

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH
WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

VOLUME II.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

SECTION I.

ON THE HEALTH OF BRITISH TROOPS IN INDIA.

	PAGE.
1. All-India	1
2. Officers	1
3. Soldiers	2
<i>Diseases which cause the chief admission rate.</i>	
4. Dengue	8
5. Dysentery	8
6. Enteric group of fevers	9
7. Malaria	10
8. Sand-fly fever	13
9. Small-pox	13
10. Pulmonary tuberculosis	13
11. Venereal diseases	14
12. Central Dermatological laboratory, Poona	15
13. Diseases of areolar tissues	16
14. Effects of heat	16
15. Local injuries	17
16. Women and children	17
17. Warrant officers, N. C. Os., and men	18

SECTION II.

ON THE HEALTH OF THE INDIAN ARMY.

18. All-India	21
19. Officers	21
20. Soldiers	22
<i>Principal Diseases.</i>	
21. Bronchitis	32
22. Circulatory diseases	32
23. Dengue	32
24. Diseases of areolar tissue	32

SECTION II—*contd.*ON THE HEALTH OF THE INDIAN ARMY—*contd.**Principal Diseases—contd.*

	PAGE.
25. Diarrhoea	32
26. Dysentery	33
27. Enteric group of fevers	33
28. Local injuries	34
29. Jaundice	34
30. Malaria	34
31. Mumps	36
32. Pneumonia	36
33. Pulmonary tuberculosis	37
34. Sand-fly fever	38
35. Venereal diseases	38
36. Followers	40
37. Indian other ranks	41

APPENDICES.

Section I	46
Section II	50
Vaccination in the European and Indian Armies	57
Annual returns of the European and Indian Armies and the Jail population	61

**With the compliments of the Public Health Commissioner with the
Government of India.**

**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH COMMISSIONER
WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA FOR 1926.**

VOLUME II.

SECTION I.

ON THE HEALTH OF BRITISH TROOPS IN INDIA.

(From the Director of Medical Services in India.)

India.

	Average strength.	Admissions.		Deaths.		Invalids sent home.		Invalids discharged in India.		Invalids finally discharged from the service.		Average constantly sick.	
		No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
Officers . . .	2,574	1,738	675.2	16	6.22	51	19.81	..	...	..	...	60.33	23.44
Other Ranks . . .	56,798	36,893	649.5	171	3.01	907	15.97	3	0.05	...	...	1,758.60	30.96
Women . . .	5,341	2,492	466.6	21	3.93	89	16.66	1	0.19	...	...	87.56	16.39
Women-parturition.	...	786	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	42.15	...
Children . . .	7,257	2,822	388.9	122	16.81	25	3.44	...	...	...	...	93.65	12.90
R. N., E. A. F. and pensioners.	...	1,155	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Others . . .	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Officers.

2. 675.2 per 1,000 of strength were admitted to hospital during the year, compared with 607.6 in 1925, and 601.6 in 1924.

The principal causes of sickness were:—

	Actuals.
Malaria	230
Diarrhœa	103
Inflammation of areolar tissue	96
Tonsillitis	90
Sand-fly fever	81
Bronchitis	79
Dengue	71
Influenza	60
Dysentery	54
Fractures	54
Contusion	52
Jaundice	49

There were 16 deaths, of which 3 were due to fractures, 3 to other injuries, 1 to heat-stroke and 1 to drowning.

The health statistics of officers and other ranks for the quinquennial periods 1910-14, 1915-19, and 1920-24, with those for 1925 and 1926 are given separately in the following table for purposes of comparison:—

Period.	Admissions.		Invalids sent home.		Deaths.	
	Officers.	Other Ranks.	Officers.	Other Ranks.	Officers.	Other Ranks.
1910-14	587.5	587.2	16.30	7.08	5.14	4.36
1915-19	1,053.0	881.7	60.98	29.91	10.54	8.81
1920-24	676.7	791.9	20.99	18.91	6.71	5.24
1925	607.6	628.6	18.02	16.94	5.15	3.03
1926	675.2	649.5	19.81	16.02	6.22	3.01

Soldiers.

3. 36,893, or 649.5 per 1,000 of strength, were admitted to hospital, compared with 628.6 in 1925, 658.0 in 1924 and 580.5 in 1913.

The principal causes of admission to hospital were:—

Malaria	9,389
*Venereal diseases	3,530
Inflammation of areolar tissue	1,977
Tonsillitis	1,551
Dengue	1,510
Bronchitis	1,117
Sand-fly fever	1,058
Dysentery	892
Diarrhoea	886
Synovitis	694
Contusion	639
Boils	601
Fractures	543
Jaundice	528
Myalgia	445
Influenza	408

(* Gonorrhœa 2,513, syphilis 325, soft chancre 692.)

There were 171 deaths, or 3.01 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 3.03 per 1,000 in 1925, 4.27 in 1924 and 3.34 in 1913.

910, or 16.02 per 1,000 of the strength, were sent home as invalids, compared with 16.94 in 1925, 15.00 in 1924 and 7.49 in 1913.

The principal causes of invaliding to the United Kingdom were:—

Inflammation of middle ear	347
Mental diseases	39
Pulmonary tuberculosis	34
Valvular disease of the heart	53
Disordered action of the heart	36
Epilepsy	22
Multiple neuritis	20

19 cases of multiple neuritis were from Aden.

The average number constantly in hospital was 1,758.60, or 30.96 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 31.41 per 1,000 in 1925, 32.69 in 1924, and 29.68 in 1913.

The average sick time to each soldier was 11.30 days, and the average duration of each case 17.40 days; the corresponding figures were 11.46 and 18.24 in 1925, 11.97 and 18.18 in 1924, and 10.83 and 18.66 in 1913.

78,708 men, or 1,385.8 per 1,000 of the strength, were treated as out-patients, with an average daily number under treatment of 1,093.59, or 19.26 per 1,000.

The combined ratio constantly sick in hospital and under treatment as out-patients was 50.22 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 50.32 in 1925 and 54.55 in 1924.

The following table shows the admission and death ratios per 1,000 of strength during 1926 for the principal diseases, for each command and for the troops on the line of march:—

	Northern Command.	Eastern Command.	Western Command.	Southern Command.	Burma District.	Aden Brigade	Troops on the line of march.
Dengue { A. D.	0.3 ...	40.2 ...	0.2 ...	28.9 ...	159.9 ...	138.0...	......
Dysentery { A. D.	11.1 ...	8.3 0.13	24.7 ...	21.8 ..	34.9 ...	20.4 ...	30.0 ...
Enteric Group { A. D.	2.3 0.06	3.0 0.26	5.8 0.19	1.9 0.18	3.5...	......	......
Malaria { A. D.	268.6 0.08	114.5 ...	314.0 0.77	72.1 ...	41.9 ...	127.8 ...	187.8 ...
Inflammation of Areolar Tissue. { A. D.	31.4 ...	27.2 ...	37.0 ...	41.1 0.08	57.6 ...	42.6 ...	82.4 ...

	Northern Command.	Eastern Command.	Western Command.	Southern Command.	Burma District.	Aden Brigade.	Troops on the line of march.
Inflammation of Tonsils . { A. D.	24.1 ...	23.5 ...	13.6 ...	38.6 ...	27.9 ...	20.4 ...	52.4 ...
Rheumatic fever . { A. D.	1.2 ...	1.2 ...	2.5 ...	1.2 ...	... ...	2.8...	......
Sand-fly fever . { A. D.	31.7 ...	18.6 ...	19.9 ...	8.1...	......	......	......
Inflammation of Bronchi . { A. D.	17.7 ...	17.9 ...	16.7 ...	25.2 ...	10.8 ...	4.6 ...	26.2 ...
Venereal Diseases . { A. D.	42.8 ...	72.1 ...	42.9 ...	68.5 ...	192.4 ...	24.1 ...	30.0 ...
Jaundice . { A. D.	8.7 ...	9.7 ...	7.5 ...	10.8 ...	6.4 ...	5.6...	......
Diarrhoea . { A. D.	14.2 ...	10.9 ...	15.7 ...	20.2 ...	13.9 ...	2.8 ...	78.6 ...
Heat-stroke . { A. D.	5.9 0.64	2.2 0.26	1.3 0.38	4.2 0.24	0.6 0.58	... ..	0.2 ...
Myalgia . { A. D.	7.2 ...	5.1 ...	3.8 ...	11.9 ...	12.8 ...	7.4...	......
Influenza . { A. D.	12.7 ...	0.3 ...	8.6 ...	8.3 ...	2.9...	......	......
All causes . { A. D.	709.7 3.26	554.8 3.44	690.4 3.44	640.1 2.51	831.4 1.74	625.9 0.93	872.7 ...

As in former years, the preponderance of disease due to the bites of mosquitoes and sand-flies shows the importance of preventive measures directed against them. A large number of the admissions for "inflammation of areolar tissue" are also attributable to the same cause.

The fall in the incidence of malaria in the Northern Command from 306.3 per 1,000 in 1925 to 268.6 in 1926 was more than counterbalanced by an increase in the Western Command from 155.4 per 1,000 in 1925 to 314.0 in 1926. The civil population in the Western Command area suffered severely from malaria in the autumn of 1926, and the troops on manœuvres were heavily infected.

The following table shows the stations with an average strength of more than 1,000 which had an admission ratio higher than the whole of India during 1926—

Stations.	Average strength.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.		
		Admissions to hospital.	Deaths.	Average constantly sick.
Lahore	1,035	1,223·2	5·80	62·68
Calcutta	1,008	1,154·8	4·96	47·81
Jhansi	1,142	1,071·8	7·01	42·01
Mhow	1,504	1,049·2	6·65	40·00
Peshawar	1,151	977·4	4·34	36·52
Delhi	1,167	866·3	3·43	43·42
Quetta	2,860	682·5	3·50	22·20

A still further decline in the incidence of malaria at Lahore has followed the mosquito-proofing in 1925 of the British infantry barracks and British military hospital. The comparative figures are—

	Per 1,000.
1924	1,038·4
1925	706·2
1926	613·5

The following table shows the principal diseases, with admissions and deaths, at those stations with an average strength of more than 1,000.

	Lahore.	Calcutta.	Jhansi.	Mhow.	Peshawar.	Delhi.
Dysentery—						
Admissions	10·6	9·9	17·5	41·2	16·5	12·9
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Enteric group of fevers—						
Admissions	1·0	7·9	2·6	4·0	3·5	3·4
Deaths . . . . .	...	0·99	0·88	1·33	...	...
Malaria—						
Admissions	613·5	46·6	112·1	148·9	496·1	346·2
Deaths	0·97	...	...	...	...	...
Lobar pneumonia—						
Admissions . . . . .	...	1·0	8·8	4·0	1·7	1·7
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	1·75	0·66	0·87	...
Rheumatic fever—						
Admissions . . . . .	...	2·0	1·8	2·0	0·9	0·9
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sand-fly fever—						
Admissions	17·4	...	5·3	5·3	139·0	5·1
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pulmonary Tuberculosis—						
Admissions	4·8	...	0·9	...	0·9	3·4
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Venereal diseases—						
Admissions	106·3	170·6	28·0	35·2	28·7	102·0
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Circulatory diseases—						
Admissions	17·4	6·0	9·6	12·0	4·3	3·4
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	0·66	0·87	...
Diarrhoea—						
Admissions	14·5	10·9	57·8	47·9	9·5	22·3
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heat-stroke—						
Admissions	5·8	1·0	17·5	2·0	2·6	5·1
Deaths	1·93	...	1·75	...	...	0·86
All Causes—						
Admissions	1,223·2	1,154·8	1,071·8	1,049·2	977·4	866·3
Deaths	5·80	4·96	7·01	6·65	4·84	3·43

Quetta.	Sialkot.	Rawalpindi.	Aden.	Bangalore.	Jubbulpore.	Seunderabad.	Meerut.	Ranikhet.	Lucknow.	Poona.
29.4	8.4	17.0	20.4	10.8	5.4	38.4	12.5	13.4	5.6	32.2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.52	...	...	...
9.4	...	8.7	...	2.4	0.6	0.8	10.9	1.0	0.4	2.2
0.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.52	...	0.43	...
335.7	204.4	152.5	127.8	11.1	73.1	18.3	190.1	116.0	31.6	64.9
0.34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3.5	1.7	2.9	9.3	0.8	1.2	2.0	1.0	...	1.3	0.7
1.05	...	...	...	...	0.60	0.80	...	...	...	...
3.1	0.8	0.4	2.8	...	...	...	0.5	1.0	0.9	1.1
...
21.3	45.2	29.8	...	...	4.2	13.9	1.0	1.9	35.9	2.9
...
1.0	0.8	0.4	...	0.8	...	0.4	...	...	...	2.2
...
36.4	45.2	43.5	24.1	104.2	32.6	48.9	46.8	33.6	63.3	60.9
...
4.2	7.5	7.9	4.6	8.8	24.2	11.1	4.2	6.7	4.3	2.2
...	...	0.41	...	...	...	0.40	...	...	...	...
17.1	17.6	24.0	2.8	17.5	26.6	10.3	9.4	13.4	9.0	7.2
...
0.7	...	1.2	...	...	4.8	2.4	0.5	1.0	...	...
...	...	0.41	...	...	0.60	...	...	...	...	...
682.5	643.2	644.0	625.9	595.1	543.9	512.7	508.1	476.5	459.6	431.5
3.50	3.35	2.49	0.93	0.80	2.42	1.99	4.16	2.88	3.84	1.45

DISEASES WHICH CAUSE THE CHIEF ADMISSION RATE.

Dengue.

4. The total number of admissions was 1,510, with a ratio of 26.6 per 1,000, compared with 14.3 in 1925 and 17.1 in 1924.

The commands chiefly affected were:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Eastern Command	608	40.2
Southern Command	472	28.9
Burma District	275	159.9
Aden Brigade	149	138.0

The stations chiefly affected were:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Calcutta	511	506.9
Rangoon	224	289.4
Madras	221	252.0
Aden	149	138.0
Secunderabad	121	48.1
Bangalore	115	91.5
Barrackpore	51	115.9
Maymyo	24	35.3
Mandalay	23	165.5
Dinapore	22	36.4

Calcutta suffered severely from dengue during the months July to October. Amongst the British troops 511 cases were admitted, with ratio of 506.9 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 117 cases and a ratio of 127.2 in 1925. The cases were of a severe type, especially towards the end of the outbreak. Over 50 per cent. showed a typical rash and 'saddle-back' temperature. A certain number were complicated by bronchitis. The epidemic was also remarkable for the number of cases that relapsed. The relapses were always more severe than the original attack.

Dysentery.

5. Dysentery accounted for 892 admissions to hospital, giving a ratio of 15.7 per 1,000, compared with 12.6 in 1925.

The change-over from amoebic dysentery to bacillary dysentery noted in last year's report, has been still more pronounced during 1926, as shown below:—

	1924.	1925.	1926.
Amoebic dysentery	599	498	230
Bacillary dysentery	32	85	303
Group dysentery	38	142	359
TOTAL	669	725	892

The total increase in dysentery corresponds with a decrease in cases diagnosed 'colitis', the latter having fallen from 236 in 1924 to 207 in 1925 and to 45 in 1926.

The altered position with regard to classification and also with regard to the total number of dysentery cases is a result of improved diagnosis following the reorganization of the pathology services and the higher standard of laboratory work.

Enteric Group of Fevers.

6. Enteric group of fevers show 152 admissions, a ratio of 2.7 per 1,000, compared with 3.2 in 1925. Over one half were definitely diagnosed as cases of typhoid or paratyphoid fever.

The 152 admissions to hospital were divided into the following groups:—

	Cases.
Typhoid fever	57 (5 deaths).
Paratyphoid fever A	18
Paratyphoid fever B	4 (1 death).
Paratyphoid fever C	1
Enteric group	72 (3 deaths).

and the distribution of the cases among the various commands was:—

Eastern Command	46
Northern Command	39
Southern Command	31
Western Command	30
Burma District	6

Of the 46 cases in the Eastern Command 21 occurred in troops of the Meerut garrison. Many of these were mild cases, the diagnosis being based on early blood culture. The majority of the cases (13) were in the 1st Battalion Worcestershire Regiment and were infected at a training camp.

Of the 30 cases in the Western Command 27 occurred in Quetta. An outbreak in the 1st Battalion East Lancashire Regiment in November and December was responsible for 24 of the cases.

19 of these had been inoculated with T. A. B. vaccine at periods from three days to two months prior to the onset of symptoms, and all but one had been inoculated within the prescribed period.

In 16 cases *B. typhosus* was recovered by blood culture.

The outbreak was probably due to a typhoid carrier on the staff of the Wesleyan Institute.

The inoculation state of British troops in India is given in the following table:—

	Officers.			Other Ranks.		
	1924.	1925.	1926	1924.	19 5.	1926.
Total number present on 31st December.	2,799	2,609	2,747	58,378	56,795	55,925
Number unprotected	325	351	314	1,721	2,560	1,456
Number protected	2,474	2,258	2,433	56,657	54,236	54,439
Percentage (of troops) protected	88.3%	86.5%	88.6%	95.3%	95.3%	97.3%

In the 54,439 inoculated men there were 123 cases with 7 deaths, or 1 in 442 and 1 in 7,777 respectively: in the 1,486 uninoculated men there were 26 cases and 2 deaths, or 1 in 57 and 1 in 743, respectively.

The proportion of cases in the unprotected as compared with the protected was therefore 7.7 to 1, and of deaths 10.4 to 1.

These figures provide strong evidence in favour of inoculation.

Malaria.

7. The admissions for malaria by commands were:—

Command.	Number of admissions.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Western	1,638	314.0
Northern	4,582	268.6
Troops on the line of march	50	187.3
Aden Brigade	138	127.8
Eastern	1,731	114.5
Southern	1,178	72.1
Burma District	72	41.9
	<hr/>	<hr/>
ALL-INDIA	9,389	165.3
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The most malarious of the large stations were:—

	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Lahore	613.5
Peshawar	496.1
Delhi	346.2
Quetta	335.7
Sialkot	204.4
Meerut	190.1
Rawalpindi	152.5
Mhow	148.9
Aden	127.8
Ranikhet	116.0
Jhansi	112.1

Out of a total of 36,893 admissions, 9,389, or one-quarter, were for malaria, showing a slight increase (265 cases) compared with 1925 and a decrease of 2,731 compared with 1924.

The slight increase in 1926 was due to a severe epidemic of malaria in Baluchistan and in Peshawar District which more than counter-balanced the marked improvement in most other districts.

Malaria is still the principal cause of sickness amongst the troops in India, and consequently of great financial loss to the State.

Admissions to Hospital.

Year.	British Troops.			
	Fresh.	Relapse.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000.
1922	4,093	6,459	10,552	175.4
1923	4,910	5,965	10,875	172.2
1924	4,515	7,605	12,120	208.8
1925	3,064	6,060	9,124	159.0
1926	4,175	5,214	9,389	165.3

The experience of many years shows that it is difficult to eradicate malaria from military stations without spending large sums of money. This is now recognized, and has led to a re-consideration of policy with a view to organizing preventive measures on a more definitely military basis. Approved policy consists of the following measures, in their order of importance:—

1. *Withdrawal of troops from malarial stations.*

In the case of British troops the most effective—and least expensive—anti-malarial measure is to withdraw them from malarious stations during the period of maximum infection, *i.e.*, August, September and October in the Northern and Eastern Commands (arrangements being made to utilize hill accommodation for troops from non-malarious stations during the early part of the hot weather—May, June and July).

It is an essential part of this scheme that troops should not return to malarious stations until the infective period is over, *i.e.*, until about 1st November. Many infections occur during the last half of October in troops just returned from the hill; the benefit they have obtained is nullified, and instead of being available for training they are sick in hospital.

If the troops are brought down too early infections also occur at the rest camps in the foot hills. Cavalry and Artillery may be brought down early in October when this is absolutely necessary for training purposes.

2. *Fumigation of barracks.*

Recent work on malaria, considered along with the beneficial results of mosquito-proofing certain barracks in India, shows that a small number of infected mosquitoes may persist in a barrack-room for long periods and may infect large numbers of men. Effective fumigation is of great value and is being carried out as thoroughly as funds will permit.

Fumigation is often attended with considerable difficulty, *e.g.*, in old high-roofed barracks with innumerable openings.

3. *Propaganda.*

The Rockefeller cinematograph film on malaria is being circulated amongst malarious stations. The films shows in graphic manner the

whole mechanism of infection. All officers, other ranks and families are being given an opportunity of seeing it.

Experiments have proved that individuals possessed of full knowledge of the method of transmission of malaria from man to man by the bites of mosquitoes can make such effective use of methods of personal protection as to remain entirely free from infection.

4. *Personal protection.*

The most important method of personal protection is the proper use of the mosquito-net during the months of malarial infection. The approved pattern is 29/30 mesh made of 30/s cotton and with round or hexagonal holes all of equal size and free from small hairs. If the mesh is too fine, ventilation is interfered with and this gives rise to complaint and failure to use the nets.

Mosquito-nets are used by all ranks during the months of malarial infection.

P. C. oil is used by men on guard, and by men who, owing to transport or other duties after sunset or before sunrise, cannot be protected otherwise.

5. *Anti-mosquito measures.*

Anti-mosquito measures aimed at eradicating mosquito-breeding places by draining off the water or by killing the larvæ with oil, paris green, etc., and also at the destruction of adult mosquitoes by fumigation, trapping, swatting, etc., are carried out in all malarious stations.

It is important that barrack-rooms and institutes are not kept too dark during the day and that they are kept well lighted up in the evenings, also that the fullest use is made of fans and punkhas to keep the air moving.

6. *Mosquito-proofing of barracks.*

This is an effective but expensive anti-malarial measure. In proportion as "cold storage" is effectively carried out, the necessity for mosquito-proofing barracks will be diminished.

The results of mosquito-proofing the British infantry barracks in Lahore cantonment are shown by the following figures of admissions during the malaria season (August to October) of 1926:—

Troops protected by mosquito wire gauze.			Troops not protected.		
Average strength.	Admissions.	Ratio per 1,000.	Average strength.	Admissions.	Ratio per 1,000.
302	55	182.12	498	238	477.91

Sand-fly fever.

8. Admissions show a ratio of 18.6 per 1,000 against 33.4 in 1925 and 34.8 in 1924. The decrease was spread over all Commands, but was chiefly in the Northern Command where the admission rate fell from 78.2 per 1,000 in 1925 to 31.7 per 1,000 in 1926.

The distribution of cases by commands was:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Northern	541	31.7
Western	104	19.9
Eastern	281	18.6
Southern	132	8.1
ALL INDIA	1,058	18.6

The stations showing the highest incidence of the disease were:—

	Admissions per 1,000 of strength.
Peshawar	139.0
Kamptee	94.1
Landi Kotal	93.9
Dinapore	67.8
Risalpur	56.1
Fyzabad	51.7
Multan	51.5
Sialkot	45.2
Bareilly	43.3
Lucknow	35.9
Karachi	32.4
Rawalpindi	29.8

The admissions in Peshawar fell from 389 in 1925 to 160 in 1926 and in Landi Kotal from 270 to 75. This decrease may be partially due to climatic causes, but is in large part due to the measures taken as a result of the research on sand-fly fever carried out in these two stations in 1925.

Small-pox.

9. Small-pox contributed 11 admissions and two deaths, compared with 24 admissions and 3 deaths in 1925.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

10. Pulmonary tuberculosis continues to show a decrease. The number of cases was 42, with one death, compared with 53 cases and two deaths in 1925 and 65 cases and six deaths in 1924.

The admission and death ratios per 1,000 are the lowest on record and are seen in the following table:—

Admissions and Deaths by years.

	Admission ratio per 1,000.	Death ratio per 1,000.
1919	1.1	0.16
1920	1.6	0.17
1921	1.5	0.18
1922	1.4	0.16
1923	1.1	0.14
1924	0.8	0.15
1925	1.1	0.13
	1.1	0.10
	0.9	0.03
	0.7	0.02

Venereal Diseases.

11. Venereal Diseases accounted for 3,530 admissions to hospital, representing a ratio of 62.1 per 1,000, a decrease of 10 per 1,000 compared with 1925.

The following table shows the incidence of the three varieties of venereal disease:—

	Fresh.	Relapse.	Total.	Percentage.
Syphilis	297	28	325	9.21
Soft Chancre	648	44	692	19.60
Gonorrhoea	1,848	665	2,513	71.19

The percentages of the three varieties of venereal disease during the past five years are shown in the following table:—

	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
1922	18.18	19.36	64.46
1923	15.05	16.92	68.03
1924	14.02	17.56	68.42
1925	11.79	17.52	70.69
1926	9.21	19.60	71.19

There is again a relative decrease in *syphilis* infections, in confirmation of previous experience and statements as to the value of prophylactic measures in the prevention of this disease.

Thirty-one per cent. of all venereal disease admissions in India occurred in the Eastern Command, largely due to the very high incidence in Calcutta (170.6 per 1,000), Delhi (102.0 per 1,000) and Bareilly (90.1 per 1,000).

With the exception of Burma, all commands show a decrease in ratio.

All the Districts in which are situated the large seaports—Burma again excepted—show decreases as under—

Sind-Rajputana 51.9 compared with 59.3 per 1,000.

Presidency and Assam, 122.3 compared with 132.1 per 1,000.

Bombay 95.8 compared with 171.2 per 1,000.

Madras 146.5 compared with 169.7 per 1,000.

Burma District shows an increase of 34.3 in the ratio per 1,000, due mainly to the very high rates of infection in Mandalay (359.7 per 1,000) and Rangoon (224.8 per 1,000).

Special measures are being taken in Burma and a specialist in dermatology has been posted to the District. The civil authorities are opening a number of new venereal clinics for the treatment of venereal diseases amongst the civil population.

All arms of the service show a decrease in ratio—cavalry 30.8 in 1926, compared with 58.7 in 1925, artillery 50.8 compared with 72.1, and infantry 75.3 compared with 82.9. Troops on the line of march again show a decrease 30.0 per 1,000 compared with 50.4, which may be ascribed in part to the use of preventive packets.

The incidence in stations with a strength of over 1,000 was:—

Calcutta	170.6
Lahore	106.3
Bangalore	104.2
Delhi	102.0

The central prophylactic treatment rooms in Quetta and Karachi continue to prove the value of such rooms, the former having given during the year 5,501 treatments with 22 subsequent infections, and the latter, 3,428 with 14 infections.

As regards preventive packets, their value should increase with the improved education of the soldier.

Central Dermatological Laboratory, Poona.

12. The examinations carried out at the Central Dermatological Laboratory, Poona, during the year were:—

Wassermann tests	18,719
Kahn tests	1,026
Dreyer-Ward tests	921
C. F. tests—Gonorrhœa	7
Microscopical examinations	367
TOTAL	21,040.

The vaccines, etc., supplied by the Central Dermatological Laboratory at Poona were:—

Gonococcal vaccine	c. cs.	470
Diphtheroid and staphylococcal vaccine	c. cs.	20
Antogenous vaccine	c. cs.	75
Mixed vaccine	c. cs.	25
Human Heart Antigen	c. cs.	60
Chloesterin solution	c. cs.	70
Amboceptor (anti-sheep)	c. cs.	9
Antigen Sachs-Georgi	c. cs.	10
Guinea pigs	No.	150

Courses of instruction in subject D for Special Treatment Orderlies are given at the Central Dermatological Laboratory, and also instruction in the Laboratory diagnosis of venereal diseases to Indian Medical Service Officers on their first arrival in India.

The supply of "Bismostab" has been sanctioned for the treatment of syphilis.

Diseases of Areolar Tissue.

13. The large number of admissions—2,178—under this heading, which mainly comprises cellulitis and abscesses is probably largely due to insect bites which are scratched and as a result become septic.

Effects of Heat.

14. This heading includes sunstroke and heat exhaustion. The following table shows the admissions and deaths in recent years:—

Years.	Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Actual.	Ratio per 1,000.	Actual.	Ratio per 1,000.
1910-14 (Average) . . . . .	...	1.2	...	0.22
1915-19 (Average) . . . . .	...	6.0	...	0.69
1918	911	14.0	97	1.10
1919	416	7.4	42	0.74
1920	352	6.1	75	1.31
1921	219	3.7	67	1.14
1922	202	3.4	22	0.37
1923	397	6.3	33	0.52
1924	256	4.4	28	0.48
1925	95	1.7	11	0.19
1926	213	3.7	22	0.39

1925 was climatically an exceptionally favourable year as regards heatstroke, while 1926 was a normal year. A circular memorandum on the subject was issued to all commanding officers and preventive measures were everywhere in force.

Local Injuries.

15. A total of 2,978 admissions occurred. Games are chiefly responsible in producing these injuries, and prevention is a difficult problem.

Women and Children.

16. 1,685 women were admitted to hospital giving a ratio of 456.6 per 1,000; the corresponding figures for 1925 were 1,678 and 432.6.

The principal causes of admission to hospital were:—

Malaria	182
Abortion	95
Diarrhoea	91
Bronchitis	76
Tonsillitis	68
No appreciable disease	62
Constipation	54
Dengue	51
Myalgia	48
Endometritis	46
Gastritis	43
Anæmia	40
Indigestion	38
Neurasthenia	34
Measles	30

There were 18 deaths, compared with 23 in 1925.

In addition 786 women were admitted to hospital for parturition.

2,350 children, or 384.2 per 1,000 of strength, were admitted to hospital, compared with 352.9 in 1925 and 373.0 in 1924.

The principal causes of admission to hospital were:—

Inflammation of Bronchi	241
Malaria	217
Diarrhoea	186
Measles	177
Tonsillitis	163
Enteritis	96
Constipation	79
Whooping cough	63
Hypertrophy of the tonsils	62
Dysentery	61
Chicken pox	53
Cellulitis	51

There were 107 deaths including 15 from enteritis, 13 from pneumonia and 11 from dysentery.

WARRANT OFFICERS, N. C. OS. AND MEN (INDIA).

17. Table showing the Average Strength, Admissions into Hospital, Deaths, Numbers Invalided and Constantly Sick during the year 1926 with the ratios per 1,000 of the Strength.

Average strength, 56,798.	Admissions into hospital.				Average number constantly sick.	Ratio per 1,000.					
	Deaths.	Sent home.	Invalids.	Finally discharged the service.		Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids sent home.	Invalids finally discharged.	Constantly sick.	
<i>Specific Diseases due to Infection.</i>											
Diphtheria	32	...	...	...	4.27	0.6	...	...	...	0.08
Dysentery	892	2	14	...	57.18	15.7	0.04	0.25	...	1.01	
Enteric fever (inclusive of typhoid, para. A, B and C, and Enteric Group)	152	9	...	...	27.88	2.7	0.16	...	...	0.49
Erysipelas	10	...	...	...	0.51	0.2	...	...	...	0.01
Influenza	408	...	...	...	10.52	7.2	...	...	...	0.19
Malaria	9,389	5	12	...	226.05	165.8	0.09	0.21	...	3.98	
Measles	7	...	...	...	0.83	0.1	...	...	...	0.01
Meningococcal Infection . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mumps	8	...	...	...	0.48	0.1	...	...	...	0.01
Lobar pneumonia	133	20	1	...	14.78	2.3	0.35	0.02	...	0.26	
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	38	...	...	...	4.49	0.7	...	...	...	0.08
Rheumatic fever	73	...	3	...	8.31	1.3	...	0.05	...	0.15	
Sandfly fever	1,058	...	...	...	24.02	13.6	...	...	...	0.42
Scarlet fever	15	...	...	...	1.48	0.3	...	...	...	0.03
Small-pox	11	2	...	...	1.10	0.2	0.04	...	...	0.02
Tuberculosis	42	1	Pulmonary	58	...	13.40	0.7	0.02	1.02	...	0.24
			Other	11	...	4.57	0.5	0.02	0.19	...	0.08
Venereal diseases.	2,513	...	Gonorrhoea	5	...	382.01	44.2	...	0.09	...	6.73
			Soft chancre	64.39	12.2	1.13
			Syphilis	4	...	37.80	5.7	...	0.07	...	0.67
Other diseases due to infection	1,591	8	7	...	42.03	28.0	0.14	0.12	...	0.74	

Diseases.	Average strength, 56,798.				Average number constantly sick.	Ratio per 1,000.						
	Admissions into hospital.		In- valids.			Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids sent home.	Invalids finally discharged.	Constantly sick.		
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Sent home.	Finally discharged the service.								
<i>Other diseases classified under systems.</i>												
Diseases of the nervous system	608	7	78	...	37.69	10.7	0.12	1.37	...	0.66		
Mental diseases	49	1	73	...	13.39	0.9	0.02	1.29	...	0.24		
Diseases of the :—												
Eye	237	...	22	...	18.01	4.2	...	0.39	...	0.23		
Ear and Nose	873	...	376	...	30.32	15.4	...	6.62	...	0.53		
Circulatory system.	Valvular diseases of the heart.	71	2	55	...	7.03	1.3	0.04	0.97	...	0.12	
		Disordered action of the heart.	237	...	36	...	17.05	4.2	...	0.63	...	0.30
			Other diseases	122	5	24	...	12.37	2.1	0.09	0.42	...	0.22
Blood	108	1	3	...	4.22	1.9	0.02	0.05	...	0.07		
Spleen	5	...	...	...	0.34	0.1	...	...	...	0.01
Lymphatic system	197	...	3	...	18.04	3.5	...	0.05	...	0.32		
Endocrine glands	18	...	8	...	2.32	0.3	...	0.14	...	0.04		
Breast	6	...	...	...	0.34	0.1	...	...	...	0.01
Respiratory system.	Larynx and trachea.	50	1.21	0.9	0.02	
		Bronchi and bronchioles.	1,136	...	17	...	38.10	20.0	...	0.30	...	0.67
			Lung (other than tuberculosis and pneumonia).	51	4	5	...	4.81	0.9	0.07	0.09	...	0.08
		Other diseases	117	...	8	...	10.21	2.1	...	0.14	...	0.18
Teeth and Gums	122	1	1	...	3.66	2.1	0.02	0.02	...	0.06		
Digestive system.	Inflammation of tonsils.	1,551	38.37	27.3	0.68	
		Liver	681	7	6	...	35.42	12.0	0.12	0.11	...	0.62
			Other diseases	3,371	13	28	...	118.92	59.4	0.23	0.49	...	2.09
Diseases due to disorders of nutrition or metabolism.	1	8	...	...	2.94	0.1	0.02	0.14	...	0.05

Diseases.	Average strength, 56,798.				Ratio per 1,000.					
	Admissions into hospital.	Deaths.	In- valids.	Average number constantly sick.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids sent home.	Invalids finally discharged.	Constantly sick.	
<i>Other diseases classified under systems—contd.</i>										
Diseases of the—										
Generative system	519	...	3	29.11	9.1	...	0.05	...	0.51	
Organs of locomotion	1,541	...	61	67.95	27.1	...	1.07	...	1.20	
Areolar Tissue	2,178	1	3	78.45	38.3	0.02	0.05	...	1.38	
Skin	61	...	...	1.57	1.1	...	...	...	0.03
										Scabies
{ Other diseases	1,653	1	4	62.36	29.1	0.02	0.07	...	1.10	
Urinary system	189	3	7	14.11	3.8	0.05	0.12	...	0.25	
Injuries	2,974	25	39	142.63	52.4	0.46	0.68	...	2.51	
										General
										Local
{ In action	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tumours and cysts*	133	5	2	8.67	2.4	0.09	0.04	...	0.15	
Poisons	35	2	...	0.54	0.6	0.04	...	...	0.01
Parasites	205	...	1	4.52	3.6	...	0.02	...	0.08	
										Animal
{ Vegetable . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
No appreciable disease†	156	...	...	5.79	2.7	...	...	...	0.10
Suicide . . . . .	...	(8)	...	...	...	(0.14)	...	...	...
Cause unknown (death only) . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	36,893	171	982	1,758.60	649.5	3.01	17.29	...	30.96	

*Includes malformation cases.

† Includes anti-rabic treatment cases.

SECTION II.
ON THE HEALTH OF THE INDIAN ARMY.
(From the Director, Medical Services in India.)

India.

18.

	Average strength.	Admissions.		Deaths.		Invalids sent home.		Invalids finally discharged from the service.		Average constantly sick.	
		No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
Officers .	2,006	1,219	607.7	10	3.99	9	4.49	...	...	42.88	21.13
Other Ranks .	135,146	52,517	388.6	507	3.75	...	...	1,569	11.6	2,032.52	15.41
Others * .	...	849	...	12	...	...	...	16	...	...	...
Followers	35,005	7,897	211.3	164	4.69	...	...	...	...	299.93	8.57

* Includes Reservists, Indian Territorial Force, Indian State Forces and Pensioners.

Officers.

19. 607.7 per 1,000 of strength were admitted to hospital during the year, compared with 480.1 in 1925, and 506.4 in 1924.

The principal causes of sickness were:—

	Actuals.
1. Malaria	207
2. Local Injuries	184
3. Inflammation of areolar tissue (cellulitis)	63
4. Tonsillitis	57
5. Influenza	51
6. Bronchitis	50
7. Sand-fly fever	49
8. Pharyngitis	41
9. Gastritis	30
10. Synovitis	28
11. Dysentery	28
12. Appendicitis	23

There were ten deaths, of which five were due to injuries and one each to pharyngitis, lobular pneumonia, black-water fever, nephritis, hæmorrhage of brain.

The health statistics of officers and other ranks for the quinquennial periods 1915-19 and 1920-24, with those for 1925 and 1926 are given separately in the following table for purpose of comparison:—

Period.	Admissions.		Invalids.		Deaths.	
	Officers.	Other ranks.	Officers sent home.	Other ranks discharged.	Officers.	Other ranks.
1915-19	882.4	788.2	*	23.6	8.29	16.81
1920-24	698.3	593.2	3.65	18.25	6.67	8.01
1925	480.1	356.8	5.70	12.5	5.22	4.01
1926	607.7	388.6	4.49	11.6	4.99	3.75

* Figures not available.

Soldiers.

20. 52,517 or 388.6 per 1,000 of the strength, were admitted to hospital, compared with 356.8 in 1925, and 531.7 in 1913.

The increase in the admission rate over that of 1925 is partly the result of an order issued in April 1926 that *all* cases of malaria were to be admitted to hospital. In previous years a certain number of light cases were treated in barracks.

The principal causes of admission to hospital were:—

Malaria	15,542
Local injuries	4,944
Bronchitis	2,754
Inflammation of areolar tissue (cellulitis)	2,501
*Venereal disease	2,122
Diarrhoea	1,894
Pharyngitis	1,888
Pneumonia	1,510
Dysentery	1,415
Influenza	1,118
Sand-fly fever	1,068
Conjunctivitis	880
Dengue	856
Scabies	640
Mumps	556
Rhinitis	509
Tonsillitis	495
Synovitis	445
Jaundice	418

* Gonorrhoea 999, syphilis 672, soft chancre 451.

There were 507 deaths, or 3.75 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 4.01 per 1,000 in 1925, and 4.01 in 1913. This is the lowest death-rate ever recorded.

1,569 or 11.6 per 1,000 of the strength were invalided out of the service, compared with 12.5 in 1925 and 5.32 in 1913.

The principal causes of invaliding were:—

Pulmonary tuberculosis	322
Diseases of Ear and Nose	162
Diseases of the Eye	162
Injuries	132
Diseases of the Nervous System	93
Malaria	86
Other Respiratory Diseases	75
Circulatory Diseases	72
Veneral Diseases	40
Leprosy	21
Pneumonia	21

The average number constantly sick in hospital was 2082.52 or 15.41 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 15.04 per 1,000 in 1925; 18.05 in 1924, and 21.4 in 1913.

The average sick time to each soldier was 5.62 days, and the average duration of each case 14.47 days; the corresponding figures were 5.49 and 15.39 in 1925, 6.61 and 15.61 in 1924 and 7.80 and 14.69 in 1913.

151,918 men, or 1124.1 per 1,000 of the strength, were treated as out-patients, with an average daily number under treatment of 1918.26 or 14.19 per 1,000.

The combined ratio constantly sick in hospital and under treatment as out-patients was 29.60 per 1,000 of the strength, compared with 26.54 in 1925 and 33.35 in 1924.

The following table shows the admission and death ratios per 1,000 of strength during 1926 for the principal diseases, for each command and for the troops on the line of march:—

	Northern Command.	Eastern Command.	Western Command.	Southern Command	Burma District.	Aden Brigade.	Troops on the line of march.
Malaria—							
Admissions	145.9	94.8	122.6	52.3	70.2	118.8	170.5
Deaths	0.18	0.30	0.20	...	0.53	...	...
Local Injuries—							
Admissions	34.7	43.8	26.3	40.0	51.3	33.8	53.2
Deaths	0.37	0.40	0.54	0.66	1.06	0.79	3.31

	Northern Command.	Eastern Command.	Western Command.	Southern Command.	Burma District.	Aden Brigade.	Troops on the line of march.
Diseases of areolar tissue--							
Admissions	21.0	29.0	12.7	25.4	47.3	34.0	47.2
Deaths	0.02	0.04	0.10	...	...	...	...
Bronchitis--							
Admissions	21.5	19.8	15.4	21.1	24.2	23.8	26.5
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Venereal diseases--							
Admissions	9.0	22.3	8.5	27.9	46.8	18.2	12.4
Deaths	0.02	0.04	0.05	...	...	...	...
Diarrhoea--							
Admissions	14.9	16.0	14.1	9.5	5.3	29.3	30.6
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pharyngitis--							
Admissions	14.8	10.5	7.7	15.5	27.7	71.3	8.0
Deaths	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pneumonia--							
Admissions	14.8	9.6	10.5	5.5	5.6	2.4	6.6
Deaths	2.49	1.10	1.67	0.75	...	...	...
Dysentery--							
Admissions	6.2	5.6	19.1	19.1	9.3	17.4	1.7
Deaths . . . . .	...	0.04	0.10	...	...	...	...

	Northern Command.	Eastern Command.	Western Command.	Southern Command.	Barma District.	Aden Brigade.	Troops on the line of march.
Tonsillitis—							
Admissions	3.3	1.9	3.3	4.4	7.4	23.0	14.1
Deaths	0.02	...	...	...	...	...	...
Synovitis—							
Admissions	3.2	4.0	2.7	2.9	4.5	1.6	11.6
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	0.05	...	...	...	...
Jaundice—							
Admissions	3.5	2.6	4.2	2.0	2.7	...	...
Deaths . . . . .	...	...	...	0.04	...	...	...
Pulmonary Tuberculosis—							
Admissions	2.4	3.4	2.5	1.8	2.7	1.6	...
Deaths	0.08	0.13	0.29	0.04	...	...	...
Circulatory diseases—							
Admissions	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.3	3.2	0.8
Deaths	0.18	0.18	0.05	0.17	...	...	...
Enterica—							
Admissions	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.5	1.6	0.8	...
Deaths	0.05	0.09	0.10	0.04	...	...	...
All causes—							
Admissions	396.8	394.4	331.4	354.2	556.1	823.4	535.6
Deaths	4.27	3.35	3.87	2.70	4.52	1.58	3.31

As has been frequently remarked, the preponderance of diseases due to the bites of mosquitoes and sand-flies shows the importance of preventive measures directed against them. A large number of the admissions for "inflammation of areolar tissue" are also attributable to the same cause.

The following table shows the stations with an average strength of more than 1,000 which had an admission ratio higher than the whole of India during 1926:—

Stations.	Average strength.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.		
		Admissions to hospital.	Deaths.	Average constantly sick.
Aden	1,125	892.4	1.78	31.96
Maymyo	1,488	738.4	2.02	30.65
Lahore	2,434	728.0	7.81	28.02
Peshawar	3,858	661.0	6.48	22.43
Jullundur	1,977	618.0	5.06	22.58
Kohat	3,554	595.1	6.23	14.62
Delhi	1,775	543.1	4.51	22.19
Lucknow	2,574	527.2	2.33	24.14
Jhansi	2,170	493.8	2.29	21.37
Mardan	2,091	493.1	3.83	15.64
Risalpur	1,003	490.5	5.98	18.90
Landikotal	2,589	483.2	3.48	16.96
Quetta	8,495	473.3	3.65	18.54
Ambala	2,039	464.0	1.96	21.37
Jhelum	2,339	459.6	7.27	18.37
Rawalpindi	3,704	457.1	7.29	20.60
Mandalay	1,381	451.8	8.69	15.55
Bangalore	2,924	450.4	1.37	20.04
Sialkot	2,294	442.9	1.74	11.61
Bareilly	1,334	404.0	4.50	21.63
Bakloh	1,218	399.0	...	12.64
Meerut	2,248	394.1	3.11	19.01
Dehra Dun	3,145	390.1	3.18	23.47

deaths, at those stations with an average strength of more than 1,000.

strengths :—

Bangalore, 2,334.	Landikotal, 2,589.	Lucknow, 2,574.	Lahore, 2,484.	Jhelum, 2,339.	Sialkot, 2,294.	Meerut, 2,245.	Jhansi, 2,179.	Mardan, 2,091.	Lansdowne, 2,043.	Ambala, 2,039.
44.6	118.2	81.6	362.8	168.4	220.6	85.4	90.4	248.7	69.0	192.7
...	...	0.39	0.41	0.43	0.47	...	...	0.48	...	...
29.4	47.9	54.8	48.5	35.5	33.6	49.4	55.1	61.7	21.5	39.2
...	0.39	...	0.41	...	0.44	0.44	0.92	0.96	...	0.49
25.4	28.2	49.0	33.3	28.2	16.1	24.0	41.3	39.2	18.1	33.8
...	0.39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25.6	20.1	12.4	17.7	14.5	11.8	31.6	17.0	17.7	12.2	5.4
...
54.7	7.0	38.5	17.7	10.7	13.5	25.4	7.8	1.9	14.7	18.1
...
...	27.4	17.5	21.0	19.2	19.2	30.2	13.3	12.4	21.5	9.3
...
24.6	34.8	26.8	30.4	4.7	12.6	20.9	47.7	1.0	3.9	5.9
...
4.1	13.5	5.8	21.8	20.5	3.5	4.9	2.8	7.7	5.9	2.5
0.34	1.54	0.39	2.83	5.56	0.44	0.44	0.92	0.48	0.93	0.49
25.6	4.6	13.6	1.2	...	10.5	3.6	22.5	0.5	13.2	19.6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.49	...
9.6	...	43.9	...	...	...	12.5	...	20.1	...	21.1
...	...	...	...	...	...	0.44	...	...	...	...
...	78.4	...	4.9	2.1	13.1	...	...	...	...	...
...
15.7	6.2	9.7	8.2	12.3	3.9	8.5	13.3	2.9	2.4	7.3
...

Station with

Disease.	Quetta, 5,495.	Razmak, 5,854.	Peshawar, 5,555.	Bawalpindi, 3,704.	Kohat, 3,554.	Nowshera, 3,146.	Dehra Duni, 3,146.
Dengue—							
Admissions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scabies—							
Admissions	4.6	1.7	6.7	...	3.7	3.5	1.0
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mumps—							
Admissions	6.7	4.1	8.6	4.9	2.3	1.3	33.1
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rhinitis—							
Admissions	1.3	3.8	1.0	2.2	11.6	3.8	...
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tonsillitis—							
Admissions	2.7	4.4	4.2	2.4	1.4	5.1	1.3
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	0.32	...
Synovitis—							
Admissions	2.0	0.3	1.6	3.8	1.4	3.2	4.1
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jaundice—							
Admissions	5.2	1.9	2.6	3.0	3.7	4.1	2.2
Deaths	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lobular Pneumonia—							
Admissions	2.3	1.9	2.1	4.6	0.8	4.1	1.2
Deaths	0.12	0.35	0.26	1.89	0.29	0.64	0.31
Pulmonary Tuberculosis—							
Admissions	3.8	1.4	4.2	3.5	1.4	2.5	4.5
Deaths	0.59	...	0.26	...	...	...	...
Circulatory diseases—							
Admissions	3.6	2.9	0.5	1.1	0.8	3.2	2.2
Deaths	...	0.17	...	0.54	...	...	0.32
Enteric group of fevers—							
Admissions	1.2	...	1.0	1.3	...	0.3	...
Deaths	...	...	0.26	...	...	...	...
All Causes—							
Admissions	473.3	239.0	661.0	457.1	595.1	374.8	390.1
Deaths	3.65	3.07	6.48	7.29	6.23	4.13	3.78

strengths:—contd.

Bangalore, 2,924.	Lankotkal, 2,589.	Indinow, 2,574.	Lahore, 2,434.	Jhelum, 2,389.	Sialkot, 2,294.	Muzant, 2,248.	Jhansi, 2,179.	Mardan, 2,091.	Lansdowne, 2,043.	Ambala, 2,039.
52.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
7.2	10.4	7.0	16.7	12.0	3.5	...	12.8	2.4	20.1	1.0
...
0.7	...	2.3	6.2	1.3	...	...	0.9	1.9	...	1.5
...
14.7	1.2	3.9	0.8	18.4	2.2	1.8	4.6	0.5	2.4	1.0
...
1.4	6.6	1.9	9.9	8.1	1.3	1.3	7.8	2.9	1.0	1.0
...
...	4.2	1.6	4.9	8.6	3.1	2.2	...	6.7	4.9	6.4
...
1.4	4.6	2.3	4.5	3.0	10.9	2.2	3.2	1.9	1.0	1.5
...
2.7	1.6	0.8	6.5	2.2	1.3	9.3	0.9	0.9	...	2.4
0.34	...	...	1.23	...	...	0.89	...	...	...	...
1.4	0.8	3.9	2.9	2.1	1.3	4.9	4.6	0.5	5.4	2.0
...	...	...	0.41	...	...	...	0.46	0.48	0.49	...
0.7	1.9	3.5	3.7	3.0	2.6	1.3	1.8	3.3	1.0	1.0
...	0.77	0.39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	0.8	...	0.4	0.9	...	0.4	0.5	1.0	2.4	0.5
...	...	...	0.41	...	...	...	...	...	0.49	...
450.4	483.2	527.2	728.0	459.6	443.9	394.1	493.8	493.1	279.5	464.0
1.37	3.48	2.33	7.81	7.27	1.74	3.11	2.29	3.83	3.92	1.96

The principal diseases affecting the troops are as follows (in alphabetical order):—

Bronchitis:

21. The total number of admissions was 2,754, with a ratio of 20.4 per 1,000, compared with 22.3 in 1925 and 24.3 in 1924. The main incidence was in Northern Command, where 1,329 of the total cases occurred.

Circulatory Diseases.

22. These diseases caused 243 admissions to hospital, giving a ratio of 1.8 per 1,000, compared with 1.7 in 1925, 2.4 in 1924 and 1.0 in 1913.

There were 20 deaths from this group of diseases, giving a ratio per 1,000 of 0.15 compared with 0.09 in 1925 and 0.11 in 1924.

The main diseases in this group are:—

- Diseases of the heart valves.
- Disordered action of the heart.
- Varix.

Dengue.

23. Dengue caused 856 admissions with a ratio of 6.3 per 1,000 compared with 2.4 in 1925 and 5.2 in 1924.

The incidence by Commands was as follows:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Aden Brigade	406	321.5
Burma District	115	30.6
Southern Command	194	81
Eastern Command	138	61
Western Command	2	0.1
Northern Command	1	0.0

The stations chiefly affected were:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Aden	406	360.9
Calcutta	114	138.2
Mandalay	83	60.1
Bangalore	154	52.7
Rangoon	31	40.1
Madras	30	34.7
Bareilly	19	14.2

The 4/11th Sikhs arrived during the year at Aden and, as is usual with a unit in its first year in a dengue station, suffered heavily.

Diseases of Areolar Tissue.

24. These diseases caused 3,101 admissions to hospital, which is the third highest figure in the table of admissions. This group of diseases comprises mainly cellulitis, abscesses, boil and carbuncles and is probably largely due to insect bites which are scratched and as a result become septic.

Diarrhoea.

25. Diarrhoea accounted for 1,894 admissions to hospitals giving a ratio of 14.0 per 1,000, compared with 13.8 in 1925, 12.2 in 1924 and 13.6 in 1923.

Dysentery.

26. The total number of admissions for all forms of dysentery was 1,415 with a ratio of 10.5 per 1,000, compared with 6.5 in 1925, 6.5 in 1924 and 7.3 in 1923.

The admissions for the various types of dysentery during the last four years are shown in the following table:—

	1923	1924	1925	1926
Amoebic dysentery	678.	558	405	184
Bacillary dysentery	15	12	71	280
Group dysentery	357	311	399	951
Carrier dysentery . . . . .	...	...	8	...

The increase in the admission rate over the three previous years must be partly ascribed to better diagnosis, for many cases which would previously have been called 'colitis' were diagnosed as dysentery. The ratio of admissions for colitis fell from 3.5 to 0.3 per 1,000.

Enteric Group of Fevers.

27. This group shows 79 admissions, a ratio of 0.6 per 1,000, compared with 0.7 in 1925, 0.4 in 1924 and 0.5 in 1923.

The admissions were divided into the following groups:—

Typhoid fever	20 cases with 4 deaths.
Paratyphoid fever A	9 " " 1 death.
Paratyphoid fever B	2 " " ...
Paratyphoid fever C " " ...
Enteric group	48 cases with 3 deaths.

and the distribution of the cases among the various Commands was:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Burma District	6.	1.6
Aden Brigade	1	0.8
Northern Command	38	0.6
Western Command	13	0.6
Southern Command	12	0.5
Eastern Command	9	0.4

The inoculation state of Indian troops is given in the following table:—

	Officers.		Other ranks.	
	1925.	1926.	1925.	1926.
Total number present on 31st December.	2,119	2,242	142,963	142,238
Number un-protected	205	150	7,895	5,411
Number protected	1,914	2,092	135,073	136,842
Percentage of troops protected . .	90·3%	93·4%	94·5%	96·1%

Local Injuries.

28. Caused 4,944 admissions and are the second highest cause of hospitalisation. The ratio per 1,000 is 36·6, compared with 34·6 in 1925 and 34·7 in 1924. The influence of games in producing these injuries is very considerable.

Jaundice.

29. Jaundice accounted for 418 admissions with a ratio of 3·1, compared with 3·1 in 1925 and 3·2 in 1924. The distribution by Commands is as follows:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Western Command	86	4·2
Northern Command	214	3·5
Burma District	10	2·7
Eastern Command	59	2·6
Southern Command	49	2·0

The etiology of many of these cases is obscure.

Malaria.

30. Malaria caused 15,542 admissions or 29·6 per cent. of the total admissions. The ratio per 1,000 is 115·0, compared with 86·7 in 1925 and 129·4 in 1924. The increase over 1925 is partly accounted for by the issue of a circular in April 1926 saying that all cases of malaria were to be admitted to hospital. In previous years a certain number of light cases were treated in barracks.

The admissions by Commands were:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Northern Command	9,012	145·9
Western Command	2,500	122·6
Aden Brigade	150	118·8
Eastern Command	2,152	94·8
Burma District	264	70·2
Southern Command	1,258	52·3
Troops on the line of march	206	170·5
ALL INDIA	15,542	115·0

The stations with an average annual strength of over 1,000, showing the highest figures were:—

Lahore	362.8
Peshawar	330.7
Kohat	303.9
Jullundur	270.1
Mardan	248.7
Sialkot	220.6
Quetta	192.8
Ambala	192.7
Delhi	187.0
Bakloh	174.1
Risalpur	169.5
Jhelum	168.4
Aden	132.4
Rawalpindi	131.2
Landi Kotal	118.2
Dehra Dun	114.5

As successive annual reports testify, malaria is the principal cause of sickness amongst the troops.

Admissions to Hospital.

Malaria.

Year.	Fresh.	Relapse.	Total.	Ratio per 1,000.
1917 . . . . .	..	...	35,298	184.6
1918 . . . . .	...	...	44,274	129.7
1919 . . . . .	...	...	33,459	145.9
1920 . . . . .	...	...	44,709	206.5
1921 . . . . .	...	...	39,237	223.7
1922 . . . . .	...	...	25,705	173.9
1923	5,042	17,604	22,646	158.1
1924	3,293	14,139	17,432	120.4
1925	2,616	9,219	11,835	66.7
1926	3,520	12,022	15,542	115.0

The average stay in hospital of a case of malaria was 8.4 days and the average cost of maintaining one sepoy in hospital per day has been calculated to be Rs. 7. Malaria amongst Indian Troops, therefore, in 1926, may be said to have cost the state in hospitalisation alone Rs. 9,13,870.

The two most effective methods of prevention of malaria in the army are (a) withdrawal of troops from malarious stations, (b) mosquito-proofing of barracks. These two measures are unfortunately not practicable at this stage in the case of Indian troops. It should also be borne in mind that Indian troops (unlike British troops) are to a considerable extent infected on enlistment, and acquire fresh infections during the annual furlough period.

Other preventive measures were carried out with energy as far as funds permitted. These were:—

Fumigation of barracks.

Propaganda by means of the Rockefeller malaria film.

Anti-mosquito measures, aimed at eradicating breeding places and the destruction of the adult mosquito.

Methods of interior economy and discipline such as the use of mosquito-nets and P. C. oil.

Mumps.

31. Mumps caused 556 admissions with a ratio of 4.1 per 1,000, compared with 4.9 in 1925 and 5.5 in 1924. The main stations affected were:—

	Admissions to hospital.
Dehra Dun	104
Ajmer	59
Quetta	57
Bareilly	44
Peshawar	38
Shillong	23
Delhi	21
Razmak	19
Rawalpindi	18

Gurkhas were the class principally affected.

Pneumonia.

32. Pneumonia accounted for 1,510 admissions with a ratio of 11.2 per 1,000, compared with 12.6 in 1925 and 15.3 in 1924.

There were 231 deaths, which give a ratio of 1.71 per 1,000, compared with 1.96 in 1925 and 2.83 in 1924.

Of the 1,510 admissions, 1,173 were for lobar and 335 for lobular pneumonia.

The distribution of cases by Commands was as follows:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Northern Command	913	14.8
Western Command	215	10.5
Eastern Command	217	9.6
Burma District	21	5.6
Southern Command	133	5.5
Aden Brigade	8	2.4
Troops on the line of march	8	6.6

The following table gives the figures for the last seven years.

(Lobar and Lobular.)

Years.	Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000.	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000.
1920	3,772	17·4	833	3·85
1921	2,796	15·9	644	3·67
1922	2,077	14·0	412	2·79
1923	1,973	13·8	343	2·39
1924	2,066	15·3	381	2·83
1925	1,725	12·6	267	1·96
1926	1,510	11·2	281	1·71

Pneumonia is the main cause of mortality amongst Indian troops and in the year under review, caused 45·56 per cent. of the total deaths. There is one measure which it is considered would help in its prevention, namely, the provision of mattresses in those stations most heavily affected. This was actually proposed for Rawalpindi District but was vetoed on financial grounds. Earthen floors are also a contributory factor in the incidence of pneumonia. Cement floors are authorized for Indian troops and are being laid down in all new barracks, but many of the older barracks are still without them.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

33. Pulmonary tuberculosis caused 329 admissions with a ratio of 2·4 per 1,000, compared with 3·1 in 1925 and 3·2 in 1924.

This disease is the principal cause of invaliding amongst Indian troops, and the conditions mentioned above which contribute to the incidence of pneumonia are also favourable to the occurrence of pulmonary tuberculosis.

The following table gives the figures for the last ten years:—

Years.	Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000.	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000.
1917	557	2·9	120	0·63
1918	865	2·5	215	0·65
1919	919	4·0	249	1·08
1920	936	4·3	233	1·08
1921	664	3·8	145	0·83
1922	545	3·7	62	0·42
1923	458	3·2	28	0·20
1924	429	3·2	25	0·19
1925	422	3·1	15	0·11
1926	329	2·4	15	0·11

Sandfly Fever.

34. Sandfly fever caused 1,068 admissions with a ratio of 7·9, compared with 9·0 in 1925 and 8·7 in 1924.

The distribution by Commands was as follows:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Northern Command	935	15·1
Western Command	54	2·6
Eastern Command	44	1·9
Southern Command	31	1·3
Troops on the line of march	4	3·3

The stations principally affected were:—

	Admissions to hospital.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Drosh	94	106·2
Landi Kotal	203	78·4
Kohat	183	51·8
Peshawar	87	22·6
Rawalpindi	66	17·8
Nowshera	56	17·8

Venereal Diseases.

35. These accounted for 2,122 admissions to hospital, giving a ratio of 15·7 per 1,000, compared with 18·1 per 1,000 in 1925.

The following table gives the figures for the last ten years:—

	Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000.	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000.
1917	8,612	45·0	8	0·04
1918	18,125	53·1	15	0·04
1919	14,958	65·1	14	0·06
1920	13,987	60·5	11	0·05
1921	7,496	42·7	6	0·03
1922	4,832	32·7	1	0·01
1923	3,440	24·0	...	...
1924	3,011	22·3	3	0·02
1925	2,475	18·1	2	0·01
1926	2,122	15·7	3	0·02

The following table shows the incidence of the three varieties in 1926:—

—	Fresh.	Relapse.	Total.	Percentage.
Gonorrhœa	740	259	999	47·08
Syphilis	601	71	672	31·67
Soft chancre	442	9	451	21·25

The percentage of the three varieties of venereal disease during the past six years are shown in the following table:—

—	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhœa.
1921	33·08	30·47	36·50
1922	35·43	28·89	35·68
1923	38·08	23·78	38·14
1924	34·54	25·44	40·02
1925	33·21	21·21	45·58
1926	31·67	21·25	47·18

The admissions by Districts and Commands were as follows:—

	Admissions.	Ratio per 1,000.
Burma District	176	46·8
Madras District	199	43·9
Poona District	311	29·0
Bombay District	38	24·9
Central Provinces District	124	17·0
Southern Command	672	27·9
Delhi Brigade	93	29·8
United Provinces District	331	22·5
Presidency and Assam District	38	21·0
Allahabad Brigade	43	14·2
Eastern Command	505	22·3
Aden Brigade	23	18·2
Lahore District	169	11·3
Rawalpindi District	111	10·4
Waziristan District	126	8·3
Peshawar District	122	7·6
Kohat District	29	5·8
Northern Command	557	9·0
Baluchistan District	100	9·2
Sind-Rajputana District	44	8·7
Zhob Area	30	6·7
Western Command	174	8·5
Troops marching	15	12·4
ALL INDIA	2,122	15·7

It will be seen that Burma and Madras Districts had a markedly higher admission rate than the other districts.

The stations with the highest admission ratios were as follows:—

Maymyo	57.3
Bangalore	54.7
Mandalay	44.9
Poona	44.0
Lucknow	38.5
Bareilly	28.5
Delhi	28.5
Jubbulpore	27.9
Secunderabad	25.5

All serological work in connection with venereal disease was carried out at the Central Dermatological Laboratory, Poona.

Followers.

36. 7,397 or 211.3 per 1,000 of the strength, were admitted to hospital, compared with 196.3 in 1925, and 213.6 in 1924.

The annual return for followers gives figures for these endemic and infectious diseases only which are most prevalent amongst them and does not give the figures for admissions for all causes. It is not therefore possible to present a detailed comparison between troops and followers.

The figures available are as follows:—

	ADMISSIONS.	
	Actuals.	Ratio per 1,000 of strength.
Malaria	2,151	61.5
Venereal disease*	432	12.3
Lobar pneumonia	388	11.1
Diarrhoea	170	4.9
Dysentery	144	4.1
Sandfly fever	113	3.2
Influenza	102	2.9
Scabies	82	2.3
Pulmonary tuberculosis	65	1.9
Dengue	59	1.7
Enteric group of fevers	20	0.6
Small-pox	8	0.2

* (Gonorrhoea 197, syphilis 128, soft chancre 107.)

-Indian other Ranks.

37. Table showing the average strength, Admissions into Hospital, Death, Numbers, Invalided and Constantly Sick during the year 1926 with the Ratio per 1,000 of the Strength.

Average strength 135,146.	Admissions into Hos- pital.	Deaths.	Invalids finally dis- charged the service.	Average number con- stantly sick.	Ratio per 1,000.			
					Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids finally discharged.	Constantly sick.
SPECIFIC DISEASES DUE TO INFECTION.								
Diphtheria	6	1	...	0.42	0.0	0.01	...	0.00
Dysentery	1,415	3	3	57.35	10.5	0.02	0.02	0.42
Enteric fever (inclusive of typhoid, paras. A, B and C, and enteric group).	79	8	1	11.66	0.6	0.06	0.01	0.09
Erysipelas	10	...	...	0.59	0.1	...	...	0.00
Influenza	1,118	8	...	27.71	8.3	0.06	...	0.21
Malaria	15,542	20	86	357.34	115.0	0.15	0.64	2.64
Measles	272	1	...	12.98	2.0	0.01	...	0.10
Meningococcal infection (cerebro- spinal fever).	2	2	...	0.06	0.01	0.01	...	0.00
Mumps	556	...	...	30.95	4.1	...	...	0.23
Lobar pneumonia	1,173	184	15	84.75	8.7	1.36	0.11	0.63
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	14	3	...	0.81	0.1	0.02	...	0.01
Rheumatic fever	72	...	6	5.48	0.5	...	0.04	0.04
Sand-fly fever	1,068	...	...	19.42	7.9	...	...	0.14
Small-pox	35	2	1	3.42	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.03
Tuberculosis { Pulmonary	329	15	322	29.65	2.4	0.11	2.38	0.22
{ Other	93	14	50	9.76	0.7	0.10	0.37	0.07
Venereal diseases { Gonorrhœa	999	...	21	109.76	7.4	...	0.16	0.81
{ Soft Chancre	451	...	6	41.37	3.3	...	0.04	0.31
{ Syphilis	672	3	13	60.17	5.0	0.02	0.10	0.45
Other diseases due to infection . .	1,151	17	28	44.53	8.5	0.13	0.21	0.33
OTHER DISEASES CLASSIFIED UNDER SYSTEMS.								
Diseases of the nervous system . .	427	6	93	28.69	3.2	0.04	0.69	0.21
Mental diseases	60	1	33	4.62	0.4	0.01	0.24	0.03

	Admissions into Hos- pital.	Deaths.	Invalids finally dis- charged the service.	Average number con- stantly sick.	Ratio per 1,000.				
					Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids finally discharged.	Constantly sick.	
Average strength 135,146.									
OTHER DISEASES CLASSIFIED UNDER SYSTEMS—contd.									
Diseases of the Eye	1,668	...	162	73.91	12.3	...	1.20	0.55	
Ear and Nose diseases	1,044	...	162	37.23	7.7	...	1.20	0.28	
Circulatory system	Valvular diseases of the heart.	26	6	24	2.60	0.2	0.04	0.18	0.02
	Disordered action of the heart.	148	9	27	9.20	1.1	0.07	0.20	0.07
	Other diseases	69	5	21	5.96	0.5	0.04	0.16	0.04
Blood diseases	173	3	16	12.77	1.3	0.02	0.12	0.09	
Diseases of spleen	35	...	1	1.04	0.3	...	0.01	0.01	
Lymphatic system	237	...	11	15.84	1.8	...	0.08	0.12	
Endocrine glands	19	...	2	1.06	0.1	...	0.01	0.01	
Diseases of breast	2	...	...	0.10	0.0	...	...	0.00
Respiratory system.	Larynx and trachea	84	2	...	2.48	0.6	0.01	...	0.02
	Bronchi and Bron- chioles.	28,42	2	45	97.04	21.0	0.01	0.83	0.72
	Lung (other than tuberculosis and lobar pneumonia.)	346	49	8	26.38	2.6	0.36	0.06	0.20
	Other diseases	249	3	19	18.25	1.8	0.02	0.14	0.14
Teeth and gums	300	...	25	11.82	2.2	...	0.18	0.09	
Digestive system.	Inflammation of tonsils.	495	1	...	12.06	3.7	0.01	...	0.09
	Liver	107	4	4	6.07	0.8	0.03	0.03	0.04
	Other diseases	6,403	18	64	197.40	47.4	0.13	0.47	1.46
Diseases due to disorders of nutri- tion or of metabolism.	26	1	12	3.05	0.2	0.01	0.09	0.02	
Diseases of the generative system	414	...	3	22.03	3.1	...	0.02	0.16	
Organs of locomotion	1,030	2	83	51.90	7.6	0.01	0.61	0.38	
Areolar tissue	3,101	4	11	123.94	22.9	0.03	0.08	0.92	
Skin	Scabies	640	25.67	4.7	0.19
	Other diseases	1,322	...	15	57.93	9.8	...	0.11	0.43
Urinary system	221	9	19	12.85	1.6	0.07	0.14	0.10	
Injuries	General	36	21	...	1.01	0.3	0.16	...	0.01
	Local	4,942	67	132	258.17	36.6	0.50	0.98	1.91
	In action	2	1	...	0.17	0.01	0.01	...	0.00

Average strength 135,146.	Admissions into Hos- pital.	Deaths.	Invalids finally dis- charged the service.	Average number con- stantly sick.	Ratio per 1,000.			
					Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids finally discharged.	Constantly sick.
OTHER DISEASES CLASSIFIED UNDER SYSTEMS—concl'd.								
Tumours and cysts*	184	2	8	9.87	1.4	0.01	0.06	0.07
Poisons	27	8	...	0.70	0.2	0.06	...	0.01
Parasites { Animal	635	1	17	39.73	4.7	0.01	0.13	0.29
{ Vegetable	11	1	...	0.16	0.1	0.01	...	0.00
No appreciable disease†	80	...	...	1.99	0.6	...	...	0.01
Suicides	1	12	...	...	0.01	0.09	...	...
Cause unknown	55	...	...	0.43	0.4	...	...	0.00
Total	52,517	507	1,569	2,082.50	388.6	3.75	11.61	15.41

* Includes malformation cases.

† Includes anti-rabic treatment cases.

APPENDIX to SECTION 1.

EUROPEAN TROOPS.

APPENDIX TO SECTION 1.—

RATIO PER MILLE

A.—Groups.	Year.	A.— D.—									
		Average strength.	Constantly sick.	Invaliding.	Influenza.		Cholera.		Small-pox.		
					A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	
Group I.—Burma Coast and Bay Island.	1916-25	1,066	47	22.8	15.1	0.09	...	...	0.8	0.28
	1925	925	46	19.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	901	48	14.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
" II.—Burma Inland	1916-25	5.3	38	10.9	27.4	1.19	...	...	...	...
	1925	153	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	139	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" IV.—Bengal and Orissa.	1916-25	1,525	59	39.5	25.3	0.20	0.18	0.07	0.3	0.07	
	1925	1,368	60	40.2	...	...	...	...	0.7	...
	1926	1,448	63	11.7	...	...	0.7	...	0.7	...
" V.—Gangetic Plain and Chutia Nagpur.	1916-25	4,702	37	22.4	37.6	0.48	0.8	0.29	0.7	0.17	
	1925	5,241	29	16.4	4.2	...	...	...	0.8	0.57
	1926	5,523	26	10.9	0.2	...	...	...	0.2	0.18
" VI.—Upper Sub-Himalaya.	1916-25	12,542	45	18.6	36.3	1.61	0.5	0.31	0.7	0.11	
	1925	11,690	31	16.6	2.3	...	...	...	0.3	...
	1926	11,567	33	12.6	6.0	...	...	...	0.3	0.09
" VII.—North-West Frontier, Indus Valley and North-West Rajputana.	1916-25	7,730	42	18.2	34.5	1.59	0.1	0.05	1.0	0.13	
	1925	7,672	27	16.8	2.9	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	7,075	27	15.8	18.1	...	...	...	0.7	...
" VIII.—South-Eastern Rajputana, Central India and Gujrat.	1916-25	4,795	34	20.4	32.7	1.25	0.1	0.04	1.5	0.19	
	1925	4,377	24	10.3	...	...	...	...	2.1	...
	1926	4,523	34	10.2	22.7	...	...	...	...	...
" IX.—Deccan	1916-25	10,955	46	36.7	42.6	0.95	0.5	0.25	0.9	0.13	
	1925	8,642	33	19.6	12.0	...	...	...	0.1	...
	1926	8,937	27	21.1	2.3	...	0.1	0.11	...	...
" X.—Western Coast.	1916-25	1,534	80	39.9	111.2	0.85	1.8	0.65	1.5	0.39	
	1925	825	38	20.6	14.5	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	1,014	26	8.9	...	...	...	...	...	...
" XI.—Southern India.	1916-25	3,726	44	28.2	33.7	2.01	0.2	0.05	1.0	0.19	
	1925	2,550	52	14.9	8.6	...	...	...	0.8	...
	1926	2,134	53	17.3	14.1	...	...	...	...	...
" XII (a).—Hill Stations.	1916-25	8,924	36	17.8	31.5	1.23	0.01	...	0.3	0.66	
	1925	8,746	23	10.5	1.0	...	...	...	0.2	...
	1926	9,280	23	13.2	2.8	...	...	...	0.1	...
" XII (b).—Hill Convalescent Depôts and Sanatoria.	1916-25	3,025	50	24.8	36.1	1.39	0.2	...	0.2	0.07	
	1925	2,467	37	24.7	11.3	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	2,267	38	14.6	6.6	...	...	...	...	...
India	1916-25	64,141	44	24.4	37.6	1.24	0.3	0.19	0.8	0.13	
	1925	57,378	30	17.4	4.3	...	...	...	0.4	0.05
	1926	56,793	31	16.0	7.2	...	...	0.22	0.2	0.04

EUROPEAN TROOPS.

OF STRENGTH.

ADMISSIONS.

DEATHS.

Enteric group of fevers.		Malaria.		Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin.		Lobar Pneumonia.		Dysentery.		Venereal Diseases.		All causes.	
A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
0.8	0.09	76.2	0.19	...	...	1.6	0.19	13.7	0.23	136.1	...	915.1	4.03
...	...	113.5	...	...	...	2.2	...	20.5	...	183.8	...	1033.0	...
2.2	...	21.1	...	1.1	...	3.3	...	66.6	...	205.3	...	954.5	1.11
2.2	0.20	90.0	1.59	0.6	...	1.6	...	7.4	1.19	139.1	...	745.6	8.35
...	...	32.7	...	...	...	6.5	...	...	...	235.3	...	725.5	6.54
...	...	43.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	359.7	...	811.7	14.39
1.4	0.13	129.4	0.46	1.0	...	4.7	0.66	17.3	0.52	181.7	...	954.6	7.61
0.7	...	81.1	...	...	...	2.2	0.73	20.4	...	100.1	...	672.7	5.84
6.9	0.39	59.4	...	...	...	0.7	...	12.4	...	167.3	...	983.4	4.14
4.6	0.33	126.1	0.23	1.7	0.02	2.9	0.38	10.8	0.17	70.8	0.02	768.5	6.47
2.5	...	96.0	...	0.9	...	2.9	...	9.0	...	73.8	...	559.8	2.56
0.9	0.36	61.3	...	1.3	...	1.6	...	5.2	0.18	67.1	...	496.4	3.62
4.8	0.69	267.3	0.59	2.5	0.03	4.5	0.61	8.4	0.12	68.3	0.02	926.6	8.90
4.5	0.17	270.4	0.09	0.1	...	3.2	0.86	10.3	...	70.3	...	710.6	3.45
3.6	0.09	255.0	0.09	0.3	...	1.6	0.17	12.9	0.09	65.4	...	711.8	3.30
4.3	0.34	378.0	0.96	2.1	0.01	4.8	0.76	5.8	0.14	46.5	0.01	1057.2	8.54
1.7	...	232.4	0.26	...	...	3.4	0.26	9.5	0.13	38.3	0.13	742.6	4.56
2.4	0.14	305.3	0.42	0.1	...	4.2	0.85	12.9	...	31.1	...	745.0	4.38
3.9	0.46	193.5	0.31	2.5	0.02	3.3	0.33	9.5	0.08	57.7	0.02	749.9	6.13
1.6	0.23	155.4	0.23	0.2	...	2.7	...	11.4	...	51.6	0.23	648.4	2.97
2.6	0.66	143.7	...	0.4	...	4.2	0.88	24.7	...	41.3	...	840.6	5.30
4.1	0.34	175.0	0.26	0.8	0.01	2.0	0.28	15.7	0.15	81.0	0.02	735.0	5.30
4.2	...	68.3	...	0.6	...	1.2	0.12	14.1	...	70.9	...	536.4	2.08
1.6	...	55.1	...	1.1	...	1.8	0.34	23.2	...	48.6	...	503.2	1.63
4.2	0.39	850.8	1.30	5.2	...	7.4	0.98	24.2	0.98	204.2	...	1489.9	12.32
2.4	...	174.5	...	...	...	...	...	37.6	...	246.1	...	930.9	2.42
2.0	...	174.6	...	...	...	...	...	23.7	...	113.4	...	594.7	2.96
7.8	0.35	68.2	0.16	0.8	0.08	1.9	0.30	28.3	0.24	128.8	0.08	677.4	5.88
0.8	...	44.3	...	0.8	...	2.7	0.39	16.5	...	190.2	...	766.3	1.57
1.9	...	22.0	...	0.5	...	1.9	0.94	9.4	...	173.4	...	391.7	2.34
3.3	0.24	179.1	0.21	1.1	0.01	3.0	0.47	8.5	0.09	50.0	0.06	641.1	4.58
4.3	0.23	87.0	...	...	...	2.4	0.34	17.1	0.11	41.0	0.11	435.1	1.03
4.6	0.11	169.1	0.11	0.2	...	1.7	0.32	12.4	...	44.9	...	510.9	1.72
5.1	0.66	245.6	0.33	3.2	...	6.0	0.50	14.1	0.36	41.6	0.07	740.1	3.06
5.3	0.81	251.7	...	...	...	4.9	0.40	10.9	0.40	45.4	0.40	726.6	6.08
0.4	...	232.8	...	1.8	...	2.6	...	11.9	...	37.5	...	635.6	1.32
4.2	0.40	214.2	0.43	2.0	0.02	3.5	0.49	11.7	0.19	74.7	0.03	821.5	6.82
3.2	0.12	159.9	0.07	0.6	...	2.6	0.33	12.6	0.05	72.1	0.05	628.6	2.69
2.7	0.16	165.3	0.09	0.7	...	2.3	0.35	15.7	0.04	62.1	...	649.5	3.01

APPENDIX TO SECTION I—contd.

B.—Admission and death rates from Enteric Group of Fevers in stations of over 1,000 strength.

Stations.	1926.		DECENNIUM 1916-25.		Stations.	1926.		DECENNIUM 1916-25.	
	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.		Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.
Lucknow	0.4	0.43	3.8	0.43	Jhansi	2.6	0.88	3.6	0.61
Meerut	10.9	0.52	6.0	0.58	Mhow	4.0	1.33	5.3	0.30
Delhi	3.4	...	4.6	1.10	Jubbulpore	0.6	...	2.3	0.35
Calcutta	7.9	0.99	0.7	...	Secunderabad	0.8	...	1.7	0.31
Lahore	1.0	...	6.1	1.33	Poona	2.2	...	7.7	0.45
Sialkot . . . . .	...	...	4.1	0.53	Bangalore	2.4	...	8.7	0.32
Rawalpindi	3.7	...	5.7	0.55	Ranikhet	1.0	...	4.7	0.10
Peshawar	8.5	...	6.5	0.42	Quetta	9.4	0.34	3.4	0.24

Years.	" C " OFFICERS.				" D " WOMEN.				" E " CHILDREN.			
	*Average Annual Strength.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Constantly Sick rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	*Average Annual Strength.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Constantly Sick rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	*Average Annual Strength.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Constantly Sick rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.
1916—1925	2,121	358.3	34.15	8.46	3,722	445.5	16.03	7.25	6,669	273.9	8.85	16.25
1925	2,719	607.6	22.27	5.15	5,632	407.1	13.64	4.08	7,747	337.4	10.27	13.04
1926	2,574	675.2	23.44	6.22	5,341	466.6	16.39	3.93	7,257	388.9	12.90	16.81

* The Decennial rates are worked on the total strength of the 10 year period.

APPENDIX TO SECTION II.
INDIAN TROOPS.

APPENDIX TO SECTION II.—INDIAN TROOPS.

A.—Commands and Districts.	Year.	Average Strength.	RATIOS PER MILLE OF STRENGTH.													
			Admissions into Hospi- tal.	Constantly sick.	DEATHS FROM										All causes.	Mortality including absent deaths.
					Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric group of fevers.	Malaria.	Pulmonary tuber- culosis.	Lobar pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Abscess of the liver.				
Northern Command	1925	61,611	354.5	14.02	0.02	0.05	0.11	0.36	0.16	2.14	0.05	0.03	5.05	...		
	1926	61,765	396.8	14.73	...	0.02	0.05	0.18	0.08	2.01	...	0.02	4.27	...		
Western "	1925	20,810	278.3	12.26	0.06	0.05	...	0.29	0.05	1.83	...	...	4.08	...
	1926	20,388	331.4	13.76	...	...	0.10	0.20	0.29	1.32	0.10	0.05	3.87	...
Eastern "	1925	20,655	350.5	15.28	...	...	0.04	0.26	0.04	1.06	...	...	3.00	...
	1926	20,691	394.4	17.58	...	0.04	0.09	0.13	0.13	0.84	0.04	...	3.35	...		
Southern "	1925	24,464	382.2	17.29	...	...	0.08	0.08	0.04	0.33	0.04	...	2.37	...
	1926	24,071	354.2	16.22	0.04	...	0.04	...	0.04	0.58	...	...	2.70	...
Peshawar District	1925	16,159	399.2	15.14	...	...	0.06	0.06	0.25	1.73	0.06	...	5.20	...
	1926	16,026	502.6	18.31	...	...	0.12	0.06	0.19	2.06	...	...	4.80	...
Kohat "	1925	4,974	289.5	9.51	...	...	0.20	1.01	0.20	2.41	...	0.20	4.83	...
	1926	4,999	552.5	13.15	...	...	...	0.40	...	4.40	...	...	5.60	...
Rawalpindi "	1925	10,342	365.3	14.57	...	...	...	0.39	0.10	2.22	...	0.10	4.74	...
	1926	10,635	352.0	14.22	...	...	...	0.28	...	3.10	...	0.09	5.64	...
Lahore "	1925	13,905	407.2	15.94	...	0.14	0.29	0.50	0.29	1.29	...	...	4.46	...
	1926	14,895	457.0	17.29	...	0.07	0.07	0.20	0.07	1.14	...	...	3.36	...
Waziristan District	1925	16,231	278.0	14.59	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.31	...	3.14	0.12	...	5.67	...		
	1926	15,210	206.3	9.29	...	...	...	0.13	0.07	1.25	...	...	3.22	...

Baluchistan District	1925	10,766	363.9	16.13	...	0.09	...	0.19	0.09	1.11	...	...	3.16	...
	1926	10,846	455.2	17.03	...	...	...	0.37	0.55	1.01	0.09	...	3.50	...
Zhob Area	1925	4,390	190.9	8.31	...	...	...	0.68	...	2.73	...	...	6.38	...
	1926	4,500	166.9	6.73	...	...	7.44	...	...	2.89	0.22	...	6.22	...
Sind-Rajputana District	1925	5,654	183.1	7.96	...	...	...	0.18	...	1.77	...	...	4.07	...
	1926	5,042	213.0	8.95	...	...	...	...	...	0.60	...	0.20	2.58	...
United Provinces „	1925	13,863	363.4	16.42	...	...	...	0.07	0.22	1.01	...	...	2.96	...
	1926	14,727	385.8	18.48	...	0.07	...	0.07	0.07	0.54	0.07	...	2.99	...
Delhi Brigade	1925	3,742	306.0	12.50	...	...	...	0.27	...	1.87	...	...	4.54	...
	1926	3,124	498.4	19.65	...	...	...	0.64	...	0.64	...	...	4.16	...
Allahabad Brigade	1925	3,004	317.9	12.63	...	...	...	0.33	...	0.67	...	...	1.66	...
	1926	3,030	304.3	11.69	...	...	...	...	0.33	1.65	...	...	3.30	...
Presidency and Assam District	1925	2,046	392.0	16.56	...	...	...	0.49	...	0.49	...	...	2.44	...
	1926	1,810	436.5	16.54	...	...	...	0.55	...	2.21	...	...	4.97	...
Central Provinces District	1925	7,254	474.2	17.66	...	...	...	0.14	0.28	0.41	...	...	2.07	...
	1926	7,285	385.7	18.00	...	...	...	...	...	0.82	...	...	3.43	...
Poona District	1925	10,620	315.4	16.72	...	...	...	0.09	...	0.19	...	...	2.73	...
	1926	10,730	277.5	13.22	0.09	...	...	0.09	...	0.47	...	...	2.52	...
Bombay „	1925	1,667	563.3	25.80	...	...	...	...	...	1.31	...	...	1.80	...
	1926	1,528	452.2	20.34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.58	...
Madras „	1925	4,923	329.3	15.11	...	...	...	...	...	0.61	0.20	...	2.23	...
	1926	4,528	452.1	19.44	...	...	...	...	...	0.22	...	...	1.33	...
Burma „	1925	4,103	503.3	21.93	...	...	...	0.73	0.49	...	...	...	4.87	...
	1926	3,760	556.1	21.74	0.27	...	...	0.53	...	...	...	...	4.52	...
Extra India	1925	1,633	528.5	19.91	...	...	...	...	...	0.61	...	...	3.06	...
	1926	1,263	828.4	29.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.58	...
Troops on the line of march	1925	1,197	701.8	3.90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.31	...
	1926	1,208	535.6	3.10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Army of India	1925	136,473	358.8	15.04	0.01	0.03	0.07	0.29	0.11	1.46	0.03	0.01	4.01	4.01
	1926	135,146	388.6	15.41	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.15	0.11	1.36	0.02	0.01	3.75	3.75

APPENDIX TO SECTION II.—

B.—GROUPS.	Years.	Average strength.	Constantly sick.	Invalids.	RATIOS PER MILLE					
					Influenza.		Cholera.		Small-pox.	
					A.—	D.—	A.—	D.—	A.—	D.—
Group I.—Burma Coast and Bay Island.	1916-25	1,369	30.31	...	9.6	...	0.1	0.07	0.1	...
	1925	924	15.27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	896	16.53	...	46.9	1.12	...	...	1.1	...
" II.—Burma Inland	1916-25	2,778	38.00	...	25.8	2.12	0.1	0.07	0.3	...
	1925	1,387	17.68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	1,381	15.55	...	38.4	2.90	...	...	...	...
" IV.—Benga and Orissa.	1916-25	2,194	30.13	...	110.1	5.74	1.2	0.50	0.1	...
	1925	835	20.42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1926	825	19.84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
" V.—Gangetic Plain and Chutia Nag-pur.	1916-25	10,119	28.44	...	35.2	3.01	0.5	0.28	0.5	0.02
	1925	6,583	14.66	...	3.3	...	...	...	0.3	...
	1926	6,681	16.50	...	22.3	...	...	...	0.6	0.15
" VI.—Upper Sub-Himalayas.	1916-25	43,782	33.74	...	28.0	3.61	0.5	0.18	0.8	0.07
	1925	27,407	17.60	...	1.2	...	0.0	...	0.8	0.04
	1926	27,971	19.32	...	3.3	0.04	...	...	0.4	0.04
" VII.—North-West Frontier, Indus Valley and North-Western Rajputana.	1916-25	44,183	32.16	...	26.7	2.71	0.3	0.16	0.5	0.03
	1925	31,919	13.86	...	7.0	0.25	0.1	0.03	0.5	0.03
	1926	28,905	14.81	...	3.8	0.03	...	...	0.2	...
" VIII.—South-Eastern Rajputana, Central India and Gujrat.	1916-25	14,714	29.45	...	53.1	4.44	0.3	0.17	0.7	0.03
	1925	7,654	13.96	...	6.3	0.26	...	...	0.9	...
	1926	7,650	16.72	...	5.9	...	...	...	0.7	...
" IX.—Deccan	1916-25	21,599	37.64	...	38.2	4.70	0.3	0.17	0.7	0.07
	1925	13,927	16.52	...	3.3	...	...	...	0.5	...
	1926	14,023	13.52	...	4.7	...	...	0.07	0.2	...
" X.—Western Coast.	1916-25	3,167	43.42	...	65.3	3.82	0.4	0.13	0.1	0.03
	1925	2,471	21.00	...	20.6	...	...	...	0.4	...
	1926	1,977	22.12	...	24.3	...	...	...	...	...
" XI.—Southern India.	1916-25	6,123	33.82	...	50.0	3.56	0.6	0.22	2.8	0.57
	1925	4,039	16.04	...	1.7	...	...	...	0.5	...
	1926	4,012	18.57	...	3.0	...	...	...	...	...
" XII.—Hill Stations.	1916-25	32,399	33.17	...	39.3	3.36	0.1	0.07	0.3	0.07
	1925	36,497	13.29	...	4.7	0.03	...	...	0.2	0.05
	1926	36,354	12.38	...	12.6	0.03	0.0	0.03	0.1	...
Army of India	1916-25	185,582	33.02	19.04	35.3	3.01	0.3	0.17	0.6	0.07
	1925	136,473	15.04	12.54	4.5	0.08	0.00	0.01	0.0	0.03
	1926	135,146	15.41	11.61	8.3	0.06	0.0	0.01	0.3	0.01

INDIAN TROOPS—*contd.*

OF STRENGTH.

 ADMISSIONS } FROM
 DEATHS

Enteric group of fevers.		Malaria.		Pyrexia of uncertain origin.		Lobar pneumonia.		Dysentery.		Venereal diseases.		All causes.	
A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
0.1	...	117.9	1.39	1.3	0.07	17.2	3.94	10.1	0.22	65.1	0.07	637.8	9.40
1.1	...	20.6	...	...	...	1.1	...	14.1	...	32.5	...	339.8	1.08
...	...	48.0	...	...	...	6.7	...	25.7	...	32.4	...	415.2	2.23
0.2	0.07	115.1	1.08	1.3	0.07	6.8	1.30	16.7	0.29	141.2	0.11	702.9	10.54
...	...	39.7	...	...	...	0.7	...	33.9	...	75.7	...	338.1	6.49
2.9	...	44.2	1.45	...	...	2.9	...	5.8	...	44.9	...	451.8	3.69
0.5	0.05	113.4	0.77	1.1	...	8.3	1.37	12.1	0.09	51.4	...	748.3	12.56
...	...	67.1	1.20	...	...	1.2	...	12.0	...	29.9	...	481.4	2.40
...	...	37.6	...	...	...	10.9	2.42	10.9	...	21.3	...	480.0	2.42
0.5	0.11	93.1	0.27	0.2	0.05	11.9	2.23	7.3	0.15	49.4	0.07	581.5	9.11
0.2	...	50.4	0.46	...	...	10.2	0.76	3.6	...	26.0	...	329.3	1.52
...	...	51.8	0.15	...	...	7.2	0.90	5.7	...	23.5	...	324.1	2.54
0.7	0.11	135.0	0.58	5.1	0.06	16.3	3.86	10.7	0.14	47.5	0.05	640.0	13.07
1.3	0.15	144.5	0.33	0.1	0.04	12.4	1.53	4.7	...	19.3	...	423.4	4.27
0.5	0.04	162.7	0.21	...	0.11	10.5	1.72	9.5	...	16.0	0.04	455.8	4.54
1	0.27	252.8	0.91	1.9	0.02	17.5	4.17	14.1	0.13	25.0	0.02	740.3	13.14
0.6	0.13	90.3	0.31	...	...	13.6	2.38	6.0	0.03	10.1	...	322.3	5.36
0.7	0.07	158.0	0.07	...	...	12.6	2.08	5.0	...	8.5	0.03	408.8	4.32
0.9	0.17	125.3	0.58	0.4	0.05	12.2	2.68	5.3	0.12	31.3	0.03	631.3	12.93
0.8	...	73.2	0.39	...	...	6.5	0.65	2.1	...	14.8	0.13	344.3	2.57
0.3	...	95.6	...	0.1	...	5.9	0.65	13.6	...	14.9	...	373.7	3.14
0.4	0.12	106.7	0.44	0.3	0.01	9.8	2.44	15.2	0.29	70.9	0.06	715.9	12.65
0.4	0.14	71.7	0.07	0.2	...	3.5	0.29	8.0	...	34.9	...	254.5	2.44
0.4	0.07	40.4	...	0.3	...	3.7	0.57	20.0	...	27.3	...	285.7	2.71
0.8	0.16	156.3	0.36	12.0	...	10.1	1.74	23.2	0.13	117.6	...	884.1	10.74
0.4	...	104.0	...	...	...	6.5	0.40	10.5	...	26.3	...	458.5	1.62
...	...	97.6	...	...	...	8.1	1.01	8.1	...	27.3	...	485.6	4.05
0.6	0.12	69.2	0.25	0.2	...	4.9	1.01	6.1	0.10	88.7	...	604.0	10.07
...	...	15.8	...	...	...	5.9	0.50	8.2	0.25	42.8	...	346.4	2.48
0.7	...	37.1	...	0.5	...	3.0	0.25	21.2	...	45.4	...	457.2	1.25
0.9	0.22	175.1	0.77	3.6	0.04	14.3	3.61	8.6	0.26	27.6	0.02	634.1	13.51
0.7	...	60.1	0.33	...	...	10.1	1.73	6.8	0.05	11.7	0.03	319.0	4.44
0.8	0.10	103.0	0.23	...	...	8.1	1.36	10.8	0.03	10.2	0.03	331.9	3.68
0.8	0.17	163.0	0.66	2.9	0.04	14.1	3.30	11.2	0.18	44.0	0.04	673.7	12.53
0.7	0.07	86.7	0.29	0.4	0.01	9.7	1.46	6.5	0.03	18.1	0.01	356.8	4.01
0.6	0.06	115.0	0.15	0.1	0.02	8.7	1.36	10.5	0.02	15.7	0.02	388.6	3.75

APPENDIX TO SECTION II.—INDIAN TROOPS—*contd.*

1. Actuals.

2. Ratios.

C.—Plains and Hills.		Average annual strength.	Malaria.		Pulmonary tuberculosis.		Lobar pneumonia.		Other Respiratory diseases.		Dysentery and Diarrhœa.		Scurvy.		Anæmia.		All causes.		Average number constantly sick.
			A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	
1922	Plains	117,525	20,218	56	375	84	998	191	3,889	101	2,676	18	36	2	471	9	60,087	710	2,653
			172.0	0.48	3.2	0.29	8.5	1.68	33.0	0.86	22.8	0.15	0.3	0.02	4.0	0.08	510.8	6.04	32.57
	Hills	30,315	5,487	30	170	28	373	87	1,497	57	906	12	22	1	163	9	17,431	304	986
			181.0	0.99	5.6	0.92	12.3	2.37	49.4	1.88	29.9	0.40	0.7	0.03	5.4	0.30	575.0	10.03	32.52
	Hills above 5,000 feet sea level .	13,566	2,181	2	36	10	172	46	704	23	424	3	19	1	60	3	7,778	117	429
			160.8	0.15	2.7	0.74	12.7	3.39	51.9	1.70	31.3	0.22	1.4	0.08	4.4	0.22	573.3	3.62	31.63
	Hills below 5,000 feet sea level	16,749	3,306	28	134	18	201	41	793	34	482	9	3	...	103	6	9,653	187	557
			197.4	1.67	8.0	1.07	12.0	2.45	47.3	2.03	28.8	0.54	0.2	...	6.1	0.36	576.3	11.16	33.23
1923	Plains	114,295	18,857	72	331	15	1,066	190	3,637	78	2,409	9	11	...	375	8	54,146	623	2,174
			165.0	0.63	2.9	0.18	9.3	1.66	32.3	0.68	21.1	0.08	0.1	...	3.3	0.07	473.7	5.45	19.02
	Hills	23,939	3,789	27	127	13	293	63	1,292	27	593	9	4	...	97	4	12,701	233	780
			130.9	0.93	4.4	0.45	10.3	2.18	44.6	0.93	20.5	0.31	0.1	...	3.4	0.14	438.9	3.05	26.97
	Hills above 5,000 feet sea level	11,621	1,239	...	35	2	112	21	409	4	281	3	1	...	14	1	4,620	54	218
			106.6	...	3.0	0.17	9.6	1.81	35.2	0.34	24.2	0.26	0.0	...	1.2	0.01	397.6	4.65	18.76
	Hills below 5,000 feet sea level	17,318	2,550	27	92	11	186	42	883	23	312	6	3	...	83	3	8,081	179	562
			147.2	1.56	5.3	0.64	10.7	2.43	51.0	1.33	18.0	0.35	0.2	...	4.8	0.17	466.6	10.34	32.47

1924	Plains	104,279	14,155	47	339	19	1,203	206	3,292	79	2,068	5	8	...	254	5	44,820	582	1,888
			135.7	0.45	3.3	0.18	11.5	1.98	31.6	0.76	19.8	0.05	0.1	...	2.4	0.05	429.8	5.58	18.11
	Hills	30,463	3,277	12	90	6	303	72	995	29	462	...	3	...	68	1	12,194	190	544
			107.6	0.39	3.0	0.20	9.9	2.36	32.7	0.95	15.2	...	0.1	...	2.2	0.03	400.3	6.24	17.85
	Hills above 5,000 feet sea level	12,668	963	...	34	2	144	32	421	6	160	...	1	...	26	...	4,661	61	214
76.0			...	2.7	0.16	11.4	2.53	33.2	0.47	12.6	...	0.4	...	2.1	...	367.9	4.82	16.91	
Hills below 5,000 feet sea level .	17,795	2,314	12	56	4	159	40	574	23	302	...	2	...	42	1	7,533	129	329	
		130.0	0.67	3.1	0.22	8.9	2.25	32.3	1.29	17.0	...	0.1	...	2.4	0.06	423.3	7.25	19.51	
1925	Plains	99,976	9,640	27	298	7	962	136	2,623	54	2,098	2	9	...	131	4	37,049	385	1,568
			96.4	0.27	3.0	0.07	9.6	1.36	28.2	0.54	21.0	0.02	0.1	...	1.3	0.04	370.6	3.85	15.68
	Hills	36,497	2,195	12	124	8	367	63	1,221	22	675	2	4	1	43	...	11,642	162	485
			60.1	0.33	3.4	0.22	10.1	1.73	33.5	0.60	24.0	0.05	0.1	0.03	1.2	...	319.0	4.44	13.29
	Hills above 5,000 feet sea level .	20,180	956	3	79	3	219	44	743	15	517	2	3	1	27	...	6,714	97	304
47.4			0.15	3.9	0.15	10.9	2.18	36.8	0.74	25.6	0.10	0.1	0.05	1.3	...	332.7	4.81	15.07	
Hills below 5,000 feet sea level	16,317	1,239	9	45	5	148	19	478	7	158	...	1	...	16	...	4,928	65	181	
		75.9	0.55	2.8	0.31	9.1	1.16	29.3	0.43	9.7	...	0.1	...	1.0	...	302.0	3.98	11.10	
1926	Plains	96,792	11,593	11	219	8	861	132	2,486	40	2,432	...	4	...	137	1	39,738	366	1,608
			119.8	0.11	2.3	0.08	8.9	1.36	25.7	0.41	25.1	...	0.0	...	1.4	0.01	411.1	3.78	16.61
	Hills	38,354	3,949	9	110	7	312	52	1,039	17	877	3	...	...	27	...	12,729	141	475
			103.0	0.23	2.9	0.18	8.1	1.36	27.1	0.44	22.8	0.08	...	...	0.7	...	331.9	3.68	12.38
	Hills above 5,000 feet sea level	23,001	2,531	6	63	7	195	29	618	7	775	2	...	...	15	...	7,815	85	303
112.2			0.26	2.7	0.30	8.5	1.26	26.9	0.30	33.7	0.09	...	...	0.7	...	339.8	3.70	13.18	
Hills below 5,000 feet sea level	15,353	1,368	3	47	...	17	23	421	10	102	1	...	...	12	...	4,914	56	172	
		89.1	0.20	3.1	...	7.6	1.50	27.4	0.65	6.6	0.07	...	...	0.8	...	320.1	3.65	11.19	

APPENDIX TO SECTION II.—INDIAN TROOPS—concl'd.

D.—Enteric Group of Fevers.	1916—1925.		1926.	
	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.
European Troops	4.2	0.40	2.7	0.16
Indian Troops (including Gurkhas).	0.8	0.17	0.6	0.06
Gurkhas only	1.2	0.31	0.8	0.13
Prisoners	1.2	0.28	1.4	0.29

	E.—PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS IN 1926.		F.—VENEREAL DISEASES IN 1926.
	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.
Indian Troops (excluding Gurkhas.)	2.2	0.08	16.7
Gurkhas only	4.0	0.33	8.2

	G.—INFLUENZA.				H.—LOBAR PNEUMONIA.			
	1916—1925.		1926.		1916—1925.		1926.	
	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.	Admission rate per 1,000.	Death rate per 1,000.
European Troops	37.6	1.23	7.2	...	3.5	0.49	2.3	0.35
Indian Troops	35.3	2.87	8.3	0.06	14.1	3.30	8.7	1.36
Prisoners	40.3	2.85	17.1	0.10	13.0	3.47	11.0	2.47

VACCINATION IN THE EUROPEAN AND INDIAN ARMIES, DURING 1926.

Effective Strength.

	EUROPEAN TROOPS.								INDIAN TROOPS.							
	OFFICERS.				WARRANT AND NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND MEN.				EUROPEAN OFFICERS.				INDIAN COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND MEN.			
	Number.		Percentage of successful cases to total operations.		Number.		Percentage of successful cases to total operations.		Number.		Percentage of successful cases to total operations.		Number.		Percentage of successful cases to total operations.	
	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
	Northern Command	4	229	76	64	23	6,678	83	74	1	170	100	88	1,139	33,630	88	71
Western Command . . . . .	...	43	...	86	12	1,702	17	82	...	41	...	71	363	8,621	86	53
Eastern Command . . . . .	...	165	...	84	2	7,119	100	67	...	51	...	74	860	15,892	90	71
Southern Command	1	120	100	57	1	5,323	...	54	...	104	...	57	45	15,256	93	58
Burma District . . . . .	...	3	...	100	148	66	31	97	...	6	...	100	940	1,156	87	46
Extra India . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	428	..	24	...	...	...	...	1	261	100	75
TOTAL	5	560	80	70	186	21,316	37	66	1	372	100	76	3,348	74,806	88	66

NON-EFFECTIVE STRENGTH—FAMILIES.

A.—EUROPEAN TROOPS.

	OFFICERS' WIVES.				OFFICERS' CHILDREN.				SOLDIERS' WIVES.				SOLDIERS' CHILDREN.			
	NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.		NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.		NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.		NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.	
	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.
Northern Command	2	110	50	64	33	64	100	66	1	321	100	62	153	477	91	66
Western „	„	5	„	100	5	6	100	100	„	50	„	38	35	67	91	75
Eastern „	„	35	„	69	5	18	100	94	1	298	100	76	141	420	87	79
Southern „	„	54	„	57	27	37	74	54	14	179	86	63	187	284	86	66
Burma District	„	„	„	„	„	2	„	50	„	7	„	100	23	5	87	100
Extra India	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	„
TOTAL	2	204	50	64	70	127	90	68	16	855	88	69	539	1,253	88	71

NON-EFFECTIVE STRENGTH—FAMILIES—*contd.*

B.—INDIAN TROOPS.

	EUROPEAN OFFICERS' WIVES.				EUROPEAN OFFICERS' CHILDREN.				INDIAN SOLDIERS' WIVES.				INDIAN SOLDIERS' CHILDREN.			
	NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.		NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.		NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.		NUMBER.		PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL CASES TO TOTAL OPERATIONS.	
	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.	Primary.	Revaccination.
Northern Command	1	38	100	92	18	7	100	71	...	...	...	...	1	80	100	99
Western " . . . . .	...	10	...	30	9	11	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern " . . . . .	...	20	...	75	3	12	67	67	...	62	...	82	18	45	100	51
Southern " . . . . .	...	26	...	69	8	7	100	71	...	141	...	51	81	64	84	59
Burma District . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra India . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
TOTAL	1	94	100	76	38	37	97	78	...	203	...	61	100	189	87	74

**Annual Returns of the European Army
of India, of the Indian Army and of
the Jail Population for the year
1926.**

Returns relating to the European and Indian Armies compiled in the Office of the Director, Medical Services in India, and those relating to Prisoners in the Office of the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India.

CONTENTS.

	TABLE.	PAGE
Grouping of diseases in the main tables for 1926	A	64

EUROPEAN TROOPS.

Stations by commands and independent districts	B	66
Ratios by commands and independent districts	I	68
Ratios of geographical groups	II	70
Ratios of stations, groups and commands	III	72
Enteric group of fevers, by months, stations, groups and commands	IV	} 92
Malaria by months, stations, groups and commands	V	
Pyrexia of uncertain origin by months, stations, groups and commands	VI	} 100
Cholera by months, stations, groups and commands	VII	
Dysentery by months, stations, groups and commands	VIII	} 108
Diarrhœa by months, stations, groups and commands	IX	
Statistics of officers, women and children	X	108
Deaths of children by ages and causes	XI	114
Admissions and deaths of British other ranks from the principal diseases by commands and districts	XII	115

INDIAN TROOPS.

Stations by commands and independent districts	C	125
Ratios by commands and independent districts	XIII	129
Ratios of geographical groups	XIV	131
Ratios of stations, groups and commands	XV	133
Enteric group of fevers by months, stations, groups and commands	XVI	} 157
Malaria by months, stations, groups and commands	XVII	
Pyrexia of uncertain origin by months, stations, groups and commands	XVIII	} 167
Cholera by months, stations, groups and commands	XIX	
Dysentery by months, stations, groups and commands	XX	} 167
Diarrhœa by months, stations, groups and commands	XXI	

FOLLOWERS.

Actuals of stations, groups and commands	XXII	179
--	------	-----

TROOPS AND PRISONERS.

Detail of diseases	XXIII	197
------------------------------	-------	-----

TABLE A.

Grouping of diseases in the main tables for 1926.

HEAD OF DISEASE.	Include or includes also
HEAT-STROKE	Sun-stroke and heat-exhaustion.
ALCOHOLISM	Delirium tremens and alcoholic poisoning.
OTHER RESPIRATORY DISEASES	All respiratory diseases except pulmonary tuberculosis and lobar pneumonia.
ANÆMIA	Anæmia primary, anæmia secondary, anæmia pernicious and chlorosis.
HEPATIC CONGESTION AND INFLAMMATION.	Congestion of liver, hepatitis, perihepatitis, but excludes cirrhosis of liver and abscess of liver.
VENEREAL DISEASES	Syphilis, soft chancre and gonorrhœa.
ABORTION AND AFFECTIONS CONNECTED WITH PREGNANCY.	Nomenclature of diseases (1918 Edition, pages 121-123).
AFFECTIONS CONNECTED WITH AND CONSEQUENT ON PARTURITION.	Nomenclature of diseases (1918 Edition, pages 123-126).
ALL OTHER DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN.	Nomenclature of diseases (1918 Edition, pages 112-121).

EUROPEAN TROOPS, 1926.

TABLE B.

STATIONS BY COMMANDS AND INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS.

Stations.	Height above M. S. level in feet.	Authority for height	Points of reference.	Stations.	Height above M. S. level in feet.	Authority for height.	Points of reference.	Stations.	Height above M. S. level in feet.	Authority for height.	Points of reference.
NORTHERN COMMAND.				NORTHERN COMMAND— <i>contd.</i>				EASTERN COMMAND— <i>contd.</i>			
Abbottabad	4,010	S. D.	Map.	Parachinar	not available.			Lucknow (Kalubir's)	883	S. D.	B. M.
All Masjid Fort . . .	3,174	"	"	Peshawar	1,132	S. D.	S. B. M.	Moorat	787	"	S. B. M.
Ambala	902	"	S. B. M.	Rawalpindi	1,089	"	"	Muttra	500	"	"
Amritsar	754	"	"	Razmak	6,550	"	Map.	Naini Tal Convalescent Dopôt.	6,400	"	...
Bannu	1,250	"	Map.	Razani	5,750	"	"	Ranikhot and	5,980	"	...
Barian Camp and Khyra- gall.	7,183 7,078	I. B. S. D.	... Map.	Rialpur	1,014	"	B. M.	Chaubattia	6,042	S. G.	...
Campbellpore	1,180	"	"	Sargodha (Ry. Rest House).	615	"	"	Roorkee	870	S. D.	S. B. M.
Cherat	4,540	"	"	Sialkot	820	"	"	Sitapur	447	"	"
Dugshai	6,087	"	...	Solan	5,078	B. M.	...	SOUTHERN COMMAND.			
Dulhousie Convalescent Dopôt.	7,087	"	...	Subathu	4,000	S. D.	Map.	Ahmednagar	2,180	S. D.	Map.
Dandil	4,000	"	Now camp.	Tank	880	"	"	Bangalore	3,002	"	S. B. M.
Dargai	1,540	"	"	Thall	2,450	"	"	Bolgaum	2,523	"	"
Dera Ismail Khan . . .	508	"	S. B. M.	Upper Topa	7,000	M. O.	"	Colaba (Bombay Town Hull).	20	"	"
Drosh	not available.			WESTERN COMMAND.				Doolah	1,894	"	"
				Ahmedabad	162	S. D.	S. B. M.	Jhansi	840	"	"

Ferozepore	649	S. D.	S. B. M.	Hyderabad	96	"	"	Jubbulpore	1,320	"	"
Gharial	6,811	S. G.	"	Karachi (Holy Trinity Church). Loralai	28 4,699	"	"	Kamptee (By. Station)	940	"	B. M.
Fort Jamrud (Highest Tower). Fort Lohhart	607 6,613	S. D.	Ht. Tower. Map.	Mount Abu Sanatorium	3,336	"	Map.	St. Thomas Mount (Ry. Station). Madras (Obsy.)	34 250	"	"
Idak	2,477	"	"	Nasirabad	1,461	"	Map.	Malapuram (Ry. Station)	1,880	G. T.	"
Jholum	762	"	S. B. M.	Quetta	5,510	"	S. B. M.	Mhow (Ry. Station)	1,887	S. D.	"
Jullundur Cantonment	771	"	B. M.	Rajkot	424	"	"	Pachmarhi	3,490	"	Map.
Jutogh	6,370	"	Map.	EASTERN COMMAND. Agra (Fort)	525	S. D.	S. B. M.	Poona	1,867	"	S. B. M.
Kalabagh and Baragali	7,963	"	"	Allahabad and Fort	314	"	"	Purandhar	4,560	"	"
Kalabagh and Mari Indus	682	"	"	Bareilly	563	"	"	Saugor	1,755	"	S. B. M.
Kasauli Convalescent Depôt. Kohat	6,050 1,725	"	Map.	Barrackpore	24	"	"	Secunderabad	1,776	"	"
Khanspur and Ghora Dhaka. Kuldana	7,721 7,049	"	"	Benares	256	"	S. B. M.	Wellington (Stn. Hospital). BURMA INDEPENDENT DISTRICT.	5,800	"	Map.
Lahore Cantonment and Fort. Landikotal	706 3,509	S. G.	"	Cawnpore	407	"	B. M.	Mandalay (Fort Dufferin)	246	S. D.	"
Manzai	1,650	S. D.	S. B. M.	Chakrata	6,885	"	Map.	Maymyo	3,508	"	Map.
Mona	not available.	"	"	Delhi	757	"	"	Port Blair (Tindal Obsy.). Rangoon (Custom House Flag Staff).	9 17	"	B. M. S. B. M.
Multau	404	"	"	Dinapore	170	"	Church.	EXTRA INDIA. Aden (Near Post Engr. Office).	7	S. D.	"
Murree Convalescent Depôt. Nowshera (Ry. Station)	7,073 966	S. G.	"	Fort William	330	S. G.	"	Aden (Near Post Engr. Office).	7	S. D.	"
		S. D.	S. B. M.	Fyzabad	7,528	S. D.	S. B. M.				
		"	Map.	Landour Convalescent Depôt. Lehong	6,000	G. T. S.	"				
		"	B. M.			S. D.	"				

S. D. = Survey Department.
S. B. M. = Standard Bench Mark.
B. M. = G. T. Bench Mark.

S. G. = Surveyor-General of India.

Map = Heights taken from Topo Maps.
M. O. = Medical officer in charge of station hospitals in their sanitary reports.
I. B. = Intelligence Branch of the Division of the Chief of the Staff.

TABLE I.

RATIOS BY COMMANDS AND INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS.

The ratios of admissions and deaths to strength are taken from table III.

	Ratios per 1,000 of the average strength.						
	Northern Command.	Western Command.	Eastern Command.	Southern Command.	Burma District.	Aden Brigade.	India.
I.—Strength	17,060	5,216	15,115	16,340	1,720	1,080	50,798
II.—Constantly sick per 1,000 of the average strength	29.29	24.88	30.79	32.97	48.37	36.85	30.96
III.—Admission-rate of the year—							
Influenza	12.7	8.6	0.3	8.3	2.9	...	7.2
Cholera	...	...	0.1	0.1	...	...	0.04
Small-pox	0.3	...	0.3	...	...	...	0.2
Enteric group of fevers	2.3	5.8	3.0	1.9	3.5	...	2.7
Malaria	268.6	314.0	114.5	72.1	41.9	126.8	165.3
Sandfly-fever	31.7	19.9	18.6	8.1	...	...	18.6
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	0.1	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.2	...	0.7
Pulmonary tuberculosis	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.9	...	...	0.7
Lobar pneumonia	2.3	4.0	1.4	2.2	2.3	9.3	2.3
Other respiratory diseases	22.6	20.9	21.4	29.4	23.8	7.4	23.8
Dysentery	11.1	24.7	8.3	31.8	34.9	20.4	15.7

Diarrhœa	14.2	15.7	10.9	20.2	13.9	2.8	15.2
Hepatic abscess	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.9	...	...	0.5
Hepatic congestion and inflammation	2.4	1.3	2.9	1.6	1.2	0.9	2.1
Veneral diseases	42.8	42.9	72.1	68.5	192.4	24.1	62.1
All Causes	709.7	690.4	554.8	640.1	831.4	625.9	649.5
IV.—Death-rate of the year—							
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	0.06	...	...	0.02
Small-pox . . . . .	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	0.04
Enteric group of fevers	0.06	0.19	0.26	0.18	...	...	0.16
Malaria	0.06	0.77	...	...	...	...	0.09
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heart-stroke	0.64	0.32	0.26	0.24	0.58	...	0.39
Circulatory diseases	0.23	...	0.07	0.12	...	...	0.12
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	0.07	...	...	...	0.02
Lobar pneumonia	0.41	0.58	0.13	0.49	...	...	0.35
Other respiratory diseases	0.12	...	0.13	0.06	...	...	0.09
Dysentery . . . . .	...	...	0.13	...	...	...	0.04
Diarrhœa . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hepatic abscess	0.06	...	...	0.31	...	...	0.11
All Causes	3.28	3.44	3.44	2.51	1.74	0.93	3.01

TABLE II.

RATIOS OF GEOGRAPHICAL GROUPS.

The ratios of admissions and deaths to strength are taken from table III.

	Ratios per 1,000 of the average strength.												India.
	I Burma Coast and Bay Islands.	II Burma Inland	IV Bengal and Orissa.	V Gange- tic plain and Chutia Nagpur.	VI Upper Sub- Hima- laya.	VII N.-W. Frontier Indus Valley and N.-W. Rajpu- tana.	VIII S.E. Rajpu- tana, Central India and Gujarat.	IX Deccan.	X Western Coast.	XI South- ern India.	XIIa Hill Stations.	XIIb Hill Conva- lescent Depôts and Sanato- ria.	
I.—Strength	901	189	1,448	5,528	11,567	7,075	4,529	8,937	1,014	2,134	9,289	2,267	56,798
II.—Constantly sick per 1,000 of the aver- age strength.	47.76	63.74	63.28	26.40	33.31	26.66	33.84	26.81	26.25	52.61	22.82	37.87	30.96
III.—Admission-rate of the year— Influenza . . . . .	...	...	...	0.2	6.0	18.1	22.7	2.8	...	14.1	2.8	6.6	7.2
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	0.7	...	...	...	...	0.1	...	...	...	...	0.04
Small-pox . . . . .	...	...	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.7	...	...	...	...	0.1	...	0.2
Enteric group of fevers	2.2	...	6.9	0.9	3.6	2.4	2.6	1.6	2.0	1.9	4.5	0.4	2.7
Malaria	21.1	43.2	59.4	61.3	255.0	305.3	143.7	55.1	174.6	22.0	169.1	282.8	165.3
Sandfly-fever . . . . .	...	...	...	37.1	21.4	52.7	8.8	13.2	...	...	7.9	0.4	18.6
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	1.1	...	...	1.3	0.3	0.1	0.4	1.1	...	0.5	0.2	1.3	0.7
Rheumatic fever . . . . .	...	...	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.2	2.0	0.5	1.3	1.8	1.3
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	0.7	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.4	1.0	1.0	1.4	0.6	...	0.7
Pneumonia, lobar	3.3	...	0.7	1.6	1.6	4.2	4.2	1.8	...	1.9	1.7	2.6	2.3

Respiratory diseases	22.2	14.4	51.1	17.4	23.8	20.6	47.3	19.2	38.5	33.7	20.0	14.6	23.8
Dysentery	66.6	...	12.4	5.2	12.9	12.9	24.7	23.2	23.7	9.4	12.4	11.9	15.7
Diarrhoea	14.4	...	9.7	8.9	14.4	15.7	35.3	12.6	11.8	20.1	13.0	13.2	15.2
Hepatic { abscess . . . . .	...	...	1.4	...	0.3	0.1	0.7	0.9	3.0	1.4	0.4	1.3	0.5
{ congestion and inflammation	1.1	7.2	6.9	3.3	2.3	1.7	2.2	1.5	3.0	0.5	1.9	2.6	2.1
Venereal diseases	205.3	359.7	167.8	67.1	65.4	31.1	41.3	48.6	113.4	173.4	44.9	37.5	62.1
All Causes	954.5	841.7	983.4	496.4	711.8	745.0	840.6	503.2	594.7	691.7	510.9	665.6	649.5
IV.—Death-rate of the year—													
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.11	...	...	...	...	0.02
Small-pox . . . . .	...	...	...	0.18	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.04
Enteric group of fevers . . . . .	...	...	0.69	0.36	0.09	0.14	0.66	...	...	...	0.11	...	0.16
Malaria . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.09	0.42	...	...	...	...	0.11	...	0.09
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heat-stroke	1.11	...	0.69	0.36	0.52	1.13	0.44	0.11	...	0.47	...	...	0.39
Circulatory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.17	0.14	0.44	0.11	...	...	...	0.44	0.12
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	...	0.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02
Pneumonia lobar . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.17	0.85	0.88	0.34	...	0.94	0.32	...	0.35
Respiratory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	0.18	0.09	0.14	0.22	...	...	...	0.11	...	0.09
Dysentery . . . . .	...	...	...	0.18	0.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.04
Diarrhoea . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hepatic abscess . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.09	...	0.22	0.11	0.99	0.94	...	...	0.11
All Causes	1.11	14.39	4.14	3.62	3.80	4.38	5.30	1.68	2.96	2.34	1.72	1.32	3.01

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS,

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandfly Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke, Heat-exhaustion and Sun-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Port Blair	127	...	...	...	15.7	31.5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangoon	774	...	...	...	...	19.4	...	1.3	...	1.3	3.9	...
Group I.—Burma Coast and Bay Islands.	901	...	...	...	2.2	21.1	...	1.1	...	1.1	3.3	...
Mandalay	139	...	...	...	...	43.2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Group II.—Burma Inland.	139	...	...	...	...	43.2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort William	1,008	...	1.0	1.0	7.9	46.6	...	...	2.0	1.0	6.0	...
Barrackpore	440	...	...	...	0.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	4.5	38.6	...	...	...	2.3	15.9	2.3
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.2	...	...
Group IV.—Bengal and Orissa.	1,448	...	0.7	0.7	6.9	59.4	...	...	1.4	1.4	9.0	0.7
		...	...	...	0.69	...	...	...	...	0.69	...	...
Dinapore	605	...	...	...	1.7	21.5	67.6	9.9	...	...	3.8	...
Benares	128	...	...	...	...	226.6	23.4	...	...	7.8	7.8	...
Allahabad and Fort.	904	1.1	...	...	1.1	71.9	8.8	1.1	3.3	17.7	2.2	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.11	...	...

III.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate.								3. Constantly Sick.				
Pneumonia, Lobar.	Respiratory cases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
23·6	15·7	31·5	23·6	..	7·9	86·6	566·9	32·44	15·7	..	70·9	..
..
..	23·2	72·3	12·9	..	..	224·8	1,018·1	50·27	37·5	41·3	146·0	3·9
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·29	..	..	..	..	..
3·3	22·2	66·6	14·4	..	1·1	205·3	954·5	47·76	34·4	85·5	135·4	3·3
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1·11	..	..	..	..	..
..	14·4	..	..	..	7·2	359·7	841·7	63·74	100·7	122·3	136·7	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14·39	..	..	..	..	..
..	14·4	..	..	..	7·2	359·7	841·7	63·74	100·7	122·3	136·7	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14·39	..	..	..	..	..
1·0	64·5	9·9	10·9	2·0	7·9	170·6	1,154·8	47·81	5·0	31·7	133·9	2·0
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4·96	..	..	..	..	..
..	20·5	18·2	6·8	..	4·5	161·4	590·9	98·73	15·9	27·3	118·2	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2·27	..	..	..	..	..
0·7	51·1	12·4	9·7	1·4	6·9	167·8	983·4	63·28	8·3	30·4	129·1	1·4
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4·14	..	..	..	..	..
3·3	13·2	9·9	6·6	..	5·0	87·6	530·6	25·32	14·9	13·2	59·5	..
..
..	..	..	31·2	..	..	39·1	835·9	20·94	31·2	..	7·8	..
..
1·1	19·9	4·4	12·2	..	3·3	74·1	540·9	24·70	6·6	16·6	50·9	1·1
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3·32	..	..	..	..	..

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS,

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke, Heat-exhaustion and Sun-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Fyzabad . . .	612	...	...	...	...	61.6	51.7	...	2.5	...	6.2	2.5
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.23
Lucknow . . .	2,341	...	...	...	4	31.6	35.9	...	9	...	4.3	...
		...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cawnpore . . .	712	...	...	1.4	2.8	151.7	37.9	...	...	1.4	9.8	1.4
		...	...	1.40	1.40	...	...	...	...	1.40	...	...
Sitapur . . .	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	
Group V.—Gangetic Plain and Chutia Nagpur.	5,528	0.2	...	0.2	0.9	61.3	37.1	1.3	1.3	3.3	4.9	0.5
		...	...	0.18	0.36	...	...	...	...	0.36	...	0.18
A												
Bareilly . . .	855	...	...	...	1.2	59.6	43.3	1.2	2.3	...	4.7	...
	
Roorkee . . .	362	...	...	...	...	132.6	8	...	2.8	2.8	13.8	...
	
Meerut . . .	1,925	2.1	...	0.5	10.9	190.1	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	4.2	...
		...	...	0.52	0.52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Delhi . . .	1,167	...	...	1.7	3.4	346.2	5.1	...	0.9	5.1	3.4	3.4
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	...	...
Ambala . . .	723	49.8	...	...	4.1	201.9	24.9	...	5.5	1.4	9.7	...
	
B												
Jullundur . . .	755	10.6	...	...	2.6	536.4	...	...	1.3	...	1.3	...
	
Ferozepore . . .	822	...	...	...	...	256.7	18.2	...	...	26.8	3.6	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.43	...	...

III—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate.							3. Constantly Sick.						
Pneumonia, Lobar.	Respiratory cases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chanore.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.	
1.2	12.3	3.7	1.2	...	3.7	45.6	424.9	23.37	6.2	9.9	29.6	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.46	...	...	...	...	...
1.3	22.6	5.6	9.0	...	0.4	68.3	459.6	31.37	9.0	10.3	49.1	1.7	
...	.43	...	...	...	...	...	3.84	...	...	...	...	...
2.8	9.8	4.2	11.2	...	11.2	68.8	567.4	24.06	9.8	12.6	46.3	...	
...	...	1.40	...	...	...	...	8.48	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76.9	1.92	...	...	...	...
...	
1.6	17.4	5.2	8.9	...	3.3	67.1	498.4	26.40	9.4	11.6	46.1	.9	
...	0.18	0.18	...	...	...	...	3.62	...	...	...	...	...
2.3	9.4	...	5.8	...	3.5	90.1	449.1	29.57	8.2	25.7	56.1	1.2	
1.17	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.85	...	...	...	...	...
2.8	24.9	16.6	5.5	...	13.8	52.5	417.1	12.79	8.3	13.8	30.4	2.8	
...	
1.0	17.1	12.5	9.4	...	0.5	46.8	508.1	29.32	5.2	20.3	21.3	1.6	
...	...	.52	...	...	...	...	4.16	...	...	...	...	...
1.7	24.8	12.9	22.3	...	2.6	102.0	866.3	43.42	0.9	34.3	66.8	1.7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.43	...	...	...	...	...
...	13.8	20.7	.28	...	2.8	41.5	670.8	33.24	...	8.3	83.2	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.53	...	...	...	...	...
1.3	5.3	23.8	10.6	...	...	43.4	996.0	32.87	2.6	7.9	31.8	...
...	
1.2	34.1	8.5	7.3	...	...	99.8	736.0	23.56	3.6	15.8	80.3	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.87	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS,

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandfly Fever.	Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke, Heat Exhaustion and Sun-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Kohat	104	...	...	...	...	673·1	48·1	...	...	...	...	9·6
Manzai	49	...	...	...	...	20·4	..	...	...	20·4	...	...
Tank	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20·41	...	...
Dera Ismail Khan	90	...	...	...	11·1	177·8	88·9	...	...	11·1	...	...
Idak	25	...	...	...	11·11	...	35·7	...	...	11·11	...	...
Bannu	90	...	...	11·1	...	88·9	33·3	...	11·1	22·2	...	11·1
Kalabagh Mari Indus.	9	...	...	...	...	111·1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Parachinar	66	...	...	...	...	75·8	15·2	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Lockhart	8	...	...	...	...	125·0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Razmak	923	...	...	...	1·1	119·2	...	...	1·1	...	1·1	...
Damdil	12	...	...	...	...	166·7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Razani	145	6·9	...	...	...	137·9	...	...	6·9	...	13·6	...
Malakand	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Razmak Moveable Column.	94	...	...	10·6	...	31·9	31·9	...	...	...	21·3	...

III—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2 Death-Rate.								3. Constantly Sick.				
Pneumonia, Lobar.	Respiratory Dis- eases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
..	..	..	..	..	..	19.2	1,009.6	34.52	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9.62	..	..	..	..	..
..	40.8	..	..	..	..	..	183.7	11.22	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	40.82	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	250.0	22.50	..	..	..	..
..
11.1	..	11.1	11.1	..	..	66.7	600.0	29.00	22.2	..	44.4	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22.22	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	178.6	9.29	..	..	..	..
..
11.1	22.2	22.2	11.1	..	..	77.8	566.7	39.22	..	11.1	66.7	..
..
..	..	..	..	..	..	111.1	222.2	7.78	..	111.1	..	..
..
..	30.3	..	15.2	..	..	..	257.6	3.18	..	..	..	..
..
..	125.0	..	..	..	..	..	250.0	5.00	..	..	..	..
..
2.2	15.2	4.3	11.9	..	1.1	9.7	405.2	16.54	2.2	..	7.6	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.25	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	166.7	583.3	4.17	..	..	166.7	..
..
6.9	..	..	..	..	..	..	337.9	8.76	..	..	..	..
..
..
10.6	31.9	..	63.8	..	..	..	553.2	1.91	..	..	..	..
..

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS.

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the
A												
Nowshera	943	49.8	...	...	2.1	295.9	15.9	...	...	30.7	3.2	...
Peshawar	1,151	1.7	...	...	3.5	496.1	139.0	...	0.9	2.6	4.3	0.9
Multan	562	32.6	...	5.2	1.7	137.5	51.5	1.7	...	55.0	8.6	...
C												
Hyderabad	364	...	...	...	...	461.5	13.7	...	...	...	11.0	...
Karachi	986	1.0	...	...	1.0	376.3	32.4	...	3.0	1.0	13.2	1.0
Risalpur	606	62.7	...	...	...	216.2	56.1	...	...	1.6	11.6	...
Group VII.—N.-W. Frontier, Indus Valley, and N.-W. Rajputana.	7,075	18.1	...	0.7	2.4	305.3	52.7	0.1	1.5	9.9	6.5	0.6
A												
Dessa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B												
Neemuch	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nasirabad	738	51.5	...	...	2.7	63.7	...	2.7	1.4	...	4.1	1.4

III—contd

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate. 3. Constantly Sick.

Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
4.2	18.0	8.5	13.8	...	1.1	37.1	763.5	26.01	2.1	2.1	32.9	...
2.12	...	...	...	...	...	...	6.36	...	...	...	...	...
1.7	26.1	16.5	9.5	...	1.7	28.7	977.4	36.52	...	1.7	26.9	4.3
0.87	0.87	...	...	...	...	...	4.34	...	...	...	...	...
1.7	24.1	15.5	37.8	1.7	...	36.1	762.9	24.45	...	12.0	24.1	1.7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.44	...	...	...	...	...
5.5	22.0	5.5	22.0	...	...	93.4	912.1	24.09	8.2	22.0	63.2	2.7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.49	...	...	...	...	...
9.1	32.4	27.4	15.2	...	4.1	45.6	869.1	38.41	4.1	7.1	34.5	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.06	...	...	...	...	...
3.3	16.5	14.9	21.5	...	4.9	21.5	666.7	22.76	..	...	21.5	1.6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.65	...	...	...	...	...
4.2	20.6	12.9	15.7	0.1	1.7	31.1	745.0	26.66	2.5	4.0	24.6	1.3
0.85	.14	...	...	...	...	...	4.38	...	...	...	...	...
...
...
...
...	16.3	20.3	...	...	...	52.8	366.4	19.63	13.6	5.4	33.9	1.04
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.36	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS,

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Muttwa . . .	143	...	..	...	7.0	300.7	62.9	...	...	...	...	...
Agra . . .	852	...	...	...	...	204.2	17.6	...	2.3	4.7	3.5	...
Jhansi . . .	1,142	...	..	...	2.6	112.1	5.8	...	1.8	17.5	9.6	0.9
Nowgong . . .	...	...	...	...	0.88	...	...	...	...	1.75	...	...
Mhow and Indore	1,504	43.2	...	...	4.0	148.9	5.3	...	2.0	2.0	12.0	...
Rajkot . . .	14	...	...	...	...	71.4	...	...	...	71.4	...	...
Ahmedabad . .	136	...	...	...	...	250.0	14.7	...	...	22.1	...	...
Group VIII.— South-East Raj- putana, Central India, and Guja- rat.	4,529	22.7	...	...	2.6	143.7	8.8	0.4	1.8	6.8	7.7	0.4
A		...	...	...	0.66	...	...	...	...	0.44	0.44	...
Saugor . . .	27	...	37.0	...	...	222.2	37.0	...	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . .	1,656	...	37.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamptee and Sita- baldi.	659	...	...	...	0.6	73.1	4.2	...	...	4.8	24.2	...
B		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.60	...	...
Secunderabad .	2,514	...	...	...	6.1	144.2	94.1	...	3.0	31.9	3.0	...
	
		6.8	...	...	0.8	18.3	13.9	...	...	2.4	11.1	10.4
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.40	...

III—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate.							3. Constantly Sick.					
Pneumonia.	Respiratory Dis- cases	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
...	28.0	7.0	14.0	..	...	42.0	825.2	35.59	7.0	14.0	21.0	...
...
3.5	11.7	15.3	21.1	...	1.2	66.9	613.8	28.43	4.7	15.3	46.9	2.3
1.17	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.69	...	...	...	...	...
8.8	43.8	17.5	57.8	...	...	28.0	1,071.8	42.01	0.9	4.4	22.6	...
1.75	...	...	...	...	...	...	7.01	...	...	...	...	...
...
...
4.0	88.4	41.2	47.9	0.7	6.0	35.2	1,049.2	42.00	...	0.7	34.6	2.7
0.66	0.66	...	...	0.66	..	...	6.65	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	71.4	...	...	...	...	857.1	30.00	...	...	...	...
...
...	36.8	...	14.7	14.7	...	...	632.3	15.74	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7.35	...	...	...	...	...
4.2	47.3	24.7	35.3	0.7	2.2	41.3	840.6	33.84	3.5	5.5	32.2	1.5
0.88	0.22	...	...	0.22	...	..	5.30	...	...	...	...	...
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	37.0	1,259.3	64.44	...	37.0	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37.04	...	...	...	...	...
1.2	22.9	5.4	26.6	1.2	1.2	32.6	548.9	22.29	4.2	5.4	22.9	0.6
0.60	...	..	..	0.60	...	...	2.42	...	...	...	...	...
1.5	22.8	22.8	30.3	...	1.5	36.4	787.5	35.34	...	4.6	31.9	...
...
...
2.0	12.3	33.4	10.3	...	2.8	48.9	512.7	24.55	9.5	8.0	31.4	1.2
0.80	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.99	...	...	...	...	...

III—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate.							3. Constantly Sick.					
Pneumonia.	Respiratory cases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
7.7	15.5	15.5	5.2	...	...	95.4	523.2	25.59	2.6	20.6	72.2	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.58	...	...	...	...	...
0.7	19.2	32.2	7.2	2.2	1.1	60.9	431.5	34.19	3.6	13.8	43.5	0.4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.45	...	...	...	...	...
3.2	31.1	4.3	1.1	...	...	28.9	377.3	12.67	3.2	9.6	16.1	...
...
1.8	19.2	23.2	12.6	0.9	1.5	48.6	503.2	26.81	5.0	9.8	33.7	0.6
0.34	...	...	...	0.11	...	...	1.68	...	...	...	...	...
...	42.0	27.2	12.4	3.7	2.5	101.4	642.8	27.28	11.1	33.4	56.9	1.2
...	...	...	...	1.24	...	...	2.47	...	...	...	...	...
...	24.4	9.8	9.6	...	4.9	161.0	404.9	22.19	4.9	34.1	122.0	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.88	...	...	...	...	...
...	33.5	23.7	11.8	3.0	3.0	113.4	591.7	26.25	9.9	33.5	70.0	1.0
...	...	...	...	0.99	...	...	2.96	...	...	...	...	...
0.8	27.8	10.3	17.5	1.3	0.8	104.2	595.1	44.6	10.3	21.6	74.0	3.2
...	...	...	...	0.80	...	...	0.80	...	...	...	...	...
3.4	42.2	6.0	23.9	1.1	...	280.5	1,317.0	64.70	20.5	69.6	190.4	...
2.28	...	...	...	1.14	...	...	4.56	...	...	...	...	...
1.9	33.7	9.4	20.1	1.4	0.5	173.4	891.7	52.61	14.1	37.5	121.8	1.9
.94	...	...	...	0.94	...	...	2.34	...	...	...	...	...
...	20.1	13.4	13.4	..	...	33.6	476.5	33.06	1.9	1.0	30.7	1.9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.88	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS.

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	I. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Chakrata . . .	970	...	...	...	2.1	50.5	4.1	1.0	1.0	...	3.1	1.0
Lebong . . .	661	...	...	...	1.5	39.3	...	...	...	...	1.5	1.5
Solon . . .	202	...	...	...	9.9	158.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dagshai . . .	383	10.4	...	...	2.6	297.6	...	...	2.6	...	5.2	...
Subathu . . .	220	...	...	...	4.5	277.3	4.5	...	...	...	...	...
Jutogh . . .	228	4.4	...	...	...	30.7	...	...	...	...	8.8	4.4
Kalabagh and Baragali.	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kuldana . . .	412	...	...	...	...	12.1	...	...	...	...	9.7	...
Dargai . . .	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Camp Gharial	403	9.9	...	...	5.0	37.2	...	...	...	...	7.4	...
Camp Barian and Khairagali.	273	...	...	...	3.7	36.6	3.7	...	...	...	15.3	...
Khanspur and Ghora Dhaka.	239	...	...	4.2	...	41.8	...	...	...	...	8.4	...
Cherat . . .	490	12.2	...	...	...	191.8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta . . .	2,860	2.1	...	...	9.4	335.7	21.3	...	3.1	0.7	4.2	1.0
					0.34	0.34	...	...	...	...	...	...

III—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate.							3. Constantly Sick.					
Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick	Syphilis.	Soft Chanere.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
1.0	3.1	4.1	5.2	...	1.0	34.0	195.9	9.99	5.2	6.2	22.7	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.3	...	...	...	...	...
...	49.9	1.5	13.6	...	...	54.5	431.2	21.50	...	10.6	43.9	3.0
...	1.51	...	...	...	...	...	1.51	...	...	...	...	...
9.9	14.9	...	19.8	...	5.0	69.3	643.6	24.36	5.0	39.6	24.8	...
...
2.6	23.5	10.4	...	...	2.6	36.5	566.6	25.35	2.6	7.8	26.1	5.2
...
...	45.5	4.5	9.1	...	...	40.9	595.4	20.41	...	4.5	36.4	...
...
...	4.4	...	13.2	...	4.4	35.1	228.1	15.18	4.4	...	30.7	...
...
10.0	...	...	10.0	...	...	80.0	230.0	7.20	...	...	80.0	...
...
...	17.0	...	4.9	...	...	7.3	381.1	7.91	...	...	7.3	...
...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500.0	15.00	...	...	...	...
...
...	39.7	9.9	7.4	...	12.4	54.6	149.1	9.98	...	5.0	49.6	...
...
...	25.6	...	18.3	...	...	33.0	395.6	59.24	7.3	...	25.6	...
...
...	8.4	8.4	29.3	...	20.9	25.1	393.3	9.67	...	4.2	20.9	...
...
...	10.2	2.0	6.1	...	4.1	40.8	465.3	17.27	2.0	8.2	30.6	...
...
3.5	17.5	29.4	17.1	1.4	0.7	36.4	682.5	22.20	1.7	4.7	29.7	1.0
1.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.50	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS,

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	I. Admission-Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Maymyo	680	7.4	...	...	5.9	69.1	...	1.5	...	...	4.4	..
Abbottabad.	65	...	...	...	...	15.4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Loralai	46	...	...	...	...	369.6	87.0	...	...	...	...	...
Drosh	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Group XII-a.—Hill Stations.	9,280	2.8	...	0.1	4.5	169.1	7.9	0.2	1.3	0.3	4.7	0.6
Naimi Tal	124	...	...	...	...	169.4	...	8.1	...	...	56.5	...
London	37	...	...	...	...	81.1	...	...	...	...	27.0	...
Kasauli	406	24.6	...	...	...	948.3	...	...	7.4	...	2.5	...
Dalhousie	404	...	...	...	...	284.6	2.5	...	2.5	...	9.9	...
Murree	128	...	...	...	...	85.9	...	...	...	...	23.4	...
Upper Topa.	119	...	...	...	...	42.0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mount Abu	72	...	...	...	...	55.6	...	...	...	...	55.6	...
Pachmarhi	85	...	...	...	11.8	282.3	...	11.8	...	...	23.5	...
Purandhar	92	10.9	...	...	...	119.6	...	21.7	...	...	10.9	...

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS

Stations, Groups and Armies.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission Rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Ethric Fever.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Heat-stroke.	Circulatory cases.	Tubercle of the lungs.
Wellington .	800	5.0	...	...	...	32.5	...	...	...	...	6.2	...
Group XII-b.— Hill Convalescent Depôts and Sanatoria.	2,267	6.6	...	...	0.4	282.8	0.4	1.8	1.8	...	12.3	...
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.44	...
Deolali Depôt	632	17.4	...	...	1.6	77.5	...	...	...	1.6	1.6	1.6
EXTRA INDIA.		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden	1,080	...	...	...	...	128.8	...	...	2.8	...	4.6	...
Northern Command.	17,060	12.7	...	0.3	2.3	268.6	31.7	0.1	1.2	5.9	6.7	0.6
		...	...	...	0.06	0.06	...	...	...	0.64	0.23	...
Western Command.	5,216	8.6	...	...	5.8	314.0	19.9	0.4	2.5	1.3	6.9	1.0
		...	...	...	0.19	0.77	...	...	...	0.38	...	...
Eastern Command	15,115	0.3	0.1	0.3	3.0	114.5	18.6	0.6	1.2	2.2	5.5	0.7
		...	...	0.13	0.26	...	...	...	...	0.26	0.07	0.07
Southern Command.	16,340	8.3	0.1	...	1.9	72.1	8.1	0.9	1.2	4.2	11.2	0.9
		2.9	...	...	0.18	...	...	...	...	0.24	0.12	...
Burma District . . .	1,720	...	...	...	3.5	41.9	...	1.2	...	0.6	7.5	...
Marching	267	...	...	...	...	187.3	...	22.5	...	0.58	...	3.7
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11.2	7.5	3.7
India	56,798	7.2	0.04	0.2	2.7	165.3	18.6	0.7	1.3	3.7	7.6	0.7
		...	0.02	0.04	0.16	0.09	...	...	...	0.39	0.12	0.02
Constantly sick rate per mille.	Lahore	1,035	0.27	...	0.16	15.9	0.32	...	...	0.30	1.89	0.72
	Calcutta	1,008	...	0.05	0.04	2.46	2.24	...	0.06	0.13	1.66	0.04
	Delhi	1,167	...	...	0.19	0.63	8.70	0.15	...	0.38	0.25	0.39
	Jhansi	1,142	...	...	...	0.46	3.06	0.13	...	0.32	0.87	1.16
	Mhow	1,504	1.12	...	...	0.66	3.66	0.09	...	0.19	0.04	1.32
Peshawar	1,151	0.14	...	...	0.19	12.79	2.43	...	0.03	0.14	0.30	0.36

III—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-Rate							3 Constantly Sick					
Pneumonia.	Respiratory cases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	Scabies.
..	2.5	15.0	13.7	..	..	62.5	328.7	30.24	5.0	5.0	52.5	3.7
..
2.6	14.6	11.9	13.3	1.3	2.6	37.5	665.6	37.87	4.4	4.0	29.1	1.8
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.32	..	..	..	..	..
..	9.5	15.8	15.8	..	..	88.6	433.5	31.52	4.7	19.0	64.9	1.6
..
9.3	7.4	20.4	2.8	..	0.9	24.1	625.9	36.85	0.9	1.9	21.3	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0.93	..	..	..	..	..
2.3	22.6	11.1	14.2	0.3	2.4	42.8	709.7	20.29	2.8	6.3	33.7	0.9
0.41	0.12	..	..	0.06	..	..	3.28	..	..	..	..	..
4.0	20.9	24.7	15.7	1.1	1.3	42.9	690.4	24.83	4.4	6.3	32.2	1.0
0.58	..	..	..	..	..	..	3.44	..	..	..	..	..
1.4	21.4	8.3	10.9	0.3	2.9	72.1	554.8	30.79	6.4	16.1	49.6	1.3
0.13	0.13	0.13	..	..	..	..	3.44	..	..	..	..	..
2.2	29.4	21.8	20.2	0.9	1.6	68.5	640.1	32.97	5.8	14.1	48.6	1.1
0.49	0.06	..	..	0.31	..	..	2.51	..	..	..	..	..
2.3	23.8	34.9	13.9	..	1.2	192.4	331.4	48.37	35.5	40.7	116.3	1.7
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1.74	..	..	..	..	..
..	26.2	30.0	78.6	..	..	30.0	872.7	8.05	..	15.0	15.0	..
..
2.3	23.8	15.7	15.2	0.5	2.1	62.1	649.5	30.96	5.7	12.2	44.2	1.1
0.35	0.09	0.04	..	0.11	..	..	3.01	..	..	..	..	..
..	1.16	1.23	0.33	0.01	0.13	19.67	62.66	62.66	0.52	1.92	17.23	..
0.89	1.88	1.37	0.29	0.30	0.51	3.62	47.90	47.90	0.10	0.29	3.23	..
0.21	1.29	0.69	0.38	..	0.09	15.42	43.42	43.42	0.16	4.72	10.48	..
1.23	1.84	2.11	1.15	..	..	3.93	43.01	42.01	0.07	0.32	3.54	..
1.21	4.22	2.01	0.74	0.01	0.29	2.73	42.00	42.00	0.04	0.02	2.67	..
0.16	0.74	0.94	0.11	0.06	0.03	5.23	36.52	36.52	..	0.19	5.04	..

TABLE IV—contd.

ENTERIC GROUP OF FEVERS by months,
Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE V—contd.

MALARIA by months, Stations,
Groups and Commands.

TABLE VI—contd.

PYREXIA OF UNCERTAIN
ORIGIN by months, Stations, Groups
and Commands

*Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Enteric Group of Fevers in each month.												Admissions from Malaria in each month.												Admissions from Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin in each month.														
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Sinkot	6	2	9	3	11	16	12	19	51	75	34	6	244
Rawalpindi	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	4	9	4	9	10	18	23	21	54	147	43	26	368	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Campbellpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	2	1	...	1	...	5	27	1	6	44	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Group VI.—Upper Sub-Himalaya	5	10	3	6	4	2	1	2	2	1	3	3	42	72	90	85	130	197	208	223	274	667	650	269	100	2965	1	1	1	1	4
A																																							
Nowshera	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	2	3	2	6	7	4	58	92	89	12	279	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Poshawar	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	4	7	5	6	7	16	15	29	36	116	200	97	37	571	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Multan	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	15	22	25	7	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
C																																							
Hydrabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	8	9	8	7	4	5	17	48	37	168	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Katabagh and Muri Indus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Karnahi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	17	4	5	10	13	9	15	11	20	97	115	55	371	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE IV—contd.

ENTERIC GROUP OF FEVERS by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE V—contd.

MALARIA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE VI—contd.

PYREXIA OF UNCERTAIN ORIGIN by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

* Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Enteric Group of Fevers in each month.												Admissions from Malaria in each month.												Admissions from Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin in each month.														
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Agra	3	1	2	6	7	9	4	29	25	47	27	14	174
Jhansi	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	4	...	3	5	9	12	11	19	22	23	16	4	128	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mhow and Indore.	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	2	...	1	...	6	18	14	5	13	15	7	14	25	40	54	12	7	224	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmedabad . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	1	3	1	1	1	...	9	3	5	5	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Group VIII.— South-East Raj- putana, Central India and Guja- rat	2	1	2	...	...	...	2	3	...	1	1	12	31	20	14	30	33	34	35	82	118	151	70	33	651	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
A	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saugor . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	4	3	3	8	7	7	14	11	13	40	5	6	121	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamptee and Sita- buldi	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	4	3	2	5	1	18	12	17	11	7	14	95	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
B	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secundarabad . . . . .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4	1	1	2	2	3	5	8	12	5	1	2	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE VII.

CHOLERA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE VIII.

DYSENTERY by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE IX.

DIARRHCEA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

* Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Cholera in each month.												Admissions from Dysentery in each month.												Admissions from Diarrhœa in each month.															
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	
Fort Blair	4	1	2	1	4	...	1	...	1	...	1	3
Rangoon	56	1	...	1	2	2	16	20	7	2	1	1	...	56	6	1	1	2	10
Group I.—Burma coast and Bay Islands	60	1	...	1	2	2	16	20	8	7	2	1	...	60	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	2	13	
Fort William (Calcutta)	1	1	1	...	...	1	2	1	1	...	3	1	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	1	3	1	1	...	11		
Barrackpore	8	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	3	...	8	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3		
Group IV.—Bengal and Orissa	1	1	2	...	...	1	3	1	1	2	4	4	...	18	...	2	...	...	...	1	5	1	3	1	1	...	14		
B
Dinapore	1	1	1	...	2	6	1	...	1	1	1	...	4	
Bonares Allahabad and Fort	2	...	1	1	4
Fyzabad	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	4	1	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	2	3	2	...	11		
	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1		

Lucknow	5	1	1	2	3	1	19	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	1	21											
Cawnpore	1	1				1	9	1	3	1	1						1	8											
Group V.—Gangetic Plain and Chutia Nagpur	1	3	6	1	1	2	4	6	3	2	29	2	2	5	7	3	6	1	3	3	6	7	4	49					
A																													
Bareilly																			1						2	2	5		
Roorkee																											1	2	
Meerut			2	1	1		1	8	4	5	2	24		3	4	2	1	1										1	18
Delhi				1			1	1	1	6	3	15		1	2			1											26
Ambala			3	1	2	2			1	3	1	15																	2
B																													
Jullundur	1	2	4	2	1		3	1	1	2	1	18		1	1														8
Ferozepore	1			1					2	2	1	7		1	2	1													6
Amritsar																													3
Lahore Cantonment and Fort				1	3			1	1	2		2	10		1	1	3	1											15
Sialkot								2	2	3	3	1	11		1	1	2												21
Rawalpindi			3	1		5		7		2	1	6	12	4	41	2	1	4	10	7	7	1							58
Campbellpur																													2
Group VI.—Upper Sub-Himalaya	10	4	9	15	4	7	10	17	23	32	18	149	3	1	13	22	12	12	5										166
A																													
Nowshera		1	1		1					2		2	1	8	2		1												13

* Stations where neither Cholera nor Dysentery nor Diarrhoea occurred are not shown in these tables. For the annual ratios see Table III.

TABLE VII—contd.

CHOLERA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE VIII—contd.

DYSENTERY by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE IX—contd.

DIARRHOEA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

* Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Cholera in each month												Admissions from Dysentery in each month.												Admissions from Diarrhoea in each month.																								
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.										
Poshawar	19	4	2	2	4	4	3	19	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	11
Multan	9	4	3	1	1	9	3	2	..	2	..	7	..	4	3	1	22	
C Hyderabad	2	2	..	2	2	1	1	..	1	2	..	1	..	2	..	2	8			
Karachi	27	3	4	1	1	2	1	3	7	4	1	27	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	3	15	
Landi Kotah	10	1	1	1	..	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	..	10	1	1	..	1	1	2	..	1	1	1	9	
Risalpur	9	..	1	..	4	1	..	1	2	9	4	3	2	2	..	1	..	1	13
Razmak Razmak Movable Columns	4	1	1	1	4	3	..	3	2	2	1	11		
Bannu	2	1	2	5	1		
Paraninar	1	1			
Dora Ismail Khan	1	1	1	1	1		
Group VII.— North-West Frontier, Indus Valley and N.- W. Rajputana	91	1	10	10	10	6	8	4	10	15	9	7	6	91	5	4	10	11	10	10	5	17	10	14	10	5	111										

TABLE VII—contd.

CHOLERA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE VIII—contd.

DYSENTERY by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

TABLE IX—contd.

DIARRHOEA by months, Stations, Groups and Commands.

*Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Cholera in each month.												Admissions from Dysentery in each month.												Admissions from Diarrhoea in each month.															
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	
Colaba	2	1	1	..	3	2	7	3	..	2	22	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	3	1	..	..	..	10	
Mallapuram	2	2	1	..	1	2
Group X.—West- ern Coast	2	3	1	..	3	2	7	3	..	3	24	..	..	..	1	..	2	5	3	1	..	..	..	12	
A																																								
Bangalore	1	1	2	1	..	..	2	1	1	1	3	13	..	..	4	7	6	2	..	1	..	..	..	..	8	22	
B																																								
Madras and St. Thomas' Mount	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	2	..	2	7	1	1	7	..	1	1	3	4	..	1	2	..	21	
Group XI.—South- ern India	2	1	2	1	..	..	3	2	1	3	3	2	20	1	5	14	6	3	1	4	4	..	1	4	..	43	
Ranikhot and Chanbutia	2	..	1	3	3	4	1	..	14	..	..	..	2	4	1	3	3	1	..	..	..	14		
Chakrata	2	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	4	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	5		

Hepatic congestion . . . . .	...	...	1.7	2.5	...	...	...	1.2
Eye diseases	3.6	...	5.2	1.3	...	...	...	2.7
Anæmia	1.2	...	1.7	...	...	...	...	0.8
Abortion and other affections connected with and consequent on parturition . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other diseases peculiar to women . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Veneral diseases	1.2	...	1.7	1.3	...	...	...	1.2
	648.8	838.2	554.8	738.3	672.1	810.8	133.8	675.2
	DEATHS.							
	All Causes							
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diphtheria . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Enteric group of fevers . . . . .	...	...	1.74	...	...	...	...	0.39
Malaria . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heat-stroke . . . . .	...	...	1.74	...	...	...	...	0.39
Circulatory diseases	1.21	...	1.74	...	...	...	...	0.78
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tubercular diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Convulsions . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lobar pneumonia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other respiratory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Teething . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery . . . . .	...	...	...	1.26	...	...	...	0.39
Diarrhœa . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hepatic abscess . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anæmia and premature birth . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Abortion and affections connected with and consequent on parturition . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	6.08	...	8.70	6.32	15.39	...	...	6.22
	All Causes							

TABLE X—*contd.*

STATISTICS OF OFFICERS, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

SICKNESS and MORTALITY among OFFICERS, WOMEN and CHILDREN of the BRITISH ARMY in India in 1926.

	WOMEN							
	Northern Command.	Western Command.	Eastern Command.	Southern Command.	Burma Indpt. District.	Aden Brigade.	Marching.	India.
Strength	1,662	600	1,241	1,608	167	63	...	5,341
Cases remaining from 1925	9.0	20.0	8.9	0.2	...	31.7	...	9.4
Constantly sick rate	12.54	27.12	14.73	18.17	10.84	18.25	...	16.39
Invaliding rate	9.63	26.7	18.5	18.7	18.0	31.7	...	16.8
ADMISSIONS.								
Influenza	7.8	8.3	3.2	2.5	...	...	...	4.9
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox	4.2	...	2.4	0.6	...	...	...	2.1
Measles	3.0	46.7	...	1.9	...	...	...	6.7
Whooping cough	1.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.4
Enteric group of fevers	3.0	1.7	0.8	2.5	...	...	...	2.1
Malaria	51.1	131.7	24.2	50.4	12.0	...	...	51.9
Sandfly-fever	3.0	28.3	4.0	1.9	...	...	...	5.6
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	0.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.2
Pulmonary tuberculosis	4.2	6.7	1.6	2.5	...	...	...	3.2
Tubercular diseases	0.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.2
Lobar pneumonia	1.8	...	1.6	...	...	...	...	0.9
Other respiratory diseases	21.7	13.3	25.0	28.0	35.9	15.9	...	23.8
Dysentery	11.4	18.8	4.0	14.9	24.0	15.9	...	12.0
Diarrhoea	23.5	36.7	25.8	40.4	...	15.9	...	29.8
Hepatic abscess	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Hepatic congestion	0.6	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.2
Eye diseases	1.8	3.3	3.2	5.6	...	...	...	3.4
Anæmia	7.8	6.7	4.8	16.2	...	...	...	9.2
Abortion and other affections connected with and consequent on parturition	24.7	35.0	20.1	24.9	41.9	47.6	...	25.6
All other diseases peculiar to women	39.1	33.3	35.5	49.8	12.0	...	...	39.5
Veneral diseases . . . . .	...	...	0.8	...	...	...	...	0.2
	All Causes	403.1	670.0	380.3	527.4	389.2	555.6	466.6
DEATHS.								
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox	0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19
Diphtheria . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Enteric group of fevers . . . . .	...	1.67	0.81	...	...	...	...	0.37
Malaria . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19
Heat-stroke . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Circulatory diseases	0.60	...	...	0.62	...	...	...	0.37
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	0.81	...	...	...	...	0.19
Tubercular diseases	0.60	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.19
Convulsions . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lober pneumonia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other respiratory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	0.62	...	...	...	0.19
Teething . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery . . . . .	...	...	...	...	5.99	...	...	0.19
Diarrhœa . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hepatic abscess . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anæmia and premature birth . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Abortion and affections connected with and consequent on parturition	...	...	3.22	0.62	...	...	...	0.94
All Causes:	4.81	1.67	4.83	3.11	5.99	...	...	3.93

TABLE X—concl'd.

STATISTICS OF OFFICERS, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

SICKNESS and MORTALITY among OFFICERS, WOMEN and CHILDREN of the BRITISH ARMY in India in 1926.

	CHILDREN.							
	Northern Command.	Western Command.	Eastern Command.	Southern Command.	Burma Indpt. District.	Adon Brigade.	Marching.	India.
Strength	2,330	768	1,025	2,252	231	56	...	7,257
Cases remaining from 1925	6'9	18'3	12'3	12'4	4'3	53'4	...	11'3
Constantly sick rate	10'21	13'71	13'00	15'84	6'67	10'20	...	12'00
Invaliding rate	1'7	2'6	5'5	2'7	8'7	35'7	...	3'4
ADMISSIONS.								
Influenza	0'0	5'2	...	2'7	...	...	...	4'3
Cholera	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox †	1'7	...	1'8	...	...	...	...	1'0
Measles	11'2	86'5	11'1	30'2	8'7	35'7	...	25'1
Whooping cough	16'3	...	0'2	8'4	4'3	...	...	10'1
Enteric group of fevers	4'7	10'5	4'3	1'3	...	...	...	4'0
Malaria	36'1	72'1	13'5	33'0	4'3	...	...	32'8
Sandfly-fever	1'3	7'0	3'7	0'4	...	...	...	2'2
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	...	...	1'2	...	...	...	...	0'3
Pulmonary tuberculosis	...	...	...	0'4	...	...	...	0'1
Tubercular diseases	1'3	...	1'2	1'3	...	17'0	...	1'2
Lobar pneumonia	1'7	2'6	1'2	2'7	...	...	...	1'0
Other respiratory diseases	36'0	41'0	58'5	55'0	13'0	17'0	...	47'3
Dysentery	7'3	17'0	14'2	13'8	26'0	71'4	...	13'0
Diarrhoea	20'2	34'1	28'0	47'1	17'3	125'0	...	32'7
Hepatic abscess	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Hepatic congestion								8.2
Eye diseases	3.4	3.9	6.2	17.8	...	...	...	0.7
Anæmia	0.4	...	0.6	1.3	...	...	...	...
Abortion and other affections connected with and consequent on parturition . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
All other diseases peculiar to women . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Venereal diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	0.9	8.7	...	...	0.6
	320.2	487.5	386.5	446.3	190.5	482.1	...	388.9
	DEATHS.		All Causes					
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Small-pox . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diphtheria . . . . .	...	...	0.62	...	...	...	...	0.14
Enteric group of fevers . . . . .	...	2.62	...	...	...	...	...	0.28
Malaria	0.43	...	...	0.44	...	...	...	0.28
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Heat-stroke . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Circulatory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	0.44	...	...	...	0.14
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tubercular diseases	0.43	...	...	1.33	...	...	...	0.55
Convulsions	1.29	...	0.62	...	...	...	...	0.55
Lobar pneumonia	0.43	1.31	0.62	0.44	...	...	...	0.55
Other respiratory diseases	2.15	3.93	1.85	1.33	...	...	...	1.93
Teething . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dysentery . . . . .	...	3.93	3.08	1.33	4.33	53.57	...	2.07
Diarrhœa	0.43	1.31	...	1.78	...	...	...	0.83
Hepatic abscess . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anæmia and premature birth	3.00	1.31	1.23	0.44	...	...	...	1.52
Abortion and affections connected with and consequent on parturition . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	All Causes		All Causes					
	12.88	20.97	19.08	18.21	4.33	53.57	...	16.81

TABLE XI.

CHILDREN, 1926.

DEATHS OF CHILDREN BY AGES AND CAUSES.

Age at death.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Diphtheria.	Enteric group of fevers.	Malaria.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Tubercular diseases.	Convulsions.	Respiratory diseases.	Teething.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Anæmia inanition and immaturity at birth.	All causes.	Average strength.	Death rate per 1,000 of strength.	Liability. (The previous columns expressed in percentages.)
Under 6 months	6	...	1	1	18	41	631	65.0	42.21
Between 6 and 12 months	2	5	...	4	3	4	34	685	49.6	32.21
„ 12 and 18 „	2	3	...	5	..	..	12	794	15.1	9.81
„ 18 and 24 „	1	...	2	..	..	5	873	5.7	3.70
„ 2 years and 5 years	1	..	1	...	1	1	2	...	2	..	..	20	1,775	11.3	7.33
„ 5 „ and 10 „	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	..	..	9	1,548	5.8	3.77
„ 10 „ and 15 „	1	677	1.5	0.97
„ 15 „ and upwards	274	..	..
Total	1	2	2	...	1	5	18	...	15	4	22*	122	7,257	16.8	...

* Includes 13 deaths of immaturity at birth.

TABLE XII.
EUROPEAN TROOPS.

TABLE

Admissions and Deaths of British other ranks for the principal

N. B.—Actuals shown in roman,

COMMANDS DISTRICTS.	Average strength.		INSECT-BORNE				
			WINGED INSECTS.				
			Malaria.		Sandfly fever.	Dengue.	Oriental sore.
Fr.	R.						
Northern	17,060	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	1,550	3,032	541	5	8
			90·9	177·7	31·7	·3	0·5
Western	5,216	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	1,016	622	104	1	5
			194·8	119·2	19·9	·2	1·0
Eastern	15,115	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	330	801	281	608	1
			61·5	53·0	18·6	40·2	0·1
Southern	16,340	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	618	560	132	472	...
			37·8	34·3	8·1	28·9	...
Burma District	1,720	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	37	35	...	275	...
			21·5	20·3	...	159·9	...
Aden Bde.	1,060	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	...	138	...	149	...
			...	127·8	...	138·0	...
Troops on the line of march.	267	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	24	26	...	...	...
			89·9	97·4	...	...	...
Total all India.	56,798	{ Admissions { actuals { per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals { per 1,000	4,175	5,214	1,058	1,510	14
			73·5	91·8	18·6	26·6	0·2
			3	2	...	...	...
			0·05	0·04	...	...	...

XII.

diseases by $\frac{\text{Commands}}{\text{Districts}}$ for the year 1926.

ratios per 1,000 in italics.

DISEASES.				VENEREAL DISEASES.							
WINGLESS INSECTS.			TOTAL INSECT- BORNE DISEA- SES.	Syphilis.		Soft Chancere.		Gonorrhoea.		TOTAL VENEREAL DISEASES.	
Relapsing fever.	Plague.	Typhus fever.		Fr.	R.	Fr.	R.	Fr.	R.		
...	5,186	44	4	98	10	423	152	731	
...	301.1	2.6	0.2	5.7	0.6	24.8	8.9	42.8	
...	
...	
...06	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
...	1.748	22	1	31	2	127	41	224	
...	335.1	4.2	.2	5.9	.4	24.3	7.9	42.9	
...	
...	
...077	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
...	2,621	89	8	234	10	594	215	1,590	
...	173.4	5.9	0.5	15.5	0.7	35.3	14.2	72.1	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	1,782	89	6	218	13	602	192	1,120	
...	109.1	5.4	0.4	13.3	0.8	36.8	11.7	68.5	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	347	52	9	61	9	148	54	381	
...	201.7	30.2	5.2	35.5	5.2	84.9	31.4	192.4	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	287	1	...	2	...	14	9	26	
...	265.7	0.9	...	1.9	...	13.0	3.3	24.1	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	50	...	...	4	...	2	2	8	
...	187.3	...	...	15.0	...	7.5	7.5	30.0	
...	
...	
...	
...	11,971	297	28	648	44	1,848	665	3,530	
...	210.8	5.2	0.5	11.4	0.8	32.5	11.7	62.2	
...	
...5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
...069	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

TABLE

Admissions and Deaths of British other ranks for the principal

N.B.—Actuals shown in roman.

COMMANDS DISTRICTS.	Average strength.		MINOR SEPTIC					
			Inflammation of the areolar tissue.	Inflammation (and suppuration) of lymphatic glands.	Boils.	Abscess of areolar tissue.	Omphalia.	Whitlow.
Northern	17,060	Admissions	{ actuals 535	{ actuals 36	{ actuals 142	{ actuals 43	{ actuals 14	{ actuals 7
			{ per 1,000 31·4	{ per 1,000 2·1	{ per 1,000 8·3	{ per 1,000 2·5	{ per 1,000 0·8	{ per 1,000 0·4
Western	5,216	Admissions	{ actuals 193	{ actuals 3	{ actuals 16	{ actuals 14	{ actuals 3	{ actuals 5
			{ per 1,000 37·0	{ per 1,000 0·6	{ per 1,000 3·1	{ per 1,000 2·7	{ per 1,000 0·6	{ per 1,000 1·0
Eastern	15,115	Admissions	{ actuals 411	{ actuals 43	{ actuals 140	{ actuals 62	{ actuals 10	{ actuals 10
			{ per 1,000 27·2	{ per 1,000 2·8	{ per 1,000 9·3	{ per 1,000 4·1	{ per 1,000 0·7	{ per 1,000 0·7
Southern	16,340	Admissions	{ actuals 671	{ actuals 81	{ actuals 255	{ actuals 62	{ actuals 5	{ actuals 18
			{ per 1,000 41·1	{ per 1,000 5·0	{ per 1,000 15·6	{ per 1,000 3·8	{ per 1,000 0·3	{ per 1,000 1·1
Burma District	1,720	Admissions	{ actuals 99	{ actuals 15	{ actuals 29	{ actuals 8	{ actuals	{ actuals 1
			{ per 1,000 57·6	{ per 1,000 8·7	{ per 1,000 16·9	{ per 1,000 4·7	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000 0·6
Aden Bde.	1,080	Admissions	{ actuals 46	{ actuals 3	{ actuals 11	{ actuals 4	{ actuals	{ actuals
			{ per 1,000 42·6	{ per 1,000 2·8	{ per 1,000 10·2	{ per 1,000 3·7	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000
Troops on the line of march.	267	Admissions	{ actuals 22	{ actuals 2	{ actuals 8	{ actuals	{ actuals 2	{ actuals 2
			{ per 1,000 82·4	{ per 1,000 7·5	{ per 1,000 30·0	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000 7·5	{ per 1,000 7·5
Total all India	56,798	Admissions	{ actuals 1,977	{ actuals 183	{ actuals 601	{ actuals 193	{ actuals 34	{ actuals 43
			{ per 1,000 34·8	{ per 1,000 3·2	{ per 1,000 10·6	{ per 1,000 3·4	{ per 1,000 0·6	{ per 1,000 0·8
		Deaths	{ actuals 1	{ actuals	{ actuals	{ actuals	{ actuals	{ actuals
			{ per 1,000 0·02	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000	{ per 1,000

XII—contd.

diseases by *Commands* / *Districts* for the year 1926—contd.

ratios per 1,000 in italics.

DISEASES.				LOCAL INJURIES.									
Inflammation and suppuration of lymphatic vessels.	Ulcers.	Carbuncles.	TOTAL MINOR SEPTIC DISEASES.	Sprains and strains.	Contusions.	Wounds.	Fractures.	Abrasions.	Dislocation and displacement.	Burns and scalds.	Other local injuries.	TOTAL LOCAL INJURIES.	
2 0.1	3 0.2	4 0.2	786 46.1	342 20.1	218 12.8	143 8.4 7 0.41	168 9.8 4 0.23	65 3.8	62 3.6	40 2.3	78 4.6 1 0.06	1,116 65.4 12 0.70	
2 0.4 ... ...	... ... ... ...	1 0.2	237 45.4	25 4.8	83 6.3	28 5.4 1 0.19	60 11.5 1 0.19	4 0.8	4 0.8	7 1.3	12 2.3	173 33.2 2 0.38
1 0.1	4 0.3	4 0.3	685 45.3	180 11.9	140 9.3	98 6.5 3 20	139 19.2 4 0.26	38 2.5	25 1.7	15 1.0	37 2.4 2 13	672 44.5 9 0.60	
5 0.3	21 1.3	6 0.4	1,124 68.8 1 0.06	242 14.8	188 11.5	146 8.9 1 0.06	150 9.2 1 0.06	88 5.4	36 2.2	12 0.7	40 2.4	902 55.2 2 0.12	
1 0.6 ... ...	... ... ... ...	1 0.6	154 80.5	38 22.1	24 14.0	14 8.1 1 0.58	15 8.7	6 3.5	2 1.2	1 0.6	6 3.5	106 61.6 1 0.68
... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	64 59.3	7 6.5	7 0.5	6 5.6	8 7.4 1.9 ...	2 1.9	1 0.9	2 1.9	2 1.9	35 32.4
3 11.2 ... ...	... ... ... ...	1 3.7	40 149.8	4 15.0	29 108.6 ... ...	... ... ... ...	8 11.2	15 56.2 ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	... ... ... ...	51 191.0
14 0.2	28 0.5	17 0.3	3,090 54.4 1 0.02	838 14.8	630 11.3	435 7.7 13 0.23	543 9.6 10 0.18	218 3.8	130 2.3	77 1.4	175 3.1 3 0.05	3,055 53.8 26 0.46	

TABLE

Admissions and Deaths of British other ranks for the principal

N.B.—Actuals shown in roman.

COMMANDS. DISTRICT.	Average strength.		FOOD AND WATER					
			Dysentery.	Colitis.	Diarrhoea.	Gastritis.	Enteritis.	Enteric fevers.
Northern	17,060	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	190	2	242	102	6	39
			<i>11·1</i>	<i>0·1</i>	<i>4·2</i>	<i>6·0</i>	<i>0·4</i>	<i>2·3</i>
Western	5,216	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	129	1	82	25	...	30
			<i>24·7</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>15·7</i>	<i>4·8</i>	...	<i>5·8</i>
Eastern	15,115	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	126	33	164	108	14	46
			<i>8·3</i>	<i>2·2</i>	<i>10·8</i>	<i>7·1</i>	<i>0·9</i>	<i>3·0</i>
Southern	16,340	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	357	9	330	110	13	31
			<i>21·8</i>	<i>0·6</i>	<i>20·2</i>	<i>6·7</i>	<i>0·8</i>	<i>1·9</i>
Burma District	1,720	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	60	...	24	19	8	6
			<i>34·9</i>	...	<i>14·0</i>	<i>11·0</i>	<i>4·7</i>	<i>3·5</i>
Aden Bde.	1,080	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	22	...	3	1	...	...
			<i>20·4</i>	...	<i>2·8</i>	<i>0·9</i>	...	...
Troops on the line of march.	267	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	8	...	21	...	...	...
			<i>30·0</i>	...	<i>78·7</i>	...	...	...
Total all India	56,798	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 { Deaths { actuals per 1,000	892	45	866	365	41	152
			<i>15·7</i>	<i>0·8</i>	<i>15·2</i>	<i>6·4</i>	<i>0·7</i>	<i>2·7</i>
			2	...	...	1	1	9
			<i>0·04</i>	...	...	<i>0·02</i>	<i>0·02</i>	<i>0·16</i>

XII—contd.

diseases by Commands
Districts for the year 1926—contd.

ratios per 1,000 in italics.

BORE DISEASES.			AIR-BORNE DISEASES.								
Inflammation of the liver.	Hepatic abscess. (amebic)	Cholera.	TOTAL FOOD AND WATER-BORE DISEASES.	Tonsillitis.	Bronchitis.	Pneumonia (lobar and lobular).	Influenza.	Pulmonary tuberculosis.	Diphtheria.	Other Air-borne diseases.	TOTAL AIR-BORNE DISEASES.
38 2.2	5 0.3	...	624 36.6	411 24.1	302 17.7	52 3.0	217 12.7	11 0.6	6 0.4	71 4.2	1,070 62.7
...	1 0.06	...	8 0.18	...	...	8 0.47	...	...	...	...	8 0.47
7 1.3	6 1.2	...	280 53.7	71 13.6	87 16.7	27 5.2	45 8.6	5 1.0	4 0.8	16 3.1	255 48.9
...	...	...	1 0.19	...	...	3 .58	...	...	...	...	3 0.58
44 3.9	4 0.3	1 0.1	540 ...	355 23.6	270 17.9	29 1.9	5 0.3	10 0.7	3 0.2	47 3.1	719 47.6
...	...	...	7 0.46	...	...	4 .28	...	1 .07	...	...	5 .33
26 1.6	15 0.9	1 0.1	892 ...	630 38.6	412 25.2	50 3.1	136 8.3	15 0.9	18 1.1	54 3.3	1,315 80.5
...	5 0.31	1 0.06	9 0.55	...	...	9 0.55	...	...	...	...	9 0.55
2 1.2	...	...	119 69.2	48 27.9	34 19.8	4 2.3	5 2.9	...	1 0.6	7 4.1	99 57.6
...
1 0.9	...	...	27 25.0	22 20.4	5 4.6	11 10.2	...	...	...	2 1.9	40 37.0
...
...	...	...	29 108.6	14 52.4	7 26.2	...	...	1 3.7	...	...	22 82.4
...
118 2.1	30 0.5	2 0.04	2,511 44.2	1,551 37.3	1,117 19.7	173 3.0	408 7.2	42 0.7	32 0.6	197 3.5	3,520 62.0
...	6 0.11	1 0.02	20 0.35	...	...	24 0.42	...	1 0.02	...	...	25 0.42

TABLE

Admissions and Deaths of British other ranks for the principal

N.B.—Actuals shown in roman,

COMMANDS. DISTRICTS.	Average strength.		INFECTIOUS DISEASES (ORGANISM UNKNOWN).							
			Rheumatic fever.	Small-pox.	Chicken-pox.	Measles.	Mumps.	Other Infectious Diseases (organism unknown).	TOTAL INFECTIOUS DISEASES (ORGANISM UNKNOWN).	
Northern	17,060	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	20 1·2	6 0·4	3 0·2	4 0·2	2 0·1	9 0·5	44 2·6	
Western	5,216	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	13 2·5	...	2 0·4	...	2 0·4	5 1·0	22 4·2	
Eastern	15,115	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	18 1·2	5 0·3	...	2 0·1	1 0·1	2 0·1	23 1·5	
Southern	16,340	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	19 1·2	...	3 0·2	1 0·1	3 0·2	9 0·5	35 2·1	
Burma District	1,720	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aden Bde.	1,080	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	3 2·8	...	...	...	...	...	3 2·8
Troops on the line of march.	267	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total all India	56,798	{ Admissions { actuals per 1,000 Deaths { actuals per 1,000	73 1·3	11 0·2	8 0·1	7 0·1	8 0·1	25 0·4	132 2·3	

INDIAN TROOPS, 1926.

TABLE C.

STATIONS by COMMANDS and INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS.

Stations.	* Height above N. S. Level in feet.	† Authority for height.	† Points of reference.	Stations.	* Height above M. S. Level in feet.	† Authority for height.	† Points of reference.	Stations.	* Height above M. S. Level in feet.	† Authority for height.	† Points of reference.
NORTHERN COMMAND—				NORTHERN COMMAND—				WESTERN COMMAND—			
Abbottabad	4,010	S. D.	Map	<i>contd.</i>				<i>contd.</i>			
Ali Masjid (Fort)	3,174	"	"	Malakand	2,740	S. D.	Map	Loralai	4,690	S. D.	Map
Ambala	902	"	S. B. M.	Manzai	1,650	"	"	Mount Abu (Sanatorium).	3,896	"	"
Amritsar	754	"	"	Mardan	1,000	"	"	Murgha	5,012	"	Map
Bakloh	4,585	"	Map	Mona	not	availa	ble.	Nasirabad	1,461	"	"
Bannu	1,250	"	"	Multan	404	S. D.	S. B. M.	Pishin (Fort)	5,157	"	"
Campbellpore	1,180	"	"	Nowshera Ry. Station	966	"	B. M.	Quetta	5,510	"	S. B. M.
Chakdara	2,338	"	"	Parachinar	not	availa	ble.	Rajkot	424	"	"
Cherat	4,546	"	"	Peshawar	1,152	S. D.	S. B. M.	EASTERN COMMAND—			
Chitral	4,980	"	"	Rawalpindi	1,680	"	"				
Dagshai	6,097	"	"	Razani (Gardai)	5,750	"	Map	Agra (Fort)	525	S. D.	S. B. M.
Dalhousie	7,687	"	"	Razmak	6,556	"	"	Alipore	17	"	B. M.
Dumtil	not	availa	ble.	Risalpur	1,014	"	B. M.				

Dargai	1,540	S. D.	..	Sargodha (Railway Rest House).	615	"	"	Allahabad	314	"	S. B. M.
Dera Ismail Khan	568	"	S. B. M.	Sialkot	829	"	"	Almora	5,494	"	Map
Dharmasala Caultt.	4,500	"	Map	Simla	7,294	"	"	Bareilly	563	"	S. B. M.
Ferozepore	649	"	S. B. M.	Solon	5,078	"	"	Benares	256	"	"
Fort Jamrud (Highest Tower).	1,607	"	Ht. Tower	Subathu	4,000	"	Map	Cawnpore	467	"	B. M.
Fort Lockhart	6,613	"	Map	Tank	880	"	"	Chakrata	6,885	"	Map
Hangu	2,708	"	"	Thall	2,450	"	"	Dehra Dun	2,232	"	S. B. M.
Idak	2,477	"	"					Delhi	757	"	"
Jhelum	762	"	S. B. M.	WESTERN COMMAND--				Dinapore	170	"	Church
Jullundur Cantt.	771	"	B. M.	Ahmedabad	162	S. D.	S. B. M.	Fatehgarh	467	"	"
Jutogh	6,870	"	Map	Ajmer	1,627	"	Map	Fyzabad	380	"	S. B. M.
Kalabagh and Baragali	7,963	"	"	Baroda Cantonment	114	"	B. M.	Ghoom	7,318	"	Jn. of road.
Kalabagh and Mari Indus.	682	"	"	Chaman Fort	5,592	"	Map	Gyantse	13,120	"	Map
Khyragali	7,678	"	"	Dalbandin My. Tel. Office.	2,776	"	"	Gorakhpur	...	"	"
Kila Drosh	4,340	"	"	Fort Sandeman	4,600	"	"	Lansdowne	5,823	S. D.	Map
Kohat	1,725	"	"	Harnai	2,860	"	"	Lucknow (Kalubir)	383	"	B. M.
Kuldana	7,049	S. G.	..	Hindobagh	5,821	"	"	Meerut	737	"	S. B. M.
Lahore Cantonment	706	S. D.	S. B. M.	Hyderabad (Sind)	96	S. D.	S. B. M.	Muttra	500	"	"
Landi Kotal	3,509	"	Map	Karachi (Holy Trinity Church).	28	"	"	Ranikhet	5,980	"	"

* These heights are usually those of the survey-marks or of the mercury surface in barometer-cisterns of Meteorological Observatories.
† S. D. = Survey Department (Map Publication Office).
S. G. = Surveyor-General of India.
S. B. M. = Standard Bench Mark.
B. M. = G. T. Bench Mark.
Map = Heights taken from Topo Maps.

TABLE C—continued.

STATIONS by COMMANDS and INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS.

Stations.	* Height above M. S. Level in feet.	† Authority for height.	‡ Points of reference.	Stations.	* Height above M. S. Level in feet.	† Authority for height.	‡ Points of reference.	Stations.	* Height above M. S. Level in feet.	† Authority for height.	‡ Points of reference.
EASTERN COMMAND— <i>contd.</i>				SOUTHERN COMMAND— <i>contd.</i>							
Roorkee	879	S. D.	S. B. M.	Santa Cruz (Ry. Sta- tion).	21	S. D.	B. M.				
Shillong	4,921	„	Map	Saugor	1,755	„	S. B. M.				
Sitapur	447	„	S. B. M.	Secunderabad	1,776	„	„				
SOUTHERN COMMAND—				St. Thomas' Mt. (Ry. Station).	84	„	B. M.				
Ahmednagar	2,180	S. D.	Map	Madras (Obsy.)	250	„	„				
Aurangabad	1,905	M. D.	„	Trichinopoly	256	„	S. B. M.				
Bangalore	3,032	S. D.	S. B. M.	Trivandrum	50	„	„				
Belgaum	2,523	„	„	Wellington Sta. Hospl.	5,800	S. D.	Map				

Bellary	1,481	"	...	BURMA INDEPENDENT DISTRICT--					
Bombay (Town Hall) .	20	"	S. B. M.	Mandalay (Fort Dufferin).	246	S. D.	...		
Cannanore	40	"	...						
Deolali	1,894	"	S. B. M.	Maymyo	3,508	"	Map		
Jhansi	849	"	"	Port Blair (Tidal Obsy.)	9	"	B. M.		
Jubbulpore	1,320	"	"	Rangoon (Custom House Flag-Staff).	17	"	S. B. M.		
Kamptee (Ry. Station) .	940	"	B. M.						
Kirkee	1,855	"	S. B. M.						
Mhow (Ry. Station) .	1,887	"	B. M.	EXTRA INDIA--					
Neemuch	1,618	"	...	Aden (Near Port Engineer's Office).	7	S. D.	S. B. M.		
Nowgong	725	"	Map	Kameron . . . . .	...	...	...
Pachmarhi	3,490	"	"						
Poona	1,867	"	S. B. M.	Perim (Near blacksmith's shop and 19 feet from reservoir).	5	S. D.	B. M.		

* These heights are usually those of the survey-marks or of the mercury surface in barometer-cisterns of Meteorological Observatories.
† S. D.=Survey Department (Map Publication Office).
S. G.=Surveyor-General of India.
S. B. M.=Standard Bench Mark.
B. M.=G. T. Bench Mark.
Map=Heights taken from Topo Maps.

TABLE XIII.

RATIOS BY COMMANDS AND INDEPENDENT DISTRICTS.

The ratios of admissions and deaths to strength are taken from Table XIV.

	Ratios per 1,000 of the Average Annual Strength.						
	Northern Command.	Western Command.	Eastern Command.	Southern Command.	Burma District.	Extra India.	* Army of India.
I.—Average Annual Strength	61,765	20,888	22,691	24,071	3,760	1,268	135,146
II.—Constantly Sick Rate	14.72	12.76	17.58	16.29	21.74	29.10	15.41
III.—Admission Rate—							
Influenza	5.6	...	9.9	6.4	105.3	...	8.3
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.8	...	0.0
Small-pox	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	...	0.3
Enteric group of fevers	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	1.6	0.8	0.6
Malaria	145.9	122.6	94.8	52.3	70.2	118.8	115.0
Sand-fly fever	15.1	2.6	1.9	1.3	...	...	7.9
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	0.0	...	0.2	...	...	0.1
Plague . . . . .	...	...	0.1	0.2	...	...	0.1
Pulmonary tuberculosis	2.4	2.5	3.4	1.8	2.7	1.6	2.4
Lobar pneumonia	11.9	7.7	7.1	4.0	4.0	2.4	8.7
Other respiratory diseases	27.2	23.0	25.9	25.9	29.5	30.1	26.1
Dysentery	6.2	19.1	5.6	19.1	9.3	17.4	10.5
Diarrhoea	14.9	14.1	16.0	9.5	5.3	29.3	14.0

Hepatic abscess	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	...	...	0.1
Hepatic congestion and inflammation	0.4	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.3	...	0.7
Scurvy . . . . .	...	...	...	0.2	...	...	0.0
Venereal diseases	9.0	8.5	22.3	27.9	46.6	18.2	15.7
All causes	396.8	331.4	394.4	354.2	556.1	823.4	388.6
IV.—Death Rate—							
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	0.04	0.27	...	0.01
Small-pox	0.02	...	0.04	...	...	...	0.01
Enteric group of fevers	0.05	0.10	0.09	0.04	...	...	0.06
Malaria	0.18	0.20	0.18	...	0.53	...	0.15
Sand-fly fever . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pyrexia of uncertain origin	0.05	...	...	...	...	...	0.02
Plague	0.03	...	0.18	0.04	...	...	0.05
Circulatory diseases	0.18	0.05	0.18	0.17	...	...	0.15
Pulmonary tuberculosis	0.08	0.29	0.13	0.04	...	...	0.11
Lobar pneumonia	2.01	1.32	0.84	0.58	...	...	1.36
Other respiratory diseases	0.55	0.34	0.40	0.29	...	...	0.42
Dysentery . . . . .	...	0.10	0.04	...	...	...	0.02
Diarrhoea . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hepatic abscess	0.02	0.05	...	...	...	...	0.01
Anaemia . . . . .	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	0.01
All causes	4.27	3.87	3.85	2.70	4.52	1.58	3.75

* Including Troops on the line of march.

TABLE XIV.

RATIOS OF GEOGRAPHICAL GROUPS.

	Ratios per 1,000 of the Average Strength.												*Army of India.
	I Burma Coast and Bay Islands.	II Burma Inland.	III Assam.	IV Bengal and Orissa.	V Gange- tic Plain and Chutia Nagpur.	VI Upper Sub- Hima- laya.	VII N.-W. Frontier, Indus Valley and N.-W. Raj- putana.	VIII S. E. Rajpu- tana, Central India and Gujarat.	IX Dec- can.	X West- ern Coast.	XI South- ern India.	XII Hill Sta- tions.	
I.—Average Annual Strength	891	1,381	...	825	6,681	27,971	28,905	7,650	14,028	1,977	4,012	38,354	135,146
II.—Constantly Sick Rate	18.53	16.55	...	19.84	16.50	19.32	14.81	16.72	18.52	22.12	18.57	12.38	15.41
III.—Admission Rate—													
Influenza	40.9	38.4	...	...	22.8	3.8	3.8	5.9	4.7	24.3	8.0	12.6	8.3
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.0	0.0
Small-pox	1.1	...	...	...	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.2	...	...	0.1	0.3
Enteric group of fevers . . . . .	...	2.9	...	...	...	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.4	...	0.7	0.8	0.6
Malaria	48.0	44.2	...	37.6	51.8	162.7	158.0	95.6	40.4	97.6	87.1	103.0	115.0
Sand-fly fever . . . . .	...	...	...	...	1.6	4.7	22.9	1.7	2.1	0.5	...	5.6	7.9
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.1	0.3	...	0.5	...	0.1
Plague . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	...	...	...	0.1
Pulmonary tuberculosis	4.5	1.4	...	7.3	2.5	2.8	2.1	2.2	1.0	4.0	2.5	2.9	2.4
Lobar pneumonia	6.7	2.9	...	10.9	7.2	10.5	12.6	5.9	3.7	8.1	3.0	8.1	8.7
Other respiratory diseases	27.9	16.7	...	20.6	21.1	27.1	25.9	20.0	22.6	40.5	36.6	27.1	26.1
Dysentery	25.7	5.8	...	10.9	5.7	9.5	5.0	13.6	20.0	8.1	21.2	10.8	10.5

Diarrhoea	2.2	7.2	...	6.1	15.6	17.8	16.8	9.8	8.1	27.3	3.5	12.0	14.0
Hepatic abscess . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.1	0.0	...	0.3	0.1	...	...	0.1	0.1
Hepatic congestion and inflammation	1.1	...	...	...	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	3.5	1.0	0.7
Scurvy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.1	0.2	...	...	...	0.0
Venereal diseases	32.4	44.9	...	21.8	23.5	16.0	8.5	14.9	27.3	27.3	45.4	10.2	15.7
All causes	415.2	451.8	...	480.0	384.1	455.8	408.8	373.7	285.7	485.6	437.2	331.9	388.6
IV.—Death Rate—													
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.07	...	...	0.08	0.01
Small-pox . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01
Enteric group of fevers . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	0.07	...	0.07	...	...	0.10	0.06
Malaria . . . . .	...	1.45	...	...	0.15	0.21	0.07	...	...	...	...	0.23	0.15
Sand-fly fever . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pyrexia of uncertain origin . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	0.11	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.02
Plague . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.30	0.04	0.07	0.13	0.07	...	...	...	0.05
Circulatory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.14	0.14	...	0.14	1.01	...	0.18	0.15
Pulmonary tuberculosis . . . . .	...	...	...	...	0.15	0.07	0.14	0.13	...	...	...	0.18	0.11
Lobar pneumonia . . . . .	...	...	...	2.42	0.90	1.72	2.08	0.65	0.57	1.01	0.25	1.36	1.36
Other respiratory diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	0.79	0.38	0.13	0.21	0.51	0.50	0.42	0.42
Dysentery . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.08	0.02
Diarrhoea . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hepatic abscess . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	...	0.13	...	...	...	...	0.01
Anæmia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.01
All causes	2.23	8.69	...	2.42	2.54	4.54	4.32	3.14	2.71	4.05	1.25	3.68	3.75

* Including Troops on the line of march and Extra India.

XV.

GROUPS, and COMMANDS.

2. Death-rate.

Lobar Pneumonia.	Respiratory Dise. ses.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Scurvy.	Anaemia.	Heat Exhaustion.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick-rate.	Syphills.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
24.4	32.5	24.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	8.1	390.2	20.65	8.1	...	...
...
3.9	27.2	25.9	2.6	...	1.3	...	...	...	36.2	419.1	15.37	11.6	6.5	18.1
...	2.59		
6.7	27.9	25.7	2.2	...	1.1	...	...	...	32.4	415.2	16.53	11.2	5.6	15.6
...	2.23		
2.9	16.7	5.8	7.2	...	...	...	0.7	...	44.9	451.3	15.55	15.9	18.1	10.9
...	8.69		
2.9	16.7	5.8	7.2	...	...	...	0.7	...	44.9	451.3	15.55	15.9	18.1	10.9
...	8.69		
10.9	20.6	10.9	6.1	...	...	...	1.2	...	21.8	490.0	19.84	10.9	3.6	7.3
2.42	2.42		
10.9	20.6	10.9	6.1	...	...	...	1.2	...	21.8	480.0	19.84	10.9	3.6	7.3
2.42	2.42		
25.0	75.0	...	50.0	...	25.0	...	...	...	25.0	400.0	16.50	...	25.0	...
...
13.7	31.9	...	13.7	...	...	...	...	...	5.8	295.3	10.54	4.6	1.1	1.1
2.2	2.28		
4.6	10.1	2.8	19.3	...	...	...	1.8	...	20.2	248.2	10.11	8.3	7.4	4.6
...	4.60		
2.5	22.7	...	12.6	...	...	...	12.6	...	7.6	289.1	12.95	2.5	2.5	2.5
...	1.26		

XV—contd.

GROUPS, and COMMANDS.

2. Death-rate.

Lobar Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases,	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Scurvy.	Anæmia.	Heat Exhaustion.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Sick- rate.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancere.	Gonorrhoea.
11.1	24.8	13.7	5.6	..	0.5	..	..	..	9.6	613.0	22.58	4.0	1.5	4.0
1.01	1.52	5.06	..				
11.5	20.7	4.8	13.7	..	..	..	4.0	0.4	7.5	231.7	12.43	2.6	1.8	3.1
2.20	3.09	..				
21.8	28.8	1.2	21.0	..	..	..	1.2	1.2	17.7	728.0	28.02	3.7	6.2	7.8
2.88	1.64	0.41	..	7.81				
11.9	23.8	..	23.8	..	..	..	..	..	..	256.0	6.43	..	..	..
..	11.90				
3.5	15.3	10.5	19.2	..	..	..	0.9	..	13.5	442.9	11.61	1.3	0.4	11.8
0.44	1.74				
20.5	20.5	..	19.2	0.4	..	..	1.7	..	10.7	459.6	18.37	4.7	2.6	3.4
5.56	0.43	7.27				
19.4	42.9	29.2	24.6	..	0.3	..	1.1	0.3	12.7	457.1	20.60	4.0	3.2	6.5
3.78	2.16	7.29				
8.9	40.3	26.8	29.1	..	..	..	..	..	11.2	393.7	9.40	2.2	4.5	4.5
..	2.24	4.47				
..
..
..	137.3	..	36.4	..	..	..	..	..	..	763.6	19.09	..	..	..
..				
10.5	27.1	9.5	17.8	0.0	0.4	..	1.5	0.2	16.0	455.8	19.32	5.2	4.3	6.5
1.72	0.79	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	4.54					..	0.04	..
7.7	22.5	0.5	12.4	..	..	..	..	..	1.9	493.1	15.64	0.5	..	1.4
0.48	0.48	0.48	..	3.83				

XV—contd.

GROUPS, and COMMANDS.

2. Death-rate.

Lobar Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Soury.	Anaemia.	Heat Exhaustion.	Veneral Diseases.	All causes.	Constantly sick-rate.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
19.4	29.6	2.9	18.4	...	...	...	0.3	4.6	9.2	374.8	18.94	3.8	1.6	3.8
2.54	0.64	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.32	...	4.13	...	...	...	...
15.0	64.8	6.0	24.9	...	...	...	1.0	...	2.0	490.5	18.90	1.0	1.0	...
3.99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.98	...	...	...	...
10.4	24.6	10.9	24.1	...	...	...	3.6	...	14.8	661.0	22.43	3.9	1.3	9.6
2.85	0.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.26	6.48	...	0.26	...	...
13.0	22.3	29.7	11.1	...	...	...	...	...	5.6	417.4	12.34	...	1.9	3.7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.86	...	...	...	...
...	37.2	5.3	47.9	...	5.3	...	...	...	...	595.7	24.79	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.32	...	...	...	...
20.7	27.2	2.5	17.0	...	0.8	...	0.3	...	6.8	595.1	14.62	1.1	0.6	5.1
5.09	0.26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6.23	...	...	...	...
36.1	72.2	19.1	6.4	...	4.2	...	...	...	6.4	477.7	11.23	4.2	...	2.1
6.37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6.37	...	...	...	...
13.7	16.8	2.4	5.5	...	0.4	...	...	0.4	7.4	179.0	8.82	2.7	1.6	3.1
1.96	0.78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.92	...	...	...	...
9.2	20.9	2.6	7.6	...	...	...	...	...	11.8	265.4	12.69	2.6	1.3	7.8
...
3.5	31.5	3.5	1.7	...	...	...	...	...	12.2	274.5	9.56	1.7	1.7	8.7
...
6.5	13.0	...	6.5	...	...	...	...	6.5	6.5	461.0	12.01	...	6.5	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6.49	...	...	...	...
13.9	29.3	2.2	2.9	...	0.7	...	0.7	1.3	10.2	316.3	13.40	0.7	2.9	6.6
0.73	0.73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.46	...	...	...	...
13.5	22.4	4.6	27.4	...	...	...	0.4	...	7.0	463.2	16.96	1.9	0.4	4.6
1.54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.48	...	...	...	...
12.4	22.1	6.9	65.0	...	...	...	4.1	...	8.3	316.7	12.97	1.4	...	6.9
...	1.38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8.30	...	...	...	...

TABLE
RATIONS of STATIONS,

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandfly Fever.	Pyrexia. of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic fever.	Plague.	Circulatory Diseases.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
Agra . . .	790	...	...	...	...	94.9	...	...	...	...	...	2.5
Muttra	559	66.2	...	3.6	...	388.2	21.5	...	...	1.8	...	...
Jhansi . . .	2,179	...	...	0.5	0.5	90.4	...	...	0.5	...	1.8	4.6
Nowgong . . .	79	...	...	...	...	63.3	12.7	...	...	...	...	12.7
Mhow . . .	834	9.6	...	...	...	65.9	...	...	...	...	1.2	...
Group VIII.— South-East- ern Raj- putana Central India, and Gujarat.	7,650	5.9	...	0.7	0.3	95.6	1.7	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.9	2.2
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.13	...	0.13
A												
Saugor . . .	641	...	...	...	...	45.2	3.1	...	1.6	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	2,010	2.0	...	...	...	21.9	2.0	...	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.0
Kamptee	642	...	...	1.6	...	65.4	24.9	...	...	...	3.1	7.8
B												
Anraugabad	1,063	4.7	...	1.9	...	27.3	...	...	2.8	...	4.7	...
Ahmednagar	854	1.2	...	...	...	14.1	1.2	...	...	...	2.3	...
Secundrabad	3,489	16.1	...	...	1.1	40.7	1.7	1.1	0.6	0.3	1.4	1.4
		...	0.29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.29	...

XV—contd.

GROUPS, and COMMANDS.

2. Death-rate.

Lobar Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Scurvy.	Anemia.	Heat Exhaustion.	Veneral Diseases.	All causes.	Constantly Sick-rate.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
8.9	17.7	6.3	1.3	...	1.3	...	..	...	21.5	243.0	10.49	3.8	3.8	13.9
...	1.27	...				
19.7	42.9	14.3	14.3	...	1.8	...	1.8	...	50.1	835.4	27.21	16.1	10.7	23.3
1.7 ^a	7.16	...				
2.8	18.4	22.5	13.8	...	0.9	...	...	...	7.8	493.8	21.37	1.8	3.7	2.3
0.92	2.29	...				
25.3	63.3	...	12.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	379.7	13.67	...	...	...
...	12.66	...				
6.0	24.0	31.3	8.4	1.2	...	...	...	...	28.8	388.5	26.57	9.6	8.4	10.8
...	1.20	...				
5.9	20.0	13.6	9.8	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.8	...	14.9	373.7	16.72	4.1	4.6	6.3
0.65	0.13	0.13	0.13	...	3.14				
4.7	12.5	6.2	10.9	...	...	1.6	1.6	...	17.2	290.2	13.67	4.7	1.6	10.9
...	3.12	...				
6.5	18.4	1.0	15.4	...	1.0	0.5	1.5	...	27.9	310.9	15.18	10.9	2.5	14.4
1.49	3.48	...				
...	38.9	1.6	4.7	...	...	...	...	...	7.8	338.0	13.26	3.1	1.6	3.1
...	3.12	...				
1.9	25.4	2.8	5.6	...	0.9	...	4.7	...	17.9	270.9	10.14	9.4	...	8.5
...	1.88	...				
3.5	8.2	3.5	3.5	...	1.2	...	1.2	...	26.9	255.3	9.36	3.5	9.4	14.1
...	1.17	...				
5.2	17.5	30.1	10.9	...	0.6	...	1.7	...	25.5	264.5	15.81	9.2	3.2	13.2
0.57	3.44	...				

TABLE

RATIONS of STATIONS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Plague.	Circulatory Diseases.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
B												
Trichinopoly .	117 {	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Thomas' Mount and Madras.	864 {	2.3	...	...	1.2	10.4	...	...	1.2	...	5.8	1.2
Group XI.—Southern India.	4,012 {	8.0	...	...	0.7	37.1	...	0.5	1.2	...	1.7	2.5
Maymyo .	1,483 {	203.0	0.7	...	1.3	107.9	...	...	...	...	2.7	2.7
Ghoom .	135 {	0.67	0.67	...	...	51.9	...	...	...	...	...	7.4
Shillong .	733 {	...	...	...	1.4	281.0	...	...	...	...	2.7	2.7
Goakhpur .	172 {	...	...	...	1.36	81.4	17.4	...	...	...	...	11.6
Gyantse .	77 {	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Almora .	389 {	...	...	...	...	90.0	...	...	...	...	...	5.1
Chakrata .	33 {	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lansdowne .	2,043 {	...	...	...	2.4	69.0	...	...	...	1.0	5.4	...
Solon .	8 {	...	...	...	0.49	...	...	...	...	...	0.49	...

XV—contd.

GROUPS, and COMMANDS.

2. Death-rate.														
Lobar Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Scurvy.	Anaemia.	Heat Exhaustion.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Sick-rate.	Syphilis.	Soft Chanore.	Gonorrhoea.
..	34.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17.1	222.2	9.15	{ ...	17.1	...
..			{
...	42.8	6.9	15.0	...	...	...	3.5	...	13.9	413.2	14.42	{ 3.5	1.2	9.3
...	1.16			{
3.0	36.6	21.2	3.5	...	3.5	...	0.7	...	45.4	437.2	18.57	{ 17.7	11.5	16.2
0.25	0.50	1.25			{
3.4	42.5	2.7	5.4	...	2.7	...	...	...	57.3	738.4	30.65	{ 18.9	8.1	30.3
...	2.02			{
37.0	44.4	...	...	...	14.8	...	...	...	7.4	222.2	7.11	{ ...	...	7.4
7.41	7.41	14.81			{
6.8	24.6	...	4.1	...	2.7	...	1.4	...	24.6	469.3	15.99	{ 6.8	4.1	13.6
1.36	1.36	6.82			{
5.8	29.1	...	5.8	...	...	...	...	...	...	255.8	7.33	{ ...	...	...
...			{
13.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51.9	2.99	{ ...	...	...
...			{
12.9	61.7	...	23.1	...	...	...	2.6	...	30.8	488.4	18.77	{ 10.3	2.6	18.0
2.57	2.57			{
30.3	30.3	...	30.3	...	...	...	...	...	...	121.2	2.42	{ ...	...	...
...			{
5.9	15.2	13.2	21.5	...	...	...	...	...	14.7	279.5	11.39	{ 1.5	1.5	11.7
0.96	...	0.49	3.92			{
123.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125.0	1.25	{ ...	...	...
...			{

TABLE

RATIOS of STATIONS,

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-rate.									
		Induenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandfly Fever	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Plague.	Circulatory Diseases.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
Simla	106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jutogh	226	31.0	...	...	4.4	44.2	...	...	8.6	...	4.4
Dharmasala	731	...	...	...	...	69.8	6.6	...	...	...	5.5
Bakloh	1,218	...	...	...	1.6	174.1	...	...	...	...	7.4
Khyragully	93	...	...	...	...	80.6	...	...	...	...	...
Kuldana	121	...	...	...	...	74.4	...	...	...	...	...
Kalabagh (Hazara).	133	...	...	...	...	37.6	...	...	...	7.5	...
Chitral	171	5.8	...	...	5.8	46.8	35.1	...	...	...	17.5
Kila Drosh	885	183.7	...	...	...	45.2	106.2	...	1.1	1.1	6.8
Malakand	609	...	...	...	...	275.9	...	3.3	...	3.3	11.5
Dalbonsie	46	...	...	...	...	43.5	...	...	...	...	...
Subathu	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dagshai	7	...	...	...	...	142.7	...	...	...	...	...
Chakdara	153	...	...	...	...	437.9	...	...	...	6.6	6.5

TABLE

RATIONS OF STATIONS,

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admission-rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Plague.	Circulatory Diseases.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
Abbotabad .	3,692	...	...	0.3	1.1	16.5	...	...	...	...	0.3	1.4
Cherat and Chapri.	71	...	...	...	...	0.54	...	...	...	...	0.54	...
Fort Lockhart.	363	...	...	...	...	137.7	24.8	...	5.5	...	...	...
Hangu .	282	...	...	...	...	482.3	120.6	...	...	...	...	...
Parachinar	349	...	...	...	...	3.55	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Sandeman.	1,731	...	...	...	0.6	32.4	4.6	...	...	...	1.7	0.6
Hindubagh	332	...	...	...	...	0.58	...	...	...	...	0.58	...
Razmak .	5,854	...	...	0.2	...	69.3	9.0	...	...	...	6.0	...
Damdil .	719	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murgha	920	...	...	...	...	35.9	2.2	...	0.9	...	2.9	1.4
Lorala	1,577	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.17	...
Bazani .	1,607	3.7	...	...	...	47.3	12.5	...	1.4	...	2.8	...
Quetta .	8,495	...	...	...	1.1	112.0	14.1	...	...	...	1.1	...
Dalbandin	132	...	...	...	1.09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		...	...	...	0.6	34.9	0.6	...	...	...	...	0.6
	
		...	...	...	...	29.9	...	...	...	...	...	1.2
		...	...	...	...	1.24	...	...	...	...	0.62	...
		...	...	0.2	1.2	192.8	0.7	...	0.6	...	3.6	3.8
		...	...	...	...	0.47	...	...	...	...	...	0.59
		...	...	...	...	68.2	30.3	...	...	...	7.6	...

TABLE

RATIONS of STATIONS,

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	I. Admissions rate.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy Fevers.	Pyrexia of uncertain origin.	Rheumatic Fever.	Plague.	Circulatory Diseases	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
SUMMARY.												
Northern Command.	61,765	5.6	...	0.3	0.6	145.9	15.1	...	0.5	0.0	1.8	2.4
		0.02	...	0.02	0.35	0.15	...	0.05	...	0.03	0.15	0.08
Western Command.	20,388	...	...	0.2	0.6	122.6	2.6	0.0	0.4	...	2.1	2.5
		...	...	...	0.10	0.20	...	...	...	...	0.05	0.29
Eastern Command.	22,691	9.9	...	0.3	0.4	94.8	1.9	...	0.4	0.1	1.6	3.4
		0.04	...	0.04	0.09	0.13	...	...	...	0.18	0.18	0.13
Southern Command	24,071	6.4	...	0.2	0.5	52.3	1.3	0.2	1.0	0.2	1.9	1.8
		...	0.04	...	0.04	...	...	...	...	0.04	0.17	0.04
Burma District.	3,760	105.3	0.3	0.3	1.6	70.2	...	...	...	...	1.3	2.7
		1.60	0.27	...	...	0.53	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra India	1,263	...	...	...	0.8	118.8	...	...	...	...	3.2	1.6
	
Army of India.	135,146	8.3	0.0	0.3	0.6	115.0	7.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	1.8	2.4
		0.06	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.15	...	0.02	...	0.65	0.15	0.11

XV—contd.

GROUPS and COMMANDS.

2. Death-rate.														
Lobar Pneumonia.	Respiratory Diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhea.	Hepatic Abscess.	Hepatic Congestion and Inflammation.	Scurvy.	Anæmia.	Heat Exhaustion.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick-rate.	Syphilis.	Soft Chanere.	Gonorrhœa.
11.9	27.2	6.2	14.9	0.0	0.4	...	1.1	0.4	9.0	396.8	14.72	2.7	1.7	4.6
2.01	0.55	...	...	0.02	...	...	...	0.05	0.02	4.27		0.02	...	...
7.7	22.0	19.1	14.1	0.1	1.0	...	0.5	...	8.5	331.4	12.76	2.6	1.4	4.6
1.32	0.84	0.10	...	0.05	...	...	...	...	0.05	3.87		0.0	...	...
7.1	23.9	5.6	16.0	0.0	0.8	...	1.9	0.1	22.3	394.4	17.58	7.2	6.2	8.9
0.84	0.40	0.01	...	..	...	...	0.04	...	0.04	3.35		0.04	...	...
4.0	25.9	19.1	9.5	0.1	1.0	0.2	1.5	...	27.9	354.2	16.29	9.4	5.3	13.2
0.58	0.29	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.04	...	2.70		...	...	...
4.0	29.5	9.3	5.3	...	1.3	..	0.3	...	46.8	556.1	21.74	16.0	11.2	19.7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4.52		...	...	...
2.4	30.1	17.4	29.3	...	...	...	4.8	...	18.2	823.4	29.10	3.2	0.8	14.3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.58		...	...	...
8.7	26.1	10.5	14.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	1.2	0.2	15.7	385.6	15.41	5.0	3.3	7.4
1.36	0.42	0.02	...	0.01	...	...	0.01	0.03	0.02	3.75		0.02	...	...

TABLE XVI—contd.

ENTERIC GROUP OF FEVERS by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

TABLE XVII—contd.

MALARIA by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

TABLE XVIII—contd.

PYREXIA OF UNCERTAIN ORIGIN by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

* Station and Groups.	Admissions from Enteric Group of Fevers in each month.												Admissions from Malaria in each month.												Admissions from Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin in each month.															
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	
B																																								
Neemuch	1												3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	5	15	13	3	50															
Nasirabad																	1	2	3	2	4	2	1	1	16			1											1	
Muttra													3		1			6	4	2	14	49	97	34	6	217														
Agra													2	1	4	3	8	1	1	3	24	21	5	7	75															
Jhansi			1									1	3	1	4	8	11	11	9	23	28	66	28	6	197															
Nowgong																					1	2	2		5															
Mhow														6	1	7	1		1	1	9	16	13		55															
Ajmor																						1	1		2															
Ahmedabad													1	1		1	2	3	1	5	6	4		24																
Group VIII.— South-East Raj- putana, Central India and Guja- rat.	1		1									2	13	11	11	22	27	24	19	49	129	227	149	50	731			1										1		

TABLE XVI—conold.

ENTERIC GROUP OF FEVERS by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

TABLE XVII—conold.

MALARIA, by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

TABLE XVIII—conold.

PYREXIA OF UNCERTAIN ORIGIN by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

*Stations and Group.	Admissions from Enteric Group of Fevers in each month.												Admissions from Malaria in each month.												Admissions from Pyrexia of Uncertain Origin in each month.																										
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.												
Chitral	1	1	1	..	2	5	8			
Dalhousie	2	2				
Dandil	2	3	2	..	8	7	9	3	..	34			
Razmak	14	4	1	17	9	12	18	18	20	16	31	41	210	
Razani	1	1	..	6	4	4	9	10	4	3	6	48
Mount Abu	2	2	..	4		
Pachmarhi	1	1	2	1	7	3	3	2	6	14	4	1	43	
Wellington	1	1		
Group XII.—Hill Stations	1	3	2	2	1	6	2	2	4	6	1	30	83	39	96	104	132	186	245	458	1106	960	304	230	8040
Troops marching	1	1	18	137	48	1	206
Extra India	
Adon	1	1	26	4	31	18	13	13	14	2	3	4	6	15	149
Kumaran	1	1

TABLE XIX—contd.

TABLE XX—contd.

TABLE XXI—contd.

CHOLERA by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

DYSENTERY by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

DIARRHOEA by months, Stations, Groups, and Commands.

*Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Cholera in each month.												Admissions from Dysentery in each month.												Admissions from Diarrhoea in each month.																																																					
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.																																							
Sialkot . . . . .	..	..	1	1	..	6	..	..	8	2	4	2	24	1	..	1	..	..	2	6	11	2	7	11	3	44	1	..	1	..	..	2	6	11	2	7	11	3	44																															
Rawalpindi . . . . .	..	..	..	11	10	8	11	15	8	12	27	3	108	4	6	7	12	3	7	7	11	14	10	7	3	91	4	6	7	12	3	7	7	11	14	10	7	3	91																																				
Jholum . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	1	8	4	4	6	6	5	7	45	1	1	2	1	8	4	4	6	6	5	7	45																												
Campbellpur . . . . .	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	2	4	1	2	..	12	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	1	3	4	1	1	13	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	1	3	4	1	1	13																									
Sargodha . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2		
Group VI.—Upper Sub-Himalaya	6	3	12	20	20	21	18	42	45	21	45	13	266	17	11	20	43	24	24	31	77	80	68	74	28	497	17	11	20	43	24	24	31	77	80	68	74	28	497																																							
Mardan ^A	1	1	1	..	1	1	2	8	7	4	2	26	1	1	1	2	8	7	4	2	26	1	1	1	2	8	7	4	2	26							
Nowshera	2	1	1	2	1	2	9	..	1	2	12	12	4	1	12	10	3	1	58	2	1	1	2	1	2	9	..	1	2	12	12	4	1	12	10	3	1	58	2	1	1	2	1	2	9	..	1	2	12	12	4	1	12	10	3	1	58			
Risalpur	1	2	1	2	6	2	1	1	3	4	2	3	1	3	3	3	3	25	1	2	1	2	6	2	1	1	3	4	2	3	1	3	3	3	25	1	2	1	2	6	2	1	1	3	4	2	3	1	3	3	3	25			
Poshawar	2	..	3	3	..	5	..	1	6	10	9	3	42	4	2	4	13	8	5	10	8	10	20	9	93	2	..	3	3	..	5	..	1	6	10	9	3	42	4	2	4	13	8	5	10	8	10	20	9	93	2	..	3	3	..	5	..	1	6	10	9	3	42	4	2	4	13	8	5	10	8	10	20	9	93			
Fort Jamrud	1	..	2	1	..	1	..	2	6	3	..	16	1	1	..	1	1	3	6	..	1	..	2	1	..	1	..	2	6	3	..	16	1	1	..	1	3	6	..	1	..	2	1	..	1	..	2	6	3	..	16	1	1	..	1	3	6								
Dargai	1	1	1	3	4	..	1	..	9	1	1	1	3	4	..	1	..	9	1	1	1	3	4	..	1	..	9								
Kohat	1	..	1	2	..	2	1	1	1	9	..	3	3	5	..	1	..	6	7	8	16	11	60	..	1	..	1	2	..	2	1	1	1	9	..	3	3	5	..	1	..	6	7	8	16	11	60	..	1	..	1	2	..	2	1	1	1	9	..	3	3	5	..	1	..	6	7	8	16	11	60

TABLE XIX—contd.

CHOLERA by months,
Stations, Groups, and Commands.

TABLE XX—contd.

DYSENTERY by months, Stations, Groups, and
Commands.

TABLE XXI—contd.

DIARRHOEA by months.
Stations, Groups, and Commands.

*Stations and Groups	Admissions from Cholera in each month.												Admissions from Dysentery in each month.												Admissions from Diarrhoea in each month.																	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.			
B																																										
Neemuch		
Nasirabad		
Muttra		
Agra		
Jhansi		
Nowgong		
Mhow		
Ahmedabad	
Group VIII.— South-East Raj- putana, Central India and Guja- rat

TABLE XIX—contd.

TABLE XX—contd.

TABLE XXI—contd.

CHOLERA by months,
Stations, Groups and Commands.

DYSENTERY by months, Stations, Groups, and
Commands.

DIARRHŒA by months,
Stations, Groups, and Commands.

Stations and Groups.	Admissions from Cholera in each month.												Admissions from Dysentery in each month.												Admissions from Diarrhœa in each month.															
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.	
B																																								
Madras and St. Thomas' Mount	6	1	1	1	...	1	2	6	1	4	3	2	2	13
Group XI— Southern India	85	9	6	14	4	8	5	12	14	4	3	3	3	85	1	1	4	3	2	...	1	2	14
Ranikhet	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	
Chakrata	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Shillong	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
Dagshai	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Gorakhpore	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Almora	1	4	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	9	
Dharnala	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	3	

III.—FOLLOWERS, 1926.

TABLE XXII.

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.														2. Deaths.						
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
Port Blair . . .	36	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0.07	...	...	...
Bangoon . . .	245	3	...	...	...	2	7	...	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	7	46	2.33	2	2	3
Group I.—Burma Coast and Bay Islands.	281	3	...	...	...	3	7	...	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	7	50	2.40	2	2	3
Fort Dufferin (Mandalay).	128	5	1	...	...	7	2	...	2	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	10	48	2.12	...	4	6
Group II.—Burma Inland.	128	5	1	...	...	7	2	...	2	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	10	48	2.12	...	4	6
Alipore . . .	638	...	...	...	...	10	26	...	5	2	4	3	6	...	...	...	11	122	5.50	5	3	3

Group IV.—Bengal and Orissa.	€38				10		26		5	2	4	3	6				11	122	} 6.50	} 5	} 3	} 3
										2							3					
B.																						
Dinapore	93			1			3			1	1		1					14	} 0.50	}	}	}
Benares	93												1					14	} 0.98	}	}	}
Allahabad	287				3					1		1					5	49	} 2.92	} 3	} 1	} 1
Fyzabad	311				2	2			1		2		1				2	30	} 0.83	} 1	}	} 1
Lucknow	384	12			13				2	1	3	2	1				13	107	} 5.68	} 3	} 5	} 5
										1	1						2					
Cawnpore	257				4						1		3				2	30	} 1.17	} 1	}	} 1
Fatehgarh	98	6			3						2		2					23	} 0.60	}	}	}
Sitapur	43				1	1	1											6	} 0.15	}	}	}
Group V.—Gangetic Plain and Chutia Nagpur.	1,566	18			1	26	3	4		3	3	9	3	9			22	273	} 12.23	} 8	} 6	} 8
											1	1					2					

TABLE XXII—contd.

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.													2. Deaths.									
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandyfly Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Soury.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancere.	Gonorrhoea.	
A.																								
Bareilly . . .	841	...	...	...	...	18	...	3	...	2	1	7	2	2	...	...	...	7	67	} 4.21	} 2	} 2	} 3
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1				
Roorkee . . .	212	...	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	1	...	...	...	2	23	} 0.80	} ...	} ...	} 3
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3				
Dohra Dun . . .	308	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	8	...	...	...	9	90	} 5.26	} ...	} ...	} 2
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2				
Moerut . . .	1,066	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	8	5	1	7	...	...	...	18	132	} 5.70	} ...	} ...	} 5
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9				
Delhi . . .	497	1	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	2	1	16	...	4	...	...	...	9	181	} 6.85	} 2	} 3	} 4
		...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	5				
Ambala . . .	378	5	...	...	...	36	...	...	1	...	...	1	2	3	...	1	...	2	81	} 3.06	} ...	} 1	} 1
		...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2				

TABLE XXII—contd.

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.													2. Deaths.								
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandfly Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
A																							
Mardan	327	3	...	...	...	73	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	1	...	...	...	1	144	} 4.76	} ...	} ...	} 1
		2	2					
Nowshera	469	1	...	...	2	21	...	...	...	1	2	4	1	4	...	...	...	1	78	} 5.06	} ...	} ...	} 1
		1					
Peshawar	866	10	...	...	1	208	11	...	...	3	4	20	6	18	...	...	...	10	406	} 13.45	} 3	} 2	} 5
		1	1	8	10					
Fort Jamrud	78	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	} 0.53	} ...	} ...	} ...
		1					
Kohat	551	...	...	...	...	119	25	...	...	2	...	7	...	4	...	...	...	2	235	} 5.36	} ...	} ...	} 2
						
Thal	50	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	23	} 0.47	} ...	} ...	} ...
						
Bannu	603	...	...	...	...	11	4	...	...	4	3	23	1	2	...	...	...	13	125	} 5.99	} 6	} 4	} 3
		1	8	13					

Dera Ismail Khan	397	1	20	2				2		3				7	74	3-01	2	1	4
															1				
Tank	177		14	1				1						3	35	1-33	1		2
															1				
Risalpur	1,021		27				1	8	1	3				2	111	3-49		2	
															2				
Landi Kotal	905		41	18			2	10	2	5				4	152	5-99	2		2
															2				
Ali Masjid	174		9	2				2	2	2				2	32	1-22	2		
Multan	215		1	3				3	1					2	36	1-65		2	
															1				
Dargai	25		5							1					10	0-53			
Idak	151		2											1	14	0-65		1	
															1				
Kalabagh and Mari Indus.	31		6					2							10	0-23			
B																			
Manzai	357		5	1			2	1	1	3	3			2	58	2-47	1	1	

TABLE XXII—*contd.*

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.											2. Deaths.										
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chanere.	Gonorrhoea.
C																							
Hyderabad (Sind)	318	...	...	...	2	7	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	..	..	..	3	43	1.41	...	..	3
Karachi	361	...	...	...	1	32	1	...	...	1	2	1	2	..	..	..	18	88	3.22	3	5	10
Group VII.—N.-W. Frontier, Indus Valley and Western Rajputana.	6,985	14	...	1	6	619	68	...	...	15	11	96	21	46	..	..	71	1,689	60.82	20	18	33
		...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	22	..	...	..	..	..	..	37	...	...	...	...
A																							
Rajkot	23	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	..	..	..	..	13	0.48	...	..	...

Ahmedabad	107	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	0.28	...	...	...
Baroda	51	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	0.32	...	...	...
B Neemuch	40	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	0.39	...	...	...
Nasirabad	31	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	0.94	...	...	...
Ajmer	41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0.20	...	...	...
Agra	272	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	0.55	...	...	...
Muttra	123	...	...	...	13	3	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	2	31	0.88	1	...	1	...
Jhansi	699	...	...	1	33	...	...	1	1	...	2	4	...	...	2	180	5.45	1	1	...	...
Nowgong	13	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	0.23	...	...	...
Mhow	458	3	...	...	12	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	9	73	4.19	...	...	2	7
Group VIII.— South-Eastern Rajputana, Central India, and Gujarat.	1,830	3	...	...	1	79	4	...	1	2	7	5	7	...	...	13	304	13.91	2	3	8
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...

TABLE XXII—*contd.*

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.														2. Deaths.							
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral cases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chanore.	Gonorrhoea.
A.																							
Saugor	216	..	..	..	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	4	31	} 1.22	} 2	} 1	} 1
Jubbulpore	492	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	..	..	14	60					
Kamptee	128	..	..	..	..	5	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	28	} 0.99	} 1	} 1	} 1	
B.																							
Aurangabad	74	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	16	} 0.06	} 1	} ..	} ..
Ahmednagar	91	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	4	39					
Secunderabad	1,353	6	..	..	2	11	..	..	1	1	1	3	15	9	..	..	15	138	} 8.47	} 6	} ..	} 9	
		..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	8	..					

Belgaum . . .	191	{	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	19	}	0-92	{	1	1	1
Poona . . .	577	{	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	2	1	10	18	...	...	...	...	37	141	}	4-19	{	10	7	20
Kirkee . . .	182	{	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	13	45	}	6-18	{	4	4	5
Group IX.—Decan.	3,304	{	7	...	...	5	4b	3	1	1	9	3	18	38	13	...	...	...	94	517	}	27-12	{	35	21	38
Bombay . . .	238	{	12	...	...	...	57	...	...	...	3	...	2	1	9	...	...	...	11	209	}	9-08	{	2	3	6
Santa Cruz . . .	45	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	4	10	}	0-33	{	2	1	1
Cannanore . . .	116	{	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	36	}	1-43	{	...	1	2
Deolali . . .	193	{	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	6	22	}	1-73	{	4	1	1
Group X.—Western Coast.	592	{	12	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	6	...	3	1	11	...	...	...	24	277	}	12-57	{	8	6	10
N Bellary . . .	13	{	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	}	0-22	{	...	...	...

TABLE XXII—contd.

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	annual average strength.	1. Admissions.													2. Deaths.								
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandy Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral cases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.
Bangalore	351	5	...	...	1	11	...	9	...	4	1	3	7	...	...	...	...	21	122	5.86	7	9	5
B		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0.09	...	...	...
St. Thomas' Mount and Madras.	231	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	53	1.48	1	1	1
Group XI.—Southern India.	604	6	...	...	1	14	...	16	...	5	3	3	7	...	...	...	...	24	185	7.65	8	10	6
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Maymyo	216	10	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	3	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	108	4.06	...	3	2
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpore	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	

Shillong	46	{	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	}	0'94	{	...	...	...
Ghoom	46	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	}	0'30	{	...	...	...
Chakrata	126	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	}	0'21	{	...	...	1	
Almora	39	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	}	0'39	{	...	...	1
Lansdowne	203	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	50	}	2'18	{	...	...	1
Ranikhet	707	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	11	}	4'94	{	...	1	...
Simla	6	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	}	...	{	...	...	...
Jutogh	94	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	}	0'67	{	...	...	...
Solon	70	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	}	0'15	{	...	...	...
Dagshai	52	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	}	0'01	{	...	...	...

TABLE XXII—*cont'd.*

ACTUALS OF STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.											2. Deaths.											
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandfly Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	
Dharmala	68	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	0.26	{	..	..	..
Bakloh	88	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19	0.44	{	..	..	..
Khyragully	48	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	{	..	..	..
Kudane	119	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	9	0.15	{	..	..	1
Kalabach and Baragally.	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	{	..	..	..
Ohital	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0.12	{	..	..	..
Killa Dooch	95	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	36	1.16	{	..	..	..

Malakand . . .	41					7														14	0-74				
Dalhousie . . .	58																			1	7	0-28			1
Chakdara . . .	15					4														6	0-10				
Abbottabad	381					5			1	1	4			1						2	42	1-30	1		1
											1									3					
Cherat and Chapri	224					1	1				1									10	0-58				
											1									1					
Fort Lockhart . . .	36					3	1													7	0-13				
Hangu . . .	64					11	5			1				1						25	1-41				
																				1					
Razmak . . .	814					27				1	3	23		2						12	205	9-84	1	2	9
												2								3					
Fort Sandeman . . .	284					3	1					2								1	25	1-16			1
												2								2					
Hindubagh . . .	36					1						1		1						7	0-19				
																				1					
Damdil . . .	69					1						1								8	0-47				

TABLE XXII—contd.

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.											2. Deaths.									
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandyfly Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chanore.	Gonorrhoea.
Murgha	121	...	...	...	...	6	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	17	0.42	...	...	...
Loralai	325	...	...	...	...	9	1	...	...	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	56	2.12	...	...	...
Razavi	307	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	30	1.18	1	...	2
Quetta	1,596	...	...	...	4	265	1	...	...	3	5	21	34	4	...	...	19	553	21.43	6	4	9
Dalbandin	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	0.07	...	...	...
Peshiu	66	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	35	0.93	...	...	...
Harnai	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	9	0.45	...	...	1

Chaman . . .	107	{	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	23	}	0.70	{	1	...	2
			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	}		{	...	...	...
Mount Abu . . .	18	{	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	}	0.14	{	...	...	...
			}		{		
Pachmarhi . . .	34	{	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	25	}	0.66	{	1	...	...
			}		{		
Wellington . . .	138	{	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	28	}	0.88	{	...	...	...
			}		{		
Group XII.—Hill Stations.	6,839	{	27	5	442	17	21	18	85	39	20	...	1	...	53	1,426	}	61.18	{	11	10	32
			2	2	19	31	}		{
Extra India. In the Indian Command—																										
Aden . . .	585	{	2	37	3	...	2	15	167	}	7.18	{	7	...	8	
			1	}		{	
Kamran . . .	4	{	}	...	{	
			}		{	
Perim . . .	9	{	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	}	0.04	{	...	...	...
			}		{	

TABLE XXII—*concl'd.*

ACTUALS of STATIONS, GROUPS and COMMANDS.

Stations and Groups.	Average annual strength.	1. Admissions.														2. Deaths.								
		Influenza.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Enteric Group of Fevers.	Malaria.	Sandyfly Fever.	Dengue.	Plague.	Scabies.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Lobar Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea.	Relapsing Fever.	Cerebro-spinal Fever.	Scurvy.	Veneral Diseases.	All Causes.	Constantly Sick.	Syphilis.	Soft Chancre.	Gonorrhoea.	
SUMMARY.																								
Northern Command.	18,321	37	...	8	4	1354	95	...	1	28	30	247	41	84	...	1	...	117	3,840	} 139.62	} 33	} 24	} 60	
		...	...	1	1	8	...	...	1	...	3	47	1	...	...	1	...	...	93				
Western Command	3,613	...	...	...	7	354	8	...	...	5	9	43	39	13	...	...	...	45	903	} 34.48	} 10	} 9	} 26
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	...				
Eastern Command	6,186	19	...	...	2	186	7	33	...	19	12	69	9	39	...	1	...	79	1,029	} 50.94	} 23	} 25	} 31
		...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	15	1	...	...	...	...	29	...				
Southern Command	5,852	28	...	...	5	187	3	17	1	23	8	25	51	32	...	...	...	154	1,250	} 50.09	} 53	} 40	} 61
		...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	16	...				
Burma District	625	18	1	...	...	33	...	9	...	4	6	2	4	2	...	...	...	22	206	} 8.58	} 2	} 9	} 11
		...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...				
Extra India	545	...	...	...	2	37	...	...	...	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	15	169	} 7.22	} 7	} ...	} 8
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...				
India	35,005	102	1	8	20	2151	113	59	2	82	65	388	144	170	...	2	...	432	7,397	} 299.93	} 128	} 107	} 197	
		...	1	1	1	10	...	...	2	...	9	80	2	...	...	1	...	164	...				

V.—TROOPS AND PRISONERS, 1926.

TABLE XXIII.

DETAIL of DISEASES.

TROOPS AND PRISONERS, 1926.

Diseases.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.									INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India 129,192.		
	British Officers attached to European Troops 2,574.			Men 57,378.			Women 5,341.		Children 7,257.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops 2,006.			Men Present 135,146.			Admissions.	Deaths.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.				Admissions.	Deaths.
DISEASES CAUSED BY INFECTION.																			
Anthrax . . . . .	...	...	...	1	01	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackwater fever . . . . .	...	...	...	1	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	0-19	1	...
Chicken-pox	1	...	...	8	43	...	4	...	57	...	...	...	138	...	...	9-25	368	...
Cholera . . . . .	...	...	...	2	05	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	0-01	18	10
Cow-pox	1	...	...	8	17	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	0-06	...	...
Dengue	71	...	...	1,510	35-83	...	80	...	45	...	20	...	856	...	...	20-97	189	...
Diphtheria	7	...	1	32	4-27	...	9	...	19	1	2	...	6	1	...	42	2	1	
Dysentery . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,313	166
(a) Protozoal	12	...	2	230	18-48	...	9	21	...	15	1	16	184	...	1	10-57	...
(b) Bacillary	25	1	3	303	19-65	...	3	26	...	49	7	7	280	1	1	13-89	...
(c) Clinical	17	359	19-05	2	2	17	1	30	7	5	951	2	1	32-89	...

Encephalitis Lethargica . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	0.28	...	...
Enteric fever	}	5	1	...	57	11.21	5	...	7	...	7	1	4	20	4	1	2.80	183	37
Typhoid „																					
Paratyphoid Fever Carrier																					
(a) Typhoid Fever Carrier . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) Paratyphoid A	1	...	...	18	2.88	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	9	1	...	1.93	...	...
(c) „ B . . . . .	...	...	...	4	1.39	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	0.21	...	...
(d) „ C . . . . .	...	...	...	1	.25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(e) Enteric Clinical	4	...	1	72	12.15	3	...	4	2	19	1	3	...	...	48	3	...	6.72	...	...
Enteritis infective . . . . .	...	...	...	1	.01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	0.00	3	...
Erysipelas . . . . .	...	...	...	10	.51	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	10	...	...	0.59	31	4
Gangrene, acute infective . . . . .	...	...	...	1	.05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	2	1.42	5	3
Influenza	60	...	...	405	10.52	...	...	26	...	31	...	51	...	...	1,118	8	...	27.71	2,207	13
Jaundice spirochaetal . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(a) Kala-azar . . . . .	...	...	...	12	2.25	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	0.90	276	21
(b) Tropical sore	1	...	...	14	.97	...	1	4	...	3	...	1	...	...	83	...	1	5.94	...	...
Leprosy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	21	2.45	128	9
Malaria	230	...	...	9,389	226.05	5	12	277	...	238	2	207	...	1	15,542	20	86	357.34	22,656	90
Measles	2	...	...	7	.33	...	...	36	...	182	2	...	...	...	272	1	...	12.98	23	...
Mediterranean fever . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	0.65	...	...
Meningococcal infection . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	0.06	5	4
Mumps . . . . .	...	...	...	8	.48	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	...	...	556	...	...	30.95	969	...
Plague . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	7	...	0.56	7	7

Tubercular disease undi- agned.	...	...	...	...	43	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	0-18	121	36
Typhus fever	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	9-10	...	...
Syphilis	...	...	...	325	37-80	...	4	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	672	3	13	60-17	1,727	14
(c) Gonorrhoea	2	...	...	2,513	382-01	...	5	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	999	...	21	109-76	363	...
(d) Soft chancre	1	...	...	692	64-39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	451	...	6	41-37	88	...
Whooping-cough	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	73	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	0-11	...	...
Other diseases caused by infection.	...	...	...	32	5-00	3	10	7	1	10	4	2	...	...	7	2	2	91	31	...
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.																				
Aphasia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cerebral haemorrhage	...	...	...	3	0-2	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	0-29	11	9
Chorea	...	...	...	2	0-8	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Convulsions of Infancy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diseases of the Spinal Cord	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	12	1	9	...	1-73	...	...
Epilepsy	4	...	2	53	5-42	...	22	9	...	1	...	...	...	41	...	26	2-59	128	8	...
Meningitis	...	...	...	2	0-32	1	1	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	3	3	...	0-03	9	5
Neuralgia	2	...	...	90	3-23	...	1	12	...	1	1	4	...	...	91	...	5	4-54	96	...
Neuritis	8	1	1	104	14-03	...	26	5	...	...	...	4	...	...	107	...	16	8-44	45	...
Neurasthenia	4	...	4	64	4-94	...	11	40	...	...	...	14	...	...	36	...	8	1-86	8	...
Other diseases of the Nervous System.	12	...	...	291	9-65	4	11	38	1	13	3	2	...	...	140	5	28	9-33	212	24

TABLE XXIII—continued.

DETAIL of DISEASES.

Diseases.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.											INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India.	
	British Officers attached to European Troops.			Men.			Women.		Children.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops.			Men Present enrolled.			Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.				Invalids.
MENTAL DISEASES.																				
Feeble-mindedness . . . . .	..	..	..	7	1'81	..	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	4	0'29	3	..
Dementia . . . . .	..	..	..	10	3'07	..	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	7	0'76	8	1
Mania . . . . .	..	..	1	3	'47	..	3	3	..	..	1	..	..	..	17	1	8	1'47	33	3
Melancholia . . . . .	..	..	..	11	4'37	..	11	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	6	0'93	26	..
Delusional Insanity . . . . .	..	..	1	4	1'23	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	4	0'71	5	..
Other Mental Diseases	1	..	..	14	2'44	1	6	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	9	..	4	0'46	10	..
DISEASES OF THE EYE.																				
Cataract . . . . .	..	..	..	5	'49	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	..	12	1'62	16	..
Conjunctivitis	2	..	..	133	5'48	..	1	12	..	54	..	5	..	..	881	..	5	29'59	720	..
Keratitis	2	..	..	35	2'82	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	269	..	15	14'35	216	..
Amblyopia . . . . .	..	..	..	1	'03	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	3	0'31	..	..

Errors of refraction	1	...	...	15	.43	...	11	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	28	...	27	0.75	1	...
Blepharitis . . . . .	...	...	...	8	.24	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	.30	11	...
Glaucoma . . . . .	...	...	...	1	.04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	.52	7	...
Iritis . . . . .	...	...	...	11	1.59	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	30	...	6	2.39	22	...
Trachoma . . . . .	...	...	...	5	.18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	229	...	49	14.18	49	...
Other diseases of the eye	2	...	...	23	1.71	...	5	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	198	...	43	9.90	149	...
DISEASES OF THE EAR.																				
Inflammation of external ear.	4	...	...	156	4.71	...	2	5	...	10	...	...	...	...	92	...	...	4.19	71	...
Diseases of the middle ear	7	...	...	392	15.00	...	347	17	...	13	...	3	...	...	365	...	144	18.99	91	1
Diseases of the mastoid process.	...	...	...	9	.59	...	1	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	.60	10	1
Other diseases of the ear	1	...	...	97	2.58	...	21	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	40	...	13	1.67	44	1
DISEASES OF THE NOSE.																				
Adenoid vegetations . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diseases of the mucous membrane.	11	...	...	142	3.59	...	5	12	...	13	...	26	...	...	527	...	3	11.17	570	...
Diseases of the bone and cartilage.	5	...	...	61	3.15	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	0.19	...	...
Other diseases of the nose	6	...	...	16	.72	...	1	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	11	...	1	.42	59	...
DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.																				
Disordered action of the heart.	10	1	1	237	17.05	...	36	12	1	3	1	3	...	...	148	9	27	9.20	25	6

TROOPS AND PRISONERS, 1926.

TABLE XXIII—continued.

DETAIL OF DISEASES.

Diseases.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.											INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India.	
	British Officers attached to European Troops.			Men.			Women.		Children.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops.			Men Present enrolled.			Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.				Invalids.
DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM—contd.																				
Diseases of the heart valves.	1	...	2	71	7.03	2	53	10	1	1	...	...	...	26	6	24	2.60	142	38
Diseases of blood vessels.	3	.11	1	1	10	47	1	10	4.31	7	...
Endocarditis.	1	1	...	8	.94	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	5	0.50	5	3
Other circulatory diseases.	10	...	1	111	11.32	2	20	14	2	16	4	6	1.06	39	14
DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.																				
Anæmia primary.	1	...	...	23	1.03	...	...	17	...	2	...	...	...	7	...	...	.17	365	20
„ pernicious.	...	...	...	2	.19	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	3	1.16	...	...
„ Secondary.	1	...	...	60	9.39	1	...	37	...	2	...	...	...	119	...	13	10.50	...	...

Debility	313	19
Other blood diseases . . . . .	...	...	...	3	'38	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	9	2	...	94	5	2
DISEASES OF THE SPLEEN.																				
Diseases of the spleen . . . . .	...	...	...	5	'34	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	35	...	1	1'04	34	1
DISEASES OF THE LYMPHATIC SYSTEM.																				
Inflammation of the lymphatic glands.	2	...	...	183	17-77	...	3	5	22	...	3	...	...	223	...	7	15-30	202	1
Inflammation of lymphatic vessels.	1	...	...	14	'27	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	11	...	3	0-31	25	...
Other diseases of the lymphatic system. . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	37	1	23	3-62	81	2
DISEASES OF GLANDS OF INTERNAL SECRETION.																				
Hyperthyroidism . . . . .	...	...	...	1	'07	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	'22	1	...
Goitre . . . . .	...	...	...	12	1-10	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	2	'67	3	...
Other diseases of glands of internal secretion. . . . .	...	...	...	5	1-15	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	'17	1	...
DISEASES OF THE BREAST.																				
Inflammation . . . . .	...	...	...	6	'34	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	'10	2	1
Other diseases of the breast . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...

P 2

TABLE XXIII—continued.

DETAIL of DISEASES.

Diseases.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.											INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India.	
	British Officers attached to European Troops.			Men.			Women.		Children.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops.			Men Present enrolled.			Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.				Invalids.
DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM.																				
Asthma	1	...	...	19	1-32	...	3	4	...	3	..	1	...	...	85	1	19	4-66	594	20
Bronchitis	79	...	1	1,117	36-78	...	14	102	...	293	2	50	...	...	2,754	...	23	92-21	2,148	28
Empyema . . . . .	...	...	...	6	1-49	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	6	..	2	78	1	...
Laryngitis	11	...	...	31	80	...	...	4	1	6	1	5	...	...	60	2	...	1-99	15	1
Pleurisy	10	...	...	109	8-42	...	3	12	...	1	...	9	...	...	216	2	14	15-29	233	12
Pneumonia . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,421	319
(a) Lobar	6	...	1	133	14-78	20	1	5	...	14	4	5	1	...	1,173	184	15	84-75	...	...
(b) Lobular	1	...	...	40	3-53	4	1	1	...	38	11	...	...	...	335	46	6	25-09	...	...
Pulmonary tuberculosis	3	...	3	42	13-40	1	35	17	1	1	...	1	...	1	329	15	322	29-65	938	313
Other diseases of the respiratory system.	1	...	...	32	1-99	1	5	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	69	6	8	4-44	107	16

DISEASES OF THE TEETH AND GUMS.																				
Caries of the dentine cement and enamel.	3	...	...	30	89	...	1	24	...	3	...	4	...	...	51	...	1	137	17	...
Gum-boil . . . . .	...	...	...	30	74	1	...	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	96	...	...	244	187	...
Pyorrhœa alveolaris . . . . .	...	...	...	11	32	...	...	3	...	...	...	5	...	...	110	...	23	635	41	1
Other diseases of the teeth and gums.	4	...	...	51	171	...	...	2	...	34	...	...	...	...	43	...	1	166	59	2
DISEASES OF THE DIGESTIVE SYSTEM.																				
Stomatitis . . . . .	...	...	...	6	14	...	...	2	...	5	...	3	...	...	44	...	...	144	82	...
Tonsillitis	90	...	...	1,551	3837	...	...	105	...	198	...	57	...	...	495	1	...	1206	86	...
Hypertrophy of the tonsils	7	...	...	51	233	...	...	5	...	90	...	2	...	...	5	...	...	20	...	...
Inflammation of the palate and pillars of faeces.	...	...	...	3	06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	...	...	107	...	...
Diseases of Pharynx and Oesophagus.	31	...	...	327	650	...	...	45	...	34	...	41	1	...	1,883	1	...	4116	150	...
Gastritis	45	...	2	365	1165	1	1	67	...	53	2	30	...	...	180	2	4	617	107	3
Indigestion	13	...	...	156	450	...	1	66	...	43	...	10	...	...	367	...	3	947	706	1
Enteritis	12	...	...	41	107	1	...	11	...	106	16	7	...	...	21	1	...	083	258	25
Colitis	5	...	...	45	244	...	...	7	...	7	...	2	...	...	40	...	1	122	2,499	32
Fistula in ano	1	...	...	5	31	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	51	...	2	406	69	...
Hernia	5	...	...	124	1016	...	6	6	...	11	...	3	...	...	139	...	20	1164	91	2
Intestinal obstruction	1	...	...	8	59	1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	028	24	14
Appendicitis	21	1	...	290	2166	8	8	34	...	14	...	23	...	...	168	6	8	974	49	7
Sprue . . . . .	...	...	1	4	67	...	2	3	...	1	...	1	...	1	3	1	1	111	5	1

DISEASES DUE TO DIS- ORDERS OF NUTRI- TION OR OF META- BOLISM.																			
Inanition . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	27	10	...	...	...	9	...	1	48	7	...
Rickets . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scurvy . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	42	262	...
Beri-beri . . . . .	...	...	...	3	1'86	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	48	30	2
Gout	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	04	4	...
Diabetes mellitus . . . . .	...	...	...	3	90	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	6	1	4	92	21	2
Other diseases due to dis- orders of nutrition or of metabolism.	...	...	...	2	68	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	5	76	6	...
DISEASES OF THE MALE ORGANS OF GENERATION.																			
Phimosis	4	...	...	70	4'17	...	...	...	32	...	1	...	...	69	...	...	5'06	82	...
Paraphimosis . . . . .	...	...	...	9	88	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	90	14	...
Balanitis	1	...	...	79	2'98	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	25	...	...	83	5	...
Urethritis . . . . .	...	...	...	160	9'83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	104	...	1	3'82	13	...
Stricture of the urethra . . . . .	...	...	...	4	11	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	6	...	...	58	41	1
Urethral fistula . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...
Hypertrophy of the pro- state.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1
Hydrocele of tunica vaginalis.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	...	1	65	175	...
Varicocele	1	...	...	38	2'46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	61	...	...
Epididymitis . . . . .	...	...	...	40	2'49	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	32	...	...	1'26	10	...
Other diseases of the male organs of generation.	6	1	1	119	6'69	...	2	...	3	...	8	...	...	145	...	3	9'00	206	1

TABLE XXIII—continued.

DETAIL of DISEASES.

Diseases.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.											INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India.	
	British Officers attached to European Troops.			Men.			Women.		Children.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops.			Men Present enrolled.			Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.				Invalids.
DISEASES OF THE FEMALE ORGANS OF GENERATION.																				
Diseases of the ovary	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Diseases of the fallopian tube.	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Pelvic peritonitis	
Endometritis	53	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	
Displacements and distortions of the uterus.	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Inflammation of vagina	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New growths, non-malignant of uterus.	
Dysmenorrhœa	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Menorrhagia	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
Metrorrhagia	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	

Abortion . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	119	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
Hæmorrhage associated with parturition.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other diseases peculiar to women.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	2
Affections consequent on pregnancy and parturition.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	1
DISEASES AFFECTING CHILD.																				
Still-birth . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Asphyxia of child . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Premature birth . . . . .	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
DISEASES OF THE ORGANS OF LOCOMOTION.																				
Osteo-myelitis . . . . .	...	...	...	7	'93	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	1'39	6	...
Periostitis	1	...	...	30	2'46	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	1	3	2 55	23	...
Other diseases of bone, periosteum and cartilage.	...	...	...	3	'98	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	10	2'25	7	1
Arthritis	4	...	...	47	3'05	...	4	5	...	...	2	...	...	...	59	...	7	3 97	65	1
Synovitis	21	...	...	694	28'92	...	6	3	...	6	...	28	...	...	445	1	28	23'41	155	...
Other diseases of joints	8	...	1	138	11'30	...	9	2	...	...	5	...	...	...	67	...	25	5'75	55	...
Disease of the spine . . . . .	...	...	...	7	'65	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	3	'69	25	...
Myalgia	25	...	...	467	11'80	...	...	58	...	4	...	19	...	...	307	...	2	9'56	185	...
Flat-foot . . . . .	...	...	...	31	1'65	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	'05	...	...

Other diseases of the areolar tissue.	...	...	...	8	45	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	15	...	...	69	14	...
DISEASES OF THE SKIN.																				
Dermatitis	3	...	...	95	4:59	1	...	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	202	...	2	8:58	32	...
Ulcer	2	...	...	28	1:56	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	74	...	...	3:71	1,629	...
Boil	23	...	...	601	16:53	...	...	8	...	9	...	13	...	...	560	...	...	18:67	934	...
Carbuncle	2	...	...	17	86	...	...	6	...	...	...	6	...	...	25	1	...	1:02	88	1
Urticaria	5	...	...	34	76	...	...	7	...	6	...	3	...	...	53	...	...	1:39	60	...
Impetigo	7	...	...	238	11:12	...	...	1	...	12	...	...	...	...	68	...	...	2:57	10	...
Eczema	6	...	1	104	5:44	...	3	4	...	8	...	2	...	...	328	...	6	15:38	284	...
Psoriasis	...	...	...	38	1:60	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	1:09	7	...
Scabies	...	...	...	61	1:57	...	...	1	...	7	...	1	...	...	640	...	...	25:67	747	...
Favus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Pediculosis	...	...	...	1	02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wart	...	...	...	23	1:61	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	77	6	...
Tinea	...	...	...	123	6:30	...	1	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	267	...	1	10:82	...	...
Acne	...	...	...	6	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	10	...	...	49	4	...
Prickly heat	...	...	...	16	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	13	7	...
Sycosis	...	...	...	15	79	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	2:69	6	...
Onychia	...	...	...	34	1:41	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	13	18	...
Whitlow	1	...	...	48	1:61	...	...	2	...	3	...	3	...	...	94	...	...	5:07	282	...
Ingrowing toe nail	3	...	...	108	4:37	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	14	...	...
Other diseases of the skin.	5	...	1	102	4:63	...	...	5	...	9	...	5	...	...	150	...	6	6:48	426	...

TABLE XXIII—continued.

DETAIL of DISEASES.

Diseases.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.											INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India.	
	British Officers attached to European Troops.			Men.			Women.		Children.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops.			Men present onrolled.			Admissions.		Deaths.	
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.					
DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS.																				
Acute nephritis	22	2·95	1	2	5	...	2	..	1	1	...	25	4	11	2·10	109	20
Chronic nephritis	1	...	...	2	·31	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	2	·24	108	29
Cystitis . . . . .	...	...	1	26	1·22	...	...	19	...	1	...	3	...	27	1	...	1·32	33	6
Calculus of bladder . . . . .	...	...	...	4	·89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	·43	7	...
Incontinence of urine . . . . .	...	...	...	4	·25	...	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	6	...	1	·30	2	...
Hæmaturia	1	...	...	32	2·36	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	18	...	...	·64	18	...
Other diseases of the urinary.	11	...	1	99	6·63	1	3	17	...	4	...	2	...	180	1	6	8·07	61	3	
GENERAL INJURIES.																				
Effect of heat due to climate.	6	...	1	153	5·09	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	...	13	...	...	·32	16	3
Heat-stroke	2	1	1	59	2·42	20	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	...	·47	197	24

Sun-stroke	...	...	...	1	'08	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Other general injuries	...	1	...	3	'06	19	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	17	...	'22	61	4	
LOCAL INJURIES.																				
Burns and scalds	6	...	...	77	2'87	...	...	3	...	16	6	2	...	...	213	1	2	9'58	116	1
Abrasions	18	...	...	218	6'57	...	...	2	...	2	...	6	...	...	200	...	...	5'82	36	...
Wounds, G. S. W.	1	...	1	33	4'46	5	7	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	58	18	9	4'97	20	1
General wounds	23	1	1	396	18'81	...	6	8	...	23	...	20	...	...	1,490	7	19	67'72	1,282	3
Contusion	52	1	1	639	21'89	...	1	11	...	8	...	62	...	...	1,472	1	11	53'01	445	...
Concussion	16	...	2	52	2'82	...	2	4	...	3	...	11	1	1	37	...	2	2'32	4	1
Sprain and strain	47	...	...	838	30'73	...	...	11	...	12	...	43	...	...	451	...	4	16'72	188	...
Fracture of bones and cartilages.	54	3	4	543	43'28	10	16	18	1	50	1	27	1	1	859	22	71	87'31	375	11
Dislocation and displacement.	7	...	...	130	8'30	..	4	1	...	5	...	5	...	...	33	...	10	7'15	22	...
Injuries self-inflicted	...	...	...	6	'23	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1
Other local injuries	3	1	...	46	2'55	3	2	1	...	4	...	7	...	...	71	17	4	3'74	766	33
TUMOURS AND CYSTS.																				
Carcinoma	...	...	...	1	'35	1	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	'11	1	...
Sarcoma	...	...	...	2	'46	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	1	'87	4	1
Other malignant new growths.	2	...	...	35	3'40	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
New growths, non-malignant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	1	4	2'76	34	...
Cysts	...	...	...	65	2'23	...	...	5	...	5	...	1	...	...	109	...	1	4'71	27	1
MALFORMATIONS.																				
...	...	...	...	7	'62	...	3	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	11	...	1	'63	3	...

TABLE XXIII—concl'd.

DETAILS OF DISEASES.

DISEASES.	EUROPEAN ARMY OF INDIA.										INDIAN ARMY.						Constantly sick.	Jail Population of India.								
	British Officers attached to European Troops.			Men.			Women.		Children.		British Officers attached to Indian Troops.			Men present enrolled.				Admissions.	Deaths.							
	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Constantly sick.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Invalids.	Admissions.	Deaths.				Invalids.						
POISONS.																										
Arsenic . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delirium Tremens	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Chloroform and other anæsthetic drugs.	..	..	..	1	'00	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	
Other chemical poisons	1	..	1	3	'07	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vaccines and sera	1	..	..	26	'30	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Snakes . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15	1
Insects . . . . .	..	..	..	2	'06	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	..
Vegetable poisons . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	44	1
All other poisons	5	..	..	3	'11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..
DISEASES DUE TO ANIMAL PARASITES.																										
Ankylostomum duodenale	1
															219	1	9	1653	6,785	7						

Ascaris lumbricoides	...	...	...	11	19	...	...	2	...	15	...	...	...	...	48	...	...	1-97	124	...
Bilharziosis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	1	51	...	...
Guinea worm	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	233	...	7	16-36	63	1
Tænia solium	2	...	...	133	3-05	...	1	13	...	21	...	3	...	...	80	...	...	2-27	2	...
Tænia Saginata	1	...	...	51	1-02	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	19	...	...	52	...	...
Other intestinal parasites	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	...	...	81	62	1
All other animal parasites	...	...	...	10	26	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	33	1	...	1-42	134	...
No appreciable disease	7	...	...	154	5-67	...	...	64	...	34	...	1	...	...	66	...	...	1-77	45	...
Anti-rabic treatment	7	...	...	2	12	...	...	4	...	3	...	3	...	...	14	...	...	22	4	...
All other causes	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	55	...	...	43	11	1
N. Y. D. other cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...
All causes	1,738	16	51	36,893	1758-6	171	910	2,492	21	2,822	122	1,219	10	9	52,517	507	1569	2082-50	74,025	1,718

TROOPS AND PRISONERS, 1926.