



Government of Bombay
Revenue Department

Land Revenue Administration
Report of the Province of Bombay
1939-40



BOMBAY

PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS

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THE YEAR 1939-40.**

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**LAND REVENUE ADMINISTRATION REPORT
OF THE PROVINCE OF BOMBAY FOR
THE YEAR 1939-40.**

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1. SEASON.

Northern Division.

The season began with promising rainfall over the whole division but the long intervals in July and August-September resulted in the failure of kharif crops almost everywhere. The later rains in September helped the rabi crops but conditions were unsatisfactory in Ahmedabad, Kaira and the Panch Mahals sub-division. In Virangam and the Panchal tract of Dhandhuka taluka in Ahmedabad district, and Godhra, Dohad and Jhalod of the Panch Mahals sub-division scarcity had to be declared and works were opened to provide employment.

Ahmedabad.—The monsoon began in the second week of June and made a good start on the 9th and 10th but thereafter there was practically no rain till the end of the month. In July there was good rain during the first fortnight but there was then a long break till 20th August. The holding up of the rains affected the sowing operations. From 21st August there was good rain all over the district which continued more or less till the first week of September. After that the rainfall practically ceased. Kharif crops, viz., Jowari, Bajri, and paddy failed for want of early rain. Pachhotar jowari was sown after the late rain but the yield was poor owing to the lack of later falls. The late rains helped cotton and wheat crops but as the total rainfall was much below normal the outturn was not satisfactory. On the whole the season was unsatisfactory for the kharif crops and poor for the rabi crops. The condition of Virangam taluka and the Panchal tract of Dhandhuka taluka was extremely bad owing to the drought. Scarcity was in the first instance declared in Virangam, Dholka, Dhandhuka talukas and Sanand and Modasa mahals in the month of August but the later rains generally improved conditions except in Virangam taluka and

the Panchal tract of Dhandhuka taluka where scarcity works had to be opened. Relief had however to be given throughout the district by suspensions and remissions of land revenue and the grant of takavi to the agriculturists.

Kaira.—The monsoon began from the second week of June. The rainfall during the year was below normal throughout the district. There were two long intervals in the months of June and July-August of three and five weeks respectively when there was absolutely no rain. Rain during the last week of August helped the situation when paddy and tobacco were transplanted and jowari for fodder was sown. But the crops did not yield a good return owing to the lack of rain after the third week of September and on the whole the season was not satisfactory.

Broach and Panch Mahals.—The monsoon began in the second week of June. In the Panch Mahals sub-division the total rainfall nearly reached the average but being very untimely the crops had failed and scarcity had to be declared and scarcity works opened in Godhra, Dohad talukas and Jhalod mahal. In Broach, the early rainfall gave promise of a good season but a long interval in August changed the situation. Kharif crops almost failed but the loss was made good by the rabi crops which were considerably improved by the rainfall during the last week of August. During the year, there was a heavy flood in the river Narbada which caused damage in the riparian villages of Broach and Ankleshwar talukas but there was no loss of human life or cattle. Relief was given by Government and charitable persons.

Surat.—The rainfall during the year was below normal but the condition of all the crops except rice was satisfactory. It was insufficient for rice and relief was given in the form of remission of himayat and akasia assessments.

Thana.—The monsoon began in the second week of June except in the coastal area where it began later. The rainfall was scanty in Dahanu taluka and Umbergaon mahal in August but in the remaining parts of the district the short interval in August was not felt owing to sufficient rain during the second fortnight of July, except that the transplantation work had to be done little later. The early disappearance of the rainfall during the month of September had however a very bad effect on the outturn of the crops throughout the district. The rainfall during the year was below normal and not well distributed and the season was on the whole not quite satisfactory.

Bombay Suburban District.—The monsoon began in June but the rainfall during the month was insufficient and sowing and transplantation operations had to be delayed till better rainfall in July. In August again there was shortage of rainfall but the rainfall in September made good the deficit and improved the situation. The rainfall during the year was below normal but the season was on the whole satisfactory.

The rainfall in each district during the year as compared with the average of the last five years is shown below:—

District.	Rainfall during 1939-40.	Average rainfall of the last five years.
Ahmedabad	19-88	24-84
Kaira	20-64	26-84
Broach and Panch Mahals. { Broach sub-division	28-73	28-24
{ Panch Mahals sub-division	25-67	35-24
Surat	40-36	54-55
Thana	75-21	95-2
Bombay Suburban	54-29	91-92

The outturn of kharif crops in Ahmedabad was from 1 to 10 annas, while in Kaira it was from 1 to 8 annas. In Broach and Panch Mahals it was from 3 to 10 annas, in Surat it was 3 to 10 annas, in Thana it was from 6 to 9 annas while in the Bombay Suburban District it was from 7 to 8 annas.

Water-supply.—Deficiency of water for drinking and domestic purposes was felt in some places owing to shortage of rainfall. In Ahmedabad Viramgam and Dhandbuka talukas were badly affected. A few bores were sunk to relieve the situation; but this is always risky as the water is often salt. In Kaira the supply was found to be adequate in winter but during summer hardship was felt in some villages. In Broach and Panch Mahals, the supply was adequate except in the scarcity area in the Panch Mahals. In Surat it was sufficient. In Thana the usual scarcity of water was felt in jungle patti villages. The supply was adequate till the end of March but in the summer scarcity was very keenly felt. In the Bombay Suburban District the supply was barely adequate.

The following table shows the amounts allotted to the various districts and the expenditure incurred in connection with water supply in precarious tracts:—

Name of the District Local Board.	Amount of Government grant allotted.	Amount spent from Government grants and unspent balances of the previous years.	Amount spent from local fund both in precarious and non-precarious tracts.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad	18,129	24,713	6,502
Kaira	57,359	45,277	.....
Panch Mahals	20,900	19,243	8,025
Broach	50,842	20,032	.....
Surat	45,553	29,750	.....
Thana	66,400	62,000	773
Bombay Suburban District	4,550	3,433	.....
Total	2,63,813	2,01,433	10,300

Cattle and fodder.—The supply of fodder was sufficient in Surat, Thana and Bombay Suburban District while in Ahmedabad, Kaira and Broach and Panch Mahals the deficiency was serious. In Ahmedabad 2,000,000 lbs. of grass had to be imported. The shortage was intensified by the severe famine in the neighbouring States of Kathiawar from whence a considerable number of half-starved cattle strayed or were driven in. In Kaira 400,000 lbs. had to be imported. In the Panch Mahals fodder had to be given out by Government as tagai. Parts of Surat and Thana grew surplus grass and it was supplied mainly to Gujerat and Kathiawar.

Rinderpest, foot and mouth disease and hæmorrhagic septicæmia appeared more or less in all districts.

The number of attacks and the number of cattle inoculated during the year was as follows :—

Number of cattle attacked	...	...	9,060
Number of cattle died	...	...	1,470
Number of cattle inoculated	...	...	2,371

In Ahmedabad rinderpest and hæmorrhagic septicæmia took a heavy toll of 222 and 112 cattle respectively. The deaths were mainly in the scarcity area. A veterinary dispensary was conducted at Sanand out of the village improvement funds. It was transferred during the year to the District Local Board. In Kaira the percentage of deaths was lower as compared with the attacks and this was due to the timely and precautionary measures taken by the public with the aid of the Veterinary Department; Galsundho and Mobaso or Khervalo however caused many deaths as compared with other diseases. In Broach and Panch Mahals there were 2,947 attacks resulting in 336 deaths. The major portion of deaths with less attacks was in the Panch Mahals where there were 275 fatal cases out of 884 attacks. The main diseases which caused these heavy losses were rinderpest and hæmorrhagic septicæmia. Out of the total of 202 deaths in Surat, 125 were from 136 attacks of hæmorrhagic septicæmia. Rinderpest also took a toll of 29 cattle out of 69 which were attacked by that disease. In Thana too the same two diseases caused many casualties. The aid of the Veterinary Department was availed of by all the talukas except Bassein and Shahpur which were free from cattle diseases. There were no deaths among the inoculated cattle.

Public Health.—Public health was generally good except for the prevalence of epidemic diseases as shown in the following table :—

District.	Mortality from				
	Cholera.	Small pox including measles.	Plague.	Influenza.	Cerebro-spinal fever (known as meningitis).
Abmedabad ...	1	1,470	...	...	16
Kaira ...	...	173	...	...	.....
Broach and Panch Mahals.	...	279	...	...	.. ...
Surat ...	9	32	...	...	.....
Thana ...	..	147	...	...	.....
Bombay Suburban District.	...	.....	...	...	.....
Total ...	10	2,101	...	...	16

Cerebro-spinal fever (meningitis) has been effectively controlled in Ahmedabad. There were 41 attacks resulting in 16 deaths as against 52 attacks resulting in 29 deaths during the previous year. Small pox was the main epidemic during the year and it caused 2,101 deaths as against 409 during the last year. Steps were taken to check the epidemic by re-vaccination in the areas affected. Cholera appeared in Bardoli, Chorasi, Pardi and Chikhli talukas, but effective measures to check its spread were taken. The epidemic caused 9 deaths only as against 214 during the last year.

Central Division.

The monsoon set in early in June. The rainfall in that month was sufficient except in parts of Ahmednagar and East Khandesh districts. In July the rainfall was general and sufficient in Ahmednagar, East Khandesh, West Khandesh, Nasik and Satara districts. Absence of rain for a considerable time was felt in parts of Nasik, Poona and Sholapur districts. This resulted in slight damage to the standing kharif crops. In parts of Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur districts anxiety was felt owing to the absence of rains till the end of the first half of August. The rainfall in the second half of August and September was however useful for the standing kharif crops as well as for the sowing of rabi crops in all the districts. In parts of Satara district there was no rain from the second fortnight of September to the end of the third week of October and as a result of this, the area was infested by insects which did considerable damage to the standing crops. The absence

of rain coupled with cold winds in parts of the Sholapur district affected the standing rabi crops. In the other districts the condition of crops was normal. The season was on the whole fair.

The situation in each district was as follows :—

Ahmednagar.—The start of the monsoon was timely this year. There were good showers in the southern and the eastern parts of the district during the month of June. These rains were not general. There was no rain in the hilly portions of Jamkhed peta. The north-western parts of the district comprising Akola, Kopar-gaon, Rahuri, Sangamner and Parner talukas also received deficient rain. The rains in the month of July were general and sufficient. The last week of July and most of August were almost dry. This prolonged break created anxiety. Kharif crops in the lighter soils showed signs of withering for want of sufficient moisture. The southernmost parts of the district received some rain during the last week of August, but was not sufficient to improve the agricultural situation. Light showers which fell in the second half of September and the first week of October proved useful and prevented actual scarcity conditions developing in Parner and Shrigonda talukas and Karjat and Jamkhed mahals. At the second and third week of October and the beginning of November there was good rainfall which improved the condition of the rabi crops. The season on the whole was fair.

East Khandesh.—The regular monsoon commenced in the middle of June. The fall in June was below normal and insufficient for sowing in Yawal taluka, Bhadgaon and Edlabad petas.

The fall in July was adequate and it enabled the undertaking of sowing operations. From the middle of July to the middle of August there was very little rain causing anxiety which was however relieved by the rains in the last week of August. Abundant rains fell in the month of September and the crops recovered well. Further rains in October and November assured a good season.

West Khandesh.—The monsoon commenced in the first week of June with the result that the agriculturists could undertake preparatory tillage of lands for cultivation.

During the month of July the fall was timely and well distributed in all the talukas of the district. The kharif crops thrived well. There were good rains in the month of August which helped to promote the growth of kharif crops to normal. In September the rainfall was generally sufficient all over the district and the standing kharif crops assured a normal season. The rainfall during the last week of October was beneficial for sowing rabi crops. The season was on the whole good.

Nasik.—The monsoon commenced early in June. The rainfall in June was general and sufficient. From the second half of July to the end of the first half of August there was no rain. As a result of this absence of rain the kharif crops suffered to some extent. The timely rainfall in the second half of August however improved

the situation. Owing to deficient rainfall in September the rabi crops could not be sown to the full extent. The fall in October was just sufficient for the growth of the already sown rabi crops. The season was on the whole fair.

Poona.—Western Division.—The monsoon broke out in the second week of June in all the talukas and petas excepting Mawal taluka and Mulshi peta where it set in as usual in the first week of June. There was a break in the rains from the middle of July to the last week of August in all the talukas except in Mawal where owing to absence of rain during this period rice and nagali crops suffered to some extent. The potato crop in the deshi part was also affected. In Haveli taluka the sowing operations were delayed till the end of July on account of scanty rains. However the September and October rains were sufficient and opportune and the crops thrived well except in Haveli taluka where the kharif crops suffered from want of more rain. These crops were therefore prematurely removed and rabi crops were sown. On the whole the rainfall was sufficient and well distributed.

Eastern Division.—The monsoon broke out in the second week of June. It was general and sufficient to undertake kharif sowing except in Purandhar taluka where the sowing operations were postponed till the middle of July owing to scanty rainfall. The rain in the month of August favoured the growth of the kharif crops. In the Bhimthadi taluka the season was encouraging for the kharif crops till late in July, but insufficient rain in the months of August and September affected the kharif and rabi crops. In Sirur and Dhond petas the sowing operations of the kharif crops were not undertaken till the last week of June and were completed by the middle of July. There were occasional good showers throughout July which were useful for the newly sown kharif crops. The rain from August to October helped the growth of the crops. There was practically no rain in these petas after October and therefore the kharif crops suffered to a great extent. In almost all the villages in Dhond peta there was severe cold which damaged the rabi crops in 34 villages and gave a low yield in 21 villages. In Indapur taluka the rainfall was scanty throughout the year and consequently there was no sowing of cotton, bajri and other kharif crops. The September rains though scanty, were opportune for the rabi crops which were sown extensively in the taluka. The rabi crops were however affected by diseases known as chiktya and khayarya and the yield was therefore on the whole very poor.

Satara.—The regular monsoon set in the last week of June. The sowing operations of kharif crops was commenced in the first week of July and almost finished by the end of that month. The rainfall during the month of July was general. There was a break in the rainfall in the month of August. In the ex-Khandala villages in Koregaon taluka the rainfall was scanty. In these villages and in some parts of the Koregaon taluka the crops withered for want of sufficient rains. There was sufficient rainfall during the first fortnight of September and the kharif crops therefore thrived well. There were no rains from the second

fortnight of September to the end of the third week of October. The result was that insects locally called "Lodes" made their appearance in the hilly parts of Satara, Javli and Patan talukas and Shirala and Mahableshwar mahals. They caused considerable damage to crops in Javli, Patan and Satara talukas. There were good showers in the last week of October and in the first week of November all over the district. They were very useful for kharif and rabi crops. Except in the ex-Khandala villages the general outturn of crops was satisfactory.

Sholapur.—The monsoon commenced in the first week of June. The rainfall in June was sufficient for the kharif sowing throughout the district. There was however no rain in July and August and as a result of this the kharif crops in most parts of the district withered. The situation threatened to take a serious turn in the first half of September as there were no rains till then. The rainfall in the second half of September however saved the situation. The rains at that time were sufficient for the rabi sowings. The rabi crops fared well till the middle of November. Then followed an unusual dry atmosphere and also cold winds. Consequently the jowar crop suffered to a considerable extent. There were no further late rains and the rabi season turned out to be poor. On the whole, the agricultural position was not satisfactory.

Cattle and Fodder.—The condition of cattle was fair in all the districts. Though diseases such as rinderpest, foot and mouth disease, hæmorrhagic septicæmia, blackquarter and anthrax, etc., prevailed they were not serious enough to affect the agricultural operations. The total number of deaths from disease was 5,128 as against 6,669 in the previous year. The total number of attacks and deaths was as follows:—

District.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Ahmednagar	5,297	827
East Khandesh	6,214	821
West Khandesh	7,438	652
Nasik	6,182	697
Poona	3,682	725
Satara	2,681	856
Sholapur	3,324	550
Total	34,818	5,128

The supply of fodder was sufficient in all the districts of the division except in the Sinnar taluka of the Nasik district and in the Khatav taluka and Man peta of the Satara district where the supply was deficient from August to October. Scarcity of fodder was also felt in the ex-Khandala villages in the same district. Tagai was freely granted in the Satara district for the purchase of fodder to those who were in need of it.

Water Supply.—The supply of water was generally sufficient for drinking and irrigation purposes except in parts of Nasik district, viz., Peint mahal, dangi parts of Nasik and Dindori talukas and Yeola town.

Public Health.—The public health was on the whole good. The following epidemics prevailed and the toll taken was as under :—

District.	Mortality from		
	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.
Ahmednagar	126	387	Nil.
East Khandesh	273	1,200	Nil.
West Khandesh	47	2,853	Nil.
Nasik	20	2,156	Nil.
Poona	32	430	1
Satara	15	277	Nil.
Sholapur	231	305	1,944
Total	744	7,608	1,945

Cholera was nowhere of a severe type. Prompt measures such as anti-cholera inoculations and the free supply of cholera pills and permanganate of potash helped to check the epidemic. Small-pox was also general, but it was not of a severe nature. The greatest number of those who succumbed to the disease was in West Khandesh. Plague took a heavy toll in the Sholapur district and particularly in the Sholapur city and taluka and in the Barsi, Madha and Pandharpur talukas. Special anti-plague measures were adopted with the help of the Public Health Department. 18 medical officers under a Plague Preventive Officer were appointed in Sholapur and Barsi talukas to inoculate persons both in affected and non-affected villages. One special plague duty aval karkun was also appointed in these talukas to render help to the medical officers and to persuade the public to get themselves inoculated. Besides inoculation, rat campaign demonstrations through advertising motor-cars were specially arranged. These intensive measures lasted for a period of about 7 months.

Southern Division.

Belgaum.—There was complete absence of the valuable pre-monsoon showers. The monsoon set in in the second week of June and was somewhat excessive in the rice tracts. Rabi crops suffered from late sowing owing to inadequate rain in the first half of August and also from drought in November and subsequent unfavourable winds. The total rainfall was however more than normal in all the talukas.

There was an increase in the area under sugarcane, groundnut, safflower and jowar and a decrease in the area under rice and bajri.

The anna valuation was nowhere below seven annas.

Bijapur.—In the northern half of the district though the rainfall figures of June and July appear adequate, distribution was uneven so that kharif crops had a rather poor start. A plague of field-rats did extensive damage with the result that sometimes crops had to be sown two or three times. The pest was kept under with the use of barium carbonate pills and disappeared with the heavy rains in September. The southern talukas had a good monsoon the incidence of which was particularly favourable to the groundnut crop. Rabi crops did better than kharif and the season was generally very good. Only one village was given full suspension and eight half suspension.

Dharwar.—Premonsoon showers were light but useful. The monsoon set in in the second week of June. The rainfall of July and August was short and failed to fill the tanks in all the paddy areas except Kalghatgi. The non-irrigated crops in the malnad tract fared well, and the season was favourable in the transition and desh areas though grass-hoppers did some damage to jowar in parts of Haveri and Ranabennur talukas; wheat suffered slightly from the scanty rain in November and cotton and rabi-jowar in Ron and Gadag talukas and Nargund petha suffered from unfavourable winds in December and January. Half suspension of land revenue was granted in the villages on the borders of Ron taluka and Nargund petha.

Kanara.—The rainfall was good and the season satisfactory. Suspensions were given in one village in Kunta and resuspensions in some villages in Bhatkal and Honavar.

Kolaba.—The monsoon began well but later rains were scanty and unseasonable and the rice crop, especially in salt lands, was unusually poor.

Ratnagiri.—The monsoon began well but a complete break during the last week of July and the first fortnight of August considerably affected the outturn.

Crops were damaged by karpa in 90 villages in Mandangad, Vengurla, Sangmeshwar, Ratnagiri, Rajapur, Malwan and Devgad and in consequence land revenue to the extent of Rs. 9,259-8-7 was remitted.

Water Supply.—This was sufficient except in the places which habitually suffer from water shortage in the hot weather.

Cattle and Fodder.—The condition of cattle was good and the supply of fodder adequate.

Public Health.—Public health was good. There were outbreaks of plague and small-pox but they were scotched before they assumed serious proportions. Malaria was even more severe than usual in Kanara and the adjoining malnad areas of Dharwar and Belgaum.

Cattle diseases were widespread but the efforts of the Veterinary Department were effective.

2. LAND REVENUE.

Northern Division.

The following statement gives an account of land revenue demand, collections, remissions, etc. :—

District.	Past arrears.		Current year's consolidated demand.	Total demand.	Suspensions.
	Authorised.	Unauthorised.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad ...	7,68,416	38,268	24,05,553	31,97,237	10,91,109
Kaira ...	9,42,083	637	21,05,394	30,48,114	15,15,171
Broach and Panch Mahals ...	1,28,575	9,299	27,22,635	28,54,806	2,58,209
Surat ...	431	1,117	26,58,711	26,60,259	1,65,205
Thana ...	3,158	6,807	18,65,324	18,74,489	5,768
Bombay Suburban District.	9,18,241	72,703	3,91,802	6,82,746	9,63,030
Total ...	20,80,904	1,16,880	1,31,49,619	1,43,17,353	32,98,496

District.	Remissions.	Collections.	Over-collections.	Arrears at the end of the year	
				of current year.	of previous year.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad ...	6,56,638	14,08,647	73,365	14,204	26,645
Kaira ...	6,83,635	8,49,063	9,969	3	185
Broach and Panch Mahals ...	1,09,378	24,34,640	51,178	481	1,500
Surat ...	9,29,540	22,63,303	60,306	1,621	—
Thana ...	37,338	13,18,525	11,682	8,452	4,045
Bombay Suburban District.	90,240	3,16,534	26,629	30,534	62,408
Total ...	17,36,887	91,41,601	2,33,129	55,395	65,084

Central Division.

The accompanying statement shows the year's consolidated land revenue demand, collections, remissions, suspensions and balance:—

District.	Past arrears.		Current year's consolidated demand.	Total consolidated demand.	Remissions.	Suspensions.	Collections.	Unauthorised balance.
	Authorised.	Unauthorised.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar.	2,27,234	2,366	94,96,037	97,23,271	30,344	2,94,574	28,97,262	3,567
East Khandesh.	64,927	21,365	40,68,146	41,38,488	2,608	9	41,03,661	32,277
West Khandesh.	498	—	25,74,497	25,74,936	1,132	413	25,69,174	4,376
Nasik	74,365	—	21,62,909	22,37,274	74,743	58,660	20,96,611	860
Poona	4,02,339	3,714	18,96,661	23,02,708	11,866	6,32,534	16,38,239	30,069
Satara	46,493	931	29,59,332	30,06,746	69,344	64,657	28,92,316	429
Sholapur	5,37,419	290	15,90,564	21,28,209	8,462	7,96,405	13,24,159	193
Total	19,43,578	28,616	1,77,32,176	1,91,04,187	1,58,609	18,38,633	1,70,10,432	71,601

Southern Division.

The following statement shows the year's consolidated land revenue demand, collections, suspensions, remissions and balance:—

District.	Past arrears.		Current year's consolidated demand.	Total consolidated demand.	Remissions.	Suspensions.	Collections.	Unauthorised balance.
	Authorised.	Unauthorised.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Belgaum	4,25,104	2,189	22,06,206	26,34,198	94,749	4,64,220	21,22,209	2,424
Bijapur	12,36,330	663	16,17,611	21,56,294	198	13,34,023	18,22,064	109
Dharwar	8,12,229	34,912	22,12,418	42,30,569	130,109	8,99,537	31,65,268	35,632
Kanara	94,662	25	10,21,547	10,54,364	60,227	3,977	9,92,060	—
Ratnagiri	1,05,346	56	10,45,069	11,50,471	22,926	1,13,830	10,03,629	86
Kolaba	2,283	743	17,26,644	19,02,295	34,930	59,123	17,26,957	1,388
Total	29,79,04	39,422	1,11,11,206	1,40,37,181	2,98,028	22,45,309	1,08,52,157	39,577

3. GROSS REVENUE.

(COLUMN 3 OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

The gross fixed revenue of the division showed a net increase of Rs. 2,712 as detailed below :—

			Rs.
Ahmedabad	...	...	+ 5,993
Kaira	...	...	+ 869
Broach and Panch Mahals	...	...	- 1,206
Surat	...	...	- 5,724
Thana	...	...	- 1,907
Bombay Suburban	...	...	+ 4,687
			<hr/>
			+ 2,712

The increase in the Ahmedabad and Bombay Suburban districts was mainly on account of conversion of land from agricultural to non-agricultural uses while in Kaira it was on account of grant of unoccupied lands as well as conversion of land from agriculture to building purposes. The decrease in Broach was due to dilution of lands by floods in the Narbada. In Surat it was due to reduction in non-agricultural assessment and in agricultural assessment on reclassification of lands. In Thana it was due to revision of non-agricultural assessment and also on account of forfeiture of woodland plots.

Central Division.

The gross fixed revenue of the division showed a net increase of Rs. 15,784 as detailed below :—

			Rs.
Ahmednagar	...	...	+ 1,480
East Khandesh	...	...	- 1,731
West Khandesh	...	...	+ 3,564
Nasik	...	...	+ 84
Poona	...	...	+ 9,980
Satara	...	...	+ 1,308
Sholapur	...	...	+ 1,099
			<hr/>
			+ 15,784

The increase is mainly due to the grant of forest and unassessed waste lands for cultivation, the grant of gaathan sites for building purposes and the levy of non-agricultural assessment on agricultural land put to non-agricultural use. The decrease in East Khandesh was mainly due to unoccupied land measuring 4,338 acres 32 gunthas being assigned to free grazing.

Southern Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 376 in the gross fixed revenue of the division as detailed below :—

				Rs.
Belgaum	...	...	+	288
Bijapur	...	...	-	685
Dharwar	...	...	+	274
Kanara	...	...	-	811
Ratnagiri	...	...	+	1,231
Kolaba	...	...	+	29
				<hr/>
			+	376
				<hr/>

The increase in Belgaum was mainly due to the grant of unassessed Government lands for cultivation, and that in Dharwar, Ratnagiri and Kolaba to the levy of non-agricultural assessment. The decrease in Bijapur was chiefly due to the reduction of assessment on account of the revision of water classification of the lands in Mamdapur, Kodbagi, Hanchinal and Manglur sanctioned in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 9082/33, dated 27th August 1938, and that in Kanara to the reclassification of garden lands as tari.

4. ALIENATIONS.

(COLUMN 5 OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

There was a net decrease of Rs. 1,067 under this head as shown below :—

				Rs.
Ahmedabad	...	...	-	310
Kaira	...	...	+	946
Broach and Panch Mahals	...	...	-	984
Surat	...	...	-	828
Thana	...	...	+	144
Bombay Suburban	...	...	-	35
				<hr/>
				-1,067

The decrease in Ahmedabad and Broach and Panch Mahals was due to the resumption of inams for breach of tenure, etc. In Surat it was due to decrease in miscellaneous land revenue in Sharakati villages while in the Bombay Suburban District it was due to decrease in judi in the town of Bandra owing to the cancellation of

a lease. The increase in Kaira was on account of the restoration of inams while in Thana it was on account of increase in the miscellaneous land revenue of inam villages.

Central Division.

There was a net decrease of Rs. 11,224 under this head as detailed below:—

			Rs.
Ahmednagar	...	...	- 50
East Khandesh	...	...	- 674
West Khandesh	...	...	- 120
Nasik	...	...	- 377
Poona	...	...	- 104
Satara	...	...	- 9,877
Sholapur...	...	...	- 22
			<hr/>
			- 11,224
			<hr/>

The decrease in Satara was mainly due to the increase in judi on inam lands. The decrease in the other districts is negligible.

Southern Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 787 under this head as detailed below:—

			Rs.
Belgaum	...	...	- 45
Bijapur	...	...	- 305
Dharwar...	...	...	- 333
Kanara	...	...	+ 33
Ratnagiri	...	...	+ 851
Kolaba	...	...	+ 586
			<hr/>
			+ 787
			<hr/>

The decrease in Belgaum and Dharwar was due partly to forfeiture and partly to resumption of alienated lands and that in Bijapur was due partly to reduction of assessment under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 9082/33, dated 27th August 1938, and partly to resumption of devasthan inam lands. The increase in Ratnagiri was chiefly due to the exemption from non-agricultural assessment of lands used for public purposes and in Kolaba to alienated villages in Panvel and Pen talukas not having been given the concession of rebate on account of the slump in prices as in the previous years.

5. NET GOVERNMENT REVENUE.

(COLUMNS 8, 9 AND 10 OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 1,246 under this head as shown below:—

			Rs.
Ahmedabad	...	...	+ 9,010
Kaira	...	..	- 400
Broach and Panch Mahals	...	...	- 2,459
Surat	...	...	- 4,333
Thana	...	...	- 5,118
Bombay Suburban	...	...	+ 4,546
			<hr/>
			+ 1,246

The increase in Ahmedabad was due to the disposal of unoccupied lands and alteration of assessment of lands converted from agriculture to non-agriculture. In the Bombay Suburban district it was due to the levy of non-agricultural assessment on land newly given out for building purposes as well as on those converted from agriculture to non-agriculture. The decrease in Kaira was due to the restoration of inam tenure in several cases. In Broach and Panch Mahals it was due to diluvion and forfeiture of some lands and for breach of tenure, etc. In Surat it was due to reduction in agricultural assessment on account of reclassification as well as reduction in non-agricultural assessment while in Thana it was due to revision of non-agricultural assessment resulting in reduction and forfeiture of woodland plots.

Central Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 26,729 under this head as shown below:—

			Rs.
Ahmednagar	...	...	+ 1,670
East Khandesh	...	...	+ 362
West Khandesh	...	...	+ 1,071
Nasik	...	...	+ 1,407
Poona	...	...	+ 9,985
Satara	...	...	+ 11,207
Sholapur...	...	...	+ 1,027
			<hr/>
			+ 26,729

The increase was due to the sale of Government land for cultivation, the levy of non-agricultural assessment and enhancement of the judi.

Southern Division.

There was a net decrease of Rs. 1,523 under this head as shown below:—

			Rs.
Belgaum	...	...	+ 86
Bijapur	...	...	- 401
Dharwar	...	...	+ 235
Kanara	...	...	- 1,295
Ratnagiri	...	...	+ 400
Kolaba	...	...	- 548
			<hr/>
			- 1,523
			<hr/>

The causes of the principal variations are those given in the paragraphs relating to "Gross Revenue" and "Alienations".

6. MISCELLANEOUS LAND REVENUE.

(COLUMN II OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 1,27,277 under this head as shown below:—

			Rs.
Ahmedabad	...	...	+ 26,434
Kaira	...	...	+ 2,005
Brcach and Panch Mahals	...	...	- 12,532
Surat	...	...	+ 3,784
Thana	...	...	+ 6,059
Bombay Suburban	...	...	+ 1,01,529

The increase in Ahmedabad was due to realisation of occupancy price for the land given out for cultivation, etc., non-agricultural assessment in case of temporary non-agricultural conversions and the credit of quarry fees under the head VII-Miscellaneous Land Revenue. In Kaira it was due to more realisations from babuls, bhatha lands, eksali leases, and premium for conversion of new tenure lands included in the Tayabpur mining leases to old tenure. In Surat it was due to disposal of unoccupied lands and temporary non-agricultural uses. In Thana it was due to commutation of non-agricultural assessment and also due to sale of Government land. In the Bombay Suburban district it was due to temporary

non-agricultural revenue and occupancy price realised for the lands given out for building purposes. The decrease in Broach and Panch Mahals was mainly due to less realisation from bet lands.

Central Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 98,103 under this head as shown below :—

			Rs.
Ahmednagar	...	...	+ 60,958
East Khandesh	...	...	+ 9,570
West Khandesh	...	...	+ 63,463
Nasik	...	...	- 18,612
Poona	...	...	- 2,786
Satara	...	...	- 5,653
Sholapur...	...	...	- 8,837
			<hr/>
			+ 98,103
			<hr/>

The increases and decreases are due to variations in the amount of occupancy price paid for lands.

Southern Division.

There was a net increase of Rs. 22,335 under this head as detailed below :—

			Rs.
Belgaum...	...	...	+ 7,401
Bijapur	...	...	+ 5,109
Dharwar...	...	...	+ 13,522
Kanara	...	...	- 1,034
Ratnagiri	...	...	- 688
Kolaba	...	...	- 1,975
			<hr/>
			+ 22,335
			<hr/>

Except in Ratnagiri, the fluctuations occurred principally in the sales of waste lands. The decrease in Ratnagiri was due to lower receipts of miscellaneous revenue realised on account of non-agricultural assessment since the issue of Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 1472/33, dated 13th January 1940.

7. REMISSIONS.

(COLUMN 22 OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

The remissions granted during the year amounted to Rs. 17,35,887 as against Rs. 10,14,677 during the previous year.

Class A.

	Rs.
Remissions on account of revision settlement or suspension of settlement	72,699

Class B.

District.	Automatic remission.	Remission of water rate.	Remission on account of frost, fire or any local calamity.	Special remission due to slump in prices, etc.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad ...	4,97,460	80,378	203	.....	5,78,041
Kaira ...	6,05,582	75,056	.....	1,842	6,82,480
Broach and Panch Mahals.	53,269	...	116	45,429	98,814
Surat ...	.....	1,09,896	.....	93,902	2,03,798
Thana ...	.....	...	990	35,713	36,703
Bombay Suburban .	.....	...	.....	10,008	10,008
Total ...	11,56,311	2,65,330	1,309	1,86,894	16,09,844

Class C.

	Rs.
(1) Written off as irrecoverable	1,048
(2) Remission of arrears of forfeited lands ...	735
(3) Remission on account of diluvion ...	5,454
(4) Reduction of assessment on account of acquisition of land for public purposes ...	164
(5) Demand cancelled	18,789
(6) Khar remissions	1,314
(7) Miscellaneous	2,093
(8) Remission on account of water-logging ...	24,747

Total ... 54,344

Total of Class A ... 72,699

" " Class B ... 16,09,844

" " Class C ... 54,344

Grand Total ... 17,36,887

Rebate on account of the slump in prices was granted to Matar and Mehmedabad talukas in the Kaira district; Dohad and Kalol talukas and Halol and Jhalod mahals in the Broach and Panch Mahals district; Bardoli and Chorasi talukas and Valod mahal in the Surat district; and South Salsette taluka in the Bombay Suburban district under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 5710/28-XLVI, dated 15th February 1940.

Central Division.

The remissions granted amounted to Rs. 1,88,509 as against Rs. 7,40,628 in the previous year. A statement in the form prescribed by Government Circular, Revenue Department, No. P. 63, dated 4th March 1925, is attached.

Rebate on account of the slump in prices was granted to Mulshi mahal in the Poona district and Sangola taluka in the Sholapur district under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 5710/28-XLVII, dated 1st March 1940.

Remissions of land revenue in the Central Division for the year 1939-40.

Serial No.	District.	Class A.	Class B.				Class C.					Total.
		Remissions on account of revision of settlement or suspension of settlement.	Automatic remissions.	Remissions of water rate.	Remissions on account of local calamities.	Special remissions on account of the slump in prices.	Written-off as irrecoverable.	Arrears remitted on forfeited lands.	Remissions on account of water logging.	Demand cancelled.	Miscellaneous.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Ahmednagar ...	.....	...	1,413	128	...	...	147	28,226	421	9	30,344
2	East Khandesh.	.....	...	...	223	...	70	2,815	...	...	...	2,608
3	West Khandesh.	19	...	...	60	...	9	...	1,044	...	...	1,192
4	Nasik ...	741	64,149	5,901	167	...	...	373	3,173	42	197	74,743
5	Poona ...	.....	...	284	75	4,619	1,173	...	5,321	414	...	11,866
6	Satara ...	.. ...	16,782	38,747	3,575	...	...	..	...	175	65	59,344
7	Sholapur ...	.....	...	...	...	6,794	...	158	819	...	681	8,452
	Total ...	760	80,931	46,345	4,228	11,413	1,252	2,993	38,583	1,052	952	1,59,509

Southern Division.

Remissions granted during the year under report amounted to Rs. 2,93,028 as against Rs. 5,33,666 during the previous year. The information according to the three classes, A, B and C prescribed in Government Circular No. P. 63 of 4th March 1925 is given below :—

Class A.

District.	Remission on account of revision settlement or suspension of settlement.	Remission of assessment of Lore village, taluka Deogad, district Ratnagiri (R. 8937—20th July 1928.)	Remission of assessment on gaobhan holdings in khcti villages (R. 4864—26th May 1914.)	Remission of assessment on rent-free holdings (R. 6352—8th September 1904.)	Remission of assessment on lands reserved for special or public purposes.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Kanara ...	26,798	...	...	...	...	26,798
Ratnagiri ...	1	10	678	2,271	51	3,011
Kolaba ...	712	...	...	...	...	712
Total ...	27,511	10	678	2,271	51	30,521

Class B.

District.	Automatic remissions.	Remissions of water rate.	Remissions on account of local calamities.	Remissions on account of slump in prices.	Remissions on lands forfeited during civil disobedience movement.	Total.
	8	9	10	11	12	13
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Belgaum ...	27,261	1,367	2,111	2,972	.....	33,711
Bijapur ...	...	...	77	...	.....	77
Dharwar ...	68,106	60,063	105	...	.....	1,28,274
Kanara ...	847	...	5,574	20,558	1,724	28,703
Ratnagiri ...	...	...	9,837	20,064	.....	29,901
Kolaba ...	...	...	1,207	32,677	.....	33,884
Total ...	96,214	61,430	13,911	76,271	1,724	2,54,550

* This includes Rs. 775 being the second instalment of suspended arrears of 1936-37 which would ordinarily have been collected as the annewari was above 11 annas in 5 villages of Kod taluka, remitted in accordance with Government memorandum, Revenue Department, No. 5392/39-18462-B, dated 26th June 1940.

Class C.

District.	Written off as irrecoverable.	Remitted arrears on forfeited lands.	Remissions on account of water logging.	Demand cancelled.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Total of classes A, B and C.
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Belgaum ...	...	406	285	343	...	1,034	34,745
Bijapur ...	16	...	...	105	...	121	198
Dharwar ...	...	1,365	116	335	12	1,823	1,30,102
Kanara ...	...	4,334	...	392	...	4,726	60,227
Ratnagiri ...	...	...	...	14	...	14	32,926
Kolaba ...	...	...	15	219	...	234	34,830
Total ...	16	6,105	416	1,408	12	7,957	2,93,028

Rebate on account of slump in prices was granted to Chandgad mahal in Belgaum, Ankola, Kumta and Honavar talukas in Kanara, Alibag and Roha talukas in Kolaba, and Khed, Deogad and Rajapur talukas in Ratnagiri, under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 5710/28-XXXIX (a), dated 12th March 1940.

8. SUSPENSIONS.

(COLUMN 23 OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

The total suspended revenue at the end of the year was Rs. 32,98,486 as against Rs. 20,50,901 at the end of the previous year.

The suspensions were granted under the remission and suspension rules.

District.	Suspensions out of the revenue of the current year.	Amount resuspended.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad ...	8,35,052	2,56,051	10,91,103
Kaira ...	11,81,267	3,33,904	15,15,171
Brosch and Panch Mahals ...	1,84,002	74,207	2,58,209
Surat ...	1,64,797	408	1,65,205
Thana ...	5,102	666	5,768
Bombay Suburban ...	55,556	2,07,474	2,63,030
Total ...	24,25,776	8,72,710	32,98,486

Central Division.

The total suspended revenue at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 18,33,635 as against Rs. 13,43,445 in the previous year. The details are:—

District.	Suspensions out of the revenue of the current year.	Amount re-suspended.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar	1,38,717	1,55,857	2,94,574
East Khandesh	2	.....	2
West Khandesh	222	191	413
Nasik	55,256	804	56,060
Poona	2,49,082	3,73,442	6,22,524
Satara	43,580	21,077	64,657
Sholapur	2,82,338	5,13,067	7,95,405
	7,69,197	10,64,438	18,33,635

Southern Division.

The total suspended revenue, including resuspensions, at the end of the year under report amounted to Rs. 28,45,309 as against Rs. 28,79,418 at the end of the previous year. The following table shows the details of suspensions by districts and also serves the purpose of Government Circular No. P. 63, dated 4th March 1925:—

District.	Amount suspended out of current year's demand.	Amount re-suspended.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Belgaum	88,280	3,76,540	4,64,820
Bijapur	6,020	13,28,003	13,34,023
Dharwar	52,602	8,46,935	8,99,537
Kanara	995	2,982	3,977
Ratnagiri	9,786	1,04,044	1,13,830
Kolaba	27,755	1,367	29,122
Total ...	1,85,438	23,59,871	28,45,309

9. REVENUE FOR COLLECTION.

(COLUMN 21 *minus* COLUMNS 22 AND 23 OF APPENDIX I.)**Northern Division.**

The net consolidated demand (exclusive of remissions and suspensions) during the year amounted to Rs. 92,81,980 as against Rs. 1,02,70,666 in the previous year.

Central Division.

The net consolidated revenue for collection including local fund cess and excluding the remissions and suspensions of land revenue amounted to Rs. 1,70,82,023 as against Rs. 1,69,42,845 in the preceding year.

Southern Division.

The net consolidated demand (excluding suspensions and remissions) amounted to Rs. 1,08,91,844 as against Rs. 1,05,50,832 of the previous year.

10. COLLECTIONS.

(COLUMN 25 OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

Out of the net demand of Rs. 92,81,980 mentioned in paragraph 9, Rs. 91,41,601 were collected, the percentage of collection being 98.49 as against 98.86 in the previous year.

The percentage of collection to the net demand of each district was as under :—

District.	Percentage.
Ahmedabad	97.18
Kaira	99.98
Broach and Panch Mahals	99.91
Surat	99.93
Thana	99.32
Bombay Suburban	79.24

Central Division.

The total collections amounted to Rs. 1,70,10,422, the percentage of collection being 99.5 of the amount put down for collection. The percentage by districts is as shown below— •

Ahmednagar	...	...	...	99.8
East Khandesh	...	...	...	99.2
West Khandesh	...	...	...	99.8
Nasik	...	...	...	99.9
Poona	...	...	...	98.1
Satara	...	...	...	99.9
Sholapur	...	...	...	99.9

Southern Division.

Collections were Rs. 1,08,52,157 as against Rs. 1,05,11,164. The percentage was 99.6 as in the previous year. The percentage by districts was :—

District.			Percentage.
Belgaum	...	...	99.9
Bijapur	...	...	99.9
Dharwar	...	...	99.0
Kanara	...	...	100
Ratnagiri	...	...	99.9
Kolaba	...	...	99.9

11. BALANCES.

(COLUMN 23 SUSPENDED AND COLUMN 27 UNAUTHORISED OF APPENDIX I.)

Northern Division.

The balance outstanding at the end of the year was Rs. 34,38,865 (Rs. 32,93,486 authorised and Rs. 1,40,379 unauthorised) as against Rs. 21,67,731 at the end of the previous year.

Central Division.

The balance outstanding at the end of the year was Rs. 14,43,592 (Rs. 13,43,375 authorised and Rs. 1,00,217 unauthorised). Out of the unauthorised arrears of Rs. 1,00,217, Rs. 71,601 are arrears of the current year's demand and Rs. 23,616 of the previous year.

Southern Division.

The balance outstanding at the close of the year was Rs. 23,84,996 (Rs. 28,45,309 authorised and Rs. 39,687 unauthorised) as against Rs. 29,19,086 (Rs. 28,79,418 authorised and Rs. 39,668 unauthorised) in the previous year.

12. TAKAVI.

Northern Division.

The amount advanced under the two Acts (XIX of 1883 and XII of 1884) during the year ending 30th September 1940 totalled Rs. 1,61,931 as against Rs. 2,69,235 during the previous year. No tagai was advanced under the Bombay Non-Agriculturists' Loans Act (Act III of 1928). The year opened with an outstanding balance of Rs. 28,52,305 (Rs. 23,16,900 Principal and Rs. 5,35,404 Interest).

The following table shows the demand, suspensions, collections, etc., of the year :—

<i>Demand—</i>		Rs.		Rs.
Principal	...	5,58,397		
Interest	...	3,59,038		
Written off (Principal and Interest)	...		...	2,797
Suspensions	do. ...		...	2,93,243
Collections	do. ...		...	3,64,495
Unauthorised balance do.	...		...	2,56,900

The unauthorised arrears by districts are given below :—

		Rs.
Ahmedabad	...	2,48,953
Kaira	...	4,138
Broach and Panch Mahals	...	1,469
Surat	...	1,104
Thana	...	1,236
Bombay Suburban	.....

In Ahmedabad district, the unauthorised arrears are mostly in Viramgam, Daskroi and Dhandhuka talukas and Sanand mahal. During the year nearly 40 per cent. of the demand was collected as against 34 per cent. during the previous year although scarcity conditions prevailed in Viramgam taluka and the Panchal tract of Dhandhuka taluka. In other districts the arrears are not heavy.

The following statement shows the operations during the year under report and during the preceding five years :—

Year.	Advance made.	Collections.		Amount written off.
		Principal.	Interest.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1934-35	20,608	2,69,267	1,00,440	180
1935-36	7,920	5,70,873	3,11,323	8,290
1936-37	1,20,660	3,12,759	1,66,470	87,533
1937-38	19,951	3,29,116	1,09,385	83,335
1938-39	2,69,235	1,46,916	79,503	1,77,459
1939-40	1,61,931	2,56,562	1,05,993	2,797

Takavi advances under the Land Improvement Loans Act amounted to Rs. 37,363.

There was a special takavi establishment of 20 clerks for the division during the year.

Central Division.

The amount of Tagai advanced under both the Acts (XIX of 1883 and XII of 1884) during the year was Rs. 2,49,985 as against Rs. 2,01,544 in the previous year. The increase is mainly due to the fact that in Ahmednager, West Khandesh and Sholapur districts, tagai was advanced freely taking into consideration the unsatisfactory condition of the agricultural season in these districts.

The year opened with an outstanding balance of Rs. 13,17,208 (principal Rs. 11,49,938 and interest Rs. 1,67,270). The following table shows the demand, collections, etc. for the year—

Demand—	Rs.
Principal ...	4,35,359
Interest ...	1,29,231
	<hr/>
	5,64,590
Written off ...	17,786
Suspended ...	86,672
Recovered ...	3,55,210
Unauthorised arrears ...	1,04,922

The unauthorised arrears are as detailed below :—

District.				Rs.
Ahmednagar	...	...	...	89,373
East Khandesh	...	...	...	3,443
West Khandesh	...	...	...	9,302
Nasik	...	...	...	Nil.
Poona	...	...	...	2,436
Satara	...	...	...	278
Sholapur	...	...	...	Nil.

There were 13 cases in Sholapur district in which tagai loans were misapplied and in 4 cases the borrowers failed to carry out the works within the stipulated time. In all these cases the amounts were recovered summarily. There were only 3 cases of misapplication in Satara district.

The following table shows the advances, recoveries and balances during the year and the preceding five years :—

Year.	Total amount advanced.	Total recoveries.		Amount written off.
		Principal.	Interest.	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1934-35	1,46,153	2,12,911	84,958	8,376
1935-36	2,97,544	2,06,488	68,261	2,567
1936-37	6,44,593	2,35,110	29,635	2,835
1937-38	2,97,557	3,28,804	70,939	5,598
1938-39	2,01,544	2,85,216	65,522	2,405
1939-40	2,49,985	2,95,283	59,927	17,786

Southern Division.

The statements in Appendix II give the year's transactions. The year ended on 30th September 1940. Collections were 23.5 per cent. of the debt outstanding at the beginning of the year plus the debits of the year. Last year the percentage of collection was 12.4. The improvement is due to the season having been a good one.

Suspensions in Bijapur were only Rs. 17,655-12-3 principal and Rs. 784-10-9 interest against Rs. 1,95,832-14-6 principal and Rs. 89,080-3-8 interest last year. In Dharwar they were Rs. 4,871-6-2 principal and Rs. 1,175-9-0 interest against Rs. 21,123-0-2 principal and Rs. 869-1-0 interest last year.

The following special schemes continued during the year :—

- (a) Eradication of baniala by tractor ploughing in Dharwar.

(b) 'Koleroga' control by spraying operations in Kanara.

(c) Improvement of tari and supari garden lands in Siddapur taluka.

(a) Rs. 4,655-7-6 were advanced for tractor ploughing in one village in Dharwar taluka and five villages in Navalgund taluka. Rs. 6,614-7-0 were also advanced in Dharwar district for removal of hariali by hand-digging. There is strong local demand for an extension of facilities under this scheme which has unfortunately not yet been met.

(b) The 'Koleroga' control programme was carried out in the garden tracts of Siddapur, Yellapur, Kumta, Honavar talukas and Bhatkal mahal in Kanara district, fresh advances being Rs. 19,987. The season was unfavourable for spraying owing to heavy and incessant rainfall.

(c) Only Rs. 685 of the special grant of Rs. 3,000 sanctioned for the improvement of the tari and supari garden lands in Siddapur taluka were utilised during the year.

3. Unauthorised arrears are again the heaviest in Bijapur, being Rs. 1,73,170-13-4 principal and Rs. 91,357-9-2 interest. These are chiefly the accumulated debt of previous years of scarcity. Dharwar comes next with Rs. 60,041-7-8 principal and Rs. 19,892-11-9 interest. Collections in this district were hampered by low prices and the restricted use of coercive processes. In Kanara unauthorised arrears were Rs. 31,882-2-0 principal and Rs. 2,712-11-11 interest, and occurred mainly in Siddapur taluka. In Belgaum unauthorised arrears of Rs. 22,885-0-5 principal and Rs. 6,903-15-0 interest amount to just over 50 per cent. of the demand. Unauthorised arrears in Kolaba and Ratnagiri are negligible.

4. Tagai works in progress were inspected as below :—

District.	Number of works in progress.	Number of works (including old ones) inspected by				
		Collectors.	Prant Officers.	Mamlat-dars and Mahalkaris.	Special Head karkuns.	Circle Inspectors.
Belgaum ...	93	...	7	45	25	42
Bijapur ...	1,499	...	87	490	663	532
Dharwar ...	97	...	16	89	...	42
Kanara ...	25	2	3	13	19	16
Kolaba ...	6	...	...	5	...	3
Ratnagiri ...	27	...	...	19	...	4

5. One instance of misapplication of Rs. 30 advanced under the Koleroga scheme is reported from Kanara. The summary recovery of the amount has been ordered.

13. AREA.

(Columns 10, 11 and 12 of Appendix III.)

There was a net increase of 2,498 acres in occupied area of agricultural lands as shown below :—

Ahmedabad	...	...	...	+2,299
Kaira	...	...	...	-158
Broach and Panch Mahals	...	...	...	-689
Surat	...	...	...	+348
Thana	...	...	...	+842
Bombay Suburban	...	...	...	-144

The increase in Ahmedabad, Surat and Thana was mainly due to the grant of unoccupied land for cultivation. The decrease in Kaira and Broach and Panch Mahals was due to forfeiture of new tenure lands for breach of tenure. In the Bombay Suburban district it was due to conversion of land from agriculture to non-agriculture.

Central Division.

The total occupied area of agricultural land was 16,782,855 acres and showed a net increase of 1,449 acres. The increase or decrease in each district was as follows :—

<i>Increase.</i>				
Ahmednagar	...	...	1,039	
Nasik	...	...	1,469	
Poona	...	...	1,038	
Satara	...	...	91	
			3,637	
<i>Decrease.</i>				
East Khandesh...	...	927		
West Khandesh...	...	905		
Sholapur	...	356		
		2,188		
Net increase	...			1,449

The increase is mainly due to the grant of forest or unoccupied land for cultivation.

Southern Division.

There was a net decrease of 843 acres in occupied agricultural lands:—

	Acres.			
Belgaum	+ 210
Bijapur	+ 64
Dharwar	- 580
Kanara	- 640
Ratnagiri	+ 111
Kolaba	- 8
				—
				Net decrease ... : 843

The increase in Belgaum, Bijapur and Ratnagiri was due to grant of waste lands for cultivation and the decrease in Dharwar, Kanara and Kolaba was due to forfeiture and relinquishment of lands.

14. COERCIVE PROCESSES.

(APPENDIX IV.)

Northern Division.

The following table compares the extent to which coercive processes in various forms had to be resorted to for collection of land revenue during the year under report and the previous year:—

Year.	Number of notices of demand issued under section 152, Land Revenue Code.	Number of cases of penalty under section 149, Land Revenue Code.	Distrain and sale of moveable property under section 154, Land Revenue Code.	Sale of immoveable property other than land in respect of which arrears were due (section 155, Land Revenue Code).	Forfeiture and sale of occupancy under section 153, Land Revenue Code.	Arrests and imprisonment under section 157, Land Revenue Code.
1939-40 ...	3,438	293	58	1	20	...
1938-39 ...	7,222	413	97	1	32	...

Out of 233 cases of penalty under section 143 of the Land Revenue Code, 174 relate to the Bombay Suburban district. In Ahmedabad and Thana there were 31 and 20 cases, respectively, while in Kaira and Surat there were only 4 in each district.

Forfeiture had to be resorted to in the case of contumacious defaulters as shown below :

District.	Number of cases.	Area forfeited. Acres.
Ahmedabad	... 6	70
Kaira	... ..	...
Broach and Panch Mahals.	2	11
Surat	... ..	...
Thana	... 11	161
Bombay Suburban	... 1	28

There were in all 53 cases of distraint and sale of moveables as shown below :

Ahmedabad	... ..	25
Kaira	... ..	1
Broach and Panch Mahals	... ..	4
Surat	... ..	...
Thana	... ..	15
Bombay Suburban	... ..	13

Central Division.

The following table shows the extent to which the various coercive processes were employed for the collection of the land revenue during the year under report and the previous year :—

Year.	Number of notices of demand issued under Section 152, Land Revenue Code.	Number of cases of penalty under Section 148, Land Revenue Code.	Distraint and sale of moveable property under Section 154, Land Revenue Code.	Sale of immovable property other than land in respect of which arrears were due, Section 155, Land Revenue Code.	Forfeiture and sale of occupancy, Section 153, Land Revenue Code.	Arrest and imprisonment under Section 157, Land Revenue Code.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1939-40	... 6,008	836	423	...	432	...
1938-39	... 8,367	259	712	4	364	1

Out of the 6,003 notices issued, 1,831, 1,301 and 1,193 were from Poona, Nasik and East Khandesh, respectively. In Ahmednagar

and Satara the number was 661 and 362, respectively. In Sholapur the number was only 16. There was an increase in the number of persons proceeded against under Section 148 of the Land Revenue Code. In Sholapur, Ahmednagar and Satara the number was only 2, 4 and 5, respectively. In Poona and West Khandesh, the number was 366 and 464, respectively. There was a decrease in the number of cases under Section 154 in all districts except West Khandesh; the increase in Satara and Sholapur was not appreciable. There was an increase in the number of cases under Section 153 particularly in East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Sholapur. There was no case of arrest and imprisonment under Section 157.

Southern Division.

The subjoined table compares the extent of coercion in different forms employed for the collection of land revenue during the year under report and the previous year :—

Year.	Number of notices of demand under Section 152, Land Revenue Code.	Penalty under Section 148, Land Revenue Code.	Distraint and sale of moveable property under Section 154, Land Revenue Code.	Sale of immoveable property under Section 155, Land Revenue Code.	Forfeiture and sale of occupancy, under Section 153, Land Revenue Code.
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Number of kabjedars,	Number of kabjedars.	Number of cases.	Number of cases.
1938-39	2,628	150	216	1	697
1939-40	2,033	359	297	.....	918

Of 9,639 acres involved in the forfeiture cases in Kanara, 700 acres were sold, 1,540 acres brought to waste and 7,399 acres restored on new tenure.

15. TRADE AND INDUSTRIES.

Northern Division.

In Ahmedabad, trade conditions during the year were on the whole satisfactory.

Kaira district is mainly agricultural. There were the following few industries :—

The flour mills have increased from 85 to 100. 43 creameries and 25 ovens for boiling milk in Anand, Borsad and Nadiad talukas carried business on an extensive scale and were a boon to the poor classes who made a living by selling milk. Out of the 8 oil mills

6 worked during the year. There were 253 pumping plants in Anand and Borsad talukas which considerably helped irrigated crops. The bone crushing factory at Dabhan supplied a large quantity of manure in various parts of the division. There are water works in some villages which supplied drinking water to various tracts.

The chief trade in the Panch Mahals is in grain and timber. Grain from interior villages of the eastern mahals and the surrounding Indian States is taken to Dohad whence it is exported to other parts of the Province. In Godhra taluka trade in timber and fuel is carried on on a large scale. There is also a trade in timru leaves which lasts for a couple of months. There are no large scale industries in this sub-division except the manganese mine at Shivrajpur and Bamankuva in Halol mahal.

In the Broach sub-division, cotton is the principal article of trade and industry. 129,563 bhars of cotton (as against 122,584 bhars last year) was ginned and pressed into bales. The cotton was exported to Bombay. 75 hand-loomes were worked by the backward class during the year and the handloom manufactured cloth was exported to Ahmedabad and Surat. Debej in Wagra taluka continued its sea trade with Bhavnagar as usual.

Surat district is also mainly agricultural. Cotton is the principal money crop. The cotton seed oil mill supplied oil as usual and also manufactured soap-cakes, etc., from it which were exported to various places. The silk and embroidery industry in Surat city employs a large number of people. The industry is meeting with serious foreign competition particularly from Japan. Muslims and a class of Hindus known as Khattris produce rough cloth in hand-loomes and it is used by the backward classes. At Vedchhi in Valod mahal spinning and weaving is done.

The chief articles of export are grass, firewood, coal, timber, mangoes, rice, cotton and cotton seeds. Grass, firewood, coal and rice are exported to Bombay from Bulsar and Chikhli. Mandvi is famous for its country carts which are strong and durable. Timber from Mandvi forest was exported to other parts of Gujerat by rail. There are four stone quarries in Bulsar taluka. A mining license was granted to Messrs. Killick Nixon and Company in the Mandvi taluka.

The imports and exports by water in Surat Port are increasing. Cotton bales especially are exported to Bhavnagar in increasing quantities and the reason is the cheaper cost of transport.

The chief commodities exported from Thana district are rice, paddy, timber, charcoal, milk, grass, salt, betel-leaves, plantains, vegetables, fish, matches, saris, lugdis, etc. Of these paddy, rice, milk, fish, charcoal, etc., find a market in Bombay and the rest in Gujerat. Timber is chiefly carried by sea to Kathiawar and Gujerat from the three ports, viz., Sawta, Manor and Sanjan. Charcoal is exported from Shahpur, Dahanu and Palghar talukas and Vada mahal. Bhiwandi and Kalyan talukas manufacture bricks on a large scale. These works employ about 5,000 labourers for over 8 months.

Vada peta and Bhiwandi taluka produce the finest quality of rice known as Kolamba. Bassein produces vegetables, plantains and betel-leaves.

Salt was exported in large quantities from Bassein taluka and Thana mahal. Fish was exported in large quantities from Bassein Palghar, and Thana.

In the Bombay Suburban district, building activities and quarrying operations were slack owing to the war.

Central Division.

The chief industry of the division is agriculture. Trade is mainly confined to the export of raw materials. The principal articles exported are grain, cotton and oil-seeds.

Jaggery is the most important article of trade in the irrigated tracts of Ahmednagar, Nasik and Poona districts. Cotton and groundnut continued to be the chief products of trade of the Khanesh districts. Their prices continued steadily to rise on account of war. Groundnut seed, turmeric and jaggery are the important articles of trade of the Satara district and they are exported on an extensive scale to Bombay and other industrial centres. Onions, betel-leaves and eggs were also exported on a large scale.

Sugar factories.—There are four sugar-factories in the Ahmednagar district. The Belapur Company and the Maharashtra Sugar Mills run their business with substantial profits. The Godavar Sugar Mills have started work this year. The Belwandi Sugar Farm is also prospering. The sugar factory at Rawalgaon in Nasik district is making progress. The two sugar factories in the Malsira taluka, viz. the Saswad-Mali Sugar Factory at Akluj and the Brihan Maharashtra Sugar Factory at Borgaon, fared well.

Miscellaneous Industries.—A modern factory is being built at Pachora for the manufacture of vegetable oil products from groundnuts, etc. There are two tanneries at Sawedi, a suburb of Ahmednagar, which turn out fairly good leather which is in great demand in Northern India. At the tannery at Bhusawal, hides of goat and sheep are cleaned and dried and sent to Rajanumree for further processes. The bidi factories at Nasik and Sinnar supply bidies locally as far as the Central Provinces and Berar. The Rea Paper Mill at Mundwa and the Rawiwarma Fine Art Litho Press at Malvali, the Kirlosker Iron Factory and the Iron Industries Works at Satara Road had a good year.

Southern Division.

The year was normal.

Agriculture is the main industry.

Wheat, cotton, jaggery, chillies, groundnut, betelnut, betel-leaves, spices and timber, are the principal articles of export from the Karnatak and rice, salt, fish, salted-fish, mangoes and prepare

cashewnuts from the Konkan. Kolaba district does an increasing export business with Bombay in fresh fruit, vegetables, fish, eggs, etc. Large quantities of jowari and bajri were exported from Bijapur to Sholapur district and Hyderabad State where scarcity prevailed.

The Bailhongal regulated cotton market attracted supplies from a wide area and brought prosperity to the town.

There was some slight improvement in the handloom industry. The carpet and kambli industries had a normal year.

The cattle-fair centres in Dharwar did good business. Tanning industry was started at Haveri under Government supervision and a promising start has been made with coir work under the aegis of the All-India Village Improvement Association at Honavar in Kanara.

The produce of the salt works at Sanikatta in Kanara, Shiroda in Ratnagiri and Pen and Uran in Kolaba was normal.

The depression in building activities in Bombay adversely affected the tile factory at Mora in Uran. There was no improvement in the condition of the brick and tile factories in Khanapur.

The mango crop in Ratnagiri was moderate but secured good prices in Bombay and other places.

Sandalwood and ivory-carving was carried on as usual at Kumta and Honavar in Kanara.

Bee-keeping has been newly introduced in Kanara with a Government subsidy.

The power houses at Bhivpuri, Khopoli and Bhira continued to supply electric energy to Bombay City.

16. PRICES.

Northern Division.

Prices of food grains in all districts showed an upward trend. The rise was partly due to war conditions and partly due to shortage of rain during the season. The price of cotton with seed ranged from Rs. 85 to 150 as against Rs. 72 to 90 last year. The economic condition of the people on the whole was satisfactory owing to the rise in prices. The speculative increase in prices was controlled by the Bombay Regulation and Control Prices Order, 1939.

Central Division.

During the year under report prices were higher than those of the previous year. This rise is mainly due to the war conditions prevailing in Europe. The prices of cotton and groundnut were high all along in East Khandesh. In Satara the prices of jaggery

and groundnut were low. In Sholapur the prices reached an abnormally high level in December 1939 but from January 1940 onwards there was a drop.

Southern Division.

With the outbreak of war in September prices improved but soon settled down. In the case of the chief export crops of the Karnatak, cotton and groundnut, the growers did very well on the better prices but local merchants suffered as prices fell while the commodities were still in their hands. The prices of all foodstuffs except wheat have remained at a slightly higher level than before the war began. The obvious determination of Government not to countenance profiteering combined with excellent crops kept prices fairly steady in the early days of the war.

Dislocation of the coastal steamer traffic had the effect of lowering the prices of the products of the Konkan such as betelnut and cardamom and of raising the prices of goods imported into the Konkan but an improvement of shipping facilities later in the year saved the whole coastal area from any serious dislocation. On the whole the division came through the year remarkably well.

17. LABOUR AND WAGES.

Northern Division.

The wages of both skilled and unskilled labour showed no appreciable change except in respect of unskilled labour in Ahmedabad and Panch Mahals where there was some fall owing to scarcity and the consequent excess of labourers. In Broach subdivision unskilled local labourers were found insufficient and a large number had to be obtained from Kathiawar for picking cotton and harvesting wheat. A large number of labourers were also employed as usual by the ginning factories. Thana district being in close proximity to Bombay both skilled and unskilled labourers especially from Thana, Kalyan and Bassein as usual found employment in Bombay at higher wages than they could get locally. The woollen mill at Thana, the rice mills in the district, match factories at Thana and Ambernath, salt works at Bhayandar, Rai and Belapur, brick works at Kalyan and Bhiwandi, and the handlooms, etc. at Bhiwandi provided sufficient work for both skilled and unskilled labourers from the district, as well as other parts of the division.

Central Division.

The supply of labour was plentiful throughout the year and the rates of wages both for skilled and unskilled labourers remained steady throughout except in East Khandesh. In East Khandesh

there was a drought for about a month, i.e., from the middle of July to the third week of August. This affected agricultural labour to a considerable extent as the agricultural labourers found no employment during that period. This had an effect on their wages also. The condition of the labourers was on the whole good in all the districts. The Government Workshop at Dapuri, the Reay Paper Mills at Mundwa, the Raja Bahadur Motilal Mills at Poona, the Spinning and Weaving Mills at Jalgaon, Amalner, Chalisgaon, Dhulia, Barsi and Sholapur, the Sugar Factories in the Ahmednagar, Nasik, Poona and Sholapur districts, the several ginning and pressing factories in every district except Satara continued to absorb a large number of labourers from the country-side.

Southern Division.

The supply of labour was equal to the demand. Wages were steady except in Kanara and Kolaba where there were slight fluctuations. The condition of the labouring classes was on the whole good and the relations between employers and employed generally satisfactory.

18. SPECIAL MATTERS.

Northern Division.

The chief feature of the season was the scarcity in northern Gujerat. Up to the 23rd of August one of the worst famines in history appeared imminent, but the rain which fell then and subsequently reduced the seriously affected areas to one or two talukas in Ahmedabad and Panch Mahals. Gujerat was lucky as compared with Kathiawar and Rajputana where drought was complete and widespread. In the present year the crops are good but the total rainfall is again deficient and a shortage of water supply is likely to follow this series of dry years if a heavy monsoon does not occur soon.

Famine.—There was no famine during the year but scarcity was declared in some parts of Ahmedabad and in Panch Mahals. In Ahmedabad there was a serious shortage of rain in the second half of July and first half of August, the worst areas affected being Viramgam and the Panchal tract of Dhandhuka. There was a serious shortage of grass. To relieve the distress grass was advanced by Government on joint bond and tagai to the extent of about 2½ lacs of rupees. Concession rates were also allowed to the import of grass by private and charitable institutions. When rains came later in 1939 seed tagai to the extent of about two lacs of rupees was advanced. In March 1940, measures were taken to start scarcity works in the Viramgam taluka where the rainfall was poorest and a special land acquisition officer was appointed for the

acquisition of land for the Public Works Department scarcity works. The District Local Board, Ahmedabad, also started excavation works in Viramgam and on the Vinchhia-Ranpur road in the Panchal tract. Cheap grain shops were opened in Viramgam taluka by Congress. Gratuitous relief was also given by Government to persons in need in the area. In the summer there was a serious shortage of grass and 1,800,000 lbs. of grass was given as takavi.

Seed takavi to the extent of Rs. 41,382-2-3 was also given in July 1940 as the agriculturists of this area had no resources to buy the seed when the monsoon of the current season began.

Scarcity was declared in the Panch Mahals on account of insufficient rain. The following relief works were started by the Public Works Department and the District Local Board in the various talukas as under :—

Godhra	...	...	...	...	28
Dohad	...	...	...	...	19
Jhalod	...	...	...	...	15
Kalol	...	...	...	...	1
Halol	...	...	...	...	1

The works in Kalol and Halol mahals were closed almost immediately after they had been opened because of insufficient attendance; while in the remaining area they were continued till September 1940. The highest daily average attendance was 16,219 in April. The demand of village people for labour was met as far as possible by relief works.

In addition to the above measures gratuitous relief, grass tagai, seed tagai, tagai for bullocks, and tagai free of interest for digging wells were granted in necessitous cases.

Government unoccupied lands were given out for cultivation on restricted tenure as shown below :—

District.	Acres.
Ahmedabad ...	2,743
Kaira ...	252
Broach and Panch Mahals	871
Surat ...	875
Thana ...	344
Bombay Suburban	.....
Total ...	5,085

*Maintenance and Repairs to Small Irrigation Tanks
in Charge of the Revenue Department.*

A grant of Rs. 15,000 was sanctioned by Government for repairs to minor irrigation works in charge of the Revenue Department in the division during the year 1939-40 and it was distributed as under :—

	Rs.
Ahmedabad	Nil.
Kaira	4,920
Broach and Panch Mahals	500
Surat	9,580
	15,000

In Kaira, 23 tanks were repaired during the year. In Broach and Panch Mahals minor works in Ankleshwar taluka were done and in Surat 41 tanks were repaired.

Besides this an amount of Rs. 1,10,000 was sanctioned by Government for repairs to minor irrigation works in charge of the Revenue Department through the Public Works Department agency.

Corruption in Subordinate Revenue Service.—Instructions according to the orders of Government from time to time were given to the subordinate officers. Touring officers while on tour impressed upon their subordinates that the supplies they purchase in the villages must be paid for at the prevailing market rates. Anti-corruption committees have been formed in each district and cases of corruption brought to notice by them are dealt with promptly and action is taken against the persons found guilty.

Central Division.

(1) *His Excellency's visit.*—His Excellency the Governor of Bombay visited Bhandardara Dam in Akola taluka, Akola, Sanganner, Rahuri and Ahmednagar towns. At Sanganner and Ahmednagar he was welcomed by representative gatherings of towns-people and villagers.

In January 1940 His Excellency visited Dhadgaon in Akrani mahal in West Khandesh, paid visits to Nandurbar, Hatoda, Taloda, Roza and Dhanpur villages in the Taloda taluka. His Excellency personally acquainted himself with the condition of the bhils and aboriginal tribes. He showed keen interest in the social and economic condition of the bhils and other aboriginal tribes in the partially excluded areas of the district. A Bhil Darbar was held at Dhadgaon at the time of his visit and this has left a deep impression. He opened a cheap grain bank and a library at Dara, a village in Shahada taluka. He also paid a visit to Dhulia town.

(2) *Village improvement.*—During the year under report the Sir Frederick Sykes Village Improvement Challenge Shield was awarded to Alhanwadi, a village in the Pathardi mahal, for the excellent work done in the village during 1933.

In West Khandesh Village Improvement Week, Vyayam and Vaccination Weeks were observed. Propaganda was carried on and instructions were given to villagers through the medium of magic lantern lectures on the subject of improvement, sanitation, education and agriculture. The Publicity Van toured in the district as usual visiting important places.

A new scheme of giving medical help to women in villages remote from the headquarters station has been started by the Collector. The scheme is becoming popular and is being taken advantage of.

(3) *Famine.*—No scarcity or famine was declared in any of the districts during the year. In Ahmednagar district owing to insufficient rains scarcity of fodder was felt in the hot weather in Shrigonda and Parner talukas and Pathardi mahal to some extent. A great quantity of grass was imported from the forest areas. Restrictions were also imposed on the export of fodder through railways. Scarcity works consisting of metal breaking and of construction of the Nirgudi approach road on Domari-Amalner Road in Jamkhed mahal were opened. These provided labour to many people.

Owing to the failure of rains in certain parts of the Eastern division of the Poona district it was apprehended that scarcity would have to be declared in the affected areas of Bhimthadi and Indapur talukas and Dhond and Sirur mahals. On close observation it was found that distress was not acute. Relief in the form of tagai loans was liberally granted to those who applied for it. The application of the Grain and Fodder Control Act to these areas relieved the situation to a considerable extent.

In the 15 *ex-Khandala* villages of the Satara district a mild type of scarcity prevailed during the year. In order to give relief to the needy persons quasi-test works were opened in these villages by the Public Works Department and the District Local Board. Gratuitous relief was also granted to inferior village servants in these villages. An amount of Rs. 2,000 was sanctioned by Government for this purpose. The Sheriff of Bombay also sent an amount of Rs. 1,500. These grants relieved the distress to a great extent.

In Shelapur district the agricultural season was very poor and certain relief measures were found necessary. Metal breaking on the provincial roads at places selected throughout the district were started by the Public Works Department. Similarly special and original works and village approach road works were started by the District Local Board. Restrictions on the export of fodder and jowar were imposed. An amount of Rs. 653 was spent on giving gratuitous relief to the infirm and decrepit and cash doles to inferior village servants were granted out of the amount of Rs. 2,000

allotted to the district by the Indian Peoples Famine Trust Fund. An amount of Rs. 4,500 was sanctioned by Government for gratuitous relief to inferior village servants of villages in all talukas except Malsiras.

(4) *Maintenance and Repairs to small Irrigation Tanks.*—The following amounts were spent in the districts on repairs to small irrigation tanks:—

District.	Number of bandharas or tanks.	Amount spent.	
		Rs.	a. p.
1. Ahmednagar ...	17	3,503	10 0
2. East Khandesh ...	.....	.....	Mhaswa and Hartala tanks are in charge of P. W. D.
3. West Khandesh ...	See below	.....
4. Nasik ...	28	16,495	0 0
5. Poona ...	4 and a tank	2,209	0 0
6. Satara ...	2	250	0 0
7. Sholapur ...	Nil	.....	No irrigation tank in charge of the R. D.

In West Khandesh repairs were carried out to 5 bandharas during the year. An allotment of Rs. 8,265 had been received for repairs to 2 tanks and 11 bandharas and the work was in progress. An additional amount of Rs. 4,000 was placed at the disposal of the Collector.

(5) *Grant of waste land on the impartible tenure.*—Waste land was given out for cultivation on the impartible tenure as detailed below:—

District.	Area.	
	A.	g.
Ahmednagar ...	1,748	24
East Khandesh ...	87	37
West Khandesh ...	825	32
Nasik ...	1,456	3½
Poona ...	50	38
Satara ...	108	17
Sholapur ...	Nil.	

(6) *Measures taken to prevent corruption.*—Anti-corruption committees have been formed in all districts and cases of corruption brought to notice are promptly dealt with.

Cases of corruption—Ahmednagar.—A clerk in Sheegaon Mamlatdar's office and a talati in the Pathardi mahal were dismissed as they were found to be corrupt. A naik in Jankhed mahal office was reduced to the rank of a peon for similar reason.

West Khandesh.—One talati was dismissed for attempting to take a bribe.

Nasik.—A talati in Yeola taluka was charged for taking extra money for copies of the Record of Rights. The charge was not proved; the talati was fined Rs. 5 for his bad work.

Southern Division.

Important events.—His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay visited Kolaba district on 11th January 1940 and inspected a small agricultural and cattle exhibition at Khandala near Alibag.

On 6th July 1940, His Excellency the Governor of Bombay visited Belgaum and on 19th July 1940 Gadag, Hubli and Dharwar in furtherance of the Province's War Effort.

Adviser III to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay toured in Karwar, Kumta, Honavar, Sirsi and Yellapur talukas of Kanara district during February and March 1940.

Grant of land on the impartible tenure.—The area of waste land granted on the impartible tenure was :—

				Area.	
				A.	g.
Belgaum	...	...	...	498	17
Bijapur	...	...	...	206	0
Dharwar	...	...	...	549	17
Kanara	...	...	...	358	26
Ratnagiri	...	...	...	3	11
Kolaba	...	...	...	7	37

Repairs to small irrigation tanks.—Fifty small irrigation tank were repaired during the year through the agency of the Revenue Department at a cost of Rs. 14,467 as shown below :—

District.			No. of tanks repaired.	Amount spent.
				Rs.
Belgaum	...	...	4	7,689
Dharwar	...	...	16	4,900
Kanara	...	...	27	1,645
Ratnagiri	...	...	3	233
Total			50	14,467

Corruption in the subordinate revenue service—Kanara district.—A talati in Yellapur taluka and a patil in Honavar taluka were dismissed from service, the former for misappropriating Rs. 7-8-0 and the latter for malpractices.

Kolaba district.—Two talatis in Mahad and Panvel talukas and the deputy appointed on behalf of a watandar kulkarni in Pen taluka were convicted under Section 409, Indian Penal Code, for misappropriation of Government monies and all three were dismissed. A talati in Alibag taluka was dismissed from service for fabricating an entry in the Record of Rights and on some other charges; and a police patel in the same taluka was removed from office for misappropriating Government money.

Working of the Matheran Hill Station.—The Revenue duties are performed by the Mamlatdar under the general control of the Collector. One revenue clerk with two peons is stationed at Matheran. He is directly subordinate to the Mamlatdar of Karjat and does all the revenue work, including collection. He also does the clerical work of the Special Honorary Magistrate, who tries cases arising within the municipal area.

The Divisional Forest Officer, Alibag, is responsible for the forest administration. One Forester is posted on the Hill.

St. Paul's Church is looked after by the Medical Officer, Matheran, who is a municipal servant.

The total land revenue collections during the year under report amounted to Rs. 13,888-6-4. Half of the revenue after deducting the establishment charges goes to the Municipality. The forest revenue during the year amounted to Rs. 4,494-3-0. It is also transferred to the Municipality after deducting the establishment charges.

There is a municipality which looks after the work falling within its sphere under the law.

19. FINANCIAL EFFECT ON ACCOUNT OF SCARCITY.

The following statement for the province of Bombay shows the loss in revenue in consequence of the grant of remissions and suspensions of land revenue on account of scarcity and the extra expenditure incurred towards relief measures during the year 1939-40—

	Rs.
Direct Famine Relief expenditure—(Voted) ...	65,781
(Charged)...	25
	65,806

Remissions of land revenue.

	Rs.
Direct remissions of land revenue ...	2,10,498
Remissions of suspended land revenue ...	8,93,721
	<hr/>
	11,04,219
	<hr/>

Suspensions of land revenue.

Total amount suspended ...	60,87,712
<i>Deduct—</i>	
	Rs.
(a) amount remitted during the year ...	- 6,06,432
(b) amount realised in the same or previous year.	- 1,23,978
	<hr/>
	- 7,30,410
	<hr/>
	53,57,302
Total remissions and suspensions ...	64,61,521
Loss in excise revenue ...	Nil.
Decrease in irrigation revenue ...	84,965

20. RESIDENTIAL SUBURBAN SCHEMES.

I. An area of 27,974 square yards valued at Rs. 1,01,842-4-0 was disposed of during the year for residential purposes in Suburban Schemes Nos. III-Chembur, VII-Khar, XVI-Andheri sector of Shahar and XVII-C. S. Trombay, Kurla. 16,737 square yards out of Suburban Scheme No. XVI-Andheri sector of Shahar were sold to the Police department. 6,823 square yards valued at Rs. 6,523-8-0 were sold for industrial and agricultural purposes out of Suburban Scheme No. I-Kurla-Kirol, No. II-Trombay, N. E. and No. XVII-C. S. Trombay, Kurla. Land measuring 1 acre, 39 gunthas out of Gilbert Hill in Suburban Scheme No. X-Andheri was allotted free of cost to the District Local Board for quarrying purposes. A purchaser in Suburban Scheme No. III-Chembur was allowed to withdraw his offer on refund of the deposit as the cost of building material had risen owing to the war.

II. The amounts of loans, recoveries and arrears during the year are given below :—

—	Private individuals.	Government servants.	Co-operative societies.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Loans granted	10,568 2 0	5,687 5 0	9,975 0 0
Recoveries	1,86,227 13 0	35,123 8 0	12,057 7 0
Arrears of instalments ...	1,13,086 14 0	1,093 2 0	4,956 0 0

The arrears of instalments are considerable in spite of the fact that coercive measures for recovery were adopted. It is hoped that the arrears will be greatly reduced as resumption of properties in some cases has set an example to other defaulters.

The following statement shows the demand, collection and arrears of the Development Department properties for 1939-40:—

Suburban Scheme No.	Demand for 1938-39 including arrears.	Collection in 1938-39.	Written off or demand cancelled.	Arrears.	Demand for 1939-40 including arrears.	Collection in 1939-40.	Written off or demand cancelled.	Arrears.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
I	9,180 3 0	8,336 4 0	.....	843 15 0	6,791 13 6	5,667 1 6	.....	1,124 12 0
II	12,432 5 3	3,423 9 0	.....	9,008 12 3	10,190 8 3	1,727 13 9	5,192 10 0	3,270 0 6
III	12,638 13 0	10,571 3 9	327 8 0	1,740 1 3	8,462 13 2	6,297 3 3	527 12 0	1,637 13 11
VI	2,026 15 0	1,353 5 0	667 10 0	.....	1,852 10 0	1,852 10 0	.....	.....
VII	7,306 15 0	4,969 3 6	.....	2,426 11 6	5,883 9 6	1,511 1 0	.....	4,372 8 6
VIII	13 8 0	13 8 0	.....	.....	18 0 0	18 0 0	.....	.....
X	13,020 4 0	10,023 9 3	.....	2,996 10 9	7,555 12 9	5,534 10 0	.....	2,021 2 9
XVI-XVII	3,818 3 9	3,501 10 6	.....	316 9 3	2,829 13 0	2,221 3 6	6 15 0	601 10 6
XVIII	1,433 3 6	705 2 6	35 0 0	693 1 0	1,426 9 0	973 12 0	121 2 0	331 11 0
S. No. 295 V. Parle	1,168 2 9	630 4 6	.....	337 14 3	1,141 12 3	1,006 12 0	.....	135 2 3
Kurla District Road	507 4 0	309 12 0	.....	197 8 0	507 4 0	267 8 0	183 8 0	56 4 0
Kandivli Quarry	308 0 0	200 0 0	.....	108 0 0	108 0 0	12 0 0	60 0 0	36 0 0
Total	63,936 13 3	44,237 8 0	1,030 2 0	18,669 3 3	46,768 9 5	27,089 11 0	6,091 15 0	13,587 1 5

APPENDIX I.

APPENDIX

Statement exhibiting the gross and net land revenue of the districts of
Year 1939-40 and the balances

District, 1	No. of villages.		Gross fixed revenue includ- ing non-agricultural and all other uses.	Assessment of land assigned for special and public purposes including forest.	Net alienation of total inams (Classes I to VII).	Deduct	
	Khalsa	Inam.				Assessment of cultivable land.	
						Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.
2a	2b	3	4	5	6	7	
Northern Division.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad	836	50	85,06,686	15,091	6,25,548	1,05,209	8,07,782
Kaira	561	28	28,62,672	50,091	7,19,773	20,394	72,520
Broach and Panch Mahals ...	1,016	92	33,77,069	48,671	6,55,664	93,461	1,99,361
Surat	818	36	23,66,574	44,152	3,91,562	22,666	15,026

No. I.

the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions for the Revenue outstanding on 31st July 1940.

Remaining fixed revenue for collection.					Total current year's consolidated land revenue demand (b) to (12) minus (13).
Agricultural.		Building and other non-agricultural assets: lands including Juddi in Class VII).	Miscellaneous	Local fund.	
Government occupied land including specially reduced.	Alienated lands (Class I to VI).				Fluctuating revenue.
8	9	10	11	12	13
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
15,82,027	1,34,332	2,36,947	2,65,008	2,22,376	21,05,553
					Remissions 1,54,920
					Suspensions 8,35,052
					Collections 14,01,377
					Unauthorized balance ... 14,904
14,57,309	5,21,292	15,433	53,776	70,951	21,05,394
					Remissions 77,168
					Suspensions 11,81,967
					Collections 8,46,956
					Unauthorized balance ... 3
21,80,683	2,55,686	16,563	1,28,759	2,10,863	27,99,635
					Remissions 61,209
					Suspensions 1,84,008
					Collections 24,76,943
					Unauthorized balance ... 481
82,20,124	1,42,246	20,518	51,529	2,33,076	26,58,711
					Remissions 2,29,330
					Suspensions 1,54,797
					Collections 22,62,903
					Unauthorized balance ... 1,621

APPENDIX

Statement exhibiting the gross and net land revenue of the districts of
Year 1939-40 and the balances

District.	Arrears of consolidated revenue.						
	Authorized.				Unauthorized.		
	Other years.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938-39.	Other years.	1937-38.	1938-39.
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad ...	6,046	3,66,926	11,103	3,74,341	1,027	6,688	25,553
Remissions	3,65,539	4,788	1,26,467	687	1,980	277
Suspensions ...	6,046	1,367	6,315	2,42,323	.....	...	.....
Collections	90	.....	3,551	57	538	3,104
Un authorized balance.	308	4,170	22,172
Kaira ...	1,48,824	87,807	7,35,452	.....	.....	202	434
Remissions ...	1,48,824	11,464	4,46,144	.....	.....	...	93
Suspensions	56,343	2,77,561	.....	.....	...	.....
Collections	1,747	.....	.....	18	341
Un authorized balance.	185	.....
Broach and Panch Mahala.	85,703	39,342	3,530	587	580	2,131
Remissions	44,701	.....	3,460	.....	...	8
Suspensions	40,309	2,33,635	70	.....	...	.....
Collections	700	5,507	.....	9	352	1,129
Un authorized balance.	578	228	994
Surat	408	23	150	...	967
Remissions	150	...	.....
Suspensions	408	.....	.....	...	.....
Collections	23	.....	...	967
Un authorized balance.

No. I—contd.

the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions for the Revenue outstanding on 31st July 1940—contd.

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	Remarks.
Gross consolidated original demand.	Remitted or demand cancelled or written off.	Suspended.	Less collections in 1938-1939 and earlier years.	Collected.	Overcollections (whether refunded or carried forward).	Balance unauthorised.	Non-chargeband items.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
81,97,237	6,56,638	...	36,137	14,08,647	73,365	40,849	12,478	
.....	6,56,638	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	10,91,103	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	...	...	14,08,647	...	...	...
.....	...	...	...	.....	...	40,849	...	
80,49,114	6,88,698	16,15,171	13,537	8,49,069	9,869	188	15,105	
.....	
.....	
.....	
.....	
88,54,508	1,09,378	2,58,309	90,919	94,84,640	51,178	2,281	9,864	
.....	1,09,378	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	2,58,309	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	...	90,919	.....	51,178	...	...
.....	
86,80,359	2,99,540	1,65,906	9,392	92,63,898	60,306	1,621	4,999	
.....	
.....	
.....	
.....	

APPENDIX

District	No. of villages.		Gross fixed revenue including non-agricultural and all other uses.	Deduct			
	Khalsa.	Inam.		Assessment of land assigned for special and public purposes including forest.	Net alienation of total inams (Classes I to VII).	Assessment of cultivable land.	
						Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.
1	2a	2b	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Tbana ...	1,527	68	16,80,495	34	79,371	19,177	3,206
Bombay Suburban ...	39	47	2,97,340	316	71,347	1,572	12,456
Divisional Total for 1938-39 ...	4,791	321	1,45,91,036	1,58,365	25,43,245	2,44,389	11,09,301
Divisional Total for 1936-39 ...	4,793	321	1,45,88,934	1,48,419	25,44,312	2,51,000	11,10,093

No. I—contd.

Remaining fixed revenue for collection.					Total current year's consolidated land revenue demand (6) to (12) minus (13).
Agricultural.		Building and other non-cesses-ment (including fruit in Class VII).	Fluctuating miscellaneous revenue.	Local fund.	
Government occupied land, including specially reduced.	Alienated lands (Classes I to VI).				
6	9	10	11	12	13
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
16,00,817	41,606	98,984	61,411	2,10,672	18,66,524
					Remissions 87,176
					Suspensions 6,103
					Collections 18,14,794
					Unauthorized balance 8,452
83,693	2,873	1,26,393	1,57,159	47,124	3,91,809
					Remissions 11,213
					Suspensions 56,556
					Collections 2,94,499
					Unauthorized balance 80,584
80,83,848	10,96,666	4,63,538	7,37,943	9,85,092	1,21,49,619
					Remissions 6,71,076
					Suspensions 24,25,776
					Collections 90,07,472
					Unauthorized balance 55,995
89,91,396	10,96,039	4,46,066	6,10,666	9,55,531	1,19,42,961
					Remissions 6,66,002
					Suspensions 11,52,030
					Collections 1,60,86,161
					Unauthorized balance 58,756

APPENDIX

District,	Arrears of consolidated revenue.						
	Authorized.				Unauthorized.		
	Other years.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938-39.	Other years.	1937-38.	1938-39.
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Thana ...	.....	69	3,089	.....	.....	...	5,807
Remissions ...	.....	.....	23	.....	.....	...	130
Suspensions ...	.....	.....	665	.....	.....	...	.....
Collections ...	.....	.....	2,400	.....	.....	...	1,681
Unauthorized balance.	.....	69	.....	.....	.....	...	4,046
Bombay Suburban.	66,083	38,765	38,375	45,118	34,538	14,298	23,867
Remissions ...	4,833	166	280	201	1,599	1,135	793
Suspensions ...	91,176	38,569	87,787	38,167	.....	...	1,746
Collections ...	55	.....	908	4,635	5,531	...	11,606
Unauthorized balance.	.....	.....	.....	2,115	27,408	18,163	9,722
Divisional Total for 1939-40.	2,50,363	5,59,370	6,17,669	4,23,012	36,309	21,769	58,769
Remissions ...	1,53,677	4,21,939	4,51,936	1,32,128	2,416	3,115	1,301
Suspensions ...	97,921	1,36,611	8,56,579	2,80,560	.....	...	1,746
Collections ...	55	720	9,862	8,209	5,597	908	18,778
Unauthorized balance.	.....	.....	.....	2,115	23,289	17,746	35,984
Divisional Total for 1938-39.	56,379	3,97,497	6,85,638	1,03,130	68,700	38,685	63,334

No. I—concl.

Gross consolidated original demand.	Remitted or demand cancelled or written off.	Suspended.	Less collections in 1988-1989 and earlier years.	Collected.	Overcollections (whether refunded or carried forward).	Balance unauthorized.	Non-shareband items.	Remarks.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
16,74,489	27,398	5,768	6,866	16,18,825	11,598	12,498	10,538	
.....	27,398	5,768	..	.....	..	..	..
.....	
.....	
.....	
6,82,746	20,240	2,63,090	24,130	3,16,534	26,699	82,942	1,125	
.....	
.....	
..... "	
.....	" "	
1,43,17,358	17,36,887	22,98,486	1,00,161	21,41,601	2,33,129	1,40,379	54,099	
.....	
.....	
.....	
.....	
1,38,56,944	10,14,677	20,50,901	1,57,746	1,01,58,836	1,58,018	1,16,830	58,907	

APPENDIX

District	No. of villages.		Gross fixed revenue including non-agricultural and all other uses.	Assessment of land assigned for special and public purposes including forest.	Net alienation of total inams (Classes I to VII).	Deduct.	
	Khalsa.	Inam.				Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.
1	2a	2b	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Central Division.</i>			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar ...	1,230 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	24,58,448	219	3,13,184	13,047	16
East Khandesh ...	1,736 $\frac{1}{2}$	65	40,16,288	457	3,59,555	34,964	1,015
West Khandesh ...	1,446	43	24,63,928	20	2,17,366	89,101	7
Nasik ...	1,533	162	22,51,035	13	3,01,678	16,058	57
Poona ...	973 $\frac{1}{2}$	197 $\frac{1}{2}$	21,14,717	1,044	4,34,304	8,574	756

No. I—contd.

Remaining fixed revenue for collection.					Total current year's consolidated land revenue demand (8) to (12) minus (13).
Agricultural.			Fluctuating miscellaneous revenue.	Local fund.	
Government occupied land including specially reduced.	Alienated lands (Classes I to VI).	Building and other non-agricultural assessment (including judi in Class VII).			
8	9	10	11	12	13
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
{ A. 19,38,764 B. ... C. 6,457 }	1,76,890	9,881	1,78,039	2,36,069	24,96,067
					Remissions 99,933
					Suspensions 1,88,717
					Collections 23,24,646
					Unauthorized balance ... 2,792
{ A. 33,88,951 B. 198 C. 422 }	1,70,510	60,888	70,730	3,77,036	*40,62,146
					Remissions 1,101
					Suspensions 9
					Collections 40,36,686
					Unauthorized balance ... 22,357
{ A. 90,61,435 B. ... C. 2,692 }	51,300	41,987	1,87,668	2,33,804	25,74,497
					Remissions 1,132
					Suspensions 222
					Collections 25,68,867
					Unauthorized balance ... 4,276
{ A. 17,73,972 B. 73 C. 276 }	1,30,432	98,476	53,668	1,77,946	21,52,900
					Remissions 10,594
					Suspensions 55,256
					Collections 20,86,219
					Unauthorized balance ... 840
{ A. 14,13,888 B. ... C. 1,717 }	1,40,220	1,34,155	1,00,846	1,37,353	18,96,661
					Remissions 10,738
					Suspensions 2,49,062
					Collections 16,10,235
					Unauthorized balance ... 26,616

* The difference of Rs. 395 is due to the fact that the amount remained to be carried to the local "over collections".

APPENDIX

District.	Arrears of consolidated revenue.						
	Authorized.				Unauthorized.		
	Other years.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938-39.	Other years.	1937-38.	1938-39.
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmednagar	2,14,905*	9,167	3,212†	107	111	2,148‡
Remissions	93	.....	.....	.....	30	288
Suspensions	1,44,416	9,167	2,274	.....	.....	...
Collections	70,396	.....	832	48	43	1,308
Unauthorized balance.	116	59	35	652
East Khandesh	850‡	54,137	193	577	20,595§
Remissions	203	1,173	.....	69	62
Suspensions
Collections	411	49,667	112	245	14,540
Unauthorized balance.	236	3,297	81	263	5,993
West Khandesh	498	.....	.....	...
Remissions
Suspensions	191	.....	.....	...
Collections	307	.....	.....	...
Unauthorized balance.
Nasik	73,039	.....	1,326	.....	.....	...*
Remissions	64,149	.....	.....	.....	.....	...
Suspensions	334	.....	470	.....	.....	...
Collections	8,556	.....	836	.....	.....	...
Unauthorized balance.	20	.....	.....	...
Poona ...	7,152	2,41,310	31,971	1,21,900	273	636	2,805
Remissions	1,070	9	8	61
Suspensions ...	3,333	2,22,907	30,759	1,16,443	.....	.....	...
Collections ...	3,819	17,470	452	4,047	131	37	2,068
Unauthorized balance.	933	760	340	133	691	686

No. I—contd.

Gross consolidated original demand.	Remitted or demand cancelled or written off.	Suspended.	Less collections in 1938-1939 and earlier years.	Collected.	Overcollections (whether refunded or carried forward).	Balance unauthorised.	Non-tharavband items.	Remarks.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
97,25,737	*Difference of Rs. 34 is due to correction in the figures.
.....	80,344	...	...	.....	...	...	...	†A difference of Rs. 104 is due to correction of the figures.
.....	...	2,94,574	...	.....	...	...	...	‡The difference of Rs. 103 is due to correction in the figures.
.....	48,997	23,97,969	15,708	...	28,761	
.....	3,557	...	
41,38,498	§Difference of Rs. 126 is due to the amount remaining to be carried over to the head "over collection".
.....	2,608	...	...	.....	...	...	...	||Rs. 260 shown as unauthorised in the last year's statement treated as authorised.
.....	...	9	...	.....	...	...	...	¶This amount of Rs. 1,117 shown in the last year's statement is in respect of the defaulters cases from Igatpuri Taluka. It has been recovered and credited to Misc. Vahl.
.....	6,198	41,08,661	4,518	...	45,797	**Figure corrected.
.....	32,937	...	
26,74,995	
.....	1,138	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	413	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	4,369	25,69,174	19,761	...	8,837	
.....	4,278	...	
22,37,374	
.....	74,748	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	56,060	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	11,934	20,95,611	11,934	...	16,330	
.....	860	...	
23,09,708	
.....	11,896	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	6,22,534	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	21,577	16,38,239	21,467	...	23,561	
.....	30,059	...	

APPENDIX

District.	No. of villages.		Gross fixed revenue including non-agricultural and all other uses.	Deduct.			
	Khalsa.	Inam.		Assessment of land assigned for public purposes including forest.	Net alienation of total lands (Classes I to VII).	Assessment of cultivable land.	
						Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.
1	2a	2b	3	4	5	6	7
Extra Territorial	...	...	Rs. 7,156	Rs. 6,421	Rs. 88	Rs. 18	Rs. 256
Satara	968	389	35,69,915	291	10,78,005	5,653	1,177
Extra Territorial	...	...	13,885	158	1,768	...	52
Sholapur	670	50	15,15,769	819	1,45,970	7,718	169
Extra Territorial	...	...	1,815	...	...	...	...
Divisional Total for 1939-40	8,555	1,045	1,83,90,113	2,953	28,40,112	1,75,116	3,196
Extra Territorial	...	...	22,856	6,579	1,856	18	308
Divisional Total for 1938-39	8,555	1,045	1,83,74,329	2,862	28,51,336	1,74,827	3,206

No. I—contd.

Remaining fixed revenue for collection.					Total current year's consolidated land revenue demand (8) to (12) minus (13).
Agricultural.			Fluctuating miscellaneous revenue.	Local fund.	
Government grants and loans including specially reduced.	Alienated lands (Classes I to VII).	Building and other non-agricultural cesses—rent (including judi in Class VII).			
8	9	10	11	12	13
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
.....	873	...	...	...	873
{ A. 90,69,095 B. 360 C. 459 }	4,05,463	19,472	45,314	4,47,793	29,59,322
					Remissions 42,562
					Suspensions 43,560
					Collections 28,73,130
					Unauthorized balance
127	11,629	151	44	19	11,970
{ A. 12,38,943 B. ... C. ... }	70,963	51,180	42,424	1,90,766	15,90,564
					Remissions 6,379
					Suspensions 2,52,338
					Collections 12,99,759
					Unauthorized balance 48
.....	7,815	...	766	...	7,581
{ A. 1,36,74,242 B. 629 C. 12,063 }	11,45,868	2,36,039	6,78,682	17,99,767	1,77,92,176
					Remissions 1,04,439
					Suspensions 7,69,197
					Collections 1,68,01,611
					Unauthorized balance 56,929
127	13,817	151	810	19	14,924
{ A. 1,36,64,848 B. 939 C. 12,236 }	11,44,886	2,19,129	5,80,579	17,61,249	1,76,07,006
					Remissions 7,36,463
					Suspensions 2,16,751
					Collections 1,65,66,833
					Unauthorized balance 26,928

APPENDIX

District.	Arrears of consolidated revenue.						
	Authorised.				Unauthorised.		
	Other years.	1936-1937.	1937-1938.	1938-1939.	Other years.	1937-1938.	1938-1939.
	1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Extra Territorial
Satara	2,166	21,653	23,654	981	.....	...
Remissions	16,782	.....	.....	.....	...
Suspensions	2,166	4,871	14,020	.....	.....	...
Collections	8,634	502	.....	...
Unauthorised balance.	429	.....	...
Extra Territorial
Bholapur	74,378	3,89,587	79,960	.....	.....	240
Remissions	73
Suspensions	74,405	3,89,377	69,286	.....	.....	...
Collections	473	20,310	3,665	.....	.....	22
Unauthorised balance.	145
Extra Territorial
Divisional Total for 193-40	7,152	6,06,318*	4,53,226†	2,76,677‡	1,504	1,324§	25,788¶
Remissions	64,242	16,985	2,243	9	107	484
Suspensions	3,333	4,44,248	4,14,174	2,02,683	.....	.....	...
Collections	3,319	96,606	21,073	67,978	793	325	17,928
Unauthorised balance.	936	996	3,773	702	892	7,376
Total Extra Territorial.
Divisional Total for 1938-39.	15,548	39	8,92,146	5,08,228	1,879	474	11,300

* Difference of Rs. 34 as against Ahmednagar.

† Difference of Rs. 260 as against East Khandesh.

‡ Difference of Rs. 104 as against Ahmednagar.

§ Difference of Rs. 252 as against Nasik.

¶ Difference of Rs. 1,140 as against Ahmednagar, East Khandesh and Nasik.

No. 1—contd.

21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Gross consolidated original demand.	Remitted or demand cancelled or written off.	Suspended.	Less collections in 1938-39 and earlier years.	Collected.	Overcollections (whether refunded or carried forward).	Balance unauthorised.	Non-sharavband items.	Remarks.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
373	373	...	...	...
30,06,746	
.....	59,344	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	64,657	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	15,574	28,83,316	23,680	...	25,676	
.....	420	...	
11,970	11,970	...	...	...
21,28,209	
.....	8,458	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	7,95,406	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	3,742	13,24,159	7,786	...	8,501	
.....	193	...	
8,581	2,581	...	...	...
1,91,04,167	
.....	1,88,509	...	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	...	18,33,635	...	.....	...	...	...
.....	1,15,406	1,70,10,422	1,04,854	...	1,37,453	
.....	71,601	...	
14,924	14,924	...	...	...
1,30,96,918	7,40,638	13,43,445	76,584	1,68,13,797	1,34,501	30,048	1,65,438	

APPENDIX

District.	No. of villages.		Gross fixed revenue including non-agricultural and all other uses.	Deduct				
	Khalsa.	Inam.		Assessment of land reserved for special and public purposes including forest.	Net alienation of total jinnas (Classes I to VII).	Assessment of cultivable land.		
						Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.	
1	2a	2b	3	4	5	6	7	
<i>Southern Division.</i>			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Belgaum	...	915	218	25,47,465	2,597	6,67,073	12,293	17
Bijapur	...	1,013	361	19,45,719	14	3,60,787	5,506	...
Dharwar	...	1,376*	183	35,80,730	8,847	5,96,934	32,486	296
Kanara	...	1,417	...	10,75,463	...	5,417	97,513	5,850
Ratnagiri	...	1,259 ²	68 ³	10,74,941	25	94,095	1,848	3,573

* 14 villages which have been amalgamated in the past but not accounted for in the previous

No. I—contd.

Remaining fixed revenue for collection.					Local fund.	Total current year's consolidated land revenue demand (8) to (12) minus (24).
Agricultural.		Building and other non-agricultural assets (including Judd in Class VII).	Fluctuating miscellaneous revenue.	11		
Government occupied land including specially reduced.	Alienated lands (Classes I to VI).						8	9	10
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
13,57,588	5,01,964	5,923	36,098	3,19,506	Demand 22,05,906 Remissions 1,006 Suspensions 88,280 Collections 21,09,109 Unauthorized balance 1,519	
12,32,708	3,30,295	16,409	20,491	2,43,911	Demand 18,17,511 Remissions 196 Suspensions 6,020 Collections 18,11,284 Unauthorized balance 109	
23,08,848	6,01,730	31,549	57,346	2,22,657	Demand 32,12,418 Remissions 61,525 Suspensions 52,602 Collections 30,88,875 Unauthorized balance 9,616	
9,50,604	5,664	10,417	14,944	59,643	Demand 10,31,587 Remissions 58,402 Suspensions 985 Collections 9,73,190 Unauthorized balance	
5,46,438	20,761	8,206	6,120	66,119	Demand 10,45,060 Remissions 32,913 Suspensions 9,766 Collections 10,02,341 Unauthorized balance 30	

accounts have now been excluded.

APPENDIX

District.	Arrears of consolidated revenue.							Gross consolidated original demand.
	Authorized.				Unauthorized.			
	Other years.	1936-37.	1937-38.	1938-39.	Other years.	1937-38.	1938-39.	
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Belgaum	30,418	3,37,477	57,309	441	590	9,157	26,34,108
Remissions	27,261	...	...	...	...	479	...
Suspensions	3,19,436	57,104	...	...	...	...
Collections	3,157	18,041	105	134	110	1,560	...
Unauthorized balance.	307	480	119	...
Bijapur ...	654	56,932	12,79,919	1,442	...	...	(c) 553	31,56,394
Remissions
Suspensions	56,548	12,70,187	1,165	...	...	...	...
Collections ...	654	274	9,025	274	...	...	553	...
Unauthorized balance.
Dharwar	(a) 1,41,963	(a) 7,39,409	(b) 1,01,837	11,514	9,195	14,203	42,30,559
Remissions	68,108	40	176	2	76	225	...
Suspensions	37,572	7,03,903	95,455	...	...	...	...
Collections	26,005	35,451	6,276	1,103	1,512	6,205	...
Unauthorized balance.	...	273	...	...	10,409	7,607	7,772	...
Manara	925	23,726	...	...	(d) 25	10,56,254
Remissions	843	971	...	...	25	...
Suspensions	3,998	...	...	...	...
Collections	97	19,773	...	...	...	...
Unauthorized balance.
Ratnagiri ...	79,491	9,329	7,752	8,764	...	...	56	11,50,471
Remissions	4	10	...	...	...	...
Suspensions ...	78,936	9,273	7,557	8,378	...	...	...	...
Collections ...	555	56	201	476	...	...	...	...
Unauthorized balance.	56	...

(a) In the previous accounts Rs. 30 out of the suspended arrears of 1936-37 was wrongly included
 (b) In Lakmapur in Hargal taluka, district Dharwar, Rs. 144-15-0 was unsuspended and Rs. 69-5-7 rectified.

(c) From Rs. 764 shown last year, Rs. 211 were adjusted this year in the last year's accounts in this year's accounts as Rs. 553.

(d) Rs. 24-12-6 was wrongly treated as remission last year. The mistake is now rectified.

No. I—contd.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	Remarks.
Remitted or demand cancelled or written off.	Suspended.	Less collections in 1938-1939 and earlier years.	Collected.	Over collections (whether refunded or carried forward).	Balance unauthorized.	Non-tharsband items.	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	29
...	
34,746	
...	4,64,820	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	15,190	21,32,209	6,593	...	4,041	
...	2,424	...	
...	
198	
...	13,34,028	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	26,203	16,27,064	2,226	...	10,365	
...	109	...	
...	
1,30,102	
...	8,99,537	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	9,701	31,65,238	11,436	...	13,646	
...	35,662	...	
...	
60,227	
...	8,977	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	9,638	9,92,060	11,176	...	6,198	
...	
...	
32,996	
...	1,13,830	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	9,569	10,08,629	7,353	...	4,246	
...	86	...	

In the arrears of 1937-38. The mistake has now been corrected. reunited but through clerical error the two items were shown vice versa. It has now been accordance with Accountant General's instructions. The amount has therefore been shown in

APPENDIX

District.	No. of villages.		Gross fixed revenue including non-agricultural and all other uses.	Assessment of land assigned for special and public purposes including forest.	Net alienation of total inams (Classes I to VII).	Deduct	
	Khalsa.	Inam.				Assessment of cultivable land.	
						Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.
1	2a	2b	3	4	5	6	7
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Kolaba	1,541	86	18,00,435	12	1,15,147	6,084	2,595
Divisional Total for 1939-40 ...	7,421	716	1,90,24,753	11,465	18,33,503	1,56,730	12,331
Extra Territorial—							
Belgaum ... ..	...	...	21,093	...	3,187	...	...
Bijapur ... ..	...	...	1,548	...	463	...	...
Dharwar ... ..	...	...	5,792	...	73	...	1,527
Divisional Total, Extra Territorial for 1939-40.	...	...	28,533	...	3,723	...	1,527
Divisional Total for 1938-39 ...	7,435	716	1,90,24,377	11,542	18,35,716	1,56,976	10,926
Total Extra territorial for 1939-40.	...	...	28,410	...	3,723	...	1,527
Total for the Province for 1939-40.	30,767	2,082	4,50,05,902	1,72,713	72,32,860	5,76,234	11,24,828
Total for the Province for 1938-39.	30,783	2,082	4,43,87,030	1,62,823	72,34,364	5,81,803	11,24,228

No. I—contd.

Remaining fixed revenue for collection.					Total current year's consolidated land revenue demand (8) to (12) minus (24).
Agricultural.		Building and other non-agricultural assessments (including audit in Class VII).	Fluctuating miscellaneous revenue.	Local fund.	
Government occupied land including specially reduced.	Alienated lands (Classes I to VI).				10	11	12	13
8	9	10	11	12	13
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
16,27,536	24,110	24,551	15,748	1,11,355	Demand 17,98,614 Remissions 24,630 Suspensions 27,755 Collections 17,34,971 Unauthorized balance 1,068
84,24,015	14,84,514	97,165	1,50,744	10,23,189	Demand 1,11,11,805 Remissions 1,94,872 Suspensions 1,65,438 Collections 1,07,18,563 Unauthorized balance 12,339
2,635	...	...	...	...	17,907
...	...	...	...	...	1,165
4,166	...	...	...	...	4,192
6,851	...	...	...	...	23,284
64,25,495	14,65,999	95,723	1,98,409	10,09,129	1,11,12,521
6,808	15,439	...	22	...	23,261
3,12,94,588	37,28,937	6,86,742	15,07,369	38,06,049	4,09,93,000
3,12,94,974	37,28,924	6,86,917	15,19,653	37,25,902	4,06,63,477

APPENDIX

District.	Arrears of consolidated revenue.							Gross consolidated original demand.
	Authorized.				Unauthorized.			
	Other years.	1935-36.	1936-37.	1937-38.	Other years.	1936-37.	1937-38.	
1	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Kolaba ...	...	...	...	2,033	184	...	564	18,02,205
Remissions ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Suspensions ...	...	...	...	1,367	...	...	...	...
Collections ...	...	...	...	1,566	...	...	420	...
Unauthorized balance.	...	...	...	...	184	...	144	...
Divisional Total for 1939-40.	60,146	2,38,632	22,54,786	1,95,931	12,139	9,785	17,856	1,40,30,181
Remissions ...	...	95,369	873	1,107	2	76	...	...
Suspensions ...	78,936	1,13,493	23,01,038	1,66,354	...	...	...	...
Collections ...	1,209	29,492	62,815	28,470	1,237	1,632	8,759	...
Unauthorized balance.	...	278	...	...	10,900	8,087	8,080	...
Extra Territorial—								
Belgaum ...	...	...	...	812	...	...	119	18,831
Bijapur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,185
Dharwar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,192
Divisional Total, Extra Territorial for 1939-40.	...	...	...	812	...	...	119	24,208
Divisional Total for 1938-39.	80,090	9,178	2,87,567	24,39,962	8,360	7,361	18,897	1,39,63,916
Total Extra Territorial for 1938-39.	...	...	819	...	...	...	1,238	25,318
Total for the Province for 1939-40.	3,38,350	14,04,220	36,36,633	8,95,620	49,945	38,878	1,02,106	4,74,51,701
Total for the Province for 1938-39.	1,52,317	3,96,644	18,55,351	30,51,320	68,938	46,540	93,491	4,63,27,078

No. I—concl'd.

22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Remitted or demand cancelled or written off.	Suspended.	Less collections in 1938-39 and earlier years.	Collected.	Overcollections (whether refunded or carried forward).	Balance unauthorized.	Non-tharavband items.	Remarks.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
34,800	29,128	5,086	17,36,987	7,869	1,386	7,080	
6,33,028	28,45,309	68,432	1,02,52,167	46,971	39,687	45,526	
Add non-tharavband items.			45,526				
Add over collections.			46,971				
Extra territorial.			23,535				
Over collections of extra territorial.			9				
Grand total ...			1,09,68,191				
50			18,158	9	99		
			1,183				
			4,192				
580			23,535	9	99		
6,33,666	28,79,418	32,234	1,05,11,164	63,272	39,688	47,832	
812	1	24,394			112		
17,36,887	32,98,486	1,09,161	91,41,601	2,33,129	1,40,379	54,999	
22,88,971	62,73,764	2,00,503	3,75,77,797	3,70,791	1,86,546	2,67,177	

APPENDIX

TAKAVI FORM NO. IX

Trial balance sheet and Wasulbaki statement of Takavi advances

District.	Balance on 1st October 1939.	In the year.		
		Debits (including refunds).	Cash credits (including over collections).	Written off or remitted.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad	11,31,768	94,093	1,69,593	710
Kaira	6,80,774	29,452	40,775	34
Broach and Panch Mahals	5,90,460	33,107	62,970	1,092
Surat	5,250	.....	750	.....
Thana	8,648	5,279	4,474	.....
Bombay Suburban ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Division ...	23,16,900	1,61,931	2,66,562	1,836

No. II.

—PRINCIPAL.

for the districts in the Northern Division for the year 1939-40.

Demands overdue.		Balance at the end of September 1940.	Voluntary payments for future instalments included in column 4.	Remarks.
Suspended.	Unauthorized.			
6	7	8	9	10
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
15,555	1,15,011	10,65,558	875	
20,396	2,078	5,69,417	5,118	
1,41,105	938	5,69,505	1,470	
.....	750	4,500	.....
259	904	9,453	2	
.....	
1,78,324	1,19,675	22,16,433	7,463	

APPENDIX

TARAVI FORM No. IX

District	Balance on 1st October 1939.	In the year.		
		Debits (not including refunds).	Cash credits (including over- collections).	Written off or remitted.
1	2	3	4	5
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad	2,87,853	49,369	34,641	566
Kaira	54,469	30,634	32,061	.....
Broach and Panch Mahals	1,92,745	51,483	38,761	376
Surat ... ..	.....	354	.....	.....
Thana	337	587	470	.....
Bombay Suburban ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for Division ...	5,35,404	1,32,427	1,05,933	961

No. II—*contd.*

—INTEREST.

Demands overdue.		Balance at the end of September 1940.	Voluntary payments for future instalments included in column 4.	Remarks.
Suspended.	Unauthorised.			
6	7	8	9	10
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
.....	1,53,948	3,01,996	.....
1,517	2,060	53,042	.....
1,13,302	537	2,06,091	.....
.....	354	354	.....
.....	332	454	.....
.....	
1,14,919	1,37,325	5,60,337	.....

APPENDIX No. II—contd.

TAKAVI FORM No. IX—PRINCIPAL.

Trial balance sheet and Wasulbaki statement of Tagai advances for the districts in the Central Division for the year 1939-40.

District.	Balance on 1st October 1939.	Debits during the year (including refunds).	Credits during the year.	Written off or	Suspended.	Unauthorized arrears.	Balance outstanding on 30th September 1940.	Over collections.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<i>Central Division.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ahmednagar ...	3,33,923	34,629	59,123	4,195	25,061	50,900	3,04,534	...	
East Khandesh ...	57,777	28,305	33,023	...	658	3,108	52,959	...	
West Khandesh ...	74,632*	53,958	42,045	122	401	9,133	86,422	...	
Nasik ...	2,05,798	27,538	59,811	...	7,893	...	1,73,825	...	
Poona ...	3,06,475	27,821	43,784	5,277	27,520	2,436	2,85,235	760	
Satara ...	42,781	22,966	12,015	...	1,255	260	53,032	...	
Sholapur ...	1,29,252	55,268	45,481	...	2,554	...	1,39,039	359	
Total for Division ...	11,49,938	2,49,985	2,95,283	9,534	65,340	65,142	10,95,046	1,119	

* Figure corrected.

APPENDIX No. II—contd.

TAKAVI FORM No. IX—INTEREST.

District.	Balance on 1st October 1939.	In the year.			Demands overdue.		Balance outstanding on 31st September 1940.	Over collections.	Remarks.
		Debits during the year (including refunds).	Credits during the year.	Written off or remitted.	Suspended.	Unauthorized.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<i>Central Division.</i>	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Ambednagar ...	78,327	21,650	16,598	5,243	10,743	39,173	78,136	33	
East Khandesh ...	1,035*	2,528	2,265	...	29	335	1,278	1	
West Khandesh ...	3,977*	4,102	4,103	12	1	254	3,964	...	
Nasik ...	2,759	12,057	13,040	...	1,318	...	8,776	...	
Poona ...	61,326*	19,011	14,331	2,937	5,905	...	62,169	57	
Satara ...	4,420	2,370	1,523	...	3,324	18	5,267	...	
Sholapur ...	8,425*	7,151	8,047	...	12	...	7,530	6	
Total for Division ...	1,67,270	67,869	59,927	8,192	21,332	39,780	1,67,920	97	

* Figure corrected.

APPENDIX No. II—contd.
TAKAVI FORM No. IX—PRINCIPAL.

Trial balance sheet and wasulbaki statement of takavi advances for the districts in the Southern Division for the year 1939-40.

District.	Balance on 1st October 1939.	In the year.		
		Debits including refunds.	Cash credits (including over collections).	Amount written off or remitted.
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Southern Division.</i>				
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Belgaum	1,31,482 10 7*	12,614 0 0	20,468 13 3	.....
Bijapur	15,97,771 8 2	46,602 10 0	3,09,128 4 4	1,281 13 0
Dharwar	2,31,117 0 11†	20,465 7 6	49,563 14 0	0 8 0
Kanara	1,11,475 8 1	40,342 8 0	47,982 3 6	122 3 0
Kolaba	4,351 2 0	990 0 0	648 0 0	.....
Ratnagiri	7,501 6 0	6,000 0 0	535 1 0	.....
Total ...	20,83,699 3 9	1,31,044 9 6	4,38,336 4 1	1,404 8 0
Total of Principal for the Province for 1939-40 ...	55,50,537 0 0	5,42,961 0 0	9,82,181 0 0	12,635 0 0
Total of Principal for the Province for 1938-39 ...	56,83,333 0 0	7,95,426 0 0	7,23,609 0 0	1,28,422 0 0

District.	Demands overdue.		Balance at the end of September 1940.	Voluntary payments included in column 5.
	Suspended.	Unauthorised.		
1	6	7	8	9
<i>Southern Division—contd.</i>				
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Belgaum	606 8 0	22,985 0 5	1,23,637 13 4	6 11 0
Bijapur	17,656 13 3	1,73,170 13 4	13,33,964 0 10	10,259 11 6
Dharwar	4,871 6 2	60,041 7 8	2,02,028 2 5	230 2 0
Kanara	134 15 0	31,883 2 0	1,07,713 9 7	349 12 0
Kolaba ... ..	.....	50 0 0	4,693 2 0	.....
Ratnagiri	213 6 0	.....	12,956 5 0	.....
Total ...	24,530 15 5	2,38,029 7 5	17,85,013 1 2	11,600 4 6
Total of Principal for the Province for 1939-40 ...	2,67,195 0 0	4,72,946 0 0	50,38,482 0 0	20,182 0 0
Total of Principal for the Province for 1938-39 ...	4,10,549 0 0	5,70,424 0 0	55,50,883 0 0	7,047 0 0

Rs. a. p.

* 11 3 0 The difference is due to the submission of incorrect statement by the Collector last year.

† 60 0 0 Credited in Dharwar Taluka.

53 13 0 Adjusted from interest to Principal.

115 13 0

APPENDIX No. II—concl'd.
TAKAVI FORM NO. IX—INTEREST.

District.	Balance on 1st October 1939.	In the year.		
		Debits (including refunds).	Cash credits (including over-collections).	Amount written off or remitted.
1	2	3	4	5
<i>Southern Division.</i>				
Belgaum	Rs. a. p. 11,945 9 0	Rs. a. p. 7,404 11 0	Rs. a. p. 9,470 6 0	.....
Bijapur	1,73,545 2 10	90,539 13 10	1,39,099 13 8	491 9 0
Dharwar	23,802 3 9	12,636 7 0	16,228 15 0	.....
Kanara	2,636 0 1	3,921 1 0	3,323 7 0	37 2 2
Kolaba	255 0 3	832 14 2	104 15 11	.....
Ratnagiri	296 4 0	639 13 0	315 15 0	.....
Total ...	2,12,570 9 11	1,16,557 19 6	1,68,542 8 7	459 2 2
Total of interest for the Province for 1939-40 ...	9,16,244 0 0	5,16,834 0 0	3,34,403 0 0	9,612 0 0
Total of interest for the Province for 1938-39 ...	9,31,068 0 0	5,06,315 0 0	2,43,932 0 0	78,114 0 0

District.	Demands overdue.		Balance at the end of September 1940.	Voluntary payments, included in column 5.
	Suspended.	Unauthorised.		
1	6	7	8	9
<i>Southern Division.</i>				
Belgaum	Rs. a. p. 18 10 0	Rs. a. p. 6,903 15 0	Rs. a. p. 9,879 14 0	Rs. a. p. 4 5 0
Bijapur	784 10 9	91,357 9 2	1,24,623 10 6	65 10 0
Dharwar	1,175 9 0	12,892 11 0	21,301 11 9	3 9 0
Kanara ... ..	.....	2,712 11 11	3,197 0 11	7 9 0
Kolaba ... ..	.....	167 5 9	483 15 0	.....
Ratnagiri ... ..	.....	64 4 0	620 2 0	.....
Total ...	2,978 13 9	1,21,098 9 6	1,60,106 5 8	80 11 0
Total of interest for the Province for 1939-40 ...	1,39,230 0 0	2,96,104 0 0	8,88,063 0 0	178 0 0
Total of interest for the Province for 1938-39 ...	1,18,373 0 0	3,77,338 0 0	2,15,352 0 0	317 0 0

Remarks—

- Rs. a. p.
 * 127 0 0 the difference is due to the incorrect statement submitted by the Collector last year.
 † 0 3 0 over collection in Gadag taluka.
 53 13 0 do. adjusted to principal.
 56 0 0
 ‡ 71 8 0 from Honavar taluka were not included in the last year's closing balance.
 § Difference of Rs. 15-6-3 over last year's closing balance is due to decrease in the rate of interest.
 ¶ Last year's closing balance was short by Rs. 103-1-0 as the figure for Ratnagiri taluka was not included in it.

APPENDIX

Statement showing the details of areas in the districts of

Serial No.	District.	Gross area.	De		
			Unassessed cultivable land.	Land not available for	
				Uncultivable.	Assigned for special and public uses including forest.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Northern Division.		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1	Ahmedabad ...	2,471,376	7,990	389,017	124,949
2	Kaira ...	1,034,623	738	57,045	95,341
3	Broach and Panch Mahals ...	1,968,094	111,079	164,246	Forest ... 294,753 200,198
4	Surat ...	1,058,269	97,079	56,558	Forest ... 108,591 45,943
5	Tbans ...	2,194,043	48,531	188,657	Forest ... 988,471 906,057
6	Bombay Suburban ...	91,017	14,183	6,820	Forest ... 18,641 2,645
	Total ...	8,517,431	273,600	852,343	Forest ... 1,680,746 1,168,743 2,799,489
Central Division.					
1	Ahmednagar ...	4,242,469	12,163	331,422	Others ... 128,167 Forest ... 520,318
2	East Khandesh ...	2,908,709	10,575	260,603	Others ... 110,210 Forest ... 412,975
3	West Khandesh ...	3,480,745	34,437	652,498	Others ... 98,449 Forest ... 915,299
4	Nasik ...	3,771,628	14,941	259,038	Others ... 140,044 Forest ... 816,043
5	Poona ...	3,427,310	1,319	279,571	Others ... 142,956 Forest ... 405,406
6	Satara ...	3,135,224	9,281	230,151	Others ... 94,443 Forest ... 442,196
7	Sholapur ...	2,924,113	3,527	162,185	Others ... 105,932 Forest ... 97,355
	Total ...	23,690,197	86,393	2,175,528	Others ... 820,201 Forest ... 3,602,693 4,429,793

No. III.

the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions for 1939-40.

duct		Remaining occupied assessed land.			
cultivation.	Cultivable assessed land.		Government.		
	Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.	Ordinary.	Restricted.	Alienated.
Used for buildings and other non-agricultural purposes not including plots within village site or city survey.					
7	8	9	10	11	12
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
2,469	63,449	906,599	460,406	110,518	406,979
549	11,843	61,051	386,296	61,191	340,569
640	63,175	210,545	609,996	224,728	368,938
908	13,845	2,654	634,950	39,528	104,156
3,658	16,274	287	855,673	9,541	112,956
3,010	768	79	18,753	18	29,745
11,229	169,354	1,181,215	2,666,073	465,524	1,561,337
690	31,000	7,280	2,554,403	22,849	634,177
2,211	60,650	773	1,769,223	37,364	264,126
965	136,997	4	1,050,773	399,373	141,903
1,613	37,658	244	1,594,907	104,940	402,110
34,055	16,300	501	1,901,863	17,811	627,528
1,576	18,027	1,457	1,432,758	10,168	905,167
2,194	21,416	88	2,096,363	64,053	380,399
43,309	362,073	10,346	12,780,889	656,567	3,345,409

APPENDIX

Serial No.	District	Gross area.	Unassessed cultivable land.	Land not available for	
				Uncultivable.	Assigned for special and public purposes including forest.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	<i>Southern Division.</i>	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1	Belgaum ...	2,867,379	32,311	86,068	Others ... 106,428 Forest ... 449,291
2	Bijapur ...	3,653,531	18,258	120,784	Others ... 78,455 Forest ... 169,763
3	Dharwar ...	9,948,969	13,128	64,860	Others ... 161,360 Forest ... 237,904
4	Kanara ...	2,527,176	449	49,499	Others ... 23,301 Forest ... 2,063,695
5	Ratnagiri ...	2,564,337	7,698	704,474	Others ... 18,878 Forest ... 12,436
6	Kolaba ...	1,385,637	17,746	194,081	Others ... 35,436 Forest ... 323,927
	Extra Territorial ...	6,735	.....	63	Others ... 8
	Total ...	15,953,804	89,685	1,219,829	Others ... 423,866 Forest ... 3,263,015 3,686,881
	Total for the Province for 1939-40 ...	48,061,422	455,578	4,247,700	10,915,163
	Total for the Province for 1938-39 ...	48,661,469	456,455	4,253,858	9,740,393

No. III—*contd.*

duct			Remaining occupied assessed land.		
cultivation.	Cultivable assessed land.		Government.		Alienated.
	Unoccupied.	Free or specially reduced.	Ordinary.	Restricted.	
Used for buildings and other non-agricultural purposes not including plots within village sites or city survey.					
7	8	9	10	11	12
Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
1,307	95,034	57	1,137,857	10,430	944,336
923	21,626	.....	2,166,907	23,264	1,053,451
2,133	37,998	1,257	1,604,230	18,057	607,969
648	56,938	3,606	319,060	4,456	1,538
546	1,475	5,054	1,530,766	4,101	218,304
2,809	4,359	963	723,918	259	77,330
.....	.....	.....	3,527	.....	3,157
8,950	152,335	10,923	7,566,334	61,699	3,158,154
63,497	683,762	1,302,459	23,213,226	1,183,780	7,561,900
63,724	686,506	1,302,612	23,224,459	1,164,560	7,562,843

APPENDIX

*Return of major and minor coercive processes in the
in the revenue year*

District.	Notices.			Chauthai fine.		
	Number issued.	For how much arrears.	Fees to be recovered.	Number of kabjedars.	For how much arrears.	Penalty.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Northern Division.</i>						
		Rs.	Rs. a.		Rs.	Rs. a.
Ahmedabad	692	17,141	330 0	31	589	121 0
Paitra	14	45	4 0	4	196	80 0
Broach and Panch Mahals...	401	5,040	176 0	...	.....	.....
Surat	141	4,256	66 0	4	40	9 0
Thana	1,662	89,041	1,296 0	20	2,131	329 0
Bombay Suburban ...	523	16,563	397 0	174	8,195	435 0
Total ...	3,438	1,32,086	2,271 0	233	11,011	921 0
<i>Central Division.</i>						
Ahmednagar	661	13,644	393 0	4	128	28 0
East Khandesh	1,198	34,137	861 0	26	1,684	208 0
West Khandesh	539	9,927	361 0	464	30,410	4,023 0
Nasik	1,301	19,625	774 0	19	280	93 0
Poona	1,681	30,251	1,049 0	365	14,936	374 0
Satara	363	10,331	256 0	5	145	30 0
Sholapur	16	161	9 0	2	45	8 0
Total ...	6,003	1,15,296	3,723 0	836	47,628	4,764 0

No. IV.

*Districts of the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions
ending 31st July 1940.*

Distraint of movables.			Forfeiture and sale of occupancy, Section 153.						
Number of katchis. duns.	For how much arrears.	Sale pro- ceeds.	Number of cases.	Arrears.	Area.	Assess- ment.	Sold.		
							Area.	Assess- ment.	Pro- ceeds.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	A. g.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
25	1,948	932	6	113	70 0	122 0 0	...	...	...
1	2	3	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...
4	314	108	2	23	11 0	9 0 0	...	...	...
...
16	904	214	11	817	161 0	629 0 0	23	119	752
13	5,000	...	1	719	28 0	93 0 0	...	...	...
58	8,168	1,257	20	1,665	270 0	853 0 0	23	119	752
94	1,994	636	6	173	68 0	71 0 0	...	...	...
150	3,871	640	264	7,437	2,935 0	4,576 0 0	62	71	1,187
51	1,165	386	75	1,074	1,251 0	178 0 0	...	...	...
89	379	54	24	457	401 0	236 0 0	...	...	...
22	480	54	31	3,600	305 0	2,290 0 0	...	...	...
3	21	21	1	37	3 0	2 0 0	...	...	...
62	1,540	211	31	557	1,462 0	108 0 0	...	...	...
423	9,450	16,92	432	13,335	6,420 0	8,861 0 0	62	71	1,187

APPENDIX

*Return of major and minor coercive processes in the
in the revenue year*

District.	Forfeiture and sale of occupancy, Section 153—contd.			
	Restored on New Tenure.		Remaining as Government waste.	
	Area. 17	Assessment. 18	Area. 19	Assessment. 20
<i>Northern Division.</i>	Acres.	Rs.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.
Ahmedabad	10	22	60 0	100 0 0
Kaira ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Broach and Panch Mahals...	.....	.....	11 0	9 0 0
Surat ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Thana	19	33	119 0	477 0 0
Bombay Suburban ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	29	55	190 0	586 0 0
<i>Central Division.</i>				
Ahmednagar ... ..	.....	.....	63 0	71 0 0
East Khandesh	1,252	1,900	378 0	418 0 0
West Khandesh ... ..	.....	.....	1,251 0	973 0 0
Nasik ... ..	.....	.....	401 0	236 0 0
Poona ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Satara ... ..	.....	.....	3 0	3 0 0
Sholapur ... ..	.....	.....	75 0	45 0 0
Total	1,252	1,900	2,171 0	1,750 0 0

No. IV—contd.

*districts of the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions
ending 31st July 1940—contd.*

F.

Other immovable property, Section 155.								Arrests and imprisonment. Section 157.	Remarks.
Number of cases.	Ar-rears.	Area.	Asses-ment.	Sold.			Bought in by Government.		
				Area.	Asses-ment.	Pro-ceeds.			
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	Rs.	A. g.	Rs. a.	A. g.	Rs. a.	Rs.			
1*	29	0 3 8 4 i.e., 426 sq.yds.	2 0	* Sale not held before 31st July 1940.
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
1	29	0 3 8 4	2 0	
...	
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APPENDIX

*Return of major and minor coercive processes in the
in the revenue year*

District.	Notices.			Chauthai fine.		
	Number issued.	For how much arrears.	Fees to be recovered.	Number of kobjedars.	For how much arrears.	Penalty.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
<i>Southern Division.</i>		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Belgaum	885	20,915	405	7	355	28
Bijapur	20	761	12	.....	.....	...
Dharwar	955	22,533	598	3	61	14
Kanara	49	1,539	32	335	10,798	796
Ratnagiri ... ..	.....	.....	.....	6	135	11
Eclaba	124	5,571	95	8	349	51
Total	2,033	51,309	1,233	359	11,698	906
Total for the Province for 1939-40	11,479	3,01,691	7,937	1,478	70,337	6,556
Total for the Province for 1938-39	18,217	4,68,663	15,673	822	37,474	3,784

No. IV—contd.

*Districts of the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions
ending 31st July 1940—contd.*

Distrain of movables.			Forfeiture and sale of occupancy, Section 153.						
Number of Subj- uars.	For how much arrears.	Sale pro- ceeds.	Number of cases.	Arroars.	Area.	Asses- ment.	Sold.		
							Area.	Asses- ment.	Pro- ceeds.
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	94	464	378	517	...	...	...
1	12	15 0 0	1	3	15	3	...	...	...
9	166	19 0 0	62	1,099	690	847	7*	11	...
43	338	632 0 0	231	22,591	9,639	29,602	700	2,107	4,727
115	4,968	278 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
129	4,914	632 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
297	10,398	1,576 0 0	918	24,157*	10,722	30,969	707	2,118	4,723
778	28,012	4,725 0 0	1,370 0 0	39,157	17,412	40,633	792	2,308	6,566
1,025	32,662	6,290 ¹ / ₂	1,098 0 0	29,643	14,586 ¹ / ₂	27,075	693	1,587	4,272

* Restored on payment of arrears.

APPENDIX

*Return of major and minor coercive processes in the
in the revenue year*

District.	Forfeiture and sale of occupancy, Section 153—contd.				Other immovable		
	Restored on New Tenure.		Remaining as Government waste		Number of cases.	Arrears.	Area.
	Area.	Assess- ment.	Area.	Assess- ment.			
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<i>Southern Division—contd.</i>	Acres.	Rs.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs.	A. g.
Belgaum ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bitapur ... ..	...	...	15	3	...	...	...
Dharwar ... ..	...	...	529	670	...	...	...
Kanara	7,399	23,466	1,540	4,029	...	...	...
Ratnagiri ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolaba ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	7,399	23,466	2,078	4,608	...	...	...
Total for the Province for 1939-40 ...	8,680	25,421	4,439	6,938	1*	29	0 3 8
Total for the Province for 1938-39 ...	5,243	1,356	3,500‡	5,211	6	1,077	16 23 with one house.

No. IV—concl'd.

*districts of the Northern, Central and Southern Divisions
ending 31st July 1940—concl'd.*

property, Section 155.					Arrests and imprisonments, Section 157.	Remarks.
Assessment.	Sold.			Bought in by Government.		
	Area.	Assessment.	Proceeds.			
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Rs. a. p.	A. g.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.			
...	Disposal of the forfeited lands is yet to be made.
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
0 0 2	*Sale not held before 31st July 1943.
27 11 0	15 23 with one house.	36 11 0	2,361	...	...