

① *Let No. 1 A*
23

SELECTIONS FROM THE RECORDS OF THE BOMBAY
GOVERNMENT.

No. LXXIV.—NEW SERIES.

P A P E R S

RELATIVE TO THE

INTRODUCTION OF REVISED RATES OF ASSESSMENT

INTO THE

MAMLUTDARS' AND TULLEH MAHALKURREES' DIVISIONS

OF THE

RAJPOOREE TALOOKA

OF THE

COLABA SUB-COLLECTORATE.

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1863.

No. 851 of 1863.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

To the Honorable A. D. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to Government.

Revision of the Assessment of the Mamlutdar Division and the Tulleh Petta of the Rajpoores Talooka.

Sir,—I have the honour to forward for the purpose of being laid before Government, the accompanying letter from Major Francis, Superintendent Tanna Survey, No. 54, dated 2nd January 1863.

2. The Acting Sub-Collector of Colaba, to whom it is addressed, has forwarded it without remark; the Acting Collector of Tanna has written as follows:—
No. 293 dated 17th February 1863.

“ Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Major Francis’ report explain fully the geographical situation of the districts newly revised, while paragraph 3 treats of the nature of the roads and refers to the advisability of constructing a branch road from Tulleh to the Mahableshwur road. Paragraphs 4 and 5 describe nature of the cultivation of the district and the market it has for its produce, and in the concluding portion of paragraph 5, Major Francis draws attention to the levy of a fee by the Hubshee on boats passing up the Junjeera creek, observing that the Tulleh people find this fee a source of some little annoyance and a considerable disadvantage to this otherwise favourable outlet for their produce. Major Francis states it would be a considerable advantage to this part of the district were some arrangement made with the authorities of the Junjeera State for the discontinuance of the levy: he is afraid however that the unwillingness of the Hubshee’s Government to enter into any arrangements with our Government will render it useless for us to moot the question. I fully concur with Major Francis both as to the propriety of doing away with the levy and as to the difficulty of inducing the Hubshee’s Government, whose policy is obstructive and retro-

gated to the last degree, to come to any agreement. Inquiry will be made as to the exact nature and amount of this levy, and should any information worth submitting to Government be obtained, a report on the subject will be forwarded.

“ Paragraph 6 details the number of villages in each division and the number of those that are under Khotee tenure.

“ In paragraphs 7 and 8 we find the rates proposed to be introduced and the reasons given for the rates thus proposed. In paragraph 9 Major Francis points out that for the two last groups of villages he has introduced two classes of rates, or an intermediate rate of half-a-rupee more than that of the proper maximum of the group, and a half less than that of the preceding group. The plan was first introduced in Bassein, and I agree with Major Francis that it has obvious advantages: these are clearly detailed in paragraphs 9 and 10. In paragraph 11 the maximum rates of each group as fixed according to this plan are pointed out.

“ The rates for rubbee lands as shown in paragraph 12 are fair and suited to the district.

“ For the reasons given in paragraph 13 I am of opinion that the rates for Wurkus lands should be sanctioned.

“ In paragraph 14 the assessment of the district under the proposed rates is exhibited, from which it appears that they cause a reduction of Rs. 14,961 on the revenue realised last year.

“ Major Francis points out that the previous year was a year of high collections, and that it was only once exceeded and that was in 1859-60, that the new rates are, however, fully Rs. 5,000 in excess of the average realisation for the last ten years.

“ On referring to the Diagram accompanying Major Francis' report it will be seen that from the year 1855-56 there has been a steady increase in the realisations for the last seven years. This has no doubt been owing to the gradually increasing price of grain and to the fact that hitherto Government has been in the habit under the Tussur rates of taking its share in the profits from a rise in prices of agricultural produce. Looking then on the fact that the cultivation for the last ten years has been at a

stand still, that the present rates are considerably in excess of the rates of the first ten years and about Rs. 5,000 above the last ten years, that they are not however so expressly high as during the seven years from 1855-56 to 1861-62, that the value of agricultural produce is greater than what it was, and is not likely to become less, we may safely conclude that the rates are not too high. Cultivation has been at a stand still for some time: this has no doubt been owing to the Government having hitherto taken under the Tussur rates continual advantage of the rise in prices. Now, however, that the rates are fixed for a term of years, the cultivators will reap all the profit of the increase of prices; this will doubtless encourage them on taking up extra land for cultivation.

“ In paragraph 17 Major Francis observes there is a further sum of Rs. 3,958 comprising the assessment of waste land, part of which will no doubt be brought under cultivation; we may estimate therefore that the revenue under the settlement will be about Rs. 9,000 in excess of the average amount of the last ten years' collections.

“ This settlement made by Major Francis is highly satisfactory, and I would recommend its being sanctioned at an early date.”

3. The discontinuance of the fee levied by the Hubshee on boats, would of course be a benefit to our districts, *Vide* paragraph 5 of Major Francis' Report. - but I concur with Major Francis and the Acting Collector in thinking, that a reference to the Hubshee would be of no use, and it is therefore better to make a road to connect Tulleh with the Mahableschwur road. The question whether such a road can be made at a moderate cost is now under the consideration of Major Francis, whose report may be awaited.

4. In paragraph 8 Major Francis describes the grouping of the villages of the district and his reasons for adding two annas to the scale of classification. These arrangements have my full approval, as correcting the tendency of the Survey system of classification to

lower the good soils in comparison with the poorer. The rates of assessment range from Rs. 8-7-0 to 5-10-0 for rice.

5. The Rubbee is pitched at one rupee per acre as in the Nizam-poor petta of the same district assessed last year. The Wurkus rates are four annas for ordinary villages, and three annas for jungly villages.

6. Though the result of the revision shows a decrease of Rs. 14,961 as compared with last year's realisations, still the proposed rates are Rs. 5,281 in excess of the average of ten years' collections; and there is a further margin of nearly Rs. 4,000 leviable on the arable waste. The causes are fully explained by Captain Francis.

7. There are increases to the extent of 74 and 80 per cent. respectively in Kondthurra No. 4, and Dywolee Tulleh Petta. No. 90. It is possible that these villages, though fairly assessed; may not be able to bear so sudden a rise, and it may be found advisable to lower the scale for them exceptionally. Major Francis has been requested to keep this in mind when introducing the revised rates.

8. The Khotee villages will be settled on the principles already adopted in Sanksee and Nizam-poor.

9. The Superintendent has also been desired to reserve the future imposition of a cess for roads and education.

10. As the season is well advanced, I have directed Major Francis to commence the introduction of the settlement, in anticipation of the receipt of the orders of the Government.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

B. H. ELLIS,

Revenue Commissioner, N.E.

Surat Districts, Camp Behara

1st April 1863.

No. 54 of 1863.

From Major J. T. FRANCIS,
Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment,
Tanna and Rutnagherry.

To F. F. ARBUTHNOT, Esq.,
Acting Sub-Collector, Colaba.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit a report upon the revision of the Assessment of the Mamlutdar's and Tulleh Mahalkurree's Divisions of the Rajpooree Talooka.

2. The Talooka, as you are aware, is divided into three divisions. The eastern portion of it, comprising the Nizampoor Petta, was brought under the Survey settlement last year. My present proposals which embrace the remaining part of the talooka, comprise a tract of country of about 315 square miles in extent, varying from 20 to 22 miles in length from north to south, and from 12 to 18 in breadth from east to west. The whole may be said to represent an irregular parallelogram, the eastern side of which is formed by the Nizampoor division, and the western by the territories of the Hubshee State. The Rewdunda creek forms the northern boundary for about 10 or 12 miles, or to within a short distance of the chief town of Roha, near which a narrow strip of land projects northward for a distance of 5 or 6 miles to a point where the boundaries of the Alibaug, Nagotna, and of this district, all meet. From the latter point the boundary runs along the summit of a range of hills, skirting the fort of Outchitgur, and extending eastwards to Soorghur, where again it touches the Punt Sucheo's country, and then joins the Nizampoor division. The Hubshee territory overlaps the Tulleh division on the south up to the point where the latter joins the Ryghur Talooka, which then forms the boundary on that side.

3. It will be seen from the Map accompanying that the tract of country under report contains a number of detached hills interspersed over the face of the country. The latter present a serious

impediment to traffic, for, if we except the valley in which the town of Roha is situated, and that through which the Mahableshwur and Mhar road runs, there is no other part of the district which is fitted for cart traffic. Roads already exist through the valley abovementioned, and I was hopeful of being able to propose the formation of a branch road from Tulleh to the Mahableshwur road, by which means the latter town would be put in communication with the markets of Mhar and Roha. But my Assistant, Mr. Hexton, represents the country to be too rough and undulating to admit of the construction of this contemplated junction road at a reasonable cost. I propose looking at the line when making the settlement of the district, and will afterwards report the result of my examination.

4. But these hills which make the country unfitted for cart traffic are the main source of its fertility, as their drainage furnishes an abundant supply of water for the rice crops in the valleys. The soil of some of the latter is particularly fertile. That of the Roha valley is so to a remarkable degree, and this, coupled with the circumstance of the copious supply of water which the drainage and the springs from the hills in that locality supply, makes this valley remarkably favourable for the growth of rice. The rice lands of part of the Tulleh Mahal are also very good.

5. The district is rather favourably circumstanced in regard to market. Roha, which is situated on the Rewdunda creek, is a great depôt for rice. It is collected here and then transported by boats to Bombay, and a small quantity also goes to the ports on the Rutnagherry coast. Tulleh has a bazar of its own, and a bunder three or four miles distant, at Maundar on the Junjeera creek. I am informed, however, that the authorities of the Hubshee State levy a fee on boats passing up the above creek, which the Tulleh people represent to be a source of some little annoyance to them, and a considerable disadvantage to this otherwise favourable outlet for their produce. It would be a considerable advantage to this part of the district, were some arrangement made with the authorities of that State for the discontinuance of the levy of the fee said to be collected, but knowing how averse the State is to enter into any arrangement with our Government, I am afraid there would be no good in mootng the

question. Part of the rice of the Tulleh division goes to Goregaum in the Ryghur talooka, where there is a bunder and a small bazar.

6. The two divisions* contain 238 villages, of which (7) seven are Inam holdings. The revenues of one of the latter are partially alienated, but as its annual jumwabundee is made by your department, it comes under the operation of the settlement.

*Division.	134
Tulleh do	104
	<hr/>
	238

There are therefore 232 villages to which the new rates will apply; but nine villages of the Tulleh division under Government management, the rest being held on the khotee tenure, and about two-fifths of those of the Mamlutdar's division are also held on that tenure. The whole are at present assessed at a grain rent commuted into a cash payment at a certain rate, fixed usually according to the price of grain in the markets of the district.

7. From the circumstances stated in the preceding paragraphs, it will be evident that the district we are assessing possesses natural advantages of a marked character, whilst for the transport and sale of its produce it may be said to be favourably circumstanced on the whole. Due allowance has been made for these advantages in fixing my rates, which are higher than those introduced into any other part of the Sub-Collectorate, with the exception of a few villages (formerly under the Oondehree talooka) situated on and near the coast part of that district, facing the Bombay harbour. The rate was Rs. 7½ in the latter case, which is what I proposed for the best villages of these divisions. It is true that the Rajpooree villages are not so favourably situated with regard to markets, as those of Oondehree, but their rice lands, as before explained, are noted for their fertility. As much as three candies per acre is said to be grown occasionally on some of the very best fields, and two is an ordinary crop for them. If we assume the latter to be their average crop, the produce of an acre will be worth about Rs. 50, as the best kinds of rice have been selling at fully Rs. 25 per candy lately, and are not likely, I think, to fall below that price.

8. There are however, only a few of the best villages lying in a circle of about five miles of the town of Roha, to which I would apply the rate of 7½. The remaining part of the district I have appor-

Recent price Rs 32 - 1882.

tioned into three main groups, the whole of the villages being classified in the manner explained in the following statement:—

Group.	No. of Villages.	Rate.	Character, position, and peculiarities of the Villages of each group.
1	30	7½	Rice lands very fertile: villages within a circle of 5 miles of the town of Roha.
2	64	7	Lands very fertile, but villages distant from 6 to 10 miles from Roha. The villages round the town of Tulleh and along the borders of the Rewdunda and Junjeera creeks are also included in the group.
3	81	6½ & 6	East of the preceding and situated for most part in the centre of the district.
4	40	5½ & 5	The most easterly villages adjoining the Nizampoor Division and jungly villages. Distant from market and difficult of access.
5	2	4	
Total ..	217		
Add ..	12	..	Khara pot villages assessed at Rs. 5 and 4½ per acre.
..	3	..	Villages of two of which the whole lands are submerged and in consequence were not measured or classed, and the other consists of merely the village site.
	232	Grand Total.	

9. It will be seen from the foregoing statement that, for the two latter groups, two classes of rates have been fixed, that is to say, I have made use of an intermediate rate of half-a-rupee more than that of the proper maximum of the group, and half-a-rupee less than that of the preceding group. This plan, which was first adopted in assessing Bassein last year, enables me to make a more equitable dis-

tribution of the assessment, as by applying the respective intermediate rates to villages adjoining their preceding groups, there is a difference of only half-a-rupee in the rates of villages thus situated. I have stated the maximum rate to be $7\frac{1}{2}$, but it is eight and seven annas in reality, for two annas per rupee has been added to the rate of first class fields in each group, in other words the district has been classed on a rupee two annas instead of a rupee scale.

10. This change of system was adopted in order that the rates of the good soils might be raised without a corresponding increase to those of the lower classes. For instance, the rate of a field classed at one rupee two annas amounts to Rs. 8-7-0, if calculated at a rate of $7\frac{1}{2}$, whilst the rate of a field classed at eight annas will be Rs. 3-12-0. But if a rupee valuation scale had been adopted, it would have been necessary to make $8\frac{1}{2}$ the multiplier to make the rate up to *that sum* for a first class or 16 annas field, and the eight annas field by that plan of calculating its rate, would be assessed at Rs. 4-4-0, or half-a-rupee per acre more than in the example given above. It will be seen from this, that by adopting this plan of operation, I am enabled to put a proportionately higher rate on the good soils which are unusually fertile in this district, without adding to the value assigned to the inferior lands, under the usual classification scale.

11. The maximum rates then of each group are as follows :—

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	
Group 1st.—	8	7			The multiplier being $7\frac{1}{2}$ as given in paragraph 8.
Do. 2nd—	7	14			ditto 7 rupees
Do. 3rd—	7	5 and	6	12	ditto $6\frac{1}{2}$ and 6 do.
Do. 4th—	6	3 and	5	10	* ditto $5\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 do.

I feel confident that this plan of operations will be found well suited to the circumstances of a district like this, in which the better descriptions of soil are so remarkably fertile.

12. For Rubbee lands I propose a maximum rate of a rupee. I found this rate was quite high enough for this description of land in the Nizam poor Petta, and there is nothing to make the Rubbee of this district more valuable than that of the former.

13. There is a considerable extent of Wurkus cultivation in some of the hilly villages of the south bordering on the Hubshee State. The cultivation, however, is not more than ordinarily valuable, and as there is no market for grass in the district, I have adopted my usual Wurkus rates of four annas for ordinary villages, and three for jungly ones, both of which will be applicable in this case.

14. The following statement shows the assessment of the district under the rates explained in the preceding paragraphs :—

Name of Division.	Assessment on Cultivation.				Assessment of Waste land.				
	Rice.	Rub- bee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rub- bee.	Wurkus	Total.	Grand Total.
Division	86,659	451	4,411	91,521	2,390	183	1,036	3,609	95,130
Tulleh Petta..	55,574	406	6,937	62,917	239	4	106	349	63,266
Total..	1,42,233	857	11,348	1,54,438	2,629	187	1,142	3,958	1,58,396

The proposed rates will effect a reduction of Rs. 14,961 on the revenue realised last year, as will be seen from the following statement :—

MAMLUKDAR'S DIVISION.

	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.
Last year's collection ..	99,181	504	5,475	1,05,160
Survey assessment....	86,659	451	4,411	91,521
Increase .....	..	..	..	..
Decrease.....	12,522	53	1,064	13,639

TULLEH PETTA.

Last year's collection ..	55,728	308	8,000	64,036
Survey assessment....	55,574	406	6,937	62,917
Increase .....	..	98	..	..
Decrease	154	..	1,063	1,119

15. Last, year however, which has been taken as the standard of comparison in the foregoing statements, was a year of high collections, for it will be seen from the Diagram that there were about Rs. 17,000 in excess of the average realisations of the last ten years. There is but one year, moreover, out of the twenty included in the series, given in the Diagram, in which a larger amount of revenue was realised, and that was in 1859-60, when the Tusser rate was fixed at the high sum of Rs. 24 per candy. On referring to the Diagram you will observe that the effect of this high rate is strikingly illustrated by the column indicating the collections of the year, which stands out in bold relief at the height of about Rs. 20,000 above the collections of any other year; and if you will refer back to a period of five years anterior to the year abovementioned, and compare the realisations of 1854-55 with those of 1859-60, you will observe that there is a difference of between 90 and 100 per cent in the amount of revenue realised in the respective years; and this is all the result of the different Tusser rates of the two years, for there is no perceptible increase or decrease in the cultivation exhibited in their respective returns under that head.

16. In judging, therefore, of the rates now proposed for this district, it must be borne in mind, that the Revenue has been increasing annually under this grain commutation system in a proportionate ratio to the rise in the price of grain. In a district, however, with a fixed cash rent, the case is different. In such cases the revenue is stationary, supposing cultivation to be so, and the gain from a rise of prices all goes into the pocket of the cultivator, whilst under the former system, Government should derive its fair share of gain from any rise in the value of agricultural produce. Applying this principle to the present case, it would followed that the revenue realised during the last two or three years represents what the district can pay at present prices. But the quantity of grain fixed as the rent of the land is so large a proportion of the yield, being 10 maunds per beegha in many villages of the Mamlutdar's division, that we cannot be guided by prices to the extent above indicated in fixing our new assessment.

17. Considering these circumstances so materially affecting the Revenue collections of this district, we must be careful not to attach

undue importance to the amount actually realised. We may confidently assume that the district cannot pay the large revenue realised from it in 1859-60, whilst the average collections of the past ten years are perhaps rather low, as they include several years* in which the

* 1852-53, 1853-54, 1854-55, amount collected was certainly less than what the district can now pay. It will be seen from

the figures in the margin, that the assessment by proposed rates fulfils

Survey assessment on cultivated area . . . 1,54,438

Average of past collections . . . 1,49,157

—————
5,281

these conditions; for, calculated on the present cultivated area alone, it is a little more than Rs. 5,000 in excess of our average collections for the period abovementioned. There is a further sum of Rs. 3,958, comprising the assessment of waste lands, part of which will no doubt be brought under cultivation. We may estimate, therefore, that the revenue under the settlement will be about Rs. 9,000 in excess of the average amount of the last ten years' collections.

18. On referring to the statement in paragraph 14, it will be seen that the *reduction* therein shown occurs chiefly in the Mamlutdar's division. The result as regards both divisions is as follows:—

	Mamlutdar's Division.	Tulleh Petta.	Total.
Total collections under all heads in 1861-62	1,05,160	64,036	1,69,196
Survey assessment on calculated area ..	91,521	62,917	1,54,438
Decrease..	13,639	1,119	14,758

19. The small difference in the two assessments in the case of the Tulleh Petta is owing to the large extent of new rice land which has been brought to account in that division by the survey measurement. There are many villages in which the new measurements are four and five times in excess of the area recorded under the former survey. This excess of land has hitherto been held free of assessment

STATEMENT contrasting the Survey Settlement with past payments for the

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.				Rate.	
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jumwabandee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.		Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Kolar	1,444	1,735	16	99	1,850	7
2	Pooee	688	796	14	20	830	7
3	Poogaum	1,971	2,333	55	16	2,404	7
4	Wudalee Boodrook	376	454	..	4	458	7
5	Dole Mahal	475	563	..	28	591	7
6	Aeen Mahal	78	80	..	61	141	5
7	Soorghur.....	69	72	1	58	131	5
8	Wyjunath	166	182	..	2	184	6½
9	Khamb	1,481	1,742	1	31	1,804	7
10	Talowlee	734	761	..	5	766	7
11	Goweh	771	881	..	36	917	7
12	Bahay	743	832	45	28	905	7
13	Chilay	1,345	1,638	4	10	1,652	7½
14	Dhankajay	1,681	1,946	23	24	1,993	7½
15	Deokajay	1,989	2,358	35	35	2,428	7½

Villages of the MAMLUPTAR'S DIVISION of the RAJPOOREE TALOOKA.

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									Remarks
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1,865	4	172	2,044	..	..	..	..	2,044
917	3	31	968	..	..	..	..	968
1,764	14	24	1,806	122	7	41	170	1,976	
364	6	3	367	14	1	11	26	393	
436	18	14	450	16	..	..	16	466
150	..	56	208	..	..	..	..	208
80	2	38	118	..	..	..	..	118
156	..	7	164	..	..	..	..	164
1,617	1	24	1,641	7	..	5	12	1,653	
836	..	8	844	35	12	15	62	906	
749	4	35	788	98	..	12	110	898	
567	24	35	634	168	31	25	224	858	
1,305	8	25	1,330	75	..	..	75	1,405
1,687	..	13	1,705	157	16	30	203	1,908	
2,021	5	9	2,060	33	..	28	61	2,121	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				Rate.
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
16	Oordownay.....	287	331	3	2	336	7
✓ 17	Sangreh	394	440	4	9	453	7
✓ 18	Mootowlee Khoord	319	336	..	7	343	7
✓ 19	Malsa	518	530	..	8	538	7
✓ 20	Dhamansae	1,288	1,588	5	82	1,675	7
✓ 21	Songaon	666	854	2	12	868	7
22	Pingalsae Boodrook	562	465	17	6	488	7
23	Sewshet	5	5	..	..	5	7
✓ 24	Wandolee	489	598	..	12	610	7½
25	Wudalee Khoord	282	306	..	3	309	7½
26	Pingalsae Khoord	1,423	1,661	11	6	1,678	7
✓ 27	Kusba Astumee	1,448	1,197	11	2	1,210	7
28	Jooee	41	47	3	..	50	6
29	Padoom	863	945	6	11	962	7½
30	Khar Aptec	147	152	..	1	153	7½
31	Niree	996	1,174	..	9	1,183	7½

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									Remark:
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
411	11 18	22	462	..	..	..	..	462	
318	2	9	329	112	5	7	124	453	
395	..	4	399	61	..	10	71	470	
645	..	6	651	13	..	4	17	668	
1,305	6	26	1,337	35	..	40	75	1,412	
686	6	6	698	35	..	8	43	741	
385	10	10	405	322	..	19	341	746	
21	..	..	21	..	..	..	..	21	
487	..	6	493	60	..	5	65	558	
315	..	1	316	..	..	3	3	319	
1,690	8	19	1,717	..	..	..	..	1,717	
1,330	6	16	1,352	66	10	17	93	1,445	
114	2	2	118	..	..	..	..	118	
607	2	1	770	7	4	4	15	785	
160	..	..	160	..	..	..	..	160	
126	..	..	126	13	..	..	13	156	
17	..	..	17	..	..	..	..	17	
930	..	13	943	15	..	..	15	958	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jumma-bundee.				Rate.
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurtua.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
32	Owchitghur	92	97	..	6	103	7
33	Nigreh	1,213	1,279	..	8	1,287	7½
J 34	Medheh .....	..	..	..	11	11	..
35	Rewallee	1,510	1,731	..	63	1,794	7
36	Bheesay	1,263	1,366	..	63	1,429	7
37	Pophulgar	211	245	..	4	249	7
38	Paleba	1,449	1,577	..	18	1,595	7½
39	Warwandeh	642	745	..	18	763	7½
40	Bhatsaee	1,706	1,986	3	53	2,042	7½
J 41	Jholamba	998	1,030	..	1	1,031	5
42	Shenwace	1,644	1,920	1	154	2,075	7½
43	Wowa Potga	216	250	..	131	381	6 4½
44	Murowlee	1,206	1,439	1	9	1,449	7
J 45	Mootowlee Boodrook	1,232	1,474	5	9	1,488	7
46	Shirowlee	171	191	1	..	192	7½
J 47	Ambewarree	385	456	..	13	469	7½

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.										Remarks.
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.		
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
126	..	5	131	..	..	14	14	145
1,215	2	10	1,227	..	..	1	1	1,228
..		
1,694	..	40	1,734	..	..	..	..	1,734
1,841	..	21	1,862	..	..	..	..	1,862
217	..	8	225	..	..	..	..	225
1,401	..	9	1,410	22	..	13	35	1,445		
570	..	6	576	18	..	13	31	607		
1,762	..	5	1,767	41	..	70	111	1,878		
940	1	7	948	15	..	..	15	963
1,324	..	128	1,644	..	..	..	..	1,644
192		
258	..	58	361	..	..	..	..	361
45		
1,260	..	12	1,272	56	..	2	58	1,330		
1,015	8	15	1,038	35	..	..	35	1,073
135	..	1	136	..	..	..	..	136
330	..	10	340	..	..	5	5	345

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.
✓ 48	Paleh Boodrook	496	584	..	18	602	7½
✓ 49	Sambweh	1,020	1,170	..	36	1,206	7½
50	Paleh Khoord.....	749	851	..	65	916	7½
51	Karewneh	61	73	..	66	139	6
✓ 52	Killeh	2,457	2,824	13	73	2,910	7½
✓ 53	Dhatow	2,779	3,265	100	46	3,411	7½
54	Washee	1,120	1,340	3	71	1,414	7½
55	Landar	848	999	13	85	1,097	7
56	Bhorgar	529	603	2	54	659	7½
57	Talaghur.....	746	836	..	23	859	7½
✓ 58	Rotay Boodrook	619	716	27	7	750	7
✓ 59	Rotay Khoord	560	635	..	4	639	7
✓ 60	Warseh	973	1,098	..	40	1,138	7½
61	Goorowlee	321	361	..	2	363	7
62	Nivee	959	1,082	7	55	1,144	7
63	Bhoowneeswar.....	718	815	11	1	827	7

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. °	Rs.	
461	..	7	468	4	..	16	20	488	
904	..	25	929	7	..	19	26	955	
645	..	30	675	..	..	..	..	675	
60	..	64	124	..	..	..	..	124	
2,512	24	42	2,578	105	74	33	212	2,790	
2,831	71	67	2,969	131	19	6	156	3,125	
1,125	11	31	1,167	..	..	..	..	1,167	
997	11	85	1,093	..	..	..	..	1,093	
521	3	32	556	..	..	..	..	556	
779	..	33	812	..	..	..	..	812	
619	19 3	12	653	45	3	6	54	707	
616	..	20	636	3	..	..	3	639	
832	..	26	858	125	..	4	139	997	
336	..	13	349	..	..	..	..	349	
1,050	6	86	1,142	..	..	..	..	1,142	
833	28	19	880	..	..	..	..	880	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rates.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
64	Rohay	2,088	2,331	..	142	2,473	7½
65	Kharee	356	402	..	13	415	7½
94 66	Tareghur	929	1,054	..	93	1,147	7½
67	Khurgaon	979	1,126	..	21	1,157	7½
68	Areh Khoord	436	503	..	24	527	7½
69	Areh Boodrook	694	811	..	80	891	7½
70	Koombhosee Khar.....	110	148	..	..	148	6
71	Shersaee	743	826	..	217	1,043	7½
72	Bhagirthee Khar	3	11	..	..	11	6
73	Gunesh Khar	4	..	..	..	..	6
74	Mahadeo Khar	307	299	..	1	300	6
18 75	Tulowlee.....	205	220	..	36	256	6
76	Oosur	371	421	..	90	511	6
77	Phunsarey	5	5	..	18	23	5
78	Shenveera	3	36	..	14	50	5
79	Tambree	623	711	1	212	924	6

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Collection of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
2,104	1	115	2,225	..	..	..	..	2,225	
5									
292	..	5	297	..	..	..	..	297	
806	..	21	827	7	..	75	82	909	
497	..	5	812	7	..	13	25	837	
310				5					
379	..	16	400	22	..	25	52	452	
5				5					
671	..	22	693	15	..	50	85	778	
0				20					
0	..	..	110	..	..	..	..	110	
110									
577	..	176	773	..	..	..	..	773	
20									
0	..	..	65	..	..	..	..	65	
65									
0	..	..	32	..	..	..	..	32	
32									
0	..	..	360	..	..	..	..	360	
360									
150	..	8	158	33	..	30	63	221	
318	..	24	342	42	..	90	132	474	
10	..	14	24	..	..	..	..	24	
42	1	32	75	..	..	..	..	75	
666	..	204	870	..	..	..	..	870	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
80	Tamunshet	236	291	..	93	384	6
81	Kalumshet	152	169	..	25	194	6
82	Ghosalay	2,748	3,103	4	169	3,276	6½
83	Kelghur	229	247	..	35	282	5½
84	Kantee	42	47	..	84	131	4
85	Gopalwat	40	40	..	65	105	4
86	Bhalgaon	937	1,019	..	221	1,240	6
87	Kanduneh Khoord.....	207	240	..	87	327	6 5
88	Kanduneh Boodrook	300	349	..	48	397	6 5
89	Oochaily.....	320	355	..	57	412	6 5
90	Moochunay	630	723	..	96	819	6½
91	Verjolee	1,050	1,148	11	108	1,267	6 5
92	Moogteh	233	261	..	113	374	6
93	Hal	362	425	3	71	499	6½ 5
94	Narlee	68	78	..	54	132	5
95	Kambereh	1,211	1,294	..	19	1,330	7

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Collection of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Bs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
255	..	109	364	..	..	..	..	364	
111	..	39	150	..	..	..	..	150	
2,462	1	122	2,585	10	..	59	69	2,654	
363	..	57	420	..	..	..	..	420	
68	3	75	146	..	..	..	..	146	
38	..	55	93	..	..	..	..	93	
954	6	184	1,144	..	..	..	..	1,144	
171	..	38	219	..	..	..	..	219	
10	
258	..	35	303	..	..	..	..	303	
10	
318	..	67	390	..	..	..	..	390	
5	
584	..	81	665	..	..	..	..	665	
1026	..	106	1,154	..	..	..	..	1,154	
22	
210	..	91	301	..	..	..	..	301	
344	..	48	442	..	..	..	..	442	
50	
115	..	41	156	..	..	..	..	156	
1,148	1	49	1,198	..	..	..	..	1,198	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
96	Tembghur	406	442	..	85	527	6
97	Salaodeh'	82	84	..	16	100	7
98	Boburghur	341	376	..	19	395	7
99	Muhsarree	77	39	..	262	301	5
100	Nundrep	583	655	1	105	761	7
101	Khandar	651	749	..	121	870	7
102	Nyshet	346	414	..	9	423	7
103	Soorkolee	478	565	1	18	584	7
104	Chuneray	397	442	7	1	450	7
105	Koolat	272	304	1	4	309	6½
106	Rajeh	151	186	1	2	189	7
107	Sarsolee	932	1,100	..	64	1,164	7
108	Khyraleh	1,114	1,271	1	77	1,349	7
109	Shilosee	1,048	1,166	..	48	1,214	7
110	Ladowlee	1,146	1,291	..	27	1,318	7
111	Dhahiolee	395	456	8	10	474	6½

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.

On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
339	1	96	436	..	..	..	..	436	
77	..	24	101	..	..	..	..	101	
287	2	18	307	..	..	..	..	307	
27	..	1	28	33	..	174	207	235	
407	7	79	553	..	..	..	..	553	
562	..	91	653	..	..	..	..	653	
308	..	8	316	3	..	2	5	321	
387	1 15	11	414	21	1	2	24	438	
381	1	5	387	..	..	..	..	387	
305	11	10	326	..	..	..	..	326	
119	1	6	125	..	..	..	..	125	
953	1	21	975	7	..	30	37	1,012	
1,183	..	54	1,237	..	..	..	..	1,237	
1,029	..	38	1,067	..	..	..	..	1,067	
1,123	..	48	1,171	..	..	..	..	1,171	
422	..	11	433	..	..	..	..	433	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
112	Kokumbun	1,322	1,490	..	92	1,582	7
113	Khope	593	661	1	8	670	7
114	Deway	163	184	..	12	196	6 5
115	Mahavey	936	1,072	3	93	1,168	7 5
116	Moraleh	239	274	..	37	311	7
117	Mahlooaga	396	440	..	18	458	7
118	Chandgaum	1,344	1,514	9	34	1,557	7
119	Kyreh Khoord	414	436	3	2	441	7
120	Tuloreh	578	660	..	36	696	7
121	Pophulveera	88	98	..	51	149	7
122	Pangolee	348	396	..	49	445	7
123	Birwaree	2,016	2,393	5	19	2,417	7
124	Khar Kherdee	114	117	..	..	117	5
125	Beikhar	130	149	..	..	149	5
126	Dondkhar	293	330	..	..	330	5
127	Chineh Khar	54	54	..	..	54	5

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1,078	..	61	1,139	..	..	..	..	1,139	
518	..	14	532	..	..	..	..	532	
114	..	7	126	..	..	..	..	126	
5									
901	1	68	982	..	..	..	..	982	
12									
202	..	29	231	..	..	..	..	231	
364	..	39	403	..	..	..	..	403	
1,188	6	64	1,261	..	..	..	..	1,261	
	3								
365	..	4	369	..	..	..	..	369	
531	..	44	575	..	..	..	..	575	
122	..	40	162	..	..	..	..	162	
371	..	51	422	..	..	..	..	422	
1,737	10	63	1,811	..	..	..	..	1,811	
	1								
160	..	..	160	..	..	..	..	160	
135	..	..	135	..	..	..	..	135	
142	..	..	142	..	..	..	..	142	
165	..	..	165	..	..	..	..	165	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
128	Soa Khar.....	189	217	1	3	221	5
129	Nao Khar	124	120	..	..	120	4½
130	Vithal Khar .....	..	..	..	2	2	..
131	Parungee Khar .....	..	..	..	..	..	..
132	Mahadeo Khar	280	273	....	1	274	5
	Total.....	86,993	99,181	504	5,475	1,05,160	..

Chame
 Kurangin
 B. K. K. K.
 Shadkhar (K. K. K.)

Assessment according to proposed rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkua.	Total.		
9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
180	..	6	186	..	..	..	..	186	
47	47	79	..	..	79	126	
..	
..	
510	510	..	..	..	..	510	
86,659	451	4,411	91,521	2,390	183	1,036	3,609	95,130	

(Signed) J. FRANCIS, Major,
Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment,
Tanna and Rutnagherry.

(True Copy)
W. WADDINGTON, Captain,
In charge Revenue Survey and Assessment,
Tanna and Rutnagherry.

STATEMENT contrasting the Survey Settlement with past

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.				Rate.	
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jumma-bandee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurtus.		Total.
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Kusba Tulleh	1,914	2,143	..	221	2,364	7
2	Mereh	1,019	1,128	..	350	1,478	6
3	Pudwan	462	514	..	170	684	6
4	Kondthurra	138	154	..	28	182	6
5	Tokurda	236	266	..	49	315	6
6	Malateh	853	898	..	163	1,061	6
7	Girueh	680	761	..	66	827	4) 6)
8	Nanowlee	196	220	..	37	257	4) 6)
9	Rahtar	1,264	1,443	..	227	1,670	4) 7)
10	Shenowlee	485	552	..	91	643	4) 7)
11	Kambowlee	269	298	..	136	434	7
12	Tarueh	202	229	..	51	280	7
13	Bamunsace	22	24	..	..	24	7
14	Shenateh	108	122	..	44	166	6
15	Peetsace	264	295	..	187	482	4) 6)

payments for the Villages of the TULLER PETTA.

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.										Remarks.
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.		
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurka.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurka.	Total.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1,852	1 3	127	1,983	35	..	63	98	2,081		
1176	..	301	1,477	..	..	..	..	1,477	
651	1	169	821	..	..	..	..	821	
279	..	38	317	..	..	..	..	317	
246	..	33	279	..	..	..	..	279	
810	..	136	998	..	..	..	..	998	
52		
694	..	41	744	..	..	..	..	744	
9		
252	1	29	298	..	..	..	..	298	
16		
1,208	1	150	1,363	..	..	..	..	1,363	
4		
490	..	74	564	..	..	..	..	564	
364	..	107	471	..	..	..	..	471	
224	..	36	260	..	..	..	..	260	
28	28	..	..	..	..	28		
174	..	45	219	..	..	..	..	219	
618	..	105	727	..	..	..	..	727	
4		

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jumabundes.				Rate.
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
16	Kolveera.....	27	31	..	..	31	6
17	Mandar	926	1,046	..	188	1,234	7 4½
18	Kooreh	986	1,109	..	112	1,221	7 4½
19	Rowulleh	527	591	..	218	809	6
20	Washee Availee.....	361	404	..	119	523	6½ 4½
21	Wurulee	408	459	..	81	540	6½ 4½
22	Deoshet	14	16	..	..	16	6½
23	Maggaum	219	240	..	162	402	6½ 4½
24	Tahmunay	204	229	..	106	335	6½ 4½
25	Churowlee	68	75	..	87	162	5
26	Kashekhote	18	24	..	62	86	5
27	Punchelee	147	165	..	121	286	5
28	Malqok	293	333	..	192	525	5
29	Wanoosteh	266	303	..	60	363	6
30	Ambolee.....	422	488	..	37	525	6
31	Kolshee	230	257	..	42	299	6

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Collection of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	
30	..	1	31	..	..	..	..	31	
1,018	..	124	1,151	..	..	..	..	1,151	
9									
882	..	73	960	..	..	..	..	960	
5									
654	..	141	795	..	..	..	..	795	
416	..	80	500	..	..	..	..	500	
4									
374	..	52	457	..	..	..	..	457	
31									
19	..	..	19	..	..	..	..	19	
244	..	90	350	..	..	..	..	350	
16									
201	..	73	299	..	..	..	..	299	
25									
82	..	74	156	..	..	..	..	156	
22	..	66	88	..	..	..	..	88	
135	1	91	227	..	..	..	..	227	
375	..	182	557	..	..	..	..	557	
300	..	44	344	..	..	..	..	344	
492	1	36	529	..	..	..	..	529	
213	1	37	251	..	..	..	..	251	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummaabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
32	Belghur	139	155	..	30	185	6
33	Khyrateh	267	305	6	70	381	6
34	Tambree	165	186	..	26	212	6
35	Bamunghur	653	732	..	9	741	6½
36	Wawa Availee	150	167	..	15	182	6
37	Paheghur	108	125	..	31	156	6
38	Arnaleh	264	295	..	56	351	6
39	Kulumshet	231	261	2	56	319	6
40	Kulsambreh	478	540	..	76	616	6
41	Kakurshet	242	279	4	171	454	6
42	Sonsareh.....	199	231	1	67	299	6
43	Borghur Availee	363	403	..	95	498	6
44	Nigoorshet	377	425	3	184	612	5
45	Washee Mahagaon	182	207	..	49	256	5½
46	Salshet	232	253	..	64	317	5½
47	Mahagaom	921	1,064	2	242	1,307	5½

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
144	..	20	164	..	..	..	..	164	
336	1	58	395	..	..	..	..	395	
144	..	28	172	..	..	..	..	172	
779	..	58	847	..	..	..	..	847	
210	..	55	265	..	..	..	..	265	
126	..	29	155	..	..	..	..	155	
318	..	83	401	..	..	..	..	401	
228	..	46	274	..	..	..	..	274	
498	..	70	568	..	..	..	..	568	
366	..	144	510	..	..	..	..	510	
396	..	55	451	..	..	..	..	451	
582	..	97	679	..	..	..	..	679	
535	..	147	682	..	..	..	..	682	
225	..	70	295	..	..	..	..	295	
255	..	51	306	..	..	..	..	306	
1,039	..	199	1,238	..	..	..	..	1,238	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		- Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
48	Ketkah	51	53	..	17	70	5
49	Mohareh.....	226	240	..	52	292	5
50	Barpeh	573	638	..	119	757	5
51	Bhoreh	1,506	1,801	1	116	1,918	6
52	Tulowlee.....	617	774	..	6	779	6
53	Burusgaon	1,754	1,910	6	122	2,038	6
54	Mehtowna	149	168	..	12	180	6
55	Teeseh	778	868	16	34	918	6
56	Gotowrah	432	482	1	33	516	6
57	Ratwur	1,061	1,276	..	8	1,365	6
58	Wawa Dewalee	424	525	..	151	676	5½
59	Patnaveh	706	779	10	104	893	6
60	Radrowlee	544	607	17	36	660	6
61	Tullehshet	775	940	..	23	963	6½
62	Magtee	620	697	13	46	756	5
63	Mugrolee	698	784	7	47	838	6

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
85	..	17	102	..	..	..	..	102	
330	..	86	416	..	..	..	..	416	
737	..	97	834	..	..	..	..	834	
1,638	1	75	1,714	18	..	21	39	1,753	
623	..	20	643	..	..	..	..	643	
1,801	11	115	1,927	..	..	..	..	1,927	
159	..	8	167	..	..	..	..	167	
920	..	52	972	..	..	..	..	972	
502	..	27	529	..	..	..	..	529	
1,086	..	102	1,188	18	..	..	18	1,206	
867	..	151	1,018	..	..	..	..	1,018	
1,084	4	88	1,176	..	..	..	..	1,176	
582	19	21	622	..	..	..	..	622	
654	4 3	20	681	18	4	4	26	707	
869	8	53	930	..	..	..	..	930	
729	7	43	779	..	..	..	..	779	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurtus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
64	Nivée	553	619	2	71	692	6
65	Mootowlee	596	669	..	65	734	6
66	Indapoor.....	900	1,020	..	12	1,032	6½
67	Kohlaneh	569	640	..	28	664	6
68	Kookheirah.....	368	412	..	18	430	6
69	Kasimbleh	392	411	..	27	438	6
70	Oombrowlee	630	708	2	19	729	5½
71	Kalumjeh	440	494	25	18	527	6
72	Majowlee	294	331	2	15	348	5½
73	Soarow	809	909	20	20	949	5½
74	Peun	1,129	1,259	37	68	1,364	6
75	Bareghur Kurowlee	390	423	3	76	502	5½
76	Waruk	889	1,027	..	28	1,055	6
77	Ambrowsee.....	630	724	2	91	817	5½
78	Nietneh	442	500	6	41	547	5½
79	Borlah.....	529	638	3	18	659	6

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkua.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
529	..	68	597	..	..	..	..	597	
672	2	54	728	..	..	..	..	728	
833	1	19	853	30	..	8	38	891	
690	..	33	723	..	..	..	..	723	
324	..	16	340	42	..	10	52	392	
513	2	24	539	..	..	..	..	539	
882	..	30	912	..	..	..	..	912	
534	45	18	603	..	..	..	..	603	
371	6	22	393	..	..	..	..	393	
841	93	26	969	..	..	..	..	969	
1,218	9	3	1,325	..	..	..	..	1,325	
462	3	61	526	..	..	..	..	526	
786	..	43	829	78	..	..	78	907	
621	2	89	712	..	..	..	..	712	
484	..	30	514	..	..	..	..	514	
426	11	25	462	..	..	..	..	462	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jummabundee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
80	Soombleh	201	226	2	4	232	5½
81	Rajewlee.....	438	493	26	7	626	6
82	Pachaleh.....	247	284	5	24	313	6
83	Dakshelee	186	208	..	25	233	6
84	Dehgaon.....	878	1,002	21	123	1,146	5½
85	Marumbeh	1,908	2,159	47	51	2,257	5½
86	Mahpolee	340	381	2	61	444	6
87	Dongrowlee	65	77	..	116	193	5
88	Vehooleh.....	772	817	7	186	1,010	5½
89	Wawa Mandrag.....	427	488	..	92	580	5½
90	Dywolee	144	162	..	33	195	5½
91	Choorae Boodrook	579	638	..	66	704	6
92	Oosur Khoord	242	283	..	90	373	5½
93	Bhanung.....	408	458	2	113	573	5½
94	Churrae Khoord	788	878	1	122	1,001	6
95	Tallehgaom.....	1,286	1,459	3	221	1,683	6

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
291	3	9	303	..	..	..	..	303	
348	63	16	427	..	..	..	..	427	
252	11	17	280	..	..	..	..	280	
204	..	17	221	..	..	..	..	221	
982	10	94	1,086	..	..	..	..	1,086	
1,804	66	66	1,936	..	..	..	..	1,936	
345	..	40	385	..	..	..	..	385	
175	..	108	283	..	..	..	..	283	
872	..	150	1,022	..	..	..	..	1,022	
426	1	81	508	..	..	..	..	508	
291	..	63	354	..	..	..	..	354	
642	..	56	698	..	..	..	..	698	
410	..	61	471	..	..	..	..	471	
586	3	114	703	..	..	..	..	703	
840	1	93	934	..	..	..	..	934	
1,410	..	178	1,588	..	..	..	..	1,588	

Number.	NAMES OF VILLAGES.	Last Payments.					Rate.
		Taken on the Average for 10 years.	According to Jumabandee.				
			Rice.	Rubbee.	Warkus.	Total.	
1.	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
96	Shemteh	35	37	..	..	37	6
97	Manjloshee.....	114	128	..	55	183	5½
98	Kakueh	329	396	..	127	523	5
99	Sace	64	763	1	113	877	5½
100	Oosur Boodrook.....	465	620	..	102	722	5
	Total.....	49,166	55,728	308	8,000	64,036	..

Assessment according to proposed Survey Rates.									
On the Cultivation of				On Waste lands.				Total on Cultivation and Waste.	Remarks.
Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.	Rice.	Rubbee.	Wurkus.	Total.		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15.	16	17	18
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
24	..	..	24	..	..	..	..	24	
180	..	139	239	..	..	..	..	239	
390	..	97	487	..	..	..	..	487	
841	3	117	961	..	..	..	..	961	
520	..	97	617	..	..	..	..	617	
55,574	406	6,937	62,917	239	4	106	349	63,266	

(Signed) J. FRANCIS, Major,
 Superintendent Revenue Survey and Assessment,
 Tanna and Rutnagherry.

(True Copy)
 W. WADDINGTON, Captain,
 In charge Revenue Survey and Assessment,
 Tanna and Rutnagherry.

Measurement Test Statement.

NAME OF DIVISION.	Year.	No. of Fields.	Fields in which the percentage error was within.										Errors above 10 per cent.
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Rajpooree	1855-56	1,013	497	264	135	51	31	16	8	2	1	1	7
Tulleh	1857-58	973	410	232	133	75	43	17	17	17	6	9	14

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W. WADDINGTON, Captain,
 In charge Revenue Survey and Assessment,
 Tannah and Rutnagherry.

Classification Test Statement.

Name of Assistant.	Name of Division.	No. of Fields.	Result.									Average Error
			Errors within									
			Pics.	Pics.	Ans.	As. Ps.	Ans.	As. Ps.	Ans.	As. Ps.	Ans.	
				6	1	1 6	2	2 6	3	3 6	4	
Mr. Hexton.....	Talooka..	1,932	370	832	543	115	45	25	2	} 3 Pies.
	Petta ..	1,541	296	665	452	90	34	3	1	

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W. WADDINGTON, Captain,

In charge Revenue Survey and Assessment,

Tannah and Rutnagherry.

Revenue Survey and Assessment.

No. 1913.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 11th June 1863.

Letter from the Revenue Commissioner, N. D., No. 851, dated 1st April 1863, with accompaniments—Relative to the introduction of revised rates of Assessment into the Mamlutdar's and Tulleh Mahalkurree's Divisions of the Rajpooree Talooka of the Colaba Sub-Collectorate.

RESOLUTION.—Government approve of the rates proposed by Major Francis, and confirm the orders of the Revenue Commissioner authorizing the introduction of the Settlement.

2. As regards the right of the Hubshee to levy fees on boats entering the Junjeera Creek, the Commissioner of Customs, Salt, and Opium, should be requested, with reference to the correspondence ending with Mr. Spooner's letter, No. 1095, dated 24th June 1859, to again take the subject into consideration, and report to Government his views and opinion upon it. In doing so, the Governor in Council would wish Mr. Inverarity to consider the question on the principles laid down in paragraph 1 of the letter from the Government of India, dated 8th September 1856, and show the effect which he conceives the admission of all the Ports situated in Foreign Territory on the Continent of India within this Presidency to the privileges of British Ports would have on our Customs returns.

3. The fee for Roads and Education should be imposed at once along with the rates.

4. These papers should be printed, and the Superintendents of the Surveys should in future be empowered to have all such reports printed at once like any other Government paper, and sent in as

soon as printed. They would thus save much time and trouble to the Collectors, the Revenue Commissioners, as well as to Government.

A. D. ROBERTSON,
Secretary to Government.

To the REVENUE COMMISSIONER, N. D.,

The COMMISSIONER of CUSTOMS,
SALT, and OPIUM, with extract
from Papers as per margin.

{ Paragraph 5 of Major Francis' letter,
No. 54, dated 2nd January 1863.
Paragraph 1 of letter from the Acting
Collector of Tanna, No. 293, dated
17th February 1863.
Paragraph 3 of letter from the Re-
venue Commissioner, N. D., No.
851, dated 1st April 1863.

The REVENUE COMMISSIONER, S. D.

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