



THE

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

FOR

THE YEAR

1897-98.



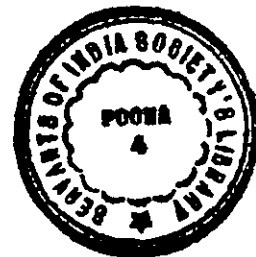
POONA



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*I. Date of Establishment.*

The Poona City Municipality was established in 1856-57.

*II. Population.*

2. The population of the City proper, Bhamburda, and Gultekdi, which form part of the Municipal District, is, according to the census of 1891, as follows:—

	Males.	Females.	Total.
(a) City .....	60,659	54,562	1,15,221
(b) Bhamburda .....	1,783	1,601	3,384
(c) Gultekdi .....	137	98	235
	62,529	56,261	1,18,790

*III. Municipal Boundaries.*

3. The boundaries of the Municipal District remained, in the year under report, as before, *i. e.* as below:—

*North.*—The southern side of the Wellesley or Kirki road from the Bolai quarry westwards to the G. I. P. Railway over bridge; thence the line of the said Railway up to the level crossing No. 65 in Bhamburda on the Poona and Ganeshkhind Road, thence along the southern side of that road up to its junction with the road from Kirki to Lukdipul.

*East.*—The western side of the road from the Bolai quarry towards the Synagogue up to the commencement of the approach to the City going by the south of Ghorpade's Takia and Babaji Manaji's Coach factory; thence a straight line to the western end of the bridge on the Manik Nala near Sachapur; thence the Poona Military Cantonment boundary as far as the south-eastern corner of Survey No. 95 in the village of Munjeri.

*South.*—The southern boundary of Survey Nos. 95, 107, 106, 105, 104, 98, 221, 219 of the village of Munjeri and the northern side of the road to Singhar from the Swar's Police Station to the bridge on the Ambil Odha near the village of Parvati.

*West.*—The eastern side of the road from Kirkee to Lakdipal from its junction with the Ganeshkhind Road to the north-west corner of Survey No. 71 in the village of Bhamburda ; thence a line drawn round the Survey No. 71, 72, and 73 in the same village so as to include those numbers ; thence the river Mutha from the Lakdipal to the Ambil Odha ; thence the Ambil Odha, as far as the bridge on the road to Singhar near the village of Parvati, next the eastern side of the Satara road from the Swar's Police Station to the south-west corner of Survey No. 219 in the village of Munjeri.

#### *IV. Number of Meetings.*

4. In the year under report there were 34 meetings of the General Committee as against 39 held in 1896-97 ; 202 items of business were disposed of by circulation, as against 238 thus disposed of in 1896-97 and 198 in 1895-96. The Quarterly Meetings were held in April, July, October and January. Besides these there were 14 special and 16 adjourned meetings. A detailed account of the meetings held will be found in appendix A—1.

5. With regard to the attendance of elected and nominated members, appendix A will show that out of 20 elected members on an average 8.4 attended all the meetings, as against 10.5 who were present at all the meetings in 1896-97, while out of 10 nominated members more than 4.2 attended all the meetings in 1897-98 as against 5.6 in 1896-97. The slight fall in attendance is due to plague that raged in Poona for some months ; some of the Commissioners left Poona, for some time, and others took up their residence out of the Municipal limits.

6. As regards the attendance of individual Commissioners it may be noted that the President attended all the meetings held in the year under report. Messrs. V. N. Phatak, R. D. Moghe, M. W. Sathe, and V. R. Patwardhan attended more than three-fourths. Mr. K. B. Phatak and Sirdar K. V. Mudliar attended more than two-thirds. Rao Bahadur G. G. Gokhale, who succeeded Mr. Datatraya Daji Adhikari, and Dr. G. K. Garde attended less than two-thirds. Messrs. Nathmal Ghanasham, K. C. Dhole, who succeeded the late Sirdar W. H. Pandit alias Baba Maharaj, Dr. A. W. Thomson, Mr. Abdula A. Mokashi, Dastur Kaikobad Aderbad and Parsharum Khupchand attended more than one-third. Messrs. Balubhai Panachand, Ramnarayan Amerchand, Maruti Damodar Shet Malwadkar, S. S. Moulvi, N. V. Mawal, B. R. Natu, Khan Bahadur Kaji Ajmodin attended less than one-third, and Dr. S. A. Chobbe, Messrs. N. N. Bhole, Balwant Hari Chiplunkar, Kaluram Bhanu Mansaram who succeeded Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak, and A. H. Plunkett, attended a few meetings only.

7. In the year under report the Managing Committee consisted of Mr. V. N. Pathak M. A., who was Chairman, Mr. R. D. Moghe, Dr. G. K. Garde, Mr. V. R. Patwardhan, Professor S. S. Moulvi, and Messrs. B. R. Natu and Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak. The last two members were succeeded by Messrs. M. W. Sathe and Krishnuji Balal Phatak respectively on 20th October 1897.

8. The Managing Committee met 15 times to transact business in the year under report as against 38 times in 1896-97 ; 249 cases were disposed of at these meetings and 299 by circulation as against 697 and 136 cases respectively in 1896-97. The work shows a fall, which was due to plague and plague operations.

9. Appendix C. gives the average attendance of the Members of the Managing Committee at the 15 meetings held in the year. The average attendance was 5.2 in the year under report as against 5.4 in 1896-97.

10. Out of the 15 meetings Messrs V. N. Phatak and V. B. Patwardhan attended all ; Mr. R. D. Moghe 14, Dr. G. K. Garde 7, Professor S. S. Moulvi 4, Mr. B. R. Natu 1, and his successor Mr. M. W. Sathe 8, Mr. B. G. Tilak 4, and his successor Mr. K. B. Phatak 10. Vide Appendix D.

11. There was no change in the constitution of the Municipal Board, which in the year under report consisted, as before, of 20 elected and 10 nominated members, with a President elected by themselves.

12. The personnel has, however, undergone a change during the year under report with respect to one member only. Sirdar Wasudeo Harihar Pandit alias Baba Maharaja, an elected Commissioner for ward No. II. Sadashiv Peth, died on the 7th of August 1897 and Mr. Krishnarao Chimanrao Dhole was elected in his place in September 1897.

13. The triennial Municipal elections were due in March 1897 for the formation of the new body from the 1st April 1898. But the Municipal Commissioners having represented to Government that owing to plague, which prevailed in the city from October 1897 to the end of February 1898, the postponement of the elections for a period not exceeding 6 months was desirable, Government of Bombay was pleased to accept their proposal and extended the term of office of the present Commissioners to the end of September 1898. The new elections will, therefore, take place in the month of August 1898. (vide G. R. No. 1126, General Department, dated the 23rd February 1898.)

#### *V. Imposts.*

14. The Municipal Commissioners, as noticed in para 13 of the last year's administration Report, had submitted to Government their proposals for enhanced rates of (a) octroi duty on certain articles, namely, cloth, ghee, sugar, and tobacco, (b) rates of fees charged for licenses for the slaughter of sheep or goat, (c) and the rates of Halalcore cess, and Government was pleased to sanction the proposals in their Resolution No. 1659, General Department, dated 22nd March 1898. The revised rates have been brought into force. The fall in revenue caused by Plague since 17th December 1896, the enormous increase in expenditure on sanitation, and the demand of 4 laks made by Government spent by them on Plague operations in Poona city, have compelled the Municipal Commissioners to draw on other sources to a further extent which will be considered hereafter.

## VI. Income.

15. The income of the Municipality in the year under report was, as compared with that in the previous year, as follows :—

HEAD OF REVENUE.	Income in 1895-96			Income in 1896-97.			Income in 1897-98.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>A.—Municipal Rates and Taxes.—</i>															
1. Octroi ... ..	1,51,568	6	9	1,43,476	12	11	1,05,636	11	2	.....	.....	.....	37,840	1	9
2. Tax on houses and lands...	27,809	0	10	28,162	6	1	26,064	9	2	.....	.....	.....	2,097	12	11
3. Tax on animals & vehicles.	5,035	12	0	5,779	0	0	5,425	8	1	.....	.....	.....	353	8	0
4. Tax on Professions...	1,264	14	0	768	12	0	96	12	1	.....	.....	.....	672	0	0
5. Tolls on (Roads and Ferries)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6. Water-rate .....	28,899	0	0	26,797	5	4	22,398	2	0	.....	.....	.....	4,404	3	4
7. Lighting rate.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8. Conservancy (including Scavenging and Latrine rate).	27,193	2	5	27,033	12	4	24,008	15	2	.....	.....	.....	3,029	13	2
9. Others ... ..	12,169	14	7	9,406	2	2	5,725	5	2	.....	.....	.....	3,680	13	0
<i>B.—Realizations under special Acts</i>															
1. Pounds...	1,214	3	6	1,463	1	9	1,320	12	0	.....	.....	.....	142	5	9
2. Hackney-carriages .....	14	14	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Licenses for sale of spirits and drugs .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Others ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
<i>C.—Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation.—</i>															
1. Rents of lands, houses &c...	1,109	4	1	720	15	0	541	8	11	.....	.....	.....	179	6	1
2. Sale proceeds of lands and produce of lands &c.....	713	9	6	644	6	8	664	11	9	20	11	1	.....	.....	.....
3. Conservancy Receipts (other than taxes and rates) .....	26,473	8	1	13,333	6	1	24,855	8	9	115	10	8	.....	.....	.....
4. Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions	4,378	6	4	4,108	10	1	1,751	4	7	.....	.....	.....	2,357	5	11
5. Fees and Revenues from Medical Institutions	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
6. " " Markets and Slaughter-houses.....	17,019	0	1	16,916	7	1	15,244	7	0	.....	.....	.....	1,671	15	4
7. Fees and Revenue from Tramways .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8. Other fees .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9. Fines under Municipal and other Acts .....	1,809	0	3	2,044	14	6	8,127	4	6	608	2	6	.....	.....	.....
10. Interest on Investments...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
11. Premium on loans. ....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
<i>D.—Grants and Contributions (for general and special purposes)</i>															
1. From Government. ....	19,947	15	1	8,525	15	2	7,738	8	11	.....	.....	.....	787	6	3
2. From Local Funds .....	204	12	2	196	3	6	183	1	2	.....	.....	.....	12	13	4
3. Others .....	30	8	0	2,005	4	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2005	4	0
<i>E.—Miscellaneous.—</i>															
1. Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals. ....	106	10	3	101	7	1	55	9	9	.....	.....	.....	45	13	3
2. Other items .....	435	9	7	947	13	8	611	10	3	.....	.....	.....	336	3	5
<i>F.—Extraordinary and debt—</i>															
1. Sale proceeds of Government securities and withdrawal from Savings Bank .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
2. Loans from Government raised in the market from private individuals.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,000	0	0	25,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3. Realizations of sinking Fund for payment of loans.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4. Advances—(a) Permanent...	50	0	0	75	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	75	0	0
(b) Others .....	2,000	0	0	327	8	0	2,000	0	0	167	2	8	.....	.....	.....
5. Deposits. ....	38,913	11	4	86,366	14	4	26,068	10	4	.....	.....	.....	10,298	4	0
Grand Total...	3,68,361	2	8	3,29,201	6	0	3,03,506	6	4	44,295	1	10	69,990	1	6

16. *Octroi*.—The area under the administration of the City Municipality for Octroi purposes includes, in addition to the City Municipal District, those under the administration of the Suburban Municipality and the Cantonment Committee. It levies Octroi duty on all articles mentioned in the schedule and imported into the said three areas, and deducting the amount of refund made for exports, and the establishment and other charges from the gross revenue, distributes the remainder between the three bodies. As stated in para 15 of the last year's report, the net revenue from Octroi was distributed amongst the 3 bodies according to the population test, approved by Government in their Resolution No. 4653 dated the 9th November 1895.

17. The gross revenue from Octroi amounted in the year 1897-98 to Rs. 1,34,920-0-0 as against Rs. 1,80,472-2-5, in the previous year. The decrease of Rs. 45,551-8-8 is due to the depression of trade owing to Plague, which was prevailing in the city from 19th of December 1896.

18. Out of the gross revenue of Rs. 1,34,920-0-0, Rs. 10,298-4-1 were spent on refunds, Rs. 10,323-6-4 on establishment, Rs. 1,683-13-5 on contingencies, and Rs. 103-1-0 on repairs to Nakas. These charges make up a total of Rs. 22,408-11-10. After deducting this amount from the gross income, Rs. 1,12,511-13-11 were available as net revenue for distribution amongst the three bodies. According to the population test, the share of this Municipality in 1897-98 was Rs. 83,227-15-4, that of the Cantonment Rs. 24,590-1-3, and that of the Suburban Municipality Rs. 4,693-13-4. The amount of Rs. 1,05,636-11-2 shown in column 4 against Octroi in the table given in para 15 includes the net income from Octroi, as shown above, and the establishment and other charges amounting to Rs. 22,408-11-10.

19. The amount of Rs. 10,298-4-1 was, as mentioned above, refunded on account of exports out of the Octroi cordon in 1897-98 as against Rs. 24,764-12-9 in 1896-97. The decrease of Rs. 14,466-8-8 is due to a large amount of refund not being paid in the year under report. The Municipality is trying to prevent Octroi from degenerating into transit duty, and hampering the inland trade of the country and the refund rules are worked in the liberal spirit, in which they were conceived, affording facilities to traders claiming refunds of duty and generally removing all possible obstacles from off their way.

20. For another mode of testing the working of the Octroi system, reference may be made to the following table, which gives the average consumption per head of population of each of the 8 classes of articles. It is necessary to remark here that the average consumption per head is calculated with reference to a total population of 1,60,609 souls residing in the City, the Suburban, and the Cantonment limits: the City Municipality being, as mentioned in para 16, in charge of the Octroi Department for the three bodies combined:

Class.	Names of articles.	Standard of consumption fixed by Government in 1897-98.	Average consumption per head in 1897-98.		
			M.	S.	T.
I.	Grain.....	10 Maunds.	8	15	2
	Sugar.....	7 Seers.	0	4	43
	Unrefined sugar	20 Do.	0	4	43
	Ghee.....	9 Do.	0	3	0
III.	Oil and oil seeds.	7½ Do.	0	4	25
V.	Gums, spices...	2 Rs. 8 As.	Rs.	As.	P.
			1	10	9
VI.	Tobacco.....	6 Seers.	M.	S.	T.
			0	3	76
VII.	Piece Goods ...	12 Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.
			7	3	6
VIII.	Metal.....	2 Rs. 8 As.	1	2	5

21. During the year under report there have been no excesses over the standard of consumption fixed by Government in their Resolution No. 454 dated 24th January 1898 General Department. The standards shown in the above statement are those sanctioned by Government in the said Resolution. The Municipal Commissioners feel gratified that this long pending question of inadequate standards has been once for all disposed of by Government in a satisfactory manner with the exception of a standard for provender required by cattle, which is under their consideration.

22. Appendices E and L give information about gross imports, exports, and the net imports, of all classes of articles, in lump, and the individual articles.

23. *House, conservancy, and wheel Tax.*—The income from these sources amounted to Rs. 26,064-9-2, 24,003-15-2 and 5,425-8-0 respectively, as against Rs. 28,162-6-1, 27,033-12-4 and 5,770 collected in 1896-97. There is a decrease of Rs. 2,097-12-11 in the revenue from House tax, of Rs. 3,029-13-2 in that of Halalcore cess, and Rs. 353-8 in that of wheel tax. Thus there has been a total decrease under these heads of Rs. 5,481-2-1, which is entirely due to the absence of many of the rate-payers from the city on account of Plagne, and also on account of inability to pay the dues owing to adverse circumstances due to the epidemic. The House-tax and Halalcore cess, and the wheel tax on private conveyances is collected by the Municipal agency, while the collection of wheel Tax, due on licensed conveyances, has been entrusted to the Police Department, as noticed in para 22 of the last year's Report (1896-97). The arrears of these taxes at the end of 1897-98, were respectively Rs. 2,744-14-0 as against Rs. 1,392-12-8, Rs. 3,347-8-9 as against Rs. 1,793-6-6, and Rs. 141-12-0 as against Rs. 67-8-0—total Rs. 6,234-2-9 as against Rs. 3,253-11-2 in the previous year. Appendix F gives information regarding arrears from these taxes by years.

24. 4666 applications were made to the Magistrate for the recovery of the outstanding balances in time. In the year under report the A and B Benches of Magistrates disposed of 84 and 21 cases respectively, and the Special First Class Magistrate for Municipal cases, 3,205 cases. In these cases the Magistrates helped the Municipality, in the year under report, in recovering Rs. 5,148-13-2 by disposing of 3,310 recovery cases. Mr. Dattatraya Daji Adhikari, who held the Special Magistrate's office in the greater part of the year in 1896-97, went on leave from the beginning of January 1897 and the cases were subsequently transferred to A and B Benches for two months. Mr. Dorabjee Dadabhai Bootee took charge of his duties, as Special Municipal Magistrate, on the 5th March 1897. Thanks are due to him and the Benches of Magistrates for the work they did for the Municipality.

25. *Tax on professions and trade.*—The amount of Rs. 96-12-0 is made up of Rs. 72-12-0 levied on bands of music at 2 annas a day for every kind of music played in the street, and Rs. 24 levied for a license issued for a private building used as Fish Market. The decrease of Rs. 672 is due to the fact, that very few marriage and other ceremonies were performed in the city on account of Plague. This source of revenue has been failing since the first appearance of plague in the city. In 1895-96 the income from this source was Rs. 1,264-14-0, in 1896-97 Rs. 768-12-0, and in 1897-98 Rs. 96-12-0.

26. *Water rates.*—Water rates are charged at one rupee, one rupee and eight annas, and two rupees per month, for every  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$  and 1 inch house connections, of which there were under report 1989, 61 and 54 respectively, as against 2156, 61 and 58 in 1896-97. The income from this source was Rs. 22,393-2-0 in 1897-98, as against Rs. 26,797-5-4 in 1896-97. The decrease of Rs. 4,404-3-4 is due to many House-owners having stopped water supply owing to their absence from Poona on account of Plague. The Municipal Commissioners have made proposals to enhance the present rates 50 per cent. with a view to increase the revenue from this source.

27. *Trade Registration fee.*—Rs. 5,725-5-2 were realised from this source of revenue in 1897-98 as against Rs. 9,406-2-2 in 1896-97, and Rs. 12,169-14-7 in 1895-96. The decrease of Rs. 3,680-13-0 is due to the general fall in trade.

28. *Pounds.*—Rs. 1,320-12-0 were realised in 1897-98 from this source as against Rs. 1,463-1-0 in 1896-97. The decrease of Rs. 142-5-9 is due to the smaller number of stray cattle impounded. In the year under report 6,489 stray cattle were impounded as against 6,930 in 1896-97. Of the cattle thus impounded 6,377 were returned to the owners, 86 sold in auction, not being claimed by owners, 22 died in the Pound, and 3 were otherwise disposed of. One remained in the Pound at the end of the year.

29. *Hackney Carriages.*—No charges were incurred under this head during the year under report. The collection of wheel tax due on both Horse carriages and bullock conveyances, is entrusted to the Police Department; all expenses for the issue of licenses and plates are incurred by the Department and recovered from the License-holders directly.



The following table shows the number of conveyances licensed by the Police Department in 1897.

Description.	No. of conveyances licensed.	Wheel-tax levied in 1897.			Amount of license fees levied.			Amount remitted to the Municipality.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
<i>Horse conveyances.</i>										
4 wheeled carriages .....	82	924	0	0	225	8	0	} 3,298	8	0
2 " " .....	165	933	0	0	371	4	0			
<i>Bullock carts.</i>										
Including one and two bullocks...	505	1,561	8	0	631	4	0			
	752	3,418	8	0	1,228	0	0			

30. Fees are charged for the occupation of streets and other public open places, for depositing building materials, putting up booths, shops and mandavas, and Rs. 541-8-11 were realised from this source during the year under report, as against Rs. 720-15-0 in 1896-97 and Rs. 1109-4-1 in 1,895-96. The decrease of Rs. 179-6-1 is due to the fact, that public streets and open spaces were not much used for booths and mandavas on account of the suspension of marriage and other ceremonies owing to Plague which was very severe this year.

31. *Sale proceeds of lands and produce of lands.*—The income of Rs. 664-11-9 is made up of the following items, as compared with those for the previous year.

	1895-96.			1896-97.			1897-98.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Sale proceeds of land	32	0	6	94	15	11	23	2	6
" " Silt from Katraj Tank	339	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
" " Articles from the Municipal Gardens at the Night Soil and Bag Depots	87	7	3	67	11	6	52	7	3
" " Grass from the Parvati Tank	233	4	0	267	0	0	490	0	0
" " Sand from Nalas	7	8	0	6	3	0	0	0	0
" " Silt from Nagzeri Nala	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
" " Grass from Filter beds	7	8	0	7	0	0	1	6	0
" " Tamarind from the trees in the city	6	5	9	22	4	3	2	12	0
" " Grass from the land at Janais Mala	0	0	0	178	14	0	95	0	0
	713	9	6	644	0	8	664	11	9

32. The conservancy receipts represent the sale proceeds of Poudrette, which brought in Rs. 24,852-8-0 as against Rs. 13,333-0-0 in 1896-97. The increase of Rs. 11,519-8-0 was due to sale of the stuff at an increased rate. This source of revenue yielded an income of Rs. 40,091 in 1892-93, but it has been failing for various reasons, such as restrictions placed on sugarcane cultivation, which has been prohibited within one mile from the limits of Cantonment and City, consequent diminution in the cultivation of sugarcane, fall in the price of "gul," use of other manures such as Pend (oil seed cake) and dry fish, tightness of money market so far as cultivators were concerned, and lastly, difficulty about passage of poudrette carts through the Cantonment limits.

33. *Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions.*—The income under this head is made up of school fees, which yielded in the year under report Rs. 1,347-13-9 as against Rs. 3,746-14-9 in the previous year, income from the land, attached to Mahar and Mangs school Rs. 240, fees collected from the Technical School Rs. 10-12-0, commission charged on work executed for private parties Rs. 151-10-10, and of Bhata Re 1, paid by Court to Schoolmasters called as witnesses—total Rs. 1,751-4-7 in the year under report as against Rs. 4,108-10-6 in 1896-97. The decrease of Rs. 2,357-5-11 is due to the fact that on account of plague the primary schools were closed from 1st November 1897 to 31st March 1898.

34. *Markets and Slaughter-houses.*—There are in the city two vegetable and six mutton markets with 418 and 74 stalls respectively. The Plunkett market and the Reay Market brought in Rs. 36-5-0 and Rs. 11,854-9-3 as against Rs. 44-7-0 and 12,630-15-3 in 1896-97, while the Mutton markets yielded Rs. 1,273-8-0 as against 1,365-8-0 in 1896-97, and 1,430-8-0 in 1895-96. The decrease of revenue from this source is due to the fact that on account of plague several stalls remained unoccupied during the last year under report.

35. *The Slaughter-Houses* brought in Rs. 1,366,-13-0 in the year under report as against Rs. 1,709-8-0 in 1896-97. The revenue from slaughter-houses consisted of fees charged at 6 pies per sheep slaughtered in the Municipal Slaughter-Houses attached to the six meat markets. The rate has been latterly increased to one anna with the sanction of Government ( G. R. 1659 dated 22nd March 1898, General Department ). The revised rate has been put into force from the 19th of March 1898. The decrease is due to less number of sheep being slaughtered on account of the absence of many people from the city on account of Plague.

36. *Fines under the Municipal and other Acts.*—The Fines under the Municipal Acts of 1873 and 1884 amounted to Rs. 6,996-12-3, as against Rs. 1,256-1-8 recovered in 1896-97 and Rs. 640-11-3 in 1895-96. The increase is due to heavy fines imposed on house-owners for offences against the sanitary provisions of the Municipal Acts by Surgeon Major J. P. Barry, for a part of the year, and afterwards by Surgeon Captain L. T. Jones, who was, like Dr. Barry, in charge of the conservancy of the City being at the same time Magistrate of the First Class. Appendix G shows the number of nuisance cases disposed of by the Magistrates during the year under report. As many as, 821 prosecutions were once pending before the Magistrate during the year under report. Colonel O. M. Creagh, Chairman of the Plague Committee, ordered these prosecutions to be withdrawn in the month of March 1898 in view of the disappearance of Plague from the city, and as a relief to people. The fines under Police Act ( IV of 1800 ) and the Conveyance Act ( VI of 1863 ) amounted to Rs. 776-10-3 and 117-12-0 respectively, as against Rs. 624-1-0 and 159-12-0 in 1896-97. It may be remarked in connection with this subject that the amounts mentioned above do not represent the whole of the fines levied in the year; all the fines levied in the first part of the year are credited into the Government Treasury in payment of the Municipal share, which amounts to Rs. 624 a year, of the cost of additional establishment sanctioned by Government for the City Magistrate's offic. The fines were remitted to the Municipality after the amount of Rs. 624 was made up.

37. *Interest on investment.*—The whole of the income of the Municipality being spent on public works there were no funds to invest.

38. *Grants from Government.*—The amount entered under this head represents the grants made by Government towards the Municipal schools as below :—

	1895-96	1896-97.	1897-98
( 1 ) Primary schools.....	8,241- 0-0	6,687-13-1.	6,698- 8- 0
( 2 ) Technical „ .....	891-15-1	1,618- 2-7.	1,040- 0-11
( 3 ) Building „ ... , ...	10,815- 0-0	219-15-6.	0- 0- 0
	19,947-15-1	8,525-15-2	7,738- 8-11

39. Local funds on lands in the Municipal area amounted to Rs. 183-6-2 as against Rs. 196-3-6 in 1896-97. The Mamlatdar collects the cess and pays into the Municipal Treasury the share due to the Municipality.

40. *Contributions.*—There was no income under this head during the year under report.

41. *Revenue on account of services rendered to private persons.*—This consists of fees charged for the use of Municipal tools by private persons, which amounted to Rs. 55-9-9 as against Rs. 101-7-0 in 1896-97.

42. *Other items.*—This consists of deposits lapsing to the Municipality and of fees received for comparing copies of Municipal record asked for by private individuals, both of which amounted to Rs. 524-4-3, and of Rs. 87-6-0 received by Municipal servants as Bhata for appearing as witnesses civil and other court on behalf of the Municipality and credited to the Municipal Fund.

43. *Loan from Government.*—Rs. 25,000 represent the amount of loan, granted by Government, on the application of this Municipality, under act XI of 1879 and the Rules framed thereunder, as per G. R. No. 2,431 dated the 2nd June 1897, bearing interest at 4 per cent per annum and repayable in five years or in 10 half-yearly equal instalments of Rs. 2,783-1-7, for the purpose of carrying out measures necessary for the suppression of plague and improvement of the sanitation of Poona.

44. *Advances.*—Rs. 2,000 represent the amount returned by Contractor Gopal Ramji Waikar, to whom the amount was advanced, pending the settlement of his claims for work done by him.

45. *Deposits.*—The deposits amounted to Rs. 26,068-10-4 on the 31st March 1898, while they had amounted to Rs. 36,366-14-4 in 1896-97. The decrease is due to ordinary fluctuations in transactions.

46. To sum up the description of the receipts, the total income in 1897-98 was Rs. 303,506-6-4 as against Rs. 329,201-6-0 in 1896-97, showing a decrease of Rs. 25,694-15-8. The detailed causes of increase and decrease having been noted in the preceding paragraphs, no further explanation would appear necessary. The following

statement will, however, prove interesting, as comparing the several items and their relative proportions to each other and to the whole :—

Sources.	1896-97.			1897-98.		
	Amount.		Per-centage.	Amount.		Per-centage.
A. Municipal Rates and other taxes ...	2,41,424	2 10	73·34	1,89,345	14 8	62·39
B. Realizations under special acts ...	1,463	1 9	·44	1,320	12 0	·44
C. Revenue derived from Municipal property and powers apart from taxation. } ...	37,767	15 9	11·47	51,181	14 3	16·86
D. Grants and contributions for general and special purposes. } ...	10,727	6 8	3·26	7,921	15 1	2 61
E. Miscellaneous ...	1,049	4 8	·52	667	4 0	·21
F. Extraordinary and debt ...	86,769	6 4	11·17	53,068	10 4	17·49
Total...	3,29,201	6 0	100.	3,03,506	6 4	100

47. The following table will show the financial position of the Municipa-

HEAD OF REVENUE.	1886-87.			1887-88.			1888-89.			1889-90.			1890-91.			
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	P.	
<i>A.—Municipal Rates and Taxes—</i>																
1. Octroi .....	1,26,301	10	3	1,22,173	4	1	1,32,249	7	11	1,15,087	12	2	1,21,416	15	11	
2. Tax on Houses and Lands...	25,679	1	4	22,736	1	2	18,762	12	2	20,654	15	11	19,715	2	7	
3 Taxes on Animals & Vehicles	4,112	2	0	6,382	12	0	4,112	8	0	4,400	6	0	3,932	10	6	
4. Tax on Professions .....	1,589	6	0	1,492	8	0	1,306	0	0	1,269	14	0	1,303	12	0	
5. Tolls (on Roads and Ferries)																
6. Water-rate .....	18,167	2	0	18,462	0	0	18,233	10	0	20,687	12	0	20,125	10	0	
7. Lighting-rate...																
8. Conservancy (including Sca- venging and Latrine rate.)	31,161	0	4	28,471	7	0	23,146	2	5	22,630	9	9	21,895	13	6	
9. Others .....	7,802	11	6	7,658	11	7	7,612	5	10	10,550	18	11	9,771	4	5	
<i>B.—Realizations under Special Acts</i>																
1. Pounds .....	2,305	6	1	1,239	15	5	1,603	13	6	1,395	0	8	652	4	9	
2. Hackney-carriages .....																
3. Licenses for sale of spirits and drugs .....																
4. Others .....																
<i>C.—Revenue derived from Municip- al property and power apart from taxation.</i>																
1. Rents of lands, houses .....	516	14	0	348	1	0	436	10	0	441	15	10	742	8	1	
2. Sale proceeds of lands and produce of lands &c.....	131	14	0	151	0	0	183	6	0	104	10	0	226	6	0	
3. Conservancy Receipts (other than taxes and rates) .....	50,981	0	0	50,035	12	0	26,478	8	0	36,201	8	0	46,999	0	0	
4. Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions ...	4,686	11	0	4,523	14	4	4,874	4	0	4,452	14	6	4,119	5	6	
5. Fees and Revenue from Medical institutions																
6. " " Markets	1,215	9	0	7,492	3	6	10,388	12	2	9,449	5	4	9,420	6	9	
" " Slaughter-houses.	1,487	7	0	1,251	7	0	1,225	5	6	1,211	8	0	1,305	14	0	
7. Fees and Revenue from Tramways .....																
8. Other fees .....																
9. Fines under Municipal and other Acts .....	455	2	0	219	10	0	359	2	0	211	15	0	1,219	15	0	
10. Interest on Investments...													1,200	0	0	
11. Premium on Loans .....																
<i>D.—Grants and Contributions (for general and special purposes)</i>																
1. From Government .....	3,684	8	0	3,746	9	7	4,185	14	9	4,501	12	7	3,947	8	0	
2. From Local Funds .....													255	6	19	
3. Others .....																
<i>E.—Miscellaneous—</i>																
1. Recoveries on account of services rendered to private individuals .....														81	8	6
2. Other items.....	2,214	1	1	2,493	12	9	2,867	3	8	3,354	10	6	1,106	7	11	
<i>F.—Extraordinary and Debt—</i>																
1. Sale proceeds of Government Securities and withdrawal from Savings Bank.....																
2. Loans .....																
" from Government .....																
" raised in the Market from private individuals .....																
3. Realizations of Sinking Fund for repayment of loans																
4. Advances—(a) Permanent.																
(b) Others.....																
5. Deposits .....	42,735	2	4	8,790	6	3	8,561	0	0	12,362	15	11	16,555	8	2	
<b>Grand Total.....</b>	<b>3,25,226</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2,87,579</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2,66,586</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>2,68,970</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,86,561</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	

lity since 1886-87.

1891-92.			1892-93.			1893-94.			1894-95.			1895-96.			1896-97.			1897-98.			
Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
1,25,642	4	9	1,18,447	2	5	1,23,517	2	9	1,47,291	8	10	1,51,568	6	9	1,43,476	12	11	1,05,636	11	2	
23,480	8	7	27,674	2	5	31,384	7	9	27,398	11	7	27,809	0	10	28,162	6	1	26,064	9	2	
2,811	2	0	5,127	3	0	4,461	13	6	4,929	3	10	5,035	12	0	5,779	0	0	5,425	8	0	
1,444	14	0	1,800	2	0	973	0	0	1,128	14	0	1,264	14	0	768	12	0	96	12	6	
23,464	3	9	24,096	2	0	21,757	12	0	22,326	0	10	28,899	0	0	26,797	5	4	22,393	2	0	
23,448	13	8	27,705	6	8	35,103	5	0	27,944	15	5	27,193	2	5	27,093	12	4	24,003	15	2	
9,807	1	9	9,852	5	7	10,941	15	10	11,154	12	3	12,169	14	7	9,406	2	2	5,725	5	2	
715	13	0	1,074	11	0	1,061	0	6	1,211	3	6	1,214	3	6	1,463	1	9	1,320	12	0	
226	11	6	185	15	0	165	6	0	205	10	0	14	14	0	0	0	0				
772	15	11	1,019	5	6	790	13	11	1,101	1	2	1,109	4	1	720	15	0	541	8	11	
665	14	3	503	7	3	821	0	10	1,263	6	0	713	9	6	644	0	8	664	11	9	
39,383	4	0	47,628	8	0	44,093	0	0	31,795	8	0	26,473	8	0	13,333	0	0	24,852	8	9	
4,263	9	9	4,094	1	0	4,123	7	0	4,354	6	3	4,378	6	4	4,108	10	6	1,751	4	7	
11,262	11	6	11,437	1	8	13,589	10	3	13,918	13	9	17019	0	0	16,916	7	1	15,244	7	9	
1,480	15	0	1,537	6	0	1,510	13	0	1,815	12	6										
1,173	6	7	1,818	14	4	3,39	10	3	1,254	2	10	1,809	0	3	2,044	14	6	8	127	4	6
800	0	0																			
3,822	0	0	5,659	6	3	11,970	6	4	5,656	0	0	19,947	15	1	8,525	15	2	7,738	8	11	
217	15	11	283	8	10	225	4	0	189	8	0	204	12	2	196	3	6	183	6	2	
6,360	6	2	300	0	0	0	0	0	169	0	0	30	8	0	2,005	4	0				
365	3	3	247	2	2	291	10	2	289	11	3	106	10	3	101	7	0	55	9	9	
429	7	3	553	0	3	832	12	11	313	8	8	435	9	7	947	13	8	611	10	3	
																		25,000			
												50	0	0	75	0	0				
												2,000	0	0	327	8	0	2,000	0	0	
11,239	6	10	15,038	6	8	20,609	1	0	36,556	13	6	38,913	11	4	36,366	14	4	26,068	10	4	
2,93,278	13	5	3,05,882	6	0	3,31,203	9	0	3,42,268	12	2	3,68,361	2	8	3,29,201	6	0	3,03,506	6	4	

## VIII. Expenditure.

48. The following table gives the details of expenditure in the year under report, as compared with that of the previous year.

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Expenditure in 1895-96.			Expenditure in 1896-97.			Expenditure in 1897-98.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>A—General Administration and Collection Charges :—</i>															
1. General administration office Establishment, Inspection, Honorary Magistrate's Establishment, &c. ....	18,482	13	8	16,844	2	4	17,127	13	9	283	11	5	0	0	0
2. Collection of taxes, including Bonded Ware-houses (Establishment, purchase of account-books and papers, money-boxes, repairs to outposts, &c.) .....	19,008	9	0	19,005	9	5	17,969	12	10	0	0	0	2,025	12	7
3. Collection of tolls on roads and ferries .....															
4. Survey of land .....															
5. Refunds .....	21,869	2	8	24,764	12	0	10,208	4	1	0	0	0	14,466	8	8
6. Pensions and gratuities .....	72	0	0	86	2	0							86	2	0
<i>B—Public safety.</i>															
1. Fire (Establishment, purchase of fire engines, buckets repairs &c.) .....	6,032	5	10	3,208	4	8	2,915	7	3	0	0	0	382	13	5
2. Lighting (Establishment, purchase of lamps and oil, repairs &c.) .....	19,330	9	2	17,431	12	8	9,574	1	9	0	0	0	7,857	10	11
3. Police (Establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns &c, repairs to outposts, &c.) .....	701	9	6	281	14	11	16	4	0	0	0	0	265	10	2
4. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes.....	70	6	8	35	3	4	71	15	8	36	12	4	0	0	0
<i>C—Public Health and convenience</i>															
1. Water-supply { Capital outlay .....	23,848	6	8	13,824	5	4	13,590	11	3	0	0	0	233	10	1
Establishment &c..	3,907	15	3	4,004	3	9	3,640	14	11	0	0	0	363	4	10
2. Drainage. { Capital outlay .....	3,150	4	10	107	5	7	7	14	6	0	0	0	99	7	1
Establishment repairs &c.	8,585	14	2	7,262	1	1	6,893	1	9	0	0	0	368	15	4
3. Conservancy (including Road cleaning and watering and Latrines.) .....	93,508	14	11	88,000	13	5	89,867	15	3	1,867	1	10	0	0	0
4. Hospitals and Dispensaries.	18,451	1	2	21,602	11	7	29,025	4	4	7,422	8	9	0	0	0
5. Vaccination .....	1,474	5	0	1,419	1	5	1,271	6	9	0	0	0	147	10	8
6. Markets and slaughter houses	15,800	14	10	8,418	2	3	8,817	6	9	399	4	6	0	0	0
7. Pounds .....	463	14	7	409	14	6	558	1	0	58	2	6	0	0	0
8. Dak-bungalows and serais..															
9. Arboriculture, Public gardens, and experimental cultivation.....	436	7	3	441	5	6	375	8	9	0	0	0	65	12	9
10. Registration of Births and Deaths.....	357	5	9	311	6	9	251	11	6	0	0	0	59	11	3
11. Public Works .....															
(i) Establishment .....	4,225	6	2	4,456	12	5	4,460	0	0	3	3	7	0	0	0
(ii) Buildings.....	713	14	7	117	6	0	289	11	3	172	5	3	0	0	0
(iii) Roads.....	46,782	8	1	20,594	1	3	14,068	6	6	0	0	0	6,525	10	9
(iv) Stores.....	197	12	10	156	1	9	93	12	6	0	0	0	62	5	3

## Expenditure (continued from the preceding page.)

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	Expenditure in 1895-96.			Expenditure in 1896-97.			Expenditure in 1897-98.			Increase.			Decrease.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
<i>D—Public Instruction.—</i>															
1. Schools and Colleges.....	52,805	1	9	29,338	9	9	23,070	5	8	0	0	0	6,268	4	1
2. Contributions.....	1,783	0	0	851	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	851	0	0
3. Libraries, Museums, Menageries.....	3,066	13	0	623	9	6	435	12	1	0	0	0	187	13	5
<i>E—Contributions.—</i>															
For General purposes.....	2,070	0	0	2,070	0	0	2,070	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>F—Miscellaneous—</i>															
1. Interest on loans															
{ Previous year.....															
{ Current year.....							266	13	7	266	13	7	0	0	0
2. Discount.....															
3. Actual cost of work done for private individuals.....															
4. Other items.															
Addresses.....	1,025	13	10	0	0	0	648	1	4	648	1	4	0	0	0
Census.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plates to carriages.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Election.....	434	8	4	80	0	3	677	1	7	597	1	4	0	0	0
Nos. to Houses.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Law Charges.....	907	7	5	658	6	3	1,649	7	3	991	1	0	0	0	0
Correcting the City Survey Map.....	411	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<i>G—Extraordinary and Debt.—</i>															
1. Investments—															
(a) Securities ( other than for Sinking Fund ).....															
(b) In Savings Bank.....															
2. Payments to Sinking Fund.....															
3. Repayment of loans.....															
4. Advances—															
(a) Permanent.....	0	0	0	5,000	0	0	700	0	0	0	0	0	4,300	0	0
(b) Other.....															
5. Deposits.....	36,255	6	5	40,467	0	2	50,289	3	2	9,822	3	0	0	0	0
Grand Total ...	4,05,150	2	6	3,33,045	4	7	3,10,992	7	9	22,568	6	5	44,621	3	3



49. *General Administration, Office Establishment.*—The expenditure under this head consists of Establishment :—The President's establishment costing Rs. 93, the Secretary's Rs. 6,653-10-10 which includes Rs. 400 paid to the acting Secretary who was employed for two months in the absence of the permanent Secretary on leave, the accountant's Rs. 1,020-8-7, the auditor's Rs. 600, the store's Rs. 705-2-2, the Press Rs. 480, the special Magistrate's Rs. 1,128-12-11, the clock winder Rs. 150, Office rent Rs. 861-0-0, and contingencies Rs. 5,420-11-3, total Rs. 17,127-13-9 as against Rs. 16,844-2-4 in 1896-97. The increase of Rs. 283-11-5 is due to the salary of the acting Secretary for two months at Rs. 200 and less money spent on other establishments.

50. *Collection of Municipal Taxes.*—This item includes the cost of establishment at the 17 Octroi toll bars, for 9 Wards for the collection of assessed taxes, in the office of the Secretary and a few hands in the Honorary Magistrate's office, and other charges, such as contingencies, bonus, and building of, and repairs to Toll-bars &c. By means of these the Municipality collected Rs. 55,594-0-4 as house, bhangi and wheel tax, and Rs. 1,34,920-9-9 as octroi duty. The cost of establishment is Rs. 8-11-2 and Rs. 7-4-8 per cent of the income respectively from the assessed taxes and Octroi, the establishments having cost Rs. 4,836-9-9 and 9,843-2-0 respectively. The Octroi Nakas were repaired at a cost of Rs. 103-4-0.

51. *Refunds.*—Rs. 10,298-4-1 represents the amount of refunds of Octroi duty due on goods exported out of Municipal limits under the refund rules. In 1896-97 the refunds amounted to Rs. 24,764-12-9, in 1895-96 Rs. 24,809-2-8. The decrease of Rs. 14,466-8-8 is due to the fact that during the year under report all the demands for refunds were not satisfied as funds were not available for that purpose.

52. *Pensions and Gratuities.*—No expenditure was incurred under this head during the year under report.

53. *Public Safety.*—The expenditure on fire consists of the cost of establishment, *i. e.* three Steam Engine drivers, 12 Fire Engine Lascars engaged on three steam and four manual Engines, which was Rs. 1,592-2-7. Rs. 307-5-6 were spent on contingencies, which represent expenditure on the purchase of coal, wood, oil, waste cotton for the three steam fire engines and leather straps, washers for the manual fire engines, and coolies and other establishment engaged for assisting at extinguishing operations, Rs. 461 on the purchase of hoses, and Rs. 308-7-11 on repairs to Fire Engines; the number of fire plugs put up at different places in order to make water available at convenient places for extinguishing fires, was the same, as in 1896-97, *viz.* 893.

54. The Fire Engine Chaoki in Budhwar, the construction of which was commenced in 1895-96, remained incomplete for want of funds.

55. Telephonic communication was introduced by the Municipality in 1890-91. Telephones and appliances cost up to the end of the year 1895-96 Rs. 1,951-13-9. No additional Telephones and appliances were purchased in 1896-97 and 1897-98. The total length of the wire maintained is more than four miles, for which the Municipality has to pay rent to Government at Rs. 20 per half mile. Rs. 180 were paid as rent for the year under report. Rs. 58-6-6 were spent on establishment and contingencies in connection with Telephones, which have proved very useful in giving immediate information of fires to people in charge of the engines in different Peths.

56. It will thus appear that the Municipality spent during the year under report nearly 3,000 Rs. on the protection of properties and lives from fire. Appendix M shows the number of fires that took place in the year under report. There was

no loss of life. Of these 20 fires two were large ones. One near the Lakdipul to the west of the City, which broke out in a Timber Depot on 17th January 1898 and consumed nearly the whole of its contents together with the surrounding buildings, causing a loss of about Rs. 26,000, and the other in a large wada, known as Fadke's wada in Rawiwar Peth, on the 14th March 1898, when a large portion of what had been saved from the fire, which had taken place in the same building some years ago was destroyed. The loss from this fire is estimated at Rs. 50,000. The total loss of property from fires, that occurred in 1897-98, was estimated at Rs. 80,166. Almost all parts of the City being now connected with the fire Engine Stations by means of Telephones, Fire Engines arrive at the scene of fire within a very short time, and as a rule the Steam Fire Engines succeed in checking the progress of fire and getting it under control within a few minutes of their arrival on the spot.

57. *Lighting.*—At the commencement of the year 1897-98 there were 1,441 street lamps. No additional lamps were put up in 1897-98. In 1897-98 the number of lamps was reduced to 808 with a view to curtail expenditure under this head. These lamps were maintained by 39 lamp lighters, and 2 Mokadams. The expenditure on lighting consists of the cost of establishment, which was Rs. 2,650-5-7, of oil purchased for Rs. 6,743-11-8, and of chimneys, wicks and wick-holders &c. purchased for Rs. 180-0-6. Thus the total expenditure on street lighting was Rs. 9,574-1-9, as against Rs. 17,431-12-8. The decrease of Rs. 7,857-10-11 is due to the reduction made in the number of lamps. Vide appendix N.

58. *Repairs to Police Chaokis.*—The expenditure actually incurred on repairs to Police Chaokis was Rs. 16-4-9 in the year under report, as against Rs. 281-14-11 in 1896-97. The bills for Rs. 429-6-11 for repairs executed to the Police chaokis in the year under report were not paid in the year. This is a new charge thrown on the Municipality by the Police Act. The Municipality is asked to repair the Chaokis in the Municipal limits. The work was done under protest as the Municipality does not admit its liability to the charge thrown on it, as Municipalities were relieved of all Police charges by the Government of India in consideration of the educational charges thrown on them.

59. *Rewards for the destruction of wild animals.*—This expenditure consists of the cost of destroying stray dogs, which are killed by means of strychnia powders mixed with wheat and ghee. Rs. 71-15-8 were spent in 1897-98, Rs. 35-3-4 in 1896-97, Rs. 70-6-8 in 1895-96, Rs. 70-7-8 in 1894-95, Rs. 151-3-8 in 1893-94 and Rs. 204-9-8 in 1892-93. The gradual decrease in the expenditure with the exception of the year under report shews that the number of stray dogs in the City is decreasing every year. This work is done by the Police, the Municipality supplying the necessary articles. It may be noted here that no claim for rewards for the destruction of snakes was received, though the Municipality is willing to give rewards and has given publicity to this fact. It is, moreover, not very likely that in a populated City like Poona there would be many snakes or any body would exert himself in expectation of rewards, when labour is better paid in other directions.

60. *Water-Supply. Capital outlay.*—There are five sources of water-supply for the area under the administration of this Municipality, *viz.*, Raste's, Nana Fadanavis' and Chondhari's wells, and Katraj and Khadakwasla lakes. Out of these the first two are private ones, maintained by private persons, *viz.*, by the Raste's and the family of the well-known Nana Fadanavis. The Chondhari's water-works have been purchased by the Municipality. The Katraj works are in charge of the Municipality. The

Khadakwasla lake belongs to Government. The Municipality draws 7,50,000 gallons of water from the canal daily. The Nana Fadanavis' well feeds two Hands, which are open to the public. The Raste's aqueduct feeds one Hand in Raste's Wada. Besides these there are many private, and a few public wells, which supply water for washing and other purposes.

61. Rs. 12,831-10-7 were paid to Government as water rate for the Canal water supplied by the Irrigation Department during the year under report as against Rs. 10,000 paid in 1896-97. The increase is due to payment made on account of 50,34,300 gallons in April and 44,65,400 gallons in May last, drawn in excess of the stipulated quantity, which is 7,50,000 gallons per diem. Appendix O shows the consumption of water from the Khadakwasla Canal in the year under report.

62. When more than 19 years back the water-mains were originally laid, the number of house-connections fed by them was very small. It has, however, greatly increased latterly, making it absolutely necessary to substitute pipes of larger dimensions for smaller ones. Rs. 122-0-11 were spent on the cistern in Pangul Ali in Ganesh Peith. No more money was spent on the improvement of water-supply in the year under report for want of funds.

63. The Katraj Tank, which supplies water to some parts of the town, had Rs. 636-15-9 spent on it in the year under report, as against Rs. 1,788-2-6 spent in 1896-97.

64. *Establishment.*—The establishment on water-works consists of one temporary Inspector, seven turn-cocks, one fitter, and one diver, which cost in the year under report Rs. 1,014-10-8, as against Rs. 1,044-12-5 in 1896-97. An Inspector was engaged for 6 months to regulate and economise the water-supply, and to attend to complaints from house-owners regarding insufficiency or stoppage of water-supply.

65. *Repairs.*—The repairs to water-works cost Rs. 2,618-4-6 and consisted of repairs to public stand-pipes, water-mains, repairs to stop-valves, removal of moss from the river, and cleaning of public cisterns and keeping them in good order. In 1896-97 the expenditure on this head was Rs. 2,833-4-0.

66. From the foregoing it will appear that the total cost to the Municipality on account of water-supply, including new water pipes, stand-pipes, repairs to Katraj Tanks and water rates to Government, was Rs. 17,231-10-2, as against Rs. 17,828-9-1 in 1896-97, Rs. 27,756-5-11 in 1895-96, and Rs. 24,700-10-1 in 1894-95.

67. *Drainage-Capital Outlay.*—With reference to the question of new drains it may be remembered that the Municipality has submitted the drainage question—the schemes prepared by Colonel Ducat and Rao Bahadur G. A. Bhat, M. A. L. C. E.—to Government for favour of their advice as regards the most suitable mode of draining Poona, and until that question is disposed of in a satisfactory manner and the sites for sewage farms finally selected, the Municipality cannot undertake the construction of new drains on a very large scale. Drains are, however, constructed in localities where they can no longer be held over without danger to public health.

68. Some new U shaped gutters were built during the year under report. Many drains and gutters were, however, improved during the year under report. The

katcha road-side gutters in Pangulali, 100', near the Bridge 31', in Nade Ali 80' and behind Dulia Marati 89', all in Ganesh Peth, and from house No. 557 in Nana's Peith to 375 in Rastias Peith, 117' were made Paka Khandki gutters; those in Nana's Peith, near Kabirpant's "math" 36', in Kumbhar Ali 103', near Mohabat Sha's Takia 106'-9" and Doke's Talim 61'-9" were treated similarly. The gutters from Chambhar's Kundi in Ghorpade's Peith 178', from Dedgonkar's house in Ganj Peith 166', and the Mahar Mangs' pipe 210', at Lakad Khana in Sadashiv Peith 25'-7", north of house No. 400, 703' in Somwar, in Dhangar Ali, Narayan Peith 227'-6", near Bag Depot in Shukrawar 88'-9", were also made Paka Khandki gutters. For the carriage of foul water from public latrines drains were provided to the following Latrines of the lengths given against them. Drain from the Latrine behind Agyari, 29'-3", Hamalwada 73'-3" in Nana's Peith, Mahar Wada latrine 88'-9", Bhangi Pul latrine 172', latrine behind Telis house, 65'-9" in Mangalwar, Bhati Gate latrine 4'-6", in Rastia's Peith Kumbhar Ali latrine 10'-6", Chinchechi latrine in Ganj 23'.

69. *Establishment and repairs to drains.*—In a portion of the City there are underground drains built by the Peshwas, with which the house and privy "moris" are connected. They get choked in places and require to be annually repaired and kept clean, by removing silt therefrom. The expenditure on this account was in 1897-98 Rs. 5,442-4-6 as against Rs. 5,657-7-7 in 1896-97. The road-side gutters were also repaired and cleansed for the monsoon at a cost of Rs. 1450-13-3 as against Rs. 1,604-9-6 in the previous year. The decrease is due to less work done in the year under report.

70. *Conservancy, including Road-cleaning, Road-watering, Latrines, &c.*—Conservancy is a very comprehensive head and requires to be divided into sub-heads, which are as under :—

	1893-94.			1894-95.			1895-96.			1896-97.			1897-98.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
A. General supervising establishment.	8,196	13	7	8,414	6	10	8,558	8	10	8,146	12	1	7,779	3	7
B. Road-cleaning ...	12,871	4	0	12,643	11	8	14,514	4	4	14,040	4	11	19,198	9	7
C. Bhangi Service ...	51,474	5	5	51,634	13	9	52,046	14	9	51,522	15	2	48,943	14	3
D. Night Soil Depot.	17,515	14	7	13,830	12	3	13,179	14	3	10,570	0	1	10,290	13	7
E. Latrines ...	1,295	6	11	1,989	0	0	1,438	0	5	574	4	11	2,415	9	11
F. Urinals ...	76	3	2	430	8	6	94	13	8	232	3	2	104	3	4
G. Road-watering ...	4,122	11	0	2,970	12	10	3,681	12	1	2,914	5	1	1,135	9	0
Total Rs.,.....	95,552	10	8	91,914	1	10	93,508	14	11	88,000	13	5	89,867	15	3

The table will show that during the year under report the Municipal outlay on Conservancy was Rs. 89,867-15-3 as against Rs. 88,000-13-5 in 1896-97, Rs. 93,508-14-11 in 1895-96, Rs. 91,914-1-0 in 1894-95, Rs. 95,552-10-8 in 1893-94. It will be seen that the Municipality spent in each of these 5 years more than  $\frac{1}{4}$  of its net revenue on the sanitation of the City.

71. The general supervising establishment, as sanctioned by the Commissioner C. D., consists of one Health officer 6 Ward Inspectors and 33 Mokadams. The cost of this establishment in 1897-98 was Rs. 7,779-3-7 as against Rs. 8,146-12-1 in 1896-97. Besides this Establishment, a large temporary establishment consisting of (1) Mokadams and Inspectors selected from pensioned military native officers and others, and (2) European soldiers the loan of whose services was obtained on payment of allowances from the Military Department. The cost of the latter establishment was charged to Plague. The establishment was under the supervision of the Health Officer and the general control of Surgeon Major J. P. Barry for a part of the year, and subsequently of Surgeon Captain J. L. T. Jones, who were in supervisory charge of the sanitation of the city, under the general orders of the Plague Committee.

72. Road-cleaning is done by means of 187 Road-sweepers, who sweep and clean road-side spaces, lanes, open spaces, &c. and collect and deposit the sweepings in dust-bins, which are provided at 483 places. The house-owners also throw house-sweepings therein. The pay of the sweepers varies from Rs. 4 to 5, according to the length of their service in the Municipality. Those who have served more than 5 years get Rs. 5 per mensem.

73. The work of removing the contents of dust-bins every day is done by contract. The contractor removes all rubbish out of the City and delivers over to the Municipality 2500 cubic feet of rubbish every day at the Ash Depot and appropriates the rest for his own use. The rubbish is burnt into ashes, which are used in manufacturing pondrette. The Municipality provides the contractor with 30 rubbish carts without bullocks. If he wants more he employs them at his expense.

74. Besides the cost of establishment for this work, which was Rs. 10,394-6-5, the Municipality spent Rs. 1,329-2-10 on repairing 57 old rubbish carts, which were sent to the work-shop 273 times for repairs; 86 new dust-bins were made in the year under report at a cost of Rs. 643-7-4. 367 old dust-bins were repaired at a cost of Rs. 587-12-7. Rs. 6,243-12-7 were paid to the contractor for the removal of rubbish out of the city as against Rs. 1,645-0-0 paid to him for his work in 1896-97. The additional amount of Rs. 4,598-12-5 paid to him for 1897-98, is due to the fact that during the year there was a great scarcity of labour and fodder, on account of famine and plague, and there was also heavy strain laid on him on account of the plague operations. In consequence of this the contractor suffered losses, to compensate him for which to a reasonable extent, he was paid in the year under report an additional amount. The total expenditure on this head was Rs. 19,198-9-7.

75. *Bhangi Service.*—The Bhangi establishment consists of 320 Bhangis, who are paid from Rs. 7 to 9 per month. They serve all public and private latrines, of which there were in the year under report 79 with 395 seats and 7997 respectively. It is also the duty of Bhangis to patrol streets, lanes, and open spaces, and to keep them clean. In addition to the Bhangis serving privies, public and private, there is an establishment of 20 Tikriwalas at Rs. 5 each, who are engaged for removing filth deposited by the side of streets by children easing themselves there, and one Pakhal Bhisti and 23 bullock-carts, engaged for the removal of sullage from the undrained portions of the City. In addition to this establishment additional sullage carts to the extent of 20 were engaged according to requirements.

76. The Bhangis remove night soil by means of iron drums from privies and empty them into Iron Barrel Carts, placed in different parts of the City. When full, these

carts are removed by bullocks and drivers, provided by a contractor, who charged Rs. 34-0-0 a month for a pair of bullocks and a driver, to the Night Soil Depot, which is about 3 miles south of Poona.

77. The cost of Bhangi Establishment amounted in the year under report to Rs. 33,778-1-11 as against Rs. 34,634-1-11 in 1896-97. The removal of night soil to the Depot in iron barrel carts cost Rs. 10,276-14-7 as against Rs. 9,844-11-9 in the previous year. The iron barrel carts require constant repairs. The existing night soil carts, which are 82 in number, were repaired in the aggregate 800 times and the urinal carts, which are 45, were repaired similarly 297 times at a cost of Rs. 4,307-14-6. During the year under report iron drums were used in the place of bamboo baskets. They are liquid tight and their covers are well fitted so as to be air tight and less objectionable to the sight.

78. *Night Soil Depot.*—As mentioned in para 76 night soil is removed to the Depot at Bibiâchi Wadi. It is deposited in pans, of which there were 220 on the 31st of March last, 142 of which are covered with grass chapars for use in the rainy season. Night soil is mixed with ashes exposed to sun and air, and turned into pondrette, which is sold by public auction in heaps. A portion of the night soil is buried into trenches, which are covered over with rubbish, in the rainy season, when the sun drying process cannot be attempted on account of wet weather. Night soil thrown into trenches is allowed to remain there well covered over with good rubbish till the end of November every year, when it is mixed with ashes, allowed to dry, and made into heaps, and sold along with other pondrette. It may be mentioned here that the latter kind of pondrette is not very popular with cultivators, who offer comparatively lower prices for it. This system means loss of revenue to the Municipality, but the process is followed in the monsoon only with a view to prevent the Depot from becoming a nuisance to the public.

79. In the year under report 533 tons of night soil were, with the necessary quantity of ashes, made into 986 heaps of manure, these and the balance of 244 heaps, that were on hand on the 1st of April 1897, were sold for Rs. 24,455-8-0, leaving a balance, on the 31st March 1898, of 17 heaps to be disposed of in 1898-99.

80. The Night Soil Depot, though a source of a large income as mentioned above, is also a place that requires a large outlay of money, care, time, and attention, on the part of those responsible for keeping it in good order. In the year under report the Municipal expenditure on several works at the Depot amounted to Rs. 10,290-13-7, as against Rs. 10,570-0-1 in 1896-97. The Depot is under the immediate control of the Health officer ; the Secretary also looks after it. The Engineer looks after the works of repairs and construction. There is a small garden laid out there with a view to neutralise the smells arising therefrom by the help of trees, and to utilize the washings of the night soil carts.

81. In the year under report the usual precautions were taken to prevent the Depot from being a nuisance. Rs. 5,961-12-8 were spent on the establishment at the Depot, Rs. 183-6-3 on the rent of Depots, Rs. 1,719-8-1 on carting away ashes to the Night Soil Depot from that of ashes, Rs. 392-7-6 on repairs to pans, Rs. 277-1-5 on repairs to roads to the Depot, Rs. 240-3-9 on repairs to gutters, Rs. 1,227-15-6 on grass chapars put up to cover the pans in the monsoon, Rs. 127-0-1 on the Depot gardens, and Rs. 161-6-4 on repairs of pondrette carts, making a total of Rs. 10,290-13-7. As a consequence of these arrangements the Depot was found throughout the year under report

in a satisfactory condition by those who visited it. Surgeon Major Barry visited it on 2nd of April 1897, Dr. E. Redrow, on 18th of April 1897, and remarked that the system was excellent and that he would recommend it everywhere in Russia. Surgeon Captain J. L. T. Jones visited it 3 times on different occasions and found the system working satisfactorily. Surgeon Lieutenant Colonel A. W. F. Street, Deputy Sanitary Commissioner C. R. D., Dr. E. Marsh, and Dr. K. M. Hunter D. P. H. also visited it, the last of whom remarking that he was much impressed with the system and place and absence of smell.

82. The supervising establishment at the Night Soil and Ash Depots consists of an Inspector, four Mokadams, and two watchmen. In the monsoon, when it requires the greatest amount of care and attention, without which the Depot always threatens to prove a nuisance on account of the wet weather and the south-westerly winds then blowing, some extra agency is engaged to help the permanent staff. The cost of establishment at the Night Soil Depot and the Ash Depot, which is a necessary adjunct of the former, was, in the year under report, Rs. 5,961-12-8 as against Rs. 5,641-1-1 in 1896-97.

83. As mentioned in para 73 the contractor delivers over to the Municipality 2500 cubic feet of rubbish every day. Thus the Municipality had delivered in the year 1897-98 at the Depot on the Satara road 9,62,500 cubic feet of rubbish, the money value of which may be estimated at Rs. 24,062-8-0 at Rs. 2-8-0 a 100 cubic feet. ( During the plague Kumbhars did not care to purchase it even at half the price. The rate quoted is for ordinary times ). The whole quantity of this rubbish was burnt into ashes. At the commencement of the year under report there were 2674 cart-loads of ashes in store, while the year closed with 4489 cart-loads in stock. Thus in the year under report 15127 cart-loads of ashes were mixed with Night Soil in making manure. The ashes made at this place were transmitted to the Night Soil Depot at a cost Rs. 1719-8-1.

84. *Latrines—New.*—There are, as mentioned above, in the Municipal limits 79 public latrines at different places with a provision of 395 seats; in the year under report no new latrine was built.

85. *Latrines—Repairs to.*—The important item under this head is the pavement of latrines. With a view to prevent ablution-water soaking into the soil and to secure cleanliness in latrines, the Municipality has been for the last 7 years providing pavement to public latrines in the City. During the year under report the latrine in Kumbhar Ali, and that near Gundacha Ganpati, were paved at a cost of Rs. 138-3-3, and those near Mahar Wada, in Mouchi Ali, and behind the Teli's house were paved at a cost of Rs. 736-3-2. The latrine in Chambhar Ali in Ghorpade's Peit, that known as Chincheechi Latrine in Ganj Peith, and that near Katad Khana in Bhowani, were paved at a cost of Rs. 618-15-4. The latrine near the Metal factory in Shanwar, and those in Mang Ali and Limbalkar's lane, were paved at a cost of Rs. 362-8-2. The total quantity of pavement done to these latrines was 3,009 square feet and the total cost on its account was Rs. 1,855-13-11.

86. *Urinals.*—There are in the City 71 urinals provided at different places, the total length of which is 2718 running feet. No new urinal was built during the year under report. The old ones were repaired at a cost of Rs. 104-3-4.

87. *Road-watering.*—The important roads in the City are watered once a day in the morning in the cold weather and twice in the hot. The watering commenced on the 1st April 1897 and closed on 30th June 1897. It recommenced

on 1st of December 1897 and again closed on 31st March 1898. In the year under report the road-watering was done on an average by 10 carts at a cost of Rs. 1,135-9-0. With a view to diminish the strain on the street water-mains, from which water was previously drawn for the purpose, well-water is used for road-watering more largely, and pumps have been put up on some wells for supplying water for road-watering purposes.

88. The establishment of bullocks and drivers cost in the year under report Rs. 974-1-0 as against Rs. 2,370-7-3 in 1896-97. No new water carts were made during the year under report, but the old ones were repaired for Rs. 117-13-6.

89. *Hospitals and Dispensaries.*—Out of the five Dispensaries maintained by the Municipality in 1896-97, one in Shanwar Peith was retained in the year under report. The rest were closed—the one in Nana's Peith on 1st May 1897, the other in Kasba Peith on 4th March 1897, the third in Shukrawar on 1st April 1897, and the fourth Deshi Dawakhana, also in Shukrawar, on 1st November 1897.

90. Medical relief was granted at the Shanwar Peith dispensary to 9,358 patients during the year under report, as against 15,625 patients treated in the previous year. The cost incurred in the maintenance of the Dispensaries that were open in the year under report was as follows :—

	1897-98.			1896-97.			1895-96.		
Establishment .....	1928	12	2	5,616	6	3	5,033	6	6
Medicines .....	1980	10	7	2,694	4	8	5,399	10	5
House-rent.....	261	5	7	557	0	0	1,051	13	5
Total .....	4,170	12	4	8,867	10	11	11,484	14	4

The decrease of Rs. 4,696-14-7 and 7,314-2-0 as compared with the expenditure in 1896-97 and 1895-96, is due to reductions made in the number of Dispensaries for want of funds.

91. *The District Veterinary Dispensary.*—Rs. 240 represents the amount of contribution paid by the Municipality in aid of this institution, which has been established by Government.

92. *Infirm Asylum.*—Provision has also been made by the Municipality for the infirm. The Municipality hitherto made a contribution of Rs. 1,200 a year towards the maintenance of the Infirm Asylum, which is under the management of a Local Committee, with the Collector and District Magistrate of Poona as its President. But owing to the unsatisfactory financial condition of the Municipality the grant has been reduced to Rs. 50 a month at which rate it will be remitted from the date of intimation given to the institution about the proposed reduction. The asylum feeds and houses lepers the old, blind, and others requiring help. In the year under report the Municipality paid Rs. 1,000.



93. *Cholera*.—The following table shows the attacks and deaths from Cholera during the last 7 years.

	1891-92.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1897-98.
Attacks ... ..	529	361	226	181	60	489	943
Deaths ... ..	223	168	136	111	46	345	851

The 1st case of Cholera occurred in the city on the 11th May 1897, and there was no more case in that month. On the 3rd of June there were 5 attacks and 3 deaths, on the 4th there was one attack, and from the 9th attacks commenced to take place, daily throughout the month, with the exception of the 15th on which day there was no attack or death. In June the total number of attacks and deaths from cholera was 195 and 161 respectively. In July it prevailed throughout the month with greater severity; on the 13th of July there were 34 attacks and 32 deaths and on no date in this month the attacks and deaths were less than 8. The total mortality from cholera in July was 534. In August it began to decline, and in September it stopped on the 24th. Thus cholera commenced on 11th May 1897 and terminated on 24th September 1897, carrying away 851 souls. ( vide appendix W. )

94. This epidemic spread all over the city. Shukrawar stands at the top of the list where there were 137 attacks and 124 deaths; the next in order is Kasba Peth, where there were 122 attacks and 110 deaths. The 3rd is Bhamburda, a small hamlet beyond the river, included in the Municipal boundaries, wherein there were 95 attacks and 88 deaths. The fourth is Shanwar giving 82 attacks and 78 deaths, 5th Sadashiv, 78 attacks and 74 deaths, 6th Rawiwar, 64 attacks and 53 deaths, 7th Narayen Peth, 61 attacks and 52 deaths, 8th is Budhwar Peth, where there were 57 attacks and 51 deaths, and in other Peths the attacks and deaths were not more than 45 and 40 respectively.

95. The severity of the epidemic is clearly visible when the attacks are percentage, according to population. The village of Bhamburda, shows the highest percentage, viz., 2·8, of attacks and 2·6 of deaths. Next to it is Narayen Peth. In this Peth the attacks and deaths were 1·4 and 1·2 per cent., respectively. In Ghorpades Peth they were 1·2 and 1·2. The percentage of attacks and deaths in Shanwar, Kasba, and Ganesh was ·9 and ·8, in Shukrawar and Budhwar it was ·8 and ·8, in Sadashiv and Gunj, ·8 and ·7, in Nann's ·6 and ·6, in Mangalwar and Rawiwar ·6 and ·5, in Somwar, ·5 and ·3, in Gultekdi, Nihal, Bhawani, and Vetal, ·4 and ·4. Rastia's Peth, which suffered much from plague, suffered much less from cholera. The percentage of attacks and deaths in this Peth was ·2 and ·2 respectively. Mnsafer Jung was free from this epidemic.

96. It would appear very strange that cholera should have appeared in the city at a time, when utmost care was taken by Special Sanitary Officers to keep the city in a very clean state, in defiance of the enormous expenditure their sanitary measures entailed; as a matter of fact, plague went down in the month of June 1897 from 60 attacks in May to 9 attacks, and to 11 attacks in July—but in the latter two months cholera ran to a very high figure, there being in those months 195 and 579 attacks respectively. It is a common belief that choleric and plague germs develop in the damp and dirty condition of the soil, if that be so, the abatement of one epidemic and the outburst of another under the same sanitary condition would appear to be beyond all explanation. The statement given in para 93 of this report will go to show that for the

five years previous to the advent of plague, that is during the alleged insanitary condition of this city, the average number of deaths due to cholera was 137 ; also that the deaths due to the same cause in 1897-98 the year under report, *after* the city had undergone a thorough cleansing at the hands of experts who literally spared neither labour nor money to achieve sanitary reforms, the number ran up to 551. How far an outbreak of an epidemic may be *by itself* assumed safely an index to the sanitary condition of a town is a problem which is yet unsolved.

97. No special establishment was entertained to stamp out cholera, as sanitary arrangements made for the suppression of plague exactly suited for cholera also; under one of these arrangements, deaths in the city were scrupulously scrutinised by personal examination of corpses by European Doctors, and no corpse was allowed to be burned or buried unexamined.

98. *Plague.—Mortality from its 1st appearance in the city to 31st March 1897.*—From the 30th of September 1896, as soon as plague cases were discovered in Bombay, arrangements were made in consultation with the Suburban Municipality to appoint a medical officer at the railway-station to examine passengers coming from Bombay and to send cases of Plague, if any, to the Sassoon Hospital for treatment. The Medical officer thus appointed did his duty as far as possible in the absence of any legal powers to remove against his will any plague-stricken person to the Hospital. In September, October and November the number of people coming from Bombay and taking their residence in the City was increasing daily. Cases began to be discovered in the city amongst arrivals from Bombay. The first reported case occurred on the 19th of December 1896 in Rastia's Peith, and it was followed by another case in Kasba Peith on the 27th Idem. In January 1897 there were in the week ending 8th, two original cases and one imported case on the 4th and one imported case on the 7th and two on the 8th. From the 9th to 19th cases occurred on all days with the exception of 14th, 16th and 19th, and from 20th January 1897 to 31st March 1897 cases occurred every day without exception. The disease assumed the aspect of a regular epidemic from the 24th February 1897 on which day there were 15 attacks and 12 deaths ; until 3rd March the mortality was not very high. On the 4th March 1897 it suddenly rose to 28 attacks and 26 deaths and on the 23rd it was at its height recording 54 attacks and 41 deaths. The epidemic then continued to maintain its position till the end of 31st March 1897, i. e. to the end of the official year 1896-97. There were in January 1897, 81 attacks and 78 deaths, in February 192 attacks and 165 deaths and in March 1073 attacks and 731 deaths.

99. *Plague in 1897-98.*—From the 1st of April 1897, the attacks and deaths continued as in March last, with the same severity, until the 11th on which day there were 33 attacks and 23 deaths. From the 12th the epidemic began to decline gradually until the 28th May, on which day there were no cases. This day might be considered as the last day of the 1st outbreak of the Plague, as no cases occurred during the rest of the month, and there was but only one death on the 31st. Though isolated cases occurred in the months of June and July, their occurrences led people to believe that the disease was dying out and what was taking place was merely what could be expected after the disease had existed in an epidemic form. In June there were 9 attacks and 7 deaths and in July they were 11 and 3. In June there were no attacks from the 15th to the end of the month and in July upto 26th there were only 3 attacks. The month of August was not as good, as the previous two months, as in that month there were 38 attacks and 24 deaths, and plague threatened to reappear in Poona. In the month of September upto the 11th the cases occurred on all the days but the attacks and deaths, were not, more than 4 and 2 respectively on any day during the interval.

100. *Recrudescence of Plague.*—The 12th of September witnessed a sudden rise in the number of attacks, which was 7 that day, and this day may be considered as the beginning of the recrudescence of plague, which continued to prevail in an epidemic form until the 7th February 1898, a period of 149 days or full 4 months and 26 days. This last day, 7th February 1898, must be considered as the end of the recrudescence in an epidemic form, as on that day there were 7 attacks and 3 deaths, which were the number of attacks and deaths when the recrudescence first commenced on the 12th September 1897.

101. *Mortality during the period of recrudescence.*—The attacks and deaths, on the 12th of September 1897 rose respectively from 7 and 3, to 12 and 6 on the 19th, to 14 and 16 on 27th, to 21 and 16, on the 5th October, to 29 and 17, on the 12th, to 36 and 19, on the 14th to 41 and 31, on 18th, to 48 and 34, on 23rd, to 59 and 39, on 28th, to 70 and 47 on 29th, to 72 and 54 on 8th December, on which day the largest number of attacks was recorded in the recrudescence period. Throughout the months of October, November, December and part of January, the epidemic raged furiously and from 7th January 1898, it began to decline, and lost its epidemic character from the 7th of February from which date it gradually declined to no attacks and 1 death on the 16th. From the 17th it existed in a milder form, and in March in a still milder form. The last month recording 12 attacks and 12 deaths, attacks and deaths not being more than 2 on any one day of that month. Vide appendix S.

102. *Mortality according to Peths.*—The severity of plague was more noticeable in Rastias, Mangalwar and Somwar Peths, which with a population of 4828, 2558, and 4516, had 324, 156, and 270, attacks, and 243, 116, and 208 deaths, showing a percentage of 6.7, 6.1 and 6.0 attacks and 5, 4.5 and 4.6 deaths respectively. Next in order were Sadashiv, Gunj, Shukrawar and Ghorpade Peths, which with a population of 10,093, 5425, 16,359, and 1153 had 577, 306, 848, 59 attacks, and 460, 233, 621, 51 deaths, showing, a percentage of 5.7, 5.6, 5.2, 5.1 attacks and 4.5, 4.3, 3.8, and 4.5 deaths, respectively. Next again in order were Gultekdi, Nihal, Narayan, Vetal, Nanas and Bhowani Peths, which with a population of 235, 1368, 4257, 5237, 7352, and 7661, had 11, 64, 202, 231, 324, and 309 attacks, and 10, 46, 177, 195, 256, and 238 deaths, showing a percentage of 4.7, 4.7, 4.7, 4.4, 4.4, and 4.0, attacks, and 4.3, 3.3, 4.1, 3.7, 3.6 and 3.1, deaths respectively. The next group of Peths is Shanwar, Kasba, Budhwar, and Ganesh, which with a population of 9132, 13534, 6720, 4078, had 355, 516, 238, and 134 attacks, and 288, 395, 201, and 111 deaths, giving a percentage of 3.9, 3.8, 3.5, and 3.3 attacks, and 3.2, 2.9, 3.0, 2.7, deaths respectively. The Rawiwar Peth, with a population of 10694, had 276 attacks and 209 deaths, showing a percentage of 2.6 of attacks, and 2.0 of deaths. Bhamburda and Musafar Jung with a population of 3334, and 256, had 60 and 4 attacks, and 50 and 1 death, showing a percentage of 1.8, and 1.6 of attacks and 1.5, and 0.4, of deaths respectively. From these figures it will appear, that in Rastia's, Mangalwar and Somwar Peths, the epidemic seized 6 per cent of the population, while in Sadashiv, Gunj, Ghorpade and Shukrawar, the percentage was 5. In Gultekdi, Nihal, Narayan, Vetal, Nanas and Bhowani, it was 4, and in Shanwar, Kasba Budhwar, and Ganesh it was 3. In Rawiwar Peth it was 2, and in Bhamboorda and Musafar Jung Peth it was one. The epidemic spread throughout the city, with varying degree of severity and when it was at its highest point after the 1st week of December, the city was deserted by people to a very large extent, houses in certain parts of the city looked desolate with external portions dabbled with chunam here and there, and windows and doors left open, after being subjected to the operations of 'Disinfecting' parties during this period. Every soul was terror stricken, and people almost paralyzed with fear.

103. *Measures taken for the suppression of Plague at its commencement.*—As soon as an imported case was discovered in the City in Rastia's Peth, on the 19th of December 1896, orders were at once issued for having drains and gullies cleansed and flushed and the sanitation of the city more carefully attended to. The public wells were treated with permanganate of potash. House-owners were asked, by notices issued to them under Section 59 of the Municipal Act, to whitewash their houses and to keep them in a sanitary condition. Instructions were issued to the public drawing their attention to the necessity of certain steps being taken to protect themselves against the plague. Special rules for the suppression of the plague were framed under Section 73 of the Municipal Act of 1873, by the Municipality and sanctioned by the Commissioner C. D. on 29th January 1897. Arrangements were made for the treatment of Plague Patients at the Special Hospital put up near Sangum at the joint cost of the three Municipal Bodies, and a Segregation Camp was raised near Sowar Gate for the use of healthy persons removed from houses affected. While this was being done the Rules sanctioned by the Commissioner, C. D. became inoperative by the introduction of the Epidemic Diseases Act of 1897.

104. The charge of plague operations of this City was entrusted to the late Mr. W. C. Rand, I. C. S. under G. R. No. 1134 dated the 10th February 1897 and his operations commenced soon after the 20th idem. Surgeon Captain W. W. O. Beveridge, A. M. S. was appointed Special Assistant to Mr. Rand. The charge was shortly afterwards entrusted to a Plague Committee for Poona city, formed under G. R. No. 1272—765P.—dated 9th March 1897, and consisting of the late Mr. Rand Chairman, Surgeon Captain W. W. O. Beveridge and Col. C. R. Phillipps of the 19th Bombay Infantry. This Committee was reconstructed on 27th November 1897, when it consisted of 5 gentlemen, under whom Messrs. H. L. Holland of the Deccan Revenue Survey, W. F. Jardine of the Salt-Department, W. F. Moore, of the Abkari Department, and several other officers and English Doctors and Nurses were appointed on Plague Duty.

105. *Services of Volunteers.*—At the request of the Chairman of the Plague Committee contained in his letter No. 2556 dated the 24th September 1897 the President of the Poona Municipality supplied 75 Volunteers to the Plague Committee, who consisted of Government pensioners and leading citizens of Poona. On a subsequent request made on the 9th October 1897, for additional supply of Volunteers, the President lost no time in supplying them. The total strength of Volunteers placed at the disposal of the Plague Committee was no less than 180. It would not be out of place here to state that the Volunteers made themselves useful in assisting the plague operations, being themselves closely familiar with the habits, customs and prejudices of the people. Thanks are due to the Volunteers who promptly responded to the appeal made to them.

106. *Expenditure on Plague operations.*—The Municipality had no control over the Plague operations since the time they were entrusted to the Plague Committee and had also no voice in the management of the affairs connected with the operations. Rs. 10337-5-3 were spent by the Municipality in 1896-97 on plague operations, and Rs. 23,253-11-3 in the year under report. Thus it will appear that in the course of 15 months the Municipality spent in all Rs. 33,591-0-6 on plague. The Plague Committee spent an enormous amount on suppressing plague during the said period, the city's share of which being expected to be not less than Rs. 4,00,000. A respectful representation has been submitted to Government, praying that the question of the distribution of expenditure between Government and the Municipality be reconsidered so as to lighten the burden thrown on the Municipality in consideration of the several reasons advanced by it. The Municipal Commissioners are gratified to see that their request has been supported by R. A. Lamb, Esquire, Collector of Poona, who was the Chairman of the Plague Committee.

107. *Vaccination.*—The vaccination in the city is in charge of the Government Sanitary Department. The Sanitary Commissioner to the Government of Bombay appoints vaccinators and peons, who work under his orders, the Municipality only finding funds for the purpose. There are two vaccinators with two peons under them, who are supplied with calves, men and other necessaries by the Municipality. In the year under report 1853 Vaccine operations were performed, as against 2810 in 1896-97, and 3614 in 1895-96. The Municipal expenditure under this head was Rs. 761-10-10 as against Rs. 747-9-8 on account of establishment, and Rs. 509-11-11 as against Rs. 671-7-9 in 1896-97 on account of contingencies, including the purchase of calves for lymph, &c. The decrease is due to less money spent on contingent expenses.

108. *Markets and Slaughter-houses.*—Markets:—There are two vegetable markets and six meat markets; of these the Reay market is the most important. It is looked after by a staff of one Inspector, two Karkans, 4 Police Constables, two night watchmen, two mokadams, three peons, 2 lamp-lighters, 4 coolies, 2 sweepers, and one bhangi. The Reay Market Establishment cost Rs. 2,008-10-10 in the year under report as against Rs. 2,111-10-9 in the previous year. The amount includes the salaries of the Municipal servants engaged for supervising (a) the old Mandai Bazar, where the dealers sell fuel, kadba, and dry fish, and (b) squatters in Ganesh Peth, who sell vegetables on the roadside gutters. In front of the Shauwar wada a bi-weekly Bazar is held every Wednesday and Sunday evening and it is supervised by a special Mocadam and the establishment at the Reay Market. The Market administration was as usual under the direct supervision of a sub-Committee, consisting of Rao Bahadur Sirdar K. V. Mudliar, Dr. Shankar Amrit Chobho, Messrs. Abdula Khan A. Mokashi, Nathmal Ghanasham, Balubhai Panachand with Mr. Krishnaji Balal Phatak as Chairman.

109. With a view to prevent persons committing nuisance round about the Reay Market building and also to improve its appearance trees have been planted to the west and east of the building. The grounds in the Market compound have been improved. The maintenance of the trees and petty repairs cost Rs. 580-11-10. The Reay Market tower has been under construction since 1893-94. During the year under report Rs. 4,731-4-11 were spent on the work as against Rs. 3,981-13-6 in 1896-97 and Rs. 9,876-8-3 in 1895-96. Rs. 11,050 in 1894-95 and Rs. 1,083-0-0 in 1893-94. The work is being done by contract under the supervision of Rao Bahadur V. B. Kanitkar, who had supervised the construction of the main building. With the amount spent in the year under report the roof of the central octagon tower was finished. A lightning conductor was put up and the iron work painted.

110. The meat markets in the City were repaired at a cost of Rs. 324-13-7. The meat markets and slaughter-houses attached to them are looked after by mokadams. They enforce the bye-laws and regulate the conduct of business at these places. The cost on establishment was Rs. 992-8-3. All sheep and goats are slaughtered in the slaughter-houses, and cows and bullocks are slaughtered in the Cantonment slaughter-house at Koudva. The Municipality has provided a cart drawn by two bullocks and a driver at a cost of Rs. 16 per month for bringing beef into the City. The Municipality purchased during the year 1895-96 a site at Janni's Mala for a Central slaughter-house at a cost of Rs. 1,476-7-5, which work will be commenced next year if funds allow.

111. *Pounds.*—There is one cattle-pound in the City and another at Bhambarua, and these pounds are respectively in charge of the Police and the Police Patil, who levy fees on impounded cattle and remit them to the Municipal Treasury. All bills of expenditure in connection with them are paid by the Municipality. There is an establishment of two Karkans, of whom one is the Pound-keeper, and two Police Constables, who

move about streets and lanes and catch stray cattle and impound them. The pound at Bhamburda is managed by the Police Patil of the place with the help of the Kulkarni. The total cost to the Municipality on account of the Pounds was Rs. 558-1-0 as against Rs. 499-14-6 in the previous year.

112. *Public Gardens.*—There is a Municipal garden in Budhwar Peth on the site of the old Budhwar Wada. The expenditure on this head was Rs. 286-15-0 during the year under report as against Rs. 294-11-10 in the previous year. During the year under report 140 new flower-pots were added to the garden. An establishment consisting of a "Mali" and the necessary number of begaris is maintained to look after it. It is the only public garden in the heart of the City for the recreation of the people, by whom it is much appreciated.

113. *Road-side trees.*—29 new Banian trees were planted in the course of the year under report along road-sides in places where those put up last year had dried up. The trees planted in the previous year were watered. The cost on this account was Rs. 88-9-9 in the year under report as against Rs. 146-9-8 in 1896-97.

114. *Registration of Births and Deaths.*—Information of births and deaths is collected by Road-sweepers, whose daily duties take them almost to every door, and who are thus in a far better position than any other public agency to collect correct information on the subject. They are paid for their labour at the rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an anna for every birth and death respectively reported by them at the Municipal office. The Ward Moka-dams and Inspectors check the information. The Police constables on duty in the City also collect information about these domestic occurrences, which helps to check the statistics collected by the Municipal agency. The sweepers make their reports to the Registrar of vital statistics, who keeps the registers of births and deaths. This is so far as information of births is concerned. But as regards deaths a new system was introduced by the Plague Committee; no dead body was allowed to be removed from a house unless information of the death was given at the Municipal office and until a pass was obtained. In the year under report 558 births and 8,688 deaths were reported, as against 3,206 births and 5,633 deaths in 1896-97 and 3,763 births and 3,328 deaths in 1895-96. The large decrease in the case of births and increase in the case of deaths is due to plague, which prevailed in the city in the last quarter of 1896-97, and throughout the year of 1897-98. The present system is proposed to be improved by amending the existing bye-laws. The subject is before the Municipal Commissioners.

115. The expenditure under this head consists of the cost of establishment, which was Rs. 294, and rewards paid to sweepers as mentioned above amounting to Rs. 47-11-6. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 251-11-6 as against Rs. 311-6-9 in 1896-97. The following table shows the number of births and deaths recorded since 1893-94.

Year.	Births.	Rate per 1,000.	Deaths.	Rate per 1,000.
1893-94	4,370	36.78	3,160	28.60
1894-95	3,637	30.5	3,515	29.59
1895-96	3,763	29.5	3,328	28.2
1896-97	4,079	34.34	5,633	47.42
1897-98	558	4.60	8,688	73.14

For further information regarding the causes and variations in the death and birth rates in the several Peths, a reference is invited to the report of the Health Officer. ( Appendix I. )

116. *Public Works Establishment.*—The permanent establishment of the Public Works Department of the Municipality consists of the Engineer, on a salary of Rs. 150 with horse allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem, an overseer, a draftsman, two sub-overseers, six time-keepers, one clerk, one karkun, one peon, and one office-watchman. The total cost of the establishment in the year under report was Rs. 4,460-0-0 as against Rs. 4,456-12-5 in 1896-97. In addition to the permanent establishment a temporary establishment of maistries and mokadams is engaged according to the exigencies of works on hand and charged accordingly.

117. *Buildings.*—No expenditure was incurred under this head during the year under report.

118. *Repairs to buildings.*—Rs. 126-8-5 were spent on the repairs to cremation ghats and Rs. 163-2-10 on repairs to buildings.

119. *Road-repairs.*—“ Road-repairs ” is one of the most important works, that the Public Works Department of the Municipality has to do. It includes metalling and levelling some, and murruming other roads, patching of roads in places, removing of slush and brick-bats from off the road surface. The total cost on road-repairs amounted to Rs. 11,727-8-4 in the year under report, as against Rs. 12,303-9-11 in 1896-97, Rs. 24,860-1-4 in 1895-96 and Rs. 28,267-10-4 in 1894-95. The decrease is due to the fact that road-repairs could not be much undertaken in the year under report as income failed this year as in the last year, on account of Plague. An application was made to Government for permission to raise a loan in the open market of Rs. 50,000 at 4 per cent. for thoroughly repairing the roads in the City, but the application was refused.

120. *Metalling.*—There are in the City 36 miles of roads and 18 miles of lanes. It cannot, therefore, be expected that all the roads could be repaired even once a year. There are on the other hand some roads, which owing to the very heavy traffic on them, would require to be repaired even twice a year. Some roads are, therefore, repaired once a year, while others are taken up according to the urgency of repairs and the funds available for the purpose. The roads ( 1 ) from Fadke's Wada to Daruwalas Bridge, length 1,226', ( 2 ) from Reay Market to Kotwal Chaodi and Post Office 531' and ( 3 ) Jakati's Haveli to Gadetal 2,355' total length 4,212 making an area of 1,17,695 sq. ft. were repaired with metal, and those ( 1 ) known as Bhangi Hati road in Bhowani peth, length 600', Gaoli Ali Road in Raviwar 150', Maharwada Road in Mangalwar 300 ft., total length 1,050' making an area of 12,750 sq. ft. were repaired with muram.

121. *Road-Patching.*—As mentioned above minor roads could not be, for want of funds, regularly repaired ; they were to be kept in order nevertheless. The only method to do so was therefore to patch them in places. All such roads were kept in good order by patching. This work was spread over the whole of the Municipal District. 9,90,000 square feet of road surface was patched at a cost of Rs. 7,423-8-0 during the year under report, as against 6,16,800 square feet, thus repaired at a cost of Rs. 4,559-10-5 in the previous year.

122. Among works done to keep the roads in good order may be mentioned slush-removing. The principal thoroughfares get muddy on wet days. To make them passable mud is removed by begaris ; brick-bats, stones, and other materials, thrown by

house-owners on roads, lanes, open spaces, causing obstruction to traffic are removed by the Municipality, and the places kept clear of obstructions. The removal of slush and brick-bats and keeping the road in good order otherwise was done in the year under report at a cost of Rs. 995-12-7.

123. *Improvement of lanes.*—Besides the roads, which require repairs, patching, removal of slush, brick-bats and stones, there is a good length of lanes, which also demand attention and which by constant use become uneven, and also muddy. The first step to improve them consists in levelling and sanding their surface. 2,92,000 square feet of lane surface were repaired at a cost of Rs. 730-1-7.

124. Another and a very useful and important measure taken to improve roads is road-widening. As has been mentioned in previous years' reports the Municipality had appointed a sub-Committee of two experienced Engineers on the Board to determine beforehand houses and other properties along the City roads, which required to be set back. The Committee submitted its report and plans to the General Body with houses and other properties recommended to be acquired marked therein. The General Body has adopted the plans and recommendations of the sub-Committee. Instructions have been given to the Managing Committee to give effect to the proposals of the Committee and to set back or forward houses as need be, while disposing of notices given under section 33 of the Municipal Act VI of 1873. Whenever it is found necessary, in individual cases, to depart from the fixed plans, the Managing Committee does so, but not without first obtaining the sanction of the General Body.

125. Accordingly the Managing Committee ordered set-backs in 42 cases in the year under report. The area of private ground under buildings thus ordered to be added to roads was in the year under report 6,388 square feet. The Municipal expenditure on road-widening in the year under report was Rs. 200-6-9 as against Rs. 5,430-11-5 in 1896-97, Rs. 19,873-14-9 in 1895-96, Rs. 19,597-15-4 in 1894-95. It includes besides the price of land acquired, ( *Vide* appendix Q ) the cost of executing and registering sale deeds, and also fees paid to Municipal arbitrators, appointed under section 81 of the Municipal Act VI of 1873, to settle compensation.

126. *Widening of bridges.*—No expenditure was incurred on any new work under this head during the year under report. Rs. 83-1-0 were spent in repairing the parapets of the existing bridges.

127. The sign-boards within the Municipal limits put up in different places at squares, in streets, and at public cisterns, indicating the names of streets, and warning people not to commit nuisance at cisterns, &c., require to be repainted. During the year under report Rs. 34-10-9 were spent on repairing and painting some of the existing sign boards. No new boards were made in the year under report for want of funds. Prickly pear cutting is one of the many items of improvement that has attracted the attention of Government and the Municipality. This Municipality has been taking steps for the removal of the overgrowth of prickly-pear. Notices were issued to house-owners to get the over-growth cut down to the required height and width. The prickly-pear on public ground is removed by the Municipality by their own agency. This year the cost of the removal was Rs. 304-3-5 as against Rs. 341-3-5. The area of the public and private grounds which had the prickly-pear cut or trimmed and removed therefrom during the year under report was 1,78,385 and 3,78,836 square feet as against 13,669 and 3,07,172 square feet respectively in 1896-97.

128. *Stores.*—The expenditure under this head represents the cost price of tools and plant purchased for the engineering and other departments. The purchases amounted to Rs. 93-12-6 as against Rs. 156-1-9 in 1896-97.



129. *Public Instruction—Schools and Colleges.*—The Educational Department of the Municipality is administered by a School Board consisting of 6 members, elected every year out of the 30 on the General Committee, assisted by a Secretary, who is also the Secretary to the Municipality and an office establishment of one clerk and peon. In the year under report Professor Sayad Sirajudin Abdul Fattah Moulvi B. A., Sirdar Kupu Swami Viziarangum Madliar, Rao Bahadur G. G. Gokhale, Dastur Kaikobad Aderbad, Mr. Moreshwar Wasudeo Sathe were members, with Dr. A. W. Thomson of the College of Science, Poona, as Chairman.

130. The Municipality maintained in the year under report 18 day and 7 night schools for boys and 13 schools for girls giving education to 1667 boys and 4 girls as against 1367 boys and 5 girls in the 18 day schools, 137 boys against 141 boys in the 7 night schools, 660 girls and 26 boys as against 814 girls and 21 boys in the 13 girls schools, and 86 boys as against 103 boys in the Technical School. Thus the total number of pupils on the 31st March 1898 was 1916 boys and 664 girls as against 1632 boys and 819 girls, total 2580 as against 2451 in 1896-97, and 3315 in 1895-96. The decrease in the number of girls is due to absence of many pupils from the schools on account of the plague. This decrease must be considered, however, as a temporary one, and the schools will have the usual attendance of pupils in the next year (1898-99). To conduct these schools there was maintained a staff of 89 male Teachers as against 103 male Teachers in 1896-97 and 21 female Teachers as against the same number, whose salaries with the pension fund due thereon amounted to Rs. 14,989-2-5 as against Rs. 18,438-1-2, in 1896-97, Rs. 18,261-6-2 in 1895-96, and Rs. 16,946-12-6 in 1894-95. The decrease of Rs. 3,448-14-6 is due to the fact that during the year under report many of the schools were closed from November 1897, on account of plague, and teachers were granted leave on half pay, and that from the 1st of April 1898, 6 of the night schools were closed and that three schools for boys and 4 for girls were amalgamated with other Municipal schools which were close by. These arrangements were brought into force as a matter of necessity with a view to make up the deficit in the budget, due to the large expenditure on, and fall of revenue on account of, plague. For further details the Report of the School Board (appendix J) may be referred to. The establishment of one clerk and one peon cost Rs. 588 on account of salaries, and the expenditure on contingencies amounted to Rs. 250-10-7.

131. Besides the expenditure on salaries of Masters and Mistresses with their pension fund, the Municipality had to pay the rent of school-houses, which came to Rs. 3,389-8-0 in the year under report. The cost of repairs to old books and maps was Rs. 50-13-10, contingencies including sewing materials and sweetmeats to girls Rs. 409-1. Drawing classes Rs. 346-9-6, and repairs to school-buildings Rs. 161-0-0.

132. With a view to provide good house accommodation to the schools in its charge, the Municipality builds a new school-house almost every year as funds allow, but latterly funds are not available for the purpose.

133. Thus the total Municipal expenditure on primary education including salaries, contingencies, furniture, scholarships, prizes &c., amounted to Rs. 20,255-11-5 in the year under report, as against Rs. 25,034-15-0 in 1896-97, Rs. 25,211-9-8 in 1895-96, and Rs. 23-345-11-9 in 1894-95. The decrease of Rs. 4,779-3-7 is due to the fact that less expenditure was incurred on many items, and no expenditure was incurred for new furniture, new books, for prizes to girls and masters.

134. The Municipal primary schools were examined by the Deputy Educational Inspector of the Poona Division and his Assistants. The examination commenced on

9th July 1897 and lasted till the 30th August 1897. 1,120 and 57 boys from day and night schools respectively and 185 girls from the girls schools were presented for examination under the various standards; out of these 383 and 16 boys from day and night schools and 60 girls from girls schools passed under all the heads of the several standards. Thus the day and night schools and the girls schools would appear to have passed respectively 34.19, 28.7 and 32.43 per cent., of the total presented for examination.

135. *The Municipal Jubilee Technical School.*—This institution is attended by 86 students of various castes. Out of these 28 are Brahmins, 36 other Hindus, 12 Mahomedans, 6 Jews, 4 Christians. In 1896-97 there were 103 pupils, of whom 46 were Brahmins, 35 other Hindus, 11 Mahomedans, 7 Jews, 3 Christians and 1 Mahar. Amongst the subjects taught in the school are carpentry, smithy, painting, turning, fitting and ordinary and machine drawing. The Technical School was under the supervision of Mr. Benjamin Moses Talegamkar L. M. E., a passed student of the Bombay Technical Institute, who having resigned his office in the month of December 1897 another gentleman, Mr. Framroz Hormasjee Moos was appointed in his place from the 1st April of 1898. He is also a passed student of the Bombay Technical Institute. The management of the school is under the able guidance of Dr. Thomson, who was Chairman of the School Board.

136. The Technical School was examined by Dr. A. W. Thomson, as Professor of Engineering of the College of Science, on 7th and 8th of October 1897. The following information is given regarding the number of boys presented and passed in various subjects.

No.	Subjects.	Presented.	Passed.
1.	Drawing .....	55	37
2.	Carpentry .....	44	31
3.	Smithy .....	5	5
4.	Painting .....	16	16
5.	Turning and Fitting .....	4	4
6.	Machine Drawing .....	9	8
7.	Special Carpentry .....	1	1

The Technical School sent up 10 students for the 1st Grade and 3 for the 2nd Grade Art examination, held in Poona in the month of April 1897. Of the 10 students 5 got certificates, and of the 2 candidates for the 2nd Grade, none got any.

137. The total expenditure on the Technical School amounted to Rs. 2,829-8-4 in the year under report as against Rs. 4,302-10-9 in 1896-97. The decrease is due to the fact that less money was spent on the establishments during the year under report.

138. While affording facilities to the Technical School in the teaching of different trades to the students, the Municipal workshop does a good deal of work for the Municipality and private gentlemen. New Night Soil carts, rubbish carts, dust-bins, chairs, boxes, tables, frames and several other articles are made in the workshop; all repairs to carts, dust-bins, and other articles are also executed there; for work done at the workshop for private persons the Municipality charges commission, at 10 p. c. on the charges for labour. Such commission amounted to Rs. 151-10-10 as against Rs. 205-5-6 in the year under report.

139. *Grants-in-aid to private educational institutions.*—The Municipality, while maintaining the schools transferred to its charge by Government in 1884, and those sub-

sequently opened by it, helps private educational institutions in the Municipal District but in the year under report no grant was made to any institution for want of funds.

The following table shows only the grants made during the last 3 years.—

No.	Institutions.	Grants in		
		1894-95.	1895-96.	1896-97.
<i>Grants for Free Studentships.</i>				
1	The Fergusson College ... ..	180	180	90
2	The Maharashtra College ... ..	0	0	80
3	The New English School ... ..	335	322	140
4	The Poona High School ... ..	156	180	70
5	The Native Institution ... ..	191	193	70
6	The Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya ... ..	169	193	80
7	The Ornella's School ... ..	33	32	20
8	The City English School ... ..	36	0	0
9	The New Preparatory Classes ... ..	0	0	50
Total.....		1,100	1,100	550
<i>Grants for General maintenance.</i>				
10	The Marathi and Urdu Indigenous Schools ... ..	964-1-6	433	270
11	The Sanskrit Path Shala ... ..	50	50	25
12	The Female High School } ... ..	200	200	0
13	The Primary Girls School }			

140. The grants to the 1st nine institutions were made for maintenance of free studentships and to the rest for general purposes. The Reay Museum was handed over to the Municipality in February 1896, and Rs. 435-12-1 were spent on its maintenance as against Rs. 575-2-4 in 1896-97.

141. *Contributions.*—Rs. 2,070 were paid to Government as contribution under the High Way Act, Rs. 2,000 being for the City and Rs. 70 for Bhamburda.

142. *Interest on loans.*—The year under report is the 1st year in the history of this Municipality since its establishment in 1856-57 in which the Municipality was required to raise a loan. Rs. 266-13-7 were paid into the Government Treasury, as interest on the loan of Rs. 25,000 taken from Government for Plague operations.

143. *Other charges.*—This item includes expenditure on account of the following items.

		1895-96.			1896-97.			1897-98.		
1.	Address .....	1,025	13	10	0	0	0	648	1	4
2.	Election .....	434	8	4	80	0	3	677	1	7
3.	Law Charges .....	907	7	5	658	6	3	1,649	7	3
4.	Correcting City Survey Maps...	411	11	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
		2,779	8	9	738	6	6	2,974	10	2

The nature of the items of expenditure being variable no explanation regarding increase or decrease is necessary.

An address of loyal and sincere congratulation was submitted, in the year under report, to Her Imperial Majesty the Queen Empress of India, on the most happy and auspicious occasion of the completion of the 60th year of Her Imperial Majesty's Glorious Reign. The Municipal Commissioners are grateful to see that it was accepted by Her Imperial Majesty with special thanks. Appendix V shows the address given and also a letter received from the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India acknowledging the same.

144. *Advances.*—The amount of Rs. 700 represents the amount paid to Mr. K. R. Ranade, Katchra Contractor, pending decision on the question of "madat" engaged for him with regard to the work done under the contract.

145. *Deposits.*—The amount of deposits repaid in 1897-98 was Rs. 50,289-3-2 as against Rs. 40,467-0-2 in 1896-97. The increase is due to the larger amount of deposits being repaid in the year under report.

146. Having given the details of expenditure and having explained the causes of increase and decrease under various heads, it would be interesting to see how the principal heads stand in comparison to each other and with the total. The following table gives the necessary information.

Heads.	1896-97.			1897-98.		
	Amount.		Percentage.	Amount.		Percentage.
A. General Administration and collection charges ...	61,690	10 6	18.53	45,395	14 8	14.60
B. Public Safety ...	21,047	3 7	6.32	12,577	13 5	4.04
C. Public Health and Convenience ...	1,71,215	12 7	51.41	1,73,211	15 0	55.70
D. Public Instruction ...	30,816	3 3	9.25	23,506	1 9	7.56
E. Contributions ...	2,070	0 0	0.62	20,700	0 0	0.67
F. Miscellaneous ...	7,388	6 6	0.22	3,241	7 9	1.04
G. Extraordinary and Debt ...	45,467	0 2	13.65	50,989	3 2	16.39
Total ...	3,33,045	4 7	100	3,10,992	7 9	100

The following table gives the expenditure under several heads from 1885-86, to 1897-98.

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	1885-86.			1886-87.			1887-88.			1888-89.			1889-90.			1890-91.		
<b>A.—General Administration and Collection Charges:—</b>																		
1. General administration Office Establishment, Inspection Honorary Magistrate's Establishment, &c.	16844	10	10	19928	1	8	14462	4	8	17313	2	1	16176	3	3	16122	11	
2. Collection of taxes, including Bonded Warehouses ( Establishment, purchase of account-books and papers, money-boxes, repairs to outposts, &c.)	14452	14	4	14212	5	11	14591	15	0	15041	8	9	16641	12	0	17652	4	
3. Collection of tolls on roads and ferries ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Survey of land ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Refunds ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1005	7	
6. Pensions and gratuities.	.....	.....	.....	75	0	0	250	0	0	300	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	
<b>B.—Public Safety—</b>																		
	31297	9	2	34215	7	7	29304	3	8	32654	10	10	32917	15	3	34780	6	
1. Fire (Establishment, purchase of fire engines, buckets, repairs.) .....	1498	6	2	5053	7	10	2642	8	6	1886	2	2	8377	0	4	3057	2	
2. Lighting (Establishment, purchase of lamps and oil, repairs &c.).....	10252	2	2	12177	7	4	12772	15	3	17448	13	10	15541	13	8	15708	4	
3. Police (Establishment, purchase of clothing, lanterns &c., repairs to outposts, &c.)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
4. Rewards for destruction of wild animals and snakes ..	107	0	0	164	8	0	117	8	0	100	8	0	84	9	10	124	7	
<b>C.—Public Health and convenience—</b>																		
	11857	8	4	17395	7	2	15532	15	9	19435	8	0	24003	7	10	18889	14	
1. Water-supply. { Capital outlay ...	13568	4	5	11542	7	3	12421	6	3	14476	15	6	13895	10	7	18191	9	
{ Establishment &c.	5813	8	5	3398	13	1	4537	14	0	4873	11	8	4018	5	3	1398	1	
2. Drainage. { Capital outlay ...	11387	4	6	3360	3	6	11101	10	4	4974	2	0	1183	4	6	1498	10	
{ Establishment &c.	5676	7	7	7532	11	9	5633	12	2	14282	4	7	12955	14	9	10385	4	
3. Conservancy ( including Road cleaning and watering) and Latrines .....	62820	1	7	62017	0	6	73240	13	10	79807	5	1	89970	3	0	92736	1	
4. Hospitals and Dispensaries .....	12898	15	7	7595	11	10	12125	10	0	12409	0	9	10607	7	7	8675	15	
5. Vaccination .....	914	3	3	984	6	3	1080	1	9	1135	4	3	1203	13	1	1183	0	
6. Markets and Slaughter-houses .....	912	0	0	1113	13	8	1707	4	10	2130	2	10	2091	10	3	2978	14	
7. Pounds.....	111	12	9	116	10	6	581	13	1	948	7	5	592	5	11	341	8	
8. Dak- bungalows and serais.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Arboriculture, Public Gardens, and experimental cultivation .....	842	10	10	945	15	0	282	14	1	343	4	11	298	13	8	400	10	

1891-92.			1892-93.			1893-94.			1894-95.			1895-96.			1896-97.			1897-98.		
15855	4	9	17170	14	8	17406	7	5	18443	12	4	18482	13	8	16844	2	4	17127	3	9
17944	6	10	18287	6	10	17708	11	10	17832	4	8	19908	3	0	19995	9	5	17969	12	10
....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..
....	..	..	....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..
787	3	10	801	12	1	.....	..	..	20838	6	9	24869	2	8	24764	12	9	10298	4	1
....	..	..	.....	..	..	.....	..	..	872	0	0	72	0	0	86	2	0	.....	..	..
34586	15	5	36260	1	7	35115	3	3	57986	7	9	63332	3	4	61690	10	6	45395	4	8
6464	8	3	6479	12	0	6261	1	9	11019	1	0	6032	5	10	3298	4	8	2915	7	3
15783	8	4	16459	9	7	15437	0	4	16661	12	2	19339	9	2	17431	12	8	9574	1	9
...	..	..	.....	..	..	502	14	3	521	2	7	701	9	6	281	14	11	16	4	9
201	1	2	204	9	8	151	3	8	70	7	8	70	6	8	35	3	4	70	5	8
22449	1	9	23143	15	3	22352	4	..	28272	7	5	26143	15	2	21047	3	7	12577	3	5
18502	14	0	27933	13	6	11802	7	5	20672	0	3	23848	6	8	13824	5	4	13590	1	3
1026	11	5	4036	7	0	4259	3	9	4028	9	10	3907	15	3	4004	3	9	3640	4	11
1940	7	2	1890	1	5	7746	0	11	4427	14	7	3159	4	10	107	5	7	7	14	6
8565	15	6	8722	11	6	9787	0	7	8596	13	7	8585	14	2	7262	1	1	6893	1	9
87132	10	5	88630	8	4	95552	10	8	91914	1	10	93508	14	11	88000	13	5	89867	15	3
9913	11	9	10322	11	1	10478	13	1	13176	3	2	13451	1	2	21602	11	7	29025	4	4
1381	11	1	1484	12	3	1454	6	4	1492	4	1	1474	5	1	1419	1	5	1271	6	9
3777	10	11	5657	0	2	5956	14	5	15850	0	7	15800	14	10	8418	2	3	8817	6	9
414	13	7	388	8	0	353	5	1	419	13	8	463	14	7	499	14	6	558	1	0
....	.....	....	....	.....	....	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	.....	....	....	.....	....	....	.....	....
562	14	5	575	13	3	497	12	5	581	13	3	436	7	3	441	5	6	375	8	9

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.	1885-86.			1886-87.			1887-88.			1888-89.			1889-90.			1890-91.		
10. Registration of Births and Deaths.....	104	8	6	68	5	0	66	13	9	124	7	6	73	8	6	103	6	
11. Public Works .....																		
(i) Establishment.....	3229	0	0	3163	5	0	3392	15	3	3548	6	6	3541	13	11	4486	7	1
(ii) Buildings.....	65947	6	11	61657	10	5	4381	2	2	17612	15	6	23849	12	11	462	2	
(iii) Roads .....	30150	1	10	25146	15	2	25155	8	0	29412	0	3	22844	11	2	32500	6	
(iv) Stores .....	5272	8	0	840	1	3	887	10	6	1495	15	1	7302	3	2	483	7	1
<i>D.—Public Instruction—</i>	219648	14	2	189481	2	2	156597	6	0	187574	7	10	194429	10	3	175825	11	1
1. Schools and Colleges .....	15830	15	8	16194	6	6	16604	15	7	18901	7	8	17414	12	8	22214	10	
2. Contributions .....	1060	0	0	1041	10	8	1495	13	4	2166	4	0	5470	10	0	4105	8	
3. Libraries, Museums, Monasteries, &c .....	600	0	0	325	0	0	642	4	0	668	0	0	764	14	6	1456	10	
<i>E.—Contributions.</i>	17490	15	8	17561	1	2	18743	0	11	21735	11	8	23650	5	2	27776	12	
For general purposes.....	2000	0	0	2000	0	0	2000	0	0	2000	0	0	2000	0	0	2000	0	0
<i>F.—Miscellaneous.—</i>																		
1. Interest on loans																		
{ Previous year .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Current year .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Discount .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Actual cost of works done for private individuals .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Other Items .....																		
Addresses.....	70	12	0	654	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	1600	0	0	...	...	...
Loss account.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Census .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	858	2	5
Plates to carriages .....	717	5	5	133	1	0	268	11	5	618	4	6	154	3	10	255	10	10
Election .....	2625	6	3	24	2	1	...	...	...	300	0	0	96	3	3	65	6	7
Nos. to Houses .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law Charges .....	228	5	...	623	9	2	409	8	5	257	11	8	1793	4	9	321	14	6
Correcting the City Survey Map.....	...	...	...	120	0	0	...	...	...	111	8	3	199	7	10	...	...	...
Miscellaneous.—	...	...	...	6350	9	8	4304	8	1	1620	4	4	744	1	3	...	...	...
<i>G.—Extraordinary and Debt..</i>	3641	12	8	7905	10	3	4982	11	11	2907	12	9	4587	4	11	1501	2	4
1. Investments.—																		
(a) Securities (other than for Sinking Fund)...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) In Savings Bank .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Payments to Sinking Fund.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Repayment of loans .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Advances.—																		
(a) Permanent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	0	0
(b) Other .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5. Deposits .....	33631	4	8	45856	15	11	6622	9	8	10032	5	1	8124	10	9	13304	4	11
	33631	4	8	45856	15	11	6622	9	8	10032	5	1	8124	10	9	13804	4	11
Grand Total	319568	0	8	314415	12	3	233782	15	11	276340	8	2	289713	6	2	274578	4	9
<i>Note.—Refunds on account of octroi are not shown for years 1885-86 to 1893-94, which are.</i>	40066	9	8	10218	4	9	16772	7	7	14164	6	5	31727	1	4	26686	8	6



1891-92.			1892-93.			1893-94.			1894-95.			1895-1896			1896-97.			1897-98.		
351	8	3	369	1	0	371	9	0	351	10	6	357	5	9	311	6	9	251	11	6
4544	3	7	4459	6	0	4547	0	0	4400	1	8	4225	6	2	4456	12	5	4460	0	0
622	1	2	614	1	2	15812	11	11	753	8	8	713	14	7	117	6	0	289	11	3
37387	4	0	36539	11	1	45894	3	9	57102	2	7	46782	8	1	20594	1	3	14068	6	6
416	14	5	234	10	3	398	6	2	132	11	0	197	12	10	156	1	9	93	12	6
176541	7	8	191855	4	0	214912	9	6	223899	13	9	216914	2	1	171215	12	7	173211	15	0
25239	9	7	35594	2	5	28821	9	1	27226	13	1	52805	1	9	29338	9	9	23070	5	8
2091	4	0	2652	8	0	2581	2	6	2514	1	6	1783	0	0	854	0	0	0	0	0
64	0	4	230	7	5	558	4	0	546	10	8	3066	13	0	623	9	6	435	12	1
27394	13	11	38477	1	10	31960	15	7	30287	9	3	57654	14	9	30816	3	3	23506	1	9
2070	0	0	2070	0	0	2070	0	0	2070	0	0	2070	0	0	2070	0	0	2070	0	0
.....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
.....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	266	13	7
.....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
.....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	1025	13	10	....	..	..	648	1	4
49	14	11	142	10	8	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
847	12	10	85	3	0	....	..	..	....	..	..	.....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
328	11	2	69	12	3	69	2	6	68	0	7	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
877	12	4	279	2	4	193	1	0	1361	6	4	434	8	4	80	0	3	677	1	7
342	8	8	306	2	6	21	4	5	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
2944	11	9	1091	0	1	1162	11	2	799	12	7	907	7	5	658	6	3	1649	7	3
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	577	14	8	411	11	2	....	..	..	....	..	..
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
5391	7	8	1973	14	10	1446	3	1	2807	2	2	2779	8	9	738	6	6	3241	7	9
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
800	0	0	1200	0	0	975	0	0	2455	0	2	....	..	..	5000	..	..	700	..	..
....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..	....	..	..
15832	0	3	10215	10	0	10732	0	11	19859	9	3	36255	6	5	40467	0	2	50289	3	2
16632	0	3	11415	10	0	11707	0	11	22314	9	5	36255	6	5	45467	0	2	50989	3	2
285065	14	8	305199	15	6	319564	4	4	367638	1	9	405150	2	6	333045	4	7	310992	7	9
25715	1	6	25980	10	8	25966	1	11												

*VIII. Balance.*

147. The Municipal balances on hand in the Municipal office and in the Bank of Bombay on the 1st of April 1897 and 1898 were Rs. 15,713-11-1 and Rs. 8,227-9-8 respectively.

*IX. Dead Stock.*

148. Appendix H gives information regarding the Dead Stock at the end of the year under report.

*X. Audit of Accounts.*

149. The Municipal accounts were audited by Messrs. Ganesh Narayan Sathe and Moreshwar Sakharam Chitnis, both of whom are Government pensioners. The same gentlemen were auditors for 1895-96 and 1896-97. Under the pre-audit system, which is in vogue in this Municipality, every bill submitted by the person concerned is examined in the 1st instance by the Municipal Accountant and the Secretary, and then by the auditors, and when found correct in every respect, it is submitted for further scrutiny to a member of the Managing Committee. No payment is made until each bill is so examined and sanctioned by the Managing Committee and countersigned by its Chairman. This system acts as a guard against chances of inaccuracies. All bills passed during each month in this way are again sent to the auditors for further examination as vouchers in support of the charges shown in the monthly accounts of Receipts and Disbursements. The report of the auditors (appendix K) will show that the accounts were kept well.

150. The Annual and the Quarterly accounts were published in a Local newspaper, and in addition, copies thereof were distributed amongst rate-payers for their information.

*XI. Municipal Wants.*

151. The wants of a Municipality, like those of an individual or a nation, are many, and will always remain so. It can hardly be expected, therefore, that all of them should be referred to in a report like this. It is only urgent wants that require notice and amongst such wants may be mentioned the following :—

152. *Filter works.*—With regard to the question of Filter works it will be remembered that the Filter Works scheme was prepared by Rao Bahadur Gangadhar Anant Bhat, M. A. L. C. E., which was approved of by Government. The sites selected by Mr. Bhat for the purpose were notified under the Land Acquisition Act, and the Municipality was about to take possession of the sites with a view to the commencement of the work, when it received intimation of the appointment of a Sanitary Board, consisting of the Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombay, and Mr. S. B. Doig, M. Inst. C. E. as Sanitary Engineer. The Municipal Commissioners thereupon at once embraced the opportunity thus offered to them of consulting an Engineer of Mr. Doig's standing and experience, and requested him to favour the Municipality with his opinion on the scheme. That officer, after going through the subject carefully, and considering that the proposed sites were unsuitable and the scheme required several alterations sketched out and submitted to the Municipality two alternative schemes. Of these the one, which the Municipality adopted, included the use of the Mutha Canal water only ; Mr. Doig recommending that instead of drawing 7½ lakhs gallons daily for which the Municipality paid Rs. 10,000 to Government, the Municipality should pay Government Rs. 13,000 per annum, and increase the daily supply to the City, to 18 lakhs gallons.

In reply to the representation of the Municipality Government proposed the following terms for the acceptance of the Municipality.—

- ( a ) That Government would be prepared to increase the present Canal supply from  $7\frac{1}{2}$  to 18 lakhs gallons, provided that the Municipality agreed to use canal water only.
- ( b ) The rate at present charged for the daily supply of  $7\frac{1}{2}$  lakhs gallons be extended to the whole quantity, subject to a minimum payment of Rs. 20,000 per annum, in lieu of the present annual minimum payment of Rs. 10,000.
- ( c ) That Government would not accept responsibility for any loss or injury in consequence of damage to works or machinery, belonging to or connected with the canal, or its supply reservoir, or for any causes ( including scarcity of water ) beyond their control.
- ( d ) That the agreement to be for 30 years.

The sub-Committee, appointed by the Municipality to consider the desirability or otherwise of accepting the terms, was of opinion that it was possible with some outlay to improve the quantity and quality of water in the Katraj Tank, which is the property of the Municipality, and by increasing its capacity, to make it to supplement the present Canal supply and bring the total quantity to the 18 lakhs gallons recommended by Mr. Doig. The Municipality accordingly ordered a scheme to be prepared for the same, without which it could not dispose of the question referred to it by Government. But in the meanwhile circumstances altered. On account of Plague expenditure, it became impossible for the Municipality to undertake any extra work. It therefore informed Government accordingly and requested it to keep the question in abeyance.

In reply to this communication the President received a letter from the Collector who informed the Municipality as follows :—

- ( 1 ) Government are unable to keep open the terms offered to the Poona Municipality in their Resolution of 1894 for an indefinite period and the offer therein is therefore withdrawn.
- ( 2 ) When the financial position of the Municipality improves Government will be prepared to consider favourably any representation the Municipality may make in the matter.

153. *Drainage.*—As mentioned in the last year's report the Drainage projects prepared by Colonel Ducat R. E. and Rao Bahadur Gangadhar Anant Bhat have been submitted to Government for their opinion regarding the suitability or otherwise of one or the other of them. The question was referred by Government to more than two special Committees for report on its several bearings, such as the necessity or otherwise of a joint scheme for the City and the Cantonment of Poona, selection of a suitable site for a Sewage farm, sufficiency of the area of the site &c. Again on 18th July 1893 Government appointed another Committee consisting of several Medical, Sanitary, and Engineering Officers of Government, and a representative of this Municipality, who was the President himself. The said Committee has submitted its report and has suggested a

site about 6 miles from Poona for a sewage farm. Government referred the report to this Municipality for an expression of opinion as to whether, in the event of the water carriage system by underground sewers being adopted, the site selected for a sewage farm would meet with the approval of the Municipality. The Municipal Commissioners communicated their views on the subject to Government in the year 1894. The Commissioners saw no objection on sanitary grounds to the site proposed by the Joint Committee, but considered it objectionable on the ground of its great distance from the city, and the heavy, almost prohibitive, initiative and the maintenance charges it involved. No site has been as yet finally selected. In their Resolution No. 26 C. D. 54 of 1895 Local, dated 27th September 1895, Government have requested the Superintending Engineer, Central Division, to arrange for a detailed Survey with levels and contours of the area including all the three plots recommended by the Committee, and for the sinking of a sufficient number of test pits to ascertain the nature of the substrata. Government have also requested the Revenue and General Departments to inform them if they can arrange for experiments at Poona and Ahmedabad by the Agricultural Department and the Municipalities concerned, to collect practical data in regard to the suitability of different soils and crops to sewage farms in India.

154. An extra mural slaughter-house is another of the important wants of the Municipality. The difficulty in the selection of a site was overcome and a site situated at Janai's Mala, to the East of the City, was purchased in 1895-96, with the approval of the Sanitary Commissioner, at a cost of Rs. 1,476-7-5. The work could not be taken in hand during the year under report for want of funds.

155. The want of a Municipal Office, spacious enough to accommodate all the principal and the branch offices of the Municipality, is felt more and more keenly every day. The house, purchased by the Municipality and abutting on the Reay Market compound, is occupied by the Collection Department of the Municipality.

### *XII. General Remarks.*

156. During the second visitation the plague was of a much more virulent type than during the first. It is not within the province of this report to go into the details of the plague administration during the year as it did not form part of Municipal Administration, but it would not be considered complete without a mention being made of the two officers of Government who were directly in charge of the plague operations. Colonel Creigh V. C. and Surgeon Major W. L. Reade and other officers, who co-operated with them, have left a lasting impress on the city of their administration by the extremely sympathetic and kind manner, in which all the plague operations were carried on. They proved to demonstration that the most unpopular measures could be carried out without sacrificing popular sympathy and good will. Colonel Creigh and Surgeon Major Reade secured the willing co-operation of the leading men of all sections of the native community by their unfailing courtesy and genuine sympathy.

157. The members of the Municipality view with great pleasure that in recognition of the services rendered by their Secretary, Mr. M. K. Kamtekar, during the prevalence of Plague in this City, Government have been pleased to confer the title of "*Rao Sahab*" on him as a personal distinction. They take this opportunity of recording their appreciation of the zeal and energy displayed by him in the discharge of various duties in connection with the administration of the affairs of a large Municipal Area such

as that of Poona. In Rao Saheb Kumtekar the Municipality has at the head of the paid executive an officer possessing tact and great experience.

158. The Municipality places on record its sense of appreciation of the work done by the Managing, the Market, the School, the Finance and other special committees and of the manner in which the Municipal officers discharged their duties.

*Poona,*  
*July 1898.*

}

DORABJEE PUDUMJEE,  
President,  
City Municipality Poona.

LIST OF APPENDICES ACCOMPANYING THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT  
OF THE  
POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.  
FOR 1897-98.

General

- A. Statement showing the number of meetings of the General Committee held in 1897-98.
- A—I. Statement showing detailed account of meetings of the General Committee held in 1897-98.
- B. Statement showing the attendance of Municipal Commissioners at the meetings of the General Committee held in 1897-98.
- C. Statement showing the number of meetings of the Managing Committee held in 1897-98.
- D. Statement showing the attendance of the members of the Managing Committee in 1897-98.
- E. Statement showing imports, exports and net imports of the duty paid articles during the year 1897-98.
- F. Statement showing outstandings of assessed taxes on 31st March 1898.
- G. Statement showing the results of prosecutions for Municipal offences.
- G—I. Statement showing prosecutions instituted under section 84 of the Municipal Act ( VI of 1873 ) in 1897-98.
- H. Statement showing Municipal property as it stood on 1st April 1898
- I. Report of the Health Officer on the working of the Department for the year 1897-98 with its appendices..
- J. Report of the School Board on the Administration of Municipal Schools for the year 1897-98.
- K. Report of the Auditors for the year 1897-98.

Subsidiry

- L. Statement showing gross and net imports and exports during the year 1897-98
- M. Statement showing Fires in the City of Poona during the year 1897-98.
- N. Statement showing Street lamps in Poona City during the year 1897-98.
- O. Statement showing the consumption of Canal water during the year 1897-98.
- P. Statement showing streets watered in Poona City during the year 1897-98.
- Q. Statement showing lands purchased during the year 1897-98 for Municipal purposes.
- R. Statement showing lands sold by the Municipality during the year 1897-98.
- S. Statement showing the number of local attacks and deaths from Plague according to months and dates.
- T. Statement showing the number of local attacks and deaths from Plague by weeks and Peths.
- U. Address given to Her Imperial Majesty the Empress of India on the occasion of the completion of the sixtieth year of Her Majesty's reign.
- V. Statement showing attacks and deaths from Cholera by dates and months in 1897-98.
- W. Statement showing attacks and deaths from Cholera by Peths and months in 1897-98.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix A. to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the number of meetings of the General Committee held during the year 1897-98.

	1895-96.					1896-97					1897-98					Remarks.
	Number of Meetings.	Members present.		Average attendance.		Number of meetings.	Members Present.		Average attendance.		Number of meetings.	Members present.		Average attendance.		
		Nominated.	Elected.	Nominated.	Elected.		Nominated.	Elected.	Nominated.	Elected.		Nominated.	Elected.	Nominated.	Elected.	
1897																
April...	8	54	184	6.7	16.7	8	40	70	5.0	8.7	4	13	33	3.2	8.2	
May...	5	21	48	4.2	9.6	1	2	9	2.0	9.0	1	2	7	2.0	7.0	
June...	1	7	15	7.0	15.0	3	19	29	6.3	9.6	4	16	31	5.3	10.3	
July...	2	15	32	7.5	16.0	3	18	26	6.0	8.6	4	21	48	5.2	12.0	
August...	2	9	24	4.5	12.0	3	22	34	7.3	11.3	4	22	24	5.5	6.0	
September...	1	4	12	4.0	12.0	3	19	39	6.3	18.0	4	17	25	4.2	6.2	
October...	2	14	26	7.0	13.0	1	8	15	8.0	15.0	3	11	25	5.5	12.5	
November...	2	14	28	7.0	11.5	3	23	37	7.6	12.3	1	2	11	2.0	11.0	
December...	2	6	21	3.0	10.5	2	9	21	4.5	10.5	4	12	29	3.0	7.2	
1898																
January...	1	6	13	6.0	13.0	5	29	59	5.8	11.8	3	9	20	3.0	6.6	
February...	2	6	21	3.0	10.5	2	12	25	6.0	12.5	2	12	17	6.0	8.5	
March...	1	9	19	9.0	19.0	5	20	47	4.0	9.4	0	0	0	6.0	0.0	
Total... ..	20	165	388	5.6	13.3	39	221	411	5.6	10.5	34	137	270	4.2	8.4	

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898. }

M. K. Kumthekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix A—1 to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing in detail the number of meetings of the General Committee held in 1897-98.

Quarterly and special meetings.	Quarterly and special with adjourned meetings	Date of meetings	Quarterly meeting	Special meeting	Adjourned meeting	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		1897				
1	1	1st April ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	2	8th April ...	...	...	1	
	3	10th April ...	...	...	1	
2	4	29th April ...	1	...	...	
	5	3rd May ...	...	...	1	
3	6	14th June ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	7	14th June ...	...	...	1	
	8	18th June ...	...	...	1	
4	9	29th June ...	...	1	...	
5	10	6th July ...	...	1	...	
6	11	14th July ...	...	1	...	
7	12	28th July ...	1	...	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	13	31st July ...	...	...	1	
8	14	10th August ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	15	13th August ...	...	...	1	
9	16	19th August ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	17	21st August ...	...	...	1	
10	18	11th September ...	...	1	...	
	19	13th " ...	...	...	1	
11	20	20th " ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	21	21st " ...	...	...	1	
12	22	20th October ...	...	1	...	
13	23	30th " ...	1	...	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	24	30th " ...	...	...	1	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	25	1st November ...	...	...	1	
14	26	10th December ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	27	13th " ...	...	...	1	
15	28	21st " ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	29	22nd " ...	...	...	1	
		1898				
	30	23rd January ...	...	1	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	31	26th " ...	...	...	1	
	32	29th " ...	1	...	...	Adjourned for want of quorum.
	33	2nd February ...	...	...	1	
	34	28th February ...	...	1	...	
		Total...	4	14	16	

The table shows that in all 34 meetings of the General Committee were held in 1897-98. Of these four were Quarterly and 14 Special meetings and the rest *i. e.* 16 were adjourned meetings. Out of the 4 quarterly meetings 3 were adjourned for want of quorum and out of the 14 Special meetings 8 were similarly adjourned and out of the 16 adjourned meetings one was adjourned for want of quorum.

Poona Municipal Office )  
1st June 1898. )

M. K. Kumthekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.



## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix (B) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the attendance of Municipal Commissioners at the meetings of the General Committee held during the year 1897-98.

The total number of meetings was 32.

No.	Names.	Total No. of meetings attended.	Total No. of meetings not attended.	Remarks.
<i>President.</i>				
1	Sirdar Khan Bahadur Dorabjee Pudumjee	32	...	
<i>Elected Members.</i>				
2	Mr. Nathmal Ghanasham.....	16	16	
3	Sirdar Wasudeo Hatihar Pandit alias Baba Maharaj.....	3	17	*Elected vice Sirdar W. H. Pandit deceased (vide Government Gazette Part I-A dated 7th October 1897 Notification No. P 2782 dated 3rd September 1897.)
4	Mr. Krishnarao Chimanrao Dhole* .....	11	1	
5	Mr. Balwant Ramchandra Natu.....	5	27	
6	„ Krishnaji Balal Phatak.....	24	8	
7	Dr. Shankar Amrut Chobbe L. M. & S.	4	28	
8	Mr. Narayen Vithal Malwal.....	7	25	
9	„ Balubhai Lukhmichand.....	10	22	
10	„ Ramnarayan Amarchand.....	10	22	
11	„ Nana Narayan Bhor.....	2	30	
12	Dr. Ganesh Krishna Garde L. M. & S....	21	11	
13	Mr. Maruti Damodarshet Malwadkar ...	9	23	
14	„ Hukumchand Ishwardas.....	...	32	
15	„ Ramchandra Mansaram Naik... ..	19	13	
16	„ Parsharam Khupchand.....	13	19	
17	Sirdar Kupuswami Viziarangam Mudliar	23	9	
18	Mr. Balwantrao Hari Chiplonkar .....	1	31	
19	Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak B. A., LL. B... }	9	18	*Elected vice Mr. B. G. Tilak resigned ; (vide Govt. Gazette Part I-A dated 30th December 1897 notification No. P 3628 dated 24th December 1897.)
20	Mr. Kaluram Bhau Mansaram*.....	3	2	
21	Mr. V. R. Patwardhan B. A. LL. B.....	25	7	
22	„ Ramchandra Daji Moghe.....	23	4	
23	„ Vithalrao Narayan Pathak M. A....	30	2	
<i>Nominated Members.</i>				
24	Mr. A. H. Plunkett C. I. F.....	3	29	
25	„ Sayad Sirajudin Abdul Futtah B.A.	8	24	
26	Dr. A. W. Thomson.....	16	16	
27	Mr. Moreswar Vasudeo Sathe.....	26	6	
28	„ Dattatraya Daji Adhikari... ..	...	5	*Nominated (vide Government Gazette Part I-A Notification No. P-1398 dated 20th May 1897.)
29	Rao Bahadoor Ganesh Govind Gokhle* }	19	8	
30	Khan Bahadur Kaji Sayed Ajmodin walad Kaji Sayad Gulamodin.....	8	24	
31	Rao Bahadur Vasudeo Bapuji Kanitkar.	...	32	
32	Dastur Kaikobad Adarbad.....	11	21	
33	Mr. Abdulakhan A. Mokashi.....	14	18	

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898.

M. K. Kuntekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix (C) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the number of meetings of the Managing Committee of the Poona City Municipality held during the year 1897-98.

	1895-96.					1896-97.					1897-98.					Remarks.			
	Number of meetings.	Members present.			Cases decided.	Number of meetings.	Members present.			Cases decided.	Number of meetings.	Members present.			Cases decided.				
		Nominated.	Elected.	Average attendance.			In meeting.	By Circular.	Nominated.			Elected.	Average attendance.	In meeting.			By Circular.	Nominated.	Elected.
1897																			
April	6	6	35	6.8	139	...	9	3	16	6.3	84	1	2	1	10	5.5	29	11	
May	6	6	29	5.8	127	2	2	1	10	5.5	59	...	...	...	...	0.	...	21	
June	8	8	43	6.3	235	1	4	4	18	5.5	99	1	1	...	5	5.0	35	8	
July	4	3	21	6.0	107	1	4	4	20	6.0	76	...	1	...	5	5.0	18	25	
August	3	3	13	5.3	115	2	5	5	24	5.8	102	...	1	1	4	5.0	84	39	
September	2	2	11	6.5	49	1	5	5	25	6.0	92	...	...	...	...	0.	...	47	
October	4	4	17	5.2	113	3	4	4	19	5.7	103	...	...	...	...	0.	...	35	
November	5	4	22	5.2	105	1	1	1	5	6.0	31	...	5	4	22	5.2	50	22	
December	4	3	19	5.5	79	...	3	2	11	4.3	44	1	...	...	...	0.	...	41	
1898																			
January	6	6	31	6.1	142	...	3	2	11	4.3	40	30	1	2	4	6.0	16	15	
February	3	1	16	5.6	74	...	1	...	5	5.0	17	3	2	2	8	5.0	34	21	
March	8	8	40	6.0	178	...	3	...	12	4.0	...	100	2	2	8	5.6	33	14	
Total ...	59	54	297	5.9	1463	11	38	31	176	5.4	697	136	15	12	66	5.2	249	299	

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898. }

M. K. Kumthekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( D ) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the attendance of the members of the Managing Committee.

The total number of meetings was 15 during the year 1897-98.

No.	Names.	No. of meetings attended	No. of meetings not attended	Remarks.
	Chairman.			
1	Mr. V. N. Pathak M. A. ....	15	...	
	Members.			
2	Mr. B. R. Natu.....	1	4	
	Mr. M. W. Satho* .....	8	2	*Elected by the General Committee on 20th October 1897 in the place of Mr. B. R. Natu.
3	Mr. R. D. Mogho.....	14	1	
4	Dr. G. K. Gardo L. M. & S., .....	7	8	
5	The Honorable Mr. B. G. Tilak B.A. LL. B.	4	1	
	Mr. K. B. Patak * .....	10	...	*Elected by the General Committee on 26th October 1897 in the place of Mr. B. G. Tilak.
6	Mr. V. R. Patwardhan B. A. LL. B.....	15	...	
7	Professor S.S. Abdul Fattah Moulvi B.A.	4	11	

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898. }

M. K. Kumbhar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

POONA CITY

APPENDIX E. TO THE ADMINISTRATION

Statement showing gross imports and net imports of duty paid articles during the past

Class	Name of Article	Years	Gross imports		
			Bengal Maunds	Value	Duty levied
1	2	3	4	5	6
				Ra.	Ra. A.P.
I.	Food for men and animals .....	1895-96	29,64,033	88,44,530	1,17,296 11 5
		1896-97	28,39,780	1,28,76,722	1,09,449 ... 2
		1897-98	22,79,730	1,27,13,496	91,859 11 9
Grain .....	}	1895-96	14,59,477	45,98,989	65,330 10 ...
		1896-97	14,79,159	77,70,515	65,208 1 5
		1897-98	13,83,487	91,48,127	60,778 14 5
Sugar .....	}	1895-96	50,556	5,08,818	9,496 12 3
		1896-97	44,703	4,74,421	8,403 10 9
		1897-98	18,951	2,01,128	3,554 14 6
Unrefined sugar .....	}	1895-96	...	...	... ..
		1896-97	...	...	... ..
		1897-98	18,952	2,01,138	3,555 5 3
Ghee .....	}	1895-96	22,366	7,12,182	5,662 11 ...
		1896-97	17,564	6,12,481	4,425 11 9
		1897-98	11,880	4,13,016	2,959 8 ...
II.	Animals for slaughter... ..	1895/96	...	...	... ..
		1896-97	...	...	... ..
		1897/98	...	...	... ..
III.	Articles of fuel, lighting and washing	1895/96	11,13,844	11,09,065	22,762 13 10
		1896/97	10,29,058	9,98,614	20,271 7 7
		1897/98	5,99,154	6,56,903	12,435 ... 4
Oil and oil seeds .....	}	1895/96	35,376	3,18,561	3,449 10 9
		1896/97	23,817	2,34,650	2,189 ... ..
		1897/98	17,247	1,78,519	1,616 7 7
IV.	Building materials.....	1895/96	7,48,935	10,61,809	27,399 ... 9
		1896/97	6,71,892	9,90,471	24,502 5 9
		1897/98	4,25,035	5,22,829	12,221 13 7
V.	Drugs, spices, gums &c....	1895/96	52,013	4,06,856	5,340 10 9
		1896/97	39,234	4,52,900	4,069 11 1
		1897/98	27,082	3,07,673	2,776 8 ...
Drugs and gums.....	}	1895/96	51,803	3,68,846	5,236 2 9
		1896/97	39,042	4,35,340	3,973 9 1
		1897/98	26,984	2,90,933	2,727 6 ...
VI.	Tobacco.....	1895/96	43,253	3,89,277	12,192 10 7
		1896/97	33,298	3,32,980	9,403 6 4
		1897/98	22,442	2,24,420	6,326 1 1
VII.	Piece-goods .....	1895/96	29,591	19,88,909	11,498 5 1
		1896/97	20,766	15,24,838	8,265 6 8
		1891/98	16,333	11,54,510	6,285 6 8
VIII.	Metal .....	1895/96	96,851	4,13,005	5,940 6 ...
		1896/97	66,510	3,16,755	4,510 12 10
		1897/98	45,602	2,08,141	3,016 ... 4
Total.....		1895/95	50,48,520	1,42,13,451	2,02,370 10 5
		1896-97	47,00,538	1,74,93,280	1,80,472 2 5
		1897-98	34,15,378	1,57,87,979	1,34,920 9 9

MUNICIPALITY

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1897-98.

three years together with amounts of the duty levied and refunded in each year.

Exports			Net imports			Remarks
Bengal Maunds	Value	Duty re- funded	Bengal Maunds	Value	Net duty	
7	8	9	10	11	12	
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.	
3,29,329	11,48,991	15,790 7 10	26,34,704	76,95,539	101506 3 7	
1,81,318	88,819	8,742 ...	26,58,464	11988526	100706 15 7	
1,11,931	4,74,053	4657 13 10	21,67,799	12239443	87201 13 11	
1,89,731	5,85,175	8,599 8 9	12,69,746	40,13,814	56,731 1 3	
1,10,124	5,70,305	5,279 15 3	13,69,935	72,00,207	59,928 2 2	
82,817	3,60,297	3341 13 2	13,00,670	87,87,830	57,437 1 3	
7,362	73,886	1,449 1 3	43,194	4,34,932	8,047 11 ...	
7,452	78,266	1,397 8 ...	37,251	3,96,155	7,006 2 9	
1,323	13,901	248 2 6	17,625	1,87,227	3,305 12 ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,323	13,902	248 2 6	17,629	1,87,236	3307 2 9	
2,217	70,879	577 14 6	20,151	6,41,312	5,034 12 6	
1,479	51,765	184 15 ...	16,035	5,60,716	4,240 12 9	
209	7000	53 5 ...	11,680	4,06,010	2,906 3 ...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
19,157	61,981	827 2 1	10,94,687	10,47,084	21,935 11 9	
55,067	43,143	1,123 15 2	9,73,991	9,55,471	19,147 8 5	
769	7196	66 4 2	5,98,394	6,49,713	12,368 12 2	
4,021	44,771	502 7 9	31,355	2,73,790	2,941 3 ...	
1,116	11,326	118 5 ...	22,701	2,23,324	2,070 11 4	
494	6296	56 15 ...	16,753	1,72,223	16,19 8 7	
1,79,581	2,76,512	7,908 9 10	5,69,354	7,85,297	19,490 6 11	
82,273	1,54,689	7,348 1 3	5,89,614	8,35,782	17,154 4 6	
42,125	1,01,882	2729 9 6	3,82,910	4,20,947	9,492 4 1	
18,534	1,14,064	1,677 6 10	33,479	2,92,792	3,663 3 11	
2,956	39,642	670 6 6	36,278	4,13,258	3,399 4 7	
2,689	31,616	228 7 ...	24,393	2,76,057	2,548 1 ...	
18,531	1,13,359	1,676 ... 10	33,272	2,55,487	3,560 1 11	
2,944	39,282	664 ... 6	36,098	3,96,058	3,309 8 7	
2,689	31,616	228 7 ...	24,295	2,59,317	2,498 15 ...	
19,083	1,71,747	5,708 12 5	24,170	2,17,539	6,438 14 2	
16,618	1,66,189	5,342 1 3	16,680	1,66,806	4,061 5 1	
7,104	71,049	2001 15 10	15,338	1,53,380	4,324 1 3	
8,190	4,99,132	2,790 1 4	21,401	14,89,777	8,648 3 9	
1,012	55,990	325 3 9	19,754	14,68,848	7,940 2 11	
471	33,510	173 10 3	15,862	11,21,009	6,111 12 5	
13,019	59,074	1,256 ... 5	83,832	3,53,931	4,684 5 7	
15,289	71,768	1,213 ... 3	51,221	2,44,987	3,297 12 7	
6,138	29,570	440 7 6	39,464	1,78,571	2,575 8 10	
5,86,893	23,31,501	35,953 8 9	44,61,627	11881950	166417 1 8	
8,54,530	14,19,608	24,764 12 9	43,46,002	16073672	155707 5 8	
1,71,218	7,48,861	10,298 4 1	32,44,164	15030111	124622 5 8	

M. K. Kumthekar,  
Secretary P. M. C.

## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix F. to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing outstandings of assessed Municipal Taxes of the City of Poona on 31st March 1898.

Name of taxes.	Outstandings for years.														Remarks.
	1893-94		1894-95		1895-96		1896-97		1897-98		Total				
	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
House tax .....	40	6...	35	10...	51	3...	153	12...	2458	15...	2744	14...			
Halalcore cess.....	54	10...	47	13...	66	6...	185	6 9	2993	5...	3347	8 9			
Wheel tax on private conveyances only...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	8 ..	138	4...	141	12...			
Total...	95	...	83	7...	119	9...	345	10 9	5590	8...	6234	2 9			

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898.

M. K. Kuntthekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

# POONA CITY

## APPENDIX (G) to the Administration

Statement. showing the cases decided by the Local Magistrates under

No.	Month	Prosecutions instituted under the Municipal Act under sections.															Section 70	
		33	39	43	48	53	54	55	56	58	61	66	67	69	77	Other sections if any.	Bye law 16	Bye law 17
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Cases undisposed of on 31st March 1897.....	13	...	...	16	...	17	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
1	April.....	...	...	...	...	...	48	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	May .....	8	12	...	3	4	104	27	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	1	...
3	June .....	2	13	...	4	...	36	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...
4	July .....	2	22	...	3	4	82	36	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...
5	August .....	3	15	...	10	4	76	82	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
6	September.....	...	13	...	3	37	59	79	...	...	1	13	...	...	...	...	3	...
7	October .....	1	34	...	...	33	62	200	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	3	...
8	November.....	6	36	...	3	4	60	110	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
9	December.....	1	49	...	6	12	90	219	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...
	1898.																	
10	January.....	3	29	...	4	57	56	136	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...
11	February .....	...	96	...	1	19	71	232	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...
12	March .....	1	94	1	7	17	52	221	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...
	Total.....	40	413	160	191	813	1364	...	27	38	10	13	...	1	...	...	45	...

Poona City Municipal Office, }  
 29th July 1898. }

# MUNICIPALITY.

report for the year 1897-98.

the Municipal Act and the bye-laws during the year 1897-98.

Section 72		Municipal Rules.			Cases disposed of and remaining undisposed of.						Remarks.
Bye law 27 regarding births.	Bye law 28 regarding deaths.	49	Other rules if any	Total.	Con-vict-ed.	Ac-quit-ted.	Com-promis-ed.	Cases re-maining undispos-ed of on 31 March 1898.	Total.		
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
...	...	...	...	...	54	34	1	17	2	54	For prosecu-tions under Section 84 of the Munici-pal Act VI of 1873 <i>vide</i> Statement G.-I.
...	...	...	...	...	51	42	4	5	.....	51	
...	...	...	...	...	168	123	16	30	.....	168	
...	...	...	...	...	72	50	10	12	.....	72	
...	...	...	...	...	156	127	16	13	.....	156	
...	...	...	...	...	194	156	13	23	2	194	
...	...	...	...	...	208	148	32	25	3	208	
...	...	...	...	...	367	225	36	103	3	367	
...	...	...	...	...	225	127	19	78	1	225	
...	...	...	...	...	396	214	13	163	6	396	
...	...	...	...	...	298	171	12	112	3	298	
...	...	...	...	...	425	286	10	126	3	425	
...	...	...	...	...	402	123	18	250	11	402	
...	...	...	...	...	3016	1825	200	957	34	3016	

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
Secretary  
P. M. C.



# POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

APPENDIX ( G-1 ) to the Administration report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing Municipal prosecutions disposed of by the Local Magistrates under section 84 of the Municipal

Act ( VI of 1873 ) in 1897-98.

No.	Name of authority.	Number of prosecutions disposed of under section 84 of the Municipal Act (VI of 1873) in 1897-98.	Amount recovered with regard to the cases disposed of.			Remarks.
1	2	3	4			5
			Rs.	a.	p.	
1	The City Magistrate .....	.....	.....	...	...	For prosecutions under other sections <i>vide</i> statement G.
2	A. Bench of Magistrates .....	84	.....	9	...	
3	B. Bench of Magistrates .....	21	.....	...	...	
4	The Special Magistrate .....	3205.	5148	4	2	
		3310.	5148.	13	2	

Poona City Municipal Office, }  
 29th July 1898. }

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
 Secretary  
 P. M. C.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( H ) to the Administration Report for the Poona City Municipality  
for 1897-98.

Statement showing the value of the dead-stock as it stood on the 31st March 1898

Class.	Description.	No.	Value of articles & buildings	Total of each Class.
1	Buildings			
	General			
	The Technical school and the shed	1	21257 10 2	
	The Workshop in Shukrawar	1	2050	
	Store Room in Ditto	1	942	
	Store Room near Fadgate	1	100	
	Shed for Kubbish and night soil carts near Fadgate	1	1298 10 1	
	Night soil Depot			
	1 Office Room	1	600	
	2 Sheds for night soil pans	5	2767	
	3 Guard Room	1	364 13 2	
	4 Shed for Bhangis	1	2906 12 9	
	5 Shed for Ashes	1	1600	
	6 Shed for Poudrette	1	2049 9 11	
	Native Dispensary Building	1	783	
	Office for collection Department in the Reay Market	1	15200	
	Water supply-Chowkies at			
	"    Katraj	1	100	
	"    Lakalkhana	1	100	
	"    Filter works	1	50	
	The fire Engine shed at Daruwala bridge	1	75	
	The fire Engine shed in Budhwar	1	1083 13 4	
	The fire Engine shed in Sadashiv	1	277	10
	The fire Engine shed in Bhawani	1	325 7 1	
	Ditto shed near Kumbharves	1	184 6 3	
	Octroi-Nakas			
	Ganesh- Khind Road	1		
	Amrai	1		
	Savi Peth	1		
	Wanowri	1		
	Ghorpadi	1		
	Hadapsar	1		
	Railway Station	1		
	Lakdipul	1	5639 15 2	
	Shankarshet road	1		
	Lal Bag	1		
	Kondwe	1		
	Chaturshingi Road	1		
	Kothrud Road	1		
	Cross Road	1		
	Bhamburda	1		
	Shed for weigh bridge	1	123	5
	Market			
	Reay market	1	216808 12	
	Vegetable market—Vetal Peth	1	3000	
	Meat Market in Shukarwar	1		
	"    Vetal	1		
	"    Bhawani	1		
	"    Nana's	1		
	"    Kasba	1	10200	
	"    Ganesh	1		
	Meat Market			
	Inspector's Chowki in Bhowani	1	50	
	Latrines in			
	"    Ganesh	9		
	"    Nana's	6		
	"    Bhawani	11		
	"    Kasba	10	25510 2 1	
	"    Sadashiv	7		
	"    Narayan	4		
	"    Shanwar	1		

	" Sukarwar	" ...	16						
	" Mangalwar	" ...	6						
	" Raste	" ...	1						
	" Ghorpade	" ...	4						
	" Ganj	" ...	8						
	" Bhamburda	" ...	2						
	Budhwar Garden	" ...	1	5000	...				
2	Tools and plant							320446	1 3
	Steam Road Rollers	...	2	11200	6...				
	Stone " "	...	13	497	...				
	Iron " "	...	7	1172	8...				
	Steam fire Engines	...	3	11976	...				
	Fire Extingwisher	...	1	121	4...				
	Manual Fire Engines & appliances	...	4	3187	12...				
	Lathes	...	5	1890	...				
	Engine and Boiler	...	1						
	Dove-tailing machine	...	1						
	Boring and mortizing machine	...	1						
	Double headed punching and	...	1	7661	5 4				
	Shearing machine	...	1						
	Plaining machine	...	1						
	Lathes	...	3						
	Drilling machine	...	1	390	...				
	Punching machine	...	1	50	...				
	Brick preparing machine	...	1						
	Sawing machine	...	1	1471	15 9				
	Bending machine	...	1						
	Drilling machine	...	1						
	Water carts	...	31	3262	... 8				
	Water Pumps	...	5	1545	...				
	Night Soil Carts	...	88	15406	4 1				
	Rubbish and poudrette Carts	...	77	7650	14 5				
	Urinal Carts	...	9	1165	14 8				
	Lanterns and Posts	...	1440	14400	...				
	Dust Bins	...	540	8148	4 1				
	Tikaw, Ghamelis &c	...		4404	8 9				
	Dog carts	...	11	220	...				
	Urinal manual carts	...	1	45	...				
	Telephone Instruments	...	11	1639	8...				
	Furnace for melting cast Iron	...	1	150	...				
	Engines for above	...	1	876	2...			98531	11 9
	Boilers Ditto	...	1						
3	Engineering Instruments	...							
	Dumpy levels	...	3	850	...				
	Theodolite	...	1	500	...				
	Y Level	...	1	250	...				
	Parallel rulers	...	4	66	...				
	Surveying Compass	...	1	50	...				
	Boxes of drawing instruments	...	3	200	...				
	Prismatic Compass	...	1	22	...				
	Scale with off set	...	1	21	...				
	Measuring chains &c	...		318	12...			2277	12...
4	Materials for work	...		3316	2 8			3316	2 8
5	Office furniture	...		11436	1 8			11436	1 8
	Total Rs								
								43600713	4

Poona Municipal Office

1 st June 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,

Secretary P. M.

# THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

of the

**POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.**

FOR 1897-98.

*July 1898.*

FROM

**Dr. A. P. DANTES L. R. C. P. (Lond.)**

**M. R. C. S. (Eng.) L. M. & S.**

*HEALTH OFFICER*

*Poona City Municipality, POONA.*

To

**M. K. KUMTHEKAR Esq., B. A.**

**Secretary P. M. C. POONA.**

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Report of the Health Department of the Poona City Municipality for the year 1897-1898.

As the year under review has been an eventful one for Poona on account of the dire visitation of Plague, it would only be in the natural fitness of things to enter briefly into a few details upon the manner in which the work of the Department was carried on under the severe strain of an epidemic. It was in the month of July 1897 that signs of the recrudescence of plague became manifest, and as after the first epidemic the staff of the Health Department had been reduced, it was now found necessary to increase the number in order to meet the urgent requirements of the City for Sanitary purposes. With this object in view, the Supervising staff of Sub-Inspectors and Mukadams was considerably strengthened, and over these were placed a number of Soldiers who acted as Sanitary Inspectors and were of the greatest use and assistance. If it could be truly said that Poona was lying on a bed of Sewage, then the urgent necessity of vigorous measures for the Sanitary regeneration of the City was too obvious to admit of any delay.

At a time when measures for grappling with the plague were set on foot with great activity and energy by the Plague Committee, it became incumbent on the Sanitary Department to display corresponding vigor and activity with a view to maintaining the cleanliness of the City, and thereby assisting the plague operations in mitigating the ravages of the pestilence.

The Sanitary works carried out during the year under report are shown in Appendix A but it must be understood that the list contains only the larger works, most of which were Municipal, to the exclusion of those minor, but none the less important, ones which were effected by the hundreds and hundreds of house-owners throughout the City at the instance of this Department. It must not be supposed, however, that the earnest solicitude of this Department to realise as

speedily as possible the necessary improvements in the Sanitary defects of private houses was in all cases met with that ready acquiescence and co-operation which might have been desired. To give only one instance out of many, there is an underground sullage drain in Raviwar Peth passing through private ground the owner of which refused to open and clean it himself or allow the Municipality to do so, although it was demonstrated to him that the blocking of this drain with silt and muck caused an accumulation in the cesspits and drains higher up which was prejudicial to the health of the people in that locality. It was not without much trouble and after considerable pressure had been brought to bear that he was induced to give way. The practical application of the principles of modern Sanitary Science amongst a conservative people is bound to give rise to considerable friction and discontent, but it is to be hoped that in the fullness of time the advantage to public health will be sufficiently appreciated.

**Sullage.**—The vast system of cesspools prevailing in the City for holding Sullage and waste water is doubtless an objectionable feature in its Sanitary arrangements, but in the absence of a complete drainage system, it becomes a matter of some importance to endeavour to minimise the evil effects resulting from the presence of these cesspools in such numbers by rendering them not only watertight with masonry and cement, but causing an efficient daily removal of their contents to a suitable spot outside the city. Where-as formerly there were only 19 Pakhali Bhisties and 13 bullock-carts engaged in this service, we have now 45 bullock-carts and, 1 Pakhal removing on an average about 35 tons of Sullage daily from the undrained portion of the city.

Many of these cesspools were mere pits dug in the earth, and it can be easily imagined how the constant percolation into the soil of foul and decomposing liquids, and the contamination of the atmosphere by noxious effluvia from them would prove a perpetual source of danger to the public health. Wherever it was found feasible, the cesspools were done away with, and the morees and other waste places were connected with the under-ground drains already existing in some parts of the city.

The drains themselves were thoroughly overhauled, cleaned and repaired wherever practicable and it had become a rule to flush them completely once a month.

The Nagzari Nala, which runs along the east side of the City, is practically an open Sewer, as it receives along its course much of the liquid sewage, washings and drains of the adjoining areas, on which account the stream becomes contaminated with organic and other impurities—a condition of things which must obviously be detrimental to public interests, more especially during eight months of the year when the stream is narrowed and there is stagnation of flow. With a view to mitigate this evil, arrangements have been made to construct sluice gates at some of the overbridges which would serve to bund up the water for a time and then could be let out daily for flushing the river. Thanks to the active initiative of Surgeon Major W. L. Reade, Chief Plague Authority, one of these bunds at Gbase-tipool is within measurable distance of realization, but another one near the sullage platform in Mungulwar Peith is urgently required.

The river, however, or rather its channel serves one very useful purpose of obviating the risk of a water-logged condition of the soil which would inevitably have been the result of the immense leakages from the Canal, combined with the waste from the bowds, tanks and pipes in the city.

On account of the contour of the country, the surplus waste has a natural tendency to flow towards the river, and thus the level of subsoil water is maintain-

ed at a comparatively safe depth from the surface, although it is true that in places it may be found at about 5 or 6 feet beneath the crust. Much improvement has been effected, as far as the waste in the City is concerned, by cutting off the water supply in many houses, and erecting public Stand-pipes at convenient places with satisfactory arrangements for drainage.

**Halalkhore Service.**—The daily removal of nightsoil from the City went on without interruption during the trying times through which we have passed, and in spite of the fact that there was a panic amongst the civil population on account of plague, the halalkhores stuck to their posts with praiseworthy courage and perseverance.

One great improvement introduced in this branch has been the distribution of iron drums for the removal of nightsoil to the depots, in place of the old baskets which constituted such an ugly sight in the streets, were always difficult to clean and only served the purpose of harbouring disease germs. The nightsoil carts to the number of 80 have been kept in good order, and by daily inspections at the various depots, any repairs required were speedily attended to.

**Latrines.**—The public latrines in the City have been vastly improved and placed in a thorough Sanitary Condition. They have all been paved with stone, provided with pucca built drains and cesspools, and almost all of them have now an abundant supply of water from pipes. They are periodically tarred and white washed and by their neatness and comparative cleanliness stand in marked contrast to the huts and houses surrounding them. The general conservancy of the City was maintained in a state of efficiency, considering the difficulties under which the Department was working owing to plague, and it is only due to the menial staff to record that the majority loyally performed their several duties.

**Sanitary Improvements.**—The large cattle sheds existing in different parts of the City, were in a deplorable state, and if the people of the country had been readily susceptible to enteric fever, the conditions were certainly very favourable to the frequent outbreaks of epidemics of that disease. The liquid refuse simply spread on the ground or soaked into the soil, and these places as a rule were reeking with filth. It was not without considerable trouble that the owners were got to make stone pavements under the sheds with proper provision for drainage, and frequent inspections by the Supervising staff ensured their being kept in a state of cleanliness. Practically all the cattle-sheds in the City have been over-hauled, and the large ones in Shukrawar and Raviwar Peith, Gowli alli, are different now from what they used to be. Many of the stables also have been opened up for light and ventilation with other sanitary improvements, notably the one in No 16 Shukerwar Peth.

**Alloo Plantations.**—By order of the Plague Committee the Alloo plantations in the city were done away with, and it is to be hoped that one fruitful cause of malarial fevers has been permanently removed. They were really unhealthy swamps in the midst of dwelling houses, and the two very large ones near Daroowala bridge and at the back of Dugdi Nagoba's temple were a constant cause of complaint by the people of that quarter, and certainly told visibly upon the health of the Chambars living in the neighbourhood. Reasonable compensation was given to the owners of these plantations upon the adjudication of *Punch*.

**Drains.**—The side surface drains intended for storm water, are, many of them, mere trenches on either side of the roads, but the necessity of converting those along which there was a constant flow of waste water into masonry built

drains was sufficiently urgent to necessitate a moderate outlay, and what has been done in this matter may be learnt from a reference to Appendix. **A**

Much has been done to improve the sanitary condition of the City, but it is at the same time necessary to recognise the fact that much yet remains to be done.

The privies are as a rule not built upon the best models, and there is no arrangement of gully traps in the house connections, the result being that whenever there is a block in the drains, the risk of contamination of the air in houses from the reflux of foul gases is very great indeed. It would be well if it were made a rule to submit all plans and sites for new buildings to the approval and sanction of the Health Department. Many houses are totally devoid of any provision for light and ventilation, and the hundreds of houses into which apertures were made during the Plague operations testify to the necessity of exercising a strict supervision with a view to ensure that all reasonable Sanitary requirements are fulfilled in the erection of new houses and buildings. A provision might very profitably be made in the Municipal acts empowering the proper authorities to enforce these indispensable requirements.

It is desirable also to remove the 6 Slaughter houses from the City to a central abattoir outside its limits, as these are a nuisance in the localities where they are situated. I believe some provision was made in this matter, but it has been allowed to remain in abeyance for want of funds.

There are scores of burial grounds scattered all over the city, some of them in the midst of thickly populated areas and it is not difficult to conceive how injurious they must prove to the health of the city generally. It is a pity there is no provision in the Municipal acts empowering the Municipality to close any burial ground which might prove injurious to the public from a Sanitary point of view. It is to be hoped this matter will be given proper consideration when next the Municipal acts are undergoing revision at the hands of Government. Giving due consideration to the prejudices and religious susceptibilities of the different classes of people concerned, it yet becomes a matter of grave importance to set about the removal of these grave-yards to places at some distance from inhabited areas, bearing in mind the necessity of making due allowance for the gradual growth and expansion of the city. There is plenty of available ground along the out skirts of the town for the purpose, and I believe the subject is under the consideration of the authorities.

**Plague.**—This is certainly not the place to go at any length into the incidence of this disease, and the task will doubtless be performed by abler hands than mine. There can be no doubt that the second epidemic was noted for its virulence, and the vast *Exodus* of the people from the city leaving only a fourth of the population behind will not be readily forgotten. Many of the peths were entirely deserted in November, December and January, notably Sudashiv, Narayen, Shanwar, Gunj and part of Shukrawar. Plague has contributed more than all the other diseases combined towards the enhanced mortality for the year, the number being 4125 out of a total of 8688 from all causes, or 34.72 per 1000 of population.

The highest number of cases of plague occurred in the week ending the 11th December 97, when there were 424 attacks and 339 deaths. It was practically in the last week of November that the disease reached its maximum, after which it rapidly declined, chiefly owing to the energetic plan of campaign devised by the Plague Committee, and in the week ending 16th April only 2 attacks and 2 deaths were recorded, although of course well over a month before this, the plague had dwindled down to quite insignificant proportions.

**Births.**—The total number of births registered during the year under review was 558 being 3521 less than the number recorded in the previous year. The birth rate is equal to 4.60 per thousand of population.

**Deaths.**—The total number of deaths-recorded during the year under review was 8688 being 3055 more than the previous year. The total enhanced mortality was chiefly due to the Epidemic of plague which made its appearance during the last quarter of the last year. When it is borne in mind that this death rate is recorded amongst a population reduced to almost a fourth of its proportion owing to the flight of the people, the virulence of the epidemic becomes sufficiently apparent.

The following Table shows the total number of deaths for the last 5 years.

Years.	Total number of deaths.
1893—94	3160
1894—95	3515
1895—96	3328
1896—97	5633
1897—98	8688

The death rate is equal to 73.14 per thousand of population. The largest number of deaths took place in the month of November 1897 and the lowest in the month of March 1898.

**Mortality according to Sex.**—Of the total number of persons who died namely 8688, 4450 were males and 4238 were females. Giving a proportion of 100 males to 95.26 females.

**Mortality according to Peths.**—The peth that suffered most in point of number was Shukrawar, there being 1280 deaths recorded from it. The lowest number of deaths namely 6 was recorded from Gultekdi. The highest death rate of 115.81 was recorded from Ghorpade and the lowest of 23.44 from Gultekdy.

**Mortality according to age.**—Of the 8688 persons that died 1903 were children under 5 years of age. In other words the infant mortality was 21.21 per cent. In the previous year 933 Children died out of a total of 5633 deaths.

The following table shows the infant mortality during the last 5 years.

Years.	Total number of deaths.	Deaths among infants.
1893—94	3160	1039
1894—95	3515	942
1895—96	3328	1038
1896—97	5633	933
1897—98	8688	1903

**The senile Mortality.**—The senile mortality was 312 more than the previous year, 964 persons died above the age of 60 years.



The following table shows the senile Mortality during the last 5 years,

Years.	Total number of deaths.	Deaths above the age of 60 Years.
1893—94	1390	450
1894—95	3515	779
1895—96	3328	551
1896—97	5633	652
1897—98	8988	964

**Mortality according to classes.**—The number of deaths among the different races living in the City was as follows:—

Hindoos... ..	High caste	...	...	...	1417
do. ....	Low caste	...	...	...	6138
Mahomedans .....	.....	...	...	...	956
Jains ... ..	.....	...	...	...	93
Christains .....	.....	...	...	...	33
Parsees .....	...	...	...	...	5
Other castes .....	...	..	...	...	46
Total .....					8688

The following table gives the number of deaths among the principal races in the City for the last 5 years.

Years.	Hindoos.	Hindoos.	Mohomedans.	Jains.
	High caste.	other caste.		
1893—94	405	2246	372	108
1894—95	494	2587	370	42
1895—96	495	2290	368	145
1896—97	716	3975	634	261
1897—98	1417	6138	956	93

**Cholera.**—From this disease 851 deaths were recorded out a Total of 939 attacks.

The figures of attacks and deaths from this complaint for the last 5 years are given below.

Years.	Attacks.	Deaths.
1893—94	226	136
1894—95	181	111
1895—96	60	46
1896—97	489	345
1897—98	939	851

The table shows an increase in the number of attacks as well as deaths from the years 1893 to 1898.

During the year under review Cholera commenced on the 10th May 1897. It terminated on the 25 th September 1897.

**Small pox.**—There were 17 deaths from this disease being 26 less than the previous year. Of these 17 persons that died 6 were males and 11 females.

The following table shows the number of deaths from Small-Pox for the last 5 years.

Years.	Deaths.
1893—94	114
1894—95	27
1895—96	27
1896—97	43
1897—98	17

**Measles.**—Mortality from this disease was 41 less than the previous year, 11 deaths were recorded from this disease. The statement given below shows the deaths from this disease for the last 5 years.

Years.	Deaths from Measles.
1893—94	78
1894—95	15
1895—96	36
1896—97	52
1897—98	11

**Fevers.**—From fevers 4644 deaths were recorded or 53.45 per cent of the total number of deaths. In this return, however, the mortality from plague is also included, and the total number of deaths from fevers alone would therefore be 519, or 5.97 per cent of the total mortality. Out of each thousand of population 4.37 died from fevers.

The following statement shows the deaths from fevers for the last 5 years. In the year under report the mortality from Plague is included.

Years.	Deaths from fever.	Total number of Deaths.
1893—94	1634	3160
1894—95	1787	3515
1895—96	1645	3328
1896—97	2764	5633
1897—98	4644	8688

**Bowel Complaints.**—1399 deaths were recorded under the heading of Bowel complaints being 1233 more than the previous year.

**Accidents.**—32 deaths were attributed to accidents being 11 less than in the previous year.

**Other Causes.**—Under this 1734 deaths were put down being 486 less than in the previous year, of these 873 were males and 861 were females.

**Privies.**—There are 7997 private privies, of which 4480 are connected with the main drains.

**Night-soil.**—The total quantity of night soil removed from the City during the year under report was 533 tons and 19 cwts. The following statement shows the amount of nightsoil removed during the last 5 years.

Years.	Amount of Night-soil removed.	
	Tons	cwts
1894—94	11835	"
1895—95	11712	15
1896—96	12239	1
1897—97	11443	"
1898—98	533	19

**Manure works.**—The total number of heaps of manure produced during the year was 1230, 1213 were sold by public auction for Rupees 24455-8 as against 13333-0-0 in the previous year.

I have the honour to be

SIR,

Your most obedient servant.

A. P. DANTES, L. R. C. P. (LOND.)

M. B. C. S. (ENG.) L. M. & S.

HEALTH OFFICER.

## STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF BIRTHS BY

Months.	Years.	Bhawani.		Nana.		Raste.		Nyhal.		Somwar.		Mangalwar.		Kusba.		Raviwar.		Ganesh.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
		April.	1895-96	9	7	8	7	5	6	1	1	8	6	5	3	17	11	7	"
	1896-97	5	"	4	8	2	2	3	1	1	2	3	1	5	4	7	4	5	2
	1897-98	"	2	1	"	5	3	"	"	1	1	3	"	1	"	1	5	4	3
May.	1895-96	4	2	7	5	3	4	1	2	3	1	2	4	26	20	8	5	3	2
	1896-97	4	"	8	7	7	10	"	1	4	4	2	1	3	6	9	9	4	2
	1897-98	1	3	1	2	5	3	"	"	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	"	2	2
June.	1895-96	10	2	8	6	1	5	1	"	4	3	"	4	22	13	7	7	2	5
	1896-97	3	1	13	4	7	6	3	"	1	"	"	5	1	4	3	1	9	2
	1897-98	"	"	2	1	4	2	1	"	1	1	4	1	1	1	4	"	2	"
July.	1895-96	21	3	15	6	5	5	3	3	6	8	9	9	22	11	10	9	13	4
	1896-97	11	8	8	10	14	10	4	4	4	5	1	"	12	7	9	5	2	4
	1897-98	3	"	5	6	2	6	"	"	1	3	2	4	10	5	1	3	"	2
August.	1895-96	8	3	7	5	6	6	4	"	5	2	3	3	24	14	15	15	5	1
	1896-97	29	9	2	4	2	5	4	2	8	1	1	4	20	12	5	4	3	2
	1897-98	2	1	1	4	1	2	1	1	4	1	3	1	8	10	1	1	2	"
September.	1895-96	15	3	9	8	6	10	"	1	3	4	2	2	36	25	19	15	3	3
	1896-97	25	9	5	6	7	5	1	1	7	3	7	1	22	14	15	16	4	3
	1897-98	"	"	1	2	6	5	2	"	4	2	"	1	1	2	1	1	"	2
October.	1895-96	19	3	14	7	3	1	1	6	5	3	2	1	12	14	8	15	2	1
	1896-97	17	2	11	9	8	9	6	2	9	1	3	1	26	28	10	8	5	3
	1897-98	2	2	1	1	9	5	1	2	"	1	2	"	2	1	2	1	"	"
November.	1895-96	7	1	9	7	3	2	1	1	6	2	4	5	14	11	21	12	5	6
	1896-97	12	7	4	6	7	3	"	"	7	3	3	1	17	38	8	2	1	"
	1897-98	1	3	"	"	7	2	1	1	"	1	"	"	1	3	1	"	"	"
December.	1895-96	8	2	12	5	3	2	2	1	"	3	2	1	25	8	23	15	8	3
	1896-97	10	5	8	8	6	7	5	1	7	4	4	1	21	33	10	5	5	1
	1897-98	"	2	2	"	1	1	"	1	"	"	1	1	"	2	"	2	"	"
January.	1895-96	9	3	"	1	4	2	3	1	3	3	"	2	22	16	13	19	12	8
	1896-97	17	2	11	10	4	4	3	3	8	9	3	7	36	31	4	8	1	1
	1897-98	"	"	2	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	2	1	"	"
February.	1895-96	3	"	12	6	6	1	2	1	5	1	6	3	7	6	11	14	4	"
	1896-97	13	3	6	5	9	5	2	2	6	6	4	3	18	18	"	2	1	1
	1897-98	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	1	1	"	"
March.	1895-96	14	3	16	6	4	8	2	2	3	2	2	2	15	22	13	5	8	5
	1896-97	8	2	5	9	5	5	2	"	3	"	3	3	5	5	2	"	1	1
	1897-98	"	"	1	1	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	2	"	"	2	"	"
Total.	1895-96	127	32	117	69	49	32	11	19	51	38	37	39	242	171	155	131	65	39
	1896-97	171	54	113	99	92	82	40	21	70	44	47	31	233	233	117	110	56	35
	1897-98	9	13	18	20	40	29	6	6	12	11	17	10	26	28	18	13	13	9

MONTHS FOR THE LAST 3 YEARS 1895-96, 1896-97, 1897-98.

Vetal.		Ganj.		Ghorpado.		Shukrawar.		Bullwar.		Shanwar.		Narayan.		Sudashiv.		Bhamburda.		Gultekady.		Mushaferjung.		Total.		Grand Total.
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
4	4	17	5	5	2	13	15	9	2	8	5	8	1	11	19	2	9	"	"	"	"	137	194	241
23	7	30	6	10	5	11	7	6	11	5	4	1	1	9	8	3	1	"	"	"	"	133	74	207
2	3	3	"	1	"	1	6	"	"	2	4	1	"	1	5	1	"	"	"	"	"	28	32	60
7	10	16	9	1	2	11	19	4	3	19	11	7	4	14	13	9	15	"	"	"	"	145	122	267
26	7	32	9	10	2	12	12	5	4	18	4	4	1	9	6	2	6	"	"	"	"	155	91	246
1	"	1	2	"	"	2	2	1	1	2	1	5	1	3	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	80	24	54
15	11	27	13	7	6	20	12	7	3	12	8	7	"	9	6	8	1	"	"	"	"	167	105	272
37	13	34	7	9	2	12	9	3	4	11	10	7	1	8	17	4	7	"	"	"	"	162	96	258
"	"	2	"	"	"	2	2	1	"	"	"	"	"	2	3	"	"	"	"	"	"	26	11	37
30	29	28	17	3	8	14	10	3	7	27	14	10	5	8	13	6	6	1	"	"	"	240	167	407
15	10	20	2	5	5	12	13	8	6	21	18	5	3	11	12	3	4	"	"	"	"	165	126	291
2	4	2	"	"	"	7	4	1	"	1	1	1	1	6	4	3	3	"	"	"	"	49	44	93
22	14	10	11	1	4	14	11	16	7	25	16	3	4	10	12	7	9	"	"	"	"	185	137	322
"	3	6	2	3	4	3	8	7	22	15	11	3	1	18	14	2	8	"	"	"	"	123	116	239
2	7	1	"	"	"	2	4	1	"	4	4	"	2	1	"	4	1	"	"	"	"	37	40	77
17	6	14	15	3	3	21	20	9	5	5	"	3	3	14	9	8	12	"	"	"	"	187	144	331
10	4	22	10	8	6	21	10	8	5	7	11	8	2	18	15	2	3	"	"	"	"	198	124	322
3	2	2	"	"	"	5	9	1	"	3	"	5	"	7	4	3	"	"	"	"	"	44	30	74
52	35	41	42	9	9	9	4	14	17	25	19	4	4	13	8	5	3	"	"	"	"	238	192	430
9	2	15	11	5	2	10	13	12	10	10	11	7	3	20	6	17	6	"	"	"	"	200	127	327
4	1	1	"	"	"	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	4	5	3	1	"	"	"	"	37	26	63
31	19	22	15	7	3	16	7	7	4	16	12	3	4	5	14	5	4	"	"	"	"	192	129	321
1	2	9	6	"	4	23	29	10	7	11	10	8	1	20	13	6	8	"	"	"	"	147	130	277
"	1	"	1	"	"	2	3	1	1	"	1	2	"	"	"	2	"	"	"	"	"	19	17	36
29	23	27	6	7	2	17	6	8	3	12	5	2	1	3	10	5	5	"	"	"	"	198	101	299
"	3	11	1	4	2	22	28	11	9	10	13	10	5	23	6	5	5	"	"	"	"	172	138	310
2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	6	10	16
27	19	38	18	10	9	7	7	3	8	9	11	10	"	6	4	5	6	"	"	"	"	181	132	313
8	6	15	9	1	4	19	20	11	5	6	6	10	9	17	13	4	3	"	"	"	"	178	150	328
"	"	"	1	"	1	1	2	"	1	2	1	"	"	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	9	12	21
24	9	24	6	2	1	2	3	3	6	14	8	3	3	7	6	7	1	"	"	"	"	140	75	215
6	6	3	4	1	3	20	7	4	6	8	7	7	"	20	11	4	6	"	"	"	"	132	95	227
"	"	"	1	"	"	1	1	2	"	1	"	"	"	"	1	"	"	"	"	"	"	7	7	14
39	9	40	10	4	7	9	8	4	5	15	20	4	4	16	9	4	6	"	"	"	"	212	133	345
7	8	7	12	3	4	5	10	7	12	3	3	10	1	11	6	2	4	"	"	"	"	89	85	174
"	"	1	"	"	"	2	1	2	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	8	5	13
295	188	304	147	59	56	153	123	93	65	187	129	64	33	131	133	71	77	1	"	"	"	2222	1541	3763
230	108	39	113	75	69	188	184	102	115	163	147	93	35	213	146	70	74	"	1	2	"	2387	1692	4079
16	19	13	5	1	1	27	37	10	7	17	13	15	5	25	27	16	5	"	"	"	"	300	258	558

A. P. DANTES L. R. C. P. (LOND.)  
M. B. C. S. (ENG.) L. M. & S.  
HEALTH OFFICER,

## Statement showing the number of deaths by

No.	PEITHS.	April. 1897.		May. 1897.		June. 1897.		July. 1897.		August. 1897.	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bhawani	33	43	5	9	11	6	23	27	32	26
2	Nana's	38	36	4	6	5	7	32	29	28	21
3	Rastia's	2	9	9	4	5	6	16	9	5	9
4	Nyhal	2	3	„	1	1	2	7	3	5	3
5	Somwar	12	19	8	7	8	4	16	14	15	10
6	Mangalwar	6	3	3	2	4	6	7	14	11	6
7	Kasba...	25	40	9	8	21	24	62	58	39	54
8	Rawiwar	19	11	15	4	20	14	25	36	29	34
9	Ganesh	12	18	7	4	8	8	17	27	12	16
10	Vetal ...	16	15	6	3	6	5	15	15	17	19
11	Ghorpade	3	7	1	„	3	4	12	6	1	7
12	Gauj ...	21	23	2	3	11	4	21	30	22	21
13	Shukrawar	41	40	7	16	28	22	80	70	60	59
14	Budhwar	19	24	4	7	16	16	15	17	23	24
15	Shanwar	13	19	7	3	21	19	39	27	38	25
16	Narayen	5	5	1	9	11	14	26	19	13	19
17	Sadashiv	22	28	8	7	14	6	34	43	39	36
18	Bhamburda	4	4	1	1	13	17	31	46	9	10
19	Gultekadi	2	1	1	„	„	„	„	1	„	„
20	Mooshaferjung	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	1	„	„
	Total	295	348	98	94	206	184	481	492	398	399

## Peths and by months for the Year 1897-98.

Sept. 1897.		October. 1897.		November. 1897.		December. 1897.		January. 1898.		Feb. 1898.		March. 1898.		TOTAL.		Grand TOTAL.
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
25	23	39	81	39	42	29	40	16	19	10	8	13	3	275	264	539
22	24	35	29	46	44	41	40	11	10	6	7	5	8	273	261	534
15	14	34	34	49	44	48	37	19	7	3	3	6	1	211	177	388
2	1	3	4	11	8	10	15	2	4	1	„	2	1	46	43	89
10	10	26	17	58	46	48	34	7	15	2	9	5	1	215	186	401
10	10	24	41	28	23	6	11	3	5	2	3	2	4	106	128	234
37	39	50	51	59	83	55	46	37	23	13	7	12	9	419	442	861
26	26	37	33	47	43	31	36	17	16	10	10	7	6	283	269	552
13	17	10	13	14	21	17	15	10	10	6	3	6	9	132	161	293
16	17	25	20	51	35	35	22	9	13	6	8	4	8	206	180	386
10	4	3	4	6	9	7	9	7	10	2	1	1	5	56	66	122
28	17	37	33	55	44	39	36	15	14	7	8	6	4	267	237	504
60	63	102	97	118	109	92	104	29	33	16	13	12	9	645	635	1280
21	15	21	20	43	30	37	36	6	12	5	1	5	2	215	204	419
23	26	51	37	66	76	48	33	7	4	4	1	3	6	320	276	596
12	12	32	33	47	37	33	15	6	7	6	2	3	2	195	174	399
55	61	152	100	94	74	27	22	7	4	2	4	1	4	455	389	844
14	6	7	11	15	9	9	13	8	5	4	7	3	4	118	133	251
„	„	„	2	„	2	4	3	1	2	1	„	„	„	9	11	20
„	„	„	„	1	1	1	„	2	„	„	„	„	„	4	2	6
399	385	688	597	847	780	617	567	219	211	106	95	96	86	4450	4238	8688

A. P. DANTES L. R. C. P. (LOND.)  
M. B. C. S. (ENG.) L. M. & S.  
HEALTH OFFICER,

## Statement showing the number of deaths by

No.	PETHS.	Census.	Cholera		Small-Pox		Fevers,	
			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females,
1	Bhawani — —	7661	13	15	„	1	136	155
2	Nana's — —	7352	22	15	„	1	152	132
3	Rastia's — —	4828	6	4	1	„	144	120
4	Nyhal... — —	1368	2	3	„	2	22	25
5	Somwar — —	4516	8	7	1	2	133	105
6	Mangalwar — —	2558	8	8	„	„	63	71
7	Kasba... — —	13534	52	56	1	„	203	222
8	Rawiwar — —	10694	29	24	1	„	125	121
9	Ganesh — —	4078	16	17	1	„	57	66
10	Vetal ... — —	5237	9	10	„	„	117	100
11	Ghorpade — —	1153	9	6	„	„	28	35
12	Gunj ... — —	5425	20	20	„	„	148	131
13	Shukrawar — —	16359	65	59	1	3	349	354
14	Budhwar — —	6720	21	28	„	„	120	111
15	Shanwar — —	9132	48	32	„	1	162	149
16	Narayen — —	4257	25	28	„	1	114	87
17	Sadashiv ... ..	10093	37	39	„	„	281	226
18	Bhamburda ... ..	3334	42	47	„	„	29	34
19	Gultekady ... ..	235	„	1	„	„	7	8
20	Mushaferjung — —	256	„	„	„	„	2	„
	Total ... ..	118790	432	419	6	11	2392	2252



## diseases and by Peiths for the year 1897-98.

Bowel Complaints,		Accidents,		Measles,		Other causes,		TOTAL,		Grand, TOTAL,	Per 1000
Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,		
51	48	3	1	"	"	72	44	275	264	539	70.35
41	55	"	2	"	1	58	55	273	261	534	72.63
30	24	"	"	"	"	30	29	211	177	388	80.36
9	8	"	"	"	"	13	5	46	43	89	65.06
26	30	2	1	"	"	45	41	215	186	401	88.80
17	24	"	1	"	"	18	24	106	128	234	91.48
75	59	1	3	"	1	87	101	419	442	861	63.62
60	47	1	"	"	"	67	77	283	269	552	51.62
20	37	1	"	1	1	36	40	132	161	293	71.85
32	27	"	"	"	"	48	43	206	180	386	73.71
7	7	"	"	1	2	11	16	56	66	122	105.81
54	45	"	"	2	"	43	41	267	237	504	92.90
105	103	3	1	"	"	122	115	645	635	1280	78.24
31	31	"	1	"	"	43	33	215	204	419	62.65
53	43	1	"	"	1	56	50	320	276	596	65.26
32	19	1	"	"	1	23	38	195	174	369	86.68
52	44	2	1	"	"	83	79	455	389	844	83.62
30	22	2	4	"	"	15	26	118	133	251	75.28
"	"	"	"	"	"	2	2	9	11	20	85.11
"	"	"	"	"	"	1	2	4	2	6	23.44
726	673	17	15	4	7	873	861	4450	4238	8688	73.14

A. P. DANTES L. R. C. P. (LOND.)  
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## Statement showing the number of deaths by months and by ages

MONTHS.	YEARS.	Within one year.		1 to 5		5 to 10		10 to 15		15 to 20	
		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
APRIL ...	1895-96	14	12	27	23	1	6	4	8	2	9
	1896-97	14	14	20	21	4	4	2	6	2	7
	1897-98	15	16	12	18	33	28	35	41	33	29
MAY ...	1895-96	17	17	28	25	7	3	1	6	7	6
	1896-97	10	17	27	36	9	5	11	12	8	16
	1897-98	18	12	10	5	1	4	2	4	6	17
JUNE ...	1895-96	10	13	20	14	7	7	5	1	1	11
	1896-97	9	6	14	12	6	7	3	1	4	8
	1897-98	31	22	29	33	2	8	11	9	10	15
JULY ...	1895-96	21	17	39	48	4	8	4	7	2	8
	1896-97	15	10	46	36	19	18	16	13	15	21
	1897-98	66	67	106	99	29	28	22	19	21	18
AUGUST ...	1895-96	29	13	77	88	13	16	6	9	4	13
	1896-97	13	4	47	38	22	18	12	10	23	21
	1897-98	87	81	90	111	25	25	12	10	11	20
SEPTEMBER ...	1895-96	12	11	54	41	5	8	6	6	6	9
	1896-97	10	8	17	8	3	6	2	4	2	3
	1897-98	80	65	81	90	24	16	21	55	13	16
OCTOBER ...	1895-96	12	9	38	23	5	5	3	2	5	6
	1896-97	9	11	9	9	2	4	2	4	1	6
	1897-98	51	45	77	53	55	71	65	52	82	71
NOVEMBER ...	1895-96	10	9	17	23	5	3	3	8	4	16
	1896-97	5	2	7	7	5	2	4	8	5	11
	1897-98	26	31	48	41	66	93	103	83	101	87
DECEMBER ...	1895-96	8	4	21	14	1	3	5	5	5	7
	1896-97	20	10	16	18	5	4	8	1	8	7
	1897-98	18	22	25	36	39	71	61	57	69	51
JANUARY ...	1895-96	10	9	25	15	3	4	4	6	2	6
	1896-97	26	8	26	24	7	20	21	29	25	18
	1897-98	14	15	17	16	10	22	18	13	17	17
FEBRUARY ...	1895-96	9	6	18	12	5	3	2	1	1	3
	1896-97	16	17	47	37	39	44	52	47	41	59
	1897-97	12	8	17	12	4	9	4	4	6	7
MARCH...	1895-96	13	15	31	17	8	12	2	6	7	9
	1896-97	28	30	48	51	69	79	71	92	87	81
	1897-98	16	17	23	19	1	3	3	1	4	2
TOTAL ...	1895-96	165	135	395	343	64	78	45	65	46	103
	1896-97	175	137	324	297	196	211	204	219	221	258
	1897-98	434	401	535	533	289	388	356	318	373	360

in the Poona City during the years 1895-96 96-97 and 1897-98.

20 to 30		30 to 40		40 to 50		50 to 60		Above 60		TOTAL.		Grand TOTAL.
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
18	12	19	12	12	9	10	14	21	15	128	130	258
12	11	9	9	5	4	15	5	22	15	105	96	201
60	79	54	53	19	28	17	28	17	28	295	348	643
9	13	10	10	20	10	6	9	24	16	129	115	244
14	15	15	22	10	11	14	13	18	16	136	163	299
19	15	12	12	9	7	7	4	14	14	98	94	192
15	11	14	14	7	10	10	12	14	24	103	117	220
8	17	15	12	8	9	4	9	8	13	84	89	173
32	30	36	15	16	8	12	7	28	37	206	184	390
13	17	11	19	18	7	5	18	28	40	145	189	334
35	48	35	33	26	30	21	15	28	25	256	249	505
62	65	48	62	41	39	38	33	48	52	481	492	773
38	28	14	12	19	20	30	23	33	32	263	254	517
47	61	44	30	17	25	28	19	19	31	272	257	529
34	45	31	26	25	19	27	19	57	42	399	398	797
21	22	13	10	13	13	26	18	20	25	176	163	339
10	12	14	10	8	6	7	6	17	11	90	74	164
46	48	29	24	28	13	29	23	48	55	399	385	784
15	15	12	7	16	4	13	8	23	18	142	97	239
11	12	9	6	10	10	8	9	13	15	74	86	160
133	104	80	58	39	33	38	31	69	79	688	597	1285
12	25	16	18	17	9	11	13	28	13	123	137	260
13	16	19	9	12	3	6	13	14	17	90	80	170
190	180	124	86	85	60	30	41	74	78	847	780	1627
34	13	12	15	20	7	24	9	25	13	135	90	225
19	17	19	12	7	12	25	18	18	26	145	125	270
148	123	113	70	55	52	41	33	48	52	617	567	1184
18	18	23	14	18	6	10	7	30	22	143	107	250
45	48	35	23	31	10	24	16	32	29	272	225	497
42	46	41	29	21	11	11	14	28	28	219	211	430
10	6	16	10	6	5	10	8	17	9	94	63	157
95	110	60	53	54	39	50	43	46	60	500	509	1009
18	14	9	8	12	9	10	4	14	20	106	95	201
26	13	20	10	13	10	13	9	29	22	162	123	285
178	184	137	99	58	72	63	79	67	92	806	850	1656
10	12	11	3	3	7	8	5	17	17	96	86	182
209	193	151	179	179	110	168	148	292	259	1743	1585	3328
487	551	411	318	246	231	270	231	302	350	2830	2803	5633
794	761	587	446	353	286	268	242	462	502	4451	4237	8688

A. P. DANTES L. R. C. P. (LOND.)  
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## Statement showing the deaths by Castes for the year 1897-98.

No,	Years,	Mahomedans,		Hindoo High Caste,		Hindoo low Caste,		Jains,		Christians,		Parsees,		Other Castes,		Total,		Grand Total,
		Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females,	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	1896-97	314	320	371	345	1962	2013	157	104	13	10	3	3	10	8	2830	2803	5633
2	1897-98	492	464	792	625	3064	3074	55	38	23	10	3	2	21	25	4450	4238	8688

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## APPENDIX A.

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
1	Bhawani.	Public latrines 11 in number.
2		In Daware-lane near Khatic bazar and in Kumbhar alli.
3		Inside Camp chowk.
4		House numbers, 563, 589, 594, 289, 262, 244, 224, 648, 776, 543, 871, 821, 977, 145.
5		House numbers, 23, 75, 951, 157, 563, 980. From house No. 231 to 267 including within these about 12 in number.
1	Ganesh.	Public latrines 5 in number.
2		In Pangul alli and Nade alli.
3		In house numbers 74, 90, near Doolia-Marootee, Ghade lane and from numbers 72 to 74.
4		House numbers 52, 89, 134, 372.
1	Kusba.	6 Public latrines.
2		12 Urinal gutters.
3		From house numbers 1405 to 1409 Juna-kote road, Inkambhari's Nalla, Sat-Toti road, Shaik Sulla road, Gungati road, Shimpi-alli, Wiawahar-alli, Tambat road, Joone Tapkir alli Ambe ker's lane, gundacha Gunpati, Kasar-dewi road, behind Fadke's house, Lohogaoker's lane and from house No. 320 to 321.

Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>All of them paved with cement, ledged, tarred and white-washed, pucca-built cesspools provided and water taps fitted up in all; one of them at Hamal alli was entirely renewed.</p>	
<p>The drains were opened and pent up silt removed frequently.</p>	
<p>The side-drain consisting of a mere trench in the ground was made pucca with masonry.</p>	
<p>The owners of these houses possessing cows and buffaloes, but having no arrangement for keeping them, were got to erect proper cattle-sheds in back yards or open compound with stone pavement and proper provision for drainage or ventilation.</p>	
<p>New privies built.</p>	
<p>There was a large well common to all and the waste water allowed to spread all over the ground converting the place into a damp unhealthy swamp; stone built drains were constructed to carry away the waste-water into a large cultivated field.</p>	
<p>All paved and cemented, tarred, white-washed, ledged two of them drained into the Nagzari and the others provided with pucca built cesspools and water-pipes fitted up in all.</p>	
<p>Long pucca-built surface drains constructed.</p>	
<p>The drains were cleaned and repaired.</p>	
<p>These house-owners got to make cattle-sheds with stone-pavement and provided with pucca-built cesspools.</p>	
<p>Paved and cemented, ledged, tarred, and white-washed. Cesspools provided and water pipes fitted up in all.</p>	
<p>Repaired chunamed, and provided with flush-pipes.</p>	
<p>The drains and sewers were opened and cleaned as many of them were choked with silt causing accumulation in the house gully traps, they were cleaned and flushed frequently and repairs done when required.</p>	

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
4	Kusba (Continued.)	About 100 different houses.
5		House numbers, 791, 768, 421, 572, 161, 1256, 753, 369, 206, 207, 659, 314, 1418, 821, 37, 411, 261, 857, 406, 412, 597, 533, 581, 656, 692, 1228 and 261.
6		House numbers, 421, 369, 260, 594, 254, 521, 532, 702, 471, 472, 473, 474, 1165, 1187, 972, 982 990, 1040 and 1056.
1	Nana.	Public-latrines 8 in number.
2		In Ghodepir Chowk, Kumbhar-wada near Khatic howd in Kasarat in Mang-Wada and in Mohobatsha Takia.
3		Near house numbers 176, 279, in Bhoker-wadi, in Hamal alli wada, Suchapir Road, Dane alli and Doke Maruti Road.
4		Near house No. 177, and near the agiaris, in Mang house and in house numbers, 112, 115, 116, 153, 163, 164, 169, 175.
5		House numbers, 385, 209, 500, 176, 178, 179, 64, 54, 128.
6		House numbers, 184, 54, 247, 178, 180, 28, 650, 611, 175, 113 156, 116,
1	Somwar.	Infront of house No. 400.
2		House numbers, 367, 86, 218, 358.
3		From house No, 296, to 326, and from 406 to 411.
4		House Numbers, 30, 39, 99, 358, 388, 400.



Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>These were all keeping cattle and were made to construct a proper cattle-shed with a stone pavement under-neath and almost all of them were connected with main sewer drain.</p> <p>These houses were minus a privy and new ones were built.</p> <p>These houses were without any bath rooms and ablutions and washings were done in front of these houses with great waste of water causing dampness. These were provided with paved bath rooms connected with the main drain where feasible, otherwise with pucca-built cesspools.</p> <p>All of them paved, tarred, white-washed and provided with water-pipes; three of them drain to Nagzari, and the others have pucca-built cesspools.</p> <p>The side drains which were mere tranches in the ground and only served the purpose of obstructing the flow of waste-water and causing an accumulation of silt and muck were converted into pucca stone-built drains.</p> <p>All the drains were cleaned and flushed frequently and some of them repaired thoroughly.</p> <p>In the front Varandahs of these houses were water pipes from which the water was allowed to run to waste and cause dampness. The water supply was cut off entirely.</p> <p>In some of these, new privies and bath-rooms with proper pavement were erected and the drains connected with the main drain, where feasible.</p> <p>Cattle-sheds with stone-pavement erected and provided with cesspools and proper means of ventilation.</p> <p>A masonry drain built to a length of about 100 yards and connected with the Nagzari.</p> <p>These houses were minus privies and new ones were erected.</p> <p>The drains were opened and cleaned and a quantity of silt removed.</p> <p>New Bath-rooms made with pucca-built cesspools.</p>	

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
5	Somwar (Continued.)	Near house No. 181.
1	Mungalwar.	6 Public latrines.
2		The Sullage Plat-form.
3		Near Bholagir howd and Kutai alli.
4		Behind Mahar-wada
		In house No. 256.
1	Budhwar.	13 Urinal gutters.
2		The Kotwal chawdi Road, near house numbers, 373, 464, 460, 494.
3		In house numbers, 265, 370, 371, 372, 198, 429, 519, 105, 113, 143, 36, 46.
4		In house numbers, 111, 258, and 68.
1	Shunwar.	One public latrine.
2		In Tambeker's bole, near Lole Ghaut, near Shunwar gate, in Apa Bulwant road, from Mehoonpura to Juni Mandai and Man-keshwar's chowk.
3		Urinal gutters 0 in number.
4		In house numbers 25, 126, and 121.

Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>A new drain built.</p> <p>All paved with stone and cement, ledged, tarred, and white-washed and five of them draining into the Nagzari, and fitted up with water-pipes.</p> <p>Constructed for emptying sullage into river, paved with stones and cement and provided with two perpendicular 3 inch water pipes with hose attached for washing the carts and the plat-form.</p> <p>Pucca drains constructed.</p> <p>Land reclaiming as far as the banks of Nagzari.</p> <p>Cattle-shed paved.</p> <p>All repaired and chunamed and provided with flush-pipes.</p> <p>Draines opened and cleaned.</p> <p>Proper cattle sheds erected with stone-pavement, provision for drainage either by connection with the under-ground drain where feasible or cesspools.</p> <p>New bath rooms and privies erected.</p> <p>Paved and cemented, ledged, tarred, and white-washed and provided with cesspools and water-tap.</p> <p>The drains were opened and cleaned and flushed with disinfectants frequently and many of them repaired where required.</p> <p>Were repaired, chunamed and provided with flush-pipes.</p> <p>In these houses the privies directly communicated with the under-ground Sewer drain; this being highly iusanitary the openings were closed and the further use of privies stopped.</p>	

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
1	Rastya and Nyhal.	One public latrine.
2		In house numbers 19, 500; 501, 145, 508, 54.
3		In house numbers 456, 508, 311, 389, 319, 450 and 472.
4		In house numbers 323, 248, 262, 97, 25, 54, 68, 369 and 88.
5		From house numbers 56 to 96 in Nyhal peth.
6		From house No. 503 to and from 463 to Manik Nalla.
1	Bhamburda.	Two public latrines.
2		House numbers 230, 231 and 232.
3		Houses.
1	Sadashiv.	Public latrines 7 in number.
2		In Mate's lane, near house No. 8 Gai alli Ram road, Vishnu chowk, Nurhari chowk, Gowli chowk, Visrambag Jaigate road, near house numbers 283, 294, 392, 404, 455, 526 Khajina well road, Rahoorker chowk, near Agashe's house, Kawaittee adda, Kunte's chowk, Kridabhowan chowk, Baba Maharaj lane, Tul-sibag road. Nava Vishnool road, Chinnua Gunpati road, Holaker-wada, near house No. 160, Chitra-shala road, Nagnath par road, Shevade lane, near Patwardhun's house, Tulpule road, Damle road, Khunia Moorlidbur road, Gharpure chowk to Kunte's chowk.
3		Lakadkhana howd.
4		Urinal gutters 3 in number.
1	Rawiwar.	Behind Dugdi Nagoba's Temple and Bara Mori Nalla.

Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>Paved, cemented, tarred and white-washed, water-pipes fitted up and sullage-water made to drain into the Manic Nalla.</p> <p>In these houses new privies provided.</p> <p>New bath-rooms with paved-flooring and cesspools were provided.</p> <p>Paved cattle-sheds were erected by the house owners.</p> <p>The side-drains opened along their whole length, cleaned and stone-slabs removed.</p> <p>Pucca gutters constructed.</p> <p>Both paved, tarred, and white-washed and provided with pucca built cesspools.</p> <p>These were in a dilapidated condition and were unfit for human habitation, they were vacated and ordered to be pulled down.</p> <p>Most of the houses in Bhamburda were without any privies, bathrooms, and cesspools. The house-owners were got to provide these wherever possible.</p> <p>Paved with stones, and cemented, pucca-built cesspools provided for sullage, and water-pipes fitted up in all of them.</p> <p>The side drains in these different places, were opened and cleaned and cart-loads of silt removed, some of the drains required repairing and others built in masonry. The sewer drains were opened and flushed with disinfectants on several occasions.</p> <p>The waste water from this howd was feeding large allo plantation in the neighbouring compound. The water was diverted into the main under-ground drain, by means of a waste pipe.</p> <p>All repaired and supplied with flush pipes for constantly flushing them.</p> <p>Masonry drain constructed.</p>	

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
2	Rāwiwar (continued.)	Near house numbers 195, 196, Dhor alli, near house numbers 192-435 from 630, 640, from Dhobi alli to Govinda Halwai's chowk, from 1349 to 1358. in Bhaji alli, Daroowala pool road, from 192 to 200, from 12 to 18, from house No. 668, near house numbers 888 and 709 near house No. 608 to 616 and from 218 to 255, from 635 to 643, from No. 1353 1411 in Bohoree alli, from 213 to 286, in Katar alli from 216 to 283, from 633 to 644, from 1153 to 1176, from house No. 180 to 213. from 761 to 881. In Dane alli from house No 1117 to 1140 and near Someshwar Temple.
3		Near house No 192, from Dhobi alli to Govind Halwai chowk, from 1349 to 1358, near house No. 897, near house No. 622, from house No. 608 to 616, 881, 1156 to 1152, in Doorjunsing Paga near house No 1070 and from 325 to 569.
4		In house numbers 1296, 1290, 1165 all these in Govinda Halwai Chowk.
5		In house numbers 1331 and 887 and 42 Nagzari road.
6		In house numbers 898, 901, 928, 904, 905, 926, 908, 924, 923 921, 919, 918, 917, 913 914, In Gowli alli and 946 in Beldar alli,
7		In house No. 958 Bhaji alli, 856 and 771, in Shitala devi road and 881 and 887 Nagoba road.
8		Near Daroowala's bridge and behind Dugdi Nagoba's Temple.
9		The urinal gutters 13 in number.
1	Vetal.	One Public Latrine.
2		In Katchi alli.
3		Near house No. 152 in Kumbhar-wada, from house No. 252 to 298 and Bundiwan Marooti Road.
4		Near house numbers 372,227, in Bajeker's lane, near house No. 250 in Reshim alli, near house No. 77 Rajebaxur bole, from 364 to 395, near house No. 187, 335, 527, 567, 367 in Foolwala chowk, in Shitala devi road, Kumbhar alli and Dhungur alli.
5		House numbers 337, 348, 188, 324, 355, 364, 638, 642, 149, 142, 135, 131, 530, 281, 179, 188, 361, 173, 637, 168, 160, 157, 142, 137, 133, and 128.

Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>The side drains and gutters were cleaned and some of them provided with gratings in places where there was an accumulation of waste water due to obstruction caused by Kutchera, rubbish preventing an easy flow.</p> <p>The main drains in these parts were opened and cleaned, as they were found choked with silt, they were also flushed with disinfectants, repairs done where required.</p> <p>The cattle sheds in these places were paved with stones and cement and cesspools made for sullage and washings.</p> <p>New privies built and also bath rooms and connected by masonry drains with the Nagzari.</p> <p>In all these houses, cows and buffaloes were kept in large number, no proper arrangements and the result was a highly insanitary state of locality; the house owners, were got to make proper stone built pavement under the cattle sheds with a proper drainage and satisfactory provision for ventilation.</p> <p>The house owners were induced to build new privies connected with the under-ground sewer where possible, other wise with pucca built cesspools.</p> <p>There were large alloo plantations which were practically unhealthy swamps and these were closed and filled up permanently.</p> <p>All of them repaired, cleaned, chunamed, and provided with flush pipes.</p> <p>This was set up new, Paved, ledged, tared, and white washed pucca built cesspool provided. Water pipe also fitted up.</p> <p>Long underground drain constructed with a view to connect the neighbouring houses and thus do away with the congeries of cesspools, which were causing a nuisance in this locality.</p> <p>The side surface drains of waste water which were mere trenches dug in the ground were set in masonry and cement.</p> <p>The side drains repaired and cleaned and the main drains opened and cleaned and flushed frequently.</p> <p>The front verandhas of these houses had water pipes, which were great nuisance on account of the constant waste and constant dampness. The water supply of these pipes was cut off.</p>	

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
6	Raviwar (continued.)	House numbers 297, 295, and 235, Kumbar alli and No. 62 Shitala devi road.
7		House No. 465 Dhungur alli
8		Urinal gutters 5 in number.
1	Narayan.	Public latrines 3 in number.
2		Dhunger alli; from house No. 261 to 281 and near house No. 422.
3		Matee's Gunpti, Marwad alli from house No. 308 to 312, from 320 to 329, 348 to 353, 261 to 281, In patria Marootie's chowk, in Moonjaba lane Ashtabhooja devi road, near house No. 441 to 444 near Lakdi pool road near house No. 751 from No. 5 to 49
4		House No. 113.
5		House numbers 473, 346, 130, 383, 448, 460.
1	Shookerwar.	16 Public Latrines.
2		Near house numbers 851, 1159, 1258.
3		Bag Depôt.
4		House numbers 16, 610, 614.
5		House numbers 16.
6		Along Depôt.
7		Pant pichadi to Bhangi lane Chupperbund alli, behind Ram-mundir, near house No. 1340, in Marootie lane, Gowli alli near house No. 3, in Shinde alli, from Amrai Naka to Kamathipura, Lakadkhana road, Bhawoo Maharaja's lane, near house No. 8602 to 875 from house No. 550 to 820, Khuduk gate road, Bawan khani road, Rameshwar Temple, near house No. 19 to 21, house No. 163 to 167; House No. 1281 to 1289, from 1292 to 1310, from 1320 to 1680, Punchmookhi Marootie road, near house No. 173 and 174, behind house No. 1634, Bara Emam road Reay-market near Deshmookh's howd and from house No. 1058 to 1119.



Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>The house owners were got to build cattle-sheds with stone pavement and cesspools.</p>	
<p>A new privy made.</p>	
<p>Repaired, chunamed and provided with flush pipes.</p>	
<p>Paved, cemented corrugated iron screens and roofs tarred and white-washed, cesspools built pucca and water pipes provided in all.</p>	
<p>The side drains consisting merely of earth were converted into pucca drains with stones and cement.</p>	
<p>The drains were opened and cleaned, many of them frequently flushed and repairs done where required.</p>	
<p>The privy and bath-rooms connected with main drain by 30 feet drain.</p>	
<p>In these houses there was no proper accomodation for keeping cattle, they were either kept in rooms or allowed to run in the yard rendering the place highly insanitary. The house owners were made to erect proper cattle-sheds with the floors invariably paved and proper provision for drainage.</p>	
<p>Paved with stones and cement, provided with pucca built cess-pools, tarred and white-washed, ledged, and water pipes fixed up in all.</p>	
<p>The surface drains built in masonry and cement.</p>	
<p>Ground improved and metalled, entrance paved, shed provided for keeping nightsoil-carts, water tank repaired and proper cess-pool constructed to receive the washings of the carts.</p>	
<p>Water-supply cut off.</p>	
<p>The stables opened up for light and ventilation. A masoury drain constructed along the whole length of stable yard and connected with the under ground Sewer drain.</p>	
<p>Paved, doors fixed on rollers, and water pipe provided.</p>	
<p>In all these different places the sewer drains as well as the side drains were opened and cleaned, as many of them were found choked with silt. Some of these drains had to be cleaned several times and the main sewers were generally flushed with disinfectants.</p>	

No.	Peiths.	Nature of works and locality.
8	Shookerwar.	House No. 781 Gadikhana road house No. 57.
9	(Continued.)	In Kala wawar, No. 126 and 128, 185 Kala howd road, house numbers 212 and 215, in Gowli alli. House No. 213, Chupper bund alli. House No. 545, 610 Bawan-khani road, 693 in Rajamane's bole, 600 near Rameshwar Temple. 782 Gadikhana bole, 158 Kala howd road.
10		House No. 78 near Reay-Market.
		18 Urinal gutters situated in convenient parts of the peth.
1	Ghorpade	3 Public Latrines.
2		From house No. 134 to Chapper band alli, near house No. 79, from Chambhar alli to Bohoric's burial ground.
3		Near Chambhar howd.
1	Gung.	Public latrines 7 in number.
2		In Dal-alli, Janai Mulla road, near house No. 11 and 353 near Dedgaoker's howd.
3		In Bairagpura, near house No. 751, near 353 and 500, near Goverdhandass howd, near Lowaji Mang's Talim and in Kaikad alli.
4		House No. 38 Bandiwan Marootee's road, 89 near Police Chowki, 110 main road, 362, and 369 Malee alli.
5		Near house numbers 710, 733, 123, 161.

Description of works done	Remarks.
<p>Large Alloo plantation closed.</p> <p>In these places cattle-sheds were erected with a paved and cemented flooring and connected with the sewer drain wherever convenient, otherwise properly built cesspools were provided to receive the liquid refuse</p> <p>An open drain constructed with stones and cement all round the yard to be ultimately connected with the main drain.</p> <p>All these have been repaired and those without any flush-pipes have been so provided.</p> <p>Pucca pavement to all of them, cesspools set in brick work and cement, sides tarred and roof white-washed.</p> <p>All the drains cleaned and repaired.</p> <p>Long pucca drain constructed as far as the Nagzari.</p> <p>All paved and cemented, tarred and white-washed ledged two of them draining into Nagzari, the others provided with cesspools water-pipes fixed up in all.</p> <p>Drains were constructed in masonry and cement.</p> <p>Drains opened and cleaned and repairs done where required.</p> <p>The owners were made to erect proper cattle-sheds, pavement underneath and pucca built cesspools where necessary.</p> <p>New privies built.</p>	
<p style="text-align: center;">A. P. DANTEs L. R. C. F. ( LOND. )</p> <p style="text-align: center;">M. R. C. S. (ENG.) L. M. &amp; S.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">HEALTH OFFICER.</p>	

**APPENDIX J.**  
TO  
**THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT**  
OF  
**THE POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY**  
FOR  
**1897-98.**

THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SCHOOL BOARD.

*From,*

*Dr. A. W. THOMSON,*

*CHAIRMAN SCHOOL BOARD,*

*POONA.*

*To,*

SARDAR KHAN BAHADUR

DORABJEE PUDUMJEE,

President,

Poona City Municipality.

*School Board Office,*

*July 1898.*

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the following report on the administration of the Municipal Schools for the year 1897-98.

2. The School Board for the year 1897-98 consisted of:—

1. Myself;
2. Syed Sirajudin Abdul Fattah Moulvi. Esquire B. A.;
3. Sardar Kupuswami Vijayarangam Mudliar;
4. Sardar Wasudeo Harihar Pandit *alias* Shri Baba Maharaj and  
after his death Rao Bahadur Ganesh Govind Gokhale;
5. Dastur Kaikobad Aderbad;
6. Moreshwar Wasudeo Sathe Esquire.

I was, as you know, Chairman of the Board in the year under report Shri Baba Maharaj died of cholera in the month of August 1897 and in his place Rao Bahadur G. G. Gokhale was elected a member of the School Board.

3. There were 6 meetings of the School Board in the year under report as against 8 in 1896-97. The following statement will show the attendance of the Members of the Board:—

No.	Name.	Number of meetings attended.
1	Dr. A. W. Thomson ... ..	6
2	Mr. Syed Sirajudin Abdul Fattah Moulvi B. A.	3
3	Sardar K. V. Mudliar ... ..	6
4	Sardar W. H. Pandit <i>alias</i> Shri Baba Maharaj	1
	Rao Bahadur G. G. Gokhale ... ..	1
5	Dastur Kaikobad Aderbad ... ..	1
6	Mr. Moreswar Wasudeo Sathe ... ..	4

4. At these meetings 50 cases were disposed of, as against 135 in the previous year. Besides these, 44 cases were circulated for written votes amongst the Members of the Board, as against 76 so circulated in 1896-97. In addition to this work the Members of the Board had to inspect the Schools in their charge; I paid 26 visits to the primary schools and many to the Technical School; Mr. Syed Sirajudin paid 7, Shri Baba Maharaj 5, Mr. Sathe 17, and Sardar K. V. Mudliar 2.

5. During the year under report, the number of schools including the Technical School was 39, the same as last year.

Plague having raged in the year under report, the Municipal Schools had to be closed twice; first they were closed from 2nd April 1897 to 31st May 1897 and again from 1st November 1897 to 31st March 1898, and the attendance in all the schools was very bad. It must be mentioned here that the schools having been closed from the 1st of November till the end of the official year and the attendance having begun to fall from 1st October last the figures are given as they stood on the 30th of September 1897.

There were in the year under report 14 boys' day schools, 5 night schools and 10 girls schools, teaching Marathi Standards; 1 Guzerathi school, 8 Hindustani schools, 3 being for boys and 3 for girls and 2 Night schools. The Technical School teaches different trades, such as Carpentry, Smithy, Turning, Drawing &c. Out of the above mentioned schools, six are entirely free, two being attended by

Mahars and Mangs, one for Mahomedans at Mecca Masjid and three to all classes. The number of the primary schools has been reduced a little but it will be mentioned in the next year's report as the resolution to that effect was brought into force from 1st April 1898.

6. The number of pupils, receiving education at the 38 institutions has increased from 2348 to 2494; the attendance was however very meagre as compared to that in 1896. This was due to plague prevalent in the city for some months; the boys schools show an increase in attendance of 299, while the girls and night schools show a decrease of 149 and 4 respectively. The Technical school shows a decrease in attendance of 17.

7. The following classes would appear to have made up the number of boys and girls in the various Municipal Schools on the 30th September 1897:—

Caste.	Boys schools.		Night schools.		Girls schools.		Total.	
	30th Sept. 1897.	31st March 1897.	30th Sept. 1897.	31st March 1897.	30th Sept. 1897.	31st March 1897.	30th Sept. 1897.	31st March 1897.
Brahmins ... ..	583	442	2	1	300	314	885	757
Other Hindus... ..	721	575	54	63	237	304	1012	942
Mahars and Mangs ... ..	57	54	23	22	...	...	80	76
Mahomedans ... ..	307	297	57	54	149	217	513	568
Jews ... ..	3	4	...	...	...	...	3	4
Christians ... ..	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1
Total.....	1671	1372	137	141	686	835	2494	2348

From the figures given above it will be seen that there is a slight decrease in the number of Mahomedans in Municipal Urdu Schools.

8. The following table gives the professions of parents and guardians of boys and girls attending Municipal primary schools on the 30th September 1897:—

Occupations.	Boys' Schools.	Night Schools.	Girls' Schools.	Total.
Inaunders ... ..	20	...	3	23
Government Servants ... ..	217	2	272	491
Private Servants ... ..	256	23	67	346
Merchants ... ..	331	17	112	460
Agriculturists... ..	58	1	4	63
Labourers ... ..	339	60	88	487
Other occupations ... ..	450	34	140	624
Total.....	1671	137	686	2494

The other occupations and labourers would seem to have sent their boys to the day and night schools in a greater number than any other class. The merchants, other occupations, and Government servants would appear to have availed themselves of the girls schools more largely than the other classes. The agriculturists do not seem to have paid much attention to the education of their boys. It is however to be noted that in a city like Poona there are not many who are only agriculturists; many of those, who live partly by agriculture, are returned under other categories; consequently the number of pure agriculturists is very small. In connection with this subject it must be remarked here that at Bhamburda, which is purely an agricultural village the leading people of the place take great interest in the school at the place.

9. The students attending the Municipal schools may be classified according to their ages as follows :—

Schools,	5 to 8 years	8 to 12 years	12 to 15 years	Above 15 years	Total.
Boys' schools ... ..	436	736	388	111	1671
Night schools ... ..	4	17	49	67	137
Girls' schools ... ..	432	241	11	2	686
Total.....	872	994	448	180	2494

It will be seen from the above table that, there are in the year under report 241 girls, who are above 8 and below 12, and 11 above 12 years, as against 329 and 44 respectively in the last year. One, who knows the habits and manners of the Hindus, will be glad to find that there are as many as 11 girls above 12 years attending the schools.

10. The civil condition of the pupils is as follows :—

Schools,	Married,	Unmarried,	Total.
Boys' schools ... ..	70	1601	1671
Night schools ... ..	44	93	137
Girls' schools ... ..	46	640	686
Total.....	160	2334	2494

It will be noticed that only 4 per cent of the boys and 6 per cent of the girls are married, and that the girls do continue to attend the schools even after they are married. That out of 1671, 1601 boys are unmarried, and out of 686, 46 married girls attend the schools, is a very satisfactory feature.

11. The average number on the roll and the daily attendance are as follows :— .

Schools.	Average number on the roll.				Average daily attendance.			
	1897-98	1896-97	Increase	Decrease	1897-98	1896-97	Increase	Decrease
Boys' schools ... ..	1624	2140	...	516	1159	1666	...	507
Night schools ... ..	139	148	...	15	63	76	...	13
Girls' schools ... ..	670	852	...	182	398	527	...	129
Total.....	2427	3140	...	713	1620	2269	...	649

The table requires no comments.

12. There were on the 30th of September 1897, 116 teachers, as against 124 in the previous year, in the primary schools ; of these 95 were males and 21 females. The establishment was distributed as follows :—

Schools.	Head Masters.		Head Mistresses.		Male Assistants.		Female Assistants.		Total.		Total number of trained and untrained teachers.
	Trained.	Un-trained.	Trained.	Un-trained.	Trained.	Un-trained.	Trained.	Un-trained.	Trained.	Un-trained.	
Boys' schools ... ..	14	4	..	...	15	46	..	...	29	50	79
Night schools... ..	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	7
Girls' schools... ..	...	1	10	2	1	7	0	9	11	19	30
Total.....	18	8	10	2	16	53	0	9	44	72	116
Total of trained and untrained teachers.	26		12		69		9		116		116

For details regarding the distribution of students among trained and untrained teachers *vide* Appendix A. The table will show that out of a total of 26 Head Masters and 12 Head Mistresses, 28 are trained and 10 untrained, and out of 69 male and 9 female assistants 16 are trained and 62 untrained. Out of these 10 and 62 untrained Head Masters and assistants, 3 and 33 respectively have passed the Public Service examination ; and the remaining 7 and 29 are all of them teachers of a very long standing. The Board has now made it a point to engage trained men only in the Municipal schools as far as possible.

13. The Municipal schools were examined by the Deputy Educational Inspector of the District, Rao Saheb Kashinath Ganesh Kelkar and his Assistants Messrs. N. M. Sathe, Shaikh Sardar and N. S. Mahajan. The examination commenced on the 9th of July and finished on 31st August 1897.



14. 1132 pupils from Boys' day schools, 57 from Night schools, and 185 from Girls schools, were presented for the examination ; out of whom 389, 16, and 60 respectively passed in all the subjects. The following table shows the examination results for 1897, as compared with those of the previous year :—

Standards.	1897—98									1896—97								
	Presented			Passed			Percentage			Presented			Passed			Percentage		
	Boys schools	Night schools	Girls schools	Boys schools	Night schools	Girls schools	Boys schools	Night schools	Girls schools	Boys schools	Night schools	Girls schools	Boys schools	Night schools	Girls schools	Boys schools	Night schools	Girls schools
VI	10	0	0	1	0	0	10·	0	0	32	0	0	15	0	0	46·8	0	0
V	123	0	2	27	0	0	21·9	0	0	171	0	1	76	0	1	44·4	0	100
IV	214	0	12	66	0	2	30·8	0	6·6	295	0	13	133	0	9	45·8	0	69·2
III	251	8	36	75	0	8	29·8	0	22·2	337	4	46	181	1	28	53·7	25	60·6
II	280	22	54	101	5	13	36·0	22·7	24·	356	26	67	187	13	37	52·5	50	55·2
I	254	27	81	119	11	37	46·8	40·7	45·6	294	29	89	193	19	66	65·6	65·5	73
Total...	1132	57	185	389	16	60	34·3	28	32·4	1485	59	216	785	33	141	52·8	55·9	65·2
Grand total	1374			465			33·8			1760			959			54·5		

*Vide also Appendix B.*

15. Out of 2418 pupils including infants on the roll, 2210, or 91·4 per cent were presented for examination ; of these 1374 were presented under the several standards ; out of these 465 or 33·8 per cent passed under all the heads. It will thus appear that the Boys' schools passed on the whole 34·3 per cent, and the Girls' 32·4 per cent, of those sent up for the examination. The Night schools would also appear to have passed 28 per cent. The examination results of the boys schools are, on the whole, satisfactory.

16. Two Boys' schools teach the VI Standard and send up students for the Public Service examination. In the year under report 6 boys were sent up for the 3rd Grade Public Service examination ; 5 were from Boys's school No. 1 and 1 from school No. II. Of these 2 from Boys school No. I and 1 from school No. II passed.

17. With regard to the Jubilee Technical School, I beg to state that there were on the roll 86 students on the 30th September 1897, all of them were males. They receive their lessons in drawing, carpentry, smithy, painting, turning, and machine drawing. Primary education is also given. The attendance in these classes was as below :—

No.	Class,	No. of students on 30th November 1897.	No. of students on 31st March 1897.
1	Drawing ... ..	86	97
2	Carpentry ... ..	85	85
3	Smithy... ..	7	4
4	Sign Board painting ... ..	28	24
5	Turning ... ..	10	6
6	Machine drawing ... ..	15	15
7	Primary education ... ..	44	40

Out of 86 pupils attending the school, 28 were Brahmins, 36 other Hindus, 12 Mahomedans, 6 Jews and 4 Christians. The average number on the roll and the average daily attendance during the year under report was 77 and 47, as against 77 and 51 respectively in 1896-97. The Technical School was opened in December 1839. There were then about 10 pupils on the roll, the number rose to 86 in November 1897. It would be necessary to mention here that the Drawing class is attended by all pupils and the other classes only according to their liking. The Board was pleased to open a special Carpentry class in the year under report. Grown up men such as teachers from Municipal, private and Anglo-vernacular schools and the Training College and others attended the class. The Board has engaged the services of a Carpentry Master for the whole day to teach this and other Carpentry classes in the School. The institution is already much appreciated. With the new School Building and the necessary articles of machinery, with which it is furnished at present, it will attract a much larger number of students and will do much useful work for Technical Education.

18. Separate teachers are provided for the different classes. The school was under the supervision of Mr. B. M. Talegaokar upto 6th December 1897 when he resigned his post. Mr. Talegaokar was a very hard-working and intelligent Superintendent. The place of the Superintendent was advertised and afterwards conferred on Mr. Framroze H. Moos, a graduate of the Bombay Technical Institute, on a salary of Rs. 50 p. m. rising to Rs. 75 p. m. from 1st April 1898. There is one Drawing Master, who has passed the 3rd Grade Examination of the School of Art, Bombay, who is paid Rs. 50 p. m. Besides these one carpenter, one smith, one painter, and two teachers for the primary class, are engaged by the Board in the School. The Drawing class is attended by all students alike while the other classes are, as mentioned above, attended by students according to their taste. The Board has now ruled that

candidates who have not passed the Second Vernacular standard should not be admitted. Scholarships are also given to pupils in order to encourage and help deserving boys receiving professional education.

19. The Technical School was examined by me, as Inspector of Technical Education, on the 7th and 8th October 1897. The following table gives the examination results:—

Subjects.	1897.—98.		1896—97	
	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed
Drawing ... ..	51	35	45	34
Carpentry ... ..	44	31	34	20
Smithy ... ..	5	5	4	4
Sign Board painting ... ..	16	16	8	8
Turning ... ..	4	4	4	4
Machine drawing ... ..	9	8	6	6
Special carpentry ... ..	1	1	...	...

For details regarding this examination reference may be made to the Inspection Report, made by me to the Director of Public Instruction, a copy of which was supplied to the Municipality, and which is given in Appendix C and also Appendix D of this report. I am glad to mention here that the examination results were very satisfactory. The primary class was examined by the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Poona, on the 2nd October 1897. Out of 19 boys presented, 13 passed in the examination; 9 boys were sent up for the 5th, 3 for the 4th and 7 for the 3rd standards; of these 5, 2 and 6 passed respectively.

20. The First and Second Grade Art Examination was held in March 1898 in the Poona High School under the supervision of the Head Master of the School. Questions were drawn up and answers examined by the Superintendent of the Arts School at Bombay. The Technical School sent up 10 students for the First Grade and 2 for the Second Grade Art Examination, as against 20 and 8 in the previous year. Of the 10 students sent up, 5 got certificates, their names are N. R. Pabalkar, G. S. Paranjpe, Y. S. Sarmaik, M. R. Ghole, S. N. Kuwar. Of the 2 students sent up for the Second Grade, none got the certificate.

21. There are Drawing classes attached to 14 Boys' and 12 Girls' Schools. They were attended by 220 boys and 99 girls in the year, as against 184 and 148 in the last year. They are taught drawing by two Drawing Masters specially appointed by the Board for the purpose in the year under report on a salary of Rs. 15 p. m. each, and by two male assistants and one School mistress. Their work is supervised by the Drawing Master of the Technical School. These classes serve the purpose of creating a taste for drawing in boys and girls when they are young.

22. The Educational Inspector C. D. at the request of the School Board kindly arranged to examine these students in drawing on the 31st July 1897 in the Poona High School by the Drawing Master of the School with a view to test their progress. Out of 83 pupils, of whom 37 were girls, presented for this examination, 54 passed.

23. The following table gives information about the funds of the Board :—

No.	Item.	Actuals	Actuals,	Increase.	Decrease.
		1897-98.	1896-97.		
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. c. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	School fees ... ..	1347 13 9	3746 14 9	.....	2399 1 0
2	Government grant.—				
	(a) to the contract schools ... ..	6540 0 0	6540 0 0	.....	.....
	(b) to the schools opened by the Municipality ... ..	158 8 0	115 8 0	43 0 0	.....
	(c) to the Technical school ... ..	1040 0 11	953 5 1	86 11 10	.....
3	Government Grant-in-aid.—				
	(a) to the Technical school building and its shed ... ..	.....	71 0 0	.....	71 0 0
	(b) to the shafting to the Technical school ... ..	.....	383 0 0	.....	383 0 0
	(c) to the furniture to the Technical school ... ..	.....	281 13 6	.....	281 13 6
	(d) to the furniture to the Bhamburda school ... ..	.....	32 5 1	.....	32 5 1
	(e) to the railing to the Bhamburda school ... ..	.....	148 15 6	.....	148 15 6
4	Income from land attached to the free school ... ..	240 0 0	1 8 0	238 8 0	.....
5	½ share of the Local Fund cess on land within Municipal limits ... ..	183 6 2	196 3 6	.....	12 13 4
6	Technical school fees, commission &c. ...	162 6 10	252 3 9	.....	89 12 11
7	Ground rent in Nana's Peth school ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	Donations.—				
	(a) Interest on promissory Notes of Mr. Dhole for awarding prizes ...	.....	5 4 0	.....	5 4 0
9	Purchase of land to Boys school No. 5 ...	.....	105 0 0	.....	105 0 0
10	Miscellaneous... ..	1 0 0	3 0 0	.....	2 0 0
11	Municipal grant ... ..	19504 12 4	22347 14 10	.....	2843 2 6
	Total Rs.....	29178 0 0	35184 0 0	368 3 10	6374 3 10

24. The decrease in the school fees was due to the Municipal schools having been closed in the year when the pestilence was badly raging in the city.

25. The Grant-in-aid, received from Government for primary schools during the year under report, amounted to Rs. 6540. The grant-in-aid originally fixed by Government was with respect to the 16 contract schools and was Rs. 3654. It was increased from 1st April 1893 to Rs. 6540 for 38 schools, including the then contract schools and those opened by the Municipality since the 1st December 1884, when the schools were transferred to the Municipality by Government. The grant of Rs. 158-8 was for the three Urdu schools (1 day and 2 night) lately opened by the Municipality in Mominpura.

26. A grant of Rs. 1040-0-11 was received for the Technical School.

27. *Revenue from land* :—The rent of the piece of land, Survey No. 7 in Nana's Peth, transferred to the Municipality by Government, is utilized in supporting the free school for Mahars and Mangs in the field. The increase in the revenue from the school land is due to the tenant having paid the rent for 1896-97. Rs. 240 are still due from the tenant for 1897-98 with interest. Steps are being taken to recover all the arrears.

28. The decrease in the Technical School fees and commission is due to less commission being received on work done in the school.

29. *Donations*.—The interest on Mr. K. C. Dhole's donation of Rs. 300 was not received this year from Government.

30. The funds at the disposal of the Board were made up as under :—

A. Budget for 1896-97 ... ..	Rs.	35184
B. Actual expenditure in 1896-97... ..	"	30816
C. Balance to the credit of the Board on the 1st of		_____
April 1897 ... ..	"	4368
D. Deduct deficit in the estimated income for 1896-97		
(a) Estimated income for 1896-97 Rs. 13627	}	"
(b) Actual income in 1896-97 " 12836	}	"
		_____
		791
E. Net balance to the Credit of the Board on the 1st	}	791
of April 1897	}	"
F. Estimated income for 1897-98 ... ..	"	11176
G. Municipal grant ... ..	"	12843
		_____
		Total... ..
	"	29178
		_____
H. <u>Estimated expenditure for 1897-98 ... ..</u>	"	29178

31. The expenditure on primary Schools, and other Educational institutions in 1897-98 was as below :—

Number.	Items.	Actuals	Actuals	Increase.	Decrease.
		in 1897-98.	in 1896-97.		
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Establishment at Head Office ... ..	588 0 0	588 0 0	.....	.....
2	(a) Contingencies including printed forms &c. ...	160 10 7	427 15 2	.....	267 4 7
	(b) Honorary Dy's conveyance allowance ...	90 0 0	165 0 0	.....	75 0 0
3	Salaries of Masters and Mistresses with pension fund ... ..	14089 2 5	18438 1 2	.....	3448 14 9
4	Rent for School buildings ... ..	3389 8 0	3388 6 0	1 2 0	.....
5	Contingencies including sewing materials and sweetmeats to girls ... ..	409 1 0	855 3 10	.....	446 2 10
6	New furniture ... ..	.....	251 13 1	.....	251 13 1
7	New books and maps ... ..	.....	80 9 5	.....	80 9 5
8	Repairs to furniture, books and maps ... ..	50 13 10	98 6 2	.....	47 8 4
9	Repairs to School houses ... ..	161 0 0	326 0 2	.....	165 0 2
10	Prizes and prize distribution ceremony ... ..	.....	285 6 6	.....	285 6 6
11	Scholarships to boys and girls ... ..	11 0 0	231 9 7	.....	220 9 7
12	New School house in Sadashiv Peth ... ..	20 0 0	.....	20 0 0	.....
13	Gymnasium ... ..	36 0 0	36 0 0	.....	.....
14	Municipal School library ... ..	14 14 1	48 7 2	.....	33 9 1
15	Drawing classes attached to Municipal primary Schools ... ..	346 9 6	94 1 6	252 8 0	.....
16	Technical School ... ..	2818 8 4	3774 6 8	.....	955 14 4
17	School house for the Technical School ... ..	.....	297 10 6	.....	297 10 6
	Grants for Freestudentships				
18	New English School... ..	.....	140 0 0	.....	140 0 0
19	Native Institution ... ..	.....	70 0 0	.....	70 0 0
20	Poona High school ... ..	.....	70 0 0	.....	70 0 0
21	Ornellas school ... ..	.....	20 0 0	.....	20 0 0
22	Fergusson College ... ..	.....	90 0 0	.....	90 0 0
23	Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya .. ..	.....	80 0 0	.....	80 0 0
24	Maharashtra College ... ..	.....	30 0 0	.....	30 0 0
25	New Preparatory Classes ... ..	.....	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0
	Grant-in aid for general maintenance				
26	Grant in-aid to indigenous Schools... ..	.....	279 0 0	.....	279 0 0
27	Sanskrit Pathshala ... ..	.....	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0
28	Museum ... ..	420 14 0	575 2 4	.....	154 4 4
29	Balance to the credit of the Board ... ..	5671 14 3	4367 12 9	1304 1 6	.....
	Total Rs.....	29178 0 0	35184 0 0	1577 11 6	7583 11 6

32. The decrease under "contingencies" was due to ordinary causes. The Municipality had sanctioned a conveyance allowance to Mr. W. P. Paranjpe Honorary Deputy Educational Inspector of Municipal Schools, Poona, at Rs. 15, p. m. in the year under report. The decrease under this head is due to this allowance having been paid for only a portion of the year as the schools were closed from the 1st of November 1897 to 1st April 1898.

33. The expenditure on salaries to Masters and Mistresses with the pension fund would appear to have decreased by Rs. 3448-14-9. The decrease is due to the teachers being paid half of their salaries during the plague vacation from 1st November 1897 to 31st March 1898 and it was also due to the vacancies that had occurred on account of deaths and retirement not being filled up. The decrease in School contingencies as also in items Nos. 8, 9, 14 and 16 is due to the schools being closed on account of plague. New furniture, books and maps were not purchased in the year under report.

34. *House rent and gymnasium.*—These items require no remarks as full payments were made in the year under report.

The increase in item No. 15 is due to the 2 Drawing Masters being paid their salaries at Rs. 15 each.

35. A general prize distribution ceremony was not held this year on account of famine and plague.

36. The scholarship examination of boys and girls and the competitive examination of teachers were also not held this year for reasons mentioned in the preceding para.

37. *School house.*—The Board has now in its possession a new two-storied building for the Technical School and a Workshop shed constructed at a cost of Rs. 21642-5-9 according to the plans and estimates approved of by the Chief Engineer C. D. Besides these, two new school houses for Mahar and Mang schools in the city and one at Bhamburda have been built by the Municipality. An iron railing has also been constructed round the Bhamburda School house. A strong and spacious building has also been liberally placed at the disposal of the Board by the late Rao Bahadur Hari Raoji Chiplunkar for school house to be named after his deceased father-in-law "Bholagir Bowa." No new school house was built in the year under report.

38. The Technical School house is furnished with all the necessary articles of machinery and other appliances such as school desks, carpenters benches tables, shaftings and beltings.

39. Owing to want of funds the Municipality was unable to make any provision as usual for the maintenance of free-student-ships in the Educational institutions in the city for the year under report and for grants to the Indigenous schools and the Sanskrit Pathshala.

40. The following table gives information regarding the Municipal expenditure on education during the last 13 years :—

Year.	Primary education.			Others.			Total.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1885—86	13,298	0	9	3,209	10	0	16,502	10	9
1886—87	14,248	8	0	8,034	2	8	17,282	4	8
1887—88	14,962	0	8	3,563	1	4	18,325	1	7
1888—89	16,890	0	0	4,334	0	0	21,224	0	0
1889—90	18,657	12	11	4,114	15	0	22,772	11	11
1890—91	20,895	2	11	6,230	11	3	27,125	14	2
1891—92	22,188	4	5	4,530	9	6	26,728	14	1
1892—93	24,743	5	1	12,061	4	10	37,404	9	11
1893—94	23,212	0	5	7,907	0	11	31,119	1	4
1894—95	23,895	3	9	6,474	10	11	29,369	14	8
1895—96	25,015	6	2	32,246	9	4	57,261	15	6
1896—97	24,413	0	7	5,222	3	6	29,635	4	1
1897—98	19,428	0	10	3,239	6	4	22,667	7	2

It will be seen from the foregoing that the Municipality had made ample provision for education in the Municipal District, and that the expenditure on education bears a respectable proportion to the total income and expenditure of the Municipality.

41. *General remarks*—The annual conferences of the School masters and School mistresses were not held this year as the schools were closed during the latter half of the year.

The Municipal Schools suffered heavily both in attendance and efficiency on account of plague which was prevalent in all parts of the city in the year under report. Some teachers and many of the pupils fell victims to the disease.

42. Mr. Wamanrao Prabhakar Paranjpe, some time Principal of the Training College, Berars, Honorary Deputy Educational Inspector for the Municipal schools in Poona, did his work with zeal and energy. He goes about inspecting schools almost every working day. The Board tenders its thanks to Mr. Paranjpe for the zeal and energy with which he has been performing his honorary duties. The General Committee has in consideration of his valuable services sanctioned a conveyance allowance of Rs. 15 p. m. to Mr. Paranjpe in the year under report. The Board has also appointed Mr. V. P. Bhave Principal of the Poona Native Institution, an additional Honorary Deputy Educational Inspector of Municipal schools. Besides Mr. Paranjpe and the Members of the School Committee, other private gentlemen also visited the schools according to their convenience. In the year under report, Mrs. Kirkham with her usual kindness visited Municipal girls schools 4 times in the year under report for which the Board is very thankful to her. In the year under report



( 14 )

Mr. J. Nelson Fraser of the Deccan College Poona, Mr. M. S. Gole Principal Fergusson College Poona and many other gentlemen were kind enough to visit the Technical school. The Board is very thankful to all these gentlemen for the interest they take in Technical education. On behalf of the School Board, I beg to record the deep sense of sorrow at the sudden death of Shri Baba Maharaj and of the help he rendered to the Board.

43. Before concluding, I beg to acknowledge with gratitude the kindly and sympathetic co-operation and help, I had the pleasure to receive in the year under report at the hands of my colleagues on the Board, all of whom discharged the duties of their Honorary offices with interest and care. Mr. M. K. Kumthekar, Secretary to the Board, discharged his duties to the satisfaction of the Board as before; he was assisted by the School Board clerk Mr. K. S. Mokashi, who did his work with intelligence and care.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

ARTHUR W. THOMSON

Chairman School Board,

Municipality Poona.

**APPENDIX A.**  
TO  
**THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT**  
OF THE  
**SCHOOL BOARD**  
FOR  
**1897-98.**

Table showing the distribution of trained and untrained teachers in the Municipal schools, Poona, as on the 30th of September 1897.

Number.	Locality of Schools.	Schools.			Number of trained teachers.	Number of untrained teachers.	Total number of boys and girls.	Number of students under trained teachers.	Number of students under untrained teachers.	Average number of students per trained teacher.	Average number of students per untrained teacher.	Remarks.
		Boys.	Girls.	Night.								
1	Shanwar ...	1	1	1	4	8	226	62	164			
2	Shukrawar ...	2	3	1	7	12	424	107	317			
3	Narayan ...	1	1	0	4	2	144	98	46			
4	Kasba ...	1	1	0	2	5	137	34	103			
5	Sadashiv ...	1	1	0	5	7	323	147	176			
6	Raviwar ...	2	1	1	4	7	227	50	177			
7	Ganesh ...	1	1	0	2	6	140	21	119			
8	Somwar ...	1	0	1	4	2	128	83	45			
9	Mangalwar ...	2	0	1		5	152	14	138			
10	Nana's ...	1	0	1	2	0	36	36	0			
11	Ganj-Mithganj.	3	1	1	6	8	311	106	205			
12	Bhawani ...	0	1	0	0	2	43	0	43			
13	Raste's ...	0	1	0	1	2	52	7	45			
14	Budhwar ...	0	1	0	1	2	60	10	50			
15	Bhamburda ...	1	0	0	1	3	66	10	56			
16	Wadi ...	1	0	0	0	1	25	0	25			
	Total...	18	13	7	44	72	2494	785	1709	17.8	23.7	

Poona Municipal Office, }  
July 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKER,  
Secretary School Board,  
Municipality Poona.

Appendix (B) to the Administration Report of the School Board for 1897-98.

Table showing the number of pupils in Municipal schools presented and passed by castes in the annual examination.

Caste.	Standard VI		Standard V		Standard IV		Standard III		Standard II		Standard I		Total	
	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.
Brahmins ... ..	8	1	71	15	131	42	138	89	129	45	115	67	587	209
Other Hindus...	2	...	47	9	88	22	126	82	104	57	160	65	582	185
Mahomedans ... ..	...	...	6	3	12	4	24	10	48	15	70	80	160	62
Mahars and Manges	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	14	2	17	5	41	8
Christians ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jews... ..	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	4	1
Total.....	10	1	125	27	226	68	295	83	356	119	362	167	1374	465

Appendix (D) to the Administration Report of the School Board for 1897-98.

Table showing the number of pupils in the Jubilee Technical school presented and passed by castes in the annual examination.

Caste.	Drawing		Carpentry		Smithy		Sign-painting		Turning		Machine Drawing		Primary education		Special carpentry	
	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed	Presented	Passed
Brahmins .. ...	26	21	20	14	2	2	12	12	3	3	6	6	4	2	0	0
Other Hindus...	18	9	16	11	3	3	3	3	1	1	0	0	10	7	0	0
Mahomedans...	5	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	1
Christians ... ..	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Jews ... ..	5	4	5	4	0	0	1	1	0	0	3	2	1	0	0	0
Parsis ... ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	55	37	44	31	5	5	16	16	4	4	9	8	19	13	1	1

Poona Municipal Office,  
July 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
Secretary School Board M. P.



Appendix (B) to the Administration Report of the School Board for 1897-98.

Table showing the number of pupils in Municipal schools presented and passed by castes in the annual examination.

Caste.	Standard VI		Remarks.	No. Learning.	At Examination	Pass.	Fail	Remarks.	Stage I.	Stage II.	Stage III.	Stage IV.	Drawing	Projection	Superficial		
	Presented.	Passed.															
Brahmins ...	8	1		4	3				hatched and tern (single & open) and hatched joint	Double hatched & tern joint open at several & mixed at the other.	Swatail joint four pins.						
Other Hindus...	2			3	4		1										
Mahomedans ...				2	2												
Mahars and Munge				2	2												
Christians ...				2	2												
Jews...				2	2												
Total.....	10	1		3	2		1										
<p>Appendix (D) to the Administration Report of the School Board for 1897-98.</p> <p>Table showing the number of pupils in Municipal schools presented and passed by castes in the annual examination.</p>																	
Caste.	Drawing		Projection	Superficial	Remarks.	No. Learning.	At Examination	Pass.	Fail	Remarks.	Stage I.	Stage II.	Stage III.	Stage IV.	Drawing	Projection	Superficial
	Presented.	Passed.															
Brahmins ..	26	21				5	5	16	16								
Other Hindus...	18	9				5	5	16	16								
Mahomedans...	5	2				5	5	16	16								
Christians ...	1	1				5	5	16	16								
Jews ...	5	4				5	5	16	16								
Parsis ...	0	0				5	5	16	16								
Total.....	55	37	44	31		5	5	16	16								

Poona Municipal Office,  
July 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
Secretary School Board M. P.

**SUPPLEMENTARY Form of Municipal Accounts for the Educational Section prescribed by Government Resolution (Gen. Department.) No. 116, dated 11th January 1887, under Sec. 90 of Act VI. of 1873. To be forwarded on the 10th April of each year to the Educational Inspector of the Division—See Rule 4 of the Rules laid down by Government under Section 24 of the same Act.**

OBJECT OF EXPENDITURE	Opening balance at the beginning of the year	RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR								Total receipts including opening balance.	Total expenditure for the year.	Closing balance at the close of the year	REMARKS.
		Government contract grant.	Provincial grants to Schools made under the grant-in-aid Code	Provincial grant-in-aid on account of miscellaneous objects such as buildings, apparatus, &c.	LOCAL ASSETS								
					Fees.	Local Board Grant assigned under Section 47.	Local Board Grant assigned under Section 45.	Subscriptions, Endowments and Miscellaneous.	Municipal Funds.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Schools within the Contract... Schools started and maintained by the Municipality... Schools not within the Contract. Schools aided by the Municipality... Other Educational objects not included in the above but coming under Section 24, clause (15) (16) or (21) of Act VI. of 1873. ... Office Establishment and printed forms &c, carriage hire &c.... Total.....	2559 7 5 415 8 0 1024 14 10 330 13 8 37 0 10 4367 12 9	6540 0 0 ..... ..... ..... ..... 6540 0 0	..... 158 8 0 ..... 1040 0 11 ..... ..... 1198 8 11	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	1347 13 9 ..... ..... 10 12 0 ..... ..... 1358 9 9	..... ..... ..... ..... ..... .....	183 6 2 ..... ..... ..... ..... 183 6 2	241 0 0 ..... ..... ..... ..... 392 10 10	..... ..... 1247 9 5 219 2 4 1080 15 2 15136 15 7	..... ..... 24035 0 0 ..... 3475 0 0 550 0 0 1118 0 0 29178 0 0	18323 8 8 1104 8 2 ..... 2818 8 4 420 14 0 838 10 7 23506 1 9	..... 4606-15-2 ..... 656 7 8 129 2 0 279 5 5 5671 14 3	..... ..... Technical school. ..... Other institutions, visito accompaniment to this form.

Poona School Board Office  
July 1896.

NOTE I—The other Educational objects for which receipts and expenditure have been shown, should be detailed in the "Remarks" column.  
NOTE II—The objects for which the grants shown in column 5 are made, should be shown in the "Remarks" column.

M. K. KUMTHIKER,  
Secretary School Board  
M P.

*Accompaniment to the supplementary form of  
Municipal Accounts.*

Statements showing the receipts and expenditure of other educational  
objects coming under section 24 clause (15) (16) or (21) of Act VI of 1873.

Receipts.			Expenditure.		
No.	Item.	Amount.	No.	Item.	Amount.
		Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.
1	Opening balance at the beginning of the year 1897-98 of the Technical school .....	1024 14 10	1	Municipal Technical school .....	2818 8 4
	Do. of other institutions .....	330 13 8	2	Aid to museum for general maintenance...	420 14 0
2	Government grant to the Technical school...	1040 0 11		Total Rs...	3239 6 4
3	School fees for the Technical school .....	10 12 0		Closing balance...	785 9 8
4	Commission at 10 per cent on charges for labour .....	151 10 10		Grand total Rs...	4025 0 0
5	Municipal grant to the Technical school .....	1247 9 5			
	Do. to other institutions .....	219 2 4			
	Total Rs.....	4025 0 0			

Poona School Board Office,  
July 1898.

}

M. K. KUMTHEKER,  
Secretary School Board  
M. P.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( K ) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

FROM,

THE AUDITORS OF THE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

POONA.

To,

SIRDAR KHAN BAHADUR, DORABJI PADUMJI,  
PRESIDENT, CITY MUNICIPALITY,

POONA.

*Poona 7 th. July 1893.*

SIR,

We have the honor to report for your information and that of the members of the General Committee that the Municipal Accounts of receipts and expenditure, submitted to us every month for examination during the year 1897,98, were duly audited by us and found to be correct.

2. The revenue realized during the year under report including the sum of Rs. 25,000 obtained from Government as loan and Rs. 62,468-5-11 as part recoveries of the advances made to the Plague Committee, amounted to Rs. 4,45,979-12-7. This with the opening balance of the year, Rs. 15,713-11-1 makes the sum of Rs. 4,61,693-7-8 as the total receipts of the year.

The expenditure under all the heads of charges amountad to Rs. 4,53,465-14-10. This includes Rs. 76,899-3-5 advanced to the Chairman Plague Committee, thus leaving Rs. 8,227-9-8 as balance on hand at the close of the year. Out of the advances made to the Plague Committee during the year, the sum of Rs. 14,430-13-6 yet remains to be recovered by the Municipality.

3. The revenue derived from the following sources of income has exceeded the amounts estimated for in the Budget;

Wheel Tax	...	...	...	...	Rs. 635-8-11
Sale proceeds of Poudrette and Kachra	...	...	...	...	„ 9852-8- 9
Reveuue from Markets...	...	...	...	...	„ 104-2- 9
Fines under Municipal and other Acts	...	...	...	...	„ 6808-12-11

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whilst the revenue from the other sources has fallen much below the estimate as will be seen from the following figures.

Octroi	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.	30079-6-3
House Tax	...	...	...	...	...	„	1529-6-10
License Tax	...	...	...	...	...	„	727-4-0
Water rates	...	...	...	...	...	„	3581-8-0
Bhangi Cess	...	...	...	...	...	„	4941-8-10
Registration Fee	...	...	...	...	...	„	2574-10-7
Rent of Lands	...	...	...	...	...	„	458-7-1
School Fees	...	...	...	...	...	„	1645-2-4
Slaughter house and Meat Markets	...	...	...	...	...	„	1259-11-0

In the course of the examination of accounts it was found that the expenditure under the following heads was incurred in excess of the grants sanctioned in the Budget. This circumstance has been brought to the notice of the General Committee by a remark made when passing the Annual Accounts of the Municipality.

Public safety contingencies ( Fire )	...	...	...	...	...	Rs.	7-5-6
Repairs to Engines	...	...	...	...	...	„	12-11-11
— „ — to Tanks and Houds	...	...	...	...	...	„	467-3-8
Night Soil Depôt Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	„	317-12-8
Hospitals and dispensaries	...	...	...	...	...	„	206-7-6
Preventive Measures for Plague	...	...	...	...	...	„	1912-6-6
Repairs to Slaughter houses	...	...	...	...	...	„	21-13-7
Cattle Pounds	...	...	...	...	...	„	74-9-1
Interest on debts	...	...	...	...	...	„	13-7

4. Under the present pre-audit system all the bills prepared by the Accountant in the standard form are submitted to us for examination with the necessary vouchers. Such bills as are found incorrect or otherwise inadmissible for some reason or other are returned with a statement of objections endorsed on them to the Secretary, who after getting the inaccuracies corrected and objections explained, returns them to us for further disposal.

When the Auditors are satisfied that the bills are correct in every respect they are finally passed by them. The bills are subsequently submitted for scrutiny to the Member of the Managing Committee specially appointed on that behalf. All the bills are finally sanctioned by the Managing Committee after they are thus examined by the Accountant, the Auditors and the Member in charge of the bills. This system acts as good check against chances of inaccuracies though it entails extra labour on the Auditors. These bills are again sent to the Auditors for further examination as vouchers in support of the charges shown in the monthly accounts of receipts and disbursements.

5. Agreeably to rule 35 of the Audit Rules the following Registers were examined for the year under report and were found up to date.

1. Service Register of the Municipal Establishment.
2. Leave Register.
3. Register of Lands purchased.
4. Register of Lands sold.
5. Register of Securities taken from the Members of the Municipal establishment.

6. " Fairist " of the Municipal Record.

6. We again beg to urge this time the advisability of having the outstanding balances due to and from private persons for whom work has been done in the Municipal workshops, adjusted at an early date.

7. In conclusion we thankfully acknowledge the timely assistance rendered to us by the Secretary and the Accountant which greatly facilitated our work of examining the Municipal Accounts.

We have the honor to be

SIR,

YOUR MOST OBEDIENT SERVANTS

GANESH NARAYAN SATHE.

MORESHWAR SAKHARAM CHITNIS.

AUDITORS POONA CITY MUNISIPALITY.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix L. to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the imports and exports of the City during the year 1897-98.

तक्ता पुणे हद्दींत माल आल्याबद्दल व बाहेर गेल्याबद्दलचा वारमाही सन १९९७-९८ सालाबद्दल.

नंबर	जिनसाचें नांव	माल आला					माल गेला			बाकी हद्दींत राहिल्या	
		जकात देऊन आला	हद्दीबाहेर जाण्याकरितां जकात देऊन आला	रजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोकत आला	परकारी कां. माकरितां आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेरे शेरे न घेतां गेला		एकूण गेला
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
<b>अ</b>											
१	अमसुळे.....	....	....	३३२	....	....	३३२	....	....	....	३३२
२	अंडी.....	....	....	२७३	....	....	२७३	....	१८	१८	२९१
३	अफूचीं बोंडे.....	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२
४	अंबादण.....	१४९	....	....	....	....	१४९	६४	....	६४	८१
५	अहळीव.....	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२
६	अंबेहळद.....	....	....	१४	....	....	१४	....	....	....	१४
७	आंब.....	....	....	१९	....	....	१९	....	....	....	१९
८	आगपेटी.....	२०२६	१३६	....	....	....	२१६२	१३३	१४	१४७	२०१९
९	आले.....	९१६	....	....	....	....	९१६	....	२४	२४	८९२
<b>इ</b>											
१०	इंग्रजी बाजा.....	....	....	३९	....	....	३९	....	....	....	३९

ऊ											
११	ऊत.....	६८१०	१९४७	...	९१९	...	९२७२	१८२८	....	१८२८	७४४४
१२	उसाचा रम.....	....	....	३०	....	....	३०	....	....	....	३०
१३	उडोद.....	८३७३	३९	....	....	....	८४०९	८३९	२७	८९३	७९४९
१४	ऊद.....	२०२	१२	....	....	....	२१४	११	....	११	२०३
ए											
१५	एळमनाटोर.....	४३९६	९६	....	....	....	४४१२	३९	....	३९	४३७७
ओ											
१६	ओवा.....	....	....	११४	....	....	११४	....	....	....	११४
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२२	कडी.....	१७००८	३३	....	....	८	१७०४९	१४९	३	१४८	१९९०९
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२५	काथया.....	....	....	२४२२	....	....	२४२२	....	२३	२३	२३९९
२६	कापूस.....	....	....	१७२८९	....	....	१७२८९	....	३८	३८	१७२९१
२७	काटया.....	....	....	४	....	....	४	—	....	....	४
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२९	काकवी.....	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२

नंबर	जिनसाचें नांव	माल आला					माल गेला			बाकी हद्देंत राहिला	
		जकात देऊन आला	हद्दीबाहेर जायकारितां जकात देऊन आला	रजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोकत आला	सरकारी कार्याकारितां आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेरे शेरे न घेतां गेला		एकूण गेला
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
३०	करपेटव्याक्स	....	....	१	....	....	१	....	....	....	१
३१	कागद कोरे	....	....	११७८	....	१२	११९०	—	१	१	११८१
३२	कागद रवी	....	....	११११	....	....	११११	....	११	११	११०
३३	काचेचें सामान	....	....	३१०९	....	....	३१०९	....	३०९	३०९	३१०४
३४	काजू	....	....	११११	....	....	११११	....	....	....	११११
३५	काव	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२
३६	काफी रोप	....	....	४४	....	....	४४	....	....	....	४४
३७	काठाण धान्य	३२२१७	१२९	....	....	....	३२३८६	१९७४	११११	३३४०	२८७६
३८	काफी	२३४	....	....	....	....	२३४	१२	२	१४	२२०
३९	कारळे	८१११	२८७	....	२	....	८४९४	७४९	....	७४९	७७०९
४०	कात	३०७	४	....	....	....	३११	७८	....	७८	२३३
४१	कारव्या	१७	....	....	१७८	....	१९५	४८	१२	६०	१३५
४२	कापड तागाचें	१२	३	....	....	....	१५	८५	....	८५	....
४३	कापड मुताचें	१४२१८	२०५३	....	....	२	१४४१३	२२७५	३१५	२५९०	१३७२३
४४	कापड रेशमी	४३१	१४	....	....	....	४५०	१०	....	१०	४४०
४५	कापड लोकरी	३७१	३८	....	....	....	४१४	१८२	....	१८२	२३२
४६	कापड वि० उ०पो०	४७९	१४	....	....	....	४९३	१५	....	१५	४७८
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५४	कोंडा व भूस.....	५८१४८	८०७७	....	५३०	....	९९७५५	९३२६	५९९	९९५५	५९८३०
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५६	कोळसे विलापती .....	५४९८८	२४५७	....	....	....	५७४४५	३५६	....	३५६	५७०८९
५७	कोळ.....	३४२५०	८१८७	....	१९	४५८८	४७०४४	६९९६	५३६४	११९९०	९९०५४
५८	कयानव्हास.....	....	....	२३१	....	....	२३१	....	....	....	२३१
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६२	खराटे.....	....	....	२७४	....	....	२७४	....	....	....	२७४
६३	खपले.....	....	....	९५	....	....	९५	....	....	....	९५
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६५	खजूर.....	२५७१	२८२	....	....	....	२८५२	३८२	२	३८४	२४६८
६६	खडीसाखर.....	९४६	१४९	....	....	....	१०९५	४५	....	४५	१०९०
६७	खवा.....	१८००	८२०	....	१२८	....	१९२८५२०	२	....	२	१९२६०२०
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नंबर	जिनसार्चे नांव	माल आला					माल गेला			वाकी हदीत राहिला	
		जकात देऊन आला	हदीतबाहेर जाण्याकरिता जकात देऊन आला	रजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोफत आला	सरकारी कामाकरिता आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेरे न घेतां गेला		एकूण गेला
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
७४	महू.....	१४२८३३	२१०८	..	२०	..	१४४९६१	१११४४	८२९३	१९३९७	१२९५६६
७५	गालीचे.....	....	....	....	....	....	८	....	....	....	८
७६	गाडया मुलांच्या.....	....	....	१९	....	....	१९	....	....	....	१९
७७	गांजा.....	....	....	....	११७	....	११७	....	....	....	११७
७८	गुलाल.....	....	....	५०	....	....	५०	....	....	....	५०
७९	गूळ.....	....	....	११६३३८	७२५	....	११७०६३	....	३९३१४	३९३१४	७७७४९
८०	गोणपाट.....	....	....	७६७	....	....	७६७	....	....	....	७६७
८१	गोवण्या.....	....	....	....	११४३९३	....	११४३९३	....	१३९५	१३९५	११३०३८
८२	गंगावन.....	....	....	३७	....	....	३७	....	....	....	३७
८३	गंधक.....	४३९	....	....	....	....	४३९	४४	....	४४	३९५
८४	गंधक तेजाव.....	७८९	६३७	....	....	....	१४२६	१८३१	....	१८३१	....
८५	गंधाबिरोदा.....	....	....	१६	....	....	१६	....	....	....	१६
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८६	घडयाळ.....	....	....	४१	....	....	४१	....	....	....	४१
८७	घोंगडया.....	७२४	३२२	....	१	१६	१०६३	४५७	३	४६०	६०६
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८८	चटई काय्याची.....	....	....	३९९	....	....	३९९	....	....	....	३९९

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९०	चटई बांबुची.....	१९२६	२०६	....	....	९९	१९२८	३९४	२९	४१९	१९०९
९१	चंबी.....	....	....	१९०	....	....	१९०	....	....	....	१९०
९२	चंदन लाकूड.....	....	....	३९०	....	....	३९०	....	....	....	३९०
९३	चहा.....	१२८३	३६	....	....	....	१३१९	११	....	११	१३०८
९४	चांदी.....	....	....	९	....	....	९	....	....	....	९
९५	चाकजोडया.....	....	....	२११	....	....	२११	....	....	....	२११
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९७	चित्र मातीची.....	....	....	४०	....	....	४०	....	....	....	४०
९८	चिंध्या.....	....	....	१४	....	....	१४	....	६४	६४	....
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१००	चिंच.....	२६९९	१०९	....	४६	....	२८१४	८६२	२४	८८६	१९२८
१०१	चुनखडी जुना.....	१३०९९७	२७४०६	....	९२६	३९४	१९९४३	१८७०४	९०६	१९९१०	१३९६३३
१०२	चुट्टे.....	....	....	११	....	....	११	....	....	....	११
१०३	चूण.....	२१६९	३७२	....	....	....	२९४१	९८९	१४३	७२८	१८१३
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१०४	जवस.....	११९६	२३	....	....	....	१२१९	९७	२४	८१	११३८
१०५	जरत.....	१६६९	३८	....	....	....	१७०३	१८	२८	४६	१६९७
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१०७	जायफळ.....	९	२	....	....	....	११	१	....	१	१०
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११०	झोडगे.....	....	....	७६	....	....	७६	....	....	....	७६
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नंबर	जिनसाचें नांव	मल आला						माल गेला			बाकी हर्दीत राहिला
		जकात देऊन आला	हद्दीबाहेर जाण्याकरितां जकात देऊन आला	गिनिटेशन फी देऊन आला	मोफत आला	सरकारी कामाकरितां आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेरे शेरे न घेतां गेला	एकूण गेला	
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	
११२	टीनचे डबे.....	....	....	....	२०	....	२०	....	१०	१०	१०
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११३	डाबर.....	....	....	....	३३२८६	....	३३२८६	....	१२७९	१२७९	३२०११
११४	डाबर.....	....	....	१९०९	....	३०	१९३९	....	....	....	१९३९
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११६	डोक.....	३०६	....	....	....	....	३०६	४८	....	४८	२९८
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११७	तनकोर.....	२०	....	....	....	....	२०	....	१८	१८	२
११८	तंबू.....	२२४४४	८८४	....	....	....	२३३२६	११२२६	७३७	१२६६३	१०६६३
११९	तरकारी.....	२३३८३०	४३७	....	३२९४२	२८९	२६७४९४	२२६४३	१२२९२	४४९३९	२२२९६९
१२०	ताडपत्री.....	....	....	११	....	....	११	....	....	....	११
१२१	तांबे पितळ मोड.....	....	....	११९७९	५९२	....	१४९३१	....	६६८२	६६८२	७८४९
१२२	तांदूळ.....	२७१६०७	१९०७४	....	१०६	....	२९०७१७	२७२८७	४९९५	३१८८२	२९८८२५
१२३	तांदूळ हरपाचे .....	२२२८	३९	....	८९	....	२३५६	१०१७	....	१०१७	१२३९
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		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
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		जकात देऊन आला	हर्दीबाहेर जाण्याकरितां जकात देऊन आला	रिजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोकत आला	सरकारी कामाकरितां आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेरे न घेतां गेला		एकूण गेला
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
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		जकात देऊन आला	हद्दीबाहेर जायकारितां जकात देऊन आला	रिजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोफत आला	सरकारी कार्याकरितां आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेर शेर न घेतां गेला		एकूण गेला
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
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२४०	मैदालकडी.....	....	....	५	....	....	५	....	....	....	५
२४१	मोराची पिसी.....	....	....	३	....	....	३	....	....	....	३
२४२	माहोच्या.....	१६०	....	....	....	....	१६०	....	....	....	१६०
२४३	मारेचूत.....	....	....	४	....	....	४	....	....	....	४
	<b>र</b>										
२४४	र रोशिके.....	....	....	४	....	....	४	....	....	....	४
२४५	रंग.....	....	....	१०९१	....	१४१	१२३२	....	....	....	१२३२
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२७७	वाल.....	....	....	१६	१७४३९	....	१७४३९	....	२७६	२७६	१७१७९
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		जकात देऊन आला	हद्दीबाहेर जाण्याकरिता जकात देऊन आला	रजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोफत आला	सरकारी कायदाकरिता आला	एकूण आला	पासावर घेऊन गेला	शेरे न घेतां गेला	एकूण गेला	
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	
२८२	विटा भाजलेल्या.....	२६९१८	३३६	....	१०४	....	२६९९८	१०९८	४६९९	९७९७	२११६१
२८३	वेनीगर.....	....	....	७०	....	....	७०	....	....	....	७०
२८४	वेत.....	....	....	१९९	....	१३	२१२	....	....	....	२१२
२८५	वेताचे सामान.....	....	....	१९	....	....	१९	....	....	....	१९
२८६	बेलदोडे.....	१०	....	....	....	....	१०	....	....	....	१०
<b>श</b>											
२८७	शाई.....	....	....	२४९	....	....	२४९	....	४	४	२४९
२८८	शिरका.....	....	....	२३०	....	....	२३०	....	....	....	२३०
२८९	शिलारु.....	....	....	२२	....	....	२२	....	....	....	२२
२९०	शिगाडे.....	....	....	१	....	....	१	....	....	....	१
२९१	शिपा.....	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२
२९२	शिगे.....	....	....	६१	....	....	६१	....	२	२	६१
२९३	शिरकाई.....	१९२०	४७	....	२३	....	१९९०	२६	....	२६	१९६४
२९४	शिपे.....	२०६	३६	....	....	१३	२९९	३२	....	३२	२९३
२९५	शेदेकोण.....	....	....	३४	....	....	३४	....	....	....	३४
२९६	शेदूर.....	....	....	७७	....	....	७७	....	....	....	७७
२९७	शेवाळ.....	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२
२९८	शेगा बाभळीच्या.....	....	....	२	....	....	२	....	....	....	२
<b>स</b>											
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३०२	सवागी.....	९	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	९
३०३	सक्या.....	११४७२	१७३	....	३०	१२०७८	४९४	२०९	६९९	११३७९
३०४	सनकाड्या.....	....	....	....	३	....	....	....	....	३
३०५	सरस.....	....	....	१०	....	१०	....	....	....	१०
३०६	समुद्रफेस.....	....	....	२	....	२	....	....	....	२
३०७	साबुदाणे.....	८३९	१८	....	....	८९३	२०	१०	३०	८२३
३०८	सानू.....	१०८०३	१७७९	....	....	१९९८२	२८०९	७२	२८७६	९७०६
३०९	साखर.....	३६९९७	१४२६	....	....	३८३८३	३९९३	२६९	३८२२	३४९६१
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३११	सावण.....	१९१०	८	....	....	१९१८	१६	....	१६	१९०२
३१२	सांदेचे फड.....	....	....	२५९	....	२५९	....	....	....	२५९
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३१४	सुवासिक पदार्थ.....	२९	....	....	....	२९	४	२	६	२३
३१५	सुधारी.....	५७३८	३०९	....	....	३०४७	२७७	२००	४७७	२१७०
३१६	सुठ.....	१७०	१९	....	....	१८९	२२	....	२२	१६७
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३१८	सुरमा.....	....	....	३	....	३	....	....	....	३
३१९	सुतळी.....	....	....	४६३	....	४६३	....	....	....	४६३
३२०	सुत.....	....	....	५१९०	....	५२३०	....	८७०	८७०	२३६०
३२१	सोडावाटर.....	....	....	२९	....	२९	....	३	३	२६
३२२	सोरा.....	२२६१	३८	....	....	२२९९	२७८	१४	२९२	२००७
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३२६	हळद.....	४६९३	३०९	....	....	४९६२	१३४६	३४	१३१०	२९८२

नंबर	जिनसार्च नांव	माल आला					माल गेला			बाकी हद्दत राहिला	
		जकात देऊन आला	हद्दीबाहेर जाण्याकरिता जकात देऊन आला	रजिस्ट्रेशन फी देऊन आला	मोफत आला	सरकारी कामाकरिता आला	एकूण आला	वासवर घेऊन गेला	शेरे न घेतां गेला		एकूण गेला
		बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण	बंगाली मण		बंगाली मण
३२७	हयारें इमारतीचीं....	१०५	७	....	....	....	११२	....	....	....	११२
३२८	हरताळ....	....	....	५	....	....	५	....	....	....	५
३२९	हस्तीदंत....	....	....	४	....	....	४	....	....	....	४
३३०	हडके....	....	....	५२८१	९६	....	५३७७	....	२०९	२०९	५१६८
३३१	हिंग....	१३१	१७	....	....	....	१४८	२१	....	२१	१२७
३३२	हिराकस....	११४	....	....	....	....	११४	१	....	१	११३
३३३	हिरडे....	....	....	४७४७२	५	....	४७४७७	....	६९३	६९३	४६७८४
३३४	व्हॉरनीस....	....	....	२२७	....	....	२२७	....	....	....	२२७
३३४		३४२५३७८	२५२२२६२०	३४७२७७४१०	४०९९२६	१२६६१०	४५५१४१७०३०	४९९३२८	२६२०८७	७६१४१५	३७९६९०८०३०

( १ ) कोष्टक ३ व ४ यात ने आंकडे आहेत ते शहरांत जकात देऊन आल्या भालाचे आहेत.

( २ ) कोष्टक ५ यांतल आंकडे जकात घेण्यास पात्र नसलेल्या मालाबद्दल आहेत. परंतु या मालाबद्दल रजिस्ट्रेशन फी घेण्यांत आली आहे.

( ३ ) कोष्टक ६ यांत ज्या जिनसांवर जकात घेण्याची असून इयत्तेचे आंत असल्या कारणाने ती घेण्यांत आली नाही, अथवा ज्या जिनसांवर रजिस्ट्रेशन फी घेण्यांत येत नाही अशाबद्दल आंकडे दाखविले आहेत. सहा रुपयांच्या आंत ज्या जिनसांची किंमत आहे त्याजवर रजिस्ट्रेशन फी घेण्यांत येत नाही.

पुणे म्यु. ऑफिस तयार ता. १ जून १८९८.

M. K. Kuntekar,  
Secretary P. O. C.

POONA CITY

Appendix ( M ) to the administration

Statement showing the number of fires that took place

No.	Name of owner.	House No.	Peth.	Date of fire.
1	Govinda Babaji Mali	226	Nana	2-4-97
2	Bhimaji Bhagwanji Gujar	39	Vetal	2-4-97
3	Shiwaram Bapuji Jamdar	70	Budhwar	17-4-97
4	Govind Ramchandra Nagarkar	1064	Rawiwar	22-4-97
5	Babaji bin Sabaji Pardeshi	561	Shukrawar	24-4-97
6	Laxunan Raghunath Dalwi	307	Ganesh	2-5-97
7	Yelu bin Raoji Kaikadi	Nil	Bhawani	10-5-97
8	Raghunathgir Ramchandragir Gosawi...	346	Somwar	25-5-97
9	Keshawa Dhondo Dani	893	Ganesh	9-6-97
10	Ganpat Bhau Randiwe	929	Rawiwar	10-8-97
11	Tulshiram Mahadu & Bala bin Kashiba Bagad Mali.	{ 610 611 612	{ Kasba	19-12-97
12	Balkrishna Narayan Deshpande	29	"	18-12-97
13	Parvati Kom Bhawani Chambhar	93	Ghorpado	8-1-98
14	Balaji Narayan Gokhale	235	Narayan	17-1-98
15	Nathu Yeshawant Bharate	Do	"	"
16	Rambhau Ganpatrao Gorade	425	Sadasive	"
17	Balwant Narayan Dandekar	424	"	"
18	Raibai Kom Sawalaram Mali	Do	"	"
19	Baburao Balkrishna Sonar	80	Ganj	14-2-98
20	Vinayak Shitaram Fadke	96	Rawiwar	14-3-98

Poona Municipal Office, )

1st June 1898, )

MUNICIPALITY.

report for the year 1897-98,

in the City of Poona during the year 1897-98.

Time of fire.	When municipal assistance reached	When extinguished	Probable loss Rs.	Description of property.	Remarks.
9-30 p. m.	Immediately	10 p. m.	8	Grass chapper.	
9 A. M.	9-30 A. M.	11 A. M.	1,500	House.	
1 p. m.	1-30 p. m.	2-30 p. m.	500	Tiled house.	
1 p. m.	1-15 p. m.	2 p. m.	25	Tiled sofa.	
9 A. M.	Immediately	10-30 A. M.	500	Second story.	
5 A. M.	Do	6 A. M.	300	Third story.	
12 A. M.	Do	12-30 p. m.	5	Grass chapper.	
2 A. M.	2-15 A. M.	3 A. M.	10	Tiled sofa.	
11 A. M.	Immediately	11-30 A. M.	100	"	
3 A. M.	3-30 A. M.	10 A. M. on 11-8-97	500	Second story.	
10-30 p. m.	11 p. m.	3 A. M.	300	"	
10 A. M.	Immediately	11 A. M.	200	"	
4-30 p. m.	Do	5 p. m.	15	Tiled sofa.	
12-30 p. m.	1 p. m.	19-1-98	400	Do & house.	
Do	Do	Do	500	Bamboo Batten bundles.	
Do	Do	Do	20,000	Tiled sofa & Timber.	
Do	Do	Do	300	Tiled sofa.	
Do	Do	Do	5000	Timber Depôt.	
2-30 p. m.	Immediately	2-45 p. m.	3	Small portion of house.	
4 p. m.	Do	16-3-98	50,000	Three storied building.	
		Total Rs.	80,166		

M. K. KUMTHEKAR

Secretary P. M. C.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( N ) to the Administration report for the year 1897-98,  
Statement showing street lamps in the City during the year 1897-98.

No.	Name of Peth.	Area square yards.	No. of houses.	Population	Lamps up to 31st March 1897.	Lamps up to 31st March 1898.	Average distance apart.		Remarks.
							Roads. Rg. feet	Lanes. Rg. feet	
1	Bhawani	1235000	1092	7661	75	34	440	660	
2	Nana	525000	791	7352	68	39	480	740	
3	Ganesh	155000	468	4078	45	31	500	870	
4	Raste	365000	516	4828	59	35	335	170	
5	Nyhal	105000	102	1368	9	6	400	1425	
6	Somwar	545000	426	4516	51	22	460	580	
7	Mangalwar	485000	358	2558	35	26	370	500	
8	Vetal	195000	672	5237	52	32	530	850	
9	Ganj & Musafar Jung	428000	888	5681	63	33	570	1300	
10	Ghorpade	655000	300	1153	25	18	555	275	
11	Kasba	575000	1565	13534	135	79	325	290	
12	Rawiwar	325000	1460	10694	118	55	320	730	
13	Budhwar	185000	554	6720	90	56	320	225	
14	Shukarwar	955000	1669	16359	214	114	195	185	
15	Shanwar	445000	625	9132	110	76	250	250	
16	Sadashiv	2275000	857	10093	143	86	250	280	
17	Narayan	375000	511	4257	59	22	535	335	
18	Bhamburda	2906220	658	3334	90	44	"	"	
19	Gultekadi	2447300	59	235	"	"	"	"	
		15181520	13571	118790	1441	808			

Poona Municipal Office;

1st June 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,

Secretary P. M. C

**POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.**

**Appendix (O) to the Administration Report for 1897-98**

Statement showing the consumption of water from Khadakwasala Canal during the year 1897-98.

No.	Months.	From 12" main	From 9" main.	From 8" main	Total consumption	Excess over the stipulated quantity.
		Gallons.	Gallons	Gallons	Gallons	Gallons
<b>1897.</b>						
1	April ... ..	15386700	14133500	1764100	31284300	5034300
2	May ... ..	13074000	10184200	1553900	24812100	4465400
3	June ... ..	16462085	4882071	1432614	22776770	...
4	July ... ..	15138073	6169615	1840001	23147689	...
5	August ... ..	16544042	3279514	1437085	21260641	...
6	September ... ..	17662700	1631300	1430600	20724600	...
7	October ... ..	16495000	275300	...	16770300	...
8	November ... ..	10524000	...	...	10524000	...
9	December ... ..	12243000	...	...	12243000	...
<b>1898</b>						
10	January ... ..	11322500	122400	...	11444900	...
11	February... ..	14741057	2502214	31329	17274600	...
12	March ... ..	13582472	4042443	21385	22646300	...
<b>Total.....</b>		178175629	47222557	9511014	234909200	9499700

Poona Municipal Office

1st. June 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,

Secretary P. M. C.

**POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.**

Appendix ( P ) to the administration report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the streets watered during the year 1897-98.

No.	Name of Peth.	Length of roads Rg. feet.	Length of watering Rg. feet.	How often watered.	Remarks.
1	Rawiwar ... ..	5620	20160	2	Road watering commenced on 1st of April 1897 and closed on 30th June 1897. It recommenced on the 1st of December 1897 and again closed on 31st March 1898.
2	Shukarwar ... ..	9193	20423	1	
3	Budhwar ... ..	5040	19240	2	
4	Sadashiv ... ..	5790	15380	1	
5	Narayan ... ..	7210	14340	1	
6	Shanwar ... ..	1920	1740	1	
7	Kasba .. ..	3140	7880	1	
8	Mangalwar ... ..	3460	6140	1	
9	Somwar ... ..	3200	9000	1	
10	Raste ... ..	2880	5720	1	
11	Nana ... ..	4920	12880	1	
12	Bhawani ... ..	8880	20520	1	
13	Nyhal ... ..	1600	5000	2	
14	Vetal ... ..	3180	11680	1	
15	Ganesh ... ..	1040	2060	1	
16	Bhamburda ... ..	1600	4000	1	
		68473	176163		

Poona Municipal Office, )  
1st June 1898, )

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
Secretary P. M. C.



POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix (Q) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing lands purchased in 1897-98 for the purpose of widening roads.

No.	Peth	House No.	From whom purchased.	Square feet.			Amount paid			Remarks.
				Feet	Inches.	Part Inches.	Rs.	As.	Ps.	
I	Shanwar ...	64	Ramchandra Vishnu Gapchup.....	56	8	...	175	...	...	

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898 }

M. K. Kumbhakar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( R ) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing lands sold by the Municipality during the year 1897-98.

No.	Peth	House No.	Name of the person to whom land was sold.	Measurement Square Feet.			Amount for which sold			Remarks.
				Feet	Inches	Prati Inches	Rs.	As.	Ps.	
1	Ganj.....	211 } 212 }	Husen Saheb walad Imam Saheb .....	92	7	6	23	2	6	

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898.

M. K. Kuntlikar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

POONA CITY

APPENDIX S. to the Administration  
Statement showing the total number of attacks and deaths from

	April.		May.		June.		July.		August.		September.	
	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
1	32	30	3	4	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1
2	41	24	5	2	2	1	...	...	...	1	1	1
3	27	22	6	3	1	2	...	...	2	2	2	1
4	42	16	3	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1
5	41	20	3	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	4	2
6	23	23	5	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2
7	29	18	1	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1
8	48	19	3	2	...	...	1	...	2	2	2	2
9	25	33	...	2	2	1	...	...	2	2	4	2
10	28	20	3	2	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	...
11	33	23	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	2
12	18	11	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3
13	21	16	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	7	7
14	18	14	5	1	...	...	...	...	2	2	9	6
15	21	11	2	1	...	...	...	...	3	1	6	9
16	19	21	2	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	8	4
17	13	10	2	4	1	...	...	...	1	1	3	2
18	17	22	4	3	...	...	...	...	2	1	5	3
19	14	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	12	6
20	13	13	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	5	5
21	11	5	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	6
22	13	8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6
23	13	8	5	...	...	1	...	...	2	1	11	9
24	10	6	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	8	3
25	10	6	3	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	11	5
26	7	13	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	13
27	2	5	...	1	...	...	2	...	2	3	14	16
28	6	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	12	6
29	12	8	...	...	...	...	4	1	2	1	19	12
30	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	8	8
31	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	619	440	60	50	9	7	11	3	38	24	195	138

Poona Municipal Office, }  
2nd July 1898. }

# MUNICIPALITY.

Report for 1896-97.

Plague by months and dates during the year 1897-93.

October.		November.		December.		January.		February.		March.	
A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.
8	6	69	45	46	42	16	8	6	6	...	...
14	10	65	41	58	43	13	16	6	3	...	...
14	8	38	38	53	31	24	17	10	4	...	...
12	7	60	44	53	51	25	17	6	9	1	1
21	16	46	42	48	49	13	14	2	6	2	...
18	16	29	30	70	42	22	13	11	6	1	1
16	12	32	29	67	47	14	17	7	3	...	1
19	10	53	37	72	54	13	15	4	4	1	...
17	6	58	37	50	51	18	14	3	3	...	...
17	17	47	42	64	55	12	11	4	2	...	...
29	12	41	30	41	43	16	10	3	3	...	1
29	17	56	37	49	45	12	12	4	4	2	2
24	13	50	40	41	37	12	17	4	6	...	...
36	19	73	38	65	49	10	9	1	4	...	...
28	24	54	43	48	46	12	11	4	1	...	1
28	16	50	55	44	37	13	11	...	1	...	...
26	33	79	42	44	31	14	7	3	1	...	1
41	31	52	43	24	29	7	12	4	...	...	...
27	27	55	36	32	34	14	6	1	1	...	...
40	35	46	47	43	28	10	10	1	2	...	...
40	31	58	48	34	42	12	8	...	2	2	1
40	22	54	46	38	21	5	7	1	2	...	...
48	34	52	38	20	19	4	8	1	2	...	...
45	41	64	63	20	19	12	6	3	2	1	...
34	27	54	42	18	27	11	7	2	2	...	2
46	33	54	55	18	23	4	5	2	3	...	...
45	45	55	53	34	16	10	5	3	...	...	...
59	39	58	41	27	23	4	4	...	1	...	...
70	47	63	48	32	23	7	8	...	...	...	...
56	44	48	29	17	16	4	1	...	...	1	1
62	45	...	...	8	14	4	3	...	...	1	...
1009	733	1613	1249	1273	1077	367	309	96	83	12	12

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
Secretary.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

APPENDIX T. to the Administration Report for 1897-98.

Statement showing the total number of attacks and deaths from Plague, by months and Peths during the year 1897-98.

	April.		May.		June.		July.		August.		September.		October.		November.		December.		January.		February.		March.		Total.		
	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	A.	D.	
Shukrawar .....	100	53	12	8	1	2	3	1	15	7	28	22	162	118	249	175	201	175	50	42	23	12	4	1	848	621	
Vetal .....	24	22	6	3	1	1	...	...	1	1	7	6	26	19	80	64	58	68	28	17	5	8	...	...	231	195	
Ganj .....	33	25	1	1	1	1	...	...	1	1	13	9	34	26	101	75	88	68	23	21	11	6	...	...	306	233	
Ghojpede .....	5	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5	3	3	11	11	18	13	17	15	...	...	...	...	59	51	
Raviwar .....	32	16	5	4	1	1	2	1	5	4	5	3	41	30	80	59	68	58	29	26	8	6	...	...	276	209	
Ganesh .....	24	23	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	16	12	31	26	42	28	16	16	2	3	1	1	134	111	
Bludwar .....	42	33	2	6	1	...	...	...	1	1	4	3	37	25	60	53	76	64	14	13	1	2	...	...	238	201	
Sadashiv .....	26	26	4	3	...	1	...	...	1	1	68	46	250	183	170	145	50	48	7	6	1	1	...	...	577	460	
Narayan .....	4	4	2	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	51	39	85	72	44	44	14	12	1	2	...	...	202	177	
Shanwar .....	38	25	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	12	60	47	149	110	75	80	8	7	6	4	...	...	355	288	
Bhawani .....	70	52	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	2	7	4	29	19	77	57	72	62	39	29	10	10	...	...	309	238	
Nana's .....	63	62	2	1	1	...	...	...	4	2	8	7	41	31	83	66	80	67	16	15	4	8	2	2	324	258	
Raste .....	10	9	3	3	2	...	...	...	1	...	4	2	67	48	109	76	104	82	23	20	1	3	...	...	324	243	
Kasba .....	81	69	5	6	1	1	2	...	8	4	23	15	84	59	134	112	114	94	54	40	11	15	4	2	516	395	
Somwar .....	27	20	8	3	...	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	29	19	97	77	92	73	14	12	...	2	...	...	270	208	
Mangalwar .....	7	5	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	66	45	56	45	16	12	1	1	2	2	...	...	156	116	
Nyahal .....	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	6	2	18	12	31	26	2	2	2	1	...	...	64	46	
Bhamburda .....	7	6	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	4	7	6	21	18	14	11	8	5	...	...	60	50	
Gultekdi .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	2	7	6	1	1	...	...	...	...	11	10	
Musafer Ganj .....	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	1	
City .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	18	6	16	5	1	2	...	...	...	...	38	16	
Segregation Camp .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	619	440	60	50	9	7	11	8	38	24	195	138	1009	733	1613	1249	1273	1077	367	309	96	83	12	12	5302	4125	

Poona Municipal Office, }  
2nd July 1898.

M. K. KUMTHEKAR,  
Secretary.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix U to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

To

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY

 **QUEEN VICTORIA,**

BY THE GRACE OF GOD, QUEEN OF THE UNITED KINGDOM  
OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

AND OF THE DEPENDENCIES THEREOF,

DEFENDER OF THE FAITH,

AND EMPRESS OF INDIA.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY,

We, the President and Members of the Poona Municipal Corporation, established in 1856-57, respectfully crave leave on behalf of the citizens of this historic city, to humbly offer our loyal and sincere congratulations to Your Majesty on this the most happy and auspicious occasion of the completion of the sixtieth year of Your Imperial Majesty's glorious reign. It is rarely vouchsafed to a sovereign to rule so long and more rarely still is such a rule marked by the beneficence and kindness which characterise Your Majesty's benign reign.

It was about the time of Your Majesty's birth that the greater portion of this Province was brought under British rule; and since then this city, the ancient capital of the Deccan, has reaped the full benefit of the various measures inaugurated from time to time, in furtherance of the liberal policy which your Majesty was graciously pleased to formulate in the Royal Proclamation of 1858. This Proclamation is justly regarded by the people of this country as their great charter. The work of building up an Empire by uniting the people of different castes and creeds under one supreme authority, is a glorious achievement of which any sovereign may justly be proud, and in common with our other fellow-subjects we beg to gratefully tender to Your Imperial Majesty this homage of loyalty and affection for the numerous blessings of peace and prosperity which we have enjoyed under Your Majesty's rule. Your motherly solicitude for our welfare is proverbial, but it was never experienced so vividly and extensively as at present when millions of people are offering prayers to the Almighty for Your Majesty's long life in gratitude for the kind measures undertaken to relieve distress and suffering now unfortunately prevailing over the greater part of the country.

In conclusion we pray that the Almighty may shower upon Your Majesty and the members of the Royal Family, His choicest blessings and that Your Gracious Majesty may be spared for many long years to rule mercifully over a world-wide empire firmly established, in accordance with Your Majesty's solemn wish and pleasure, upon the sure foundations of justice, righteousness and the contentment of the people.

We beg to remain,

Madam,

Your Majesty's faithful and loyal subjects and servants.

(Signed) DORABJEE PUDUMJEE,

President.

and

other Commissioners.

**MEMORANDUM:—**

*No. 7183 of 1898.*

*Poona, 15th July 1898.*

The Collector of Poona has the honour to forward under instructions from Government the accompanying communication being an acknowledgment of the address presented on the occasion of the Diamond Jubilee of Her Majesty's reign.

(Signed) R. A. LAMB.

Collector.

To

**THE PRESIDENT POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.**

3

No. 1066.

From

H. LUSON, Esq.

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

To

*The President, Poona City Municipality.*

Home Department.

*Public.*

Simla, the 11th June 1898.

Sir,

I am directed to say that the Secretary of State has intimated that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been pleased to accept the address and the casket presented by the Poona City Municipality on the occasion of the celebration of the completion of the sixtieth year of Her Majesty's reign and has commanded that Her Majesty's special thanks may be conveyed to the Municipal Commissioners for this loyal offering.

I have the honour to be,

Sir

Your most obedient Servant,

(Signed ) H. LUSON,

Deputy Secy. to the Govt. of India.



## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( V ) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing attacks and deaths from Cholera, by Peths and Months during the year 1897-98.

Peths.	May		June		July		August		September		Total	
	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths
Shukrawar...	...	...	29	24	89	82	18	17	1	1	137	124
Vetal .....	...	...	3	2	16	15	3	3	...	...	22	20
Ganj .....	1	...	5	2	35	34	3	3	1	1	45	40
Ghorpade	...	...	1	1	12	12	1	1	...	...	14	14
Raviwar...	...	...	21	16	32	28	8	7	3	2	64	53
Ganeesh...	...	...	8	7	24	23	3	2	2	2	37	34
Bhudhwar	...	...	21	18	22	20	14	13	...	...	57	51
Sadashiv...	...	...	11	9	42	40	22	22	3	3	78	74
Narayan ...	...	...	16	13	29	25	16	14	...	...	61	52
Shanwar...	...	...	23	21	38	36	20	20	1	1	82	78
Bhawani...	...	...	5	4	21	19	4	4	...	...	30	27
Nana's .....	...	...	2	2	33	32	5	5	2	2	42	41
Raste .....	...	...	2	2	7	6	2	2	...	...	11	10
Kasba .....	...	...	22	18	75	69	22	20	3	3	122	110
Somwar ...	...	...	6	4	15	11	3	...	...	...	24	15
Mangalwar	...	...	2	2	12	11	1	1	...	...	15	14
Nyabal.....	...	...	2	1	4	4	...	...	...	...	6	5
Bhamburda	...	...	16	15	72	66	5	5	2	2	95	88
Gultekdi...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1
Musafer Janj.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
<b>Total...</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>195</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>534</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>943</b>	<b>851</b>

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898.

M. K. Kumbekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix ( W ) to the Administration Report for the year 1897-98.

Statement showing the number of attacks and deaths from Cholera by dates and months during the year 1897-98.

Dates	May		June		July		August		September		Remarks.
	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	Attacks	Deaths	
1	...	...	...	...	25	22	6	6	1	1	
2	...	...	...	...	13	12	3	5	3	3	
3	...	...	5	3	26	22	8	8	0	0	
4	...	...	1	...	12	12	3	3	0	0	
5	...	...	...	...	12	12	6	6	1	1	
6	...	...	...	...	17	15	18	14	1	1	
7	...	...	...	...	12	10	11	12	0	0	
8	...	...	...	...	26	25	9	8	1	1	
9	...	...	2	2	23	21	7	5	0	0	
10	...	...	1	1	18	16	8	6	0	0	
11	1	...	1	1	24	23	9	9	1	1	
12	...	...	3	2	19	12	6	6	...	...	
13	...	...	2	2	34	32	11	9	...	...	
14	...	...	4	4	25	24	6	6	...	...	
15	...	...	0	0	25	24	1	1	...	...	
16	...	...	8	6	27	27	5	5	...	...	
17	...	...	2	1	28	25	0	0	3	3	
18	...	...	7	7	18	17	7	6	...	...	
19	...	...	2	2	20	20	1	1	...	...	
20	...	...	3	2	22	21	2	2	3	2	
21	...	...	9	9	16	13	3	2	3	3	
22	...	...	18	11	12	12	8	8	...	...	
23	...	...	19	18	8	8	4	3	1	1	
24	...	...	11	7	16	15	2	2	...	...	
25	...	...	17	13	14	11	1	1	...	...	
26	...	...	9	6	23	23	1	1	...	...	
27	...	...	19	16	16	18	...	...	...	...	
28	...	...	15	15	16	16	...	...	...	...	
29	...	...	19	15	12	11	2	2	...	...	
30	...	...	18	18	8	8	1	1	...	...	
31	...	...	...	...	12	12	1	1	...	...	
Total.	1	...	195	161	579	534	150	139	18	17	Total attacks...943 " deaths...851

Poona Municipal Office }  
1st June 1898. }

M. K. Kumthekar,  
Secretary P. C. M.