

**Dhananjayrao Gadgil Library**



**GIPE-PUNE-017843**

Rare section

GAZETTEER

OF THE

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

VOLUME XI.

KOLABA AND JANJIRA.

*Under Government Orders.*

Bombay :

PRINTED AT THE

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS

17845

U.231k

A.11

# CONTENTS.

## KOLA'BA.

|  | PAGE    |
|--|---------|
| <b>Chapter I.—Description.</b>   |         |
| Position and Area; Boundaries; Sub-divisions; Aspect ...   | 1-4     |
| Hills; Rivers; Reservoirs ... ..   | 5-12    |
| Geology; Hot Springs; Climate ... ..   | 13-15   |
| <b>Chapter II.—Production.</b>   |         |
| Minerals; Forests; Trees ... ..  | 16-30   |
| Domestic Animals; Wild Animals; Snakes; Birds; Fish ...  | 31-39   |
| <b>Chapter III.—Population.</b>  |         |
| Census Details ... ..  | 40-42   |
| Bráhmans; Writers; Merchants ... ..  | 43-50   |
| Husbandmen; Craftsmen ... ..   | 51-66   |
| Musicians; Servants; Shepherds; Fishers; Labourers ...   | 67-70   |
| Unsettled Tribes; Depressed Classes; Beggars ...   | 71-73   |
| Musalmán's ... ..  | 74-84   |
| Boni-Israél's; Christians; Pársis ... ..   | 85-86   |
| Communities; Movements ... ..  | 87-88   |
| <b>Chapter IV.—Agriculture.</b>  |         |
| Soil; Arable Area; Salt Lands; Irrigation; Holdings;<br>Aboriginal Tillage; Stock; Field Tools; Tillage ...  | 89-94   |
| Crops; Husbandmen; Bad Seasons ... ..  | 95-100  |
| <b>Chapter V.—Capital.</b>   |         |
| Capitalists; Currency; Bankers; Exchange Bills; Saving<br>Classes; Investments; Moneylenders; Interest; Borrowers;<br>Land Mortgage; Labour Mortgage; Wages; Prices;<br>Weights; Measures ... .. | 101-110 |
| <b>Chapter VI.—Trade.</b>  |         |
| Old Routes; Roads; Hill Passes; Tolls; Bridges; Piers;<br>Steam Ferries; Rest-houses; Post Offices ... ..  | 111-117 |
| Trade Centres; Fairs; Markets; Shopkeepers; Carriers;<br>Imports; Exports ... ..   | 118-123 |
| Vessels; Life-boats; Light-house; Ports; Sea Trade ...   | 124-129 |
| Crafts ... ..  | 130-135 |

|  | PAGE          |
|--|---------------|
| <b>Chapter VII.—History.</b>   |               |
| Early Hindu period to about A.D. 1300; The Musalmáns<br>(1300-1500); The Portuguese (1507-1660); The Maráthás<br>(1650-1690) ... ..  | ... 136 - 144 |
| The Ángriás (1690-1840); The British (1818-1882) ...   | ... 145 - 158 |
| <b>Chapter VIII.—Land Administration.</b>  |               |
| Acquisition; Changes; Staff; Tenures ...   | ... 159 - 167 |
| Early Land System ... ..   | ... 168 - 174 |
| British System; Surveys; Settlement Results; Season<br>Reports ... ..  | ... 175 - 214 |
| <b>Chapter IX.—Justice.</b>  |               |
| Under the Ángriás; Slavery; Forced Labour ...  | ... 215 - 216 |
| Present System; Judicial Staff; Civil Courts; Registration;<br>Magistracy; Police; Offences; Jails ...   | ... 217 - 222 |
| <b>Chapter X.—Revenue and Finance.</b>   |               |
| Balance Sheet; Local Funds; Municipalities ...   | ... 223 - 229 |
| <b>Chapter XI.—Instruction.</b>  |               |
| Schools; Cost; Staff; Instruction; Private Schools; Progress;<br>Girls' Schools; Readers and Writers; Pupils by Caste;<br>School Returns; Town Schools; Village Schools; Libraries;<br>Newspapers ... .. | ... 230 - 235 |
| <b>Chapter XII.—Health.</b>  |               |
| Climate; Diseases; Dispensaries; Infirmities; Vaccination;<br>Cattle Disease; Births and Deaths ...  | ... 236 - 239 |
| <b>Chapter XIII.—Sub-Divisions.</b>  |               |
| Boundaries; Area; Aspect; Climate; Water; Soil; Holdings;<br>Rental; Stock; Produce; People ... ..   | ... 240 - 252 |
| <b>Chapter XIV.—Places of Interest</b> ... ..  | ... 253 - 398 |
| <b>JANJIRA.</b>  |               |
| Description; Production; Population; Agriculture; Capital;<br>Trade; History; Administration; Places of Interest ...   | ... 401 - 467 |
| <b>Appendix</b> ... ..   | ... 469 - 482 |
| <b>INDEX</b> ... ..  | ... 483 - 493 |

# INDEX.

## A.

- Abhāvni**: crop share system, 183 note 3, 184, 185.
- Aboriginal tillage**: 93.
- Abyssinians**: see Sidis.
- Account books**: 103, 426.
- Āchalbāg**: stream, 9.
- Acquisition**: (1756-1840), 159 and note 2, 190.
- Adhikāris**: hereditary revenue officers, 172 note 1, 178.
- Administration**: see Land Administration.
- Administrative history**: see History.
- African slaves**: 433 and note 1.
- Āgris**: husbandmen, 51-54, 412.
- Ākshi**: village, 253.
- Ālā-ud-dīn**: Bahmani ruler (1347-1358), 273.
- Ālibāg**: village exchanges with its chief (1818-1840); its lapse to the British (1840), 159 and note 2, 190; two *kulkarni* families in charge of large groups of salt rice villages, 177 note 4; condition, revenue system, cost and profit of rice tillage, garden assessment, British changes, survey and assessment of garden and salt rice lands (1840-1852), 190-196; their effect (1856), 196; low survey rates introduced (Revdanda 1857 and Underi 1858), 176, 198-201; revision of salt rice lands or *khārāpdt* (1872), 176, 210-211: Sub-divisional details; boundaries, area, aspect, climate, water, soil, holdings, rental, stock, produce, people, 1, 240-242: Town, appearance, climate, harbour, trade, water-supply, 253-255; water works, houses, people, history, objects, 256-259; Hirākot, Kolāba fort, 260-265, 469.
- Allen Shuttleworth**: the, a life-boat, 125.
- Āmba**: river, 7-8.
- Āmbar**: Sidi governor of Janjira (1621), 435.
- Āmbenal**: pass, 114.
- Ānandibāi**: Āngria's mother (1793), 155-156, 260, 265.
- Āndhrabhṛityās**: Shātkarni kings (A.D. 160), 137 and note 4.
- Āngriās**: their origin, 145; Kānhoji I. (1698-1731), supremacy of fleet, piracies, death, and character, 146-149; Sakoji and Mānāji I. 150-151; siege of Gheria, 152-154; quarrels in 155-156; Bivalkar's influence and the of the family, 157-158; territorial excha 1840), 159 and note 2; lapse of his (1840), 159 and note 2, 190; revenue the eighteenth century, 171-172; rev 1839), 175 note 4; inconvenience caus years by the division of jurisdiction British, the Pant Sachiv of Bhor, and t of Ālibāg, 177 and note 2; British lan Pen mixed with Āngria's villages (1 179 note 1; revenue system and ass his lands before their lapse in 1840, changes, 190-196; (1690-1840), 145-15
- Āntora**: port, 265.
- Antonio do Porto**: Franciscan friar ( and note 1.
- Arable area**: 90.
- Ārāvī**: town, 460.
- Area**: 1.
- Āshtami**: village, 265.
- Aspect**: 2-5, 401-402.
- Assessed taxes**: 225.
- Assessment**: low cash rental in Sānks 174; Khandoji Jādhav raised the Kondvi in Mahād 100 per cent (1810) sult of the irregular management and d the eighteenth century, 174; assessme about twenty-six per cent (1837), 17 note 1; high and uneven assessment b 179; grain rental, 175, 180 and note 3 note 4, 190; reduction found nece Mr. Davies appointed to examine th system in Sānkshi Rājpurī and Rāyg 182; his reports, Mr. Giberne's and Mr son's remarks, and Government orde 182-189; Ālibāg grain and cash rate changes, survey and revision in garden rice lands (1840-1852), 190-196; revev (1854-1866), 176, 198-209; rever revision in salt rice lands or *khārāj*, 210-211; survey results (1855-1878), 2
- Āngier**: (1673), Deputy Governor of Bo 438.

## INDEX.

**la** : perhaps Cheul, 270 note 2.  
**ort**, 265.  
**ad** : fort, 265-267, 445.  
**a mode of Alibág salt rice tillage**, 191.

**B.**

**v** : Sindia's general (1793-1813), 155-156, 15.  
**sons** : 99-100, 425-426.  
**l-din** : see Sankshi.  
**ant Pingle Peshwa** : (1713), 146.  
**ri** : Musalmán rulers (1347-1489), 142.  
**pis** : musicians, 67.  
**s** : religious beggars, 415.  
**nchandra** : Mr., 146 note 2, 150 note 1.  
**ishvanáth Peshwa** : (1713-1720), 146, 37.  
 **sheets** : 223, 227, 228.  
**ream**, 9.  
**s** : Málkhet Ráthods (?), 271.  
**ia of Sachin** : (1791), 448.  
**Kásárs** : bangle-makers, 63, 131.  
**s** : 101.  
 **: fort ceded by the Peshwa** (1756), 159.  
 **: traveller**, (1514), 142 note 10, 275, 435 and 461 and note 4.  
**s** : 280, 462, 466, 470-471.  
**(1594)**, 279, naval, at Cheul (1508), 274; **nderi** (1679), 325, 396; at Korláí (1594), 29.  
**s** : 73-74, 415.  
 **: stone masons**, 63-64, 415.  
**ráels** : 85-86, 421.  
**af** : cultivation of, 97.  
**alms** : cultivation of, 97-98, 425.  
 **: Mr. W. G.**, 16 note 1.  
**ris** : palm-juice drawers, 70, 412.  
**s** : scavengers, 73.  
**lis** : traders, 47.  
**is** : beggars, 73.  
**ís** : traders, 47.  
**musicians**, 67.  
**i bháý** : an old commutation rate known Rájpuri, 183.  
**early tribe**, 71.  
 **: stream**, 7.  
**pass**, 115.  
**hvari or Bhogávati** : stream, 7.  
**fishers**, 68.  
**village exchanges with its chief the Pant** (1818-1840), 159 and note 2, 177 and note 2.  
 **: fort**, 267.  
**169 and note 3**, 170 and notes 3 and 4, 173, 84.  
**36-37**, 407, 474.  
**and Deaths** : 239.

**Birvádi** : fort, 144, 267-269, 445.  
**Bocarro** : Portuguese chronicler (1634), 282.  
**Bohorás** : traders, 83-84.  
**Bombay** ; Sidis in, 438-441; attacked by Sidi Kasim (1689), 442.  
**Borrowers** : 104-105.  
**Boundaries** : 1, 402.  
**Bráhmans** : 43-46, 411; in Constantinople and Jáva (A.D. 24-57), 138 note 1.  
**Bridges** : 116, 351, 353.  
**British** : management (1813-1882), 175-214. See Land Administration.  
**Buddhists** : settlement of, 137.

## C.

**Capitalists** : 101.  
**Carriers** : 120-121, 430.  
**Castle** : Cheul Portuguese, 291-292.  
**Cathedral** : Cheul Portuguese, 272.  
**Cattle-disease** : 238.  
**Caves** : 254, 299, 301, 302, 316, 332-342, 345-349, 377, 385.  
**Census details** : 40-43, 400.  
**Cesses** : 171, 172 and note 3, 173 and note 2, 182 and note 7, 183 note 2, 184 and notes 3 and 5, 185 and note 3, 187 and note 1, 188 and note 1, 191, 196, 453-456.  
**Cevul** : Cheul, 273.  
**Chámbhárs** : 64, 414; pass, 115.  
**Champávati** : traditional name of Cheul, 269, 270 note 1.  
**Chandragad** : fort, 269.  
**Chávre** : pass, 115.  
**Chembur** : why not Symulla, 270 note 5.  
**Chemul** : why Cheul, 270 note 5.  
**Chemuli** : Cheul, 272.  
**Cheul** : 142-143; Cheul or Jivál, 143, 144, 146, 151, 155, 156; position, various spellings of the name, 269 and note 1; history, traditional, early Hindu, Ptolemy (150), Kánheri inscriptions (130); Periplus (247), Kosmas (525), Hiwen Tshang (642), Arab travellers, Masudi (915), Mubalhíl (941), Al Istakhri (950), Ibn Haukal (976), Al Biruni (1030), Al Idriai (1130), 270-272; Devgiri Yádava (1312), Vijaynagar kings (1336-1587), Bahmanis (1347-1490), Nikitin's account (1470), Varthema's account (1503-1508), Portuguese appearance at (1505), battle at, between the Portuguese and Musalmáns (1508), Barbosa's account (1514), Portuguese factory at (1516), first Musalmán fort at Korle (1570), Portuguese Cheul besieged (1571), Linschot's account (1583), second successful Musalmán attempt to fortify Korle (1592), battle at Korle and success of the Portuguese (1594), Pyrard's (1602-1608) account, Della Valle's (1623-1625) account, Bocarro's (1634) account, revenue

## INDEX.

and expenditure (1634), trade (1634), condition (1640-1658), besieged by Sambhaji (1683), Coutinho's account (1728), ceded to the Marathas (1739), the French at (1777), 273-286; description, objects of interest, Portuguese ruins, the castle, the cathedral, the hospital, Jesuit monastery, church of the Augustinians, St. Barbara's tower, Dominican church, St. Xavier's chapel, 287-298; Hindu and Musalman objects of interest; Dancing-girl's house, Someshvar temple, Response-giving Maruti, Buddhist caves, Dattatraya's shrine, Hanam Khana, mosque, Rajkot fort, landing-place, Musalman dome, old tombs, Mahalakshmi temple, battle stones, water palace, Rameshvar temple, Angria's tomb, 299-310.

**Chikalgaon** : village, 310.

**Chimnaji Appa** : Maratha general (1731), 149, 151.

**Chimolo** : perhaps Cheul, 270 and note 7.

**Chinese Element** : in Indian architecture (915-1500), 272 note 2, 469.

**Chitpavan Brahmins** : 44, 411.

**Chitrakathis** : picture-showers, 73.

**Chivil** : Cheul, 273.

**Chola** : streams, 11.

**Cholera** : 175, 179, 212, 213.

**Christians** : 86.

**Churches** : Cheul Augustinian, 295; Dominican, 297, 298.

**Civil justice** : 217-218.

**Clive** : Lieutenant-Colonel (1756), 152-153.

**Climate** : 13-15, 236, 255, 404.

**Cloth weaving** : 132.

**Communities** : 87, 423.

**Condition** : of the district, 175 and note 4; 176, 177, 178 and note 5; 179 and note 4; 181, 182 and notes 1 and 2; 183 and notes 2 and 3; 186, 190, 196, 197, 206 note 1 :—of Janjira (1855), 449.

**Copper and brass work** : 130.

**Coronation** : Shivaji's (1674), 369-372.

**Courtenay** : Mr., 27 note 1, 89 note 1, 157.

**Coutinho** : report on Cheul fortifications by (1728), 236.

**Crafts** : 130-135, 431.

**Craftsmen** : 63-67, 106, 413.

**Creeks** : 403.

**Creepers** : 26, 27.

**Crops** : 95-98, 424.

**Currency** : 101, 426.

**Customs** : Kunbi, 55-62.

**D.**

**Da Cunha** : Dr. G., 292, 293, 295, 298.

**Dadaji Raghunath Deshpande** : (1682) a Maratha general, 441.

**Dahivali** : pass, 115.

**Daldis** : fishermen, 83, 421.

**Dancing Girl's Palace** : Cheul, 299, 30

**Danda-Rajpuri** : town, 143; 144, 143-433, 460-461; creek, 403.

**Darghacha Killa** : see Sankshi.

**Dasgaon** : pass, 115; town, 159, 310-311.

**Dattatraya shrine** : Cheul, 287.

**Davies** : Mr. J. M., Political Agent (184 his appointment for revision of assessments 182; his account of Sankshi Rajpuri and (1837), 182-186.

**Debtors** : 218.

**Della Valle** : Italian traveller (1623-1625), 292, 298, 309.

**Depressed classes** : 73, 414.

**Desais** : hereditary revenue officers, 169.

**Desavál Vanis** : traders, 48.

**Deshasth Brahmins** : 44, 411.

**Dehalkarnis** : district accountants, 17.

**Deshmukhs** : hereditary revenue officers, 171, 172 note 1, 178.

**Deshpandes** : hereditary revenue officers, 171, 172 note 1, 178, 194.

**Devgad** : see Harehvar.

**Devrukha Brahmins** : 44, 411.

**Devsthal** : pass, 6, 115.

**Dhangars** : shepherds, 67-68, 414.

**Dharabad** : rent deduction system, 173-1

**Dharamtar** : port, 311-312.

**Dharekaris** : peasant proprietors, 173, 182 note 3; 183 and note 3; 184 and note 3

**Dhavla** : pass, 5, 114.

**Dhep** : form of assessment, 168, 170, 171.

**Dholagris** : husbandmen, 51.

**Diseases** : 236.

**Dispensaries** : 237, 460.

**Dom Joao IV.** : (1656) figure of, 291, 297

**Dom Lourenco de Almeida** : Portuguese mander (1506), 273, 274.

**Domestic animals** : 31-34, 405.

**Diu** : sieges of, 276 and note 7.

**Dyeing** : 133.

## E.

**Education** : see Instruction.

**Ekvira** : goddess, 383 note 1.

**Elephanta** : caves, 151.

**Exchange bills** : 101-102, 426.

**Excise** : 223-225.

**Exports** : 124, 431.

## F.

**Fairs** : 119-120, 262, 303, 321-322, 333.

**Faski** : measure fee, 184.

**Fateh Khan** : Sidi governor (1655-1670),

**Faujdaris** : Maratha military officers, 170

**Ferries** : 8, 9, 116, 117, 428.



## INDEX.

tools : 93-94.  
 trees : 30.  
 temple : 272.  
 : 37-39, 408-409.  
 rs : 68-70, 414.  
 ng : 135, 474-482.  
 : Ralph, traveller (1584), 278 note 5.  
 erald : pass, 5, 114.  
 : Ángria's, 147.  
 s : Mr. J. (1771), 14 note 1, 155, 264, 388  
 1.  
 d labour : 216-217.  
 ts : description, 16-20; blocks, 21; staff,  
 lute, and revenues, 22; timber, trade, and  
 st tribes, 23, 404.  
 e Grevil : (1599), 279 note 5.  
 h : the, at Cheul, 286-287.  
 : traveller (1675), 270 note 5, 368 note 2.

### G.

s : sailors, 68.  
 le : pass, 115.  
 ats : Ángria's vessels, 147.  
 ári : stream, 10.  
 ti Riots : 450-451.  
 n crops : 97-98, 425.  
 : oow-keepers, 68, 414.  
 li Careri : Italian traveller (1695), 281 note  
 5 note 6, 433 note 1.  
 ry : 13, 403.  
 es : musicians, 67.  
 t : town, 147, 148, 149, 150.  
 lis : tinkers, 70, 413.  
 : stream, 10.  
 gaon : see Goregaon.  
 gád : fort, 4, 156, 312-316, 375, 445.  
 e : Mr., remarks on Mr. Davies' reports on  
 shi Rájpurí and Ráygad (1837), 186-188,  
 .  
 schools : 231.  
 bangles : making of, 131.  
 nd silver work : 131.  
 lis : beggars, 73, 415.  
 : beggars, 73, 415.  
 : pass, 114.  
 on : port, 316.  
 or khinds : 115.  
 s : beggars, 73.  
 : pass, 115.  
 : Ángria's vessels, 147.  
 : 137 and note 8.  
 Mr. (1750), 145 and note 5, 149.  
 t : Bráhmans, 44, 411; kings (1509), in  
 a, 142, and in Janjira, 435; Vánia, traders,  
 .  
 ti : trade language (915), 272 and note 1.

Gun : the great Bijápur, 277 note 1.  
 Guns : in the Janjira fortress, 462-463.  
 Guravs : musicians, 67, 412.

### H.

Habsán : see Janjira.  
 Habshi : in south Kolába, his changes in the re-  
 venue demands, 171 and note 3; the Peshwa  
 recovers Ráygad from him (1735) and changes his  
 rates, 172; division of lands between the Sidi and  
 the Peshwa, 173 and note 6. See Sidi.  
 Hall : Major (1818), 156.  
 Hamilton : traveller (1720), 263, 433 note 1, 442  
 note 2, 461 note 9; Mr. T. S., 253 note 1, 257  
 note 1, 265 note 4, 343 note 1.  
 Harbour : Alibág, 255.  
 Hareshvar : town, 461.  
 Harik : grain, 97.  
 Havelock : Mr., sent to Janjira (1870), 449-450.  
 Health : 236-239, 460.  
 Hemp : tillage, 97.  
 Hereditary officers : absence of, 177; became  
 revenue farmers or *khote*, 177, 178.  
 Hills : 5, 6.  
 Hindus : in Alexandria (A.D. 150), 138 and note 1.  
 Hingláj : temple of, 302.  
 Hippokura : (Ghodegaon) 10, 138.  
 Hirakot : 155, 156, 254, 260.  
 History : (Kolába) administrative, early Hindus,  
 Malik Ambar, Maráthás, 168-174; British manage-  
 ment (1818-1882), 175-214; summary of British re-  
 venue history, 175-177; political, early (B.C. 225-  
 A.D. 1300), 136-141; the Musalmáns (1300-1500),  
 the Bahmanis (1347-1489), Gujarát kings (1519),  
 the Portuguese (1507-1660); the Moghals (1600),  
 Bijápur (1636), the Maráthas (1650-1690), 142-  
 145; the Ángriás (1690-1818), 145-156; the  
 British (1818-1840), 156-158; (Janjira) early  
 history, 432-433; the Sidis, 434-452.  
 Hiwen Tshang : Chinese pilgrim (642), 141, 270.  
 Holárs : beggars, 73.  
 Holdings : 92.  
 Hospital : Cheul Portuguese, 293.  
 Hot springs : 13, 388.  
 Houses : 410.  
 Hunda : form of assessment, 168, 170.  
 Hunda bandi : tenure, 170.  
 Hurricane : 196.  
 Husbandmen : 51-63, 98-99, 412.

### I.

Ibráhim Khán : Nawáb of Janjira (1848-1879),  
 449-452.  
 Idráj : African traveller (1153), 272 note 5.

## INDEX.

Imports : 121-124, 431.  
 Inámdárs : holders of alienated villages (1882), 162 and note 1, 163.  
 Infirmities : 237.  
 Instalments : of land revenue (1882), 162, 165 and note 1.  
 Interest : rates of, 104, 426.  
 Inscribed stones : 253, 272, 471.  
 Inscriptions : 253, 257, 266 and note 1, 291 and notes 3, 5 and 6, 295 and notes 1 and 4, 296 and notes 1 and 2, 298 and notes 1 and 2, 300 and note 1, 303 notes 1, 2 and 3, 304 notes 1 and 2, 331, 332 and note 1, 333, 334, 342, 356.  
 Instruction : 230-235, 459-460.  
 Investments : 102-103.  
 Irrigation : 91-92, 424.  
 Iron working : 134.  
 Isápur : town, 156.  
 Istáya : leases granted by Ahmadnagar kings, 167.  
 Izáfát : *Khols*, 163, 463.

### J.

Jáfarabad : taken by the Sidis (1759), 447.  
 Jails : 222, 458.  
 Jaimur : Cheul, 271.  
 Jains : at Cheul, 278 note 5.  
 Jamátis : see Konkanis.  
 James : Commodore (1749), 152.  
 Jangams : beggars, 74 ; husbandmen, 412.  
 Janjira : State ; description, boundaries, sub-divisions, aspect, rivers, creeks, geology, climate, 401-403 ; minerals, forests, domestic animals, wild animals, snakes, birds, fish, 404-408 ; census details, Hindus, Musalmáns, Beni-Isráels, villages, communities, movements, 409-423 ; agricultural population, irrigation, crops, bad years, 424-425 ; interest, currency, moneylenders, mortgages, wages, prices, 426-427 ; roads, post-offices, ferries, vessels, steamers, trade centres, markets, fairs, shopmen, carriers, imports, exports, crafts, 428-431 ; history, 432-451 ; land, justice, revenue, instruction, health, 452-460 ; places of interest, 460-467 ; fort, 462-464.  
 Javal Bráhmans : 44.  
 Jaysaing : Ángria (1793-1796), 155-156, 260, 265.  
 Jesuit monastery : Cheul, 294.  
 Jhád Jhádora : garden-tax, 170 note 3.  
 Jhanjha : fifth Siláhara chief (915 ?), 271 and note 3.  
 Jingers : saddlers, 64, 413.  
 Jogis : beggars, 74.  
 Joháris : traders, 47, 48.  
 Joshis : beggars, 74.  
 Judicial staff : 217.  
 Justice : the Ángriás', 215-217 ; the British, 217, 222, 225 ; the Sidis', 456-458.

### K.

Kachhis : craftsmen, 64.  
 Kaláls : distillers, 70.  
 Kálans : labourers, 71.  
 Kalnsh : Sambháji's favourite, added to raised the land rent, 171.  
 Kámáthis : labourers, 70.  
 Kamávisdár : Marátha revenue collector  
 Kámtha : pass, 5, 114.  
 Kámthi : stream, 10.  
 Kánara kings : 142.  
 Kángori : fort, 323.  
 Kánhoji Ángria : I. (1690-1731), 145-1839), 157, 263.  
 Kankeshvar : hill, 2, 6, 316-318 ; temple, 323.  
 Kánpháte : religious beggars, 415.  
 Kánsa : see Padamdnrg.  
 Kapol Vánis : traders, 48.  
 Karháda Bráhmans : 45.  
 Kárlí : pass, 115, 377, 378.  
 Kásárs : copper-smiths, 63, 413.  
 Kásim : (Sidi) governor of Janjira and admiral (1670-1707), 437-442.  
 Kátáris : wood-turners, 64.  
 Káthkaris : an early tribe, 71-72, 415.  
 Káthodis : see Kathkaris.  
 Kaula : fort, 324.  
 Kavalya : pass, 6, 115.  
 Káyasth Prabhus : writers, 46, 411.  
 Kazwini : writer (1265), 272 note 2.  
 Kennedy : Mr. H., 253 note 1, 343 note note 4, 383 note 3, 390 note 2, 397 note note 1.  
 Khachar : pass, 115.  
 Khadáit Vánis : traders, 48.  
 Kháfi Khán : Musalmán historian (1680-1690), 145 note 3, 364 and notes 1 and 2, 372-436, 437.  
 Khairiyát : governor of Janjira (1670-1690), 441, 464.  
 Khandála : inscription at, 324.  
 Khánderi : (Kenery) 145, 146, 147, 156 ; light-house, history, 324-327, 440, 472, 474.  
 Khán Jehán : the Moghal governor of the (1670), 437.  
 Khárápát : salt rice-land. See Land.  
 Khárs : salt rice-land or Khárápát vill. Alibág, 194 note 1.  
 Khársis : sailors, 68, 414.  
 Khátiks : butchers, 71, 414.  
 Khattris : weavers, 64, 131.  
 Khikris : shepherds, 67.  
 Khojás : 84.  
 Khokhari : town, 464.

## INDEX.

: unmeasured lumps or plots, 168, 193, 194  
1.

: revenue farmers (1882), 163-166, 203, 207,  
index, 473-474; villages managed by them  
, 161, 162 and note 1; forbidden to interfere  
with their strict duties and powers by the  
thás, 171; their origin, titles, and position,  
and note 1, 173, 174, 177, 178 and notes 1, 2,  
15; khoti villages managed by Government  
agents, 181; farmed or khoti villages in  
Sikh Rajpuri and Ráygad (1837), 182-185;  
special demands and extortions, 186, 187, 188;  
total body of landholders reduced to depend-  
ence and poverty by the khots (1856), 197, 453.  
**adha**: fort, 395, 396.

: place of interest, 327-328,  
notes, 349.

**a**: meaning of, 1 note 1; fort, 144; fortifi-  
cations, buildings, temples, history, 260-265.

**afishers**, 68-70, 414; garrison of Janjira, 434.

**andla**: town, 464.

**anla**: became a British possession (1756), 159.

**as**: traders, 48.

**avti**: hot springs at, 13.

**banis**: Musalmáns, 81-83, 419.

**banis**: island fort, history, description, 328-332.

**bas** **Indikopleustes**: Greek merchant and  
navigator (A.D. 525), 270.

**bas**: see Putehuk.

**bagad**: a fort, 151.

**banv** **Bráhmans**: 45.

**banv**: Gujarat kings (A.D. 200), 140.

**banv**: caves: description, caves I.-III. 332-333;  
V. 334; VI. 335-337; VII.-XII. 339; XIII.-  
340; XVI.-XIX. 341; XX.-XXVI. 342.

**banv**: village accountants, 161 and notes 1  
2; 171, 172 note 1; 177 and note 4; 452.

**banv** **Point**: 464-465.

**banv**: pass, 6, 115.

**banv**: potters, 64, 413.

**banv**: husbandmen, 54-62, 412.

**banv**: river, 8, 9.

**banv**: fort. See Vishrángad.

**banv**: a head-quarter of old local chiefs, 142.

### L.

**lanv**: 70-71.

**lanv** **Mortgage**: 106, 427.

**lanv**: name of a caste, 272 note 1.

**lanv**: see Vanjaria.

**lanv**: for Administration see Land Administration;

**lanv** **Assessment** see Assessment; for Land

**lanv** **Revenue** see Revenue; **lanv** **or salt land**

**lanv** **landed**, 91, 166, 167 and notes 1, 2 and 3, and

by the Maráthás, 170 and notes 5; 6 and 7;

**lanv** **walks or doupts** (hill) lands assessed, 170 and

note 8; garden land assessed, 170-171 and note 1;

salt rice-lands surveyed every year, 174; tillage

increased, 174, 175 and 176; Alibág salt rice-

lands revised (1872), 176; much arable waste

(1824), 179; villages to be farmed at a yearly in-

creasing rental (1828), system extended (1836),

180; rice lands not classified but uniformly

charged a grain *bigla* rate, 181; spread of tillage,

182 and note 1; pressure of population on good

land in Sánkshú (1837), 183; *lanv* **land** village,

190 and 191; cost and profit of Alibág rice til-

lage, 191 and note 1; Alibág *lanv* **land** area, its

reclamation and survey assessment, 193 and note

4, 194 and note 1, 195, 196; tillage (1853-1881),

214; Alibág salt wastes disforested, (appendix)

474.

**Land Administration**: 159-214; English acqui-

sition (1756-1840), 159; territorial changes (1818-

1869), 159-160; administrative staff (1882), 160-

162; land tenures (1882), 162-168; early Hindus,

Malik Ambar, Maráthás, 168-174; British

management (1818-1882), 175-214; British revenue

history (1818-1882), 175-177; details (1818-1837),

177-182; condition, assessment, revision, survey

and other details regarding Sánkshú, Rajpuri and

Ráygad (1836-1844), 182-189; Alibág (1840-1852),

190-196; Kolába Sub-collectorate formed in

1852-53, 196; seasons and revenue (1837-1833),

196-197; condition (1836), 197; survey (1854-

1866), 198-209; Alibág salt rice assessment re-

vised (1872), 210-211; survey results and land

revenue (1835-1878), 211; season reports (1868-

1881), 212-214; season statistics (1852-1881),

214; Janjira land administration, 452-456.

**Land mortgage**: 105-106, 427.

**Land revenue**: see Revenue.

**lanv**: old name of South Gujarát, 271, 272 note 1.

**lanv** **Larcom**: Mr. G., 401 note 2, 435, 450.

**lanv** **Lari**: Gujaráti language, 272 note 1.

**lanv** **Letter**: Kanhoji Angria's, 148 note 2.

**lanv** **Libraries**: 233.

**lanv** **Life-boats**: 125.

**lanv** **Light-house**: 126.

**lanv** **Lingána**: fort, 144, 269, 343.

**lanv** **Linga**: pass, 6, 115.

**lanv** **Lingáyats**: traders, 49, 142.

**lanv** **Linschot**: Dutch traveller (1533), 278 and notes

1 and 2.

**lanv** **Lisle**: Commodore (1750), 152.

**lanv** **Liquor-yielding trees**: 27-30.

**lanv** **Local funds**: 227-228.

**lanv** **Locusts**: 219.

**lanv** **Lohára**: monumental pillars at, 343.

## INDEX.

Lohārs : blacksmiths, 413.

Lohgad : a Poona fort, 146, 156.

### M.

MacNeale : Captain (1729), 149.

Madgad : fort, 402, 445, 465.

Madhya : pass, 5, 114.

Mahād : sub-divisional details, boundaries, area, aspect, climate, water, soil, holdings, rental, stock, produce, people, 1, 250-252, 150, 155; old Bāyḡad, 159, 186, 196; town, communities, history, trade, 343-345; Pāle and Kol caves, 345-349.

Magistracy : 219.

Mahmud Begada : (1459-1511), 142 note 8.

Maitland : Captain (1759), 447.

Malik Ahmad : the founder of the Nizām Shāhi dynasty (1490-1508), 434.

Malik Anbar : Ahmadnagar minister (1600), 143; his revenue system, 169 and note 4.

Malik Eiaz : Gujarāt general (1508), 274.

Malik Kāfur : Alā-ud-din Khilji's general (1300), 272.

Mālis : husbandmen, 62-63, 412.

Mānāji Āngria : I. (1733-1759), 150, 151, 154; II. (1793-1817), 155-156, 264.

Māndād : creek, 9-10; port, trade, 349, 473.

Mandeville : traveller (1322-1356), 273.

Māndla-Borlai : town, 465.

Mandva : village, 350.

Māngad : fort, 350.

Māngalgad : see Kāngori.

Māngs : depressed class, 73, 414.

Māngaon : old Rājpurī and Rāyḡad, 159, 186, 196; sub-divisional details, boundaries, area, aspect, climate, water, soil, holdings, rental, stock, produce, people, 1, 247-249; town, 350.

Manure : 94.

Markets : 120, 430.

Marāthās : cultivators, 412.

Marātha Vānis : traders, 49-50.

Mārvādi : see Mārwar.

Mārwar : Brāhmins, 45; moneylenders, 104;

Vāni traders, 48, 411.

Masudi : Arab traveller (915), 271.

Materials : for Kolāba administrative history, 159 note 1, 175.

Mathews : Commodore (1722), 149.

Māthvān : monumental pillars at, 351.

Mātrās : native drug, 122.

Maurās : Konkan chiefs (A. D. 500), 141.

Māzgaon : suburb of Bombay, 396, 439, 440, 442.

Memens : 85.

Merchants : 47-51.

Mhārs : village watchmen, 73; village servants (1982), 161 and note 3; Mhārs' service in Marātha forts, 173, 414, 452.

Mhaskes : shepherds, 67.

Mhasla : town, 432, 465.

Minerals : 16, 404.

Mira Dongar : hill, 3, 6.

Mithāgrīs : husbandmen, 51.

Moghal Admirals : 436.

Moha : spirit, 123.

Moheylanders : 103, 426.

Moscardi : Mr. E. H., 253 note 1, 265 267 note 3, 312 note 1, 350 note 2, 378 388 notes 2 and 3, 391 note 2, 397 note 4.

Mosques : 272.

Movements : 88, 423.

Muda : form of assessment, 168.

Muhalbil : Persian traveller (941), 272.

Muhammad Gawān : Bahmani general 142.

Mund : form of assessment, 168.

Municipalities : 228-229.

Murud : a town, 465.

Musal māns : 74-85, 416-421.

Musicians : 67.

Musopalle of Ptolemy : (A. D. 150), Mhasla, 432, 465.

### N.

Nāchni : see Rāgi.

Nāgaon : town, 351.

Nagdi kauli : a tenure, 174 note 2.

Nagdi shirasta : cash rate tenure, 174 at 2, 178 note 1, 181, 192 and note 5.

Nāgeshvāri : stream, 11.

Nāgothna : 142, 143, 144, 155, 156, 159 173, 182 note 3, 203, 220; port details, history, old bridge, 116, 352-353.

Nairne : Mr. A. K., 111.

Nāmdevs : see Shimpis.

Name : of Cheul, 269 note 3.

Nāna Phadnavis : (1763-1900), 48, 448, 4

Nāndgaon : town, 466.

Newspapers : 235, 259.

Nhāvis : barbers, 67, 413.

Nikitin : Russian traveller (1470), 273, 433

Nisai : pass, 6, 115.

Nizāmpur Kāl : river, 10.

Nizāmpur : 158; survey and khoti system 207, 220; town, 353.

### O.

Offences : 220.

O'Shea : Mr. F. B., 379 note 1, 435 note 1.

Otāris : craftsmen, 65.

Oxenden : English ambassador (1674), 261 365 and note 2.

## INDEX.

### P.

**mdurg** : fort, 466.  
**1** : a mode of Alibág salt rice tillage, 191.  
 : caves, 345-349.  
 : fort, 267.  
 : tapping : 134.  
**16 Bráhmans** : 45.  
**haitan** : town, 466, Pir, 435, 464.  
**háls** : craftsmen, 65.  
**harpeshás** : high caste landholders, 172, 433 e 1.  
**uls** : beggars, 74.  
**Sachiv** : 177 and note 2. See Bhor.  
 pass, 5, 114.  
**eshis** : labourers, 71.  
**s** : washermen, 67, 413.  
**is** : 87.  
**is** : hill, 5-6, 114-115, 136.  
**ne Prabhús** : writers, 47.  
**s** : village headmen, 161, 162, 171, 177, 452.  
**er** : Mr. G. W. (1877), 451.  
 : old Sankshi, 159, 178, 186, 189, 196, 202 ;  
 : -divisional details, boundaries, area, aspect,  
 : rate, water, soil, holdings, rental, stock,  
 : duce, people, 1, 242-245 ; town, people, trade,  
 : er works, history, 354-356.  
**nula** : perhaps Cheul, 270 note 2.  
**wa** : the, 146, 147, 151, 155, 156, ceded Dás-  
 : n, Komáa, and Bankot fort in 1756, and Sank-  
 : Rájपुरi and Ráygad in 1818, 159 and note 2 ;  
 : r management (1735-1818) and changes in re-  
 : nue demand, 172, 173 and note 6 ; 174 and  
 : e 2.  
 : 116, 378.  
**apples** : 98.  
 pass, 115.  
**ies** : Ángria's, 147, 148.  
**e coast** : 432, 465.  
**es** : Malabár (1623), 281 and note 1.  
 : : historian (A.D. 77), 139 note 2, 432.  
**ph** : the size of, 92.  
**ipur** : town, 357.  
**e** : 221-222, 226, 458.  
**lation** : 40-83, half-peopled villages (1624),  
 : , 179 ; abundant (1837), 175, 176, 182 and  
 : e 1, 183, 409-423.  
**1** : 126-130.  
**iguese** : (1507-1660), 143 ; buildings in Cheul  
 : (10-1721), 279 note 4, 289-290.  
**Offices** : 117-118, 423.  
**ry** : 133.  
**ád** : town, 150, 357.  
 : of grain : 107-108 ; great fall in after  
 : 5, 175 and notes 1 and 6 ; rise in (1834-1837),  
 : note 1, 184 ; high (1854-1866), 176, 197 ; low  
 : 2-1876), 177 ; (1852-1881), 214, 423.

**Private schools** : 230-231.  
**Prother** : Lieut.-Colonel (1818), 156, 267, 316, 344  
 : 375-376.  
**Ptolemy** : the geographer (A.D. 150), 10, 136-138  
 : 270, 432, 465.  
**Pucho** : see Putchuk.  
**Pulses** : 97.  
**Purab** : father of Kánhoji Ángria, 145.  
**Puri** : see Danda-Rájपुरi.  
**Putchuk** : a fragrant root, 284 and note 4, 470.  
**Pyrard** : French traveller (1601-1608), 279, 280.

### R.

**Raghoji Ángria** : I. (1759-1793), 154-155, 264  
 : II. (1817-1839), 156-157.  
**Rági** : grain, 96.  
**Rainfall** : 15, 214, 240, 243, 246, 248, 250, 404.  
**Rájkot** : Cheul citadel, 146, 150, 305.  
**Rájmáchi** : fort 146, 151.  
**Rájपुरi** : came into British possession (1818)  
 : 159 ; khote, 178 ; condition, revenue system, an  
 : assessment (1837), 183, 184, 185 note 1, 189 not  
 : 1, 197 ; revenue survey (1863), 204-205 ; creek  
 : 402.  
**Rámđharan** : caves, 377.  
**Rámeshvar** : Cheul temple, 272 ; (1623-1628) 285  
 : 308-310.  
**Rámoshis** : labourers, 71 ; freebooters, 158, 220.  
**Rám Pátíl** : the Koli captain of Janjira (1490)  
 : 435.  
**Rámráj** : stream, 9.  
**Rangáris** : dyers, 65.  
**Ratangad** : fort, 378.  
**Ráygad** : fort, 6, 142, 144, 145, 146, 150, 156  
 : came into British possession (1818), 159 ; khote  
 : 178 ; condition, revenue system, and assessment  
 : (1837), 185-186, 189 note 1, 197 ; revenue survey  
 : (1866), 207-209 ; fort, description, approaches,  
 : the way up, 357-359 ; hill top, objects, 360-362 ;  
 : history, Shiváji's coronation, 367-376 ; 442.  
**Readers and writers** : 231, 232.  
**Reading-rooms** : 235.  
**Registration** : 219, 226, 457.  
**Reservoirs** : 11, 12.  
**Rest-houses** : 117.  
**Revas** : port, 150, 378.  
**Revatikshetra** : traditional name of Cheul, 269,  
 : 270 note 1.  
**Revdanda** : town, 143, 150, 299 ; lapsed (1840),  
 : 159, 190 ; garden land assessment revised (1852),  
 : 192-193 ; revenue survey (1857), 198-200.  
**Revenue** : 176 and note 2 ; 179 and note 4 ; (1837),  
 : 183 ; 192 and note 2, 197, 211, 214, 223.  
**Revenue Farmers** : 172, 176, 177, 178 and note  
 : 2, 179, 183 and note 3, 184 and note 1, 186,  
 : 187, 188, 190.

## INDEX.

**Revenue System** : 18th century, three systems, 171, 172, 179, 180 and note 3; examined by Mr. Davies (1836-37), 182-186; opinions and suggestions of the Collector and the Revenue Commissioner and Government orders (1837), 186-189; Alibág, 190-196.

**Revenue and finance** : 223-229; Cheul (1634), 283 and note 1; Janjira, 459.

**Rice** : 95-96.

**Rivers** : 6-11, 402.

**Roads** : 111-113, 428.

**Robber** : bands put down, 175.

**Roha** : 158; old Rájpurí, 159, 186, 196, 220; sub-divisional details, boundaries, area, aspect, climate, water, soil, holdings, rental, stock, produce, people, 1, 245-247; town, 378-399.

### S.

**Sachin Nawábs** : origin of, 448.

**Ságargad** : fort, 6, 146, 151, 155, 156; description, view, remains, walks, 254, 379-383.

**Soil** : 89, 424.

**Sailors** : see fishers.

**Saimur** : Cheul, 271 and note 1; 272 note 5.

**Sákhár** : stream, 8, 155.

**Sakoji Ángria** : (1731-1733), 149, 150.

**Sális** : weavers, 65, 412.

**Salmon** : Major W. A., 401 note 2.

**Salt** : 134, 135, 226, 409, 431.

**Salt-lands** : 90-91.

**Salt marsh trees** : 26.

**Sambal** : Moghal admiral (1670-1676), 437-439.

**Sambháji** : Shiváji's son, (1680-1689), 145; Cheul besieged by (1683), 285; Janjira besieged (1682), 441; Ángria (1740-1749), 149-152, 264.

**Sanchni makta** : an Alibág survey, 191.

**Sangars** : blanket-weavers; 65.

**Sánkshi** : 142-143; came into British possession in 1818, 159; *khots*, 178, 159; condition, revenue system, and high assessment (1837), 182 and notes 3, 5, 6 and 7, 183 and notes 2 and 3; survey ordered (1837), 189; revenue survey introduced (1858), 201-203, 220; fort, ascent, cisterns, granaries, Radr-nd-din's tomb, ruins, history, 383-388.

**Sankuvarbái** : wife of Jaysing (1793-1796), 155, 156, 327.

**Sardárs** : Sidi, 449-451.

**Sárekaris** : palm-juice drawers, 71.

**Sarkhel** : Ángria's title, 146.

**Sarodis or Dákujis** : beggars, 415.

**Saving classes** : 102.

**Sávitri or Bánkot** : river, 10, 11.

**Schools** : 230, 232-235, 459-460.

**Season reports** : (1818-1834) 175; (1837-1868) 196, 197; (1868-1881) 212-214.

**Sea fisheries** : 474.

**Sea trade** : 126-130.

**Self-sacrifice** : in the Konkan, Masudi's acc (915), 271 note 4.

**Servants** : personal, 67, 413.

**Sesamum** : 97.

**Sháhji Bhonsle** : 143 and note 7.

**Sháh Táhir** : minister of Burhán Nizám (1500-435, 464, 466).

**Shenvis** : Bráhmans, 45, 46.

**Shepherds** : 67, 68, 414.

**Shevtya** : pass, 5, 114.

**Shilotri** : a tenure. See Shilotridárs.

**Shilotridárs** : gap wardens, 90, 91, 166-167 note 2, 195.

**Shilu** : split, 166.

**Shimpis** : tailors, 66, 413.

**Shindes** : labourers, 71.

**Shiul** : Cheul, 275 note 3.

**Shiváji** : 144, 145, 267, 269, 285, 316, 323-344; choice of Ráygad (1662), 363; raid on arrogation of royalty (1664), peace Aurangzeb, visits Delhi, escapes in disguise returns to Ráygad (1664), 364; embassy Bombay, coronation (1674), 365-371; death 372; his operations against Janjira, 436-441.

**Shoemaking** : 135.

**Shopkeepers** : 120.

**Shrimáli Vánis** : traders, 48.

**Shrivardhan** : town, 146, 425, 467.

**Sibor** : perhaps Cheul, 270.

**Sidis** : origin, 433; constitution, 434; in Ahgar and Bijápur service, 435; appointed admirals, 436; in wars with the Mughals 437-442; quarrel with the English and out of Surat, 443-446; take Jáfarabád internal affairs, 448-452; people, 420-421.

**Sidoji-Gujar** : Marátha admiral (1698), 146.

**Sigerdis** : see Zizera.

**Silahárás** : Konkan rulers (810-1260), 141.

**Silk-weaving** : 132; manufacture of, 278; 279.

**Sinclair** : Mr. W. F., 253 note 1; 310, 311, 312, 332 note 3, 343 notes 3 and 4, 351, 353 note 8, 383 note 3, 384 note 1, 385 note 2, 387 note 2, 391 note 2, 408, 474 and 5.

**Sirul Khán** : governor of Janjira (1707-443, 464).

**Slavery** : 140, 216.

**Snakes** : 36, 407.

**Someshvar temple** : Cheul, 301.

**Sonárs** : goldsmiths, 66, 413.

**Songiri** : fort, 383.

**Sonkolis** : see Kolis.

## INDEX.

hiya Vánis : traders, 48.  
 a : 271.  
 hot spring, 13, 388.  
 : administrative (1882), 160-162; (1818), 177-  
 ps : 223.  
 of the district : (1827-1880), 220; of  
 jira (1855), 449.  
 arbara : Franciscan tower at Cheul, 296.  
 ubin : Chevalier de (1780), 160-162; 286,  
 note 2.  
 n-ferries : 116, 255, 429.  
 : details : 93.  
 o : historian (B.C. 54-A.D. 24), 432.  
 divisional officers : mámlatdars (1882),  
 -161.  
 divisions : 1, 240-252, 401.  
 edár : Marátha commander, 170.  
 li : pass, 115.  
 t : plundered by Shiváji (1664), 364 and note  
 feuds between the English and the Sidi at,  
 -447.  
 ad : fort, 267; 388-390.  
 ames : Ágri, 61; Jangam, 74; Thákur, 72.  
 ey : 176, 181, 186-189, 191, 192, 193; (1857-  
 6), 200-209; (1872), 210; results, 211.  
 rs : 242 note 1, 413.  
 rndurg : town, 146.  
 alla : why Cheul, 270 note 5.

### T.

ring : 133.  
 andi : tenure, 170.  
 gad : fort, 144, 156, 445; description, history,  
 -395.  
 : town, 390-391.  
 hána : pass; 6, 115.  
 bats : coppersmiths, 66.  
 r : commutation, 183, 197, 206 and note I.  
 r Farokht : commutation sale system, 172  
 e 2.  
 ákt Khán : governor of Surat (1733), 443-  
 4.  
 : oilmen, 67, 412.  
 perature : 15.  
 ples : 253, 259, 262, 272, 281, 301, 307;  
 3-309, 319-323, 324, 332 note 2, 353, 362, 385,  
 1.  
 res : (1882), 162-168; early Hindu, 168-169;  
 t note 2.  
 itorial changes : 159 and note 2, 160 and  
 te 1, 175, 177 and note 1, 182 note 3, 190 and  
 e 2, 196, 205 note 2.  
 rurs : early tribe, 72.  
 : town and fort, 151, 395.  
 na : 271 note 1, 272 and note 5.

Thevenot : account of Cheul (1666), 285 note 2.  
 Thiba : pass, 6, 115.  
 Tieffenthaler : German missionary (1750), 296,  
 353.  
 Tillage : 94, 95.  
 Toka : form of assessment, 170 and note 3.  
 Tolls : 115-116.  
 Tombs : Musalmán, 268, 300, 301, 464.  
 Town schools : 234.  
 Trade centres : 118-119, 136, 430.  
 Trade : early (B.C. 200-A.D. 200), 138 and note 5  
 and 139, 140, -255; Cheul (1514), 275; (1586)  
 279; (1634), 284; modern, 121-130.  
 Transit duties : abolished, 182 and note 1.  
 Treaty : 274, 277, 289, 286, 311, 344, 367.  
 Trees : 23-26.  
 Troops : Shiváji's, 364 note 3.  
 Tukáji Ángria : (1643), the founder of the family,  
 145.  
 Tuláji Ángria : (1748-1755), 149-153.

### U.

Umbarda : pass, 5, 114.  
 Unheri : hot springs, 13.  
 Underi : (Henery), lapsed (1840), 159, 190,  
 revenue survey (1857), 200-201; island fort,  
 history, 145, 155; 215, 395-397, 440-441.  
 Unsettled Tribes : 71-72.  
 Usnai : rent and cesses, 190.  
 Utegars : shepherds, 67.  
 Uthlápát : sweet rice land, 190.

### V.

Vaccination : 238, 460.  
 Vadars : quarrymen, 72, 414.  
 Velás : town, 467.  
 Vánis : traders, 48, 411.  
 Vanjáris : carriers, 73, 414.  
 Varandha : pass, 5, 114.  
 Varsoli : stream, 8.  
 Vari : grain, 96.  
 Varthema : traveller (1503-1508), 142 note 8, 273.  
 Vengurla : burnt by the Sidia (1675), 439.  
 Vessels : 124-125, 429.  
 Veth : unpaid labour, 187, 188 and note 1.  
 Views : 254, 266, 268, 306, 315, 318, 323, 332,  
 357, 377, 381, 385, 389, 393-394.  
 Village accountant : see Kulkarni, 177, 179.  
 Village headman : see Pátíl; 180.  
 Village leases : 164 note 3, 180, 182, 184 note  
 2, 185 and note 3.  
 Village officers : (1882), 161 and notes 1 and 2,  
 162.  
 Village police : 219.  
 Villages : 1; exchanges (1818-1840), 159 and note  
 2, number and management (1882) 160, 161, 162

## INDEX.

and note 1, 177 and note 4, 178 and note 1,  
179 and note 1, 180, 181, 182 and note 3, 183,  
184 and note 2, 185 and notes 1, 2 and 3, 196,  
402, 422-423.  
Village schools : 235.  
Village servants : (1882), 161 and note 3, 162.  
Vináyak Parshurám Bivalkar : (1817-1840)  
156-157.  
Vijayanagar or Ánegundi kings : (1336-1587),  
142 and note 1, 272.  
Vijaydurg : see Gheria.  
Vishrámgad : fort, 397.  
Vizárat Mal : Ángria's title, 146.

**W.**

Wages : 106-107, 427.  
Wálan Kund : sacred fish-pool, 37, 358, 397, 398.  
Watson : admiral (1756), 152-153, 447.  
Water works : Alibág, 256; 258; Pan, 354-356.  
Water-supply : Alibág, 255.  
Wells : 13.

Weights and Measures : 108-110, 428.  
Whale reef : the, 467.  
Wild animals : 35, 405-407.  
Wood-work : 133-134.  
Wool-working : 132-133.  
Wrecks : 254.  
Writers : 46-47.

### X.

Xavier : St. Francis (1640), 295 ; chapel of,

### Y.

Yádavs : Devgiri, (1270-1300), 141, 272, 432  
Yácut : Sidi, admiral of Bahádar-Ghání ( 434 :—Khán, Sidi's title, 437.  
Yákub Khán : a converted Koli (1732), 443.  
Yesáji : Ángria (1735), 149-150.  
Yogis : see Jogis.

### Z.

Zamindárs : hereditary revenue officers, 170  
Zizera : old name of Janjira, 432.