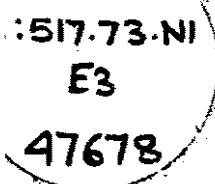


THE POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES TOWARDS INDUSTRIAL MONOPOLY

BY

OSWALD WHITMAN KNAUTH, B.A.,
Instructor in Economics, Princeton University

SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS
FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY
IN THE
FACULTY OF POLITICAL SCIENCE
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY



NEW YORK
1913

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X:517.73.N1

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BY

OSWALD WHITMAN KNAUTH

To

THE MEMORY OF MY FATHER
PERCIVAL KNAUTH

THIS MONOGRAPH
IS REVERENTLY DEDICATED

PREFACE

THE policy of the United States is determined by three agencies: by Congress, in the enactment of laws; by the Executive, in the administration of these laws, and in the advice it gives to Congress; and by the Supreme Court, in the interpretation of the laws. Behind, and overshadowing these, is that vague but powerful force known as public opinion; that, however, must be expressed in acts through one of the three agencies.

Towards the formation of a policy in regard to industrial monopoly, each of these branches of the government has exerted an influence. The present work describes the history of the policy of each of these branches, and then analyzes them as a whole, with a view to explaining what has been, and what is, the policy of the United States towards a number of specific questions relating to industrial monopoly.

No attempt is made at this time to analyze the problem presented by industrial monopoly. The important practical question to-day is the attitude of the government towards monopoly, and it has been deemed wisest to interpret it, as far as possible, in a purely objective manner.

For the reason that no policies have been announced since the beginning of the administration of President Wilson, and because the administration of President Taft may now be viewed as a whole, this study ends with his term of office, on March 4th, 1913.

It seems probable that several governmental policies may undergo changes in the near future. Should this book give the reader a clearer understanding, in the light of history, of the policies to be adopted during the present administration, its purpose will be accomplished.

I acknowledge with gratitude the help received from many kind friends, and from many who are strangers. Especially am I indebted to Professor Henry R. Seager, of Columbia University, who has aided and criticised the work at every stage; to Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman, of Columbia University; to Professor David R. McCabe, of Princeton University; and to my uncle, Mr. Antonio Knauth. To my brother, Arnold W. Knauth, my thanks are due for much help in the preparation of the manuscript and in the proof-reading.

O. W. K.

NEW YORK CITY, *October 4th, 1913.*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER I

THE FORMATION OF A POLICY

	PAGE
1. Conditions prior to 1890	13
2. Early investigations	17
3. The original Sherman Bill in the Senate	19
4. The Reagan Substitute	25
5. The Final Sherman Bill in the Senate	30
6. Debate in the House	33
7. The Joint Conferences	39
8. Final Passage	42

CHAPTER II

THE HISTORY OF ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION IN CONGRESS, 1890 TO 1913

1. The Period of Neglect, 1890 to 1899	43
2. The Fruitless Debates of 1900 and 1901	45
3. The Creation of the Bureau of Corporations, 1903	56
4. Spasmodic Agitation, 1904 to 1913	57

CHAPTER III

THE VIEWS AND POLICIES OF THE ADMINISTRATIONS

1. President Harrison, 1889-1893	66
2. President Cleveland, 1893-1897	66
3. President McKinley, 1897-1901	70
4. President Roosevelt, 1901-1909	72
5. President Taft, 1909-1913	86

183]

9

TABLE OF CONTENTS

[184]

PAGE

CHAPTER IV

THE DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT

1. United States <i>v.</i> E. C. Knight Co.	93
2. <i>In re</i> Debs	96
3. United States <i>v.</i> Trans-Missouri Freight Association	99
4. United States <i>v.</i> Joint Traffic Association	105
5. Hopkins <i>v.</i> United States	108
6. Anderson <i>v.</i> United States	112
7. Addyston Pipe and Steel Co. <i>v.</i> United States	113
8. Connolly <i>v.</i> Union Sewer Pipe Co.	117
9. Bement <i>v.</i> National Harrow Co.	119
10. Montague <i>v.</i> Lowry	121
11. Northern Securities Co. <i>v.</i> United States	122
12. Minnesota <i>v.</i> Northern Securities Co.	129
13. Field <i>v.</i> Barber Asphalt Co.	130
14. Swift and Co. <i>v.</i> United States	131
15. Harriman <i>v.</i> Northern Securities Co.	133
16. Board of Trade <i>v.</i> Christie Grain and Stock Co.	135
17. Hale <i>v.</i> Henkel.	135
18. McAllister <i>v.</i> Henkel, U. S. Marshal	135
19. Nelson <i>v.</i> United States	135
20. Alexander <i>v.</i> United States	136
21. Chattanooga Foundry and Pipe Works <i>v.</i> City of Atlanta.	136
22. Loewe <i>v.</i> Lawlor	137
23. Shawnee Compress Co. <i>v.</i> Anderson.	138
24. Continental Wall Paper Co. <i>v.</i> Louis Voight & Sons.	139
25. American Banana Co. <i>v.</i> United Fruit Co.	141
26. United States <i>v.</i> Kissel and Harned	141
27. The Dr. Miles Medical Co. <i>v.</i> John D. Park & Sons.	142
28. Standard Oil Co. of N. J. <i>v.</i> United States	144
29. American Tobacco Co. <i>v.</i> United States	153
30. United States <i>v.</i> St. Louis Terminal Association	158
31. United States <i>v.</i> Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Co.	159
32. United States <i>v.</i> Union Pacific Railroad Co.	160
33. United States <i>v.</i> The Reading Company, <i>et al.</i>	162
34. United States <i>v.</i> James A. Patten	164
35. United States <i>v.</i> Union Pacific Railroad Co., on motion as to form of mandate	166
36. United States <i>v.</i> Sidney W. Winslow, <i>et al.</i>	167
37. Cases pending before the Courts	168

TABLE OF CONTENTS

II

PAGE

CHAPTER V

AN ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT POLICIES

Introduction	170
<i>Part I. Why Combinations have been Forbidden, and what Kind of Combinations have been Forbidden</i>	
1. The Policy in regard to Competition and Monopoly	172
2. The Reasons which have caused the Formation of Combinations.	177
3. The Policy in regard to the Condemnation of Certain Acts, or of Monopoly as Such	181
4. The Policy in regard to the Classification of Monopolies.	188
5. The Standard which should be applied in testing the Legality of a Restraint of Trade	197
6. Conclusions	206
<i>Part II. The Methods of Treating Combinations</i>	
1. The Policy in regard to the State or National Scope of the Trust Problem	208
2. The Method by which Prices should be Fixed.	214
3. The Relation of Large Size to Monopoly	220
4. The Policy in regard to the Enforcement of Publicity	224
5. Conclusions	229
Index	231

INDEX

A

Addyston Pipe and Steel Co. v. U. S., 113-117, 174, 179, 183, 200, 216, 222
 Addyston Pipe Combination, 136
 Aldrich, Senator, 28
 Alexander v. U. S., 136
 Allison, Senator, 24
 Amer. Banana Co. v. United Fruit Co., 141
 Amer. Feder. of Labor, 137
 Amer. Smelting & Refining Co., 64
 American Sugar Co. (see Sugar Trust)
 Amer. Tobacco Co. v. U. S., 153-158,
 175, 205, 222
 Anderson, Representative, 41
 Anderson v. U. S., 112-113, 191, 199

B

Bartlett, Representative, 61
 Beef Trust, 18, 35, 79
 Bement v. Nat. Harrow Co., 119-121,
 174, 200
 Berry, Senator, 55
 Bland, Representative, 34, 38, 39, 41
 Blodgett, Senator, 33
 Board of Trade of Chicago v. Christe G.
 & S. Co., 135
 Bonaparte, Attorney-General, 84, 86
 Boston and Maine R. R., 89, 214
 Brewer, Justice, 96, 123, 128, 135, 139
 Brown, Justice, 123
 Butler, B. F., 15, 16
 Butler, Senator, 52
 Butterworth, Representative, 35
 Bureau of Corporations, 56, 73, 80, 212,
 225 ff

C

Cannon, Representative, 38
 Chattanooga F. & P. Works v. Atlanta,
 136-137, 185, 217
 Cleveland, President, 17, 44, 66, 69, 70,
 171, 209, 211
 405]

Coffee Trust, 62

Coke, Senator, 27, 30
 Conant, Commissioner, 226
 Connolly v. Union Sewer Pipe Co., 117-
 119, 140, 183, 192, 217
 Continental Wall Paper Co. v. Voight,
 139-140, 185, 217
 Cotton Exchange (N. Y.), 164
 Cottonseed Oil Trust, 18
 Culberson, Representative, 34, 35, 36,
 41, 42, 215, 221
 Cummins, Senator, 61

D

Day, Justice, 123, 130, 135, 161, 162,
 166
 Debs, in re, 96-99, 189
 Dr. Miles Med. Co. v. Park, 142-144,
 175, 195, 203, 218

E

Edmunds, Senator, 29, 30, 33, 40, 41, 42,
 172, 215
 Evarts, Senator, 30

F

Fairbanks, Senator, 55
 Field, Justice, 100, 111, 124, 137, 210
 Field v. Barber Asphalt Co., 130
 Finch, J. A., 93
 Fitzhian, Representative, 38, 215
 Fuller, Chief Justice, 94, 133, 136

G

Garfield, Commissioner, 226
 George, Senator, 19, 21, 22, 26, 30, 33,
 214, 221
 Gray, Justice, 100, 105, 118, 119
 Gray, Senator, 33
 Great Northern Ry. Co., 122 ff, 129, 133
 Greene, in re, 67

231

Griggs, Attorney-General, 71, 211
Gunter, G., 14

H

Hale v. Henkel, 135-136
Harlan, Justice, 94, 109, 112, 118, 119,
122, 129, 135, 139, 144, 153, 179
Harmon, Attorney-General, 44, 67, 68
Harriman, E. H., 133
Harriman v. Nor. Sec. Co., 133-134, 175
Harrison, President, 17, 66, 170
Harvester Trust, 64, 82, 202
Heard, Representative, 38
Henderson, Representative, 36
Hill, J. J., 122, 133
Hill, Representative, 41
Hiscock, Senator, 24, 26
Hoar, Senator, 26, 27, 30, 33, 39, 40, 41,
42, 55, 75
Holmes, Justice, 124, 125, 131, 135, 136,
139, 141, 142, 158, 165, 167, 185, 193,
203
Hopkins v. U. S., 108-112, 190, 199,
210
Hughes, Justice, 142, 162, 203

I

Ingalls, Senator, 27, 30
International Harvester Co. (see Harvester Trust)

J

James, Representative, 60

K

Kenna, Senator, 33
Knox, Attorney-General, 74 ff

L

La Follette, Senator, 62, 187
Lamar, Justice, 95
Lexow Commission, 211
Littlefield, Representative, 53, 54, 225
Live Stock Cases (see Hopkins v. U. S.
and Anderson v. U. S.)
Lloyd, H. D., 13
Loewe v. Lawlor, 137-138, 193, 201
Lott, J. L., 43
Lurton, Justice, 142-158, 162, 165

M

Mann, Representative, 52
Mason, Representative, 17
McAllister v. Henkel, U. S. Marshal,
135-136
McKenna, Justice, 105, 109, 112, 118,
123, 138, 160
McKenna, Attorney-General, 71
Miller, Attorney-General, 66
Minn. v. Nor. Sec. Co., 129-130
Money Trust, 64
Montague v. Lowry, 121-122, 184, 201,
222
Moody, Attorney-General, 79, 80, 81
Morgan, Senator, 27
Morgan, J. P., 122, 133

N

Nelson v. U. S., 135-136
New York, New Haven & Hartford
R. R. Co., 89, 214
Northern Pacific Ry. Co., 122 ff, 129,
133, 175
Northern Sec. Co. v. U. S., 122-129,
133, 174, 179, 184, 193, 201, 211

O

Oiney, Attorney-General, 66, 67
Oregon Short Line, 160

P

Paper Trust, 60
Peckham, Justice, 18, 100, 105, 109, 112,
114, 119, 121, 124, 136, 139, 215, 222
Penn Sugar Co., 141
Perkins, G. W., 82
Pettigrew, Senator, 52
Pitney, Justice, 162
Platt, Senator, 27, 29
Phag, Senator, 25, 26, 30

R

Reagan, Senator, 24, 25, 26, 27, 32, 33
Rogers, Representative, 38
Roosevelt, President, 53, 72, 76 ff, 86,
171, 201, 212, 225, 228

S

Sands v. Manistee R. Improvement Co.,
111, 210
Sayers, Representative, 37

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>Ats., 188
 <i>E. C. Knight Co. v. Anderson</i>, 139, 175, 179, 202
 Sherman, Senator, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 26, 27, 28, 32, 172, 177, 182, 198, 229
 Shiras, Justice, 100, 105
 Smith, H. K., 82, 226
 Southern Pacific Co., 160, 166
 Spooner, Senator, 28
 Standard Oil Co., 18, 35, 89
 <i>Standard Oil Co. v. U. S.</i>, 144-153, 175, 179, 186, 192, 195, 204, 218, 222
 Stanley Committee, 224
 Steel Rail Combination, 24
 Steel Trust, 62, 64, 224
 Stewart, Representative, 41, 42
 Stewart, Senator, 25, 27, 173
 Sugar Refineries Company, 18
 Sugar Trust, 15, 24, 38, 61, 64
 Suizer, Representative, 56
 <i>Swift & Co. v. U. S.</i>, 131-132, 185 </p> <p style="text-align: center;">T</p> <p>Taft, President, 60, 86, 87, 88, 89, 92, 171, 181, 194, 203, 213, 222, 228
 Taft, W. H., Judge, 115, 200, 217
 Taylor, Representative, 37, 38, 42, 178
 Teller, Senator, 24, 26
 Temple Iron Co., 162
 Tobacco Trust, 62, 63, 89
 Turpie, Senator, 25 </p> <p style="text-align: center;">U</p> <p>Union Pacific R. R., 134, 175
 United Hatters Union, 137 </p> | <p>United Shoe Machinery Co., 64, 167
 <i>U. S. v. E. C. Knight Co.</i>, 67, 93-96, 183, 189, 192, 198, 209, 215, 221
 <i>U. S. v. Joint Traffic Ass.</i>, 68, 71, 105-107, 173, 178, 183, 186
 <i>U. S. v. Kissel and Harned</i>, 141-142
 <i>U. S. v. Patten</i>, 164-165, 176, 187, 196, 205, 219
 <i>U. S. v. Reading Co.</i>, 162-164, 186
 <i>U. S. v. St. Louis Term. Ass.</i>, 158-159
 <i>U. S. v. Standard Sanitary Mfg. Co.</i>, 159-160
 <i>U. S. v. Trans. Mo. Frt. Ass.</i>, 68, 71, 90-105, 173, 190, 198, 210, 216, 221
 <i>U. S. v. Union Pacific R. R. Co.</i>, 160-162, 166-167, 176, 186, 196, 219, 223
 <i>U. S. v. Winslow</i>, 167-168 </p> <p style="text-align: center;">V</p> <p>Vandeveenter, Justice, 161, 165, 205
 Vest, Senator, 23, 26, 30, 40-42 </p> <p style="text-align: center;">W</p> <p>Walker, A. H., 30
 Waithall, Senator, 29
 Warner, Senator, 58
 Whiskey Trust, 18, 34
 White, Justice, and later Chief Justice, 100, 105, 119, 124, 139, 144, 153, 165, 204, 206
 Wickersham, Attorney-General, 88, 91, 214
 Wilson, President, 187, 194
 Wilson, Representative, 36, 38, 178
 Wilson, Senator, 26, 30
 <i>Wilson Tariff Act</i>, 43, 63 </p> |
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VITA

Oswald Whitman Knauth was born in New York City, June 3, 1887. In 1905 he entered Harvard College, and was graduated in 1908 with the degree of B. A. For the next two years he was employed in the Ottawa factory of the American Bank Note Company. In 1910 and 1913 he pursued graduate studies in the Department of Political Science at Columbia University. He took courses under Professors E. R. A. Seligman, H. R. Seager, V. G. Simkovich, H. R. Mussey and W. C. Mitchell in Economics; under Professors F. H. Giddings and A. A. Tenney in Sociology; under Professors H. L. Moore and R. E. Chaddock in Statistics; under Professors S. M. Lindsay and E. T. Devine in Social Economics; and under Professor C. A. Beard in Public Law. He attended the seminar of Professors Seligman and Seager. For the year 1912-1913, he was instructor in the Department of Economics and Social Institutions at Princeton University.

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