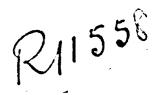


# Annual Report

Department of Land Records in the Bombay Presidency including Sind

For the Year 1935-36

[For oficial use only]



INDEX TO THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE LAND RECORDS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY INCLUDING SIND FOR THE YEAR 1935-36.

# CONTENTS

•						Paras.	Pages
		, ,, <u>,</u> ,			Ť		
Letter No. A							,
M. J. Desai, submitting to	Esquire, . Governii	nent the A	g Director c	rt of the	Tand	1	
Records Dep	artment fo	or the year 1	9:5-26	IO OF CHO	2.30110	1-44	1-24
		:			1	5.	
•	CHA	PTER I—P	EFATORY.		İ	1	
Officers of the	et a ff				1	1-2	1-2
Touring	ocali.	•••	•••	***		3	2-3
1.00	•••	•••	•••	•••	***		4-0
,						ĺ	
CHA	PTER II-	-Land Rec	ords Depar	TMENT.			
Function of the	e Land Re	cords Depar	tment			4-8	3-4
Establishments	under Di	visional Sup	erintendent	3		9	4
Training of Ju	nior Civilia		•••.	•••		10	4
District Survey		•••	•••	•••		11-13	120
District Inspec		•••	***	•	***	14-18	6-7
Measurement V		•••	•••	***		19-20	7-9
Circle Inspecto				•••	•	21	9-10
Sub Divisional		ind Mamlato	lars' Test	•••	•••	22	10-11
Boundary Disp	utes	*.*. 37. 41		***	•••	23	11-12
Measurement of	or pan-nia		nern Circle	• • •	•••	24	12-13
	)o.		hern Circle	***	•••	25 26	14-15 15-17
General Remar		BOUL	Hern Circle	***		27-28	15.17
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	773	•••	•••	•••		21-20	11
			٠			Ì	
CH	APTER II	I-SURVEY	and Settle	MENT.			
	. (	Revenue Su	rvey)			ļ	
Revenue Surve	v Work N	Iorthern Cir	rla ala			29	17
Do.		Central Circle		•••		30	18
Do.		Southern Cir		***		31	18
Revision Settle	ments			•••		32	18
	-	•					
•	CHAPT	ER IV—Cit	y Surveys.		Ì		
City Surmova 1	Youthau-	?!	•		1	93	
City Surveys, 1	Central Ci		***	• •••	•	33	18
	Southern			***	•••	34	18-19
General Remai	rke on Cit	- II CIE	•••	••• •		35 36-39	10 00
Photozinco Pre	esa on Oil)		***	•••	***	- :	19-22
- HOUNDINGOV I I (		***	*** *	•••	***	40	22-23

•						
	·		_		ž alaė.	Faces
	<del></del>					
•			,			
CEAPTE	R V—RECOR	ti con Exc.	9 m.			
	1100	2 (2 223)	- 1			
Record of Rights	•••		•-•		£2-14	23
General Remarks	***	-••	***		£.\$	\$3-14
	APPENDIC	ES.				
						•
STATEMENT I-Showing	crop, waste, h	omndare	maries and	other		
inspection work car	ried out by					2 2
1935-36 Statement II—Showin	g the measu	rement :	ind classif	ication	*	25-57
work done by Cadastr	al Surveyors	and oth	er establis			
deputed on that work STATEMENT III—Showl	during 1935=3	36 Village (	 )ട്ട്ഷ്ട് മാദ്	Circle	•••	50
Inspectors' work by th						
in the district during : STATEMENT IV—Showin			ma he shall	nan <sup>(</sup> Di aman'an		₹1 <b>-</b> 35
Inspectors of Land B						
1935-36		3:4	6 Cit-		•••	26-3 <b>3</b>
Offices	earnings and	expension	THE TOT CITY	Save)		64
STATEMENT B-Showing			of encrose	atææd		
on Government and l	annicipal land	15	***			41
		_				
_						
Annual Report of the						12.12
Province of Sind for the Proposals of Revision Se				;	1	43-43 43
Work done by the Head	Record Office		•		3 .	43-44
Work of sorting and des Inspection of the Head			 Innarintan i	lant of	3	<b>₹₹</b>
Land Records		٠			4	44
Field Survey			***	<b></b> '	5	11 12
City Surveys and Maint Survey Training Class	enance		•••	•••	6 · 7	61-11 61
The Tapedars' Training			•		<u> </u>	45
Cost of Land Records D Record of Rights	epartment	***	•••	•	9 13	45-46 46
Decord of Inglie	•••	···	•••	•••	10	<b>1</b> -
	APPENDIC	ES.				
•	_					
STATEMENT A-Showing	the work	Sone in	the Head	Lected		
Office, in connection w	oth sketches.	etc. duri	12 1335-35	**-		47-43
STATEMENT B-Showin Office, in connection	g the work	ർതാല <b>വാ</b> സംബന്ദന	ing Hess ens done	Eactri by the		
Village Establishmen	t during 1985	-36	***			43
STATEMENT B-I-Showi	ing the work	done in	octraction i	a with		50-51
City Surveys in Sind, STATEMENT B-II—Show	ving Income	and Er	rpenärnre	of the		J. 1
City Survey Offices in	Sind during t	the year 1	\$5 <b>5</b> -₹5	***		52-53
STATEMENT C-Showing Tapedars' work by Su	the test of	ngoers y. Tabegars,	ard buye ining 1965-i	av≊iīg ∂		<b>Ē</b> 4
Taboums work shop						

# No. A.D.P.R.B.-1 of 1937.

Via Poona, 4th January 1937.

From

M. J. DESAI, ESQUIRE, I.C.S.,
Acting Director of Land Records, Poona;

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,

Revenue Department, Bombay.

Subject.—Annual Report of the Department of Land Records for 1935-36.

Sir.

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report of the Department of Land Records for the year ending 31st July 1936.

#### CHAPTER I.

## PREFATORY.

The charge of the Department was held by Mr. A. H. Antia from 1st August 1935 to 13th November 1935, as Senior Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, so far as the technical part of the work was concerned while the establishment was under the control of Mr. H. B. Clayton, C.I.E., I.C.S., Commissioner, Southern Division, from 1st August 1935 to 13th November 1935. I held charge of the Department from 14th November 1935 to the end of the year as Director of Land Records. The post of the Director of Land Records held in abeyance by Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 7262/28, dated 21st March 1932, was revived during this year under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2844/33, dated 13th November 1935, as it was found from experience that the continuance of the makeshift arrangement sanctioned during the interval was objectionable on administrative grounds and that it was essential that the control and supervision of the Land Records Department which is of vital importance to the whole land revenue system, should be entrusted to a separate Director of Land Records with jurisdiction over the Presidency proper. As Revision Settlement work is still being held in abeyance till the Land Revenue Gode is amended, it was considered unnecessary to revive the post of the Settlement Commissioner. But as the Government of India considered that it was not possible to revive only a part of the post of Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records, a special temporary post of Director of Land Records has been created by Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2844/33, dated 20th October 1936. Now, the Director of Land Records is also the Inspector General of Registration and Registrar General of Births, Deaths

and Marriages and he is also the controlling officer for the Government Photozinco Press, Poona.

2. Superintendents of Land Records.—Under orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2844/33, dated 16th December 1935, the districts in the three Divisions were redistributed into three circles,—Central, Northern and Southern—with the headquarters of the Northern and Southern Circles at Ahmedabad and Belgaum respectively, the designation of the Senior Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, being changed to the Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle. The Central Circle with its headquarters at Poona is immediately under the control of the Director of Land Records who is also the Superintendent for the Central Circle. The territorial charges between the two Superintendents and the Director are as under:—

# CENTRAL CIRCLE.

(Under the Director of Land Records.)

Poona District. Ahmednagar District. Kolaba District.

#### NORTHERN CIRCLE.

(Under the Superintendent of Land Records, Northern Circle.)
All the Districts in Northern Division.
Nasik District.
East Khandesh District.
West Khandesh District.
Bombay Suburban District.

#### SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

(Under the Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle.)
Sholapur District.

Satara District.

All the districts in Southern Division (except the Kolaba District).

The charge of the Northern Circle was held by Rao Saheb W. R. Sane from 1st August 1935 to 3rd January 1936 and by Mr. A. H. Antia from 4th January 1936 to the end of the year. Mr. A. H. Antia held charge of the post of the Senior Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, from 1st August 1935 to 13th November 1935 and as Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, from 14th November 1935 to 2nd January 1936, and Mr. S. J. Moghe held it from 3rd January 1936 to 31st July 1936.

3. Touring.—I toured in all the districts of the Presidency proper for inspection of District Survey Offices, City Survey Offices and for testing the work of survey of Inam villages, and Cadastral and Pot Hissa measurement and inspection of village records, and Sub-Registrars' and District Registrars' offices.

The total number of days devoted to touring was 182. Superintendent of Land Records, Northern Circle, toured for 206 days in all the nine districts visiting 42 talukas. The Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, toured for 128 days in all the seven districts visiting 34 talukas. The touring of the Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, is thus short by 42 days of the prescribed number of 170 days. The shortage is partly due to change of hands and partly to the shifting of Headquarters from Poona to Belgaum. It is also due to the fact that Mr. Antia could not go out on tour as he had to assist the Government pleader at Thana in the Ville Parle suit. The total number of field workers (including Maintenance Surveyors) was 105 in Northern Circle, 178 in Southern Circle and 45 in Central Circle. Of these the Superintendents of Land Records concerned tested the work of 67 men in Northern Circle, 25 in Central Circle and 103 in Southern Circle. The ideal to be aimed at should be the test of at least one case of each field worker by the Superintendent of Land Records every year. However, as the charges are big and the officers concerned have a lot of other work to do, their field work judged from this standpoint is 64 per cent., 55 per cent. and 58 per cent. of the ideal for Superintendents of Land Records, Northern Circle, Central Circle and Southern Circle, respectively.

## CHAPTER II.

## LAND RECORDS DEPARTMENT.

- 4. The functions of the Land Records Department are to provide the statistics necessary for sound administration in all matters connected with land, to reduce, simplify and cheapen litigation in the Revenue and Civil Courts, to provide a Record of Rights for the protection of all who hold interests in land and lastly to simplify and cheapen periodical settlement operations.
- 5. The main function of the Department is to maintain all survey and classification records up to date and for this purpose to carry out field operations preliminary to the incorporation of changes in these records. It has further to organise and carry out rural and city surveys on an extensive scale and maintain them in a state of usefulness. Special surveys for private individuals or bodies such as relate to Inam villages, surveys in connection with Railway or Municipal or Local Board projects, etc., and surveys on behalf of other Departments of Government and some times even Indian States are also undertaken. The supervision of the preparation and the maintenance of the Record of Rights, the periodical inspection of boundary marks and the introduction of revision settlements complete the functions of the Department.
- 6. The Land Records staff consists of a Director of Land Records, two Superintendents of Land Records, District Inspectors, Cadastral Surveyors, Maintenance Surveyors for City Surveys, Pot Hissa Surveyors and Circle Inspectors.

The subordinate staff of the Department is divided into three sections:—

(a) The district staff of Circle Inspectors under the Collectors;

(b) The Cadastral Survey staff (including the City Survey staff and the Pot Hissa Survey staff) under the District Inspectors of Land Records and Survey Mamlatdar; and

(c) The staff in District Survey Offices, who keep all the

survey records up to date.

The Superintendent and the District Inspectors of I and Records supervise all the three sections but in respect of (a) their function is to advise and assist the Revenue Staff who give the actual orders. As to (b) and (c) the administration is direct.

- 7. A complete Record of Rights and interests in land has been prepared for all unalienated and many alienated villages throughout the Presidency and steps are being taken to prepare it in such of the remaining alienated villages where arrangements for its maintenance are possible without extra cost. The record has proved of great value to the Land Revenue Administration and to the public at large who are not slow in recognising its importance as an authentic record of their titles.
- 8. City Surveys form an important part of Land Records. Such surveys have now been introduced in Bombay City and in most of the important cities and towns in the Presidency. Suitable arrangements have also been made in important cities for the maintenance of the City Survey Records. In Bombay, a special office, viz., the Bombay City Survey and Land Records Office, does the maintenance work under the control of the Collector of Bombay. The further extension of this work has been stopped for financial reasons but new city surveys are now undertaken without maintenance if not so important, if the Municipality pays in advance the estimated cost of introduction of city survey in the town, and this cost is eventually refunded to the Municipality after the Sanad fees are recovered from the property holders.
  - The establishments under the Circle Superintendents were as usual the staff in the District Survey Offices, the Central Record Ahmedabad, District and Cadastral Surveyors, the City Maintenance staff of Surveys, and staff engaged for the measurement of sub-divisions and routine measurement cases and original city survey work. All these were controlled by the Superintendents and establishments supervised by the District Inspectors and a Survey Mamlatdar.
  - 10. Training of Junior Civilians.—In Northern Circle, Mr. D. Y. Fell, I.C.S., and in Southern Circle, Messrs. S. H. Raza, I.C.S., M. G. Monani, I.C.S., A. L. Dias, I.C.S., and V. Nanjappa, I.C.S., were trained in survey.

#### DISTRICT SURVEY OFFICES.

11. Northern Circle.—The Central Record Office, Ahmedabad, disposed of 1,220 cases involving 5,866 survey numbers as against 1,174 cases involving 6,623 survey numbers, leaving in arrears

281 cases involving 1,387 survey numbers as against 188 cases involving 647 survey numbers of the last year. Compared with the last year the arrears are heavy but the outturn can be regarded as satisfactory.

The realisation from the supply of extracts from Survey records and from the sale of maps amounted to Rs. 3,017 as against Rs. 3,051 of the last year. The cost on account of the pay of the copying clerk during the year was Rs. 1,173 and his earnings were Rs. 2,113. The copying staff was thus self-supporting. The Central Record Office was inspected by the Superintendent of Land Records and by the Director of Land Records during the year.

The District Survey Offices\* in the Northern Circle disposed of

\*Thana. Nasik. East Khandesh. West Khandesh. Bombay Suburban District. 1,504 cases involving 4,690 survey numbers and 2,606 hissas, leaving in arrears at the close of the year 471 cases involving 1,218 survey numbers and 762 hissas. The corresponding arrears of the last

year were 494 cases involving 1,531 survey numbers and 486 hissas.

The arrears are less than those of the last year.

The realizations from the supply of extracts from Survey records and sale of maps in the District Survey Offices amounted to Rs. 5,237. The cost on account of pay of copying clerks at Thana, Nasik, East Khandesh and West Khandesh came to Rs. 1,640 while they earned Rs. 4,228 including estimated charges for extracts required for Government work. The copying staff was thus self-supporting. There was no copying clerk in Bombay Suburban District. All the four District Survey Offices were inspected by the Superintendent of Land Records, Northern Circle.

12. Central Circle.—The District Survey Offices—Poona, Ahmednagar and Kolaba—disposed of 821 correction cases involving 3,596 survey numbers and 6,207 hissas as against 997 cases involving 3,955 survey numbers and 9,756 hissas of the last year, leaving a balance of 435 cases involving 1,071 survey numbers and 7,139 hissas as against 555 cases involving 943 survey numbers and 8,307 hissas of the last year. All the District Survey Offices were inspected by the Director of Land Records and the work in the District Survey Offices was found to be fairly satisfactory.

The realisation from the supply of extracts from survey records amounted to Rs. 2,911 while the cost of the copying clerks to Government was Rs. 1,568. The staff was thus self-supporting.

There is no post of a copying clerk in Kolaba District.

13. Southern Circle.—The District Survey Offices disposed of 6,303 correction cases involving 6,700 survey numbers and 47,279 hissas as against 6,332 correction cases involving 5,391 survey numbers and 41,013 hissas of the previous year, leaving a balance of 1,089 cases involving 774 survey numbers and 21,251 hissas as against 1,100 correction cases involving 1,142 survey numbers and 24,262 hissas of the last year. The arrears are less than those of last year and the output is satisfactory. The Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, inspected all the District Survey Offices in his Circle.

The realisations from the supply of extracts from survey records amounted to Rs. 9,487. The cost of the copying clerks to Government was Rs. 5,162. The staff was thus self-supporting. There are eight permanent and five temporary copying clerks in Southern Circle.

## DISTRICT INSPECTORS.

- 14. Statement IV shows the routine work done by these officers.
- 15. Northern Circle.—The District Inspectors of Land Records have toured for the number of days shown against them below:

  District.

  No. of touring days.

				v
1.	District Inspecto	r of Land Re	cords, Ahmedab	ad 175
2.	· Do.	do.	Kaira	175
3.	. <b>Do.</b>	do.	$\operatorname{Broach}$	and
	•		Panch M	lahals. 200
4.	Do.	do.	Surat	179
<b>4.</b> . 5.	Do.	do.	Thana	173
6.	Do.	do.	Nasik	171
7.	Do.	do.	East Kha	ndesh. 208
8.	Do.	do.	West Kha	ndesh. 184
9.	Do.	do.	Bombay 8	Subur-
		•		istrict. 230

The touring of the District Inspectors of Land Records, Broach and Panch Mahals, East Khandesh and Bombay Suburban District, is more than required. The touring of other District Inspectors except District Inspectors of Land Records, Ahmedabad, Kaira and Surat, is adequate. 'the touring of these officers is short by 15, 15 and 11 days respectively of the prescribed standard of 190 days for Gujarat Districts. The shortage is partly due to change of hands. The crop and waste inspection and the test of the measurement and classification work done by the Cadastral Surveyors and District Surveyors is adequate in the case of all the District Inspectors of Land Records except the District Inspector, Kaira, who does not seem to have taken any test of the classification work.

- 16. Central Circle.—The touring of the District Inspectors of Ahmednagar and Kolaba is 191 and 193 days respectively and it is adequate. The District Inspector, Poona, has put in 163 touring days, thus falling short of the prescribed number of 170 days by only 7 days. This was due to change of hands as Mr. S. J. Moghe could not go out in November and December as he had to help the Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Circle, in sorting the records of the Southern Circle, the Headquarters of which were being shifted to Belgaum. The inspection work and the test of measurement work done by the District Inspectors seems adequate.
- 17. Southern Circle.—The District Inspectors of Land Records have toured for the number of days shown against them below:—

District.				No. of tou	iring days
Sholapur	•••		•••		181
Satara	•••	,	•		185
Belgaum	***	•••	***	• • •	160
Bijapur	•••	•••	•••		223

District.				No. of	ouring day	9
Dharwar	•••	•••	***	•••	175	
Kanara	***		•••	***	141	
Ratnagiri		***	***	•••	176	

The District Inspector of Land Records, Bijapur, has put in the largest number of touring days and the touring of other District Inspectors except Belgaum and Kanara is adequate. The touring of the District Inspectors, Belgaum and Kanara, is short by 10 and 29 days respectively and the shortage is due to the fact that the Headquarter Assistants held charges of the post in addition to their own duties during the absence of the permanent incumbents on leave. The inspection of crops in waste survey numbers which is very important from the standpoint of Government is not adequate except in the case of the District Inspector, Ratnagiri. The test of measurement work is inadequate in the case of the District Inspectors of Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara, but it is partly due to the inadequacy of their touring.

18. All the District Inspectors of Land Records have done adequate inspection of the City Survey Offices in their charge.

## MEASUREMENT WORK.

19. The following statement shows at a glance the permanent and temporary staff employed in the Northern, Central and Southern Circles, the outturn of their work and their financial position:—

	Strength.				er and Hi	
Circle.			Priv	ate.	Government.	
	Cadastral Surveyors.	District Survey- ors.	Survey numbers.	Hissas.	Survey numbers.	Hissas.
. 1	2 .	3	4	5	6	7
Northern Circle.	19 Temporary 18 Permanent and 13 Maintenance Surveyors for a period of 21 months in all.	 8	1,645 2,370	10,451 5,020	592 3,425	
			4,015	15,471	4,007	
Central Circle	17 Permanent	3	1,909	4,831	1,711	2,671
Southern Circle	21 Temporary 33 Permanent and 6 Maintenance Surveyors partly.	6	1,998 4,144	11,923 11,392	1,364 2,572	2,114 2,282
	j		6,442	23,305	3,936	4,396

:	Strength.	rength. Fees earned including these for Government work.					
Circle	Cadastral Surveyors.	District Survey.	Pot Hissa Survey fees.	Fixed fees.	Esti- mated cost of Govern- ment work.	Total fees earned (Sa plus 8b plus 8c).	Cost of establishment.
1	2	3	8a	8 <b>b</b>	8c	8 <i>d</i> i	9
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	19 Temperary		10,451	6,152	2,254	13,557	15,509
Northern { Circle.	13 Permanent and 13 Maintenance Surveyors for a period of 21 months in all.		5,022	13,676	15,651	34,349	3 <del>1</del> ,3 <u>1</u> 7
			15,473	19,529	17,905	53,206	49,956
Central Circle.	17 Permanent	.3	2,705 ·	8,431	7,120	18,256	18,971
Southern { Circle.	21 Temporary 33 Per m a n e n t and 6 Mainten- ance Survey- ors partly.	<b></b> 6	10,090 7,473	6,936 17,805	4,030 9,237	21,046 34,515	15,966 36,615
·			17,553	24,741	13,267	55,561	52,451

It will be seen from the above table that the temporary Cadastral Surveyors in both the Northern and Southern Circles are self-supporting while the permanent staff in Central and Southern Circles is not. This is partly due to the fact that the permanent staff consists of District and Cadastral Surveyors who have reached or nearly reached the maximum of their grade.

The outturn of work done by the Cadastral staff is adequate.

20. Statement II shows the outturn of measurement and classification work done in each District. In Northern Circle, as a whole, the number of measurement cases received is greater than last year while the balance is less as compared with last year's. In the Central and Southern Circles, the number of measurement and classification cases received is less than last year's and the balance also compares favourably with the last year's balance. The disposal of work is adequate and satisfactory, particularly in Thana District in Northern Circle and Dharwar and Ratnagiri Districts in Southern Circle where the receipts during the year are more and arrears are less than the last year, while in Kolaba District in

Central Circle the receipts are less and the balance more than the last year but the outturn may be said to be adequate considering that the average number of measuring staff available for measurement work during the field season was less than last year's.

## CIRCLE INSPECTORS.

21. Statement I shows the work of Circle Inspectors. The average number of days devoted to inspection work by the Circle Inspectors in Northern Circle is adequate as compared with last year's in all the districts except Ahmedabad where it is less than that of last year but the output of work on the whole is adequate.

In Central Circle, the average number of days devoted to inspection is less in Kolaba District and more in Ahmednagar District and the output of work is on the whole satisfactory.

In Southern Circle, the average number of days devoted to inspection work compares favourably in Sholapur and Ratnagiri Districts while it is less in Bijapur. The output of work is also consequently less in Bijapur.

The defects noticed in the Circle Inspectors' work which came under inspection of the Superintendents of Land Records and the Director of Land Records are:—

- (a) Omission to correct the taluka copies of village maps in accordance with kamiasti patraks received from time to time. The village maps were also not corrected by the village officers and the Circle Inspectors did not note this omission.
- (b) Neglect in noting in pencil the hissas in the village map and consequent damage to the Gat Books by constant handling.
  - (c) Neglect in preparation of the new hissa statement.
- (d) Notices of mutations were not posted in some places for want of a "Chavdi" though such publication is obligatory under section 135-D (2) of the Land Revenue Code.
- (e) I have noticed several cases where heirship enquiries were not made in case of khatedars who died in the village, and dead men continued to be shown as khatedars, both in Village Form VII-XII, and in VIII-A, VIII-B and the alphabetical index to the latter.

Though every Talati and Circle Inspector has got a copy of the Revenue Accounts Manual enough attention is not being paid to the instructions regarding maintaining the Record of Rights up to date. It has also been noticed that very little field work is done by Mamlatdars and Circle Inspectors, even the so called crop and tenancy inspection by the Circle Inspector is only very often an enquiry at the Chavdi. Although a few mistakes regarding kind of crop or mode of cultivation may not impair the efficiency of the administration the omission to verify matters in the field is likely to lead to a confusion in the Record of Rights. I have noticed several cases where a certain survey number stood in the name of X, who paid the assessment while it was in possession of Y. In

some places, the verification of Record of Rights is regarded as a mere formality and cases have been noticed where the Mamlatdar has verified as many as 150 to 200 mutation entries in one morning. The verification in such cases becomes a farce as the Mamlatdar's clerk endorses "Verified, X. Y. Mamlatdar," and the Mamlatdar simply puts his initials X.Y. I have also noticed that in some cases the Mamlatdars are in such a hurry that they forget to put the initials and yet the entry is taken as certified and carried into Village Form VII-XII. Entries in the Record of Rights have a probative legal value and section 135-J of the Land Revenue Code lays down that the entry should be presumed to be correct unless the contrary is proved. I have received complaints in casual conversation with several judicial officers that the Record of Rights entries are not correct and are sources of dispute instead of being a record of rights in land. In this connection, I would like to quote the observations of Their Lordships of the Privy Council regarding the responsibility of the verifying officer and the value to be attached to the verification, in Gangubai and others vs. Somaypagouda Desai and others in Privy Council appeal No. 143 of 1927.

"Their Lordships have already pointed out the manner in which entries under the Bombay Act 4 of 1903 were made and the strict scrutiny to which they must have been subjected. The entries exhibited in this case spread over a series of years. The Act, as has been pointed out, contains careful provisions for the entries being checked from time to time, and in the circumstances of this case the entries are in their Lordships' opinion cogent, though not conclusive, evidence of the facts recorded therein." The italics (underlined) is mine.

All these omissions have been brought to the notice of the Revenue Officers by the issue of inspection notes, but unless Collectors and Prants take up the question seriously with their Mamlatdars, mere instructions are not likely to be of much use. The Record of Rights occupies a very important position as a record of rights in land and has a certain legal value in Courts of law and is also very useful to Government for Settlement and other purposes and if proper attention is not paid for its correct maintenance there is every danger of its being not a real Record of Rights but a probable source of disputes.

## SUB-DIVISIONAL OFFICERS' AND MAMLATDARS' TEST.

22. Statement III shows the inspection work of these officers. But as the figures given in the statement are not in themselves a criterion of the value of the inspection work, Government in paragraph 2 of Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. P. 62, dated 9th May 1931, have asked the Collectors to offer remarks on the quality of the inspection work done by them. Accordingly, all the Collectors except the Collectors of Kaira, Surat, Bombay Suburban District and Nasik have offered their remarks.

From the details of work shown in the statement, it is seen that the number of villages visited by the Sub-Divisional Officers is smaller in Nasik, West Khandesh, Dharwar, Kanara and Ratnagiri. The aggregate test of crop and tenancy records taken by the Sub-Divisional Officers seems on the whole inadequate particularly in the case of Thana, Nasik, Dharwar, Kolaba and Ratnagiri Districts.

Regarding Record of Rights which is of vital importance, the output of the Sub-Divisional Officers is inadequate in the following districts, the average number of entries tested works out as shown below:—

Ahmedabad	•••	***	***		1,272
Bombay Suburban	District .	•••	•••	•••	1,150
Belgaum		•••	•••		682

Among the Mamlatdars, the lowest test of 737 is observed in Bombay Suburban District. Next to this comes the average of 1,240 in Ahmedabad district and 1,321 in Dharwar district. Such figures are rather discouraging. But the output on the whole compares favourably with that of the last year and can be said to be adequate taking into consideration the heavy duties devolving on the Revenue Officers on account of collection of land revenue and other important matters.

#### BOUNDARY DISPUTES.

23. Rao Saheb W. R. Sane was the British Delegate from 1st August 1935 to 3rd January 1936 and Mr. A. H. Antia was the British Delegate from 4th January 1936 to 31st July 1936 for the settlement of boundary between Baroda State and British territory. They did this work in addition to their duties as Suprintendents of Land Records, Northern Circle. A grant of Rs. 10,000 was allotted for this work by the Commissioner, Northern Division, under his No. B. G. T. 23, dated 22nd May 1935. The sanctioned establishment of one Head Surveyor, four Surveyors, a clerk and a peon was entertained during the year. The field work was commenced on 10th November 1935 and continued up to 31st May During this period work was done in Chikhali, Bardoli and Valod talukas of the Surat District. The boundary along a length of 1112 miles was newly surveyed and 22 miles of the boundary already surveyed and settled were checked. The total work done up to the end of the year consists of surveying the boundary along a length of 1,531 miles. There is no measurement work of boundaries remaining to be done, but still there are several correspondences which will require personal attendance of the Surveyors and visits to the spot with the Baroda Surveyor. On the frontier of 1111 miles surveyed during this year, 1,036 theodolite stations were put up, giving a rate of 9.3 stations per mile as against 7.9 stations per mile of the last year. On the frontier of 22 miles surveyed and settled before but verified this year, there were 207 theodolite stations, giving a rate of 9.4 stations per mile as against 7.8 stations per mile of the last year. On the frontier

surveyed up-to-date, there are 2,770 old and 6,354 new interstatal marks to be maintained jointly by the British Government and Baroda State. There are, in addition, 5,183 boundary stones and 17,682 earthen mounds on the British side and 1,109 boundary stones and 5,769 earthen mounds on the Baroda side to be maintained by the people. On 1st August 1935, there were 136 cases of boundary disputes to be settled. One hundred and thirty fresh cases arose during the year, thereby raising the number of cases for settlement to 266. Out of these 266 cases, 172 cases (72 old and 100 new) were disposed of during the year—42 by Rao Saheb Sane and 130 by Mr. Antia—leaving a balance of 94 cases to be disposed of at the end of the year. The years to which the balance relates are noted below:—

Number of cases- in balance.	The year to which they relate.
1	1925-27
. 7	1928-29
17	1929-30
10	1930-31
5	1932-33
11	1933-34
13	1934-35
30	1935-36
94	•

The disposal is better but there still remain some old cases to be disposed of. The cost for this work during this year came to Rs. 10,231-2-0 as against Rs. 10,397-6-7 of last year, and the cost per mile comes to Rs. 76-1-0 as against Rs. 60-15-0 of the last year. The increase in cost this year is slightly greater because the number of meetings and the number of days spent in meetings with the Baroda Delegates on which the Surveyors had to be present are more than last year's. The total cost up to date comes to Rs. 1,04,760-10-9.

#### MEASUREMENT OF SUB-DIVISIONS.

24. Northern Circle.—The original Pot Hissa measurement work has already been completed in all the districts of the Northern Circle. Out of the balance of Rs. 1,836-6-5 to be recovered in Bombay Suburban District on account of original Pot Hissa measurement work, Rs. 49-9-0 only have been recovered during this year leaving a balance of Rs. 1,786-13-5. The progress of recovery is very slow. To clear off the arrears of sub-division measurement in Nasik District, two special Pot Hissa parties consisting of 20 measurers under 2 Nimtandars were deputed to Nasik and they under the supervision of the District Inspector of Land Records, Nasik, and one special surveyor in Bombay Suburban

District have done the upkeep hissa measurement work in addition to the work done by the ordinary Cadastral staff. The total number of hissas which were measured and which remained to be measured in Northern Circle at the end of the fair season is given below:—

District.	Number of hissas to be measured during the year as reported at	Number of hissas actually	Number of hissas which remained to be measured at the close of the year.			
Distriction	the beginning of the fair season.	measured during the year.	(a)	(b)	Total.	
1	2	8	4	5	6	
Ahmedabad	2,346	1,147	571	519	1090	
Kaira	3,555	2,845	· 739	854	1,593	
Broach and Panch Mahals.	4,789	1,878	1,719	1,146	2,859	
Surat	6,729	4,865	1,111	855	1,966	
Thana	3,331	1,663	2,093	1,670	3,763	
Nasik	32,658	1,751 21,086	971	8,850	9,821	
East Khandesh	28,237	273	4,973	22,991	27,964	
West Khandesh	13,737	1,048	1,183	11,506	12,689	
Bombay Suburban District.	1,226	1 401	80	874	954	
	·	15,471			. ,	
		21,487				
Total	96,608	36,958	13,434	49,265	62,699	

<sup>(</sup>a) Hissas in villages in which there was not full day's work and which could not therefore be measured (D. L. R.'s No. L.R. 135 dated 28th April 1919).

In the villages visited during the year for sub-division measurement work 3,049 hissas were found to be in excess of the reported hissas. To clear off the heavy arrears of Pot Hissa work in East Khandesh District, four Pot Hissa Parties under the control of the Survey Mamlatdar, Central Division, are being sent to that District in the next fair season.

<sup>(</sup>b) Hissas in villages in which there was full day's work but which could not be measured.

Note.—The italic figures denote the number of hissas measured by the Pot Hissa Surveyors.

25. Central Circle.—The subjoined table shows the subdivision measurement and barsat work done by the temporary staff under the control of the District Inspectors of Land Records:—

		Temporary staff employed.		done.		
District.	Nimtan dars.	Measur- ers.	Number of hissas measured.	Number of hissas of which barsat work was done.	Remarks.	
. 1	2	3	4	5	6	
Ahmednagar .	1	8	8,261	14,178	Upkeep party under the control of the District Inspector of Land Records.	
Walaka	1	10 1	10,526 786	10,159 2,080	Do. Upkeep measurer under the District In-	
Total .	2	19	19,573	26,367	spector of Land Records.	

The outturn is adequate. In addition to the hissas measured by these temporary measurers, the Cadastral Surveyors in Central Circle have also measured in all 2,705 hissas. The number of hissas which were measured and which remained to be measured in Central Circle at the close of the fair season is as given below:—

e .	•	Number of hissas to be measured during the year	Number	Number of to	hissas that be measure	
	District.	including balance and those reported at the beginning of the season.	g balance those ed at the uning of		(b)	Total.
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Ahmednagar	25,115	1,823 8,261	960	14,358	15,318
2.	Poona	26,477	144	1,102	14,705	15,807
3.	Kolaba	4,652	10,526 738 <b>7</b> 86	1,510	1,618	<b>3,1</b> 28
	Total	56,244	. 2,705 19,573	3,572	30,681	34,253
٠			22,278			

<sup>(</sup>a) Hissas in villages in which there was not full day's work and which could not therefore be measured (D. L. R.'s No. L.R. 135, dated 23th April 1919).

<sup>(</sup>b) Hissas in villages in which there was full day's work but could not be measured.

Note.—The italic figures denote the number of hissas measured by the Pot Hissa Surveyors.

In all 287 hissas were found to be in excess of the number of hissas reported in the villages in which measurement work was done.

The balance for recovery on 1st August 1935 on account of original Pot Hissa measurement fees in Kolaba District was Rs. 1,26,799-0-5 out of which Rs. 61,780-7-8 were recovered during the year leaving a balance of Rs. 65,018-8-9. The recovery of these fees has again been spread over three years, i.e., up to the end of 1938-39 under orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2657, dated 17th February 1936.

26. Southern Circle.—The subjoined table shows the sub-division measurement and barsat work done by the temporary staff under the control of the Survey Mamlatdar, Central Division, and District Inspectors of Land Records:—

			ary staff Oyed.	Work	done.		
District.		Nimtan- dars.	Measur- ers.	Number of hissas measured.	Number of hissas of which barsat work was done.	Remarks.	
. 1		2	3	4	5	б	
Sholapur	•••	1	12	11,813	11,942	Upkeep Party under the District Inspec- tor of Land Records.	
Belgaum	•••		2	2,768	•••	Upkeep Measurers under the District Inspector of Land Records.	
Satara	•••	6	64	68,745	80,388	Upkeep Parties under the Survey Mamlat- dar, Central Division.	
Kanara	•••		4	2,626	2,703	Upkeep Surveyors under the District Inspector of Land	
Ratnagiri	٠		4	3,934	2,868	Records. Do.	
		7	86	89,336	97,901		

The outturn is adequate. In addition to the hissas measured by the above mentioned temporary staff, the permanent temporary staff of Cadastral Surveyors in Southern Circle has measured in all 17,553

hissas. The total number of hissas thus measured during the year in Southern Circle and those which remained to be measured are shown below:—

<b>D</b>	,	Number of hissas to be measured during the year	Number of hissas that remained to be measured.				
District.		including balance and those report- ed at the begin- ing of the season.	during the year.	(a)	<b>(</b> b)	Total.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	
Belgaum	•••	9,741	4,408	1,093	1,827	2,920	
Dharwar	•••	11,872	7,871	1,316	3,622	4,938	
Bijapur	•••	4,851	3,422	554	1,186	1,740	
Kanara	•••	7,837	112 2,626	819	809	1,128	
Ratnagiri	•••	4,499	123 3,934	604	2,320	2,924	
Sholapur	•••	14,941	1,262 11,313	434	7,082	7,516	
Satara	•••	47,729	355 68,7 <b>45</b>		10,459	10,459	
Total	•••	1,00,970	17,553 89,386	4,820	26,805	21,625	
<del>-</del> .			1,06,939	-			

<sup>(</sup>a) Hissas in villages in which there was not full day's work and which could not therefore be measured (D. L. R.'s No. U.R. 135, dated 28th April 1919).

While doing the Pot Hissa measurement work, 37,594 hissas were found to be in excess of the number of hissas reported by the Mamlatdars.

A party of 10 surveyors under a Head Surveyor was appointed for the survey of Inam villages in Belgaum district for the purpose of introducing the Record of Rights. The Party has completed theodolite and plane table work in three villages and the hissa survey work in one village. The barsat work of all these villages is in progress. In addition to these, theodolite work was done in three villages and the computation work is in progress.

The balance for recovery on account of original Pot Hissa measurement fees in Kanara District was Rs. 53,464 out of which Rs. 29,842-15-7 were recovered during the year leaving a balance of Rs. 23,621-0-5. Under orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 6425/28, dated 12th January 1935, the recovery of Pot Hissa dues in Honnavar and Siddapur talukas was spread over a period of three years, 1934-35, 1935-36 and 1936-37.

<sup>(</sup>b) Hissas in villages in which there was full day's work but could not be measured.

 $<sup>\</sup>it Note.$ —The italic figures denote the number of hissas measured by the Pot Hissa Surveyors.

Amounts of Rs. 13,000 and Rs. 6,000 were accordingly to be recovered during the year in Honnavar and Siddapur talukas respectively. But only Rs. 8,454-2-10 and Rs. 3,394-15-9 were recovered during the year in those talukas. The progress of recovery is not satisfactory.

- 27. As a result of mistakes detected by Hissa Survey Parties and Cadastral Surveyors' staff in the original hissa survey records, assessment was reduced during the year to the extent of Rs. 44-12-6 in Northern Circle and Rs. 47-12-9 in Central Circle and Rs. 101-10-6 in Southern Circle.
- 23. The following is an account of the hissas surveyed by the Department since the commencement of the operations at no cost to the general tax payer:—

				Hissas.
Up to 1934-35	• • • •			7,920,733
In 1935-36—				
Northern Circle			••••	36,958
Central Circle—Original			•••	1,843
New Hissas				20,435
Southern Circle—Original			•••	19,523
New Hissa	s	•	•••	87,416
		Total		8,086,908

I tested the field work of about 64 field workers in the Presidency (excluding Maintenance Surveyors) and the work was found seriously incorrect in 7 cases and the men concerned were suitably dealt with.

## CHAPTER III.

SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT: REVENUE SURVEY.

29. Northern Circle.—As the grant for the Field Party Establishment was not sanctioned, no Field Party Surveyors were entertained in any of the Northern Circle Districts.

Akarband work of Olpad and Bulsar talukas of which reclassification work was done last year, as per Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 8415/28, dated 6th March 1936, and Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 6174/28, dated 19th July 1935, respectively, was completed during the year under the direct supervision of the Superintendent of Land Records. A temporary staff of 14 hands under one Nimtandar for Olpad and 33 hands under two Nimtandars for Bulsar work was entertained for 1 month 10 days and 3 months 5 days respectively. As a result of the reclassification assessment is reduced by Rs. 1,859-3-6 in Olpad taluka and it is reduced by Rs. 11,677-14-6 in Bulsar taluka.

- 30. Central Circle.—Owing to the withdrawal of the Field Party Estalishment from survey work, no work in connection with the survey and settlement of Inam villages was undertaken this year.
- 31. Southern Circle.—As the Field Party Establishment grant was not sanctioned, no work in connection with survey and settlement of Inam villages was undertaken during the year.

Government have sanctioned, under Government Resolution, Revenue Departments, Nos. 5387/28, dated 27th May 1936 and 28th May 1936, reduction of assessment in the form of annual remission on Garden and Rice lands in Sirsi, Siddapur, Yellapur talukas, and Mundgod Mahal of Kanara District and the work of preparing the figures of remission is in progress.

32. No revision settlements of Government villages were undertaken during the year. No settlement proposals whether—original or revision—for Inam villages were submitted during the year.

#### CHAPTER IV.

### CITY SURVEYS.

33. Northern Circle.—There are in all 56 City Surveys and 37 Village Site Surveys. Out of them, the maintenance of two City Surveys of Kaira and Borsad has been discontinued from 1st April 1932 and the work of maintaining the Property Register has been entrusted to the Talathis and the City Survey of the town of Chalisgaon in East Khandesh District is without maintenance. Thus 53 City Surveys and 37 Village Sites are now under regular maintenance.

Introduction of City Survey in the town of Savda in East Khandesh District, is sanctioned under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, Nc. 5157/33, dated 17th April 1936 and the Municipality has credited the estimated expenditure, viz., Rs. 6,750 into the Government treasury. The survey operations will be started early in the next fair season.

34. Central Circle.—There are in all 13 City Surveys and 6 Village Site Surveys. Out of them, 3 City Surveys of the towns of Dhond, Baramati and Saswad in Poona District are without maintenance, and the maintenance of Sangamner and Wambori City Surveys has been discontinued from 1st April 1932 and the work of maintaining the Property Register has been entrusted to the Talathis. Thus eight Cities and six Village Sites are now under regular maintenance. The question of Sangamner maintenance was under consideration and Government have recently sanctioned its regular maintenance establishment and its maintenance will be taken up.

The re-enquiry work in the Ahmednagar City Survey which was commenced in 1928 as per orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 7990/24, dated 20th April 1927, had to be discontinued as per orders in Government Resolution, Revenue

Department, No. 7990/24, dated 25th February 1931, owing to financial stringency after completing the re-enquiry in respect of 7,200 out of 11,027 properties. Proposals for taking up the re-enquiry work of the remaining 3,827 properties were sanctioned and a Special Enquiry Officer was appointed as per orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 7990/24, dated 26th August 1935, for a period of four months in the first instance which was further extended by six months under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 7990/24, dated 26th March 1936. Of the 3,827 properties which had remained to be enquired into, it was found that no re-enquiry was needed in respect of 1,269 properties and of the 2,558 properties enquired into 1,100 encroachments on Government land and 2,196 on Municipal land were detected. The whole re-enquiry work has now been finished although with many breaks in its checkered career.

- 35. Southern Circle.—There are in all 26 City Surveys and 6 Village Site Surveys. Out of these, the City Surveys of the following towns are without maintenance:—
  - 1. Annegiri—Dharwar District.
  - 2. Malwan-Ratnagiri District.
  - 3. Ilkal-Bijapur District.

Thus 23 City Surveys and 6 Village Site Surveys are now under regular maintenance. The urgency of Malwan City Survey maintenance has been brought to the notice of Government and orders to include provision for the establishment in the next year's budget as an item of new expenditure have recently been received.

City Survey operations have been started at Sirsi in Kanara District as per orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 4252/33, dated 13th November 1935, and the measurement work is in progress.

# GENERAL REMARKS.

36. Statement "A" shows the earnings of the City Survey Maintenance establishment in the Presidency and the budget expenditure incurred upon it during the financial year 1935-36.

On the whole, the City Surveys and their maintenance staff pay more than their cost. While in large towns they do so, in smaller towns the staff is hardly self-supporting. To remedy this, as far as possible, two or more small towns are put in charge of one Maintenance Surveyor and the work of maintaining the Property Register, etc., is entrusted to the Talatis. In some places Cadastral Surveyors' work is entrusted to the Maintenance Surveyors to keep them fully employed.

37. The system of writing Property Register on cards has been introduced in towns of Broach, Godhra, Viramgaon, Thana, Dahanu, Igatpuri, Nasik (partly), Malegaon, Dhulia, Nandurbar (partly), Jalgaon and Chalisgaon in Northern Circle and in Poona and Lonavla in Central Circle and in Panchgani, Mahabaleshwar,

Sholapur, Belgaum, Bagalket, Hubli, Gadag, Ranebennur, Byadgi and Haveri in Southern Circle and the work is being done satisfactorily. In the newly introduced City Surveys of Dhond, Baramati and Saswad in Central Circle and Ilkal in Southern Circle, the Property Registers have been written in the form of Registers and not in loose cards which are likely to be missed or misplaced as these City Surveys are without maintenance.

- 38. During the enquiry, a large number of encroachments are detected on Government and Municipal lands. Fresh encroachments are also being detected during the maintenance of these City Surveys. But the progress made in removing these encroachments in Municipal land is very unsatisfactory, the removal being 851 on Government lands and 6,052 on Municipal lands, leaving a balance of encroachments to be removed on Government and · Municipal lands to the extent of 3,002 and 49,564 respectively. The encroachments on Government lands chiefly relate to cities the enquiry of which has been recently completed such as Ahmednagar and Chalisgaon and in other places steps are in progress for their removal or regularization. Statement "B" attached shows the position. The balance of encroachments on Municipal land is due to the indifference of the Municipal bodies, and the Collectors are being requested to take action according to orders in Government Resolution, General Department, No. 1898, dated 4th June 1925, and Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2558/28, dated 14th August 1933, where necessary and it is hoped that there will be better progress next year.
- Government Memorandum No. 7990-B/24, dated 26th September 1931, Government agreed with the Settlement 'Commissioner and Director of Land Records as to the necessity of resurvey and re-enquiry of Ahmednagar City Survey but ordered the operations to be postponed for want of funds. The work of re-enquiry has, however, since been taken up in accordance with orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 7990/24, dated 26th August 1935 and 26th March 1936, and it has now been finished. The question of resurvey only remained to be considered. The Director of Land Records has now on personal inspection considered that it is not absolutely necessary to resurvey all the house properties and it will do if we relay the theodolite frame work. Proposals of time and cost required for this purpose were accordingly submitted to Government and Government have ordered in their Memorandum No. 7990-B/24, dated 14th August 1936, to include the proposed expenditure as a new item of expenditure in the budget for the year 1937-38.

In Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 8369/28, dated 10th February 1932, Government sanctioned as a measure of retrenchment the reduction of the post of the Maintenance Surveyor at Sangamner City on the ground that it was not self-supporting. The maintenance of the Property Register was however entrusted to the talati under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 10021/28, dated 11th March 1933. During inspection of the City Survey by the Director of Land Records it was noticed that

regular maintenance was necessary and that it would be self-supporting if the Cadastral Surveyor of the taluka is entrusted with the maintenance work. Proposals were, therefore, submitted to Government in consultation with the Collector of Ahmednagar to declare the Cadastral Surveyor doing the measurement work in the taluka as the Maintenance Surveyor who will do the maintenance work for some period and Cadastral Surveyor's work during the rest of the period and Government in their order No. 8369/28, dated 2nd December 1935, sanctioned its maintenance.

According to the existing arrangement the Maintenance Surveyor at Alibag is entrusted with the technical work of the Roha and Uran City Surveys under orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 1833/24, dated 22nd November 1924. The Maintenance Surveyor of Alibag is also entrusted with the full maintenance work of Pen and Panwel City Surveys. This involved a lot of travelling and absence of the Maintenance Surveyor from other City Surveys. It was, therefore, proposed in consultation with the Collector of Kolaba to transfer the technical work of Roha and Uran City Surveys to the Cadastral Surveyors working in these talukas and Government have approved of this proposal in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 1833/24, dated 19th October 1936.

The maintenance establishment for the Poona City Survey was found on inspection to be inadequate to cope with the ever increasing work in the City Survey Office and it was also noticed that there is want of adequate supervision over the office work of the maintenance surveyors. Proposals have accordingly been submitted to Government in consultation with the Collector of Poona to sanction an extra Maintenance Surveyor who should also act as a Shirastedar to the City Survey Officer.

The Maintenance Surveyor of Kalyan City Survey is also to look to the full maintenance work of Bhiwandi City Survey and do the technical work of Shahapur and Murbad City Surveys. The charge of the Maintenance Surveyor, Kalyan, is thus heavy and in order to relieve him to some extent proposals are being submitted to transfer the technical work of Shahapur and Murbad City Surveys to the Cadastral Surveyors working in those talukas.

The City Surveys of Bandra and Danda contain only the gaothan area of 5 and 8 gaothans respectively. The non-agricultural area outside the gaothan limits is not at all included in these city surveys. From fiscal as well as administrative point of view, it is desirable that the City Survey limits should be extended so as to include all the non-agricultural survey numbers and also some agricultural survey numbers in which non-agricultural development is likely to take place in the near future. Proposals in this respect have been called for and will be submitted to Government in due course.

The question of relieving the Maintenance Surveyor, Bandra, of the duties of looking to the maintenance of the village sites of Ville Parle, Juhu and Malad has also been referred to the Collector of Bombay Suburban District as Government have no interest in the maintenance of these village sites surveys. The technical work of Indi City Survey in the Bijapur District was entrusted to the Maintenance Surveyor at Bijapur under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 6430/24, dated 16th July 1925. In order to relieve the Maintenance Surveyor of Bijapur where the City Survey work has increased considerably, it was proposed to transfer the technical work of Indi City Survey from the maintenance Surveyor, Bijapur, to the Cadastral Surveyor working in the taluka and Government have approved of the proposal in their memorandum No. 6430-B, dated 27th August 1936.

Utara Karkuns for City Survey Offices.—The work of supplying copies and extracts from the City Survey Records is on an increase everywhere. In smaller City Survey Offices, this work is done by the Maintenance Surveyor but in large towns this work has to be entrusted to the copying candidates. As the candidates have no permanent status in Government service the work done by the candidates has to be supervised very carefully by the Maintenance Surveyors. In order to relieve the maintenance staff of all avoidable clerical work, Government have been approached to sanction the creation of five posts of permanent and seven of temporary Utara Karkuns. This proposal if sanctioned will increase the efficiency of the maintenance staff without any extra cost to Government and will enable raw hands to have some insight into the working of the Land Records Department.

The City Survey maintenance staff is not very satisfactory. English-knowing men are required in most of the big cities as there is a lot of English correspondence work and there are very few English-knowing men who are also technically sound. I have already approached Government to revive some of the posts in the Field Party to have a nucleus of survey trained English-knowing men from whom the maintenance staff could be recruited by selection.

I inspected 28 City Survey Offices during the year under review. Of these, the field work and office work were satisfactory in 20 cases only while the work in 8 cases was found to be positively bad and the Maintenance Surveyors had to be fined or reduced in five cases, and transferred to smaller charges or reverted as Cadastral Surveyors in 3 cases.

## PHOTOZINCO PRESS.

40. The work turned out in the Printing branch during the year was 1,073,068 machine pulls costing about Rs. 33,000 and 70,758 handpulls costing about Rs. 20,000. Other branches turned out work costing about Rs. 81,000. The total cost of work done in the Press was Rs. 1.35 lakhs. The total amount realised from Private work done in the Press was Rs. 18,000.

Five posts of tracers in the Photozinco Press were retrenched under orders in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 3927, dated 14th February 1933. It was noticed that a large number of City Survey sheets received for reprinting were lying in the Press for more than two years without any action for want of staff. Government were, therefore, approached in the matter and four

posts of temporary tracers have accordingly been sanctioned in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 3927, dated 27th May 1936, to clear off the heavy arrears. It will require some time to bring the work up to date and it is possible that Government may have to be approached for increasing the present temporary staff in the next year for accelerating the disposal of arrears of tracing work.

# CHAPTER V.

## RECORD OF RIGHTS.

- 41. The writing of the combined form VII-XII was done in 78 villages of Man Petha in Satara District during this year. This work has already been completed in the remaining districts of the Southern Circle and in all the Districts of Central Circle and Northern Circle.
- 42. The Record of Rights (New Combined Village Form VII and XII) was for the first time introduced in the following Inam villages in Southern Circle:—

Name of village Taluka. District.

1. Chikmagnur ... Ranebennur ... Dharwar.

2. Khatay ... Khatay ... Satara.

43. Twenty-four Inam villages in Central Division districts have been surveyed for the introduction of original settlement between the years 1924-25 to 1930-31. Out of these, 20 are in Satara, 3 in Poona and one in Ahmednagar District. As the introduction of settlement is held in abeyance according to orders in Government, Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 8613/28, dated 1st September 1932, it was proposed to introduce the Records of Rights in these villages and exemption from Record of Rights Act has accordingly been cancelled in respect of these villages under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 4818/33, dated 22nd April 1936. The work of preparing necessary papers for the compilation of Record of Rights is in progress.

#### SUPERINTENDENCE.

44. The holding of the Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records' post in abeyance since 29th March 1932, and the retrenching of the Superintendent of Land Records, Southern Division's post, since 10th August 1933, led to a serious degeneration in the supervision of the Land Records staff. By its very nature, most of the work of the Department, is distributed in various villages of the District, and as the work is done in individual fields, it is very difficult to supervise the work unless adequate staff for supervision is forthcoming. The two Superintendents of Land Records, one at Poona and the other at Ahmedabad, were saddled with ten, and nine districts respectively and it was to be expected that there will be a fall in the efficiency of the staff and that work of the department

will suffer both in volume and quality. My personal observations made above regarding the Maintenance Surveyors and other field workers show how the quality of the work has suffered due to lack of adequate supervision. The District Inspectors of Land Records like any other set of officers are inclined to take things easy, when superior check becomes a matter of rare occurrence and this slackness travels down to the Maintenance Surveyors and other surveyors. The charges as they are now are also pretty heavy, as it is not possible for the Superintendents of Land Records to test at least one case of each field worker every year even if they put in 210 touring days instead of 170.

Both Messrs. A. H. Antia and S. J. Moghe have tried their best to improve their charges under difficult conditions. Mr. Antia has worked hard both as Superintendent of Land Records and as British Delegate in the Settlement of Bombay-Baroda Boundary Disputes, and the Department will be losing a conscientious, hardworking and experienced officer by his retirement in January 1937.

My office staff had to work very hard and as I have only one senior clerk in the grade of 105—5—140, most of the important work had to be handled by the Office Superintendent who has discharged his duties conscientiously and to my entire satisfaction.

Your most obedient servant,

M. J. DESAI,
Ag. Director of Land Records.

# STATEMENT I.

STATEMENT Statement I showing crop, waste, boundary marks and other

				-	Num Governme in each	ber of ont villages district	
_Name of Dis	triet	Number of Circle Inspectors in the District	Total	Number inspected	Number of days actually devosed to inspection work		
1				23	3	4	. 5
Northern C	irele.						Average
Ahmedabad	***		4	•15	· †445	#1	180
Kaira	•			18	525	525	291
Broach and Panch Mahale	•••	•••	•	24	8413	839	239
Surat	***	***	•	15	824	793	271
Thane .	•••			139	<b>§</b> 1,569	1,528	196
Nasik	***		***	33	1,695	1,696	915
East Khandesh			•••	31	1,900}	1,781	195
West Khandesh		***		92	1,216	1,916	143
Bombay Suburban District		***	_	3	<b>738</b>	37	120
Central C	irole.						
Poona		***	•••	. 24	(a)1,150	1,150	267
Ahmednagar	***	•••		33	₹ <b>5</b> 31.374	1,374	<b>321</b>
Kolaba		***	***	(c)23	(4)1,590	1,459	137
Southern C	irsle.					•	
Sholapur	•••	•••		(e)14 plus 1 H.	704	678	214
Batara	•••	***	***	K. (f)28	1,357	1,246	236
Belgaum	•••	•**	***	24	1,116	1,092	908
Bijapur	***		•••	( <i>a</i> )34	1,174	1,125	190
Dharwar	•			(ħ)24	1,439	1,366	235
Kanara	***	***		(†)\$4	1,417	1,357	179
Ratnagiri	•••	200	-	15	(J)317	317	81
·							

I. inspection carried out by Circle Inspectors, during the year 1935-38.

Crop and Tens	ncy Inspection	Waste In	spection	Repairs of boundary marks		
Cotal number of occupied Survey	Number of Survey Nos, and Sub-	Number of Waste Nos. other than	Number inspected	Number of for re	villages due epair	
Bumpers	Divisions	forest	mspecæd	Arrears of past year	Current year's pro- gramme	
. 6	7	8	9	· 10	11	
		İ				
186,712	18,626	22,464	9,017	36	12	
308,961	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 27,921 \\ \hline 22,119 \end{array} \right.$	17,149	1,187			
226,491	35,743	18,515	2,779	90	18	
<b>2</b> 50 <b>,756</b>	36,772	9,219	3,247			
202,341	92,674	16,469	5,343	30	134)	
253,496	32,864	11,202	1,841	69	. 161	
211,413	24,009	8,924	2,142		238	
155,164	23,086	13,482	1,271	4	161	
9,116	$\left\{ -\frac{335}{3,230} \right.$	} . 406	. 58	*****		
<b>2</b> 22, <b>300</b>	18,608	3,647	977	29	114	
238,669	31,511	5,041	1,409	133	63	
149,307	$\left\{ \frac{16,615}{72,825} \right.$	6,473	1,579	<b>T</b>	961	
110,805	7,856	1,937	290	- 61	. 8	
279,028	21,957	1,712	596	19	37	
202,155	80,806 42,564	5,595	683	3	108	
184,736	32,600	2,946	1,086	1	100	
196,634	17,642 33,593 13,999	9,646	733	48	126	
- 141,775	25,340 27,225	13,291	3,687	-1	129	
57,741	\$1,225 4,915 51,838	1,814	550	2	31	

# STATEMENT

•		Repai	rs of bound	ary marks-	-contd.	Average number of days	Inspec Taga	
Name of District		villages o	aber of completely ected paired	d villages outstanding		spent by the Circle Inspec- tors of the District	Number of Tagai	
		Arrears of past years	Current year's pro- gramme	Arrears of past years	Current year's pro- gramme	inspection and repairs	works examined	
<b>T</b>		12	13	14	15	16	17	
Northern Circle.								
Ahmedabad		32	11	4	1	15		
Kaira				*****			2	
Broach and Panch Maha	ls.	90	18	*****		19	<b></b>	
Surat	. ***	•••	,,,,,,,					
Thans	<b></b> .	26	. 93)	4	41	49	4	
Nasik		39}	1994	223	. 213	23	<b>37</b> 0	
East Khandesh†	•••		228	*****	******	17	3	
West Khandesh	•••	.4	181	*****	·····	43	10	
Lombay Suburban Distr Central Circle,	ict.	***		*****	•••••		••••	
Poons	•••	19	88	10	26	33	75	
Ahmednagar	•••	77	36	56	27	147	32	
Kolaba Southern Circle.	•••	5	70.7,	. 2	263	67	4	
Sholapur	***	61	. 8	******		26	13	
8 atara	•••	9	15	3	22	69	19	
Belgaum	•••	1	85	2	23	39	91	
Bijapur		1	98	<b></b> .	8	61 .	8	
Dharwar	***	29	124	19	2	45	34	
Kanara	•••	4	129}	******	<b>P9</b> 1.411	53	1	
Ratnagiri		9	31	*****		740		

# I-contd.

<u> </u>			
tion of works	-		
	Number of entries	Number of entries	Remarks
Number in	checked in the	checked in	Edmores
which	Birth and Death	Village Forms I-C	•
work was	Registers	and	
finished		I-D	
	_		
18	19	. 20	21
*****	9,201	7,580	*Two Circle Inspectors instead of one Revenue Inspector are appointed from 1st April 1936.
1	91,044	55,356	† Two villages are amalgamated with one village.  The post of a Revenue Inspector is abolished and 3 Circle Inspectors are sanctioned under G. E., R. D.,
******	18,259	119,303	No. 10061/23, of 25th March 1936. § Seven villages in Ambernath Taluka of Bombay Suburban District are merged into Kalyan Taluka of Thana District (G. R., R. D., No. 3468/33, dated 5th May 1936).
······ ,	17,975	69,667	One post of Circle Inspector in Peint Mahal kept vacant from 1st March 1936. Town villages in Ambernath Taluka of Bombay Suburban
4	16,328	49,816	District are merged into Kalyan Taluka of Thana District under G.: R., R. D., No. 3468/33, dated 5th May 1936.
331	98,664	44,536	(a) Last year one village was reported in excess. (b) Two villages amalgamated into one. (c) The post of a Revenue Inspector is abolished and 4 posts
. 9	86,462	48,272	of Circle Inspectors are revived.  (d) 37 villages of Uran Mahal included last year have been excluded this year.  (f) Two posts of Revenue Inspectors were abolished and
7	25,648	45,105	6 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived.  (e) One post of a Revenue Inspector was ebolished and 2 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived.
******	1,169	4,232	<ul> <li>(p) One post of Revenue Inspector was abolished and 3 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived.</li> <li>(h) One post of Revenue Inspector abolished and 2 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived.</li> </ul>
62	14,791	127,935	(i) One post of Revenue Inspector abolished and 2 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived. One more post of Circle Inspector is created.
20	29,678	95,565	(j) One Government village has been treated as Khoti.
1	19,347	104,159	
1	14,742	23,160	,
11	24,890	159,676	· ·
10	27,880	89,907	
6	29,964	32,561	
15	26,287	47,827	•
******	8,224	77,986	
*****E	5,328	66,381	·

M. J. DESAI,
Ag. Director of Land, Records.

# STATEMENT II.

Statement II showing the measurement and classification work done by Cadastral Surveyors, and other establishments deputed on that work during 1935-36.

Name of District	Arreard beginn the		. Received during the year		Dispo durin ye	g the	Balance at the close of the year		
	Measure- ment	Classifi- cation	Measure- ment	Classifi- cation	Measure- ment	Classifi- cation	Measure- ment	Classifi- cation	
1	2	3	4	5	6	. 7	8	. 9	
Northern Circle.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	Survey Nos.	
Abmedabad Kaira Broach and Panch Ma- hals.	35 5 214	5 <sub>29</sub>	612 480 1,109	14 409 ¥6	583 449 1,050	16 409 25	64 36 273		
orat Phana Nasik West Khan-	493 182 230		716 1,391 1,460 337	113 39 39 10	716 1,685 1,405 374	113 94 33 10	199 237 193	<b>4</b> 6	
desh. East Khan- desh.	197	a.a	1,330	945	1,187	945	340		-
Bombay Su- burban Dis- trict.	211	,	562		594	•••	179	•••	-
Total	1,567	86	7,997	895	8,043	945	1,521	36	
Central Circle.		,							
Ahmednagar	287	1	1,037	216	1,120	916	199	1	ŀ
Poons	484	15	1,250	. 60	1,471	61	263	14	
Kolaba	. 913	5	1,008	13	964	10	952	7	-
Total	1,684	21	3,285	2:38	3,555	287	1,414	223	
Southern Circle.								•	
Sholapur	266	1	983	73	890	72	359	1	
Satara	183		1.501	17	. 1,6.8	17	46		
Belgaum	223	12	1,195	27	1,393	39	25		
Bijapur	8		937	318	942	318	3		
Dharwar	. 93		1,545	141	1,573	141	65		1
Kanara	17		971	48	956	48	32		
Ratnagiri	911	4	1,748	31	2,094	82	565	э	-
Total	1,701	17	088,8	651	9,486	667	1,095	4	
Grand Total	4,952	124	20,162	1,837	21,084	1,899	4,030	62	

M. J. DESAI, Ag. Director of Land Records.

STATEMENT III.

STATEMENT
Statement III showing the test of Village Officers' and Circle
in the districts during

			-	Number o	villages	Number of boundary
1	Name of 1	District	Total in District	Number inspected	marks inspected	
	1			8	3	4
		S. D. O.	3	445*	382	. 44
Ahmedabad	•••	Mr.	• 9	140	441	1,288
Kaira	***	s. d. o.	9	525	366	*****
		Mr.	7	}	525	242444
Broach and Pane	h Mahal	S. D. O.	2	8413	376	593
Drough was 1 and	d Money	Mr.	9	]	8363	3,092
<b>a</b>		s. D. o.	2	)	394	425777
Surat	•••	Mr.	9	- 821;	821	<b>3</b> 4****
ć	*	S. D. O.	3		. 773	1,844
Than <b>a</b>	•	 Mr.	11	1,515	1,389	11,626
		s. D. o.	2	ĺ	649	2,028
East Khandesh	***	mr.	13	1,800)	1,779	7,360
		s. D. O.	9		305	882
West Khandesh	***	Mr.	8	1,219	1,219	5,585
		s. D. O.	4		322	232
Nasik •	***	mr.	12	1,695	1,495	7,740
Bombay Suburb	an Distri	s. D. O.	1	. 8¢		*****
Domnay Sundro		Mr.	1	J _ ~	43	250-25
£ .		s. D. o.	2		324	903
Ahmednagar	***	Mr.	19	1,374	1,358	2,243

S. D. O. = Sub-Divisional Officer. Mr. = Mamlatdar or Mahalkari. H. . Hissas.

III.

Inspectors' work by the Sub-Divisional Officers and Mamlatdars the year 1935-36.

	Number of numbers Crop and Becord was	in which Tenancy	Number of villages in which Birth and	Number of entries checked in	Romarks
-	Village Officers' work	Circle Inspectors' work	Death Registers were checked	Village Forms VI and VII	
	5	6	7	8	9
{	1,339 H. 430	598 H. 453	291	3,818	*Two villages amalgamated with another.
]	4,391 H. 1,055	\$,978 H, 835	7074	11,249	†Including Talukdari villages.
Ì	H. 637	530 H, 611	290	4,670	
1	6,753 H. 8,274	716 H. 896	518	43,819	-
Ì	2,716 H. 2.096	165 H. 96	308	8,317	-
4.1	9,131 H, 9,045	5,832 H. 5,216	907	27,076	
Ì	2,282	8,160	308	7,294	•
٠٠٠	H. 2,761 10,461	H. 2,434 4,511	786	<b>3</b> 8,731	1 24 unsurveyed and 6 Bandhi Jama
	H, 11,767 952	H. 4,442 252	528	9,739	villages omitted.
	H. 2,061 6,004	H. 1,164 2,339	1,359	64,759	Seven villages of the Ambernath
(	H. 18,373	H. 9,153 3,245	,		taluka of Bombay Suburban District included in Kalyan taluka (G.B., B.D., No. 3488/33, dated 5th
7	H. 1,290 10,615	H. 297	497	11,859	May 1936).
į	H. 2,013	H. 3,182	1,415	59,91 <b>3</b>	
ĺ	1,425 H. 869	124 H. 91	267	5,071	
١	6,116	2,263	1,125	<b>2</b> 3,200	
( {	H, 5,136 1,311	H. 2,417 652	317	6,588	
	H, 1,599 9,410	2,205	L412	63,174	•
-	H. 4,050	H. 1,158	41	1,150	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4	H. 77		. 28	737	
į	1,465	1			
ļ	H. 5,017 4,865	1 207	330	11,991	I Two villages amalgamated.
ĺ	H. 19,501	H. 4,241	1,336	61,893	

## STATEMENT

•	Name of	District			Number o	f villa	1ge6	Number of boundary
				į	Total in district		umber spected	marks inspected
	:	1			2		3	
Роспа	-		3	}	1,162	ĺ	544	278
		(Mr.	19	J	1,102	l	1,156	1,341
Sholapur			<b></b> 9	}	705	{	349	258
		(Mr.	7	1		١	705	1,019
Satara		{S. D. O.	3		1,357		585	101
		(Mr.	13			l	1,207	358
Belgaum		-{8. D. O.	2	)	1,116	Į	456	737
		(Mr.	9	)		'	1,030	4,003
Bijapur		{ S. D. O. Mr.	9	}	1,174	{	443 1,172	446
		(B. D. O.	3	h		r	271	5,006
Dharwar		Mr.	13,	<u> </u>	1,473			562
		(Mr.	*** Tg*				1,241	4,609
		S. D. O.	4°				224	2,763
Kanara		 Mr.	161		1,417†		1,238	8,014
		·		ין		١		
		s. d. o.	1				214	915
Kolaba		Mr.	8		1,627		1,553	<b>7</b> 511
		S. D. O.	<u>9</u>	h	4		311	2,215
Ratnagiri	***	 Mr.	<b> 11</b> '		1,327		1,327	3,609

S. D. O. = Sub-Divisional Officer. Mr. = Mamlatdar or Mahalkari. H. = Hissas.

III-contd.

		of Survey in which Tenancy sinspected	Number of villages in which Birth and	Number of entries checked in Village	Bemarks
	Village Officers' work	Circle Inspectors' work	Death Registers were checked	Forms VI and VII	
	5	6	7	. 8	g -
	1,296	3,101	432	9,453	
{	7,328 H. 4,551	5,983 H. 3,571	1,116	71,935	
(	2,081	2,168	340	9,710	
-	H. 2,135 4,674	H. 2,135 3,110	705	23,566	
(	2,224 H. 7,046	213 H. 784	533	18,584	
	5,358 H, 22,901	1,076 H. 2,864	1,201	80,592	
`.	1,445	*****	145	1,364	
	19,095	14,825	986	72,188	
	2,585	864	363	5,939	
	13,221	2,206	1,134	34,542	
	H. 23	H. 19	214	5,139	·
ĺ	14,193	1,072	1,191	17,160	
[	1.879 H. 1,551	602 H. 476	156	3,660	• Includes two ex-officio Assistan Collectors, † Includes sixty-one Fores
ĺ	H. 11,733	2,558 H. 2,760	1,131	<b>70,</b> 898	villages. ‡ Includes ex-officio Mahalkaris.
-	H. 745	154 H. 415	214	2,627	
	5,865 H. 25,627	H. 17,046	1,453	61,775	
_	231 H. 941	175 H. 834	300	6,265	
	1,100 H. 9,404	357 H. 3,833	• 1,310	• 63,219	

M. J. DESAI, Ag. Director of Land Records.

STATEMENT
Statement IV showing the details of work done by the District

				Number of in the D	villages istrict	Total Number	
Name of	District			Total	Inspect- ed	of days devoted to all kinds of inspec- tion	Number of Circle Inspec- tors
1	٠			9	3	4	5
Norther	rn Circle.		1				
Ahmedabad	411	•••	•••	445*	167	175	151
Kaira	•••	, in		525	112	175	18
Breach and Panch Mah	als	***		8413	182	200	24
Surat		494		821	901 <sup>°</sup>	179	16
Thana	***	494	***	1,569)	158	173	29
Nasik	<u></u>	<del>T</del> 1		1,695	126	171	33
East Khandesh	• <del>••</del>	***		1,800}	119	208	31
West Khandesh		***		1,916	936	184	29
Bombay Suburbau		-	•••	86	45	230	3
Central	Carela		Ì	·			
Ahmednagar	•••		-	1,974*	169	191	39
Роопа	•			1,150}	100	168	24
Kolaba	•••	411		1,627	176	193	92;
Southern	Circle	•					
Sholapur	***	***	•	704	157	181	$\begin{pmatrix} 14^* \\ plus \\ 1 \text{ H. K.} \end{pmatrix}$
Satara	***	454		1,357	149	185	281
Belgaum	•••			1,116	134	160	₽4
Bijapur	***	-41		1,174	280	223	24;
Dharwar	•••	·**		1,439	148	175	215
Kanara	282	***		1,417	135	141	24
Batnagiri	njer-		-	919¶	125	176	15

IV.
Inspectors of Land Records of the Districts during the year 1935-86.

i	Cro	p and Wast	e Inspect	dana nabe	ers check	e <b>d</b>	Number of	Entries in the Return	
Number of	Ea	rly	Le	ite	· Wa	ste	villages in which boundary marks	of Popu- lation and	
Circles	Circle Inspec- tors' work	Village Account- ants' work	Circle Inspec- tors work	Village Account- ants' work	Circle Inspec- tors' work	Village Account- ants' work	repair examined	agricul- tural stock tested	
6	7	8	9	10	<u> 11</u>	12	13	14	
1				-		(	31	<b>)</b>	
15	191	L145	64	736	4	572	1,090	}	
19	926	2,561	101	413	13	59	:		
31	900	1,944	191	776	90	67 {	- 41 3.583	}	
15	579	1,326	994	2,115	125	310	§		
29	1,941	4,431	110	371	91	153	5,613	}	
33	•	3	15	} -	65	- {	19	<b>}</b> —	
31	i	' 877	25	<b>!</b>	153	- {	19	} —	
23	4.	066	1,	866	136	- {	4,163	}	
3	104	144		-	11	-	1		
₩.		•=	·	$\left\{ \frac{2,053}{1,599} \right.$	}	20 {	365	}	
24	{ 163 465	98	98 496	} _	11	- {	18	} _	
99	800	3.967	} -	-	40	<b>36</b>	2,543	<b>}</b> —	
15		530	45	446	8	35{	13 2.654	} —	
28		1,745	90 80	114	) ac	- {	3 254	}	
24	176	96	171	1,:69	_	10	15	}	
24	17.2	1,258	229	1,776	4	26	2,109	<b>}</b>	
24		1,017	• 1 <u>93</u>	315	_	37		; —	
24 .	5 <b>61</b>	2,324	!	₹	. 1	-19	903 30 1,645	<u>}</u>	
15	{ 363 2,636	4,153	)		71	້ ຄ.{	16	ĺ	

# STATEMENT

						SIAI	. Parent
	1	Entries	Nun	aber of Su teste		bers	Number
Kame of District	to a copy designation of the copy of the c	in the Birth and Death Begister tested	Measured by the Cadastral Survey- ors	by the	District	District	Forms
1		15	16	17	18	19	90
Northern Circle.	-						:
Ahmedabad		1,671	39		178	15	2,272
Kaira -		3,017	160		19		5,340
Broach and Panch Mahals		580	137		114	8	7,810
Surat		675	353 1±3	1	59	35	8,881
Thana	***	999	plus 32 Wood- land	9	109	10 plus	6,680
Nasik		95	(plots. 84	,	43		1,012
East Khandesh	<b></b> .	799	91	18	17	170	2,497
West Khandesh		1,005	157	\			5,244
Bombay Suburban	-	31	plots 49	3			860
Central Circle.			(H. 80	,			•
Ahmednagar		416	{ <u>206</u> 376	•}	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} \frac{27}{65} \end{array}\right.$	}	2,813
Poons		341	$\begin{cases} \frac{137}{143} \end{cases}$	- <del>6</del>	18	}	1,769
Kolaba		1,503	90	5	30	9	5,293
Southern Circle.							
Sholapur		549	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 153 \\ H & 498 \end{array} \right.$	} 10	9		4,519
Satara		591	H 566	) }	2		2,968
Belgaum		426	H 129	i}	1		4,043
Bijapur		<b>2</b> ,250	H 237	114	•••		7,469
Dharwar	-	697	H 233	} 53	{ 19 57	}	4,693
Kanara		943	H 50	} 5	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} -\frac{14}{7} \end{array}\right.$	} 3	8,166
Batnagiri	•••	446	269	7	10	4	6,789
		1		₹ '	-		'

# IV-contd.

		1		
Number of Village Accountants examined in measurement test	Taluka Form XX tested	Number of Tagai Works inspect- ed	Number of entries in Village Form XVI inspected	Remarks
21	22 •	23	24	
			53	*Two villages are amalgamated with one village. †Two Circle Inspectors instead of one Bevenue
	••• .		. 95	Inspector are appointed from 1st April 1936. † The work was postponed under Collector's No. B.N.D./32, dated 12th December 1935.
	•••		134	The work was postponed to 1936-37 under Collector's No. B.N.D., dated 9th May 1936. Seven villages of Ambernath taluka of Bombay Suburban District are included.
***	58		123	
•••	65		571	
•••				•
***				•
		-	36	·
<b></b>				Two villages in Akola taluka amalgamated (G. R. R. D., No. 309/33, dated 1st May 1933). One village in Mawal taluka was less reported last
•••	19			year.  † The post of one Revenue Inspector was abolished and  † posts of Circle Inspectors revived from 1st April 193
•••				(G.R., B.D., No. 1006, dated 25th March 1936).
***	<b></b>			•The post of Revenue Inspector was abolished and 2 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived. †Two posts of Revenue Inspectors were abolished and
***				6 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived (G.R., B.D. No. 10066/28, dated 26th March 1936).
•••.			<b></b> ,	the post of Revenue Inspector was abolished and a posts of Circle Inspectors were revived. The post of Revenue Inspector was abolished and
***				2 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived.  The post of Revenue Inspector was abolished and 2 posts of Circle Inspectors were revived and one
***	i 1			more post for Bhatkal Petha was created from loth September 1935. Includes two khoti villages.
	1	1		
			• "	•

M. J. DESAI, Ag. Director of Land Records.

Statement 'A' referred to in paragraph 36 (showing earnings and expenditure for City Survey Offices for the financial year 1935-36).

				•		Recur	ring.		Non-Recurring.						
Circle			No. of city survey	,	N. A. assess.	Any other	Total of	•	Me	asurement fee	es.	,			
			towns	Rent ment (or altered assessment)		recurring earning	columns 3 to 5	Copying fees	Government estimated	Private cases cadastral (a) or C. T. S. Sub- Divisions (b)		Occupancy price			
	. 1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	(a)	(b)	, 10		
					Ra. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs, a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. r		
Northern	***	***		55	67,417 13 0	46,891 1 5	5,183 10 5	1,19,492 8 10	5,663 10 4	1,529 12 0	3,677 6 0	4,086 12 0	1,95,577 15 8		
Central .		***	***	10	3,239 1 3	26,147 9 0	695 15 8	30,082 9 6	804 0 5	357 2 0	308 12 0	680 8 0	22,149 6 8		
Southern	***	***	•••	23	15 161 0 11	66,048 15 10	2,645 2 0	83,855 2 9	2,787 2 4	490 8 G	2,275 15 0	2,873 8 0	32,723 0 8		

	•		*										
•	Circle ^			Penalty under Record of Rights	Fines for delay in taking sanads	Fees for showing measure- ments in sanads	Fees for un- authorised occupation or N. A. use	Sale of maps and forms	Witness bhatta	Other earnings	Total of columns 7 to 17	Total of columns 6 and 18	Budget ex- penditure for 1935-86
	1	:		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Northern	•••	<b>-</b> . '	***	4,592 13 0	17 6 0	979 5 8	5,837 2 4	3,400 6 6	383 1 0	88,898 6 9	3,14,644 1 3	4,34,136 10 1	55,510 14 0
Central	•••			305 1 0	2,034 6 0	746 6 0	1,323 8 9	1,132 14 9	11 8 0	1,073 2 0	30,926 11 2	61,009 4 8	8,717 11 0
Southern	•••	•••		1,498 11 0	8 8 0	14 8 0	1,127 15 6	2,662 14 8	145 & 9	2,224 12 3	45,527 12 6	1,32,682 15 8	28,538 3 6
	·			4	j	1		·			Grand Total.	6,27,828 14 0	92,766 12 6

N.B.—Column 17 includes earnings, bulk of which is on account of fine for breach of conditions with regard to buildings, etc., and other items of Non-Agricultural Assessment of temporary use and Government rent for annual leases.

M. J. DESAI,
Ag. Director of Land Records.

40

Statement "B" referred to in paragraph 38.

	ircle			chments and	removed	schmente during the er report	Balance		
	•		Govern- ment	Municipal	Govern- ment	Municipal	Govern- ment	Municipal	
	1		9	3	4	5	5	7	
Northern	***	***	1,348	43,066	590	4,594	1,378	38,493	
Central	***		1,478*	4,727*	91	15	1,357	4,719	
Sonthern	***	•••	437	7,803	900	1,443	237	6,360	
	Total		3,963	55,616	861	6,052	3,002	49,564	

<sup>\*</sup>In the last year's statement 2,267 encroachments were included as on Government land in Ahmednagar City Survey. But this year as a result of re-enquiry there are 1,079 encroachments on Government land and 2,136 on Municipal land.

M. J. DESAI,
Ag. Director of Land Records.

# ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LAND RECORDS FOR THE PROVINCE OF SIND FOR THE YEAR 1935-36.

#### No. REV. 21.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT:
Office of the Revenue Commissioner
for Sind, Karachi,
5th January 1937.

No revised Irrigational Settlements were introduced in any taluka during the year under report.

2. The work done during the year at the Head Record Office is detailed in statements A and B. The number of copies of field books issued from the Head Record Office (column 18 of statement A) during the year under report was larger than that in the preceding year. The increase was due to large land sales and to measurement of a larger number of sub-divisions by the Village Establishment.

Land Registers were prepared for the Village Establishment and 2 more for the Head Record Office. The preparation of such registers for the dehs affected by the Revised Settlements within the Barrage area, has been held in abeyance for want of funds. A provision for funds has, however, been repeated in the budget estimate for the year 1937-38.

The increase in the number of maps supplied to the Village Establishment (column 20 of statement A) was mainly due to a larger number of maps having fallen due for supply during the year under report.

The fall in the number of Vernacular maps (column 29 of statement A) sent up for printing was due to a lesser number of corrections in deh maps.

In addition to the work shown in statement A, the mapping establishment carried out corrections in 1,270 duplicate copies of deh maps, which will be sent up for re-production to the Photozinco Office, Poona, when the number of corrections reaches the prescribed limit.

The number of maps supplied to the Officers of the Lloyd Barrage Scheme fell from 8,447 to 7,230 during the year under report. The decrease will be noticeable yearly as the extraordinary demands incidental to the constructional stages of the Barrage project are now coming to an end. The temporary mapping establishment was assisted as usual, by the permanent mapping establishment in its spare time.

The special barrage establishment entertained for the purpose of preparing plotted sketches for use of the Barrage survey parties continued to work at the Head Record Office and the number of

plotted sketches prepared by this establishment was 23,010. Likewise, the special staff entertained for the preparation of revised deh maps in consequence of the changes in alignments of water-courses in the Barrage zone, continued to work at the Head Record Office and the number of maps dealt with by this establishment was 1,459 against 1,714 in the previous year. The numerical strength of each of the establishments referred to above, had to be varied from time to time according to the actual requirements.

Statement B pertains to the amount of work done at the Head Record Office in consequence of the measurement carried out by the Village Establishment. The number of measurement papers relating to survey numbers received for examination and entry in the Record Office was 14,844 against 12,352 in the previous year—showing an increase of 2,492. The number of survey papers returned for correction was 8,327 against 4,565 in the preceding year. This was partly due to the lack of proper comprehension of rule 22-A introduced in the Land Revenue Rules on the part of the Village Establishment and partly due to insufficient care taken in the preparation and scrutiny of survey papers. Instructions, in this connection, have been issued to Collectors to see that survey papers are prepared with due care.

Besides the work shown in statement B, survey papers in respect of 2,015 dehs comprising 1,20,947 ordinary survey numbers and 3,373 petty hissas and 102 dehs comprising 19,852 rectangulated blocks received from the Survey Department of the Lloyd Barrage, were also dealt with by the ordinary establishment of the Head Record Office and lodged with other record.

- The Superintendent of Survey and Land Records tested the measurement of 147 survey numbers measured by the Village Establishment.
  - 3. The work of sorting and destruction of record is up-to-date.
- 4. The Head Record Office was inspected by the Superintendent of Survey and Land Records in Sind in May and June last and the result was satisfactory. Mr. Vassanmal Naraindas, the Head Record Keeper, has been performing his duties as efficiently and expeditiously as before inspite of the additional strain imposed upon him as a result of the activities of the Barrage survey parties.
- 5. No field survey parties were organised during the year under report.
- 6. No new city surveys were undertaken during the year under report on account of continued financial stringency.

As the Larkana City Survey charge was unwieldy, an additional post of a City Surveyor was created originally for a period of one year under Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2630/28, dated the 26th September 1934, and the charge was split up into two as reported in previous reports. The revised arrangement has been continued for a further period of one year from 1st November 1935, vide Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 2630/28, dated the 25th November 1935.

Of the City Surveys previously completed, the maintenance work at Sukkur, Rohri, Hyderabad, Tando Adam, Mirpurkhas, Garhi Yasin, Jacobabad and Shikarpur was carried out in the same way as in the previous years. The details of work done in respect of all the City Surveys and the income and expenditure relating to them (except Karachi) are shown in statements B-I and B-II.

The maintenance work of all the City Surveys including Karachi was inspected by the Superintendent of Survey and Land Records in Sind as usual. The Superintendent has remarked that while the measurement work continues to be done satisfactorily at Karachi, the question of levying assessment on buildings was being confounded with building regulations. The Superintendent has communicated his views in this connection, to the Collector of Karachi, and it is hoped that this question will soon be settled satisfactorily. In other places outside Karachi it is reported that there is much to be desired even in regard to the measurement work. The nature of mistakes and the lack of proper review have been pointed out to the Collectors in Memoranda of Inspection drawn by the Superintendent.

In order to exercise effective check over the technical part of city survey work, the Head City Surveyor at Karachi, continued to carry out inspection in accordance with the orders contained in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 9733/28, dated the 16th December 1932. The Superintendent of Survey and Land Records in Sind, however, considers that the Head City Surveyor cannot be expected to continue to do this duty without serious detriment to his own work at Karachi. He is of opinion that a separate Inspector of the Mukhtiarkar's grade might be appointed for this work as well as for checking field work and Record of Rights work done by Tapedars just as in the Presidency where 6 such Inspectors are working in the Southern Division and 4 in the Northern Division. The Superintendent proposes to submit separate proposals in this connection when this question will be examined carefully.

- 7. One Assistant Collector and 8 Mukhtiarkars attended the Survey course and passed the test.
- 8. The Tapedars' Training School, which was sanctioned for one year only, has been continued for another year with effect from the 1st July 1936 with a batch of 51 students. It is presumed, the school will have to be continued for another year or two as the requirements of the District Officers cannot be met from the present stock of Tapedars available. The average absorption per year at present is expected for some time to be 50, which is the normal number trained in one year.
- 9. The total cost of the Survey and Land Records Department during the year amounted to Rs. 62,840 against Rs. 61,499 in the preceding year.

The duties of the Superintendent, Land Records and Survey Officer, Lloyd Barrage, remained combined throughout the year under report. The charge was held by R. B. Bulchand Santdas up

to 31st March 1936, and thereafter by Mr. Allahbakhsh A. Ansari for the remaining period of the year. Before Mr. Allahbakhsh took charge, he was attached to the office for two months for training. R. B. Bulchand has since been appointed as Special Officer, Barrage Surveys, vide Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. Rev. 4916, dated the 5th August 1936, and in consequence of his appointment, the post of Assistant Survey Officer has been abolished.

The Superintendent continued to be ably helped by the Assistant Survey Officer, Mr. Gobindram Jethanand Bijlani since appointed as Senior Superintendent to the Sind Government, his successor Mr. Mulchand Rupchand Panjwani since reverted to the regular line of Mukhtiarkar, the Head Record Keeper, Mr. Vassanmal Naraindas Punwani and the Head Master, Tapedars' Training School, Mr. Bulchand Rijhumal Sachanandani.

The annual savings resulting from the amalgamation of the post of the Superintendent, Land Records in Sind, with that of the Survey Officer, Lloyd Barrage, amounted to Rs. 5,338 in the case of the Land Records Department and Rs. 11,369 in the case of the Barrage Department.

10. During the year under report, the Record of Rights was promulgated in 2 Jagir debs, viz. Wakkro in Shikarpur taluka and Abdu in the Sukkur taluka in pursuance of the orders contained in Government Resolution, Revenue Department, No. 1743/33, dated the 18th January 1935. It was re-written in 3 debs, viz. Hussain, Beli and Bakro in Ghotki taluka of the Sukkur district. The work of promulgating the record in 3 debs of the Karachi taluka referred to in the previous year's report is still held in abeyance as the bill amending the Land Revenue Code referred to in Government Memo, Revenue Department, No. 3809-B, dated the 21st December 1929, has not yet been passed.

The work of measuring fresh sub-divisions was done by the Village Establishment as a part of their ordinary duties. The total number of cases in which action was taken for failure to report in time the acquisition of any right was 1,631 against 1,801 in the preceding year and the fines imposed amounted to Rs. 3,790-14-0 against Rs. 4,390-10-0. The revenue accounts were based on the entries in the Record of Rights except in the areas specially exempted from the operation of the rules. The maintenance of the Record was on the whole satisfactory.

11. The statement showing the test of the Tapedars' and Supervising Tapedars' work by the Sub-Divisional Officers in the Province of Sind during the year under report is enclosed.

R. E. GIBSON,

Revenue Commissioner for Sind.

To

Government, Revenue Department, Bombay. The Manager, Government Central Press, Bombay.

STATEMENT A.

Showing the work done in the Head Record Office, Hyderabad, Sind, in connection with sketches, etc., during 1935-36.

			correcti	ascs necessit on in Survey cords.		Number of cases returned duly corrected.					Number of cases remaining for correction at the end of the year.				Number of survey and land registers prepared and supplied to		
Year.				Maps.	rebates.		Maps.		rebatea	Maps.		rebates.	acts supplied	ment.			
	•	Survey Registers.	English.	Sindbi.	List of Karia reb	Survey Registers.	English.	Sindhi.	List of Karia reb	Survey Registers.	English.	Sindhi	List of Karia reb	Number of extracts Survey Registers.	Village Establishment.	District Officers.	Petitioners.
1	•	3	8	4	5	6	7	. 8	9	10	11	12	18	14	15	16	17
1935-86	•	939	1,139	910	•••	999	1,139	910		•••	•••			614	2		•••
1934-85	-	1,045	1,179	1,013	•••	1,045	1,179	1,013		 		<b>,</b>	•••	628	6	•	

e e		ield Books	rvey registers. Record Office.	Nu									Mapa prepared for printing.		
Year,		copies of Field	Ead st	Establishment ist.	Establishment, ent.	Dis Offic	triot cors.	l'etiti	oners.		blic ts De- nent.			to replace Head Recor	Remæks.
		Fumber of a supplied.	Land Registers a prepared for the	Village Esta free of cost.	Village Esta ca payment.	English.	Sindhi.	មុខរុទ្ធបន្ទ	Sndhi	English.	Sindhi.	English.	Sindhi	Maps prepared copies at the P	
1	•	19	19	20	21	22	28	24	25	80	97	219	29	80	81
1995-86 .		8,417	Tapa Tapa dara' Train- ing Behook	3,447	127	193	111	48	750	91	682	19	630	861	
1994-85	•-	6,779	H	9,496	80	128		72	ана	21	770	80	1,050	043	

DHARAMDAS II. IIIRANANDANI,
for Revenue Commissioner for Sind.

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### STATEMENT B.

Showing the work done at the Head Record Office, Hyderabad, in connection with the measurements done by the Village Establishment during 1935-36.

District.		Number of talukas in which survey work was done.	Number of survey numbers for which papers were received for examination and entry in the Survey records.	Number of survey numbers of which papers were returned after making entry in the records.	Number of survey numbers of which the papers were returned without entry in the Survey records along with memoranda of errors.	Arrears at the end of the year.	Remarks.
1	_	2	3	4	5	6	7
Karschi		8	2,061	367	1,694		
Hyderabad	•••	7	1,375	568	803	4	1
That Parkar	•••	10	3,050	2,445	605	•••	
Nawabshah	•••	7	4,274	1,840	2,431	3	
Sukkur		8	1,430	367	1,063	•••	
Larkana	•••	7	1,500	412	1,088	***	
Dadu	•••	6	657	310	347	•••	
Upper Sind Frontier	•••	5	497	193	296	8	
Total for 1935-36	•••	58	14,844	6,502	6,327	15	,
Total for 1934-35	•••	56	12,352	7,787	4,566		

DHARAMDAS H. HIRANANDANI, for Revenue Commmissioner for Sind.

STATEMENT B-I.

Statement showing the work done in connection with City Surveys in Sind and the income accrued to Government or Municipality from sale, etc., of land within City Survey limits during the year 1935-36.

					Review wor	k done by City	Surveyors.		
Serial Number.	Name of town.	me of town. Number of properties.		No. of properties reviewed.	No. of theodolite stations examined.	No. of theodolite stations found missing or out of place.	No. of theodolite stations replaced.	No. of Cycle.	Number of mutations made in property register.
1	. 2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	<u> </u>	1				<u> </u>	<u></u>	,	
1	Hyderabad	21,713	1,460	2,811	105	64	49	3rd	2,442
2	Sukkur	12,000	438	2,102	69	24	*****	4th	1,036
3	Shikarpur	16,339	8,061	8,510	405	95	910	6th	1,209
4	Rohri	4,500	881	600	85	7	*****	5th	180
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Garhi Yasin Larkana Jacobabad Tando Adam Mirpurkhas Dadu Ratodoro Kambar Mehar	6,900 5,100 4,054 8,100 2,124 3,217 8,989	154 494 266 378 226 206 245 245	451 514 931 800 239 280 859 930 135	23 88 26 15 26  17 5	1 11 9	1 6	7th 2nd 3rd 1st 2nd 1st 1st 1st	172 1,468 238 465 869 366 549 284

	,	No, of		made in Cit owing to	y Survey m	aps	Income accrued to Government or Municipality from sale of plots, etc.									
Number.	Name of town.	Amalgama-	New grants	New grants				Government.		Munici	pality.					
Serial Nu	. •	tion and Sub- Division.	made by Govern- ment.	made by Munici- pality.	Internal changes.	Total.	Occupancy price of the plots sold.	Rent on leased plots.	Assessment.	Occupancy price of the plots sold.	Rent on leased plots.	Romarks				
1	2 •	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	2				
	1 .						Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.					
1	Hyderabad	280	1	2	133	416	•••••	3 8 0	4,885 2 (	17,607 3 0	1,369 8 6					
2	Sukkur	135	8	4	22	164	1,864 8 0	*****	13,112 14 (	4,011 0 0	30,220 4 10					
3	Shikarpur	135	8		72	210	2,562 10 0	*****	1,261 10 (	4,522 4 6	868 14 2					
4	Rohri	27		•••	4	31	*****	*****	441 9 0		1,668 0 0					
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Garhi Yasin Larkana Jacobabad Tando Adam . Mirpurkhas Dadu Ratodero Kambar	160 100 53 110 76 71	28 5  28 6 2 35	4	18 142 18 75 25 100 46 50	39 308 129 128 163 546 119 117	4,009 12 0 8,609 3 0 750 0 0 16,896 4 0 572 11 0 158 12 0 2,846 0 0 229 8 0	682 6 0	1,146 13 ( 1,844 2 ( 1,885 8 ( 14 3 ( 98 14 (	1,134 8 0	1,966 0 0 8,069 14 0 1,195 1 0 1,253 7 5	5				

DHARAMDAS H. HIRANANDANI, for Revenue Commissioner for Sind.

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STATEMENT B-II.

# Statement showing Income and Expenditure of the City Survey Offices in Sind during the year 1935-36.

			Defails of sanud fees.									. Income of the City Aurvey Office																		
Name of town.		Arrears of sanad fees at the commence ment of the rear.		Becoteries		Balance.		Balance of the total cost of survey.		Courting fees			Pines ander section 135 F of the		1	errelgams tion fee.		Samed fee for mew plots.	•	l	Cost of forms.		Cost of maps.			Fees under sec- tion 133 of Land Esvenne Code.	Denarcazion fee.			
1	u	]	8		4		5		0		1	1		8			0		10			11	1	14			19		14	
	obnoving makes in the second of the second	•	Ru, a.	p.	lin, a.	p.	Itu. a.	p.	Ra. a.	p.	Ra. a	ı. p	.	is. A	p.	Ra.	۵. ۲	р,	Ra, μ,	p,	RH.	a, p	.	ls. a.	p.	Rin	, a. p.	lin	ı a	
1	Hyderabad		*****		••••		<b></b>				438	0 1	0	403	4 0	67	8	0	4 0	0	148	12	0	07	0 0				47	0
ø	Tundo Adum	ų.	186 (	) a	10 (	0	176 (	) (	176	0 6	18	14	٥	167	0 0	195	0	٥	*****		18	9	n	<b>6</b> 3	0 0		*****		1	0
9	Mirpurkhas	•••	204	4 0	718 (	0	120 1	1 0	140 1	9 0	10	19	0	115	0 0	110	0 (	0	26 4	0	8	19	0		•		*****		00	0
4567890148 0148	Bukkur Rohri Gashi Yasin Bulkarpur Jusobabad Laskans Ratodero Kambur Dadu Mohar	***	408 ( 840 ( 1,068 (	0 0 4 0 0 0	404 ( 404 1)	0 0	7H   1894   505   104	i o	294 505		16 94 50 41 15 15 15 16	14 ( 15 (	6 0 0 6	94 40 977 #6 935 55 11	8 0 4 0 9 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0	16 17 125 125 114		000000000	16 G 8 1% 17 H 77 O	0 0 0	អ្នក Q	0 8 8 13	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	41 19 97 ( 78 ) 6 16	0 0 6 0 4 0 		######################################		10	

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											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
1			Income	of the City S	Survey C	Шое	s-contd.	Es	cpenditure c		survey Office	es.	
100	Name of town.		Summons fees.	Fees charged for missing theodolite stations.	Other items.	,	Total.	Establishment and City Survey Offi- cer's allowance.	Contingencies.	Travelling allowan- ce of City Sur- veyors, etc.	Other items.	Total.	Remarks.
۱. ا	2	į	15	16	17		18	19	20	21	22	23	. 24
	,		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a	, p.	Rs. s. p.	Re. a.p.	Rg. 8. p.	Rs. s. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	• .
1	Hydorabad		0 12 0		74 9	0	1,790 6 9	9,619 5 0	199 14 9	294 4 0	116 4 0	4,229 11 9	
2	Tando Adam		*****	•••••	1 8	6	346 8 6	55 0 0	570		29 7 0	89 14 0	ļ
9 4 5	Mirpurkhas Sukkur Robri	***	******	00×600	1 6 9 0 4 8	9	965 4 0 748 8 3 191 1 6		92 12 0 230 8 0 68 7 0	*********	•••••	151 12 0 2,622 10 0 68 7 0	•
6	Garhi Yasin		*****	******	*****	٠.	61 2 0	•	11 18 2	21 12 0		53 9 2	
8	Shikarpur Jacobabad		*****	*****	28 8 2 6	8 6	1,861 8 0 809 1 0	8,457 9 0	151 9 0 68 19 0	42 13 0 23 4 0		3,651 8 0 23 4 0	
9	Larkana		***	*****			580 12 0	1,654 8 0	154 10 0	30 12 0		1,839 14 0	_
10	Ratodero	•••		******	   •••••		186 14 0	*****	******	,			
I	Kambar		0 19 0	*****			89 12 0	*****	******			••••	
12	Dadu Mehar	:::	7 8 0	******			816 9 0 69 15 0	*****	158 15 0 41 15 0	******	******	168 15 0 41 15 0	
	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 Hyderabad 2 Tando Adam 3 Mirpurkhas 5 Sukkur 6 Garhi Yasin 7 Shikarpur Jacobabad 9 Larkana 10 Ratodero 11 Kambar 12 Dadu	1 Hyderabad 2 Tando Adam 3 Mirpurkhas Sukkur 5 Sukkur 6 Garhi Yasin 7 Shikarpur 9 Larkana 10 Ratodero 11 Kambar	Name of town.	Name of town.	Name of town.	Name of town.	Rs. a. p. Rs.	Name of town.    Restate   Name of town.    1	Name of town.    Res. a. p.   R	Name of town.    Name of town.	Name of town.    1	

DHARAMDAS H. HIRANANDANI,

for Revenue Commissioner for Sind.

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STATEMENT C.

Statement showing the list of Tapedars' and Supervising Tapedars' Work by Sub-Divisional
Officers in the Province of Sind during the year 1935-36.

Name of district.		Number exclusive and Jag	of forust	of dobs in which	Number of survey erop and tenancy r		Number of dobs in which	Number of entries	Begoti measurement tested.			
		Makes Street		boundary marks repaired were examined,	Tapedars' work.	Supervising Tapedars' work.	birth and doubth registers were checked.	oheeked in Village Forms VI and VII.	Tupedara' work.	Supervising Tapedars' work		
1		8	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
Karaohi		781*	439	13	80,08	27,606	161	861	A. g. 1,445—87	A. g. 130—86		
Hyderabad		<del>62</del> 0+	856	51	10,765	1,963	120	8,356	69-25	806-81		
Sukkur	.,,	677*	449	97	17,827	11,576	198	880,8	. 406—16	1-0		
Larkana	•••	441	844	68	16,870	2,088	217	4,556	564-27	197 - 22		
Nawabshah	•••	751	638	69	14,567	4,918	67	1,848	91-22	630-24		
Thar Parkar		959	529	63	88,288	8,675	161	806	5,108—17	190-16		
Dadu	.,.	484	845	80	11,647	   <b>6,</b> 188	841	2,877	4196	112—18		
Upper Sind Frontier	•••	859	279	80	10,669	9,949	67	1,887	9,62887	*****		
Total	•••	5,181	8,273	445	1,90,718	64,446	1,816	29,699	10,896—26	1,659-41		

<sup>.</sup> The last year figures supplied by Collectors were wrong, hence the difference in figures.

DHARAMDAS II. HIRANANDANI, for Revenue Commissioner for Sind.

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# Department of Land Records. Annual report of — for year 1935-36.

#### GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Resolution No. P. 62/5915.

Bombay Castle, 26th April 1937.

Letter from the Director of Land Records, No. A.D.P.R.B. 1, dated the 4th January 1937—Submitting the report of the Department of Land Records in the Bombay Presidency for the year 1935-36.

Memorandum from the Revenue Commissioner for Sind, No. Rev. 21, dated the 5th January 1937—Submitting the report of the Department of Land Records in the Province of Sind for the year 1935-36.

RESOLUTION.—The attention of the Collectors should be drawn to the defects noticed in the work of the Circle Inspectors. As some of the defects, e.g., the omission to correct the taluka copies of the village maps in accordance with Kamjasti patraks and to prepare statements of new hissas, have been reported year after year, Government hope that serious attention will be paid to their removal. The Director of Land Records should be requested to specify in future the districts in which the defects are particularly noticeable.

Government note with regret the carelessness of some Mamlatdars in the verification of Records of Rights entries. In view of the legal presumption with regard to these entries, it is essential that they should be verified with due care.

The attention of the Collectors should again be drawn to the large number of encroachments remaining to be removed from Government or municipal lands. Not only does their removal become more difficult with the passage of time but considerable public revenue is lost.

The thanks of Government should be conveyed to the Director of Land Records for his interesting report.

By order of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay,

## N. A. FARUQUI,

Under Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioners of Divisions,
All Collectors,
The Director of Land Records,
The Accountant General,
The Political and Reforms Department,
M. J. Desai, Esquire, I.C.S.,
The Secretary to the Government of Sind, Revenue Department,
The High Commissioner for India, London (by letter).

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