

Commercial Intelligence Department, India

REVIEW

OF THE

TRADE OF INDIA

IN

1907-08

C. W. E. COTTON, I.C.S.

OFFGO. DIRECTOR-GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE



CALCUTTA

SUPERINTENDENT GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA

1908

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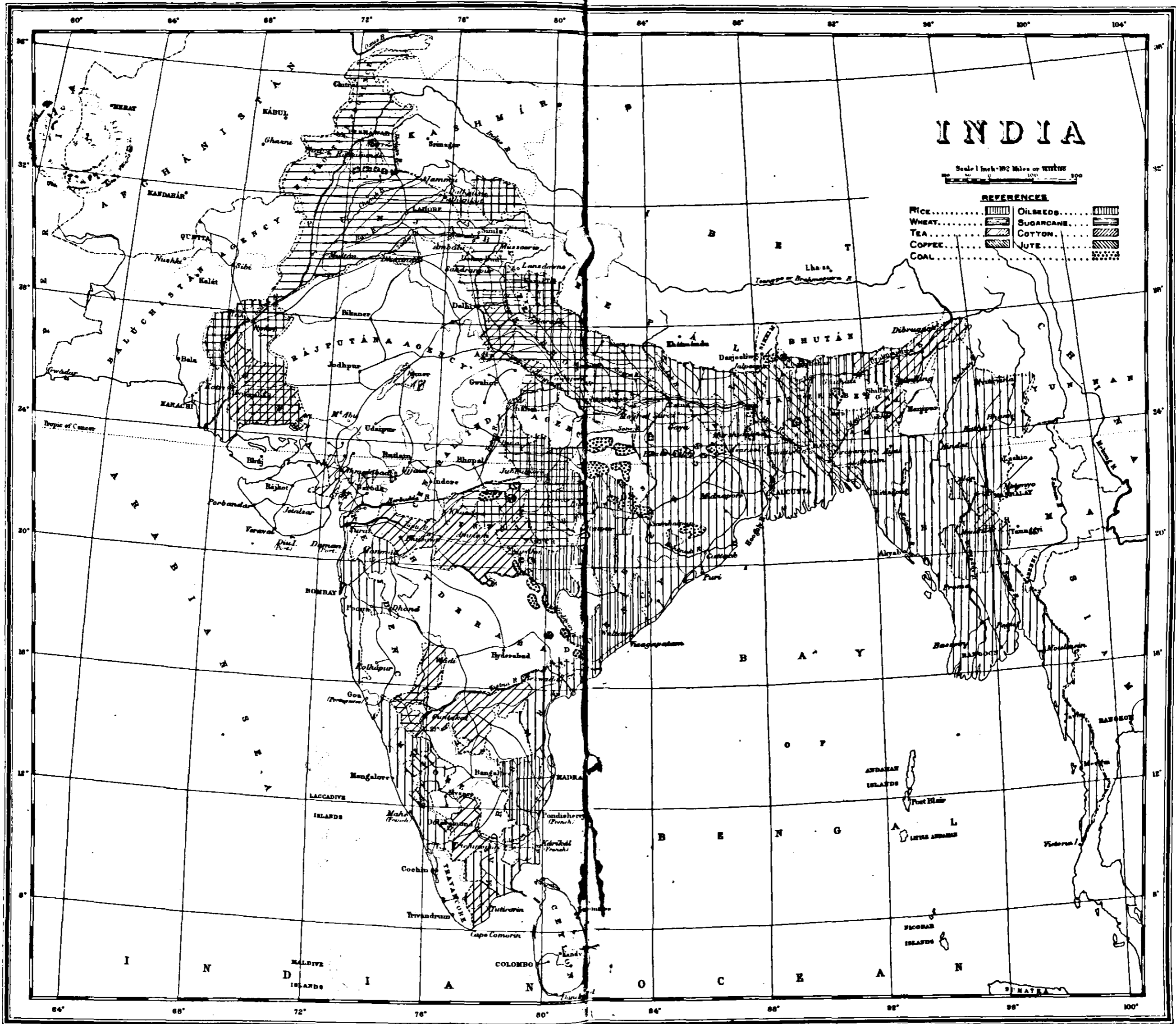
NOTE

All sums of money in this Review are stated in rupees and their equivalents in pounds sterling.

For 1898-99 and subsequent years a pound sterling is equivalent to R15. The rupee is divided into sixteen annas, and the anna is, therefore, at the current rate of exchange equal to one penny.

A sum of R1,00,000, ordinarily termed a lakh, is equivalent to £6,666-13s. 4d. and a crore of rupees, which is 100 lakhs, is equal to £666,666-13s.-4d.

The simplest method of conversion is to multiply the number of rupees by 2 and put a decimal point to the left of the unit figure and then divide by 3, the quotient being the sterling equivalent in pounds and decimals. If it is desired to reduce these decimal figures to shillings and pence, the first two decimal figures should be divided by 5 to furnish the number of shillings, and the remainder to two places divided by 4 to find the number of pence.



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