A history of

The Blockade of Germany

and of the countries associated with her in the great war

Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, and Turkey

1914 - 1918

Ho

A. C. PELL

(Historical Sections, Committee of Imperial Defence)

This volume was produced and printed in 1937 for official purposes only.

LONDON: HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

1-5-0.

X:55.59 D.N1

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PREFACE

I was originally hoped that a history of the blockade during the great war might be included in the official history entitled Naval Operations, but this was found impracticable.

It seemed to the Foreign Office and to those who will be responsible for the future education of British naval officers that it was really important that a history of the blockade should be compiled, and it was accordingly proposed to the committee controlling the official histories of the great war that this work should be undertaken; the committee accepted the suggestion, and Mr. A. C. Bell, of the Historical Section, Committee of Imperial Defence, was entrusted with its compilation. The Library of the Foreign Office, which is responsible for all historical work that is undertaken by that department, and the Historical Section of the Committee of Imperial Defence, which is responsible for producing all the official histories of the war, became conjointly responsible for putting together, and making available, the material upon which this particular history was founded, and for exercising some general supervision over its production; as this conjoint responsibility has throughout been a cordial co-operation, it has never been necessary to settle what share of responsibility was borne by the Library or the Historical Section. It soon became apparent that the work would not be suitable for publication, but (like the official History of Military Operations in Persia) should be printed and kept solely for official uses.

The history is principally based on official material contained in the archives of the departments concerned with the direction of the blockade—first and foremost the Foreign Office, and then, though in a noticeably less degree, the Admiralty. It was not practicable to consult the archives of the Board of Trade owing to the time limits imposed on the historian, who was obliged to content himself with the Board of Trade letters which appear in the Foreign Office files. The typescript was submitted to the Admiralty, who made a number of valuable suggestions; the Board of Trade also received a copy of the typescript, but they declined to take any responsibility for the history. In as much, however, as the general direction of the various operations (apart of course from the naval side), which are described as the blockade, was centred in the Foreign Office, where the Minister of Blockade, when appointed, was established, it is only natural that the bulk of the material on which the narrative is based is to be found in the archives of that office, which include those of the special departments created for the purpose of dealing with particular aspects of the blockade, such as the Contraband Committee, the War Trade Statistical Department, the Restriction of Enemy Supplies Department, the War Trade Intelligence Department and the Foreign Trade Department. It may therefore be desirable to state that, while the present work is an official history written from official archives, in this case mainly from those of the Foreign Office, it has never been the practice of that department to allow current policy to influence any historical research which has been undertaken at Foreign Office instance. At the same time, the official historian is under an obligation, in view of the nature of the material which he has been authorised to use, to consult with the officials of the department and to ascertain their opinions on the operations which he describes; and in the present case it was naturally desirable that as much assistance as possible should be obtained from officers who had actually taken part in the conduct of the blockade. The long list of Foreign Office officials, retired and active, who have assisted the historian shows that this has been done with regard to the present work.

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iv PREFACE

Acknowledgments and thanks are accordingly due to many who have assisted the official historian by supplying material and by reading parts of his work and contributing valuable criticisms, especially to Lord Howard of Penrith, G.C.B., Sir Esmond Ovey, K.C.M.G., Sir Robert Craigie, K.C.M.G., Mr. Alwyn Parker, C.B., Mr. Gerald Spicer, C.B., Mr. O. O'Malley, C.M.G., and Mr. C. L. Paus, C.B.E. The work has also been scrutinised throughout by Sir William Malkin, G.C.M.G., Legal Adviser to the Foreign Office, and Sir Stephen Gaselee, K.C.M.G., the Librarian and Keeper of the Papers at the Foreign Office.

It is also desired to acknowledge, with thanks, the help of Mr. C. V. Owen of the Historical Section of the Committee of Imperial Defence, who compiled the statistical tables, and as Colonel E. Y. Daniel, C.B.E., the Secretary to the Historical Section considers the help that he has given to official historians for twenty years past to be a mere matter of duty which calls for no remark, this places everyone who benefits from his assistance under a very particular obligation to acknowledge it duly.

The historian has found it necessary on certain occasions to express his own views: these represent his personal opinion and are not necessarily endorsed by the Foreign Office or any other Department of His Majesty's Government.

Finally, the word blockade in the title of the book should be regarded as if it were placed in inverted commas: for the expression, though conveniently employed as a general description of the measures taken by this country to deal with enemy commerce during the great war, is technically inaccurate, as a legal blockade of the central powers, in the technical sense given to the word in international law, was never declared, and the powers taken by Order in Council to deal with the trade of the central powers generally, and Germany in particular, were justified as reprisals for their infractions of international law.

Foreign Office, S.W.1. 1st March, 1937.

(For Maritime Orders in Council, see Appendix I, pp. 711-19. For Contraband Proclamations, see Appendix II, pp. 721-44.)

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1856		Declaration of Paris	
1866	•• ••	Horsfall Commission on merchant shipping	
1868		The Geneva Convention	
1883	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	German enquiry into food supply during war	19
1899		First Hague Peace Conference	
1900		The Export of Arms Act passed	17
1905		Royal Commission on food supplies	
		German (Schlieffen) war plan approved	19
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1905-	-1907	New naval war plans in preparation	2
1907	•• ••	Second Hague Conference: First meeting, 15th June; Final meeting, 18th October	
1908	•• ••	Admiralty and Foreign Office undertake enquiries into Germany's dependence upon overseas commerce	2
	July	New naval war plans issued	2
	November	Foreign Office call for consideration of British commitments Admiralty estimate economic consequences of war with	2
		Germany	2
	December	London Conference on International Maritime Law	2
1909	February-March	Declaration of London signed	1
1910	August	New naval war orders issued	2
1911		Committee appointed for considering trading with the enemy legislation	3
	June	The Agadir crisis	2
1912	May	New naval war orders completed—in force in outbreak of war	3
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	,, 6	Naval forces in the Mediterranean placed under French	
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	,, 4	• •	First agreement with Captain Cold (Denmark) concluded
	,, 5	••	Italian decree for stopping contraband trade
•	., 9	• •	Allied agreement for apportioning captures and prizes between the allied navies signed
	,, 23	• •	Formation of the Netherlands Overseas Trust
	December 8		Contraband agreement with Sweden concluded
	,, 18	• •	Meeting of Scandinavian monarchs at Malmö
	,, 23	••	Italian guarantees against re-export accepted in lieu of formal agreement
	,, 26	• •	Contraband agreement with the Netherlands Overseas Trust concluded
	,, 28	• •	United States of America: Note protesting against British interference with American commerce
	During the mon	th.,	Allied contraband proposals accepted by Switzerland with reservations: Swiss reply treated as provisional treatment
1915	January 7	••	British preliminary reply to American Note of 28th December, 1914
	,, 26	••	Petroleum and products agreement between Swiss and French governments concluded
	During the mon	th	Bulgarian Comité de prevoyance assumes control of all foodstuffs
	February 1		German conference on submarine warfare
	., 2		Agreement with Denmark concluded .:
	., 4	••	Germany announces submarine war upon commerce of Great Britain to begin on the 18th
	,, 10		British reply to American Note of 28th December, 1914
	•		United States of America: protest against German declaration of a war zone round Great Britain
	,, 11	- •	United States of America: Memorandum on use of American flag by British vessels
	,, 12	• •	Agreement with the American Textile Alliance concluded
	,, 16		Second agreement with Captain Cold (Denmark) concluded
	•		United States of America: Note respecting the seizure of the Wilhelmina
			German Government's reply to American protest upon declaration of a war zone
	,, 19	• •	British reply to the American Note on the Wilhelmina case
			British reply to the American memorandum on the use of neutral flags
	,, 20	• •	France agrees to the reprisals order
	., 22	• •	United States of America: Identic Note to Great Britain and Germany suggesting a compromise in regard to submarine warfare and reprisals
	During the mon	th	War Trade Department instituted
	March 1	••	British and French declaration of reprisals presented to neutrals.
	., 4	••	Foreign Office—Admiralty conference on stopping traffic through Dedeagatch
	,, 8	••	United States of America: Observations respecting Allies' declaration of 1st March
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	•• == ••		United States of America: Note elaborating Identic Note of 22nd February on submarine warfare and British
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	,, 23	3	••	British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs reviews question of establishing a blockade under modern conditions
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	,,	23		Cotton agreement with Danish Industriaraad concluded
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	During		th	Allied conference on economic warfare; first rationing list drafted
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	**	18	••	German submarines recalled from the west coast of Great Britain; followed by the recall of all U boats in home waters
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Weights and Measures :-
         1,000 Kilos
                                  = \cdot 984 \text{ ton}
         1,016 Kilos
                                 = 1 ton.
                                  = 45.36 \text{ kilos} = 991 \text{ lbs.}
             1 Cental
             1 Meterzentner, or
                 metric cental,
                                 = 100 \text{ kilos} = 220 \text{ lbs}.
                 or quintal
             1 Litre
                                 = ⋅88 quart.
             1 Hectare
                                  = 2.47 acres.
Money (1914) :--
                                                                    s. d.
         Argentine ..
                                         .. 1 Peso
                                                                 = 311\frac{1}{2}
         Austria-Hungary ...
                                         .. 1 Krone
                                                                 = 0 10
         Brazil
                                         .. 1 Milrei
                                                                 = 2 3
                    . .
         Bulgaria ...
                                        .. 1 Lev
                                                                 = 0 9\frac{1}{2}
         Chile
                                        .. 1 Peso
                                  . .
         China
                                        .. 1 Tael
                                                                 = 2 6 to 3s. 4d.
                                  . .
         Denmark ..
                                        .. 1 Krone
                                                                 = 1 \quad 1\frac{1}{2}
                                         .. 1 Franc
         France
                                                                 = 0.91
                                  . .
         Germany ..
                                         .. 1 Mark
                                                                 = 0 11\frac{1}{2} abt.
                                  ٠.
         Italy
                                         .. l Lira
                                  . .
                                                                 = 0.91
         apan
                                         .. I Yen
                    . .
                                                                 = 2 0\frac{1}{2}
                           . .
                                  . .
         Mexico
                                         .. 1 Dollar
                                                                 = 2 0 \frac{1}{2}
         Netherlands
                                         1 Florin or gulden = 1
                                                                       7‡
                                  . .
         Norway ...
                                        .. 1 Krone
                                                                 = 1 1 \frac{1}{2}
                                  ٠.
         Paraguay ...
                                        .. 1 Peso
                                                                 = 2 0
                                         .. 1 Rouble
         Russia
                                  . .
                                                                 = 2 \quad 0 
                                         .. 1 Peseta
         Spain
                                                                 = 0 9\frac{1}{2}
                                  . .
         Sweden
                                        .. 1 Krona
                                                                 = 1
                                                                        14
         Switzerland
                                         .. 1 Franc
                                                                 = 0 9 
                                  . .
         Turkey
                                         .. 1 Piastre
                                                                 = 0 2\frac{1}{4} abt.
                                  . .
         U.S.A.
                                         .. 1 Dollar
                                                                 = 4 1
         Uruguay ...
                           . .
                                  . .
                                         .. 1 Peso
                                                                 = 4 2 abt.
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MARITIME ORDERS IN COUNCIL

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AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

The 20th day of August, 1914.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS during the present hostilities the Naval Forces of His Majesty will co-operate with the French and Russian Naval Forces, and

Whereas it is desirable that the naval operations of the allied forces so far as they affect neutral ships and commerce should be conducted on similar principles, and

Whereas the Governments of France and Russia have informed His Majesty's Government that during the present hostilities it is their intention to act in accordance with the provisions of the Convention known as the Declaration of London, signed on the 26th day of February, 1909, so far as may be practicable.

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that during the present hostilities the Convention known as the Declaration of London shall, subject to the following additions and modifications, be adopted and put in force by His Majesty's Government as if the same had been ratified by His Majesty:—The additions and modifications are as follows:—

- (1) The lists of absolute and conditional contraband contained in the Proclamation dated August 4th, 1914, shall be substituted for the lists contained in Articles 22 and 24 of the said Declaration.
- (2) A neutral vessel which succeeded in carrying contraband to the enemy with false papers may be detained for having carried such contraband if she is encountered before she has completed her return voyage.
- (3) The destination referred to in Article 33 may be inferred from any sufficient evidence and (in addition to the presumption laid down in Article 34) shall be presumed to exist if the goods are consigned to or for an agent of the Enemy State or to or for a merchant or other person under the control of the authorities of the Enemy State.
 - (4) The existence of a blockade shall be presumed to be known:—
 - (a) to all ships which sailed from or touched at an enemy port a sufficient time after the notification of the blockade to the local authorities to have enabled the enemy Government to make known the existence of the blockade,
 - (b) to all ships which sailed from or touched at a British or allied port after the publication of the declaration of blockade.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 35 of the said Declaration, conditional contraband, if shown to have the destination referred to in Article 33, is liable to capture to whatever port the vessel is bound and at whatever port the cargo is to be discharged.
- (6) The General Report of the Drafting Committee on the said Declaration presented to the Naval Conference and adopted by the Conference at the eleventh plenary meeting on February 25th, 1909, shall be considered by all Prize Courts as an authoritative statement of the meaning and intention of the said Declaration, and such Courts shall construe and interpret the provisions of the said Declaration by the light of the commentary given therein.

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and each of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, all other Judges of His Majesty's Prize Courts, and all Governors, Officers, and Authorities whom it may concern, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 29th day of October, 1914.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL,

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the 20th day of August, 1914, His Majesty was pleased to declare that during the present hostilities the Convention known as the Declaration of London should, subject to certain additions and modifications therein specified, be adopted and put in force by His Majesty's Government; and

Whereas the said additions and modifications were rendered necessary by the special conditions of the present war; and

Whereas it is desirable and possible now to re-enact the said Order in Council with amendments in order to minimise, so far as possible, the interference with innocent neutral trade occasioned by the war:

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. During the present hostilities the provisions of the Convention known as the Declaration of London shall, subject to the exclusion of the lists of contraband and non-contraband, and to the modifications hereinafter set out, be adopted and put in force by His Majesty's Government.

The modifications are as follows:-

- (i) A neutral vessel, with papers indicating a neutral destination, which, notwithstanding the destination shown on the papers, proceeds to an enemy port, shall be liable to capture and condemnation if she is encountered before the end of her next voyage.
- (ii) The destination referred to in Article 33 of the said Declaration shall (in addition to the presumptions laid down in Article 34) be presumed to exist if the goods are consigned to or for an agent of the enemy State.
- (iii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 35 of the said Declaration, conditional contraband shall be liable to capture on board a vessel bound for a neutral port if the goods are consigned "to order," or if the ship's papers do not show who is the consignee of the goods or if they show a consignee of the goods in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy.
- (iv) In the cases covered by the preceding paragraph (iii) it shall lie upon the owners of the goods to prove that their destination was innocent.
- 2. Where it is shown to the satisfaction of one of His Majecty's Principal Secretaries of State that the enemy Government is drawing supplies for its armed forces from or through a neutral country, he may direct that in respect of ships bound for a port in that country, Article 35 of the said Declaration shall not apply. Such direction shall be notified in the "London Gazette" and shall operate until the same is withdrawn. So long as such direction is in force, a vessel which is carrying conditional contraband to a port in that country shall not be immune from capture.
- 3. The Order in Council of the 20th August, 1914, directing the adoption and enforcement during the present hostilities of the Convention known as the Declaration of London, subject to the additions and modifications therein specified, is hereby repealed.
 - 4. This Order may be cited as "the Declaration of London Order in Council, No. 2, 1914,"

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and each of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, all other Judges of His Majesty's Prize Courts, and all Governors, Officers, and Authorities whom it may concern, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 11th day of March, 1915.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the German Government has issued certain Orders which, in violation of the usages of war, purport to declare the waters surrounding the United Kingdom a military areas in which all British and allied merchant vessels will be destroyed irrespective of the safety of the lives of passengers and crew, and in which neutral shipping will be exposed to similar danger in view of the uncertainties of naval warfare;

And whereas in a memorandum accompanying the said Orders neutrals are warned against a entrusting crews, passengers, or goods to British or allied ships;

And whereas such attempts on the part of the enemy give to His Majesty an unquestionable right of retaliation;

And whereas His Majesty has therefore decided to adopt further measures in order to prevent commodities of any kind from reaching or leaving Germany, though such measures will be enforced without risk to neutral ships or to neutral or non-combatant life, and in strict observance of the dictates of humanity;

And whereas the Allies of His Majesty a re associated with Him in the steps now to be announced for restricting further the commerce of Germany:

His Majesty is therefore pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order and it is bereby ordered as follows:—

I. No merchant vessel which sailed from her port of departure after the 1st March, 1915, shall be allowed to proceed on her voyage to any German port.

Unless the vessel receives a pass enabling her to proceed to some neutral or allied port to be named in the pass, goods on board any such vessel must be discharged in a British port and placed in the custody of the Marshal of the Prize Court. Goods so discharged, not being contraband of war, shall, if not requisitioned for the use of His Majesty, be restored by order of the Court, upon such terms as the Court may in the circumstances deem to be just, to the person entitled thereto.

II. No merchant vessel which sailed from any German port after the 1st March, 1915, shall be allowed to proceed on her voyage with any goods on board laden at such port.

All goods laden at such port must be discharged in a British or allied port. Goods so discharged in a British port shall be placed in the custody of the Marshal of the Prize Court, and, if not requisitioned for the use of His Majesty, shall be detained or sold under the direction of the Prize Court. The proceeds of goods so sold shall be paid into Court and dealt with in such manner as the Court may in the circumstances deem to be just.

Provided that no proceeds of the sale of such goods shall be paid out of Court until the conclusion of peace, except on the application of the proper Officer of the Crown, unless it be shown that the goods had become neutral property before the issue of this Order.

Provided also that nothing herein shall prevent the release of neutral property laden at such enemy port on the application of the proper Officer of the Crown.

III. Every merchant vessel which sailed from her port of departure after the 1st March. 1915, on her way to a port other than a German port, carrying goods with an enemy destination, or which are enemy property, may be required to discharge such goods in a British or allied port. Any goods so discharged in a British port shall be placed in the custody of the Marshal of the Prize Court, and, unless they are contraband of war, shall, if not requisitioned for the use of His Majesty, be restored by order of the Court, upon such terms as the Court may in the circumstances deem to be just, to the person entitled thereto.

Provided that this Article shall not apply in any case falling within Articles II. or IV. of this ... Order.

IV. Every merchant vessel which sailed from a port other than a German port after the 1st March, 1915, having on board goods which are of enemy origin or are enemy property may be required to discharge such goods in a British or allied port. Goods so discharged in a British port shall be placed in the custody of the Marshal of the Prize Court, and, if not requisitioned for the use of His Majesty, shall be detained or sold under the direction of the Prize Court. The proceeds of goods so sold shall be paid into Court and dealt with in such manner as the Court may in the circumstances deem to be just.

Provided that no proceeds of the sale of such goods shall be paid out of Court until the conclusion of peace except on the application of the proper Officer of the Crown unless it be shown that the goods had become neutral property before the issue of this Order.

Provided also that nothing herein shall prevent the release of neutral property of enemy origin on the application of the proper Officer of the Crown.

- V.—(1) Any person claiming to be interested in, or to have any claim in respect of any goods (not being contraband of war) placed in the custody of the Marshal of the Prize Court under this Order, or in the proceeds of such goods, may forthwith issue a writ in the Prize Court against the proper Officer of the Crown and apply for an order that the goods should be restored to him, or that their proceeds should be paid to him, or for such other order as the circumstances of the case may require.
- (2) The practice and procedure of the Prize Court shall, so far as applicable, be followed mutatis mutandis in any proceedings consequential upon this Order.
- VI. A merchant vessel which has cleared for a neutral port from a British or allied port, or which has been allowed to pass having an ostensible destination to a neutral port, and proceeds to an enemy port, shall, if captured on any subsequent voyage, be liable to condemnation.
- VII. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to affect the liability of any vessel or goods to capture or condemnation independently of this Order.
- VIII. Nothing in this Order shall prevent the relaxation of the provisions of this Order in respect of the merchant vessels of any country which declares that no commerce intended for or originating in Germany or belonging to German subjects shall enjoy the protection of its flag.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 20th day of October, 1915.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Declaration of London Order in Council No. 2, 1914, His Majesty was pleased to declare that, during the present hostilities, the provisions of the said Declaration of London should, subject to certain exceptions and modifications therein specified, be adopted and put in force by His Majesty's Government; and

Whereas, by Article 57 of the said Declaration, it is provided that the neutral or enemy character of a vessel is determined by the flag which she is entitled to fly; and

Whereas it is no longer expedient to adopt the said Article:

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after this date, Article 57 of the Declaration of London shall cease to be adopted and put in force.

In lieu of the said Article, British Prize Courts shall apply the rules and principles formerly observed in such Courts.

This Order may be cited as "The Declaration of London Order in Council, 1915."

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and each of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, all other Judges of His Majesty's Prize Courts, and all Governors, Officers, and Authorities whom it may concern, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

IT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 30th day of March, 1916.

PRESENT.

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Declaration of London Order in Council No. 2, 1914, His Majesty was pleased to direct that during the present hostilities the provisions of the Convention known as the Declaration of London should, subject to certain omissions and modifications therein set out, be adopted and put in force by His Majesty's Government; and

Whereas doubts have arisen as to the effect of Article 1 (iii) of the said Order in Council on the right to effect the capture of conditional contraband on board a vessel bound for a neutral port; and

Whereas it is expedient to put an end to such doubts and otherwise to amend the said Order in Council in the manner hereinafter appearing; and

Whereas by Article 19 of the said Declaration it is provided that whatever may be the ulterior destination of a vessel or of her cargo, she cannot be captured for breach of blockade if, at the moment, she is on her way to a non-blockaded port; and

Whereas it is no longer expedient to adopt Article 19 of the said Declaration;

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

- 1. The provisions of the Declaration of London Order in Council No. 2, 1914, shall not be deemed to limit or to have limited in any way the right of His Majesty, in accordance with the law of nations, to capture goods upon the ground that they are conditional contraband, nor to affect or to have affected the liability of conditional contraband to capture, whether the carriage of the goods to their destination be direct or entail transhipment or a subsequent transport by land.
- 2. The provisions of Article 1 (ii) and (iii) of the said Order in Council shall apply to absolute contraband as well as to conditional contraband.
- 3. The destinations referred to in Article 30 and in Article 33 of the said Declaration shall (in addition to any presumptions laid down in the said Order in Council) be presumed to exist, if the goods are consigned to or for a person, who, during the present hostilities, has forwarded imported contraband goods to territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy.
- 4. In the cases covered by Articles 2 and 3 of this Order, it shall lie upon the owner of the goods to prove that their destination was innocent.
- 5. From and after the date of this Order, Article 19 of the Declaration of London shall cease to be adopted and put in force. Neither a vessel nor her cargo shall be immune from capture for breach of blockade upon the sole ground that she is at the moment on her way to a non-blockaded port.
 - 6. This Order may be cited as "The Declaration of London Order in Council, 1916."

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and each of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, all other Judges of His Majesty's Prize Courts, and all Governors, Officers, and Authorities whom it may concern, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 7th day of July, 1916.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council, dated the 20th day of August, 1914. His Majesty was pleased to declare that during the present hostilities the provisions of the Declaration of London should, subject to certain additions and modifications therein specified, be adopted and put in force by His Majesty's Government:

And whereas the said Declaration was adopted as aforementioned in common with His Majesty's Allies:

And whereas it has been necessary for His Majesty and for His Allies from time to issue further enactments modifying the application of the articles of the said Declaration:

And whereas Orders in Council for this purpose have been issued by His Majesty on the 29th day of October, 1914, the 20th day of October, 1915, and the 30th day of March, 1916:

And whereas the issue of these successive Orders in Council may have given rise to some doubt as to the intention of His Majesty, as also as to that of His Allies, to act in strict accordance with the law of nations, and it is therefore expedient to withdraw the said Orders so far as they are now in force:

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Declaration of London Order in Council No. 2, 1914, and all Orders subsequent thereto amending the said Order are hereby withdrawn;

And His Majesty is pleased further to declare, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, and it is hereby declared, that it is and always has been His intention, as it is and has been that of His Allies, to exercise their belligerent rights at sea in strict accordance with the law of nations;

And whereas on account of the changed conditions of commerce and the diversity of practice doubts might arise in certain matters as to the rules which His Majesty and His Allies regard as being in conformity with the law of nations, and it is expedient to deal with such matters specifically;

It is hereby ordered that the following provisions shall be observed:—

- (a) The hostile destination required for the condemnation of contraband articles shall be presumed to exist, until the contrary is shown, if the goods are consigned to or for an enemy authority, or an agent of the enemy State, or to or for a person in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or to or for a person who, during the present hostilities, has forwarded contraband goods to an enemy authority, or an agent of the enemy State, or to or for a person in territory belonging to or occupied by the enemy, or if the goods are consigned "to order," or if the ship's papers do not show who is the real consignee of the goods.
- (b) The principle of continuous voyage or ultimate destination shall be applicable both in cases of contraband and of blockade.
- (c) A neutral vessel carrying contraband with papers indicating a neutral destination, which, notwithstanding the destination shown on the papers, proceeds to an enemy port, shall be liable to capture and condemnation if she is encountered before the end of her next voyage.
- (d) A vessel carrying contraband shall be liable to capture and condemnation if the contraband, reckoned either by value, weight, volume, or freight forms more than half the cargo.

And it is hereby further ordered as follows:-

- (i) Nothing herein shall be deemed to affect the Order in Council of the 11th March, 1915, for restricting further the commerce of the enemy or any of His Majesty's Proclamations declaring articles to be contraband of war during the present hostilities.
- (ii) Nothing herein shall affect the validity of anything done under the Orders in Council hereby withdrawn.
- (iii) Any cause or proceeding commenced in any Prize Court before the making of this Order may, if the Court thinks just, be heard and decided under the provisions of the Orders hereby withdrawn so far as they were in force at the date when such cause or proceeding was commenced, or would have been applicable in such cause or proceeding if this Order had not been made.

This Order may be cited as "The Maritime Rights Order in Council, 1916."

And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, and each of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the President of the Probate Divorce, and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, all other Judges of His Majesty's Prize Courts, and all Governors, Officers, and Authorities whom it may concern, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

The 10th day of January, 1917.

PRESENT,

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS on the 11th day of March, 1915, an Order was issued by His Majesty in Council directing that all ships which sailed from their ports of departure after the 1st day of March, 1915, might be required to discharge in a British or Allied port goods which were of enemy origin or of enemy destination or which were enemy property:

And whereas such Order in Council was consequent upon certain Orders issued by the German Government purporting to declare, in violation of the usages of war, the waters surrounding the United Kingdom a military area, in which all British and Allied merchant vessels would be destroyed, irrespective of the lives of passengers and crew, and in which neutral shipping would be exposed to similar danger, in view of the uncertainties of naval warfare:

And whereas the sinking of British, Allied, and neutral merchant ships, irrespective of the lives of passengers and crews, and in violation of the usages of war, has not been confined to the waters surrounding the United Kingdom, but has taken place in a large portion of the area of naval operations:

And whereas such illegal acts have been committed not only by German warships but by warships flying the flag of each of the enemy countries:

And whereas on account of the extension of the scope of the illegal operations carried out under the said German Orders, and in retaliation therefor, vessels have been required under the provisions of the Order in Council aforementioned to discharge in a British or Allied port goods which were of enemy origin or of enemy destination or which were enemy property, irrespective of the enemy country from or to which such goods were going or of the enemy country in which was domiciled the person whose property they were:

And whereas doubts have arisen as to whether the term "enemy" in articles 3 and 4 of the said Order in Council includes enemy countries other than Germany:

NOW, THEREFORE, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

- 1. In articles 3 and 4 of the said Order in Council of the 11th March, 1915, aforementioned, the terms "enemy destination" and "enemy origin" shall be deemed to apply and shall apply to goods destined for or originating in any enemy country, and the term "enemy property" shall be deemed to apply and shall apply to goods belonging to any person domiciled in any enemy country.
- 2. Effect shall be given to this Order in the application of the said Order in Council of the 11th March, 1915, to goods which previous to the date of this Order have been discharged at a British or Allied port, being goods of destination or origin or property which was enemy though not German, and all such goods shall be detained and dealt with in all respects as is provided in the said Order in Council of the 11th March, 1915.

J. C. LEDLIE.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 16th day of February, 1917.

PRESENT.

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the 11th day of March, 1915, His Majesty was pleased to direct certain measures to be taken against the commerce of the enemy:

And whereas the German Government has now issued a memorandum declaring that from the 1st February, 1917, all sea traffic will be prevented in certain zones therein described adjacent to Great Britain and France and Italy, and that neutral ships will navigate the said zones at their own risk:

And whereas similar directions have been given by other enemy Powers:

And whereas the orders embodied in the said memorandum are in flagrant contradiction with the rules of international law, the dictates of humanity, and the treaty obligations of the enemy:

And whereas such proceedings on the part of the enemy render it necessary for His Majesty to adopt further measures in order to maintain the efficiency of those previously taken to prevent commodities of any kind from reaching or leaving the enemy countries, and for this purpose to subject to capture and condemnation vessels carrying goods with an enemy destination or of enemy origin unless they afford unto the forces of His Majesty and His Allies ample opportunities of examining their cargoes, and also to subject such goods to condemnation:

His Majesty is therefore pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following directions shall be observed in respect of all vessels which sail from their port of departure after the date of this Order:—

- 1. A vessel which is encountered at sea on her way to or from a port in any neutral country affording means of access to the enemy territory without calling at a port in British or Allied territory shall, until the contrary is established, be deemed to be carrying goods with an enemy destination, or of enemy origin, and shall be brought in for examination, and, if necessary, for adjudication before the Prize Court.
- 2. Any vessel carrying goods with an enemy destination, or of enemy origin, shall be liable to capture and condemnation in respect of the carriage of such goods; provided that, in the case of any vessel which calls at an appointed British or Allied port for the examination of her cargo, no sentence of condemnation shall be pronounced in respect only of the carriage of goods of enemy origin or destination, and no such presumption as is laid down in Article I shall arise.
- 3. Goods which are found on the examination of any vessel to be goods of enemy origin or of enemy destination shall be liable to condemnation.
- 4. Nothing in this Order shall be deemed to affect the liability of any vessel or goods to capture or condemnation independently of this Order.
- 5. This Order is supplemental to the Orders in Council of the 11th day of March, 1915, and the 10th day of January, 1917, for restricting the commerce of the enemy.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

APPENDIX II

CONTRABAND PROCLAMATIONS

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(C 20360)

PROCLAMATION

August 4, 1914

Specifying the Articles to be treated as Contraband of War

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS a state of war exists between us on the one hand and the German Empire on the other;

And whereas it is necessary to specify the articles which it is Our intention to treat as contraband of war:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice the articles enumerated in Schedule I hereto will be treated as absolute contraband, and the articles enumerated in Schedule II hereto will be treated as conditional contraband:

Schedule I

The following articles will be treated as absolute contraband:

- 1. Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 2. Projectiles, charges, and cartridges of all kinds, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 3. Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war.
- 4. Gun mountings, limber boxes, limbers, military wagons, field forges, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 5. Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.
 - 6. All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character.
 - 7. Saddle, draft, and pack animals suitable for use in war.
 - 8. Articles of camp equipment and their distinctive component parts.
 - 9. Armour plates.
- 10. Warships, including boats, and their distinctive parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.
- 11. Aeroplanes, airships, balloons, and air craft of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles recognizable as intended for use in connection with balloons and air craft.
- 12. Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms, or war materials for use on land and sea.

Schedule II

The following articles will be treated as conditional contraband:

- 1. Foodstuffs.
- 2. Forage and grain suitable for feeding animals.
- 3. Clothing, fabrics for clothing, and boots and shoes, suitable for use in war.
- 4. Gold and silver in coin or bullion; paper money.
- 5. Vehicles of all kinds available for use in war and their component parts.
- 6. Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds; floating docks, parts of docks, and their component parts.
- 7. Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock, and materials for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs, and telephones.
 - 8. Fuel; lubricants.
 - 9. Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
 - 10. Barbed wire, and implements for fixing and cutting the same.
 - 11. Horseshoes and shoeing materials.
 - 12. Harness and saddlery.
 - 13. Field glasses, telescopes, chronometers, and all kinds of nautical instruments.

Given at our court at Buckingham Palace, this fourth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, etc., etc.

PROCLAMATION

September 21, 1914. No. 1410

Specifying certain Additional Articles which are to be treated as Contraband of War

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS on the 4th day of August last, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband of war during the war between us and the German Emperor.

And whereas on the 12th day of August last We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date extend Our Proclamation aforementioned to the war between Us and the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary.

And whereas by an order in council of the 20th day of August, 1914, it was ordered that during the present hostilities the convention known as the Declaration of London should, subject to certain additions and modifications therein specified, be adopted and put in force as if the same had been ratified by Us.

And whereas it is desirable to add to the list of articles to be treated as contraband of war during the present war.

And whereas it is expedient to introduce certain further modifications in the Declaration of London as adopted and put into force.

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war, or until We do give further public notice, the articles enumerated in the schedule hereto will, notwithstanding anything contained in Article 28 of the Declaration of London, be treated as conditional contraband.

Schedule

Copper, unwrought.
Lead, pig, sheet, or pipe.
Glycerine.
Ferrochrome.
Hæmatite iron ore.

Magnetic iron ore.
Rubber.
Hides and skins, raw or rough tanned (but not including dressed leather).

Given at our court at Buckingham Palace, this twenty-first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, etc., etc.

PROCLAMATION

October 29, 1914. No. 1613

REVISING THE LIST OF CONTRABAND OF WAR

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS, on the fourth day of August, 1914, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband of war during the war between Us and the German Emperor; and

Whereas, on the twelth day of August, 1914, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date extend Our Proclamation aforementioned to the war between Us and the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary; and

Whereas on the twenty-first day of September, 1914, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date make certain additions to the list of articles to be treated as contraband of war; and

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate the said lists and to make certain additions thereto:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that the lists of contraband contained in the schedules to Our Royal Proclamations of the fourth day of August and the twenty-first day of September aforementioned are hereby withdrawn, and that in lieu thereof during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice the articles enumerated in Schedule I hereto will be treated as absolute contraband, and the articles enumerated in Schedule II hereto will be treated as conditional contraband.

(C 20360)

Schedule I

- 1. Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 2. Projectiles, charges, and cartridges of all kinds, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 3. Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war.
 - 4. Sulphuric acid.
- 5. Gun mountings, limber boxes, limbers, military wagons, field forges and their distinctive component parts.
 - 6. Range-finders and their distinctive component parts.
 - 7. Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.
 - 8. Saddle, draft, and pack animals suitable for use in war.
 - 9. All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character.
 - 10. Articles of camp equipment and their distinctive component parts.
 - 11. Armour plates,
 - 12. Hæmatite iron ore and hæmatite pig iron.
 - 13. Iron pyrites.
 - 14. Nickel ore and nickel,
 - 15. Ferrochrome and chrome ore.
 - 16. Copper, unwrought.
 - 17. Lead, pig, sheet, or pipe.
 - 18. Aluminium.
 - 19. Ferro-silica.
 - 20. Barbed wire, and implements for fixing and cutting the same.
- 21. Warships, including boats and their distinctive component parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.
- 22. Aeroplanes, airships, balloons, and aircraft of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles recognizable as intended for use in connection with balloons and aircraft.
 - 23. Motor vehicles of all kinds and their component parts.
 - 24. Motor tires; rubber.
 - 25. Mineral oils and motor spirit, except lubricating oils.
- 26. Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms, or war material for use on land and sea.

Schedule II

- Foodstuffs.
- 2. Forage and feedings stuff for animals.
- 3. Clothing, fabrics for clothing, and boots and shoes suitable for use in war.
- 4. Gold and silver in coin or bullion; paper money.
- 5. Vehicles of all kinds, other than motor vehicles, available for use in war, and their component parts.
- 6. Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds; floating docks, parts of docks, and their component parts.
- 7. Railway materials, both fixed and rolling stock, and materials for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs, and telephones.
 - 8. Fuel, other than mineral oils. Lubricants.
 - 9. Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
 - 10. Sulphur.
 - 11. Glycerine.
 - 12. Horseshoes and shoeing materials.
 - 13. Harness and saddlery.
- 14. Hides of all kinds, dry or wet; pigskins, raw or dressed; leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, or military boots.
 - 15. Field glasses, telescopes, chronometers, and all kinds of nautical instruments.

Given at our court at Buckingham Palace, this twenty-ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, etc., etc.

PROCLAMATION

December 23, 1914

REVISING THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS on the 4th day of August, 1914, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband of war during the war between Us and the German Emperor; and

Whereas on the 12th day of August, 1914, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date extend Our Proclamation aforementioned to the war between Us and the Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary; and

Whereas on the 21st day of September, 1914, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date make certain additions to the list of articles to be treated as contraband of war; and

Whereas on the 29th day of October, 1914, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date withdraw the said lists of contraband and substitute therefor the lists contained in the schedule to the said proclamation; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain alterations in and additions to the said lists:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that the lists of contraband contained in the schedule to Our Royal Proclamation of the twenty-ninth day of October aforementioned are hereby withdrawn, and that in lieu thereof during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice the articles enumerated in Schedule I hereto will be treated as absolute contraband, and the articles enumerated in Schedule II hereto will be treated as conditional contraband.

Schedule I

- 1. Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 2. Projectiles, charges and cartridges of all kinds and their distinctive component parts.
 - 3. Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war.
- 4. Ingredients of explosives, viz.: nitric acid, sulphuric acid, glycerine, acetone, calcium acetate and all other metallic acetates, sulphur, potassium nitrate, the fractions of the distillation products of coal tar between benzol and cresol, inclusive, aniline, methylaniline, dimethylaniline, ammonium perchlorate, sodium perchlorate, sodium chlorate, barium chlorate, ammonium nitrate, cyanamide, potassium chlorate, calcium nitrate, mercury.
 - 5. Resinous products, camphor, and turpentine (oil and spirit).
- 6. Gun mountings, limber boxes, limbers, military wagons, field forges, and their distinctive component parts.
 - 7. Range-finders and their distinctive component parts.
 - 8. Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.
 - 9. Saddle, draught, and pack animals suitable for use in war.
 - 10. All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character.
 - 11. Articles of camp equipment and their distinctive component parts.
 - 12. Armour plates.
- 13. Ferro alloys, including ferro-tungsten, ferro-molybdenum, ferro-manganese, ferro-vanadium, ferro-chrome.
- 14. The following metals: Tungsten, molybdenum, vanadium, nickel, selenium, cobalt, hæmatite pig-iron, manganese.
- 15. The following ores: Wolframite, scheelite, molybdenite, manganese ore, nickel ore, chrome ore, hæmatite iron ore, zinc ore, lead ore, bauxite.
 - Aluminium, alumina, and salts of aluminium.
 - 17. Antimony, together with the sulphides and oxides of antimony.
 - 18. Copper, unwrought and part wrought, and copper wire.
 - 19. Lead, pig, sheet, or pipe.
 - 20. Barbed wire, and implements for fixing and cutting the same.
- 21. Warships, including boats and their distinctive component parts of such nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.
 - 22. Submarine sound signalling apparatus.

- 23. Aeroplanes, airships, balloons, and aircraft of all kinds, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles recognizable as intended for use in connection with balloons and aircraft.
 - 24. Motor vehicles of all kinds and their component parts.
- 25. Tires for motor vehicles and for cycles, together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tires.
 - 26. Rubber (including raw, waste, and reclaimed rubber) and goods made wholly of rubber.
 - Iron pyrites.
 - 28. Mineral oils and motor spirit, except lubricating oils.
- 29. Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, for the manufacture or repair of arms, or war material for use on land and sea.

Schedule II

- 1. Foodstuffs.
- Forage and feeding stuffs for animals.
- 3. Clothing, fabrics for clothing, and boots and shoes suitable for use in war.
- 4. Gold and silver in coin or bullion; paper money.
- 5. Vehicles of all kinds, other than motor vehicles, available for use in war, and their component parts.
- 6. Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds; floating docks, parts of docks, and their component parts.
- 7. Railway materials, both fixed and rolling stock, and materials for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs, and telephones.
 - 8. Fuel, other than mineral oils. Lubricants.
 - Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
 - 10. Horseshoes and shoeing materials.
 - 11. Harness and saddlery.
- 12. Hides of all kinds, dry or wet; pigskins, raw or dressed; leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery and harness, or military boots.
 - 13. Field glasses, telescopes, chronometers, and all kinds of nautical instruments.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-third day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fourteen, etc., etc.

PROCLAMATION

March 11, 1915

Adding to the List of Articles to be treated as Contraband of War GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS on the twenty-third day of December, 1914, We did issue Our Royal Proclamations specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice, and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain additions to the lists contained in the said proclamation:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned:

Raw wool, wool tops and noils and woollen and worsted yarns.

Tin, chloride of tin, tin ore.

Castor oil.

Paraffin wax.

Copper iodide.

Lubricants.

Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses; skins of calves, pigs, sheep, goats, and deer; leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots, or military clothing.

Ammonia and its alts whether simple or compound; ammonia liquor, urea, aniline, and their compounds.

And We do herely declare that the following articles will be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned:

Tanning substances of all kinds (including extracts for use in tanning).

And We do hereby further declare that the terms "foodstuffs" and "feeding stuffs for animals" in the list of conditional contraband contained in Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned shall be deemed to include oleaginous seeds, nuts and kernels; animal and vegetable oils and fats (other than linseed oil) suitable for use in the manufacture of margarine; and cakes and meals made from oleaginous seeds, nuts and kernels.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this eleventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, etc., etc.

BY THE KING

A PROCLAMATION

Making certain further Additions to and Amendments in the List of Articles to be treated as Contraband of War

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS on the twenty-third day of December, 1914, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice; and

Whereas on the eleventh day of March, 1915, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date make certain additions to the list of articles to be treated as contraband of war; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to and amendments in the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war, or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned:—

Toluol, and mixtures of toluol, whether derived from coal-tar, petroleum, or any other source:

Lathes and other machines or machine-tools capable of being employed in the manufacture of munitions of war;

Maps and plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent, or within the area of military operations, on a scale of four miles to one inch or on any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale by photography or otherwise of such maps or plans.

And We do hereby further declare that item 4 of Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the twenty-third day of December aforementioned shall be amended as from this date by the omission of the words "and all other metallic acetates" after the words "calcium acetate."

And We do hereby further declare that in Our Royal Proclamation of the eleventh day of March aforementioned the words "other than linseed oil" shall be deleted and that the following article will as from this date be treated as conditional contraband:—

Linseed oil.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-seventh day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT THE ROYAL PAVILION, ALDERSHOT CAMP

The 20th day of August, 1915

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING

A PROCLAMATION

ADDING TO THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR

WHEREAS on the 23rd day of December, 1914, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further notice; and

Whereas on the 11th day of March and on the 27th day of May, 1915, We did, by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates, make certain additions to the list of articles to be treated as contraband of war; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said lists:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned:—

Raw cotton, cotton linters, cotton waste, and cotton yarns.

And We do hereby further declare that this Our Royal Proclamation shall take effect from the date of its publication in the London Gazette.

Given at Our Court at the Royal Pavilion, Aldershot Camp, this Twentieth day of August, in the year of our Lord one-thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and in the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 14th day of October, 1915

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING

A PROCLAMATION

REVISING THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR

WHEREAS on the 23rd day of December, 1914, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice; and

Whereas on the 11th day of March, and on the 27th day of May, and on the 20th day of August, 1915, We did, by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates, make certain additions to the lists of articles to be treated as contraband of war; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to and amendments in the said lists:

NOW THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that the lists of contraband contained in the Schedules to Our Royal Proclamation of the 23rd day of December, as subsequently amended by Our Proclamations of the 11th day of March, and of the 27th day of May, and of the 20th day of August aforementioned, are hereby withdrawn, and that in lieu thereof, during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the articles enumerated in Schedule I hereto will be treated as absolute contraband, and the articles enumerated in Schedule II hereto will be treated as conditional contraband.

BB*

Schedule I

- 1. Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their component parts.
- 2. Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.
- 3. Lathes and other machines or machine tools capable of being employed in the manufacture of munitions of war.
 - 4. Emery, corundum, natural and artificial (alundum), and carborundum, in all forms.
 - 5. Projectiles, charges, and cartridges of all kinds, and their component parts.
 - 6. Paraffin wax.
 - 7. Powder and explosives specially prepared for use in war.
- 8. Materials used in the manufacture of explosives, including:—Nitric acid and nitrates of all kinds; sulphuric acid; fuming sulphuric acid (oleum); acetic acid and acetates; barium chlorate and perchlorate; calcium acetate, nitrate and carbide; potassium salts and caustic potash; ammonium salts and ammonia liquor; caustic soda, sodium chlorate and perchlorate; mercury; benzol, toluol, xylol, solvent naphtha, phenol (carbolic acid), cresol, naphthalene, and their mixtures and derivatives; aniline, and its derivatives; glycerine; acetone; acetic ether; ethyl alcohol; methyl alcohol; ether; sulphur; urea; cyanamide; celluloid.
- 9. Manganese dioxide; hydrochloric acid; bromine; phosphorus; carbon disulphide; arsenic and its compounds; chlorine; phosgene (carbonyl chloride); sulphur dioxide; prussiate of soda; sodium cyanide; iodine and its compounds.
 - 10. Capsicum and peppers.
- 11. Gun mountings, limberboxes, limbers, military waggons, field forges, and their component parts; articles of camp equipment and their component parts.
 - 12. Barbed wire, and the implements for fixing and cutting the same.
 - 13. Range-finders and their component parts; searchlights and their component parts.
 - 14. Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.
 - 15. Saddle, draught, and pack animals suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war.
 - 16. All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character.
- 17. Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses; skins of calves, pigs, sheep, goats, and deer; and leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots, or military clothing; leather belting, hydraulic leather, and pump leather.
 - 18. Tanning substances of all kinds, including quebracho wood and extracts for use in tanning.
- 19. Wool, raw, combed or carded; wool waste; wool tops and noils; woollen or worsted yarns; animal hair of all kinds, and tops, noils and yarns of animal hair.
- 20. Raw cotton, linters, cotton waste, cotton yarns, cotton piece goods, and other cotton products capable of being used in the manufacture of explosives.
 - 21. Flax; hemp; ramie; kapok.
- 22. Warships, including boats and their component parts of such a nature that they can only by used on a vessel of war.
 - 23. Submarine sound-signalling apparatus.
 - 24. Armour plates.
- 25. Aircraft of all kinds, including aeroplanes, airships, balloons and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.
 - 26. Motor vehicles of all kinds and their component parts.
- 27. Tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles, together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.
 - 28. Mineral oils, including benzine and motor spirit.
 - 29. Resinous products, camphor and turpentine (oil and spirit); wood tar and wood-tar oil.
- 30. Rubber (including raw, waste, and reclaimed rubber, solutions and jellies containing rubber, or any other preparations containing rubber, balata, and gutta-percha, and the following varieties of rubber, viz.: Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianac, and all other substances containing caoutchouc), and goods made wholly or partly of rubber.
 - 31. Rattans.
 - 32. Lubricants.
- 33. The following metals: Tungsten, molybdenum, vanadium, sodium, nickel, selenium, cobalt, hæmatite pig-iron, manganese, electrolytic iron, and steel containing tungsten or molybdenum.
 - 34. Asbestos.

(C 20360)

- 35. Aluminium, alumina, and salts of aluminium,
- 36. Antimony, together with the sulphides and oxides of antimony.
- 37. Copper, unwrought and part wrought; copper wire; alloys and compounds of copper.
- 38. Lead, pig, sheet, or pipe.
- 39. Tin, chloride of tin, and tin ore.
- 40. Ferro alloys, including ferro-tungsten, ferro-molybdenum, ferro-manganese, ferro-vanadium and ferro-chrome.
- 41. The following ores: Wolframite, scheelite, molybdenite, manganese ore, nickel ore, chrome ore, hæmatite iron ore, iron pyrites, copper pyrites and other copper ores, zinc ore, lead ore, arsenical ore, and bauxite.
- 42. Maps and plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent, or within the area of military operations, on a scale of 4 miles to 1 inch or any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale, by photography or otherwise, of such maps or plans.

Schedule II

- 1. Foodstuffs.
- 2. Forage and feeding stuffs for animals.
- 3. Oleaginous seeds, nuts and kernels.
- 4. Animal, fish, and vegetable oils and fats, other than those capable of use as lubricants, and not including essential oils.
 - 5. Fuel, other than mineral oils.
 - 6. Powder and explosives not specially prepared for use in war.
 - 7. Horseshoes and shoeing materials.
 - 8. Harness and saddlery.
- 9. The following articles, if suitable for use in war: Clothing, fabrics for clothing, skins and furs utilisable for clothing, boots and shoes.
- 10. Vehicles of all kinds, other than motor vehicles, available for use in war, and their component parts.
- 11. Railway materials, both fixed and rolling stock, and materials for telegraphs, wireless telegraphs, and telephones.
- 12. Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds; floating docks and their component parts; parts of docks.
 - 13. Field glasses, telescopes, chronometers, and all kinds of nautical instruments.
 - 14. Gold and silver in coin or bullion; paper money.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Fourteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and fifteen, and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 27th day of January, 1916

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING

A PROCLAMATION

MAKING CERTAIN ADDITIONS TO AND AMENDMENTS IN THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR

WHEREAS on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to and amendments in the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council that, during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband, in addition to those set out in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned :-

Cork, including cork dust.

Bones in any form, whole or crushed, and bone ash,

Vegetable fibres and yarns made therefrom.

And We do hereby further declare that as from this date the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned :-

In item 8, for "acetone" shall be substituted "acetones, and raw or finished materials usable for their preparation."

In item 9, for "phosphorus" shall be substituted "phosphorus and its compounds."

In item 26 there shall be added after the word "parts" the words "and accessories." In item 38 the more general term "lead" shall be substituted for the words "lead, pig, sheet, or pipe."

And We do hereby further declare that the following articles shall as from this date be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Schedule II of Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned :-

Casein.

Bladders, guts, casings, and sausage skins.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 12th day of April, 1916 -

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING

A PROCLAMATION

Making certain Additions to and Amendments in the List of Articles to be treated as CONTRABAND OF WAR

WHEREAS on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities, or until We did give further public notice;

And whereas on the 27th day of January, 1916, We did by Our Royal Proclamation of that date make certain additions to and modifications in the list of articles to be treated as contraband;

And whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to and modifications in the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned :-

Gold, silver, paper money, and all negotiable instruments and realisable securities.

Metallic chlorides, except chloride of sodium; metalloidic chlorides; halogen compounds

Starch.

Borax, boric acid, and other boron compounds, Sabadilla seeds and preparations therefrom.

(C 20360)

And We do hereby further declare that as from this date the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation aforesaid:—

In item 3 the following shall be substituted for the present wording:—

"Lathes, machines, and tools capable of being employed in the manufacture of munitions of war."

In item 8 for "either" shall be substituted "formic ether; sulphuric ether."

And We do hereby further declare that no gold, silver, or paper money captured after this date shall be treated as conditional contraband, and that, except as to captures already effected, item 14 shall as from this date be struck out of Schedule II of Our Royal Proclamation aforementioned.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twelfth day of April, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 27th day of June, 1916

PRESENT THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING

A PROCLAMATION

MAKING CERTAIN ADDITIONS TO THE LIST OF ARTICLES TO BE TREATED AS CONTRABAND OF WAR

WHEREAS on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities, or until We did give further public notice; and

Whereas on the 27th day of January, 1916, and the 12th day of April, 1916, We did by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned:—

Electric appliances adapted for use in war and their component parts.

Asphalt, bitumen, pitch, and tar.

Sensitized photographic films, plates, and paper.

Felspar.

Goldbeaters' skin.

Talc.

Bamboo.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-seventh day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 3rd day of October, 1916

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY,

BY THE KING A PROCLAMATION

Making certain Additions to and Amendments in the List of Articles to be treated as Contraband of War

WHEREAS on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities, or until We did give further public notice;

And whereas on the 27th day of January, 1916, the 12th day of April, 1916, and the 27th day of June, 1916, We did, by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates, make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband;

And whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband, in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned:—

Insulating materials, raw and manufactured.

Fatty acids.

Cadmium, cadmium alloys, and cadmium ore.

Albumen.

And We do hereby further declare that as from this date the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th day of October, 1915, aforementioned:—

For item 6, "paraffin wax," there shall be substituted "waxes of all kinds."

And We do hereby further declare that the following article shall as from this date be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned:—

Yeast.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace this Third day of October, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 23rd day of November, 1916

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING A PROCLAMATION

Making certain Additions to and Amendments in the List of Articles to be treated as Contraband of War

WHEREAS, on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities, or until We did give further public notice; and

Whereas, on the 27th day of January, 1916, the 12th day of April, 1916, the 27th day of June 1916, and the 3rd day of October, 1916, We did, by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband, in addition to those set out in Our Roya. Proclamations aforementioned:-

Diamonds suitable for industrial purposes.

Silk in all forms and the manufactures thereof; silk cocoons.

Artificial silk and the manufactures thereof.

Quillaia bark. Zirconium, cerium, thorium, and all alloys and compounds thereof.

Zirconia and monazite sand.

And We do hereby further declare that, as from this date, the following amendents shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th day of October, 1915. aforementioned :--

For item 4, "emery, corundum, natural and artificial (alundum), and carborundum in all forms," there shall be substituted "emery, corundum, carborundum, and all other abrasive materials whether natural or artificial, and the manufactures thereof."

And We do hereby further declare that, as from this date, the following amendments shall be made in Our Royal Proclamation of the 12th day of April, 1916, aforementioned :-

For "gold, silver, paper money, and all negotiable instruments and realisable securities," there shall be substituted "gold, silver, paper money, securities, negotiable instruments cheques, drafts, orders, warrants, coupons, letters of credit delegation or advice, credit and debit notes, or other documents, which in themselves, or if completed, or if actec upon by the recipient, authorise, confirm, or give effect to the transfer of money, credit or securities."

And We do hereby further declare that the following articles shall, as from this date, be treated as conditional contraband in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned :-

Sponges, raw and prepared.

Glue, gelatine, and substances used in the manufacture thereof.

Empty barrels and casks of all kinds and their component parts.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-third day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 29th day of December, 1916

PRESENT

THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

The following Draft Proclamation was this day read at the Board and approved.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING A PROCLAMATION

Making certain Additions to, and Amendments in, the List of Articles to be treated as CONTRABAND OF WAR

WHEREAS on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities, or until We did give further public notice; and

Whereas on the 27th day of January, 1916, the 12th day of April, 1916, the 27th day of June 1916, the 3rd day of October, 1916, and the 23rd day of November, 1916, We did, by Our Roya Proclamations of those dates, make certain additions to and modifications in the said list of articles to be treated as contraband; and

Whereas it is expedient to make certain further additions to the said list:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the following articles will be treated as absolute contraband, in addition to those set out in Our Royal Proclamations aforementioned:—

Oxalic acid and oxalates.

Formic acid and formates.

Phenates.

Metallic sulphites and thiosulphates.

Soda lime, and bleaching powder.

Platinum, osmium, ruthenium, rhodium, palladium, iridium, and the alloys and compounds of these metals.

Strontium salts and compounds thereof.

Sulphate of barium (barytes).

Bone black

And We do hereby further declare that, as from this date, the following amendments shall be made in Schedule I of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th October, 1915, aforementioned:—

For item 8, "ethyl alcohol; methyl alcohol," there shall be substituted "Alcohols, including fusel oil and wood spirit, and their derivatives and preparations."

For item 35, "aluminium, alumina, and salts of aluminium," there shall be substituted "aluminium and its alloys, alumina, and salts of aluminium."

For item 41, "wolframite, scheelite," there shall be substituted "tungsten ores."

And We do hereby further declare that, as from this date, the following amendments shall be made in Schedule II of Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th October, 1915, aforementioned:—

For item 5, "fuel, other than mineral oils," there shall be substituted "fuel, including charcoal, other than mineral oils."

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Twenty-ninth day of December, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

BY THE KING A PROCLAMATION

Consolidating, with Additions and Amendments, the Lists of Articles to be treated as Contraband of War

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS on the 14th day of October, 1915, We did issue Our Royal Proclamation specifying the articles which it was Our intention to treat as contraband during the continuance of hostilities or until We did give further public notice;

And whereas on the 27th day of January, and on the 12th day of April, and on the 27th day of June, and on the 3rd day of October, and on the 23rd day of November, and on the 29th day of December, 1916. We did, by Our Royal Proclamations of those dates, make certain additions to the lists of articles to be treated as contraband of war:

And whereas it is expedient to make certain additions to and amendments in the said lists, and to consolidate and re-issue the same in alphabetical order:

NOW, THEREFORE, We do hereby declare, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, that the lists of contraband contained in the Schedules to Our Royal Proclamation of the 14th day of October, 1915, as subsequently amended by Our Proclamations of the 27th day of January, and of the 12th day of April, and of the 27th day of June, and of the 3rd day of October, and of the 23rd day of November, and of the 29th day of December, 1916, aforementioned, are hereby withdrawn, and that, in lieu thereof, during the continuance of the war or until We do give further public notice, the articles enumerated in Schedule I hereto will be treated as absolute contraband, and the articles enumerated in Schedule II hereto will be treated as conditional contraband.

Schedule I

Abrasive materials. (See "Emery.")

Acetic acid and acetates.

Acetic anhydride.

Acetic ether.

Acetones, and raw or finished materials usable for their preparation.

Aircraft of all kinds, including aeroplanes, airships, balloons, and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.

Albumen.

Alcohols, including fusel oil and wood spirit, and their derivatives and preparations.

Aluminium, and its alloys, alumina, and salts of alumina.

Ammonia.

Ammonia liquor.

Ammonium salts.

Aniline and its derivatives.

Animals, saddle, draught, and pack, suitable, or which may become suitable, for use in war.

Antimony, and the sulphides and oxides of antimony.

Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projecting of compressed or liquefied gases, flame, acids, or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations, and their component parts.

Armour plates.

Arms all of kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their component parts.

Arsenic and its compounds.

Arsenical ore.

Asbestos.

Asphalt.

Balata. (See "Rubber.")

Bamboo.

Barbed wire, and the implements for fixing and cutting the same.

Barium chlorate and perchlorate.

Barium sulphate (barytes).

Bauxite.

Benzine. (See "Mineral Oils.")

Benzol and its mixtures and derivatives.

Bitumen.

Bleaching powder.

Bone black.

Bones in any form, whole or crushed; bone ash.

Borax, boric acid, and other boron compounds.

Bromine.

Cadmium, cadmium alloys, and cadmium ore.

Calcium acetate, nitrate, and carbide.

Calcium sulphate.

Camp equipment, articles of, and their component parts.

Camphor.

Capsicum.

Carbolic acid. (See "Phenol.")

Carbon disulphide.

Carbon, halogen compounds of.

Carborundum. (See "Emery.")

Carbonyl chloride. (See "Phosgene.") Cartridges. (See "Projectiles.")

Caustic potash.

Caustic soda.

Celluloid.

Cerium, and its alloys and compounds.

Charges. (See "Projectiles.") Cheques. (See "Gold.")

Chloride of lime.

Chlorides, metallic (except chloride of sodium), and metalloidic.

Chromium and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores.

Clothing and equipment of a distinctively military character.

Cobalt and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores.

Copper pyrites, and other copper ores.

Copper, unwrought and part wrought; copper wire; alloys and compounds of copper.

Cork, including cork dust.

Corundum. (See "Emery.")
Cotton, raw, linters, cotton waste, cotton yarns, cotton piece-goods, and other cotton products capable of being used in the manufacture of explosives.

Coupons. (See "Gold.") Credit notes. (See "Gold.")

Cresol and its mixtures and derivatives.

Cyanamide.

Debit notes. (See "Gold.")

Diamonds suitable for industrial purposes.

Electrical appliances adapted for use in war and their component parts.

Electrolytic iron.

Emery, corundum, carborundum, and all other abrasive materials, whether natural or artificial, and the manufactures thereof.

Equipment. (See "Clothing.")

Explosives, materials used in the manufacture of.

Explosives specially prepared for use in war.

Fatty acids.

Felspar.

Ferro-alloys of all kinds.

Ferro-silicon.

Fibres, vegetable, and yarns made therefrom.

Financial documents. (See "Gold.")

Forges, field, and their component parts.

Formic acid and formates.

Formic ether.

Fusel oil. (See "Alcohols.")

Gases for war purposes and materials for production thereof.

Glycerine.

Gold, silver, paper-money, securities, negotiable instruments, cheques, drafts, orders, warrants, coupons, letters of credit, delegation, or advice, credit and debit notes, or other documents which in themselves, or if completed, or if acted upon by the recipient, authorise, confirm, or give effect to the transfer of money, credit, or securities.

Goldbeaters' skin.

Gun-mountings and their component parts.

Gutta-percha. (See "Rubber.")

Hæmatite iron ore.

Hæmatite pig-iron.

Hair, animal, of all kinds, and tops, and noils and yarns of animal hair.

Harness, of all kinds, of a distinctively military character.

Hemp.

Hides of cattle, buffaloes, and horses.

Hydrochloric acid.

Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.

Incendiary materials for war purposes.

Insulating materials, raw and manufactured.

Iodine and its compounds.

Iridium and its alloys and compounds.

Iron (electrolytic).

Iron pyrites.

Kapok.

Lathes, machines, and tools, capable of being employed in the manufacture of munitions of war. Lead and lead ore.

Leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots, or military clothing. Leather belting; hydraulic leather; pump leather.

Letters of credit, delegation, or advice. (See "Gold.")

Light producing materials for war purposes.

Limbers and limber-boxes and their component parts.

Lithium. (See "Strontium.")

Lubricants.

Machines. (See "Lathes.")

Manganese and manganese ore.

Manganese dioxide.

Maps and plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent, or within the area of military operations, on a scale of 4 miles to 1 inch or any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale, by photography or otherwise, of such maps or plans.

Sulphuric ether.

Talc.

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Mercury.
Metallic sulphites and thiosulphates.
Mineral oils, including benzine and motor-spirit.
Molybdenum and molybdenite.
Monazite sand.
Motor-spirit. (See "Mineral Oils.")
Motor vehicles of all kinds, and their component parts and accessories.
Naphtha. (See "Solvent Naphtha.")
Naphthalene and its mixtures and derivatives.
Negotiable instruments. (See "Gold.")
Nickel and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores.
Nitrates of all kinds.
Nitric acid.
Oleum. (See "Sulphuric Acid.")
Orders. (See "Gold.")
Osmium and its alloys and compounds.
Oxalic acid and oxalates.
Palladium and its alloys and compounds.
Paper-money. (See "Gold.")
Peppers.
Phenates.
Phenol (carbolic acid) and its mixtures and derivatives.
Phosgene (Carbonyl Chloride).
Phosphorus and its compounds.
Photographic films, plates, and paper, sensitised.
Pitch.
Platinum and its alloys and compounds.
Potassium salts.
Powder specially prepared for use in war.
Projectiles, charges, cartridges, and grenades of all kinds, and their component parts.
Prussiate of soda.
Quebracho wood. (See "Tanning substances.")
Quillaia bark.
Ramie.
Rangefinders and their component parts.
Rattans.
Resinous products.
Rhodium and its alloys and compounds.
Rubber (including raw, waste, and reclaimed rubber, solutions and jellies containing rubber,
  and any other preparations containing balata and gutta-percha, and the following varieties of rubber, viz.: Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianac, and all other substances containing caoutchouc), and goods made wholly or partly of rubber.
Ruthenium and its alloys and compounds,
Sabadilla seeds and preparations thereof.
Searchlights and their component parts.
Securities. (See "Gold.")
Selenium.
Silk, artificial, and the manufactures thereof.
Silk, in all forms, and the manufactures thereof; silk cocoons.
Silver. (See "Gold.")
Skins of calves, pigs, sheep, goats, and deer.
Smoke producing materials for war purposes.
Soap.
Soda lime.
Sodium.
Sodium chlorate and perchlorate.
Sodium cyanide.
Solvent naphtha and its mixtures and derivatives.
Steel containing tungsten or molybdenum.
Strontium and lithium compounds and mixtures containing the same.
Submarine sound-signalling apparatus.
Sulphur.
Sulphur dioxide.
Sulphuric acid; furning sulphuric acid (oleum).
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Tanning substances of all kinds, including quebracho wood, and extracts for use in tanning.

Tantalum and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores.

Tar.

Thiosulphates. (See "Metallic Sulphites.")

Thorium and its alloys and compounds.

Tin; chloride of tin; tin-ore.

Titanium and its salts and compounds; titanium ore.

Toluol and its mixtures and derivatives.

Tools. (See "Lathes,")

Tungsten and its alloys and compounds; tungsten ores.

Turpentine (oil and spirit).

Tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles, together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.

Uranium and its salts and compounds; uranium ore.

Urea.

Vanadium and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores. Vegetable fibres. (See "Fibres.")

Wagons, military, and their component parts.
Warrants. (See "Gold.")

Warships, including boats and their component parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.

Waxes of all kinds.

Wire, barbed. (See "Barbed wire.")

Wire, steel and iron.

Wood spirit. (See "Alcohols.")
Wood tar and wood-tar oil.

Woods of all kinds capable of use in war.

Wool, raw, combed, or carded; wool waste; wool tops and noils; woollen or worsted yarns.

Xylol and its mixtures and derivatives.

Zinc and its alloys.

Zinc ore.

Zirconia.

Zirconium and its alloys and compounds.

Schedule II

Algae, lichens, and mosses.

Barrels and casks, empty, of all kinds, and their component parts.

Bladders.

Boots and shoes, suitable for use in war.

Casein.

Casings.

Casks. (See "Barrels.") Charcoal. (See "Fuel.")

Chronometers.

Clothing and fabrics for clothing, suitable for use in war.

Docks, floating, and their component parts; parts of docks.

Explosives not specially prepared for use in war,

Field glasses.

Foodstuffs.

Forage and feeding-stuffs for animals.

Fuel, including charcoal, other than mineral oils.

Furs utilisable for clothing suitable for use in war.

Gelatine and substances used in the manufacture thereof.

Glue and substances used in the manufacture thereof.

Guts.

Harness and saddlery.

Horse-shoes and shoeing materials.

Lichens. (See "Algae.")
Mosses. (See "Algae.")
Nautical instruments, all kinds of.

Oils and fats, animal, fish, and vegetable, other than those capable of use as lubricants, and not including essential oils.

Oleaginous seeds, nuts, and kernels.

Powder not specially prepared for use in war.

Railway materials; both fixed and rolling stock.

Sausage skins.

Skins utilisable for clothing suitable for use in war.

Sponges, raw and prepared.

Telegraphs, materials for; materials for wireless telegraphs.

Telephones, materials for.

Telescopes.

Vehicles of all kinds, other than motor vehicles, available for use in war, and their component parts.

Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds.

Yeast.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Second day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the Eighth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING

CLASSIFIED LIST OF ARTICLES TREATED AS ABSOLUTE AND CONDITIONAL CONTRABAND FROM JULY, 1917, TO ARMISTICE

I.—Arms, Munitions, and Military Equipment

Absolute Contraband:

Aircraft of all kinds, including aeroplanes, airships, balloons and their component parts, together with accessories and articles suitable for use in connection with aircraft.

Animals, saddle, draught, and pack, suitable or which may become suitable for use in war.

Apparatus which can be used for the storage or projecting of compressed or liquified gases, flame, acids, or other destructive agents capable of use in warlike operations, and their component parts.

Armour plates.

Arms of all kinds, including arms for sporting purposes, and their component parts.

Barbed wire and the implements for fixing and cutting the same.

Camp equipment, articles of, and their component parts.

Cartridges

Electrical appliances adapted for use in war and their component parts.

Explosives, materials used in the manufacture of.

Explosives specially prepared for use in war.

Forges, field, and their component parts.

Gases for war purposes and materials for production thereof.

Gun mountings and their component parts.

Harness of all kinds, of a distinctly military character.

Implements and apparatus designed exclusively for the manufacture of munitions of war, or for the manufacture or repair of arms or of war material for use on land or sea.

Incendiary materials for war purposes.

Lathes, machines, and tools, capable of being employed in the manufacture of munitions of war.

Leather, undressed or dressed, suitable for saddlery, harness, military boots, or military clothing.

Light producing materials for war purposes.

Limbers and limber boxes and their component parts.

Maps and plans of any place within the territory of any belligerent, or within the area of military operations, on a scale of four miles to one inch or any larger scale, and reproductions on any scale, by photography or otherwise, of such maps or plans.

Powder specially prepared for use in war.

Projectiles, charges, cartridges, and grenades of all kinds, and their component parts.

Rangefinders and their component parts.

Searchlights and their component parts.

Smoke producing materials for war purposes.

Submarine sound signalling apparatus.

Toluol.

Wagons, military, and their component parts.

Warships, including boats, and their component parts of such a nature that they can only be used on a vessel of war.

Woods of all kinds, capable of use in war.

Conditional Contraband:

Boots and shoes suitable for use in war.

Clothing and fabrics for clothing suitable for use in war.

Furs utilisable for clothing suitable for use in war.

Skins utilisable for clothing suitable for use in war.

Vehicles of all kinds, other than motor vehicles, available for use in war, and their component parts.

II,-FOODSTUFFS AND FORAGE

Conditional Contraband:

Casein.

Casings.

Foodstuffs.

Forage and feeding stuffs for animals.

Sausage skins.

III.—Oils

Absolute Contraband:

Benzine.

Benzol and its mixtures and derivatives.

Glycerine.

Lubricants.

Mineral oils including motor spirit.

Naphtha.

Naphthalene and its mixtures and derivatives.

Solvent naphtha and its mixtures and derivatives.

Turpentine (oil and spirit).

Conditional Contraband:

Oils and fats, animal, fish, and vegetable, other than those capable of use as lubricants, and not including essential oils.

Oleaginous seeds, nuts, and kernels.

IV.-METALS AND MINERALS

Absolute Contraband:

Aluminium, and its alloys, alumina and salts of alumina.

Arsenical ore.

Asbestos.

Asphalt.

Bauxite.

Bitumen.

Cadmium, cadmium alloys, and cadmium ore.

Cerium, and its alloys, and compounds.

Chromium, and its alloys, salts, compounds, and ores:

Cobalt and its alloys, salts, compounds, and ores.

Copper pyrites, and other copper ores.

Copper, unwrought, and part wrought.

Copper wire.

Copper alloys and compounds.

Electrolytic iron.

Felspar.

Ferro alloys of all kinds.

Ferro silicon.

Hæmatite iron bre.

Hæmatite pig iron.

Iridium and its alloys and compounds.

Iron pyrites.

Lead and lead ore.

Manganese and manganese ore.

Manganese dioxide.

Mercury.

Molybdenum and molybdenite.

Monazite sand.

Nickel and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores.

Osmium, and its alloys and compounds.

Palladium and its alloys and compounds.

Phosphorus and its compounds.

Platinum and its alloys and compounds.

Rhodium and its alloys and compounds.

Ruthenium and its alloys and compounds.

Selenium.

Steel containing tungsten and molybdenum.

Talc.

Tantalum and its alloys, salts, compounds and ores.

Thorium and its alloys and compounds. Tin; chloride of tin; tin ore.

Titanium and its salts and compounds; titanium ore.

Tungsten and its alloys and compounds; tungsten ores.

Uranium and its salts and compounds; uranium ore.

Vanadium and its alloys, salts, compounds, and ores.

Zinc and its alloys.

Zinc ore.

Zirconia.

Zirconium and its alloys and compounds.

V.—TEXTILES AND CLOTHING

Absolute Contraband:

Clothing and equipment of a distinctly military character.

Cotton, raw, linters, cotton waste and yarns, cotton piece goods, and all cotton products capable of being used in the manufacture of explosives.

Wool, raw, combed, or carded.

Wool waste.

Wool tops and noils.

Woollen and worsted yarns.

VI.—CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES

Absolute Contraband:

Acetic acid.

Acetates.

Acetic anhydride.

Acetic ether.

Acetones, and raw or finished materials usable for their preparation.

Ammonia.

Ammonia liquor.

Ammonium salts.

Aniline and its derivatives.

Antimony, and the sulphides and oxides of antimony.

Arsenic and its compounds.

Barium chlorate, and perchlorate.

Borax, boric acid and other boron compounds.

Bromine.

Calcium acetate, nitrate, and carbide.

Calcium sulphate.

Capsicum.

Carbolic acid.

Carbon disulphide.

Carbon, halogen compounds of.

Carbonyl chloride.

Caustic potash.

Caustic soda.

Chloride of lime.

Chlorides, metallic (except chloride of sodium), and metalloidic.

Chlorine.

Cresol, and its mixtures and derivatives.

Cyanamide.

Formic acids and formates.

Formic ether.

Hydrochloric acid,

Iodine and its compounds.

Metallic sulphites and thiosulphates.

Nitric acid.

Oleum (fuming sulphuric acid).

Oxalic acid and oxalates.

Phenates.

Phenol (carbolic acid) and its mixtures and derivatives.

Phosgene (carbonyl chloride).

Potassium salts.

Prussiate of soda.

Sabadilla seeds and preparations thereof.

Soda lime.

Sodium.

Sodium chlorate and perchlorate.

Sodium cyanide.

Strontium and lithium compounds and mixtures containing the same.

Sulphur.

Sulphur dioxide.

Sulphuric acid.

Sulphuric ether.

Urea.

VII.—Industrial Materials and Equipment

Absolute Contraband:

Emery, corundum, carborundum, and all other abrasive materials, whether natural or artificial, and the manufactures thereof.

Albumen.

Alcohols, including fusel oil and wood spirit, and their derivatives and preparations.

Balata.

Bamboo.

Bleaching powder.

Bone black.

Bones in any form, whole or crushed.

Bone ash.

Camphor.

Celluloid.

Cork, including cork dust.

Diamonds suitable for industrial purposes.

Fatty acids.

Fibres, vegetable, and yarns made therefrom.

Flax.

Gutta-percha.

Hair, animal, of all kinds, and tops, and noils, and yarns of animal hair.

Hemp.

Hides of cattle, of buffaloes, and of horses.

Insulating materials, raw and manufactured.

Kopok.

Leather belting; hydraulic leather; pump leather.

Motor vehicles of all kinds, and their component parts and accessories.

Nitrates of all kinds.

Pitch.

Quillaia bark.

Ramie.

Rattans.

Resinous products.

Rubber (including raw, waste, and reclaimed rubber, solutions and jellies containing rubber, and any other preparations containing balata and gutta-percha, and the following varieties of rubber, viz.:—Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, Pontianac, and all other substances containing caoutchouc), and all other goods made wholly or partly of rubber.

Silk, artificial and the manufactures thereof.

Silk, in all forms, and the manufactures thereof.

Silk cocoons.

Skins of calves, pigs, sheep, goats, and deer.

Soap.

Starch.

Tanning substances of all kinds, including quebracho wood, and extracts for use in tanning.

Tar.

Tyres for motor vehicles and for cycles, together with articles or materials especially adapted for use in the manufacture or repair of tyres.

Waxes of all kinds.

Wire, steel and iron.

Wood tar and wood tar oil.

Xylol.

Conditional Contraband:

Algae.

Barrels and casks, empty, of all kinds, and their component parts.

Bladders.

Docks, floating, and their component parts; parts of docks.

Explosives, not specially prepared for use in war.

Fuel, including charcoal, other than mineral oils.

Gelatine and substances used in the manufacture thereof.

Glue and substances used in the manufacture thereof.

Guts.

Harness and saddlery.

Horse shoes, and shoeing materials.

Lichens.

Mosses.

Powder not specially prepared for use in war.

Railway materials; both fixed and rolling stock.

Sponges, raw and prepared.

Telegraphs, materials for; materials for wireless telegraphs.

Telephones, materials for.

Vessels, craft, and boats of all kinds.

VIII.—MISCELLANEOUS

Absolute Contraband:

Gold.

Silver.

Paper money.

Securities, negotiable instruments.

Cheques, drafts, orders, warrants, coupons.

Letters of credit, delegation or advice.

Credit and debit notes, or other documents which in themselves, or if completed or acted upon by the recipient, authorise, confirm, or give effect to the transfer of money, credit, or securities.

Goldbeaters' skin.

Peppers.

Photographic films, plates, and paper, sensitized.

Conditional Contraband:

Chronometers.

Field glasses.

Nautical instruments.

Telescopes.

Yeast.

APPENDIX III

TABLES ILLUSTRATING THE RESTRAINTS UPON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IMPOSED BY THE FIRST CONTRABAND AGREEMENTS WITH NEUTRALS BORDERING UPON GERMANY—BRITISH CONTRABAND LIST, AND NEUTRAL PROHIBITIONS OF EXPORT.

DECEMBER, 1914.

Arms, Munitions and Military Equipment

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Articles Declared Contraband. Note.—" c.c." = Conditional Contraband. Aircraft of all kinds and their component parts. Animals (saddle, pack and draught). Arms of all kinds (including arms for sporting purposes and their component parts). Barbed wire (with fixing and cutting implements). Camp equipment. Cartridges of all kinds and component parts. Charges of all kinds and component parts. Field forges. Field forges. Field forges. Gun mountings. Implements and apparatus for the manufacture of munitions and war material. Limbers and limber boxes. Military clothing and equipment. Military harness. Military wagons. Proyectiles of all kinds and component parts. Rangefinders. Submarine sound-signalling apparatus. Felescopes (c.c.). Warships (including boats and distinctive component parts).	Notes.—See Text for temporary variations. Minister for War empowered to grant exemptions from any prohibitions in special cases. Military Governors of frontier areas under martial law may prohibit export of any other articles. Ammunition. Gunpowder. Horses (except colts), geldings under 20 months, foals under 12 months. Leather for military purposes, chrome, equipment pieces, harness, harness saddles, knapsacks, saddle, sole, upper. Limenitrogen. Military clothing. ? Nitro-glycerine or nitrogelatine ("Nitrogenlime" in list).	Animals, foals under one year horses, stallions, other livanimals. Armour plate and other kinds. Bayonets; similar weapons, with or without scabbards, also part thereof; gilt, silvered, nickelled or etched; other kinds. Cannon. Cartridge cases, empty or with ammunition ready for use. Cutlasses. Explosives, detonating caps (ignition caps), dynamite, gunpowder common, guncotton, smokeles: powder, igniting material nospecially mentioned for projectiles and guns such as cartridges for beacon lights, cartridges nospecially mentioned, loaded onot, fuses for beacon lights, cartridges nospecially mentioned, loaded onot, fuses for beacon lights, cartridges nospecially mentioned. In the place of the control of the control of the control of the control of the cartridges, machine guns, pistols, revolvers, finished parts of such arms, other guns. Foils. Gun-carriages. Howitzers. Lead bullets and lead shot. Limber carriages. Mortars. Projectiles. Sabres. Torpedoes. Wagons, ammunition. Weapons. War material not specially mentioned and parts thereof. Other war materials.

FOOD-STUFFS AND FORAGE

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Food-stuffs (c.c.). Forage and fodder (c.c.).	Barley, all products. Beetroots, sugar. Bread (frontier communes). Buckwheat, all products. Butter. Cassava and arachide products. Cattle, live, and fat of, dried, melted, raw, salted, smoked, unmelted. Cheese. Cocoa. Cocoabeans, raw. Coffee. Cotton-seed cake and meal. Cubebs.	Arrowroot, flour of. Barley, flour, milled, grain, milled and unmilled, groats, milled. Beans. Biscuits, dog, and other kinds. Bran, other kinds not specially mentioned Bread not specially mentioned. Cattle food not specially mentioned (see also "Oil-cake" below), brewers' grains and wash, gluten food, maize cakes, maize meal cakes, maize germ meal, meal and maize cakes, molasses food, other kinds (all even if with admixture of animal substances).

ARMS, MUNITIONS AND MILITARY EQUIPMENT

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Brass, cup shaped rudiments for manufacture of cartridges. Copper, cup shaped rudiments for manufacture of cartridges. Dynamite percussion caps. Horses, live.	Ammunition of every description, raw materials for production of, single parts thereof known as such. Arms of every description, including sporting guns or single parts thereof known as such. Explosives distinctly intended for war purposes and raw materials for. Gunpowder. Horses, all kinds, colts and foals, with exceptions governed by age. Instruments and apparatus exclusively made for manufacture or repairs of arms and materials for land and sea battles.	Aeroplanes. Animals, donkeys, horses, mules. Cannons. Carbines. Dirigibles. Goods, all that can be considered contraband of war. Military equipment, all kinds. Pistols. Revolvers. Rifles. Sabres. Timber for aeroplane construction.	Animals, asses, horses, mules and their harness, dogs, military and police. Arms and component parts. Cables, field. Explosive and pyrotechnic materials. Gun stocks. Harness, completed, leather. Microphones. Military clothing, underclothing, wintergloves, stockings, boots, men's, of more than 1,200 grammes weight per pair, woollen blankets. Munitions.

FOOD-STUFFS AND FORAGE

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Cattle. Food-stuffs with the exception of all articles required for a ship about to undertake a voyage, berries, butter, cheese, coffee, eggs, fish, fish goods, game, margarine, raw products for manufacture of (oleo stock, lard and arachis, cotton-seed and cocos oils), poultry, spices.	Bran. Bread of all sorts. Buckwheat groats. Corn, excluding malt. Corn waste. Fodder. Flour. Groats. Hay "Majenza" groats. "Maltspirer." Malt, vegetable stearine for manufacture of margarine. Margarine. Meal.	Bacon. Barley. Beans. Beef, tinned. Bran. Carrots. Cattle. Cheese. Cheese, hard (exemptions may amount to 8,000 tons). Coffee. Eggs. Flour. Food, prepared. Hay.	Bran. Cattle, large and small. Dried raisins and fruits. Food-stuffs (except fresh milk, fresh fish, sweet- meats, pastries, un- sugared rolls, choco- late, "succédanés du café,"specialities such as assaisonnements Maggi, purée of tomatoes, flour for children's food, ovoa- maltine, drinks and mineral waters, manu- factured tobacco.

FOOD-STUFFS AND FORAGE-continued

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
	Fats, other edible and mixtures of. Flour. Grain and grain waste. Groats. Hay. Hogwash, dried. Katjang (N. East Indies). Legumen. Linseed, cake and meal. Maize, all products (and N.E.I.). Malt waste. Meal of pulps. Meatmeal. Nutcake, ground. Oats, all products. Other oil-seed except caraway, mustard and bluepoppy. Other force-feeding cake, and meal and waste of. Pigs, and fat of, dried, melted, raw, salted, smoked, unmelted. Potatoes. Pulp, dried. Pulse. Rape cake, meal and seed. Rice (and N.E.I.), and meal and waste. Rye, flour, spelt, all products. Straw. Sugar, and pulp. Tea. Treacle. Wheat, all products.	Conserves, edible goods of animal or vegetable origin, preserved in hermetically-sealed or air-tight vessels. Flour, milled, other kinds not specially mentioned. Groats, milled, other kinds not specially mentioned. Hay. Hemp. Macaroni, groats, milled. Malt, even if crushed. Oats, bran, flour, milled, grain, milled and unmilled, groats, milled. Oil-cake, acorns, ground or not, cotton-seed cake, earthnut (or arachides), flax seed cake, hemp seed cake, maize flour cake pressed together, rape and turnip seed cake, other kinds. Pease. Potatoes, current harvest, brought in from 15th February to 30th June, cut, dried other kinds not treated. Rice, bran, flour, groats, ground, unhusked or outer husk only removed. Rye, bran, flour, milled, grain, milled and unmilled. Sago, groats, milled. Soya beans. Straw. Vegetables, flour of, not classified under another head. Vermicelli, groats, milled. Vermicelli, groats, milled. Vetches. Wheat, bran, flour, milled, grain, milled and unmilled, groats, milled.

Oils

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Benzol. Coal tar. Cresol. Glycerine. Lubricants. Mineral oils. Motor spirit. Turpentine oil and spirit	Benzine. Gas oil. Glycerine. Lubricating oils. Machine oils. Petroleum. Tallow.	Animal oils, animal fats not elsewhere included, bone fat, blubber of marine animals, other kinds, cod liver oil (other kinds), degras (tanners' fat), lanoline, lard oil, sperm, spermaceti, train oil, wool fat, other animal oils. Benzine. Castor oil. Ceresine. Cocoa nut oil. Cotton-seed oil. Cresol. Earthnut or arachides oil. Gasolene. Glycerine, purified, raw. Grease, engine and cart. Hemp oil. Illuminating oil. Linseed oil, raw, acid, boiled.

FOOD-STUFFS AND FORAGE-continued

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Forage, meal of herrings, of liver and of whale meat. Goats. Pigs. Reindeer. Sheep.	Oil-cake. Pease, cooking and fodder. Potatoes. Rice. Sago groats. Soya beans, soya, bruised. Straw.	Indian corn and other cereals. Lard. Macaroni and such-like special cereals. Meat, fresh. Mutton, tinned. Oats. Pigeons, dried. Potatoes. Rye. Sea bread. Semolina. Sheep. Ship-biscuits. Straw. Sugar. Vegetables, dry. Vermicelli, and such-like special cereals. Walnut meal. Wheat.	Forage of every kind Hay. Litter. Seeds. Straw.

Oils

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Mineral oils.	Benzine. Fuel gas oil. Glycerine. Linseed oil. Lubricants, all. Mineral oils, all preparations. Motor spirit, all preparations. Petroleum. Vaseline. Vegetable oils for manufacture of margarine.	Benzine. Benzol. Glycerine. Lubricating materials. Petroleum. Resinous liquids. Turpentine oil. Tar. Vaseline.	Benzine. Mineral oils. Oils and fats prepare for lubricating. Resinous oils (benzine petroleum, petroleur residues, naphthat teretinth, etc.). Tar. Tar oils. Vegetable and anima oils and fats, in dustrial.

OILS—continued

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
		Lubricating oils (mixture of fatty and mineral oil, providing latter is chies component), dark, light, other kinds other lubricating substances not specially containing fat or oil. Maize oil. Mineral oils, crude, native, petroleum waste (massut), other kinds. Mineral wax (ozokerite). Olive oil. Palm oil. Palm oil. Paraffin, crude, purified. Petroleum. Soya bean oil. Sesame oil. Turnip and rape seed oil and acids. Vaseline, even if artificial, in barrels of other vessels. Vegetable wax. Vegetable fats and fatty oils, cocoa butter purified for food, other kinds, other vegetable fatty substances not usually liquid in ordinary temperatures. Oil of every description used either for burning or lubricating purposes.

METALS AND MINERALS

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Alumina. Aluminium (and salts of). Antimony (with sulphides and oxides of). Bauxite. Calcium acetate (and other metallic acetates). Chrome ore. Cobalt. Copper (unwrought and part wrought). Copper wire. Ferro-alloys. Ferro-chrome. Ferro-manganese. Ferro-manganese. Ferro-wandium. Hæmatite iron ore. Hæmatite pig iron. Iron pyrites. Lead (sheet, pig, or pipe). Lead ore. Manganese ore. Mercury. Molybdenite. Molybdenite. Molybdenum. Nickel. Nickel ore. Selenium. Scheelite. Sulphur. Tungsten. Vanadium. Vanadium. Wolframite. Zinc ore.	Antimony, reglus of. Barbed wire. Chilesaltpetre. Copper. Copper compounds. Lead. Lead compounds. Limesaltpetre. Pyrites. Salt.	Brass wire. Copper, bands, electrolytic, plates rods (rolled or forged), un wrought, wire, wrought. Iron plates covered with tin. Ferro-manganese. Lead, lines, manufactured, piprods, scrap, sheets, unmanufactured, waste. Mercury, Mercury salts. Nickel, crude, unmanufactured. Plate and sheet goods of all kirds Salt, common (chloride of natrium) cooking, marine, rock in pieces or ground, saline (dairy salt) table. Spiegeleisen.

OILS-continued

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
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METALS AND MINERALS

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Brass, bars, rolled and wrought, without further working up, wire rolled. Copper, unwrought (except that produced in Norwegian works and accompanied by a certificate of origin), bars, rolled and wrought without further working up, sheets, pressed and rolled at least 3 mm. in thickness, refuse of, and of cupriferous alloys (brass, etc.).	luminium, unworked. ntimony. arbed wire. trass, bars, cocks, plates, old. hrome ore. opper, all kinds, blocks, manufactured, old, wire. erro-chrome. erro-cilica. læmatite. ron plates, tinned. ron pyrites. ead, all, new and old. langanese. lickel. lickel ore. in, new and old. inc in blocks.	Alum. Aluminium. Antimony. Asbestos. Brass. Bronze. Chrome. Copper. Iron, iron alloys, pig and scrap, plates, scrap. Lead. Manganese and mineral compounds. Nickel and its alloys. Silicum. Steel plates coated with tin or zinc. Steel, scrap. Tin and tin plates. Zinc.	Aluminium and its amalgamations, raw or in sheets. Antimony. Barbed wire and stee wire of all kinds. Carborundum, raw. Copper Tin and all amalga mations, raw or in sheets. Lead wire. Ferro-chrome. Ferro-manganese. Iron, bars and scrap. Kaolin. Nickel and its amalga mations, raw or in sheets. Rails. Saltpetre. Sulphur. Sulphur, pyrite of.

TEXTILES AND CLOTHING

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.		
	Flannel, except cotton flannel. Flannel underwear. Shoes, men's. Woollen goods Woollen (half) goods Woollen rags Woollen rags	Boots and shoes (men's boots of greased leather). Woollen gloves, jerseys, stockings, yarn.		

CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES

Methaniline. Nitric acid. Potassium chlorate. Potassium nitrate. Sulphuric acid. Sodium perchlorate. Sodium chlorate. Sodium	Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Serums. Sodium iodide. Starch, potato. Sublimate pastilles. Sulphite spirit. Tanic acid. Tartras stibico 'salt).	Ammonium nitrate. Ammonium perchlorate. Aniline. Barium chlorate. Calcium nitrate. Cyanide. Dimethaniline. Methaniline. Nitric acid. Potassium chlorate. Potassium nitrate. Sulphuric acid. Sodium perchlorate.	Ammonium sulphate. Ammonium, carbonate of. Calcium acetate. Cinchona. Coca. Cocaine, Diuretinum. Ether. Nitric acid. Quinine, sulphate, salts and alkaloid compounds of. Soda. Soda potash. Sulphuric acid.	Antefebrine. Arecoline and its salts. Atropine and its salts. Bismuth salts. Bromalkali salts. Carbolic acid. Carbolic acid cresol and metacresol Chloroform. Cocaine chloride. Codeine. Coffeine. Diaethylmalonylcarbonide and its salts. Fenacitine. Hexametylentetramin. Hydrogen, peroxide of. Iodine. Morphine. Opium and products of, tincture and other preparations of for medicinal purposes. Paraform aldehyde. Physostigmin. Potassium iodide. Quinine and quinine salts. Neo-salvarsan. Salicylic acid. Salicylic acid. Salicylic acid. Salicylic acid. Salicylic acid. Salicylic acid. Starch, potato. Sublimate pastilles. Sulphite spirit. Tanic acid. Tartras stibico salt). Teobrominsalicytsyrat natron.

TEXTILES AND CLOTHING

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Woollen goods.	Woollen tricotage goods— Woven. Knitted.	Clothing and equipment for troops, and all prime materials for their manufacture. Cloth. Linen.	Textiles in pure of mixed wool. Thread. Wool and carded wool Worsted yarns.
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CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Coal tar dye-stuffs and organic by-products for producing (aniline, naphthol, naphthylamine, naphthylaminsulphosyrer, etc.). Iodine. Iodine, raw. Sulphur, flower of.	Sulphuric acid.	Acetone. Calcium carbide. Calcium hydrochloride (exemptions may amount to 2,000 tons). Nitric acid. Phenic acid. Picric acid. Potash, nitrate of. Sodium carbonate. Sodium nitrate. Sulphuric acid. Sulphuric anhydride.	Chloride of soda, compressed. Lead, red oxide of containing nitric muriatic or acidozotic acid. Muriatic acid. Nitric acid. Nitro-muriatic acid. Oleum vitriolicfumans Oxides, compressed or liquid. Pyrogallic acid and its extracts. Salts, all containing saltpetre. Sulphuric acid, liquid. Sulphuric acid, mixture of. Tannic acid. Tannin.

INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Camphor. Chronometers. Floating docks (c.c.). Fuel. Harness and saddlery (c.c.). Hides of all kinds, dry or wet (c.c.). Horseshoes and shoeing materials (c.c.). Leather, dressed and undressed (c.c.). Motor vehicles and their component parts. Nautical instruments (c.c.). Pigskins, raw or dressed (c.c.). Powder and explosives not prepared for use in war. Railway materials, fixed and rolling (c.c.). Resinous products. Rubber, raw, waste and reclaimed, and articles made of. Telegraphic materials (c.c.). Telephonic materials (c.c.). Iyres, for motor vehicles and cycles, and all articles and materials adapted for use in their manufacture. Vehicles (other than motor vehicles) and their component parts (c.c.). Vessels (craft and boats of all kinds) (c.c.). Wireless telegraphic materials.	Alcohol. Automobiles and parts. Bicycles. Bones. Briquettes. Charcoal briquettes. Coal. Coke. Colza seed. Cotton, any form. Fuel, liquid. Hides. Jute bags, cloth, piece- goods, raw, yarns. Leather, wholly or partly manufactured. Motor cycles. Sacks, empty. Tan, extract of. Tanning materials. Timber for mines. Tyres. Vehicles, horse drawn. Wool, raw, sheep fleeces, shoddy, waste, yarns. Yarns, linen, and mixed.	Aloes. Balata. Bougies. Camphor, refined. Carriages and vehicles, without motors for conveyance of goods, with motors for conveyance of passengers and of good Catgut. Flax. Fluel, briquettes of coal and peat, charcost coal, anthracite, coke, gas, steam and other coal, peat, wood, other fuels in specially mentioned. Furriers' goods, of dogs, common sheer indeer or wolves—dressed, not dressed finished articles having fur covering lining, such as boas, caps, carrial aprons, cloaks, fur coats and muffishing, such as boas, caps, carrial aprons, cloaks, fur coats and muffishings. Gutta-percha. Hides and skins, raw (see also "Leather' not classifiable as furriers' goods, dressed and partly dressed, leather, bere (cleaned), hemlock, horse, insol machine belting, sole, other kinds, ha and whole hides, hippopotamus and walrus hides, pieces of hides. Jute and jute bags. Leather and skin (see also under "Hide and Skins"), bands, even if piece together, bronzed, gold, lacquerer silver, other kinds, pieces, part manufactured, not specially mentioned uppers for boots, other kinds. Motor cycles, finished, and parts there not specially mentioned. Oakum. Pease, inedible. Rubber, manufactures of soft (see als "Tyres"), articles not specially mentioned, alone or in combination with other materials. Saddlers' goods, even if of textile material and other manufactures not specially mentioned, of leather or skin, even if combination with other materials, such as boxing gloves, crops, fencing glove harness, razor strops, saddles, whin (see also "Hides and Skins," "Leather" Soap and cresol soap solution (lysol). Tanning materials. Tyres, inner tubes, solid, even if in length motor car and parts thereof. Wool, artificial, dyed and undyed (shodd and mungo), rags, sheeps, dyed an undyed, waste, including so-calle "wool-dust," dyed or undyed.

INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Balata. Coal. Coke. Gutta-percha. Hides and skins and their products. Jute canvas (jute sacking), except packing round other goods intended for export, jute products, raw and waste. Motor cars. Peat. Rubber and rubber waste. Sacks, empty. Fanning materials. Fimber, aspen. Fin packing, plates and parts of. Tyres for motor cars and cycles. Wool. Woollen waste.	Cables, electric. Coal. Cokes. Combustible matter, all. Copra. Cotton, hygroscopic, sacks, yarn. Earth nuts. Hides and skins, all lamb and sheep, unprepared, cattle, raw, calf. Jute sacks and jute linen for sacks. Leather, all kinds, except of goat skin. Manure, artificial, blood, bone, cooked, ground and raw, sulphate of ammonia, superphosphates. Materials, raw, for building or repair of iron or steel ships. Motor cars and all separate parts for. Rubber. Sesame seed. Tar jute. Timber, blocks, boards and planks. Tyres, motor. White waste, cleaning. Wool, of sheep and lambs. Woollen and half-woollen rags and shoddy.	Asbestos articles. Bone. Cables, steel, of strong resistance. Coal. Cotton, raw and waste. Cylinders, compressed gas. Flax, export allowed up to 400,000 quintals. Gutta-percha. Hemp, export allowed up to 400,000 quintals. Hides, prepared and raw. Horn. Jute. Motors and fittings. Rubber, raw. Sanitary material. Timber. Vehicles, all kinds. Wool rags and waste.	Alcohol. Boats, with or withou motors. Bone, and powdere bone. Candles, tallow and war. Cobblers' wax. Combustibles of ever kind: briquettes, coa coke, firewood, lignite. Cotton, raw and bleached. Cotton and linen rags. Electric implements. Gum in solution. Laundry washing everything used in. Leather, boots, ha completed, unworked Manure, artificial. Motor engines and component parts of motors. Paper, old, rag pully old cards and rubbis for manufacture of. Pine resin, purified. Projectors. Rubber and its deriventives. Rubber, insulating. Sacks and jute materiate for making them. Sanitary material, excluding medical an surgical goods. Skins. Starch. Starch powder. Tannin bark. Telephone apparatus. Tyres. Vehicles, with or with out motors. Walnut wood. Wool, artificial, combings and waste.

Blockade of Germany

Miscellaneous

Great Britain.	Holland.	Sweden.
Money, gold, silver and paper.	Bandaging and raw materials for. Gold, bullion and coin. Gold Silver Medicines. Surgical instruments.	Gold, coins and ingots. Silver, coins and ingots Skis and ski staves. Suture needles. Thermometers (fever).

Blockade of Germany

757

Miscellaneous

Norway.	Denmark.	Italy.	Switzerland.
Batteries, dry, for electric pocket lamps. Gold, manufactured and unmanufactured, minted and unminted. Silver. (Gold and silver worked up into ornaments or articles of use may be exported.) Medicines.	Gold, bars and minted. Silver, bars and minted (including foreign coinage). Goldbeaters' solder. Medicines.	Gold, bars. Medicines. Money.	Disinfectants. Medicines, excluding serums and vaccines. Opera glasses with lenses.

APPENDIX IV

Diagrams illustrating the effects of the rationing system upon the course of neutral trade during the years 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918

	-					Pages
Netherlands	1915				• •	764-766
	1916					7 76–778
	1917				• •	788 –7 90
	1918	••	••	••	• •	800-802
Denmark	1915			• •		767–769
	1916					779–781
	1917					791-793
	1918		• •	••	• •	803-805
Norway	1915					770–772
-T.,	1916					782-784
	1917					794-796
	1918		• •	• •		806-808
Sweden	1915				• •	773-775
	1916					785-787
	1917	••				797-799
	1918					809-811

APPENDIX IV

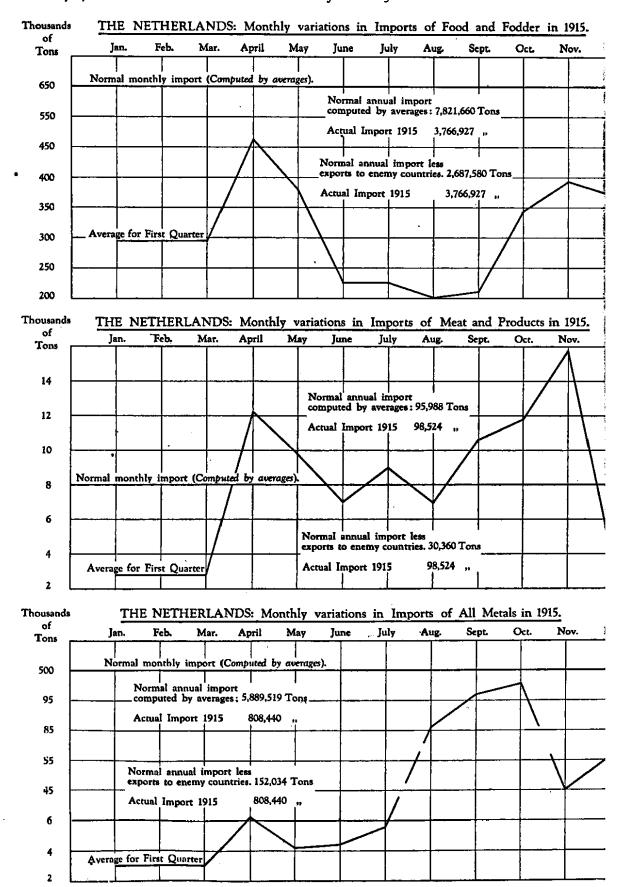
Diagrams illustrating the consequences of the blockade of the central empires to the principal imports of the northern neutrals

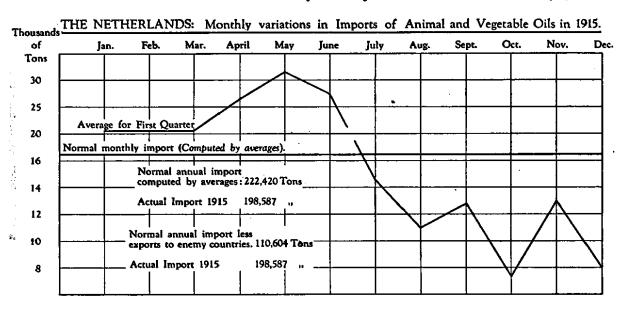
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Do.	animal and vegetable of			• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	765
Do.	mineral oils	• •	٠	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	765
Do.	oleaginous nuts		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	765
Do.	cotton		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	766
Do.	wool	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	766
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Do.	mineral oils									768
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Do.	mineral oils				• •					771
Do.	oleaginous nuts									771
Do.	cotton									772
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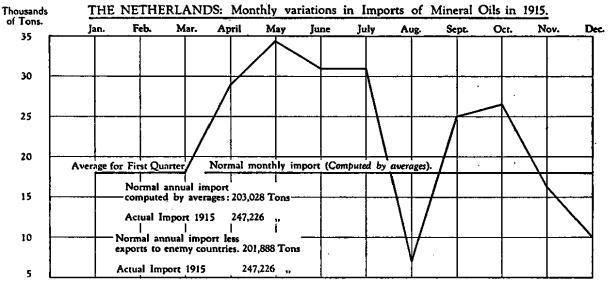
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Do.	mineral oils					, ,				780
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Do.	cotton									781
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Do.	mineral oils	• •		• •			• •		••	786
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Do.	cotton						••		••	787
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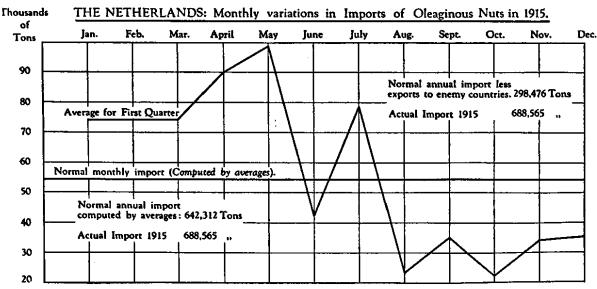
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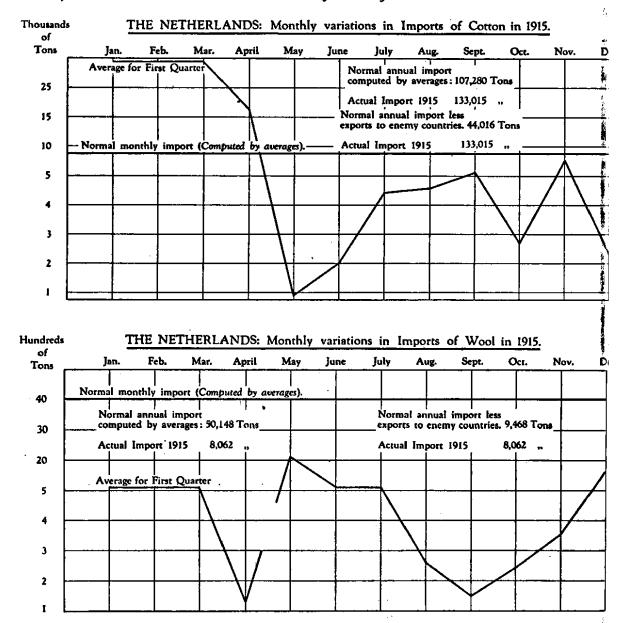
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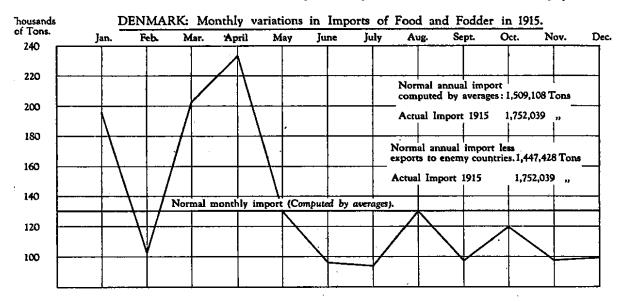


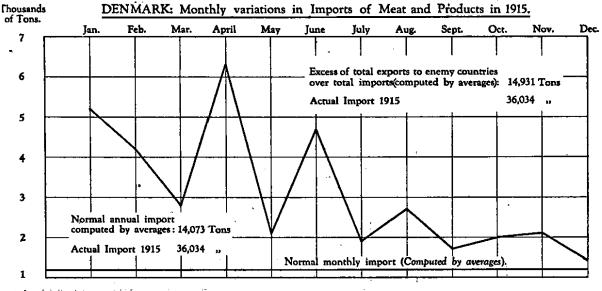


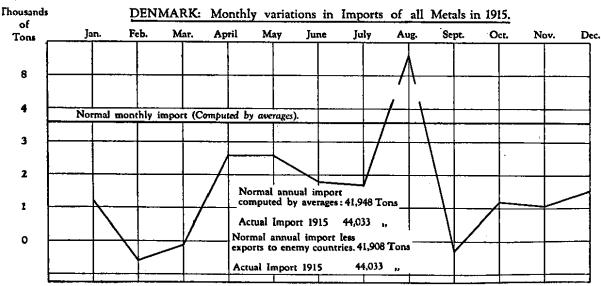


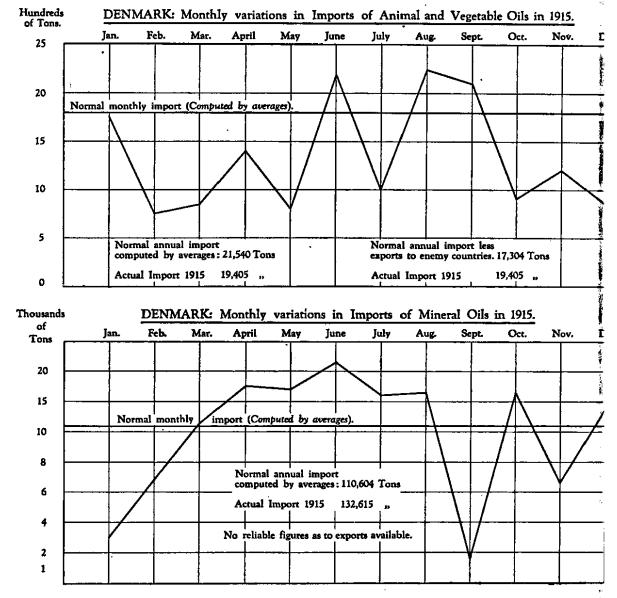


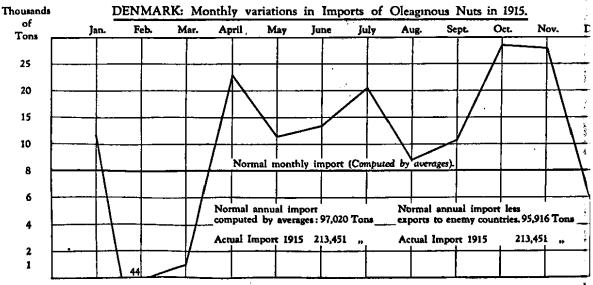


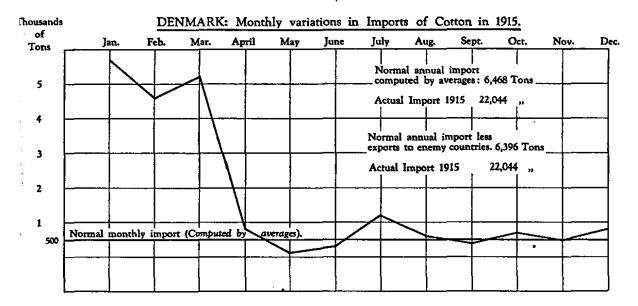


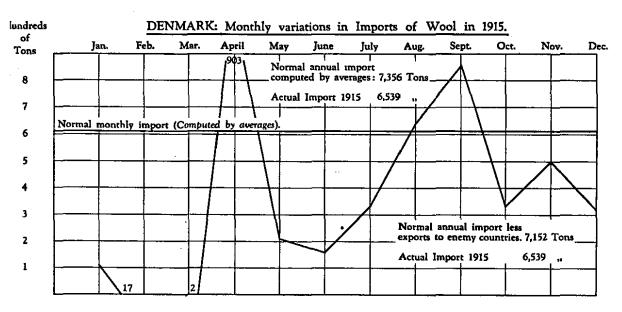


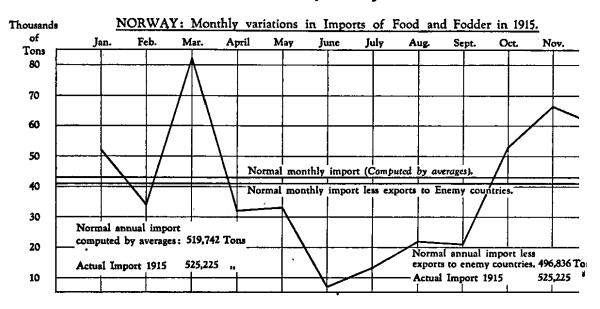


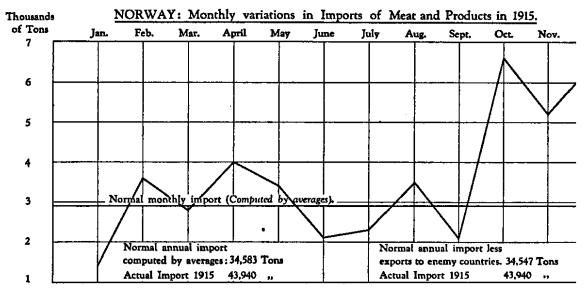


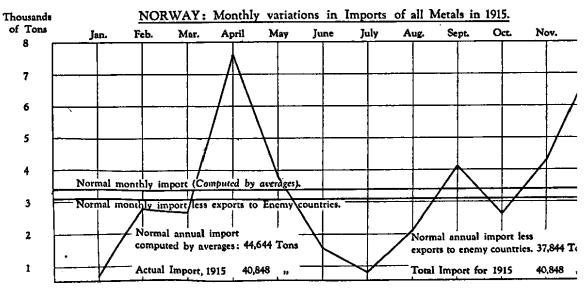


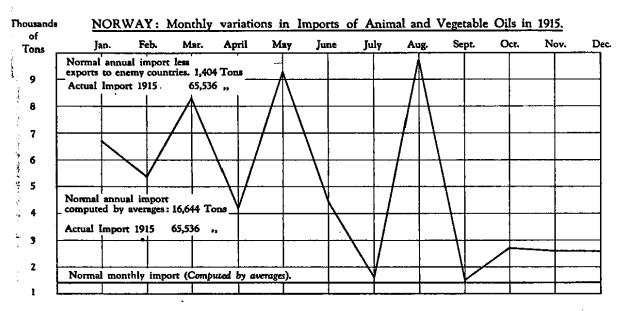


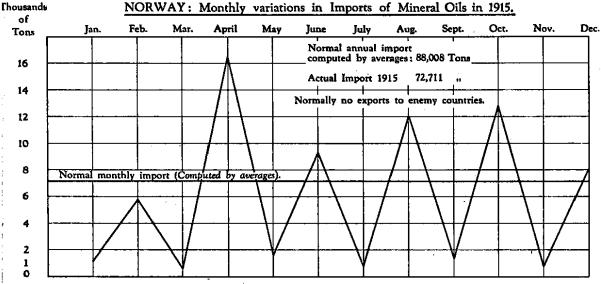


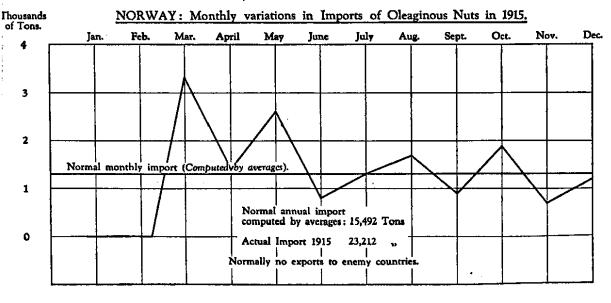


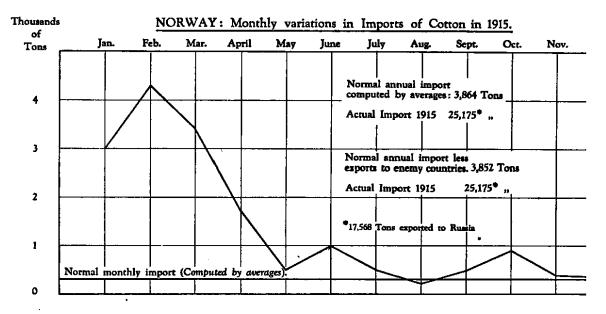


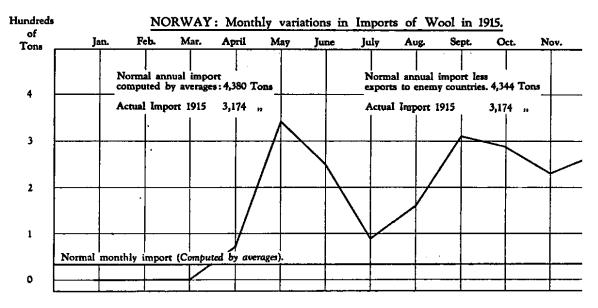


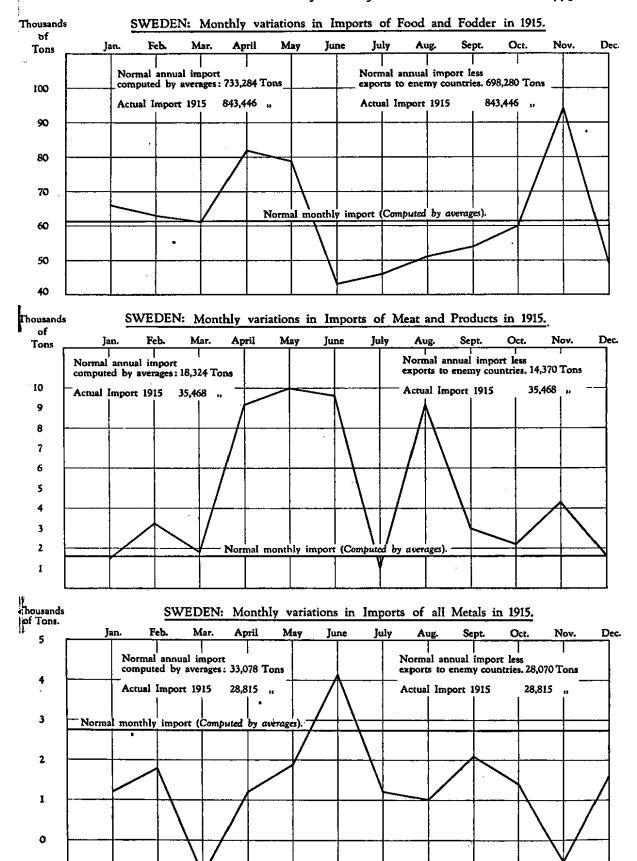


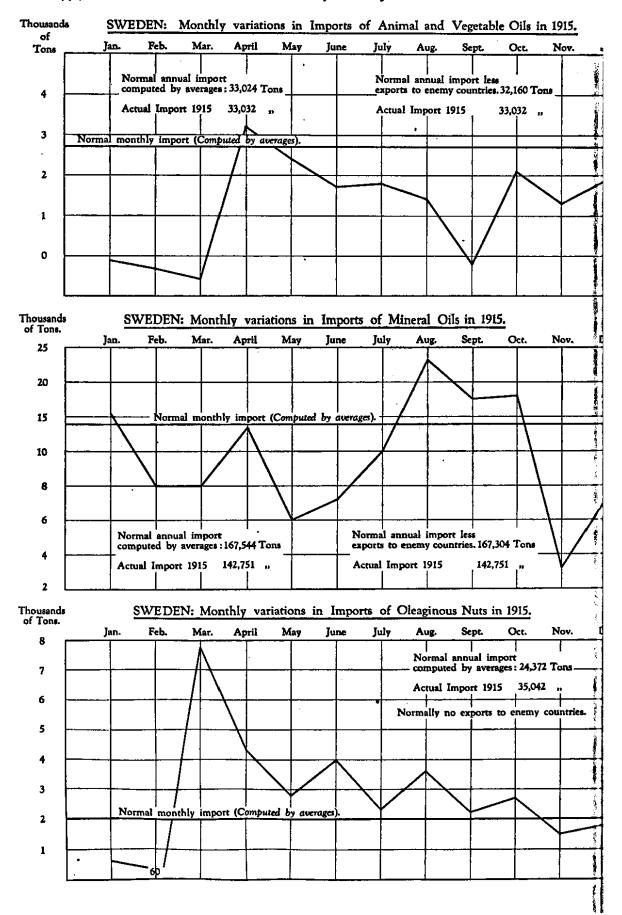




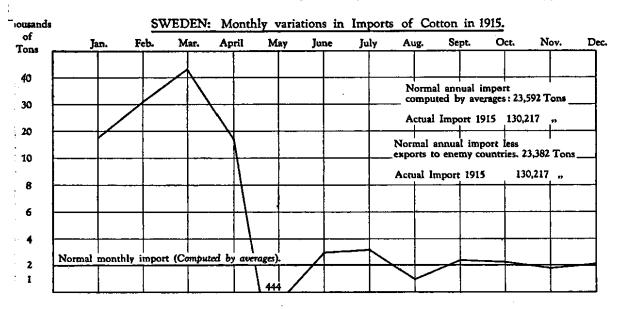


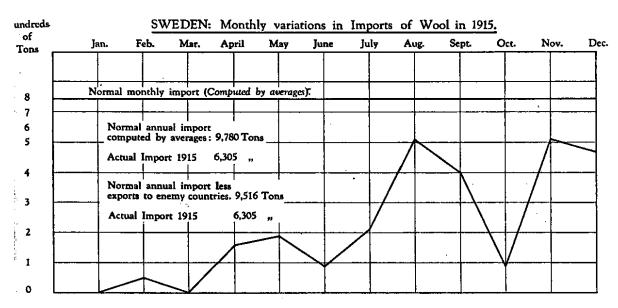


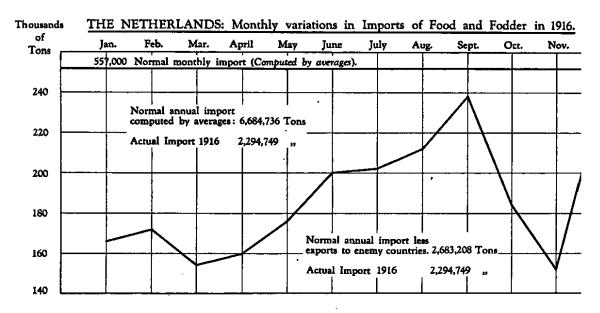


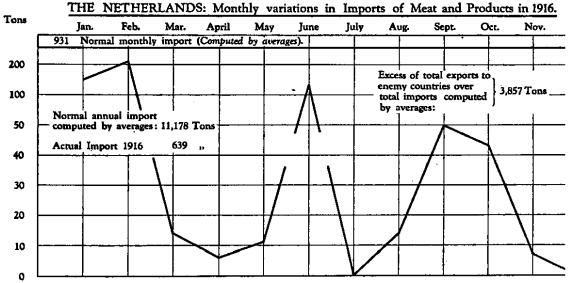


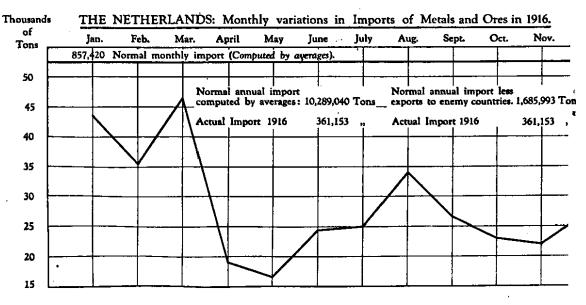
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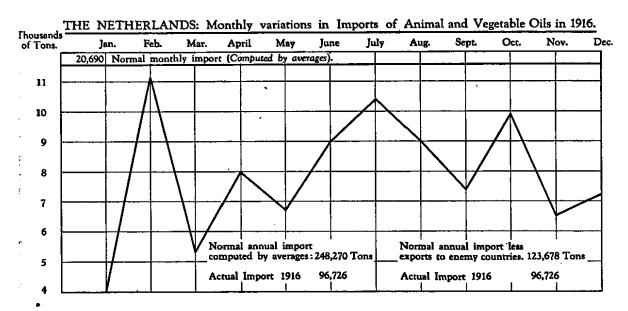


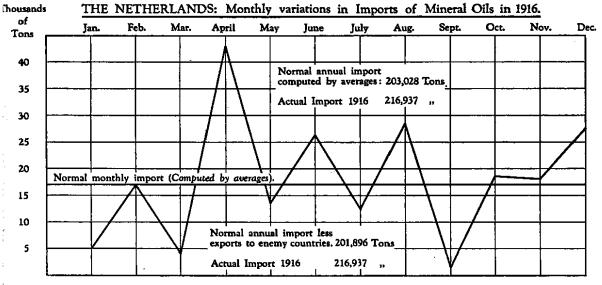


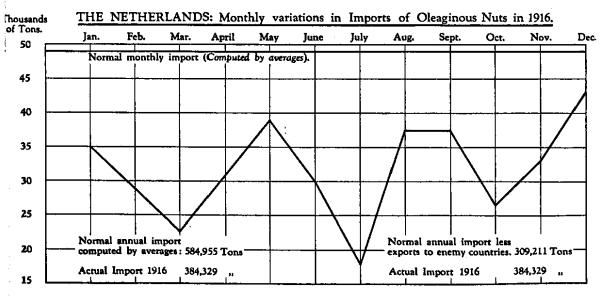


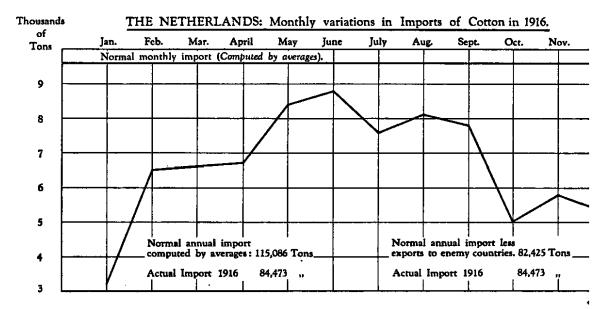


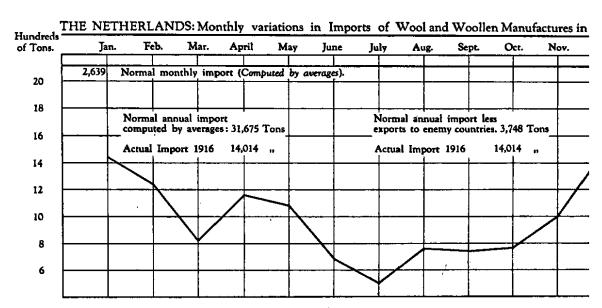


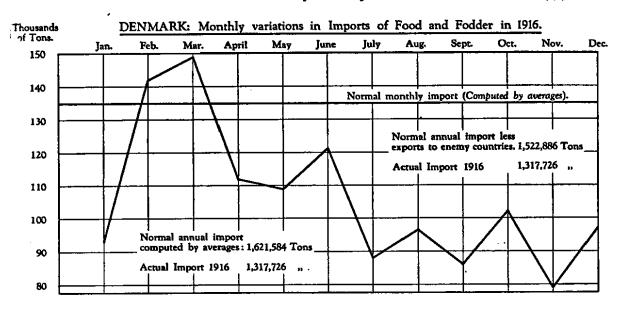


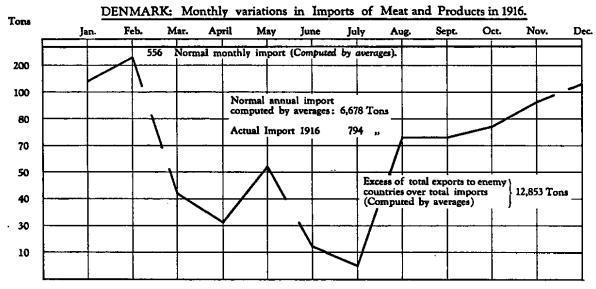


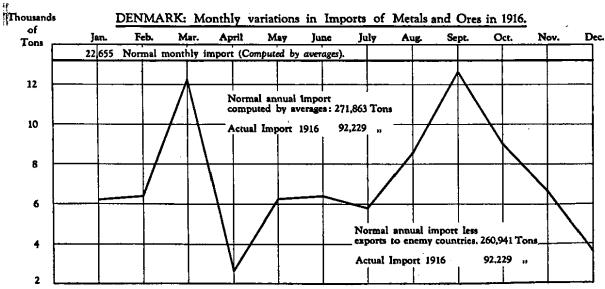


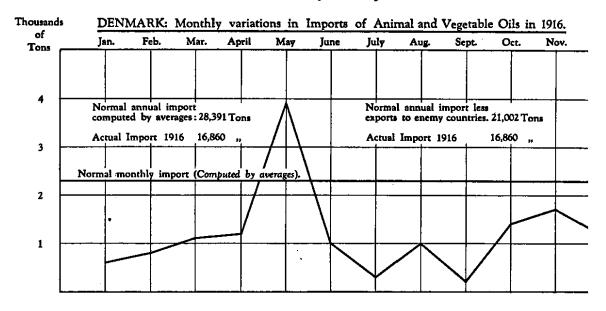


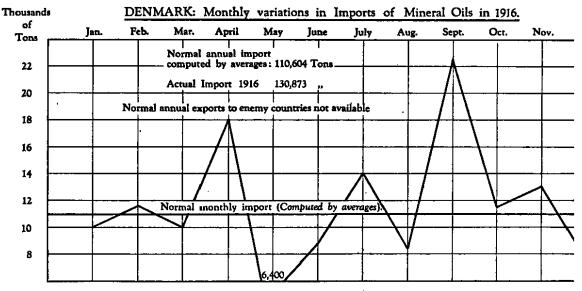


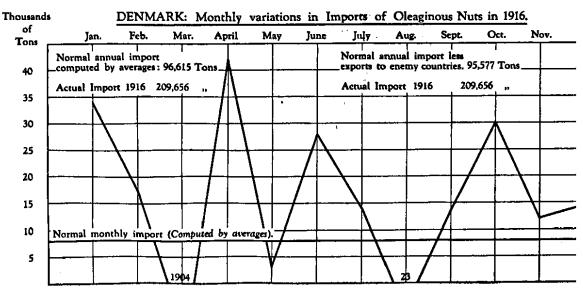


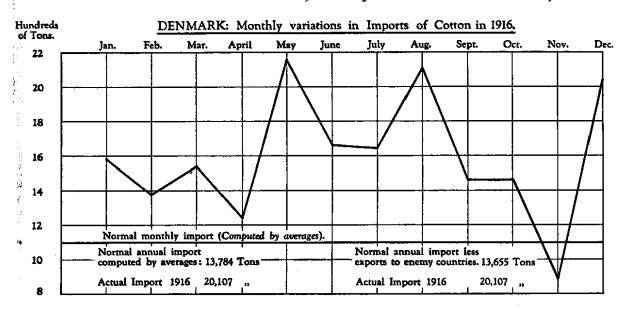


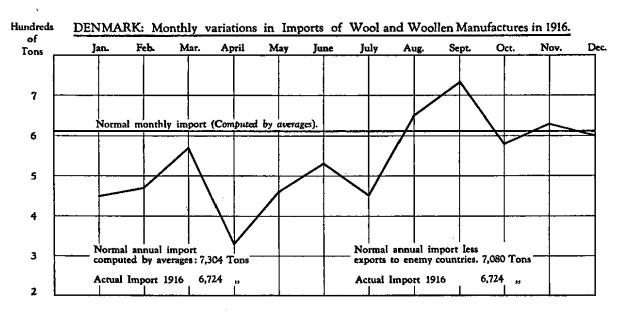


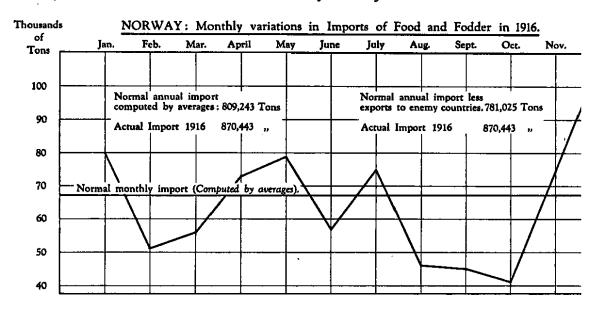


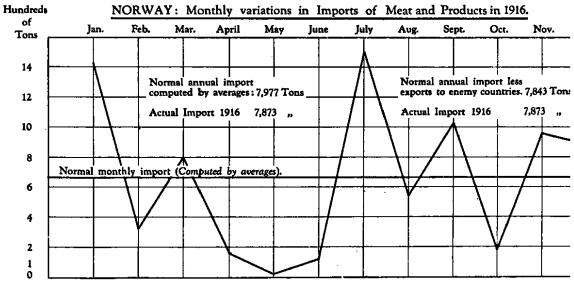


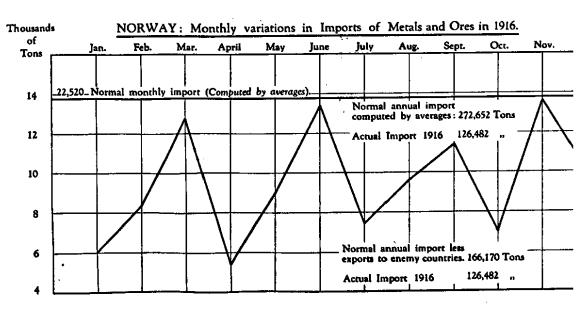


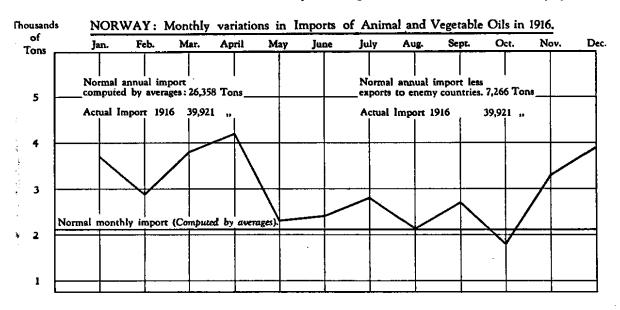


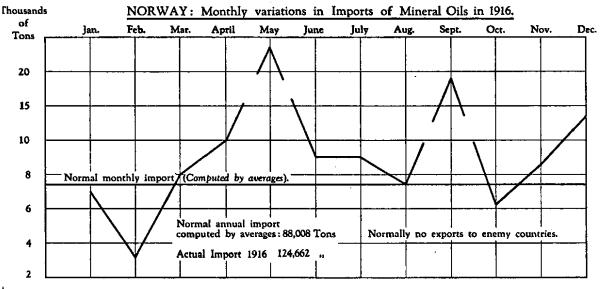


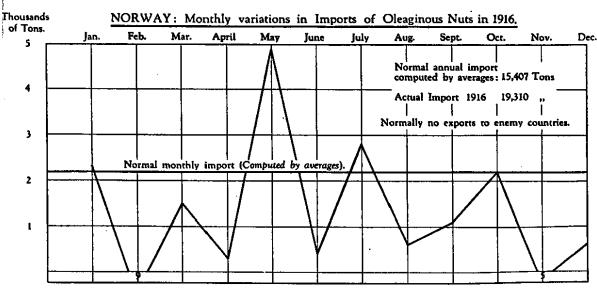


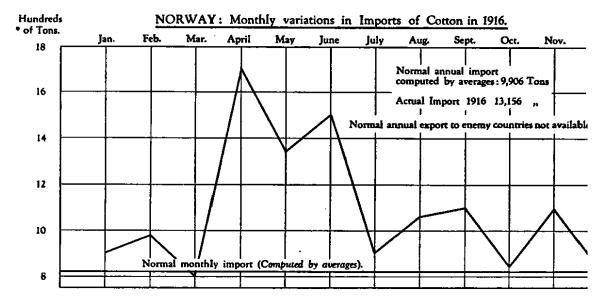


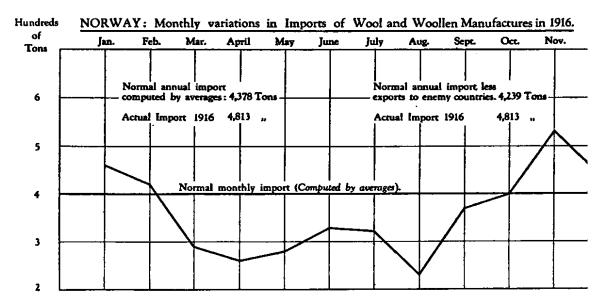


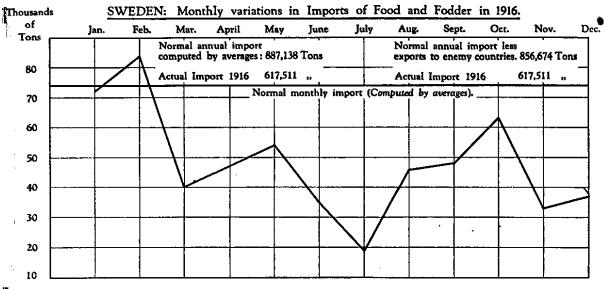


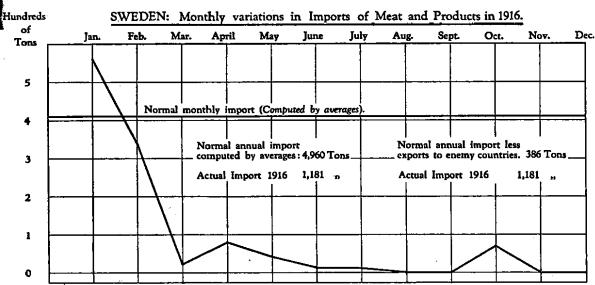


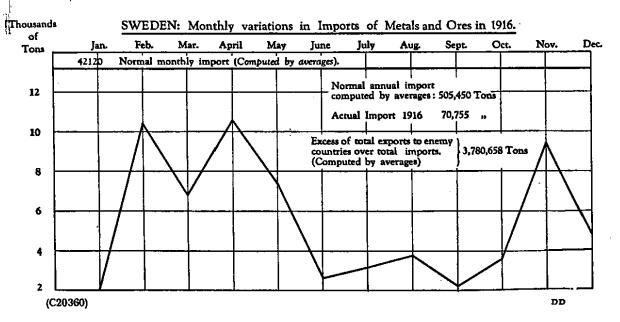


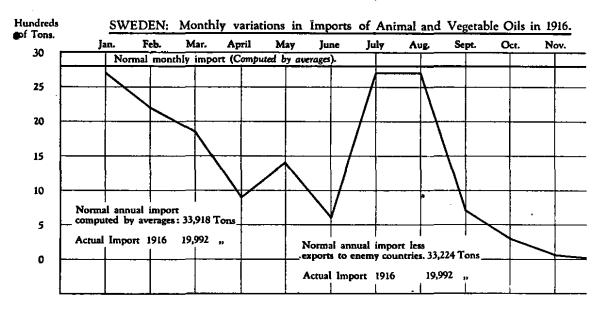


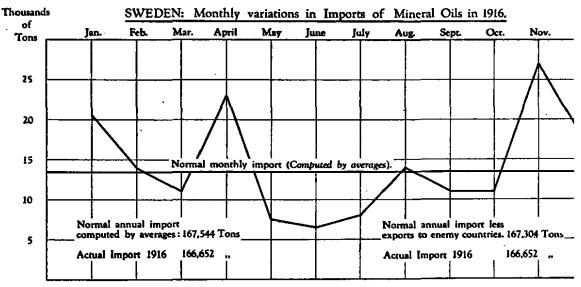


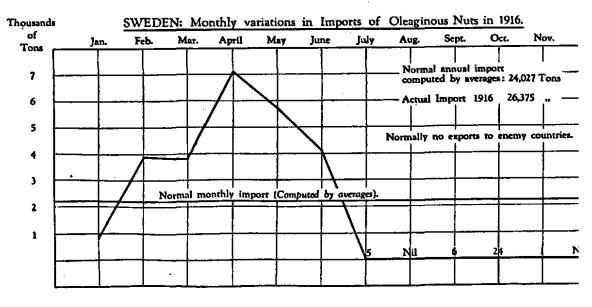


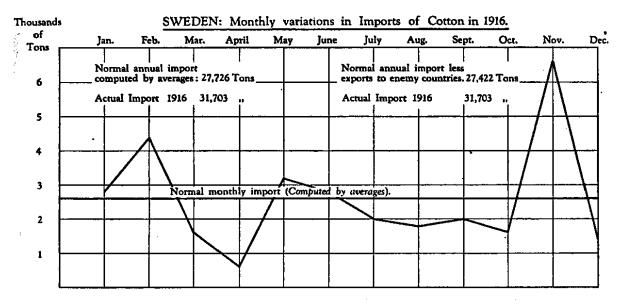


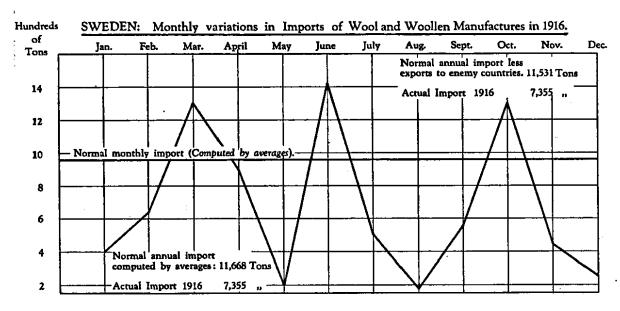


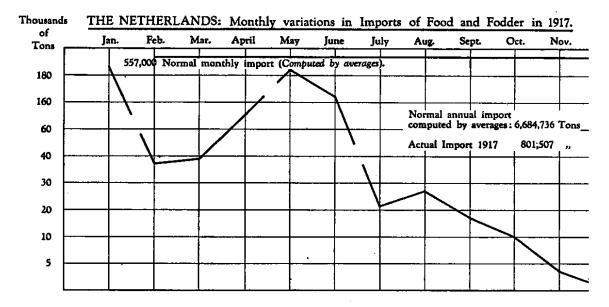


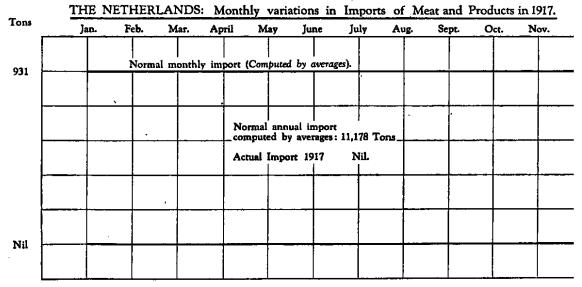


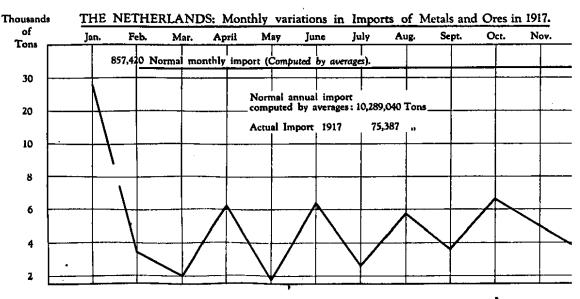


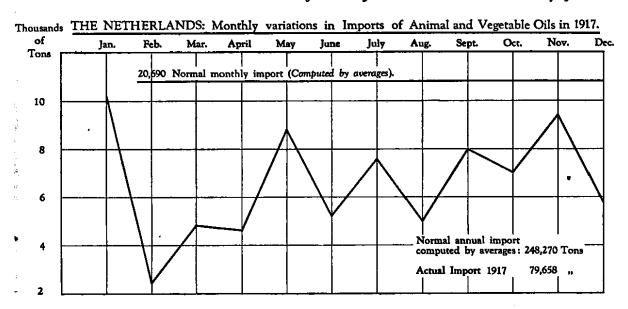


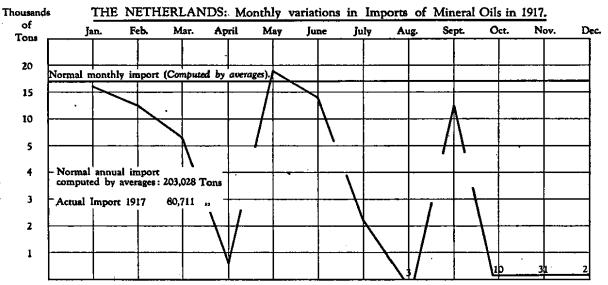


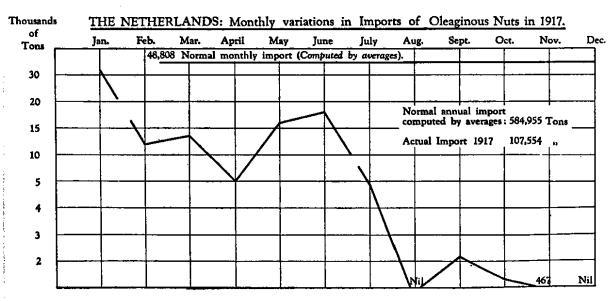


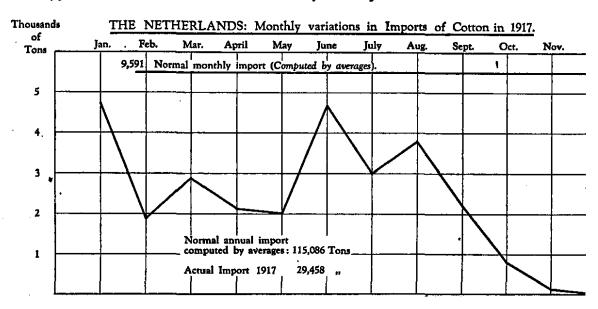


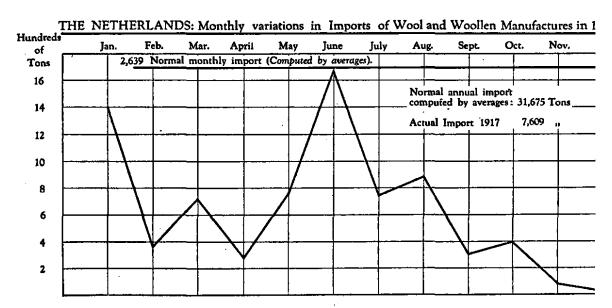


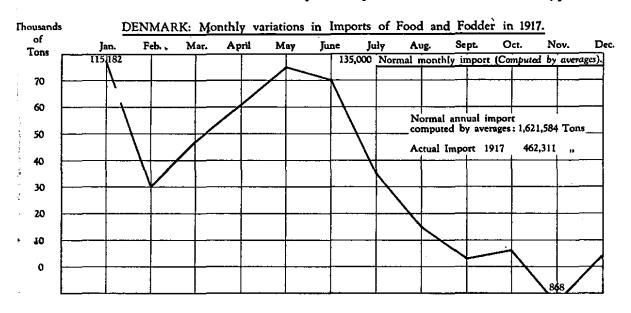


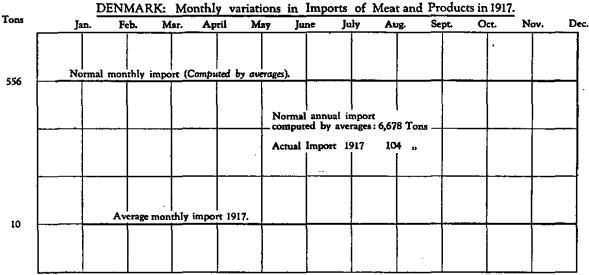


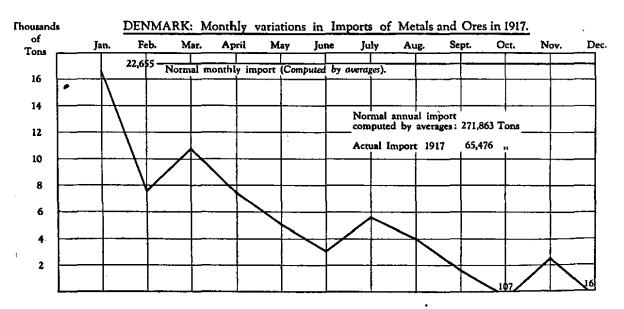


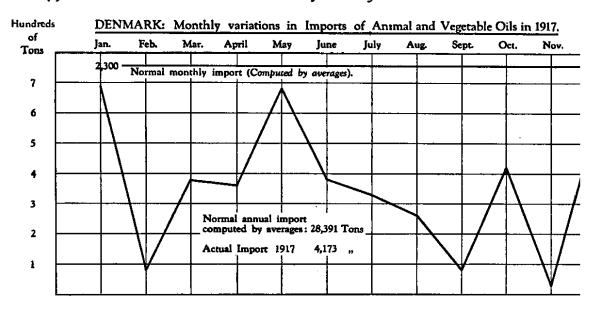


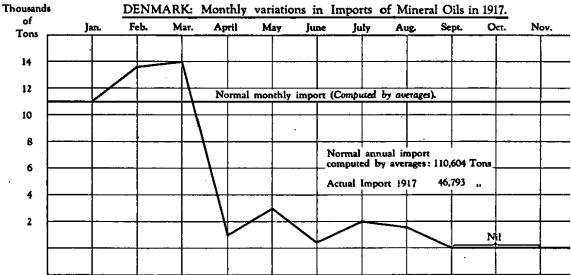


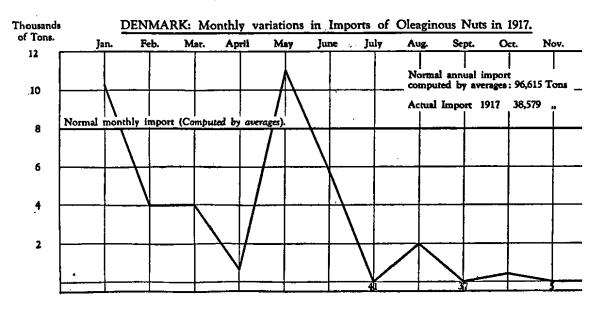


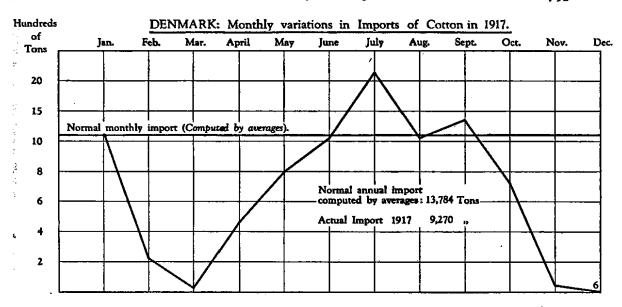


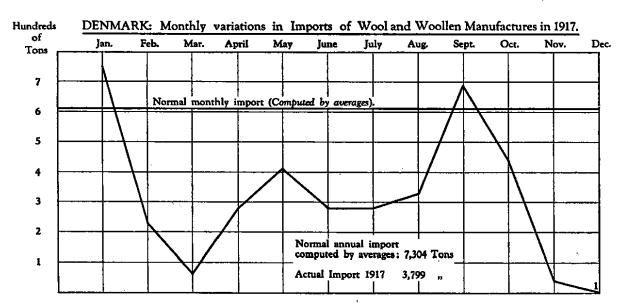


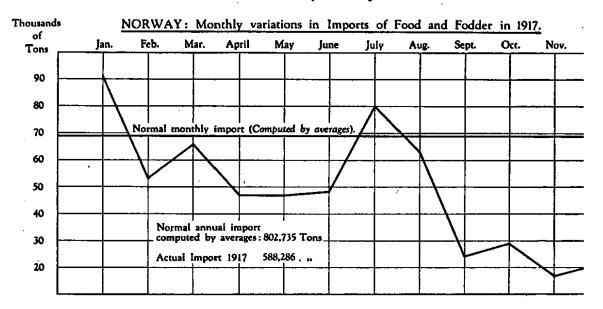


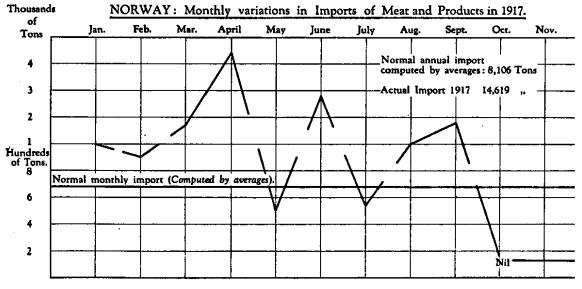


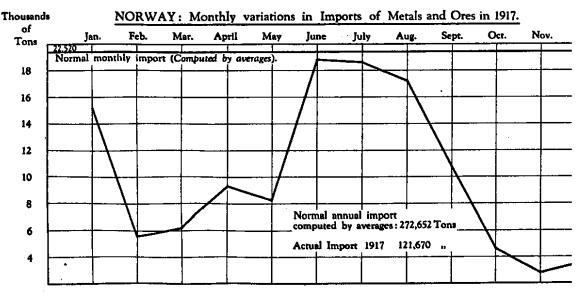


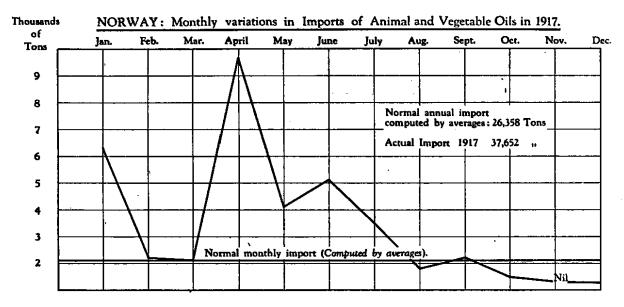


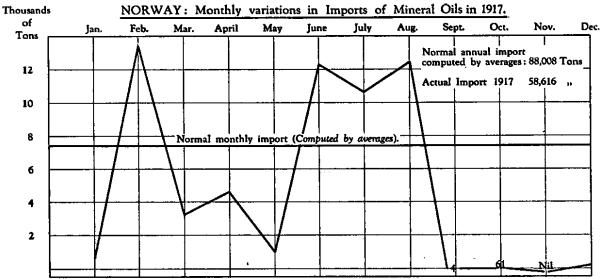


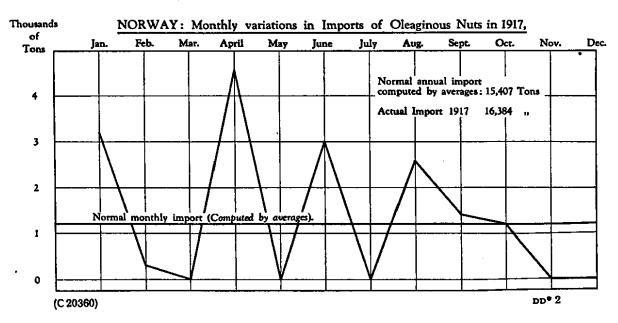


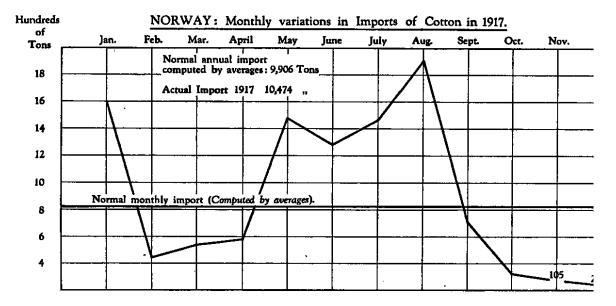


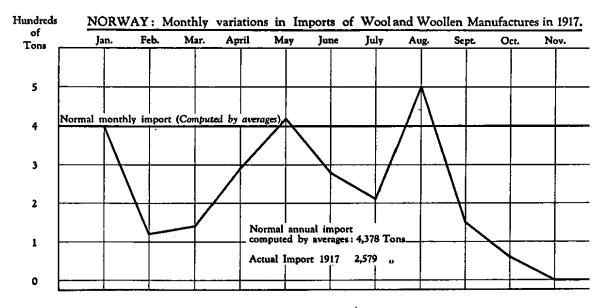


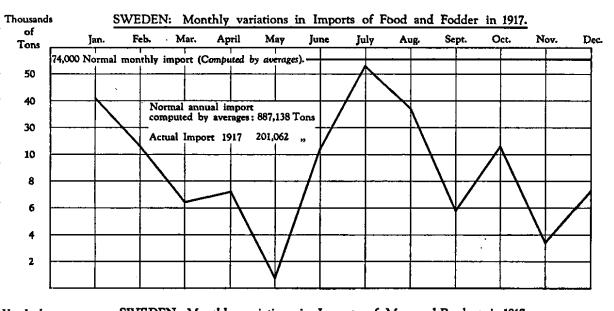


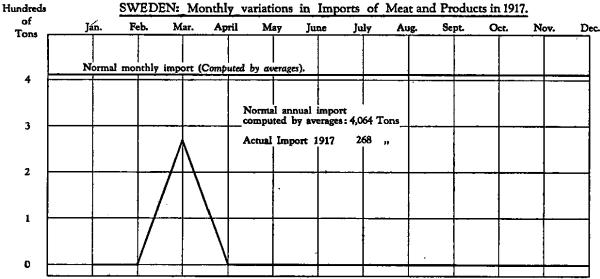


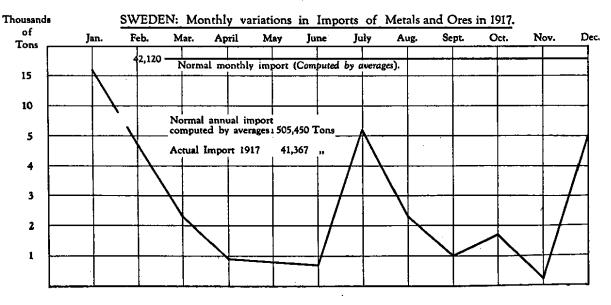


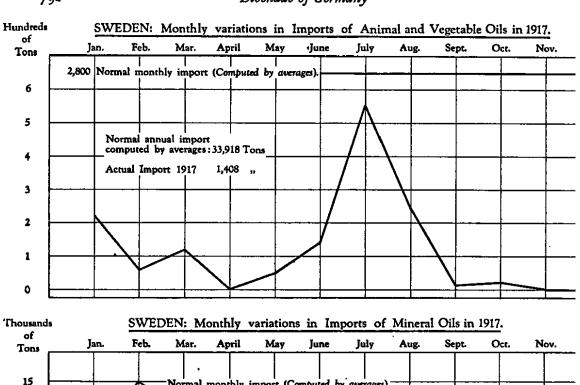


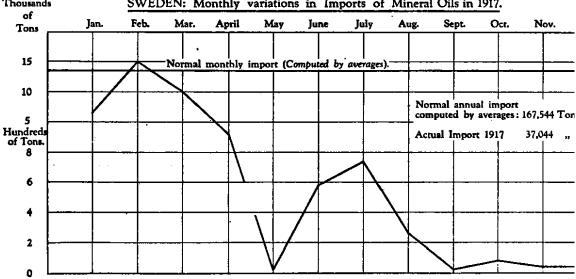


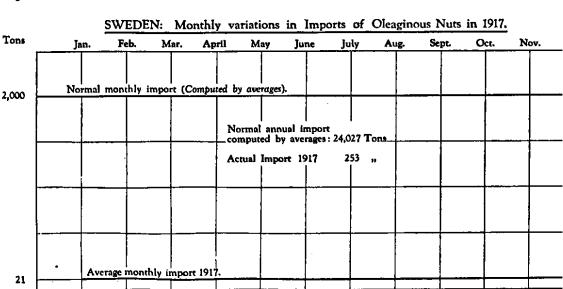


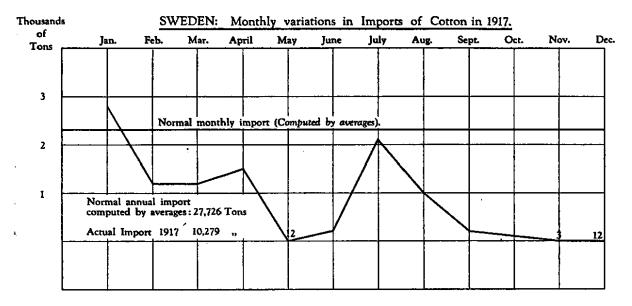


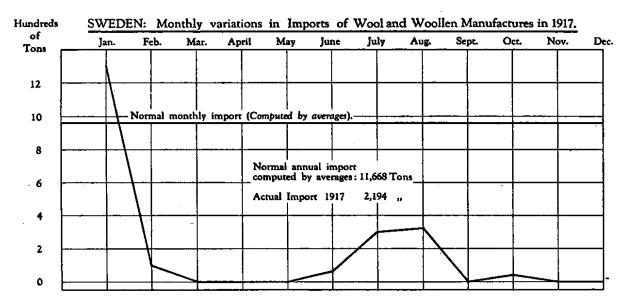


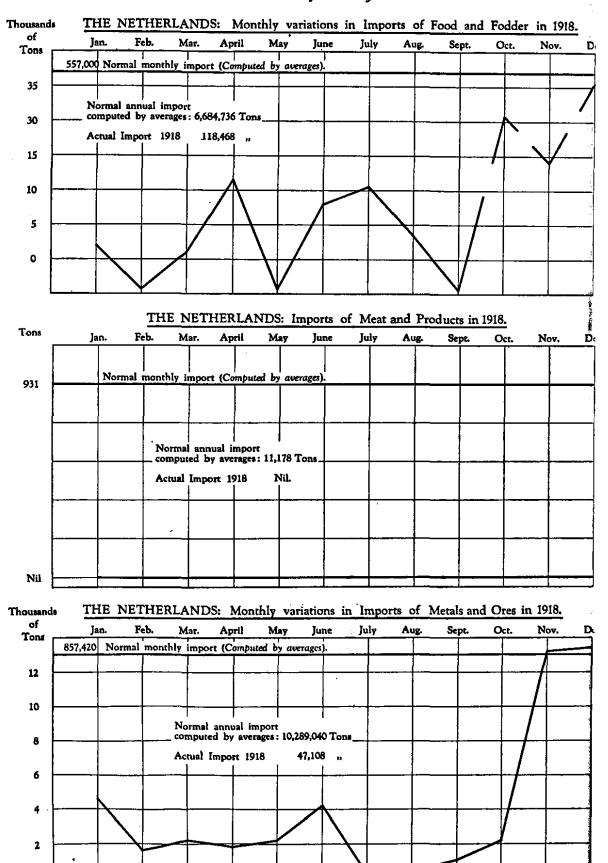




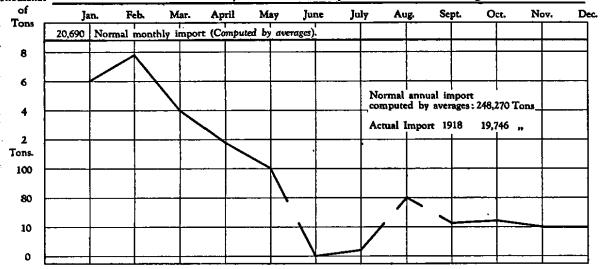




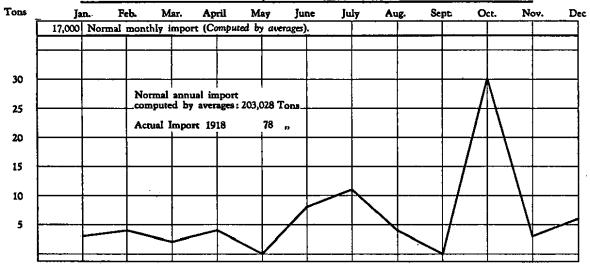




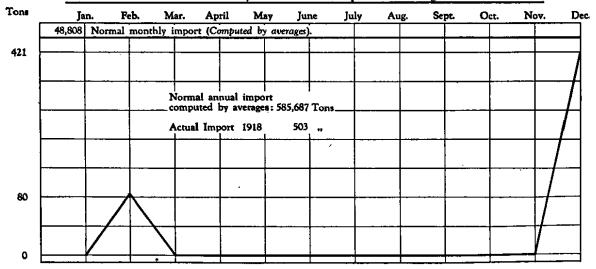
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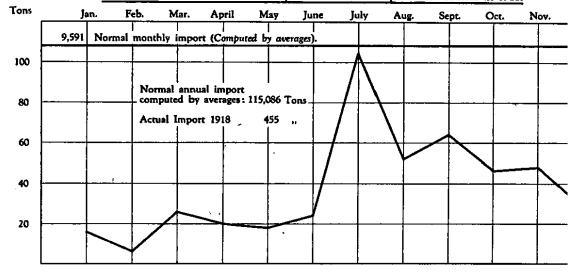
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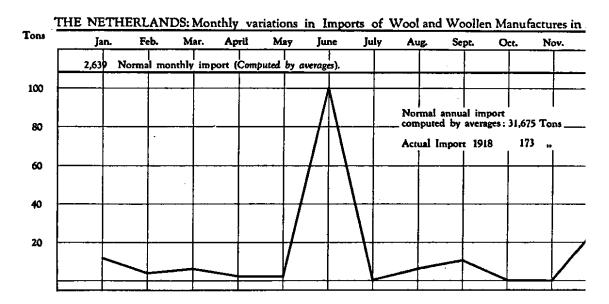


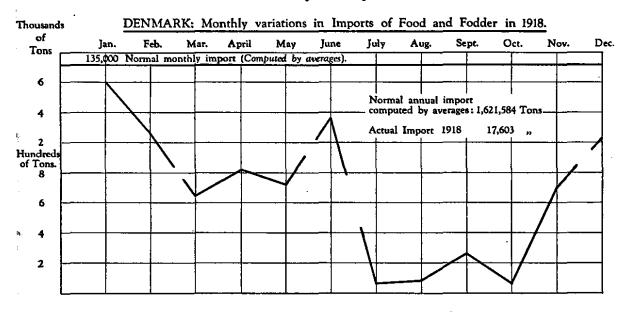
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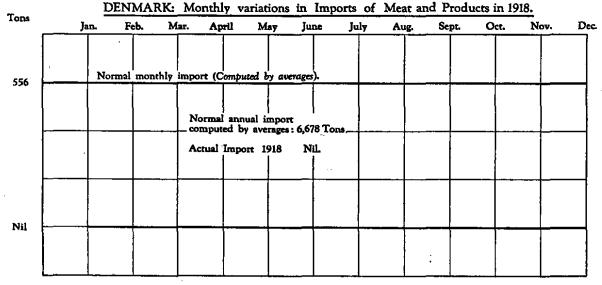


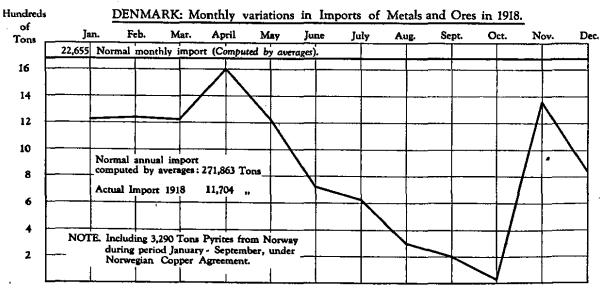
THE NETHERLANDS: Monthly variations in Imports of Cotton in 1918.

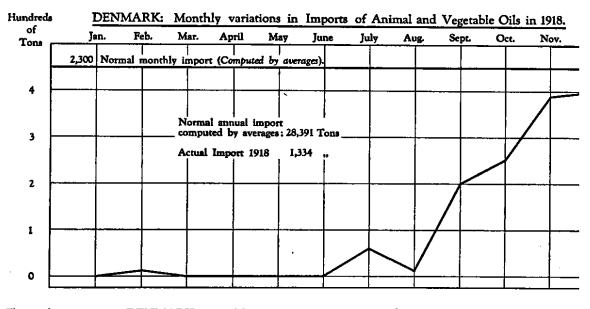


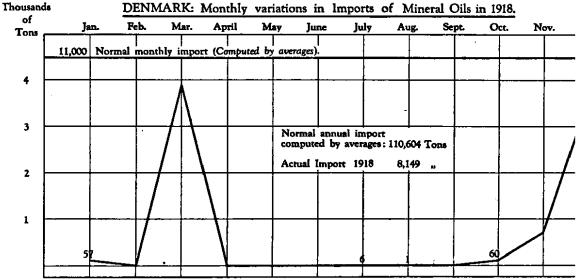


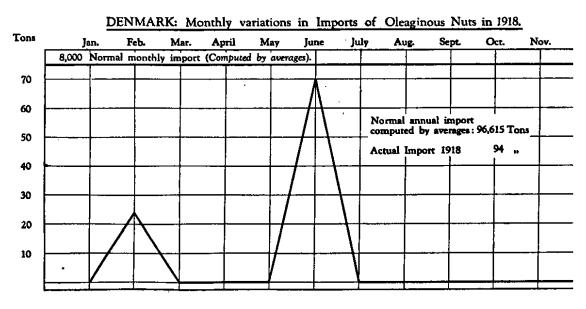


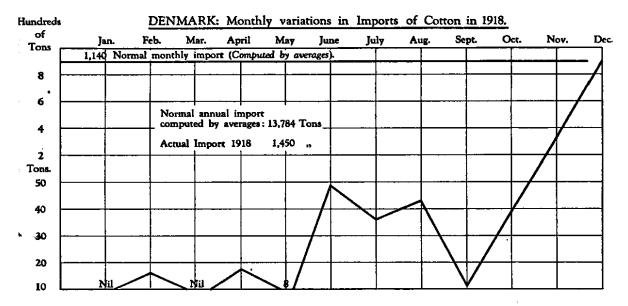


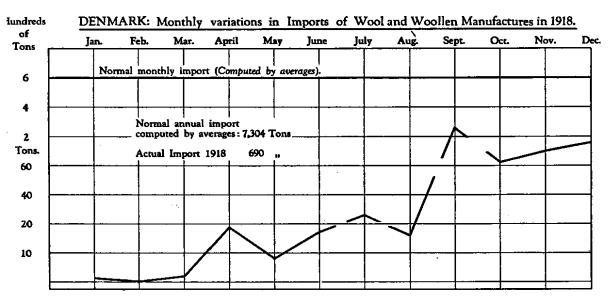


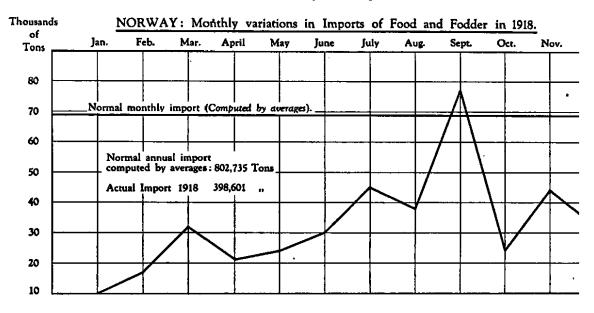


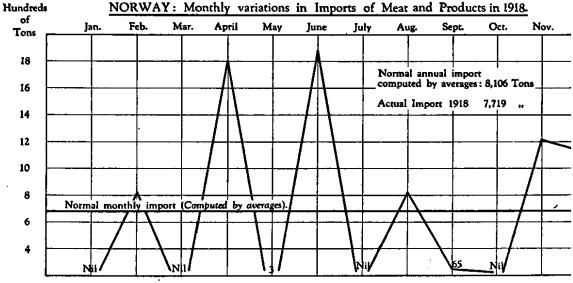


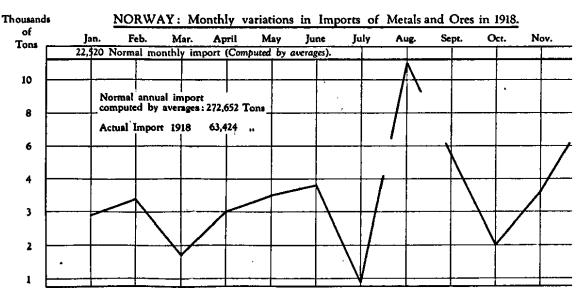


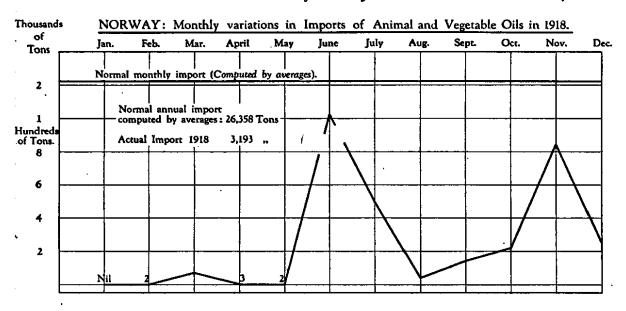


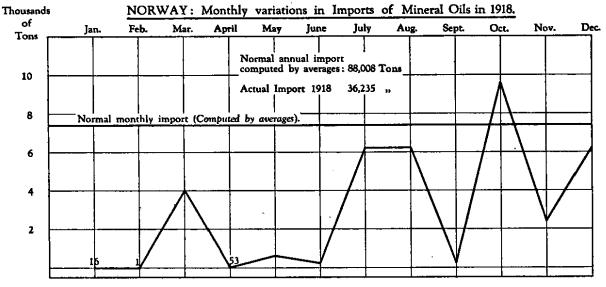


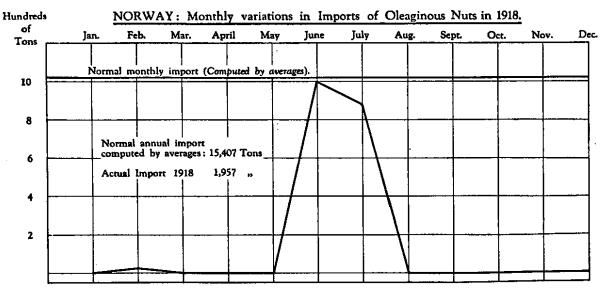


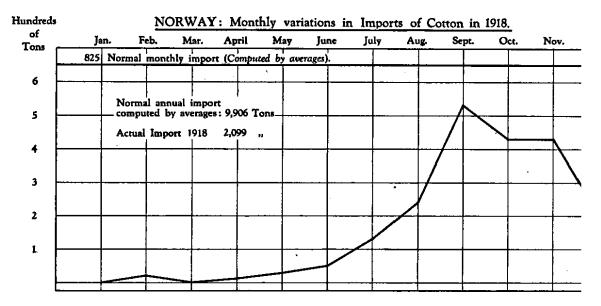


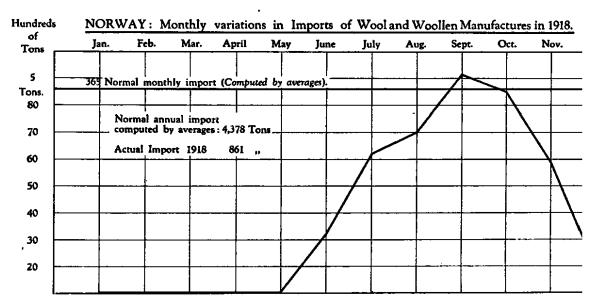


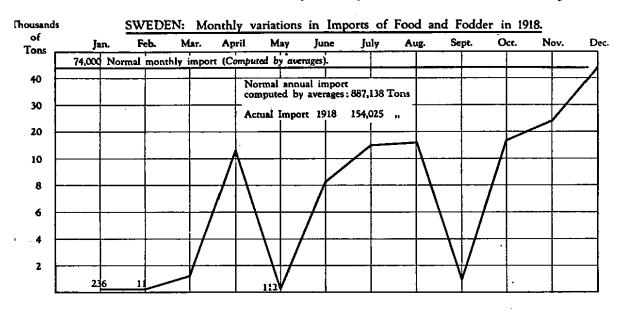


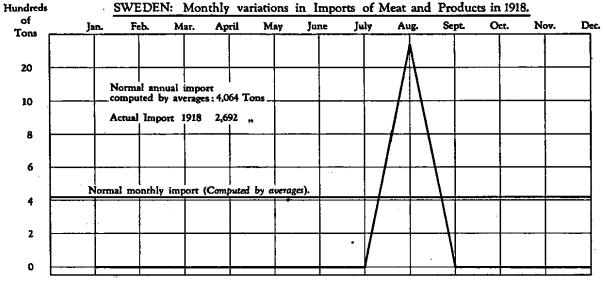


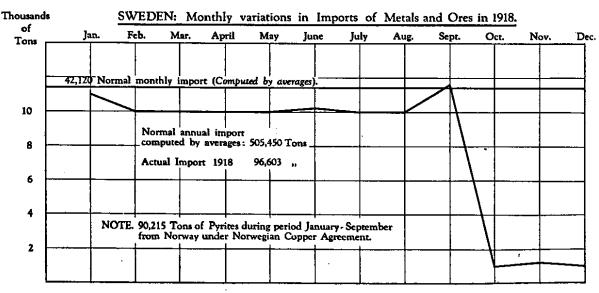


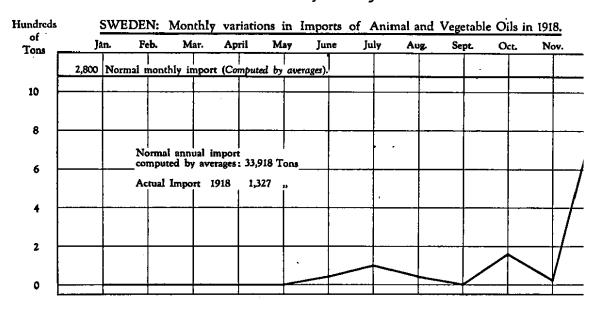


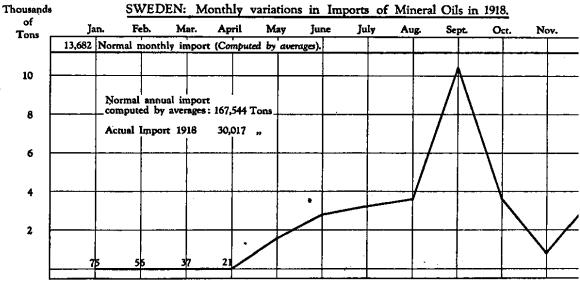


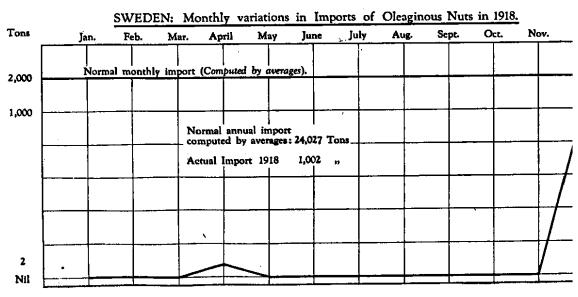


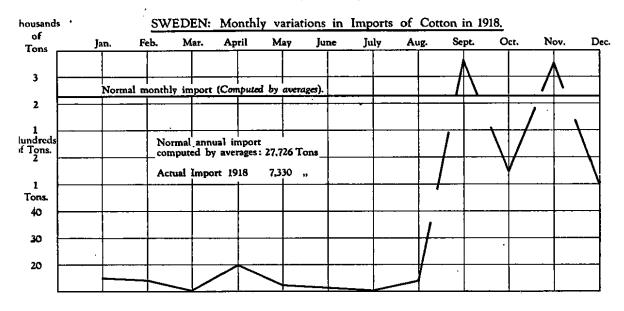


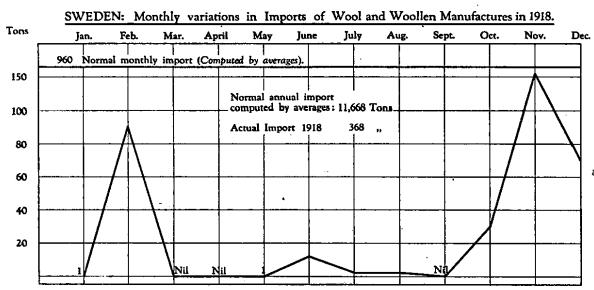












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