,441	1,386 6,328 2,135	477 704 789	490,030 476,023 465,315

The following table prescribed in Government Resolution No. 4081 of 22nd April 1908 gives the comparative details of cattle impounded for illicit grazing:—

Division.	Cows and bullocks.		Buffaloss.		G	Goats.		Sheep.		Other animals.		Total.		Total open and
•	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	and closed for 1916-17.	closed for 1915-16.
lánara N. D.	58	1,753	19	471	400	37	*14.5	750	***		70	2,261	2.831	1,975
lánara E. D	***	887	···	195	28	121	•••	1	***	·	28	1,504	1,232	986
Kánara C. D	19	120	•••	21	***	190	***	. 9	488		19	840	852	833
lánara S. D	71	49	6	14	63		8		441		148	63	211	483
ánara W. D	. ***	955	4	46	***		D)		•••			301	1	
elgaum	***	1,408	•••	948			***	758	***	9	***	3.118	301 3,118	430 5,202
hárwár-Bijápur	89	1,468	10	235	***	1,240	4	1,080	-40	25	103	4,098	4,201	8,823
atnágiri	***	6	•••	***			444	***	***	·		6	. 5	41
Total, 1916-17	230	6,946	28	1,975	91	1,588	19	1,848		84	861			
Total, 1915-16	800	6,283	109	2,741	530	2,370	1	920		19		11,391	11,752	***
verage of past	997	6,990	149	2,527	559	2,449	97				940	12,333	•••	18,278
three years.			•	_,52,	000	2,120	er.	1,132	8	24	1,207	13,122		*4*

The impoundings have on the whole decreased in all divisions except Dhárwár-Bijápur, where those of sheep in closed areas rose from 222 last year to 1,080 this year on account of persistence in contravention of rules. The people are, however, beginning to learn that cattle are not to be grazed in closed forest.

Sind Circle.

93.9 per cent. of the forest area was open to the grazing of cattle except goats and camels. The latter animals were admitted to 561.72 square miles of forest or 64.8 per cent.

Impoundings.—There has been a general decrease in the number of impoundings in the forests of the province as compared with the figures of last year and those of the past three years; the table at the end of this paragraph shows details. In Lower Sind this was due to the exceptionally favourable condition of rainfall in the Kohistan hill tract, which resulted in large numbers of cattle remaining away from the forests throughout the year. In Larkana the decrease is ascribed to the energy displayed by subordinates in reporting illicit grazing cases previously, while in Sukkur it is stated that the herdsmen found the yearly grazing fees much cheaper than those levied under the bi-monthly system and registered most of their cattle. Temporary cattle pounds for the control of gormal (semi-wild cattle) were opened in certain forests frequented by these animals.

In Sukkur 155 cattle were caught, the revenue from fees being Rs. 171 and the expenditure Rs. 115. In Larkana 12 cows were caught in the Amrot forest, fees being Rs. 12 and expenditure nil, while in Hyderabad 126 cows and calves were caught in nine pounds in the Hala and Sakrand ranges and Rs. 134 recovered from their owners, the pounds having been managed without expense by literate sub-rangers or guards in addition to their own duties.

The result is still not very satisfactory. The animals, though easy to approach are shy and difficult to catch. They are animals for which no grazing fees are paid, and their condition of gor or semi-wildness is brought about by their being turned loose by their owners to live in the forests night and day. The remedy is to insist that all cattle should be driven by herdsmen at night to their folds by their owners, the people avoid this in order to avoid paying fees during the period when their animals are out of milk. The help of the Revenue Department must, and will be sought. Injury is chiefly done to the young coppice shoots by browsing, and to seedlings by trampling.

Newly exploited coupes were fenced with waste branchwood. The total length of new fences put up amounted to $349\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

Repairs to existing fences were carried out over $692\frac{3}{4}$ miles. This work was done by forest guards free of cost with the help of maldars and coupe contractors. Special effort was made this year to start fencing coupes containing coppicing species directly felling operations began.

The animals impounded during the year compared with those of the preceding year are shown in the subjoined table as required by Government Resolution No. 4081, dated 22nd April 1908:—

Impoundings.

	Cows		Buffs	loes.	She	ер.	Go	ats.	Can	nels.		her imals.	· To	otal. `		of open losed.
Division.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	Ореп.	Closed,	Open.	Cjosed.	Òpen.	Closed.	Open.	Closed.	1915-16.	1916-17.
							1,687	1,629	387	481	52	166	3,179	3,647	7,201	6,826
uktur ·	606	882	371	509	76	•••		-			02	15	624	2,198	4,113	2,822
árkána	129	387	225	185	•••	39	166	1,152	104	420	•••		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	139	554	197	463		4**	296	394	65	186	8	141	704	1,788	2,796	2,449
lyderabad erruck	397	479	215	372 -	21	39	83	390	83	393	95	153	894	1,826	4,048	2,720
	2.000	2,302	1,008	1,529	97	78	2,232	3,565	639	1,480	147	475	5,401	9,409	•••	14,81
Total, 1916-17.							2,796	4,636	697	1,954	185	372	5,692	12,466	18,158	
Total, 1915-16.	1,575	3,549	595	1,589	4_	366	2,780	4,050		1,004						
Average of the ast three years.	1,266	3,246	512	1,591	175	212	3,391	4,152	528	1,282	123	260	5,994	11,079	***	

(d) Protection against Injuries from Natural Causes.

Northern Circle.

In Surat Rs. 343 were spent by employing parties for creeper cutting. Perhaps special circumstances of the locality justify this, but careful check is required; for, as in the case of broad-casting seed, the amount of work done is very susceptible of exaggeration. Generally the cut creepers are a valuable criterion that the protective officer has passed that way, and it is extraordinary the amount of creepers that can be cut in that way, making extra expense uncesirable.

In the Dahisar range of North Thana and the Bassein range of West Thana small contracts were given to men who cut the creepers for the resulting firewood. In the latter range Rs. 1,388 were realized in this way. In all divisions creepers are reported to have been cut by guards.

In the Umbergaon casuarina plantation 20,000 healthy seedlings were destroyed by a small moth. Specimens were sent to Dehra Dun for identification and advice.

Central Circle.

In all divisions cutting of climbers was carried out by guards. In Kolába coupe contractors were made to clear out Euphorbia or other growth that interferred with regeneration. In Poona eradication of prickly-pear from babul coupes took place at Government expense, 20,250 cubic feet being removed at cost of Rs. 36; and a further useful work consisted in the freeing of some 15,000 seedlings in teak coupes which were in danger of being suppressed or choked by surrounding growth. Both in Poona and Sátára construction of 'tals' went on; in the former over one running mile being built at a cost of Rs. 101, in the latter 211 new 'tals' were built for Rs. 45; the value of the work in preventing erosion and in forming suitable plots for artificial plantations behind the 'tals' was very apparent.

Southern Circle.

In Kanara W. D., a strip varying from 15 to 40 feet wide along the greater length of the Kodibag casuarina plantation was eroded by the heavy tides of June. Over 100 trees came down. The Public Works Department are taking steps to prevent further erosion by putting up "groins" in the sea and a dam of sand and dry stones inside the plantation at the most dangerous spot, where also, further in, a large area of rice land is threatened. Wild elephants and pigs did some damage to forests in the Supa and Dandeli ranges. Defoliating insects (Eupterote castanea and Hyblæa puera) again attacked the teak over a considerable area in the Kanara Northern and Central Divisions. In some of the teak nurseries in Kanara Northern and Central Divisions. In some of the teak nurseries in Kanara E. D., many of the largest plants were attacked and destroyed by the larvæ of beetles. In Kanara S. D., the casuarina trees in Kasarkod and Haldipur suffered to a certain extent from caterpillars of Arbela guadrinotata; the damaged trees were cut and sold. Prickly-pear, which is a pest in the Bijápur forests, was removed by villagers as far as possible without extra cost to Government, Lantana continues to spread in the Haliyal teak pole area in Kanara N. D., and in parts of Dhárwár, and it is difficult to check its growth. The floods of the Krishna and other rivers of Bijápur, which were very high this year, did some damage to babul kurans by uprooting the trees on the banks. The planting of zili (Sesbania ægyptiaca) along the banks is being continued with a view to check erosion as far as possible.

Sind Circle.

The weather in the cold season was not severe on the whole and young plantations were not seriously injured by frost in any division. Rats were troublesome, and did some damage by gnawing the stems of young trees below the ground. Porcupines also gave trouble in the plantations of tali (Dalbergia Sisoo) in the Sukkur division where they tore the bark off young stems; a spring trap is being experimented with a view to get rid of these animals which usually do damage at night. The defoliating caterpillars appeared in enormous numbers in the southern forests of the Jerruck division, and the damage done by them was considerable. Large trees as

well as the smallest seedlings were attacked, but the injury caused actual loss only in the case of the latter. Kamo creeper cutting was carried out by the staff, and in the Jerruck division also by contractors in a large area under thinning operations in all ranges. Small contracts were also given or the removal of creepers in some areas in this division.

4.—SYLVIOULTURE.

(a) Natural Reproduction.

Northern Circle.

- (i) From seed.—While most divisions made good efforts, by tending, at establishing natural seedlings which otherwise would have perished, only the three Thana Divisional Officers record exact extent of operations and results. These were very encouraging, percentages of successes varying from 25 to 50 per cent. as a rule, and occasionally as high as 90 per cent. All Divisional Forest Officers are being asked to record similar data in future.
- (ii) By coppice.—This is everywhere good, though naturally less vigorous above than below ghats. Everywhere more or less tending is necessary for its success.

Central Circle.

Conditions as regards rainfall were favourable, and reproduction by seed, that is to say in so far as germination and the first appearance of seedlings was concerned, left little to be desired. The difficulty is to ensure the seed-lings withstanding the effects of drought, weeds, fires and grazing, and that is where artificial measures come in. Reproduction by coppice also, so far as nature is concerned, is entirely satisfactory, though in this respect too heavy toll is taken by fires and grazing. The one exception to good natural reproduction either by seed or coppice is found in the case of the anjan in Khandesh, where not only can a good seeding not be counted on more than once in three years, but also a very large proportion of felled trees fail to coppice at all. The absence of regeneration in coupes was much commented on by the Inspector-General, who in the light of Central Provinces experience gave valuable advice as to experiments which should be carried out, both as regards preparation of the soil to form a more favourable seed bed, and as regards season of felling which may possibly affect coppicing, and adoption of the system of felling the trees at varying heights above ground instead of as is now done flush with it, for, as he pointed out, the standing growth afforded ample evidence that pollarding the anjan almost invariably produced good results.

In Poona and Satara the natural extension of sandalwood is very noticeable in some localities, affording the promise of good revenue in years to come from this most valuable species.

Southern Circle.

- (i) From seed.—The year was again very good for teak, the other valuable species such as matti, honni and sissum also seeding well. As the year 1915 was excellent for teak seed, the vast number of seedlings, which lay dormant in 1916, have come up in the rains of 1917. The work of weeding and mulching the natural seedlings has been receiving special attention with satisfactory results everywhere.
- (ii) By coppice.—Regeneration by coppice was, as usual, good in all the forests worked under this system, though, unfortunately, fires again devastated many of the old coupes in the the Khánápur Central and East ranges and destroyed both seedlings and coppice. Where the young growth gets a fair chance, it does splendidly and with a little help soon establishes itself. In Kánara W. D. it was noticed that jamba coppice was very susceptible to fires, in some places whole groups of it being completely burnt. The stumps, however, are again coppicing. Mr. Hodgson, Divisional Forest Officer, Kánara N. D., is experimenting with regard to his observations on the effect of fire on teak seedlings, mentioned in the last annual report, and his report is awaited.

Sind Circle.

(i) State of existing reproduction.

The area flooded was 4,47,753 acres compared with 2,71,093 acres of the previous year. The rains in Lower Sind were also plentiful. In consequence natural regeneration from seed was good everywhere. Seed had been scattered profusely throughout the forests of Lower Sind by the large number of famine-stricken cattle which grazed in them and on the babul pods prior to the inundation season of 1916, and in Jerruck division the forests of Viran, Sonda and Hillaya were entirely closed to browsers in order to take full advantage of the extensive natural seeding above referred to. The only setback in Lower Sind was due to the fact that some areas under regeneration received such a depth of flood water that both natural seedlings and coppice shoots died.

(ii) Measures for inducing or aiding reproduction.

There was no felling or girdling of inferior species with a view to open the canopy as this is not necessary under the system adopted, scorched trees not yet dead were cut back in three divisions for fresh coppice shoots. All debris left in coupes after felling was burnt where this could be done without endangering the forest, in order to provide a good seed bed for future babul regeneration, and areas not fully stocked naturally were broad-casted with seed after the inundation season.

Thinnings in natural crops were carried out in all divisions in babul areas; the details are as follows:-

Division.		Material.	Price realized.
Lárkána		390 trees.	Rs. 310.
Hyderabad	•••	19,030 c. ft. 223 pieces.	Not yet sold.
Jerruck	•••	Over 765 acres.	Rs. 9,255.

(b) Artificial Reproduction.

Northern Circle.

Regular plantations.

The only repular plantations are of casuarina in North and West Thana, all under the Divisional Forest Officer, North Thana. Rs. 2,458 were spent on four plantations and planting up 27 acres; 10,000 plants were put out and are doing well.

Cultural operations.

Panch Mahale. - A statement shows that 385 maunds of seed, chiefly Terminalia tomentosa and Tectona grandis, were dibbled in blanks in all ranges at a cost of Rs. 206 but the only result recorded is that the germination of teak was not satisfactory. From the Godhra nursery 10,745 teak and 2,155 plants of other trees were transplanted into exploited coupes. They were subsequently mulched and shaded with recorded good result.

Surat.—In the Bulsar range 69,500 plants were raised in the Welwach nursery and 32,025 in the Delwada nursery at a cost of Rs. 319 and Rs. 50 respectively and 24,175 teak, 8,700 tanach, 4,500 shisam and 100 beo were transplanted to old coupes without recorded result. In the North Dangs 15,000 teak and 2,300 shisam were planted out, of which 9,845 teak and 1,500 shisam were living in the month of May, when there were as many more seedlings ready to plant out.

All three Thana divisions showed even better results but detailed record conveys very little and abbreviated record must fail to do justice. It is rightly recorded in the divisional reports and is appreciated there.

South Násik division has not had a chance owing to the constant change of officers, but will probably do well though under a climate less favourable for such operations.

North Násik and Násik Sub-divisions have a yet more difficult task and will probably do well to limit themselves to natural seedlings or those raised by dibbling. For instance, in the present monsoon Malegaon had little over one inch of rain up to the end of August. Not much can be done on that.

Central Circle.

Regular plantations comprise the restocking of casuarina coupes in Kolába by planting out seedlings grown in nurseries, and by sowing of seed in the babul coupes in Poona and East Khándesh. Results were generally satisfactory.

Cultural operations received much attention in Poons, Satara and Kolába, and it is clear that a system has now been found which shows the possibility of obtaining definite results, which has never been the case in the past, and of greatly adding to the value of these forests in the future. The work which had its inception in Kanara lies in the mulching and tending of young plants, either the natural ones which spring up with the monsoon, or artificial ones put out from nurseries. The system being more or less in its infancy, precisely the best methods of work are at present a matter of experiment, one division, Poona, maintaining that raised mounds and beds are essential for success, while Satara and Kolába claim equally good results from level beds or pits; probably the main factors are the thorough working of the soil before planting and the amount of tending that the plants receive in the ensuing hot weather. What can be said with certainty is that the work has been taken up with enthusiasm in all three divisions with so fir much success, that there is enormous scope for its extension, and that it has reached a stage at which considerable expenditure on it in future will be justified. Kolába records the successful establishment of 55,000 plants at the close of the year, while in Poona it is said that of 80,000 seedlings, mostly teak, 70 per cent. survived including many which had been temporarily cut back by fire; both most creditable results. Sátara gives no actual figures, but the Conservator himself saw the good work done in several places in that division. Khandesh at present has not been uniformly so successful in the matter, nor is there so much scope for it there as for other measures of regeneration; still of 65,000 seedlings treated in North Khandesh 25 per cent. are said to have survived.

Southern Circle.

Regular plantations.

The casuarina plantations on the Kánara and Ratnágiri coast were extended by 37 and 3 acres, respectively, at a total cost of Rs. 4,464. All the plantations were doing well except the one at Harwada in Kánara C. D., where a number of plants, planted two to four years ago, have died.

Cultural operations.

Kanara N. D.—In the pole forest area thousands of natural seedlings found in the newly exploited coupes, were weeded and mulched. Junglewood species were planted in areas where only pure teak seedlings were found, as teak thrives better mixed with other species. Some three lakhs of plants were transplanted in the Kulgi range with good results. In the high forest about 30 acres were planted up with teak, honni and sissum.

Kanara E. D.—The planting and tending of teak and junglewood seedlings was carried on as usual in the coupes newly exploited. Teak and junglewood seed were dibbled in on patches where rubbish had previously been burnt, with fairly good results.

Kanara C. D.—About 230 acres of forest were sown with teak seed. Thousands of teak and matti seedlings were planted in felled areas.

Kanara S. D.—The casuarina coupe cut in 1915-16 was planted up with seedlings raised in the nursery. Teak and junglewood seed was dibbled in in suitable places in the newly exploited coupes.

Kanara W. D.—Natural seedlings were all successfully tended as usual by mulching and freeing them from interfering growth. Teak and junglewood seed were sown in suitable patches. A big nursery was made at Rengani in Gund range, whence teak seedlings were transplanted. The matti plantations made in flat blank areas in the Kadra range last year have survived in about 85 per cent. of cases where the soil was mulched and in every case where this was not done the plants died.

Belgaum.—Natural teak seedlings were weeded, mulched and shaded, and replanted in the case of failures. Teak, junglewood and sandal seed was collected and sown in different places and seedlings of all species were trans-

planted from nurseries.

Dharwar-Bijapur.—Seeds of different kinds were sown in all the five ranges of the division. Sandal seed, sown broadcast and dibbled in under the shelter of bushes, was successful in a few cases. Sowing and planting was continued in conjunction with, and supplementary to, natural reproduction by coppice. A few of the seedlings raised last year were destroyed by The agriculture—combined with—forestry operations could not be carried out in the Chickgulbal, Ingalgundi and Mamdapur coupes of the Bijapur sub-division as the area was under water for several months.

Ratnágiri.—The nurseries and plantations at Harnai, Dápoli, Dhámápur and Tondavli were maintained with due care at a total cost of Rs. 412.

Sind Circle.

Regular plantations.—The regular plantations in Sind are those of tali. There were 301 acres under regular plantation at the commencement of the year, to these 2 acres were added in Larkana and 1 in Hyderabad, making a present total of 304 acres. The details are:

Sukkur.—Kot Sultan plantation irrigated by Persian wheel. Six plants of Eucalyptus Stuartiana were added during the year of which three died; there were few casualties among the tali plants. Expenditure Rs. 293.

Zarkhel plantation irrigated by a water channel with distributaries from the Sherwah. Expenditure nil.

Rahuja garden.—Many plants of species of citrus were put out this year, and orders issued to graft varieties of orange on to these. The whole garden has been well weeded, and some of the old tali trees thinned to make room for other trees not indigenous to Sind. All fruit trees did well except the vines which have got old. A corner of the garden has been cleared at the Collector's request for the introduction of the wild hill olive (Olea cuspidata). If this species thrives on the plains it is proposed by this department to graft on to it the European olive (Olea Europea) which has a much better yield of oil and which having failed to ripen its fruits at Siálkot in the Punjáb is not likely to succeed from seed in Sind. Grafts can, it is believed, be obtained from Kashmir. The expenditure on the Rahuja garden during the year was Rs. 1,529.

Hyderabad.—In Hyderabad one acre was added to the Shah Makai plantation for tali; the area now stands at six acres and the yearly expenditure was Rs. 86.

The Monument, Miani bungalow and the small gardens of mango and divi divi in the Miani range were maintained at a cost of Rs. 1,069.

Jerruck.—The regular plantation for tali in the Jerruck division is at Khatro, the area being 23 acres. The plants are doing well and were pruned during the year. Means have been devised to secure irrigation in future for most of the plantation by flow from a small canal ex the Fuleli. In this plantation tarwad (Cassia auriculata) was sown in 1912; the plants are at present some 20 feet in height in this alluvial soil, and specimens of bark have been sent to Maihar to be tested for tannin.

Cultural operations.—One thousand five hundred and fifty-six acres of uplands were treated under the system of agriculture with forestry in all divisions, the assessment paid being Rs. 2,981 which was credited to the Revenue and Public Works Departments by book transfer. Only in the Jerruck division. where in the Katiar range Mr. Nenumal has shown good supervision can the results be called really satisfactory. Tarwad seed germinated in the Bahman forests of Larkana and the seedlings are said to be doing well.

In exploited coupes 11,777 acres were broadcasted with 3,126 maunds of babul and kandi seeds; results in riverain areas after a good inundation were on the whole good, but a second flood late in August rather upset the calculations of some of the Rangers and covered up the germinated seeds. These

were resown except in a few arrears which will be sown up this year. Attention was paid to the resowing of coupes where germination had not succeeded and kachas, high enough to keep the resultant seedlings, which had silted sufficiently above flood water, were also broadcasted with seed especially in the Larkana and Jerruck divisions.

(c) Operations for the Improvement of the Growing Stock.

Northern Circle.

Panch Mahals.—In two blocks of Godhra, one in Kalol and one in Halol, badly grown teak were cut back in formerly exploited coupes and branches of other species threatening teak were cut back.

North Thána.—Seventy-nine coupes formerly exploited were thinned in favour of teak at a cost of Rs. 2,333. The pick of the material was sent to railway and bunder depôts while the inferior material was sold locally. The total amount thus realized was Rs. 4,825.

East Thana.—Similar thinning was done in 40 coupes at a cost of Rs. 950. The best injaili and teak went to the Military and the balance sold locally. Gross realization amounted to Rs. 3,096.

Central Circle.

It is under this heading that the teak bearing forests of Khandesh come into prominence, not so much to give a record of work carried out as to emphasize its necessity in future. The forests are now full of atunted, unsound, misshapen trees of neither present nor future value, and their removal and replacement by sound coppice was a point on the need for which the Inspector-General of Forests laid great stress; in theory removal in the past has been supposed to be done by contractors, at any rate so far as the larger trees are concerned; in practice contractors knowing the material to be unsaleable have left the trees standing; the new working plan will provide for each coupe being taken in hand after the contractor has finished with it, and for all unsound growth large or small being cut back at departmental expense. Needless to say, if the work is to be of full value fires must be kept down.

Southern Circle.

In all divisions the usual operations were conducted on a larger scale than ever before: creepers were cut, broken trees cut level with the ground, inferior species girdled and improvement fellings made; the bamboos interfering with the growth of teak were also cut; thinnings, cleanings and prunings were carried out in all the casuarina plantations on the Kanara and Ratnágiri coast.

Sind Circle.

Kamo creepers (*Phyllanthus reticulatus*) were cut in all divisions and the khabar creeper (*Salvadora Persica*) also in the Jerruck division. Thinnings were undertaken in all divisions this year and in Jerruck on a fairly large scale, the operations extending over 765 acres and the amount realised being Rs. 9,255.

In Hyderabad mutilated trees were cut back under the orders of the Deputy Conservator.

5.—EXPLOITATION.

- (a) System of Management.
 - (i) Major Forest Produce.

Northern Circle.

Statement of area of various systems of exploitation in force with percentages:—

	clear by co	hod of felling mpart- ent.	Uni Me	form thod.	M	roup ethod.		ection thod.	S: Co	imple ppice.	W	ppice ith dards.	Im	nod of prove- nent.	not Wo	orkable nd area under rking lan.
Division.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the sylvicultural system.	Ares in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the sylvicultural system.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the sylvicultural system.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the sylvicultural system.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the syl- vicultural system.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the syl- vicultural system.	Aros in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the sylvicultural system.	Area in square miles.	Percentage of total area under the syl- vicultural system.
					_			<u>. </u>		<u> </u>				/	-	, :
Panch Maháls	•••	•••	114	34-4	•		•••		•••	•••	164	49-4	26	7.8	28	. 8-4
Burst	***	***	·	•••	•••	j ·	···		٠		68	9-4	159	22.0	497	68-6
North Thans			307	94-4		 .	.16	5			***	•••	***	***	2	0-5
West Thána	***	***	309	95.9								249	,,,,	•••	13	4-1
East Thána		***	296	87-3	···		. 500			•••		•••	58	12.7	1	• ,,,
North Násik	•••		***	***		***					241	49.5	47	9-6	203	40-9
South Násik	•••	 •••					247	71.6	ļ		71	20-6	•••	***	27	7-8
Násik sub-divi- sion.	4	16	bee .	***		***	•••	<i>,,</i> ,		44*	- 29	11-2	•••	hVb "	225	87.2
Total	4		1,128	34.6			263	8.1		•••	576	17.7	290	8.0	996	30.6

Clear fellings.—These were limited to ten babul coupes of Nasik subdivision in the first instance. Subsequently, with the approval of the Inspector-General of Forests, the standards in the coupes of the year in the three Thana divisions were felled in anticipation of the introduction of the revised plan which is under preparation and will introduce the uniform system. Therefore, in the statement the whole of these Thana forests are carried from the heading "Coppice with standards" to that of "Uniform method". A similar change in treatment of the forests of the Eastern Mahals under the authority of the Superintendent of Working Plans should have been shown in the statement in last year's Administration Report.

Selection fellings.—These were confined to the below-ghát forests of the South Násik division.

Coppice with standards.—The forests of the Western Maháls were still included under this method but its application on sylvicultural lines so approximates to clear cutting that the uniform method will be introduced in the coming season except in the Hálol range, the conditions of which require further study. The forests of the Mándvi range of the Surat district and the above-ghát teak forests of North and South Násik divisions and Násik subdivision come under this heading.

Method of improvement.—This is prescribed in the North and South Dangs and Bulsar-Chikhli of the Surat division also the anjan forests of North Násik.

Unregulated fellings.—These, chiefly for revenue, take place in the Central Dangs of Surat, but must shortly give place to some method for improvement.

Central Circle.

Clear fellings were undertaken in babul and casuarina forests only, 22 babul coupes aggregating 319 acres being felled in Poona and East Khandesh, and 1 coupe of 1 acre of casuarina in Kolába.

Improvement fellings comprising mainly a system of selection of overmature and unsound trees, were carried out in the Sátpuda forests of East and North Khándesh, in the Umarpata, Deomogra, Dhulia and Pimpalner forests of West Khándesh, on the Mahábleshwar and Mátherán plateaux of Sátára and Kolába, and in the Akola and Lonávla forests of Poona. The selection system, pure and simple, is nowhere in force in the circle.

Coppice fellings took place in the teak forests of Poona, Sátára and Kolába, and of the Edlábad forests in East Khandesh.

Of the total organized areas of the circle amounting to 2,301 square miles, 33 square miles are under clear fellings, 1,516 under improvement fellings, and 752 under coppice with standards.

Unregulated fellings in forests consisted solely of extraction of material for free grants in all divisions, of clearance of dead and dying trees in babul forests, and of clearance of rides and views at Mahableshwar and Matheran; outside forests, of the sale of royalty trees in occupied lands in all divisions and of reserved trees in unassessed Government waste in West Khandesh.

Southern Circle.

The systems of management were the same as before.

Clear fellings.—These were carried out in the coast casuarina plantations of Kanara on an area of 17 acres realizing Rs. 147 per acre and in babul forests of Bijapur, where two coupes measuring 19 acres in all were exploited, realizing Rs. 72 per acre.

Selection fellings.—The following operations were carried out in the Ranara divisions in accordance with the provisions of the sanctioned working plans:—

•	Division.		, N	umber of trees cut.	,
•			Teak.	Blackwood.	Junglewood.
Organ	nised Area.				``
Kánara Northern	•••	• • •	1,831	· 73	. 863
Kánara Eastern		•••	3,267	******	1,119
Kánara Central	•••	•••	167	60	1,300
Kánara Western	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••	687	19	219
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total, 1916-17		5,892	152	3,506
	Total, 1915-16	••.	9,501	469	3,791

Exploitation in Gund range of Kánara W. D. is somewhat in arrears in respect of junglewood for want of a road but, in view of the progress made in road construction up the Kálinadi valley, the girdling operations this year have been extended to nandi and matti in the hope that, by the time the felling is due, it will be possible, and will pay, to bring these timbers down to Kodibág depôt. In Kádra range high forests, besides teak, the usual junglewood species were exploited.

Improvement fellings.—These were carried out as under:—

	- 	•	}	1	Number of trees cu	ıt.
·	Divisio	Ω•	-	Teak.	Blackwood.	Junglewood.
Kánara Northern Kánara Eastern Kánara Western	9'0 0 0 0	•••		10,373 3,424 439	1,749	3,081 56 3
	•	Total, 1916-17	•.]-	14,236	1,749	3,140
* .		Total, 1915-16	••-	11,321	750	573

Coppice fellings.—This method of exploitation, which is most common, was adopted in all the divisions except Ratnagiri as under:—

	Area in	Revenue 1	er acre.	. Quality.
Division.	acres.	1916-17-	1915-16.	
Organized area.		Rs.	Rs.	•
Kánara N. D Kánara E. D Kánara C. D Kánara W. D	1,368	94 19 23 22 68 71	118 20 22 25 202 85	Teak poles, timber and fuel. Teak poles and fuel. Do. do. Do. do. Logs, poles and fuel. Railway fuel.
Total, 1916-17 .	6,295	59	•••	
Total, 1915-16	5,833		65	
Unorganized area.			ľ	
Belgaum	538 356 3,501 1,672	37 5		Timber and fuel. Railway fuel. Local fuel. Poles and fuel.
Total, 1916-17	6,067	7		***
Total, 1915-16	6,768	•••	10	

The revenue realized per acre shows a decrease below that of last year owing to dislocation of business caused by the war and consequent want of bidders for standing coupes.

Unregulated fellings.—In all the divisions, except Kanara Western division and Ratnagiri, dead sandalwood trees exploited from various jungles were converted into billets of different sorts, which fetched a revenue of Rs. 46,482 as against Rs. 36,761 in the previous year.

In the Kánara Eastern and Southern divisions and Dhárwár-Bijápur, 721 junglewood trees exploited in various jungles fetched Rs. 741.

In the Kanara Western and Belgaum divisions extraordinary fellings were made in the most suitable areas for supplying the following material to the Military Department, Bombay, for war purposes:—

Junglewood poles... 21,131 No.Junglewood logs... 9,593 c. ft.

Mango planks ... 4,620 running feet.

Bamboos of sorts ... 201,150 No.

The value of the material was not fully credited during the year.

Sind Circle.

Clear fellings with some reserves to provide large timber.—Seventeen thousand four hundred and eighty-eight acres of forest were exploited under this system in accordance with the provisions of the working plans, as compared with 16,691 acres during the previous year. After exploitation, the branchwood not required for the fences was burnt where feasible and a lyisable, and the soil resown with babul and kandi seed either broadcast or in drills. With the permission of Government the maximum girth of babul reserves was increased from 25" to 36", it having been found that there were few small trees and that these could not attain the girth of 60" (the minimum required for a

good log by the Gun Carriage Factory at Jubbulpore) during the short rotation of 30 years. The stools of kandi and bahan were carefully coppied everywhere.

Improvement fellings.—These include the cutting back of material in burnt areas, and the levelling of stumps of trees illicitly cut.

The statistics are as follows:-

In Sukkur 204 acres of burnt area were worked over, the material realizing Rs. 600;

In Larkana 348 acres of burnt area were exploited, the material realizing Rs. 4,400;

· In Hyderabad the cutting back of mutilated trees yielded 1,081 maunds of fuel which will be sold during the ensuing year;

In Jerruck 82 acres containing a little burnt wood were worked over, this burnt material yielding Rs. 80.

Unregulated fellings.—These include the removal of wood in erosion fellings, all wood actually dead whether standing or fallen, free grants, and wood cut to meet the urgent demands of the Public Works and other departments. Statistics are as follows:—

In Sukkur 4,829 acres were cleared against 1,292 acres in the previous year; this included the site of the Quetta Military Farm near Ruk and a little area cleared for the central passage of the Indus.

In Larkana owing to good competition 808 dead and fallen trees yielded Rs. 3,525. The area cleared for fear of erosion was only 35 acres against 247 acres of the previous year.

In Hyderabad the area cleared was 141 acres against 107 acres of the previous year.

In Jerruck 85 dangerous trees along the river frontage of Budka realised Rs. 100. Forty-two dead stumps in Khatro and 120 dead stumps in Hillaya yielded Rs. 60, and 374 acres threatened with erosion were exploited in the forests of Ach Marho and Allahbux in Shah Bunder range (being coupes prescribed for 1917-18) and yielded Rs. 4,070. Two thousand seven hundred and fifteen babul and 6,945 lye stakes were cut by the Public Works Department at a cost to them of Rs. 956.

(ii) Minor Forest Produce.

Northern Circle.

This is worked without fixed plan as public demand requires consistently with the well-being of the forests:

Central Circle.

This is disposed of as occasion dem ands by departmental collection and sale, or by farming the right of collection, or on permit. Under the first method mhowra saed and hirda form the main items, yielding respectively Rs. 4,938 and Rs. 5,153; under the two latter hirda yielded Rs. 11,001 and grass and grazing Rs. 2,79,661. Other minor products, roshagrass, leaves, pods and fruits, bamboos, earth and stone, brought the total revenue to Rs. 3,38,845 as against Rs. 2,97,381 in 1915-16.

Southern Circle.

The systems of exploitation as detailed in Form No. 20 were the same as last year except that a large number of bamboos were departmentally extracted for supply to the Military Department; a small quantity of hirda was also collected by departmental agency in Kinara E. D. for experimental purposes. The total revenue from minor forest produce was Rs. 1,89,089 during 1915-16.

Sind circle.

Form No. 20 gives details.

Minor produce was farmed out to contractors. This includes Iac, babul pods, grasses. Fishery rights produced Rs. 44,104. Of these there was a great demand for Iac, the contracts rising from Rs. 675 to Rs. 17,100. Efforts were made to induce the insect to spread to fresh compartments by cutting the topmost branches of suitable trees to obtain succulent shoots on which alone the young larvæ can exist, while branches of seed-lac were fied in close proximity on the leeward side. The results will be noted during the ensuing year. It was noticed that the insects from seed-lac which had swarmed on old branches had died.

Revenue from grazing realized Rs. 37,950.

(b) Agency of Exploitation.

(i) Departmental Agency.

Northern Circle.

This was confined to the North Dángs by which 5,359 logs of teak measuring 3,787½ khandies (of 12½ cubic feet) and of other species 963 logs totalling 811½ khandies were felled and taken to the sale depôt at Fort Songad station (Tapti Valley Railway). The Subir saw-mill also prepared the following:—

12,006 narrow guage sleepers
16,326 sizes of scantlings
1,34,668 battens.
10,345 boards.

All teak.

Central Circle.

Fellings under this heading are confined to as small limits as possible, nearly all coupes being sold standing to contractors; for the supply of fuel to Mahábleshwar Rs. 5,537 were spent on the departmental extraction of 3,64,326 cubic feet, the resulting price being Rs. 11,518; at Matherán 65,676 cubic feet were extracted, the cost being Rs. 4,818 and the revenue Rs. 7,037. From the Poona babul forests, 1,08,861 cubic feet, the results of floods, windfalls, erosion, and dead and dying trees, were cut by the department and sold for Rs. 8,453. As regards minor produce mhowra seed was collected departmentally in North and West Khándesh, the net revenue being Rs. 1,354, and hirda collected on the share system in the Rájur and Akola ranges of the Poona division realized Rs. 3,732.

Southern Circle.

The works carried out under this head comprise timber and sandalwood brought to depôts for annual sales, fuel supplied to the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway for locomotives, other produce cut or collected experimentally to create a market for departmental use or for supply to other Government departments. Details are given in the following table:—

		Average of three preceding years.					3916-17.					
,	Balance.	Exploited during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year	Cost.	Re-	Balance.	Exploited during the year.	Total,	Disposed of during the year.	Cost.	Re- ceipts.
Major.	C. ft.	Ć. st.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Rs.	Rø.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	Rs.	Ra.
limbor	6.21.636	9,98,381	16,20,017	9,38,904	4,21,790	10.80,200	3,79,744	10,93,661	18,33,405	11,42,748	4,96,663	14,30,058
Fuel	8,64,708	35,93,623	44,58,331	36,50,019	1,24,387	2,46,353	7,80,258	41,15,014	48,95,272	37,76,369	1,59,546	2,31,120
Sandalwood, Value Bs.	86	34,883	34,949	34,199	2,353	84,199	2,005	44,997	47,002	46.482	2,973	46,482
Minor.	·			·					-	} <i>•</i>		
Pamboos. Value Rs.		49	49	49	34	49		11,712	11,712	1,483	2015	1,48
Grass and other minor produce, Value Rs.		2,433	3,14 6	2,263	2,140	2,332	510	625	1,135	822	9,915	55

The quantity of timber exploited during the year was 10,93,661 cubic feet against 9,80,423 in the previous year, an increase of 1,13,238 cubic feet. This increase is mainly due to a larger quantity of teak brought to Kodibág depôt from Gund and the Kálinadi slopes in Kánara W. D. and to the extraction of poles and other material for war purposes in Kánara W. D. and Belgaum. Though considerable progress in communications was made between Gund and Kadra they have not yet reached the stage where they can affect the outturn from that (Gund) range. A scheme for the improvement of communications from Gund to Kodibág depôt is being drawn up by Mr. Pipe, the Engineer specially deputed to make preliminary investigations during the year. The percentage of timber exploited departmentally to the total outturn was 47 against 55 in the previous year.

The quantity of fuel extracted departmentally during the year was 4,115,014 cubic feet against 3,660,641 cubic feet in the previous year, an increase of 454,373 which is due to larger quantities of railway fuel extracted in Kánara W. D. and to the departmental exploitation of fuel from coupes for retail sale to the public at the Honávar, Bhatkal and Shiráli fuel depots in Kánara S. D. owing to want of contractors to run the depots. The percentage of fuel extracted by Government agency to the total outturn was 44 against 31 in 1915-16.

The outturn of sandalwood was slightly greater in quantity than that of the previous year, but the revenue therefrom increased considerably, the prices obtained during the year being on an average nearly 50 per cent. higher all round. The revenue from this source was Rs. 46,482 against 30,675 in the previous year.

The departmental exploitation of bamboos worth Rs. 11,712 is an unusual operation and was undertaken in Kánara N., E. and W. divisions and Belgaum for supply to the Military Department.

In the Belgaum division, grass was cut departmentally and sold. Experiments in ensilage were not made as there is no demand for fodder of this description. In Kánara E. D. a small quantity of hirda was collected for experiment. In the Dhárwár-Bijápur division some gum was collected departmentally and sold for Rs. 202 at a net profit of Rs. 71.

The Government buffaloes (11) in Kánara N. D. carted firewood for the use of the Government saw-mills in that division and helped to cart sawn material from the mills to the railway station. The cart depats in Kánara N. and E. divisions, established in the year 1915 as per Government Resolution No. 2198 dated 9th March 1914, are independent of the above buffaloes and they worked at a net profit of Rs. 516 during the year as separately reported to Government shortly after the close of the year.

The monorail in the Belgaum division was again not used owing to frequent breakages and inexperience of the contractor's men to repair them.

The work turned out by the two Government saw-mills in Kanara N. D. was as under:—

				Outturn.		
Ма	Material.			1916-17.	1915-16.	
6 feet teak sleepers 7 2½ ,, Planks (teak) Scantlings (teak) Battens (teak) Scantlings (junglewood) Battens (junglewood)	•••		Number. "C. ft. """ """ """ """ """ """	24,172 3,190 4,234 6,303 11,672 4,269 589	7,472 144 200 2,118 16,065 6,655	
Value of the outturn, estim Charges for running mills, Net income, estimated	ated	***	Rs.	96,286 74,182 22,104	57,360 49,987 7,373	

The results of the year show a satisfactory improvement over the previous year. Three new saw-mills were purchased at the close of the year as per Government Order, Financial Department, No. 1250 of 21st April 1917:—

One 10 horse-power mill with accessories and fittings complete for use in Kanara E. D., cost Rs. 10,222;

One 12 horse-power mill with accessories and fittings complete for use in Kánara C. D., cost Rs. 16,600;

One 14 horse-power mill with accessories and fittings complete for use in Kánara W. D., cost Rs. 20,110.

A contractor's saw-mill operating in Kanara E. D. is reported to have done the following work for this department:—

6 feet teak sleepe	rs	•••	***	No.	14,891
7	•••	•••	***	,,	626
Planks	•••	•••		C.ft.	2,800
Battens		•••	•••	- 33	3,389
Scantlings		•••	•••	33	3,140

For sleepers the contractor gets the usual wages fixed in his contract agreement; for all other material he is paid a 5th share on the sale price of the material, the remaining 3th share going to the department; the Government share during the year amounted to Rs. 4,515.

Sind Circle.

With the exception of the extraction of wood from Budka coupe in the Jerruck division which has been mentioned under Chapter IV—Research and Experiments, departmental operations were confined to the supply of fuel to Government steamers on the Indus. The quantity supplied totalled 1,04,717 cubic feet, the value being Rs. 2,911 and the expenditure Rs. 2,679.

· (ii) Purchasers.

Northern Circle.

All forest produce except that mentioned above, that removed by privilege holders and free grants was removed by purchasers (under contract). For quantities and value see statement under "(c) Outturn and sources of forest produce".

Central Circle.

By this agency is removed the greater part of the produce of the circle. Two hundred and fourteen coupes in all divisions were sold, less by 19 than in the previous year, but the price realized rose from Rs. 2,32,849 to Rs. 2,54,209 as a result of keen demand for timber and fuel. In Khándesh large quantities of dead wood were removed by purchasers either on permit or by sale of the right to collect in definite areas.

Disposal of royalty trees from revenue lands in accordance with the policy of Government that occupants should become the owners of such trees at a moderate price, and clearance of growth in revenue waste in West Khandesh, brought in Rs. 1,40,637 from 1,74,774 trees as against Rs. 1,00,661 from 1,23,768 in 1915-16.

Grass and grazing receipts both showed a steady increase, the former from Rs. 1,02,433 to Rs. 1,11,398, the latter from Rs. 1,43,083 to Rs. 1,68,263 or a total increase from Rs. 2,45,516 to Rs. 2,79,661. The number of animals on which grazing fees were paid was 9,47,862 as against 8,68,069, and 65,395 animals belonging to privilege holders grazed free of charge.

Bamboo revenue rose from Rs. 8,301 to Rs. 11,086; rosha-grass from Rs. 2,617 to Rs. 5,469, but hirda and shikekai fell slightly. On the other hand, the demand for tanning materials such as tarwad bark and ghatbor fruits rose to such an extent that miscellaneous revenue increased from Rs. 11,948 to Rs. 21,237.

•	Southern Circle.
The value of produce remo	oved by purchasers was:

D. 1				1916-17.		
Produce.	[Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Major. Timber Fuel	•••	C. ft. 7,87,879 66,07,829	Rs. 2,72,464 97,079	C. ft. 12,17,000 51,51,000	Rs. 2,92,950 1,06,152	
Tota	ı	73,95,708	3,69,543	63,68,000	3,99,102	
Minor. Bamboos Grass and grazing Other minor produce		Number. 41,02,448 	53,228 67,746 57,286	Number. 56,28,731 	65,484 75,740 54,565	
Tota	ı	•••••	1,78,260	****	1,95,789	
Grand tota	il		5,47,803		5,94,891	

The increase in the area of coupes sold accounts for the increase in the revenue from the major produce.

The increase in the number and value of bamboos is due to the increased demand as a result of the extensive destruction of houses in Dhárwár district by floods in November 1916; a considerable number was also purchased by Mr. Strickland of Shimoga from Kánara W. D. for sale to the Military Department.

The increase in the amount of grazing fees collected is due to the larger number of animals that grazed in the forests.

The decrease in the value of other minor produce is trivial and it is due to the fall in the prices for hirda farms.

Receipts from the sale of coupes and deadwood at the annual sales are shown below:—

, Di	vision.		Description of area exploite	.fx	Acreage.	Value realised.
	•			•		Rs.
Sukkur	••••	{	Coupes Deadwood Irregular fellings	•••	ll 10 one	$ \begin{cases} 82,125 \\ 1,751 \\ 22,046 \end{cases} $
Lárkána Hyderabad	•••	•••	Coupes	•••	3,579 3,448	36,221 1,02,201 64,051
Jerruck	. •••	{	Coupes Deadwood	•••	} . 5,080	80
•	•	•	Total, 1916-1	7	21,030	3,08,475
		_	Total, 1915-16	·	20,736	2,53,113

To the above must be added the revenue from all irregular fellings and thinnings amounting to Rs. 26,791 received during the rest of the year. It will be noticed that there is a rise in the receipts of Rs. 55,362 or a 22 per cent. increase on last year's figures; this is chiefly due to the rise in the price of fuel. The excess yield from the Hyderabad coupes alone was Rs. 33,246, the sales being held for the first time at Karáchi.

The revenue realized by the sale of fuel under the permit system was Rs. 7,095 against Rs. 6,704 of the previous year. There were increases in

Sukkur and Hyderabad divisions and a slight decrease at Tatta in Jerruck. Prospects for the coupe revenue during the coming year as also the permit revenue in the Hyderabad division are excellent.

The grazing fee collection was as under:-

Division.		1915-16.	1916-17.
•		${ m Rs.}$	Rs .
Sukkur		13,136	13,748
Lárkána	***	6,797	6,991
Hyderabad	•••	14,815	9,994
Jerruck	•••	11,435	7,217
Total	•••	46,183	37,950

The fall in grazing revenue in Lower Sind is due to the unusual rains in the Kohistan hills which resulted in the herdsmen staying at home and in Kutch, outside the forests.

Minor forest produce.—The revenue derived from minor forest produce farmed out and assessment levied on lands leased out for cultivation as compared with last year's results is detailed below:—

Produce.	1915-16.	1916-17.
•	Rs.	$\mathrm{Rs}.$
Lac	645	17,100
Babul pods	24,284	19,107
Grasses	 3,888	3,253
Fishery	4,341	4,644
Cultivation	13,325	13, 482
Paban and bih	•••	450
- Total	46,483	58,036

As the figures show there was a drop in the revenue from babul pods owing to the absence of many of the hill herdsmen, and a large increase in lac revenue.

(iii) Rights and Privileges.

Northern Circle.

These were as usual. There were no complaints. Full details are given in Forms 19 and 20 and statement under "(c) Outturn and sources of forest produce" below.

· Central Circle.

The value of the produce removed under this head was:-

		•	Rs.
Timber	• • • • •	•••	15
Fuel	• •••	•••	11,039
Grass and grazing	•••	• • • •	28,481
Minor produce	•••	•••	2,531
	r	Total	42.066

the major part representing privileges in Khandesh exercised under the Tapti Codes. In addition Rs. 11,032 were paid in cash as khoti shares on the forest revenue in the Kolaba division.

Southern Circle.

There are no right-holders in this circle. Privileges are many and they are abused, though endeavours are made to check the abuse by enhancement of grazing fees and curtailment of free grants of forest produce ordinarily allowed by rules. It is difficult to give accurate figures under this head and the following is but a repetition of the figures returned in previous years:—

<u> </u>	Produce.		Quantity.	Value.
Timber Firewood	Major.	•••	C. ft. 3,00,000 30,41,686	Rs. 72,000 6,46,353
Bamboos. Grazing Minor pro	Minor.		Number 30,00,000	15,000 3,00,387 1,80,000

Sind Circle.

The extent and value of forest produce and grazing enjoyed free under privileges amounted to:

a		V	alue Rs.
Grazing, 9,989 animals	***		3,859
Firewood, 18,642 cubic feet	•••	15.	179

(iv) Free Grants.

Northern Circle.

Timber and other produce to the value of Rs. 4,503 as against Rs. 4,883 in 1915-16 was granted free. These grants were normal.

Central Circle.

These were made to a value of Rs. 3,631, as against Rs. 5,008 in 1915-16, and for the usual objects such as rewards for fire protection, rebuilding houses, schools, temples, tals and wells.

Southern Circle.

The value of forest produce granted free, compared with the average of the past three years, is as under:—

	Average of	past three years.	1916	-17.
Produce.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Major. Timber Fuel	C. ft. 33,617 31,229	Rs. 10,028 305	C. ft. 43,000 22,000	Rs. 10,138 212
Total	64,846	10,333	65,000	10,350
Grazing"	46,602	418 4,916 1,478	84,220	398 2,245 1,90 1
Total	•••••	6,812	••••	4,544
Grand total		17,145	••••	14,894

Free grants of timber worth Rs. 2,449 were made to poor villagers in the Bijapur district for repairing or rebuilding their houses damaged by the heavy rains of November 1916, which brought down thousands of tenements and caused much damage in the country. The increase in the number of bamboos is due to grants made to two villages partially destroyed by fire in Kanara Northern division. The decrease in the value of free grazing is due to the reason that this concession was curtailed or stopped in several cases for forest fires. On the whole the grants made were normal.

Sind Circle.

Free grants are shown below:

				Val	ue.
Prod	uce.		Extent.	1915-16.	1916-17.
Grazing Minor produce Timber firewood	***	•••	2,611 animals. 460 bundles. 4,798 c. ft.	Ps. 1,960 42 597	Rs. 1,091 19 359

In addition to the above free grazing was allowed to forest contractors to the value of Rs. 2,051.

(e) Outturn and Sources of Forest Produce.

Northern Circle.

The outturn from all sources of forest produce for the year 1916-17 compared with that of the previous year was as follows:—

	}	•	•		M	aterial.				
Agency of exp	loitation.	Tim	ber.	Fa	el.	Total	wood.	Bam- boos.	Grass and grazing.	Minor produce
		Cubic feet in solid.	Value in Rupees.	Cubic feet in solid.	Value in Rupees.	Cubic feet in solid.	Value in Rupees.	Value in Rupees.	Value in Rupecs.	Value in Rupees
	(1916-17	1,09,233	1,25,538	67,969	2,293	1,77,202	1,27,831	4 8		4,949
Government	\ 1915-16	89,250	1,57,529	98,744	5,023	1,87,994	1,62,552		68,120	8,799
_	1916-17	23,33,828	16,86,782	61,79,820	12,338	85,13,648	16,99,120	93,348	98,502	39,216
Purchasers	1915-16	26,39,965	11,91,533	54,41,809	11,755	80,81,774	12,03,288	34,427	1,02,887	35,924
	(1916-17	8,591	3,365	6,840	55	15,431	3,420	470		618
Free grantees	···{ 1915-16	8,722	2,466	80	2	8,802	2,468		 _	(
	f 1916-17	76,220	2,28,660	86,58,571	3,00,635	87,34,791	5,29,295	11,695	3,65,197	36,240
Privilege hold	ers. (1915-16	76,220	2,28,660	76,21,903	2,64,641	76,98,123	4,93,301	5,048	2,96,780	57,000
Te ta	l, 1916-17	25,27,872	20,44,345	1,49,13,200	3,15,321	1,74,41,072	23,59,666	45,561	4,63,699	81,018
Tota	I. 1915-16	28,14,157	15,80,188	1,31,62,536	2,81,421	1,59,76,693	18,61,609	39,475	4,67,787	1,01,729

Central Circle.

Comparison for two years is made in the following statement:-

			ı	• ,	• ,		Mater	īal.				
: Agency of exp	loitation	: .	Tim	ber.	Fu	Fuel.		Total wood.		boos.	Grass and grazing.	Minor produce.
			Cubic ft. solid.	Value. Rupees.	Cubic ft.	Value Rupees.	Cubic ft. solid.	Value. Rupees.	Number.	Value. Rupees.	Value, Rupees.	Value. Rupees.
. ,	(1915-16		7,147	1,387	2,85,283	22,504	2,93,430	23,891	1,567	94	26	19,403
Government	1916-17		10,808	2,320	8,42,920	28,312	8,53,728	30,632	[1	20	10,389
Purchasers	∫1915-16	***	7,50,773	3,09,469	80,08,501	70,934	37,59,274	8,80,403	8,43,634	8,301	2,45,516	24,044
rurchasers	1916-17	,,,	8,22,184	3,86,849	29,47,144	55,206	87,69,328	4,42,055	10,80,050	11,086	2,79,661	37,708
Free grantees	∫ 1915-16	•••	19,604	3,266	29,091	903	48,895	4,169	10,000	85		.669
1100 81-21005	1916-17	•	17,719	2,732	957	47	18,676	2,779	2,485	38		814
Privilege hold-	∫ ¹⁹¹⁵⁻¹⁶		1,427	165	5,02,918	10,666	5,04,840	10,831	***	***	27,688	4,659
ers.	1916-17	•••	316	15	5,06,819	11,039	5,07,185	11,054	1,200	8	28,481	2,528
Total	∫ ¹⁹¹⁵⁻¹⁶	••	7,79,151	3,14,287	88,26,788	1,05,007	46,05,939	4,19,294	8,55,201	8,479	2,73,230	48,775
	1916-17	••	8,51,027	3,91,916	37,97,840	94,604	46,48,867	4,86,520	10,83,890	11,128	3,08,142	51,439

Southern Circle.

The total outturn of the year is summarized in the following table:—

Agency of exploitation.		ber.	Fu	el.	Total	wood.	Bam	boos.	San da)	Minor	
· ·	Cubic feet.	Value.	Cubic feet.	Value.	Cubic feet.	Value.	Number.	Value.	Sandal- wood Value.	pro- duce, value	Grazing, value.
Government Purchasers Free grantees Privilege holders	12,17,000	Rs. 14,30,055 2,92,950 10,138 72,000	41,15,014 51,51,000 22,000 30,41,686	Rs. 2,31,120 1,06,159 212 6,46,353	52,08,675 63,68,000 65,000 93,41,686	Rs. 16,61,175 3,99,102 10,350 7,18,353	22,894 56,28,731 84,220 30,00,000	Rs. 1,483 65,484 398 15,000	Rs. 46,482	Rs 54,565 1,901 1,80,000	Rs. 556 75,740 2,245 3,00,387
Total, 1916-17		<u> • </u>	1,23,29,700		1,49,83,361	<u> </u>	87,35,845	82,365 63,128	<u> </u>	2,38,466 2,51,927	

The number of cattle for which grazing was allowed during the past two years is as under—
1916-17. 1915-16.

Free 30,569
On fee ... 4,59,461
Total ... 4,90,030

The total expenditure incurred under "Management of State Forests" was Rs. 8, 24,635 against Rs. 7,28,850 in the preceding year.

33,085

4,42,938

4,76,023

Sind Circle.

The outturn from all sources of forest produce is compared with that of 1915-1916 in the following statement:—

	•	}		,		Materia	l removed.				
			Tim	ber.	Fue	el.	Total	wood.			
			C. ft.	Value.	C. ft.	Value.	C, ft.	Value.	Minor. produce.	Grazing.	Total.
				Rs.	-	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Government	•••		11,118	1,796	289,384	19,246	3,00,502	15,042	2,468	•	17,510
Purchasers	•••		3 ,53,55 7	1,04,882	1,84,89,686	2,99,309	1,68,43,243	4,04,392	40,821	87,950	4,83,163
Free grantees	•••		3,191	351	67	. 7	8,258	858	19	2,048	2,425
Privilege holders	•••		***	***	18,642	179	18,642	179	•••	8,859	4,038
Total, 191	6-17		3,67,866	1,07,029	1,87,97,779	3,12,741	1,91,65,645	4,19,971	43,308	43,857	5,07,136
Total, 191	5-16		2,15,029	67,222	1,60,15,512	2,01,603	1,62,30,541	2,68,825	34,428	54,887	8,58,140

The quantity and value of material removed by the Public Works Department from the areas temporarily alienated to it along bunds and canal banks were as follows:—

Material.	•	Quantity.		Value. Rs.
Timber—Timber pieces	•••	18,636	4 =, •	1,675
Branch wood bundle	s	3,550	•••	473
Earthcub	ic feet	29,05,928	•••	726
		Total	•••	2,874

CHAPTER III.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Northern Circle.

Financial results of the year as compared with those of last year and the average of the past five years are given in the following statement:—

Head.		1916-17.	1915-16.	Average of five preceding years.
Revenue	• • •	Rs. 20,40,421 (deduct) 642	Rs. 16,57,003 (deduct) 68,120	Rs. 15,75, 50 Famine fodder.
	Ì	(net) 20,39,779	(net) 15,88,883	
F and Piters	••	1,99,549	3,55,694 (deduct) 1,53,330	3,29,800 Famine fodder.
Expenditure $\left\{ egin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{B} \end{array} ight.$		1,99,549 -3,83,804	(net) 2,02,364 4,08,045	3,88,083
Total, Expenditure	•••	5,83,353	6,10,409	7,17,883
Surplus	•••	14,56,426	9,78,474	8,57,767

N.B.—The above figures include the following on account of royalties on forest produce from lands outside forests:—

Rs.

Revenue

3,65,091

Expenditure

2,996

Classification of Revenue and Expenditure of the year 1916-1917:-

I.—REVENUE.

Particulars.		Receipts.	Percentage.	
Major produce Minor produce Famine fodder	•••	18,26,951 2,12,828 642	89·5 10·5	
Total		26,40,421	100	

II.—EXPENDITURE A.

	Rs.	Percentage.
Extension and constitu-	2,200	1:1
Improvement Exploitation	92,630 1,04,719	46·4 52·5
Total	1,99,549	100

III.—Expenditure B.

			
Particulars.		Charges.	Percentage.
Administration - Executive Protective	•••	Rs. 33,567 1,44,195 4,05,590	5·7 24·6 69·7
Total	_••	5,83,352	100

Figures of the various divisions compared with those of last year are as follows:—

Division.	Year.	Receipts.	:	Expenditure	l.	
		24 coccipies	· A	В	Total.	Not results.
		Rs.	Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.
Panch Maháls	415 4040 44	1,14,028 1,58,060	10,927 7,825	48,650 48,245	59,577 51,071	+54,446 +1,06,989
Surat	13 1010 10	2,32,603 2,01,657	1,12,298 1,05,786	62,784 52,385	1,75,032 1,58,178	+57,571 +49,479
North Thans	1 1 1010 10	5,54,038 8,04,419	28,281 88,110	54,539 55,7£8	82,820 93,868	+4,71,918 +7,10,551
West Thána	1 1 1016 17	2,56,086 3,51,174	14,817 14,195	49,756 56,819	64,073 71,014	+1,92,013 +2,80,160
East Thána	1 1016 15	2,03,488 2,89,209	14,924 16,183	69,525 60,333	78,449 76,516	+1,25,039 +2,12,693
South Násik		1,68,442 1,61,437	16,128 9,070	54,C46 88,666	70,169 47,736	+98,278 +1,18,701
North Násik	. {1915-16 1916-17	59,819 68,428	2,468 5,885	91,051 28,775	88,514 81,460	+ 26,805 + 33,968
Násik sub-division (newly created).	1 1016 17	4,057	761	13,183	18,944	- 9,987
Total*	11 1016 15	16,57,003 20,40,421	8,55,694 1,99,549	4,08,045 3,83,804	7,63,739 5,83,859	+8,93,264 +14,57,068
Average of past five years		15,75,650	8,29,800	3,88,093	7,17,883	+8,57,767

^{*} This is inclusive of the figures for the Direction office, Working Plans division and Famine folder.

Panch Mahals.—An increase of Rs. 55,118 was due to a fairly normal agricultural year and war demands, resulting in seventy coupes being sold for Rs. 1,16,366 as against 47 coupes for Rs. 71;248 in the last year. A decrease of Rs. 2,192 in receipts from teak in malki fellings was due to a smaller number of trees being sold, though prices were considerably higher. A decrease of Rs. 5,279 occurred under grass, owing to the prices returning to normal on the disappearance of scarcity in neighbouring districts.

Surat.—The growing surplus of this division on which we have been priding ourselves received a slight setback due firstly to the May sale of timber at Fort Songad estimated to realize Rs. 2),000 being postponed owing to lack of trucks which had prevented the removal of material sold last February; and secondly to last year's receipts from the saw-mill being unduly inflated by the inclusion of a bill amounting to Rs. 13,771 for sleepers supplied in 1914-15, so that the saw-mill surplus revenue for last year's working was really Rs. 16,246 and not Rs. 30,017 as then shown. Compared with the former figure this year's surplus from the saw-mill working of Rs. 18,916 compares very favourably, especially in view of the fact that working expenses were Rs. 4,958 higher. Against this we have a saving on total expenditure of Rs. 18,200 made up of Rs. 10,600 under "B—Establishment" and Rs. 7,660 under "A—Conservancy and Works". This last figure includes a bill for cartage amounting to Rs. 4,600 which ought to have been paid before the end of the forest year and now remains a charge against the coming year. Frices or timber were higher. The total financial results were very satisfactory.

North Thana.—The dullness in the timber trade due to war continued, chiefly by rendering the supply of trucks difficult, but selling of standards in the coupes of the year (as elsewhere recorded) produced an extra Rs. 80,000, thus giving a net increase of Rs. 58,777 in coupe prices over last year's figure. An increase of Rs. 2,00,674 was realized by a greater number of trees being sold from gurcharans and malki lands. Both of these increases must be regarded more in the light of 'windfalls' than anything else. An increase of Rs. 10,000 in the total expenditure was due to providing accommodation for Rangers and their offices in the newly constituted ranges, and to the part construction of the Saiwan-Udhwa road.

East and West Thánas.—These two divisions are taken together as not separately comparable with last year's returns owing to the reorganization of charges already alluded to, and they must be compared with the joint results of Central and South Thána of last year's report. There was a net increase

of Rs. 96,491 over last year's joint receipts chiefly due to the sale of standards in coupes and, as in North Thana, this must be regarded in the nature of a windfall'. A demand for timber stimulated by the war was negatived by a shortage of wagons due to the same cause and resulted in general dullness in shortage of wagons due to the same cause and resulted in general dullness in trade though abnormally high prices were realized where transport was available.

North and South Nasik and Nasik sub-division.—As in the case of East and West Thanas, and for a similar reason, it is impossible to compare each charge with last year's returns. They are, therefore, grouped together. There was an increase of Rs. 27,928 in total net revenue as compared with last year, due entirely to better prices received for coupes.

General.—Financial results were very satisfactory, and if it had not been for the lack of railway transport due to the war, results would have been far

better still.

Central Circle.

Excluding famine fodder operations, the financial results of the past two years and the average of the five preceding years are as follows:—

Year.	۳۵۰	Revenue.	Expend	liture.	Surplus.
_		Τρά	Rs.	${f Rs.}$	Rs.
1916-17	•••	8,83,£98 { A. B.	1,14,897 } 4,06,741 }	5,21,638	3,61,960
1915-16	•••	7,72,218 { A. B.	1,04,365 } 4,00,991 }	5,05,356	2,66,862
Average 1911-12 1915-16.	to	7,69,567 { A. B.	1,32,242 } 3,93,283 }	5,25,525	2,44,042

and separating the jurisdictions of the two Commissioners the figures are:-

Central Division.

	0.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Yea≭.		Revenue.	Expenditure.	Surplus.
		${ m Rs.}$	Rs.	Rs.
1916-17	***	7,16,800	4,24,601	2,92,199
1915-16	•••	5,93,549	4,13,867	1,79,682
Average of 19	11-12 to	6,31,841	4,26,027	2,05,814
1915-16.		•		

Southern Division.

1916-17	1,66,798	97,037	69,761
1915-16	1,78,669	91,489	87,180
Average of 1911-12 to	1,37,727	99,499	38,228
1915-16.			•

Thus the net revenue, in spite of an increase in expenditure of Rs. 16,282 has risen by Rs. 95,098, a satisfactory state of affairs which is mainly due to two divisions, North and West Khandesh, though East Khandesh and Satara also showed better results than in the previous year. The Poona surplus showed a slight decrease and that in Kolaba a considerable one. Looking to gross receipts which are a better index of a season's working than is the surplus, for the latter may be affected by establishment and other varying charges, it is found that every division but Kolaba showed a rise, North and West Khandesh a most noticeable one, and Satara to a substantial degree which is all the more qualifying in view of the fact that the division has been worked at a deficit for some years past. Comments on each division follow.

East Khåndesh.—Gross receipts increased by Rs. 9,625 due to good demand for timber coupes and bamboos and to increased royalty on forest material imported into the district from adjacent States. Grass and grazing receipts also improved. Establishment charges fell with the transfer of an Imperial officer to the Indian Army Reserve and his replacement by a Provincial officer. The surplus accordingly rose from Rs. 73,102 to Rs. 88,815.

North Khandesh.—The stagnation in the timber and fuel market which so adversely affected revenue in 1915-16 entirely disappeared, and gross

receipts increased by Rs. 46,615 as compared with that year, and by Rs. 18,879 as compared with the average of the five preceding years. Prices paid for coupes were excellent, and grass and grazing and rosha-grass revenue also increased. Expenditure showed a slight rise, and the net surplus was Rs. 51,570 as against Rs. 10,008.

West Khandesh.—Similar conditions prevailed as in North Khandesh. Gross receipts rose by Rs. 50,829 and the surplus by Rs. 50,710, the result of great demand for timber and fuel, both from coupe and from revenue lands under clearance by the department; and grazing receipts also showed an increase of Rs. 10,000, partly due to the transference of large areas from pasture to forest proper.

Poona.—Though the surplus showed a small decrease of Rs. 3,460, this was entirely due to establishment charges, there having been for half the year a second sub-divisional officer on high pay attached to the division. The gross receipts were the highest ever recorded, and what is more to the point is that they were obtained entirely from lands in charge of the department, and were not swollen, as was the case in 1915-16, by Rs. 24,000, the sale proceeds of babul on lands under transfer to the Revenue Department. These highly satisfactory results were due to increasing demand for all forest material, to careful supervision of grazing collections and to the high price realized for tarwad bark.

Satura.—This division, in spite of increased expenditure, showed a surplus of Rs. 1,407 instead of the deficit of Rs. 9,329 which occurred in 1915-16, and of the continual deficits of many years past. Better prices for coupes, and the growth of demand for fuel at Mahableshwar, to which must be added better arrangements, both sylvicultural and financial, for meeting the latter, were the cause of the improvement, and it is an improvement which may be expected to continue looking to the absence of material outside, and the dependence of the district on local resources which can only be met from the forests.

Koldba.—A rise in expenditure of Rs. 5,548, combined with a decrease in receipts of Rs. 11,871, resulted in a surplus decreased by Rs. 17,419 as compared with that of 1915-16, but still well above the average of the five previous years. The decreased revenue was due partly to less being received for coupes, not it may be said owing to poor demand but to inferior quality of several of the coupes, to fewer royalty trees in occupied lands being disposed of, and to grazing revenue falling owing to prevalence of cattle disease; the increased expenditure was mainly owing to payment of khoti shares for two years in one, the khots in 1914-15 having in 1915-16 refused to sign their agreements. Thus the setback may confidently be said to be purely temporary.

Further classification of the revenue and expenditure is as follows:-

I.	-Revenue.	
Head.	Receipts.	Percentage.
7. ft	Rs. 4,72,541 4,11,057	53·5 46·5
, Total .	8,83,598	100
П.—	Expenditure.	

Head.	Charges.	Percentage.
Extension and constitu- tion Improvement Exploitation	Rs. 8,625 69,049 37,222 1,14,896	7·5 60·1 32·4

Head.	Charges.	Percentage.
Executive	Rs. 56,114 1,42,464 2,08,163	13·8 85·0 51·2
Total	4,06,741	100

Southern Circle.

The gross revenue and the surplus have beaten all previous records. The following table compares the revenue and expenditure with those of the previous year and with the average of the preceding five years:—

Year.	Revenue.	Exp end	itura	Sarplas.	Percentage of surplus to gross revenue.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1916-17	23,57,731	A 8,37,221 B 4,08,185	12,45,406	11,12,325	47*
1915 -1 6	19,95,685	A 7,35,480 B 4,04,419	11,39,899	8,55,786	43-
Average of 1910-11 to 1914-15.	17,52,274	A 6,59,727 B 3,60,335	10,20,062	7,32,212	42

The above shows that there was an increase in the receipts and surplus as compared with the corresponding figures of the previous year and the average of the five preceding years. Though the expenditure increased by about a lakh over the last year for reasons stated below, the percentage of net to gross revenue also increased from 43 to 47 mainly on account of curtailment of all sorts of expenditure with a view to economy.

The following statement compares the revenue and expenditure in details of budget heads with those of 1915-16:—

Budg	get heads. •		Amou	nt ·	D	isterence.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	-	1915-16,	1916-17.		- ,
			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Receipts	I	•••	13,74,332	17,09,697	· +	3,35,365
. ~	II	•••	5,68,738	5,94,890	+	26,152
	III	•••	459	253	_	206
•	1 <u>V</u>	•	11	11		
	V	•••	52,145	52,880	+	735
•	Total, Receipts	•••	19,95,685	23,57,731	+	3,62,046
Expenditure A.	I		5,91,151	6,69,562	+	78,411
_	II	•••	7,050	6,463	<u> </u>	587
,	III		62	73	+	11
	VI	• • •	12,475	10,175	–	2,300
	VII	•••	71,701	78,442	+	6,741
•	. VIII	•••	48,171	55,591	+	12,420
· -	İX.	•••	9,870	16,915	+	7,045
	Total, A.	·[7,35,480	8,37,221	+	1,01,741
Expenditure B.	I	•••	3,45,766	3,51,387	+	5,621
•	Π	•••	45,216	43,192	\ <u>-</u>	2,024
•	III	•••	13,437	13,606	+	169
,	Total, B.	•••	4,04,419	4,08,185	+	8,766
Tot	al, Expenditure	•••	11,39,899	12,45,406	+	1,05,507

The gross receipts rose by 3.6 lakhs over those of the previous year mainly under the revenue head I. Notwithstanding the general dislocation of trade and business due to war, prices for all classes of timber kept up in a wonderful way, teak realizing record prices at the Tavargatti sales in Kánara Northern division. Larger quantities of timber, brought for sale from the Gund and Sulgeri forests in Kánara Western division, and larger amounts of arrear revenue collected also contributed to the increase. A larger number of coupes sold account for the increase under II.

The increase of Expenditure A by 1.01 lakh occurred as under:—

Under I.—Due to the purchase of saw-mill machinery worth about Rs. 47,000 for the four Kánara divisions and to payments of wages for larger quantities of timber exploited from forests.

Under VII.—Due to increased expenditure on road construction and development of river communications in Kanara Western division.

Under VIII.—Due to the unusual cost of Wild Tribes (Berad) Settlement in the Khánápur taluka of the Belgaum division (Rs. 6,224), to larger amount of cultural operations undertaken during the year and to the cost incurred in protecting burnt areas in all divisions.

The deputation of a Special Engineer, Mr. Pipe, for the improvement of river communications in Kánara Western division contributed to the increase of expenditure under B—I—Salaries.

The following table exhibits the proportion of revenue and expenditure under the different heads:—

Particulars.			Total.	Percentage.
Reve	mue		Rs.	00.4
Major produce	•••	•••	21,09,062	89·5 8·3
Minor produce	***	***	1,95,789 52,880	2·2
Miscellaneous	•••	_	<i>52</i> ,000	
•	Total	•••	23,57,731	100
Expendence Extension and construction Exploitation	liture A. estitution	•••	12,586 1,21,446 7,03,189	1·5 14·5 84·0
	Total	•••	8,37,221	100
Expend	iture B.			
Expend Administration	iture B.	•••	59,549	14.6
Administration Executive	iture B.	•••	1,71,807	42.1
Administration	iture B	•••		

The outstandings of revenue at the opening and close of the year were Rs. 4,92,395-9-8 and Rs. 5,93,907-7-9 respectively. Eleven items amounting to Rs. 1,477-8-3 were written off as irrecoverable revenue under the orders of the Conservator.

The outstandings due to the department by contractors and disbursers stood at Rs. 2,22,837-15-10 against Rs. 2,02,267 at the end of the preceding year.

The estimated value of timber and other produce in depôts rose from Rs. 10,85,650 to Rs. 11,84,170 on account of the larger quantities of material on hand at the close of the year.

The value of live and dead-stock shows a net difference of Rs. 38,027 in favour of the year, being part value of the three new saw-mills and other

D 15—14

machinery purchased for use in Kanara Northern, Eastern, Central and Western divisions at the close of the year.

Sind Circle.

The financial results of the year as compared with those of the preceding year and with the average of the past five years are contrasted below:—

Year.	Revenue.	Expendit	Surplus.	Percentage of surplus to gross revenue.	
	Rs.	Rs. (A 34,933)	Rs.	Rs.	
1916-17	5,34,270	B1,82,170 (A 32,511)	2,17,103	3,17,167	59.3
1915-16	£,79,875	$ \begin{array}{c c} & & \\$	2,15,662	1,64,213	43.2
Average of five years—1910-11 to 1914-15.	4,10,987	B1,65,801	2,09,376	2,01,561	49.0

The collection of coupe revenue tendered in any particular year in Sind is spread over two years; the revenue as shown for the present year includes therefore half that due for the year 1915-16. The figures show an increase in revenue, expenditure and surplus. This increase in surplus of revenue is shared in by all divisions, the greatest increase being in Hyderabad where it is Rs. 68,084, the total surplus Rs. 1,24,327 being greater than last year's gross revenue of Rs. 96,612.

The percentage of net to gross revenue increased from 43.2 to 59.3 per cent. Even including a normal programme of expenditure under "Conservancy and Works" which has at present been curtailed owing to the war, the percentage of surplus would be 52.9 per cent. if average figures are used under head A of expenditure.

The following table compares the receipts and charges of the year in detail according to budget heads with those of 1915-16:—

Bud	lget heads.		1915-16.	1916-17.	Difference.		
Receipts	I III IV V	•••	Rs. 6,082 3,45,431 1,105 27,257	Rs. 16,678 4,87,933 871 28,788	++-+-+	Rs. 10,596 1,42,502 234 	
T	otal, Receipts		3,79,875	5,34,270	+	1,54,395	
Expenditure A.	III VII VIII VIII IX	400	4,217 64 1 1,896 5,662 15,788 4,883	7,948 848 1,143 6,172 14,497 4,325	+++-	3,731 784 1 753 510 1,291 558	
•	Total, A.	•••	32,511	34,933	+	2,422	
Expenditure B.	III II		1,50,352 22,400 10,399	1,51,375 20,333 10,462	+ + +	1,023 2,067 63	
•	Total, B.		1,83,151	1,82,170		981	
Tot	al, Expenditure	•,•	2,15,662	2,17,103	+	1,441	

Revenue.—The total revenue of the year shows an advance of Rs. 1,54,395 over that of the previous year and Rs. 1,18,994 over the average of the preceding five years. The increase was due to the following causes:—

- (i) Better prices obtained by the sale of coupes, and wood from thinnings.
- (ii) Increase in the Sukkur division due to the clearing of forest on an area temporarily alienated to the Military Department for a farm.
- (iii) Better revenue from minor forest produce, especially lac.
- (iv) Departmental exploitation of one coupe in the Jerruck division.

Expenditure.—The slight increase in expenditure under "Conservancy and Works", viz., Rs. 2,422, was entirely owing to the money spent on the departmental exploitation of the coupe referred to under the head of revenue. There is a decrease under "B.—Establishments", this is wholly due to economy under head of travelling allowances B-II, the increase under B-I was due to the privilege leave allowance paid to the retiring Deputy Conservator.

The following statement shows the proportion of revenue and expenditure under the different heads:—

Particulars.		Total.	Percentage.		
Revenue.		Rs.	Rs.		
Major produce Minor produce	•••	4,22,349 1,11,92 1	79 _. 21		
•		5,31,270	100		
Expenditure A.					
Extension and constitution Improvement Exploitation	•••	24,995 9,938	 71 29		
		34,933) 100		
Expenditure B.					
Administration Executive Protective	•••	29,872 82,829 69,969	16 46 38		
		1,82,170	100		

The revenue outstanding on 30th June 1917 was Rs. 24,900 against Rs. 77,510 on the same date last year. This represents instalments payable by coupe contractors and others which are not due or recoverable until after the close of the year.

Bhai Jethmal has still to pay Rs. 2,214 on account of the lac contract of the Jerruck division for the year 1908-09. He has filed an appeal in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind which will shortly be heard.

The financial prospects for the ensuing year are excellent.

CHAPTER IV.

Research and Experiments.

Northern Circle.

In Panch Mahals and North Nasik experiments in tapping Boswellia serrata were carried out with considerable success. They will be continued in the coming year in the light of much valuable information gained.

Central Circle.

Mr. Thomson in Poona continued his experiments on germination of hirda and confirmed the results obtained in the previous year, namely, that removal of the dried up fleshy covering of the seed has a marked effect.

The cultivation of lac was carried out on a small scale, but with no better results than before; propagation is simple enough, but protection of the insects from ants has completely failed.

Eucalyptus of various species, grevillea and casuarina are under experiment on the Toranmal plateau in North Khandesh, and offer promise of

successful introduction.

A most important work was carried out by Mr. Starte in North Khandesh at the instance of the Indigenous Industries Committees and on lines suggested by the Forest Economist, with the tapping of salai (Boswellia serrata) which tree exists in great numbers in the Satpuda hills but is of no present economic value. It is unnecessary here to give details of the work, for all results have been communicated to the Committee and to the Forest Economist, but the latter's reply to Mr. Starte may be partly quoted:-

"The results you have obtained are by far the most important as yet available, as the method of carrying out the experiments was all that could be desired. I recently sent small samples of gum, turpentine and resin to the Conservator suggesting that he should forward them to you to see; we have also sent bulk samples to various firms for valuation, and I will send you copies of their reports in due course. I trust now that as the experiments both as regards tapping and the preparation of bulk samples have reached an advanced state, we shall be able to induce a firm seriously to consider the proposition of starting this industry.'

There the matter stands at present, and all that can be said is that in raw material the Khandesh forests offer a practically unlimited field for such an The following remark is taken from the Inspector-General of Forests' Note: Of the three products obtainable from the Boswellia crude resin, turpentine, gum, and rosin, the first two "have been reported on favourably for commercial purposes, and when the problem of making the gum suitable for commercial mucilage has been solved, there is every hope of the commencement of a new forest industry which may expand to large with its favourable situation and large supplies of salai Khandesh should be able to take an important part in the development of this industry, when it comes."

Southern Circle.

(i) Research.

Survey of Tanning Products.—At the beginning of the year, Mr. J. A. Pilgrim, Tannin Expert to the Government of India, paid a visit to the Belgaum division with a view to making enquires into the relative value of the various tan stuffs used by local tanners. He visited the principal tanneries in the district and drew up a short note of his enquiries. He was of opinion that there existed an urgent necessity of testing the various products locally and advocated the establishment of a tannery at Khanapur. Nothing further was done in this direction during the year.

Fruits of kumbia (Careya arborea), avla (Phyllanthus emblica) and lantana were sent to the Imperial Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun, from the Belgaum division, with a view to ascertain their commercial uses, if any. The first two were declared useless as tanning materials, as they contained very little tannin. The lantana seeds were found to contain no colouring agent in sufficient quantity to be of any economic value.

Charcoal making and wood distillation.—Further experiments of charcoal manufacture were made in the Khanapur central range, Belgaum division, during the year. It is understood that contractors in the Belgaum and Gokák ranges have now regularly taken to charcoal making and supplying it to the Poona market. The details of charcoal making experiments in the Belgaum division up to date are given below:-

Year.	Amount expended.	Quantity sold.	Revenue realized:	Remarks.
1912-13 1913-14 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17	58 7 3 } 2,716 3 6 23 9 0 855 1 3	Mds. lbs. 137 12 14,876 25 8,789 14 2,089 16	Rs. a. p. 58 7 8 2,335 6 3 1,650 6 9 590 6 5	Charcoal worth Rs. 1,212 on hand at the close of the year.

The Divisional Forest Officer reports that under the present primitive conditions of manufacture it is almost impossible to produce charcoal at a low enough rate to compete with the supply from other sources, and advocates the introduction of a proper plant for the dry distillation of wood; the bye-products of charcoal, now wasted, would then become the main items of value, leaving charcoal as a residue of pure profit.

One hundred cubic feet fuel of the marginally noted species were sent

Teak (Tectona grandis).
Hela (Terminalia belerica).
Jamba (Xylia dolabriformis).
Kharsing (Stereospermum xylocarpum).
Biba (Semecarpus anacardium).

at the suggestion of the Commissioner, S. D., from the Belgaum division to Mr. Shaligram, Industrial Inspector, Kolhapur, to be tested for charcoal and bye-products. The result of his experiments is awaited.

In Kanara Southern division, a coupe contractor was instructed in the manufacture of charcoal and the Divisional Forest Officer estimates the contractor's net profit at one rupee per maund of 56 lbs.

Rosha-grass.—A sample of grass, suspected to be "rosha" grass and sent to Dehra Dun for identification from the Belgaum division, was pronounced to be a different species (Cymbopogon martini).

Burrs on trees.—A consignment of "burrs" of casuarina, kindal, mattiheddi and savar was sent to Dehra Dun from Kanara Western division, for trial in veneering work and a report thereon is awaited.

(ii) Experiments.

Timber seasoning.—The Forest Economist, Dehra Dun, visited the experimental seasoning shed at Kodibág (Kánara Western division) and the experiments of seasoning different timbers under different methods undertaken by him in the Dándeli range (Kánara Northern division) and at Kodibág were continued, the seasoned logs at Kodibág having been sawn up into-scantlings. The results of the experiments will be known next year.

Wood blocks for street pavement.—The teak and jamba paving blocks sent to the Bombay Municipality for trial in 1915 from Kánara Northern division were put down on an area of about 7,522 square feet of Frere Road—a road most heavily subjected to cart-traffic—and successfully passed through one complete monsoon according to the report received from the Municipal Engineer. Such wooden pavings ought to prove most advantageous in big cities like Bombay both from a financial and sanitary point of view and it is open to the public bodies and corporations to take due notice of the experiment tried with success in Bombay.

Junglewood sleepers for railway line.—The trial lot of matti (Terminalia tomentosa) sleepers supplied from Kánara Western division to the North-Western Railway and laid on 1st August 1911 was thus reported on:—

- "With bearing plates—Fifty-eight laid down of which 52 are in good order, 4 cracked at one end, not serious, 1 surface cracks, 1 badly cracked.
 - "Without bearing plates—Fifty-eight laid down. 50 in good order, 4 cracked at one end, not serious, 3 surface cracks, in some cases somewhat serious, 1 seriously cracked but not sufficiently so to cause rejection."

In Kanara Western division, at the Conservator's suggestion, the experiment was made of cutting jamba (Xylia dolabriformis) sleepers from green trees of large size and then seasoning in shade, with a view to ascertaining whether this will overcome the difficulties of (i) heart-shake and (ii) cracking. Twenty sleepers of the usual measurements of teak sleepers that are annually supplied to the M. & S. M. Railway ($6' \times 8'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}''$) were sawn out of one tree and are now seasoning in the forest bungalow at Gund. The Divisional Forest Officer reports that six of them show heart-shake more or less and the remaining 14 appear sound; none, however, showing any tendency to crack since cutting four months ago. Further observation is necessary before arriving at any definite conclusion.

Sylviculture Experiments.

Camphor seed.—In Kanara Central division, camphor seed was obtained from Formosa by Mr. Tuggurse, Extra Asistant Conservator, in charge Ankola range, and seedlings were successfully raised. They are to be planted out in selected areas in 1917-18.

In Kánara Western division, 50 camphor plants were put out round the Gudalli forest naka and are doing very well.

Junglewood seed.—The Divisional Forest Officer, Dhárwár-Bijápur, reports that the old unproductive method of sowing seed in piths several inches deep in vogue in Bijápur forests was ordered to be abandoned and one of sowing in pits refilled with earth and dibbling seed under shelter of bushes was sustituted coupled with tending of seedlings by weeding, soil-mulching and providing artificial shade wherever necessary. This change of method is reported to be productive of good results. Sowing of nim (Melia indica) seed was also tried in small ploughed plots in the Mandihal naka compound and in a last year's coupe in the Badámi range, and from the successful results obtained the Divisional Forest Officer is of opinion that a thorough breaking up of soil is essential for raising good seedlings.

In Kanara Eastern division, measurements of teak coppice were continued with a view to finding out whether the thinnings of clumps of shoots had a beneficial effect on the growth of the remaining shoots. The Divisional Forest Officer, Mr. Edie, states that so far as the experiment has gone the indication is that early thinnings of shoots are not beneficial and that thinnings should be made when the shoots are about ten years old.

Lantana, effective method of its destruction.—In connection with the attempts made in all divisions for the destruction and removal of lantana wherever it occurred, Mr. Dodgson, Divisional Forest Officer, Kanara N. D., reports:—

"The lantana which had been burnt and uprooted in a coupe in the Haliyal range in the previous year came up very, very sparsely. The new shoots which did appear were again pulled up and teak and honni plants introduced which promise well. The experiment of burning and uprooting lantana was carried out in other areas during the year under report."

Sind Circle.

The following exotics were tried in the Ráhuja garden:-

(1) Acacia Farnesiana, (2) Butea frondosa, (3) Acer oblongum, (4) Bauhinia alba, (5) Cedrela toona, (6) Celtis australis, (7) Diospyros Embryopteris, (8) Terminalia belerica.

Out of these (3), (6) and (7) failed to germinate. No. 8 germinated but subsequently the seedlings died. The rest are doing well. Dendrocalamus strictus planted last year along the water channels is flourishing.

In Larkana nim (Melia indica) and bamboo seedlings are doing well, but the former plant failed in Hyderabad. In Jerruck tali was transplanted into the Khathar forests and its average height is 8½ feet at two years from seed. Plants of 1915 and 1916 were still thriving in Khathar, Gharko and Khanani forests. The experiment has shown that tali needs only care in its initial raising to enable it to take its chance in suitable parts of the forests of Sind with reasonable hope of success. It has been decided not to extend the cultivation of bamboos, as without prohibitive expense in watering they are not likely to reach marketable dimensions.

In Budka forest a greenwood coupe of 1916-17, measuring about 22 acres, was exploited semi-departmentally, i.e., a contractor worked for a half share in the proceeds. The material was auctioned for Rs. 6,628. The outturn of the coupe was 258 timber pieces (3,913 cubic feet) and 77,229 cubic feet of fuel. The experiment was valuable both as serving as a guide to the normal yield per acre and as demonstrating the financial advantage obtainable under departmental working as opposed to the contract system. The Karáchi contractors had offered half the net price obtained for the coupe in question at the annual sales, though it must be conceded that the price of firewood rose between August 1916 and March 1917, the dates of the respective sales.

An experiment was made in order to test the wood of asri (Tamarin articulata) and bahan (Populus Euphratica) for making bobbins for cotton mills, but has been held up for the present as it is impossible to get these reinforced with metal according to the patterns furnished by the Secretary, Indigenous Industries Committee.

Tarwad seed has been obtained by the Deputy Conservator from Kathiawar and Deccan and distributed to all Divisional Forest Officers to sow up in inland areas.

CHAPTER V.

ADMINISTRATION.

Northern Circle.

The circle was in charge of Mr. W. F. D. Fisher throughout the year. Divisional charges were held as follows:—

Panch Mahals.—Till 26th July 1916, Mr. W. C. Milne; from 27th July 1916 to 30th June 1917, Mr. B. J. Patel.

Surat.—Till 28th August 1916, Mr. R. W. Inder; from 29th August 1916 to 23rd November 1916, Mr. R. K. Kanitkar; from 24th November 1916 to 30th June 1917, Mr. A. C. Hiley.

North Thana.—Throughout the year, Mr. W. E. Copleston.

West Thana.—Throughout the year, Mr. B. H. Dalal.

East Thana.—Throughout the year, Mr. P. E. Aitchison.

South Nasik.—Till 25th July 1916, Mr. D. R. S. Bourke; from 26th July 1916 to 30th October 1916, Mr. W. F. D. Fisher (in addition); from 1st November 1916 to 30th June 1917, Mr. J. B. Brooks.

North Nasik.—Throughout the year, Mr. H. A. Bhadbhade.

Working Plans.—Throughout the year, Mr. P. E. Aitchison (in addition).

All officers worked well. The changes noted were necessitated by Messrs. Bourke, Inder and Milne being taken for the Indian Army Reserve of Officers.

Sub-divisional Officers.

- Mr. L. S. Koppikar acted as Personal Assistant to the Conservator till 30th October 1916 when he assumed charge of the new independent charge of the Nasik sub-division.
- Mr. D. N. Damle was on leave till 18th February 1917 when he joined the Northern Circle and from the 2nd March to the 30th June he was Subdivisional Officer, North Thána.
- Mr. R. K. Kanitkar was Sub-divisional Forest Officer, Surat, from 24th November 1916 till 5th March 1917 when he was transferred to East Thána.
- Mr. K. E. Kotwal served as Sub-divisional Forest Officer, East Thána, till 30th March 1917 when he was transferred to Surat sub-division.
- Mr. V. G. Bhalerao was Sub-divisional Forest Officer, West Thana, throughout the year.

Extra Assistant Conservators on probation:

- Mr. N. C. Ramchandani was in charge of the South Godhra range (Panch Maháls division).
- Mr. Y. R. Divekar was in charge of the Galkund range (Surat division).
- Messrs. Koppikar, Kotwal, Bhalerao and Ramchandani are mentioned as having worked exceptionally well throughout the year.

All divisonal offices were examined during the year except Surat and South Nasik.

The office establishment worked satisfactorily, but there is great need of improving the standard of ability as it would effect economy in many directions.

The protective staff (with the inevitable exceptions) also did well in trying and hard circumstances. Here again some greater liberality would be true economy.

Casualties.—There were 29 deaths or rather over $2\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. of the total staff within the year, resignation 25 or just $2\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. and retirements 9—total 5 per cent.

Discipline.—Dismissals 12, services dispensed with 33, degraded 9, suspended 2 and fined 181.

These figures showing a dissolution by death, discipline and discontent of 8 per cent. of the total staff within the year indicates some lack of economy and postulates inefficiency.

Recruitment.—Extra Assistant Conservator, Mr. Ramchandani, continued his probation and is now competent to be confirmed in the Provincial Service when vacancy occurs. Mr. Y. R. Divekar reported himself for duty from Dehra Dun as an Extra Assistant Conservator on probation.

Range Officers.—Of two students selected in 1914-15, who completed their course in March last, one has resigned. Of two selected in 1915-16, one resigned while at College. Of four students selected in the year under report, one resigned after completing the preparatory tour. These resignations have necessitated nine recruits being asked for in 1917-18, but only six can be accommodated at Dehra Dun. Of twelve additional rangerships required by expanding work in the circle, only three have been sanctioned, the other ranges are being held by foresters on wholly inadequate pay. Matters are less satisfactory in the foresters' and guards' grades.

The relations of Forest with Revenue officers have been uniformly satisfactory.

Central Circle.

Mr. L. Napier held charge of the circle throughout the year, as also did Messrs. D. A. Thomson, C. E. L. Gilbert, H. W. Starte, C. G. Dalia, V. D.'P. Ribeiro and A. F. Gonsalves of their respective divisions of Poona, Sátára with the superintendentship of Mahábleshwar in addition, North Khándesh, Kolába, Working Plans and West Khándesh. In East Khándesh alone was there any change in divisional officers, Mr. R. P. Dalley being transferred to the Indian Army Reserve, and being relieved from July 2nd, 1916, by Mr. R. V. Pethe, the sub-divisional officer, who then remained in additional charge until relieved of the sub-division by Mr. E. O. Sampson from Sátára from January 11th, 1917.

Messrs. R. A. Shirali and G. S. Dangi were the sub-divisional officers in West Khándesh and Kolába respectively throughout the year, and Mr. G. R. Patker in North Khándesh except for one month during which he was on leave. Mr. A. N. Master held the Poona sub-division for six months and was then transferred to Sátára, being relieved by Mr. B. J. Joshi who had till then been attached to the former division as instructor of the Foresters' Class and additional sub-divisional officer.

Two Ranger class students from Dehra Dun joined the circle, both with higher standard certificates, and two new students and one who had been selected in 1915-16 but whose ill-health necessitated his leaving the college, were sent up for the 1917—19 course.

Thirteen students out of 16 nominated successfully passed through the Foresters' Class held at Poona, but there is an ever increasing difficulty in obtaining from the existing subordinate protective staff men of sufficient educational qualifications to profit by the instruction, and the nomination of outside candidates will probably become inevitable; unfortunately such candidates cannot be guaranteed immediate appointments on passing, and without such guarantee they are loath to come forward. And as few educated men are willing to take up forest guards' appointments and to learn their work in those low paid grades, future prospects are not hopeful. Recruitment is everywhere most difficult of the class of man that present-day conditions demand.

Similarly, there is a great dearth of qualified candidates for the post of junior clerks in range offices, more especially in those in backward and unpopular districts like Khandesh.

All Divisional officers worked with great energy and were well supported by their Assistants; and the good services of many Range officers have been brought to the Conservator's notice for special zeal in fire protection or sylviculture or general good administration of their charges. Promotion, however, is slow and prospects poor, and opportunity for rewarding good work is unfortunately seldom possible. Office establishments are generally favourably reported upon. The Conservator's head clerk, Mr. N. H. Damle, retired after 33 years' faithful and efficient service to Government.

Casualties were 22 deaths, 21 resignations, 32 dismissals and 24 retirements. One temporary depôt officer in East Khandesh was prosecuted for defrauding Government; his case is pending.

The civil suit, referred to in last year's report, in which a contractor had instituted a suit against Government on account of cancellation of his contract, was decided in Government's favour, the contractor bearing his own costs.

The Akráni pargana in North Khándesh was administered by the Divisional Forest Officer with, as the Collector records, sympathy and discretion; extracts from Mr. Starte's report are given below:—

"The Akrani pargana which comprises 1,94,683 acres of reserved forest and about 50,000 acres of revenue land continued to be administered by the Forest Department.

"In all Akrani revenue land comprises some 148 villages of which 118 are occupied. Sixty-seven of these are surveyed and the boundary marks were kept in repair by the various patels who received Rs. 150 in rewards for this work. There are also eight in-forest-settlements and two jahágir villages in the pargana.

"The assessment received from cultivated lands amounted to Rs. 3,586. There is a steady rise in the area brought under cultivation as shown by the assessment figures given below:—

			${ m Rs.}$
1912-13	•••	•••	2,507
1913-14	,•••	•••	2 ,828
1914-15	•••	***	3,219
1915-16		•••	3,356
1916-17	***	•••	3,586

"The rate of assessment which is annas 4 per acre, except at Toranmal where it is annas 2, is too low in many villages, and at the request of the Collector of the district a report was submitted in 1915-16 on this question and also as to the advisability or otherwise of introducing the permanent survey settlement. The matter is in abeyance.

- "The contribution to the local fund amounted to Rs. 228-7-3.
- "The collection of tagái outstandings made good progress and no money was written off during the year. Rs. 6,483 capital plus Rs. 1,024-11-0 interest were repaid as against Rs. 8,147 and Rs. 1,134 respectively last year. During the year fresh tagái advances amounting to Rs. 1,000 were made as compared with Rs. 4,000 last year.
- "The rainfall was satisfactory and general crops good. The mhowra crop was gain poor.
- "On the whole the health of the people was good, but a mild outbreak of small-pox occurred in the villages of Bhusia, Mál and Bilgaon in the middle of April, and at Toranmal in the middle of June. Only one case was fatal—at Bhusia.
- "Early in May foot and mouth disease (locally known as 'Kurmund') broke out among the cattle and several succumbed to the disease.

"Seven years ago two Government stud-bulls, one Sonkhairi and one Thilári, were brought up to Akráni. Privately owned cows were then collected together to graze with the bulls. This was not popular with the people for they do not like to let their cattle leave their homes. Accordingly, the Sonkhairi bull was temporarily handed over into the charge of the patel of Bhogwada to graze with the cattle of his village, and the Thilari was given into the charge of the Revd. A. P. Franklin of Mundalwad. Accurate figures have not been obtained but the Mahalkari reports that in all 42 cows were covered and 13 healthy calves produced. During the year the Sonkhairi bull lost one eye in a fight but otherwise both bulls are healthy. They are probably now past their prime for breeding, and if new bulls are supplied it would be better to provide somewhat smaller bulls of the short-horned variety, as the Akráni cows are rather small. During the year Government paid Rs. 30 towards the maintenance of the two bulls.

"The Government primary school at Dhadgaon and the Mission school at Mundalwad continued to do well, but the Government school at Kamod is still not popular.

"Owing to the war, less money was spent on repairs and improvements of bridle paths, but 95 miles of bridle paths were repaired, and the cart-track from Dhadgaon to Mundalwad improved at a cost of Rs. 380-8-0. During the year a district bungalow has been completed at Dhadgaon. It should be fully furnished.

"Owing to lack of funds no new chawdis have been built although they are required at Mundalwad, Mándvi, Bhusia and Domkhedi. It is very uncomfortable for the Mahálkari and taláties to move about in the rains owing to lack of suitable accommodation. At present there is only one chawdi out of Dhadgaon, viz., at Chanseli.

"The provision of a Government dispensary at Dhadgaon for which plans and estimates have already been prepared is still urgently required. Its construction should not be delayed longer than is absolutely necessary.

"Out of the grant for improvement of village water supply a well was sunk at Telkhadi at a cost of Rs. 300, one-third of the cost being borne by Government and two-thirds by the people (Rs. 100 in cash and the equivalent of Rs. 100 in labour). Blasting was required and the upper portion has been properly lined with stone and cement.

"No cases were tried by the Divisional Forest Officer as second class Magistrate although he was instrumental in settling various complaints by arrangement between the parties. Eight cases were tried by the Mahálkari (the Range Forest Officer) in his capacity as third class Magistrate for abkári cases only. In all 11 persons were tried by him and all convicted, one being sentenced to imprisonment, and fines amounting to Rs. 160 being recovered from the rest.

"Akrani revenue lands contain many well wooded areas indistinguishable from forest proper; hence in June 1913 the more thickly populated portion was put under a simple working plan to regulate the cutting of firewood and supply of hutting material. The former is given free, and the latter on low fees. Owing to the supply being greater than the demand the demarcation of coupes is in arrears but it will be necessary to lay out new coupes next season. During the year 7,806 acres of revenue forest were burnt as compared with 99 acres last year.

"In general the year was one of steady progress accompanied by contentment of the people."

In North Khandesh in-forest-settlements, to provide for labour for fire protection and other forest works, were maintained and extended with good results both to Government and to the settlers, and the general contentment and well-being of the latter was very marked. Under the easy terms given by the department land is in great demand, cultivation is good and careful, and little trouble experienced in recovering tagái advances. Proof of the well-being and contentment was afforded in one case by an application from three adjacent settlements, and which has been forwarded to the Educational authorities, to be provided with a joint primary school. In East Khandesh

in the uninhabited hills the necessity for such settlements is a matter of great urgency, but so far attempts at forming them have met with little success, partly owing to the land being less suitable for cultivation, partly to the settler available not being by nature and habit of a good cultivator stamp. But all forest progress in the East Khandesh Satpudas depends on the introduction of settlers, and efforts will be continued.

Southern Circle.

The charge of the circle was held by Mr. T. R. Bell throughout the year.

Messrs. Dodgson, Edie, Marjoribanks, Butterworth, Limaye and Koppikar continued in their charges of Kánara Northern, Kánara Eastern, Kánara Western, Kánara Central, Kánara Southern and Dhárwár-Bijápur divisions, respectively, throughout the year.

Mr. Hodgson continued in charge of the Belgaum division for the first 8½ months of the year up to 15th March 1917 when he left to undertake special military work as Timber Supply Officer in Bombay. For the remainder of the year Mr. Miller, Divisional Forest Officer, Working Plans, held charge of the division.

The Ratnágiri division continued to be in charge of the Collector, Mr. J. P. Brander, I.C.S., throughout the year.

There was no change among the Sub-divisional Officers. Mr. Bendigeri was transferred from Kánara S. D. as an additional Sub-divisional Forest Officer in the Belgaum division in May 1917 to assist in timber supplies required by the Military Department.

Kánara W. D. badly needs an energetic Sub-divisional Forest Officer; Mr. Shrigley, who was posted there by Government during the year, has not arrived.

The Sirsi range of the Kanara Central Division was divided into two—the Sirsi East and the Sirsi West ranges during the year.

The candidate, Mr. Jagan Nath Dutt, nominated by Government for the Provincial Service Course of 1917—19, satisfactorily underwent his three months' practical training in this circle and joined the Imperial Forest College, Dehra Dun, in April 1917.

The three candidates deputed for the Rangers' course of 1915—17 passed the final examination and were posted as Rangers in Belgaum, Kánara E. D. and Kánara C. D. More Rangers are wanted.

For the Ranger's course of 1916—18 three candidates were nominated and sent up to Dehra Dun during the year.

The Belgaum Forestry Class was as usual conducted by Mr. Hattiangadi, Sub-divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, in addition to his own duties. Of the nine students sent up from the different divisions, eight passed and one failed at the final examination.

• The Conservator visited all the divisions of the circle except Ratnágiri and all the divisional offices were inspected. Range offices situated at the head-quarters of each division were also examined with a view to see whether the several instructions and standing orders issued at the detailed inspection last year have all been properly followed. No serious irregularities were noticed.

Land Revenue Administration.

Kanara N. D.—The three forest mahals, viz., Dandeli, Virnoli and Kulgi comprising 23, 12 and 11 villages, respectively, in the Haliyal taluka of the Kanara district were started from the 1st August 1916, the respective Rangers being ex-officio Mahalkaris and the Divisional Forest Officer, ex-officio Assistant Collector. The Divisional Forest Officer states that one village which had been depopulated for many years was partially occupied and that every endeavour is being made to induce people to settle in these forest tracts.

Kanara E. D.—The two mahals, viz., Bilki and Kirwatti, the latter newly started during the year from 1st August 1916, were successfully administered

by the respective Range Officers under the supervision of the Divisional Forest Officer, the ex-officio Assistant Collector.

The Devikop mahal of four villages in the Kalghatgi taluka of the Dharwar district, administered by the Divisional Forest Officer, Dharwar, from 1st August 1913, was split into two, viz., Devikop and Kargod, comprising three and one villages, respectively, for administration by the Divisional Forest Officers, Kanara N. and E. divisions, from 1st May 1917.

Villages was handed over to the Divisional Forest Officer, Western division, from 1st August 1916. He states:—"It is somewhat too early to judge of the effects of this change from the point of view of general administration; when the Divisional Forest Officer can find time for only a limited amount of ordinary village inspection—a fact which postulates the retaining of a good and trustworthy Makilkari in the Petha—it is already clear that holding the revenue charge simplifies forest work in certain directions. What the people do in their fields matters very much to forest protection and in particular to the annual fire record; and it is of the first importance that the giving out of waste lands on easy terms should be supervised by one directly interested in maintaining a population for forest works. It would be difficult to speak too highly of the help given by the Mahalkari, Mr. M. S. Hegde, in trying to induce the people to greater care in the use of fire, more economy in the use of tree growth and more diligence in undertaking forest labour in the off-seasons."

No new kumri assignments were given during the year.

Belgaum division.—The Belgaum range mahal and the Khanapur West range mahal were successfully administered. It is reported that, though the kumri villagers avoided forest works, efforts made to induce them to patronise such works were successful, particularly in the latter mahal.

The policy of giving out forest land suitable for cultivation was continued.

Betta assignments.—The Divisional Forest Officer, Kanara S. D., states that all the work in connection with the betta assignments in the Sirsi and Siddapur talukas has been finished.

Hunting and shooting.—

	191	6-17.	1918	5-16.
Game licenses issued	No.	43	No.	48
Breaches of game rules brought to light.	"	2	"	4
Fines recovered for breach of rules				
Rewards paid for reporting illicit shikar.	"	30	"	50

Casualties and punishments.—The health of the subordinate forest staff was satisfactory everywhere except in Gund and other malarial parts of Kanara W. D. A liberal supply of quinine treatments was made to all the establishment as usual. The casualties were:—

Seventeen men—1 forester, 12 guards, 2 clerks and 2 peons—died as against 16 in 1915-16.

Twenty-three men—1 ranger, 6 foresters, 13 guards and 3 head clerks—retired as against 22 last year.

Thirty-nine men—37 guards and 2 peons—resigned as against 38 in the previous year.

Punishments—

							
Year.	Fined.	Degraded.	Suspended	Superseded.	Dismissed.	Prosecuted.	Total.
1916-17	456	13	10	22 .	6	3	510
1915-16	396	4 31	29	46		9	511
		<u>' </u>	1	<u>1</u>	•	- 1	•

Criminal offences.—The particulars of the three prosecutions instituted during the year are:—

Division,		Subordinate prosecuted.		Charge,	Result of prosecution.		
Kánara W. D.	•••	1 Forester	***	Theft of Government money. Rs. 99-14-7.	1. month's imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine.		
Kánara W. D.	•••	1 Guard		Absconded with Government money. Rs. 8-11-0.	Complaint withdrawn, the offender not being traced; lost money is being recovered from the arrear pay due to		
Kánara S. D.		1 Guard	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Misconduct	him. Under trial.		

The appeal of the forester and two guards of Kanara E. D. in the torture case, mentioned in the last report, was rejected by the High Court.

The relations between the Revenue and the Forest officials as usual have been satisfactory.

Services.—The Divisional Officers have all worked well, but have had little rest owing to extra duties imposed upon them for timber supply for military purposes in Kánara W. D., N. D. and Belgaum. The Sub-divisional Officers have also done well. In the Ranger grades the Conservator would like to mention Messrs. Mudchatkar, Hasabnis, Nerlekar and Rego in Kánara and Mr. Rege in Belgáum for hard work and attention to duty. The Conservator's Personal Assistant, Mr. Chandavarkar, has been as indefatigable as ever and Mr. Bellare, the Conservator's Head Clerk, again deserves mention. Also Mr. Nagarkatti and the Conservator's camp clerk, Mr. Mavinkurve, have worked very hard. Taken as a whole the office members have acquitted themselves creditably.

The Divisional Forest Officers report that the work of guards and most of the foresters is far from satisfactory and that it is most difficult to obtain good recruits, the hard, strenuous, lonely life on low pay not being attractive to able-bodied men, who can earn better wages in other departments of the public service or in private firms, factories, mills, railway works, etc. It often occurs that the uneducated, irresponsible cooly, who is supervised by the guard, receives higher wages than the guard, who is generally literate and has a fair amount of responsibility attached to his post. This is not as it ought to be. If guard's minimum pay be fixed at Rs. 10 per month and his service made superior as in the Police Department, it might attract men of the right stamp, render recruitment less difficult and improve the tone of the establishment considerably. On a full discussion of the subject in the Forest Conference of 1913, certain proposals were submitted to Government, who have in their Resolution No. 2683 of 5th March 1915, Revenue Department, postponed the issue of final orders in the matter. In view of the fact that the pay and prospects of the policemen have been further improved recently, an early consideration of the case of forest subordinates would improve matters.

Preliminary proposals for increasing the staff of Rangers were submitted to Government at the close of the year; orders thereon are awaited.

Sind Circle.

The Sind circle was in charge of Mr. G. R. Duxbury throughout the year.

Mr. V. R. Mirchandani held charge of the Sukkur division during the absence of Mr. A. C. Robinson on three months' privilege leave, in addition to his own duties as Sub-divisional Forest Officer. Proposals sent up during the year regarding the partition of the Sukkur and Larkana divisions into three charges with Mr. Mirchandani as the new Divisional Forest Officer,

-Shikarpur, have been recently sanctioned by Government. The new arrangement will enable each officer to thoroughly inspect his charge, especially the erosion fellings and kachas; this was formerly a physical impossibility for the Divisional Forest Officer, Sukkur, who has not been provided with a steam launch.

Under the sanction of Government the officers in charge of the Larkana and Hyderabad divisions changed stations. The Jerruck division remained throughout the year ably administered by Mr. Newman who completed his sixth consecutive year of charge during the year under report.

In accordance with Government orders proposals asking for extra Rangers required for the Sind circle were forwarded. The Sind forest staff were less favourably treated than those of any other circle in the Bombay Presidency at the last reorganization and only 55 per cent. of the ranges received Rangers. These proposals were returned for incorporation into a consolidated scheme for all forest subordinates in the Bombay Presidency and fresh proposals dealing with the need for more foresters and the increasing of the pay of the Sind forest guards were forwarded before the close of the year.

It was found necessary for a time owing to the paucity of suitable officers, to work the Rohri and Rádhan ranges as sub-ranges under the Sadhuja and Lárkána ranges respectively. The position was again restored after the close of the year under report.

The four surveyors in the Working Plans office formerly on the temporary establishment were made permanent from the 1st April 1917 under Government Resolution No. 3452 dated 28th November 1916. These men are now on graded pay instead of receiving biennial increments, and will be attached to divisional offices in the places of the present temporary men when working plans have been completely revised.

On the whole, the standard of work improved throughout the circle. Among the Rangers Mr. Rodrigues now in Hyderabad division, Messrs. Nenumal and Mewaram in Jerruck division and Messrs. Kotumal and Dalpatrai in the Lárkána division deserve special mention. The first-named is easily the best Ranger in Sind.

The office establishment worked well. Unfortunately the moral stability of many of the members of this, as well as of the protective establishment, is not equal to their industry. There is moreover still a good deal of careless work. The Deputy Conservator can recommend the Head Clerk of the circle office, Mr. Imdadali Mahomed Ashraf Kazi, for his integrity and devotion to duty.

Efforts to recruit candidates from youths who have passed the School Final Examination have been fairly successful during the year.

Forest students, Dehra Dun.—Mr. Gianchand Madhok, Ranger, reported for duty early in April, and was posted under Mr. Rodrigues but owing to the paucity of officers had very shortly to take up an independent charge in the Sukkur district.

The reports on the two candidates of 1916—18 class, on the whole, are not encouraging. Mr. Deputy Lal Kishori Lal Sharma, probationary student for the year 1917—19, received practical training under the Deputy Conservator, and the Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck, and left for Dehra Dun in March 1917. This student who is a son of a native officer of the 10th Lancers now serving in Mesopotamia has started well.

All the divisional forest offices and that of the Working Plans Assistant, were inspected by the Deputy Conservator during the year, who also personally inspected 11 range offices in the circle. The rules laid down by the Forest Conference of 1916 have been adopted and many new registers opened in consequence.

All Divisional Forest Officers with one exception worked well throughout. the year as did the Sub-divisional Forest Officer, Sukkur.

Good progress has been made in the classification of records in all offices, arrears are chiefly in the Direction office, where it was found possible this year to carry out 20 years' classification of records during the touring season. Conservator's circulars for the past 40 years were personally classified and indexed by the Deputy Conservator, and indices distributed to all Divisional Officers, who were ordered to withdraw obsolete circulars from their files and classify those left in accordance with instructions.

The following casualties occurred during the year. These are arranged under the head of superior service Rs. 12 and over, and inferior service upto Rs. 10, as requested by the Commissioner in Sind in his review of 14th October 1916:—

		'	,	·,		Casualtie	3.			Discipline.				
Division.	Deaths.	Retire- ments.	Resigna- tions.	Dismis- sals.	Services dispensed with.	Percent- age.	Degrada.	Fines.	Superses-	Percent.				
Su	kkur.						<u> </u>				 .	<u>'</u>		
Inferior	•••	•••		•••	2	. 8	16	 1	ر 6 1	65		,		
Superior	·	•••	•••	3	•	1	1	15.11	{ 7	19	•••	56 98		
Lár	kana.			:	٠.							ľ		
Inferior	• • • •	•••		•••	8		2)	6 4	12		1		
Superior	•••		3	1		•••		} 9∙4	{ \			25.0		
Hyde	erabad.								, .					
Inferior	•••	•••	•••	•••		1)	ر 2	· 1		ı İ		
Superior	•••	•••	1	*** ,		•••		} 2⋅8	{	•••		4.1		
Jer	ruck.										· •			
Inferior	•••	•	1	•••	23	2) ·	٠	7		1		
Superior			}	•••	•••			27.2	\begin{aligned}	8		10.9		
Workin	ig Plan	8.									·			
Inferior	•••										y.	•••		
Superior _	· • • • •			··· ,								•••		
Ţ o	tal.	-					`							
nferior	•••		. 1		28	6	18	1.00	(. 12	85)		
Superior	•••	•••	4	4		1	1	13.3	7	22		24.02		

As usual the heaviest punishments were inflicted in the Sukkur division where the old staff was thoroughly demoralised some years ago. The fines and degradations inflicted on officers of the superior service refer to Sub-rangers on Rs. 12, who are almost entirely illiterate, and are merely promoted beat guards. The large number of resignations shown in Jerruck refers chiefly to the men in the ranges where the forests are flooded by the inundation. These men were drafted on to the inland forests of Katiar where artificial regeneration is in progress, and showed their discontent by resigning. The proximity of Karáchi where ordinary coolies receive as much as 12 annas per diem also very much affects the recruitment of Jerruck, causing the beat guards to refuse to serve on Rs. 9 and Rs. 10 per month.

Relations between the Revenue and Forest Departments continued to be cordial during the year.

A theft of Rs. 373-5-11 occurred in the Sadhuja range forest office when in the charge of the Range Forest Officer, Ghotki, in adition to his own duties. After a careful enquiry by the Divisional Forest Officer, Sukkur, and personal inspection of the premises by the Deputy Conservator, Sind Circle, a report was made to the Commissioner pointing out that both Ranger and clerk were guilty of carelessness, and the money was ordered to be made good from these officers by 12 monthly instalments from their pay.

CHAPTER VI.

GENERAL.

·Northern Circle.

The most notable event of the year was the visit of the Inspector-General of Forests with the object of discussing, in the forests, the revision of all the existing working plans of the Thana divisions—this revision to be under one plan which was then being drafted. It is satisfactory to see from paragraphs 10 and 11 of Mr. Hart's Inspection Note, dated 16th April 1917, which is on record, that the treatment proposed met with his approval.

Not less valuable is the Inspector-General's reference to the gurcharans of the Thana district. A revised working plan on the lines suggested by him in paragraph 15 of his Inspection Note had been drawn up in the previous season (1915-16) for the Central Thana division by the orders of the Conservator, but reference to Government in the matter was postponed for several reasons which were mainly, (i) that it was advisable to first complete the revision of the forest plans then in hand, (ii) that Government should have an opportunity of considering the representations of the Collector regarding the management of the gurcharans, (iii) that the Inspector-General might record his opinion during his forthcoming visit, (iv) that proposals for the much needed reorganization of the protective staff then being prepared might be considered by Government and (v) that officers migh acquire a knowledge of their new charges under the Thana divisions reorganization scheme. These matters having now sufficiently matured, the permission of Government to the complete preparation of the proposed revision is being asked. The importance of this matter lies in the fact that the gurcharans in question are equal in area to, and of greater commercial value than, a Thana forest division. If the proposals to be made are sanctioned, the revenue from gurcharans should rise from two to seven lakhs of rupees and benefit every inhabitant of the country-side.

During the year the Committee appointed to consider the development of indigenous industries commenced its enquiries. A written statement on the subject, asked for by them, was duly submitted and from time to time during the year the specific requirements of many individual industries, e. g., bamboos for pulp, timber for matches, picture-frames, bobbins; firewood for glass making; gum for resin, etc.; grass for oil; barks, etc., for tan; and others, have come up for consideration, all pointing to the conclusion that the industrial welfare of the country is directly dependent, like forest revenue, on the development of forest management along the most scientific lines.

It is impossible to refrain from mentioning here the ceaseless and increasing difficulty which has been experienced throughout the year in endeavouring to carry out urgent works and even in arranging for routine duties owing to (i) the shortage and inefficiency of the present protective staff and (ii) the lack of the ordinary amenities of life of that staff in the more unhealthy and out-of-the-way localities in this circle. Reorganization proposals have been submitted. The money required to give effect to those proposals is but a fraction of the immediate additional revenue anticipated by proposed improvements in working. It is, therefore, earnestly hoped that the much-needed relief will be accorded.

Central Circle.

Rainfall was good throughout the circle and the year was a prosperous one for trade and forest revenues. And that the prosperity will continue, looking to the increasing world demand for forest material and the scope that exists for development of industries now untouched, is a matter beyond question of doubt.

From the nature of its forests, the circle could make few direct contributions to war requirements, for the Deccan divisions are not even self-supporting in forest material but depend largely on imports from elsewhere. But war demands for small timber, fuel and grass had a marked effect in Khándesh, as was evidenced not only by the demand for coupe material but by the fact that

accumulated stocks in contractors' hands were completely cleared off by the end of the season, a happy state of affairs to which the timely, though unexpected provision, of wagons by the railways largely contributed. A demand for grass was indeed made by the Military authorities in January, and was met by the department putting all its resources at the disposal of Mr. Bhiladwalla, its famine fodder contractor in West Khandesh, and enabling him to meet and fulfil a contract that he had entered into with the Military department.

For the current year revenue prospects are even more favourable than in the one under report.

Southern Circle.

The importance of forest resources of the Southern Circle was duly recognized by Government during the year, and some preliminary measures for the development of forests were undertaken. The urgent necessity for good roads to open up valuable areas was realized and one of the most important and difficult roads—the Kadra-Gund Road—in Kanara W. D., undertaken, is nearing completion. A special Engineer was deputed for the improvement of the most useful waterway for floating timber in Kanara W. D.

Mr. Haines, Executive Engineer, Dhárwár district, deputed to the Forest Department last year on the work of improving transport facilities, after making a preliminary examination of the bed of the Kálinadi river, reverted to his appointment in Dhárwár and in accordance with the recommendation of the special conference of the Commissioner, S. D., the Conservator of Forests, S. C., and the two Secretaries to Government, Public Works Department, Mr. Pipe, Executive Engineer, Ahmednagar district, was deputed to proceed with the work for seven months from 15th November 1916 to 15th June 1917. During this period he surveyed the whole of the Kálinádi from below Jogáli slide to the tidal limit above Kádra, with a view to preparing a project for improving the floating channel. He also prepared a rough survey of the Káneri river from a point called "Durga Seri" to its junction with the Kálinadi. About half the blasting work preliminary to the possible evolution of a floating channel for logs along this most difficult nala was carried out by him and two trial dams of wood and masonry were constructed to head up the water in one main channel. It is to be seen how they will have stood the year's floods. Mr. Pipe's work was carried out with energy and determination under the most adverse circumstances as regards labour and supplies. His final report on the double project is awaited.

Government having sanctioned the survey of the line (16 miles) for the light forest railway from Dandeli to the Alnavar Station of the M. and S. M. Railway, the survey was made by an officer of the Railway company. Details regarding construction and management are under consideration. This forest railway is calculated to help the exploitation in Kanara N. D. to a considerable extent.

In addition to the two steam saw-mills working in Kánara N.D. three new steam saw-mills were procured for the other three important divisions of Kánara, which are being erected and will commence work in this fair season.

Fire protection and sylvicultural operations were conducted on an extensive scale, special parties being appointed for the purpose. The only retrograde step of the year was the curtailment of expenditure on buildings and wells so as to utilize the money on operations of a more urgent and remunerative character. Data for the preparation of a working plan for the Bijápur forests was collected and that for the forests of Kánara S. D. is to be collected shortly; endeavours are being made to bring the whole area of the circle under regular working plans as soon as possible and to revise such of them as have become due for revision. Large areas of pasture forests in the Dhárwár and Bijápur districts in charge of the Revenue Department having been neglected, proposals were made for their re-transfer to the management of the Forest Department and these have recently been submitted to Government. It is hoped that these areas will soon return to this department to the mutual advantage of the ryot and the State. The

Ratnágiri forests unfortunately are worked at a net annual loss of about Rs. 3,000. The forests are small, scattered scrub jungle and produce no valuable material; the Collecter in charge states that a reorganization of the forests and establishment is necessary and that proposals for the same have been submitted by him to the Commissioner, S. D.

The financial results of the year, bringing in nearly a quarter of a crore of revenue, are most encouraging; with more intensive management combined with good roads and other facilities for the systematic exploitation of the produce, it would not be too much to hope for a sustained annual revenue of half a crore and over in the next quinquennium.

The Inspector-General of Forests visited the circle and made a detailed tour for about a month in February 1917 through the important forests of Kanara N., E., C. and W. divisions and Belgaum with a view to advise on working plans.

The Tanning Expert to the Government of India visited Belgaum and neighbouring towns to make a survey of tanning products of the country and of local private tanneries.

The Forest Economist paid a visit to Kánara W. D. and N. D. in connection with the experiments of seasoning different kinds of timber under different methods.

The Timber Supply Officer of the Military Department, Bombay, visited Ankola in Kánara C. D. about the timber supplies required for war purposes. Arrangements have been made for the regular despatch of timber and bamboos in large quantities from Kánara N., E., C. and W. divisions and Belgaum.

Labour supply was again deficient in the Khánápur ranges (Belgaum) as also in the Gund range of Kánara W. D. and, generally, in Kánara N. D. Notwithstanding the exertions of the revenue authorities in securing labour and carts in Khánápur the annual delivery of fuel to the Railway Company fell short by 8 lakhs of cubic feet. In Kánara W. D., the labour supply was sufficient for all work on the coast, even the extra contracts for supply of war material being carried out without any difficulty. It is only above ghats in Gund and in Kánara N. D. that scarcity of labour is severely felt. In these parts, the villages are practically uninhabited and labour has to be imported from the coast. As people on the coast find work near their homes, they naturally often refuse to go above ghats. The only solution of the difficulty appears to be to get the deserted villages inhabited again by giving out suitable cultivable land on easy terms. Messrs. Dodgson and Marjoribanks, who are ex-officio Assistant Collectors for forest maháls in Kánara N. and W. divisions, are taking a keen interest in their land revenue administration and try to improve matters.

The Berad (Criminal Tribes) Settlement, established by Government at Shiroli in the Khánápur taluka of the Belgaum district for the supply of forest labour, was started in March 1917 and the number of Berads gradually rose to about 100 including some Lamanis from the Bijápur district. Their services were utilized for various forest operations.

During the working season plague and cholera were prevalent in Kánara N. D. with the result that the work of carting contractors was much hindered.

At the Tavargatti depôt and Alnávar station in Kánara N. D. great difficulty was experienced by contractors and purchasers in removing their material owing to the shortage of wagons on the railway, caused by war requirements. The Divisional Forest Officer apprehends that this may affect prices adversely in the coming sales if this state of things continues.

The new timber depôt, established on the coast at Tádri in Kánara C. D. last year, was removed to a more satisfactory site further up the river at Divgi.

The enumeration of sandalwood trees in malki lands of the Dhárwar district, undertaken in 1913-14, was continued during the year, and the Forester, specially put on the work, counted 32,060 trees in 42 villages of the Dhárwar taluka. According to the figures furnished by the Mamlatdars the total number of sandalwood trees standing in malki lands of the Bijápur

district, excluding the Badami taluka, for which figures have not been received, are 3,043 in 188 villages. Steps are being taken to have a correct enumeration of the trees made in both the districts as soon as possible.

The Collectors of different districts make the following remarks in forwarding the several reports:—

Kánara(By Mr. J. H. E. Tupper):

Kanara N. D.—"Fifty per cent. of the total area is closed to grazing and it is observed that the number of impoundings shows a marked increase.

"Mr. Dodgson administered three small forest mahals as ex-officio Assistant Collector in addition to his work as Divisional Forest Officer. He has been very successful in his dual capacity. He is the only Divisional Forest Officer who reports a serious attempt at repopulation of the deserted villages. One village has partially been reoccupied. It is interesting to note that Mr. Dodgson has been convinced by the acuteness of the labour question that the only solution is to get the depopulated villages inhabited again. We are now trying to work out a scheme of in-forest cultivation which will effect this purpose."

Kanara E. D.—"Mr. Edie administers two small forest mahals as exofficio Assistant Collector in addition to his work as Divisional Forest Officer. His administration in both capacities has been most successful."

Kanara S. D.—"The large increase of fires in the Siddapur range in a year in which fires generally have greatly decreased is said to be partly apparent only and partly due to scarcity of fuel, driving people to the manufacture of dead-wood by firing the forests. It is hoped that the establishment of the fuel depot at Siddapur will eliminate the second cause."

Kánara W. D.—"Mr. Marjoribanks administers a very large area, larger than the biggest taluka of the district, as ex-officio Assistant Collector. His administration, both as Divisional Forest Officer and as Assistant Collector, is worthy of the highest praise, and a most promising start has been made in the experiment of forest maháls.

"It is a matter of extreme difficulty to get the subordinate magistracy to realize their duties in dealing with small forest cases. The District Magistrate has issued clear orders on the subject for their guidance and hopes for improvement. These cases are carefully watched.

"Undersigned has inspected a fair amount of kumri in company with the Divisional Forest Officer and investigated the economic condition of some of the kumri villages personally. In view of the knowledge thus acquired the Collector entirely agrees with the views expressed by the Divisional Forest Officer.

"Arrangements have been made for the final disposal of cases in which bettas have not been accepted in order that the gardeners may have no legitimate cause of complaint and no pretext for protracting proceedings.

The greatest obstacle to the development of all forest operations is the scarcity of labour, and every possible means must be availed of to increase the supply to meet the inevitably and rapidly increasing demand. The best means of increasing the local supply is in-forest cultivation to which Mr. Marjoribanks alludes in his paragraph 102. A scheme is under consideration to attract agricultural labour, which can be utilized for forest purposes, by the offer of land on exceptionally favourable terms. As Mr. Marjoribanks observes labour has a natural tendency to gravitate below ghats, and below ghats the Revenue Department can do but little to attract additional population by giving out land on favourable terms because the entire area of assessed waste land available for expansion of cultivation below ghats is limited to about 10,000 acres, much of which is not very attractive quality."

Belgaum (By Mr. E. L. Sale):—

"The early construction of the road from Gunji to Shiroli is most advisable. The cost of construction would very soon be recouped by the larger supplies of wood that would result from the provision of a proper cart-road. The experience gained over the Kanbárgi-Muchandi road shows how the absence of cart-roads deters contractors from bidding freely for coupes.

"The system of allowing reduced rates of grazing to all who have assisted in putting out fires is a good system but as worked it presents possibilities to the forest officer who draws up the statement showing those present who helped to extinguish any particular fire. It is suggested that the village patel should also sign such statements.

"The area of forest in the Murgod mahál north of the Kaladgi road which had been relinquished by the Forest Department was again handed back to that Department for management during the year. Government have also now sanctioned the return of all the forest lands remaining in this mahál and Parasgad taluka to the Forest Department.

"Mr. Hodgson's time was much taken up in the past year in providing wood for military requirements. He consequently was not able to devote much time to the revenue work of the forest mahals. Little progress was made in the giving out of suitable cultivable land in kumri villages in exchange for the temporary kumri rights.

"Mr. Hodgson has done excellent work during his tenure of the office of Divisional Forest Officer, Belgaum, in the development of communication roads to the forests and has shown the greatest enthusiasm in all branches of his work. It is to be hoped that the progress in improving the existing roads in the forest villages of Khánápur will continue and that new roads will be provided where the exploitation of the forests is hindered by the lack of proper communications."

Dhárwár and Bijápur—Remarks of the Collector of Dhárwár (Mr. E. G. Turner):—

"The report appears satisfactory though it is impossible to compare the financial results for this district owing to this being the first completed year since the changes in the Dhárwár forest division were made. The undersigned can endorse Mr. Koppikar's remarks as to the need for placing many of the pasture lands under the Forest authorities' control, and an agreement with Mr. Koppikar as to which lands should be so transferred has at last been settled and the final recommendation will shortly be made. Mr. Koppikar is very keen on a straight demarcation line so as to make conservancy easier and give less grounds to villagers for trespassing. From the several proposals put forward by him it does not appear that great importance was attached to this theory at the time of the forest settlement. However what progress can be made in this direction by exchange of lands is being considered."

Remarks of the Collector of Bijapur (Mr. V. K. Namjoshi):—

"It is satisfactory that the forest revenue of the district rose to Rs. 41,750 during the year from Rs. 33,726 during the preceding year, the revenue from minor produce alone being Rs. 31,060. The advantage of having a forest in their neighbourhood must have been specially brought home to the many people whose houses were destroyed by the floods of November last and who got free grants of timber from the forest for rebuilding them.

"It is satisfactory to note the decline in the number of forest fires during the year; but this was due of course to the special seasonal conditions of the year.

"The total number of impoundings in Badámi and Bágalkot were 3,275, sheep and goats being the principal offenders. Out of the total number of 1,10,069 animals admitted to grazing in forests during the year, the number of sheep and goats was only 1,117. This seems to indicate that facilities for grazing in the case of these animals require improvement. As this matter is the subject of a separate correspondence, it is unnecessary to say more about it here.

"It was unfortunate that a large number of seedlings grown with some trouble should have died from neglect on the part of the subordinate staff. A large number of houses is being built and factories are multiplying. The demand for timber and fuel is on the increase. The development of tree-growth to meet this increasing demand is absolutely necessary.

"The Acting Collector endorses Mr. Turner's remarks about straight demarcation. The various proposals submitted by Mr. Koppikar in this respect were judicious and his treatment of the ryot has been sympathetic."

Sind Circle.

When referring to a question asked by Government as to whether rails from light railways now laid down in France and Mesopotamia and likely to be available after the war would be wanted for the exploitation of forest produce in the Sind Circle, it was pointed out that what are needed so badly by the Sind Forest Department are tugs and barges to hire to contractors who have no boats of their own for the water carriage of their forest produce. At present country boats are very expensive to hire, and the boatmen most unreliable. This gives a great advantage to the bigger contractors who possess boats, and tends to keep contracts in the hands of a few, which is bad both for the State and the public. This want of facility of transport is one of the chief reasons why there are so few contractors in the Hyderabad and Jerruck divisions.

Another urgent need is a steamer for the Sind Forest Circle Officer. It is imperative that a large percentage of erosion fellings and kachas must be inspected, a fact brought home only too clearly this year by the bad administration found in the Hyderabad division, where the rules regarding erosion fellings have not been stringently observed. As the forests of Sind lie on the river bank and are about four miles broad, inspection by steamer, as in the early days of the administration when under Sir William Schlich, Divisional Forest Officers held free passes to travel on the steamers of the Indus River Flotilla Company, is a common sense procedure.

Reference must be made to high prices prevailing for wood all over the province. The principal cause was of course the large export of fuel to Mesopotamia from Lower Sind and to Quetta and the neighbourhood from Upper Sind. In Karáchi the situation was further aggravated by the combination of the three principal contractors (who at present practically control the market) owing to one firm being unable to put six lakhs maunds of dry fuel on the market at one time. The shortage of waggons on the railway, resulting in none being available for the local fuel supply, and the disinclination of the aforesaid contractors to put any of their dry stocks wholesale on the market when a few waggons were available owing to the appearance of a well-to-do new comer in the fuel market, led to a great depletion of dry stocks in Karáchi itself, and a general inflation of prices.

Personal appeal to the loyalty of contractors, and refusal to accept tenders from combinations combined with the putting of all available deadwood on the market, has brought down the price of the military contract from 15½ annas to 9 annas per 100 lbs. and the local supply from Rs. 1-4-0 to 14 annas per maund and will, it is hoped, decrease the latter much more appreciably in the near future. In the meantime it is necessary to encourage the smaller contractor in every possible way as indicated above.

The position in Upper Sind must be ameliorated by the acquisition of more forest land which is in great deficit due to a mistaken policy in the past, and the Commissioner has been addressed on the subject during the year under report.

It was held by the Judicial Commissioner of Sind in a case during the previous year that rule 4 of the old Sind rules under section 41, Indian Forest Act, was illegal. This necessitated new rules being drawn up, and these were prepared, submitted to and sanctioned by Government and introduced during the year under report.

Felling rules were standardized and introduced into the agreements as is done in the Presidency proper. Leaving these to the discretion of the Divisional Forest Officers had proved most disastrous in the Hyderabad division.

At the request of the Timber Supply Officer, Bombay, statistics as to the timber available in the markets of Sind were obtained and forwarded early in 1917.

Arrangements were made to give instruction in arboriculture to subordinates of the Public Works Department, District Local Boards and Municipalities at Ráhuja in Sukkur and in Hyderabad. At Ráhuja all these candidates passed, while at Miáni the six candidates who sat for the final examination were successful, one of the students being absent through illness. The Commissioner has sanctioned one class being held for the province to be opened yearly at Hyderabad. The Forest Department was represented by a stall at the Arts and Crafts Exhibition opened by the Commissioner in Hyderabad in November 1916, where amongst other exhibits specimens of bobbins turned from the wood of bahan (Populus euphratica) were shown.

Chil and deodar logs and sleepers and logs of tali (Dalbergia sisoo) were as usual imported into Sukkur, Rohri and Shikarpur from the various parts of the Punjab, and large quantities of timber and fuel to the large towns of Upper Sind from the territories of His Highness the Mir of Khairpur.

There were no civil suits during the year.

Mr. Rieu in forwarding the Hyderabad report remarks: "It is satisfactory to note that in the Unerpur range of the Karachi district there was only one case of accidental fire in which the area damaged was insignificant."

In paragraph 101 of the Jerruck report the Divisional Forest Officer, Jerruck, writes: "The price of fuel remains at a very high level in Karáchi at the close of the year owing mainly to the greed of certain leading contractors, though ostensibly to shortage of railway transport and requirements of army in Mesopotamia."

The Collector of Karáchi in forwarding the Jerruck report comments as follows: "The Collector notices with satisfaction the result of the year's good inundation and rainfall reflected in the reduction of forest offences and cattle impoundings, and the success attained by the departmental measures in keeping the forests safe from fires.

The Collector does not accept as accurate the statement made in paragraph 101 of the report as to the principal cause of the high price of fuel in Karáchi. The price would never have risen as it did but for what are there represented as the merely ostensible reasons for the rise. The latter were therefore the main and direct causes. The dealers, as it subsequently turned out, had somewhat overestimated the extent of the shortage in the supply, not having anticipated that the restriction on the use of railway wagons for private consignments would be relaxed. As soon as this was realized, prices eased off somewhat, and the present rates probably fairly represent the existing relation between supply and demand."

The Deputy Commissioner, Upper Sind Frontier, in forwarding the Sukkur report remarks as follows: "Only one pending case belongs to this district.

There were only two forest cases before the courts, and in neither was there any complaint about the attendance of the subordinate officers of the department. There does not appear to be anything else in the report that invites comment. The creation of the new division should be an advantage to both the Forest and Revenue Departments."

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, NORTHERN DIVISION, ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE NORTHERN CIRCLE FOR THE YEAR 1916-17.

No. F.O.R.—47.

REVENUE. DEPARTMENT.

Camp, Poona, 18th October 1917.

Submitted to Government.

2. The Commissioner has no special comment to make on the report.

H. SMITH,
For Commissioner, N. D.

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, CENTRAL DIVISION, ON THE - FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORTS OF THE NORTHERN AND CENTRAL CIRCLES FOR THE YEAR 1916-17 SO FAR AS THE AREAS IN THE CENTRAL DIVISION ARE CONCERNED.

No. A.—1436 of 1917.

Poona, 27th October 1917.

The following review of the administration reports of the Northern and Central forest circles for the year 1916-17, as far as the areas in the Central Division are concerned, is submitted to Government in the Revenue Department.

- 2. The forest ranges in the Násik district were rearranged in order to secure more efficient administration, the Igatpuri range being transferred to the Thána division and the remaining ranges in the Násik district being formed into new three sub-divisions. There was a net decrease of 36 square miles, 192 acres in the forest area in the Central Circle, mainly as a result of the disforestment of certain pasture areas which are now to be given out for cultivation in the Poona and Ahmednagar districts.
- 3. The length of new boundary demarcated during the year was only 97 miles—68 miles in the Akola range, 26 miles in West Khándesh and 3 miles in the Dindori and Peint ranges. The remaining work—124 miles in the Rájur range (Ahmednagar) and 63 miles in South Násik division—is expected to be finished shortly.
- 4. Preparation of new working plans and revision of existing ones were delayed owing to certain suggestions of the Inspector-General of Forests, who specially visited the Sátpuda forests and the teak and babul forests in Poona: the Inspector-General's recommendations are receiving the careful attention of the officers concerned.
- 5. Road works in North Khandesh—Hisala-Bhoiti road and Wasurdi-Kodil road—were pushed on; and proposals regarding the fresh alignment of the Akrani road which were discussed by the forest officers have already been submitted to Government.

The Commissioner sympathizes with Mr. Napier's remarks as to the need for inspection bungalows in North Khandesh where tents are uncomfortably warm in the hot weather.

- 6. As regards the proposed Dhadgaon dispensary, when the distribution of dispensary grants for the current year was discussed in a recent conference of the Divisional Commissioners and the Surgeon-General the Commissioner did not press for this dispensary because:—
 - (1) No Sub-Assistant Surgeon is available.
 - (2) If one were sent he would always try to get away. He would have nothing to do and would himself get ill.
 - (3) The natives do not want a dispensary and would not use one, and Government servants could only be given quinine and cough mixture, and they can have that without a dispensary.

For these reasons the Commissioner does not think that the Dhadgaon claim is very strong. Indeed it appears doubtful if it would ever be advisable to have a dispensary at this place—at all events there are other places where dispensaries are more wanted and would be much more useful.

7. The accompanying statement shows the nature and number of the forest offences committed. Their number rose from 6,998 to 7,274, of which 229 were taken into Court, 6,174 were compounded and warnings were given, and 871 remained undetected. The largest increase in any single district was 248 in the Poona division, and the Commissioner ascribes it to pilfering of forest material for the erection of temporary huts by villagers of plague-infected areas. Communal punishment was inflicted by the Collectors of Poona and Kolába on 21 villages for persistent damage by illicit cutting and grazing.

Mr. Napier's suggestions for the better protection of State forests from loss by fire were submitted to Government with this office No. A.—1339, dated 8th September 1917.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1915-16.	1916-17.
East Khándesh West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára North Násik South Násik	. 11,560 10,045 8,082 11,562 5,571 16,537	11,289 10,602 6,027 10,136 5,033 11,419 4,971
Nasik Sub-division (newly formed)		8,539
•	74,841	68,016

- 8. Statistics of impoundings in the several forest divisions are given in the margin. General improvement is noticeable in all divisions except West Khandesh. Mr. Napier remarks that the decrease in the impoundings of horned cattle from closed areas was due to there being abundance of grass and to efficient supervision.
- 9. Minor produce.—Proceeds from hirda fell from Rs. 22,863 to Rs. 16,160; the decrease is an example of ordinary fluctuation.
- 10. The financial results of the year's administration are very satisfactory. The revenue of the forest divisions in the Central Circle within the jurisdiction of the Central Division amounted to Rs. 7,16,800 against Rs. 5,93,549, and the expenditure to Rs. 4,24,601 against Rs. 4,13,867, leaving a net surplus of Rs. 2,92,199 against Rs. 1,79,682. North and West Khandesh divisions mainly contributed to the increase which is due to brisk timber and fuel markets.

There was an increase of Rs. 27,928 in the total revenue in the Násik ranges. As Mr. Fisher remarks, owing to the reorganization of these charges it is not possible to compare each charge with the previous year's returns.

11. The demand for forest material tends to increase. Mr. Napier observes that the war demand for timber, fuel and grass has cleared off the accumulation of stocks in Khándesh. The Commissioner is glad to add that the year's working has as usual been very satisfactory, reflecting credit on all members of the department. Relations between Forest and Revenue Officers continued to be excellent.

C. N. SEDDON, Commissioner, C. D.

Number of forest offences committed in the Central Division.

		•	A Cases taken i	nto Court.		C a	ses compound	•	ied.	,	Cases und				Tot	al.		
Divisions.	1	Injury	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	Grazing without	Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire,	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.		Other offences.	Injury to forest by fire.	Unauthorized felling or appropriation of wood and other minor forest produce.	·	Other offences.	Grand total, 1916-17
East Khandesh		7	17	16	• 16	7	238	818	162	47	64	3	3	61	819	937	181	898
West Khándesh	••	ġ	ъ	5	1	1	199	895	32	55	75	8	•••	65	,279	403	83	780
North Khándesh		6	2	1	8	12	171	144	64	43	103	2		61	276	147	67	551
Poona		4	25	26	. 8	33	767	878	194	· 83	128	6	1	120	920	910	203	2,158
Sátára		8	22	11	2	26	455	476	121	56	46		6	85	523	487	129	1,224
North Nasik		1	8	. 3	1	1	180	 · 33 <u>4</u>	46	· 6	14	•••	1	8	202	887	48	595
South Nasik		1	. 7	9	2	5	168	123	38	41	36		, , , , ,	47	206	132	40	425
Násik Sub-division .	••	• •••	3	5		1	301	278	11	13	36	•••	<i></i>	14	840	283	11	648
Total .		31	89	76	93	86	2,474	2,946	668	844	502	14	11	461	8,065	8,036	712	7,274

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REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER, SOUTHERN DIVISION, ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SOUTHERN CIRCLE FOR THE YEAR 1916-17.

No. 6111.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Belgaum, 24th October 1917.

Alteration in area.—Parasgad forests (7 square miles) have been transferred to the Forest Department for management. Proposal for the transfer of pasture forests in Dhárwár (56 square miles) are under consideration.

Proposals for transfer of the Ratnágiri forests (18 square miles) to the Revenue Department have been submitted to Government under this office No. 429 of 6th August 1917.

- 2. Forest settlement.—As the forest settlement in all districts of the division is complete although in some cases effected some 30 years ago I was struck with the large number of proposals for afforestation of new survey numbers submitted from time to time by district officers and have issued orders that except where cogent reasons exist or where the forest settlement is out of date or where lands are required for in-forest cultivation, proposals for afforestation of numbers not included in the demarcation sanctioned at the time of forest settlement should not be submitted. Many cases in which lands have been provisionally notified under section 4 of the Forest Act are held up either for examination in the light of these tests or owing to the time of Prant Officers being taken up by more urgent work which prevents a careful examination of each proposal. This is especially necessary in Kánara where 82 per cent. of the district is already under forest and population has steadily decreased.
- 3. Demarcation.—The Conservator reports that the Collector of Dhárwár has issued orders requiring Inámdárs to clear the common boundaries between their lands and Government forests. Such an order does not appear to be legal (vide Government Order No. 10632 of 1st September 1917). I am pointing this out to the Conservator and the Collector.
- 4. Control of regular working plans.—Arrears in the exploitation of forests according to working plans are due to the difficulty in procuring labour and transport and these arrears will continue to accumulate until these difficulties are removed. To counteract the deficiency of labour in malarious and inaccessible parts where forest growth is good in-forest cultivation must be started and encouraged. This important question has engaged my attention and I have been considering on what lines the scheme should be worked and have lately held a conference of forest officers and which the Collector of Kánara attended. Roads are as necessary as labour. A detailed scheme for the improvement of communications of forest estate estimated to cost three lakhs of rupees has been submitted to Government under this office No. 5115 of 11th November 1916 and orders are awaited.
- 5. Fire.—The number of offences by fire has increased, being 35 per cent. above the average of the past three years and 16 per cent. above last year's figures, but the area burnt decreased from 2,13,959 acres to 52,794 acres, i.e., by 75 per cent. which is satisfactory. Sixty-four villages were reported for bad fires in which I issued necessary orders inflicting penal rate of fees on the villagers by whose negligence or carelessness fires were caused and remitting altogether or ordering the levy of ordinary fees in the case of those who helped to put them out. It is essential that rewards and punishments should be closely associated if forest fires are to be checked.
- 6. Grazing.—Grazing rules are capable of improvement on the lines of the Central Provinces rules as stated elsewhere, and the question is already engaging my attention and I am in correspondence with the Conservator on the subject. The lack of grazing in Kanara is accentuated by the fact that a very large proportion of the cattle is unfit for labour. Unfit cattle are grazed at 2 annas which is the rate that useful cattle pay. In the Central Provinces

the ryot is allowed a certain number of plough and domestic cattle at the usual rates; any in excess of that number pay Re. 1.

- 7. Financial.—Forest revenue increased from 20 lakbs to 23.5 lakbs or 17.5 per cent. This is due to the increased area in the coupes sold.
- 8. General.—I attended the Conference of forest officers on 11th and 12th September 1916 and another Conference on 22nd October 1916. The Chief Secretary to Government and the Honourable Member in charge of the Revenue Department accompanied me in a brief tour over the forests of Kánara.

A rough estimate of the resources of the forest estate has been submitted to Government under this office No. 1546 of 11th April 1917. The estimated increase in revenue (gross or nett) will be 300 per cent. It would be an advantage if a special officer could be deputed for a scientific investigation of the latent resources of the forest estate.

My report on sandalwood is pending the receipt of certain information which I called for in July 1916 and which I now learn is to be yet put up before me.

Proposals for the establishment of a Forest College in Dharwar are under consideration of Government.

The Gunji-Shiroli road referred to by the Conservator is useful not only for the exploitation of forest produce but also for the inhabitants of several villages. I have granted Rs. 2,000 for the construction of this road out of my discretionary grant for works of public utility.

I consider considerable profit can be obtained if charcoal is manufactured by drywood distillation instead of by the wasteful method of burning. This matter is under investigation, but it is difficult for the forest officers who have large charges to consider the commercial side of the forest estate, in addition to their duties of conservancy and exploitation of the forest coupes. A Forest Engineer is shortly to be appointed who will relieve the Divisional Forest Officers of the duty of constructing roads and buildings and other works which belong to the engineering side of forest work.

L. J. MOUNTFORD, Commissioner, S. D.

REMARKS OF THE COMMISSIONER IN SIND ON THE FOREST ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SIND CIRCLE FOR THE YEAR 1916-17.

No. 3238 of 1917.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Office of the Commissioner in Sind. Government House, Karáchi, 5th November 1917.

Submitted to Government.

2. The revenue of the year amounted to Rs. 5·3 lakhs against an average of Rs. 4·1 lakhs in the last five years; and the expenditure to Rs. 2·1 lakhs against an average of Rs. 2·1 lakhs. The surplus revenue as compared with the previous year rose from Rs. 1·6 lakhs to Rs. 3·2 lakhs.

- 3. Of the increase of a lakh and a half over the revenue of the year 1915-16, Rs. 50,000 is apparently due to the earlier recovery of outstanding instalments; for it is reported that the revenue outstanding was Rs. 24,900 only against Rs. 77,510 on the same date last year. This fact is not put forward in the causes given by the Deputy Conservator for the improvement of revenue.
- 4. The grazing revenue fell from Rs. 55,000 to Rs. 44,000; while minor produce rose from Rs. 31,000 to Rs. 43,000; the chief feature under the head of minor produce being the revival of the demand for lac, with an increase of revenue from Rs. 600 to Rs. 17,000.

5. The timber exploited rose by 76 per cent. from 2.1 lakhs of cubic feet to 3.7 lakhs; while the revenue thereof increased by 60 per cent. from Rs. 67,000 to Rs. 1,07,000. No explanation of this decrease in the price of timber is offered in the report.

6. The fuel exploited increased from 160 lakhs of cubic feet to 188 lakhs, or 17 per cent.; while the revenue increased from Rs. 2 lakhs to Rs. 3.1 lakhs,

or 50 per cent.

There is reason to doubt whether these figures of outturn are accurate; and since they are most important to demonstrate the efficient working of the Department, every care should be taken to render them as accurate

as possible.

- 7. The statement of disciplinary measures taken towards the establishment shows an improvement over last year, when the Commissioner had occasion to comment on the inadvisability of wholesale punishments by degradation or fine of superior officers. These punishments are still too numerous in the Sukkur division, where of officers classed as 'superior' 7 were degraded and 19 fined; but in other divisions it was found necessary to punish three men only by fine. The Deputy Conservator will no doubt take steps to see that the recent unsatisfactory system does not continue to be followed in the Sukkur division.
- 8. Favourable rains and a higher inundation protected the forests equally from fires and illicit grazings, but the number of unauthorised fellings rose slightly; this result being, in the opinion of the Deputy Conservator, a sign of more vigilant inspection. The number of cattle impounded fell from 18,000 to 15,000.
- 9. An improvement in supervision and control is expected from the re-distribution of the Sukkur and Lárkána divisions into three charges, which was sanctioned by Government with effect from the 1st of August 1917. Proposals for the improvement of the administrative staff are before Government.
- 10. The chief feature of the year was the very heavy demand of the Military Department for the supply of fuel to Mesopotamia, the export during the year having amounted to 88 lakhs of cutic feet. The accumulated stocks of dry fuel were largely depleted, and in consequence the price rose very high. In Karáchi the situation was rendered more acute by the shortage of railway wagons for the conveyance of fuel, and prices, which ordinarily ruled at 10 annas per maund, for a time exceeded a rupee. So also in Hyderabad prices rose from 8 annas to 12 annas. The public were considerably inconvenienced by the shortage and high prices. Attempts have been made to bring more fuel into the market by throwing open additional coupes for exploitation, but the continuance of the heavy demand for Mesopotamia maintains the stringency of the market.
- 11. The Deputy Conservator suggests that the area of forests in Sind is insufficient. It amounts to 7,00,000 acres as compared with an annually cultivated area of 43,00,000 acres and a population of 35 lakhs. The Commissioner agrees that the reservation of additional forest area is desirable, but the difficulty is to find land available for irrigation. If the Deputy Conservator can secure the means of irrigation for waste lands, his proposals for reservation of forests will receive very careful consideration.
- 12. The need of steamers and barges for the conveyance of fuel suggested by the Deputy Conservator will be considered in consultation with the Inspector-General of Forests at the time of his approaching visit to Sind.

H. S. LAWRENCE, Commissioner in Sind.

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 7.—Area of Reserved Forest, 1916-1917.

		1 -:-		,			,			· · · - · - · - · - · - · - · · · ·	
Division.	Range.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.		1st July 10.	Added during the year.	Excluded or transferred to other heads.	Area on	30th June 917.	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer	Ronarks.
	-			Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.		
1	2	8	4	5	6	Ż	8	9	10.	11	12
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	•			Acres.	Eq.m. a.	Acres.	Acres.	. Acres.	Sq.m. a.		
Panch Maháls		Panch Ma-	Reserved	212,199	831 850		(6) 47	212,152	831 312	(b) 4368 (b) 7319 1-5-1909, 25-7-1917.	
arat	Ett dag	Surat	Do	51,791	80 591	•••	. 191	51,791	80 591		
angs (leased)_ •	******	Dangs	Do	211,795	330 505	410	***	211,795	830 595	******	
orth Thána	. 4>>4	Thána	Do	214,149	834 389	(a) 5	(b) 5,948	209,206	325 206	(a) 4878 (b) 7096 9-5-1016, 18-7-1916, 11786	
].	-	٠.	150	· -		٠,	• ;			\$ 0-11-1016 .	
Vest Thána	*****	Do.:	Do	236,335	369 175	113,069	151,612	197,793	809 82	(b) 11786 80-11-1016.	
last Thána	******	Do	Do	212,601	332 211	194,928	(8) 113,089	294,530	400 130	(b) 9754 (b) 11786 10-10-1016, 30-11-1016.	
outh Násik	-005 F16	Násik	Do	492,956	629 398	(a) 15,995	(8) 197,390	221,501	946 121	(a) 7849 (a) 10°04 17-8-1916, 10-11-1910, 1457 (b) 6354-A 6-2-1917, 20-8-1916,	
	•	,	·					•	,	8634 11646 2-0-1916, 28-11-1916.	
orth Násik	491800	Do,	Do	278,362	591 122	108,267	(b) 154,624	532,005	518 485	(b) 11267 8329 21-11-1016, 17-3-1017, 4838 11-4-1917, 28-11-1016.	
asik Sub-Division.		Do	D0	***	•	189,587	(δ) 5	189,582	296 192	(b) 3700 11646 24-3-1917, 28-11-1016,	
hmedabad	*****	Abmedabad	Do	12,033	18 512		***	12,032	18 512	400106	
	•	-	Total, Northern Circle.	1,932,310	3,019 150	621,851	622,715	1,931,446	3,017 566		-
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	•	:	·		,				_		
ast Khándesh	44 1 112	East Khán- desh.	Reserved	511,870	799 510	14	, ***	511,984	799 524	8110 of 20-8-1016.	
est Khándesh	******	West Khán- desh.	√D0 ₆	494,627	772 517	251	***	491,878	. 773 158	8850 of 12-9-1916.	
orth Khandesh	493.00	North Khándosh	Do	555,7 0 6	868 246	430	414	556,196	869 86	200 of 9-1-1017.	
oons and Ahmed- nogar.	443 100	Poona and Ahmed- nagar.		646,521	1,010 121	§ 486	¶ 380	648,627	1,010 227	\$ 0757 6849 8-7-1916, 11-7-1916, 6847 11203 11-7-1916, 21-11-1916,	
- t	٠ .									1959 2758 & 59 19-2-1917, 0-3-1917, 1900 4542	
		,		ļ		Ì				10-2-1917, 12-4-1917, 26279 8849 23-6-1916, 22-9-1916,	
		·								6299 5206 23-6-1916, 19-5-1916, ¶ 5949 1990	
										16-9-1916, 19-2-1917, 6635 1059 6-7-1916, 29-1-1917, 12796 2777	
·						•				20-12-1916, 27-3-1917, 7950(a) & 7953 15-8-1910.	
						-				6850 8200 11-7-1916, 22-8-1916, 11649 1163	
- 1	_									$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
								-		9517 3-10-1916.	
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· .		

FORM No. 7.—Area of Reserved Forest, 1916-1917—continued.

Division.	Range.	Civil District	Name of		n 1st July 16.	Added during the year.	Excluded or trans- ferred to other heads.	Area on	30th June . 917:	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Remarks.
		Territory.	Forest.	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equiva- lent in square miles.		
1	3	3	4	5-	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CENTRAL CIRCLE—contd.		,		Acres.	Sq.m. a.	Acres,	Acres.	Acres,	Sq.m. a.		a
Sátāra	*** **	Sátára	Reserved	454440	710 40	•••	***	454,410	710 40	240114	
e** 113	******	Do	Leased	23 2	0 232			232	0 232		
•			<u> </u>			-			,		
Kolába	******	Kolába	Reserved	287,903	449 543	***		287,903	449 543		
Ahmednagar and Sholápur.	******	Ahmed n a- gar and Shokipur.	Do	473,068	739 108	, `***	*24,027	449,041	701 401	*7750 of 8-8-1916 6150 1604 16-5-1917, 10-2-1917, 297 14:0	
,				,			1			9-1-1917, 6-2-1917, 7947 300 15-8-1916, 9-1-1917, 3748 6638 26-3-1917, 5-9-1916, 9421—A. B C.	
			. *						 	2-10-1916.	
	,		Total, Central Circle,	3,124,427	5,350 427	1,181	21,407	3,401,201	5,314 241		
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.											
Kanara, N. D	10.250	Kánara and Dhárwár.	Reserved	27 1,073	423 353	(a) 1,229	(8) 12	272,785	426 145	(a) 5077 and 5081	
•						†495	[,	(16-5-1916. 5207 7355 19 5-1916, 25-7-1916. 7516 8923	
	•						}. 			31-7-1916, 15-9-1916, 2458 3059 28-2-1917, 12-3-1917, (b) 11981	
Kánara, E. D	. 44505#	Do, ,	Do	409,068	639 108	(c) 189	(d) 1	,		. 0-12-1910.	,
•		ļ ļ					(d) 1 † 2 (e) 33.077 ~ (f) 333	375,843	587 163	(c) 5076 and 5080 15-5-1916. 7107 10894	† Mistake in area now rectified.
	-						[-			18-7-1916, 12578	(e) Area transferred from Kánara, E. D. to Kánara,
	·						1			(d) 5843 6160 12-9-1916. 16-5-1917,	C. D., (G. O. 11396)
			<u>.</u>] 		- '	27-10-15.' (f) Area transferred from Kánara, E. D. to Kánara
_			1								to Kanara W. D. (G. O.
Eápara, C. D	54 9 10 0	Kánara	Do	467,831	731 21	(g) 11	(h) 17	} 500,932	782 452	(g) £933	W. D. (G. O. No. 11395 27-10-15.
	•		}		}	(e) 33,07 7	}		702 402	13-6-1916. (λ) 5591 67-7,5723,5729 29-5-1916, 7-6-1916.	
		1		j				,		13-6-1916, 6207 21-6-1916	
,										21-9-1916, 101-42 8-10-1916, 500	•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,							,	23-10-1016, 16-1-1017. 4800 17-4-1017.	•
Kánara, S. D	2 m 16g	Do	Do	411,044	642 164	(i) D	(<i>j</i>) 33	411,020	642 140	(i) 8443	
		÷						,,		29-8-1916, (j) 5983 7074 2-0-1916, 18-7-1916,	
										8114 11172 29-8-1013, 18-11-1016, 11203 12157	
!		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			[.]					21-11-1016, 11-12-1016, \$\frac{5746}{8-5-1917.}	•
	•	1 (-	<u>-</u> -	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		5-5-2027.	,* .

FORM No. 7.—Area of Reserved Forest, 1916-1917—concluded.

Division,	Rango,	Civil District or Territory,	Name of Forest,	Arca on	ı 1st July 16.	Added during the year.	Excluded or trans- ferred to other heads.		30th June 17.	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Romarks.
				Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Астея.	Equiva- lent in square miles.		
1	2	3	4	5	G	7	8	9 .	10	11	13
SOUTHERN CIRCLE—contd.]	Acres.	8q.m. a.	Acres.	Acres.	Aeres.	Sq.m. a.		
Kanara, W. D	******	Kénara	Reserved	527,595	821 235	(k) 40	(l) 2	,		(k) 10800 & 10802	• Mistako in
					<u>.</u>	(f) 833	*0, 598	621,370	814 410	10-11-1916, (7) 0427 6848 80-9-10, 12-9-1916,	area now routified. (a) Area trans- ferred from
Belgaum		Polyman	Do	405 910	030 120					(m) 8190 10813 & 10905	Kánara, E. D.
	114	Belgaum		435,819	630 110	(m) 1,153	***	486,475	091 035	22 8 1010, 10-11-1010, 11:03 200 21 11-1010, 0-1-1017, & 4230 4-4-1017.	O. D., (G. O. 11396 No. 27-10-15) (f) Area transferred from Kingson F. D.
Dhárwár and Bijápur.	******	Dhárwár aud Bija- pur.	5 00	818,054	496 614	(n) 30	(o) 69 • 681	817,954	495 551	(n) 5088 7505 & 7517 10.6-101d, 31-7-101d, (o) 5091 & 5081 0840 18-6-1010, 16-7-1010,	Kanarn, E. D. to Kanarn, W. D., (G. O. No. 11395 27-10-15)
Ratnágiri	******	Ratnágiri	Do	12,054	19 534		•••	12,654	18 534	15-0-1010, 20-7-1010,	
			Total, Southern	2,852,063	4,456 228	3,159 33,410†	7,393 33,410†	2,847,683	4,440 473		† Areas trans- ferred from
			Circle.	,		05,2101	00,9101				Division to Division,
SIND CIRCLE.				- 4 40.							This forest is
Sukkur		Sukkur	‡ Old Gublo	11,481	22 364	•••	•••	14,464	22 381		from the Up- per Sind Fron- tier District to
			Other Forests	234,837	366 07	+8,745	-1,306	236,770	869 616		Bukkur Dis- triot, + Cained by
	1	Upper Sind	Forests	41,929	65 329	+491	-239	42,193	85 599		nction of the river. —Lost by
		Frontier.	Total	290,731	451 170	4,230	1,536	333,433	458 313	•	notion of the river.
Lirkana	*****	Sukkur	Forests	82,426	50 428			32,420	50 420		
		Lárkána	Kasimshah	2,0:3	3 143	§¶3		2,060	8 146	Government Resolution No. 5173 of 22nd August	The area
			Other Forests	5 0, 90 3	93 472	+040	- 980	60,552	94 892	1916.	notified is 2— 13 acres and the area ac- cording to vil- lage form of
		Nawabshah.	Forests	53,704	84 31	+210	-1,150	52,834	62 414		the whole forest is 2, 63 —17; hence 3 acres have
	·	-	"Total"	148,275	231 435	1,103	1,530	147,098	231 98		been account- ed for.
								•			+ Guined by action of the river Lost by
Hyderabad	******	Hyderabad.	Khanote No. I .	1,009	1 369	**68	***	- 1,097	1 457	Government Resolution No. 12520 of 19th Decem-	action of the river. •• Reservation.
•			Jhirkl	1,085	1 425	••9	***	1,074	1 434	ber 1916. Government Resolution No. 9240 of 25th Septem-	Do.
-			Khanote	6,104	0 344	**52	•••	0,156	. 9 806	her 1916. Government Resolution No. 1350 of 19th Decem	Do.
			Other Forests	68,458	106 618	+9,015	-1,473	78,000	118 490	ber 1916.	
		Karáchi	Manjhand	5,373	9 253	††329 + 20	—100	5,622	8 502	No. 8050 of 12th March	†† Reservation. + Gained by
		Nawábshab.	ther Forests	23,855 50,612	37 175 79 52	+2,452 +575	-713 -1,000	25,580 49,497	80 629 77 217	1917.	nction of the river.
			Total	156,476	214 316	12,510	3,931	165,035	257 865		Lost by sction of the river.
Jerruck "	*	Hyderabad.		· 18,860	29 440	+222	- 209 -4,610	19,373 120,169	28 453 107 89		→ Gained by action of the
;	}	Karachi	Do	128,060	200 60	+ 2,710					river. Lost by action of the
			Total Total, Sind	146,420 744,901	228 500 1,150 141	2,041	4,819	750,043	225 543 1,173 228		river.
			Circle. • GRAND TOTAL	8,053,706	13,985 306	630,504	699,991	8,934,428	13,955 228		
60								l			

FORM No. 7-A.—Area of Protected Forest, 1916-1917.

Division.	Range.	Civil District or	Name of	Area on 1	ist July 6.	Added during the year.	Excluded or traus- ferred to other heads.	Area on 3	0th June 7.	No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.	Remarks.
		Territory.	Forest.	Acres.	Equiva- lent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equiva- lent in square miles.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
NORTHERN				Acres.	Sq. m. a.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Sq.m. a.		
CIRCLE. Surnt (Dángs leased).	1024-09	Surat	i I	208,013	325 13	499	***	208,013	325 13	. P. J. P. J.	
North Thána	esq109	Thana	Do	98,472	146 33	***	(b) 567	92,906	145 105	(b) 743 (b) 6272 20-1-1917, 19-5-1917, 11786 30-11-1916.	
West Thána •••	а М ++++	Do	Do	64,901	101 261	47,818	(ð) 44,994	67,725	105 525	(b) 10564 (b) 6161 3-11-1016, 10-5-1917, 11758 30-11-19:6.	
East Thána		Do	. Do,	98,072	153 152	40,532	47,918	90,786	141,546	11786 30-11-1916.	
South Násik	*****	Násik "	Do	58,144	87 464	(a)5,040		61,184	95 38 4	(a) 631 (a) 11786 17-1-1917, 30-11-1910.	
CENTRAL		-	Total, Northern Circle	520,602	813 282	93,300	93,379	520,613	813 293		
CIRCLE.	844864	Sátára	Protected	658	1 18	410		658	1 19	810 ¹⁹ 0	
Poons ···	900048	A h m e d nagar.	Do	7,139	11 99			7,139	11 99	(*)104E	
Kolába 🔐 🚥	479333	Kolaba	. Do	47,247	73 527	***	6	47,241	73 521	7751 8633 8-8-1016, 5-9-1016, 8-8-4 12647 2-0-1016, 22-12-1010, 6281 23-0-1016,	
			Total, Central	55,014	88 41		6	55,038	85 638		ļ
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.			,	 		 	 -		 -		ļ
Kánara, N. D	4 00 page	Kánara and Dhárwár,	Protected Forest.	57	0 57	*1	. <u></u>	58	0 58	} }	* Mistakes in areas rectified.
Kánara, E.D. 🖦	449050	Do	. Do	3,284	5 84	(a) 2	(b) 1,579	} 1,703	2 420	(a) 7073 18-7-1916.	(b) Area trans- ferred from Kánara, E. D.
. •								}	:		ferred from Kánara, E. D. to Kánara, C. D., (G. O. No. 11396
Kánara, C. D.	******	Kánara	Do	8 0,985	48 265	(8) 1,579	(c) 7 40	32,564	50 584	(c) 9727 10-10-1916.	27-10-10v
Kanara, S.D	******	. Do	. Do	42,035	65 435		(d) 1 40	42,035	65 435	(d) 7938 14-8-1916,	
Kárara, W.D. 🟎	***************************************	Do	. Do	8,210	12 530	*818	111	9,028	14 68		
delgaum	*****	Belgaum	Do	12	0 12	-	***	12	0 12	•••••	
PIND CIRCLE,		,	Total, Southern Circle.	84,583	132 103	823 (b) 1,579	(6) 1,579	85,406	133 286		
ikkur 🚥 👊	******	Upper Sind Frontier,	Dickenson	585	0 585	145	585	585	0 585		
	•		Total, Sind Circle.	585	0 585	***	***	585	0 585		`
			Geand Total	€60,814	1.012 334	95,792	94,904	661,642	1,033 522	•	

Form No. 7-B.—Area of Forest Proper, Reserved or Mixed Fuel and Fodder Reserves under the management of the Forest Department for 1916-1917.

Division.	g Bange.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Area on 1916		Added during the year.	Excluded or transferred to other heads.	- Area on 30 191		No. and date of Notification of addition
		1		Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	or transfer.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
NORTHERN CIRCLE.				Acres.	Sq.m. a.	Acres.	Acres,	Acres,	Sq.m. a.	
Panch Maháls	******	Panch Maháls.	Reserved	212,199	331 359	•••	(b) 47	212,152	831 812	
Surat	******	Surat	Reserved and Protected	463,507	724 147	•••		463,507	724 147	No. 7.
North Thána	*****	Thána		214,149	534 3 89	(a) 5	(b) 5,943	208,206	325 206	
West Thána	205***	Do	Reserved and Protected.	238,886	373 1 66	118,700	151,612	205,974	821 534	No. 7.
East Thána	****	Do		218,333	841 93	194,928	118,731	294,530	460 180	
South Násik North Násik Násik Sub-	15:240 ' 488120 885200	Násik Do	Do	394,224 342,745	615 624 535 345		192,359 133,580 5	217,860 316,214 165,133	340 260 494 54 258 13	Do.
Division. CENTRAL		,	Total, North- ern Circle.	2,084,043	3,256 203	601,815	602,282	2,083,576	3,255 376	
CIRCLE. East Khandesh	*****	East Khán- desh.	Reserved	488,615	763 295	14		488,629	763 309	*6***
West Khán- desh	*****	West Khan- desh.	Do	381,360	595 560	251		381,611	596 171	*****
North Khán- desh.	*****	North Khán- desh.	Do	5 55,766	868 246	430	444	556,196	869 86	*****
Poona	*****	Poons and Ahmednagar.		3 66 , 89 7	578 177	486	*5,579	361,804	565 204	Out of this
		Anmening	i rojeoted.	.			:			transferred to the R. D., vide G. R. No. 3913, dated 20th April 1911.
Sátára Kolába •••	100000	Sátára Kolába	1 =	0//0 00=	516 250 420 527		•••	830,490 269,327	516 250 420 527	*****
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.			Total, Cen- tral Circle.	2,392,455	3,7 38 135	1,181	5,679	2,388,057	3,731 217	<u>, </u>
Kánara, N. D	469+++;	Kánara and Dhárwár.		271,130	423 410	ł	12	272,843	426 203	
Kánara, E. D	* -	Do	Do	410,023	640 423	192	(a)34,656 (b) 333	375,223	586 183	Transfers of areas from division to division as per G. O., R. D., No. 11306
Kánara, C. D.	*****	Kánara	Do	498,846	779 286	11	17	533,496	833 376	of 27th October
Kánara, S. D	*****	Do	Do	453,079	707 599	34 ,656 9	33	453,055	707 5 75	(a) from Kánara, E. D. to Kánaro, C. D., vide forms Nos. 7 and 7A.; (b) from Kánara,
Kinara, W. D	*****	Do	Do	535 , 80 5	- 837 125	\$58 (b) 333	6,598	530,398	828 476	E. D. to
Belgaum		Belgaum	Do	401,369	627 89	1,156 (o) 4,618	•••	407,138	636. 98	(e) Area trans- ferred from the
Dharwar' and Bijapur.	*****	Dhárwar aud Bijapur	Reserved	186,412	2 91 17 2	80	730	185,712	290 112	Revenue De- partment to that of the
Bijapar. Ratnágiri	*** **	Ratnágiri	Do	12,054	18 534	•••	•••	12,054	18 534	Forest Department as per Collector's No.
_			Total, South- ern Circle.	2,768,718	4,326 78	8,594 34,989*	7,393 } *34,989 }	2,769,919	4,327 639	F. O. R. 35 of 17th October 1916.
SIND CIRCLE		Sukkur and Upper Sind	Forests	291,315	455 115	# 41,239	* 1,536	294,018	4 59 2 58	*Vide Form No. 7.
Lárkána ···	*****	Frontier. Sukkur, Larkana	.Do	148,275	231 435	*1,193	• 1,530	147,938	231 98	414*80
Hyderabad	140103	and Nawab- shah. Hydera b a d, Karachi and	Do	1 56,476	244 316	* 12,510	* 3, 981	165,035	257 555	. 459-20
Jerruck •••	100446	Nawábsbah. Hyderabad and Karáchi.	Do	146,396	228 476	* 2,941	* 4,819	144,518	225 518	*****
		`	Total, Sind	742,462	1,160 ,62	20,913	11,866	751,509	1,174 149	
)	Circle. GRAND TOTAL	7,987,678	12,480 478	667,492	662,109	7,993,061	12,489 101	

FORM No. 7-C.—Area of Fodder Reserves and Pasture Lands under the management of the Revenue Department for 1916-1917.

						 _		<u> </u>		1:
Division.	Range.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	%-Area on 1 1916	st July	Added during the year.	Excluded of transferred to other heads.	Area on 80: 191		No. and date of Notification of addition or transfer.
				Acres.	Equivalent in square miles.	Acres.	· Acres.	Acres.	Equivalen in square miles	
1	2,	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
NORTHERN CIRCLE.				Acres.	Sq.m. a.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Sq.m. a.	
Surat	******	Surat	Reserved	8,092	12 412			8,092	12 41	2
North Thána	*****	Thána	Protected	93,472	146 32	***	567	92,905	145 10	Vide Forn
West Thans	******	Do	Do	62,350	97 270	42,187	41,994	59,543	93 2	No. 7A. Do.
East Thána	******	Do	Do	92,430	144 270	40,532	42,176	90,786	141 54	
South Násik	*** **	Násik	Reserved and Protected.	64,876	101 236	5,040	5,031	64,885	101 24	Vide Form
North Násik	*****	Do	Reserved	8 5,61 7	55 417	1,218	21,044	15,791	21 43	<u> </u>
Nasik Sub-divi-	*****	Do	Do	Postag	110	24,449	11,011	24,449	90 10	- i
sion. Ahmedabad	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ahmedabad.	Do	12,032	18 512	***	***	12,032	18 51	
•			•							
CENTRAL CIRCLE.			Total, Northern Circle.	368,869	576 229	113,426	113,812	368,483	575 48	3
East Khandesh	*****	East Khán-	Reserved	23,255	36 215			23,255	36 21	5 •••••
West Khandesh	*****	desh. West Khán-	Dò	113,267	176 627	•••		113,267	176 62	į
Poons	102-00	desh. Poons and	D	900 500	448 43	5,400	201	291,962	456 12	
Sátara	*****	Ahmednagar Sátára	T .	124,840	195 40	•••		124,840	l .	}
Kolába	*****	Kolába	Reserved and		102 543	•••	6	65,817	195 4 102 53	, '
Ahmednagar and sholapur.	*****	Ahmednagar and Sholá-	Protected. Reserved	473,063	739 108	***	21,027	449,041	701 40	-
SOUTHERN CIRCLE		pūr.	Total, Central Circle.	1,087,016	1,698 296	. 5,400	24 231	1,068,182	1,669 2	2
Kánara, E. D.	******	Kanara and	Reserved For-	2,329	3 409					•]
Belgaum	*****	Dhárwár. Belgaum	est.		53 42	***		2,329	8 4(_
				00,002	05 42	•••	4,613	29,349	45 54	Transferred to the management of the Forest Department as per Collector's No. F. O. h 37 of 17th Octobe 1916.
Dhárwár and Bijá- pur.	***	Dhárwár and Bijápur.	Do	131,642	205 442	***	 .	131,642	205 44	
SIND CIRCLE.			Total, Southern Circle.	167,933	262 253	***	* 4,613	163,320	255 12	- >
Jerruck	*** **	Karáchi	Malir	24	0 24	•	***	24	0 2	4
			Total, Sind Circle.	24	0 24	•••	•••	24	0 2	1
			Grand Total	1,623, 43	2,539 162	118,826	142,659	1,600,009	2,500	- -

ABSTRACT OF FORMS Nos. 7, 7-A, 7-B and 7-C.

		In charge of	f the Forest Dep	artment.	
Division.		Reserved Forest.		Protect	ed Forest.
	Forest proper	Pasture reserves.	Fuel and Fodder reserves.	Forest proper.	Pasture reserves.
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.
Surat North Thána West Thána	331 31 399 13 323 15 309 3 459 49	4 6 2	2 50	325 13 12 512	******
Nasik Sub-Division		0	0 630	•••	******
Total .	2,914 ,18	8	3 40	3 37 5 25	•••••
CENTRAL CIRCLE.		-			
West Khándesh North Khándesh Poona Sátára	763 80 465 14 869 3 554 10 515 23 417 7	4 6 5	131 27 3 449	11 99 1 18	*****
Ahmednagar and Sholapur.		•••••	•••		*****
Total .	3,584 26	4	134 476	-12 117	•••••
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.					
Kánara, Eastern Kánara, Central Kánara, Southern Kánara, Western Belgaum Dhárwár-Bijápur	424 18 476 43 682 49 385 49 753 21 629 8 265 45 13 53	1 106 603 99 601 0 256 290 61 195 6 7 0 2 12 326	0 23 11 614 5 0	50 564 65 435 0 12	0 58 2 429 14 68
	3,631 32	5 546 31	16 637	116 371	16 555
Lárkána . Hyderahad .	458 31 231 9 257 55 225 51	8 5	•••	0 585	•••••
Total .	1,173 20	4	•••	0. 585	
GRAND TOTAL .	11,303 34	1 546 31	154 513	467 318	16 555

7-B and 7-C for 1916-17.

I1	n charge of the Re	venue Departmen	nt.			•
	Reserved Fores	t.	Protected Forest.	Total F Area		Remarks.
Forest proper.	Pasture reserves.	Fuel and Fodderreserves.	Pasture reserves.			
Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m.	a.	
 0 273	3 53	9 859	145 105 93 13 141 546	331 736 470 414 602	312 559 311 557 36	
***	4 212 24 431 38 129	1 289 18 512	95 384	441 518 296 18	505 485 142 512	
0 273	70 185	29 520	475 403	3,831	219	
•••	36 215 176 627 456 122 189 385 29 16	5 295	 73 521	799 773 869 1,021 711 523	524 158 36 326 290 424	
•••	701 401	•	•••	701	401	
•••	1,589 486	5 295	73 521	5,400	239	
 i 0	3 409 42 549 205 422	· 	•••	426 589 833 707 828 682 495 18	203 592 376 575 478 7 554 534	
1 0	252 120	2 0	•••	4,583	119	
0 24	•••••	•••	•••	459 231 257 225	258 98 555 542	
0 24	••••	•••	• •••	1,174	173	
1 297	1,912 151	37 175	5 50 2 89	14,989	110	

Form No. 8.—Progress made in Forest

			Area	IN SQUARE M	ILES
	Civil District or	T. C. David	.		<u> </u>
Forest Division.	Territory.	Name of Forest.	Finally settled during the year.	In hand at commencement of the year.	Taken in hand during the year.
			\		
1	. 2	3	4	5	6
NORTHERN CIRCLE.					
Reserved Forest.			•		
Panch Mahals		******	*****	******	409365
Surat North Thána		Girgaon	5 640	504+00	100.00
West Thána	٠.	*****	090		941126
East Thána	Do		******		144
	•	(Amboli	42		*******
South Nasik	Násik	Trimbak	8 640	100040	*****
North Násik	Do		Pontos	100100	
Nasik Sub-Division	Do	******	******	*****	142***
Ahmedabad	Ahmedabad	*****	******	******	******
•	· Total	*****	55 640	*******	
Protected Forest.				·	
Seat .	Surat	tobogo	*****	,000179	
North Thána	Thána		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	04)***	041900
West do.		•	,,,,,,	*****	F41895
East do	•	*****	*****	******	******
South Násik	Násik	******	*****	******	******
	Total	*******	g	******	*****
•	Total, Northern Circle.	444700	55 640	***	* ******

Settlements during the year 1916-1917.

Cost during	THE YEAR.		GOVERNMENT OF SETT	Notification Lement.	·
In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally settled.	No.	Date.	Renarks,
7	8	9	10	11	12
R3.	Rs.	Rs.			
34146	*****	000100	******	*******	
*****	*******	200100		*****	
eps ·d\$	******	*****	±878	9 May 1916.	
964°# 1	4*****	100.00	******	*44***	
*****	*****	444164	******	•••••	
****	*******		7949 1467	17 August 1916. 6 February 1917.	
	*******	*****	10804	10 November 1916.	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100000		*******	******	
10-11-1	0.01100	******	******	*****	. •
141144	******	******	898***	******	•
******	r++140	445446	***	*****	
	`				
******	##+ ** ###	*******	*****	******	
405744		404168	*******		
	849 144	\$80 948	*465***	******	
404144	477448	4 00 -9	a- 400	**1***	
••••		*****		,4	
	*****	100146	040		
	•				
£	*****	100100	•	*****	

Form No. 8—Progress made in Forest

-			AREA	M EQUARE M	iii es
Forest Division.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Finally settled during the year.	In hand at commencement of the year.	Taken in hand during the year.
1	2 -	3	4	5	6
	<u> </u>	•	<u>} </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
CENTRAL CIRCLE.					
Reserved Forest.				,	
East Khándesh	East Khandesh	Kandari	14 640	 	•••
				5	
West Khándesh	West Khándesh	Pangan	1 <u>52</u> 640	•••	22 405
·			430		640
North Khándesh	Do	Sangari	640	•••	• •
• .`	-	•		-	-
Poons	Poona	Nande, Bhauli, Aglam be, Donje, Khamgaoi Sitewadi, Anjanwali Atwan, Kune, Awala Ghuteke, Paud Kol wadi.	n 485		•••
				4	
4.	-				
		Kombhalne	• •••	32 140	156
y v		•			
Sátára	Sátára	Valo, Takavli Vanekhol and Mendhaghar.	•••	45 640	175
,	.•	,			
Kolába	Kolaba	******	•••	•••	
	Total, Central Circle		1 ⁵⁴¹ / ₆₄₀	77	23 96 640

Settlements during the year 1916-1917—continued.

COST DURING	THE YEAR.	•		Notification Tement.			
In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally settled.	No.	Date.	Remarks.		
7.	8	9	10	11	12		
R. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.					
57 8 0		******	8410	29th August 1916.			
******	*****	140156	8850 4819A	12th Eeptember 1916. 17th April 1917.			

2,283 0 0	44444	*14***	296	9th January 1917.	•		
	· , <u>:</u>	·	2758 & 59 11266	6th March 1917. 21st November 1916.	•		
•	•		6757 6449 6847	8th July 1916. 11th July 1916. Do-			
53 4 0 0		***150	1959 1960 4542	19th February 1917. 12th April 1917.			
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	-		6279 8849	23rd June 1916. 22nd September			
			6206 11863	1916. 19th May 1916. 10th November 1915.	-		
	-	,	7088	11th June 1917.			
· · · -	-		12158	11th December 1916. 12th April 1917.			
	******		6479 6273 8198	25th May 1917. 19th May 1917. 22nd August 1916.			
· · ·			8280 10799	24th August 1916.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
58 8 0		*****	12334	1916. 14th December 1916.			
.•		•	632 5259	17th January 1917. 27th April 1917.			
5 0 0	7. 48 0 3.	4*4400		- 568100			
	·						

FORM No. 8-Progress made in Forest Settlements

			-	ARE	IN BQUARE MI	LES.
Forest Division.	Civil District or Territory.	-	Name of Forest.	Finally settled during tue year.	In hand at commencement of the year.	Taken in land during the year.
_						
1	2	ŧ.	3	4	5	6
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.			•			
Reserved Forest. Kanara, Northern	Kánara and Dhárwár	***	Reserved Forest	(a) $1\frac{589}{640}$	424	1396
Do. Eastern	Kánara and Dhárwár	••	Do	(b) 188 640	(h) 639 ·	68
•		_				•
Po. Central	Kánara	***	Do	(c) 11 640	731	tomag
Do. Southern	Kána ra	***	Do	(d) 9 640	642	##8***
Do. Western	Kánara.	•••	Do	(e) 40 U=U	824	191 640
Belgaum	Belgaum	***	Do	(f) $1\frac{516}{640}$	680	78 640
I hárwár and Bijápur.	Dhárwár and Bijápur	***	Do	(g) 30 640	497 .	57 640
Ratnágiri •••	Ratnágiri	•••	Do	445	19	*****
	Total, Reserved Forest	•••	******	4 ¹⁰³	4,456	2 154 2 640
Protected Forest. Kánara, Northern	Kánara and Dhárwár	•••	410.00	•••••	. 67 640	400049
Do. Eastern	Kánara and Dhárwar	910	*****	$(i) \qquad \frac{2}{640}$. <i>(j</i>) 5	******
Do. Central		•••	******	*****	48	* *****
Do. Southern	•	••-	*****	top at.	66	*****
Do. Western		•••	*****	******	13	*****
Belgaum	Belgaum	•••	******	*****	12 610	********
•	Total, Protected Forest	•••	********	2 640	132	*****
	Total, Southern Circle	•••	Faston	4.705	4,588	2 ¹⁵⁴

COST DUR	ING YEAR.			
In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally settled during the year.	Government Notification of Settlement, Number and Date.	Romarks.
7	8	9	10 • 11	12
· .			•	1
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Areas disforested Areas lost or gaine during the year. by rectification of errors in measure ments and record
443	;**	100	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A. A. 12 +495
	. •		25-7 16 8926 15-9-16 2458 15-9-16 28-2-17 3059 12-8-17	
1.64 **		. 448	(b) 5076 & 5080 7107 15-5-16 18-7-16 10894 12578 23-11-16 21-12-18 1146	1 —2
***	844	•4•	(c) 5933 13.6-16	17
tot	441		(d) $\frac{8443}{29-8-16}$;	93
469	044		(e) 10800.& 10872;	2€,596
***	***		$ \begin{array}{c} (f) \underbrace{\frac{8199}{22 \cdot 3 \cdot 16}}_{290}, & \underbrace{\frac{1003 & 10805}{10 \cdot 11 \cdot 16}}_{420}, & \underbrace{\frac{4265}{21 \cdot 11 \cdot 16}}_{21 \cdot 11 \cdot 16}, \\ \underbrace{\frac{290}{7 \cdot 117}}_{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 17} & \underbrace{\frac{4265}{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 17}}_{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 17} $	**************************************
•••	41	•••	(g) $\frac{5083}{16-5-16}$, $\frac{7505 \text{ and } 7517}{31-7-16}$	69 —661
***		***		
	646	***		(h) Out of this area the transfer made during the year were:— Sq. miles. Acres.
***	113	***		51 437 to Kanara, C.T. 933 to Kanara, W.C.
, ***	- - •••	•=•	(i) 7073 18-7-16	7 40 1
•••	•4•	uşa ,		40 +818
•••	***			·
••• }	****	•••		

•••	•••			(i) Out of this area 2 square miles 299 acres were transferred to Kanara, Central Division, during the year.
		1		

FORM No. 8.—Progress made in Forest

		•	ARE	A IN SQUARE 1	IILES
Forest Division.	Civil District or Territory.	Name of Forest.	Finally settled during year.	In hand at commemncement of year.	Taken in hand during year.
		·			
1	2	3	. 4	5	6
SIND CIRCLE.			1		1
Sukkur	Sukkur	******	***	******	700189
	Total	******	***	20110	*****
Lárkána	Sukkur, Lárkána and Nawábshah.	l Kashinshah	2 610	2 0 ₄ 0	••••
	Total	440.00	2 640	2 . .040	******
•					
Hy?erabad	Hyderabad	Deh Jamalabad	88	197 640	17 010
	Karáchi .	Deh Halla Purana	52	149 640	17
	Nawabskah.	Deh Ghirkbi	9	820 640	*****
	•	Deh Tanghiani	329 640	******	
•	Total .	025100	478 640	1 35 640	89 ts40
Jerruck	Karáchi and Hyderabac	700100	•••	*****	100.40
	Total	0.00	•••		*****
	Total, Sind Circle		480 640	1 37 640	<u>89</u> 640
	GRAND TOTAL		6 541	4,589 114	25 <u>839</u> 64)

Settlements during the year 1916-1917—concluded.

Cost during	THE YEAR.		GOVERNMENT OF SETT	NOTIFICATION LEMENT.	
In Forest Accounts.	In other Accounts.	Entire cost per square mile of areas finally settled	No.	Date.	Rema r ks.
7	8	9	10	11	12
Re.	Rs.	Rs.		********	-
	°				
		******	****		
		* ******	8173	22 August 1916.	
•					
•••••		122-40	******		
	G _b				-
*****		*****	12520	19 December 1916	·
404707	**	******	***************************************		
	*****		9240	25 September 1916.	
*****		/	3050	12 March 1916.	
			Petrott		
		•			
*****	*****	*****		••••	
******		*****			
40000	*****		311110	*****	
2,938 0 0	*****		******	•	

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 9 -Record of Demarcation and Maintenance of Boundaries, 1916-1917.

Division.	Length of Boundaries artificially demarcated	Longth of proviously existing Boundaries	Length of previously existing Boundaries	Total length of artificially marked Boundaries	Length of Boundaries still to be demarcated	Length of natural Boundaries not requir	Total length of Boundaries at the close		ON DEMARDATION	Remarks.
	daring the	Boundaries repaired.	not repaired.	nt the close of the year.	at the close of the year.	ing artificial marks.	of the year.	On new work.	On repairs.	
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	u
NORTHERN CIRCLE	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Panch Maháls	794 120	950	, .	939	190.00	101	1,060	* ******	61 0 0	-
Surat .	- 274.045	835	******	• 835 ,	*****	′ 103	939	******	68 0 0	•
North Thans	••••	027	104104	. £27	******	19	940	***************************************	451 0 0	
West Thána	900,101	755	170 000	755	001998	82	787	,tr.,,	503 0 0	
East Tháua	8	1,300	+6**916	1,393	39	141	1,573	. 50 0 0	281 0 0	
North Násik •••	· 8	1,541	******	1,547	63	190	1,800	39 0 0	333 O O	
South Násik	718 144	1,261	******	1,251	1	73	1,325	******	109 0 0	,
Násik Sub-Division .	P44 000	717	##hase	717	*****	59	776	400110	.88 0 0	
Total, Northern Circle	6	8,378	. *******	6,384	103	718	9,205	89 0 Ф	1,841 0 0	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	• .						•			
East Khándesh	Pol/444	2,183	958+10	2,183	*****	107	2,290	441440	153 0 0	•
West Khándesh 🗻	2 8	917	*********	843	660108	67	910	132 0 0	539 O O	
North Khándesh	e-1+te	809	******	309	,	52	301	*****	870 0 0	
Poons	68	10	8,13 1	8,212	124	, 451	8,787*	421 0 0	803 0 0	The difference of 1,217 miles between the last and this year's fleures is due to rectification.
iitāra 🔐	•••••	8	4,248	4,254	300 cm ,	80	4,334	******	450 0 0	and this year's figures is due to rectification.
Total, Contral	192	1,797	:	1,989		72	2,061	2,548 0 0	674 0 0	The difference of 91 miles between the last and this year's figures is due to rectification.
Circle	266	F,121	7,380	12,780	124	829	18,743	8,096 0 0	2,591 0 O	rectification.
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		-						· · · · · · ·		
Kanara, Northern	1	. 10000	623	624	******	14	638	4 0 O.	8 0 0	
Do. Eastern	port PS,	20	1,533	1,563	Photog	31	1,591	891 8 pa p	207 0 0	
Do. Central	30	10	3,791	2,831	. Pe s 500,	108	8,942	· •41111	17 0 0	

FORM No. 9.—Record of Demarcation and Maintenance of Boundaries, 1916-1917—concluded.

Division.	Length of Boundaries artificially demarcated during the	Boundaries	Longth of previously existing Boundaries not	Total length of artificially marked Boundaries at the close	Length of Boundaries still to be demarcated at the close	Length of natural Boundaries not requir- ing artificial	Total Iongth of Boundaries at the close	EXPRIDITURE OF DURING T	n Demaecation he tear.	Remarks,
	year.	repaired.	repaired.	of the year.	of the year.	marks.	of the year.	On now work.	On repairs.	
1	2	8.	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11 .
SOUTHERN CIRCLE—concluded.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles.	Miles,	Miles.	Milos.	Rs. a. p.	. Rs. a. p.	
· .					, .					
Kanara, Southern 🟎	480		5,040 ·	4 400	. •				·	
Kampa, Southern	450	******	, 3,1%U	. 4,426	******	100	- 4,526	601 0 0	£41 49\$	
Do. Western	24		1,812	1,836	. 24	152	- 2,012	(a) 1,594 · 0 0	******	(a) Includes Rs. 233 wages puld for last year's work
Belgaum	* 6	15	. 1,753	1,774	114	141	2,029	419 0 0	100.00	,
Reignin	Ů	"		1,773	114	141	2,029	219 0 0	105 0 0	
Dh'irwás—Bijápur .	*******	540	675	1,215	8	20	1,2;2	111111	115 0 0	1
Rainágiri 🐽 🔐	sm 110	*****	140	140		70	210		4444	
		. 1								
Total, Southern Circle	547	595	14,270	15,413	140	645	16,2(3	2,461 0 0	451 0 0	·
										
SIND CIRCLE	Miles. ft.	Miles. ft.	Miles.	Miles, ft.	Miles.	Miles. ft.	Miles. ft.		į.	
Sukkur	1 3,168	920 836	110015	927 4,094	•••••	181 998	1,103 4,992	, \$19918	******	
·		!			_				,	٠.
Lárkána 🔐 🔐	1 1,320 -	504 4,214	******	. 508 254	******	76 701	552 958	500 W4	804 100	
Hyderabad	11 2,706	330 8,260	*****	851 690		185 1,859	53G· 2,*45	attaop	642146	·
Jørruck	1 2,310	251 4,037	, 698.648	253 1,067		232 5,050	486 837	diavel	416744	
Total, Sind Circle	15 4,224	2,022 1,787	112000	2,038 731	\$100 B.	675 8,821	2,713 4,052	601649		
GRAND TOTAL	854 4,221	16,119 1,767	21,650	38,624 731	373	2,867 8,321	41,964 4,052	5,648 0 0	4,883 0 0	
					<u> </u>	•		[. [

FORM No. 10 .- Statement of Forest Areas Surveyed and

			•							,		EAB 8	URVEYED A	AND UND	er, su	RVE
	Sr.	ICIAL S	SURVEYS-	-Maps o Etwent	n 4" scale or or Forest Su	over, by S ever Brake	URVBY	01		OR	DIWARY	, inclu	DIST NI DIST	BICT SURV	RYS.	
Division. *		. v	ith Inter	ior Deta	ils.	Bounda	y Surv	еун.		With	Interi	or Det	ails.	Bounda	y Surv	oys.
		letails owing ock.	With detail Growing	10 B	Total cost.	Previous.	Of the	Total Cost.	of Gr	dotaile owing ck.	deta: Gro	hout ils of wing ock-	Total Cost.	Previous.	Of the	
	Pre- vious.	Of the year,	Pre- vious.	of the year.		_	year.	COAU.	Pre- vious.	Of the year.		Of the year			J 6.51.	0034
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	£ 9	10	11	13	13	g 14	15	16	17
NORTHERN CIRCLE. Reserved Forest.	\$q. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. 111-	Rs. a. p.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	S q. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	Sq. m.	Sq. m,	Rs.
anch Mahals	***	***	- 		******	91)4+0 44# 44	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••		454	***		******	100		***
orth Thána	•••	100		681	eedgeg kyt pro	424104	***	7 00g	-40		***	***	40111	***	***	***
est Thána ast Thána onth Násik	-	***			****	101000 200000		104		100	***	***	694246 1610PB	400	100 M1	***
orth Násik		4***	***	••••	*****	10.00	= {	600 610	440	126	***	400 514	441-44 444-89	, ,000 000	410	100 101
pmegopag esik Sud-Diaision .	***		***	***	Pad ons	499 unb .		***	***	***	410	***	607444 647446	***	***	#1. 1**
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		490	3,879										****	. 444	100	950

DURI:	NG TE	IE YE	AR.		÷	-			•		COST.		
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	With I	nterio	Detail	s.	Boun	dary Sur	теув.	Areas remain- ing to be taken	area at end of the year as per		,	Entire cost of	Remarks.
4-ind	h or er.		dor ich.	Total	Pre-	Of the	Total	under Survey.	Forms Nos. 7 & 7A.	Previous.	Of the year.	all Surveys to end of the year.	
Pre- vious.	Of the year.	Pre- vions.	Of the year.	Cost.	vious.	year.	Cost.			,		,	•
18	19	20	21	2	23	24	. 25	26	27	28	29	80 .	31
6q. m	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
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	-							276	4,583	4,63,184 0 0		4,63,184 0 0	
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652	- ,,;	•••	···-	9,095	208		2,902		226		******	11,097 0 0	
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652			""	9,095	208	•••	2,902	1,252	14.959	18,24,507 0 0	*****	8,36,504 0 0	

Represents cost of arrear mapping and cannot conveniently be distributed amongst the several Divisions, including South and North Nasis.

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 11.—Progress made in Working Plans, 1916-1917.

	,	Arba Ul Wor	OFR SANG	OTIONED ANS.	2497	Are. Wor	RING PL	DBR	No. 7-B and 9.)	R	KATEYONS		ng Plans	
·	o tuc		uring	At clos	r	aration.	Plans no prepara	t under	in Form ns 6, 7, 9	.	at end of	ganctioned	n Working r.	Remarks.
Division,	At commencement year.	Added during your.	Dednoted d year.	Actual area.	Porcentage of total forest area (as shown in column 10).	Plans under preparation.	Required at present.	Not required a present.	Total forest area in Form (Total of columns 5, 7, 9	Due or required.	In progress a year.	Bevised Plans s during year.	Expenditure on during the Pear.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	13	11	· 15
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m,	Sq. m.	Percent.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m.	6q. m.	Sq. m.	8g. m.	Rs.	
Pauch Maháls	332	***		332	100	***	B44		332	219	114	196	******	
Surat	69	141.		. 69	100			***	6 9	69	*15	e16	25111007	
North Thána	325			825.	100	***	***		825	414 0	325	•••	494,,,,	
West Thána	309			- 309	95.9	•••	13	,	322	***	309		,	
Rast Thána	459	84		459	93.9	•••	1.	419	460	81	375	241	. ** ***	
South Nasik	315	•••		915	92'6	`		25	340	315			*****	
North Násik 💛	40 0		-	400	80.8	***		.94	494	400	•••	·	*****	
Masik Sub-Division	179			179	69:3			79	253	179	***		41,414	į
Total	2,338	, test		2,338	91.8		14	198	2,600	1,265	1,123	769	******	
Leased Surat	383	***	***	328	59-2		267		655	•••	,		***	- - -
"Total, Northern Circle .	2,776			2,776	85 3		281	198	3,255*	1,265	1,123		******	*Exclusive of the area in charge of the Revenue Repartment.

FORM No. 11—Progress made in Working Plans, 1)16-1017—concluded.

•		AREA U	ndeb sam rking Pi	NCTIONED	•	Are Wo:	A NOT U	NDER LANS.	7, 8 and 9).		Revision	vs.	Plane	
Division.	of the	e year.	ng the	At clo	ır.	uration.	prepar	ot under			end of	sanctioned	Working	
	At commoncement year.	Added during the	cted during	Actual area.	Percentage / of total forest area (as shown in column 10).	Pians under proparation.	Required at present.	Not required at present.	Total forest area (Total of columns	Due or required.	In progress at year.	Revised plans sa during year.	Expenditure on during the year.	Remarks,
	At co	A ddc	Deducted year.	Actu	Perec tota (as	Pians	R e q	Not	Total (Tot	Опо	In p	Revis	Expe	
1	2 	3	4	. 5	8	7	8	9	10	- 11	12	.13	14	15
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Sq. m.	fq. m	8q. m.	Sq. m.	Sq m.	Sq. m.	Sq. m	sq. m	. 8q. m,	£g m	. Eq. m.	. Sq. m.	Rs.	-
East Khandesh	749	348	, .*•a	749	98.2		•11	15	704	***	*400			*Chopdo, Raver and Yaw forests,
West Khandesh	180	•••		180	83.3		151†	265	596	50		***	******	†Nawapur 99 Kandurbar 15
North Khándesh	564	***		564	64.0	3051	· ,	****	808-7	***	- 504	,	******	†Dermogra Reserves. Akrani 30 Shirpur (newly afforested
Kolába	416			416	98-8		***	5	421			4		arga) 07 Shirpur, Shahada and Taloda.
Poona	328	189	85	320	56.6	72		173	505		320			\$H. anded over to Revenue De
														partment.
Bátára •	64	- "	•••	64	12:3	97	•••	256	516		*** .			
Total, Central Circle.	2,301		8	2,293	61*5	474	151	813	3.731¶	50	1,284		411.00	This is exclusive of the are in charge of the Revenu Department.
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.			}		•							-		
Kápara, Northern	350	,,·	***	350	82 2	42		.31	428	107	107	(a) 81	3,881	(a) The Bhagwati Plan speciallowance of Rs. 360-10-9 was paid to the Working Plan Officer.
Kānara, Eastern	331	***	(0)51	277	47.0	.78		235	500	157	157	(5) 30	,	(b) The Kirwatti Plan speciallowance of Rs, 100 was put to the Working Plans Officer.
Kárara, Contral	.221	(c)54	•••	278	83.3	1	104	450	833		28		*****	(e) Area transferred from Kanara, Eastern Division, t Kanara, Central Division.
Kávara, Sonthera	71			71	10.0	.97		-540	708			44.6		
Kánara, Western	• 258	•••		258	31.1			571	829					•
Be!gaum	. 182	(d)149	43.	331	48*5	305	•••	46	682	168	168		23	(d) The Gokak Range Fue Plan special allowance o Rs. 500 was granted to the Divisional Forest Officer, Bel gaum, for compiling this Plan
Ohárwár-Bijápur	,,,					253	59	204	496	۸.		<u> </u>	4,20	
Ratságiri	***	•••					44.	19	19	***		 .	******	
					<u> </u>					<u> </u>			·	
Total, Southern Circle.	1,416	149	411	1,565	31.1	756	163	2,009	4,583	452	458	01	8,124	
SIND CIRCLE.	Sq. m. ac.		Sq. m. ac.	Sq. ni. ac.	,	-	Sq. m. ac.	Sq. m. ac.	Sq. m. ac.	Sq. m. ac,	Sq. m. ac.	Sq. m. ac.		
Sukkur	419 547		••	419 547	91.39	13.277		26 74	459 258	459 258		, ;;	414140	
Lárkárs	202 176	. ***	•••	202 176	8 7 ·0		4 44		231 98	441	222 490	•••	6,801	
Hyderabad Jerruok	225 142 225 281			225 142 225 281	87·34 99·8	· •••	8 263		257 555 225 542	***	***	***	401500	
				1,072 506	91:4	13.277	12 307	7 5 -3c3	1,174 178	450 253	222 490		6,801	
Total, Sind Circle GRAND TOTAL		149		7,706 506	1				12,743 178			91	14,925	

		·	,	Year in	Area up t	o date.	Estimated annual output (cubic			
Civision.		Name of Working Plan.		which sanctioned.	To be worked.	Actually worked.	Teak,	Junglewood.	Fuel.	
		3		3	4	5	6	7	8.	
<u> </u>					. Acres.	Acres.	. Cft.	Oft.	Oft.	
		Supa High Forest Plan, Blocks I to Bhagwati Plan, Blocks VIII, IX and	3	1895	Particular ed by Di est Offic	e not furnish- visional For-	. 08 78	85	######################################	
inara, Northern		Haliyal Teak Pole Plan Plan for Block VII-A	•••	1904 1915	108	108	No estimate	given Cou	pes to be c	
`	{	Dharwar Plan	•••	1900	11,412	11,412	920 000		*****	
	{	Kalghatgi Plan		In the press.	1	11,100	449464	\$43.04B	******	
•		Yellapur Slopes Plan	***	1905	1,100	1,100	23	664 Hell	*****	
	· }	Yellapur Aboveghat Plan •••	•••	1905	54,287	48,009	. 39	f+1++4	984+++	
Do. Eastern	,}	Mundgod High Forest Plan	• • •	1908	20,541	16,024	21	*****	******	
	1	Mundgod Teak Pole area Plan ••••		1909	6,940	6,946	15		182	
	{	Kirvatti Teak Pole Plan		1916	A34.00	*****	#84res	******		
Do. Centra?	(Ankola Bigh Forest Plan		1	h	Particulars				
		Ankola-Rumta Const Fuel Plan		1	}		not furnished	by the Divis	ional For	
		Sirsi Fuel Plan Yekambi-Sonda High Forest Plan)					
		Honáwar Tali Palm Plan	. •1	11000	<u> </u>			, ,		
Do. Southern		Kasarkod Casuarina Plantation	,	1911	11	Correct par	tionlara not	fornished by	the Divis	
Do. Southern		Chandawar Fuel Plan		1915			etchrata not	larnishea.by		
		Soppin-hosalli High Forest Plan	•	1913	h .		•		-	
		Gund Plan		1896	14,186	9,651	63	4	4+++	
		Kalinadi Slopes Plan] 1911	5,173	4,604	4	. 55	*****	
Do. Western	418 25.5	Supa Fuel Plan		1906	9,903	4,032	Not estimat	ed	*****	
Do. Western	•	Karwar Fuel Plan	19 <u>u</u> l	: 1903	13,121	9,651	*******	ana ting	1,15	
•		Casuarina Plantation		1911	55	55	******	*****	2:	
		Kadra Teak Plantation Plan		1910	712	760	Output no	t estimated.	******	
•		Galihalli-Godoli Teak Pole Series,	I, II	1900	h		,			
Belgaum	•	Nagargali Plan	•	1	 ·					
	480	Khanapur Fuel Reserves Plan		1	 }	Particular	not fur.ush	ed by the Div	ision al For	
	3	Varkhad Hemadge Plan Gokák Fuel Plan		1	∥ .					
•		(Bankings Hungal Dian							,	
hárwár-Bijipur	.10 12.	Bijápur Plan		(In the pres	1 ′	******	*****	410 775	·	
atnágiri	,,,,	Yone				490000	*****		******	
		2008	• •		•••••	*****	*****			

Belgaum,
29th September 1917.

lest in thousands).			Actual outp	ut for 1916								
Other produce.	Grosa value.	Net profit.	Teak.	Jungles wood.	Fuel.	Other produce.	Gross value.	Net profit.	Brief statement of reasons for streams.			
9	9 10 11 12 13 14 15		15	16	17	18						
alue Rs.(in thousands). 24	Rs. in thousands.	Rs, in thousands, 252	Oft.	Cft. 79	Oft.	Value Rs. (in thousands).	Be. in thousands. 634	Re, in thousands, 491				
6441-5	98	50	180	84	11	23	40	401	•			
meet dem	}		148	87	177	} :	78	!				
411 700	- 100,01		106	- 35	117	******	39	235				
191111	fugget	tte se	108	\$5	180		44		'			
*****	*****	*****	2	10	81	!	1	}}	•			
*****	84	17	59	1		*****	95	(² 1 60				
		-1		•	*11	******	, oy	, db				
Sfigne	88	30	146	43	***	****	273	181	Difficulty in procuring labour and transpor			
******	33 .	24	25	2	***	******	- 43	27	Do. do, and large exce in the number of ansound trees over to estimate.			
t** jan	Coupes sold standing.	11	Coupes sol	d standing	440		lbland	17	•			
405400	er	*****	<i></i>	-ru		*****	******	**4 ***	,			
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Mcer.		,			•							
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Forest Offi	204		,			1		j				
T ATOM OUR	COL		•									
	}		} .		, ,		,	}	,			
tions _{pr}	5 8	32	52	1	* ***	P111 1954	88	71	Follings are 8 years in arrears for difficult of exploitation and transport.			
	50	26	6	19		100143	83	. 2	Barely one year behind hand.			
					925		68	13	Arrears due to distance from the M. and S. Ballway line for which the fuel is expected			
*****	Not estima-	10		62	10,072	******	15	15	No arrears. The deficit in area represer unworkable coupes.			
	4	3			52	4-14-4	5	3				
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800iss ,	başenb	*****	"			}	Ť					

T. R. D. BELL, Conservator of Forests, S. C.

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 12.—Statement showing communications

	New works andertaken during the year.													<u></u>	
	Buildings.					Roads and paths.							•	Other works.	
Dicision.	Exponditure on .					Cart	roads.	Bridle paths.		Others.					Total
	Hend quarter houses.	Rest houses.	Houses for subordi- nate establish- mont	Others.	Total expen- diture incurred.	Length.	Cost	Length.	Cost.	Length.	Cost.	Total length of paths or roads.	Total expon- diture incurred.	Expen- diture incurred.	diture on new Works.
1	2(a) .	2(8)	2(c) .	2(4)	3	4(a)	4(5)	4(c)	4(4)	4(e)	4(f)	6	6	7	. 6
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs. o. p.	Rs. a. p.	Bs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Miles.	Rs. 2. p.	Miles.	Rs. a. p.	Milen.	Rs. a. p.	Miles.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Řs. p. 1
Panch Maháis	·	401.	***	•••	*****	,,,	+	***	••	***	٠		•••	***	•••
Burat	100	***	· {	3,750 .0 0 500 0 0	}4,250 0 0	. 11½	10,009 0 0	•••	***	•••		113	10,000 0 0	1,120 0 0	15,370 0
North Thana	414	{	4,725 0 0 3,215 0 0 5,167 0 0	}	19,107 0 0	5 <u>}</u>	3,410 0 0				***	5}	3 ,41 0 0 0	405 0 0	16,9 23 0
West Thana	61Bu	\ `				1	677 0 0		***	***		1	077 O O	***	677 0
East Thans	900		800 O C		-60 0 0	11	2,000 0 0		•••			มั	2,000 0 0	***	2,000 u
South Násik	***	•••	400		*******	10	92 6 0 0	•••	•••		•••	10	926 0 0	15 0 0	941 0.
Total, Northern Circle	499 -		13,167 O c	4,250 0 0	17,417 0 0	39	17,013 0 0		***	:		. 89	17,013 0 0	1,540 0 0	35,979 0
CENTRAL CIRCLE		· ·													
East Khándesli								***	***					708 0 9	708 0
West Khándesh	•••			• •••	******			141	`	**		. 100		100 0 0	469 0
North Khándesh 🔒			, ·		.,,	9	1,764 0 0	•••	***	***		9	3,764 0 0	g Bra	1,764 0
Poona	•••	•••			******	1	\$07 O O	•••				,1	307 0 70	***	807 0
pitara	•••	•••	200 0 0	***	200 0 0			•••				- ***	•••	***	200 0
Kolába	***		50 0 0		60 0 0			*** y.	•••			•••	141	;···	60 0
Total, Central Circle			250 0 0	•••	250 0 0	10	2,071 0 0	***		**	•••	10	2, 071 0 0	1,177 0 0	9,498 0
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	·	i				-			•						
CIRCLE. *Kinsm, Northern	43 0 c	81 0 0	107 0 <i>0</i>		239 0 0	18	4,415 0 0		***	3	30 0 0	19	4,455 0 0	155 0 0	4,839 D
Kánara, Eastern	***		***	••	*****	25	2,204 O O		•••		***	25	2,204 0 0		2,510 O
Kanara, Central	***	și.		•••	• •••••	2	377 O O		***			2	377 O O	350 O O	727 O
Tauara, Soathera	,		827 0 0	•••	827 0 0	845-	100	•••	**	•=• .		•1•			827 0
Kánara, Western	•				*****	9	8,813 .0 0		ni.	18	74 0 0	}	8,892 O O	13.882.0.0	22,794 0
Belgaum		490 0 0	52 O (543 0 0	7	2,543 0 0			.,,		- 1	2,542 0 0	632 0 0	
Dhárvár-Bijápur	***		818 O O	}	619 0 0		 .		+44	***	i	.•			
Ratnágiri	., ,	•••	•••		*****			***	407			•••	***	•	1,010 0
Total, Southern Circle	48 0 0	874 0 D	1,605 0 0	•••	2,227 0 0	59	18,356 0 0	•••		21	101 0 0	80	18,460 0 0	15,725 0 0	36,412 0
SIND CIRCLE.													<u></u> ;		
ukker	323 6 10	•••	***	996	329 5 10]		<u> </u>]	'			İ	
árkéna	495	•••	257 9 1	. ***	257 9 1	1	,,,	9	160 0 0		. ***		***	236 8 0	
lyderabed ,_	***	***	***		***				100 0	•••		. 0	160 0 0	561 7 7	969 0
ertuek	•••	454	644	***			889	116	··· ,		***	···	P00	***	* ***
fotal, Sind Circle	322 5 10	***	257 9 2	::	579 14 11		***	. 0	150 0 .0			9	150 0 6	787 15 7	
Grand Total	370 5 10	574 O O	15,279 9 1	(050.0.0		108	37,440 0 0	g	150 0 0	 	<i>-</i>		<u> </u>		

<u> </u>	- 		· · · · · ·	-,		Repairs	executed	during the	fear.	•					
	·	Building	gs.					Roa	ds and p	aths.			Other works	<u> </u>	-
		Expenditur	e on		Ca	rtroads.	Bri	idle paths.	Τ-,	Others.	1		-		
Hoad quarte house	r house	Houses for subordi- nate establish ment.	Others.	Total expen- diture incurred.	Longth		Length	Cost,	Length	Cost.	Total length paths roads	of expenditu	Expendi- ture incurred.	Total expenditure incurred.	Romarks.
9(a)	9(8)	9(0)	0(d)	10	11(a)	11(8)	11(c)	11(d)	11(e)	11(f)	12	13	14	15	18
Rs. a.	p. Rs. a. p	P. Rs. a. p	P. Rs. n. p.	Rs. a. p.	Miles.	Rs. a. 1	p. Miles.	. Rs. a. p.	Miles.	Rs. a. p	Miles	. Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	<u></u>
24 0	0	105 0	o	129 0 0				***	•••		*****	*****	91 0 (223 0 0	
***	. •••	1,509 0	0	1,509 0 0	174	5,815 0	0	***			174	5,815 0	0 651 0 0	7,975 O O	}
•••		311 0	o	311 0 0	ļ	3 18 0	0				******	318 0	0	629 0 0	
***		351 0	o]	351 0 0	11	831 0				}-	11		0 44 0 0	<u> </u>	
***		1	0	208 O O	•••	240 0	0		***	111	110100		0 43 0 0	720 0 0 401 0 0	
)+1		228 0	0	226 0 0	11	1,113 0	o		***	•••	. 11	1,118 0	o	1,339 0 (
24 0	0	2,710 0		2,734 0 0	 196	7,917 0	0		***		196	7,817 0	0 833 O C	11,283 0 (
60 O	0	239 0 0	,	299 0 0	61	497 0 0					61				
•••		709 0 0	1 i	709 0 0	ı	1,549 0 (···	***	***	2	1 ' '	10(797 0 C	
16 0	0 81 0 0	1 -50		533 0 0	14	125 .0 (·	746 0 0	. 416	•••	14	871 0 0	· }	1,404 0 0	
***	56 0 0	233 0 0] "	124 0 0 233 0 0	2 28	95 0 0 3,025 0 0		1,157 0 0	•••	 88 0 0	32 28		1	1,316 0 0	•
•••		269 0 0	1 *** {	· .	. 1	85 O O	1 ""		***	88 0 0	28 7	η	1	3,497 0 0 375 0 0	
	-							<u> </u>	 =						
76 0	0 90 0 0	2,001 0 0	21 0 0	2,188 0 0	114	5,318 0 0	30	1,903 0 0		88 O O	144	7,307 0 0	152 0 0	9,617 0 0	
01 0 6	0 205 0 0	579 O O	***	885 0 0	90 2	,809 O O	35,	319		***	90	2,809 0 0	603 0 0	4,237 0 0	The following
14 0 (501 0 0	496 0 0		1,311 0 0	60 3	,695 O O	. 6	30 0 0	· }		68	3,725 0 0	715:0 0	E 777 0 0 0	items have been excluded:— (a) Oon tri-
•••	425 0 0	436 0 0	*** -	861 O O	4	113 0 0					4	118 0 0	9 0 0	983 0 0	District
	260 O O	456 O O	50 0 0	766 O O	17 1.	475 0 0	·				17	1,475 0 0	1	2,255 0 0	Local Board for repairs of Local Board
61 O C	805 0 0	328 O O	107 0 0 1	321 0 0	1	.510 0 0	. [ans .			52	12.549 0 0	364 0 0 1		Rs. 5,090 Rs. 1,000
20 0 (223 0 0		725 0 0	ŀ	526 O O	"	-		8.0 0				1870 0 0	Contributiou from District Local Board).
	1	138 0 0	-	139 0 0		.	. ".	***	ŀ	•	75	4,534 0 0		It.	et Rs. 4,000. em exclude d :—
•••		10 0 0			**	***	•••	766	***	- ***	606.524			,	Dontributi o n to District local Board
	***		-	10 0 0							*****			i	or repairs to ocal Ecard oads— Rs. 5,030
6 0 0	2,463 0 0 2	,666 0 0		017 0 0	208 25,	167 0 0		30 0 0		8 0 0	304	25,205 0 0	1,508 0 0'133,	030 0 0	2101 0,030
		615 O 5,		15 0 0	- [l				1			609 6 11 1,1	194 7 4	
	1	615 0 6 405 9 0	J	15 0 5 65 9 0			. ""	· }	`	•••	******	******	1	165 P 0	-
l	1	624 7 8	6	24 7 8			•••	 } .			# 3144#	******		105 5 8	
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	2,	214 4 2	2,2	14 4 2	211						4	2,	593 5 4 4,8	07 9 b	
3 0 0	2,553 0 0 9,	591 4 2 1	.93 0 0 19,	153 4 2	608 36,8	300 0 0	36 - 1,0	33 0 0 ,	96	0 0	644	4 0,329 0 0 5,	395 6 4 58,8	67 9 6	

Form No. 13.—Statement showing register of

	<u>.</u>		`	1.	, .					Yew case	s of the 3	ear.	• .	+ ,	 -			
Forest Division.	Cas	ses pendir previous y	g from	Inj	ary to for by fire.	rest	Ux	nuthoriz folling.	sed	Ur	authoriz grazing.	ed be	Ott	hor offen	očs.		Total.	 -
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1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	.14	15	16	17	18	19
NORTHERN				-			,						Ì		ļ			
CIRCLE. Panch Maháls	4	133	137	5	6	50	16	550	2 56	18	824	1	1	18		40	1,398	307
	i -	10	10	3	16	. 2	1	21	3		.36		8	10		7	83	5
Surat North Thana	6	76	82		•••	55	21	191	151	1	228	***	.	27	•••	22	443	206
	8	29	32	6	4	31	27	197	115	9	362	2	1	20	8	43	589	151
West Thans East Tháns	Б	23	28	5	9	64	18	329	113	6	240	7	4	48	1	83	626	185
	2		2	1	5	41	. 7	163	. 38	Đ	123		2	38		19	829	77
South Nasik North Nasik			3	1	1	6	8	180	14	. 8	334	•	1	46	,	13	561	21
Násik Sub-Division	5		5		. 1	13.	8	301	86	5	278	,		11	***	8	591	49
INASIA SUD-DIVIDINA							,								\			
Total, Northern Circle	. 28	271	299	21	42	262	101	1,932	724	51	2,42 5	10	. 12	224	5	185	4,623	3,001
						-								 		<u> </u>		
CENTRAL CIRCLE.					. '			٠,	\	,					·			Ì
East Khandesh	9		ρ	7	7	47	17	238	64	16	318	. 3	16	163	3	50	1,725	117
West Khandesh	14		14	9	1	55	5	199	75	5	395	8	1	32		20	627	133
North Khándesh	4		. 4	. в	12	43	2	171	103	1	144	2	3	64		12	301	1
Poona	. 8	·	8	4	33	63	25	767	128	26	878	6	8	194	1	63	1,872	148
Sát ára	5		5	8	28	56	22	455	46	11	476		2	121	6	33	1.078	
Kolába	er.		65	23	. 12	36	128	314	286	35	\$80	. 4	13	65	6	199	771	332
Total, Central Circle	105		105	 52		320												
Total, Central Circle	, 100	<u> </u>	105		. 91	320	199	2,144	702	94	2,591	18	43	608	16	. 383 •	5,164	1,058
SOUTHERN																	-	
CIRCLE.			•			•	1				ļ			ļ		ŀ	1	
Kánara Northern	{ i	63	91	8	4	54	3	. 131	32	. 2	195	3	·••	6		13	836	89
Kánara Eastern			. 2	- ' • • •	16	69	4	128	51	***	92	•••		22	***	4	253	120
Kánara Central (New Division).	- 10	97	107	3	21	392	19	619	47	.1	22	•••	8	49		26	711	429
Kanara Southern	36	241	280	2	44	162	22	709	40.	1	24		13	82				
Káusm Wéstern	2		- 29	8	5	83	84	243	19	8	33		1	15	*** ,	88	859	222
Pelgaum	10	125	144	6	32	156	7	340	119	. 17	729	8		27	.4	46	296	102
Dhárwár-Bijápur (New combined Division)	1	80	81	8	2	. 63	9	207	42	. 5	246	10	1	1	3	30	1,129	281
Datusaini		D		ĺ.) .			2/20]	•	6	***.	18	512	115
natusgiri			10	•••	1	••• .	*** <u>-</u>	7	1	***	•••	***	•••	. 8	***	***	11	1
Total, Southern Circle.	79	638	717	27	125	089	98	2,384	851	32	1,341	. 16	18	261	·	175	4,111	1 250
·		 -	<u> </u>														-7+41	1,359
SIND CIRCLE,							. ;			,								
Sukkur	3 4		- 34	2	***	50	52	. 598	404						Ì			
Larkana	1		1		***	22	9	217	61	11 6	808	•••	2	6	•••	. 67	1,412	454
Hyderabad	10		10	***	•1•	8	81	248	22	5	. 250		. 1	5	***	16	472	83
Je rru ck	9	6	15	1	1	5	5	87	7	- 1	731 100	1	1	20	•••	87	900	91
Total, Sind Circle	54		60		1	25	97	. 1,150	491					1		6	219	12
Grand Total	000	<u></u>							201	22	1,949	1		82	***	123	3,132	580
Grand Total ,	266	915	1,181	103	259	1,656	495	7,610	2,271	199	8,806	45	77	1,135	i	1		8,008

				<u> </u>					Diabo	sed of	during	tho year	•					}			}
,	- Total	eases.			Conv	ictions.			Acqu	ittals,		-		To	tal.			Ca	ses pen t close year.	of	
·				€a	es.	Pers	sons,	Ca:	ses.	Pers	ons.		Cases.			Persons					Ren
۸,	В.	C.	All	A.	В.	Α.	В.	A.	В.	A.	.B.	A.	В.	All.	Α.	В.	All	A.	B.	All.	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	23	29	30	31	82	83	31	35	36	37	98	99	40	
		ı -		 						}			}						·		
44	1,531	307	1,892	35	1,400	92	2,672	1	144	8		36	1,400	1,436	95	2,072	2,707	8	181	130	}
7 28	93 522	206	105 756	19	409	. 6 37	205 901	1		8		20	67	1	6	l .	1	5	26	31	
43	618	151	815	29	600	. 48	1,619	2		28	HF	31	1	1	40 76	1	1	15	118	131	
38	619	185	872	34	546	130	2,118	4		10	·	38	546	1	140	1	1		103]	
21	829	. 77	427	17	329	67	993	4		6	344	21	329	350	73	. 903	1,068			.,.	
16	561	21	598	13	561	72	1,128	1		5	***	. 14	1	1	77	l i		. 2		2	
13	591	· 49	653	11	556	15	1,540			3		13	. 558	569	18	1,540	1,558		35	35	
213	4,894.	1,001	6,108	160	4,468	487	11,174	15	•••	58		175	4,468	4,643	525	11,174	11,609	28	426	431	
					<u> </u>								-			-			·		}
		-			} .	} }.		}											ŀ		
65	725	117	907	52	565	145	1,564	2	•••	3	···	54	i	1	149	1 -		l n	171	182	
34	627 391	133 148	79 £	21 13	415 274	34 30	1,487 606	5	.,,-	7	#** 	26 13	415 274	1	41 31	1,487 606		8 2	212 117	220 110	
16 71	1,872	216	2,161	54	1,663	159	3,961	8		35		60	1,660	1	194			9		1	
43	1,078	108	1,229	33	879	72	1,663	2		5		35	879	1	77	Į.	1,740	6	199	207	1
264	771	182	1,367	171	661	403	1,358	28		62	.,,	199	661	860	465	1,356	1,821	65	110	175	
493	5,464	1,056	7,013	344	4,460	843	10,637	43	,	113		397	4,460	4,847	956	10,637	11,593	103	1,004	1,107	
-			-							├			-	\ 		-	\ 	 		-	
		•						<u> </u>		}											<u>.</u>
21	419	69	539	11	369	19	1,012	2	} <i></i>	4	""	13	360 251		23		1,035 552	8	50	58	
6 36	258 808	120 . 429	1,278	23	251 725	- 31	545 1,610	9		1 15		32	725	1	46			4	83	l .	}
] ·	Ì	838	63	2,057	11		17	ļ	52	886	938	80	2,057	2,130	22	217	239	}
74 48	1,103 296	222 102	1,899 446	41 20	233	35	546	2	499	9		22	233	I .	44	1	590	26	63	69	
49	1,253	281	1,583	27	2 1,113	54	2,043	2	***	7	}	29	1,113	1,142	.61	2,048	2,104	20	140	160	
19	502	115	728	8	569	17	2,612	2		3		10	569	579	20	2,012	2,032	Ð	23	. 32	
1	20	,1	22	1	18	2'.	20		***			1	18	19	2	20	22		2	2	
	4.740	10:0	6,862	136	4,164	227	9,845	29	***.	56		165	4,104	4,329	283	0,845	10,128	89	5 85	674	
251	4,749	1,359	0,002															<u>. </u>			
j		•									'	•			,]. 					
101‡	1,412	454	1,067	. 48	.1,412	79	1,871	23	***	85	•••	66	1,412	1,478	164	1,871	2,035 495	81 a		32	
17	472	83	572	8	439	12	476	3		7		11 39	439 929	450 1,038	19 01	476 1,110	1,171	6 8	33	89 8	
47 155	999 255¶	31 · 22	1;077 232	- 89 4	999 246	61 8	1,110 305	2		4		39 6	246	252	12	305	317	6	8	14	
180	9,133	5 80	3,893	94	3,096	160	3,762	28		96		122	3,093	3,218	256	8,762	4,018	52	41	93	
						1,697	85,418	115		273		849	10,198	17,037	2,020	35,418	37,438	232		2,338	

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1916-1917.

Division.	Forest Ranges.	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during 1915-1916.	Area attempted to be protected.	Failures.	Arca actually protected.	Cost.	Remarks.
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8
NORTHERN CIRCLE.			Acres.	Acres,	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	
Panch Maháis ···-	North Godhra Range. South do Kglol Halol Dohad Jhglod	*** .	88,541 21,438 27,908 43,619 25,824	\$7,428 51,828 21,527 28,264 46,242 26,863	562 190 846 1,474 1,458 1,043	36,866 51,638 20,681 26,790 44,784 25,820	2,372 0 0	
	Total	***	207,825	212,152	5, 573	206,579	2,372 0 0	}
Surat	Dángs Mándvi Bulsár-Chikhali		418,719 40,882 2,810	419,808 40,887 2,810	73	419,735 40,887 2,810	6,115 0 0	
	Total		462,411	463,505	73	463,432	6,115 0 0	
North Thána	Palghar Manor Dahisar Dahisar Umbargaon Udawa		74,665 77,771 57,773	31,746 26,705 20,963 64,221 32,798 81,778	120 706 2,544 476	81,145 26,566 20,257 61,677 82,322 81,755	2,864 0 0	
	Total		210,209	208,206	4,465	203,741	2,864 0 0	
West Thána	West Vida Bhiwndi Salsette Kalyan	00 000 00 000 00 000 00 000 00 000	53,470 32,388 37,741 14,396 31,345 30,997	32,919 43,970 14,809 83,438	317 229 306 280	43,741 14,503 83,158	8,609 0 0	
·	Total .		200,837	205,970	1,544	204,426	8,609 0 0	-
East Thána •••-	Mokhada North Shahapur South do. East Murbad East Vada		104,141 62,978 23,612 46,146 52,878	45,604 21,646 29,871 46,809	75 8,968 5 677 871 995	38,957 41,636 24,069 29,000 45,814	7 3 3 3 4,735 0 0	
	Total .	•••	•289,750	291,760	7,732	284,028	4,735 0 0	-
Couth Nasik	Dindori North Peint	}	40,074 50,177 107,171	7 53,784	2,419	51,315	416 0 0	
•	Total		197,42	2 220,85	7 8,23]	217,626	416 0 0	1
North Nasik	Baglan	100 100 100	109,25 115,08 106,97	120,02	9 54	119,978	5 248 0 0	
	Total		831,25	316,07	7 250	815,827	7 246 0 0	
Násik Sub-Division .	Nandgaon		21,249 62,458 25,749 81,600	77,580 25,83	6 1,155 8 36	76,481 25,797	175 0 0	
•	Total		- 141,06	3 165,13	2 1,251	163,881	175 0 0	-
~~~~~	Total, Northern Circ	le.	2,039,772	2,083,65	9 24,119	2,059,540	20,582 0 0	-

APPENDICES.

## FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1916-1917—continued.

*	<del></del>		<u> </u>	_	<del>-</del>			
Division.	Forest Ranges.	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during 1915-1916,	Area attompted to be protected.	Failures.	Area actually protected.	Cost.	Remarks.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8 -	9
CENTRAL CIRCLE		•	Acres.	Астев.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. a. I	,
(	Chálisgaon	*10	. 36,729	38,250	1,970	36,280	263 0 0	
į	Chopda Edalabad	*** ***	106,466 36,487	107,700 41,346	19,781 1,652	87,919 89,694	872 4. 0 60 0 0	1
East Khandesh	Jalgaon Janner	144	37,420 63,556	88,812 64,890	622	38,190	*****	Includes Erandol Taluka.
	Parola		43,842	43,921	1,907 79	62,483 43,842	42 0 0 3 12 0	Po. Bhusawal Taluka.
.(	Ráver Yáwal	***	64,881 29,000	76,210 78,000	6,703 23,210	69,507 54,790	263 9 6 419 14 0	
٠	. Total	*** ,	418,381	488,629	55,924	432,705	1,453 7 6	-
					4		1,200   0	-
r	Dhulia	•	74,156	75,818	2,515	73,303	134 0 0	Includes Sindkheda Tálak
	Sákri	)					( 538 10 O	
	Pimpainer	{ •••	168,814	180,858	10,556	170,302	827 0 0	
Vest Khándesh 🔐	Non-dumbén	***	62,887	63,558	1,562	61,996		
	Navápur		58,329	61,377	1,165	60,212	1,159 0 0 1,762 0 0	
į		***		01,511			25 2 3	Miscellaneous charges.
	Total	,•••	364,186	381,611	15,798	365,813	4,445 2 3	
	•	,			<del></del> -			-
· ·	Akráni	***	164,134	194.683	92,884	101,799	2,280 0 0	
·	Taloda		56,956	71,161	15,041	56,120	1,307 0 0	
North Khandesh	Sháháda	. ***	78,165	83,581	5,800	77,781	1,170 0 0	
	Shirpur, East  Do. West		195,250	206,772	10,279	196,493	8,120 0 0	
		· ,						
	Total	•••	494,505	556,197	124,004	432,193	7,877 0 0	
ſ	Alibág	•••	27,413	27,489	288	<b>27</b> ,201	227 8 0	
	Pen Panvel	***	29,951 27,536	29,964 27,572	. 18 209	29,946 27,363	276 4 0 200 4 0	·
- '	Karjat Khálápur		32,250 21,596	82,520 21,879	302 180	32,218 21,699	408 12 0 140 4 0	
olaba	Nágothna	***	35,218	35,226	21	35,205	403 12 0	,
· []	Roha Mangaon	100	. 39,219 26,274	39,281 26,290	101 41	39,180 26,249	476 4 0 370 0 0	
·	Mahád Dápoli	***	25,808 2,122	25,877 2,122	231	25,646 2,122	118 12 0° 78 12 0	·
. (	Mátherán		1,107	1,107	6	1,101	• 52 <b>0</b> 0	
	Total		268,494	269,327	1,397	267,930	2,752 8 0	
	Akola (A'nagar Dist.).	•••	66,597	66,826	195	66,631	•••	Includes part of Sangamue Taluka.
<b>!</b>	Ambegaon		38,711   10,993	38,942 7,015	277	38,665 7,015		Includes parts of Indapu and Shirar Talukas of Poora District and par of Shrigouda Taluka of Ahmednagar District.
	Dhond	~,,,	24,879	26,784	1,706	25,078	108 8 0	of Shrigonda Taluka o Ahmedengar District.
ena	Junnar	***	39,036 34,585	39,244 35,493	658 1,258	38,580 34,235	.10 0 0	•
	Khed Lonávla	1	46,174	47,215	747	46,468.	22 8 0	•
11	Mával		26,530	26,619	285	26,334	******	•
. 11	Puraudhar Rájur (A'nagar Dist.).		9,813 65,015	8,579 65,087	830 65	8,249 65,022	001459	Includes part of Bhimthad Taluka.
	Total		361,933	361,804	5,521	356,283	141 0 0	,
1	TANKT 400	***		-52,703	0,021	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

₹:

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1916-1917—continued.

Division	Forest Rat	ng <b>es.</b>	Year in which protection commenced.	Area protected during 1915-1916.	Area attempted • to be protected.	Failures.	Area actually protested.	Co	st,		Remarks.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7 .	8	<del></del>		9
CENTRAL CIRCLE	1			Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	8.	p.	
Şatára {	Jávli Karád Mahábleshwai Pátan Sátánt Shirála	E ees Ne ees se ees	100 . 100 100 100 100 101	58,521 83,518 43,165 74,677 50,133 36,170 53,101	58,523 33,541 43,222 75,048 50,681 36,211 33,264	15 109 182 980 69 147 66	58,508 33,432 43,040 74,068 50,612 36,064 33,198	150	0	0	Includes part Tasgaon Táluka. Iucludes part Khutao Táluka,
	To	otal	· ···	329,485	830,490	1,568	328,922	150	0	0	
	Total, Central	Circle	***	2,236,984	<b>2,88</b> 3,058	204,212	2,183,848	16,819	_ 1	9	-
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	,			<del></del>			,				
Kanara, Northern {	Sambrani Dandeli Kulgi Virnoli	16 001 16 101 16 001 16 001	1887-88	38,654 82,453 11,915 23,799 33,839 44,637	49,031 47,113 53,076 29,261 46,114 44,291	1,863 70  3,031 1,977	47,718 47,043 53,076 29,261 43,083 42,314	1,117 483 1,062 529 683 1,121	0	0 0 0 0 0	
	T	otal	940	185,297	263,936	6,441	262,495	4,945	0	.0	
Kánára, Eastern	1 101 a.h.	14 100	1888-89	87,321 78,075 89,389 49,710 84,456 25,871	114,750 66,126 64,060 64,135 42,343 23,996	623 656 190 805 453 158	114,127 65,470 63,870 63,330 41,890 23,838	523 1,076 456 1,798 626 420	0 0 0	000000	
	T	otal •••	948	364,822	375,410	2,885	872,525	4,899	0	0	
Kánara Central (New Division)	Sirsi Ankola Kumta		1906-07 1888-89 1899-00	3,561 148,07 6,360	215,273 221,806 61,751	11,290 1,362 284	203,983 220,444 61,467	86 629 311	000	0 0	
	T	otal		157,992	498,830	12,936	485,894	1,026	0	0	
Kánara, Southern {	Siddápur Honávar Bhatkal		1910-11 1900-01 1899-00	201,721 124,306 123,800	204,441 124,581 124,034	4,819 1,074 1,258	199,622 128,507 122,776	22 J84 151	0 0	000	
*	Te	otal	***	449,827	453,056	7,151	445,905	857	0	0	
Kánara, Western {	Kárwár Kadra Supa Gund	•	1887-88	81,099 192,061 219,193 20,367	81,655 205,971 219,286 28,488	432 1,324 2,707 501	81,228 204,647 216,579 22,982	608 1,028 731 471	0000	0000	
,	То	tal	900	512,723	630,395	4,964	525,431	<del></del>	0	-	•
Belgaum,	Belgaum Khánápur, Eas Khánápur, Cen Khánápur, Wes Gokák	tral	1888-89 1896-87 1910-11 1869-90 1894-95	83,841 ° 85,281 ° 68,553 ° 97,432 ° 94,057	84,448 48,192 77,560 97,707 99,231	1,496 4,871 8,796 1,510 1,109	82,962 48,321 78,764 96,197 98,122	7,984	0	ó	
× .	Tot	tal		879,114	407,138	12,782	- 894,356	7,934	_		•

FORM No. 14.—Area of Forest Tracts protected from fire during 1916-1917—concluded.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	<del>-</del>		·			•	
Division.	Forest Ranges.	Year in which protestion commenced.	Area protected during 1915-1916.	Area attempted to be protected.	Fallures.	Area actually protested.	Cost,	Remarks.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
EOUTHERN CIRCLE—continued.			Acres,	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs. a. p.	
Dhirwar-Bijapur (New Division)	Dhárwár and Gadag Hangal Kod Bádámi Bágalkot	1907-08 1889-90	1,368	18,778 9,495 18,052 17,613 4,415	732 158 1,101 1,692 1,927	18,046 9,837 16,951 15,921 2,488	9 0 0 838 0 0 121 0 0 172 0 0 128 0 0	
	Total	•••	42,976	68,353	6,610	62,743	769 0 0	
Ratnágiri {	Khed Sangameshvar Malyan	1889-90 1892-93	7,709 8,710 634	7,709 8,711 684	25	7,684 8,711 634	10 0 0 10 0 0 10 0 0	
	Total	·	12,053	12,054	25	12,029	80 0 0	
	Total, Southern Circle.	<u> </u>	2,104,804	2,614,172	52,794	2,561,378	22,797 0 0	
EIND CIRCLE.	Mirpur Chotki Sadhuja Abad Sukkur Kot Sultan Kashmore	Not known	33,251	43,576 53,993 74,761 83,092 27,745 23,255 84,596	10 120 465 287 841 85	43,566 53,873 74,296 35,805 27,404 23,220 34,569	000000 000000 000000 000000 000000	
	Total	•••	287,671	294,018	1,285	292,733	*****	
Lárkí 118 • • · · · {	Garhi Yasin Larkana Sehwan Kandiaro	Not   known	82,398 48,077 23,006 43,547	82,426 48,442 23,548 43,527	93 149 13 120	82,333 48,293 23,530 43,407	000+42 0-01gg 000+2- 1-1-100	
	Total	•••	147,028	147,988	875	147,563	401 848	
Hyderabad {	Sakrand  Hála  Miáni  Hyderabad  Unerpur	Not known	50,522 51,456 22,902 2,223 29,131	49,497 52,227 29,877 2,223 . 81,211	105 164 	49,392 52,063 29,877 2,223 81,210	**************************************	
•	Total	149	156,234	165,035	270	164,765	•••	
Jerruck ••• ••• {	Tatta Shahbandar Mulchand Katiar	} 1912- { } 13 { Not known.	52,832 24,540 46,942 20,788	52,236 23,927 47,578 20,801	86 22	52,200 28,927 47,556 20,801	223 12 10 181 8 0 629 14 5	
	Total		145,102	144,542	58	144,484	1,035 3 3	
	Total, Sind Circle		736,035	751,533	1,988	`749,545	1,035 8 3	
	GRAND TOTAL		7,117,595	7,837,422	283,113	7,554,800	61,183 · 4 0	

	• . `	<u> </u>		. (4	A)	(	В)					<u>.                                    </u>	es Begini	NING IN	SIDE TH
,	,			Fires	caused ident or	the for	ntering rests by		017	ing to c	arelessnes	s or acc	ident.		
Divi	ion or Circ	ele.		thro careles bur	ough sness in ning lines.	exteri	ssing or fire- ces.	emplo the for purch	orkmen yed in ests, by asers, rs, etc.	travelle pas	lagers, ers, etc., sing ough rests.	By r eng	ailwa <b>y</b> gines.	or	ghtning by balloons.
				No. of fires.	Arca burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	A rea burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Arca burn in acres
	1	•	- -	2	3	4		6.	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
NORTH	ERN CIE	RCLE.											. •		
West de	ána o o, k	***		4 2 4 2 3 5	257 2 93 48 258 842	2  8 7 1	515 632 285 - 10 4	2 2 1	12 874 215	4 17 4 9 4 22 1 6	906 41 66 385 458 607 62 155	1  2 1 4 	210 10 288 	1	10
		Total	••	20	1,500	27	1,448	5	601	67	2,680	9	519	_ 1	10
CENT	TRAL CIR	CLE.						\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	· .	}					
East Khán West do North do Kolába Poona Satára	) <b>.</b>	*** *** *** ***	  	11 3 11 3 2 1	18	2 2 6 34 19 26	270	3 2	829 130 6	2 24	28,383 50 9,805 • 140, 2,43c•		180 10 276 98	***	•••
		Total	•	31	4,152	89	7,820	16	965	122	40,814	EE.	534		***
- SOUTÍ	HERN OI	RALE						-		-					
Kanara, No Do. E. Do. Co Do. So	orthern astern entral outhern Vestern	**** *** *** ***	**************************************	1 12 2 2	569 .12	12 18 3 4 24	77 830 168 207 2,045	4 2 6 13	61 1 166 741	53 46 33	3,005 520 1,638 600 1,180 268 1,099	1  5 5	105   15 181		
		Total	••	. 21	1,422	67	3,831	25	969	2:0	8,310	11	.801		•••
	ND CIRC	ī.F				-	-	-	- <del></del>	-	<del> </del>			-	
Sukkur Lárkána Hyderabad			••	<u> </u> ::.		4	47	***	***	7	99	1 1	4.8		
ayderabad Jerruck	•••	•	••	j	62	***	***	2	16		. 5	***	***	•••	•••
		Total	***	1	62	. 4	47	3	30	8	104	2	12	`	•••
	Grand	l Total		73	7,136	187	13,146	49	2,565	397	51,908	35	1,396	1	1

<u>-</u>		r to grass. In order to turn out game or to reduce cover.	nal Firing	<del></del> ξ.					-			
In or btain n	rder to new grass.	out gan	e or to	Malick fire	ously d.	To	otal.	Causes U	nknown.		tal and (C).	Remarks.
No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Arca burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area burnt in acres.	No. of fires.	Area buint in acres.	
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	   	2  15 3  1	534 53 180	5 9	115	7 18 21 20 10 33 1 7	1,409 51 810 575 1,120 2,087 62	40 1 30 11 57 2 6 6	8,905 20 3,562 406 5,722 17 178 1,081	53 21 55 41 78 47 8	5,573 73 4,465 1,514 7,732 3,231 250 1,251	Plus 8 account breaches Rules which area w
···	•••	21	1,267	14	1,200	117	6,277	153	14,894	817	24,119	
		100 100 100 100 100 100		3 10 16  18 	610 1,137 12,100 1,022	33 13 43 22 85 3	30,032 1,197 - 22,035 422 3,555 - 1	35 50 12 17 18 56	24,511 13,317 93,500 . 606 1,678 1,386	81 68 72 76 124 86	55,924- 16,798 124,004 1,897 5,521 1,568	Breach rules which area v burnt † Includes cases :
	-								·			account for in Fo
· 1	599	\$ 2 1 2 4	372 1 40 2 358	 8 8  54 1	650 808  7,570 220	21 50 65 46 41 86 23	3,431 2,202 2,448 600 1,421 8,596 1,888	41 21 322 179 36 82 40	2,422 597 10,133 6,893 2,767 2,120 2,524	66 85 406 228 93 194 68	6,441 2,885 12,986 7,151 4,964 12,782 5,610 25	
	_	17	803	71	9,248	332	20,586	721	26,955	1,141	52,794	
	•••	111		2	1	20 1 1 6	604 8 16 58	28 21 6	694 367 192	52 22 8 6	1,285 375 270 58	
1,1	 1 524	-	•••	4	16	28	686	55	1,193	88	1,988	
20	1,479	38	2,070	136	25,363	676	84,791	1,117	178,040	2,053	283,113	

FORM No. 16.—Area closed and open to grazing during 1916-1917.

					ARRA IN	sQı	UARE MILES.	•		
- -		·			<del> </del>		Open to	grazing		
Division.	Close	d to a	ll animals.		Of al	il a	nimals.	browsers (	imals except camels, sheep, g at:).	Remarks
	Whole	уеат.	Part of y	ear.	Whole year	r.	Part of year.	Whole yea	r. Part of year.	
1	-	2	3		4	-	5	6	, 7	8
NOBTHERN CIRCLE. RESERVED FOREST.	Sq.1	a. a.	Sq.m.	a.	Sq.m.	a.	Sq.m. a.	Sq.m.	Eq.m. a.	·
amak Malala	/9	2 0	19	0		-		221	,	
urat	1	3 0	55	ŏ	13	0	*****	*****	831 0	
orth Thans	···\ 7		4		******	-	*****		₹	}.
Vest do East do	1 10	6 0 1 0	*****		*1,1**		*****			
outh Nasik		2 0	9	0	6	0	******			1
North do		3 0	1	_	~~~	0	*****			
Násik Sub-Division	2		1 .	0	_~	0	******		•••••	
		•••			19	_	****** :	******		,
Total, Reserved Forest	55	9 0	90	0	267	0		1,771	831 0	
PROTECTED FOREST.	İ					.		•		}
Surat	***					õ	*****	*****	*****	İ
North Thána West do	- 1	••••	- *****	-		0	•••••	13		ļ
East do	1		*****		1	ŏ	*****	, 20	******	1
South Násik			•••••	-	⁻ 96	Ō ]	*****	*****	*** **	;
Total, Protected Forest	•••				800	0	100-04	13		}
Total, Northern Circle			-	0	·	0	****	1,784	-	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.			<u> </u>			_				
RESERVED FOREST.					-					
Fact Whitedayle				_		_		140		ļ ģ
West do	2	10 0 90 0	-	0		0	. 946	495 506	) I	}
North do.	19					٠,	******		<b>6</b>   <b></b>	Ì
Poona Sátára		27 . 0	`  60	0	1	0	100144		•••••	ļ
Kolába	10	)6 0 56 <b>0</b>		0		0	*****			
Ahmednagar-Sholapur	.   .	••••		٠.	44.4	ŏ	*****	204	******	
Total, Reserved Forest	61	6 0	-(	0	[ <del></del>	0	*****		<u> </u>	
PROTECTED FOREST.			-	<u> </u>		-				
Poona Sátára		****	******		*****		, ###*#g	11 (		
Satara Kolába		****	•••••		74	۱ ،	******	1 (		Į.
	]	-	-			_	*****		*****	.]
Total, Protected Forest		····				9	*****	12 (		
Total, Central Circle	61	6 0	119	0	1,670	<u></u>		2,995		
southern circle.	1				{	ļ	,• }		}	[ 
Kanara, Northern	21		******		2	0	*****	211 (		}
Do. Eastern Do. Central	, 25	67 0 89 0			*****	- 1	••••	833 (	******	
Dos Southern		8 0	******		*****	)	*****	744 ( 690 (		
Do. Western Belgaum	26 10		*****			[ `	*****	565		ļ. ·
Dhárwár-Bijápur	10	. •	12	0		0	•••••	535 (	******	,
Ratnágiri		9 ŏ			*****	٦	*****	264 ( 10 (	****	ļ.
Total, Southern Circle	96	2 0	12	0	254	0	*****	3,355 0	-(	
SIND CIRCLE.						_				
Sukkur	4:	9 0			123 (	0		60~	1	
Larkana	J	7 0	*****		134 (	5	*****	287 0 80 0		
Hyderabad Jerruek	10	•	2	ا ۾ '	187		******	55 O		•
Total, Sind Circle			<del></del>	0		0	******	90 0	17 0	
Co. w. m.	2,219		2	0	561 0	[-	11110	512 0	17 0	•
GEARD IVIAL	2,21	9· 0	223	0	<b>3.552</b> (	) [	*****	8,646 0	348 0	•

FORM No. 17.

	Ī ; ·		<del></del>		<del></del>	' GRAZING	on P	AYMEN	T—Numbe	B OF ANIM	ALS.	· ·	<del></del> _		<del></del>		
			At f	ull rates					•	,	At privi	leged ra	tos.		`		
Division.			_ <del></del>	<u>-</u>		•					<u>·</u>		Fe	 e8 1	eceived.		_
	Buffa- loes.	Cows and Bul- locks.	Goats and Sheep.	Camels.	Other Ani- mals.	Fees received	Buffa	iloes.	Cows and Bullocks	Goats and Sheep.	C amels.	Other Ani- mais,	Actual.		Value at		-
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	-{	8	9	10	11	12	13		14		
THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PART OF THE PA						Rs. a. I							Rs. a.	p.	Rs.	8.	p.
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	2,115	3,945		,	***		1	1,043	3,328	. 440			568 9	6	6,844	8	0
Pauch Maháis ••••			•••			*****	1	3,123		•••`		·	2,111 12	0	18,123	0	
Surat	•••		444	•••	•••			5	72				14 12	o	51	4	0
North Thána	85					3.7	o	342		•••			279 13	0	1,036	4	0
West do	193	1			}		1	2,352					1,878 7	o	5,625	12	
East do-	1		***	***	•••	<b>,</b>	1 .	6,415	, ,	28		72	7,436 0	0	54,689		
South Násik	14		***	•••	228	}	1	. 1	128,374	92,820		2,037	25,736 10	o	1,69,507	-	
North do	11	)		•••	309	]	1	e,221	ļ ·	31,223		549	16 221 9		44.114		
Násik Sub-Division	2,419	9,151	<del></del>	•••	537		_	- <u>-</u> -	236,367	124,071		2,658	54,247 8	6	3,18,989		╗
Total, Northern Circle	2,210					0,22,	<del>-</del>				\ <del></del> -	-,000	03,237				-
CENTRAL CIRCLE.						}							]				]
East Khándesh	_ 858	14,477	111	***	109	15,444 0	0 3	<b>6,13</b> 9	192,480	4,710		434	31,458 0	o	2,33,763	0	0
West do.	170	2,323	•••	•••	843	3,336 0	0 1	5,381	115,997	31,883		1,430	22,214 0	0	1,64,191	0	0
North do.	9,688	73,594	***		3,181	38,356 0	oj.		***	· *	140	***	*****		1,1000		-
Poona	5	77	4	•••	15	99 0	0 2	3,273	156,424	45,445		830	28,447 0	0	1,83,465	0	0
Sátára		_ 9	•••	***		9 0	0 2	9,847	98,587			141	16,519 0	0	1,26,575	0	0
Kolába	109	62	***	***		171 0	0 2	0,481	71,356			•••	12,210 0	0	91,837	0	0
Total, Central Circle	10,830	90,542	4	***	4,148	57,415 0	0 12	5,121	632,844	81,538		2,835	1,10,848 0	0	7,99,831	0	0
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		·		,							1	1		_			
Kánara, Northern	<u> </u>	ر ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	148	441		255 0	0	37,	ـــــــ 347	216			6,338 0	0	37,401	0	
Do. Eastern		`•	***	•••			{		943	2		23	7,873 0	- }		0	o
Do. Central	1.5		400		•40		o		071	***			) '	0	45,321		
Do. Southern		26			•••		o	,117,		51			10,925 0	- 1	1,17,772		- 1
Do Working	'	108	•••	`	***	*****			106	140			7,749 0	- 1			0
Belganm	90		***			1	c	-	842	•••	}		10,181 0	- {	-	0	1
Dhárwár—Bijápur		77	1,117		9		0	135,		•		445	16,674 0	0	1,36,253		1
Ratnágiri	1					•••••					] •••• ]			۱			
Total, Southern Circle	6,4		1,117		9	6,708 0	_	451,		269		468	65,693 O	0	4,50,902		늯
SIND CIRCLE.		 			-		<del> </del>						VUICOO U		Z100,004	<u> </u>	-
Eukkur	6,482	<b>8,83</b> 8	81,096	482	347	13,748 0	o .		•••			1		-		,	-
Lárkána	5.014	l i		431	135					tag		•••		.	11111		
Hyderabad	2.401	1 1		598	52	1		i i	•••	***	***	***	····	1	94414		
Jerruck	4 100	'	·	784	148	7,217 0	Ί,		•••	•••		. ***	*****		****		1
Total, Sind Circle	 			2,248	632	37,950 O	_ _						*****	<u> </u>	<del> </del>		_
, ~					<del></del>	- <del></del>				***	•••		*****	-			-
GRAND TOTAL	156	,iOI	86,793	2,248	5,376	1,10,490 8		1,492	1,900	205,878	***	5,931	2,30,988 8	6	15,69,782	8	이

	В	y right und	ler Settle	ment.			During pl	leasure of G unde	overnment	or otherw	iso than	ſ	-		•
Buffaloes.	Cows and Bullocks,	Gonts and Sheep.	Camels.	Other Ani- mals.	Value of Fees at full rates.	Buffalocs.	Cowa	Goats and Sheep;	Camels,	Other Animals.	Value of Fees at full rates.	Total Value of Fees at full rates.	Grand Talto	at fu	of U
15	16	17	18	19	20 ,	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	3	
					Rs. s. p.	,					Rs. a.	Rs. a. p	Rs.	a.	p.
. ***	***	***	1	***	*****	33,120	127816		***	•••	98,018 0		1,03,97		0
***	•••	***.	101	***	144*46	1,719	25,551	4,217	144	71	31,558 0	0 31,558 0	44,681	1 0	0
1944	***	***	10/	***		14,000	87,402	144			72,126 0	0 72,126 0	72,177	7 4	0
100	•••	100	146	٠	*****	23,269	82,201		***	29	80,480 0	C 80,480 0	83,82	5 10	0
***	•4•	•••	***	•••.	*****	13,974	60,237	•••	•••	•	55,115 0	55,115 0	61,756	3 6	0
***	448	***	•••	***	. 455	1,050	4,500	•••	•••	300	5,850 0	0 5,850 0	60,62	4 O	0
•••	***	***		••• '	*****	****		•••		•••	****	111110	1,70,042	2 0	0
•••	•••	***		***	***		***	•••	•••		*****		68,497	7 12	0
•••		***	•••	***	*****	87,132	387,737	4,217	•••	400	3,38,172 0	0 3,38,172 0	6,65,579	9 0	0
<del></del> _			<u> </u>			-			<del>,                                    </del>	-					
. 34	•••	148	٠.,	•••	***	2,306	9,868	ļ <b>.</b>		83	12,317 0	0 12,317 0	2,61,524	1. O,	0
104		•••			444***	995	16,556	03		110			1,85,268	-	0
240	***	•••	***	*** -	,	3,181	27,845	100		98	3,890 0	0 3,890 0	42,246	3 0	0
111	***	***	-	<b></b>		21	125	***	 		146 0	0 146 0	1,83,710	0 0	0
		***	•••		*****	10	41	***	***	•••	54 0	0 54 0	1,26,638	3 0	0
476	1,142	***		•••	1,618 0 0	1,822	573	•••	•••		2,415 0	0 4,033 0 (	96,041	L O	0
476	1,142			***	1,618 ₀ 0	8,395	55,011	80		291	36,563 0	38,181 0	8,95,427	0	0
<del></del>	! <u></u>									·	·	-	1		
	•						057				9,257 0	9,257 0 0	46,913	 	n
•••		***	•••	***	******		25 <b>7</b> 624	***	***	456	8,624 0	•	ĺ		
***		***	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***	******	اوت .	80		***	106	•	80 0 0			
***	••1	• •••	105	•••	······································			***	***	4**	•	******	1,17,798		
• • • •	441	***	•••	***	4,4	***		***	•••	•••			37,406		
. +01	*** ,	749		•••	•••••	12 (		•••	***	. 400	12,608 0				
***	***	144	***	•••	-	•		***	***	***	******		1,37,212		
	*** 、 .		***** ,	***		****	·	•••			*******	•••••	*****	•	
		•••	100			80,5				•••	30,569 0 0	30,569 0 0	4,88,239	0	0
							_:					<del></del>			_
<b>1,</b> 190	4,493	***		41	2,592 0 0	. 22	465		***	797	392 <b>0</b> 0	2,984 0 0	16,732	0	0
879	2,481			ı	809 9 0	53	45	***	130	451	<b>317 0</b> 0	1,126 0 0	8,117	0	0
9	246		***	•••	99 0 0	76	178	•••	724	514	1,339 0 0	1,438 0 0	11,432	0	0
850	228	60	2	6	359 O O	407	516	102	59	2,252	1,094 0 0	1,453 0 0	, 8,670	0 (	9
2,428	7,448	 60		51	3,859 0 0	558	1,201	102	913	4,014	3,142 0 0	7,001 0 0	44,951	0, (	<u>-</u>
2,920					5,477 0 o	·		4,399	913	4,705	4,08,446 0 0	4,13,923 0 0	0,94,196	~ .	~

FORM No. 18.—Statement showing Area of Plantations in the Bombay Presidency, including Sind, for the year 1916-1917.

			•	for	the year	1916-191	(7.	·.				
Division.	Kind of Plantation.		Area 1	n Acres.		Expen durin Ye.	G THE	TOTAL E	FROM	Revenue during the	Total revenue from date of	Remarks.
		On 1st July 1916.	mrag		Area on BothJune 1917.	Creation.	Upkeep.	Creation.	Upkcep.	year.	oreation of plan- tation.	:
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	. 9	10	11	12	13
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	-				-	Rs. a.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Panch Mabals Surat North Thana West do East do	Do	38 28 71	 	65	4,889 12 95 28 6	301 0	50 0 0 2,381 0 0 629 0 0	1,440 1,404	13,501 50 3,550 7,861	25	25 	
-	Total	5,038		65	5,030	301 0	3,060 0 0	12,843	24,962	25	25	
Panch Maháls Surat North Thána West do East do Násik Sub-Di-	Do Do Total	1,149 844 823 3,226	153 1,598 230 88 2,294	315 230 199 744	225 1,410 1,302 1,627 212 4,776	206 0 582 0 101 0 176 0 144 0	90 0 0	1,401	1,537 7,861  9,398	**** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *	110	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Total, Northern Circle	8,264	2,351	809	9,806	1,480 0	3,659 0 0	14,247	84,360	25	25	
East Khándesh West do North do Poons Sátára Kolába	Do Do Do	247 103	<b></b> _	  1	258 109	1 1 481 0 191 0	411 0 0		2,217	521 521	1,908	*Raising of plants and purchase of seeds.
East Khándesh West do North do Poons Satára Kolába	Do Do Do Do	3,870 911	1.859 839	200 200 200 200	81 435 5,729 1,750	149 0 36 0 27 0 1,795 0 1,119 0	*****	***	100 100 100 100 100	***		,
	Total Total, Central Circle		2,779 2,797	<u> </u>	7,995 8,362	8,126 0 8,799 0		2,255	2,217	521	1,908	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE. Kanara Central Do. Southern Do. Western Belgaum	Regular plantations Do. Do. Do. Do.	161 612 187	10 8 19		171 620 £06	1,841 0	1,213 0 0	1 590 69,482	11,637 12,553 78	2,472	18,231	
Dhárwár-Bijápur Ratnágiri	. Dr. ,,	162 162	3	100	10 155	78 0		43	3,748	35 202	516 6,784	(a) Omitted in previous y e a r s through
	Total				1,168	1,919 0	2,545 0 0	76,309	28,016	2,709	25,596	misun dor- standing.
Kánara, Eastern Dhái wár-Bijápur	Dô.	•	17,995 1,702	•••	17,995 1,702	2,961 0 360 0		2,961 360	***	***	•••	
	Total Total Total, Southern Circle		19,697 19,787	ļ	19,697. 20,805	3,321 0		9,321	100		•••	
SIND CIRCLE	1	1,125	-0,101		20,805	5,240 0	2,515 0 0	79,630	28,016	2,709	25,536	
Sukkur Lárkána Hyderabad Jerruck	Do. Do. Do.	30 22	2 1	***	233 18 31 22	14 0 82 0 23 0	282 0 0 1,155 0 0 458 0 0	56 1,006	53,152 2,600 11,644 4,600	423 449	7,467  4,233	,
<b>.</b>	Total	ļ	3		304	69 0	4,171 0 0	5,410	71,996	672	11,700	
Fukkur Lárkána Hyderabad Jerruck	Do. Do.	2,029 5,107 11,566	2,54× 2,607	1,800 1,883 1,243	7,641 2,777 5,831 14,663	12 ( 124 ( 662 ( 1,575 (	1,222 0 ( 36 0 (	2,345 5,973	39 2,266 8,176 5,302			•
	Fotal, Sind Circle	! <del></del>	I	ſ	31,216	2,373 (		9,823	15,783	970	11.700	
-		38,733			70,249			111,365	87,779 152,372	872 4,127	39,169	

FORM No. 19.

FORM No. 19. - Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

	TIMBE	R IN THE	ROUG!	н ; І	ogs.	Time	er in ti	HR ROU	өн: Pol	es.	Saw 	yn or Sc	UARI	D Ti	MBER,
Division.	Government,	Purchasers	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Totale	Government	Purchasers.	Free grantees	Right-holders.	Total.	Government	Parchasers,	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.
1	2	3	4	Б	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Thousands of NORTHERN CIRCLE.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C.£t.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.	O.ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.
Reserved Forest.		41		•••	41	3	189			192	•••	  -44 		<b></b> ,	***
Surat		55	3		58.		•••	***	•••	•••		***			<b>Pes</b>
North Thána		22	•••	***	23	32	588	<b>.101</b>	•••	619		***		•••	***
West Thana		19	•••	•••	19	1	211	***	101	273	• • •	32			32
East Thána ••• ••• •		32	•••		32	5	183	<b>.</b>	***	189	•••	80	<b>]</b>		60
South Nasik ,	,	- 56			56		205	1	•••	206		101			•••
North Nasik	•••	has	···				38	1	-	38	] •••	•••		•••	•••
Násik Sub-Division	•••	•••	***	•••		***	4	•••	•••	4		   		•••	***
Tctal, Reserved Forest		225	3		228	41.	1,418	2		1,461		112			112
Frotected Forest.			-		·					<u> </u>	-	 	<del> </del>		
	• •••	15	***	***	15	•••	- 178	***	•••	178					141
	• .	1	***		ŀ	. •••	57	***	•••	57	•••	30			30
East Thána		12	***	***	12	***	40	4	••• .	44		31			31
South Násik	• •	22	***		22		44	•••	•••	44		•••			•••
Total, Protected Forest		50			50	100	319	4	•••	323		61			61
Unclassed Forest.		1			1	•••	42			49			-		
Court North		5		•	•			***	•••	42		<b></b>	1.51	•••	•••
South Masik	\ <u> </u>	<u>"</u>		-	5		12	···	****	12		 		•••	***
Total, Unclassed Forest .		6	•••		6	•••	54		101	54				,	.**
Leased Forest.															,
Surat	59	58	•••	76	193	•••	•••	***		***	7	***		•••	<b>7</b>
Total, Northern Circle	59	339	3	76	477	41	1,791	G		1,838	7	173			180

***********	Mrs	CELLAN	Eous.		·	То	TAL TI	MBRR.		<u> </u>		For	K.		]
Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers,	Free grantees.	Bight-holders.	Total.	Government	Purchasers,	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Total Outturn.
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C, ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C, ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
***	104	. 300	•••	***	8	229		•••	232	8	896	•••	1,467	2,371	2,603
161	. 83	6	•••	89	•••	<b>5</b> 5	8	144	58	•••	12	•••		12	70
***	•••	•••	***	•••	32	610	•••	•••	642	16	1,302		1,132	2,450	8,092
***	31	•••	•••	31	3	294		***	297	9	1,746		1,127	2,882	3,779
•••	***			•••	5	<b>2</b> 95		•••	300	4.	1,895		2,740	4,639	4,939
•••	***		•••			262	1		263	18	11	•••	30	59	822
***	 	•••	•••	•••	. ***	37	1	<b></b>	38	· • • •	124		<b></b>	124	162
•••	***	•••		•••	•••	. 4	•••		4	•••	36	7		43	47
	114	6		120	43	1,786	5	•••	1,834	55	6,622	7	6,496	12,580	14,414
-			•••			193		140	198	•••	77		566	643	836
	•••		***	,***	•••	88	•••		. 88	•••	10	•••	96	306	104
***	***	•••	•••	*** .	***	83	4	***	87	., <b>***</b> .	60	•••	4	co	. 147
•••	*48	•••			•••	68		•••	66		•••	<u></u>		140	<b>6</b> 6
		. •••	. ,	•••	•••	430-	4	•••	434	···	147	•••	662	809	1,243
***	•••	***	•••	***	***	43	•••	•••	43	•••	•••		400	•••	43
•••	10b .	•••	•••		***	17 [°]	•••	***	17		11		···	11	23
100	***	•••	•••	400	•,**	60	•••	•••	60	•••	11			31	71
; ;	•••	107		• **	66	58	•••	76	200	13	•••		1,500	1,513	1,713
	114	6	•••	120	109	2,334	9	76	2,528	68	6,180	7	8,658	14,913	17,441

р 15—32

FORM No. 19 .- Outturn (of cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

	Tim	BER IN T	HE BOU	GH:	Logs.	TIME	ER IN TH	R ROUG	н : Р	oles.	SAW	n ob Squ	ARED	Тімі	BER.
Division.	Government.	Parchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government	Parchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Thousands of CENTRAL CIRCLE.	C. ft	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	O.ft.	C, ft.	C. ft	C. ft	C.ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.
East Khándesh ••• •••	•	***	•••	•••	•••	100	71	1	***	72	•4•	***		- • •	•••
West Khandesh	•	200		•••	•••	•••	181	4	•••	185	•	140	l sav	•••	•••
North Khándesh	•••	6	•••		6	•••	117	1		118	•••	22			22
Poons sas sas sas		4	•••		4.	7	177	8	•••	187	100	100		***	•••
Sátára	***	•••		•••	***	3	. 83	6	•••	<b>42</b>	•••	***	***	•••	***
Kolába	****	31	•••		31	···	180 -	2	•••	182	****	***	•••	***	405
Total, Central Circle		41			41	10	759	17	•••	786	••	22		***	22
												• •			•

during the year 1916-1917, and Agency of Exploitation—continued.

	Mro	DELLAN			· 1	·			<del></del>	<u> </u>			· 		
	11190	<del></del>		. #		Тот	AL TIMBE	R.	·····			FUEL.		· .	TOTAL.
Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	dovernment.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total,	Outturn.
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	. 26	27	28	29	30	81	82
C. ft	C. ft.	C. ft	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C, ft.	O. ft.
			1			,	}		·						
***		•••	***			71	1		72	25	751			777	849
	•••		,					•••			101	1	**	""	019
							] .	,		-		}	<u> </u>		
													[		
***	•••	•••		•••	•••	181	4.		185	•••	199		10	209	394
`			į	;							. 1				
	,													,	
•••	***	•••			, ,	144	1		146	***	, 450		36	486	632
				,	_		_								
			-				ĺ	 							
,									1		. '				
	•••	•••			7	181	8	•••	191	130	288	•••	•••	418	609
	,														
							}								
· .									40	107				230	272
. ***	***	***	•••	•••	3	38	6	•••	42	127	3	***	100	250	- 212
				- 7	·				·		· ·	٠.			
											, 				
101	2	•••	•••	23	•••	213	2		215	61	256	***	861	1,678	1,899
										j					
						)· 	!	-							
														0.500	2 4040
•••	. 2	***		2	11	823	17		851	343	1,947	í	507	8,798	° • <b>4,64</b> 9
		{	}									•			
٠ ,			<u> </u>		,				·						
	<u></u>	<u> </u>													

FORM No. 19.—Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

	Tı	MBER IN	THE RO	ough: L	ods.	Tim	BER IN	THE RO	ogn: Po	LRS.
Division.  *(As readjusted on 1st February 1916 as per Government Order No. 11396 of 27th October 1915, Revenue Department).	Government,	Purchasers,	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6 ,	7	8	9	10	11
Thousands of	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	O. It.	C. ft.	C. ft.
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		•							, ·	,
Kanara, Northern*	274	433	2	***	709	. 4	817	1	***	<b>32</b> 2
				·					. ~	
•		·								. ,
Kanara, Eastern	99	· <b>41</b>	,	***	140	7	139	5		<b>1</b> 51
Augara, Lustern	33	•			110	•				101
								,		
•										
Kánara, Central	251	54	1	***	306	10	6	•••	***	1€
			- !	-						
			}						<i>F</i>	
Kánara, Scuthern	0.3	51	10	***	61	•••	***	•••	<b></b> .	1 444
•						•			·	
				•						
					٠.		•			
Kánara, Western	102	71	6	***	179.	. 35	1	•••		36
Belgaum		<b>7</b> 4			94	48	26		,	
Deifigrati ess ses ass	39	rə	"	. ***	94	* ***	20	5	•••	79
					,		.,			
			. !					•		• .
Dhárwár-Bijápur ••• •••		•••		•••	444	<b></b> .	11	4	***	, 16
•				-		•	·			j -
·		-				. :				,
		•								
•		,				,	,		-	
Ratnágiri ••• •••	***	1	•••	•••	1	•••	1	100	-	1
		<del>-</del>		<del></del>			<del></del>			<del></del> -
Total, Southern Circle	765	706	19	7.0	1,490	104	501	15	•••	620
•				,						
		,								1
•	<b>.</b> .		],	•					•	
<i>,</i>	<b>!</b> .				; ,	•	,	•		

### APPENDICES.

during the year 1916-1917 and Agency of Exploitation—continued.

· ·			· -		<u> </u>	<b>*</b> .	
. SAWN	OR SQUA	RED	Тімв	ER.		MISCELLANEOUS	3.
Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers,	Free grantees.
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
C. ft.	C. ft.	C.ft.	O.ft.	C. ft.		C. ft.	
86	100	•••		86	Sandalwood— Kh. mds lbs.	<b>444000</b>	*81
		•			13 12 21 Rejected pieces No. 427, Chips bags 15.		
105	•••			105	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 39 5 18½ Rejected pieces 706,	velage	140,000
•••	100	***	•••	•••	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 16 11 26	******	48Fras
A14	•*•	•••		•••	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 12 11 17		*** <b>\p</b> 6
•							
241		•••	***	•••	29	1	******
<b>7</b>	9		•••	16	Sandal trees 1,530, 34 pieces 4 baskets chips.	******	401148
1	,	***	•••	1	Sandalwood— Kii. mds. lbs. 35 19 3 Rejected pieces	744***	<b>9</b>
					1,175, Chips stacks 13,		
•••	***		•••	***	P4* 948	*******	
199	9	***	•••	208	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 118 1 1½ Rejected pieces	1	9
					Rejected pieces 2,842, 1,530 trees, Chips bags 108.		<b>V</b>
,							,

FORM No. 19.—Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

Misdellaneou	18—continued.	•	TOTAL TI	eber.
Right-holders.	Ţotal,	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.
20	21	22	23	24
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
		t,		
\$61.60*	Fandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 13 12 21 Rejected pieces 427, Chips bags 15.	364 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 13 12 21 Rejected pieces 427, Chips tags 15.	750	3
<b>VOC444</b>	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 39 5 18½ Rejected pieces	211 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 33 5 18½ Rejected pieces	180	5
	706, Chips bags 76.	706, Chips bags 76.		
200 is	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 16 11 26	261 Sandal wood—  Kh. mds. lbs.  16 11 26	60	1
<b>dascon</b>	Sandalwood— Kh. mds, lbs. 12 11 17	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 12 11 17	51	10
961	30	166	73	6
POTO	Sandal trees 1,530, 34 pieces 4 baskets chips.	94 Sandel trees 1,530, 34 pieces, 4 basksts chips.	90	. ,
2014.006	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 35 19 3 Rejected picces 1,175, Chips stacks 13.	1.175.	11	. 13
		on Power Tile		
tayah	******	*******	2	111 +6
•••••	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 118 1 1½ Rejected pieces 2,312, trees 1,530, Chips bags 108.	2,342, 1,530 trees	1,217	43
-				•

⁽a) This includes 3 thousand cubit feet of last year transferred from Dharwar-Bija-pur to Kanara N. and E. Divisions during the year.

during the year 1916-1917 and Agency of Exploitation—continued.

Total Timbei	-continued.	,		FUEL.	•		
Right-holders.	Fota	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees	Right-holders.	Total,	Total Outturn.
25	26	27	. 28	29	30	31	32
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C, ft.
*****	1,117 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 13 12 21 Rejected pieces 427, Chips bags 15.	•••	477	•••	••	477	1,594 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 13 12 21 Rejected pieces 427, Chips bags 15.
90T **	396 Sandelwood—  Kh. mds. lbs. 39 5 18½ Rejected pieces 706, Chips bags 76.	•••	325	8	<b></b>	833	729 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 39 5 18. Rejected pieces 706, Chips bags 76.
azotek	322 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 16 11 26	•••	484	10	* · ·	494	816 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lb 16 11 26
	61	241	563	2	•••	- 808	867 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lt 12 11 15
•.							
	245	S20	1,095	2	p.44	2,017	2,262
<b></b>	189 Sandal trees 1,530, 34 pieces 34 baskets chips	2,948	1,873			4,821	5,010 Sandal trees 1,530, 34 pieces 3 baskets chips.
<b>6</b> 849241	25 Sandalwood— Kh. n.ds. lbs. 35 19 3 Rejected pieces, 1,175, Chips stacks 13.	6	301	•••	•••	307	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs 35 19 3 Rejected pieces 1,175, Chips stacks 13
<b>.</b>	2	•••	83		•••	33	. 85
Tetral	2,357 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 118 1 1½ Rejected pieces 2,342, 1,530, trees Chips bags 108.	4,115	5,151	22	•••	9,288	11,645 Sandalwood—  Kh. mds. lb: 1 8 1 1 Rejected pieces 2,342, 1,530 trees Chips bags 108
•		,	-				

This is exclusive of 300 thousand c. ft. of Timber and 3,042 thousand c. ft. of Fuel shown under privilege holder in Chapter II, Section V (c)—Outturn and sources of forest produce.

FORM No. 19.—Outlurn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

	Tr	MBER IN	THE BO	vèn: I	LOGS.	Timi	BER IN T	HE BOU	он: Р	DLES.
Division.	Government.	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Tots!.	Government	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.
1	2	8	4	Б	в	7	8	9	1,0	11
Thousands o	f C. ft.	C. ft.	0. ft.	C. ft.	C. It.	C. ft.	C. it.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
SIND CIRCLE.							•			
Sukgur ••• {Actuals		1 48	4-4	***	1 43	1	33	••• • <u>4</u> •	***	*•• 85
Total	. 4	49			49	1	88	•4	•••	85
			- <del></del>	<del>  </del>			·		•	•
Lárkára Actuals	ا ــا	* ***	***	****	***	•-•	90		•••	1 91
Total	• 1	<b></b>	***	***		•5	5.0	• 1	•••	92
									-	-
Hyderabad {Actuals Estimate	1	139	100	ten '	1 139	•2		, o i	•••	***
Total	•1	<b>14</b> 0	•••		140	2	1		***	***
•		,					` ,			
Jerruck Actuals	4.4	25	***	***	5 25		16	·5	94b	
Total	4.4	25	•••	<b>8</b> 6 6	.30	•3	16	•6	741	17
Sind Circle	5	214		•••	219	2	140	2	•••	144
GRAND TOTAL	830	1,299	22	76	2,227	157	3,190	41	***	3,388
							ļ <u>.</u>			
•	-			•	•			-		-   

APPENDICES.

# during the year 1916-1917 and Agency of Exploitation—concluded.

SA W	'n or Sq	UARE	Тімп	BER.		Miscellaneous	
Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total.	Government	Parchasers,	Free grantees.
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
C. ft.	C. ft.	C,ft	C.ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
						₩.	
•••	. 100	•••	***	110		•••	•••
***		•••	***	. ***	•••		1119
***	•••		1944	484	•••	•	***
		,	,		-		
***	•••	•••		•••	***	***	***
* ***	_	•••		***			***. ***.
•••	***	***	•••	•••	***	***	****
-				•			
•••		-		***			. ***
• •••	•••	•••		····	. ***		
•••		•••		***	•••	•••	··· .
4	***	***	•••	4	•••	•••	***
· t			·•• 	···		•••	-290
. 4	•••			4	***	•••	•290
4	•••	•••		• 4 	145	•••	•290
210.5	203-5	•••		414	Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs.	117	15
				•	Kh. mds. lbs. 118 1 1½ Rejected pices 2,342 1,530 trees Chips bags 108		
	;						-

FORM No. 19.—Outturn (in cubic feet, solid) of Timber and Fuel

MISCELLANEOU	s-continued.		TOTAL TIMBER.	•
Right-holders.	Total.	Government,	Purchasers.	Free grantees.
20	21	22	23	24
C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
000 to 0	•••••		1 81	•••••• 1
	******	2	82	1
******	******	•••••	91	1
	•••••	•6	91	1
******	*****	•2 •2	1 139	*** *** ******
	104,00	•4	140	***100
005 021300	******	8	41	, 1 , 1
	290	8	41	2
	******	11	354	3
	J61 Saudalwood— Kb. mds. lbs. 118 1 1½ Rejected pieces 2,342 1,530 trees Chips bags 108	1,228	4,727	78
. •				

### during the year 1916-1917 and Agency of Exploitation—concluded.

TOTAL TIMBI	EB—continued.			Fuel.			Total.	
Right-holders.	Total.	Government.	Purchaser.	Free grantees.	Right-holders.	Total	Outturn.	
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	
	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C, ft.	
101 40	1	95	3,812	.•		3,847	3,848	
******	84	5	1,247	544	***	1,252	1,336	
400-114	85	40	5,059	6.86		-5,099	5,184	
· .						~		
*****	' 1	33	1,808	***		1,841	1,842	
•••••	91	1	272	***	19	292	383	
******	92	34	2,080	***	* 19	2,133	2,225	
					· ·			
***** .	. 1	41	3,393	***		8,434	3,435	
*****	. 139	8	3,398	•••		3,401	3,510	
201014	140	44	6,791	•••	•••	6,835	6;975	
	<u> </u>							
*****	9	163	2,309	. 146		2,472	2,481	
******	42	. 8	2,251	•••	•••	2,259	2,301	
******	51	171	4,560	•••	***	<i>4;</i> 731	4,782	
*****	368	289	18,490	***	19	18,798	19,166	
76	6,104	4,815	\$2,768	30	9,184	46,797	52,901 Sandalwood— Kh. mds. lbs. 118 1 1½ Rejected pieces 2,342 1,530 trees Chips bags 108	
		•		,				

# FORM No. 20.—Outturn of Minor Forest Produce during the year 1916-1917.

		•		_	PRODUC	E BRWOAR	D OR UT	ILIZED.					
Description of Produce.	Ву	Govern Agency	ment	Ву р	nrchasers.	By free-g	rantees.	By right	holders.	\$2,60  4,24,5-  1,22  2,61  1,9  1,3  2,1  1,1,1  5,17,4   5,17,4   16,1  16,1  1,9  1,9  1,9  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1,1  1,1  1,1,1  1,1  1,1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1  1,1		Total.	
	Quan	<del></del>		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	·, Value.		
1	2		3	4	5	6	.7	8	9	10	11		
NORTHERN CIRCLE.			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	,-	$\mathrm{Rs}_{ullet}$		Rs.		
State Forests								Ì ,					
Apta and Tembhurni leaves Bámboos and bundies		- 1	48	***	16,943 23,771		470	•••	8,311		16,943 <b>32</b> ,600		
Babul Pods			***	***	305	•••	***	***	***		305		
Chilhari bark Gum			***	***	417 204	""	•••	- ***	***		417 204		
Grass and grazing		ľ	***	•••	97,874	•••	•••	***	3,26,668		4,24,542		
Hirda nuts Karvi	1	- 1	•••	•••	1,275 2,273		•••	***	***		1,275		
Kusari flowers	1		***	***	37	•••	***	***	103		37		
lhowrs seed and flowers		.	823	***	<b>1,</b> 778 195	•••	***	•••	•••		2,601		
Manure	4		***	•••	1,93 <b>7</b>		***	***			195 <b>1,</b> 937		
Palm leaves			•••	•••	1,366		•••	***		*****	1,365		
Rosha grass		1	. ***	•••	2,199. 1,149	<b>···</b>	•••	•••		1	2,199		
otones Sali wood	l.		***	***	1,145 45		•••		***		1,149 45		
Chorns		- 1	***	***	1,623	•••	••••	,***	***	******	1,623		
Carwad Bark		•••	***	•••	3,511	***	613	***	99.464		3,511		
Miscellaneous		•••	•••	~	1,114	•••	013		22,464	*****	21,191		
Total, State Forests			871	•••	1,58,016		1,083		3,57,443	•••••	<b>5,17,41</b> 3		
					<del></del>	-				<del></del>			
Leased Forests (Surat).													
A'pta and Tembhurni leaves	:•\	•••	***	•••	224	•••	***	•••		Ī -	224		
Green and enemine	1		***	***	9,578 628		•••	***	3,384 88,529	1			
Hirda nuts	···   •	****	•••	***	2				***	,	2		
Mowhra seed and flowers	) ·		4,126		23		•••	•••	1		4,149		
Miscellaneous	••	. • • •	- "-	•••	2,596		*** .	***	13,776	*****	16,372		
Total, Leased Forests			4,126		13,051		•••	•••	55,689		72,866		
Total, Northern Circle	•-	••••	4,997		1,71,067		1,088		4,13,132	*****	5,90,279		
CENTRAL CIRCLE.						-	<b>`</b> .		1				
Hirds and Shikekái		****	5,159	·	11,001					}	16,160		
Silk cotton			8	l	******	***		•••	•••		8		
Danha arra		****	4,938	1	5,469	***	***	•••	•••	*****	4,938		
Leaves, pod bark, etc.	`	****		***	9,299		84	: :::	139		5,469 <b>9,4</b> 72		
		****	***	·	2,593		* ***	•••	2,313	1	4,906		
Earth, stone, murrum, etc. Grass and grazing		****	28 <u>4</u>	* ***	1,527 2,79,661	***	767	***	00.403	ľ	2,578		
Bamboos	•	****	"1		11,086	•••	38	***	28,481		3,08,142 11,125		
Minaglianous		:	···	•••	3,657	•••	•••	•••		1	3,667		
	•••	****	•••		4,161		13	***	89	•••••	4,263		
Total, Central Circle			10,390		3,28,454		852		31,022	*****	3,70,718		
SOUTHERN CIRCLE,						-		-					
Ramboog	1	00 =0 :							• •	1 .			
Grass and grazing		96,584	(a)11,71 $294$	2 5,629,733	65,484 75,740	84,220	398			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	77,594		
Harda, Shikgekai. Cinnamo	n.	• ••	204	'	21,780	* ***	2,245			•••	78,279		
Honey, Wax, Nuxvomic Ramphal and Rampatri.	a,			· .		ļ <b>**</b>	"	***	• •••	******	22,077		
Quarrying fees		****	(6) 297		6,927	1	-			Į.			
Tapping fees		****		•••	1,367	•••	703		•••		7,630		
Tali palm trees Baini trees	1	4.	•••	•••	3,168	***	1,104		***	144-74	1,36 <b>7</b> 4,272		
Quant Amoun			•••	,•••	291	•••	***	•••	<b></b>	*****	291		
Fali palm leaves	1 - "	****		***	641	•••	•••	***	•••	*****	1		
	. 1		į	i i	184	***	***	. ***	***	*****	641		
Tamuri lagrage			***	•••		***	***	440		*****	194		
Fenuri leaves		**** **** ****			1,835	***	•••	***	***	*****	184 1,835		

⁽a) Of this Rs. 10,229 is the estimated value of 73,690 bamboos exploited for war supplies from Kanara, N. D. and W. D. (b) Estimated value of 7 khandis 8½ maunds harda departmentally collected in Kanara, E. D.

			·	•	Pro	DUCE REMO	VED OR UTI	LIZED.		•	
P	escription of Produce.	By Gove		By pure	hasers.	By free	grantees.	By right	-holders.	, ,	otal.
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	71
80	UTHERN CIRCLE— continued.		Rg.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
Soppi ma	u (green leaves for mure).	. •••	100		9	•••		***		*****	9
Mang Cas	goes, Jack Truits and shew fruits and leaves.	***	***	*****	8	. •••	61	***	. 148	- *****	61
Bori :	fruits	•••	•••	*****	15 23		,	•••	1=1	*****	15 23
Undi	seeds	***	***	******	27 •	141	. •••	140	***	*****	27
	al sced divi seed	•••	***	455148	1,314		••• ,	•••	***	*****	1,314
	nja secd	•••	60	******	70 <b>24</b> 9	***		***	144	*****	70 309
Bábu	l pods	•••	•••	169444	397	***	,,,		***	*****	897
	dung	***	***	*****	25 <b>1</b> 32	. 141	***	***		******	25 132
oaga Boap		***	÷***	****	78	***	***		448	10000	1 132 78
	dra pit	***	*44	*****	155		***	•••	•••	*****	158
Lanti	ana	•••	100	*****	92		•••	•••	***	••••	92
	dy pear m grass	***	***	*****	' 35 422	***	***	100	***	*****	35 422
itake		***	194,	******	98	***	27	***	***	10000	125
Creep	pers	***.	***	******	32	100	4		***	***	36
Chori Jum	•	***	202	******	- 303 - 100	•••	101	• • • •	···· •	*****	j 303 j 302
	lurbi	•••	202	******	706	***	923	***	***	*****	706
Carw	ad bark	***	***		13,235	****	***,	•••	•••	*****	13,235
Shige	e bark	•••	***		99	***	***	***	101	**,***	99 29
shem Sanes	nbi bark	***	***		29 668	***	2		***	******	670
kins	s and horns	***	140	600144	7	***	***	****	•••	*****	7
Misce	ellaneous	***		*****	47				•••	******	47
To	tal, Southern Circle	•••	.12,565	******	1,95,789	•••	4,514	***	.444	*****	2,12,898
	SIND CIRCLE.	М. з.		-							
i	Vegetables, fruit and flowers.		98	546988	*****	***	•••	•••	* •••		93
	Rahuja garden contract.		193	78888	*****	144	`	145		*****	190 · 6
	Babul seed Juari grass	6 0 3 cart	6 4	101 41	*****	101	***	***	***	*****	4.
- 1	•	loads.	- 50	*.	•	""					
į	Sur-reed Lopping of Bahan Babul	•••	***	Contract. 645	1,72 <b>7</b> 33	***	194	***	***		1,727 33
Į	and Kandi branches.  Babul pod contract	100	•••	Contract.	1,310						1,310
	Kanh grass	]	•••	217 bundles.	· 14		***	***	***	•••••	14 19
- 1	Dubh grass	•••	***	303 bundles. Contract.	19 <b>4</b> 50	. ···	***	***	4 14	*****	450
اي	Pabunand Bih contract. Date fruit		***	Contract.	45U 3	***	100	141	***	*****	3
Sukkar	Mango fruit of Dicken-	***	•••	Contract.	310	***	•••		***	*****	310
Sa	son Forest. Value of seed recovered from Maldars.		,	89 maunds.	89		•••	***	•	•••	89
1	Bark •••		•••	0.000 100 10	5	***	***	•••	***		.5 1
i	Sur grass	• •••	•••	2 cart lords. 168 head loads	1 11	•••	***	100	***	*****	. 11
1	Chabar grass Jaw brushwood		***	39 head loads.	3	20 loads.	1	***	•••	*****	4
ļ	Jaw brushwood	1 .		20 cart loads.	15				100	•••••	15 2
	Sar reed	•••		3 head loads.	2 1	* ***	•••		***	******	· 1
- 1	Babul leaves Value of after growth		***	23 800184	10	***	***	***		*****	10
Į	Grazing			*****	13,748	•••	392		2,592		13,732
	Total	111	298	2	17,751		393		2,592		21,034
r	Babul pods	•••	. 100	Contract.	1,815	•••	•••	•••	•••	*****	1,815° 870
1	Kana Eur	•••	• •••	Do. Do.	870 40	•••	***		***	*****	40
ای	Kanh grass bundles	* ***	***	100	4444.	150	9		•••		9
Lérkána.	Ber fruit	•••	***	•••	- <b>12</b>	•••	***	•••	•••		4
<u> </u>	Date fruit	•••	•••	100 bales.	4. 6	•••	•••	***	•••	100 bales.	6
нİ	Manure Babul seed	•••	***	20 mds.	. 40		•••	•••		20 mds.	40 6
1	Kandi branches		***	Nos. 128.	8 6 001	***	₃₁ 7	***	809	128 Nos.	8,117
Į	Grazing		· • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6,991		326	<del></del>	· 809	<del></del> -}	10,921
	Total	•••			9,786	•••	<i>02</i> 0	***	QV <b>Q</b>		,

^{*}This is exclusive of Rs. 46,482 on account of Sandalwood shown under Government Agency and Rs. 15,000, Rs. 1,80,000 and Rs. 3,00,387 on account of Bamboos, Minor Forest Produce and Grazing shown under Privilege holders in the statement in Chapter II, Section V (c) outturn and sources of forest produce.

D 15-34

Form No. 20.—Outturn of Minor Forest Produce during the year 1916-1917—concluded.

				•	Produc	E REMOVED	OR UTILIZ	ED.	<b>.</b> _		
I	Oceaription of Produce.	By Gove		By pure	chasers.	By free-	grantees.	By right	-holders.	T	ota <b>L</b>
•.	•	Quantity	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	1	2	3	4 .	, 5	6	7	8	9.	10	11
•	SIND CIRCLE— continued.	Mds. s.	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	Mds. s.	Rs.
	Vegetables of Miari garden bungalow. Fruit of Miani Bunga	i .	9	*******	B10***	•••	105		•••		9
1	low garden. Juari produced in Bun-	,	4	*****	*****	***	***	140		******	10
	galow garden. Karbi grass in Bunga- low garden.	100 bundles.	10	*****	******	***		***		*****	10
bad.	Fruit of Miani Mango garden.	Contract.	165		849749	***	100	***	•••	* .	165
H gderabad.	Do. Kathri Devi	Do.	251	******	6pg +++	•••		•••	*48	*** **	251
Ħ	Babul pods Lac Kanh and Sur grass Jaw brushwood Lopping of babul, and	449	. 414	Do. Do. 166 bundles.	12,447 10,575 521 10	8.04 9.06 . 800	*** *** ***	•••	•••	****** ****** ******	12,447 10,575 521 10
·	kandi branches. Grazing		. ***	Nos. 3,193	9,994	•••	1,339		99		271 11,432
	Total	***	<b>4</b> 49	••••	33,818	•••	1,339		99	******	. 85,705
Jerrnok.	Babul and kandi pods Sur and Kanh grass Lac contract. Mango fruit	***	1,660	Contract.	1,875 95 6,525	•••	•••	•••	•••	******* ******	3,5?5 95 6,025
Je	Sale of kamo creeper Babul seed		56	, 400eee 640000 844000	40	***	•••	•••		- ******	- <b>3</b> 40
•	Grazing	***		20000	7,217	•••	1,094	<b></b>	359	*****	8,670
	Total	***	1,716	*****	15,755	•••	1,094		309	******	18,921
	Total, Sind Circle		2,463		77,110	<u></u>	3,152		3,859	*****	80,584
_	GRAND TOTAL	•••	30,415	Differe	7,72,420	***	9,631	•••	4,48,013	******	12,60,479

FORM No. 21.—Account of Timber and other Produce cut or collected by Government Agency and brought to Depôts, sold locally, or otherwise disposed of during the year 1916-1917.

	<del>,~</del>								•		
Name of Division or Range.	Balance at commence ment of the year in Forest and Sale Depôts.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in hand at close of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Name of Division or Range.	Balanco at commence ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Receive during the year	Total.	Dispose of during the year	the year
1	2	3	4	8	6	1	2	8	4	-  <u>-</u>	6.
, NORTHERN CIRCLE.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	0, R,	C. ft	. C. f	t. C. ft.	C. ft.
Panch Mahais Surat North Thana West Thana East Thana North Násik South Násik Sub-division		2.807 60,347 31,483 3,105 6,276	2,807 87,565 82,058 3,115 5,270 7,501	2,507 53,303 17,115 2,308 5,278	31,202 14,943 807	Kánara, Northern Division—  Teak Blackwood Junglowood	358,481 55,416 43,870	(a)280,78 14,25 68,91	6 69,67	2 14.727	54,945
Total, Timber	29,089	1,09,233	138,322	88,370	40,052	Total	455,767	363,95	0 819,71	7 471,544	849,173
Fuel.	-	-,00,200	100,022	65,310	10,002	Ranara, Eastern Division—				-	-
Panch Mahals Surat North Thana West Thana East Thana	12,150 103	7 960 12,037 10,160 9,040 4 360	7,960 24,787 16,263 9,040 4,360	7,960 18,523 13,960 9,040 4,360	6,264 2,303	Tenk Blackwond Junglewood	105,930 1,161 8,817	(a)162,37 1,68 46,84	7 2,84	8 720	2,122
West Nasik Sub-division		17,712	18,272	2,592	16,680	Total	115,939	210,608	326,83	8 199,969	126,887
Total, Fuel	12,813	67,869	80,682	56,435	24,217	Winner Control To 1	<del>,</del>				
Minor Forest Produce.  Panch Maháls Surat West Thána East Thána	Rs. 5,258	Re. 60 1,908 1,152 1,587	Rs. 60 7,168 1,152 1,587	Rs. 5,261	Rs. 60 1,905 1,152	Kanara, Central Division—  Teak Blackwood	62,010 8,153 <b>73,</b> 632	116,638 7,260 136,978	10,41	3 5,650	4,753
Total, Minor Forest	***				1,541	Total	138,795	269,778	399,56	9 296,040	103,522
produce  Total, Northern Circle	5,258 C. ft.	4,707 C. ft.	9,965 O. ft.	6,307 C. ft.	-4,658 C. ft.	Kánara, Southern Division—		-	- <del> </del>		
Total, Automora on the	41,902 + Rs. 5,258	177,102 + Rs. 4,707	219,004 Rs. 9,965	144,805 + Rs. 5,307	71,199 + Rs. 4,658	Teak Junglewood Total	6,263 6,531	327	-	2,455	4,515 4,423 8,968
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	· · ·					Total in	12,014	-		9,203	
Timber.			`		,	Kánara, Western Division—	T E09	Pagra	77,833	40.010	38.43
East Khándesh North Khándesh Kolaba Poona	1,235 173 56	291 428 246 7,161	1,526 426 419 7,217	1,203 426 303 6,894	\$23 *** 116 \$23	Teak Blackwood Junglewood	1,593 251 9,069	76,250 1,321 83,595	1 572 97,604	747	17,435 825 60,783
Sátára ••• •••	·	2,694	2,084	2,694		Total	10,003	166,166	177,069	89,976	88,093
Total	1,464	10,808	12,272	11,510	762	Belgaum Division—					1
Firewood.  East Khandesh  North Khandesh  Kolaba	90 29 4,951	24,570 340 60,946	24,650 369 65,897	24,650 340 55,380	29	Teak Blackwood Junglewood	728 116 678	13,916 1,782 78,141	14,544 1,407 79,819	600	7,149 807 7,078
Kolaba Poona Satera	8,089 85,250	129,964 127,100	138,052 162,350	127,212 129,633	30,840 32,717	Total	1,521	91,249	95,770	80,736	15,031
Total	49,398	342,920	391,318	337,215	54,103	Dhárwár—Bijápur Division					
Minor Forest Produce.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	· Rs.	Teak	(a) 3,076	1,274	1,274	1,274	*11
West Khandesh North Khandesh Kolaba Poona	400 000 010 110	2,182 2,764 16 5,245 - 185	2,182 2,764 16 5,245 185	2,182 2,764 16 5,245 182	   3	Total Total, Southern Circle—	(a) 3,976	1,274	1,274	1,274	***
Total	<del></del>	10,392	10,892	10,380		Teak Blackwood	60,096	25,816	1,191,027 85,912	815,056 22,460	868,371 63,452
Ramine Fodder			·			Junglewood	739,744	(a)	1 893 405	304,632	258,834
(arrears from 1915-16). West Khandesh	***	61,725	61,725	64,735 1,045		Total Timber		-3.976	1,893,405	1,142,743	690,057
Kolaba	***	65,770	65,770	65,770		Kánara, Eastern Division Kánara, Southern do Kánara, Western do	100 40,367 265,333		160 291,416 1,165,686	100 132,450 935,795	149,960 199,831
Total, Central Circle	C. 1t. 49,862 +	C. ft. 358,728 +	C, ft. 403,590	C. it. 348,725 +	C. ft. 54,865	Belgaum Division Dhárwár-Bijápur Division	472,117 2,341	5,531	3,420,145 7,925	2,630,568 7,470	760,577 475
	Rs.	Rs. 76,162	Rs. 76,162	Rs. 76,159	Rs. 3	Total	780,258	£,115,01£	4,695,272	3,776,360 1	,110,903
(a) 9 978 c. ft. tenk of Di	árwár-Bijá	pur being	trausferred	partly to	Kánara, No	rthern and partly to Kánara, E	astern, the	material s	ands inclu	ded in the fi	gures of

⁽a) 3,976 c. ft. teak of Dhárwar-Bijápur being transferred partly to Kánara, Northern and partly to Kánara, Eastern, the material stands included in the figures of those Divisions.

FORM No. 21.—Account of Timber and other Produce cut or collected by Government Agency and brought to Depôts, sold locally, or otherwise disposed of during the year 1916-1917—concluded.

•		_				·					
Name of Division or Range	Balance at commence- ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in hand at close of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Name of Division or Bange.	Balance at commence- ment of the year in Forests and Sale Depôts.	Received during the year.	Total.	Disposed of during the year.	Balance in hand at close of the year in Forest and Sale Depôts.
1	2	3	4	5	6.	1	2	8	4	5	6
SCUTHERN CIRCLE	Rs.	Rs.	Re.	Rs.	Rs.	SIND CIRCLE.	C, ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.
Bomboos.		1	ļ	]		Timber.				<u> </u>	
Kanara, Northern						Sukkur	750	1,566	2,325	1,952	873
DivisionValue Kánara, Eastern	•••	<b>3,</b> 156.	2,156	***	2,156	Lárkána 🛶 🐝	93	640	733	640	93
Division Kanara, Western	- 40	299	299	299	***	Hyderabad	128	414	542	800	242
Division Belgaum Division	***	8,638 618	8,639 619		8,073	Jerrack	800400	8,498	8,498	5,855	2,613
TotalValue		11,712	11,712	1,493	10,229						
Sandelwood.				<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>	Total	0,080	12,118	12,098	8,747	3,351
Kinara, Northern DivisionValue		4,124	4,124	4,124						<u> </u>	
Kanara, Eastern		12,00)	12,0.0		1	Fuel.					
Kanara, Central		(c) 6,719	6,719	12,000	***	Sukkur	500	39,797	40,357	40,074	283
Kanara, Southern	, ··· ,	4,961	4,963	6,719	15	Lárkána	22,300	83,660	55,960	50,960	5,000
Belgaum Division " Dharwar-Bilapur Di-	2,090	6,121	8,121	4,951 7,716	405	Hyderabad	25,822	44,381	70,208	33,235	30,968
vision *** **	•••	11,072	11,072	10,972	100	Jerruck	2,000	171,546	179,546	160,146	13,400
TotalValue	2,005	44,997	47,002	46 452	520	1				•	
Minor Forest Produce.										-	<del> </del>
Kánara, Eastern DivisionValue		807		ľ	433.00-	'Total	50,682	289,384	340,068	284,415	55,661
DivisionValue Beigaum Division Dharwar-Bijapur Di-	510	297 126	297 638	(8) 620	(b) 297 16		<del></del>	ļ———	<del></del>		
vision		202	202	202		Minor Forest Produce,	Rs.	Re.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Value	510	625	1,135	822	313	Sukkur Value	312	380	692	473	- 219
Drift and waif wood and				<u> </u>		Lárkána ",	240	1,034	1,274	1,151	128
confiscated Forest Produce.	-		ļ			Hyderabad	6	1,206	1,272	1,240	32
Kanara, NorthernValue Kanara, Eastern	. •••	5	5	, . 5	•••	Jerruck ,,	140	1,282	1,422	1,212	160
Division		ì	] 3	1							
Division	(c) 22	8	3	3		TotalValue	693	8,162	4,660	4 700	
Kanara, Bouthern		65	85	65				<b></b>		4,106	. 584
Kánara, Western Division		71	71	71	] } ••• ,	-	C. ft.	C. ft.	C. ft.	C 4	
Felgaum Division Dhárwár-Bijápur Di-	70	9	79	79	· •••	Total, Sind Circle	51,602	300,502 +	352,164	C. ft. 203,162	C. ft. 69,002
visien Ratnágiri Division ,,	***	27	27 8	27 3		·	Re. 693	Rs. 8,962	+ Rs. 4,660	Rs.	Re.
.Total	92	184	254	251	*117				=,000	4,106	501
Total, Southern Circle	C. ft. 1,520,002	C. ft. 5,203,675	C. ft. 6,728,677	C. ft. 4,919,117	C. ft. 1,869,580		C. it.	C. ft.	C. ft.	O. ft.	C. ft.
	+ Rs.	+ Rs.	+ Rs.	+ Re.	1,000,000 + Rs.	GBAND TOTAL	1,663,428	6,040,107 +	7,708,535	5,705,902 +	1,007,626
	2,607	57,436	60,103	49,041	.11,062		Ra. 8,563	Rs. 1,42,327	Rs. 1,50,890	Re. 1,34,613	18g, 16,277
منوسندان ندرس مسجد	<u>                                       </u>	·	l		l			]		-,,,	] ^~,-′′

⁽b) Includes Rs. 266, value of grass written off.

⁽c) Rs. 22 stands included in Rs. 6,719.

#### APPENDICES.

FORM No. 22.—Abstract showing the value of Timber and other Produce at Sale Depôts for the year 1916-1917.

, <del></del>			for the	year 191	6-1917.				
Description of Timber	On hani	O AT COMME	NCEMENT	On han	TD AT CLOSE YEAR.	OF THE	DIFFER		
and other Forest Produce.	No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Remarks.
1	2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NORTHERN CIRCLE,		-	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Timber.			-	•		; 			
Surat	***	21,218 575 10 7,286	24,095 175 25 200	*** *** ***	34,202 14,943 807	43,778 2,500 1,614	***	•••	-
Total, Timber		29,089	21,495	***	49,952	47,892	23,397		
Fuel.					, .				
Sorat South Nasik	•••	12,150 103 560	1,556 50 42	***	6,264 2,303 15,680	1,279 230 436	•••	***	
Total, Fuel		12,813	1,648	***	24,217	1,945	297		•
Panch Mahals Surat West Thana	•••	***	5,258	***	***	60 1,905 1,152 1,541	***	*** *** ***	
Total, Minor Forest Produce	***		5,258	•••		4,658		<u> </u>	
Total, Northern Circle	•••		31,401	. ***		54,495	23,094	<del></del>	
CENTRAL CIRCLE. Timber.	. ,								
East Khándesh Kolába Poona	1,297 57 25	1,235 173 56	356 63 3	241 16 143	116	83 36 33		···	
Total, Timber •••	1,379	1,464	422	400	762	152		270	
Firewood.  East Khándesh	4 1 	80 29 4,951 8,088 35,250	12 10 1,818 505 2,150	•••	29 10,517 10,640 32,717	10 1,340 677 1,612	•••	**************************************	
Total, Firewood	5	48,398	4,495	•••	54,103	3,639		856	*
Mhowra.  West Khindesh  North Khindesh		Lbs. 7,073 15,798	300 300	•••	Lbs. 191,56 <b>7</b> 39,717	4,789 745	•••	•••	
Total, Mhowra	145	22,871	600		231,284	5,534	4,934	•••	`
Seeds.  East Khandesh  Poona Satara	Kh. 3 16	Mds. 19 18	Lbs. 27 26 25	Kh. 1 7 7	Mds. 20 1 21	Lbs. 18 0 14	••• •••	 	
Total, Seeds	21	6	21	16	15	4	•••		
Total, Central Circle	•••	700	5,517	***	· !	9,825	3,808	. ***	<u> </u>

FORM No. 22.—Abstract showing the value of Timber and other Produce at Sale Depôts for the year 1916-1917—concluded.

				AT COMMEN F THE YEAR.		On han	D AT CLOSE (	OF THE	Differe Valt		
Description and other	of Timber Produce.		No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	No.	Cubic feet.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Remarks.
	i	-  - 	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	N CIRCLE,		-		Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Tcak Blackwood Junglewood	COU 100	•••	131,982 4,051 5,606	536,971 60,096 142,677	8,70,167 43,942 1,17,949	140,891 5,366 40,560	868,371 63,452 258,834	7,75,611 56,604 2,69,038	12,6 <b>6</b> 2 1,51,089	94,556	
T	otal, Timber	•••	141,639	739,744	10,32,058	186,817	690,657	11,01,253	69,195	•••	
Fuel		•	•••	7,80,258	50,985	•••	1,118,903	71,855	20,870		Ì
Camboos	Va	lue.	***	ļ — <u></u>	•••	•••	•••	10,229	10.229		
Eandalwood	V	due.			2.005	***		520	•	1,485	
Minor Forest I	Produce Va	Iue.		<b></b>	510	144	***	313		197	}
Confiscated Fo	rest Produce	•••			92	***		•••		92	
Total, Son	athern Circle	•••	***		10,85,650	100	***	11,84,170	98,520		1
	CIRCLE.	.								•	
$T_i$ Babul logs	imber.		21	107	26	28	100	<b>^</b>			
Kandi logs	*** 548	**	71	213	40	65	108	27	•••	***	
Asri logs	•	***	76	192	24		177	83	•••	***	
Jaw rafters	140 140		340	181	42	2	. 4	1	***	•••	
Bahan posts		••		`l _	<u> </u>	513	266	60	. ***	•••	
Banan posts Kandi cart ax	leg"	***		15	4	46	46	12	•••	•••	
Randi cart ax Babul cart axi	•	•••	1		. 449	. *** ;	•••	•••		.48	
Babui cart axi Kandi stakes		***	_	7.	2	4.	4	1	•••	***	
Bahan logs	***	***	- 4 - 9c	2	110	444	•••	•••		* ***	*
Bahan Varas	444	••	26	78	. 19	13	39	9	••••	***	
Lai props	•••	·	.8	3	1	. 2	6	2	•••	***	
Kandi props		•••	. 8   26	24	3	***	•••		•••	***	
Lai Manghas	•••	• • •		1	-15	•••	•••	•••	Pag .		
Kandi Varas	***	•••	80		2	80		1		, ··· •	
Lai Varas	***	***	4. 9	12	3	3	9	3			
Timber pieces Babul props		***	***	27	- 3	87		348	•	•••	
	Fotal, Timber	***	689	980	184	846	- <del></del>	3	***		
•			·	-	10*	040	3,351	500	316		
	and Charcoal	•	Mds.			Mds.		-		<u> </u>	
Loco-fuel Firewood	*** ***	961 961	130	49,805 877	1,66 <b>6</b> 25	 1,181	47,680 7,971	1,344 76	•••	100	
	Total, Fuel	•••	130	50,682	1,691	1,181	·	1,420		271	
Minor Fo	rest Produce.	,	Mds,				,				
Babul, Kandi s	nd other seed		934	•••	697	688		554			
Jam brushwoo		•••	20		1			994	•••	***	
/81.4.1	Total	ı	954		698	688	,	554	•••	144	
	, Sind Circle		***		2,578	•••		2,474		99	
Gi	BAND TOTAL	•	* •••	***	11,25,141	***	***	12,50,464	1,25,823		,

FORM No. 23.—Abstract showing the value of Live and Dead Stock for the year 1916-17.

Description of Time and D. 1 Ct. 1	ON HAND A	THE YEAR.		IAND AT F THE YEAR.	DIFFERENCE	IN VALUE.	
Description of Live and Dead Stock.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Remarks.
1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8
NORTHERN CIRCLE.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Live Stock.							
Bullocks	3	294	3	294			
Dead Stock.	·	<del></del>	,	<del></del>			•
Buildings	284	2,97,153	289	<b>3,14,</b> 510	17,857	•••	-
Copying machines	. 8	•	. 8	•••	•••		ı
Cyclostyles	7	199	7	100	•••	•••	
Carts Hay presses	7   111	133	111	133	•••	•••	
Steel wire ropes	12	•••	12	441	10.0	•••	
Stores, tools, plant and office furniture		63,987	•••	65,715	1,728		
Typewriters, Empire	3	600	• 3	600	•••		
Remington Typewriter Tents and rahutis	$\begin{bmatrix} & 6 \\ 34 \end{bmatrix}$	4,400	6 <b>3</b> 4	4,400	***	•••	
Total, Dead Stock	472	3,66,273	477	3,85,358	19,085	•••	
Total, Northern Circle	475	3,66,567	480	3,85,652	19,085	* 64.0	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.							
Dead Stock.			Live	Stock-Nil.		-	.•.
Buildings	147	1,71,724	148	1,71,924	.200	•••	
Tents	8	2,138	8	2,135	•••	3	
Rahutis (Kabul pal fan)	27	2,172	27	2,170		. 2	•
Tools, plant and office furniture	•••	34,598	•••	34,339	•••	259	
Remington Typewriters		•••	7*	•••	•••		* Correct figure given.
Empire Do	2	•••	4*		***	•••	
Copying machines	5	••••	5	•••			•
Cyclostyles	5	•••	5		•••	•••	
Boat with fittings	1	1,371	1	1,371	•••		•
Boon furniture	•••	700	•••	650		50	
Total, Dead Stock	204	2,12,703	205	2,12,589	200	314	
Total, Central Circle	204	2,12,703	205	2,12,589		114	

FORM No. 23.—Abstract showing the value of the Live and Dead Stock for the year 1916-17—concluded.

-	ON HAND AT	COMMENCE-	On hand A	r Close Ybab.	DIFFERE VAL		Remarks.
Description of Live and Dead Stock.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	In favour of the year.	Against the year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Live Stock.				0045		7	· 1
Buffaloes and bullocks	57	2,952	60	2,945			·
Total, Live Stock	57	2,95	60	2,945	•••	-7	
Dead Stock.	00.0	0.00.91	4 365	2,96,334	L	5,980	Value of Saw-mills
Buildings ••• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	392	2,21	2 9	1,969	)\	303	and other machinery Rs. 42,160 hitherto
Rahutis	. 22	1,83	8 22	1,838	3	1,579	wrongly included in (a) is now reparatel
10020 preze and other	1	(a) 47,92	2 1	46,34	·	1,075	shown, vide item
		1	2		•••	***	marked (b).
T) II	)	7   •••	7	•••	•••	•••	
	38		8 2 <b>39</b>	2,068	3	94	
0	•••	13		133	3 ·		
m' .1.		12		379	250	•••	(c) 2 Saw-mills in Kanara, N. D.
Iron safes			$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\}$ 10	678	···	₩#+	
20 1 1 1	<u>.</u>	25,38		25,382	2	•••	,
g '11 (g)		2 (b)40,77		38,73	46,932	2,039	(d) Saw-mills newl
-, -		•	(d) 3	46,93	<b>د</b> اءَ		purchased— 1 for Kanara, E. D.
T17' 11	•••	1 (b) 1,20		1,14	0	60	1 for Kanara, C. D.
Δ1 .1 387!			50 1	4	7	3	I for Kanara, W. D.
Total, Dead Stock	49	6 4,24,78	478	4,62,82	_	-  <del></del> -	
Total, Southern Circle	55	3 4,27,78	538	4,65,76	6 38,027	•••	
SIND CIRCLE.  Live Stock.	9						
Bullocks			16 11 30 <b>31</b>			•••	
Camels	•••			1,36	<u> </u>	_	_
Total, Live Stock  Dead Stock.	4	3 1,4	06 42	1,60	6 200	-	_
Buildings	9	6 47,7	64 92	47,74	3		
Tents		4 2,9	54 14	2,95	4	•••	1
Stores, Mathematical Tools, plant and office furniture	2,53					•••	•
Remington Typewriters	400	5	6		•••	•••	
Empire Typewriters		1	•••	•••	•••	••••	
Copying machine Iron safes	••	1 2				•••	
Miscellaneous	52					•••	_].
Total, Dead Stock	3,81	6 71,5	<b>4</b> ,029	72,40	836	•••	
Total, Sind Circle	3,85	9 72,9	70 4,071	74,00	1,036	3	
GRAND TOTAL	5,08	1 10,79,9	79 5,294	11,38,0	-  13  58,0 <del>3</del> 4	b	

FORM No. 24.

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

		LOKM 140. 54.	Dieneman 3 vy	venue and Expe	
Budget Head.	Direction.	North Théna Division.	West Thána Division.	East Thána. Division.	North Nasik Division.
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Rg. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. c. p.
REVENUE.  L-Timber and other					
Produce removed from the Forests by			220 - 0	1,819 6 0	****
Gocernment Agency— a. Timber b. Firewood and	- 44-100	6,276 9 0	239- 5 0 719- 6 0	109 1 0	7 12 0
charcoal	900 cts gages#	187 12 0 3 8 0	****	45 13. 6	2010 A
d Sandalwood	******	po.006	******		******
minor produce	******	100.00	*****		
Total, I	410,000	5,465 13 0	932 11 0	1,474 4 4	7 12 0
II.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by		·	· · ·		
Consumers or Pur- chasers—		7,76,773 2 3	3,32,851 13 10	2,73,751 7 3	10,906 \$ 0
a. Timber and	907 84 0	803 7 10	2,236 14 6	174 10 6	5,456 15 0
c. Bamboos	327 6 0 0 12 0	10,623 11 0	2,238 0 6	1,016 18 6	124 0 0
d. Grazing and fod- der grass c. Other minor pro-	72 10 0	6,056 12 0	2,690 8 0	3,973 15 10	40,262 2 0
duce	29 10 0	301 10 0	6,700 11 8	4,134 0 5	6,501 5 3
g. Commutation	******		eriems	100 ata	444.445
Total, II	429 6 0	7,94,858 11 1	3,45,447 11 6	2,83,031 5 5	63,253 9 8
III. Drift and Wolf Wood and Confiscat.					
ed Forest Produce	800	4 7 6	23 5 8	100 400	158 11 9
Total, III	3 0 0			41004	
IV.—Revenue from Porests not managed by Government—		•			
d. Duty on foreign timber and other forest produce	### PP	******	234105	******	ngeedda
b. Revenue from shared and pri- vate Forests	• }	******	1,546 10 0	10 6 2	******
Total, IV		110-110	1,215 10 0	70 8 2	444 100
V.—Miscellanomu—		`	,	,	
e. Pines and forfei		463 12 5	202 9 0	1,330 5 0	' 3±9 0 0
s. Refunds		3,883 0 6	149 13 2 8,162 11 4	42 0 3 3,270 6 0	4,079 0 d
Total, V	906 10 0	4,589 13 11	8,535 1 6	4,643 11 2	5,007 9 0
Grand Total, Revenue	1,339 0 0	8.04,418 18 6	3,51,174 5 8	2,89,208 13 1	68,427 10 0
- Expenditure.					
A.—COMBERVANCE AND WORKS.				, .	
1.—Timber and other Produce remove	#			}	
from the Forests b. Government Agency	<u> </u>	8,677 10 3	627 4 8	175 8 0	Ţ
a. Timber b. Firewood and	d	6 15 0	170 6 0	1	******
charcoal c. Bamboos d. Sandalwood	, ,	1,713 10 6	*******	116 3 6	010 001 010 000 011 000
e. Grass and other minor produce:	** ***********************************	,	*******	*******	0 10 0
Total, A-I	<u> </u>	4,798 8 9	997 10 8	291 9 6	0 10 0
Il. Timber and other					] -
Froduce remove from the Forests b	e l		}	Į.	1
Consumers or Pus	83 8 0	7,027 Đ 9	4,167 9 7	8,481 11 4	218 13 10
Total, A-II .	96 8 0	7,027 9 9	4,167 9 7	. 3,481 11 4	215 13 10
~~~~, <del>~~</del> .		}			
III—Drift and Wa Wood and Confisca	Į- į	******	0 10 0]]]] [] []	
III.—Drift and Wa	t-	******	0 10 0	1 15 0	**************************************
III.—Drift and Wo Wood and Confisca ed Forest Product . Total, A-III . IV.—Revenue fro Forests not manage	491 000 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.	·	·	
III.—Drift and Wo Wood and Confuca ed Forest Product. Total, A-III IV.—Revenue from Forests not manage by Government— a, Duty On foreig	i	.	·	·	
III.—Drift and Wo Wood and Confuse ed Forest Produce. Total, A-III . IV.—Revenue from Forests not manage by Government—a, Duty on foreig timber and other forest produce. b. Revenue from	2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	.	·	·	
III.—Drift and Wo Wood and Confisca ed Forest Product . Total, A-III . IV.—Revenue from Forests not manage by Government— a. Duty on forest timber and othe forest produce.	7-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	0075400	0 10 0	1 15 0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

different Divisions for the forest year 1916-1917.

South Nasik Division.	Násik Sub- Division.	Surat Division.	Panch Maháls Division,	Working Plans Division.	Direction Famine Fodder Division.	Total for the forest year 1916-1917.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Ra. a. p
-		`,				
934 10 8	411100	1,16,093 3 4	1,712 4 0	001100		
1 01 8 9	100 440 1 911111	1,167 8 7	******		.004116	2,292 11 4
270 0 0	70 0 0	30 0 0 4,948 11 9	404000	******	******	48 5 4 870 0 0
. 1,306 3 5	11:em	419.10	******	*****	641 14 0	4,948 11 9 641 14 0
. 1,000 0 0	70 0 0	1,22,239 2 8	1,712 4 0		641 14 0	1,33,840 0 5
	- - -		1.			•
1,05,304 15 0	150	69,890 15 7	1,27,602 7 6		-	16,86,783 5 4
2,119 9 6 6,805 1 9	785 12 0 61 4 0	29 8 0 10,882 12 11	-603 13 8 1,535 12 11	*****		12.894 n 7
34,578 12 9	396 15 0	2,335 1 0	8,134 15 6		. 409,000	33,348 4 7
7,556 10 6	1,061 15 6	3,796 7 9	10,131 5 7	914108		98,501 7 1 39,216 2 8
*****	410 ₄₁₀	********	411-15	******	******	*****
1,56,365 1 6	2,307 3 6	76,934 13 3	1,48,008 6 9		******	18,70,186 4 3
•						
169 10 9	24 0 6	13 12 0	610	. •••••	*****	401 14 9
169 10 9	24 0 8	13 12 0	6 1 0	44	*****	401 14 9
		-u				
700+46 ·	140 ses	*40*45	100 404			
	. •	58 O 3]	!!!***
******	*****	56 0 3		******		1,313 2 5
	· . · · · · · · · · · ·					
1,203 4 0 23 6 8 2,364 8 5	74 6 0 18 12 0 1,562 10 2	462 5 3 . 380 14 5 1,570 • 7 5	232 3 6 5 11 8 8,094 15 0	- 000313' 016499 056194	411 MJ	4,296 13 2 869 11 1 29,513 8 10
- 3,595 14 1	1,655 12 2	2,4(3 11 1	8,932 14 2	******		31,68) 1 1
1,01,436 13 9	4,057 0 2	2,01,657 7 8	1,5 8,059 9 11	******	641 14 0	20,40,421 6 11
		•				. :
23 0 0	10000	44,230 12 1	681 1 0	******	*****	49,620 2 0
243 2 4	\$00 640 375 649	630 6 0 - 74 2 0	60-114 000116	******	*****	1,049 13 4 1,304 0 0
******		4,134 11 0	21 2 2	estant.	******	4,500 7 0
410 0 0 680 2 4	******	49,039 15 1	702 3 0			50,540 6 4
						,
į	4 5 9	4,628 10 9	1,902 0 11	- 808100		24,185 4 0
9.39 0	a ()	7,020 20 0	1,902 0 11		******	21,185 4 0
3 12 0	4 5 9	4,628 10 9	*,502 0 **			
	4 5 9	4,628 10 9				
	4 5 9	4,628 10 9			211000 ,	11 7 0
3 12 0					******	11 7 0
3 12 .0	,,,,,,	4 0 0	080			
3 12 .0		4 0 0	080			11 7 0
3 12 .0	,,,,,,	4 0 0	080		*****	

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

	•	FORM No. 24.	-Summary of 1	levenue ona Exp	
Budget Heads.	; Direction.	North Thána Division.	West Thana Division.	Easr Thána Division	North Násik Division.
EXPENDITURE—con- tinued. A.—Conservanor and Works—continued.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
V.—Rent of leased Forests and Payments to Share- holders in Forests manag- ed by Government	******			306 8 9	3,875 4 4
Total, A-V	******	*****		306 8 0	3,875 4 4
VILive-Stock, Stores,					-
Tools and Plant— a. Purchase of cattle	aproba		100 704	Dideog	419***
b. Feed and keep of cattle c. Purchase of stores,	*****	* 200.000	*****		
tools and plant	545 10 1	65 12 0	55 4 0	148 9 0	14144
Total, A-VI	545 10 1	55 12 0	55 4 0	148 9 0	
VII.—Communications and Buildings—			-		
a. Roads and bridges b. Buildings c. Other works	115-48 642-18 640-18	3,727 7 2 13,418 0 11 4)4 14 6	1,007 13 9 350 13 3 43 12 0	2,3 ⁸ 9 9 9 269 0 9 43 2 0	904449
Total, A-VII 🚥	******	17,550 6 7	1,402 7 0	2,250 12 6	44444
VIII.—Organization, Im- provement and Extension of Forest—					
a. Demarcation b. Cost of Forest Settle- ments and Compen- sation for land and	- 496.44 ₀ -	451 5 0	501 12 3	831 1 3	109 0 6
rights o. Surveys	*****	20 12 7	10 8 0	17 0 8	******
d. Working plans e. Sowing and planting	98 0 0	103 14 1 2,783 7 2	140 0 9 804 12 6	489 15 6 87 9 6	41 8 8 108 5 0
f. Protection from fire g. Other works	150 0 0	2,883 12 0 20 0 0	3,6.9 5 6	4,735 6 11 950 2 6	246 7 0
Total, A.VIII	246 0 0	6,333 2 10	5,069 7 0	6,613 8 11	508 4 ¥
IX.—Miscellaneous—					
a. Law charges b. Other charges	841 13 6	2,344 3 1	2,501 9 5	2,789 12 0	. 7,284 5 5
Total, A-IX	841 13 6	2,344 3 1	2,501 9 5	2,788 12 0	1,234 5 5
Total, A.—Consbevancy And Works	1,719 15 7	38,110 0 0	14,194 9 8	16,183 2 0	5,884 6 4
B.—Establishwents.	·				
I.—Salaries— a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Establish-	18,000 0 0 1,070 11 0	16,429 1 11	11,099 4 2	15,863 6 5,	5,429 5 4
ments d. Office Establishments.	685 13 4 7,628 9 4	24,794 0 3 5,889 4 8	29,810 10 3 7,194 7 6	29,272 11 1 6,12) 6 9	15,120 14 4 4,072 15 8
e. Deputation and Special Allowances f. Exchange Compensa- tion Allowance—	******	69 11 11	946 4 11	1,535 1 3	2 15 3
1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conserva-	*14.44	******	******	*****	*****
tors 3. Assistant Conservators	tay *4*	******		* per#66	******
4. Extra Assistant Conservators	00100E	#\$\$****	101303	****	900 ara
Total, B-I	27,385 1 8	47,181 2 9	49,000 10 10		******
II.—Travelling Allow-			20,000 10 10	51,706 9 6	24,626 2 2
a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Estab-	2,554 5 10 9 10 10	2,018 6 0	1,563 4 9	2,536 8 0	1,233 4 0
lishments d. Office Establishments. e. Forest School (Dehra-	35 0 0 843 0 10	2,823 - 4 4 818 15 8	2,959 0 1 811 0 0	2,499 7 8 612 4 6	. 1,587 3 2 303 13 8
Dun) f. Plague allowances	102 8 9 33 1 0	81 12 4 25 0 0	28 3 8	143 0 11 15 0 0	172 8 0
Total, B-II	3,577 11 3	5,772 6 4	5,690 8 1	5,808 5 1	3,200 12 10
a. Stationery	60 7 1	365 2 11	401 0 1		
b. Carriage of Tents and Records	288 0 0	365 2 11 235 1 11	421 3 1 384 5 9	413 11 8	165 10 1
c. Rents, rates and	962 0 8	763 14 5	934 6 9	250 11 0	121 1 0
d Pay of Police Guards. c. Official postage	435 4 G	932 2 6	817 3 6	769 11 8	49 0 0
f. Sundries Payments to Officers of other Provinces	307 10 6	508 9 8	895 8 8	202 9 2	325 2 0 189 8 9
Total, B-III	2,053 6 9	2,874 15 0	2,038 4 7	2,780 2 7	849 5 10
Total, B-Establish-	33,016 3 8	55,753 8 1	56,810 7 6	60,333 1 2	28,775 4 10
GRAND TOTAL OF Ex-	34,736 3 3	93,869 8 1	71,014 1 2	76,516 3 2	34,650 11 2

different Divisions for the forest year 1916-1917—contd.

South Nésik Division.	Násik Sub- Division.	Surat Division.	Panch Maháls Division.	Working Plans Division	Direction Famine Fodder Division.	Total for the forest year 1916-1917.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
		,				
******	- ·····	18,001 6 8				22,183 3 9
******		18,001 6 8	49444	. 100-149	901444	22,183 3
*****	*****	374 2 9	******	\$50+48 6	*****	374 2
66 10 0	100.00	841 8 9	1 15 9	100	706 seg	1,416 5
66 10 0	41.604	915 11 6	1 15 9	1 0 0	******	1,790 8
	•					
2,038 13 6 226 3 3	000 100 010 40	15,814 11 11 5,758 75 9	128 10 0	******	******	24,828 8 26,150 11 1
15 5 0	*****	5,758 T5 9 1,771 3 0	93 13 6	*****		2,372 2
2,280 5 9	*	23,344 14 8	222 7 6	*****	******	47,351 6
	,					
872 2 6	32 10 e	69 4 0	61 0 8	•••••	******	1,930 4
,						
162 0 3	13 7 0	161 5 10 89 15 9	80 8 0 54 9 6	*****	******	370 2 1,190 4
162 0 3 20 9 0 415 8 0	114 2 0 25 0 0	1,140 8 9 6,114 12 0	206 7 0 2,372 6 5	1 13 0	674 - 104 634 * 104 810 * 104	5,363 13 20,532 10
9 10 0	5 9 0	958 3 0	*****	***		1,343 2
979 13 9	190 6 6	7,933 1 7	2,754 15 11	1 13 0	******	30,630 5
				10.10.7		
2,368 4 6	566 9 6	1,879 15 4	2,241 3 6	10 12 7	* *****	16,847 8
2,368 4 6	566 - 9 6	1,879 15 4	2,241 3 6	10 12 7		16,847 8
9,060 14 5	761 5 9	1,05,786 3 7	7,825 6 7	13 9 7		1,99,548 9
					\	
8,083 2 2	9,950 0 0	11,257 11 8	9,82 5 10 6	*****	******	18,000 0 81,91 2 4
19,532 14 11	5,697 5 4 1,885 8 6	20,811 11 1	20,651 0 6	504 9 9	•••••	1,65,921 10 1
4,764 11 0		6,476 7 5	6,115 4 2 659 10 11	720 13 8	******	51,078 8
662 19 8	400.40	5,768 14 10	0,5 10 11	- *****	*****	9,836 8
*** ***	22044.9	*****	******	194.500	*****	****
*****	******	408.000	******	******	170.00	*****
	*****	*****	****		*****	
33,342 9 4	11,543 13 10	44,312 12 7	30,245 10 1	1,225 7 5	******	3,26,749 0
1,890 0 0	425 0 0	2,398 11 8	2,041 14 2	` ******* *******	*****	2,554 5 10 13,904 11 1
2,095 3 4	407 8 8 200 0 3	2,939 3 1 965 3 8	2,489 2 8 501 13 8	40 8 0 243 6 8		77,818 3 2 5,780 8 2
351 13 8		965 3 8 14 8 5	**************************************		******	327 6 6
117 8 0	134 0 0	·····	,,,,,,	******	******	539 12 8
3,931 9 0	1,260 5 6	6,316 10 10	5,033.14 6	283 14 8	*	40,975 0 1
201 11 8	82 2 0	249 13 5	383 2 11	0 15 9	419464	2,304 0 7
253 9 0	. 60 2 0	465 4 5	345 8 11	48 10 0	,	2,452 6 0
36 0 0	145193 416194	21 0 0	68 0 0	**************************************		2,668 10 4
445 12 0 3 1 12 1	105 0 0 42 9 0	450 2 6 569 11 7	909 13 0 360 9 6	13 4 0 49 1 0	******	5,557 3 6 3,097 9 1
	0		3.005 0.4		***********	****
1,388 12 9	379 13 ()	1,755 15 11	1,967 2 4	111 14 9		16,079 13 6
39,605 15 1	13,162 14 4	52,385 7 4	43,245 10 11	1,621 4 10		3,83,803 13 9
47,735 19 6	13,944 4 1	1,58,171 10 11	51,071 1 6	1,634 14 6		5,83,353 7 3

150 APPENDICES. FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

Budget Head.	Direction.	East Khandesh Division.	West Khándesh Division.	North Khándesh Division.	Foons Division.
CENTRAL CIRCLE.	Ps. s. p.	Rs., s. p.	Rs. s. p.	Re. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
REVENUE.					
I.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Govern- ment Ayency—				•	
g. Timber	******	158 0 0	*******	283 0 0	837 10 0
c. Bamboos	******	234 0 0	*****	7 0 0	9,178 12 0 147 12 0
 d. Sandalwood e. Grass and other minor produce 	******	******	411144	*****	#,245 6 0
f. Famine fodder Total, I	*****	972 0 0	2,182 8 6	2,763 14 6 3,054 14 6	15,439 8 0
II.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Consum- ers or Purchasers—	,			•	
g. Timber b. Firewood and char-	sägere	12,802 9 0	1,44,976 7 9	46,320 13 6	84,220 14 9 .
coal Bamboos Grazing and fodder-	*******	18,398 6 9 10,249 4 0	4,352 6 0 166 12 0	8,018 14 8 533 12 5	28,449 3 3 . 4 8 0
c. Other minor pro-	·*****	90,628 1 1	33,643 9 8 3,109 2 6	45,307 19 0	63,291 8 6
f. Other items g. Commutation fees .	******	2,391 2 6	3,109 2 6	5,216 10 0	10,058 0 0
Total, II		1,84,279 7 4	1,90,247 5 -6	1,06,397 15 3	1,31,021 3 3
III—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated		,			
Forest Produce Total, III		266 15 9	227 5 3	216 7 6	551 10 6 B
IV.—Revenue from For- ests not managed by Government—		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	
o. Duty on foreign timber and other				•	
forest produce b. Revenue from shared and private Forests	*****	- 7,002 8 9	******	9,938 15 0	•••••
Total, IV	*****	7,002 8 9	*****	8,936 15 O	23 5 7
VMiscellaneous- a. Fines and forfei-					
L. Refunds	500 8 o	1,862 3 8	1,411 0 0 0 8 0	1,037 2 0 123 3 0	551 4 0
c, Other sources Total, V	5KO B O	6,790 15 3	7,117 0 11 8,528 8 11	9,937 0 7	16,091 7 0
Grand Total, Revenue	500 8 0	1,48,720 14 4	2,07,185 19 2	1,23,543 4 10	1,63,670 6 4
EXPENDITURE.		•			
А.—Солявнульсу Анд Works.		•			-
I.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Government Agency—		•		•	.·
b. Firewood and char-	******	12 8 0 87 12 0	463498	600	196 4 8
c. Bamboos d. Sandalwood	******	******	**************************************	8 6 0	1,127 8 8 7 10 0
f. Famine fodder	******	*****	6,411 4 8	2,246 8 6	1,578 15 8
Total, A-I	.10.,,,	100 4 0	6,411 4 3	2,201 0 5	2,910 6 0
II.—Timber and other Produce removed from the Forests by Cop-		1			
Total, A-II		2,038 2 0	2,482 4 2	5,345 10 0	830 12 10
III.—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce	-	. 6 0 0		5,845 10 0	630 12 10
Toal, A-III	******	6 0 0	199411	9 8 0	419.116
IV.—Revenue from Forests not manufed by				3	
u. Duty on foreign timber and other forest produce b. Revenue from shared and private For- ests	- 190744	******	0150Dg	49+1118	998 Seg. 1
Total, A-IV	******	4 142100	*******	******	******
	. 1			700 (14	119119

different Divisions for the forest year 1916-1917—contd.

		1 .			
Kolaba Division.	Sátára Division.	Working Plans, Central Circle, Division.	West Khandesh Famine Fodder Division.	Kolába Famine Fodder Division,	Total for the forest year 1916-17.
Rs. a. p.	Re, a. p.	Re. a. p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a. p.	Ra. a. p.
,				-	-
				_	ļ ·
25 0 0	857 12 0		******	fieres	2,171 0 0
7,018 6 6	11,846 0 6	******		*1****	28,312 2 0
******	100,000	*****	******	404110,	1 0 0 147 12 0
16 0 0	182 8 0	002448 800446	64,725 3 4	1,045 0 0	10,390 5 0 65,773 3 4
7,087 5 6	12,886 4 6	******	64,725 8 4	1,045 0 0	1,06,703 12 4
					-
1,31,610 4 0	16,698 14 3				·
749 7 9	239 0 0		*******	******	9,86,849 15 3
2 10 0	129 2 11	40144	******	414.00	55,206 6 0 11,035 1
13,545 14 0	27 ,2 54 7 0	456-50	*****	034940-	2,79,661 5 1
8,112 12 7	8,821 11 6	201449	******	161443	87,708 7 7
, mm	41744	016-174 0170	*****	******	100112
1,49,220 0 4	53,812 8 8		******	******	7,70,511 3 4
7770 0 4				·	
1,163 9 4	110 6 6	-	***************************************		2,526 6 1
1,165 9 4	110 6 6		*******	******	2,526 6 1
			,		
Februa	*******	- 412 140	. 49-544	100100	10,939 7 9
3 12 0	******		*****		26 1 7
8 12 0	*****	*******		105110	[10,985 9 4
877 `O O	458 4 0	ínn,	841699	720444	5,996 13 3
8,656 5 6	6,368 11 0	3 15 2 9 6 3	###### #*#####	.,,100 105416	127 10 2 52,447 14 3
9,333 5 6	6,826 15 0	13 5 5	******	*****	58,672 5 8
1,66,798 0 8	73,165 13 8	13 5 5	64,725 8 4	1,045 0 0	9,49,368 4 9

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,,,,,	198 6 0		******	espano.	· 848 2 6
5,010 11 7	5,932 6 11	894149	451118	*****	12,175 14 9
	5,992 6 11		i i	}	12,175 14 9 7 10 0
5,010 11 7	5,932 6 11	616141 616141	******	95444	12,175 14 9
5,019 11 7	5,992 6 11 93 2 0	000149 006748 110410	455114 41114 41114	000000 00110F 000000	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11
5,010 11 7	5,932 6 11 93 2 0	000100 000110 101100 011110 011110	1,950 10 8	000100 000100 000100	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8
5,019 11 7	5,932 6 11 93 2 0	000100 000110 101100 011110 011110	1,950 10 8	000100 000100 000100	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8
5,019 11 7	5,932 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11	000100 000100 1111111 011110 011110	1,950 10 8	000100 000100 000100 000100 000100	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 15 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10
5,010 11 7	5,932 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11	000100 000101 101000 010100 010100	1,950 10 8	00100 00100 01100 01100	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,929 19 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10 13,845 4 0 13,845 4 0
5,010 11 7	5,992 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11 169 7 6 169 7 6	000100 000101 101000 010100 010100	1,950 10 8	000100 001100 001100 011100 011100 011000	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10 13,845 4 0 13,845 4 0
5,010 11 7	5,932 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11 169 7 6 169 7 6	000100 000101 111100 011100 011100 111100	1,950 10 8	000100 000100 000100 000100 000100	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10 13,845 4 0 13,845 4 0
5,010 11 7	5,992 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11 169 7 6 169 7 6	######################################	1,950 10 8	000100 001100 001100 011100 011100 011000	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10 13,845 4 0 13,845 4 0
5,010 11 7	5,992 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11 169 7 6 169 7 6	######################################	1,950 10 8	000100 001100 001100 011100 011100 011000	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10 13,845 4 0 13,845 4 0
5,010 11 7	5,992 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11 169 7 6 169 7 6	######################################	1,950 10 8	000100 001100 001100 011100 011100 011000	12,175 14 9 7 10 0 10,329 13 11 1,953 10 8 24,812 8 10 13,845 4 0 13,845 4 0
5,010 11 7	5,992 6 11 93 2 0 6,158 14 11 169 7 6	######################################	1,950 10 8	000100 000100 000100 010100 010100 000100	12,175 14 9

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

Budget Head.	Direction.	East Khándesh Division.	West Khändesh Division,	North Khøndesh Division,	Poona Division.
EXPENDITURE-	Rs. s. p.	Rs. 8. p.	Rs. 2, p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.
continued. A.—Consulvancy and					
WORKS—continued. V.—Rent of leased Forests and Payments				, i	
to Shareholders in			•		
Forests managed by Government	******			*****	636 2 4
Total, A.V	111-170	••••	\$5140\$	111111	836 2 4
VILive-stock, Stores,					
Tools and Plant—	•		,		
eattle b. Feed and keep of	619 1FB	111-995	Perma	803196	2+2 PE4
cattle e. Purchase of stores,	*****	00. # 4	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	#1 4 A
tools and plant	79 9 0	89 7 0	134 5 3	22 7 0	71 6 0
Total, A-VI	79 3 0	89 7 0	134 5 3		71 6 0
VII.—Communications and Buildings—	•	•	,	•	
g. Roads and Bridges b. Buildings	6 m 64 s	1,205 4 1 293 8 9	1,518 12 6 708 10 0	2,635 7 6 633 0 0	1,490 1 9 123 9 6
e Other works	*****	1 0 0	468 12 0	*******	123 V 6
Total, A-VII	43459	1,504 13 10	2,728 2 6	3,168 7 6	1,622 11 3
VIII.—Organization, Improvement and		,			
Extension of Forest-		152 18 0	671 4 11	870 e 8	617 4 0
6. Cost of Forest Settlements and	*****	102 17 0]	010 0 5	. 917 6 0
Compensation for land and rights	•	57 B O		2,282 14 0	***
s. Surveys d. Working Plans	60+000 62+600	678 0 6	01001 01401 047-70 40	*****	534 4 2
e. Sowing and Plant-	499 000	149 8 0	247 10 2 95 15 6	469 9 9	227 9 9
f. Protection from	***************************************	1,453 7 8	4,415 2 3	7,877 0 3	1,795 8 8
g. Other works	******	66 7 0	3 8 0	7,077 U S	141 0 Q 229 8 Q
Total, A-VIII	*****	2,546 4 0	5,403 7 10	11,017 5 9	3,744 8 7
IX.—Miscellaneous— a. Law charges	*4**68	******	179.666		
J. Grain Compenses	Poblica				•=••
c. Other charges	445144	2,250 11 6	1,944 9 6	2,403 8 2	8,662 2 9
Total, A-IX	******	2,250 11 6	1,948 6 6	2,403 8 2	3,662 2 9
Total A. Consub-	79 8 0	8,535 9 4	19,101 18 6	24,257 9 10	19 570 1 0
B.—Establishments.					13,278 1 9
ISalaries- a. Conservators	20,400 0 0	*****		******	
 Superior Officers. Bubordinste 	******	9,052 13 5	9,605 2 7	9,960 0 0	32, 769 8 4
Forest and Depôt Establishments . d. Office Establish-	*****	29,107 11 11	21,807 6 2	20,727 14 10	38,669 9 3
ments	9,155 3 0	6,427 13 10	5,214 12 8	5,977 10 10	7,259 0 7
Special Allow-	10.700 1.41	400		·	.,
f. Exchange Com- pensation Allow-	10,188 1 11	498-12-11	2,208 8 5	2,173 15 9	392 4 1
ance- ·					
1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conser-	*****	470,00	Miste	*****	
vators 5. Assistant Con-	104700	200.005	•	BOPANG	******
servators 4. Extra Assistant	644 ₂₂₆	******	P01 010	44.54	
Conservators.	910-556	~	*****	*****	******
Total, B-I	89,743 4 11	44,067 4 1	39,065 13 6	38,839 9 8	69,090 0 2
II.—Travelling Allow.				J 	
ances— a. Conservatora	2,492 11 4			İ	
b. Superior Officers . Subordinate	******	2,009 11 8	2,222 14 8	3,612 11 8	2,932 4 9
Forest and Depôt Establishments.	******	2,672 5 11	2,846 10 7	8,018 15 9	.
d. Office Establishments	623 9 2	535 9 8	691 8 6	720 2 10	8,493 2 5
Lehra Dun	987 6 0	6 7 3	904 224		787 4 3
f. Plague allowances. Total, B-II	120 0 0	75 0 0	94 8 0	105 0 0	177 8 0
III.—Contingencies—	8,603 10 6	5,239 2 6	5,582 4 9	6,491 12 3	7,830 3 4
a. Stationery b. Carriage of Tents	16 11 0	417 7 2 .	267 8 3	832 0 8	634 8 1
and Records	167 15 0	200 11 0	140 10 6	321 14 6	265 1 0
d. Pay of Police	1,980 0 0	36 0 0	175 0 0	128 0 4	197 0 0
guards	293 14 0	872.77		*****	
C Sundries	253 14 0 446 2 0	875 9 9 416 5 0	779 8 0 431 4 9	543 7 0 530 2 0	1,100 11 6 027 9 9
Payments to Om	*****	*****	******	101000	
Payments to Officers of other Provinces.					*****
Total, B-III	2,894 10 0	1,946 0 11	1,783 10 6	1,855 8 1	2.761 4 1
Total, B-III					2,751 4 1
Total, B-III	2,894 10 0 46,241 9 5	1,946 0 11 51,312 7 6	1,783 10 6 46,711 12 8	1,855 8 1 47,188 13 9	2,781 4 1 79,174 13 7

different Divisions for the forest year 1916-1917—continued.

Kolába Division.	Sátára Division.	Working Plans Central Circle Division	West Khandesh Famine Fodder Division.	Kolába Famine Fodder Division.	Total for the forest year 1916-1917.
Rs. a. p.	Re. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	•		`}		
	•		. }		
37 029 A G	3,407 9 5	•	*		15 050 0 0
11,032 4 6	3,407 9 5		******	* *************************************	15,276 0 3
11,002 1 0				~ <u>-</u>	10,270 0 3
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24 0 3	31 10 0	, 81 0 0		***************************************	483 6 6
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	0.50.55		· }	•	
76 0 0 3:3 13 0	3,1 ¹ 2 15 6 432 13 3	41649 ******	649.00	****	10,077 9 4 2,425 6 0 642 7 6
21 3 0 425 15 6	151 8 0 3,697 4 9	40.490	660 PRB	******	13,145 6 4
				 -	
3,210 14 5	458 9 6	*****	******	475 ces	5,687 5 1
500	58 4 0	_			2,937 14 2
5 0 0 432 12 3	95 8 0	449 6 8	******	******	2,598 11 10
602 5 2	1,600 9 8	979 649	24,444	410114	4,231 1 6
2,752 8 0	151 8 0	*****	410 tot	pla typ	16,820 10 (836 8 (
466 12 0	80 5 0	449 6 8		197419	836 8 C
7,478 3 10	2,414 12 11				
	196449	*****	414.00	ord per	******
3,729 7 10	2,035 2 8	115 5 6	******	110.110	16,140 12 1
3,729 7 10	2,035 2 8	115 5 6		.F. 641	16,140 12 11
3 0,703 8 0	17,914 14 2	595 12 2	1,950 10 8	414151	1,16,847 4 5
	15,42) 0 0	9,603 3 7	100ccs ********	## 2 > 0 · 0	20,400 0 6 86,655 10 9
11,091 11 10		•			150100 -0
39,585 6 1	24,147 0 4	2,094 12 5 1,361 7 4	*41179		1,76,139 12 11 50,164 7 1
θ;667 2 6	6,071 4 9	1,001 8 4		-	
119 9 10	—793 6 11	104111	41111	**************************************	14,787 14 0
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*****	******	see+++		6301H1	otated.
******	*****	404149	311,000 300,700	******	******
ł	300402	454149 896444		•	
980+++ 980+++	*****	404149	41.070 200 PPD 000 TPD	994 843 488-34	919223 909360
980	20040E	000,100 000,100 000,100	91.916 900 PPG 900 RBG	001 001 000 011	919223 909360
980+++ 980+++	44,844 14 2	13,059 7 4	91.916 900 PPG 900 RBG	001 001 000 011	3,48,177 12 9
980+++ 980+++	20040E	000,100 000,100 000,100	24, 296 240 270 440 240 4, 164 4, 164	924 023 000 Phi 000 Phi	3,48,177 12 9
59,167 1 3	44,844 14 2	13,059 7 4	24.210 240.770 240.770 21.770	901 001 400 011 900 011 900 111	3,48,177 12 8 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8
59,167 1 3	44,844 14 2 2,511 5 0	13,059 7 4	## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990 ## 1990	000 001 000 001 000 001 000 001 000 001	3,48,177 12 8 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7
1,024 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9	24,210 240,770 240,210 21,210 21,210 21,210 21,210 21,210	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6
1,024 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6	24,246 240,770 240,240 21,240 21,240 21,240 21,240 21,240	001000 000000 000000 000000 000000 000000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0
59, 67 1 3 1,924 18 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,048 0 11	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 35 0 0 2,583 9 7	000 PPD 000	001 001 000 001 000 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001 001	3,48,177 12 8 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0
59, 167 1 3 1,924 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,043 0 11	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 35 0 0 2,583 9 7	24,240 200 PPD 200 PPD 200 PPD 201 PPD	00100 000000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,679 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4
59, 167 1 3 1,904 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,048 0 11 409 8 10 2)7 6 9	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6 350 15 7 260 12 1	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 35 0 0 2,583 9 7 2 5 6	## 1990 ##	001000 000000 000000 000000 000000 000000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4 2,490 11 8
59, 167 1 3 1,924 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,048 0 11 409 8 10 2.17 6 9	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6 350 15 7 260 12 1 22 8 0	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 35 0 0 2,583 9 7 2 5 6 315 9 0	## 1940 ##	001 001 007 001 007 001 007 001 007 001 007 001 007 001 007 001 007 001	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4 2,490 11 S 1,870 0 7 2,478 8 4
59, 167 1 3 1,904 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,048 0 11 409 8 10 2)7 6 9	2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6 S50 15 7 260 12 1 22 8 0	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 36 0 0 2,583 9 7 2 5 6 315 9 0	## 1940 ##	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4 2,490 11 S 1,870 0 7
59, 167 1 3 1,924 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,043 0 11 409 8 10 2)7 6 9	44,844 14 2 2,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6 350 15 7 260 12 1 22 8 0	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 36 0 0 2,583 9 7 2 5 6 315 9 0	## 1940 ##	001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4 2,490 11 S 1,870 0 7 2,478 8 4 5,235 8 3 8,136 2 0
59, 167 1 3 1,904 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,043 0 11 409 8 10 2)7 6 9 870 1 6 0	3,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6 350 15 7 260 12 1 22 8 0	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 36 0 0 2,583 9 7 2 5 6 315 9 0	## 1940 ##	000 000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4 2,490 11 S 1,870 0 7 2,478 8 4 5,235 8 3 8,136 2 0
59,167 1 3 1,024 13 8 2,144 3 8 836 11 6 82 4 1 20 0 0 5,048 0 11 409 8 10 207 6 9	3,511 5 0 2,634 8 2 785 13 2 82 4 2 6,013 14 6 \$50 15 7 200 12 1 22 8 0	13,059 7 4 1,319 1 4 742 9 9 486 14 6 36 0 0 2,583 9 7 2 5 6 315 9 0	## 1990 ##	001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000 001000	3,48,177 12 9 2,492 11 4 15,579 14 8 17,527 6 3 5,467 4 7 538 5 6 627 0 0 42,232 10 4 2,490 11 S 1,870 0 7 2,478 8 4 5,235 8 3 3,136 2 0

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

	·	~	·	 -	
Budget Head.	Direction.	Working Plans Division,	Dhármár and Bijápur Division.	Belganm Division.	Ratusgiri Division.
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. n. p.	Rs. a. p.
REVENUE.			\ . · · \	. [
I.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Government Agency—	-			•	
a. Timber b. Firewood and char-		ago tèn	76 0 0	16,503 2 8	006740
coal	*****		527 13 11	1,56,297 4 9 619 4 9	******
d. Sandalwood c. Grass and other minor	915 TO 6	202 520	10,972 0 8	7,715 10 9	465.00
produce	•••••	40,494	202 0 0	3 53 9 0	******
Total, I	*****	100.108	11,777 14 7	1,61,498 15 11	*****
II.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Consumers or Purchasers—					*
a. Timber	******	,,***	86 0 0	41,837 14 5	616 2 4
b. Firewood and char- coal	114 100	400454	0,594 14 2	30,782 8 0	372 13 0
d. Grazing and fodder	\$44.44B -	405-000	208 8 0	4,355 15 11	58 1 7
e. Other minor produce	222.484 224.682	108000 142***B	20,046 5 6 21,422 0 4	14,662 12 9 15,454 8 6	89 10 0 26 1 6
f. Other items g. Commutation fees	******	******	*****	*****	**************************************
Total, II 🔐	*****	494*114	51,657 9 0	1,10,123 11 7	1,162 12 5
III.—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce			00.10.0		
Total, III	******	******	26 12 0	78 9 0	3 6 0
IV Revenue from Forests not managed by Govern-	******	649767	26 12 0	78 9 0	3 6 0
ment— a. Duty on foreign tim-	•				
ber and other forest produce	******	*****		*****	
 Revenue from shared and private Forests. 	*****				*****
Total, IV	*****	. #15.100	-	******	10 9 6
					10 9 6
yMiscellaneous-	•			. [
a. Fines and forfeitures b. Refunds	615 146 	*****	40 0 0 35 9 8	· 715 5 2 263 8 6	5 0 2
c. Other sources	1,645 7 7	8 12 0	3,192 2 11	19,029 1 2	5 (1 2 66 8 6
Total, V	1,645 7 7	8 12 0	3,207 12 7	20,007 14 10	71 8 8
Grand Total, Revenue	1,645 7 7	. ,8 12 0	66,730 0 2	3,11,699 8 4	1,248 4 7
EXPENDITURE. A.—Conservancy AND Works.	٠	•			
I.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Government				,	-
Agency—	•			ļ	
a. Timber b. Firewood and char-	. 13 4 0	868 cJ6	******	16,830 10 3	* ******
coal e. Bamboos	000.000 000.000	- 495763	131 10 6	99,493 9 7 4,726 4 0	4++++
d. Sandalwood e. Grass and other minor	*****	a p# 4##	712 5 3	997 11 7	******
produce Total, A-I	13 4 0	*****	975 6 5	298 1 0	******
10141, 11-1				1,22,286 4 5	
11.—Timber and other Pro- duce removed from the Forests by Consumers or Purchasers	•	,	ron 11 11	•	
70.4.1.4.77	*****	144.08.5	509 11 11	2,0:5 6 6	*****
		*****	509 11 11	2,985 6 6	*****
III.—Drift and Waif Wood and Confiscated Forest Produce	*****	•	200	10 6 0	1 0 0
Total, A-III	*****	000 741	2 0 0	10 6 0	100
IV.—Revenue from Forests not managed by Govern- ment—					
a, Duty on foreign tim-	j	•		1	
ber and other forest produce					•
b, Revenue from shared			4664-06	****	994 96E
and private Forests .	I	***	144444	•	
	******	*15***	******		*****

different Divisions for the forest year 1916-1917—contd.

Kánara Eastern Division,	Kánara Northern Division.	Kanara Southern Division.	Kanara Western Division.	Kánam Central Division.	Total for the forest year 1916-1917.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Ro. a p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
٠.		-			4
		į		ļ	-
2,96,31 8 13 4	A 02 707 11 A		•	•	
2,30,316 13 4	6,83,727 11 6 160 0 0	4,504 6 7 6,500 13 8	1,33,940 13 5	2,94,893 13 9	14,30,054 13 3
299 5 0 12,000 2 11	4,124 4 2	4,951 5 8	£7,629 G 8 565 8 0	\$115 ₁₁₄	2,31,119 14 2 1,491 1
*****		. 2,002 0 0	************************************	6,718 12 11	40,482 5
8,09,650 13 8	6,88,011 15 8	18,0:6 9 6	2,02,135 12 1	3,01,614 10 8	655 9 (17,09,696 11 (
	 -			0,01,014 10 8	11,00,000 11 3
	·	٠.	·		
	·		·]	· •.	
28,283 1 1	2,11,8-2 8 8	2,583 2 11	2,338 12 4	2,312 0 2	2,92,049 9 1
7,323 12 0 26,187 3 11	2,790 2 9 28,016 11 6	15,9-9 11 0 11,080 4 0	24,896 15 11	13,181 3 3	1,08,151 13
7,909 0 0	6,593 0 0	10,957 15 0	4,678 11 0 7,743-10 0	889 12 0 7,732 6 0	65,481° 3 1
2,314 15 0	1,416 4 0	6,291 9 9	4,945 12 8	7,732 6 0 2,863 11 6	75,739 11 3 51,584 15
······		*****		114 14B	*****
72,018 0 0	2,51,698 10 11	36,811 10 8	44,608 13 11	26,809 0 11	5,94,890 5
	·		!		
100	4 12 0	65 0 11	71 2 9	2 5 6	253 0
1 0 0	4 12 0	65 0 11	71 2 9	256	253 0
٠					
		-			
•		-			-
200+2	****	#46	644-00	*******	me2+++
******	•••••	-14 (14	******	20000	10 9
*****	201411	E94*44	******	025000	10 9
	-				
820 10 4	1,259 8 0	841 14 B	2,074 2 3	2,060 2.11	7,810 11
47 0 7 4,212 3 9	35 G 6 4,007 7 1	276 7 0 6,921 10 9	107 14 0 1,593 9 4	5 6 2 3,520 6 4	776 4 44,293 5
5,079 14 8	5,391 5 7	8,040 0 2	3,775 9 7	6,591 15 5	52,880 5
8,85,719 11 11	9,45,106 12 2	60,933 5 3	2,50,591 6 4	3,34,018 0 6	23,57,730 15 1
					
-	_		.]		
	· I	-	!		
				,	
	100100 0 0	4 KE# A #	7 10 F00 90 A	் தகாக க	ine est e
1,06,400 0 8	1,9 3 ,126 Q 9	1,556 6 7 5,562 8 9	1,12,532 12 6 54,418 10 8	66,195 8 4	4,96,663 5 1 1,59,546 7 (
180 4 0 467 1 7	165 1 2-	216 13 1	5,003 0 0	414 5 0	9,915 8 (2,973 5 (
33 I1 1	112/10	910	******	400-00-	463 2 1
1,07,096 0 11	1,93,291 1 11	7,935 12 5	1,71,954 7 2	66,609 8 4	6,69,561 13
1,07,000 0 12					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	,			•	
· == ····		,	467 0 2	187 7 4	6,462 11 1
769 6 3	763 2 9	811 8 2	L		
759 6 3 759 6 3	763 2 9 763 2 9	911 8 2 811 9 2	467 0 2	167 7 4	6,462 11 1
	<u> </u>			167 7 4	6,462 11 1
	763 2 9	811 8 2	467 0 2		<u> </u>
758 6 3	763 2 9	9 12 4		29 1 0	72 14 10
758 6 3	763 2 9	811 8 2	18 8 8	29 1 0	72 14 10
758 6 3	763 2 9 2 8 0 2 8 0	9 12 4	18 8 8	29 1 0	72 14 10
758 6 3	763 2 9 2 8 0 2 8 0	9 12 4	18 8 8	29 1 0	72 14 10
758 6 3	2 8 0 2 6 0	9 12 4	18 8 8	29 1 0	72 14 10
758 6 3	763 2 9 2 8 0 2 8 0	9 12 4	18 8 8	29 1 0	72 14 10 72 16 10
758 6 3	2 8 0 2 8 0	9 12 4 9 12 4	18 8 6	29 1 0 29 1 0	6,462 11 1 72 14 10 72 16 10

Form No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the

Budget Head.	Direction.	Working Plans Division.	Dhárwár and Bljápur Division,	Belgaum Division.	Rathágiri Division,
EXPENDITURE —contd.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs a, p,
A.—Conservancy and Works—conf.L.				• •	
VRent of leased Forests and Payments to Share- holders in Forests man-					
aged by Government Total, A-V	******	*****		******	*** **
VI.—Live-stock Stores, Tools and Plant -				,	
a. Purchase of cattle b. Feed and keep of	******	*****	******	. *** ***	
cattle c. Purchase of stores, tools and plant	051 9 8	******	227 14 0	262 12 0-	••
Total, A-VI	951 8 8		227 14 0	262 13 0	******
VII.—Communications and Buildings— a. Roads and bridges.	*****	*****	410	7,075 14 2	
b. Buildings c. Other works	*****	•	750 14 8 415 2 0	1,265 13 7 601 12 3	10 0 0
Total, A-VII			1,202 0 8	9,033 8 0	10 0 0
VIII.—Organization, Improvement and Ex- tension of Forest— a. Demarcation b. Cost of Forest Settlements and Compensa-		******	119 8 0	523 15 B	
tion for land and rights	******	3,509 11 8	******	7,207 13 7	******
e. Sowing and plant- ing f. Protection from fire.	*****	******	859 13 10 767 10 4	2,300 3 1 7,933 9 2	493 11 8
g. Other works Total, A-VIII	* ******	3,500 11 8	18 13 9	227 14 6 18,276 4 9	30 0 0
X Miscellaneous-					432 11 8
a Law charges	<u>-17</u> 7 6	144 0 10	1 14 0	8,494 10 5	227 12 2
Total, A-IX	-17 7 6	144 0 10	1,423 3 4	8,484 10 5	<u>227 12 2</u>
TOTAL, A,—Consee- vancy and Works	917 5 2	3,743 12 6	5,606 3 0	1,56,339 4 1	071 7 10
B.—Establishments.					,
I —Salaries— a. Conservators b. Superior Officers c. Subordinate Forest	22.809 0 0 3,379 5 4	8,120 0 0	5,038 1 0	17,495 2 7	
and Depôt Estab- lishments d. Office Establishments	720 0 0 7,536 15 5	2,025 5 4 1,017 1 0	18,677 3 9 5,131 14 4	28,752 6 10 5,543 5 3	2,676 15 6
e. Deputation and Special Allowances. f. Exchange Com- pensation Allow- ance—	****** .	416 10 8	. 72 2 8	2,613 7 6	471 6 11
1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conserva-	******	*****	*****	******	
S. Assistant Conservators	******	* ******	******	*******	
4. Extra Assistant Conservators	*****	******	*********	******	******
Total, B-I	84,436 4 4	11,609 1 0	23,919 5 4	51,439 8 2	3,151 6 5
II Travelling Allow- ances a. Conservators b. Superior Officers	2,564 4 0 326 12 0	1,839 12 0	1,400 4 8	******	
c. Subordinate Forest and Depôt Estab- lishments	104 13 6	410 4 8	1,412 5 4	2,473 8 6	******
d. Office Establishements	1,023 8 8	360 12 8	370 11 7	8,234 15 0 867 14 3	\$63 0 0
(I hra Dun) f. Plag a nilowances	40 14 7	*****	******	25 0 0	******
Trial, B-II 🔐	4,120 4 4	2,640 13 4	8,183 5 7	6,601 0 9	200 0 0
III.—Co - gencies	77 71 0				303 0 0
b. Car of Tents	11 11 0 451 9 0	*****	183 1 4 281 12 0	195 0 9	68 12 0
d. Pay Police-	810 0 0	*****	114116	276 1 6	21 5 2
e. Office tage f. Su Payment of other P. es	605 9 0 1,567 10 5	47 6 0	829 0 0 845 2 2	1,111 7 8 816 7 0	85 0 0 85 13 0
other P. es	3,566 7 5	47 8 0	1,618 15 6	2.490 0 0	******
TOTAL, TABLESH.	42,123 0 1	14,207 4 4	89,721 10 5	63,469 7 8	210 14 2
GRAS L OF ER.	43,070 5 3	18,041 0 10	80,327 13 6	2,19,808 11 9	4,396 12 5
) 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		7,770 12 0

different Divisions for the forest year 1916-1917-contd.

Kánara Eastern Division.	Kánara Northern Division.	Kánara Southern Division,	Kánara Western Division.	Kánara Central Division,	Total for the forest year 1916-1917.
Rs. a., p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
******		******	******		
		*** *4*		*****	******
208 0 0	702 0 0				
208 0 0 2,021 5 8	723 0 0 1,587 7 3	******	343 0 0 357 11 10	******	1,274 0 0 4,860 8 4
211 1 9	1,463 4 1	78 15 11	469 9 0	869 B O	4,034 6 5
3,340 7 0	3,773 11 4	78 15 11	1,170 4 10	809 5 0	10,174 14 9
5,029 5 6 1,311 2 11 1,020 8 3	11,254 0 5 1,123 14 3 758 1 0	1,474 10 11 1,502 9 8 14 7 0	39,645 4 8 1,321 6 11 1,041 12 5	465 7 4 895 11 8 358 4 0	€5,844 11 0 8,267 9 8 4,829 14 11
8,261 0 8	13,135 15 8	8,081 11 7	42,003 8 0	1,709 7 0	78,442 3 7
206 12 6	740	508 11 0	1,633 13 8	16 14 0	2,911 14 11
gs2 gas-98 ar-168	813 csg 005 c80 421746	25 14 7	******	, 2,370 15 0 	9,678 11 2 3,622 8 8
2,900 10 4 4,899 1 6	5,419 0 5 4,944 13 8	1,841 1 5 356 9 6	1,843 7 1 2,888 6 7	1,213 1 0 1,025 8 6	18,340 0 10 22,795 11 3
8,066 8 4	10,371 2 1	2,727 4 6	6,215 10 11	4,635 6 6	246 12 3 55,590 11 1
3,121 8 8	3,737 15 8	1,123 1 11	2,202 I 3	191 8 0 1,277 6 6	193 6 0 16,722 6 10
8,121 8 3	3,737 15 8	1,129 1 11	2,202 1 3	1,468 14 6	16,915 12 10
1,30,643 15 5	2,25,075 9 5	15,163 2 10	2,24,038 8 10	74,999 1 8	8,37,221 1 9
				·	2
17,180 10 3	19,984 13 5	9,060 5 2	17,548 0 4	9,459 5 8	22,800 0 0 1,07,213 11 9
23,712 13 9 5,009 9 9	91,987 2 10 6,258 12 7	16,783 14 1 4,318 10 11	19,765 0 0 5,496 7 1	15,097 6 2 3,700 8 19	1,00,193 4 3 45,302 11 8
5,176 4 6	3,420 7 8	803 12 5	2,753 0 2 ,	465 9 6	15,787 6 8
·				,	,
000,000	60010 6	10000	100000	******	491144
ent-14	896115	495-14 -	******	******	*****
*****	419-114	······	*****	52444	*14***
51,979 6 3	61,607 4 6	80,971 10 7	45,580 7 7	28,712 14 2	(8,51,357 2 4
2,700 B 0	2,665 4 0	1,800 0 0	2,651 9 4	2,615 4 0	2,564 4 0 18,532 9 6
2,140 0 0	8,346 14 10	2,131 4 10	2,002 12 4	1,309 0 8	16,636 0 2
384 11 8	475 5 10	510 14 4	270 0 2	600 3 0	4,873 1 9
75 0 0	191 2 1	118 11 4	75 0 0	24 3 2 40 15 4	479 0 7 106 13 11
5,300 12 8	6,678 10 D	4,615 14 - 6	4,990 5 10	4,658 10 2	43,101 13 11
119 9 6	292 10 6	46 0 2	112 5 3	112 9 5	1,141 4 11
94 2 0	123 0 2	172 0 0	329 13 10	932 2 8	2,061 14 4
*****	0 11 4	410310 7	931104	464110 40-416	840 11 4
607 14 0 171 4 1	459 7 0 197 15 5	746 9 8 178 2 9	433 8 6 . 326 0 10	727 4 6 170 5 10	5,722 19 0 3,838 13 6
991 13 7	1,053 12 5	1,148 6 6	1,201 7 5	1,342 6 5	18,605 9 1
58,272 0 6	69,389 11 8	86,730 14 6	51,761 4 10	34,743 14 0	4,08,184 9 4
1,88,015 15 11	2,94,415 5 1	51,899 1 4	2,75,797 8 8	1,00,733 0 5	12,45,405 11 1
*********			J	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the different divisions for the forest year 1916-1917—contd.

SEND CHICLES 1.—Therefore and effort Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Cont	•	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				i		
SEND CHICLES 1.—Therefore and effort Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Properties of the Control of the Cont	Budget Head.	Direction.	Párkar					Plaus	forest year
Triple T	·	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a p.	fs. a. p.
Property and chair	duce removed from the forests by Government			-	•	٠			
1.00 1.00	b. Firewood and char- ccal	******	, saqseb	1,569 5 5	1,175 8 5	1,197 6 7	9,504 0 0	#92.40# #92.40#	13, 38 4 5
11.—Initiate and other processors of the control of	c. Grass and other minor produce	469914	** ***	*****	298 3 10	418 11 3	986 4 0	##* *## *******************************	1,733 3 1
2. Fine Process and Carbonia, Expense of the Process of the Proces	11.—1 imber and other pro- duce removed from the forests by consumers or						•		
Cristal allow missed. 7 Chief stores. 8 Chief stores. 8 Chief	a, Timber b. Firewood and charcoal. c. Bamboos		1,696 12 10	33, 980 2 7	1,17,095 12 11	73,904 13 5	69,328 7 1	*****	3,01,006 0 10
### Problem and early work growths and property and the conjugated of force to produce the conjugated of the conjugated	e. Other minor produce. f. Other items	*****	1,578 0 0	2,795 12 0	4,0:3 15 8	23,823 15 2	9,268 0 0	, \$60.00 511 ⁴⁹⁸	41,460 10 5
med conjusted for the produce of the	-	4	5,696 4 10	61,994 7 3	1,62,232 8 4	1,54,579 2 9	1,03,400 13 1	410 408	4,87,033 4 3
tot missed by Government— a. Dity on forsign time ber and other forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and forest forests and private forests and forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and private forests and forests forests and private forests and forest forests and private forests and private forests and forest forests and private forests and forest forests and private forests and forest forests and forest forests and private forests and forest forests and private forests and forest forests and private forests and forest forests and forest forests and forest forests and forest forests and forest forests and forest forests. Total, A-II Tota	and confiscated forest produce		· 		 -				
Dept and other forests Dept and other forests Dept and other forests Dept and other forests Dept and other forests Dept and other forest	not managed by Govern-			-		•			
Total, IV	ber and other forest produce b. Revenue from shared	******	Ì	}	1	•		·	
a. Fines and forfeitures b. Returnls	•-					\ 			
Cother sources	a. Fines and forfeitures.	,		30 0 0					
EXPENDITURE. A.—CONSERVANCY AND WORKS. I.—Timber and other protection of the control of the co	c. Other sources	21 4 9			12,319 1 11	3,944 12 1	3.797 12 3	******	27,003 14 5
A.—CONSERVANCY AND WORKS. I.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency — a. Timber —		21 4 9	5,696 4 10	70,632 14 10	17,794 1 7	1,60,595 6 4	1,20,529 14 8	******	5,34,209 15 0
duce removed from the forests by comment Agency =	A.—CONSEBVANCY AND		-						
b. Firewood and charcolar coal	duce removed from the forests by Government	'						·	
E. Grass and other minor produce	b. Firewood and char- coal	******		581 10 7	1,578 1 4	927 1 5	4,110 11 9	#1144B 41440	7,197 9 1
H.—Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers	produce			*	******	******			
Total, A-II	produce removed from the furests by consumers				10 ()				
Total, A-III									 ,
Total, A-III IV.—Revenue from forests not managed by Government— a. Duty on foreign timber and other forest produce b. Revenue from shared and private forests Total, A-IV	and confiscated forest		. ******	*****	*****	*****	-	*****	
not managed by Government— a. Duty on foreign timber and other forest produce b. Revenue from shared and private forests Total, A-IV			*****		·····n		******		
b. Revenue from shared and private forests Total, A-IV	not managed by Govern- ment— a. Duty on foreign tim-			-					
Total, A-IV	produce b. Revenue from shared				•	;		}	
	Total, A·IV	Proves	*****	Herm	******				

FORM No. 24.—Summary of Revenue and Expenditure of the different divisions for the forest year 1916-1917—concld.

A.— Conservation And Provided A	Budget Head,	Direction.	Thar and Párkar Division.	Lirkina Division.	Sukkur Division.	Hyderabad Division.	Jerruck Division.	Working Plans Division.	Total for forest year 1916-17.
F-Board property of faces from the company of the c	A CONSERVANCY AND	Rs. a. p.	Re. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
Telaj, AV	V.—Rent of leased forests and payment to share- holders in forests managed	-	,			, !	-		
T.—Zian Stack Sterm. 4. Problem of storm. 5. Post and keep of the control of th	• 1								*****
a. Depths of cettle processes of stores, consideration and stores of stores, consideration and s	VILive Stock, Stores,								
Conservation and particles of the conservation and particles are considered to the conservation and particles are considered to the conservation and particles are conservation and partic	a. Purchase of cattle		•••••	*****	#58*oa		*****	888 940	*****
Total, A-VI 69 0 0 7011 8 064 6 1131 10 139 7 0 11. ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #	c. Purchase of stores,	· -			_			-	404 3 8
### Datable Street 1.00 1.									1,143 4 2
D. Baidelines				,] 		
The proposed and Estevision Proposed and	b. Buildings	******	*****	728 2 1	037 6 3	624 7 8	806 3 1	******	2,701 3 1 3,381 4 11
progenentic and Extension 2. Demarcation 3. Coart of forest setting attention for land and rights 3. Coart of forest setting attention for land and rights 3. Soving and phanting 4. Working Plants 3. Soving and phanting 4. Could works 3. Life 5 5 3. Life 9 0 3. Life	<u> </u>		, 544.54	1,274 9 8	1,683 5 2	1,105 5 3	2,109 3 11	****	6,172 8 0
5. Cost of forest settlements and company rights	provement and Extension of forest-			,					
Surgest and Working Flame time	b. Cost of forest settle- ments and compen- sation for land and	_	*******	******				-	**************************************
Solving and planting	e Surveys		******	•••••	*****	. 720 14 1	*****	*****	4,611 10 1
Total, A-VIII	c. Sowing and planting.	*****	******	360 7 7	****	******	1,071 0 4	*****	0,200 3 5 1,071 0 4 2,613 14 0
### A. Law charges #### A.	-								14,496 11 10
5. Strein compensation 10 4 0 667 0 6 1,520 11 0 0 12 5 4.5 Total, A-IX 10 4 0 667 0 6 1,620 1 0 0 12 5 1 0,599 7 0 4.5 Total, A-Cossewarker Ash Works 65 4 0 5.033 2 6 0,330 5 0 7,197 5 8 12,657 6 0 84.5 B.—Establishments 15,000 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 84.100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 84.100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 84.100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 17,539 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 0 0 0 8,520 0 0 1,539 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	XMiscellaneous-			-					1 0 0
Total, A-IX 16 4 0 667 0 0 1,622 4 0 929 8 10 1,090 7 0 5.4	b. Grain compensation	*****	*****	667 0 6		0 12 5	******	****	1 9 9 0 12 0 4,324 11 4
B.—Estleishments, a. Conservators b. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Superfor Officers c. Deputation and Special c. Deputation and						!			4,825 9 1
### Conservators 15,000 0 0 17,889 4 2 17,889 5 0 14,100 6 0 64,1 ### Conservators 15,000 0 0 17,889 4 2 10,700 11 11 ### Depot Establishments 15,000 0 0 17,889 4 2 10,700 11 11 ### Depot Establishments 1,589 0 5 1,589 0 5 1,589 0 5 1,589 0 5 1,581	TOTAL, A.—CONSERVANCY	65 4 0	••••	5,633 2 6	9,380 5 0	7,197 5 8	12,657 6.0		84,033 7 2
a. Conservators b. Superior Officers and Depth Mark Conservators b. Superior Officers and Depth Mark Conservators b. Conservators b. Superior Officers	B.—Establishments.								
## Superior Officers 15,000 0 0 17,839 4 2 8,579 5 9 14,100 6 0 14,000 6 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 14,000 6 0 14,000 6 14,000 6 14,000 6 14,000 6						495			*****
d. Office Sciabilishments	 Superior Officers Subordinate Forest and Depôt Establish- 		•• ••	8,520 0 0	17,839 4 2	8,579 5 9	14,100 6 0		64,038 9 11 E6,714 15 9
to Allowance—1. Conservators 2. Deputy Conservators 2. Deputy Conservators 3. Assistant Conservators	d. Office Establishments. c. Deputation and Special	-	,	4,534 5 5	6,351 2 4	4,785 7 3			27,113 5 4 3,506 12 11
2. Dojasty Conserva tors	tio i Allowance			** ****	1 0.0		803118	***	100
Lors Lors	2. Deputy Conserva-		******	Phases .	******	151 074	******	****	. 44444
Total, B.I 23,521 8 7 1,588 0 5 22,612 11 9 47,372 0 3 24,005 8 11 32,214 14 0 1,51,3 II.—Travelling Allowances 2,481 3 10 1,762 13 4 2,638 2 11 1,799 3 8 2,655 14 0 11,2 Superior Officers 2,481 3 10 5820 12 4 2,413 3 9 876 10 9 1,065 12 10 6,3 Office Establishments 64 4 3 6581 5 8 1,135 5 4 588 9 2 645 13 10 64 4 3 C. Forest School (D.D.) 23 5 4 64 4 3 64 4 3 64 4 3 64 4 3 64 4 3 64 6 64 6 6 64 6	tors Assistant	*****	*****			1	,	İ	#4476 G
Total, B-1					<u> </u>		*****		1,51,374 11 11
## A. Conservators	Total, B.I	23,521 8 7	1,588 0 5	22,612 11 9	47,372 0 3	24,065 8 11	82,214 14 0		1,01,074 11 11
2.481 3 10	ances -				4	acc.,os	479+00	144 549	*****
Depot Establishments. d. Office Establishments. e. Forest School (D. D.). 28 5 4	A Superior Officers	2,481 3 10		1,762 13 4	2,633 2 11	1,799 3 8			11,232 5 9 5,306 7 9
f. Plague allowances g. Grain compensation Total, B-II 3,273 7 6 3,161 15 4 6,211 12 0 3,362 7 7 4,221 13 1 20,33 III.—Contingencies - a. Stationery b. Carriage of tents and records 70 20 6 562 9 11 194 8 0 245 3 6 721 10 0 320 9 0 551 8 0 600 0 0 Rents, llabes and Taxes d. Pay of Police guards a 0 flicial postage 2 0 flicial postage 3 8 9 0 5 10 10 863 5 6 440 9 6 467 2 0 7 Sundries Payments to officers of other provinces Total, B-III 2,578 2 4 2,158 0 6 2,837 8 3 1,013 3 3 1,744 8 0 10 10 2,33 2 0 10 10 2,33 2 0 10 10 2,45 3 6 10 10 2,45 3 6 10 10 2,45 3 6 10 10 2,45 3 6 10 10 2,45 3 6 10 10 2,45 3 6	Depôt Establishments.	762 14 4	. 1411	581 5 8	1,135 5 4	586 9 2	635 13 10	******	8,702 0 5 92 9 7
Total, B-II 3,273 7 6 3,161 15 4 6,211 12 0 3,362 7 7 4,321 13 1 20,55 TIT.—Contingencies— a. Stationery	✓ Diagua allowances ···	******	*****	•••		1 ,			## 1+1
a. Stationery		3,273 7 6		3,161 15, 4	6,211 12 0	3,362 7 7	4,321 13 1		20,333 7 6
A. Stationery	II Contingencies -		ļ		108 6 6	00 7 6	105 1 6	M2115	512 6 9
records C. Rents, Rabes and Taxes d. Pay of Police guards c Official postage f. Sundries Payments to officers of other provinces Total, B-III 2,578 2 4 2,158 0 6 2,837 8 3 1,618 3 3 1,744 8 0 10,46	b. Carriage of tents and	-		ĺ	562 9 11	194 6 0	245 3 6	*****	1,540 14 9 3,696 13 6
# Official postago # \$3 8 9 0 .	c. Rents, Rates and Taxes d. Pay of Police guards.	1,503 2 6	900949 444.41	721 10 0	320 9 0		467 2 0	F64185 T64116	2,639 4 0
Total, B-III 2,578 2 4 2,158 0 6 2,837 8 3 1,648 8 3 1,744 8 0 10,46	a Official postage				393 9 7	357 10 3	327 1 0	420.00	2,071 15 4
Total, B-111 2,5/8 2 2 3	other provinces								10,481 6 4
TOTAL, B ESTABLISH- 20 372 2 5 1.588 0 5 27,035 11 7 55,021 4 6 20,071 3 9 38,231 3 1 1.62,16	ł			·			39,231 3 1	*****	1,82,169 9 9
MENTS 29,372 2 5 1,086 0 0 21,000 1 1 05 201 0 5 20,268 9 5 50,939 4 1 2,17,10	MENTS	<u>.</u>							2 17,103 0 11
Grand Total OF EXPENDITURE 29,437 6 5 1,583 0 5 33,568 14 1 65,301 9 6 36,268 9 5 50,939 4 1	EXPENDITURE.	29,437 6 5	1,583 0 5	33,508 14 1	00,301 9 0	00,200 0 0	\$3,-00		

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the forest year 1916-1917.

		<u> </u>								1		
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	а. р.	Rs.	a,	p.
T. Opening Cash Balance	***	•	-	807	2	2	By I. Refunds and Drawbacks— Refunds—Forest	,,,,,,		6,248	15	. 7
vill.—Assessed Taxes—Income Tax—Part I salaries and pensions.	a 18			3, 790	10	3	, II. Forest	***-+4		5,83,352	7	. 3
" IX —Forests :	*****	-		20,40,421	6	11	a I Posset Josef Posset	·		4,791	•	11
"Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund—				800		`	" General Provident Fund Civil Deposits—Forest de-			3,191	ø	1,1
Widows' Brauch	*****	•		220 1,74,000		3	, Civil Depsoits—Forest de- posits	40.500		1,83,402	14	11
"Advances Recoverable—		•				·	"Advances Recoverable—			-		
Forest advances Objection book advances Advances to non-gazetted	3,69,178 4,310				•		Forest advances	3, 81 ,4 48	11 ,1		•	
officers for the purchase of conveyance, etc Tentage advances to gazet-	203	8	0	3,78,964	7	9	`Advances to non-gazetted officers for purchase of conveyance, etc.	31").	0 0			
ted officers	72 2.0		0	j ۔		,	Tentage advances to gazette officers	400	0 0	3,87,812	11	1
" Cheques and Bills—Departmental Cheques—Forests.	666 F	•	!	6,81, 0 2 8	2	3	Motor car advances	1,000				
" Cash Recoveries—Clothing	440.0	•	i	1,099	12	8	Objection book advances	4,654	0 0)		
Remittances to treasuries. Inter-Departmental transfers	2,565 1,701	0	6	6,650	٤	8	" Cheques and Bills—Depart- mental Cheques—cancelled.	992>+6		7,059	10	10
Inter-Divisional transfers . ,, P. W. D. Remittances-III	2,384	4	1	ا ا			" Cash Recoveries—clothing	444.44	•	1,199	12	8
other remittances and rents of public buildings	*****		-	1,070	7	11	" Forest Remittances—		`			
, Account between Bombay and Post Office—Subscription to					_		Remittances to treasuries .	20,94,756	2 9]		
Postal Insurance Fund , Provincial Advances and Loan	****	-	4	630	6	4	Inter-Departmental trans- fers	. 399	0 9	20,97,539	7	7
Account—Advances to oul- tivators under Land Im- provement and Agricul	,						Inter-Divisional transfers .	2,384	4 1			
turists' Loans Act—Tagai Advances	201 10			712	3	9	, P. W. D. Remittances — III other remittances — Miscel- laneous	•			_	
"XII.—Interest—Interest on advances to cultivators	•							467	-	467	8	11
under Land Improve- ment and Agricul- turiste Loans Act		•		93	15	11	" 32. Miscellaneous—Refunds— Refund of lapsed depo- sits—Forest •••	* 4 * * *		3	12	0
" XX.—Medical — Miscellaneous —Sale-proceeds of							"Provincial Advance and Lone		•			
quinine " Account between India and Bombay—III items adjust-		H (324	14	0	account—Advances to culti- vators under Land Improve- ment Agriculturists' Loans					
able by India—Subscription to the Indian War						٠	Act—Tagai Advances	*****		49	0	0
Loan under the Govern- ment Scheme— War Bonds, 1920 Do. 1922	•••.	•		570			,, Account between Bombay and Railways—B. B. & C. I. Railway—IV items adjust-					
War Loan, 1922-47	*****	•	•	420 25		0	able by Railways—Miscellaneous	*****		27,627	12	0
"Suspenses Head—War Loan subscriptions under the Presidency Banks Scheme—			,	,		,	"Account between Bombay and Military—Poona Division —IV items adjustable by		•			
War Bonds, 1920 Do. 1922 War Loan, 1929-47	*****	•	•	70 15 2 10	0		Military—Miscellaneous	499989		6,093	0	0
" General Provident Fund	940.0			19,491		•	" Closing Balance	******		66%	7 7	1
Total, Northern Circle	****	•		33,06,216	1	10	Total, Northern Circle			33,06,216	1	10

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the forest year 1916-1917—continued.

CENTRAL CIRCLE. To Opening Balance	Rs. a. pass	Rs. a. 590 2 4,062 10 9,49,368 4 438 11	9	By I. Refunds and Drawbacks— Forests Income tax , II. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 67)	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p. 1,025 4 6 3 10 0
To Opening Balance , VIII. Income Tax— Recoveries from salaries and pensions paid by Government , IX. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 67) , XII. Interest—Miscellaneous on other accounts , XVII B.—Jails— Jail manufactures, sale-proceeds	Post 60 4	4,062 10 9,49,368 4	9	Income tax	*44444	1,025 4 6
Recoveries from salaries and pensions paid by Government "IX. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 67) "XII. Interest—Miscellaneous on other accounts "XVII B.—Jails— Jail manufactures, sale-proceeds	Post 60 4	4,062 10 9,49,368 4	9	Income tax		1,025 4 6
"IX. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 67) "XII. Interest—Miscellaneous on other accounts "XVII B.—Jails— Jail manufactures, sale-proceeds	********	9,49,868 4		Income tax ,, II. Forest (as per Annual Sum-		
, XVII B.—Jails— Jail manufactures, sale-proceeds	******		9	" II. Forest (as per Annual Sum- mary Form No. 67)		
other accounts		438 11	-		*****	5,22,458 10 4
Jail manufactures, sale-proceeds	******		0	,, 19B.—Jails Miscellaneous services,	}	, , 1
of Jail manufactures		3 8	0	District Jails other miscellaneous services and supplies	***************************************	3 11 0
"XX. Medical Miscellaneous—sale-pro- ceeds of quinine	****	230 0	0	,, Cash Recoveries, Clothing Recoveries	*****	1,716 12 6
U. S. F. Pension Fund	*****	235 1 0	9	" 32. Miscellaneous—	•	
" Forest Officers' Provident Fund	405000	279 0	0	Refund of lapsed deposits	*****	190 0 0
"General Provident Fund	*****	18,201 3	0	Forest Advances	******	3,80,877 13 2
, Advances repayable, Civil— Advances, Tenage Advances to				Remittances to treasuries, Forest. Remittances	9,84,490 7 1	
Gazetted Officers	13 14 2		•	Inter-Departmental Transfers.	3,513 15 6	\$9,88,355 6 7
Objection Book Advance	1,580 10 8	<u> </u>		Inter Divisional Transfers	351 0 0)
Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of ponies, cycles, etc.	173 8 0	2,618 0	10	Forest Deposits	******	55,705 11 4
Advances to Gazetted Officers for the purchase of motor cars, etc	850 O O			, Advances Repayable— Objection Book Advances	· 1,707 O O))
Forest Advances	*****	3,82,598 14	9	Advances to Gazetted Officers	,	
Civil Deposits, Forest Deposits	*4*4**	62,536 9	0	for the purchase of motor car	·	4,407 0
Cash Recoveries, Clothing Re-	144187	1,716 12	8 6	Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of ponies, cycles, etc.	1	
Cheques and Bill, Departmental Cheques—Forests	******	5,44,657 10	9	General Provident Fund	******	4,272 2 11
Bemittances to Treasuries	*****	686 10	3	Suspense Account	****	194 0 0
Inter-Departmental Transfers	*****	12,447 10	1	,, Account between Civil and M -	,	
Inter-Divisional Transfers	*****	276 .0	0.0	tary, Account between Bombay and Military, Supply Circle—		
"P. W. D. Remittances III—		·		IV.—Items adjustable by		
Other Remittances, Bent	2,294 7 6	h :		Military Miscellaneous	*6# .24	461 0 0
Miscellaneous	16 10 8	2,311 2	2	, Account between Bombay and Mili- tary, Poona Division—		
Account between Bombay and Post Office, Postal deductions	732 8 8	842 8	8 8	IV. Items adjustable by Military Miscellaneous	*****	6,38 6 9 0
Miscellaneous receipts on account of Iudian War Loan Bonds of 1920	110 0 0) .		, Cheques and Bills—(Cancelled)		•
, Suspense Account	*****	194 0	0	Fcrests Cheques	***	691 0 2
Do. Bank Scheme-]	, Account between Central Pro-		H
, War Bonds of 1922	*** **	265 0	_	vinces and Bombay—		
Do. of 1920 Account between India and Bembay	****	85 0	0	III—Items adjustable by Central Provinces Miscellaneous	•••••	18,012 14 0
War Loan under Government Scheme, 1929-47	******	- 115 0	.0			
Do. —War Bonds of 1920	· .	630 O	0	Closing Balance	44444	738 8 6
Do. do. of 1922	*****	30 0			•	
Total, Central Circle	******	19,85,500 2	0	Total, Central Circle	*****	19,85,500 2 0

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the forest year 1916-1917—continued.

	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1
	Rs. s. p.	Rs a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. I
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		3,021 4 8	By I. Refunds and Drawbacks— Refunds—Divided Heads,	•	1:
To Opening Balance	489***	5,021 4 6	Forests	50000	4,808 15
", VIII. Assessed Taxes—Income Tax—			,, II. Forest (as per Aunual Sum- mary Form No. 67)	*3****	12,45,405 11
Deductions by Government from salaries and pensions.	,	5,123 2 0	Savinos Bank Deposits-	******	
,, IX. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 67)	*43120	28,57,730 15 10	General Provident Fund	1 00 747 4 Å	8,081 10
, XII. Interest—Miscellaneous on other accounts	Ī	8,304 6 11	" Civil Deposits—Forest Deposits " Civil Deposits—Personal Depo-	1,20,747 4 4	} } 1,20,751 8 4
" Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund—Widows"	•	. 0,001	sits—Other Departments— Indian Imperial War Relief Fund •••	4 4 0	1,20,701 8 4
Branch Life Assurance Branch	97 9 6	80.8	" Advances Recoverable— Forest Advances	7,01,550 9 7	
" Civil Deposits—Forest Deposits …	100014 5 11	\int_{Λ}	Objection Book Advances	2,307 8 0	
" Civil Deposits—Personal Deposits—	•	1,26,856 0 11	Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers	•	7,07,943 1 7
Other Departments, Advances Recoverable—Forest Ad-	-58 5 0)	for the purchase of con- veyances	1,090 0 0	
vances ****	, 0,00,000 0 2		Motor Car Advances •••	*** *#6	1
Tentage Advances to Gazetted Officers	**-**		" Cash Recoveries	. 948>>>	1,277 2 2
Objection Book Advances	2,368 10 8	6,99,459 14 0	" Cheques and Bills—Cancelled Departmental Cheques (Forests).	*****	35,908 6 1
Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of conveyances.	877 8 0		,, Forest Remittances—Remittances to Treasuries	19,81,296 2 7	
Motor Car Advances	3,233 6 2	زا	Inter-Divisional Transfers	-260 O O	19,31,600 10 7
n Cash Recoveries	*****	1,277 2 2	Inter-Departmental Transfers.	44 8 0)-
" Cheques and Bills—Departmental Cheques—Forests	••••	12,99,877 10 1]	"P. W. Remittances—III. Other Remittances — Miscellane-		30.500 0 5
, Forest Remittances— Remittances to Tressuries	2,816 10 0	1	Account between Bombay and	**************************************	10,530 3 5
Inter-Divisional Transfers		27,901 12 8	Railways—M. & S. M. Railway. IV. Items adjustable by Rail-		-
Inter-Departmental Transfers	(ways-Miscellaneous	240-94	4,60,939 14 10
Post Office—Postal Fund Deductions		776 13 4	,, 32. Miscellaneous—Miscellaneo u a Refunds—Lapsed Deposits	******	.596 9 6
,, P. W. Remittances—III. Other Remittances—Rents of Public		776 13 4	"Account between Bombay and Military Supply Circle—IV. Items adjustable by Military Miscellaneous		11,846 14 0
Buildings		1,738 0 0	IV. Items adjustable by Mili-		
Rents of Public Buildings, Miscellaneous	1 000 14 -	٠ ١٥٥٠ ١	tary—Poona Division— Miscellaneous	*edfag	80 0 0
, General Provident Fund		26,251 4 2	,, 32. Miscellaneous Temporary re-		300 0 -
, Account between Bombay and Military Supply Circle	,		coverable Loans written off., Account between Bombay and Telegraphs	*******	127 8 0
IV. Items adjustable by Military— Miscellaneous			. Account between Bombay and	•	
XXV. Miscellaneous—Sale-porceeds	******	** ***	Military Works—IV. Items adjustable by Military Works—		-
of stores and materials, Provincial.	*****	268 5 8	Miscellaneous	******	84 0 0
XVIB. Law and Justice—Jail manufactures, sale-proceeds of Jail			,, 32. Miscellaneous—Miscellane ou s and Unforescen Charges— Other unforescen Charges,		
manufactures Suspense Account	100146	114 12 0 84 0 0	Provincial 19B Jails—Central Jails—Jail	### ##################################	3 ,143 8 11
Bombay, III—Items adjustable by India, subscription to War Loan	, ·		Manufacture of Raw Materials		1,001 12 10
under Government Scheme Account between Bombay and Post Office, Miscellaneous War Bonds,	* *************************************	100 0 0	Maunfacture of Raw Materials	•	ļ
1920 Account between Bombay and Post	1	110 0 0	"Suspense Account "Interest on other obligations	48 240	325 2 0 84 0 0
Office, Miscellaneous War Loan, 1929-47	*****	150 0 0	Interest on Miscellaneous Account, Refunds	*****	00 1= =
<i>m</i>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	100 0 0	" Closing Balance	******	26 15 7 1,204 7 8
Total, Southern Circle	*****	45,44,726 2 11	Total, Southern Circle		·

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 25.—Annual Account Current for the forest year 1916-1917—concluded.

					·		,
SIND CIRCLE.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	8.	թ.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
To Opening Balance	400109	265	8	6	By 1. Refunds and Drawbacks— Refunds—	·	
, VIII. Assessed Taxes—Income Tax—					Divided Heads (Forests)		221 12 8
Deductions by Government from Salaries and Pensions	*****	2,479	12	8	,, 11. Forest (as per Annual Sum-		
,, IX. Forest (as per Annual Summary Form No. 67)	400100	5,34,269	15	0	mary Form No. 67)	*****	2,17,103 0 11
, Civil Deposits—					,, Civil Deposits-Forest Deposits	******	11,691 6 0
Forest Deposits	******	19,657	15	6	., 32. Miscellaneous—Miscellaneous	-	
" Advances Recoverable—				İ	Refunds—		
Forest Advances	1,10,547 4 7)			Refund of lapsed Deposits	******	. 280 2 0
Objection Book Advances	170 0 0	1,10,732	4	7	, 32. Miscellaneous—Miscellaneous	 	
Advances to Non-Gazetted Officers for the purchase of conveyances, etc	15 0 0	, ,		. į	and Unforessen Charges— (Provincial) Other unforessen charges	8867.88	29 1 5
" Cash Recoveries—Clothing	*****	133	15	0	,, Advances Recoverable—		
" Cheques and Bills-Departmental					Forest Advances	1,12,354 14 9)
Cheques—Forests	******	2,16,092	0	3	Objection Book Advances	220 0 0	1,12,574 14 9
" Forest Remittances —				!	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Remittances to Treasuries	. 59 1 1	} 143	11	1	", Cash Recoveries—Clothing	*42***	133 15 0
Inter-Departmental Transfers.	84 10 0	1 6			"Cheques and Bills (cancelled) Departmental Cheques, Forests		275 0 0
"Account between Bombay and Post							
Postal Fund Deductions	*****	365	4	0	,, Forest Remittances— Remittances to Treasuries	5,47,519 11 6	3
" P. W. Remittances—					Inter-Departmental Transfers.	19.200	5,47,519 11 6
III. Other Remittances—	•				inter-Departmental Hausters.	•	_
Rents of Public Buildings	*****	351	0	0	Savings Bank Deposits-		60 G O
, Objection Book Advances—Suspense. —Suspense Account	488 48	82	7	4	General Provident Fund	******	
, XX. Medical-Miscellaneous-Sale-					,, P. W. D. Remittances—	-	
proceeds of quinine	*45*00	127			III. Other Remittances—		
"General Provident Fund …	*****	10,522	4	0	Items adjustable by P. W. D.—	•	
" Account between India and Bombay—			•		Miscellaneous	*****	5,163 6 8
IV. Items adjustable by India-		-			, Refunds and Drawbacks—Re-		
Subscriptions to the War Loan under Covernment Scheme—				- :	funds— Divided heads—Assessed Taxes—Income Tax	101168	8 10 4
War Bonds—1920 •••		200	0	٥	, Objection Book Advances-Sus-		-
War Bonds—1922	*****	100	0	0	pense—Suspense Accounts	*****	373 5 11
, Suspense Head—				į			•
War Loan Subscription under the Presidency Bank Scheme—War	•	120	^	٥	Closing Balance	******	219 9 9
Bonds-1920	404111			Υ.			
Total, Sind Circle	116.00.	8,95,654	0 3	1	Total, Sind Circle	*****	8,95,654 0 11
GEAND TOTAL		1,07,32,096		- 8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.,,,,,,	1,07,32,096 7 8
				_!			

FORM No. 26.—Revenue received and outstandings on account of revenue during 1916-1917.

	FORM No. 26.—I	levenue received	d and outstand	ings on account	t of recente at	1	·
Division.	Farticulars.	Outstandings at commencement of year.	Value of sales and other revenue during year.	Total.	Amount realized during year.	Balanceduc to the Department at endof year.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7	8
NORTHERN CIRCLE.	ė e	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
	Various sources Timber and other forest	*****	432 G 0 1,49,726 11 9	432 6 0 1,49,726 11 9	1,49,726 11 9	******	
Surat North Thána West Thána	produce. Do. Do. Do.	1,273 32 0	1,99,193 15 11 8,48,100 15 7 3,46,392 9 9	2,00,467 11 11 8,48,100 15 7 3,46,392 9 9	1,99,187 11 11 7,99,828 15 7 3,46,392 9 9 2,84,555 9 9	1,280 0 0 48,272 0 0 14,245 8 0	
East Thána South Násik North Násik	Do Do	130 0 0	2,98,801 1 9 1,57,745 15 8 63,420 1 0 2,401 4 0	2,98,901 1 9 1,57,875 15 8 63,420 1 0 2,401 4 0	1,57,840 15 8 63,420 1 0 2,401 4 0	35 0 0	
(Famine	Famine fodder	846749	641 14 0	641 14 0	641 14 0	••••	
Fodder).	Total, Northern Circle	1,403 12 0	20,66,856 15 5	20,68,260•11 5	20,04,428 3 5	63,832 8 0	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.				٠.	•		
Direction East Khán- desh.	Various sources Timber and other forest produce.	40 MB ,	500 8 0 1,48,720 14 4	500 8 0 1,48,720 14 4	507 8 0 1,48,720 1± 4	3,053 0 0	
West Khán- desh. North Khán- desh.	Do	290 0 0	2,10,238 12 2	2,10,238 12 2	2,07,185 12 2 1,23,543 4 10	604 8 0	
Poons Sátára Kolába Working Plans	Do	52 0 0 656 0 0	1,71,172 6 4 74,215 6 8 1,66,798 0 8 13 5 5	1,71,172 6 4 74,267 6 8 1,67,454 0 8 13 5 5	1,63,670 6 4 73,165 13 8 1,66,798 0 8 13 5 5	7,502 0 0 1,101 9 0 656 0 0	
ii Orainê rikus	Total, Central Circle	998 0 0	8,95,517 2 5	8,96,515 2 5	8,83,598 1 5	12,917 1 0	
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.		. •				. •	
Kánara, North ern. Kánara, East	produce.	2,72,273 13 0 1,18,926 5 6	10,64,008 7 8 3,81,002 9 7	13,36,282 4 8 4,99,928 15 1	(a)612 0 0 9,45,106 12 2 (b)865 8 3 3,85,749 11 11	3,89,678 0 3 1,14,086 3 2	(a) Amount adjusted in the accounts for March (III Supplementary) 1918, and not accounted for by the
ern. Kánara, Cen tral.	D ₀	25,661 7 10	3,24,926 1 9	3,50,587 9 7	(b)93 0 0 3,34,018 0 6	16,569 9 1	Divisional Forest Officer in the last year's return.
Kánara, Southern.	Do	7,261 10 7	55,925 4 2	63,186 14 9	60,933 5 3 (6,352 10 0	} 1,900 15 6	
Kanara, West	Do	23,414 3 0	2,53,202 0 9	2,76,646 3 9	2,50,591 6 4	26,054 13 5	
Belgaum Dhárwár-Bijá-		44,450 6 0 377 11 9	3,12,554 33 0 66,810 9 1	3,57,005 3 0 67,188 4 10	8,11,699 3 4 66,730 0 2	45,305 15 8	
pur. Ratnágiri		******	1,248 4 7	1,248 4 7	(6,146 6 0	811 14 8	
Direction	Various sources	******	1,645 7 7	1,645 .7 7	1,248 4 7	*****	
Working Plans		****	8 12 0	8 12 0	8 12 0		(5) Revenue written of during the year:— Items, Ant.
	Total, Southern Circle.	4,92,395 9 8	24,61,332 6 2	29,53,727 15 10	(a)612 C O 23,57,730 15 10 (b) 1,477 8 8	5,93,907 7 g	Palse balance. 4 \$07.6-3 Bea. balance. 7 5-0 2-0
SIND CIRCLE:							Total 11 1.477-9-8
Direction		24,913 12 0	1 20 200 11 10	****	** ***	*****	
Lárkána	produce.	6,007 12 0	1,39,383 5 10	1,61,297 1 10	1,64,181 9 10	115 8 0	
Hyderabad	De		57,584 3 5	63,681 15 5	63,681 15 5	*****	
erruck	D _o	20,870 10 8 25,628 6 1	1,40,819 11 11	1,61,690 6 7	1,58,275 6 7	5,415 0 0	
bar and Par-	D _a		1,09,388 3 6	1,35,016. 9 7	1,15,646 11 7	19,369 14 0	
kar.	Total, Sind Circle	77,510 8 9	5,696 4 10 4,52,871 18 6	5,696 4 10	5,696 4 10	*****	
	GRAND TOTAL	 	5023072 18 6	5,30,382 6 8	5,05,482 0 8	24,900 6 0	
		<u> </u>		61,48,886 8 11	57,53,328 13 2	6,95,557 6 9	

APPENDICES.

FORM No. 27.—Outstandings and Liabilities on account of Contractors and Disbursers for the forest year 1916-191

			DEPARTMENT DE	BTOB.	D:	EPARIMENT CREDIT	OB.	BALANCE	DUR
Division.		At com- mencement of year.	Recoveries in east and value of sup- plies and work done during the year,	At close of year,	At commence- ment of year.	Payments made during year.	At close of year,	To Department (Outstandings).	By Depart- ment (Linbilities),
. 1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
NORTHERN CIRCLE. 5		. ,	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Contractors.		•				·	ľ		
North Thána	***	•••	229 0 0	229 0 0	*****	229 0 0	529 0 0		•••
Surat	•	* ***	8,757 8 0	8,757 8 0	13,757 8 0	17,000 0 0	30,757 8 0	22,000 0 0	
Potal, Contractors		•••	8,986 8 0	8,986 8 0	13,757 8 0	17,229 0 0	30,986 8 0	22,000 0 0	
Disbursers.						Ì			ļ
Direction	•••	***	1,423 3 9	1,423 3 9		1,423 3 9	1,423 3 9	*****	•••
North Thána	•••	* 100	61,156 8 11	61,156 8 11	891 3 2	62,879 0 10	63,770 4 0	2,613 11 1	
West Thána			50,035 14 8	50,035 14 8	1,389 12 9	50,355 4 4	51,745 1 1	1,709 2 5	***
East Thána	•••		51,169 3 7	51,169 3 7	918 12 4	52,821 10 11	53,740 7 3	2,571 3 8	
North Násik		•••	24,705 13 2	24,705 13 2	834 0 4	24,272 15 10	25,107 0 2	401 3 0	
ionth Násik			35,671 4 4	35,671 4 4	1,416 1 5	35,257 4 3	36,673 5 8	1,002 1 4	
Panch Mabáls	•••		33,022 1 4	33,022 1 4	587 6 1	33,225 6 1	33,812 12 2	790 10 10	F
urat		•••	95,315 11 2	95,315 11 2	4,580 15 9	95,939 15 5	1,00,520 15 2	5,205 4 0	•••
ub-Násik	•••	•••	7,692 4 4	7,692 4 4	*****	8,044 13 8	8,044 13 8	352 9 4	-
Total, Disbursors		***	3,60,192 1 3	3,60,192 1 3	10,618 3 10	3,64,219 11 1	3,74,837 14.11	14,645 13 8	
TOTAL, N. C.	••	***	3,69,178 9 3	3,69,178 9 3	21,375 11 10	3,81,448 11 1	4,05,824 6 11	36,645 13 8	
CENTRAL CIRCLE.									
Contractors.	- }						}	1.	
irection	•••		2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0		******	••••		2,500 0 0
otal, Contractors		•••	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	•••				2,500 o o
Disburse rs.									<u> </u>
Pirection		•••	*****	*****	120	*****	1 2 0	1 2 0	
last Khándesh		•••	46,508 14 0	46,508 14 0	413 14 9	46,702 10 6	47,116 9 3	607 11 3	
Vest Khándesh		***	72,886 11 1	72,886 11 1	3,009 1 11	75,005 15 4	78,075 1 3	5,188 6 2	
orth Khandesh		144	73,908 4 1	73,908 4 1	3,177 8 0	72,413 2 2	75,590 10 2	1,782 6 1	
'oona		•••	68,596 2 7	68,596 2 7	1,514 10 11	68,313 12 2	69,828 7 1	1,232 4 6	•••
lolába	•••	•••	65,857 1 4	65,857 1 4	885 0 5	65,816 0 0	66,701 0 5	843 15 1	
átira	•••	***	51,011 13 8	51,041 13 8	_1,267 7 1	51,166 5 0	52,433 12 1	1,391 14 5	•••
Vorking Plans		•••	900, 0 0	900 0 0	Tätesa	900 0 0	900 0 0	446798	***
Vest Khánde Famine Fodder.	ah	•••	500 o o	500 0 0	***17*	. 500 0 0	500 0.0		105
Total, Disbursers		•••	3,80,098 14 9	3,80,098 14 9	10,268 13 1	3,80,877 13 2	3,91,146 10 8	11,047 11 6	
TOTAL, C. C.		•••	3,82,598 14 9	3 \$2.598 14 9	10.968 13 1	3,80,877 13 2	3.91.146 10 3	8,547 11 6	2500 0 0

OBM No. 27.—Outstandings and Liabilities on account of Contractors and Disbursers for the forest year 1916-1917—concld.

		DEPARTMENT DEE	TOB.	D	BPARTMENT CREDIT	'0B.	BALANCE	Du∎ 	
Division.	At com- mencement of year,	Recoveries in cash and value of sup- plies and work done during the year.	At close of year.	At commence- ment of year.	Pnyments made during year.	At close of year.	To Department (Outstandings).	By Depart- ment (Liabilities).	1
1	2	3	4		0	7	8 .	9	10
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Contractors.			•					<u>.</u>	
hárwár-Bijápur	400	281 7 0	281 7 0	281 7 1	S. Ļoš res	281 7 0	*****	***	
anara, N. D	•••	39,294 10 6	39,294 10 6	28,031 7 2	29,248 0 0	57,279 7 2	17,984 12 8	•••	
elgaum	•••	96,833 15 5	96,833 15 5	65,576 0 9	1,16,145 0 0	1,81,721 0 9	84,887 1 4	•••	
auara, W. D	•••	78,615 12 3	78,615 12 3	45,964 0 0	79,354 4 3	1,25,318 4 3°	46,702 8 0		
ánara, S. D	•••	8,083 8 9	3,080 8 9	4,700 0 0	2,319 0 0	7,019 · 0 0	3,938 7 3	1 40	
ánara, E. D.	•••	40,844 11 2	40,844 11 2	13,212 6 9	47,336 0 0	60,548 6 9	19,703 11 7	•••	
ánara, C. D.	•••	25,418 3 6	25,418 3 6	19,462 10 9	16,881 11 7	36,344 6 4	10,926 2 10	***	
Total, Contractors		2,84,369 4 7	2,84,369 4 7	1,77,228 0 5	2,91,283 15 10	4,68,512 0 3	1,84,142 11 8	***	
Disbursers.							_ 		
iárwar-Bijápur	•••	26,322 6 8	26,322 6 8	1,452 15 4	25,494 5 5	26,947 4 9	624 14 1		
lgaum	د د	1,03,2 ₀ 5 9 5	1,03,205 9 5	J0,407 13 I	•	1,17,677 13 1	14,472 3 8	· •••	
inara, N. D.	•••	90,010 9 2	90,010 9 2	4,255 12 7	91,640 8 8	95,902 5 3	5,891 12 1	•••	
inara, W. D.	***	46,141 15 1	46,141 15 1	3,883 9 7	50,915 11 -9	54,799 5 4	8,657 6 3	••• 	
inara, S. D.		35,371 12 0	35,371 12 0	1,327 12 6	34,732 0 10	36,059 13 4	688 1 4	***	-
ánara, E. D.	4-0	63,340 2 11	63,340 2 11	2,827 4 10	65,505 4 0		4,02 5 11	•••	İ
ánata, C; D.	•••	27,893 14 3		2,827 4 10 r 876 7 1	30,559 8 0			***	j
atnégiei	•••,	3,774 11 1	3,774 11 1) '			3,312 0 10	***	}
Joulana Plana		2,650 0 0	2,650 0 0	8 0 0	3,793 3 1	3,801 3 1	26 8 0	•••	
incation	***	900 0 0	900 0 0	*****	2,650 0 0	2,650 0 0	*******	***	
Total, Disbursers				.;	900 0 0	800 0: 0	******		
Total, S. C		3,99,611 0 7			4,13,266 9 9	<u>-</u>	38,695 4 2	•••	}
· •	***	0,53,980 5 2	6,83,980 5 2	2,02,267 11, 5	7,04,550 9 7	9,06,818 5 0	2,22,837 15 10	•••	
SIND CIRCLE.								-	1
Contractors.	. :								ļ
rection		100 0 0	100 0 0	******	100 0 0	100 0 0	*****	•••	,
irkana	***	20 0 0	20 0 0	•••••	20 0 0	20 0 0	*** **		
rruck	•••	130 0-0	130 0 0		130 0 0	130 0 0	*****	 •••	
yderabad	•••	120 0 0	120 0 0	*****	120 0 0	120 0 0	***	•••	
kkur	· ••• ·	30 0 0	30 0 0		30 0 0	30 0 0	******)	Ì
Total, Contractors.	***	400 0 0	400 0 0		<u>: 400 0 0</u>	400 0 0	****		
Disbursers,	•								
rkána	*** .	19,402 2 1	19,402 2 1	139 12 9	19,771 2 7	19,910 15 4	508 13 3	}	}
rruck	***	28,421 15 3	28,421 15 3.	1,031 3 4	28,544 12 0	29,575 15 4	1,154 0 1		
yderabad	2.00	18,459 10 4	18,459 10 4	119 0 6	18,830 0 0	18,949 0 8	489 6 2	}	1
kkur	•••	43,863 8 11	43,863 8 11	486 11 4	44,809 0 2	45,295 11 6	1,432 2 7	}	
Total, Disbursers		1 10 147 4 7	110147 4 7	1 770 13 14				•••	
otal, Find Circle	***	1,10,147 4 7				1,13,731.10 8	8,594 6 1	•••	1
Ind Officie	***	1,10,04/ 4 /	1,10,04/ 4.7.	1,776 11 11	1,12,354 14 9	1,14,131 1Q 8	3,584 6 1		ĺ
GRAND TOTAL		15,46,305 1 9			1	,	ì	•••	}

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