
THE
Annual Administration Report

OF THE
AUNDH STATE

FOR THE YEAR

1922-23.

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THE
Annual Administration Report
OF THE
AUNDH STATE
IN THE
SATARA AGENCY
FOR THE YEAR
1922-23.

FROM,

THE KARBHARI, AUNDH STATE.

TO,

THE POLITICAL AGENT,

SATARA.

Aundh, 5th July 1923.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit, by direction of the Chiefsahab, the Annual Administration Report of the Aundh State for the year 1332 Fasli ending 5th June 1923.

2. The usual Appendices as per list annexed accompany.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

3. The area of the State is 501 square miles. For the sake of administrative convenience it is divided into three Talukas and three Thanas. The population of the State, as per General Census of 1921, is 64,560. The gross Revenue based on the average of the past five years is Rs. 3,53,003-15-1.

Area, Population and gross Revenue of the State-

4. No tribute is paid by the State to the Paramount Power or to any other State.

Tribute.

5. The Chiefsahab Shrimant Bhawanrao Shrinivasrao alias Balasahab Pandit Pratinidhi is a Deshastha Yajurvedi Brahmin. He is 54 years of age. He is a graduate (B. A.) of the Bombay University, a Treaty Chief and a First class Sardar. His Ranisahab's name is Shrimati Sowbhagyawati Ramabaisahab alias Maisahab.

Family-

The Chiefsahab has got three sons and three daughters. The eldest son Shrimant Trimbakrao alias Rajesahab is 30 years old. The second son Shrimant Parashuramrao alias Appasahab is 10 years old. He is studying at the S. S. High School, Aundh in the IV standard. The third son is in the 6th year. His name is Shrimant Bhayasaheb. The eldest daughter Shrimati Wasantikabai alias Taisahab is 4 years old. The second daughter is 2 years old and her name is Shrimati Varshataisahab. The youngest daughter Shrimati Sundrataisahab who was born in the month of February last is running her 5th month.

6. Shrimant Rajesahab is a double graduate (B. A., LL. B.) of the Bombay University and was called to the Bar at the Middle Temple in London on the 17th of November 1922. His wife's name is Shrimati Sowbhagyawati Parvatibaisahab alias Vahinisahab. He has got two daughters and a son. Shrimati Krishnabai alias Akasahab the elder daughter is 8 years old. The younger daughter Shrimati Mainataisahab is 3 years old. The son is 4 years old and is not named as yet.

Shrimant Rajesahab's family-

7. Shrimant Rajesahab who was in England returned to India as expected with his family and Mr. P. A. Inamdar M. A., B. Sc. Superintendent of Education and Director of Industries of the State on the 4th of August last. At the time of his landing the Chiefsahab, some of the State officials and a large number of his friends and relatives were present at the Apollo Bunder to receive him. He arrived at Aundh on the 9th of August 1922 when he received a welcome from the people of Aundh and from prominent gentlemen from all the parts of the State and outside who had specially come for the occasion. He was taken to the Palace in a grand procession and received addresses from several public institutions. A grand Darbar was held in honour of his safe return to India with brilliant success in the work he

Arrival of Shrimant Rajesahab in India-

had taken in hand. Mr. P. A. Inamdar was also cordially welcomed and congratulated for his having achieved excellent success in the work for which he had gone to Europe.

8. The Chiefsahab's nephew Shrimant Shrinivasrao alias Annasahab passed the Matriculation Examination this year and has joined the Deccan College, Poona. He is now 17 years of age and enjoys good health.
- Chiefsahab's nephew
9. The important domestic event in the Chiefsahab's family during the year of report was the sad demise of his grand-son Shrimant Gangadharrao (Shrimant Rajesahab's youngest son) who was born at Paris. He died of convulsions all of a sudden in London on 19th July 1922.
- Domestic events-
10. Another event of note in the Chiefsahab's family was the thread ceremony of his second son Shrimant Appasahab, which came off successfully on the 28th of March last. Grand preparations were made for the occasion. Mr. E. Clements, District Judge, Satara, Shrimant Bala-sahab Patwardhan, Chief of Miraj (senior), Rao Bahadoor Vasudeorao Pandit Bar-at-Law, Nagpur, Rao Bahadoor R. R. Kale M. L. C., Satara and many other gentlemen graced the occasion by their presence. All the guests were most cordially received and were given the best hospitality.
- Thread ceremony of Chief-sahab's son-

Political.

11. During the year under report, the Chiefsahab had the pleasure of interviews in Poona and Mahableshwar with His Excellency the Governor, the Honourable Members of Council, the Honourable Ministers to the Government, the Commissioner C. D., the Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, the Director of Agriculture, the Registrar of Co-operative Credit Societies and other high officials of Government. He had also the pleasure of receiving return visits from almost all these officers.
- Interviews-

The Chiefsahab had also the pleasure of several interviews with Mr. A. Master and Mr. J. Ghosal, C. I. E. the then Political Agents, Satara. While in Satara he had also the pleasure of interviews with Mr. E. Clements, District Judge, Satara, Mr. Jolly, Assistant Judge, Satara, Mr. Baskerville, Assistant Collector, Satara, and Mr. Manley, District Superintendent of Police, Satara. These officers were also pleased to pay him return visits.

12. In the month of August last, the Chiefsahab had the honour of attending the Darbar held in Poona by His Excellency the Governor for the Sardars in the Deccan.
- Chiefsahab's attendance at the Darbar for the Sardars in the Deccan-

13. In the month of October last, the Chiefsahab had the pleasure of attending the Red Cross Fete organized by Mrs. Master at Satara in connection with the Red Cross Week in Bombay. He was one of the supporters of the movement and had sent some articles in aid of it.
- Chiefsahab's attendance at the Red Cross Fete at Satara-

14. The Chiefsahab had the pleasure of attending the unveiling ceremony of the Mahratta War Memorial performed by His Excellency the Governor at the Shanwar Wada, Poona in the month of November 1922.

15. In accordance with the wishes of Government complete suspension of all activities for two minutes was observed throughout the whole State on the 11th day of November 1922 at 11 A. M. in honour of the Armistice Day.

16. The Birth Day of His Gracious Majesty the King Emperor was observed as a public holiday throughout the whole State and all the offices and schools were closed on that account.

17. Mr. A. Master, I. C. S., the then Political Agent of Satara was pleased to pay a visit to Aundh in the month of October last. During his stay he saw several public institutions and expressed his satisfaction about them.

18. The distinguished persons who visited Aundh during the year under report were the Honourable Sir M. H. W. Hayward, K. C. I. E., I. C. S., Member of Council and Mr. E. Clements, District and Sessions Judge, Satara. His Holiness Shri Jagat Guru Shankaracharya Vidya Shankar Bharatee (Dr. Kurtkoti) of the Sankeshwar and Karweer Maths was also pleased to pay a visit to Aundh soon after the close of the year.

19. During the year of report the Chiefsahab made a tour as usual in all the Talukas of the State for the Jamabandi and inspection work. Besides the head quarter stations of the Talukas he visited some villages in each Taluka in order to see the condition of the people and to ascertain their wants and they were attended to as far as possible. He also visited Bombay, Poona, Satara and Mahableswhar for administrative purposes.

20. After his return from England, on attaining the distinction of a Barrister-at-Law, Shrimant Rajesahab has been associated with the administration of the State. The Chiefsahab was pleased to entrust him with the duties of putting into shape a new scheme of departmental reorganization which was satisfactorily formulated by him and sanctioned by the Chiefsahab. Uptill now the Karbhari used to supervise the work of all the departments of the State under the control of the Chiefsahab. Now all the departments of the State have been divided into seven groups and each group has been put in charge of a competent and experienced officer who is designated as Secretary. The Karbhari is entrusted with the work of the Revenue and Political Departments. The appointment of seven officers as Secretaries in sole charge of the various departments has had a salubrious effect upon the entire administration.

The despatch of work has been very speedy and efficient on account of the vigorous and enthusiastic working of the Secretaries who are

directly responsible to the Chiefaheb. A Council of the seven Secretaries has been formed of which the Chiefaheb is the President. All important questions relating to the administration of the State are freely discussed in the meetings of this Council and the decision of the Council is taken as final in each case.

Several important schemes for reforms have been already discussed and passed by the Council and are at present in the hands of the Chief Secretary who is drafting the working details for the same. The most important among these intended reforms relate to Municipal and Panchayat rights to be given to the public and a proper formation on a representative basis of the Rayat-sabha which is held every year.

A scale is also being prepared for regulating the pays and promotions of all the state servants.

A scheme of the complete separation of the executive and judicial powers in the State is under contemplation and it is hoped that it will soon be given effect to. As a step towards this the Karbhari has been divested of the powers of the District Judge and the appointment of a separate Sessions and District Judge has been made.

The system of inviting prominent persons from the State on behalf of the Rayats for discussing the annual budget of the State has been found very useful and it is greatly appreciated by the public of the State, as it gives them a direct and clear idea as to the way in which the resources of the State are being utilized. The meeting for the discussion of the budget was held, during the year, under the presidency of Shrimant Rajesaheb, the Chief Secretary. The discussion continued for three days and the persons invited evinced a great interest in the proceedings. Very useful suggestions and questions were put forth on behalf of the people and satisfactory explanations were given. In order that the persons from the Talukas invited for the budget discussion should fully represent the people and guard their interests it is now proposed to ask the people in the Talukas to send a certain number of elected members from their Talukas for discussing the budget every year and it is hoped that this system will have a more beneficial result.

21. There were many changes in the personnel of high officials of the State as will be seen from Appendix No. 1, Shrimant Rajesaheb Pant Pratinidhi, B. A., LL. B., Bar-at-Law has been appointed Chief Secretary and has complete control over the finance of the State. He has also been invested with the powers of the District and Sessions Judge. He is also in charge of the Khasgi Department and the Public Works Department. The work of the Huzur Treasury of which Mr. Ganesh Babaji Hivarekar, Daftardar was in charge was entrusted to Mr. Vasudeo Krishna Kulkarni B. Com. and Mr. Hivarekar was appointed as Secretary of the Judicial Department. He has also been invested with the powers of the First Class Sub Judge. Mr. Pandharinath Atmaram Inamdhar M. A., B. Sc. having returned from England and having resumed charge of his office, Mr. Narayan Vithal Goliwadekar reverted to his post of the Deputy Educational Inspector. Mr. Ramchandra Ganesh Hivarekar, Khasgi Karbhari, was appointed Secretary of the Home Department and manages the Police, Press and the Devasthan departments. The services of Mr.

Vasudeo Govind Joglekar, Forest Officer were dispensed with and his work together with the management of all the State gardens and the Agricultural department was entrusted to Mr. Shivram Govind Darshane B. Ag. Mr. Narayan Dattatraya Haridas B. A., LL. B. was newly appointed as a Sub Judge at Aundh.

Residency officials,

22. There are no Residency officials in the State.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

23. The whole State has been brought under Survey Settlement. The revenue survey was introduced in the Aundh, Kundal and Gundal Talukas in the year 1895 and is guaranteed for 30 years. The revision survey settlement of Kinhi and the Atpadi Taluka was made in the year 1895-96 and 1913-14 respectively. Three Inam villages in the State viz. one in the Kundal Taluka and two in the Atpadi Taluka are left unsurveyed as the holders thereof are not willing to have it introduced. The rates of survey assessment are light and the Ryots pay them with ease. There are no complaints against them.

Survey settlement.

24. At the close of the year the area of waste land was 2,160 acres and 5 gunthas. This year the land, which fell out of cultivation was 134 acres and 20 gunthas. The total area of waste land was thus 2,294 acres and 25 gunthas.

Waste land.

Out of this 3 acres and 22 gunthas were taken for cultivation during the year of report. The land lying waste at the close of the year was 2,291 acres and 3 gunthas. There was an increase of 130 acres and 38 gunthas in the waste land as compared with the last year which was due to relinquishment of some Mal lands by their occupants.

Alienations.

25. There were no alienations.

26. There was one boundary dispute between the village Aundh of this State and Yeliv a village in the Vaduj Taluka of the Satara District which was not settled during the year of report.

Boundary disputes.

27. No Takavi was granted during the year as there was no demand for it.

Takavi

28. The demand with arrears was Rs. 2,08,815-13-11 as against Rs. 2,06,632-2-4 in the previous year. The increase was due to sale proceeds of the occupancy rights of some of the lands belonging to the State. The collection was Rs. 1,97,254-0-11 as against Rs. 1,88,913-2-0 last year. The arrears that remained over at the close of the year were Rs. 11,561-13-0 as against Rs. 17,719-0-4 in the preceding year. Of the arrears Rs. 7,614-6-6 were for the year under

Demand and Collection.

report and Rs. 3,947-6-6 were for the past years. The arrears that remained to be recovered at the close of the year were due to the inability of some Ryots to pay the same.

29. No remissions or suspensions were granted during the year of report. Irrecoverable outstanding balance of Rs. Remissions and Suspensions. 298-13-11 was struck off the accounts this year. None of the more severe forms of coercive measures were taken for the recovery of land revenue except in a few cases penalty to the extent of one-fourth of the amount of land revenue was imposed on persons who were able but who wilfully delayed the payment.

30. The total cultivable area of land in the State was 2,84,067 acres and 30 gunthas. Out of this 2,81,776 acres and 27 Cultivable area. gunthas were brought under cultivation.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

31. The Laws and Regulations that are in force in the State are given in Appendix No. II. During the year of report the following Acts were newly introduced in the State.

Legislation.

(1) Act No. I of 1922, an Act further to amend the Court-fees Act, 1870.

(2) Act No. II of 1922, an Act further to amend the Indian Stamp Act, 1899.

(3) Law, Regulations and Rules relating to Opium and Intoxicating drugs, 1923.

32. There is no military force in the State and so Appendix No. III is blank.

Military Force.

Police.

33. According to the reorganization, the Police Department has been given in charge of Mr. R. G. Hivarekar who is designated as Secretary, Home Department. The details of the work of this department are as under:—

Police.

34. The Police force, maintained during the year at the cost of Rs. 13,407-1-3, numbered 65 heads including 11 mounted police. Appendix No. IV gives the description of this force. There were in all 4 Sub Inspectors, 14 Head constables and 36 constables. Out of them 16 are armed with breech-loading guns and the rest with 16 muzzle loading guns, 49 swords and 5 lances.

Strength and cost of the Police.

35. The number of Police able to read and write is 47 while 16 are

Education, Drill and Conduct under instruction. All the police have been trained in drill. The conduct of the police was good in general. None of them was fined or suspended for misconduct or neglect of duty during the year under report.

36. The ratio of police force to the area is 1 to 8 miles and that to Ratio to the area and population: population is 1 to 1,009 souls.

37. There are six police stations and 7 posts in the various parts of the State. One additional police post established at Dushere in the Kundal Thana of this State at the cost of the Police stations and posts. in the Kundal Thana of this State at the cost of the villagers will be removed soon as their conduct does not now necessitate its maintenance any longer.

38. There are, besides the regular police, 78 sundry armed men called Shibandi. They are employed on various guard duties and also supply escorts. They are all trained in drill. The total cost of Shibandi was Rs. 8,247-9-5 as against Rs. 8,507-14-8 last year.

39. The statistics furnished by the Appendices Nos. V and VI will show the working of the Police during the year under report. The number of cognizable offences was 42 as against 52 last year. The number of persons arrested was 46. Of these 44 were sent for trial and 2 remained with the police. Out of the accused sent for trial 39 were convicted and 5 were acquitted or discharged. The seven accused persons that had remained with the Magistrates at the close of the last year were tried and acquitted during the year under report. The percentage of convicted persons to those arrested was 84.7 and that to persons sent for trial was 88.6 as against 84.05 and 77.3 respectively last year.

40. Two important offences were committed during the year under report - one of murder and the other of dacoity. The offence of murder has been successfully worked out by the Police. The offence of dacoity is still under investigation.

41. The value of property stolen and recovered during the year of report was Rs. 8,941-13-6 and Rs. 3,238-7-0 against Property stolen and recovered. Rs. 3,588-3-9 and Rs. 999-4-9 respectively in the previous year giving the percentage of 36.2 as against 27.8 last year as will be seen from Appendix No. VI. A theft was committed at Kundal just at the close of the year and property worth about 2,869 was stolen away. The offence is still under investigation.

42. The District Superintendent of Police, Satara appreciated the services of the Sub-Inspector of Police, Kasam Rewards and Good Service Rajubhai and the Head Constable, Trimal Vyankaji certificates. and two constables who helped in arresting three Ramoshis in the Kukudwad gang case. A reward of Rs. 50 was given to these men in addition to good service certificates.

43. Mr. R. G. Hivarekar, Secretary Home Department of the State attended the Border Police Conference held at Gondawala in the month of March last by the District Superintendent of Police, Satara with a view to check the border offences and to facilitate the work of bringing them to light with the mutual help and co-operation of the State and the British Police and this conference proved a great success. The State co-operated with the British Police and other States in the work of arresting the Fararis.

44. The number of the Village Police was the same as last year. They consist of Police Patels and watchmen. All these persons are watandars. The help given by these men to the District Police is of great use. The Police Patels are not invested with powers under the Village Police Act, No. VIII of 1867. During the year of report 4 watchmen from Kargani and Banpuji were rewarded with money for helping the British Police to arrest some of the Ramoshis in the Kukudwad gang case. The conduct of the Village Police was good except that two Police Patels were suspended for neglect of duty and misconduct.

45. The number of accidental deaths during the year was 27 as against 22 of the previous year. Of these, 20 died from drowning in water, one from snake-bite, one from lightning and 5 from other causes.

Criminal Justice.

46. The number of Criminal Courts at work during the year under report was 8. The details of the work done by these Courts are given in Appendices Nos. VII and VIII. The Huzur Court presided over by the Chieftsaheb is the principal Criminal Court and exercises the powers of the High Court. Shrimant Rajesaheb exercises the powers of the Sessions Judge and the Karbhari exercises those of the District Magistrate.

47. The total number of cases brought to trial before all the Courts was 75 including the balance of 5 as against 74 last year. All of them were disposed of. The total number of persons dealt with by these Courts was 123 as against 214 last year. Out of them 64 were convicted, 57 were acquitted or discharged and 2 absconded themselves before trial. Out of 57 persons who were acquitted or discharged 21 were let off on compromise. The percentage of convictions to the number of accused brought to trial was 52.03 as against 72.8 in the preceding year.

48. Besides the Criminal Courts described in Appendix No. VIII there were 32 Panchayat Courts at work in 32 different villages of the State during the year of report.

Appendix No. VII-A and VIII-A give the description and details of the work done by these Courts. They had 31 cases involving 54 persons for disposal as against 35 cases and 53 persons in the preceding year. Of these 26 cases and 49 persons were disposed of leaving 5 cases and the same number of persons undisposed of at the close of the year. Of the persons dealt with one was

convicted, 17 were acquitted or discharged and 31 were let off on compromise.

49. The Village Panchayat Courts exercise such powers both Civil and Criminal as are specified by the Regulation made applicable to the State. Besides they are entrusted with the work of supervising schools, sanitation and water-supply. The work of the Village Panchayat Courts both Civil and Criminal is supervised by the Secretary, Judicial Department of the State. The work of these Courts was on the whole satisfactory.

50. The number of Criminal Appellate Courts at work during the year of report was three. The particulars of the work done by them will be seen from Appendix No. IX. There were in all 8 appeals before these Courts involving 11 persons. Out of them 6 were disposed of leaving 2 at the close of the year with the result that in three appeals the judgments of the Lower Courts were confirmed, in one it was modified and in two they were reversed.

51. There were no appeals against the decisions of the Village Panchayat Courts.

Civil Justice.

52. The details of the work done by the various Civil Original Courts will be seen from Appendix No. X. There were in all 5 Courts - 4 Second Class and one First Class, working during the year of report. They had to dispose of 348 suits including the balance of the last year as against 406 of the previous year. Of these 252 were disposed of as against 283 leaving a balance of 96 as against 123 in the previous year.

53. The total value of suits filed and disposed of was Rs. 63,154-0-7 and Rs. 66,210-3-9 as against Rs. 54,297-0-1 and Rs. 48,388-13-0 respectively in the preceding year. The number and value of landed property and money suits were 200 and Rs. 54,199-7-9 as against 258 and Rs. 50,638-0-1 respectively last year. The average duration of suits was 3 months and 19 days as against 3 months and 25 days in the previous year.

54. The total number of applications for the execution of decrees including the balance was 415 as against 460 last year. Of these 267 were disposed of as against 300 last year leaving a balance of 148 as against 160 in the previous year. Of the applications that remained over to be disposed of at the close of the year 55 were below 6 months, 41 below 12 months and 52 above 12 months.

55. The work of the Civil Courts was on the whole good. The Civil work of the Aundh Thana was hitherto entrusted to the Daftardar and Treasury Officer, Aundh State; but as he is now appointed Secretary of the Judicial Department and First Class Sub Judge under the new system, a separate post of a Sub Judge was created and Mr. N. D. Haridas B. A., LL. B. was appointed in his place.

56. The Panchayat Courts are invested with civil powers to decide suits about money transactions only upto Rs. 100.

Civil Work of the Village Panchayat Courts. The work is carried on the principle of civil laws. The execution work of the decrees, made by the Panchayat Courts, is done by the Taluka Sub-Judges. Appendix No. X-A gives the details of the work done by the Village Panchayat Courts. They had to dispose of 71 suits including the balance of 27 as against 85 in the previous year. Of these 48 were disposed of leaving a balance of 23 at the close of the year as against 58 and 27 respectively in the previous year. The value of suits filed and disposed of was Rs. 2,104-8-0 and Rs. 2,308-2-9 as against Rs. 3,071-8-8 and Rs. 2,262-14-10 respectively in the previous year. The average duration of suits was 3 months and 6 days as against 3 months and 11 days last year. The work of the Panchayat Courts was on the whole good.

Appellate Work.

57. There are two Appellate Courts in the State. The powers of the High Court are exercised by the Chiefsahab and those of the District Judge are exercised by Shrimant Rajesaheb. The work of these Courts is detailed in Appendix No. XII. The number of appeals for disposal was 98 with balance as against 118 last year. Of these 51 were disposed of as against 60 last year leaving a balance of 47 against 58 in the previous year. The average duration in the Huzur Appellate Court was one month against one month and eight days in the last year and that in the District Judge's Court was two months as against two months and 15 days in the previous year. It will be seen from these figures that the civil appellate work was done as promptly as possible.

58. There were no appeals against the decisions of the Panchayat Courts.

The Mamltdars' Courts Act.

59. The Mamltdars had to dispose of 12 suits as against 10 last year. All of them were disposed of. There were three applications for revision of which two were disposed of. In both of them the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed and the third one is awaiting disposal at the close of the year.

60. There was a demand for 6 persons from the British territory of whom 4 have been surrendered. Warrants have been issued by you for the surrender of the remaining two persons but they have not as yet been executed as one has absconded himself and the other is still wanted by the British Police for the offences which he has committed in the British territory. Five persons from this State were handed over to the British Police. There was no want of reciprocity in the surrender of accused persons.

Prisons.

61. The Huzur Jail at Aundh is the Central Jail of the State; besides

Jails and Lock-ups this there are four lock-ups at the Taluka stations. The building of the Huzur Jail at Aundh is strong, airy and convenient to accommodate all sorts of prisoners. The Jail premises are kept clean. The Medical Officer at Aundh superintends the Huzur Jail and the Taluka lock-ups are in charge of the Mamlatdars.

Prisoners. 62. The total number of prisoners in the Huzur Jail and the Taluka lock-ups was 77 as against 119 last year. The number of prisoners that remained at the close of the year was 39 as against 27 last year as will be seen from Appendix No. XIII. The health of the prisoners was, on the whole, good. One prisoner died of consumption in the Huzur Jail. He was ill since he was transferred to the Huzur Jail from the Andamans where he contracted the disease. The conduct of the prisoners was generally good. There were no juvenile prisoners. Two prisoners had absconded themselves from the Huzur Jail, Aundh during the year, but they were recaptured.

Prison labour, 63. Uptill now the prisoners were generally employed in the Public Works department as ordinary labourers. The department has now provided the jail with two hand-loom and arrangements have been made to teach them weaving and carpet making. They have woven cloth for the prison use and it is hoped that by the end of the next year, a good deal of progress will be made.

Admission of transported prisoners in the State Jail. 64. Under Order No. 4,674 dated 20th June 1921 from the Government of Bombay, Political Department, received with your No. M. S. C. S. R/673 dated 2-7-21 and a reply thereto No. 324 dated 4-7-21, three convicts belonging to this State under sentence of transportation were transferred to the State in consequence of the abolition of the Penal settlement in the Andamans and they have been accommodated in the Huzur Jail at Aundh.

Jail Expenditure 65. The total expenditure of the Jail Department was Rs. 3,470-3-5 as against Rs. 6,176-11-5 last year.

Registration. 66. Appendices Nos. XIV and XV give particulars of the Registration work. The number and value of documents presented for registration were 601 and Rs. 2,72,015-9-5 as against 749 and Rs. 3,15,419-11-0 last year respectively. The fees realized were Rs. 1,893-1-3 as against Rs. 1,961-12-3 last year. No documents remained to be registered. The decrease in the number of documents presented for registration as well as in the amount of fees realized was due to favourable season.

Establishment 67. No separate establishment is maintained for the registration work. It is done by the Taluka Mamlatdars. The Daftardar exercises the powers of the District Registrar whose office is at Aundh. There was no appeal under the Act to the District Registrar.

Municipalities. 68. The number of Municipalities in the State is three. They are all elected bodies. The principal sources of their income are house-tax, wheel-tax and cattle-pound-fees. The chief items of expenditure are sanitation, lighting, water

supply and repairs of roads within the village areas. As the income of the Municipalities is not sufficient it has to be supplemented by contributions from the State funds. The details of receipts and disbursements of the Municipalities will be seen from Appendix No. XVI. The receipts including the balance were Rs. 5,069-15-10 as against Rs. 4,615-15-5 and the expenditure was Rs. 4,246-2-1 as against Rs. 3,502-10-10 in the previous year. These bodies, though small, work with great interest and zeal.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

69. Rainfall was generally sufficient throughout the State during the year as will be seen from Appendix No. XVII. It was not, however, well-distributed and consequently the season did not turn out to be a very favourable one. There was sufficient rain for the Khariff sowing except in the Gundal Taluka but afterwards it held out in almost all the parts of the State as a result of which the Khariff crops did not give a good yield. The rainfall for Rabi sowing was generally not quite adequate and besides it held out afterwards in some parts in consequence of which the Rabi crops did not also yield a satisfactory out-turn. The season was, on the whole, a favourable one. The out-turn of Khariff and Rabi crops varied from annas 6 to 8 and annas 6 to 10 respectively. The area under sugarcane increased on account of better supply of canal water at the planting season. There was a decrease in the area under cotton which was due to scanty rainfall in August and September. The cultivation of ground-nut and wheat increased as there was sufficient rain at the sowing season. Irrigated crops thrived well. The supply of water for drinking as well as irrigation purposes was adequate.
70. The State was free from the visit of locusts during the year.
71. The demand for labour both agricultural as well as non-agricultural was, as usual, very keen and the rates of their wages remained unchanged. The rates of skilled labour varied from a Rupee to a Rupee and a half while those of the unskilled labour ranged from annas 6 to 8 per day. The rate of cart hire was also the same as that of the last year viz. from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-8 per day.
72. Appendix No. XVIII gives the rates of staple food grains. It will be seen from it that the prices of the food grains have fallen down as compared with the last year on account of two successive favourable seasons.
73. The land set apart for forest purposes was 3,248 acres. No new land was reserved during the year. The forest chiefly consists of rocky hills and unarable lands. Their grazing rights are sold every year.

74. The supervision of the forest lands in the State has been entrusted to Mr. S. G. Darshane B. Ag., Secretary of the Agricultural Department. He has continued the work of teak cultivation in the hilly tracts of the State round about Aundh, begun by Mr. V. G. Joglekar and is also trying to gradually increase the tree-growth in the forest lands with a view to enhance their income. The expenditure on account of the Forest Department during the year was Rs. 1,229-14-0.

Trade, Manufacture, Arts and Industries.

75. The State being very much scattered no facilities can be had for the promotion of trade. The chief imports are:—

Imports. Rice, sugar, salt, spices, cocoanuts, cloth, coal, stationery, piece-goods, yarn, timber, tiles, stones, metal-pots, bangles, coke, kerosene oil, raw materials for making glass, soda, cast iron, chemical apparatus, photographic materials and other articles required for daily use. Of the imports coke, coal, raw materials etc. are consumed largely by Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers Ltd., the Ogale Glass Works Ltd., the State Laboratory, the Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy, the Dispensaries, the electric plant and the oil engine attached to the Palace at Aundh.

76. The principal exports are:—

Exports. Wheat, gram, jowari, bajri, groundnut, turmeric, jaggery, cotton, linseed, safflower-seed, wool, khadi, blankets, cattle, tanned leather, hides, iron agricultural implements, iron decorative railings, glass chimneys, globes, bangle glass, electric shades of various patterns and table dishes.

77. The control system as regards the export of food-stuffs from the State has been found useful in the interests of cultivators and has been consequently maintained.

78. The Iron Factory of Messrs. Kirloskar Bros. Ltd. at Kirloskarwadi is progressing well. During the year there was heavy demand for ploughs and other implements and large extensions were made in each department. A large number of machines was purchased. The company has this year sent to Europe a representative of its factory for the purchase of machinery. The profits of the company increased considerably and 15% dividend was given to the share-holders.

79. The factory at present turns out ploughs, chaff-cutters, cane-mills, mote-wheels, drilling machines, ornamental cast iron railings, settees, brackets, bolts and nuts. The business of the factory is extended to U. P. and other distant provinces and the Rajputana States. The increase of business and the extension have compelled the managing agents to build new and extensive buildings for the factory.

80. There is no adequate supply of water for the use of the factory

Miscellaneous. and fresh plots are tapped for getting water and numerous devices are being tried in the brooks. After ten or twelve years the factory has realized the value of the advice of the State Authorities in taking apprentices to get skilled and trained labourers. This is surely a great sign of progress.

81. The company is doing a great deal in the workmen's welfare work and this year a regular medical officer is appointed to look after the health of the workmen in the factory. Medical and other help It would be beneficial if they show a great interest in educating the employees. With the great experience, it is hoped that they will try their best to turn out very nice finished articles and castings and keep their rank at the top in these days of keen competition.

82. The Chiefsahab and Shrimant Rajesahab visited the factory during the year of report. Besides, the Chief of Ichalkaranji, Mr. Perin, Consulting Engineer to the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Mr. Madhavrao, Secretary of the Mysore Distillation and Iron Works, Major Howie of the Indian Iron and Steel Co. Ltd., Asansol, and Shri Jagadguru Shankaracharya, Math Karveer were also pleased to visit the Factory during the year under report.

83. The Ogale Glass Works have worked satisfactorily during the year and they have been able to give 6% dividend to the share-holders this year. They were unable to satisfy the demand for some of their goods and the factory is in sore need of expansion. Ogale Glass Works.

84. The new feature of this year is the preparation of glass-jars and paper-weights in addition to the different sorts of chimneys, globes, tumblers, bangle-glass, electric shades of various patterns, artistic table dishes and glass-roofing tiles. Recently a pottery section is opened with the aid of the State and a small machinery for preparing earthen tiles etc. is erected and Minton tiles etc. will soon be prepared. Articles manufactured.

85. For the several operations in the glass work many small machines are devised and set up and some purchased and a good deal of saving is thus made by reducing a large number of labourers who were formerly required to do these operations by hand. Thus it will be seen that the glass-works are making a rapid progress and their products are equal to those manufactured in Western countries. Introduction of machines for labour.

86. The Chiefsahab, Shrimant Rajesahab and other members of the Chiefsahab's family and most of the State officers visited the factory and expressed satisfaction at the steady progress of the factory. Among visitors from outside may be mentioned Mr. R. D. Bell, Director of Industries, Bombay Presidency, the District Traffic Superintendent and General Manager M. & S. M. Ry., Mr. J. Ghosal C. I. E., I. C. S., the then Collector of Satara, Sardar M. V. Kibe and the Honourable Dr. R. P. Paranjpye and the Honourable Mr. C. V. Metha, Ministers to the Bombay Government. Visitors.

87. The factory has increased its capital and proposes to work vigorously for the production of glassware of all kinds and also for the manufacture of articles which promote the use of glass-ware manufactured by the company. A visit to either of these factories is well worth the trouble and will convince the visitor of their high efficiency and admirable management of their staff.

88. The Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy of Kinhi is making a steady progress and the Ayurvedic medicines are having a greater demand. Dr. G. K. Patankar has taken one special drug for circulation and he has advertised it on the modern Western lines and it has a very wide demand from all parts of India. Dr. Patankar has also undertaken special cultivation of rose and other medical plants.

89. The silk manufacturing experiments of Mr. A. S. Deshpande at Kinhi, are quite successful and a small silk factory will soon be started. Mr. Deshpande has prepared a considerable quantity of silk by rearing silk worms at Kinhi.

90. The Yantra Shala at Kinhi manufactures some small machines in the cotton trade such as spinning and pern-winding. Some of the machines will soon be popular and will have a great demand. The Yantra Shala also manufactures perfumed Udabattis which are very popular and have a great sale.

91. Mr. M. S. Mulay M. A., the research chemist and the Superintendent of the Aundh State Industrial Laboratory worked during the year mainly on the following four problems:—

- (1) Water-proofing. (2) Oils and waxes. (3) Castor oil.
(4) "Safety" and "Strike-anywhere" matches,

His experiments show that water-proofing will be economically successful; experiments on oils and waxes in general and on the extraction of "Castor oil" in particular were undertaken in the latter part of the year and they are showing hopeful progress. The last mentioned problem i. e. the problem of "Safety" and "Strike anywhere" matches taxed almost the whole of the manual and mental energies of Mr. Mulay during the course of the year. Now it will be given a fair trial on economic lines for a month or two, to see whether it can be established as a Cottage Industry in the Aundh State.

92. The Weaving Factory at Aundh did not work successfully owing to want of sufficient capital to buy the necessary machines such as warping and sizing machines and a few looms to make it sufficiently self-sufficing on economical lines; besides the management was not quite efficient and so it had to be stopped. Weaving with power-looms will not be successful on a small scale as is seen from the failure of many such factories in British India and other States.

93. There are many weavers at Kundal, Atpadi and Gundal working on improved fly-shuttle-looms and they are doing good work.

94. Mr. Dandekar of Kundal is working a small grinding mill and groundnut decortivating machine on a small oil engine.
Miscellaneous industries. There is a decorticator being used at Saidapur also.

95. Oils from ground-nut, safflower, karanj and other oil-seeds is extracted by country presses at many places in the State especially in the Atpadi Taluka.

96. Hides are tanned at Kinhi and many places in the Atpadi Taluka. They are generally exported to Bombay, Karachi and other trade-centres.

97. The cutlery factory at Aundh manufactures cutlery, Adkittas, veterinary surgical instruments, stirrups, bridles, spurs and many iron and brass things commonly required. It is under the supervision of the Director of Industries and is doing good work.

98. The year shows a good progress of industries in all parts of the State and there is a general awakening among the people all over the State in industrial lines. If this is supplemented by advancing small sums from the State to more people for a few years many small industries will jump out from the efforts, at present being made by the people in general.
General remarks.

99. Mr. P. A. Inamdar M. A., B. Sc. is the Director of Industries in the Aundh State. He was specially deputed by the Chieftsaheb to Europe to acquire knowledge of various industries. He has now returned after having obtained much useful information. During the year of report he took keen interest in the industrial development of the State.
Director of Industries.

100. Appendix No. XIX will show the total expenditure incurred on the State and Local Fund public works. The total amount spent was Rs. 21,376-2-11 against Rs. 20,310-6-6 in the previous year. No new works of importance were undertaken during the year. The amount spent was on account of repairs to roads, additions and repairs to the Palace at Aundh and other buildings, offices and bungalows and the building of a new ferry boat.
Public Works.

101. The number of Post Offices in the State is 8, Of these two are Sub Post Offices while the rest are Branch Offices. The tonga service which is in use for carrying mails from Aundh to Rahimatpur station has been very useful to the Postal Department and the public. The Aundh Sub Post Office transacts business with the Aundh State Treasury as sanctioned by Government in their Resolution No. 2,841 dated 4th September 1911, Financial Department.
Post Offices.

102. Combined with the Post Office there is only one Telegraph Office at Aundh which meets the convenience of the State as well as of the public. It is still a guaranteed Office.
Telegraph.

103. There is no mint in the State. The currency of the British Government is in use.
Mint.

104. The season was, on the whole, a favourable one and the condition of the agriculturists was generally good. There was a great demand for labour. The rates of wages remained high while the prices of food grains considerably fell down, on account of the favourable season and consequently the labouring class thrived very well. Artisans and weavers also fared well. The condition of the people was, on the whole, good.

105. Public health was generally good except for the small mortality from plague and cholera. There was an increase in the ratio of both births and deaths. The former was due to favourable season while the latter was partly due to the prevalence of epidemics.

106. Appendix No. XX shows the agricultural stock in the State. There was an increase in the number of plough-cattle, ploughs, sheep and goats while the number of milch cattle decreased. There was scarcity of fodder for some months in the Atpadi and Gundal Talukas and people consequently disposed of the surplus milch cattle and hence the decrease in their number. The condition of the cattle was generally good.

107. There was no immigration during the year. Emigration was also confined to those who usually migrate to trading centres for getting higher wages.

108. The management of the country liquor including toddy has been leased to British Government for a period of 10 years commencing from 1st August 1914 for a yearly compensation of Rs. 11,500 subject to revision after a period of three years. The agreement about the Hemp-drugs has been renewed for a further period of one year from 1st April 1923 for a yearly compensation of Rs. 17,711. Opium farming is managed by the State on the same lines as those of the British Government.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

109. Appendix No. XXII gives details of receipts and expenditure during the year under report as compared with the previous year. The opening balance was Rs. 60,815-14-2 and the closing balance was Rs. 69,200-13-5. There is an increase of Rs. 8,384-15-3 in the closing balance as compared with the previous year.

110. The total receipts of the year were Rs. 4,32,582-8-1 as against Rs. 5,27,114-11-4 in the previous year. There is a decrease of Rs. 94,532-3-3 in the receipts. Last year a large amount of State Loan (item No. 13) was raised

which was not the case this year; besides the adjustment of Advances (item No. 11) was smaller than that of the preceding year and these account mainly for the decrease in the receipts of the year. The causes of increase and decrease under several heads of receipts are as given below :—

The increase under Land Revenue is due to the sale of some of the occupancy rights of lands and to the realization of arrears of the past year.

The decrease under Local Funds being small calls for no remarks.

The increase under the head Opium is due to large proceeds derived from auction sale of shops for the retail vend of opium and the duty realized therefrom.

The increase in Miscellaneous is due to the fluctuating nature of the receipts shown under this head.

The increase under the head Judicial is due to revision of rates for the court-fee and general stamps under the Stamp and Court Fees Acts introduced in the State.

The increase under the head Education being small requires no explanation.

The increase under the head Jail is due to a large amount being recovered on account of the jail labour.

The income of the State gardens was hitherto shown under the head Other receipts. It is now shown separately under this head.

The amount recovered on account of fines for removing the boundary marks was small and hence the decrease under the head Other receipts.

The amount recovered on account of Takavi was small and hence the decrease under this head.

The increase under the head Deposits is due to larger receipts on that account.

There was a small amount of adjustment of Advances and hence the decrease under this head.

No new debt was contracted during the year. The amount shown under this head is the amount of interest on the previous debt adjusted during the year.

No necessity arose of raising more money by State Loan and hence the decrease under this head.

The amount shown under item No. 14 is the amount of interest received on the War Loan Bonds that were in stock and sold afterwards.

The increase in interest received from the State Bank is due to large investment made in it.

111. The total expenditure of the year was Rs. 4,24,197-8-10 as against Rs. 5,59,231-11-5. There was a net decrease of Rs. 1,35,034-2-7 in expenditure. The causes of increase and decrease in expenditure under several heads are as given below :—

The decrease in the Khasgi and Paga departments was due to more favourable rates of articles of daily consumption this year.

The expenditure incurred under item No. 3 was incidental on account of the Thread Ceremony of the Chiefsahab's second son Shrimant Parashuramrao alias Appasaheb.

Shrimant Rajesaheb's stay in England was very short after the close of the year and hence the decrease under item No. 4.

There was no expenditure on item No. 5 and hence the decrease.

The decrease under item No. 7 and increase in items Nos. 8 and 9 were respectively due to the transfer of establishment from one department to another and the appointment of some officers according to the new reforms introduced during the year under report.

The increase under the head Educational Department was due to the purchase of some books and apparatus from Europe for the use of the secondary and primary schools.

The decrease under Shibandi being small calls for no remarks.

No uniforms were supplied to the Police during the year under report and hence the decrease under this head.

The number of prisoners in the Jail was small, the rates of food-stuffs were favourable and no expenditure was required to be incurred on account of the prisoners transported to the Andamans from this State as they were transferred to the State Jail and hence the decrease under this head.

Last year some outstanding bills of the Dispensaries were paid which was not the case this year and hence the decrease under this head.

The special appointment of a Forest Officer on a high salary continued for some time after the close of the year and hence the increase under this head.

More amount was spent during the year on account of the additions and repairs to the Palace at Aundh, bungalows and other buildings and the building of a new ferry boat and hence the increase under the head Public Works.

The increase under the head Minor Establishments being small calls for no remarks.

The increase under the head Dharmadaya was due to arrear payment.

The amount paid in Liquidation of Debts was small and hence the decrease under this head.

The expenditure incurred on account of touring and other Miscellaneous items was small and hence the decrease under this head.

The payment on account of Deposits and Advances was less and hence the decrease under these heads.

There was no arrear payment on account of Watandars and Hakdars and hence the decrease under this head.

The decrease under Pensions being small calls for no remarks.

A large amount was invested in the State Bank and hence the increase under this head.

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There was no arrear payment on account of Watandars and Hakdars and hence the decrease under this head.

The decrease under Pensions being small calls for no remarks.

A large amount was invested in the State Bank and hence the increase under this head.

The decrease under items Nos. 26 and 27 being small calls for no remarks.

Item No. 28 shows the interest paid on the amount of the State Loan that was raised last year.

The amount paid under item No. 29 was the residue of the payment of the Rayats' War Loan and hence the decrease.

The increase under the head State Laboratory was due to purchase of some chemicals and apparatus.

Last year some material was purchased for the Press which was not the case this year and hence the decrease under this head.

112. A mention has been made about the State Loan in para 93 of the last year's Administration Report. Out of the amount of Rs. 2,50,000 to be raised by the State Loan, Rs. 1,20,920 were raised last year and Rs. 61,925 were raised during the year of report (item No. 13 of Appendix No. XXII). There now being no necessity of raising the Loan to its full extent, it has been closed. The amount of the State Loan is to be repaid in the year 1932 and the interest on it is to be paid every year. Accordingly Rs. 8,645-3-11 were paid during the year as will be seen from Appendix XXII (item No. 28):

113. The debt against the State at the close of the year was as under: -

State Debt.	Debt at the beginning of the year including the State Loan raised last year	Rs. 2,58,624-12-1.
	Add interest	Rs. 21,231-14-4.
	State Loan raised during the year	Rs. 61,925-0-0.
	Total ...	Rs. 3,41,781-10-5.
	Deduct repayment (items Nos. 19 and 29) ...	Rs. 28,242-4-10.
	Balance to be paid	Rs. 3,13,539-5-7.

114. As a set off against this the State has got balance as under: -

Financial Condition.	Cash balance	Rs. 69,200-13-5
	Amount invested in the State Bank	Rs. 2,92,535-5-9
	Land Revenue arrears to be recovered	Rs. 11,561-13-0
	Total ...	Rs. 3,73,298-0-2

The above figures will show that the State is practically free from debt and its financial condition is good.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS &c.

Medical Relief.

115. Under the new system the Medical and Vaccination Departments of the State are entrusted to Mr. P. A. Inamdar M. A., B. Sc., for management. He also supervises the sanitation work of the State. The details of the work of these departments as furnished by him are as under :-

116. There are four dispensaries in the State viz. at Aundh, Kundal Atpadi and Gundal. These are charitable dispensaries and are in charge of qualified and experienced Medical Officers. The dispensary buildings are spacious and well ventilated.

117. Appendix No. XXIII gives details of the medical relief afforded by the several dispensaries in the State. The total attendance of patients in all the dispensaries was 15,134 as against 13,692 last year. There was an increase of 1,442 patients. The major and minor operations performed were 487 as against 512 in the previous year. The system of charging one anna per six doses from the patients outside the State continued during the year of report. Out of the patients treated 1,095 were from the British territory.

118. The prevailing diseases were fevers of intermittent and malarial types, dysentery, worms, bowel complaints, respiratory affections and diseases of the eye and skin.

119. Besides the dispensaries there are two native physicians employed at Kinhi and Kundal. They are very useful to patients who prefer to take native medicines. They treated 167 and 658 cases respectively.

120. During the course of their tours the Chiefsahab as well as Mr. Inamdar visited the dispensaries and found them working satisfactorily. Mr. A. Master, I. C. S., the then Political Agent, Satara was pleased to visit the dispensary at Aundh and his remarks are as under :-

“Everything is scrupulously clean and beautiful. A deputation of the villagers from Vanjarwadi, a British village was present to ask the doctor to attend a typhoid case, as the Pusesavli doctor would not come.”

121. The total expenditure on Medical relief was Rs. 5,168-6-5 as against Rs. 6,187-3-11 in the previous year.

122. There is no separate establishment for Sanitation. The Municipalities look after the sanitation of their respective villages. Where there are no Municipalities the sanitation is looked after by the Taluka Officers under the super-

vision of Mr. Inamdar. There are three Village Sanitation Committees at Kinhi, Dighanchi and Nimbavade and they are doing good work. The committee at Sangam Mahuli was abolished during the year of report at the request of the villagers. The income of the committees is very limited and is mainly derived from house-tax. The expenditure incurred is for the purposes of keeping the village clean, water-supply and lighting.

123. The vaccination work is done by the State vaccinators under the supervision of the Medical Officers of the State who are appointed Vaccination Inspectors of their respective Talukas. The Medical Officer at Aundh does the inspection work of Aundh, Kinhi and Sangam Mahuli Thanas. There are two vaccinators in the State. For the convenience of the work the State is divided into two divisions. The vaccinator at Atpadi does the work of vaccination of that Taluka while the vaccinator at Kundal does the vaccination work of the remaining Talukas. The work is carried on the same lines as those in the British territory.

124. The number of children vaccinated during the year was 2,071 as against 1,971 in the previous year. Of these 1,897 were successful, none was unsuccessful and the result of 174 was unknown. The work of the Vaccination Department was satisfactory. Glycerined lymph is used for vaccination. It is bought from Belgaum Vaccine Depot at an yearly cost of Rs. 104.

125. The total expenditure on Vaccination was Rs. 1,303-10-1 as against Rs. 1,440-5-6 last year.

126. Plague prevailed in four villages of the State with 161 attacks and 110 deaths. Rat killing operations were vigorously pushed on and as a result of them, the epidemic did not spread in the surrounding villages. Wherever there was an out-break of plague, the Medical Officers of the Talukas were sent and the people were inoculated. There was a mild attack of Influenza in the Atpadi Taluka, but there were no deaths. There was cholera in two villages of the State with 42 cases and 26 deaths. Provisions were made for a special medicine and treatment. There was small-pox in one village. There were 9 cases but no deaths. Public health was, on the whole, good.

127. Appendix No. XXIV gives the details about the births and deaths as well as the ratio per mile of the population. The total number of births and deaths was 2,637 and 1,503 as against 2,272 and 1,229 last year. The births and deaths ratio per thousand of the population was respectively 40·8 and 23·3 as against 35·19 and 19·03 in the previous year. The ratio of deaths was higher partly on account of the epidemic diseases. The ratio of births was also higher which was due to favourable season.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

128. Mr. P. A. Inamdar M. A., B. Sc. is the Superintendent of the Edu-

Supintendent. cational Department of the State. He was deputed to Europe by the Chiefsahab to get himself acquainted with different systems of education that are prevailing in the foreign countries. He returned in the month of August last and resumed his duties. His report on the education of the State is as under :—

Primary Education.

129. Appendix No. XXV gives the particulars of schools maintained during the year. The number of Primary schools is the same (48) as it was last year. There are, besides, 4 private schools and they will be either made State schools or given grants in aid next year. The people of the Kundal Taluka are inclined to pay the education fund and if it so happens seven new schools will be opened in that Taluka.

130. The total number of students in all the primary schools during the year is 2,260 as against 2,230 in the previous year. Of these 321 are Brahmins, 15 are Jains, 302 are Lingayats, 1,229 are Marathas and other Hindus, 207 are Mahomedans and 186 are of the depressed classes. The number of girls is 517. Of the 48 Primary schools 8 are allowed to teach five Marathi standards and the remaining teach only the first three standards. There are only three girls' schools, one at Atpadi, one at Aundh and one at Kundal. In all other schools girls and boys learn together. At Aundh boys of the Infant-class and the first standard are given under the care of the girls' school mistress and here also the girls and boys take their education together.

131. In most of the village-schools there is only one teacher and he has to engage all the different classes from the Infant-class to the third standard. In order to instruct the teacher how to do it and how to arrange a suitable time-table a model-class has been started at Atpadi under an able teacher and at times different teachers are asked to engage the class in the presence of the Inspecting Officer and many are now able to do so successfully. Similar classes will be opened next year in Gundal and Kundal Talukas.

132. Once a week all the teachers are called to attend a lesson given by one of them on some subject and when the lesson is over and the boys leave the school, they criticise the method and every thing about the teaching of the subject. When the Superintendent and the Deputy Educational Inspector have an occasion to attend these, they give proper instructions and see them carried out next time.

Compulsory Education.

133. All the schools observe the rules of Compulsory Education so far as making the attendance of children between 7 and 10 (both including) compulsory. For the first year education is free to all, but after this period those who are not State subjects are charged nominal fees.

134. Children of carpenters, smiths etc. are allowed to learn their respective handi-craft at home on condition that they come to the school-master for an hour every day to learn reading and writing. Appendix No. XXV-A gives details of these compulsory schools.

Middle Schools.

135. There are four Middle schools and they teach Vernacular V to VII standards and also 1 to III English standards along with them. The number of students is 277 including 5 girls. The classification is 114 Brahmins, 2 Jains, 18 Lingayats, 124 Marathas and other Hindus, 10 Mahomedans, 6 low-castes and 3 Native Christians.

136. Drawing and English are compulsory in all these schools. Debating unions for students as well as for teachers are established in all these schools.

137. Model-lesson-classes are held every week and they have proved to be very useful in giving efficiency to teachers. At Aundh provision is made to teach carpentry and singing also. Weaving is taught at Atpadi and Gundal.

138. The results of the Vernacular Final Examination and Drawing Examinations are as follows:--

V. F. Examination.

Name of the School.	No. presented.	No. passed.
Aundh.	4	2
Atpadi.	9	7 (One was an outsider).
Kundal.	6	6
Gundal.	2	2

Intermediate Drawing Examination.

Aundh.	3	2
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Elementary Drawing Examination.

Aundh.	4	2
Atpadi.	12	3

The result of the Kundal Middle School deserves special mention, for the total result of the Satara Centre is only 25%. Mr. Dabhade must be congratulated for this.

The mother tongue of the people of Gundal being Canarese no attempt was made uptill now to send students for the V. F. Examination and Mr. Yergattikar, therefore, gets the credit of this year's success deservedly.

139. The students of Aundh and Kundal appear for the V. F. Examination at Satara, those of Atpadi at Sholapur and those of Gundal at Bijapur and at this time one of the teachers accompanies them and they all make a trip to some historical place on their way back from the examination. This adds to the general knowledge of the students.

Visit to historical places.

Secondary Education.

140. The Shri Yamai Shrinivas High school, Aundh teaches English IV to VII standards. The number on the roll was 99 as against 71 last year. Of these 84 are Brahmins, 6 other Hindus, 1 Lingayat, 1 Jain, 4 advanced non-Brahmins, including the Marathas and 3 Mahomedans. The High School fared well during the year under report. The efficiency was well maintained throughout the year and the progress of the school, on the whole, was most satisfactory. The year under report saw a considerable rise in the number of students and this rise is a sufficient and reliable proof of the growing popularity of the institution.

Number and classification.

141. The moral, physical, mental and industrial education was properly attended to and successful efforts were made in imbibing the spirit of co-operation and self-sacrifice amongst the young students by showing them how they can be serviceable to the society, in which they move, in case of emergency. The Boy-Scout movement, which has taken root in the Aundh State long since, has also helped a good deal to create a healthy atmosphere among the students.

Mode of education.

142. Though no great progress was made in the field of Technical or Industrial Education, as it was anticipated, still no pains were spared to make improvements in that branch. A new and efficient carpentry teacher has been appointed and the former carpentry teacher has been deputed to learn manufacturing of matches, in the New Match Factory started by the Laboratory Superintendent.

Technical and industrial education.

143. In addition to this, the High School is now fortunately equipped with so vast a quantity of useful and important literature and material, brought from Germany, England and other European countries, that it will require herculean efforts on the parts of all teachers to extract from these full information for instruction in connection with every subject. The boys are sure to get knowledge and information of every important industry and it is far from boasting to say that the High School enjoys an unrivalled position in respect of possessing such a valuable stock of articles and apparatus in all branches of education.

New equipment of literature and apparatus.

144. All games, Indian as well as English, are played by the boys regularly. A special Gymnasium teacher has newly been appointed and he gives instruction in wrestling daily. The annual Shimaga sports were attended daily by the Chiefsahab, Shrimant Rajesahab and other members of the Chiefsahab's family. All of them showed a keen interest

Physical education, sports and games.

in the sports as well as in the dialogues and other performances and it is most gratifying to report that Shrimant Rajesabeb took active part in the sports by freely joining the teachers as well as the students in their play. In order to encourage the students, the Chiefsahab was pleased to sanction a sum of Rs. 40 to distribute prizes to the successful competitors.

145. A friendly Hockey match was played between eleven of the Aundh High School and those of the Satara High School; the result was indecisive, both sides claiming victory. The High School team was captained by one of the teachers Mr. B. V. Kale to whom goes the credit of organising the Hockey team.

146. The School Library as well as the Students' Library are being well managed. The Annual Elocution Competition was held during the Anniversary Festival of the Late Shrimant Shrinivasrao Maharaj and prizes to the extent of Rs. 20 were won by the High School students. The High School students have taken advantage of the lectures often delivered by distinguished guests of the Chiefsahab.

147. During the year under report a series of lectures on such subjects as "The Brain" "The Nervous System", "The Circulation of Blood" etc. was delivered by Dr. S. V. Pandit M. B. B. S. alias Shri Appa Maharaj of Kolhapur. The lecturer made the subject easier by his tactful arrangement of the wide and minute points of the subjects, coupled with his power of giving the appropriate Marathi expressions or terms for the most difficult English ones. The models and charts were useful to make the subject easily understood.

148. The results of the School Leaving Certificate Examination and also of the Drawing Examinations were most encouraging. 20 candidates were sent up for the S. L. C. Examination of whom 19 passed and 34 were sent up for the Elementary and 14 for the Intermediate, of whom 20 and 9 passed respectively. Last year a prize for the Nature Drawing was won by D. N. Wadadekar of the High School. The Chiefsahab has duly complimented the staff.

149. There were a few changes in the staff. Mr. Naik had gone on leave without pay for one year and Mr. Patki was appointed in his place. On his going on leave Mr. Ingle was appointed. Mr. Naik has now resumed his duties in the month of June 1923.

General.

150. The following statistical table clearly shows the different levels in the education of Brahmins, Lingayats, Marathas and other Hindus and Mahomedians.

No. in	Brahm.	Ling.	Mahomed.	Other Hindus.
Primary Schools	321	302	207	1229

Middle Schools.	114	18	10	124
High School.	84	1	3	10

This shows that the Lingayats are the most backward in education. Next to them are the Mahomedans, Marathas and other Hindus must make three-fold efforts to come to the level of the Brahmins.

151. Mr. A. Master, the then Political Agent, Satara paid a visit to all
Visit of the Political Agent. the schools at Aundh on 13th October 1922.

152. Promotions are given to all deserving teachers and other servants
in accordance with the scale sanctioned by the Chiefsahab.

153. Shimaga Sports and races were held this year at Aundh, Atpadi
and Gundal. At Aundh there were also night program-
Sports at Taluka stations. mes of lectures, dialogues, speeches etc. The Chief-
sahab was pleased to sanction for the Atpadi school,
a small sum for sports and races of the boys specially held there in his presence.

154. Students' Industrial Exhibitions at Atpadi and Gundal were open-
ed by the Chiefsahab and those at Aundh and Kundal
Students' Industrial were opened by Mr. V. R. Guttikar, Sub Judge, Poona
Exhibitions. and Mr. K. S. Dikshit, Deputy Educational Inspector,
Satara respectively. The result of these exhibitions was
that Mr. Kirloskar offered a sum of Rupees fifteen hundred to persons who
would undertake one of the handicrafts as the sole means of livelihood and the
Chiefsahab declared to allow him six month's leave on full pay. This year no
one has come forward. It is hoped that in the next year one or two will do so.

155. Another result of these exhibitions is that the students and teachers
are always striving to select and prepare some article
Result of exhibitions. which may be a necessary thing for every-day use,
Card-board-slates, buttons, slate pencils, holders and
inks are prepared by teachers and students from different schools. It was gratify-
ing to note that they prepared some articles which would have been even diffi-
cult to suggest to them to prepare, e. g. inks were prepared by Messrs, Deshpande
and Bidkar and the former even prepared ink for fountain pens and steel slates
like German Emata Slates.

156. The teaching of weaving at Atpadi and Gundal has proved very
useful and one loom is recently given to the Middle
Weaving. School at Kundal this year.

157. Hostels were full this year and four students had to be kept in
each room. There is necessity of more rooms,
Hostels. Boarding and boarding scholarships were given on
the same conditions and restricted almost to State
students.

158. Two students are given scholarships to prosecute their college
studies and one is still studying at Satara in the
Scholarships. Aryangla Medical School.

The Nene Milk Scholarship was this year also awarded to G. D. Kulkarni, a student in the V Standard of the Aundh High School.

159. A nominal fee of 5 annas is charged in the High School and in the
Fees. other schools half an anna to two annas.

160. All the schools were inspected either by the Superintendent or by
Inspection. the Deputy Educational Inspector. Schools in the Atpadi and Gundal Talukas have separate Inspecting Officers and in addition to the Inspector's and the Superintendent's visits they inspect the work of the teachers often. Mr. Yergattikar who has been appointed an Inspecting Officer at Gundal last year worked very satisfactorily and improved the schools to a considerable extent within a period of one year only. Arrangement will be made to have such an Inspecting Officer for the Kundal Taluka also.

161. The work of framing a new curricula is divided among different
New Curricula persons in the department and they are instructed by the Superintendent to add or omit some details in each subject.

162. The Co-operative Stores at Aundh, Kundal and Atpadi are doing
Co-operative Stores. good work and one will soon be opened at Gundal.

163. The ninth day of the first fortnight of Kartika, the Chiefsahab's
Celebration on account of the Birth day, was celebrated at each Taluka school. At Birth-day of the Chiefsahab. Gundal it was celebrated under the presidentship of Shrimant Rajesaheb.

164. Besides the class-libraries at the S. S. High School, Aundh, there
Reading Rooms. are reading rooms at Atpadi, Kundal and Gundal where the teachers and students are the chief readers.

165. During the year under report, the Middle schools at Aundh and
Inspection by British Kundal were inspected by Mr. Dikshit, Deputy Educational Inspector, Satara and the other schools
and State Officers. in the State were examined by other Inspecting Officials. The Mamlatdars of the several Talukas and other State Officers also inspected the schools. A special mention is necessary of the following gentlemen who take a very great interest in the Educational Department. They are Mr. V. K. Kulkarni B. Com., Secretary, Financial Department, Mr. R. G. Hivarekar, Secretary, Home Department, Mr. V. B. Gokhale, Mamlatdar of Gundal and Mr. T. T. Phadnis, Mamlatdar of Kundal. Their remarks are quite satisfactory and their suggestions are being attended to.

166. The Chiefsahab visited several schools in the different Talukas
Chiefsahab's visit during the course of his tour and opened some exhibitions. He also advised the people to educate their children, rewarded the industrial instincts in students and teachers and gave very valuable suggestions, which have been carefully noted and circulars issued accordingly.

167. The total expenditure of the Educational Department during the year was Rs. 38,559-2-6 as against Rs. 35,827-1-0 last year.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

State Bank.

168. The business of the State Bank was tolerably well done during the year under report, especially as the agriculturists had fared well owing to the good season. The Bank has advanced large sums to the agriculturists for various productive purposes and so far as this aim, viz. the general welfare of the agriculturists is concerned, the Bank claims complete success. Unfortunately a few villages in the Gundal and Atpadi Talukas suffered from the scarcity of rain and consequently the debtors of the Bank of these villages could not return their instalments in due time. Some of these debtors applied for postponement of their instalments. The Bank has granted postponements to all the applicants after duly considering their individual cases. With few exceptions, almost all the debtors have paid their instalments and interest regularly and it may be safely remarked that people have learnt the importance of returning their dues in the stipulated time and thus to facilitate the working of the Bank to a great extent. The Bank has financed the industrial concerns and also business men in the State and has as usual encouraged industry and trade which is one of the important objects of the State Bank.

169. In the beginning of the year the number of debtors of the Bank was 898. Now the number is increased to 920. The number of depositors is 180 as against 164 last year. This rise in the number of depositors is indicative of the Bank's sound business in as much as outsiders and well-to-do people in the State have deposited their savings in the State Bank. The total amount of debts advanced by the Bank is Rs. 4,23,713-11-8, while the amount of deposits is Rs. 4,24,436-5-1 including the amount invested by the State.

170. The Bank has advanced nearly Rs. 83,000 to various industrial concerns and business men in the State. This sum forms nearly one fifth of the total working capital of the Bank and it is invested especially for the encouragement of industry and trade. The important industrial concerns which received loans from the State Bank are- the Ogale Glass Works Ltd., the Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy at Kinhi, the Cutlery Works at Aundh, the Bharat Machinery Works at Kinhi etc.

171. The Bank has also helped many Co-operative concerns in the State by advancing loans at a lower rate of interest and the amount so invested is nearly Rs. 16,000. In order to promote the Co-operative movement in the State the Bank first sanctions the loans asked for by the Socie

ties and then considers other applications. This year the Bank has slightly increased the rate of interest on loans given to Societies viz. from $7\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 per cent.

✓ 172. Apart from these profit earning business activities, the Bank has helped the cause of education by advancing loans at a nominal rate of interest viz. 2 per cent to the poor but deserving students of the State. The total amount so invested is nearly Rs. 7,000.

✓ Help to the cause of education.

173. The rate of interest usually allowed to the depositors varies from 3 to 6 per cent. The current deposits receive 3 per cent while the fixed deposits receive 6 per cent interest.

Rates of interest.

During the year under report fixed deposits for a period of 3 to 6 months were accepted by the Bank and the rate of interest allowed was from 5 to 6 per cent. The Bank advances loans at different rates of interest varying from 6 to 12 per cent. Special concession rate of interest is allowed to business-men, industries and co-operative concerns. The amount involved in the loans given to agriculturists on land mortgage is nearly $\frac{2}{3}$ of the working capital of the Bank and as these loans are generally of longer periods the circulation of money is rather slow and hence the profit accrued is also not as large as it would have been if the capital of the Bank would have circulated amongst business-men even at a lower rate of interest.

174. There are 4 branches of the State Bank each being established at the head quarters of every Taluka. The reports of the working of these branches are satisfactory and they show a considerable progress in their working. The accounts of the State Bank were audited by Mr. G. V. Patwardhan, Assistant Hon. Organiser of Co-operative Societies, Vadgaon-Haveli. He completely checked all the accounts of the Bank and found that the accounts were correct and the working satisfactory. The suggestions made by the last year's auditor were carried out this year and thus the working of the Bank has been considerably improved.

Branches of the State Bank and the auditing of its accounts.

175. During the year under report the important change in the working of the Bank was that the Treasury office of the State was given under the direct control of the Manager of the Bank and the change has resulted in enhancing the credit of the Bank and enabling the Bank to make use of the funds which would otherwise have been left idle in the treasury. The State investment in the Bank amounts to Rs. 2,92,535-5-9 which forms nearly $\frac{2}{3}$ of the total working capital of the Bank.

Control over the Treasury Office and investment by the State.

176. The Bank has tried its best to fulfil its aims and objects viz. the general welfare of the agriculturists and encouragement to new industries and business men. On the whole, it will be seen from the working of the State Bank that it is coming in contact with a greater number of business men every year and thus becoming more popular and if this progress will be continued the Bank will prove to be the most useful concern to the State subjects in a very short time.

Popularity of the State Bank.

177. The opening balance of the Bank was Rs. 3,47,586-8-10 including the cash on hand. The receipts during the year on account of deposits, investments and interest etc. were Rs. 1,58,399-12-0. The total amount at the close of the year was Rs. 5,05,986-4-10. The expenditure on account of payment of interest, deposits and establishment charges was Rs. 81,549-15-9. The net balance at the close of the year was Rs. 4,24,436-5-1. Out of this amount Rs. 722-9-5 were in cash and Rs. 4,23,713-11-8 in bonds.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

178. Last year the non-agricultural co-operative societies did their business extremely satisfactorily. In the beginning of the year under report the Swadeshi Co-operative Stores as well as Shri Bhavanrao Stores at Atpadi were newly registered and as no business was done by them, no remark was passed upon their working in the last report. These two stores did their business systematically and at the same time successfully. They have declared a dividend of $6\frac{1}{2}$ %. The Co-operative Stores in the Aundh High School worked most satisfactorily and paid a dividend of 40 per cent to the share-holders. This store is being worked on sound lines and the percentage of dividend is increasing year by year. The students of the High School and other schools get all the articles of stationery, cloth etc. at a considerably cheaper rate and of good quality. The Co-operative Store in the Middle School at Kundal is making a steady progress and the students and the teachers are taking full advantage of it. On the whole, it may be remarked that the non-agricultural societies in the State have done well. It seems that this success is due to the fact that these stores are under the able management of the educated people who more easily realize the importance of co-operation and follow the methods suggested by the officers concerned than the un-educated agriculturists do.

179. The report of the working of the agricultural societies is rather disappointing in as much as some of the societies have neglected the essential principles to be followed by the rural societies. The members of the managing committees of some societies seemed to be rather careless while sanctioning loans to the members and hence some societies could not return their instalments due to the State Bank, in time. In some cases it has been found that the members applied for loans for productive purposes while they had actually utilized the amount for unproductive purposes. The State Bank has issued a circular and advised the managing committees of all the societies to provide their members with their requirements instead of giving them loans in cash. The progress of the societies depends upon the successful working of this scheme,

180. The accounts of all the co-operative concerns in the State were carefully checked by Mr. G. V. Patwardhan, Assistant Honorary Organizer, Vadgaon-Haveli. He has ranked one society in class C and all others in class B. The number of members was 294 in the beginning while it is 411 at present. The working capital of all the agricultural co-opera-

tive societies is Rs. 19,937-5-4 and the reserve fund is Rs. 354-10-7.

Agriculture.

181. During the year of report Mr. S. G. Darshane B. Ag., Secretary of the Agricultural Department made a tour in the Talukas as usual and visited some of the villages in order to see the condition of agriculture and to give advice and instructions to the cultivators in matters connected with agricultural improvements. He laid particular stress, this year, on the use of copper sulphate as a preventive measure for the smut disease on Jowar and also on the use of artificial manures for sugarcane and other garden crops and the result is expected to be promising.

182. Mr. Darshane also made a tour in the Krishna Canal tract in the month of December last in company with Mr. A. B. Modak, proprietor of the Union Agency, Bombay and Mr. S. D. Nagpurkar M. Ag, Agricultural Adviser to the Union Agency. The object of this tour was to ascertain whether there are any possibilities of opening a sugar factory in any of the villages in the Kundal Taluka of this State. The survey made during this tour has shown that under the present circumstances there are no good prospects of starting a sugar factory. The area under sugarcane is considerably fluctuating every year according to the condition of the rain-fall and the consequent supply of canal water and has greatly decreased during the last decade and unless, therefore, some arrangement is made to keep the sugarcane area constantly increasing by enhancing the supply of irrigation water, it would not be profitable to start any kind of sugar factory. There is a great demand for water for irrigation purposes in some of the villages of the Kundal Taluka and a scheme of establishing some pumping plants on the Krishna river within the limits of the State is under contemplation and if this scheme is given effect to, it is hoped that it will increase the area under sugarcane and other garden crops and will consequently materially help not only to improve the financial condition of the agriculturists but also to further the aim of starting a sugar factory.

183. In order to keep the people of the State in touch with up-to-date agricultural improvements it has been customary to supply all the villages in the State with copies of the "Shetki and Shetkari" magazine for the last many years. The system of issuing at different times leaflets giving practical information about various agricultural improvements and distributing them to all the villages in the State has been introduced during the year and it has been found very useful to the cultivators.

184. As a result of the work done in connection with agricultural improvements, a great awakening has taken place among the cultivating classes. People have begun to gradually appreciate the improved methods of agriculture and a few of them have actually adopted some of them. The demand for iron ploughs kept on hire by the State is increasing. New and profitable garden crops such as grapes, oranges, potatoes, lucerne etc. are being cultivated. Improved types of

furnaces for gul-making are being constructed and artificial manures are also being utilized in some places. There is also a demand for the boring machine from some cultivators. It will thus be seen that people are now taking greater interest in agricultural improvements than they did before.

185. The total expenditure on the establishment of the Agricultural Department maintained in connection with agricultural improvements amounted to Rs. 1,226-8-9.

186. The State Farm at Aundh and all the gardens in the State are under the supervision of Mr. Darshane who is trying to bring about many improvements in them. The Vishal garden at Aundh is being reorganised. Improved agricultural implements have been kept on the State Farm and in the Vishal garden and arrangement has been made to hire them to the people. The expenditure on the State Farm and the State gardens during the year was Rs. 3,593-2-3.

Cattle Breeding.

187. The Khillar cattle kept at Atpadi thrived well during the year on account of the favourable season. The total number of animals is 59 including 22 cows, 28 she-calves and 9 bull-calves. They are all in a good condition. There are besides 13 camels kept at Atpadi for carrying loads. The expenditure on account of the Khillar cattle and camels amounted to Rs. 1,569-0-3.

188. In order to encourage the breeding of strong, well-built and handsome bullocks and excellent dairy cows, prizes were given to the owners of many good cattle at the cattle bazar held at Aundh during the last Paushi Fair. This has aroused a great competition between the cultivators and is expected to give beneficial results. Prizes were also given to many bullocks at Kinhi during the last Kartiki Fair as an encouragement to start a cattle bazar there and also to encourage the breeding of better cattle.

189. The number of estates of the minors that were under the management of the State at the beginning of the year was 10 with the balance of Rs. 8,607-7-11. Of these one estate of the value of Rs. 4,273-2-8 was handed over to the minor as he attained majority. There thus remained 9 estates of the value of Rs. 4,334-5-3. The receipts and expenditure during the year were Rs. 7,692-9-11 and Rs. 6,787-10-8 respectively. The closing balance including cash and bonds was Rs. 5,239-4-6. The health and education of the minors are properly attended to. Two of them are now taking college education.

190. The number of Devasthanans is the same as that of the last year viz. 11. Their work during the year under report was satisfactory. Annual fairs in connection with these Devasthanans were held as usual at Aundh, Kinhi, Sangam Mahuli, Atpadi, Kharsundi, Kargani, Saidapur and Boblad. They were largely attended by various persons from long distances. Big cattle bazars were also held in the fairs at Aundh, Kinhi, Kharsundi, Atpadi, Kargani and Boblad. Sanitary and police arrangements at these fairs were satisfactory.

191. The State Printing Press is at Aundh. A new building is under construction for its use. It will soon be ready and the press will be shifted there. A new treadle printing machine has been bought during the year under report as the old heavy machine was slow in work. All kinds of forms required by the several departments of the State, the court fee and general stamps, the Aundh State Gazette - a monthly publication, the Annual Administration Report of the State, the History of the Pant Pratinidhi family and other miscellaneous work are printed in this press. No newspapers or magazines are printed in it.

Printing Press.

192. The records of the State have been carefully assorted and are in a good condition. The record rooms at Aundh were paved with stones during the year under report.

Records.

There is no ancient record.

193. The work of the Record of Rights is complete. Rewriting is in progress in the Talukas where the term has expired.

Record of Rights.

Taxes on trade.

194. There are no taxes on trade.

195. There are two toll bars within the limits of the State viz. at Dighan-chi and Bhiv-ghat. Government have sanctioned, in their Resolution No. A/114 dated 20th January 1911, P. W. D., received with your No. 46 dated 2nd February 1911, the exemption of State officials whose status corresponds to the status of those exempted in British India, from payment of toll at certain toll-bars in the Satara and Bijapur Districts. The same concession is also given by the District Local Board at Local Fund toll-bars. The Chiefaheb has also granted similar concession to British officers who happen to pass toll-bars in the State on official duty.

Tolls.

196. There are three libraries in the State, which are very useful to the public. Proscribed books or papers are not allowed to be subscribed by them.

✓ Libraries.

197. Wolves and pigs are the only wild animals in the State. Prizes were given for the destruction of wild pigs who cause a great damage to crops. Two tigers were killed in the State during the year and prizes were given to those who killed them.

Wild animals.

198. While the Chiefaheb was on tour in the Talukas, meetings of the Rayats were held as usual at Atpadi, Kundal and Gundal. These meetings were largely attended by people from all the villages in the Talukas. People put forth several of their grievances which were redressed as far as possible.

✓ Rayats' Assemblies.

199. The fund has been started for giving relief to the widows and children of the State servants who die prematurely. The amount of the fund is credited into the State Bank. About 31 widows and 46 children enjoy pensions from this fund.

✓ Family Pension Fund.

200. The object of starting this fund is to help the poor and deserving students from the Maratha and Lingayat castes. Loans are granted to agriculturists from the proceeds of these funds and from the interest realised, scholarships are granted to the deserving boys from these castes. Two scholarships have been given from these funds - one to a Maratha student studying at the Poona Agricultural College and the other to a Lingayat student studying at the Rajaram College, Kolhapur.

201. The Madras and Southern Maratha Railway Company is going to open a new crossing station between Shenoli and Takari Bichood Crossing Station within the limits of the village Bichood in the Kundal Taluka of this State. The necessary land for this purpose has been acquired by the Company from the State and the work of the construction of the buildings for the Station has also been commenced.

202. A Committee called the "Aundh State Soldiers' Committee" was appointed during the year under report to look after the wants of the soldiers' families in the State. The Committee consists of 18 members including Taluka officers, military pensioners and other respectable gentlemen taking keen interest in the welfare of the members of soldiers' families. It works on the lines followed in the British territory. Mr. R. G. Hivarekar, Secretary of the Home Department of the State is the Chairman of this Committee. He attended the meeting of the District Soldiers' Committee held at Satara in the month of March last.

203. In conclusion, I am directed by the Chiefaheb to thank you, the Commissioner C. D. and Government for the kind support and advice which he has received from time to time and which, he hopes, will ever be continued.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDICES

FROM

I TO XXVI-A.

*List of appendices accompanying the Annual Administration Report of the
Aundh State for the year 1922-23.*

No.	Name of Appendix
1	Changes in personnel of High Officials in the State.
2	Laws in force in the State.
3	Military Force (<i>Nil</i>).
4	Strength &c. of the Police.
5	Working of the Police.
6	Value of property stolen and recovered.
7	Crimes and their nature in the ordinary Courts.
7 A	Do. in the Village Panchayat Courts.
8	Working of the Magisterial Courts.
8 A	Do. of the Village Panchayat Courts.
9	Criminal appeals.
10	Civil work—Nature and value of original suits.
10 A	Do. of the Village Panchayat Courts.
11	Civil Work—Execution of decrees.
12	Civil Work—Appeals.
13	Jail and Lock-ups.
14	Registration of documents.
15	Registration—Receipts and Expenditure.
16	Municipalities.
17	Rain-fall.
18	Prices of food-grains.
19	Public Works—Expenditure.
20	Agricultural stock.
21	Excise shops and revenue.
22	Receipts and disbursements.
23	Medical relief.
24	Vital statistics.
25	State Schools.
25 A	Compulsory Education.
26	Co-operative Credit Societies.
26 A	Co-operative Stores.

5th July 1923.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—I.

Names of high officials in the Aundh State showing changes in personnel during the year 1922-23.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		REMARKS.
		From	To	
Shrimant Rajesaheb Pant, B. A., L. L. B., Bar-at-Law.	Chief Secretary, District and Sessions Judge	30th August 1922	5th June 1923	Vide para 22 of the Report.
Vaman Vishnu Date	State Karbhari	6th June 1922	5th June 1923	
Ganesh Babaji Hivarekar	Treasury Officer	6th June 1922	8th October 1922	
	Secretary Judicial Department	9th October 1922	5th June 1923	
Pandharinath Atmaram Inamdar, M. A., B. Sc.	Director of Industries and Supdt. E. D.	25th August 1922	8th October 1922	
	Vidyadhikari	9th October 1922	5th June 1923	
Ramchandra Ganesh Hivarekar	Secretary Home Department	9th October 1922	5th June 1923	
Vasudeo Krishna Kulkarni, B. Com.	Manager State Bank	6th June 1922	8th October 1922	
	Secretary Finance Department	9th October 1922	5th June 1923	
Shivram Govind Darshane, B. Ag.	Agricultural Inspector	6th June 1922	8th October 1922	
	Secretary Agricultural Department	9th October 1922	5th June 1923	
Gangadhar Keshav Sapre	Huzur Chitnis	6th June 1922	5th June 1923	
Narayan Vithal Goliwadekar	Superintendent Educational Department	6th June 1922	24th August 1922	
	Deputy Educational Inspector	25th August 1922	5th June 1923	
Mohaniraj Shankar Mulay, M. A.	Superintendent Laboratory Aundh	6th June 1922	5th June 1923	
Gopal Bhikaji Karandikar, B. A., L. L. B.	Sub-Judge, Kapil	6th June 1922	5th June 1923	
Narayan Dattatraya Haridas, B. A., L. L. B.	Sub-Judge, Aundh	5th January 1923	5th June 1923	
Vaman Krishna Patankar, B. A.	Head Master, High School	6th June 1922	5th June 1923	
Vasudeo Govind Joglekar	Forest Officer	6th June 1922	10th November 1922	Dispensed with the services.

5th July 1923.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—II.

List of Laws, regulations and rules in force in the Aundh State 1922—23.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
<i>Government of India Acts.</i>			
No. XVIII of 1850, Protection of Judicial officers	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" XV of 1856, Hindu Widow Remarriage ...	"	...	
" XXXIV of 1858, Lunatics	"	...	
" XIII of 1859, Breaches of Contract	"	...	
" XLV of 1860, Indian Penal Code with amendments	"	...	
" II of 1861, Prevention of Gambling with amendments	"	...	
" III of 1864, The Foreigners' Act with orders regarding the registration and control of Non-Asiatic foreigners and the regulating of their arrival and departure from British India...	"	...	
" VI of 1864, Whipping Act with amendments.	"	...	
" XXV of 1867, Press and Registration of books	"	...	
" XIV of 1869, Civil Courts Act with amendments	"	...	
" VII of 1870, Court Fees with amendments ...	"	...	
" XXI of 1870, Hindu Wills	"	...	
" I of 1871, Cattle Trespass Act'	"	...	
" XXVII of 1871, Criminal Tribes Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1872, Evidence Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" IX of 1872, Contract Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" XV of 1872, Indian Christian Marriage Act ...	"	...	
" X of 1873, Oaths and Solemn Affirmation Act with amendments	"	...	
" IX of 1875, Majority Act	"	...	
" XIX of 1876, The Dramatic Performances Act	"	...	
" I of 1877, Specific Relief Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1878, Opium Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" VI of 1878, Treasure trove	"	...	
" XI of 1878, Arms Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" III of 1879, The Destruction of Records Act...	"	...	
" XVIII of 1879, Legal Practitioners Act with amendments	"	...	
" XIII of 1880, Vaccination Act with amendments	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. V of 1881, Probate and administration Act with amendments	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" XV of 1881, Factories Act with amendments	"	...	
" XXVI of 1881, Negotiable Instruments Act with amendments	"	...	
" II of 1882, Trust Act... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1882, Transfer of Property Act with amendments... ..	"	...	
✓ " V of 1882, Easements Act	"	...	
" VI of 1882, Companies Act with amendments	"	...	
✓ " XIX of 1882, Land Improvement Loans Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1884, Local Boards Act... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1884, Explosives Act with amendments	"	...	
✓ " XII of 1884, Agricultural Loans Act	"	...	
" XIII of 1885, Telegraphs Act... ..	"	...	
" VII of 1887, Suits Valuation Act	"	...	
" VII of 1889, Succession Certificate Act	"	...	
" VIII of 1890, Guardian and Wards Act with amendments	"	...	
" IX of 1890, Railways Act with amendments	"	...	
✓ " XI of 1890, Prevention of cruelty to animals... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1893, Partition	"	...	
✓ " I of 1894, Land Acquisition	"	...	
" IX of 1894, Prisons Act with amendments and the rules framed under its sec. 59, sub sec. 5	"	...	
" III of 1897, Epidemic Diseases Act	"	...	
" VII of 1897, Reformatory Schools Act with amendments.	"	...	
" X of 1897, General Clauses Act	"	...	
" V of 1898, Criminal Procedure Code with amendments	"	...	
" VI of 1898, Postal Act with amendments.	"	...	
" II of 1899, Stamps Act with amendments	"	...	
" VIII of 1899, The Indian Petroleum Act	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.	
No. XII of 1899, Counterfeiting and forging Currency notes and Bank notes ...	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...		
" III of 1900, Prisoners Act ...	"	...		
" III of 1901, Municipal Act with amendments	"	...	* Press Notes Nos. 9268 and 10926 dated 3-11-19 and 22-11-19 respectively of the Judicial Department of the Bombay Government regarding the changes in the working of the Arms Act are also introduced.	
" XV of 1903, Extradition Act ...	"	...		
" VI of 1907, Seditious Meetings Act ...	"	...		
" V of 1908, Civil Procedure Code with special application of section 29 ...	"	...		
" VI of 1908, The Explosive Substances Act ...	"	...		
" VII of 1908, The Newspaper (Incitements to offences) Act ...	"	...		
" IX of 1908, Limitation of Suits ...	"	...		
" XIV of 1908, The Indian Criminal Law (amendments) ...	"	...		
" XVI of 1908, Registration Act ...	"	...		
" I of 1910, Indian Press Act ...	"	...		
" IX of 1910, Indian Electricity Act ...	"	...		
" III of 1911, Criminal Tribes Act ...	"	...		
" XII of 1911, Indian Factories Act ...	"	...		
" XVII of 1911, Airship Act ...	"	...		
✓ II of 1912, The Co-operative Societies Act ...	"	...		
" VII of 1913, Indian Companies Act ...	"	...		
" XX of 1919, Indian Arms Act (Amendment)	"	...		
" IV of 1920, Indian Census Act ...	"	...		
<i>Bombay Regulations and Acts.</i>				
" II of 1827, Pleaders Act with amendments ...	"	...		
" VIII of 1827, Heirs, Administrators & Executors	"	...		
" XII of 1827, Police (Duties and Powers of Magistrates) ...	"	...		
✓ VII of 1863, Exemption of Land Revenue ...	"	...		
" VIII of 1866, Poisons Act ...	"	...		
" VIII of 1867, Village Police Act ...	"	...		
" III of 1869, Local Funds Act with amendments	"	...		
✓ III of 1874, Watan Act with amendments ✓	"	...		
" III of 1875, Tolls Act ...	"	...		
" V of 1878, Abkari Act with amendments ...	"	...		
✓ VII of 1878, Forest Act with amendments	"	...		

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. V of 1879, Land Revenue Code with amendments	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" VII of 1879, Irrigation Act with amendments.	"	...	
" I of 1889, Village Sanitation Act	"	...	
" II of 1890, Salt Act with amendments	"	...	
" IV of 1890, District Police Act with amendments	"	...	
" IV of 1903, Record of Rights, Bombay and the rules framed thereunder	"	...	
" I of 1905, Court of Wards Act	"	...	
" II of 1906, Mamlatdar's Court Act	"	...	
" VIII of 1914, Motor Vehicles Act	"	...	
" XVII of 1920, Bombay Pleaders' Act.	"	...	
Shooting Regulations and rules	"	...	
Rules for the superintendence and management of jails in the Bombay Presidency Part I of 1901	"	...	
Circular orders issued by the High Court of Bombay for the guidance of Criminal Courts & officers subordinate to it 1915.	"	...	
Circular orders issued by the High Court of Bombay for the guidance of Civil Courts & officers subordinate to it 1912.	"	...	
The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance No. 1 of 1914	"	...	
The Foreigners' Ordinance No. III of 1914	"	...	
Ordinance No. II of 1915 providing special protection from Civil and Revenue litigation to Indian Soldiers on War as per G. R. No. 4235-W dated 2-6-1915, Political Department.	"	...	
Rules for the remissions of Court fees on probates &c. in respect of property of persons killed or dying in the present War as per G. R. No. 4486 dated 30 th July 1915, Political Department.	"	...	
<i>State Rules and Regulations.</i>			
Rules regarding the uniform system of weights and measures of capacity.	Made by the State.	...	
Compulsory Education Rules.	"	...	
Village Panchayat Rules	"	...	
" I of 1919, A regulation to provide for the prevention of smoking by juveniles in the Aundh State	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. I of 1921, An Act to regulate and define the rights of Hindu widows in property inherited from men.	"	...	
" I of 1922, An Act further to amend the Court Fees Act of 1870.	"	Introduced during the year of report.	
" II of 1922, An Act further to amend the Indian Stamp Act of 1899.	"	"	
Law, Regulations and Rules relating to Opium and Intoxicating Drugs, 1923.	"	"	

5th July 1923.

ग. बा. हिवरेकर,
Secretary, Judicial Department
Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military Force in the Aundh State.

APPENDIX—IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Sub-Inspectors of Police ...	4	40, 35	} 13,407- 1-3	1	4	...	All the men are instructed in drill.
Head Constables	14	23, 15, 14, 12		...	...	...	5	1	14	...
Constables ...	36	12, 10		...	...	...	...	2	20	16
Sowars ...	11	32, 30		...	...	...	...	...	9	...
Total...	65	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	47	16
Sundry armed men	78	...	8,247- 9-5	...	...	...	...	...	31	17
Grand total ...	143	...	21,654-10- 8	...	...	...	5	4	78	33

5th July 1923.

R. G. HIVAREKAR,
Secretary, Home Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Aundh ...	52	42	69	45 2* 44	75	44 7† 51	58	39	10	12	84·05	84·7	77·3	88·6	* Remained with the Police. † Remained over last year with the Magistrates.

5th July 1923.

R. G. HIVAREKAR,
Secretary, Home Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Aundh ...	3,588 3 9	8,941 13 6	999 4 9	3,238 7 0	27·8	36·2	

5th July 1923.

R. G. HIVAREKAR,
Secretary, Home Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VII—A.

Statement showing the Criminal work done by the Village Panchayats in the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

Number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of cases undisposed of during present year.	Number of persons dealt with.	Number of persons convicted.	Punishment.		Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons let off on compromise.	Awaiting trial.	REMARKS.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Fine.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
	I. P. Code.													
	CHAPTER XVI.													
1	Voluntarily causing hurt, Sec. 323	2	22	24	21	3	44	1	1	16	24	3		
2	Assault, Sec. 352 ... ..	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...
	CHAPTER XVII.													
3	Mischief, Sec. 426	1	1	2	1	1	4	...	...	...	3	1	
4	Criminal trespass, Sec. 447.	1	1	2	1	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	
	CHAPTER XXII.													
5	Insult intended to provoke breach of peace, Sec. 504	...	2	2	2	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	
	Total ...	4	27	31	26	5	54	1	1	17	31	5		

5th July 1923.

ग. बा. हिवरेकर.

V. V. DATE,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	REMARKS.	
		Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in the present year.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.			Died, escaped or transferred.
					Arrested by police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Huzur Sessions Court	6	6	...	19	...	...	...	...	19	19	...	7	12	...	...	...
2	District Magistrate	2	3	3	1	...	2	...	...	10	6	...	...	5	1	...	...
3	Sub-judge and First Class Magistrate, (Kundal)	9	7	1	7	5	2	2	...	21	17	1	5	4	6	1	...	
4	Daftardar and Magistrate First Class...	18	16	1	11	4	3	1	...	25	20	...	3	17	...	...	...
5	First Class Magistrate, Atpadi	8	18	...	19	6	5	...	...	17	28	...	12	12	4	...	...
6	Second Class Magistrate, Gundal	12	9	1	3	8	4	...	...	28	16	...	11	9	2	...	...
7	Do. Kundal	21	9	7	...	...	18	...	...	112	25	2	9	7	6	1	...	
8	Third Do. Atpadi	1	8	...	3	1	7	...	...	1	11	4	3	4	...	...	...
	Total ...	71	70	13	44	24	39	3	...	214	123	7	43	52	19	2	...	

5th July 1923.

ग. बा. दिवरेकर,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

12	Do.	Wyahapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Do.	Alsand	...	4	2	1	2	...	6	3	3	...	...	...
14	Do.	Ramapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Do.	Dushere	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	...
16	Do.	Korti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Do.	Bichud	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
18	Do.	Kapli	...	2	...	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	3
19	Do.	Kodoli	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	1	1	...	...	...
20	Do.	Manu	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Do.	Ogalewadi	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
22	Do.	Sonkire	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
GUNDAL TALUKA.														
23	Village panchayat of Gundal		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Do.	Kotyal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Do.	Jamagi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Do.	Shirbur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	Do.	Galgale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	Do.	Hosur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
AUNDH THANA.														
29	Village panchayat of Aundh		...	...	2	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	2	...
30	Do.	Chikhalhol	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
31	Village panchayat of KINRI		...	1	2	...	3	...	1	3	...	...	3	...
32	Village panchayat of SANGAM MAHULS		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.			29	27	4	50	...	...	53	54	17	1	31	5

5th July 1923.

ग. वा. दिवरेकर,
Secretary, Judicial Department, Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																REMARKS.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
Huzur Appellate Court of the Chief of Aundh	2	...	...	4	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sessions Judge, Aundh State...	3	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
District Magistrate, Aundh State	3	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Total ...	8	...	...	6	3	1	1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2

5th July 1923.

ग. वा. हिवरेकर,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Aundh State for the year 1922—23.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.										Suits disposed of during present year.			REMARKS.						
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 & under Rs. 5000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5000.	Ex parte.	Admitted & compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.		Value.	Average duration.				
																											Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Y. M. D.
Civil Courts in the Aundh State ...	129	123	277	225	406	348	283	252	123	96	63,154	0	7	38	162	25	86	111	15	13	...	61	76	7	108	66,210	3	9	Y. M. D. 0-3-19	

5th July 1923

ग. वा. हिवरेकर,
Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—X—A.

Civil Work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of by the various Village Panchayat Civil Courts in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

Tribunal,	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand		Total,		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of the suits filed during present year.	Suits disposed of during present year.				REMARKS.		
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.		Value.	Average duration.
Village Panchayat Civil Courts.	28	27	57	44	85	71	58	48	27	23	Rs. A. P.	1	38	1	8	2,308 2 9	0-3-6	

5th July 1923.

ग. वा. हिरका,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XI.

Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Aundh State for the year 1922—23.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Number of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Civil courts in the Aundh State	205	160	Rs. a. p. 55,181 2 1	255	255	Rs. a. p. 51,485 9 4	460	415	Rs. a. p. 1,06,665 11 5	300	267	Rs. a. p. 62,344 14 4	160	148	Rs. a. p. 44,121 13 1	55	41	52	

5th July 1923.

ग. वा. हिवरेकर,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in civil suits in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of.								Average duration.			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Past year.	Present year.
													Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		
1. Special Appellate Court of the Chief of Aundh... ..	3	3	9	4	12	7	9	5	3	2	707 0 0	613 6 6	6	2	1	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	0-1-8	0-1-0
2. District Judge's Court	46	55	60	36	106	91	51	46	55	45	18,912 14 3	19,040 12 9	33	26	3	11	4	2	11	7	...	...	0-2-15	0-2-0

5th July 1923.

ग. बा. हिवरेकर,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jail and Lock-ups in the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.	
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.					
				Past year.	Present year.							
Huzur:—									Rs. a. p.			
Jail at Aundh	1	25	28	70	53	33·1	31·7	36		16·9	One prisoner transferred to this Jail from the Andamans died of consumption.	
Lock-up at (1) Atpadi	4	2	22	49	24	8·4	·42	3	3,470-	3- 5		10·1
(2) Kundal												
(3) Gundal												
(4) Kinhi												
Total. ...	5	27	50	119	77	...	...	39	3,470-	3- 5	...

5th July 1923.

R. G. HIVAREKAR,
Secretary, Home Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIV.

Registration of documents in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		REMARKS.
			Mortgage.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Aundh...	749	601	326	146	300	333	4	2	4	5	115	115	749	601	Rs. a. p. 1,15,419 11 0	Rs. a. p. 2,72,015 9 5	...	...	...	...

5th July 1923.

ग. वा. दिवरेकर,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1922—23 in the Aundh State.

Description.	Present year.			Past year.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage	146	75,703 1 6	490 8 0	326	1,14,139 14 3	754 10 0	
Sale-deeds	333	1,74,880 0 0	1,020 14 0	300	1,77,101 0 0	903 15 0	
Wills	2	0 0 0	5 2 0	4	2,195 0 0	22 14 0	
Money bonds	5	2,850 0 0	13 2 0	4	998 0 0	6 8 0	
Miscellaneous	115	18,582 7 11	363 7 3	115	20,985 12 9	273 13 3	
Total	601	2,72,015 9 5	1,893 1 3	749	3,19,419 11 0	1,961 12 3	
Deduct expenditure ... ..	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Net profit ... ..	...	.....	1,893 1 3	...	.....	1,961 12 3	

5th July 1923.

ग. वा. दिवरेकर,

Secretary, Judicial Department Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

Name.	Opening balance on 6th June 1922.	Receipts during the year.			Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.			Balance on 5th June 1923.	REMARKS.
		Present.	Past.			Present.	Past.			
1	2	3	4		5	6		7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Atpadi ...	792 4 11	509 5 0	1,178 2 3	1,301 9 11	938 7 3	702 12 6	363 2 8			
Kundal ...	221 9 3	1,022 9 6	1,170 5 0	1,244 2 9	922 0 0	1,206 6 4	322 2 9			
Aundh ...	99 6 5	2,424 12 9	1,692 2 0	2,524 3 2	2,385 10 10	1,593 8 0	138 8 4			
Total ...	1,113 4 7	3,956 11 3	4,040 9 3	5,069 15 10	4,246 2 1	3,502 10 10	823 13 9			

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari, Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVII.

Statement of Rain - fall in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

State.	April 1922.	May 1922.	June 1922.	July 1922.	August 1922.	September 1922.	October 1922.	November 1922.	December 1922.	January 1923.	February 1923.	March 1923.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	REMARKS.
Aundh ...	2.50	0.54	4.42	5.96	1.99	2.10	3.12	14.11	...	...	0.06	1.12	35.92	23.35	27.06	
Kinhi ...	...	2.77	3.99	6.80	0.25	...	1.15	9.69	...	...	0.40	1.07	26.12	20.47	24.09	
Kundal ...	4.76	4.36	4.11	6.48	2.38	0.18	2	7.51	...	...	0.20	3.04	35.02	22.64	21.59	
Atpadi ...	1.53	2.70	2	1.54	2.06	0.55	1.50	8.78	...	0.24	...	1.79	22.69	18.99	18.04	
Gundal ...	1.70	2.75	0.17	1.24	0.35	0.25	2.78	4.93	...	...	1.48	0.91	16.56	22.70	19.01	

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,

Vidyadhikari, Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

Article:	During March: (Past year.)			During March: (Present year.)			REMARKS.
	Seers.	Chataks.	Tolas.	Seers.	Chataks.	Tolas.	
Jowarl	8	6	2	13	8	0	1 Seer = 80 tolas.
Bajri	7	1	0	10	12	4	1 Chatak = 5 tolas.
Wheat	4	8	2	4	11	3	
Gram	5	6	2	9	7	1	
Tur pulse	4	11	3	4	11	3	

5th July 1923.

S. G. DARSHANE,

Secretary, Agricultural Dept. Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works in the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand total.	REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Offices ... ..	.....	713 15 5	713 15 5	.....	.....	.....	713 15 5	
Bungalows	934 15 3	2,745 4 6	3,680 3 9	.....	38 11 0	38 11 0	3,718 14 9	
Dispensaries ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 6 6	34 6 6	34 6 6	
The Palace and other buildings ...	1,446 3 6	6,451 1 3	7,897 4 9	.....	.....	.....	7,897 4 9	
Roads ... ..	.....	5,562 10 6	5,562 10 6	.....	.....	.....	5,562 10 6	
Wells ... ..	.....	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....	.....	50 0 0	
Dharmashalas ... ..	.....	194 4 3	194 4 3	.....	.....	.....	194 4 3	
Ferry boats	1,500 0 0	179 1 0	1,679 1 0	.....	.....	.....	1,679 1 0	
Miscellaneous ... ..	.....	1,489 9 9	1,489 9 9	.....	36 0 0	36 0 0	1,525 9 9	
Total	3,881 2 9	17,385 14 8	21,267 1 5	.....	109 1 6	109 1 6	21,376 2 11	✓

5th July 1923.

V. V. DATE,

R. B. PANT,

Karbhari Aundh State.

Chief Secretary, Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XX.

Agricultural stock in the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

State.	Year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		REMARKS.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.	
				Male.	Female.										
Aundh	1921-22	14,210	12,211	311	4,514	389	349	147	251	62,606	1,785	1,675	125	1,485	
	1922-23	14,697	9,407	418	3,763	388	307	90	215	69,676	1,894	1,753	118	1,506	
Decrease	...	...	2,804	...	751	1	42	57	36	...	...	...	7	...	
Increase	...	487	...	107	...	...	...	...	...	7,070	109	78	...	21	

5th July 1923.

S. G. DARSHANE,

Secretary, Agricultural Dept. Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXI.

Statement showing the Excise revenue of the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		REMARKS.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Aundh...	5	Rs. a. p. 11,500 0 0	12	Rs. a. p. 13,974 7 0	11	* Rs. a. p. 17,711 0 0	3	Revenue of Tari is included in the amount of Abkari compensation.	30	Rs. a. p. 43,185 7 0	<p>† The Abkari lease is renewed for a further period of 10 years commencing from 1st August 1914.</p> <p>* The lease of Hemp drugs was renewed for a further period of one year commencing from 1st April 1923 for a yearly compensation of Rs. 17,711.</p>

5th July 1923.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX.

Receipts.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure

No.	Items.	1921-22.	1922-23.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
OPENING BALANCE—					
	State	89,728 4 2	59,114 2 9	.....	30,614 1 5
	Local Fund	3,204 10 1	1,701 11 5	.....	1,502 14 8
	Total	92,932 14 3	60,815 14 2	.....	32,117 0 1
1	Land Revenue	1,91,050 14 4	1,99,935 13 8	8,884 15 4	.....
2	Local Funds	18,549 15 5	18,021 2 1	.....	528 13 4
3	SAYER REVENUES—				
	Opium	10,264 7 3	13,974 7 0	3,709 15 9	.....
	Abkari (including Bhang and Ganja)	29,211 0 0	29,211 0 0	.....	.....
	Miscellaneous (including Registration)	9,187 12 9	9,793 2 7	605 5 10	.....
	Total	48,663 4 0	52,978 9 7	4,315 5 7	.....
4	Judicial (including Stamps)	23,088 6 10	30,442 11 3	7,354 4 5	.....
5	Education (Fees)	396 8 6	452 14 6	56 6 0	.....
6	Jail	678 0 9	1,170 5 1	492 4 4	.....
7	Gardens ... ..	.....	501 2 4	501 2 4	.....
8	Other Receipts	8,985 10 11	6,926 2 10	.....	2,059 8 1
9	Takavi	921 10 0	488 3 0	.....	433 7 0
10	Deposits	5,227 5 9	6,900 1 3	1,672 11 6	.....
11	Advances	68,590 7 10	14,436 5 6	.....	54,154 2 4
12	Debts contracted	23,579 15 2	21,231 14 4	.....	2,348 0 10
13	State Loan	1,20,920 0 0	61,925 0 0	.....	58,995 0 0
14	Interest on War Loan bonds	2,131 8 0	902 4 0	.....	1,229 4 0
15	Interest on State Bank	14,330 15 10	16,269 14 8	1,938 14 10	.....
	Total	5,27,114 11 4	4,32,582 8 1	.....	94,532 3 3
	Grand total with balance	6,20,047 9 7	4,93,398 6 3	.....	1,26,649 3 4

5th July 1923.

of the Aundh state for the year 1922-23.

Expenditure.

No.	Items.	1921-22.		1922-23.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.	Rs.	a. p.
1	Khasgi	45,460	14 8	40,903	4 0	.....	.....	4,557	10 8
2	Allowances paid to other members of the Chief's family	12,000	0 0	12,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	Incidental expenses on account of Shri. Appasaheb's thread ceremony ... ..	.....	.....	9,900	0 0	9,900	0 0	.....	.....
4	Incidental expenses on account of Shri. Rajesab's education	45,169	15 5	7,869	15 3	.....	.....	37,300	2 2
5	Do. on account of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales's visit	14,616	14 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,616	14 6
6	Paga	15,564	12 5	14,901	5 0	.....	.....	663	7 5
7	Administrative (Establishment)	13,385	10 1	12,658	15 10	.....	.....	726	10 3
8	Revenue Department	13,582	8 7	14,794	10 6	1,212	1 11	.....	.....
9	Judicial Department	6,503	1 10	8,037	5 10	1,534	4 0	.....	.....
10	Educational Department	35,827	1 0	38,559	2 6	2,732	1 6	.....	.....
11	Shibandi	8,507	14 8	8,247	9 5	.....	.....	260	5 3
12	Police	14,907	12 8	13,407	1 3	.....	.....	1,500	11 5
13	Jail	6,176	11 5	3,470	3 5	.....	.....	2,706	8 0
14	Dispensaries (including Vaccination)	7,627	9 5	6,472	0 6	.....	.....	1,155	8 11
15	Forest Department	331	8 5	1,229	14 0	898	5 7	.....	.....
16	Public Works (including repairs)	20,310	6 6	21,376	2 11	1,065	12 5	.....	.....
17	Minor Establishments	10,402	4 10	10,706	8 9	304	3 11	.....	.....
18	Dharmadaya (Dewasthan)	23,704	0 11	26,169	3 10	2,465	2 11	.....	.....
19	Liquidation of debts	84,000	0 0	23,197	12 9	.....	.....	60,802	3 3
20	Miscellaneous	55,751	9 11	48,508	6 11	.....	.....	7,243	3 0
21	Deposits	14,742	13 2	8,248	4 8	.....	.....	6,494	8 6
22	Advances	16,886	3 10	6,366	1 0	.....	.....	10,520	2 10
23	Watandars and Hakdars	25,880	15 3	22,964	2 1	.....	.....	2,916	13 2
24	Pensions	3,521	8 11	3,435	8 0	.....	.....	86	0 11
25	Investment in the State Bank	38,864	2 2	42,658	5 0	3,794	2 10	.....	.....
26	Takavi	208	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	208	0 0
27	Plague	78	6 3	60	5 3	.....	.....	18	1 0
28	Interest on State Loan ... ..	.....	.....	8,645	3 11	8,645	3 11	.....	.....
29	Repayment of Ryots' War-Loan	19,379	7 2	5,044	8 1	.....	.....	14,334	15 1
30	State Laboratory	2,523	8 7	2,716	5 11	192	13 4	.....	.....
31	Printing Press	2,280	11 3	1,649	4 3	.....	.....	631	7 0
32	Census	1,035	1 7	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,035	1 7
	Total	5,59,231	11	54,24,197	8 10	.....	.....	1,35,034	2 7
	Closing balance	60,815	14 2	69,200	13 5	8,384	15 3	.....	.....
	Grand total	6,20,047	9 7	74,93,398	6 3	.....	.....	1,26,649	3 4

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

R. B. PANT,

Chief Secretary, Aundh State.

APPENDIX--XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	REMARKS.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Dis-charged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Aundh	6,841	...	...	...	...	...	} *6,472 0 6	72.2	*This amount includes the expenses of the native physicians.
Atpadi	3,258	...	...	...	...	...		43.4	
Kundal	3,798	...	...	...	...	...		32.7	
Gundal	1,237	...	...	...	...	...		16.6	
Total	15,134	...	...	...	...	...	6,472 0 6	...	

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari - Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Aundh	64,560	2,272	2,637	365	....	1,229	1,503	274	...	35·19	40·8	19·03	23·3	

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX--XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Aundh State during the year 1922-23.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	REMARKS.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Dis-charged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Aundh	6,841	Rs. a. p. } *6,472 0 6	72.2	*This amount includes the expenses of the native physicians.
Atpadi	3,258	...	...	...	...	...		43.4
Kundal	3,798	...	...	...	...	...		32.7
Gundal	1,237	...	...	...	...	...		16.6
Total	15,134	...	...	...	...	...	6,472 0 6	...

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Aundh	64,560	2,272	2,637	365	....	1,229	1,503	274	...	35·19	40·8	19·03	23·3	

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXV.

Particulars of the schools maintained by the Aundh State during the year 1922—23.

Number of Schools.		Description of schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			REMARKS.
Past year.	Present year.		Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	High School	Secondary	Primary	
53	53	1 Shri Yemai Shrinivas High School ...	99	71	55	48	Rs. a p. 9,371 4 10	...	...	* This amount includes the expenditure on Boarding and Scholarships.
		4 Middle Schools ...	277	276	173	183	...	...	...
		43 Primary Schools for boys	2,105	2,065	1,598	1,621	...	...	...
		3 Girls' Schools ...	112	118	64	89	...	...	29,187-13-8	† This amount includes the expenditure on compulsory education.
		1 Mahomedan School ...	21	23	14	17	...	...	...
		1 Low Caste School ...	22	24	5	3	...	...	...
			2,636	2,577	1,909	1,961	9,371 4 10	...	29,187-13-8	

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX XXV—A.

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Aundh State for the year 1922—23.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school			Population of the village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 10.	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.	No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
								Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Low castes.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
1	Boys' School Aundh ...	18	10	1915	3087	172	172	52	104	14	2	...	146	6	I to IV, stds.	
2	Girls' School Aundh ...	6	1	" 17		59	57	31	25	1	...	...	34	5	Do. IV Do.
3	Low Caste School Aundh ...	6	1	" 17		23	22	...	...	...	22	...	5	1	Std. III only.
4	Boys' School Chikhalhol ...	21	9	" 17	635	33	33	...	29	2	2	...	13	1	I to III, Stds.	
5	Boys' School Pargaon ...	21	9	" 17	296	27	25	1	18	...	6	...	18	1	Do. III Do.	
6	Girls' School Atpadi ...	6	2	" 16	5969	30	30	19	8	3	...	...	18	1	Do. III Do.
7	Boys' School Do. ...	15	9	" 17		124	124	25	74	17	8	...	87	5	Do. III Do.	
8	Boys' School Kargani ...	1	6	" 19		3878	40	40	3	29	4	4	...	28	1	Do. III Do.
9	Do. Do. Shetphal ...	1	6	" 19	1415	32	32	...	31	1	...	...	25	1	Do. III Do.
10	Do. Do. Nimbavade ...	1	6	" 19	1831	37	34	4	15	5	10	...	29	2	Do. IV Do.	
11	Do. Do. Dighanchi ...	1	8	" 17	2524	107	107	10	81	10	6	...	84	4	Do. V Do.	
12	Do. Do. Vithalapur ...	6	10	" 19	637	30	28	2	21	...	5	...	21	1	Do. III Do.	

APPENDIX XXV—A (Continued.)

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Aundh State for the year 1922—23.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school.	Population of the village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 10.	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.	No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
						Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Low castes.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
13	Boys' School Vibhutwadi ...	6 10 " 19	547	30	30	...	19	1	10	...	22	1	Ho. II Stds.	* This population includes that of Kirloskarwadi.
14	Do. Do. Nelkaranji ...	6 5 " 20	1695	34	34	...	30	3	1	...	23	1	Do. III Do.	
15	Girls' School Kundal ...	22 11 " 17	*4317	29	25	12	13	...	...	...	12	1	Do. III Do.
16	Boys' School Kundal ...	18 6 " 16		181	113	12	78	10	13	...	115	6	Do. III Do.	
17	Do. Do. Kirloskarwadi.	1 8 " 16	630	52	52	8	35	1	8	...	38	3	Do. IV Do.	
18	Do. Do. Ramapur ...	18 1 " 17	578	27	26	6	17	...	3	...	20	1	Do. III Do.	
19	Do. Do. Korti ...	1 6 " 19	765	55	55	10	43	...	2	...	43	1	Do. IV Do.	
20	Do. Do. Kodoli ...	1 6 " 19	1250	45	45	2	41	...	2	...	36	1	Do. III Do.	
21	Do. Do. Dushere ...	16 2 " 21	1223	36	33	...	30	...	3	...	32	1	I to III Stds.	
22	Do. Do. Sonkire ...	1 1 " 21	871	33	33	1	27	2	3	...	21	1	Do. III Do.	
23	Do. Do. Bichud ...	16 2 " 21	1051	49	49	2	42	...	5	...	32	1	Do. III Do.	
24	Do. Do. Vihapur ...	22 5 " 21	939	45	45	3	34	...	8	...	35	1	Do. III Do.	

25	Do.	Do.	Gundal	...	29	10	"	17	757	54	38	3	25	10	...	...	43	5	Do. III Do.
26	Do.	Do.	Kanbur	...	1	11	"	17	384	51	50	...	42	8	...	...	40	2	Do. III Do.
27	Do.	Do.	Galgale	...	19	11	"	17	304	53	46	1	36	8	1	...	44	2	Do. V Do.	
28	Do.	Do.	Jamgi	...	3	12	"	17	530	48	39	...	33	1	5	...	35	2	Do. III Do.	
29	Do.	Do.	Hangargi	...	17	1	"	18	497	24	24	1	20	3	...	...	18	1	Do. III Do.
30	Do.	Do.	Kotyal	...	22	11	"	17	1049	80	73	7	50	14	2	...	65	3	Do. V Do.	
31	Do.	Do.	Lohogaon	...	5	11	"	17	558	61	61	1	48	6	6	...	47	2	Do. IV Do.	
32	Do.	Do.	Dhanargi	...	10	12	"	17	673	62	62	3	46	6	7	...	50	2	Do. V Do.	
33	Do.	Do.	Takalgi	...	6	2	"	18	699	41	41	6	26	7	2	...	32	1	Do. III Do.	
34	Do.	Do.	Hosur	...	18	3	"	20	424	29	29	...	28	1	...	...	21	1	Do. III Do.
35	Do.	Do.	Boblad	...	18	5	"	21	373	39	28	3	25	...	...	...	21	1	Do. III Do.
36	Do.	Do.	Sirbur	...	18	5	"	21	314	30	30	4	21	4	1	...	22	1	Do. III Do.	
37	Do.	Do.	Kengalgutti	...	18	5	"	21	288	26	26	3	20	3	...	...	19	1	Do. III Do.
38	Do.	Do.	Bolchikalgi	...	18	4	"	21	310	40	40	...	25	15	...	...	22	1	Do. III Do.
39	Do.	Do.	Hubnur	...	22	5	"	21	267	30	30	...	22	1	7	...	18	1	Do. III Do.	
40	Do.	Do.	Kinhi	...	4	12	"	16	1629	93	87	13	48	11	15	...	49	3	Do. IV Do.	
41	Do.	Do.	Sangam Mahuli	...	13	5	"	18	750	54	54	42	11	1	...	...	38	2	Do. IV Do.
*42	Do.	Do.	Kharsundi	...	31	3	"	23	855	50	50	5	36	2	7	...	19	1	Do. II Do.	
*43	Mahomedan School	Aundh	...	...	31	3	"	23	.....	21	21	...	1	20	...	...	14	1	Do. IV Do.
*44	Boys' School	Kapil	...	...	31	3	"	23	987	78	78	2	60	4	12	...	53	2	Do. V Do.
*45	Do.	Do.	Zare	31	3	"	23	1,470	30	30	...	25	2	3	...	21	1	Do. III Do.

APPENDIX-XXV—A (Continued.)

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Aundh State for the year 1922—23.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school.	Population of the village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 10	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.	No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
						Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans	Low castes.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
*46	Boys' School Gomewadi ...	31 3 " 23	1326	50	50	24	26	...	...	...	38	2	I to V Std.	* Recently made compulsory.
*47	Do. Do. Alsand ...	31 3 " 23	608	31	31	3	26	1	1	...	26	1	Do. II Do	
*48	Do. Do. Madgule...	31 3 " 23	883	28	28	9	17	2	...	...	16	1	Do. III Do	
	Total.	...	49,443 ✓	2,433 ✓	2,290 ✓	333	1561	204	192	...	1,708	88	...	

5th July 1923.

P. A. INAMDAR,
Vidyadhikari, Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXVI.

Statement of the Co-operative Credit Societies in the Aundh State for the year ending 31st March 1923.

No	Name of the Society.	Number of members.	Deposits from		Loan from the Aundh State Bank.	Working capital.	Reserve fund.	Remarks.
			Members.	Non-members.				
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Co-operative Credit Society, Kundal.	83	308 0 0	.....	2,400 0 0	2,687 12 5	- 20 3 7	
2	Do. Do. Kinhi.	70	449 12 0	1,272 3 3	1,149 5 0	3,081 7 1	210 2 10	
3	Do. Do. Aundh.	47	288 0 0	.....	1,194 6 6	1,624 4 7	141 14 1	
4	Do. Do. Ramapur.	29	681 0 0	.....	1,845 0 0	2,462 7 6	- 63 8 6	
5	Do. Do. Kodoli.	49	1,295 0 0	.....	8,700 0 0	10,081 5 9	86 5 9	
	Total.	278	3,021 12 0	1,272 3 3	15,288 11 6	19,937 5 4	354 10 7	

5th July 1923.

V. K. KULKARNI,
Registrar C. C. S., Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXVI-A.

Statement of Co-operative Stores in the Aundh State for the year 1922-23.

No	Name of the Store	Number of members	Authorised capital in 100 shares of Rs. 5 each.			Subscribed capital.			Total purchase during the year.			Total sales.			Dividend declared.	Value of goods on hand.			Remarks.	
			Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.		
1	The Aundh Co-operative Store Ltd.	20	500	0	0	225	0	0	2,434	2	3	2,491	4	940	0	0	562	3	9	
2	The Kundal Do. Do.	18	500	0	0	100	0	0	301	6	4	247	2	917	3	0	131	1	9	
3	The Bhawanrao Do. Do. Atpadi	45	500	0	0	125	0	0	325	15	9	365	13	0	6	4	25	0	0	
4	The Swadeshi Do. Do. Atpadi	50	1,000	0	0	620	0	0	4,268	2	9	2,621	9	0	6	4	1,826	13	6	

5th July 1923.

V. K. KULKARNI,
Registrar C. C. S., Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.