BRITISH EAST AFRICA





P.L. MCDERMOTT



BRITISH EAST AFRICA

OR

IBEA

A HISTORY OF THE FORMATION AND WORK OF

THE IMPERIAL BRITISH EAST AFRICA COMPANY

COMPILED WITH THE AUTHORITY OF THE DIRECTORS FROM OFFICIAL DOCUMENTS AND THE RECORDS OF THE COMPANY

 \mathbf{BY}

P. L. McDERMOTT

ACTING SECRETARY

WITH MAP AND FRONTISPIECE

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PREFACE TO THE FIRST EDITION

This work was undertaken at the express desire of the late Sir William Mackinnon, who, to the last moments of his life, was impressed with the responsibilities of an enterprise promoted under his auspices; and was well advanced at the period of his death.

Hence the obligation incumbent on his fellow-directors, in conformity with the wishes of their late President, to place on record a concise and authoritative account of the circumstances which led to the formation of the Imperial British East Africa Company, by way of explaining its constitution and character, and of vindicating its aims and ends.

If, from a Shareholder's point of view, the success of its operations has fallen short of expectation, the causes are herein narrated, upon evidence, it is believed, that cannot be gainsaid. It was recognised that large preliminary measures directed to the security of administrative occupation, on the lines prescribed by the Charter, would be indispensable; and as their extension to the far interior constituted, in the main, national purposes, the degree to which these have been attained must be the measure of the value of the work accomplished by the Company.

That these purposes would eventually conduce to the legitimate advantage of the Company was the consideration that prompted its action, relying, as it did, upon the support to which it was entitled in the exercise of rights and privileges conferred by the Sultan's concession, or foreshadowed by international Agreements. For their realisation the Company's resources could not otherwise be rendered adequate, without prejudice to the progress of commercial, agricultural, and industrial development.

On the other hand, failing such action, it was evident that neither could the Company fulfil its mandate as the pioneer of the country's Colonial policy, while confessedly advancing its own interests; nor could the acquisition of the vast unexplored territory 'ceded to it,' and destined to form the British sphere of influence, be secured to the State.

Whether, politically speaking, the constitution of the Company by Royal Charter was or was not expedient, is a question with which the Company is not concerned. One thing is certain, that whether, or not, the end justified the method, the responsibility of its adoption rests with equal weight upon all parties alike. To the Liberal party belongs the merit of initiating it. Equally certain is it, that no other means could be made available by either party for the creation of the new field that presented itself for the extension of British trade and colonisation in the immediate future.

The following pages record the results of private efforts

and the outlay of private capital in attaining a common object, to the prosecution of which Foreign States were content to devote the expenditure of large sums of public money; and in surmounting obstacles from the burden of which the enterprise of the latter was wholly free.

In this connexion it may be noted that the Royal Niger Company was authorised to impose taxes and duties to meet administrative charges; and, further, was empowered, on receiving its Charter, to treat, as Capital expenditure incurred for national purposes, a part of the great outlay which had been forced upon it owing to the rivalry of France and Germany. The stipulated amount was £260,000, upon which interest was to be secured at a fixed rate per annum by the levy of special dues to be devoted to this purpose. The quarter of a million, thus provided for, constitutes the recognition by her Majesty's Government of services done and outlay incurred by the said Company in effecting territorial expansion in the Niger basin, and represents a grant in aid of costly expeditions identical in nature with those undertaken by the Imperial British East Africa Company for the like ends, and with the like results.

In her Majesty's Niger Coast Protectorate the administration is permitted to collect a revenue, which, by the last accounts,* amounted to no less a sum than £73,000 for the year, on spirits imported into the country. The Imperial British East Africa Company,

[•] Foreign Office, 1893, Annual Series, No. 1215.

on the other hand, has voluntarily prohibited all importation or sale of spirits to natives in its territories, and has applied in the most rigorous form, the rules embodied in the Brussels Act, in order to benefit the native races in the British sphere of influence.

Such conditions of prosperity and thrift, enjoyed by other Administrations similarly situated, may be contrasted with the disabilities imposed on the Imperial British East Africa Company in respect to the ordinary sources of revenue. Some of these disabilities, as the exemption of foreigners from liability to taxation, were incidental to the suzerainty of the Sultan of Zanzibar whilst an independent Mahomedan sovereign bound by essential treaty obligations; but they are not necessarily incidental to an altered condition resulting from the declaration of a British Protectorate, and they must not only lapse to the advantage of the general administration of the future, but other adventitious aids will accrue to provide those resources which were withheld from the Company.

A. B. KEMBALL,

Chairman of the Court of Directors.

29th August, 1893.

PREFACE TO THE NEW EDITION

This edition completes the record of the Company to the date of acceptance of the proposals of Government for the transfer of the Company's administration and property, namely April 1895. In connection with the Resolution passed by the shareholders on the 11th of that month, formally confirming the acceptance of the proposed terms, particulars are added of the result of a final appeal made by the shareholders to receive from her Majesty's Government due consideration (expressly excluded from the settlement accepted) on account of the Company's expenditure in acquiring Uganda and the rest of the interior for the benefit of the nation.

The present volume is a considerable enlargement of the original one, which practically carried the narrative only as far as 1892. Nine chapters, and some Appendices, altogether new, have been added, and the two concluding chapters of the old volume have been revised and completed. Every care has been taken to authenticate the facts of this history by reference, where necessary, to the original documents and to any other authoritative sources of information occasionally consulted.

3rd May, 1895.

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