

No. 14

# ACTS and ORDERS

*of*

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA**

*and*

Other important information relating to  
Scheduled Tribes, Scheduled Castes  
and Other Backward Classes  
and Anglo-Indians

*with a foreword*

*by*

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## FOREWORD

The publication of Pamphlet No. 7 by the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh on the Articles of the Constitution relating to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes is now followed up by this Pamphlet No. 14 with regard to the recent Acts and Orders together with important statistics compiled from the authoritative sources relating to the rights and privileges conferred upon Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes including Anglo-Indians under the Constitution of India. The volume of the Constitution is so big with so many Articles that the publication in the form of a small pamphlet of the Articles regarding the safeguards provided for the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes has, I think, served a very useful purpose. The Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, which claims to be vigilant about the rights and privileges granted in the Constitution for these Backward Classes, has rightly taken upon it self the task of publishing such handy pamphlets for ready reference both to official and non-official workers. This pamphlet No. 14 which is now being published, will enable the student, the social worker and the officer to refer readily to these Acts, Orders etc. concerning the Backward Classes. The present publication will, therefore, be a supplement to the previous one and it is hoped that these two pamphlets will supply all the needs of the public, social workers and specially legislators, interested in the welfare of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Backward Classes. It should not be considered less authoritative than an official publication as the data collected is from reliable official sources.

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New Delhi,  
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**Section A**

**Scheduled Tribes**

## **The Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950**

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of Article 342 of the Constitution of India the President, after consultation with the Governors and Rajpramukhs of the States concerned, is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This Order may be called the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950.

2. The tribes or tribal communities, or parts of, or groups within, tribes or tribal communities, specified in Parts I to XIV of the Schedule to this Order shall, in relation to the States to which those Parts respectively relate, be deemed to be Scheduled Tribes so far as regards members thereof resident in the localities specified in relation to them respectively in those Parts of that Schedule.

3. Any reference in the Schedule to this Order to a district or other territorial division of a State shall be construed as a reference to that district or other territorial division as existing on the 26th January, 1950.

### **THE SCHEDULE**

#### **PART I—ASSAM**

**1. In the Autonomous Districts:—**

1 Dimasa (Kachari)	6 Lakher
2 Garo	7 Any Lushai (Mizo) tribes
3 Hajong	8 Mikir
4 Khasi and Jaintia	9 Any Naga tribes
5 Any Kuki tribes	10 Synteng

**2. In the Tribal Areas other than the Autonomous Districts:—**

1 Abor	7 Mishmi
2 Aka	8 Any Naga tribes
3 Apatani	9 Singpho
4 Dafa	10 Momba
5 Galong	11 Sherdukpen
6 Khampti	

## 3. In the State of Assam excluding the Tribal Areas:—

1 Boro—Borokachari	5 Lalung
2 Deori	6 Mech
3 Hojai	7 Miri
4 Kachari	8 Rabha

## PART II—BIHAR

## 1. Throughout the State:—

1 Asur	15 Kharwa
2 Baiga	16 Khond
3 Bathudi	17 Kisan
4 Bedia	18 Kora
5 Binjhia	19 Korwa
6 Birhor	20 Lohara
7 Birjia	21 Mahli
8 Chero	22 Mal Paharia
9 Chik Baraik	23 Munda
10 Gond	24 Oraon
11 Gorait	25 Parhaiya
12 Ho	26 Santal
13 Karmali	27 Sauria Paharia
14 Kharia	28 Savar

## 2. In the districts of Ranchi, Singbhum, Hazaribagh, Santal Parganas and Manbhum:—

Bhumij

## PART III—BOMBAY

## Throughout the State:—

1 Barda	4 Chodhara
2 Bavacha	5 Dhanka
3 Bhil, including	6 Dhodia
Bhagalia,	7 Dubla
Bhil Garasia,	8 Gamit or Gamta
Dholi Bhil,	9 Gond
Dungri Bhil,	10 Kathodi or Katkari
Dungri Garasia,	11 Konkna
Mewasi Bhil,	12 Koli Dhor
Raval Bhil and	13 Koli Mahadev
Tadvj Bhil	14 Mavchi



15 Naikda or Nayak	19 Poara
16 Pardhi, including Advichincher and Phanse Pardhi	20 Rathawa 21 Thaku 22 Valvai
17 Patelia	23 Varli
18 Pomla	24 Vasava

## PART IV—MADHYA PRADESH

- In (1) Melghat taluq of Amravati district, (8) Balod (Sanjari) tahsil of Durg district,
- (2) Baihar tahsil of Balaghat district, (9) Mandla, Niwas and Ramgarh (Dindori) tahsils of Mandla district,
- (3) Bhanupratappur, Bijapur, Dantewara, Jagdalpur, Kanker, Kondagaon, Korta and Narayanpur tahsils of Bastar district, (10) Harsud tahsil of Nimar district,
- (4) Betul and Bhainsdehi tahsils of Betul district, (11) Dharamjaigarh, Gharogoda, Jashpurnagar and Kharsia tahsils of Raigarh district,
- (5) Katghora tahsil of Bilaspur district,
- (6) Sironcha and Gharchiroli tahsils of Chanda district, (12) Ambikapur, Baikunthpur, Bharatpur, Janakpur, Manendragarh, Pal, Samari and Sitapur tahsils of Sarguja district:—
- (7) Amarwara, Chhindwara and Lakhnadon tahsils of Chhindwara district,
- |                                        |                                                       |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Andh                                 | 10 Dhanwar                                            |
| 2 Baiga                                | 11 Gadaba or Gadba                                    |
| 3 Bhaina                               | 12 Gond[including Madia<br>(Maria) and Mudia (Muria)] |
| 4 Bharia-Bhumia, or<br>Bhuinbar-Bhumia | 13 Halba                                              |
| 5 Bhattra                              | 14 Kamar                                              |
| 6 Bhil                                 | 15 Kawar or Kanwar                                    |
| 7 Bhunjia                              | 16 Kharia                                             |
| 8 Binjhar                              | 17 Kondh or Khond or Kandh                            |
| 9 Birhul or Birhor                     | 18 Kol                                                |

19 Kolam	25 Nihal
20 Korku	26 Oraon
21 Korwa	27 Pardhan
22 Majhwar	28 Pardhi
23 Munda	29 Parja
24 Nagesia or Nagasia	30 Saonta or Saunta
	31 Sawar or Sawara

## PART V—MADRAS

Throughout the State:—

1 Aranadan	14 Kammara
2 Bagata	15 Kattunayakan
3 Bhottadas—Bodo Bhottada, Muria Bhottada and Sano Bhottada	16 Khattis—Khatti, Kom- marao and Lohara
4 Bhumias—Bhuri Bhumia and Bodo Bhumia	17 Kodu
5 Cheuchu	18 Kommar
6 Gadaba—Boda Gadaba, Cerillam Gadaba, Franji Gadaba, Jodia Gadaba Olaro Gadaba, Pangi Gadaba and Pranga Gadaba	19 Konda Dhoras
7 Gondi—Modya Gond and Rajo Gond	20 Konda Kapus
8 Goudus—Bato, Bhirithya, Dudhokouria, Hato, Jatako and Joria	21 Kondareddis
9 Kosalya Goudus—Bosothori- ya Goudus, Chitti Goudus, Dangayath Goudus, Doddu Kamariva, Dudu Kamaro, Ladiya Goudus and Pullosori- ya Goudus	22 Kondhs—Desaya Kondhs, Dongria Kon- dhs, Kuttiya Kondhs, Tikiria Kondhs and Yenity Kondhs
10 Magatha Goudus—Bernia Goudu, Boodo Magatha, Dongayath Goudu, Ladya Goudu, Ponna Magatha and Sana Magatha	23 Kota
11 Holva	24 Kotia—Bartika, Bentho Oriya, Dhulia or Dulia, Holva Paiko, Putiya, Sanrona and Sidho Paiko
12 Jadapus	25 Koya or Goud, with its sub-sects—Raja or Rasha Koyas, Lingadhari Koyas (ordinary) and Kottu Koyas
13 Jatapus	26 Kudiya
	27 Kurumans
	28 Manna Dhora
	29 Maune
	30 Mukha Dhora—Nooka Dhora
	31 Muria
	32 Paigarapu
	33 Palasi

- |                                                                             |                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 34 Paniyan                                                                  | 38 Sholaga                                                                                                                |
| 35 Porjas—Bodo Bonda, Daruva, Didua, Jodia, Mundili, Pengu, Pydi and Saliya | 39 Toda                                                                                                                   |
| 36 Reddi Dhoras                                                             | 40 Inhabitants of the Laccadive, Minicoy and Amindivi Islands who, and both of whose parents, were born in these Islands. |
| 37 Savaras—Kapu Savaras, Khutto Savaras and Maliya Savaras                  |                                                                                                                           |

### PART VI—ORISSA

Throughout the State:—

- |                                                               |                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| 1 Bagata                                                      | 23 Kisan                                   |
| 2 Baiga                                                       | 24 Kolah-Kol- <sup>†</sup> oharas          |
| 3 Banjara or Banjari                                          | 25 Kolha                                   |
| 4 Bathudi                                                     | 26 Koli                                    |
| 5 Bhuiya or Bhuyan                                            | 27 Kondadora                               |
| 6 Binjhal                                                     | 28 Kora                                    |
| 7 Binjhia or Binjhoa                                          | 29 Korua                                   |
| 8 Birhor                                                      | 30 Koya                                    |
| 9 Bondo Poraja                                                | 31 Kulis                                   |
| 10 Chenchu                                                    | 32 Mahali                                  |
| 11 Dal                                                        | 33 Mankidi                                 |
| 12 Gadaba                                                     | 34 Mankirdia                               |
| 13 Ghara                                                      | 35 Mirdhas                                 |
| 14 Gond                                                       | 36 Munda (Munda-Lohara and Munda-Mahalais) |
| 15 Gorait or Korait                                           | 37 Mundari                                 |
| 16 Ho                                                         | 38 Oraon                                   |
| 17 Jatapu                                                     | 39 Paroja                                  |
| 18 Juang                                                      | 40 Santal                                  |
| 19 Kawar                                                      | 41 Saora, or Savar, or Saura or Sahara     |
| 20 Kharia or Kharian                                          | 42 Tharu                                   |
| 21 Kharwa                                                     |                                            |
| 22 Khond (Kond), or Kandha, or Nanguli Kandha, or Sitha Kanda |                                            |

### PART VII—PUNJAB

In Spiti and Lahaul in Kangra District:—

**Tibetan**

## PART VIII—WEST BENGAL

Throughout the State:—

1 Bhutia	5 Munda
2 Lepcha	6 Oraon
3 Mech	7 Santal
4 Mru	

## PART IX—HYDERABAD

Throughout the State:—

1 Andh	6 Kolam (including Mannervarlu)
2 Bhil	7 Koya (including Bhine Koya and Rajkoya)
3 Chenchu, or Chenchwar	8 Pardhan
4 Gond (including Naikpod and Rajgond)	9 Thoti
5 Hill Reddis	

## PART X—MADHYA BHARAT

1. Throughout the State:—

- 1 Gond
- 2 Korku
- 3 Seharua

2. In the Revenue District of Jhabua; in the tahsils of Sendhwa, Barwani, Rajpur, Khargone, Bhikangaon and Maheshwar of the Revenue District of Khargone; in the tahsil of Sailana of the Revenue District of Ratlam; in the tahsils of Sandarpur, Kukshi, Dhar and Manawar of the Revenue District of Dhar:—

Bhils and Bhilalas (inclusive of sub-tribes)

## PART XI—MYSORE

Throughout the State:—

1 Hasalaru	4 Kadu-Kuruba
2 Iruliga	5 Maleru
3 Jenu Kuruba	6 Soligaru

## PART XII—RAJASTHAN

Throughout the Scheduled Areas of the State:—

Bhil

## PART XIII—SAURASHTRA

Throughout the State:—

- |           |                |
|-----------|----------------|
| 1 Adodia  | 4 Miyana       |
| 2 Daffer  | 5 Sindhi       |
| 3 Ghantia | 6 Wedva Waghri |

## PART XIV—TRAVANCORE-COCHIN

Throughout the State:—

- |                  |                            |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 Hill Pulaya    | 9 Malayarayar              |
| 2 Kadar          | 10 Mannan                  |
| 3 Kanikaran      | 11 Muthuvan                |
| 4 Kochu Velan    | 12 Palleyan                |
| 5 Malai Arayan   | 13 Palliyar                |
| 6 Malai Pandaram | 14 Ulladan (Hill dwellers) |
| 7 Malai Vedan    | 15 Uraly                   |
| 8 Malayan        | 16 Vishavan                |

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*(The above order was made by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India dated New Delhi, the 6th September, 1950).*

**List of Scheduled Tribes in certain Part C States  
Specified as per section 3 (A) of the Representation  
of the People Act, 1950**

**MANIPUR**

- 1 Any Kuki tribe.
- 2 Any Lushai tribe.
- 3 Any Naga tribe.

**VINDHYA PRADESH**

- |            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| 1 Agariya. | 6 Khairwar. |
| 2 Baiga.   | 7 Majhi.    |
| 3 Bhumiya. | 8 Mawasi.   |
| 4 Gond.    | 9 Panika.   |
| 5 Kamar    | 10 Pao.     |

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This list forms the Seventh Schedule to the Representation of the People Act, as amended.

### **The Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950**

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 6 of the Fifth Schedule to the Constitution of India, the President is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Scheduled Areas (Part A States) Order, 1950.
- (2) It shall come into force at once.
2. The areas specified below are hereby declared to be the Scheduled Areas within the States specified in Part A of the First Schedule to the Constitution :—

#### **BIHAR**

- (1) Ranchi district.
- (2) Singhbhum district, excluding Dhalbhum sub-division.
- (3) Santal Parganas district, excluding Godda and Deoghar sub-divisions.
- (4) Latehar sub-division of Palamau district.

#### **BOMBAY**

- (1) Navapur Petha, Akrani Mahal, and the villages belonging to the Parvi of Kathi, the Parvi of Nal, the Parvi of Singpur, the Walwi of Gaohali, the Wassawa of Chikhli, and the Parvi of Navalpur, in West Khandesh district.
- (2) The Satpura Hills reserved forest areas in East Khandesh district.
- (3) Surgana Mahal, Kalvan Taluka and Point Petha, in Nasik district.
- (4) Jawhar, Dahanu and Shahapur Talukas and Mokhada and Umbergaon Pethas, in Thana district.
- (5) Dangs district.
- (6) Dharampur, Vijara, Bansda and Songadh Talukas and the villages in the Vankal Tappa and Nanchal areas of the Mangrol Taluka, in Surat district.
- (7) Sagbara and Valia Mahals, and Dediapada, Nandol

- and Jhaghadia Talukas in Broach district.
- (8) Chhota Udepur Taluka and the villages of Gad-Boriad Estate of Naswai Taluka, in Baroda district.
  - (9) Limkheda, Deogadh-Baria and Sant Talukas, and the villages in the old Sanejeli State included in Jhalod Taluka, in Panch Mahals district.
  - (10) Khedbrahma, Bhiloda and Meghraj Talukas, and Vijayanagar Mahal, in Sabarkantha district.

### MADHYA PRADESH

- (1) Melghat taluq of Amravati district.
- (2) Baihar tahsil of Balaghat district.
- (3) Antagarh-Narainpur and Dantewara tahsils, and Kutru and Bhopalpatnam Zamindaris, of Bastar district.
- (4) Bhainsdehi tahsil of Betul district.
- (5) Kenda, Matin, Lapha, Uprora, Chhuri and Korba Zamindaris of Bilaspur district.
- (6) Ahiri Zamindari in the Sironcha tahsil and the Dhauora, Dudmala, Gewardna, Jharapapra, Khutgaon, Kotgal, Muramgaon, Palasgarh, Rangi, Sirkundi, Sonsari, Chandala, Gilgaon, Pai-Muranda and Potegaon Zamindaris in the Gadhchiroli tahsil of Chanda district.
- (7) Harrai, Gorakghat, Gorpani, Batkagarh, Bardagarh, Partapgarh (Pagara), Almod and Sonpur Jagirs, and the portion of Pachmarhi Jagir, in Chhindwara district.
- (8) Ambagarh-Chauki, Aundhi, Koracha and Panabaras Zamindaris of Durg distret.
- (9) Bazag, Samnapur and Karanjia Revenue Inspectors' Circles of Mandla distriict.
- (10) Khudia Zamindari in Jashpur Tahsil of Raigarh district.
- (11) Balrampur Revenue Inspectors' Circle in Pal Tahsil and Samri and Changbhakar Tahsils of Surguja district.

### MADRAS

- (1) Laccadive Islands (including Minicoy) and Amindivi Islands.
- (2) East Godavari, West Godavari and Visakhapatnam Agencies.



ORISSA

- (1) Koraput, Mayurbhanj and Sundargarh districts.
- (2) Ganjam Agency, including Khondmals, but excluding the Chokpad Khandam and the Pandakhol Muttha of Suruda Muliahs.

PUNJAB

Spiti and Lahaul in Kangra district.

3. Any reference in the preceding paragraph to a territorial division by whatever name indicated shall be construed as a reference to the territorial division of that name as existing at the commencement of this Order.

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*The above Order was made by the President of India and published in the Gazettee of India dated New Delhi, the 26th January 1950.*

### **The Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 6 of the Fifth Schedule to the Constitution of India the President is pleased to make the following Order, namely :—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Scheduled Areas (Part B States) Order, 1950.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. The areas specified below are hereby declared to be the Scheduled Areas within the States specified in Part B of the First Schedule to the Constitution :—

#### **MADHYA BHARAT**

- (1) The Revenue District of Jhabua.
- (2) The Tehsils of Sendhwa, Barwani, Rajpur, Khargone, Bhikangaon and Maheshwar of the Revenue District of Khargone.
- (3) The Tehsil of Sailana of the Revenue District of Ratlam.
- (4) The Tehsils of Sardarpur, Kukshi, Dhar and Manawar of the Revenue District of Dhar.

#### **HYDERABAD**

- (1) Balmor, Kondnaol, Banal, Bilakas, Dharawaram, Appaipalli, Rasul Cheruvu, Pulehelma, Marlapaya, Burj Gundal, Agarla Penta, Pullaipalli, Dukkan Penta, Bikit Penta, Karkar Penta, Boramacheruvu, Yemlapaya, Irlapenta, Mudardi Penta, Terkaldari, Vakaramamidi Penta, Medimankal, Pandibore, Sangrigundal, Lingabore, Rampur, Appapur, Malapur, Jalal Penta, Piman Penta, Railet, Vetollapalli, Patur Bayal, Bhavi Penta, Naradi Penta, Tapasi Penta, Chandragupta, Ullukatrevu, Timmareddipalli, Sarlapalli, Tatigundal, Elpamaehena, Koman Penta, Kollam Penta, Mananur, Macharam, Malhamamdi, Venkateshwarla Bhavi, Amrabad, Tirmalapur, Upnootola, Madhavanpalli, Jangamreddi Palli, Pedra, Venkeshwaram, Chitlankunta, Lachmapur, Udmela, Mared. Ippalpalli, Maddimadag, Akkaram, Ainol, Siddapur, Bamānpalli, Ganpura and Manewarpalli villages of Achempeth taluq of Mahbubnagar district.

- (2) Malai Borgava, Ankapur, Jamul Dhari, Lokari, Vanket, Tantoli, Sitagondi, Burnoor, Navgaon, Pipal Dari, Pardi Buzurg, Yapalguda, Chinchughat, Vankoli, Kanpa, Avasoda Burki, Malkapur, Jaree, Palsi Buzurg, Arli Khurd, Nandgaon, Vaghapur, Palsikurd, Lingee, Kaphar Deni, Ratnapur, Kosai, Umari, Madanapur, Ambugaon, Rnyadee, Sakanapur, Daigaon, Kaslapur, Dorice, Sahaij, Sangvee, Khogdoor, Kobai, Ponala, Chaprala, Mangrol, Kopa Argune, Soankhas, Khidki, Khasalakurd, Khasalabuzurg, Jamni, Bargaon, Sayedpur, Khara, Lohara, Marigaon, Chichdari, Khanapur, Kandala, Tipa, Hati Ghota, Karond Kurd, Karoni Buzurg, Singapur, Buranpur, Nagrala, Bodad, ChandPELLI, Peetgain, Yekori, Sadarpur, Varoor, Rohar, Takli and Ramkham villages of Adilabad taluq of Adilabad district.
- (3) Ambari, Bodri, Chikli, Kamtala, Ghoti, Mandwa, Maregaon, Malborgaon, Patoda, Dahigaon, Doman-dhari, Darsangi, Digri, Sindgi, Kanakwari, Kopra, Malakwadi, Nisapur, Yenda, Pipalgaon, Bolja, Varoli, Anji, Bhimpur, Sirmeti, Karla, Kothari, Gokunda, Gogarwudi, Malkapur, Dhonora, Rampur, Patri, Porodhi, Boath, Darsangi, Norgaon, Unrsi, Godi, Sauarkher, Naikwadi, Sarkani, Wajhera, Mardap, Anjenkher, Gondwarsa, Palaiguda, Karalgaon, Palsi, Patoda, Javarla, Pipalgaon, Kanki, Singora, Dongargaon, Pipalsendha, Jurur, Minki, Tulsi, Machauder Pardhi, Murli, Takri, Parsa, Warsa, Umra, Ashta, Hingni, Timapur, Wajra, Wanola, Patsonda, Dhanora, Sakur and Digri villages of Kinwat taluq of Adilabad district.
- (4) Hatnur, Wakri, Pardhi, Kartanada, Serlapalli, Neradikonda, Daligaon, Kuntala, Venkatapur, Hasanpur, Surdapur, Polmamda, Balhanpur, Dharamपुर, Gokonda, Bhotai, Korsekal, Patnapur, Tejapur, Guruj, Khahdi guda, Rajurwadi Ispur, Ghanpur, Jaterla, Khantegaon, Sauri, Ichora, Mutnur, Gudi Hatnur, Talamedee, Gerjam, Chincholi, Sirhelma, Mankapur, Narsapur, Dharamपुर, Harkapur, Dhampur, Nigni, Ajhar Wajhar, Chintalbori, Chintakarva, Rampur, Gangapur, and Gayatpalli villages of Boath taluq of Adilabad district.

- (5) All villages of Utnur taluq of Adilabad district.
- (6) Rajampet, Gunjala, Indhani, Samela, Tejapur, Kannargaon, Kantaguda, Shankepalli, Jamuldhari, Gundi, Chorpalli, Saleguda, Wadiguda, Savati, Dhaba, Chopanguda, Nimgaon, Khirdi, Metapipri, Sakra, Sangi, Devurpalli, Khotara-Ringanghat, Nishani, Kota Parandoli, Mesapur, Goigaon, Dhanora, Pardha, Surdapur, Kerineri, Murkilonke, Devapur, Chinta Karra, Iheri, Ara, Dasnapur, Kapri, Belgaon, Sirasgaon, Moar, Wadam, Dhamriguda, Dallanpur, Chalwardi, Ihoreghat, Balijhari, Sakamgundi, Ara, Uppal Naugaon, Anksorpur, Chirakunta, Illipita Dorli, Mandrumera, Dantapalli, Deodurg, Tunpalli, Dhagleshwar, Padibanda, Tamrin, Malangundi, Kandan Moar, Geonena, Kuteda, Tilani, Kannepalli, Bordoum Telundi, Maugi, Lodiguda, Moinda-Gudipet, Chinnedari, Koitelundi, Madura, Devaiguda, Areguda, Gardepalli, Takepalli, Choutepalli, Rane Kannepalli, Sungapur, Rala Samkepalli, Chopri, Doda Arjuni, Serwari, Rapalli, Tekamandwa and Meta Arjuni villages of Asaifabad taluq of Adilabad district.
- (7) Gudam, Kasipet, Dandepalli, Chelampeta, Rajampet, Mutiempet, Venkatapur, Rali, Kauwal, Tarapet, Devapur, Gathapalli, Rotepalli, Mandamari, Dharmaraopet, Venkatapur, Chintaguda, and Mutiempalli villages of Lakshetipet taluq of Adilabad district.
- (8) Bendwi, Chincholi, Goigaon, Hiraput, Sakri, Balapur, Manoli, Antargaon, Wirur, Dongargaon, Timbervai, Sersi, Bedora, Umarjeeri, Lakarkot, Ergaon, Kirdi, Sondo, Devara, Khorpana, Kanargaon, Chenai, Kairgaon, Samalhira, Danoli, Marnagondi, Yellapur, Katalbori, Isapur, Devti, Panderwani, Wansari, Perda, Wargaon, Nokari, Mirapur, Pardhi, Kutoda, Parsewara, Mangalhra, Karki, Nokari, Manoli, Sonapur, Inapur, Mangi, Uparwai, Tutra, Lakmapur, Kirdi, Injapur, Jamni, Hargaan, Chikli, Patan, Kosundi, Kotara and Sonorli villages of Rajura taluq of Adilabad district.
- (9) Ralapet, Kistampet, Takalapalli, Chakalpalli, Anaram, Bhetpalli, Korsni, Isgaon, Chintaguda, Ankor, Usurampalli, Arpalli, Bopalpatnam, Bala-saga, Pardhi, Tumrihati, Chintalmanopalli, Chintam,

Gullatalodi, Damda, Dhorpalli, Kanki, Garlapet, Gudlabori, Gurmpet, Lomveli, Mogurdagar, Wir-dandi and Chilpurdubor villages of Sirpur taluq of Adilabad district.

- (10) Kannaiguda, Ankannaguda, Raghavpatnam, Medar-mola, Koetla, Parasa Nagaram, Muthapur, Motlaguda, Venglapur, Yelpak, Kaneboenpalli, Medaram, Kond-red, Chintaguda, Kondaparthi, Yelsethipalli, All-vammarighunpur, Rampur, Malkapalli, Chettial, Bhupathipur, Gangaram, Kannaiguda, Rajannapet, Bhutaram, Akkela, Sirvapur, Gangaram, Bhupathi-pur, Pumbapur, Rampur, Ankampalli, Kamaram, Kamsettigudam, Ashnaguda, Yellapur, Allaguda, Narsapur, Puschapur, Bhattupalli, Lavnal, Vadduguda, Kothur, Pegdapalli, Sarvapur, Bhussapur, Chelvai, Rangapur, Govindraopet, Ballapalli, Dumpallaguda, Kerlapalli, Lakshnavaram, Pasra, Gonopalli, Padga-pur, Narlapur, Kalavapalli, Uratam, Kondia, Maliat, Aclapur, Dodla, Kamaram, Tadvai, Boodiguda, Bannaji, Bandam, Selpak, Kaptalpalli, Sarvai, Gangaguda, Tupalkalguda, Akulvari Ghanpur, Shah-palli, Gagpelli, Chinna Beonnepalli, Venkatapur, Narsapur, Anvaram, Lingal, Ballepalli, Bandal and Thunmapur villages of Mulug taluq of Warangal district.
- (11) Vebelli, Polara, Bakkachintaphad, Ganjad, Thir-malguda, Gopalpur, Khistapur, Tatinari Venpalli, Pattal Bhoopati, Chandelapur, Battalpalli, Adva-rampet, Satiahnagar, Dutla, Mothwada, Mangala-warpet, Karlai, Arakalkunta, Kodsapet, Gunderpalli, Masami, Battavartigudem, Mamidigudam, Pangon-da, Roturai, Satreddipalli, Konapur, Kondapuram, Pogulapalli, Govindapuram, Makadapalli, Pagulapalli, Murraigudem, Yelchagudem, Tummapuram, Jan-gamvartigudem, Rangagudem, Peddalapalli, Yerrava-ram, Kundapalli, Neelampalli, Daravarinampalli, Karnegund, Mahadevagudem, Marrisgudem, Jan-galpalli, Bavarguda, Oarbak, Gangaramam, Mucher-la, Amaroncha, Kamaraam, Chintagudem, Nil-avanha, Kangargidda, Madagudem, Dalurpet, Kothagudem, Kotapalli, Durgaram, Dubagudem, Rudravaram, Narsugudam, Komatlagudem, Kater-vam, Semar Rajpet, Marepalli, Goarur, Radhiapur, Gazalgudem, Rajvepalli and Bollypalli villages of Narsampet taluq of Warangal district.



- (ii) Police station and outpost portions of the villages of—
- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| Hathunia   | Sangthali |
| Kherat     | Kotri     |
| Suhagpar   | Ratanjana |
| Phugatalao | Salamgarh |
| Arnoda     | Ninor     |

3. Any reference in the preceding paragraph to a territorial division by whatever name indicated shall be construed as a reference to the territorial division of that name existing at the time of this Order.

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*The above Order was made by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India dated New Dehli, the 7th December 1950.*

**Table showing Tribal and Total Population, percentage of Tribal Population to Total Population in the different States (after partition and merger) as per Census of 1941.**

**PART 'A' STATES**

<i>Name of Province.</i>	<i>Tribal Population.</i>	<i>Total Population.</i>	<i>Percentage.</i>
1 Assam.	26,07,200	76,85,100	33.9
2 Bihar.	51,65,400	3,65,45,000	14.1
3 Bombay.	27,12,200	2,93,84,000	9.2
4 Madhya Pradesh.	44,39,800	1,96,48,000	22.6
5 Madras.	5,62,000	4,98,25,000	1.1
6 Orissa.	35,08,500	1,37,68,800	25.4
7 Punjab.	Nil	1,26,97,000	Nil
8 Uttar Pradesh.	2,92,800	5,58,69,800	0.5
9 West Bengal.	14,21,900	2,19,73,900	6.5

**PART 'B' STATES**

1 Hyderabad.	6,78,100	1,63,38,600	4.1
2 Jammu & Kashmir.	29,400	40,22,000	0.7
3 Madhya Bharat.	10,96,400	71,41,000	15.4
4 Mysore.	9,400	73,29,000	0.1
5 PEPSU.	Nil	34,24,000	Nil
6 Rajasthan.	15,50,400	1,30,82,000	11.7
7 Saurashtra.	1,900	35,56,000	0.06
8 Travancore-Cochin.	1,37,900	74,93,900	1.8

**PART 'C' STATES**

1 Ajmer.	91,500	5,84,000	15.6
2 Bhopal.	71,000	7,85,000	9.0
3 Coorg.	19,790	1,69,000	11.6
4 Delhi.	Nil	9,18,000	Nil
5 Himachal Pradesh	Nil	9,35,000	Nil
6 Kutch.	1,400	5,00,000	0.3
7 Manipur.	1,52,800	5,12,800	29.8
8 Tripura.	33,600	5,13,000	6.4
9 Vindhya Pradesh.	2,09,000	35,69,000	5.9



## PART 'D' STATES

1. The Andaman & Nicobar Islands.	11,000	33,800	32.9
Total	2,48,03,300	31,83,01,900	7.8

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*The figures are compiled from the Constituent Assembly Handbook No. I. (revised).*

**Estimated population of Scheduled Tribes in States as on  
the 1st March, 1950.**

In pursuance of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Constitution (Determination of Population Order), 1950, the following statement showing the population of the Scheduled Tribes in each State as determined by the Census Commissioner under sub-paragraph (1)(a) of the said paragraph, having been approved by the President, is notified for public information:—

Name of State	<i>Statement</i>				Estimated Population of Scheduled Tribes as on the 1st March, 1950 (In Lakhs)
	<i>Part A.</i>				
1 Bihar ... ..	...	...	...	...	42·10
2 Bombay ... ..	...	...	...	...	30·37
3 Madhya Pradesh ...	...	...	...	...	24·59
4 Madras ... ..	...	...	...	...	5·96
5 Orissa ... ..	...	...	...	...	29·25
6 Punjab ... ..	...	...	...	...	0·15
7 West Bengal ... ..	...	...	...	...	11·77
	<i>Part B.</i>				
1 Hyderabad ... ..	...	...	...	...	2·37
2 Madhya Bharat ...	...	...	...	...	9·49
3 Mysore ... ..	...	...	...	...	0·10
4 Rajasthan ... ..	...	...	..	..	4·47
5 Saurashtra ... ..	...	...	...	...	0·73
6 Travancore-Cochin	...	...	...	...	0·23

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*The above statement was published in the Gazette of India,  
dated New Delhi, the 5th October, 1950.*

**Estimated population of Scheduled Tribes in Assam as on  
the 1st March, 1950.**

In pursuance of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Constitution (Determination of Population) Order, 1950, the following statement showing the population of Scheduled Tribes in (1) the State of Assam excluding Tribal Areas thereof and (2) each of the Autonomous Districts of Assam as determined by the Census Commissioner under sub-paragraph (1)(a) of the said paragraph, having been approved by the President, is notified for public information:—

*Statement*

	Estimated population (in lakhs) as on the 1st March, 1950		
Assam excluding Tribal Areas thereof .. .. .	6	82	
<i>Autonomous Districts—</i>			
1 United Khasi-Jaintia Hills .. .. .	3	25	
2 Garo Hills .. .. .	2	07	
3 Lushai Hills .. .. .	1	63	
4 Naga Hills .. .. .	2	03	
5 North Cachar Hills .. .. .	0	36	
6 Mikir Hills .. .. .	0	99	

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*The above Statement was published in the Gazette of India,  
dated New Delhi, the 28th September, 1950.*

**List of Aboriginal and Hill Tribes in certain States  
eligible for the award of Government of India  
Scholarship for post Matric Studies.**

**MADRAS**

- |                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Bagata                                                                                                                                                    | Goudus, Boodo Magatha,                                                                                                      |
| 2 Bhottadas-Bodo Bhottada,<br>Muria Bhottada and Sano<br>Bhottada.                                                                                          | Dongavath Goudu, Ladya<br>Goudu, Ponna Magatha &<br>Sana Magatha.                                                           |
| 3 Bhumias-Bhuri Bhumia<br>and Bodo Bhumia.                                                                                                                  | 13 Seerithi Goudus.<br>14 Holva.                                                                                            |
| 4 Bissoy-Barangi Jodia, Ben-<br>nangi Daduva Frangi, Hol-<br>lar, Jhoriya, Kollai, Konde<br>Paranga, Penga Jodia, Sodo<br>Jodia and Takora.                 | 15 Jadapus.<br>16 Jatapus.<br>17 Kammaras.                                                                                  |
| 5 Dhakkada.                                                                                                                                                 | 18 Khattis-Khatti, Kommaro<br>& Lohara.                                                                                     |
| 6 Dombs-Andhiya Dombs,<br>Audiniya Dombs, Chonel<br>Dombs, Christian Dombs,<br>Mirgani Dombs, Ponaka<br>Dombs, Telega & Ummia.                              | 19 Kodu.<br>20 Kommar.<br>21 Konda Dhoras.<br>22 Konda Kapus.<br>23 Kondareddis.                                            |
| 7 Gadabas-Boda Gadaba,<br>Cerllam Gadaba, Franji<br>Gadaba, Jodia Gada-<br>ba, OIaro Gadaba, Pangi<br>Gadaba & Paranga Gadaba.                              | 24 Kondhs-Desaya Kondhs,<br>Dongria Kondhs, Kuttiya<br>Kondhs, Tikiria Kondhs and<br>Yenity Kondhs.                         |
| 8 Ghasis-Boda Ghasis & San<br>Ghasis.                                                                                                                       | 25 Kotia-Barbika, Benth<br>Oriya, Dhulia,                                                                                   |
| 9 Gondi-Modya Gond and<br>Rajo-Gond.                                                                                                                        | 26 Koya or Goud Raja of<br>Rasha Koyas, Lingadhari<br>with its subsects, Koyas,<br>(ordinary) and Kottu<br>Koyas.           |
| 10 Goudus-Bato, Bhirithya,<br>Dudhokouria, Hoto, Jata-<br>ko & Joria.                                                                                       | 27 Madigas.                                                                                                                 |
| 11 Kosalya Goudus, Bosotho-<br>riva Goudus, Chitti-Goud-<br>us, Dangayath Goudus,<br>Doddu Kamariya, Dudu<br>Kamaro, Ladiya Goudus &<br>Pullosoriya Goudus. | 28 Malas or Agency Malas or<br>Valmikias.                                                                                   |
| 12 Magatha Goudus, Bernia                                                                                                                                   | 29 Malis-Korchia Malis, Pailko<br>Malis and Pedda Malis.<br>30 Maune.<br>31 Manna Dhora.<br>32 Mukha-Dhora, Nooka<br>Dhora. |

- |                                                                                     |                                                                           |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 33 Muli or Muliya.                                                                  | 44 Ronas. Dulia, Holva, Paiko<br>Putiya Sanrona & Sidho<br>Paiko.         |
| 34 Muria.                                                                           | 45 Savaras-Kapu Savaras,<br>Khutto Savaras and Maliya<br>Savaras          |
| 35 Ojulus or Metta Komsalies.                                                       | 46 The Residents of the Lac-<br>cadive, Minicoy, & Amin-<br>divi Islands, |
| 36 Omanaito.                                                                        | *47 Eravallan or Eravallar.                                               |
| 37 Paigarapu.                                                                       | *48 Arua.                                                                 |
| 38 Palasi.                                                                          | *49 Kasaba.                                                               |
| 39 Palli.                                                                           |                                                                           |
| 40 Pentias.                                                                         |                                                                           |
| 41 Porjas-Bodo, Bonda, Dau<br>va, Didua, Jodia, Mundili,<br>Pengu, Pydi and Saliya. |                                                                           |
| 42 Reddi Dhoras.                                                                    |                                                                           |
| 43 Relli or Sechandi.                                                               |                                                                           |

\*Recommended by Department of Anthropology.

### BOMBAY

- |                         |                                                          |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Barda.                | 14 Naikda, or Nayak.                                     |
| 2 Bavacha.              | 15 Pardhi, including Advich-<br>incher or Phanse Pardhi. |
| 3 Bhill.                | 16 Patelia.                                              |
| 4 Chodhra.              | 17 Pomla.                                                |
| 5 Dhanka.               | 18 Powara.                                               |
| 6 Dhodia.               | 19 Rathawa.                                              |
| 7 Dubla.                | 20 Tadvī Bhill.                                          |
| 8 Gamit, or Gamta.      | 21 Thakur.                                               |
| 9 Gond.                 | 22 Valvai.                                               |
| 10 Kathodi, or Katkari. | 23 Varli.                                                |
| 11 Konkna.              | 24 Vasava.                                               |
| 12 Koli Mahadeb.        |                                                          |
| 13. Mavchi.             |                                                          |

### WEST BENGAL

- |           |                                                    |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Botia.  | 9 Santal.                                          |
| 2 Chakma. | 10 Tippera.                                        |
| 3 Kuki.   | 11 Any other tribe notified<br>by the West Bengal. |
| 4 Lepcha. | *12 Birhor                                         |
| 5 Munda.  | *13 Brijia.                                        |
| 6 Magh.   | *14 Lushai.                                        |
| 7 Mro.    | *15 Bhunji.                                        |
| 8 Oraon.  |                                                    |

\*Recommended by Department of Anthropology.

## UNITED PROVINCES.

- |            |                                                             |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Bhuinya, | 7 Ohja.                                                     |
| 2 Baiswar. | 8 Any other tribe notified by Govt of the United Provinces. |
| 3 Baiga.   |                                                             |
| 4 Gond.    |                                                             |
| 5 Kharwar. | * 9 Bhoksar.                                                |
| 6 Kol.     | *10 Jaunsar.                                                |

\*Recommended by Department of Anthropology.

## PUNJAB

The Tibetans in Spiti and Lahaul in the Kangra district.

## BIHAR

A person shall be deemed to be a backward tribe if and only if—

(a) he is resident in the Province and belongs to any of the following tribes:—

- |                |                    |
|----------------|--------------------|
| 1 Asur.        | 17 Kharia.         |
| 2 Banjara-     | 18 Kharwar.        |
| 3 Bathudi      | 19 Khetauri.       |
| *3 A. Bhunji.  | 20 Khond.          |
| 4 Bentkar.     | 21 Kisan.          |
| 5 Binjhia.     | 22 Koli.           |
| 6 Birhor.      | 23 Kora.           |
| 7 Birjia.      | 24 Korwa.          |
| 8 Chero.       | 25 Mahli.          |
| 9 Chik Baraik. | 26 Mal Paharia.    |
| 10 Gadaba.     | 27 Munda.          |
| 11 Ghatwar.    | 28 Oraon.          |
| 12 Gond.       | 29 Parhiya.        |
| 13 Gorait.     | 30 Santal.         |
| 14 Ho.         | 31 Sauria Paharia. |
| 15 Juang.      | 32 Savar.          |
| 16 Karmali.    | 33 Tharu.          |

(b) he is resident in any of the following districts or Police stations that is to say, the districts of Ranchi, Singhbhum, Hazaribagh & the Santal Parganas & the Police Stations of Arsha, Balarampur Jhalda, Jaipur Baghmundi, Chandil Ichagarhi, Barababhum, Patamda, Banduan & Manbazar in the district of Manbhum and belongs to any of the following tribes.

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1 Bauri.  | 5 Ghasi.  |
| 2 Bhogta. | 6 Pan.    |
| 3 Bhuiya. | 7 Rajwar. |
| 4 Bhumis. | 8 Turi.   |

(c) He is resident in the Dhanbad sub-division or in any of the following police stations in the Manbhum District, that is to say, Purulia, Hura, Pancha, Raghunathpur Santuri, Nituria, Para, Chas, Chandan kiari & Kashipur, belonging to the Bhumij tribe.

\*Recommended by Department of Anthropology.

### MADHYA PRADESH

- |                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 Gond           | 22 Nagarchi           |
| 2 Kawar          | 23 Ojha               |
| 3 Maria          | 24 Korku              |
| 4 Muria          | 25 Kol                |
| 5 Halba          | 26 Nagasia            |
| 6 Pardhan        | 27 Sawara             |
| 7 Oraon          | 28 Korwa              |
| 8 Binjhar        | 29 Majhwar            |
| 9 Andh           | 30 Kharria            |
| 10 Bharia-Bhumia | 31 Saunta             |
| 11 Koli          | 32 Kondh              |
| 12 Bhattra       | 33 Nihal              |
| 13 Baiga         | 34 Birhul (or Birhor) |
| 14 Kolam         | 35 Rautia             |
| 15 Bhil          | 36 Pando              |
| 16 Bhuinhar      | 37 Bison-Horn Maria   |
| 17 Dhanwar       | *38 Dorla             |
| 18 Bhaina        | *39 Hill Muria        |
| 19 Parja         | *40 Lohar             |
| 20 Kamar         | *41 Raja Muria        |
| 21 Bhunjia       | *42 Thoria            |

\*Recommended by Deptt of Anthropology.

### ASSAM

- |                        |           |
|------------------------|-----------|
| 1 Kachari              | 4 Miri.   |
| 2 Boro or Boro-Kachari | 5 Lalung. |
| 3 Rabha.               | 6 Mikir.  |

- |                                                                |                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 7 Garo.                                                        | *17 Aka.                              |
| 8 Hajonfi.                                                     | *18 Apa Tanang.                       |
| 9 Deori.                                                       | *19 Dimasa (A substitute of Kaohari). |
| 10 Abor.                                                       | *20 Colong:                           |
| 11 Mishmi.                                                     | **21 Khasi.                           |
| 12 Dafia.                                                      | **22 Lushai Tribe (all groups).       |
| 13 Singpho.                                                    | *23 Lakher.                           |
| 14 Khampti.                                                    | *24 Synteng or Pnar.                  |
| 15 Any Naga or Kuki tribe.                                     |                                       |
| 16 Any other tribe or community notified by the Govt. of ASSAM |                                       |

\*Recommended by Department of Anthropology.

\*\*Approved by the Govt. of Assam.

### ORISSA

A person shall be deemed to be a member of a backward tribe if and only if :—

(a) he is resident in the Province and belongs to any of the following tribes :—

- |                   |             |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 1 Bagata.         | 12 Oraon.   |
| 2 Banjari.        | 13 Santal.  |
| 3 Chenchu.        | 14 Kharia.  |
| 4 Gadaba.         | 15 Mundari. |
| 5 Gond.           | 16 Banjara. |
| 6 Jatapu.         | 17 Binjhia. |
| 7 Khoni (Kond),   | 18 Kisan.   |
| 8 Konda-Dera.     | 19 Koli.    |
| 9 Koya.           | 20 Kora.    |
| 10 Paroja         | *21 Juang.  |
| 11 Saura (Savar). | *22 Bondo.  |

\*Recommended by Department of Anthropology.

(b) he is resident in any of the following areas, that is to say, the Koraput & Khondmals districts and the Ganjam Agency and belongs to either of the tribes: --

1 Dom or Dombo

2 Pan or Pano



(c) he is resident in the Sambalpur district and belongs to any of the following tribes:—

- |          |               |
|----------|---------------|
| 1 Bauri  | 5 Ghasi       |
| 2 Bhuiya | 5 Turi.       |
| 3 Bhumij | 6 Pan or Pano |

**\*AJMER-MEWARA**

- |            |         |
|------------|---------|
| 1 Kanjar   | 5 Bhil  |
| 2 Sansi    | 6 Balai |
| 3 Bagaria  | 6 Koli  |
| 4 Gododias | 8 Mina  |

**\*Recommended by the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer Merwara**

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**The Government of India (Excluded and Partially  
Excluded Areas) Order, 1936.**

**AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE**

**The 3rd day of March, 1936.**

**Present,**

**THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN  
COUNCIL.**

WHEREAS by subsection (1) of Section ninety-one of the Government of India Act, 1935, (hereafter in this Order referred to as "the Act"), His Majesty in Council is empowered to declare what areas are to be excluded areas and partially excluded areas within the meaning of the Act :

AND WHEREAS a draft of this Order has been laid before Parliament in accordance with the provision of subsection (1) of section three hundred and nine of the Act and an Address has been presented to His Majesty by both Houses of Parliament praying that an Order may be made in the terms of this Order :

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, in the exercise of the powers conferred on him as aforesaid and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, is pleased by and with the advice of his Privy Council to Order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. This Order may be cited as "The Government of India (Excluded and Partially Excluded Areas) Order, 1936."
2. The areas specified in Part I of the Schedule to this Order shall be the excluded areas, and the areas specified in Part II of that Schedule the partially excluded areas, within the meaning of the Act.
3. Any reference in the said schedule to any District, administrative area or estate shall be construed as a reference to that District, area or estate as existing on the first day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-six.

## **Schedule.**

### **Part I. Excluded Areas**

#### **MADRAS**

The Laccadive Islands (including Minicoy) and the Amindivi Islands.

#### **BENGAL**

The Chittagong Hill Tracts.

#### **THE PUNJAB**

Spiti and Lahaul in the Kangra district.

#### **ASSAM**

The North-East Frontier (Sadiya, Balipara and Lakhimpur) Tracts.

The Naga Hills district.

The Lushai Hills District.

The North Cachar Hills Subdivision of the Cachar Dist.

#### **THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE**

Upper Taniawal in the Hazara District.

### **PART II. PARTIALLY EXCLUDED AREAS.**

#### **MADRAS**

The East Godavari Agency and so much of the Vizagapatam Agency as is not transferred to Orissa under the provisions of the Government of India (Constitution of Orissa) Order, 1936.

#### **BOMBAY**

In the West Khandesh District, the Shahada, Nandurbar and Taloda Taluks, the Navapur Petha and the Akrani Mahal,

and the villages belonging to the following Mehwasai Chiefs, namely, (1) the Parvi of Kathi, (2) the Parvi of Nal, (3) the Parvi of Singpur, (4) the Walwi of Gaohali, (5) the Wassawa of Chikhli, and (6) the Parvi of Navalpur.

The Satpura Hills reserved forest areas of the East Khandesh District.

The Kalvan Taluk and Peint Petha of the Nasik District

The Dahanu and Shahapur Taluks and the Mokhada and Umbergaon Pethas of the Thana District.

The Dohad Taluk and the Jhalod Mahal of the Broach and Panch Mahals District.

## BENGAL

The Darjeeling District.

The Dewanganj, Sribardi, Nalitabari, Haluaghat, Durgapur and Kalmakanda Police Stations of the Mymensingh District.

## THE UNITED PROVINCES

The Jaunsar-Bawar Pargana of the Dehra Dun District.

The portion of the Mirzapur District south of the Kaimur range.

## BIHAR

The Chota Nagpur Division.

The Santal Parganas District.

## THE CENTRAL PROVINCES & BERAR

In the Chanda District, the Ahiri Zamindari in the Sironcha Tehsil and the Dhanora, Dudmala, Gewardha, Jharapapra, Khutgaon, Kotgal, Muramgaon, Palasgrah, Rangi, Sirsundi, Sonsari, Chandala, Gilgaon, Pai-Muranda and Potegaon Zamin-daris in the Garchiroli Tehsil.

The Harrai, Gorakghat, Gorpani, Batkagarh, Bardagarh, Partapgarh (Pagara), Almod and Sonpur Jagirs of the Chhindwara District, and the portion of the Pachmarhi jagir in the Chhiudwara District.

The Mandla District.

The Pendra, Kenda, Matin, Lapha, Uprora, Chhuri and Korba Zamin-daris of the Bilaspur District.

The Aundhi, Koracha, Panabaras and Ambagarh Chauki Zamindaris of the Drug District.

The Baihar Tehsil of the Balaghat District.

The Melghat taluk of the Amraoti District.

The Bhainsdehi Tehsil of the Betul District,

#### ASSAM

The Garo Hills District.

The Mikir Hills (in the Nowgong and Sibsagar Districts).

The British portion of the Khasi and Jaintia Hills District, other than the Shillong Municipality and Cantonment.

#### ORISSA

The District of Angul.

The District of Sambalpur.

The areas transferred from the Central Provinces under the provisions of the Government of India (Constitution of Orissa) Order, 1936.

The Ganjam Agency Tracts.

The areas transferred to Orissa under the provisions of the aforesaid Order from the Vizagapatam Agency in the Presidency of Madras.

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**List of Backward Tribes as per Thirteenth Schedule  
to the Govt. of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies)  
Order, 1936**

**MADRAS**

- 1 Bagava
- 2 Bhottadas-Bodo Bhottada, Muria Bhottada and Sano Bhottada
- 3 Bhumias-Bhuri Bhumia and Bodo Bhumia
- 4 Bissoy-Barangi Jodia, Bennangi, Daduva, Frangi, Hollar, Jhoriya, Kollai, Konde, Paranga, Pengajodia, Sodo Jodia and Takora.
- 5 Dhakkada.
- 6 Dombs-Andhiya Dombs, Audiniya Dombs, Chonel Dombs, Christian Dombs, Mirgani Dombs, Oriya Dombs, Ponaka Dombs, Telaga and Ummia.
- 7 Gadabas-Boda Gadaba, Cerilam Gadaba, Franji Gadaba, Jodia Gadaba, Olaro Gadaba, Pangi Gadaba and Paranga Gadaba.
- 8 Ghasis-Boda Ghasis and San Ghasis.
- 9 Gondi-Medya Gond and Rajo Gond.
- 10 Goudus-Bato, Bhirithya, Dudhekouriya, Hato, Jatako and Joria.
- 11 Kosalya Goudus-Bosothoriya Goudus, Chiti Goudus Dangayath Goudus, Doddu Kamariya, Dudu Kamaro, Ladiya Goudus and Pullosoriya Goudus.
- 12 Magatha Goudus-Bernia Goudu, Bodo Magatha, Dongayath Goudu, Ladya Goudu, Poona Magatha and Sana Magatha.
- 13 Seerithi Goudus.
- 14 Holva.
- 15 Jadapus
- 16 Jatapus
- 17 Kammaras.
- 18 Khattis-Khatti, Kammaro and Lohara.
- 19 Kodu
- 20 Kommar.
- 21 Konda Dhoras
- 22 Konda Kapus
- 23 Kondareddis

- 24 Kondhs-Desaya Kondhs, Dongria Kondhs, Kuttiya Kondhs, Tikiria Kondhs and Yenity Kondhs.  
 25 Kotia-Bartika, Benthō Oriya, Dhulia or Dulia, Holva, Paiko, Putiya, Sanrona and Sidiho Paiko.  
 26 Koya or Goud with its sub-sects, Raja or Rasha Koyas, Lingadhari Koyas, Koyas (ordinary) and Kottu Koyas.  
 27 Madigas.  
 28 Malas or Agency Malas or Valmikies.  
 29 Malis-Korchia Malis, Paiko Malis, and Pedda Malis.  
 30 Maune.  
 31 Manna Dhora  
 32 Mukha Dora-Nokka Dhora.  
 33 Muliya  
 34 Muria  
 35 Ojulus or Metta Komsalies.  
 36 Omanaito.  
 37 Paigarapu  
 38 Palasi  
 39 Palli.  
 40 Pentias.  
 41 Porjas-Bodo, Bonda, Daruva Didva, Jodia, Mundili, Pengu, Pydi and Saliya.  
 42 Reddi Dhoras.  
 43 Relli or Sachandi.  
 44 Ronas.  
 45 Savaras-Kapu Savaras, Khutto Savaras and Mallya Savaras.

## BOMBAY

- |                        |                                                         |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Barda                | 13 Mavchi                                               |
| 2 Bavacha              | 14 Naikda, or Nayak                                     |
| 3 Bhil                 | 15 Pardhi, including Advichin-<br>cher or Phanse Pardhi |
| 4 Chodhra              | 16 Ratelia                                              |
| 5 Dhanka               | 17 Pomla                                                |
| 6 Dhodia               | 18 Powara                                               |
| 7 Dubla                | 19 Rathawa                                              |
| 8 Gamit, or Gamta      | 20 Tadvī Bhil                                           |
| 9 Gond                 | 21 Thakur                                               |
| 10 Kathodi, or Katkari | 22 Valvai                                               |
| 11 Konkna              | 23 Varli                                                |
| 12 Koli Mahadev        | 24 Vasava                                               |

## BIHAR

A person shall be deemed to be a member of a backward tribe if and only if:—

(a) he is resident in the province and belongs to any of the following tribes:—

1 Asur	12 Gond	23 Kora
2 Banjara	13 Gorait	24 Korwa
3 Bathudi	14 Ho	25 Mahli
4 Bentkar	15 Juang	26 Mal Paharia
5 Binjina	16 Karmali	27 Munda
6 Birhor	17 Kharia	28 Oraon
7 Birjia	18 Kharwar	29 Parhaiya
8 Chero	19 Khetauri	30 Santal
9 Chik Baraik	20 Khond	31 Sauria Paharia
10 Gadaba	21 Kisan	32 Savar
11 Ghatwar	22 Koli	33 Tharu

(b) he is resident in any of the following districts or police stations, that is to say, the district of Ranchi, Singbhum, Hazaribagh and the Santal Parganas, and the police stations of Arsha, Balarampur, Jhalda, Jaipur, Baghmundi, Chandil, Ichagarh, Barababhum, Patamda, Banduan and Manbazar in the district of Manbhum, and belongs to any of the following tribes:—

1 Bauri	5 Ghasi
2 Bhogta	6 Kamar
3 Bhuiya	7 Rajwar
4 Bhumij	8 Turi

(c) he is resident in the Dhanbad sub-division or in any of the following police stations in the Manbhum district, that is to say, Purulia, Hura, Pancha, Raghunathpur, Santuri, Nituria, Para, Chas, Chandankiari and Kashipur and belongs to the Bhumij tribe.

## CENTRAL PROVINCES

1 Gond	3 Muria
2 Kawar	4 Muria



5 Halba	21 Bhunjia
6 Pardhan	22 Nagarchi
7 Oraon	23 Ojha
8 Binjhwar	24 Korku
9 Andh	25 Kol
10 Bharia-Bhumia	26 Nagasia
11 Koli	27 Sawara
12 Bhattra	28 Korwa
13 Baiga	29 Majhwar
14 Kolam	30 Kharia
15 Bhil	31 Saunta
16 Bhuihar	32 Kondh
17 Dhanwar	33 Nihal
18 Bhaina	34 Birhul (or Birhor)
19 Parja	35 Rautia
20 Kamar	36 Pando.

### ASSAM

The following tribes and communities:—

1 Kachari	9 Deori
2 Boro or Boro-Kachari	10 Abor
3 Rabha	11 Mishimi
4 Miri	12 Dafla
5 Lalung	13 Singpho
6 Mikir	14 Khampti
7 Garo	15 Any Naga or Kuki, tribe
8 Hajong	16 Any other tribe or community for the time being designated by the Governor in his discretion.

### ORISSA

A person shall be deemed to be a member of a backward tribe if and only if—

(a) he is resident in the province and belongs to any of the following tribes:—

- |                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|
| 1 Bagata       | 11 Saora (Savar) |
| 2 Banjari      | 12 Oraon         |
| 3 Chenchu      | 13 Santal        |
| 4 Gadaba       | 14 Kharia        |
| 5 Gond         | 15 Munda         |
| 6 Jatapu       | 16 Banjara       |
| 7 Khond (Kond) | 17 Binjhia       |
| 8 Konda-Dora   | 18 Kisan         |
| 9 Koya         | 19 Koli          |
| 10 Paroja      | 20 Kora          |

(b) he is resident in any of the following areas, that is to say, the Koraput and Khondmals Districts and the Ganjam Agency and belongs to either of the following tribes:-

1. Dom or Dombo

2. Pan or Pano

(c) he is resident in the Sambalpur district and belongs to any of the following tribes:-

1 Bauri

4 Ghasi

2 Bhuiya

5 Turi

3 Bhumij

6 Pan or Pano.

**Statement showing the total number of seats and the number of seats reserved  
for Scheduled Tribes in the House of the People and  
the Legislative Assemblies.**

Province.	Total No. of seats in the House of the People.	No. of seats reserved for Scheduled Tribes.	Total No. of seats in the Legislative Assembly.	No. of seats reserved for Sch. Tribes
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>PART 'A' STATES :</b>				
1. Assam:				
(a) Excluding 'Tribal Areas.	} 12	(a) 1	} 108	(a) 9
(b) In the Autonomous districts.		(b) 1		(b) 18
2. Bihar	55	6	330	35
3. Bombay.	45	4	315	29
4. Madhya Pradesh.	29	3	232	23
5. Madras.	75	1	375	4
6. Orissa	20	4	140	28
7. Punjab.	18	Nil	126	Nil
8. Uttar Pradesh.	86	Nil	430	Nil
9. West Bengal.	34	2	238	12
<b>PART 'B' STATES :</b>				
1. Hyderabad.	25	Nil	175	2
2. Jammu and Kashmir	6	Nil	Nil	Nil
3. Madhya Bharat.	11	1	99	12
4. Mysore	11	Nil	99	Nil
5. Pepsu.	5	Nil	60	Nil
6. Rajasthan.	20	1	160	5
7. Saurashtra.	6	Nil	60	1
8. Travancore-Cochin.	12	Nil	108	Nil
<b>PART 'C' STATES :</b>				
1. Ajmer.	2	Nil	30	Nil
2. Bhopal.	2	Nil	30	2
3. Bilaspur	1	Nil	Nil	Nil
4. Coorg.	1	Nil	24	3
5. Delhi	4	Nil	48	Nil
6. Himachal Pradesh.	3	Nil	36	Nil
7. Kutch	2	Nil	Nil	Nil
8. Manipur.	2	1	Nil	Nil
9. Tripura	2	Nil	Nil	Nil
10. Vindhya Pradesh	6	1	60	6
<b>PART 'D' STATE :</b>				
Andaman and Nicobar Islands		Nil	Nil	Nil

Note: The above figures are compiled from the Representation of the People Act, 1950(as amended in 1951) and from the Government of Part C States Act, 1951.

## **Section B**

### **Scheduled Castes**

## **The Constitution (Sceeduled Castes) Order, 1950.**

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of Article 341 of the Constitution of India, the President, after consultation with the Governors and Rajpramukhs of the States concerned, is pleased to make the following Order, namely:—

1. This Order may be called the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950.

2. Subject to the provisions of this Order, the castes, races or tribes, or parts of, or groups within, castes or tribes, specified in Part I to XVI of the Schedule to this Order shall, in relation to the States to which those Parts respectively relate, be deemed to be Scheduled Castes so far as regards members thereof resident in the localities specified in relation to them in those Parts of that Schedule.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph 2, no person who professes a religion different from Hinduism shall be deemed to be a member of a Scheduled Caste:

Provided that every member of the Ramdasi, Kabirpanthi, Mazhabi or Sikligar caste resident in Punjab or the Patiala and East Punjab States Union shall, in relation to that State, be deemed to be a member of the Scheduled Castes whether he professes the Hindu or the Sikh religion.

4. Any reference in the Schedule to this Order to a district or other territorial division of a State shall be construed as a reference to that district or other territorial division as existing on the 26th January, 1950.

### **The Schedule**

#### **PART I—ASSAM**

Throughout the State:—

1 Bansphor	9 Lalbegi
2 Bhuinmali or Mali	10 Mahara
3 Brittial-Bania or Bania	11 Methar or Bhangi
4 Dhupi or Dhobi	12 Muchi
5 Dugla or Dholi	13 Namasudra
6 Hira	14 Patni
7 Jhalo or Malo	15 Sutradhar
8 Kaibartta or Jaliya	

## PART II—BIHAR

## 1. Throughout the State:—

1 Bauri	11 Hari, including Mehtar
2 Bantar	12 Kanjar
3 Bhogta	13 Kurariar
4 Chamar	14 Lalbegi
5 Chaupal	15 Mochi
6 Dhobi	16 Musahar
7 Dom	17 Nat
8 Dusadh, including Dhari or Dharhi	18 Pan
9 Ghasi	19 Pasi
10 Halalkhor	20 Rajwar
	21 Turi

## 2. In Patna and Tirhut divisions, and the districts of Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea and Palamau:—

Bhumij

## 3. In Patna, Shahabad, Gaya and Palamau districts:—

Bhuiya

## 4. In Shahabad district:—

Dabgar

## PART III—BOMBAY

## 1. Throughout the State:—

1 Ager	18 Kolcha, or Kolgha
2 Asodi	19 Lingader
3 Bakad	20 Machigar
4 Bhambi	21 Madig, or Mang
5 Bhangi	22 Mahar
6 Chakrawadya-Dasar	23 Mahyavansdi
7 Chalvadi	24 Mangarudi
8 Chambhar, or Mochigar, or Samagar	25 Meghval, or Menghwar
9 Chena-Dasaru	26 Mini Madig
10 Chuhar or Chubra	27 Mukri
11 Dakaleru	28 Nadia
12 Dhegu-Megu	29 Rohit
13 Dhor	30 Shenva, or Shindhaya
14 Garoda	31 Shingdav, or Shingadya
15 Halleer	32 Sochi
16 Halsar, or Haslar, or Hul- savar	33 Timali
17 Holaya, or Garode	34 Turi
	35 Vankar
	36 Vitholia

2. Throughout the State except in Gujrat division:—  
Mochi
- 3 In North Kanara district:—  
Kotegar

## PART IV—MADHYA PRADESH

<i>Scheduled Castes</i>	<i>Localities</i>
1 Basor or Burud	} Throughout the State
2 Bahna or Bahana	
3 Balahi or Balai	
4 Chamar	
5 Dom	
6 Mang	
7 Mehtar or Bhangi	
8 Mochi	
9 Satnami	
10 Audhelia	In Bilaspur district.
11 Bedar	In Akola, Amravati and Buldana district.
12 Chadar	In Bhandara and Sagar districts.
13 Dahait or Dahayat	In Damoh sub-division of Sagar district.
14 Dewar	In Bilaspur, Durg, Raipur, Bastar, Sarguja and Raigarh districts.
15 Dhanuk	In Sagar district <i>except</i> in Damoh sub-division thereof.
16 Dohor	In Akola, Amravati, Buldana, Yeotmal, Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur, and Wardha districts.
17 Ghasi or Ghasia	In Akola, Amravati, Buldana, Yeotmal, Balaghat, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Durg, Wardha, Nagpur, Raipur, Sarguja, Bastar and Raigarh districts.
18 Holiya	In Balaghat and Bhandara districts.
19 Kaikadi	In Akola, Amravati, Buldana, Yeotmal, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur, and Wardha districts.

*Scheduled Castes**Localities*

20 Katia

In Akola, Amravati, Buldana, Yeotmal, Balaghat, Betul, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Durg, Nagpur, Nimar, Raipur, Wardha, Bastar, Sarguja, and Raigarh districts; in Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of Hoshangabad district; in Chhindwara district *except* in Seoni subdivision thereof; and in Sagar district *except* in Damoh subdivision thereof.

21 Khangar

In Bhandara, Buldana and Sagar districts; and in Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of Hoshangabad district.

22 Kori

In Amravati, Balaghat, Betul, Bhandara, Buldana, Chhindwara, Jabalpur, Mandla, Nimar, Raipur, Sagar, Durg, Bastar, Sarguja and Raigarh districts; and in Hoshangabad district *except* in Harda and Sohagpur tahsils thereof.

23 Madgi

In Akola, Amravati, Buldana, Yeotmal, Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts.

24 Mahar or Mehra

Throughout the State *except* in Harda and Sohagpur tahsils of Hoshangabad district.

25 Rujjbar

In Sohagpur tahsil of Hoshangabad district.

## PART V—MADRAS

Throughout the State:—

- |                 |           |
|-----------------|-----------|
| 1 Adi Andhra    | 6 Baira   |
| 2 Adi Dravida   | 7 Bakuda  |
| 3 Adi Karnataka | 8 Bandi   |
| 4 Ajila         | 9 Bariki  |
| 5 Arunthathiyar | 10 Bavuri |



- |                                      |                                    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 11 Bellara                           | 44 Maila                           |
| 12 Byagari                           | 45 Mala(including Agency<br>Malas) |
| 13 Chachati                          | 46 Mala Dasu                       |
| 14 Chakkiliyan                       | 47 Malasar                         |
| 15 Chalavadi                         | 48 Matangi                         |
| 16 Chamar                            | 49 Mavilan                         |
| 17 Chandala                          | 50 Moger                           |
| 18 Cheruman                          | 51 Muchi                           |
| 19 Dandasi                           | 52 Mundala                         |
| 20 Devendrakulathan                  | 53 Nalakeyava                      |
| 21 Dom or Dombara, Paidi,<br>Pano    | 54 Nayadi                          |
| 22 Ghasi or Haddi, Relli<br>Sachandi | 55 Pagadai                         |
| 23 Godagali                          | 56 Painda                          |
| 24 Godari                            | 57 Paky                            |
| 25 Godda                             | 58 Pallan                          |
| 26 Gosangi                           | 59 Pambada                         |
| 27 Hasla                             | 60 Pamidi                          |
| 28 Holeyá                            | 61 Panan                           |
| 29 Jaggali                           | 62 Panchama                        |
| 30 Jambuvulu                         | 63 Pannianda                       |
| 31 Kadan                             | 64 Paraiyan                        |
| 32 Kalladi                           | 65 Paravan                         |
| 33 Kanakkan                          | 66 Pulayan                         |
| 34 Karimpalan                        | 67 Puthirai Vannan                 |
| 35 Kodalo                            | 68 Raneyar                         |
| 36 Koosa                             | 69 Samagara                        |
| 37 Koraga                            | 70 Samban                          |
| 38 Kudubi                            | 71 Sapari                          |
| 39 Kudumban                          | 72 Semman                          |
| 40 Kuravan                           | 73 Thoti                           |
| 41 Kurichehan                        | 74 Tiruvalluvar                    |
| 42 Madari                            | 75 Valluvan                        |
| 43 Madiga                            | 76 Valmiki                         |
|                                      | 77 Vettuvan                        |

## PART VI—ORISSA

Throughout the State.—

- |                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1 Adi-Andhra    | 7 Bari           |
| 2 Amant or Amat | 8 Bariki         |
| 3 Audhelia      | 9 Basor or Burud |
| 4 Badaik        | 10 Bauri         |
| 5 Bagheti       | 11 Bauti         |
| 6 Bajikar       | 12 Bavuri        |

13 Bedia or Bejia	54 Madiga
14 Beldar	55 Mahuria
15 Bhata	56 Mala or Jhala
16 Bhumij	57 Mang
17 Chachati	58 Mangan
18 Chamar	59 Mehra or Mahar
19 Chandala (Chandal)	60 Mehtar or Bhangī
20 Cherua or Chhelia	61 Mewar
21 Dandasi	62 Mochi or Mughī
22 Desuabhumij	63 Mundapotta
23 Dewar	64 Nagarchi
24 Dhanwar	65 Paidi
25 Dharua	66 Painda
26 Dhoba or Dhobi	67 Pamidi
27 Dom or Dombo	68 Pan or Pano
28 Dosadha	69 Panchama
29 Ganda	70 Panika
30 Ghantarghada or Ghantra	71 Panka
31 Ghasi or Ghasia	72 Pantanti
32 Ghogia	73 Pap
33 Ghusuria	74 Pasi
34 Godagali	75 Patial or Patikar or
35 Godari	Patratanti or Patua
36 Godra	76 Pradhan
37 Gokha	77 Rajna
38 Gunju or Ganju	78 Relli
39 Haddi or Hadi or Hari	79 Sabakhia
40 Irika	80 Samasi
41 Jaggali	81 Senei
42 Kandra or Kandara	82 Sapari
43 Karua	83 Satnami
44 Katia	84 Sidhria
45 Kela	85 Sinduria
46 Khadala	86 Siyal
47 Kodalo	87 Sukuli
48 Kori	88 Tamadia
49 Kumbhar	89 Tamudia
50 Kurunga	90 Tiar or Tior
51 Laban	91 Turi
52 Laheri	92 Valamiki or Valmiki
53 Madari	

## PART VII—PUNJAB

Throughout the State:—

1 Ad Dharmi

2 Bangali

3 Barar	19 Marija or Marecha
4 Batwal	20 Mazhabī
5 Bawaria	21 Megh
6 Bazigar	22 Nat
7 Balmiki or <b>Chura</b>	23 Od
8 Bhanjra	24 Pasi
9 Chamar	25 Perna
10 Chanal	26 Pherera
11 Dagi	27 Ramdasi or Ravidasi
12 Dhanak	28 Sanhai
13 Dumna or <b>Mahasha</b>	29 Sanhal
14 Gagra	30 Sansi
15 Gandhila	31 Sapela
16 Kabirpanthi	32 Sarera
17 Khatik	33 Sikligar
18 Kori or Koli	34 Sirkiband

### PAKT VIII—UTTAR PRADESH

#### 1 Throughout the State:—

1 Agariya	26 Dabgar
2 Badi	27 Dhangar
3 Badhik	28 Dhanuk
4 Baheliya	29 Dharkar
5 Baiga	30 Dhebi
6 Baiswar	31 Dhusia, or Jhusia
7 Bajaniya	32 Dom
8 Bajgi	33 Domar
9 Balahar	34 Dusadh
10 Balmiki	35 Gharami
11 Bangali	36 Ghasiya
12 Banmanus	37 Gual
13 Bansphor	38 Habura
14 Barwar	39 Hari
15 Basor	40 Hela
16 Bawariya	41 Jatava
17 Beldar	42 Kalabaz
18 Beriya	43 Kanjar
19 Bhantu	44 Kapariya
20 Bhoksa	45 Karwal
21 Bhuiya	46 Khairaha
22 Bhuyiar	47 Kharot
23 Boria	48 Kharwar (excluding Benbansi)
24 Chamar	
25 Chero	

49 Kol	57 Patari
50 Korwa	58 Rawat
51 Lalbegi	59 Saharya
52 Majhwar	60 Sanaurhiya
53 Nat	61 Sansiya
54 Pankha	62 Shilpkar
55 Parahiya	63 Turaiha
56 Pasi	

2. In Bundelkhand division and the portion of Mirzapur district south of Kaimur Range:—

Gond

### PART IX—WEST BENGAL

Throughout the State:—

1 Bagdi	30 Konai
2 Bahelia	31 Konwar
3 Baiti	32 Kora
4 Bauri	33 Kotal
5 Bediya	34 Lalbegi
6 Beldar	35 Lodha
7 Bhuimali	36 Lohar
8 Bhuiya	37 Mahar
9 Bhumiij	38 Mahli
10 Bnd	39 Mal
11 Chamar	40 Mallah
12 Dhoba	41 Malphariya
13 Doai	42 Mehtor
14 Dom	43 Muchi
15 Dosadh	44 Musahar
16 Ghasi	45 Nagesia
17 Gonrhi	46 Namasudra
18 Hari	47 Nuniya
19 Jaiia Kaibartta	48 Paliyo
20 Jhalo Malo or Malo	49 Pan
21 Kadar	50 Pasi
22 Kandra	51 Patni
23 Kaora	52 Pod
24 Karenga	53 Rabha
25 Kastha	54 Rajbanshi
26 Kaur	55 Rajwar
27 Khaira	56 Sunri
28 Khatik	57 Tiyar
29 Koch	58 Turi

## PART X—HYDERABAD

Throughout the State:—

1 Anamuk	17 Mala
2 Aray (Mala)	18 Mala Dasari
3 Arwa Mala	19 Mala Hannai
4 Beda (Budga) Jangam	20 Malajangam
5 Biudla	21 Mala Masti
6 Byagara	22 Mala Sale (Nett)
7 Chalvadi	23 Mala Sanyasi
8 Chambhar	24 Mang
9 Dakkal (Dokkalwar)	25 Manz Garodi
10 Dhor	26 Manne
11 Ellamalwar (Yellammala- wandlu)	27 Mashti
12 Holeyā	28 Mehtar
13 Holeyā Dasari	29 Mitha Ayyalva
14 Kolupulvandlu	30 Mochi
15 Madiga	31 Samagara
16 Mahar	32 Sindhollu (Chindollu)

## PART XI—MADHYA BHARAT

Throughout the State:—

1 Bagri or Bagdi	11 Kanjar
2 Balai	12 Khatik
3 Barabar or Basod	13 Koli
4 Bargunda	14 Mahar
5 Bedia	15 Mochi
6 Bhumbi	16 Nat
7 Bhangi or Mehtar	17 Pardhi
8 Chamar	18 Pasi
9 Chidar	19 Sausi
10 Ohanuk	

## PART XII—MYSORE

Throughout the State:—

1 Adidravida	4 Bhovi
2 Adikarnataka	5 Koracha
3 Banjara or Lambani	6 Korama

## PART XIII—PATIALA AND EAST PUNJAB STATES UNION

Throughout the State:—

1 Ad Dharmi	18 Kori or Koli
2 Bangali	19 Marija or Marecha
3 Barar	20 Mazhabi
4 Batwal	21 Megh
5 Bawaria	22 Nat
6 Bazigar	23 Od
7 Balmiki or Chura	24 Pasi
8 Bhanjra	25 Perna
9 Chamar	26 Pherera
10 Chanal	27 Ramdasi or Ravidasi
11 Dagi	28 Sanhai
12 Dhanak	29 Sanhal
13 Dumna or Mahasha	30 Sansi
14 Gagra	31 Sapela
15 Gandhila	32 Sarera
16 Kabirpanthi	33 Sikligar
17 Khatik	34 Sirkiband

## PART XIV—RAJASTHAN

Throughout the State:—

1 Adi Dharmi	23 Kapadia Sansi
2 Aheri	24 Kbangar
3 Badi	25 Khatka
4 Bagri	26 Kooch Band
5 Bajgar	27 Korla
6 Bansphor	28 Kunjar
7 Bargi	29 Madari (Bazigar)
8 Bawaria	30 Majhabi
9 Bhand	31 Mehar
10 Bhangi	32 Mehtar
11 Ridakia	33 Mochi
12 Chamar	34 Nut
13 Chura	35 Pasi
14 Dabgar	36 Raigar
15 Dhankia	37 Ramdasia
16 Dheda	38 Rawal
17 Dome	39 Sarbhangi
18 Gandia	40 Singiwala
19 Garancho Mehtar	41 Sansi
20 Godhi	42 Thori
21 Jatia	43 Tirgar
22 Kalbelia	44 Valmiki

## PART XV—SAURASHTRA

Throughout the State:—

1 Bawa (Dhedh)	9 Meghwal
2 Bhangi	10 Senva
3 Chamadia	11 Shemalia
4 Chamar	12 Thori
5 Dangashia	13 Turi
6 Garoda	14 Turi-Barot
7 Garmatang	15 Vankar
8 Hadi	

## PART XVI—TRAVANCORE-COCHIN

Throughout the State:—

1 Ayyanavar	16 Panan
2 Bharatar	17 Paravan
3 Chakkiliyan	18 Parayan (Sambavar)
4 Domban	19 Pathiyan
5 Eravalan	20 Perumannan
6 Kakkalan	21 Pulayan
7 Kanakkan	22 Thaudan
8 Kavara	23 Ulladan
9 Kootan (Koodan)	24 Uraly
10 Kuravan	25 Vallon
11 Mannan	26 Valluvan
12 Navadi	27 Vannan
13 Padannan	28 Velan
14 Pallan	29 Vetan
15 Palluvan	30 Vettuvan

*The above order was made by the President of India and published in the Gazette of India dated New Delhi, the 10th August, 1950.*

**List of Scheduled Castes in certain Part C States  
specified as per Section 3 (A) of the  
Representation of the People Act, 1950**

**DELHI**

1	Adi Dharmi	22	Kanjur
2	Agria	23	Khatik
3	Aheria	24	Koli
4	Balia	25	Lalbegi
5	Banjara	26	Madari
6	Bawaria	27	Mallah
7	Bazigar	28	Mazhabi
8	Bhangi	29	Megwal
9	Bhil	30	Mochi
10	Chamar	31	Nat (Rana)
11	Chanwar (Chamar)	32	Pasi
12	Chohra (Sweeper)	33	Perna
13	Chuhra (Balmiki)	34	Ram Dasia
14	Dhanak or Dhanuk	35	Ravidasi or Raidasi
15	Dhobi	36	Rhegarh or Raigar
16	Dom	37	Sansi
17	Gharrami	38	Sapera
18	Jatva or Jatav Chamar	39	Sikligar
19	Julaha (Weaver)	40	Singiwala or Kalbelia
20	Kabirpanthi	41	Sirkiband
21	Kachbandha		

**HIMACHAL PRADESH**

1	Adi-dharmi	11	Chanal
2	Balmikir or Chura or Bhangi or Sweeper	12	Dagi
3	Bangali	13	Daole
4	Banjara	14	Dhaki
5	Barar	15	Doom or Doomna
6	Bawaria	16	Kabirpanthi or Julaha or Keer
7	Bazigar	17	Koli
8	Besi	18	Mazhabi
9	Bhanjra	19	Mochi
10	Chamar	20	Nat



21 Od	26 Rehar
22 Pasi	27 Sansi
23 Phrera	28 Sapela
24 Ramdasi or Ravidasi	29 Sikligar
25 Ramdasia	30 Nirkiband

### VINDHYA PRADESH

1 Basor (Bansphor)	7 Domar or Doris
2 Chamar	8 Kuchbandhja
3 Dahait	9 Mehtar or Bhangi
4 Dharkar	or Dhanuk
5 Dher	10 Mochi
6 Dom	

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*This list forms the Sixth Schedule to the Representation of the People Act, as amended.*

**The Government of India (Scheduled Castes)  
Order, 1936.**

**AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,**

**The 30th day of April, 1936.**

**Present,**

**THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY  
IN COUNCIL**

**WHEREAS** by certain provisions in the First, Fifth and Sixth Schedules to the Government of India Act, 1935, His Majesty in Council is empowered to specify the castes, races or tribes or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes which are to be treated as the scheduled castes for the purposes of those Schedules:

**AND WHEREAS** a draft of this Order was laid before Parliament in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section three hundred and nine of the said Act and an Address has been presented by both Houses of Parliament praying that an Order may be made in the terms of this Order:

**NOW, THEREFORE,** His Majesty, in the exercise of the said powers and of all other powers enabling Him in that behalf, is pleased by and with the advice of His Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as "The Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936."

2 Subject to the provisions of this Order, for the purposes of the First, Fifth and Sixth Schedules to the Government of India Act, 1935, the castes, races or tribes, or parts of or groups within castes, races or tribes specified in Parts I to IX of the Schedule to this Order shall, in the Provinces to which those Parts respectively relate, be deemed to be scheduled castes so far as regards members thereof resident in the localities

specified in relation to them respectively in those Parts of that Schedule.

3. Notwithstanding anything in the last preceding paragraph —

(a) no Indian Christian shall be deemed to be a member of a scheduled caste ;

(b) in Bengal no person who professes Buddhism or a tribal religion shall be deemed to be a member of any scheduled caste ;

and if any question should arise as to whether any particular person does or does not profess Buddhism or a tribal religion, that question shall be determined according to the answers which he may make, in the prescribed manner, to such question as may be prescribed.

4. In this Order the expression "Indian Christian" has the same meaning as it has for the purposes of Part I of the First Schedule to the Government of India Act, 1935, and the expression "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made by the Governor of Bengal, exercising his individual judgment.

5. Any reference in the Schedule to this Order to any division, district, subdivision, tahsil or municipality shall be construed as a reference to that division, district, subdivision, tahsil or municipality as existing on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty-six.

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### Schedule.

#### PART I—MADRAS.

(1) Scheduled castes throughout the Province:—

Adi-Andhra	Bakuda	Byagari
Adi-Dravida	Bandi	Chachati
Adi-Karnataka	Bariki	Chakkiliyan
Ajila	Battada	Chalavadi
Arunthuthiyar	Bayuri	Chamar
Baira	Bellara	Chandala

Cheruman	Kuravan	Panchama
Dandasi	Madari	Paniyan
Devendrakilathan	Madiga	Panniandi
Ghasi	Maila	Pariayan
Godagali	Mala	Paravan
Godari	Mala Dasu	Pulayan
Godda	Matangi	Puthirai Vannan
Gosangi	Moger	Raneyar
Haddi	Muchi	Relli
Hasla	Mundala	Samagara
Holeya	Nalakeyava	Samban
Jaggali	Nayadi	Sapari
Jambuvulu	Pagadai	Semman
Kalladi	Paidi	Thoti
Kanakkan	Paيدا	Tiruvalluvar
Kodalo	Paky	Valluvan
Koosa	Pallan	Valmiki
Koraga	Pambada	Vettuvan
Kudumban	Pamidi	

(2) Scheduled castes throughout the Province except in any special constituency constituted under the Government of India Act, 1935, for the election of a representative of backward areas and backward tribes to the Legislative Assembly of the Province :—

Aranadan	Kattunayakan	Kuruman
Dombo	Kudiya	Malasar
Kadan	Kudubi	Mavilan
Karimpalan	Kurichchan	Pano

## PART II—BOMBAY

Scheduled castes :—

(1) Throughout the Province :—

Asodi	Chena-Dasaru	Halsar, or Haslar, or Hulsavar
Bakad	Chuhar, or Chuhra	
Bhambi	Dakaleru	Holaya
Bhangi	Dhed	Khalpa
Chakrawadya- Dasar	Dhegu-Megu	Kolcha, or Kolgha
Chalvadi	Dhor	Koli Dhor
Chambhar, or Moehigar, or Samagar	Garode	Lingader
	Halleer	Madig, or Mang

Mahar	Nadia	Sochi
Mang Garudi	Shenva, or Shindh-	Timali
Meghval, or	ava	Turi
Minghwar	Shingdav, or Shinga-	Vankar
Mini Madig	dya	Vitholia
Mukri		

(2) Throughout the Province except in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat districts—  
Mochi.

(3) In the Kanara district—  
Kotegar.

### PART III—BENGAL

Scheduled castes throughout the Province :—

Agariya	Hari	Mal
Bagdi	Ho	Mallah
Bahelia	Jalia Kaibartta	Malpahariya
Baiti	Jhalo Malo, or Malo	Mech
Bauri	Kadar	Mehtor
Bediya	Kan	Muchi
Beldar	Kandh	Munda
Berua	Kandra	Musabar
Bhatiya	Kaora	Nagesia
Bhuimali	Kapuria	Namasudra
Bhuiya	Karenga	Nat
Bhumij	Kastha	Nuniya
Bind	Kaur	Oraon
Binjhia	Khaira	Paliya
Chamar	Khatik	Pan
Dhenuar	Koch	Pasi
Dhoba	Konai	Patni
Doai	Konwar	Pod
Dom	Kora	Ribha
Dosadh	Kotal	Rajbanshi
Garo	Lalbegi	Rajwar
Ghasi	Lodha	Santal
Gonrhi	Lohar	Sunri
Hadi	Mahar	Tiyar
Hajang	Mahli	Turi
Halalkhor		

## PART IV—UNITED PROVINCES

## Scheduled castes :—

## (1) Throughout the Province :—

Agariya	Chamar	Kharot
Aheriya	Chero	Kharwar (except
Badi	Dabgar	Benbansi)
Badhik	Dhangar	Khatik
Baheliya	Dhanuk (Bhangi)	Kol
Bajaniya	Dharkar	Korwa
Bajgi	Dhobi	Lalbegi
Balahar	Dom	Majhwar
Balmiki	Domar	Nat
Banmanus	Gharami	Pankha
Bansphor	Ghasiya	Parahiya
Barwar	Gual	Pasi
Basor	Habura	Patari
Bawariya	Hari	Rawat
Beldar	Hela	Saharya
Bengali	Kalabaz	Sanaurhiya
Beriya	Kanjari	Sansiya
Bhantu	Kapariya	Shilpkar
Bhuiya	Karwal	Tharu
Bhuyiar	Khairaba	Turaiha
Boriya		

## (2) Throughout the Province except in the Agra, Meerut and Rohilkhand divisions—

Kori.

## PART V—PUNJAB

## Scheduled castes throughout the Province:—

Ad Dharmis	Marija, or Marecha	Khatik
Bawaria	Bangali	Kori
Chamar	Barar	Nat
Chuhra or	Bazigar	Pasi
Balmiki	Bhanjra	Perna
Dagi and Koli	Chanal	Sapela
Dumna	Dhanak	Sirkiband
Od	Gagra	Meghs
Sansi	Gandhila	Ramdasis
Sarera		

## PART VI—BIHAR

Scheduled castes:—

(1) Throughout the Province:—

Chamar	Halalkhor	Mochi
Chaupal	Hari	Musahar
Dhobi	Kanjar	Nat
Dusadh	Kurariar	Pasi
Dom	Lalbegi	

(2) In the Patna and the Tirhut divisions and the Bhagalpur, Monghyr, Palamau and Parnea districts:—

Bauri	Bhumij.	Rajwar
Bhogta	Ghasi	Turi
Bhuiya	Pan	

(3) In the Dhanbad subdivision of the Manbhum district and the Central Manbhum general rural constituency, and the Purulia and Raghunathpur municipalities:—

Bauri	Ghasi	Rajwar
Bhogta	Pan	Turi
Bhuiya		

## PART VII—CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR

*Scheduled Castes.**Localities.*

Basor, or Burud . . .		Throughout the Province.
Chamar . . . . .		
Dom . . . . .		
Ganda . . . . .		
Mang . . . . .		
Mehtar, or Bhangi . . .		
Mochi . . . . .		
Satnami . . . . .		
Audhelia . . . . .	In the Bilaspur district	
Bahna . . . . .	In the Amraoti district.	
Balahi, or Balai . . . .	In the Berar division and the Balaghat, Bhandara, Betul, Chanda, Chhindwara, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Mandla, Nagpur, Nimar, Saugor and Wardha districts.	
Bedar . . . . .	In the Akola, Amraoti and Buldana districts.	

<i>Scheduled Castes.</i>	<i>Localities.</i>
Chadar . . .	In the Bhandara and Saugor districts.
Chauhan . . .	In the Drug district.
Dahyat . . .	In the Damoh subdivision of the Saugor district.
Dewar . . .	In the Bilaspur, Drug and Raipur districts.
Dhanuk . . .	In the Saugor district, except in the Damoh subdivision thereof.
Dhimar . . .	In the Bhandara district.
Dhobi . . .	In the Bhandara, Bilaspur, Raipur and Saugor districts, and the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Dohor . . .	In the Berar division, and the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts.
Ghasia . . .	In the Berar division and in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Drug, Nagpur, Raipur and Wardha districts.
Holiya . . .	In the Balaghat and Bhandara districts.
Jangam . . .	In the Bhandara district.
Kaikari . . .	In the Berar division, and in Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts.
Katia . . . . .	In the Berar division, in the Balaghat, Betul, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Drug, Nagpur, Nimar, Raipur and Wardha districts, in the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district, in the Chhindwara district, except in the Seoni subdivision thereof, and in the Saugor district, except in the Damoh subdivision thereof.



<i>Scheduled Castes.</i>	<i>Localities.</i>
Khangar . . . . .	In the Bhandara, Buldana and Saugor districts and the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Khatik . . . . .	In the Berar division, in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts, in the Hoshangabad tahsil of the Hoshangabad district, in the Chhindwara district, except in the Seoni sub-division thereof, and in the Saugor district, except in the Damoh sub-division thereof.
Koli . . . . .	In the Bhandara and Chanda districts
Kori . . . . .	In the Amraoti, Balaghat, Betul, Buandara, Buldana, Chhindwara, Jubbulpore, Mandla, Nimar, Raipur and Saugor districts, and in the Hoshangabad district, except in the Harda and Sehagpur tahsils thereof.
Kumhar . . . . .	In the Bhandara and Saugor districts and the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Madgi . . . . .	In the Berar division, and in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts.
Mala . . . . .	In the Balaghat, Betul, Chhindwara, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Mandla, Nimar and Saugor districts.
Mehra, or Mahar . . . . .	Throughout the Province, except in the Harda and Sehagpur tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.

<i>Scheduled Castes.</i>	<i>Localities.</i>
Nagarchi . . . . .	In the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chhindwara, Mandla, Nagpur and Raipur districts.
Ojha . . . . .	In the Balaghat, Bhandara and Mandla districts and the Hoshangabad tahsil of the Hoshangabad district.
Panka . . . . .	In the Berar division, in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Drug, Nagpur, Raipur, Saugor and Wardha districts and in the Chhindwara district, except in the Seoni subdivision thereof.
Pardhi . . . . .	In the Narsinghpur subdivision of the Hoshangabad district.
Pradhan . . . . .	In the Berar division, in the Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur, Nimar, Raipur and Wardha districts and in the Chhindwara district, except in the Seoni subdivision thereof.
Rujjhar . . . . .	In the Sehagpur tahsil of the Hoshangabad district.

## PART VII.—ASSAM.

Scheduled castes ;—

## (1) In the Assam Valley :—

Namasudra	Hira	Mehtar, or Bhangi
Kaibartta	Lalbegi	Bansphor
Bania, or Brittil-Bania		

## (2) In the Surma Valley :—

Mali, or Bhaimali	Sutradhar	Kaibartta, or Jaliya
Dhupi, or Dhobi	Muchi	Lalbegi
Dugla, or Dholi	Patni	Mehtar, or Bhangi
Jhala and Malo	Namasudra	Bansphor
Mahara		

## PART IX.—ORISSA.

Scheduled castes :—

(1) Throughout the Province :—

Adi-Andhra	Godra	Mangan
Audhelia	Gokha	Mehra, or Mahar
Bariki	Haddi, or Hari	Mehtar, or Bhangi
Basor or Barud	Irika	Mochi, or Muchi
Bavuri	Jaggali	Paidi
Chachati	Kandra	Painda
Chamar	Katia	Pamilli
Chandala	Kela	Panchama
Dandasi	Kodalo	Ponka
Dewar	Madari	Relli
Dhoba, or Dhobi	Madiga	Sapari
Ganda	Maburia	Satnami
Ghusuria	Mala	Siyal
Godagali	Mang	Valamiki
Godari		

(2) Throughout the Province except in the Khondmals district, the district of Sambalpur, and the areas transferred to Orissa under the provisions of the Government of India (Constitution of Orissa) Order, 1936, from the Vizagapatam and Ganjam Agencies in the Presidency of Madras :—

Pan, or Pano

(3) Throughout the Province except in the Khondmals district and the areas so transferred to Orissa from the said Agencies :—

Dom, or Dombo.

(4) Throughout the Province except in the district of Sambalpur :—

Bauri	Bhumij	Turi
Bhuiya	Chasi, or Ghasia	

(5) In the Nawapara subdivision of the district of Sambalpur :—

Kori	Nagarchi	Pradhan
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**Statement showing Scheduled Castes Population, the total population and the percentage of Scheduled Castes population to total population in different States (after partition & merger) as per census of 1941**

Province.	Scheduled Castes population.	Total population.	Percentage.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<b><u>PART 'A' STATES:</u></b>			
1 Assam	3,77,000	76,85,000	4.8
2 Bihar	43,44,000	3,65,45,000	11.9
3 Bombay	25,26,000	2,93,84,000	8.4
4 Madhya Pradesh	33,10,000	1,96,48,000	16.9
5 Madras	81,48,000	4,98,25,000	16.3
6 Orissa	18,64,000	1,37,68,000	13.5
7 Punjab	10,27,000	1,26,97,000	8.1
8 Uttar Pradesh	1,18,74,000	5,58,69,000	21.3
9 West Bengal	37,17,000	2,18,51,000	17.0
<b><u>PART 'B' STATES:</u></b>			
1 Hyderabad	29,28,000	1,63,39,000	17.7
2 Jammu & Kashmir	1,13,000	40,22,000	2.8
3 Madhya Bharat	4,37,000	71,41,000	6.1
4 Mysore	14,05,000	73,29,000	19.1
5 PEPSU	2,14,000	34,24,000	6.3
6 Rajashtan	not available	1,30,82,000	—
7 Saurashtra	2,44,000	35,56,000	6.8
8 Tarvancore-Cochin	5,37,000	74,93,000	7.1
<b><u>PART 'C' STATES:</u></b>			
1 Ajmer	not available	5,84,000	—
2 Bhopal	1,87,000	7,85,000	23.8
3 Coorg	26,000	1,69,000	15.2
4 Delhi	1,23,000	9,18,000	13.3

5 Himachal Pradesh	2,29,000	9,35,000	24.8
6 Kutch	39,000	5,01,000	7.5
7 Manipur	not available	5,12,000	—
8 Tripura	12,000	5,13,000	2.3
9 Vindhya Pradesh	3,99,000	35,69,000	11.2

**PART 'D' STATES**

The Andaman & Nicobar Islands	not available	34,000	—
Total	<u>4,40,80,000</u>	<u>31,81,78,000</u>	<u>13.9</u>

The figures are compiled from the Constitution Hand Book No. 1 (Revised) & are given to the nearest thousand.

**Total Harijan Population in India (before partition)  
excluding Burma as per census of 1941**

S.N.	PROVINCE	Total population in lacs	Total Harijan population in lacs	Percentage of Harijans to total Population	
1	Ajmer Merwara	5.84		...(a)	
2	Assam	102.05	6.76	6	
3	Bengal (Total Harijan)	251.0...	603.06	73.79	12
4	Bihar	...	363.40	43.40	12
5	Bombay	...	208.50	18.55	9
6	C.P. & Berar	...	168.13	30.51	18
7	Coorg	...	1.69	.26	15
8	Delhi	...	9.18	1.23	13
9	Madras	...	493.41	80.68	16
10	Orissa	...	87.29	12.38	14
11	Punjab (total Harijan)	75.5...	284.19	12.49	4
12	U.P.	...	550.21	117.17	21
	<b>Total ...</b>	<b>2876.94</b>	<b>397.22</b>	<b>14.0</b>	(c)

**STATES**

1	Assam States	...	7.26	.02	nil
2	Baroda States	...	28.55	2.31	8
3	Bengal States	...	21.45	2.70	12
4	Orssa States	...	30.24	3.52	12
5	Bombay States	...	42.44	3.62	9
6	C.I. Agency	...	75.06	10.27	13
7	C.P. States	...	40.50	4.83	12
8	Gwalior States	...	40.09	...	...
9	Hyderabad States	...	163.38	29.28	18
10	Jammu & Kashmir	...	40.42	1.13	2
11	Cochin State	...	14.23	1.41	10
12	Travancore State	...	60.70	3.96	6
13	Mysore State	..	73.39	14.05	19
14	Other Madras States	...	4.99	.84	17
15	Punjab States	...	55.04	3.50	6
16	Punjab States Agency...	...	10.91	2.39	22

17 Rajputana Agency	...	136.70	20.50	15
18 U.P. States	...	9.28	1.53	16
19 W.I. States Agency	...	49.04	3.58	8
Total of States	...	<u>903.34</u>	<u>88.10</u>	<u>9.7</u>
Total of Provinces	...	<u>2957.70</u>	<u>399.19</u>	<u>13.5</u>
Grand Total	...	<u>3861.04</u>	<u>487.29</u>	<u>12.6</u>
		or	or	
		38.6 crores	4.87 crores	

- (a) Population figures for Scheduled Castes not available.  
 (b) Excludes Rajbanshis and several Aboriginal Tribes.  
 (c) Includes Chamars who are about 65 lacs.

**Estimated population of Scheduled Castes in  
States as on the 1st March, 1950**

In pursuance of sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 5 of the Constitution (Determination of Population) Order, 1950, the following Statement showing the population of Scheduled Castes in each State as determined by the Census Commissioner under sub-paragraph (1) (a) of the said paragraph, having been approved by the President, is notified for public information:—

Name of State	Estimated Scheduled Caste Population (in Lakhs) as on 1st March, 1950.
<i>Part A</i>	
1 Assam ... ..	4.18
2 Bihar ... ..	52.86
3 Bombay ... ..	27.97
4 Madhya Pradesh ... ..	29.29
5 Madras ... ..	89.14
6 Orissa ... ..	21.57
7 Punjab ... ..	20.79
8 Uttar Pradesh ... ..	119.17
9 West Bengal ... ..	41.25
<i>Part B</i>	
1 Hyderabad ... ..	31.21
2 Madhya Bharat ... ..	13.62
3 Mysore ... ..	15.45
4 Patiala & East Punjab States Union...	5.59
5 Rajasthan ... ..	15.00
6 Saurashtra ... ..	2.67
7 Travancore-Cochin ... ..	8.61

*The above Statement was published in the Gazette of  
India, dated New Delhi, the 14th September, 1950.*



**Statement showing the total number of seats and the number of seats reserved  
for Scheduled Castes in the House of the People and  
Legislative Assemblies**

Province.	Total No. of seats in the House of the People.	No. of seats reserved for Scheduled castes	Total No. of seats in the Legislative Assembly.	No. of seats reserved for Scheduled Castes
1	2	3	4	5
<b>PART 'A' STATES:</b>				
			108	5
1 Assam.	12	1	330	44
2 Bihar.	55	7	315	27
3 Bombay.	45	4	232	32
4 Madhya Pradesh.	29	4	375	62
5 Madras.	75	12	140	21
6 Orissa.	20	3	126	21
7 Punjab.	18	3	430	83
8 Uttar Pradesh.	86	17	238	40
9 West Bengal.	34	6		
			175	31
<b>PART 'B' STATES:</b>				
1 Hyderabad.	25	4	Nil	Nil
2 Jammu and Kashmir	6	Nil	99	17
3 Madhya Bharat	11	2	99	19
4 Mysore.	11	2	60	10
5 Pepsu.	5	1	160	16
6 Rajasthan.	20	2	60	4
7 Saurashtra.	6	Nil	108	11
8 Travancore-Cochin.	12	1		
			30	6
<b>PART 'C' STATES:</b>				
1 Ajmer.	2	—	30	5
2 Bhopal.	2	—	Nil	Nil
3 Bilaspur.	1	Nil	24	3
4 Coorg.	1	—	48	6
5 Delhi	4	1	36	8
6 Himachal Pradesh.	3	1	Nil	Nil
7 Kutch	2	Nil	Nil	Nil
8 Manipur	2	Nil	Nil	Nil
9 Tripura	2	Nil	60	6
10 Vindhya Pradesh	6	1		
<b>PART 'D' STATES:</b>				
Andaman and Nicobar Islands	1	Nil	Nil	Nil

Note:— The above figures are taken from the Representation of the People Act, 1950 (as amended in 1951) and from the Government of Part C States Act, 1951.

**List of Scheduled Castes in certain States, eligible  
for Government of India Scholarships for post  
Matric Studies.**

Note :—

- (a) No Indian Christian shall be deemed to be a member of a scheduled caste;
- (b) In Bengal no person who professes Buddhism or a tribal religion shall be deemed to be a member of any scheduled caste.

**MADRAS**

(1) Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

Adi-Andhra	Gosangi	Paidi
Adi-Dravida	Haddi	Painda
Adi-Karnatak	Hasla	Paky
Ajila	Holeya	Pallan
Arunthuthiyar	Jaggali	Pambada
Baira	Jambuvulu	Pamidi
Bakuda	Kalladi	Panchama
Bandi	Kanakkan	Paniyan
Bariki	Kodalo	Panniandi
Battada	Koosa	Paraiyan
Bavuri	Koraga	Paravan
Bellara	Kudumban	Pulayan
Byagari	Kuravan	Puthirai Vannan
Chachati	Madari	Raneyar
Chakkiliyan	Madiga	Relli
Chalavadi	Maila	Samagara
Chamar	Mala	Samban
Chandala	Mala Dasu	Sapari
Cheruman	Matangi	Semman
Dandasi	Moger	Thoti
Devendrakilathan	Muchi	Thiruvallavar
Ghasi	Mundala	Valluvan
Godagali	Nalakeyava	Valmiki
Godari	Nayadi	Vettuvan
Godda	Pagadai	

(2) Scheduled Castes throughout the Province except in any special constituency constituted under the Government of

India Act 1935 for the election of a representative of backward areas and backward tribes to the Legislative Assembly of the Province :—

Arandan	Kattunayakan	Kuruman
Dombo	Kudiya	Malasar
Kadan	Kudubi	Mavilan
Karimpalan	Kurichchan	Pano

### BOMBAY

(1) Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

*Agar	Dhor	Mahyawanshi
Asodi	Garode	Mang Garudi
Bakad	Halleer	Meghval, or Menghwar
Bhambi	Halsar, or Haslar	Mini Madig
Bhangi	or Hulsavar	Mukri
Chakrawadya-Dasar	Holaya	Nadia
Chalvadi	Khalpa	Shenva, or Shindhava
Chambhar or Mochi- gar or Samagar	Kolcha, or Kolgha	Shingdav or Shingadya
Chena-Dasaru	Koli Dhor	Sochi
Chuhar or Chuhra	Lingader	Timali
Dakaleru	*Machigar	Turi
Dhed	Madig or Mang	Vankar
Dhegu-Megu	Mahar	Vitholia

\*Recognized for purpose of Scholarship.

(2) Throughout the Province except in the Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat districts—

Mochi.

(3) In the Kanara district—

Kotegar.

### WEST BENGAL

Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

Agariya	Bhuimali	Dom
Bagdi	Bhuiya	Dosadh
Bahelia	Bhumij	Garo
Baiti	Bind	Ghasi
Bauri	Binjha	Gonthi
Bediya	Chamar	Hadi
Beldar	Dhenuar	Hanjang
Berua	Dhoba	Halaikhor
Bhatiya	Doai	Hari

Ho	Kora	Namasudra
Jalia Kaibartta	Kotal	Nat
Jhalo Malo or Malo	Lalbegi	Nuniya
Kadar	Lodha	Oraon
Kan	Lohar	Paliya
Kandh	Mahar	Pan
Kandra	Mabli	Pasi
Kaora	Mal	Patni
Kapuria	Mallah	Pod
Kerenga	Malpahariya	Rabha
Kastba	Mech	Rajbanshi
Kaur	Mehtor	Rajwar
Khaira	Muchi	Santal
Khatik	Nunda	Sunri
Koch	Masahar	Tiyar
Konai	Nagesia	Turi
Konwar		

### UNITED PROVINCES

(1) Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :--

Agariya	Chamar	Kharwar (except Benbansi)
Aberiya	Chero	Khatik
Bedi	Dabgar	Kol
Badhik	Dhangar	Korwa
Baheliya	Dhanuk (Bhangi)	Lalbegi
Bajaniya	Dharkar	Majhwar
Bajgi	Dhobi	Nat
Balahar	Dom	Pankha
Balmiki	Domar	Parahiya
Banmanus	Gharami	Pasi
Bansphor	Ghasiya	Patari
Bawar	Gaul	Rawat
Basor	Habura	Saharya
Bawariya	Hari	Sanaurhiya
Beldar	Hela	Sansiya
Bengali	Kalabaz	Shilpkar
Beriya	Kanjar	Tharu
Bhantu	Kapariya	Turaiha
Bhuiya	Karwal	
Bhuyiar	Khairha	
Boriva	Kharot	

(2) Throughout the Province except in the Agra, Mer  
and Rohilkhand divisions—

Kori.

## EAST PUNJAB

Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

Ad Dharmis	Marija, or Marecha	Khatik
Bawaria	Bengali	Kori
Chamar	Barar	Nat
Chuhra or Balmiki	Bazigar	Pasi
Dagi and Koli	Bhanjra	Perna
Dumma	Chanal	Sapela
Od	Dhanak	Siriband
Sansi	Gagra	Meghs
Sirera	Gandhila	Ramdasis

Sikh Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

- 1 Ramdasis
- 2 Mazhabis
- 3 Sikligars
- 4 Kabirpanthis

## BIHAR

(1) Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

Chamar	Halalkhor	Mochi
Chaupal	Hari	Musahar
Dhobi	Kanjar	Nat
Dusadh	Kurariar	Pasi
Dom	Lalbegi	

(2) In the Patna and Tirhut divisions and the Bhagalpur, Monghyr, Palamau and Purnea districts :—

Bauri	Bhumij	Rajwar
Bhogta	Ghasi	Turi
Bhuiya	Pan	

(3) In the Dhanbad subdivision of the Manbhum district and the Central Manbhum general rural constituency, and the Purulia and Raghunathpur municipalities :—

Bauri	Ghasi	Rajwar
Bhogta	Pan	Turi
Bhuiya		

## CENTRAL PROVINCES AND BERAR

Scheduled Castes.	Localities
Basor or Burud	Throughout the Province
Chamar	
Dom	
Ganda	
Mang	
Methtar, or Bhangi	
Satnami	
Audhelia	In the Bilaspur district
Bahna	In the Amraoti district
Balahi, or Balai	In the Berar division and Balaghat, Bhandara, Betul, Chanda, Chhindwara, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Mandla, Nagpur, Nimar, Saugor and Wardha districts.
Bedar	In the Akola, Amraoti and Buldana districts.
Chandar	In the Bhandara and Saugor districts.
Chauhan	In the Drug district.
Dahayat	In the Damoh subdivision of the Saugor district.
Dewar	In the Bilaspur, Drug and Raipur districts.
Dhanuk	In the Saugor district, except in the Damoh subdivision thereof.
Dhimar	In the Bhandara district.
Dhobi	In the Bhandara, Bilaspur, Raipur and Saugor districts, and the Hoshangabad and Seoni Malwa Tehsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Dohor	In the Berar division and the Balaghat, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Nagpur, and Wardha districts.
Ghasia	In the Berar division and in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Durg,

Scheduled Castes.	Localities
	Nagpur, Raipur and Wardha districts.
Holiya	... In the Balaghat and Bhandara districts.
Jangam	... In the Bhandara district.
Kaikari	... In the Berar division, and in Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts.
Katia	... In the Berar division, in the Balaghat, Betul, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Drug, Nagpur, Nimar, Rajpur and Wardha districts, in the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district, in the Chhindwara district, except in the Seoni subdivision thereof, and in the Saugor district except in the Damoh subdivision thereof.
Khangar	... In the Bhandara, Buldana and Saugor districts and the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Khatik	... In the Berar division, in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts, in the Hoshangabad tahsil of the Hoshangabad district, in the Chhindwara district, in the Seoni subdivision thereof, and in the Saugor district except in the Damoh subdivision thereof.
Koli	... In the Bhandara and Chanda districts.
Kori	... In the Amraoti, Balaghat, Betul, Bhandara, Buldana,

## Scheduled Castes.

## Localities

		Chhindwara, Jubbulpore, Mandla, Nimar, Raipur and Saugor districts, and in the Hoshangabad district except in the Harda and Sohagpur tahsils thereof.
Kumhar	...	In the Bhandara and Saugor districts, and the Hoshangabad and Seoni-Malwa tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Madgi	...	In the Berar division and in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur and Wardha districts.
Mala	...	In the Balaghat, Betul, Chhindwara, Hoshangabad, Jubbulpore, Mandla, Nimar and Saugor districts.
Mehra, or Mahar	...	Throughout the Province, except in the Harda and Sohagpur tahsils of the Hoshangabad district.
Nagarchi	...	In the Balaghat, Bhandara, Chhindwara, Mandla, Nagpur, and Raipur districts.
Ojha	...	In the Balaghat, Bhandara and Mandla districts and the Hoshangabad tahsil of the Hoshangabad districts.
Panka	...	In the Berar division, in the Balaghat, Bhandara, Bilaspur, Chanda, Drug, Nagpur, Raipur, Saugor and Wardha districts and in the Chhindwara district except in the Seoni subdivision thereof.
Pardhi	...	In the Narsinghpur subdivision of the Hoshangabad district.
Pradhan	...	In the Berar division in the Bhandara, Chanda, Nagpur, Nimar, Raipur and War-



Scheduled Castes.	Localities
	dha Districts and in the Chhindwara district, except in the Seoni subdivision thereof.
Rujjhar	... In the Sohagpur Tahsil of the Hoshangabad district.

### ASSAM

#### Scheduled Castes :—

##### (1) In the Assam Valley:—

Namasudra	Hita	Mehtar or Bhangi
Kaibartta	Lalbegi	Ban-phor
Bania or Brittia		
Bania		

##### (2) In the Surma Valley:—

Mali, or Bhuimali	Sutradhar	Kaibartta, or Jaliya
Dhupi or Dhobi	Muchi	Lalbegi
Dugla, or Dholi	Patni	Mehtar or Bhangi
Jhalo and Malo	Namsudra	Bansphor
Mahara		

### ORISSA

#### (1) Scheduled Castes throughout the Province :—

Adi-Andhra	Godra	Mangan
Audbelia	Gokha	Mehra or Mehar
Bariki	Haddi, or Hari	Mehtar or Bhangi
Basor or Burud	Irika	Mochi, or Muchi
Bavuri	Jaggali	Paidi
Chachati	Kandra	Painda
Chamar	Katia	Pamidi
Chandala	Kela	Panchama
Dandasi	Kodalo	Panka
Dwara	Madari	Relli
Dhoba, or Dhobi	Madiga	Sapari
Ganda	Mahuria	Santami
Ghusuria	Mala	Siyal
Godagali	Mang	Valamiki
Godari		

(2) Throughout the Province except in the Khondmals district, the district of Sambalpur and the areas transferred to Orissa under the provisions of the Government of India (Constitution of Orssa) Order, 1936, from the Vizagapatam and Ganjam Agencies in the Presidency of Madras :—

Pan or Pano

(3) Throughout the Province except in the Khondmals district and the areas so transferred to Orissa from the said Agencies :—

Dom or Dombu.

(4) Throughout the Province except in the district of Sambalpur :—

Bauri	Bhumij	Turi
Bhuiya	Ghasi, or Ghasia	

(5) In the Nawapara sub-division of the district of Sambalpur :—

Kori	Nagarchi	Pradhan
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DELHI

- |               |                                |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 Ad-Dharmi   | 13 Bhil                        |
| 2 Adhivasi    | 14 Chamar                      |
| 3 Agria       | 15 Chanwar                     |
| 4 Agrikharwal | 16 Chanwar Chamar              |
| 5 Aheria      | 17 Chirimar                    |
| 6 Balai       | 18 Chohra (Sweeper)            |
| 7 Banerwala   | 19 Chura (Balmiki)             |
| 8 Banajara    | 20 Daiya (Chhaj<br>Bananevala) |
| 9 Bawaria     | 21 Dhanka                      |
| 10 Bazigar    | 22 Dhinwar                     |
| 11 Bhabhulia  | 23 Dhobi                       |
| 12 Bhangi     | 24 Dom                         |

25 Gadaria	45 Megwal
26 Gawala	46 Mochi
27 Ghurami	47 Mandewala (Gach)
28 Ghasiara	48 Nai (Barber)
29 Giarah	49 Naribut
30 Herbi	50 Nayak
31 Jallad	51 Nat (Rana)
32 Jatiya or Jatav Chamar	52 Perna
33 Julah (Weaver)	53 Pasi
34 Kachbandha	54 Ram Dasia
35 Kahdera	55 Ravidasi
36 Kanjar	56 Rehgarh
37 Katputli Nachanewala	57 Saiz
38 Khatik	58 Sansi
39 Koli	59 Santhia
40 Kurmi	60 Sapera
41 Lalbegi	61 Singiwala
42 Madari	62 Siqligar
43 Mallah	63 Sirkiband
44 Masania Jogi	64 Teli

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AJMER—MERWAR..

1 Aheri	18 Dom
2 Begri	19 Garoda
3 Balai	20 Gancha
4 Bambhi	21 Jatava
5 Bansphod	22 Kalbelia
6 Baari	23 Kanjar
7 Bargi	24 Khangar
8 Bazigar	25 Khatik
9 Bhangi	26 Koli
10 Bhil	27 Korial
11 Bidakia	28 Kuchaband
13 Chanmar	29 Mehar
13 Dabgar	30 Meghwal
14 Dhanka	31 Mochi
15 Dhed	32 Nat
16 Dhobi	33 Nayak
17 Dholi	

34 Pasi	39 Sargara
35 Raigar	40 Satia
36 Rawal	41 Thori
37 Sansi	42 Tirgar
38 Sarbhangi	

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COORG

Castes, races and tribes which have been declared under the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936, to be Scheduled Castes in Madras.

## **Section C**

### **General**

**Regulations relating to Government of India Scholarships  
to Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and other  
Backward Classes.**

1. Candidates for the award of scholarships shall be members of the Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes as recognised for the purpose, shall be citizens of India and shall have passed the Matriculation of University established by law in India or any other equivalent examination of a recognised University or Board of Secondary Educations in India or in a foreign country.

2. The Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes Scholarships Board, hereinafter called "the Board" may award Scholarships to students eligible under Reg. No. 1 intending to pursue studies in recognised institutions in the following courses mentioned in order of preference:—

- (a) Medicine and allied subjects including Nursing.
- (b) Engineering and Architecture.
- (c) Agriculture, Forestry and Veterinary Science.
- (d) Technology.
- (e) Science.
- (f) Education and Social Service.
- (g) Commerce
- (h) Law.
- (i) Arts, Social Science, Fine Arts and Library Science.

3. The primary consideration in the award of scholarships shall be merit of the candidate but the Board may take steps to ensure that Administrative Units which contain a substantial proportion of members of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes are adequately represented in the final list of awards.

4. (A) In fixing the amount of each scholarship the Board shall have regard to expenditure under the following heads :—

- (a) Fees payable by the scholar to the College or University for enrolment, tuition, games and Examination.
- (b) Maintenance charges, whether in hostel or as day scholar (including maintenance during holidays and expenditure on books, stationery etc.)

(B). The Board shall also take into consideration the financial position of the candidate's parents or guardians and shall deduct in each case the value of any scholarships or financial assistance which the scholar may be receiving from other sources.

5. The scholarships shall be tenable only in institutions in India which may be approved by the Board for this purpose.

6. The scholarships shall ordinarily be tenable for a period of one year only.

7. The scholarships may be renewed subject to funds being available at the discretion of the Board for a period of not more than a year at a time to enable the holder to complete an approved course of study.

8. Applications for scholarships shall be made in the prescribed form through the Head of the Institution attended or last attended by the candidate and shall be addressed to the Secretary, Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes and Other Backward Classes Scholarships Board, Ministry of Education, New Delhi, in accordance with the instructions issued from time to time.

9. The Board shall not award any scholarship save after considering the recommendations of a Selection Committee appointed by the Board for the purpose of scrutinizing the applications.

10. A candidate to whom a scholarship is awarded shall forthwith inform the Board whether he is willing to accept the scholarship on the terms prescribed.

11. A scholarship shall lapse if the scholar changes the subject of the course for which the scholarship was originally awarded without the approval of the Board or if the scholar on transfer from one institution to another fails to join the second institution within a specified time.

12. Every scholar shall submit to the Board a statement at the end of each term from the Head of the Institution in regard to his progress and general conduct ; if it should appear at any time that a scholar has by reason of his own act or default failed to make satisfactory progress or has been guilty of misconduct the Board may either cancel the scholarship or stop or withhold further payment for such period as they may think fit.

13. The scholarship moneys shall be paid in two half-yearly instalments through the head of the Institution where the candidate is enrolled.

14. The Head of the Institution shall send at the end of each term a statement of the disbursements made on behalf of the scholarship holder together with a receipt from the Scholar concerned acknowledging for the total amount received from the scholarship fund for every scholar and also certify as follows :—

I hereby certify that the scholar (name).....  
 (class).....on whose account the amount of  
 Rs.....has been drawn has been regular in  
 attendance and has conformed to the rules under  
 which the scholarship is tenable.



**List of Backward Classes in Certain States, eligible  
for Govt. of India Scholarships for Post  
Metric Studies**

**MADRAS**

- |                                            |                                                          |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Agamudaiyans (including Tuluva vellalas) | 34 Gudigara                                              |
| 2 Ambalakaran                              | 35 Hegde                                                 |
| 3 Agasa                                    | 36 Idiga (including Setti Bahija)                        |
| 4 Annadan                                  | 37 Illevan (Ezhuven)                                     |
| 5 Are Mahaati                              | 38 Jakkulas (Guntur Distt.)                              |
| 6 Arya (S.Kanara)                          | 39 Jandara                                               |
| 7 Atagara                                  | 40 Jangam                                                |
| 8 Archukatlavandlu                         | 41 Jhetty                                                |
| 9 Badaga                                   | 42 Jogi                                                  |
| 10 Balolika                                | 43 Kabbera                                               |
| 11 Bestha                                  | 44 Kadaiyan                                              |
| 12 Bhandari                                | 45 Kaduppattan (Malabar)                                 |
| 13 Billava                                 | 46 Kaikolan (Sengunthar)                                 |
| 14 Bondil                                  | 47 Kalavanthula                                          |
| 15 Boya                                    | 48 Kalingi                                               |
| 16 Chaptegara                              | 49 Kallan                                                |
| 17 Chadadi (Chattada Srivai-<br>shnav)     | 50 Kammalans (Kamsalas &<br>VishwaBrahmans)              |
| 18 Chenchu                                 | 51 Kani or Kaniyan and<br>Kanisur or Kaniar Panikkar     |
| 19 Dasari                                  | 52 Komadiyan                                             |
| 20 Devadiga                                | 53 Kayuthiyan                                            |
| 21 Devalkar                                | 54 Kelasi                                                |
| 22 Devanga                                 | 55 Kharvi                                                |
| 23 Dommara                                 | 56 Khatri                                                |
| 24 Dudekula                                | 57 Khodala                                               |
| 25 Enadi                                   | 58 Kolaries or Muniyanies                                |
| 26 Galada Konkani                          | 59 Koppalavelamas                                        |
| 27 Gandla                                  | 60 Koracha                                               |
| 28 Ganika                                  | 61 Kota                                                  |
| 29 Gatti                                   | 62 Koteyar (Sheragara,<br>Kshatriya of South<br>Kanara). |
| 30 Gavara                                  | 63 Kulala                                                |
| 31 Gadaba                                  | 64 Kuruba                                                |
| 32 Gondo                                   | 65 Kurumba                                               |
| 33 Gowda (including Gamalla<br>or Kalal)   |                                                          |

- |                                                                            |                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 66 Kusavan                                                                 | 104 Pattanavan                                                                                        |
| 67 Labbai                                                                  | 105 Perike                                                                                            |
| 68 Lambadi                                                                 | 106 Peruvannan                                                                                        |
| 69 Madivala                                                                | 107 Picchigunta                                                                                       |
| 70 Madugar or Medavar                                                      | 108 Peraya                                                                                            |
| 71 Mahratta (Non-brahman)                                                  | 109 Pulluvan                                                                                          |
| 72 Malaiali                                                                | 110 Pusala (Pusalavadu)                                                                               |
| 73 Malyan (Malabar)                                                        | 111 Rajapuri                                                                                          |
| 74 Male                                                                    | 112 Reddi (Ganjam)                                                                                    |
| 75 Mangala                                                                 | 113 Sadhu Chetty                                                                                      |
| 76 Mappilla                                                                | 114 Saliyan                                                                                           |
| 77 Marati of S. Kanara Distt.<br>H. T.                                     | 115 Sadan                                                                                             |
| 78 Maravan                                                                 | 116 Paravatharajakulam                                                                                |
| 79 Maruthuvar                                                              | 117 Senaithalaivar                                                                                    |
| 80 Melakudi or Kudiyan                                                     | 118 Sebaikudavan Settibalijas<br>(in the Distt. of E. Goda-<br>wari, W. Godawari,<br>Guntur & Kistna) |
| 81 Modi Banda                                                              | 119 Sholagar (including Pani)                                                                         |
| 82 Moili                                                                   | 120 Siviari                                                                                           |
| 83 Muduva                                                                  | 121 Sourashtra                                                                                        |
| 84 Mukhari                                                                 | 122 Srisayana                                                                                         |
| 85 Mukkuvan or Mukayan<br>alias Mogayan                                    | 123 Sugali (Sukali)                                                                                   |
| 86 Mutracha                                                                | 124 Tatapu                                                                                            |
| 87 Muttiriyari                                                             | 125 Telikula                                                                                          |
| 88 Nagaram                                                                 | 126 Thogata Veerakshatriya                                                                            |
| 89 Nakkale                                                                 | 127 Tholuva Naicker and<br>Vettakajara Naicker                                                        |
| 90 Nalkedaya                                                               | 128 Thoriyan                                                                                          |
| 91 Namdev Mahratta                                                         | 129 Tigala (Tigla)                                                                                    |
| 92 Odden (Donga)                                                           | 130 Toda                                                                                              |
| 93 Odde                                                                    | 131 Tendaman                                                                                          |
| 94 Odiya                                                                   | 132 Rajaka (in Telugu Distts)                                                                         |
| 95 Oriya                                                                   | 133 Uppara                                                                                            |
| 96 Padayachi (Villayan<br>Kuppam)                                          | 134 Ura) Goundan                                                                                      |
| 97 Pamula                                                                  | 135 Vada Balija of Ganjam &<br>Vizagapatam Distts.                                                    |
| 98 Pannan (Malabar)                                                        | 136 Vaduvan                                                                                           |
| 99 Pangadikara                                                             | 137 Vakkaliga                                                                                         |
| 100 Paniyas (Ponnani Taluk,<br>Malabar)                                    | 138 Valaiyan                                                                                          |
| 101 Panniyar or Pannayaor or<br>Panniyari                                  | 139 Vaniyar                                                                                           |
| 102 Parkavakulam (Srithiman,<br>Malayalam, Nathaman,<br>Moopana & Nainar). | 140 Vannar (in Tamil Distts).                                                                         |
| 103 Patnulkaran                                                            | 141 Vanniyakula Kshatriya (in<br>Tamil Distts.) Agnikula<br>Kshatriya in Teulgu Distts.               |

142 Velakatalavan  
 143 Veluthadan  
 144 Virokodi Vellalars

145 Yadava  
 146 Yerukula

## BOMBAY

1 Alitkhar	35 Garudi
2 Bahurup	36 Ghantichor
3 Bajania	37 Ghisadi
4 Balsantoshi	38 Golla
5 Bandi	39 Gondhali
6 Battal	40 Gopal
7 Bava	41 Halepaik
8 Bazigar	42 Helav
9 Bedar	43 Jatia
10 Beldar	44 Jatigar
11 Berad	45 Javeri
12 Bhamta	46 Jogi
13 Bhand	47 Jogtin
14 Bharadi	48 Johari
15 Bhavaiya	49 Joshi
16 Bhavin	50 Kahar
17 Bhisti	51 Kaikadi
18 Bhute	52 Kaumi
18A. Bhoi	53 Kanjar
19 Budbudki	54 Kanjar Bhat
20 Burud	55 Kapdi
21 Chamtha	56 Katabu
22 Chandlagara	57 Kattai
23 Charan	58 Kharwas
25 Chhara	59 Kiliket
25 Charodis	60 Khelkari
26 Chitrkathi	61 Kolhati
26A. Dasa	62 Koli Malbar
27 Dabgars (in Gujerat,	63 Koli Survanahi
28 Davari	64 Kongadi
29 Devalis (Females known	65 Korava
as Bhavins)	66 Korcha
29A. Depala	67 Korchar
30 Devdig	68 Kotwal
31 Dholi	69 Kotwalia
32 Dombari	70 Kunbi Tiloni (in Ratnagiri)
33 Futgudi	71 Kunchi Korave
34 Gandbrap	72 Lamani

73 Mairal	101 Sansia
74 Manbhav	102 Sarania
75 Mangela	103 Sarodi
76 Me	104 Sarvade
77 Mochi	105 Shikari
78 Modkar	106 Shikligar
79 Naikmakkalu	107 Sudgadsidhar
80 Naikwadi	108 Suler
81 Namdhari	109 Suppaling
82 Namdhari-Paik	110 Takar
83 Nandiwale	111 Talvar
84 Nat	112 Thakar
85 Nath	113 Tirgar
86 Od	114 Tirmali
87 Padharia	115 Uchlia
88 Padiar	116 Vaddar
89 Pangul	117 Vadi
90 Patharvat	118 Vaghri
91 Patradevaru	119 Vaidu
92 Phudgi	120 Vaiti
93 Rachevar	121 Vakkals in the Kanara District.
94 Raikari	122 Valhar
95 Ramoshi	123 Valmiki
96 Ravalia	124 Vanjari
97 Sahadeo Joshi	125 Vasudev
98 Salat	126 Vir
99 Sangar	127 Wansfoda
100 Sanjogi	

### WEST BENGAL

1 Bagals	14 Kharga
2 Buddhists	15 Koiri
3 Bunnas	16 Korangas
4 Chacks	17 Mahatos
5 Chains	18 Matial
6 Dhangar	19 Matia
7 Dhasa	20 Mugs
8 Dulay	21 Rohangia or Roshangia
9 Gains	22 Hill Tribes of the Himalayan and of Chittagong Hills Tracts and Aboriginal Tribes.
10 Jeoni	
11 Kahan	
12 Karanis	
13 Khandait	

## UNITED PROVINCES

**Hindus**

- |                                                    |                         |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 Nai                                              | 19 Barni                |
| 2 Lohar                                            | 20 Dhiver               |
| 3 Sonar                                            | 21 Gosian               |
| 4 Teli                                             | 22 Kisan                |
| 5 Kumhar                                           | 23 Bhurji or Bharchunja |
| 6 Bhar                                             | 24 Beragi               |
| 7 Naik                                             | 25 Tamili               |
| 8 Gadariya                                         | 26 Koeri                |
| 9 Darzi                                            | 27 Arakh                |
| 10 Kori (in Agra, Meerut and Rohilkhand Divisions) | 28 Kurmi                |
| 11 Kachhi                                          | 29 Ahir                 |
| 12 Bangara                                         | 30 Lodh                 |
| 13 Chhadippi                                       | 31 Halwai               |
| 14 Jagi                                            | 32 Murao or Murai       |
| 15 Gujar                                           | 33 Kewat or Mallah      |
| 16 Mali                                            | 34 Lonia                |
| 17 Kahar                                           | 35 Bari                 |
| 18 Mainhar                                         | 36 Dushadh              |

**Muslims**

- |                     |                        |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1 Rangrez           | 11 Kasgar              |
| 2 Marasi            | 12 Naqqal              |
| 3 Dhafali           | 13 Muslim Kayasth      |
| 4 Bhatiyara         | 14 Manihar             |
| 5 Faquir            | 15 Nat                 |
| 6 Naddaf (Dhunia)   | 16 Carpenter (Barahai) |
| 7 Darzi             | 17 Kunjra              |
| 8 Momin             | 18 Gaddi               |
| 9 Majjam (Nai)      | 19 Kisan               |
| 10 Sweeper (Bhangi) | 20 Chikwa (Qassab)     |

P. S. In Kumaon Division, Merchanas, Naikas, Siris and backward Muslims will be considered as belonging to backward classes.

**EAST PUNJAB**

- |           |                 |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 1 Weaver  | 7 Baqria        |
| 2 Sweeper | 8 Mahtam        |
| 3 Kohli   | 9 Kahar         |
| 4 Dhobi   | 10 Koli         |
| 5 Megh    | 11 Bagi         |
| 6 Ghosi   | 12 Chamak Damak |

## BIHAR

- |                          |                                     |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 Momin                  | 42 Mali                             |
| 2 Rayeen                 | 43 Monia                            |
| 3 Mansori                | 44 Patwa                            |
| 4 Quaraiishi             | 45 Rauniar                          |
| 5 Hawari                 | 46 Sonar                            |
| 6 Idrisi                 | 47 Suri                             |
| 7 Ibrahimii or Salmain   | 48 Teli                             |
| 8 Bhangi                 | 49 Tanti (Tatwa)                    |
| 9 Halalmin or Halalkhor  | 50 Barai                            |
| 10 Pamaria               | 51 Amat                             |
| 11 Bhat                  | 52 Khatevy                          |
| 12 Ghosi                 | 53 Bari                             |
| 13 Rangrez               | 54 Dhimar                           |
| 14 Bhatiara              | 55 Bherihar                         |
| 15 Sain                  | 56 Kobleharia                       |
| 16 Dalali                | 57 Banter                           |
| 17 Nat                   | 58 Gareri                           |
| 18 Chik                  | 59 Debhar                           |
| 19 Mal                   | 60 Tamoli                           |
| 20 Keot                  | 61 Kamkar                           |
| 21 Goala                 | 62 Kasera                           |
| 22 Kol                   | 63 Jaiswar                          |
| 23 Let                   | 64 Laheri                           |
| 24 Konai                 | 65 Jogi                             |
| 25 Bagdi                 | 66 Chain                            |
| 26 Khar                  | 67 Thathera                         |
| 27 Kurmi                 | 68 Patheri                          |
| 28 Lohar                 | 69 Kisarwani                        |
| 29 Dhanuk                | 70 Bania (Surbi, Halvai)            |
| 30 Dhangar               | 71 Kalwar                           |
| 31 Tharu                 | 72 Khetra                           |
| 32 Mallah                | 73 Bin                              |
| 33 Ahir (Goala or Yadav) | 74 Gorhi                            |
| 34 Barhi                 | 75 Pargha                           |
| 35 Bind                  | 76 Markande                         |
| 36 Hajam                 | 77 Kadar                            |
| 37 Kalal                 | 78 Kamar                            |
| 38 Kanu                  | 79 Jolaha                           |
| 39 Kbalik                | 80 Kaihar (also called<br>Malusera) |
| 40 Koeri                 | 81 Gangai                           |
| 41 Kumbar                |                                     |

Upto No. 18 are Muslims.

Beyond No. 18 are Hindus

82 Rajbensi	105 Swansi
83 Resia	106 Ghatwar
84 Poliya	107 Bhat
85 Koeh	108 Sukiar
86 Gaurah	109 Kherwar
87 Chandals (Namasudras)	110 Panr
88 Jugi	111 Binjhia
89 Koiri	112 Birhor
90 Vais	113 Kheria
91 Dharkar	114 Kora
92 Chalgu	115 Mudi
93 Khatwa	116 Bediya
94 Chimhara	117 Ghunia
95 Jat	118 Lodhas
96 Khanghar	119 Bagals
97 Gangota	120 Tamarias
98 Turha	121 Dandachhatra
99 Tear	122 Chhatru
100 Chhabi	123 Mahtos
101 Markendeya	124 Halwai
102 Kasi	125 Paisari
103 Rautia	126 Beldar
104 Mehtar (Hindoo)	

## C.P. &amp; BERAR

1 Kaikari	18 Dhulia
2 Rohar	19 Baiga
3 Mang Garod	20 Bharia, Bhunia
4 Pasi	21 Bhunia
5 Toi Burdu	22 Halba
6 Danat	23 Kolam Kolum
7 Saranjia	24 Koli
8 Putligar	25 Korku
9 Jhadi	26 Gowaris
10 Nat	27 Mannewar
11 Kuchbandha	28 Pasis Passi
12 Kuchbandhia	29 Pardhi
13 Khatia	30 Kaikadi
14 Kumhar	31 Mang-Garodi
15 Dhanka	32 Waddar
16 Padka	33 Kangar
17 Dumar	34 Dankhni Mang

- |                        |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| 35 Kolhati             | 80 Nahal            |
| 36 Kangar Batwale      | 81 Bahria-Bhurihar  |
| 37 Fakir Bandarwala    | 82 Kamar            |
| 38 Yerkilwer           | 83 Korwa            |
| 39 Takankar            | 84 Parja            |
| 40 Tirwalli            | 85 Gaoli            |
| 41 Matti Waddar        | 86 Banjara          |
| 42 Kanjar              | 87 Vanjari          |
| 43 Pardhan or Patharia | 88 Badaks           |
| 44 Banjara, Vanjari    | 89 Berias or Birias |
| 45 Kola Bhuti          | 90 Bedias           |
| 46 Nahal               | 91 Minas            |
| 47 Ojha                | 92 Nut Berias       |
| 48 Bharias or Bhumia   | 93 Basdewas         |
| 49 Palharis            | 94 Khamgara         |
| 50 Ganamandis          | 95 Bhar             |
| 51 Chanlar Chauhan     | 96 Bhanmati         |
| 52 Gosangiwari         | 97 Dhangar          |
| 53 Patharia            | 98 Gadria           |
| 54 Mirdha              | 99 Pindiara         |
| 55 Ketil               | 100 Mogia           |
| 56 Kaikadi             | 101 Kuchhandia      |
| 57 Gopal               | 102 Beria           |
| 58 Bowar               | 103 Bhil-Kotli      |
| 59 Chauhan             | 104 Bhil-Tarwi      |
| 60 Garwadi or Garddi   | 105 Behlia          |
| 61 Shakari-Baheli      | 106 Langoti Pardhis |
| 62 Nihar               | 107 Phans Pardhis   |
| 63 Moghia              | 108 Chita Pardhis   |
| 64 Hollar              | 109 Pangalas Gopals |
| 65 Kahar               | 110 Radhe Mang      |
| 66 Gochaki             | 111 Mang Mahashi    |
| 67 Arrakh              | 112 Bhadre          |
| 68 Khairwara           | 113 Bhadi Wadder    |
| 69 Kosti or Kushta     | 114 Takankar        |
| 70 Ladia               | 115 Dukar Kolhatri  |
| 71 Nagasia             | 116 Charan          |
| 72 Pathari             | 117 Banjar          |
| 73 Rawat               | 118 Binga Bhui      |
| 74 Sonkar              | 119 Bhanta          |
| 75 Parthi              | 120 Kolam,          |
| 76 Agaria              | 121 Naikda, Bhil    |
| 77 Bahelia             | 122 Mathura         |
| 78 Sahis               | 123 Manjar          |
| 79 Kanera              |                     |



## ASSAM

- |                    |                                    |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 Chutia           | 17 Native Christian                |
| 2 Keot             | 18 Goala, Ghosh or Gop             |
| 3 Karmakar         | 19 Ganak                           |
| 4 Koch             | 20 Kupadar                         |
| 5 Rajhangshi       | 21 Kheria                          |
| 6 Yogi (Nath)      | 22 Kanjar                          |
| 7 Mahisya Das      | 23 Sikhs (Native of Assam)         |
| 8 Sudra Das or Dey | 24 Sao, Saha                       |
| 9 Saloi (Goala)    | 25 Barbar, Chanda or Chandravaidya |
| 10 Baroi           | 26 Tea Garden Coolies              |
| 11 Not             | 27 Ahombs                          |
| 12 Kumar Rudrapal  | 28 Katonis of Assam Valley         |
| 13 Teli            | 29 Nainpuri                        |
| 14 Sut or Baria    | 30 Gurkha                          |
| 15 Mech (Tribal)   |                                    |
| 16 Sinawal ,,      |                                    |

## ORISSA

- |            |                                                                                                           |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Kori     | (Residents of Kharipur Sub-division of the Distt of Sambalpur belonging to these Castes, races or tribes) |
| 2 Nagarchi |                                                                                                           |
| 3 Pardhan  |                                                                                                           |

## AJMAR-MERWARA

- |          |         |
|----------|---------|
| 1 Kahar  | 5 Gujar |
| 2 Ahir   | 6 Jat   |
| 3 Mali   | 7 Teli  |
| 4 Kumhar | 8 Nai   |

## COORG

- |           |             |
|-----------|-------------|
| 1 Yerava  | 10 Madivala |
| 2 Kuruba  | 11 Mumbara  |
| 3 Harijan | 12 Imbokka  |
| 4 Meda    | 13 Ayri     |
| 5 Kudiya  | 14 Heggade  |
| 6 Pale    | 15 Golla    |
| 7 Marati  | 16 Thoreya  |
| 8 Manna   | 17 Ganiga   |
| 9 Maleya  | 18 Boya     |

- |                                         |                |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------|
| 19 Kodaga or Yedava and<br>Surlabi Neds | 23 Arya Vaisya |
| 20 Telega .                             | 24 Devanga     |
| 21 Mapilla                              | 25 Amma Kodaga |
| 22 Bilimagga                            | 26 Lingayat    |
|                                         | 27 Gowda       |

### ANDAMANS AND NICOBARS

All inhabitants of Andamans and Nicobars

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## THE CONSTITUTION (DETERMINATION OF POPULATION) ORDER, 1950

In exercise of the powers conferred by article 387 of the Constitution of India and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the President is pleased to make the following Order, namely :—

1. (1) This Order may be called the Constitution (Determination of Population) Order, 1950.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. (1) The General Clauses Act, 1897 (X of 1897) applies for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of a Central Act.

(2) In this Order,—

(a) “Census Commissioner” means the Census Commissioner appointed under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Census Act, 1948 (XXXVII of 1948);

(b) “paragraph” means a paragraph of this Order.

3. For the purposes of elections held under the provisions of the Constitution during a period of three years from its commencement,—

(a) the population of each State,

(b) the population of Scheduled Castes in each Part A State, and in each Part B State other than Jammu and Kashmir,

(c) the population of Scheduled Tribes in each Part A State other than Assam and in each Part B State other than Jammu and Kashmir,

(d) the population of Scheduled Tribes in Assam excluding the tribal areas thereof,

(e) the population of Scheduled Tribes in each autonomous district of Assam, and

(f) the population of each autonomous district of Assam,

shall be determined in the manner hereinafter provided.

4. (1) As soon as may be after the commencement of this Order, the Census Commissioner shall prepare estimates of the population of every State as on the first day of March, 1950, in each of the following two ways, that is to say,—

(a) after taking into account the population of the territory of that State as ascertained at the census of 1941, and such records as are available to him regarding births and deaths in that territory since that census, and also the movement of persons displaced from their original places of residence by reason of the setting up of the Dominions of India and Pakistan, and

(b) on the basis of the mathematical projection of the trend indicated by the population figures of that territory as ascertained at the last five decennial censuses, after taking into account the movement of persons referred to in clause (a),

and shall then determine the population of the State by taking the average of the two estimates.

(2) The Census Commissioner shall thereafter submit to the President a statement showing the population of each State as so determined, together with an explanatory note as to how the figures of population have been calculated; and the statement shall, on being approved by the President, be notified in the *Gazette of India*

(3) Such notification shall be conclusive evidence that the statement has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph; and for the purposes of the elections referred to in paragraph 3, the population of each State shall be as set out in the statement so notified.

5. (1) After determining the population of each State under paragraph 4, the Census Commissioner shall prepare estimates of each of the other items mentioned in paragraph 3, on the basis—

(a) that the population of Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes in the territory of any State or part of a State bears to the total population of the State as determined under paragraph 4 the same pro-

portion which the population, as ascertained at the census of 1941, of those Castes or Tribes in that territory bore to the total population, as so ascertained, of the territories now comprising that State: and

- (b) that the population of each of the autonomous districts of Assam bears to the total population of that State as determined under paragraph 4 the same proportion which the population, as ascertained at the census of 1941, of the territories now comprising that district bore to the total population, as so ascertained, of the territories now comprising that State :

Provided that if in any particular case the necessary population figures have not been ascertained at the census of 1941, the population figures as ascertained at the census of 1931 shall be taken for determining the said proportion :

Provided further that if in any particular case the necessary population figures have not been ascertained either at the census of 1941 or at the census of 1931, the population in question shall be estimated in such other manner as the President may direct.

(2) The Census Commissioner shall thereafter submit to the President a statement showing the estimates of population under sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph, together with an explanatory note as to how they have been arrived at ; and the statement shall, on being approved by the President be notified in the *Gazette of India*.

(3) Such notification shall be conclusive evidence that the Statement has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph ; and for the purposes of the elections referred to in paragraph 3, the population of Scheduled Castes or Scheduled Tribes in any State or part of a State and the population of any autonomous district of Assam, shall be as set out in the statement so notified.

6. For the purposes of the elections referred to in paragraph 3 and the delimitation of constituencies therefor, the population of any area within a State to be included in a constituency shall, unless in the case of any particular area or class of areas the President otherwise directs, be determined by multiplying the number of voters entered in the provisional electoral

rolls of that area by the total population of that State as determined under paragraph 4, and then by dividing the product by the total number of voters entered in the provisional electoral rolls of the whole State.

*Explanation*—In this paragraph, “provisional electoral rolls” means the electoral rolls which at the commencement of this Order are under preparation for the purposes of the first general elections to the House of the People under the Constitution.

*(This Order was made by the President of India & published in the Gazette of India, dated, New Delhi 15th April 1950)*

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**Lists of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes  
for the purpose of the Government of Part 'C'  
States Act 1951, as specified in the First and  
the Second Schedules thereof.**

*The First Schedule*

**SCHEDULED CASTES IN PART C STATES.**

**AJMER**

1 Aheri	21 Kalbelia
2 Bagri	22 Kanjar
3 Balai	23 Khangar
4 Eambhi	24 Khatik
5 Bansphod	25 Koli
6 Baori	26 Korla
7 Bargi	27 Kuchband
8 Bazigar	28 Mahar
9 Bhangi	29 Meghwal
10 Bidakia	30 Meehi
11 Chammar	31 Nat
12 Dabgar	32 Pasi
13 Dhanak	33 Raigar
14 Dhed	34 Rawal
15 Dhebi	35 Sarbhangi
16 Dholi	36 Sargara
17 Dom	37 Satia
18 aroda	38 Thori
19 Gancha	39 Tirgar
20 Jatava	40 Sansi

**BHOPAL**

1 Balahi	7 Uhanuk
2 Basar	8 Dome
3 Bedia	9 Kanjar
4 Beldar	10 Khatik
5 Chamar	11 Koli
6 Chitar	12 Mehtar, Bhangi

- |          |            |
|----------|------------|
| 13 Mahar | 15 Nut     |
| 14 Mang  | 16 Silawat |

## COORG

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| 1 AdigDravida  | 7 Mochi     |
| 2 Adi Karnatak | 8 Mundela   |
| 3 Adiya        | 9 Panchama  |
| 4 Palagai      | 10 Paraya   |
| 5 Holeva       | 11 Poleya   |
| 6 Madiga       | 12 Samagara |

## DELHI

- |                          |                             |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 Adi-Dharmi             | 22 Kanjar                   |
| 2 Agria                  | 23 Khatik                   |
| 3 Aheria                 | 24 Koli                     |
| 4 Balai                  | 25 Lalbegi                  |
| 5 Banjara                | 26 Madari                   |
| 6 Bawaria                | 27 Mallah                   |
| 7 Bazigar                | 28 Mazhabi                  |
| 8 Bhangi                 | 29 Megwal                   |
| 9 Bhil                   | 30 Mochi                    |
| 10 Chamar                | 31 Nat (Rana)               |
| 11 Chanwar Chamar        | 32 Pasi                     |
| 12 Chobra (Sweeper)      | 33 Pecua                    |
| 13 Chubra (Balmiki)      | 34 Ram Dasia                |
| 14 Dhanuk or Dhanuk      | 35 Ravidasi or Raidasi      |
| 15 Dhobi                 | 36 Reingarh or Raigar       |
| 16 Dom                   | 37 Sansi                    |
| 17 Gharrami              | 38 Sapera                   |
| 18 Jatya or Jatav Chamar | 39 Sikligar                 |
| 19 Julaha (Weaver)       | 40 Singiwala or<br>Kalbelia |
| 20 Kabirpanthi           | 41 Sirkiband                |
| 21 Kuchbandha            |                             |

## HIMACHAL PRADESH

- |                                            |                   |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 Ad-dharmi                                | 8 Besi            |
| 2 Balmiki or Chura or<br>Bhangi or Sweeper | 9 Bhanjra         |
| 3 Bangali                                  | 10 Chamar         |
| 4 Banjara                                  | 11 Chanal         |
| 5 Barar                                    | 12 Dagi           |
| 6 Bawaria                                  | 13 Daole          |
| 7 Bazigar                                  | 14 Dhaki or Toori |
|                                            | 15 Dhom or Doomna |



16 Kabirpanthi or Julaha or Keer	24 Ramdasi or Ravidasi
17 Koli	25 Ramdasia
18 Mazhabi	26 Rebar
19 Mochi	27 Sansi
20 Nat	28 Sapela
21 Od	29 Sirkigar
22 Pasi	30 Sirkiband
23 Phrera	

## VINDHYA PRADESH

1 Basor (Bansphor)	7 Domar or Doris
2 Chamar	8 Kuchbandhia
3 Dahait	9 Mehtar or Bhangi or Dhanuk
4 Dharkar	10 Mochi
5 Dher	
6 Dom	

*The Second Schedule*

## SCHEDULED TRIBES IN CERTAIN PART C STATES.

## BHOPAL

1 Bhil	5 Mogia
2 Gond	6 Pardhi
3 Karku	7 Saharia, Sosia or Sor
4 Keer	

## COORG

1 Korama	4 Maratha
2 Kudiya	5 Meda
3 Kuruba	6 Yerava

## VINDHYA PRADESH

1 Agariya	8 Kamar
2 Bagia	9 Khairwar
3 Bedia	10 Majhi
4 Bhil	11 Mawasi
5 Bhumiya	12 Panika
6 Biar (Biyar)	13 Pao
7 Gond	14 Sonr

**Statement showing total estimated population as on 1st March 1950, total provisional population as per Census of 1951, total number of voters, total number of Scheduled Castes voters and Scheduled Tribes voters in Part A and Part B States**

Province.	Total estimated population as on 1st March 1950.	Total provisional population as per Census of 1951.	Total No. of voters.	No. of Sch. Castes voters.	No. of Sch. Tribes voters.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>PART 'A' STATES :</b>					
1 Assam :					
(a) Excluding Autonomous Districts	73,92,000	*91,29,442	(a) 34,58,027	2,44,288	(a) 3,87,341
(b) In Autonomous Districts.	11,18,000		(b) 5,60,040		(b) 5,16,151
2 Bihar	3,94,20,000	4,02,18,916	2,03,89,520	24,94,374	19,64,471
3 Bombay	3,26,80,000	3,59,43,559	1,67,64,763	14,10,943	17,39,677
4 Madhya Pradesh	2,09,20,000	2,13,27,898	1,12,32,070	18,93,596	13,96,930
5 Madras	5,42,90,000	5,69,52,332	2,70,17,652	42,30,838	2,95,218
6 Orissa	1,44,10,000	1,46,44,293	76,84,828	12,70,745	16,04,872
7 Punjab	1,26,10,000	1,26,38,611	66,91,004	12,35,273	Nil
8 Uttar Pradesh	6,16,20,000	6,32,54,118	3,13,87,000	63,97,000	Nil
9 West Bengal	2,43,20,000	2,47,86,683	1,24,15,107	24,73,574	6,44,756
<b>PART 'B' STATES :</b>					
1 Hyderabad	1,76,90,000	1,86,52,964	90,42,244	14,57,108	1,21,377
2 Jammu & Kashmir	43,70,000	*	*	*	*
3 Madhya Bharat	78,70,000	79,41,642	40,90,857	6,76,088	5,13,402
4 Mysore	86,60,000	90,71,678	39,89,105	6,63,230	Nil
5 PEPSU	33,20,000	34,68,631	17,63,531	3,35,986	Nil
6 Rajasthan	1,46,90,000	1,52,97,979	76,27,152	8,51,916	6,34,641
7 Saurashtra	39,60,000	41,36,005	17,57,078	Not available	Not available
8 Travancore-Cochin	85,80,000	92,65,157	42,05,740	4,05,577	10,698

\* Figures for the State of Jammu and Kashmir and Part B Tribal Areas of Assam are not included.

Note (1) :— 1951 Census operations were not carried out in the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

Note (2) :— Census operations were never so far carried out in the Tribal Areas of Assam. A local unverified estimate indicates a population strength of 5,60,631 persons.

Note (3) :— The total provisional population of all States (Parts A, B, C, and D) excluding Jammu and Kashmir and the Tribal Areas of Assam, but including Sikkim as per Census of 1951 is 35,68,91,624.

## **Territorial Limits of Certain States, after partition of India and merger of States.**

### **PART 'A' STATES**

#### **I ASSAM**

1 Assam as in 1941 Census excluding Sylhet District except the following Police Stations:

- |    |               |     |            |
|----|---------------|-----|------------|
| i  | Pathar Kandi. | iii | Karimganj. |
| ii | Ratha Bari.   | iv  | Bedarpur.  |

2 Khasi States.

#### **II BIHAR**

1 Bihar as in 1941 Census.

2 Following from Orissa States Agency:

- |   |            |    |            |
|---|------------|----|------------|
| i | Seraikela. | ii | Kharsawan. |
|---|------------|----|------------|

#### **III BOMBAY**

1 Bombay as in 1941 Census.

2 Idar, Radhanpur, Vijayanagar and Sabarkantha Agency from Western India State Agency.

3 Gujerat State Agency.

4 Deccan (and Kolhapur) States Agency.

5 Abu, Danta, Palanpur and Sirohi from Rajputana States.

6 Baroda State.

#### **IV MADHYA PRADESH**

1 Central Provinces as in 1941 Census.

2 Following former Indian States from Chhatisgarh States Agency:

i Bastar	viii Raigarh	
ii Kanker	ix Sarangarh	
iii Nandgaon	x Changbhakar	Under Bihar
iv Khairagarh	xi Korea	Superin-
v Chhikhadan	xii Sarguja	tendent
vi Kawardha	xiii Udaipur	in 1941
vii Sakti	xiv Jashpur	Census.

### 3 Makrai from Bhopal States Agency

#### V MADRAS:

- 1 Madras as in 1941 Census.
- 2 Following Madras States:

i Banganapalle State.	iii Sandur State.
ii Pudukottai State.	

#### VI ORISSA

- 1 Orissa as in 1941 Census.
- 2 Kalahandi and Patna from Chhatisgarh States Agency.
- 3 Orissa States Agency except Seraikela & Kharsawan.
- 4 Mayurbhanj State.

#### VII PUNJAB

- 1 Ambala & Jullundur Divisions.
- 2 (a) Amritsar District of Lahore Division, and  
(b) Following Tehsils:

of Lahore District:

Kasur- a portion only, approximately half.

of Gurdaspur District:

i Gurdaspur.	iii Pathankot.
ii Butala.	

- 3 Following Punjab States:

- i Loharu.                      ii Dujana.    iii Pataudi.

### VIII UTTAR PRADESH

- 1 United Provinces as in 1941 Census.  
2 Following U.P. States.

- i Rampur.                      iii Banaras.  
ii Tehri Garhwal.

### IX WEST BENGAL:

- 1 Bengal as in 1941 Census excluding:

- i Dacca & Chittagong Divisions.  
ii Presidency Division except  
(a) 24 Parganahs, Calcutta and Murshidabad Districts.  
(b) Following Police Stations

#### Of Nadia District

- |                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| i Kaliganj       | ii Nakasipara. |
| iii Krishanagar  | iv Chapra.     |
| v Nabadvip.      | vi Santipur.   |
| vii Ranaghat.    | viii Chakdoh.  |
| ix Haringhate    | x Hanskali     |
| xi Karimpur      | xii Tehetta    |
| xiii Krishnaganj |                |

#### Of Jesore District:

- i Pongaon                      ii Gaighata  
iii Rajshashi Division except;  
(a) Darjeeling District.  
(b) Following Police Stations of Dinapur District:

- |                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| i Balurghatta.   | ii Kumarganj. |
| iii Gangarampur. | iv Tapan.     |
| v Raiganj.       | vi Hemtabad   |
| vii Kaliaganj.   | viii Itabar.  |
| ix Banshihari.   | x Kushmundi.  |

**Of Jalpaiguri District:**

i Jalpaiguri	ii Raiganj.
iii Maynaguri.	iv Nagrakata.
v Dhubguri.	vi Mal.
vii Mitiali.	viii Alipur Duars.
ix Kumargram.	x Kalchini.
xi Falakata	xii Madarihat.

**Of Malda District:**

i Kharba	ii Harishchandrapur
iii Ratua.	iv Manikchak.
v Gajole.	vi Bamangola
vii Malda.	viii Habipur.
ix English Bazar	x Kaliachak.

**2 Cooch-Bihar State.****PART 'B' STATES****I HYDERABAD**

Hyderabad State as in 1941 Census.

**II MADHYA BHARAT**

i Gwalior State.	ii Indore State.
iii Malwa State Agency.	
iv Bhopal State Agency except Bhopal & Makrai.	

**III MYSORE**

Mysore State as in 1941 Census.

**IV PEPSU****1** The following Punjab States:

i Kalsia	ii Kapurthala	iii Malerkotla
iv Faridkot	v Patiala	vi Jind
vii Nabha		

**2** The Punjab Hill State of Nalgarh.**V RAJASTHAN**

Following Rajputana States:

1 Bikaner	2 Jaipur
3 Jaisalmer	4 Jodhpur

5 Banswada	6 Bundi
7 Dungarpur	8 Jhalawar
9 Kishengarh	10 Kotah
11 Mewar	12 Partabgarh
13 Shahpura	14 Tonk
15 Kushalgarh (chiefship)	16 Lawa (Estate)

### V SAURASHTRA

Western India States Agency as in 1941 Census **except**

- |                      |                |
|----------------------|----------------|
| i Kutch              | ii Idar        |
| iii Radhanput        | iv Vijayanagar |
| v Sabarkantha Agency |                |

### VII TRAVANCORE- COCHIN

- |                                       |
|---------------------------------------|
| i Travancore state as in 1941 Census. |
| ii Cochin State as in 1941 Census.    |
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**Memorandum submitted to the President of India on behalf of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, Delhi, in regard to the specification and population by the President, of the Scheduled Tribes under Orders S R O 510 dated 6th September, 1950 and No. 2 38 50-Public dated 5th October 1950.**

The population of the Scheduled Tribes as determined by the Government Order is 178.73 lakhs in Parts A and B States except Jammu and Kashmir and PEPSU, as on the 1st March 1950. Their population in corresponding areas in 1941 was 241.34 lakhs. The total population of the country has increased during this period by about 10%. Assuming that the Scheduled Tribes increased in the same proportion, their population in 1950 should have been 265.47 lakhs. The officially estimated population is thus about 87 lakhs less than it might reasonably have been expected to be. In other words, as a result of consultation between the President and the Governors and Rajpramukhs under article 342 (1) of the Constitution of India, it has been reduced by 33%. Even as compared with the population in 1941, it is less by about 63 lakhs or about 25%.

The following table compares the estimated population in 1950 with the population in 1941 in Parts A and B States excluding Jammu and Kashmir.

Name of the State.	1950 population in lakhs	1941 population in lakhs	Decrease (-)	Excess (+)
<b>PART A STATES ;</b>				
Assam	17.15	26.07	-8.92	
Bihar	42.10	51.65	-9.55	
Bombay	30.37	27.12		+3.25
Madhya Pradesh	24.59	44.40	-19.81	
Madras	5.96	5.62		+0.34



Orissa	29·25	35·09	-5·84	
Punjab	0·15	—		+0·15
Uttar Pradesh	—	2·93	-2·93	
West Bengal	11·77	13·71	-1·94	
<b>PART B STATES :</b>				
Hyderabad	2·37	6·78	-4·41	
Madhya Bharat	9·49	10·97	-1·48	
Mysore	0·10	0·09		+0·01
Rajasthan	4·47	15·51	-11·04	
Saurashtra	0·73	0·02		+0·71
Travancore-Cochin	0·23	1·38	-1·15	
Grand Total :	<u>178·73</u>	<u>241·34</u>	<u>-67·07</u>	<u>+4·46</u>
Net Decrease			-62·61	

or nearly 63 lakhs.

These figures show that as compared with the 1941 figures in Madhya Pradesh the tribal population has been reduced by nearly 50% and in Rajasthan by nearly 75%. These two States account for half the difference between the population in 1941 and the population as estimated in 1950. The tribal population has been considerably reduced in Assam, Bihar, Orissa and Hyderabad also. It has increased practically in Bombay only. In Madras it has virtually undergone no change, but social workers engaged in promoting the welfare of the aborigines complain that some communities which are tribal have not been classified as Scheduled Tribes, e.g., Enadis and Erukals numbering several lakhs in the Andhra districts (not included even in the 1941 list of Scheduled Tribes), Irulas and Adiyans.

Sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph (5) of the Constitution (Determination of population) Order, dated 15th April 1950 requires the Census Commissioner to submit to the President a statement showing the estimates of the population of the Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes, "together with an explanatory note as to how they have been arrived at". But this note though obviously of great importance has not been published, nor has the public been acquainted with the reasons given by the representatives of the States at the Conference convened by the Government of India in May, 1950 for excluding a large number of tribes from the list of Scheduled Tribes. The reasons for the serious decrease in the Scheduled Tribes population can be gathered only from the answer given in Parliament to starred

question No. 416 on the 27th November, 1950. The main reasons given are as follows :—

(1) "Parts of tribes treated as Scheduled Tribes under the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950 who live outside localised areas and have ceased to be primitive or even backward and became largely assimilated to the general population among whom they reside" had also been excluded. "Instances of such cases are found mainly in Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan".

(2) "A few communities formerly enumerated as tribes are now classified as Scheduled Castes in some areas".

These grounds which are far from convincing are dealt with below :—

(1) There does not seem to be any adequate reason for treating a tribe as Scheduled Tribe in one area and refusing to recognise it as such in other areas in the same State. In Madhya Pradesh which has 97 tehsils, certain tribes have been listed as Scheduled Tribes in 35 tehsils but not elsewhere. Had an organised effort on a large scale been made in that State for a long time for the advancement of their interests, they might have become assimilated with the rest of the population in many areas of the State. But it is well known that their interests have been almost totally neglected not merely in Madhya Pradesh but throughout India for generations. Special measures have been taken for their advancement in Madhya Pradesh only during the last two or three years. It is therefore scarcely credible that such progress should have taken place among them educationally, economically or socially, as to justify their exclusion from the list of Scheduled Tribes in a large part of the State. The restriction of the area within which certain communities are to be regarded as Scheduled Tribes is thus purely arbitrary.

The same considerations apply with much greater force to Rajasthan where before 1947 the administration hardly seemed to be aware of their existence, and paid less attention to the welfare of the people generally than the States formerly known as Provinces. Yet it is claimed that nearly 75% of the people formerly regarded as aborigines have advanced so much as to require no special protection. It is important in this

connection to point out that although the President has passed no order prescribing the areas which should be regarded as Scheduled areas in part B States, it is stated in the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950 that only the tribes living in Scheduled areas in Rajasthan will be regarded as Scheduled Tribes, and their population has been determined. This again clearly shows the arbitrary character of the decision to regard only those tribes as Scheduled Tribes which live in certain localities and gives rise to the suspicion that the desire to reduce the population of the Scheduled Tribes was a stronger reason for adopting the system referred to above, than any progress that the Scheduled Tribes may be supposed to have made. This system has been followed in Madhya Pradesh also.

(2) Certain communities treated as Scheduled Tribes formerly have been classified as Scheduled Castes, mainly in Bihar, Orissa, W. Bengal, U.P., and Travancore-Cochin. Their total population is a little over 19 lakhs. It may be thought that it is immaterial whether a community is treated as a Scheduled Tribe or as a Scheduled Caste, for its interests in respect of representation in the various Legislatures and appointment to services will be equally safeguarded by the Constitution. The Scheduled Tribes however are accorded special treatment by the Constitution because of their greater backwardness. For instance, the Central Government is under an obligation under article 275 to assist the States in carrying out such schemes for the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes as may have been drawn up with its approval. To give one more instance, Schedule 5 of the Constitution provides that if the President so directs, a Tribes Advisory Council may be established in a State for Scheduled Tribes not living in Scheduled areas to give advice on such matters pertaining to their welfare and advancement as may be referred to it. Unless, therefore, cogent reasons are given for transferring a community from the list of Scheduled Tribes to that of the Scheduled Castes no such transfer should be allowed. But the public is not yet aware of the grounds on which the transfer mentioned above has been made.

Had the conclusions at which the President arrived after consultation with the Governors and Rajpramukhs of States been published for general criticism before they were finally approved, the authorities would have been able to give due weight to the views of the public and to remove much of the dis-satisfaction that exists now. But this was not done

presumably because the Government had decided that the general elections should take place in April 1951. It is unfortunate that even social workers engaged in promoting the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes were not consulted. Probably even the Department of Anthropology was not asked for its opinion. As the elections have been postponed to November-December, 1951, the injustice done to the Scheduled Tribes should be rectified now. The President's Order specifying the tribes which should be regarded as Scheduled Tribes can be modified only by a law passed by Parliament. It is earnestly hoped that the Government will introduce the necessary legislation in the Budget Session of Parliament so that the interests of the most helpless section of the population may be adequately protected. Should the Government desire to have the matter re-examined by a committee before taking action, it is suggested that two of its members should be representatives of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh and that the Committee's proposals should be published to elicit public opinion before they are considered by the Government.

Delhi, 17th Dec. 1950.

(Sd) H.N. Kunzru  
and 15 members of  
Parliament.

**Reply to the above memorandum by the Government  
of India, dated 15th Feb 1951.**

Sixteen Members of Parliament have written a letter to the Prime Minister drawing his attention to the "dissatisfaction caused among social workers and Members of Parliament interested in the welfare of the Scheduled Tribes", forwarding a Memorandum on the subject cited above and seeking an opportunity for discussing it. The Memorandum forwarded by them was prepared by the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh.

2 The Sangh draws pointed attention to the fact that the total number of Scheduled Tribes as now determined is only 178.73 lakhs the total of communities enumerated as tribes in the 1941 census. There is a net diminution of 63 lakhs which, the Sangh alleges, has resulted in a proportionate diminution in the number of reserved seats in the Legislatures and other benefits to which members of tribal communities are entitled under the terms of the new Constitution. The Sangh is aware that an explanation of the figures mentioned above

had been asked for and furnished in reply to a question in Parliament on the 27th November 1950; but it does not accept the explanation as convincing.

3. It has, therefore, made the following proposals:—

(a) a committee should be constituted in order to re-examine this matter. The Committee should include two representatives of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh;

(b) the proposals to be framed by this Committee should be published in order to elicit public opinion before they are considered by the Government; and

(c) thereafter, Government should introduce necessary legislation in the Budget Session of Parliament.

4. Among the papers attached to the Memorandum, specific reference is made to a number of communities individually by name. These (in the opinion of the Sangh) should have been treated as Scheduled Tribes but are not.

5. The decisions of the Government of India which are sought to be reopened are contained in three Notifications. The first is the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950, issued by the President under Article 342 of the Constitution, and notified on the 6th September 1950. The second is a determination of the population of Scheduled Tribes in Assam as specified by the previous notification. This was issued on the 28th September 1950. The third is a similar determination of population relating to all other Scheduled Tribes in India. It was issued on the 5th October 1950. The last two notifications were issued in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution (Determination of Population) Order 1950; which Order had been issued earlier under Article 387 of the Constitution.

6. It is necessary to distinguish clearly between two different processes. One is "specification" of the Scheduled Tribes. This was effected on 6th September 1950. The other is "determination" of the numbers of these Scheduled Tribes, as on 1st March, 1950. This was effected on 28th September, 1950 and 5th October, 1950. The latter process involves no exercise of discretion, except in so far as necessary data may be lacking in some cases. There is no suggestion in any of the

representations which have been received that this arithmetical process was incorrectly carried out. The discussion which follows relates only to "specification" of Scheduled Tribes, and not to the "determination" of their numbers.

7. It has been mentioned already that the complaints against specification owe their origin to the figures which were published. Why does the "determined" population of Scheduled Tribes in 1950 happen to be **63 lakhs short** of the 1941 census total for tribal communities? The answer is, as was stated in Parliament, that certain communities and parts of communities which were enumerated as "Tribal Communities" in the 1941 Census are now specified as "Scheduled Tribes". The reasons for such exclusion were also stated in Parliament.

8. The Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh finds that these reasons are unconvincing. But if the Sangh were correct, it would follow that the Constitution should have simply defined Scheduled Tribes as comprising "all communities that were enumerated as tribes in the 1941 Census". There was no need for Article 342 which provides for *ad hoc* specification by the President. But the Constituent Assembly thought it necessary, not only to leave the matter for subsequent settlement by the President, but also to define "Scheduled Tribes" as consisting of "the tribes or tribal communities or parts of or groups within tribes or tribal communities as are deemed under Article 342 to be Scheduled Tribes for purposes of this Constitution".

It is clear, therefore, that the Constituent Assembly visualised that some tribes would be "Scheduled Tribes" and others would not be. It is further clear that some parts of or groups within one tribe may be "Scheduled Tribes", while other parts of or groups within the same tribe may not be.

9. There is a further point. The Constitution required the President to specify "Scheduled Castes" under Article 341, in addition to specifying "Scheduled Tribes" under Article 342. One might ordinarily assume that there was a clear-cut distinction between a community which can be described as a "caste" from another which may be described as a "tribe". But this is not so. The Constitution defines "Scheduled Castes" as "**such castes, races or tribes** or parts of or groups within such castes, races or tribes as are deemed under Article 341 to be Scheduled Castes for the purposes of this Constitution." Thus

a caste cannot be a "Scheduled Tribe", but a tribe may be a Scheduled Caste. There is, however, no provision in the Constitution which defines the criteria which distinguish a tribe or part of a tribe which is to be one of the "Scheduled Tribes" from another which is to be one of the "Scheduled Castes" or from a third which is to be neither.

10. Even before the 'transfer of power', two sub-Committees set up by the Advisory Committee on Fundamental Rights, Minorities, Tribal Areas, etc of the Constituent Assembly had made exhaustive enquiries into the conditions of tribes. These sub-Committees submitted their reports on the 28th July, 1947, and the 18th August, 1947. Thereafter, for over two years (that is, until the 17th September 1949) the subject was under more or less continuous examination and discussion. Shri A.V.Thakkar (the most distinguished among the social workers in this field and founder of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Saugh) took a leading part in these enquiries and tried to achieve a final specification of Scheduled Tribes in the Constitution. Various private individuals and associations also made their suggestions. The facilities of the Secretariat of the Constituent Assembly were made freely available to them for examination of suggestions and consultation with State Governments. Nevertheless the effort to include a final specification of Scheduled Tribes in the Constitution was abandoned because of serious differences of opinion which could not be satisfactorily reconciled.

11. The Government of India became seized of this subject in December, 1949. A quick decision was also called for as the Government decided to expedite arrangements for holding general elections under the new Constitution. They found on an examination of the papers, that, on the issues which had prevented settlement by the Constituent Assembly, there were differences of opinion of a fundamental character among the State Governments also. The issues involved were examined thoroughly, a Conference of representatives of State Governments was held in order to resolve differences and reach the maximum possible agreement on an All-India basis. This result was substantially achieved. On the basis of principles settled at the Conference complete agreement was reached in respect of the lists relating to each State with the Government of that State. The Government of India then issued the notification specified in paragraph 5 above.

12. The Sangh holds that the procedure adopted prior to the issue of notifications (though perhaps necessitated by the need for quick decision) had been defective because it was limited to inter-Governmental consultations at official level. It is argued that if the social workers had also been consulted, the result would have been satisfactory to all concerned. In answer to this argument reference is invited to what has been stated in paragraph 10 above.

13. So much for procedure. The issue, on merits, is why certain communities or parts of or groups within communities, which were treated as tribes in the 1941 Census are not now specified as "Scheduled Tribes"? One of the reasons is the non-specification of Scheduled Tribes for Jammu & Kashmir. Other reasons (whose validity has now been questioned) fall into four categories as below:—

*Category I.* There was a special enquiry conducted along with the 1931 Census throughout India, on the basis of which the communities properly classifiable as tribes were distinguished from castes, and among the former those which were properly classifiable as "Primitive Tribes" were listed. The principle has been adopted that tribes which did not find place in this list should not be now included as "Scheduled Tribes" unless the State Government concerned could certify that the omission was incorrect and that the community was in fact not only a tribe, but a primitive or backward tribe.

Such exclusions account for approximately 16 lakhs.

*Category II.* During 1936, Orders-in-Council issued under the Government of India Act, 1935, provided for various matters connected with the introduction of Provincial Autonomy. At that time the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1936, was issued which listed the castes declared to be Scheduled Castes in what are now Part A States. At that time there were no "Scheduled Tribes" but there were lists of "Backward Tribes" which formed the 13th Schedule to the Government of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies) Order, 1936. These lists had been arrived at on a review of the 1931 lists referred to above.

It is found that some communities which were treated as "Primitive Tribes" in the 1931 list were dropped from the lists of Backward Tribes of 1936. The principle has been adopted that the tribes thus omitted should also be omitted from



the present Schedule, unless State Governments had very good reasons to the contrary.

Exclusions of this category account for approximately 20 lakhs.

*Category III.* Certain tribes of Part A States which are included in the Backward Tribes lists of 1936, and certain tribes of Part B States which are included in the 1931 lists of Primitive Tribes find a place in the Schedule now prepared; but only in respect of parts of such tribes which reside in the areas specified in the notification. Such parts of these tribes as reside in other areas not so specified are not now included as "Scheduled Tribes" because the State Government concerned have certified that, in these latter areas, the members of the tribes have become assimilated to the general population and are no longer primitive or backward.

Such exclusions account for approximately 24 lakhs.

*Category IV.* Finally, some of the communities treated as tribes in the lists of 1931 or 1936 are now included among "Scheduled Castes", on the ground that the States Government concerned consider this to be the more appropriate classification.

Exclusions from the "Scheduled Tribes" for this reason account for about 7 lakhs.

The total under all the four categories of reasons, viz., 67 lakhs, is partly offset by certain miscellaneous factors accounting for about 4 lakhs. The net total of 63 lakhs (complained of as unjustified reduction) is thus fully explained.

A detailed account of the relevant facts as well as considerations of public policy which led to these four categories of exclusions is furnished in paragraphs 14 to 17 below.

14. *Category I - Exclusions.* Government regarded it as obviously necessary that Communities which were not regarded as classifiable as "Primitive Tribes" as long ago as 1931 and have never enjoyed any special political representation on that basis should not, for the first time, be given such representation as "Scheduled Tribes". This seems clearly a correct line to follow.

15. *Category II - Exclusions.* A reduction of 20 lakhs is associated with this Category. There were two main reasons why certain tribes, which found a place in the 1931 list, were dropped out of the 1936 lists. These are dealt with below :—

(i) *Assam Tea Garden Labourers.* Members of certain tribes which are recognised as backward in Bihar had gone over to Assam and settled down as labourers in the tea gardens there. These were excluded from special political representation as "backward tribes" of Assam as early as 1936. Hence they have been excluded now.

On the one hand, it has been argued that the inclusion of these tribes would mean the creation of new rights which did not exist under the Government of India Act, 1935 and that, being non-indigenous tribes, they could not claim (as of right) anything more than equal treatment with the citizens of Assam; that the Assam Government were entitled to take up this attitude since the Constitution provides for listing of tribes in relation to each State separately; and if any different attitude is taken up in the case of tribes, a similar claim for including the non-tribal tea garden coolies among "Scheduled Castes" would also arise.

The opposite view has also been urged that even now these tribal people are not distinguishable, in their ways of life, from other members of the same tribes living in Bihar.

The pros and cons of this argument were fully considered by the Government and they accepted the first view in agreement with the Government of Assam. It should be added that the decision thus taken is also entirely in accord with the position taken up by Shri A.V. Thakkar himself, when he drafted lists for inclusion as a Schedule to the Constitution.

(ii) *Inclusion of "Tribes" among Scheduled Castes.* The remaining reduction under Category II is almost entirely accounted for by the fact that the communities in question were included among the Scheduled Castes under the Government of India (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1935. Instances of such cases are the Bhuiyas, Rajwars and Bauris of Bihar. It happened frequently that a community bearing the same name was treated as Scheduled Castes in some States and Scheduled Tribes in other States, and sometimes as both in different parts of the same State. The fact that, for purposes of the 1941 Census, they happened to figure as "Tribes" was no good reason in

itself, why the legal position prevailing since 1936 should be altered and they should cease to be 'Scheduled Castes'.

16. *Category III - Exclusions* This category accounts for a reduction of about 24 lakhs. This is made up of about 19 lakhs in Madhya Pradesh and about 5 lakhs in the two States of Rajasthan and Madhya Bharat.

The issue involved in this reduction goes to the root of the controversy which raged for over two years and finally defeated the effort to specify the Scheduled Tribes in the Constitution itself. An inescapable difficulty arises from the fact which was pointed out, as long ago as 1931, by the Census Commissioner in the following terms:—

“So many tribes, particularly in the Bhil, Koli and Gond groups, fade off into castes wherever they live in the plains or open country as ordinary Hindu villagers”.

How is one to distinguish between a “Tribal” and an “ordinary Hindu villager?”

Shri A. V. Thakkar had put forward an answer before the Constituent Assembly. He insisted that only “persons professing the tribal religion” should be deemed to be members of any “Scheduled Tribes”. The significance of this proposal will be appreciated from the fact that whereas according to 1931 Census the total number enumerated as members of tribal communities was 22.40 millions, the number of persons classified as professing tribal religions was only 7.63 millions or almost exactly one-third. The criterion favoured by Shri Thakkar was not adopted. If it had been, it would have led to a far more drastic reduction of numbers, than the one eventually adopted.

The issue raised by Shri A. V. Thakkar remained open when the Government of India had to deal with it. The State Governments were found to be almost evenly divided on it, in May 1950. At the conference of State Governments referred to already, agreement was reached with all Governments that religion as a criterion was inappropriate for this purpose and should be abandoned. A suggestion was discussed that the dividing line between the assimilated tribal and unassimilated tribal should be based on language. If this suggestion had been

accepted "Scheduled Tribes" would become linguistic minorities—persons who spoke as their mother tongue certain languages specified in a Schedule. There were, however, differences of opinion even on this suggestion and it was dropped. The Madhya Pradesh Government, where there is considerable mix-up of the "tribal" and the "ordinary Hindu villager", then decided to effect the distinction on a territorial basis. Rajasthan and Madhya Bharat followed suit.

Their decision has been criticised as arbitrary and unjustifiable, but it is in fact justifiable on the following grounds:—

(a) A territorial basis of specification of parts of castes and tribes is not new. It has existed in some States since 1936.

(b) Where tribes are so primitive and backward that the laws applicable to the general community are required to be modified in their application to such tribes, there has always been a territorial delimitation of tribal areas as "Scheduled Districts" and later as "wholly excluded areas" or "partially excluded areas". Such areas have now been notified as "Scheduled Areas" under the new Constitution. There is not good reason in principle why such a basis should not also be adopted for purposes of political representation.

*Note.* It may be mentioned here, that the territorial limits for the specification of "Scheduled Tribes" in Madhya Pradesh include all "Scheduled Areas" of that State (which are almost the same as "partially excluded areas" in the past) and, in addition, certain other areas as well.

(c) If a distinction is not to be made on the basis of religion, language or territory, one is driven to the position that the specification of Scheduled Tribes should be based solely on speculative hypotheses of distinctive racial origins.

17. *Category IV—Exclusions.* The number affected is relatively small. A few communities formerly enumerated as tribes are now classified as Scheduled Castes. They relate mostly to Orissa. The justification for such a transfer has been challenged. The answer is—

*First:* Reference to Articles 341 and 342 will show that whereas Scheduled Tribes should include only "tribes or tribal communities", Scheduled Castes, it is specifically provided, may include "castes, races or tribes".

*Secondly:* It has already been mentioned that shifts from one category to another had been made in 1936; and

*Thirdly:* This is a natural and necessary consequence of the existence of an intermediate zone where "tribes fade off into castes".

18. The representations include specific reference to individual communities alleged to have been wrongly omitted: The exclusion in every case is relatable to one or other of the four categories of reasons mentioned above. A statement showing the reasons in each individual case is annexed. (Annexure).

19. It has been urged that "an *ad hoc* enquiry should be undertaken forthwith and legislation undertaken at the budget session on the ground that serious injustice has occurred and it calls for immediate remedy. It is urged that there are other advantages accruing from membership of "Scheduled Tribes" which are not equally available to members of communities recognised merely as "other backward classes". These extra advantages are said to be as follows:—

(a) "Scheduled Castes" and "Scheduled Tribes" are entitled to special priority over all other "Backward Classes".

(b) Some forms of special protection in respect of land are open only to Scheduled Tribes and not to other Backward Classes; and

(c) State Governments are entitled under Article 275 of the Constitution to grants-in-aid from the Central Government in respect of expenditure incurred on Scheduled Tribes, but not on other Backward Classes.

(i) *As regards Item (a).* The implications, in practical application, of this proposition are not clear and are unlikely

to be settled until after the Backward Classes Commission examines the subject.

(ii) *As regards Item (b)*. Special protection in respect of land is normally associated with "Scheduled Areas". The exclusions complained of, do not in fact affect the tribal inhabitants of the Scheduled Areas.

(iii) *As regards Item (c)*. The Central grants-in-aid to State Governments mentioned in Article 275 of the Constitution should, it is true, be related to expenditure in that State on Scheduled Tribes. It is, however, nowhere stated that it should represent an identical sum per head of determined population of Scheduled Tribes in every State. Unless this be so, this argument loses its force.

(iv) Even if all these considerations be valid, it is very much open to question whether a hurried *ad hoc* enquiry would be sufficient for purposes of settling issues, whose complicated character has been fully described.

(v) If the specification of "Scheduled Tribes" is reopened, it is likely that the specification of "Scheduled Castes" will also have to be reopened.

(vi) If, on the other hand, this matter is held over until after the elections are over, and 1951 Census results become available, there is the possibility (which does not now exist) of comprehensive and scientific examination of all the inter-connected issues involved in the whole problem of amelioration of the conditions of the Backward Classes.

For these reasons, it is hoped that it will be agreed that the specification of Scheduled Tribes should rest where it stands for the present and should not be disturbed until after the whole subject of Backward Classes is reviewed by a Backward Classes Commission.

ANNEXURE.

**Comments on Individual Items Suggested for Inclusion  
in the Tribal Schedules by the Bharatiya Adimjati  
Sevak Sangh, Delhi**

<i>State.</i>	<i>Tribe.</i>	<i>Considerations on which non-inclusion was based.</i>
Madhya Pradesh.	Pando	Though included in the Govt. of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies) Order, 1936, Pandos were not included amongst the "Primitive Tribes" listed by the 1931 Census Commissioner. The State Government specifically suggested the exclusion of this tribe. In doing so they were, guided by the consideration that only those tribes which were really backward should be included and that tribes which had become somewhat advanced should not be included.
		It is not a fact that Bhuiyan (of which tribe Pandos are said to be a sub-tribe) have been declared as Scheduled Tribes in Madhya Pradesh.]
	Sub-tribes of Gond	Gonds have been included as Scheduled Tribes in Madhya Pradesh. Under paragraph two of the order all parts of or groups within the tribes or tribal communities specified in the Schedule shall be deemed to be Scheduled Tribes.
Rajasthan.	Mina Rawat Merat	These tribes were specifically excluded from the list of "Primitive Tribes" drawn up by the 1931 Census Commissioner.

- Girasia** Girasias are a class of 'Bhills' who are a Scheduled Tribe in the Scheduled Areas of Rajasthan.
- Seria** These tribes were at no stage proposed for inclusion. Bhil-Minas are apparently a part of or group within the tribe 'Bhil' which is a Scheduled Tribe in the Scheduled Areas of Rajasthan.
- Damar**
- Bhil-Mina**
- Bihar.** **Tharus** Though included in the Government of India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies) Order, 1936, Tharus were excluded during the consideration stage of the Constitution on the recommendation of the State Government. The State Government said that members of the tribes themselves deny being Scheduled Tribes and that after due enquiries the State Government were satisfied that their claim is well-founded. In support of their contention they sent a copy of the report of the District Officer, Champaran, which reads:
- (a) Socially, economically and educationally the condition of the Tharus is not in anyway different from the condition of the Hindus. As a matter of fact, in their way of life, social customs etc, they are not at all distinguishable from the local Hindus.
- (b) For all intents and purposes the Tharus are treated as Hindus by the members of the Hindu society.
- (c) They are not treated as untouchables.
- (d) They do not profess any Tribal religion. On the other hand, they perform all the religious and social ceremonies which are performed by the caste Hindus of the locality in which they reside.



Yenadi                    These tribes were not included in  
 Yeruku-                the 13th Schedule to the Government of  
 la, Sugali             India (Provincial Legislative Assemblies)  
                              Order, 1936. They were also not treated  
                              as "Primitive Tribes" by the 1931 Census  
                              Commissioner. The question of inclusion of  
                              Yenadi and Yerukula was specifically  
                              considered by the Cabinet and was not  
                              accepted.

Hydera-                Yenadi                    These tribes were not treated as  
 bad                    Erukula                "Primitive Tribes" by the 1931 Census  
                              Lambada                Commissioner.

*Note:- [The Bharatiya Adimjiti Sevak Sangh does not accept the  
 above reply as final but reserves its right to send a  
 rejoinder]*

**Educational and Economic Facilities to Scheduled Castes  
and Scheduled Tribes excluded from the President's  
Orders specifying Scheduled Castes and  
Scheduled Tribes**

No. 74/14/51-PUBLIC.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
Ministry of Home Affairs.

From:

Sardar Fateh Singh,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

To

All State Governments.

New Delhi, (2) the 15th April, 51.

Subject:- Grant of educational and economic facilities to  
Backward Classes.

Sir,

I am directed to say that the exclusion of certain castes and tribes from the President's Orders specifying Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes was recently commented upon in Parliament. In the course of his reply, the Hon'ble Minister of Home Affairs gave an assurance that it was not the intention of Government that any privileges or concessions to which backward classes were entitled should be taken away merely because they happened not to be included in the Schedules. He added that if there has been any misapprehension in the matter of such concessions, Government will take steps to see that any nomenclatural differences or other differences that might have arisen on account of the President's Orders do not

stand in the way of the giving of such concessions. I am therefore to request that administrative practices in the matter of concessions to backward classes which were in force in the States before the issue of the President's Orders may continue to be followed unless they are inconsistent with any other provision of the Constitution.

Yours faithfully,

(Sd) F. Singh.

Deputy Secretary to the  
Government of India

**Policy of the Government of India with regard to  
Reservation in Services according to the  
Constitution (Art. 335)**

The policy of the Govt. of India in regard to communal representation in the Services immediately before the coming into force of the new Constitution was that in appointments made by open competition 12½ per cent of the vacancies filled by direct recruitment were reserved for candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes while in regard to posts and services for which recruitment was made otherwise than by competition the principal communities in the country were given appointments in proportion to their population. Certain reservations were also made for Anglo-Indians in services with which they had special past association.

2. The Government of India have now reviewed their policy in this regard in the light of the provisions of the Constitution of India which lay down *inter alia* that with certain exceptions no discrimination shall be made in the matter of appointments to the Services under the State on grounds of race, religion, etc. The exceptions are that special provision shall be made for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in all Services and for Anglo-Indians in those services in which they had special reservations on the 14th August, 1947. Pending the determination of the figures of population at the Census of 1951 the Government of India have decided to make the following reservations in recruitment to posts and services under them:—

- (a) *Scheduled Castes*.—The existing reservation of 12½ per cent. of vacancies filled by direct recruitment in favour of the Scheduled Castes will continue in the case of recruitment to posts and services made, on an all-India basis, by open competition, i.e., through the Union Public Service Commission or by means of open competitive tests held by any other authority. Where recruitment is made otherwise than by open competition the reservation for Scheduled Castes will be 16-2/3 per cent. as at present.

- (b) *Scheduled Tribes*.—Both in recruitment by open competition and in recruitment made otherwise than by open competition there will be a reservation in favour of members of Scheduled Tribes of 5 per cent. of the vacancies filled by direct recruitment.
- (c) *Anglo-Indians*.—The reservations which were in force in favour of Anglo-Indians in the Railway Services, the Posts and Telegraphs Department and the Customs Department on the 14th August 1947, will be continued subject to the provisions of Article 336 of the Constitution.

3 The reservations prescribed in the previous paragraph will apply in the case of recruitment made on an all-India basis. Under the Constitution all citizens of India are eligible for consideration for appointment to posts and services under the Central Government irrespective of their domicile or place of birth and there can be no recruitment to any Central Service which is confined by rule to the inhabitants of any specified area. In practice however recruitment to Class I and II Services and posts is likely to attract candidates from all over India and will be on a truly all-India basis, while for the majority of Class III Services and posts which are filled otherwise than through the Union Public Service Commission only those residing in the area or locality in which the office is located are likely to apply. In the latter class of cases the percentages of reservations for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes will be fixed by Government taking into account the population of the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in that area.

4 (1) The orders regarding reservation of vacancies in favour of the various communities will not apply to recruitment by promotion which will continue to be made as heretofore irrespective of communal considerations and on the basis of seniority and/or merit as the case may be.

(2) In all cases a minimum standard of qualifications will be prescribed and the reservations will be subject to the over-all condition that candidates of the requisite communities possessing the prescribed qualifications and suitable in all

respects for the appointment in question, are forthcoming in sufficient numbers for the vacancies reserved for them.

(3) The maximum age limits prescribed for appointment to a service or post will be increased by three years in case of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes and the fees prescribed for admission to any examination or selection will be reduced to one-fourth in their case.

(4) For the purposes of these orders, a person shall be held to be a member of the Scheduled Castes or the Scheduled Tribes, as the case may be, if he belongs to a caste or a tribe which under the Constitution (Scheduled Castes) Order, 1950, or under the Constitution (Scheduled Tribes) Order, 1950, has been declared to be Scheduled Caste or a Scheduled Tribe for the area in which he and/or his family ordinarily reside(s). Separate instructions will issue declaring the castes and tribes which should be considered as Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes for the purpose of these orders in Part C States and Part D territories.

(5) These orders are applicable to all services under the control of the Government of India including posts and services in States in Part C of the First Schedule to the Constitution and will be deemed to have come into effect on the 26th January 1950.

5 The orders contained in the Ministry of Home Affairs Resolution No. 16 10/47-Estt., dated the 21st August, 1947, Office Memorandum No. 31 93 47-Estt., dated the 22nd August, 1947 and other orders issued on the basis of those orders are hereby cancelled.

**ORDER.—ORDERED** that a copy of the Resolution be communicated to all Ministries of the Government of India, all Chief Commissioners, the Cabinet Secretariat, the Prime Minister's Secretariat, the Partition Secretariat, Directorate General of Resettlement and Employment, Principal, I. A. S. Training School, Director, Secretariat Training School, Commandant, Police Training College, Mount Abu, Director,

Intelligence Bureau, and the Union Public Service Commission, for information and guidance; and Supreme Court of India, the Comptroller and Auditor General and all State Governments for information ; and also that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

*(The above is the resolution No 42/21/49-NGS passed by the Ministry of House Affairs, Government of India dated New Delhi, the 13th September 1950)*

## **Special Provision for Anglo-Indian Community in Certain Services**

(Article 336 of the Constitution of India)

(1) During the first two years after the commencement of this Constitution, appointments of members of the Anglo-Indian community to posts in the railway, customs, postal and telegraph services of the Union shall be made on the same basis as immediately before the fifteenth day of August, 1947.

During every succeeding period of two years, the number of posts reserved for the members of the said community in the said services shall, as nearly as possible, be less by ten per cent than the numbers so reserved during the immediately preceding period of two years:

Provided that at the end of ten years from the commencement of this Constitution all such reservations shall cease.

(2) Nothing in clause (1) shall bar the appointment of members of the Anglo-Indian community to posts other than, or in addition to, those reserved for the community under that clause if such members are found qualified for appointment on merit as compared with the members of other communities.