# ADMINISTRATION REPORT 

08

## THE POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

-FOR

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { I. Date of Efstablishment. } & \text { 1893-94. } \\
\text { The Poons City Mnnicipality was established in 1856-57. } & 2808
\end{array}
$$

II. Popalation.

2. The Population of the City proper, Bhamburda; and Goltekdi, which form part of the Municipal District, is, according to the conern of 1891, as followa :-

III. Juntctpal Boundaries.
3. The boundarios of the Manicipal District remained in the jear mader report as before, i. on as below:-
. Worth. The conthern side of the Wellesley of Kirki roed from the Bolai quarry west-wards to the G. I. P. Railway over bridge, thence the line of the sid Railway up to the Ievel crossing No. 65 in Bhamburia on the Poons and Ganeah Khind Road, thence along the soathers side of that roed ap to its junction with the roed from Kirki to Lakdi, pall.

East. The western side of the road from the Bolai quarry towarde the Synagogne ap to the commencoment of the approach to the City going by the coath of Ghorpade's Takis and Babaji Manaji's cosch factory; thence a Atraight line to the Weatern ond of the bridge on the Manik Nala near Sachapir: thence the Pcone Military Oantonment boundary an far as the sonth-eastern corner of Sorvey No. 05 in the village of Maujeri.

South. The sonthern boundery of Survey Nos. 95, 107, 106, 105, 104, 98, 221, 219 of the village of Manjeri and the northern side of the road to Singhar from the Swars' Police Station to the luridge on the Ambil Odhe near the village of Parvati.

West. The esstern side of the road from Kirki to Laldipul from its junction with the Gamosh Khind Road to the north-weat corner of Survey No. 71 in the village of Bhamburda, thence a line drawn round the survey Numbers 71, 72, and 73 in the same village so as to inclade those nambers, thence the river Matha from the Lakdipal to the Ambil Odhe, thence the Ambil Odha, as far as the bridge on the road to Singhar near the 'village of Parrati nett the cestarn side of the Satara road from the Swars' Police Station to the eouth-west corser of Sarvey No. 210 in the village of Munjeri.

## IV. Namber of Meetings.

4. In the year under report there were 51 meetings of the General Committee, as against 62 and 51 held in 1801-92 and 1892-93; and 252 items of basinesa were disposed of, as against 256 and 286 disposed of respectively in the said two years. In one case only papers were circulated for votes ander section 29 of the Municipal Act of 1884.
5. With regard to the attendance of elected and nominated membera, appendir A will show that out of 20 elected members nearly 11 attended all moetings as against $11 \cdot 9$ and $9 \cdot 2$ in 1892-93 and 1891-92, ; while out of 10 nominated members more than 5 attended all meetings in 1893-94; in 1892-93 and 1891-92 the attendance of nominated members was $6 \cdot 6$ and 5 respectively.
6. As regards the attendance of the individasal Commiseioners, it in gratifying to note that Messrs. K. C. Dhole and R. D. Moghe attended 48 meetings ont of 51 held doring the year ander report; Mesers. R. R. Agasti, K. V. Madhar, Dhakji Kashinathji, G. G. Gokble, S. N. Natu and C. V. Nata attended more than fthe of the meetinge; while Messrs. W. B. Kanitkar and Dr: Ghole, attended more than $\frac{\text { fiths of }}{}$ them. This year also there was on an average one meeting every week, and taking this into consideration the attendence world appear to be very satisfactory ; and if attendance is an index of interest in work, the Municipal Commissioners would appear to have evinced a good deal of interest in the performance of duties attaching to their office.
7. In the year under report the Managing Committee consisted of
8. Mr. S. H. Chiplonkar.
9. $\quad$ R.D. Moghe.
10. " K. C. Dhole.
11. ${ }^{2}$ S. N. Natu.
b. Dr. S. A. Chobhe.
12. Mr. R. R. Agasti.
13. "M. H. Dustar, who having resigned was succeeded by Mr. O. V. Katu in July 1893.

The Committee met 60 times to transact bnsiness, against 71 in 1892-93; and 57 in 1891-92. 1792 cases were disposed of in these meetings and 13 cases were disposed of by circolars in 1893-94, as against 1546 and 15 in 1892-33, and 1671 and 148 in 1801-92 respectively. Thoogh the number of mectings is amaller this year as compared with that of the previous year, the business transacted was much larger. It may be noted that work in increasing every year.
8. Appendix O gives the average attendance of the members of the Managing Conmittee at the 80 meetings held in the year. It was $6 \cdot 1$ in the year under report as against $6 \cdot 2$ and $5 \cdot 4$, in 1892-93 and 1891-92, respectively.
9. Oat of 60 meetings, Messrs Dhole and Moghe attended 59 meetinga ; 8. H. Chiplonkar 88, R. R. Agasti 57, and Dr. S. A. Chobhe 52 . The attendance is very satisfactory and apeaks highly of the interest, taken by the members of the Managing Committee in the discharge of their onerous daties. (Vide Appendix D).
10. There was no change in the constitation of the Mumicipal Board, which in the year under report consisted, as before, of $\mathbf{2 0}$ elected and 10 nominated members, with a President elected by themselves. The personnel has, however, andergone some changes. It is to be regretted that the Manicipality lost, in the course of the year, three of its mombers.
11. Rao Saheb Narso Ramchandra Godbole died on the 20th of December 1803. His connection with the Manicipal administration dates from 1875 when he wes appointed Secretary; he resigned his post in March 1887 and became a Municipal Commissioner after a short interval. The Manicipal Commissioners have lost in him a very active and energetic colleagne ; his long experience had made him a very usefnl co-worker.
12. Sardar Nawab Ali Mardan Khan, who diod in November 1803, was one of the oldest Manicipal Commissioners. He belonged to a highly respectable Mahomedan family and by his social position and by his good qualities he was well fittod to be a representative of the community to which he belonged. He was a link between the two principal commanities in Poona as between two generations.

- 13. By the death of Mr. Shitaram Hari Chiplonkar, the Chairman of the Managing Committee, who died on the 28th of March 1894 nfter a short illuess, the Commissioners have lost a highly intelligent, shrewd and a very capable colleague. He rendered very valuable services to the Municipality and to the canse of Local Self-Government generally.


## V. Imposts.

14. There were no changes in the imposts in the year under reprort.
VI. Income.
15. The income of the Kuniaipality in the year under report was, accompared with that of the provions gear, wa follown:-

16. Octroi. The aree under the administration of the City Municipality for Octroi parposes includes in addition to the City Municipal District those under the administration of the Sabarban Manicipality and the Cantonment Committee. It leviss octroi daty on all articles mentioned in the schedule and imported into the said three areas, and deducting the amount of refund mado for exports and the establishment and other charges from the gross revenue, distribates the remainder between the three bodies.
17. The gross revenue from Octroi amonnted in the year 1893-94 to Re. 1,85,838-7-2, as against Rs. $1,77,263-18-9$ in the previous year. The increase is due to flactuations in the trado of the city. In the year 1891-92, which was to some extent a famine year, very large importa of grain and other food articles were made, which remained in the Manicipal district for some time. The importation in the subsequent jear, vir. 1802-93, were consequently emaller. In the year under report the quantity of imports hat again increased, bringing in more revenue to the Municipality.
18. Ont of the gross revence of Ra. $1,85,838-7-2$ Ra. 4,000 were paid to the Suburban Manicipality ; Re. 32354-9-6 to the Cantonment Committoe; Rs. 25,966-10-11 were refunded on account of exports ; the establishment and other charges anch as contingencien, repairs, de., amounted to Re. 12485-4-5. Dedacting these from the growe income the City Manicipality had s net income of Rs. 1,11,031-14-4 from Octroi. The ampant of Ras. 1,23,517-2-9 shown in colamn 3 against "Octroi" in the table given in pars 15 includes the net income from Octroi ses shown above and the eateblishment and other chaiges amounting to lis. 124805-4-5.
19. The amoant of Rapees 25,966-10-11. was, as mentioned above, refunded on eccount of exports out of the Municipal Octroi limits in 1803-94 against Rs. 25,980-10-8 refanded in 1892-03. The ever increasing knowledge of refund rales amongst the mercantiie and trading classes, and the redaction to annas 8 from one Raper of the minimnm of duty refundable, are the principal ceasess that lead to larger amounta being claimed every year on accennt of exporte made. Although Manicipal Bodies, that rely mach on revenue from octroi, may look with alarm and regrot on the liberal spirit \#n which refund rules are framed and the increasing publicity they are getting every year. The Manicipolity is trying to prevent octroi from operating as, and degenerating into, transit daties, hampering the inland trade of the country. It would certainly rejoice to find that the rales are worked in the liberal spirit, in which thoy were conceived, affording facilities to traders claiming refands of daty and generally semoving all possible -bstaclen from their way.
20. With regard to the question of the working of the octroi eystem, reference may be made to the follewing table, which gives the average conaumption of each of the 8 classes of articles. It is necessary to remark that the average consumption per head is calculated with reference to a total popalation of $1,61,392$ soals, residing in the City, the Subarban, and the Cantonment limits ; the City Manicipality being, as mentioned in para 16, in charge of the Octrei Dopartmont for the three bodies combined.

|  | Nrames of atioles. | Stenderd of consumption fixed hy the Munioipality zocording to local oireamgtances. | 8tanderd of eoncamption fixed by Govaramoat. | Average cons per head. | amption |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | M. afoers. | Tales. |
| 1. |  | 7 Manda. | 7 Maundr. | 7 .. 22 | 55 |
| ; | Sogara.....o.......ouosom | 6 Sears. | 5 to 6 Seera | $\cdots$ | . 87 |
|  |  | 6 Do. | 8 to $\leq$ Do. ' | $\cdots$ | 29 |
|  |  | D ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | - $40 \leq$ Do. |  |  |
| : IJIII. | Oil | 6 . Do | 418 80006. | ... $\quad 8$ | 35 |
| . $\mathrm{V}_{4}$ | Gams, ppiceo..os,o.s.. | 2 Bapees. | 1 to $1+$ Be. | R2. ${ }_{2}{ }^{40} ._{0}$ | ${ }^{1}$ |
| .71. |  | 48 Soars. | 4 Sears. |  | Talas. |
| VII. | : Piece Gopida.o.osomes.. | 8 Rapees | 45068. | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \mathbf{R}_{0} & .48 \\ 7 & 18 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {. }}^{\text {P. }}$. 6 |
| - FIII | [Metal | 9 Raprear | 11 to 2 Ro. | 2.4 | 2 |

:21. From the foregoing table it will appear that Tobacco is actoally much below othe, ptaadard and requires no comment. Sugar and. oil exceed the standard. There tis a very. large trado in these articlea in Poona, for which parpose large quantities of sugar t-and oil meede are imponted into the City for being mannfactured into aweet-meats and ail. 1.fheso articles do not rernesin in Poons, bat are exported; they are however sent out -is bandle too amall to entitle them to claim refund. Grain, ghoe, gams, spices, $\cdots$ piece-goods, -and motal, exceed the standard a little ; this is ant however, an $\therefore$ oxcees whioh is due to defective refund rules, but represents the conaumption of these artiolen by a large body of non-resident ; population. and of casnal visitors to - Poons. A large namber of visitors, or in other words a large floating popalation, in the Gity; the Sabarb, and the Cantonmont, and a large mral population in the vicinity of $\rightarrow$ Peona, which draws ite supplies from the City Markets in quantities not ontitled to rofonds, consume not an inconsiderable portion of the imports of the Cityi, bat are left out of account in calcalating average consumption per head, which has reference to the permanent popalation only. It wonld appear that the consumption does not exceed the standard, and the Municipal-Octroi cordon does not levy daty on artieles not required for the consumption of the local popniation.
. - 22. ' Appendioes R and L give information aboat grose imports, exports, end the net imports, of all classes of articles, in lamp, and the individal articles.
23. House, Conseroancy, and Wheeltax. The Monicipal income frosn these sources amounted to Rs. 31384-7-9, 35103-5-0 and 4461-13-6 respectively as against Re. 27674-2-5, Rs. 27705-6-8 and Rs. 5127-3-0 collected in 1892-93. The increase in the case of House-tax and Conservancy cess is due to a larger amount of arreary for previous years and the revenue for the last year being collected. It is very eatisfactory to note that the amount of arrears has much come down for which the Magistracy deserves thanke.

[^0]Rs. 6448-2-11; Re. 7187-0-6, and Rs. 458-2-0 as against Rs. 11162-2-1, Rs. 16534-6-0 and Rs. $557-4-0$ respectivaly on the lat of April 1893. The total ortstanding belances would thas appear to have been reduced from Rs. 28288-18-1 to Rs. 13036-5-5, and it is hoped that they would go still lower by the end of the current yoar.
, . . 25. . As usnal, epplications were made to the Magistrate for the recovery of the ontatanding balances in time, and an eatablishment consisting of

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { Karkum on Res } 25 . \\
& 1 \text { Clerk on Re. } 20 . \\
& 1 \text { (Do on Re. } 16 . \\
& \text { \& Karkuns on Rs. } 10 \text { each. } \\
& -1 \text { - Do. on Rs. } 9 . \\
& 2 \text { Peons on Rs. } 7 .
\end{aligned}
$$

was allowed to the Specisl First Cless Magietrato. The Honorary Magistrate 3nd clash, was also provided with

1 Karkan on Rs. 16.
1 Do on Rs 10
1 Do on Ra. 10
2 Peons on Rs. 7 sech.

Two Karkons, each oit Ra. 10, were slso appointed to help the Benches of Magietrates in the disposal of recevery cases. In the year ander report the Special First Class Mugistrate disposed of 0490 cases, the 3rd Class Special Magistrate 1383 cases and the A. and B. Bench of M igistrates 1118 and 2279 cases respectively. Thanks aro due to all . Magistrates, for the onergy and soal with which they disposed of Manicipal cases. In consequence of representations made by the Maniaipality, Government appointed a 1st. Class Magistrate to dispose of Manicipal cases in connection with the erecovery of ita dues and the resalt han been satiafactory. A large amonnt of arrears has been collected.
20. Tax on professione and trades. The amount of Re. 973 is made ap of Tees levied on bands of music at two annae a day for every kind of manic played in the atreet. The decrease is dne to a amaller namber of marriages and othor caremonies, necersaitating masic, having takon place in the yoar under report.
27. Water-rates. Water-rates are charged at one rapee, one rapee and eight anase, and two Rapees per month for every $1^{\prime \prime} \frac{y}{\prime}^{\prime}$ and $1^{\prime \prime}$ house connections, of which there were in the year ander report, 1890,63 and 46 respectively. The income from this soarce of revenue was Rs. 24757-12-0 in 1893-94 as against Re. 24095-2-0 in 1892-93. The increave is due to a large amount of the rates being paid in this year in advanoe.
28. Others-Trade Registration Fess. Rs. 10941-15-10 were realised from this sonrce of revenue egainst Rs. 9852-5-7 in 1892-93. The incresse of Ra, 1289-10-3 is due to undatiable articlea being imported more largely in the year than in the previous year.
29. Pounds. The decrease is very slight and does not require any specisl notice.
30. Hackney ourriages. This represents the realisations andor the Convegance Act. The decrease, Re. 20-9-0, being very slight, does not require to be explained.
31. Feea are charged for the occupation of streeta and other pablic open places att 4 amas a yard per day, by depoaiting boilding materials, patting up bootha, shope, and mandspa, and Rs. 790-13-11 were realised from this source in the year under reports
32. Sale proceeds of lands and produce of lands.-The income of Re. 821-0-10 is made up of the following items, as compared with those for the previeus year.


The nature of the items mentioned herein does not require mach explanation as regards increase or decrease. They are due to ordinary flactuations in transactions.
33. Conservancy receipts include Ra, 42903-0-0 and Rs. 1100 which are sale proceeds of poadrette and street-sweepings respectively as against Rs. 46103-8-0 and Rs. 1525 realised in 1892-93. The decrease is due to all in the price of poodrette, which was due to the supply of water from the Canal having ran short, fresh sugar-cane cultivation was not allowed in the year under report. The ares of the prohibited district, wherein smgar-cane cultivation is not allowed, was moreover extended. The result was that there was a smaller demand for poudrette from sugar-cane growers, who consume the bulk of poadrette in the year under report. 1067 heaps of poadrette were - sold for the amonnt mentioned above, leaving at the end of the year 34 heape unsold.
34. Fees and Revenue from Educational Institutions.-The income under this - head is made up of achool-fees, which yielded in the year under report Re. 3978-13-0, as against Re. 3915-0-0 in the provious year, and of the rent of a piece of land transferred to the School Board by Government, which amounted to Rs. 149-10-0. The income from this source was in 1892-03 Rs. 130-20. The increase in School-fees is due to increase in the number of paying students.
35. Markets and Slaughter-houses.-There are in the City two vegetable, and six matton markets, with 418 and 74 stalls respectively. The Plunkett vegetable market and the Reay market brought in Re. 56-8-8 and Rs. 11240-14-3, as against Re. 60.4-0 and Rs. 10410-16-8 respectively; while the mutton markets yielded Re. 1141-0-0 against Ra. 975-11-0 in 1892-93. The increase is due to atalls having risen in value owing to keener competition amongst the bidders for stalls. Beaides the abova, petty Bazurs are held twice a week in Shanwar (old Mandai gronnd) and daily in frawiwar (Bhajiali) for the sale of fruits, vegetables, and other articles \&c. In 1893-94 the income from the old Mandai amoanted to Rs. 722-12-6 as against Rs. 461-6-9 in the previons year. The income from petty eqnatters allowed in Badhwar and Raviwar Peth, ander licenses issued to them, amonnted to Rs. 44-13-9 and Rs. 195-11-9 respectively. In the previous year the licenses ware not issued to those persons.
38. The Slanghter-houses brought in Rs. 1510-13-0 as against Rs. 1537-6-0 The revenue from sleaghter-houses consists of fees charged at 6 pies per sheep slanghtered in the Manicipal slanghter-hoases, attached to the six meat markets. The decreane is very slight.
37. Taxes on professions. The private dry fish market in Rawiway Poth paid Rs. 24-0-0 a year as license fees.
38. Fines under the Musuicipal and other Sets. The fines ander the Manicipal Acts of 1873 and 1884 amoontod to Re. 2476-4-3, as agsinst Re. 1594-6-10 recovered in 1892-93. The increase is due to a very large number of recovery cases being disposod of in the year under report and also to a larger number of other cases being decided in the year under report. The fines under the Police Act (IV. of 1880) and the Conveyance Act (VI of 1863) amoonted to Re. 4ẹ1-10-0 and Re. 78-12-0 rospectively. This increase is also due to more prosecations being instituted ander those acts, during the year ander report. It may be remarked in connection with this anbject that the amounts mentioned above do not represent the whole of the fines levied in the year: all the fines levied in the beginning credited into the Government Treasary in payment of the Manicipal share, which amoonts to Re. 624 a year, of the additional establishment sanctioned by Government for the City Magistrate's office. The fines are tranaforred to the Manicipality after the amoont of Rs. 624 is made ap.
30. Interest on investment. The Municipality does not get anything by way of interest on money deposited in the Bombey Bank. The Bank declined to accept deposits at interest, while section 26 of the Manicipal Act of 1873, does not anthorize surplas bulances being doposited with any other Benk
40. Grant from Governmont. The amoant entered under this heed is the contribotion made by Government towards the maintenance of Manicipal school. The contrect period of 5 years expired on the 31 ot of March 1890. Although the grant ought to have been paid at increased rates from that date, Government did not do so. The grant was however revisod by them (vide G. R. No. 153 dated 24th Jannary 1894 Edncational Department) and calcolated with reference to the increased oxpenditure of 1891-92. Payment was accordingly made in the year ander report. The grant has been fixed at Re. 6540 per annom. In the year under report Government grants were as below :- 1892-93. 1893-94.

| (1) | For primary schools |  | ...... | 4748-8-0 | 7482-0-0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | Technical Do. | ....* | ...... | 010-14-3 | 608-9-2 |
| (3) | Building schools..... | ... | - | " " " | 2289-13-2 |
| (4) | Machinery. ...... | ...... | ...... | " " | 1500-0-0 |
|  |  |  |  | 5659-6-3 | 11970-6-4 |

41. Local fands on lends in the manicipal ares amounted to Rs. $225-4$. The Mamledar collects the cess and pays into the Manicipal Tremary the ahare doe to the Manicipality.
42. Contribution-No contribations were made daring the yoar ander report.
-43. Revenus on account of services rendered to private persons.-This consists of foes charged for the use of Manicipal tools by privato persons, which amounted to Re. $94-5-8$; the comparing fees to Re. 40-11-0; and the Commission charged on work esecated in the Mnnicipal Technical School for private persons amounting to Rs. 96-9-5 as against Ra. 80-8-s, Ra. 42-12-5, and Ra. 117-13-6 respectively, realised in 1892-93. The decrease is slight.
43. Other iteme.-This consists of deposits lapsing to the Manicipality to the amount of Re. 802-8, and sale proceeds of flower-pots made in the work-shop which were Rs. 304-s.
44. Deposite.-The deposita amounted to Rs. 20809 on the 31st of March 1894, while they had amoonted to Rs. $15038-6-8$ in 1892-93. The increase is dae to more maney being held in deposit in the year onder report.
45. To sum up the description of the receipts, the total income in 1893-94 amountca to Rs. 334203-0-0, as against Rs. 305882-6-0 in 1892-93, showing an increase of Rs. 28,321-3-0. The detailed canses of increase and decrease having been noted in the preceding paragraphs no further explanation would appear necessary: The following statement will, however, prove interesting, as comparing the several items and their relative proportions to each other and to the whole.

| Sourese, |  | 1892-98. |  | 1898-94. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ambont. | Per. entage. | Amount. | Per centage. |
| A. Municipal Rates and other tares. $\qquad$ <br> B. Realizations under specinl cets. <br> Q. Revenae dorived from Municipal property and pewers apart from taration <br> D. Granta and contribution for general and opecial parposes. <br> 玉. Miscollaneous .......................................... <br> F. Extraordinary and Dobt.. $\qquad$ |  | 2,14,477 8 | 70-1: | 2,81,115 8 8/10 | 69.15 |
|  |  | 1,260 10 | -41 | 1,226 66 | 0.87 |
|  |  | 68,062 11 | 22.25 | 67,992 78 | 20.34 |
|  |  | 6,24215 | $2 \cdot 04$ | 12,195 104 | $8 \cdot 65$ |
|  |  | 8002 | -26 | 1,064 71 | 0.82 |
|  |  | 15,038 6 | 4.92 | 20,609 1 0 | $6 \cdot 17$ |
| Total... $9,05,882$ 6 |  |  | 100 | $3,34.208$ 9 0 | 100. |

For a review of the income of the Manicipality in the last ten years a reference is solicited to the sapplement to this report.

## VII. Rropendtture.

47. The following table gives the axpenditure in the yeer under roport as compared with that of the proceding your.


Expendituro-(condinwed from the precoding page.)

48. General Administration-office extablishment. The expenditare ander this head represents the cost of the establishment in the President's, the Secretary's, the Aecountant's, the Honorary Magistrates' offices, the work-shop and the Manicipal press. It sleo ineludes contingencies, office rant, honorarium paid to Municipal saditors. The incresse in expenditure is due to the usual annoal increments granted to the Treasarer and the store-karkan, to the increased establishment provided to the special Magistrate, an address given to the Honorable, Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji M. P. in December last, which cost the Manicipality Rs. 215-8-9, and to the increased remaneration given to the clock-winder, Rs. 17 per mensem, on acconnt, of the two more public clocks being added to his charge doring the year under report. Hitherto the Carriage Inspector was paid from the Municipal Treasary. In the year under report he took his pay under the ordess of the Saperintendent of Police directly from the collections he made en account of the whoel-tax.
49. Collection of Municiped Taxes. This item inclades the cost of the establishment at the 17 octroi toll bara, for 9 wards for the collection of asesssed tarce, in the office of the Secretary, and a few hands in the Honorary Magistrate's office. By means of these agencies the Manicipality collectod Rs. 70949-10-8, at Hoase, Bhangi, and Wheel-tax and Rs. 185838-7-2 as octroi daty, at a oont of Rs. 6-44 and Rs. 6-10-11 por cont. respectively, the octroi and the assessed taxer establishmenta having cost Rs. 10563-4-3 and Ros. 4450-12-2 respectively.
50. In the year under repert a now Octroi Naka was bailt, on the roed leading to "Amrai " at a cost of Ra. 476-13-8, the old Naka honse being in a delapidated condition ; repairs were made to other Nakas at a cost of Rs. 252-10-9.
51. Refunds.-No refunds wese grantod daring the year under report, on eccount of Bhangi, Wheal and House tar.
62. Public Safety-Fire.-The expenditure on Fire consists of the cost of estoblishment consisting of two steam Engine drivars, ten Fire Engine Lascars, engaged on two stoam and foor manasl enginen, of ropairs to Engines and Chanhis, and tho sapply of new-fire plage and appliances, Telephones, and contingencies.
53. Daring the year ander roport 1100 running feet of rabber-lined canvas delivery pipes, with nossles and jota, and 3 fire bugles, were parchased at Rs. 1498-13-0, and 124 fire-plugs were parchased and pat up at convenient placen, at a cost of fis. 1984-8-2 in order to make water from mains available at conveniont places for extingaishing fire and otber parposes. The total namber of fire-plags in the Manicipal limit is at present 805. New Telephones were porchased at a cost of Re. 211-6-8, and set up at the Manicipal Collector's offica.
64. It will thus appear that the Manicipality has been spending more than Rs. 6,000 every year on the protection of properties and lives from fire. Appendix M. showe the number of fires that took place in the year onder report. There was no loss of life. The evtimated loss of property was Rs, 61822. The loss of property appears to be rather heary, which was due principally to the deatraction of Hay stacks at Pulachiwadi. It is very difficalt, nay, almont impossible, to save Hay atacke when they are once on fire. No quantity of water thrown on them serves to save the property from farther destraction. Consequently though the Steam fire Engines and others were at work day and night more than a week the loss of property was very heary. The cost of extinguishing the fires amounted to Ra. 384-4-5. Almost all corners of the City being now connected with the Fire Engine stations by Telephones, Fire Engines arrive at the scene of fire within a very short time, and acole the Steam Fire Engines succeed in checking the progress of fire and getting it ander control within a few minates of their arrival on the apot.
55. Lighting.-At the commencement of the year ander report there were 1225 tureet lamps. This namber was increased from time to time in the course of the y ear to 1292. These were maintained by a staff of 48 lamp-lighters, with 3 mokadams to sapervise their work, and with the consamption of 2754 kerosine oil boxes and a large number of wicks, chimneys and other articles. The total Manicipal expenditare on etreet-lighting was Rs. 15487-0-0 in 1893-94. The decrease is due to a decresse in the expenditure on kerosine oil which wat cheaper in 1893-94 than in 1892-93.
56. Revoards for the destruction of woild animals.-This expenditare consists of the cost of destroying stray dogs, which are killed by means of strychnis powders mixed with wheat and ghee. This work is done by the Police, the Manicipality mopplying the necessary articles. The decrease in expenditare is due to a smaller number of Strychnia powders required by and supplied to the Police. It may be noted here that no claim for rewards for the destraction of anskes were received, though the Manicipality is willing to give rewards and has given pablicity to this fact. It is moreover not very likely that in a popalated City like Poona there would be any grest necessity for persons exerting themselves in this behalf in expectation of claiming rewards. The mortality from snake-bites and wild animals is almost nil here.
67. Water-Supply.-Capital outlay. There are five sources of watex-supply to the ares ander the administration of this Manicipality, vis, Nans Fadanavis, Reste's, and Choudbaris wells, and Katraj and Khadakwasla tanks. Ont of these the first two are private ones, maintained by private persons, viv., by the Rastes and the family of the well-known Nana Fadanavis. The Choudari's water-works have been purchased by the Manicipality. The Katraj works are in charge of the Manicipality. The Municipality is entitled to draw 750000 gallons of water from the canal daily. The Nans Fadanavis well feeds twe Hands, which are open to the public. The Raste's aquedoct foeds one Hand in Rastia's Wada. Besides these there are many private and a few pablic wells, which supply water for washing and other purposes.
58. Rs. 10005-4-3 were paid to Government as water-rate for the canal water daring the year under report, as against Rs. 20064-0-5 paid in 1892-88. There was fortunately no necessity for the Municipality to draw in this year water from the canal in excess of the stipalated quantity. The Katraj tank did not fail this year, 2 it did in 1802-93 making the whole city dependent on the canal for water-sapply. The result was that the Monicipality had to draw water from the canal much in excess of the daily stipalated supply and had to pay doable the usual amonnt of water-rata
69. When more than 16 years back the water-mains were originally laid, the number of house-connections fed by them was very small. It has, howover, greatly increased latterly, making it absolutely necessary to substitnte pipes of larger dimensions for smaller ones. This year, however, no anch work could be undertaken pending the disposal of the question referred to Government regarding an increased supply of water from the canal, as proposed by Mr. S. B. Doig, who was Sanitary Kingineer to the Government of Bombay last year. Public stand-pipes were pat ap during the year onder report, in. Kasbe, Sadashiv, Pulachi wadi, Shanwar, Somwar, Bhowani, and Shokrawar Peths, at an aggregate cost of Rs. 650-2-4. Screen walls to Nageshwar Hand in Somwar, and Nans's Haad in Kasbe were pat ap at a cost of Re. 51-11-2 and Ra, 108-0-11 respectively. An iron railing was pat up round the cistern in front of the Kotwal Cheodi, to prevent the water therein being spoiled by persons bathing and washing alothes. This improvement cost the Municipality Ra. 225-3-7.

[^1]61. Establishmont. The Manicipal establishment on water-works consists of 7 turn cocks, one fitter, one diver, costing Rs. 874-14-0.
62. Repairs. The repairs to water-works cost Re: 3384-5-9, and consisted of ropairs to pablic stand-pipes, water-mains, repairs to stop-valves, removal of moss from the river, and cleaning of public cisterns and keeping them in good order.
63. From the foregoing it will appear that the total cost to the Manicipality on account of water-supply, including new water-pipes, etand-pipea, repairs to Katraj and Chaodhari's eqnedacts, and water-rates to Government, was Ro. 16061-11-2, as sgainst Rs. 31970-4-6 in 1892-93, the decrease being due to an monasully large amount being paid last year to Government for reasons explained in the preceding paras.
64. Drainage-capital-Outlay.-With reference to the question of new drains it has to be ramembered that the Municipality has referred the drainage queetion-the schemes prepared by Colonel Dacat and Rao Bahadar G. A. Bhat, M. A, L. C. E.-to Government for favour of their advice as regards the most suitable mode of draining Poona, and until that question is disposed of in as satisfactory mannor and the siten for sewrge farms finally docided apon the Manicipality cannot undertaike to construct new drains on - very large scale. Drains are, however, constracted in localitiee where they can no longer be held over mithout danger to pablic health.
65. New U-shaped drains were accordingly constracted in some parta, in Sedasiv near Bhikardas gate, in Vetal Peth near Bhan Mansaram'a hoase, in Shokrawar behind the Tophkhana, in Sapiks in Bhavani, from Untade Marati to Bhati Gate in Rastia's Peth, near the Naka in Bhamburds, in Pangal ali in Ganesh, in Dal ali, in Mangalwar, and in Somwar Peth. The total length of these gatters bailt in the year under report was 6010 ranning feet. The expenditure on this account daring the year undor report was Re. 7746-0-11 against Rs.1890-1-5 spent doring the provious year. There are thas now 47153 running feat of U -abaped gatters in $\mathbf{a s e}$ in the City.
68. Establishment and repairs to draine-In a portion of the City there are underground dreins built by the Peshwas, with which the house and privy "moris "are connected. They get choked in placen and require to be annaally repaired and kept clean by removing silt therefrom. The oxpenditure on this sccount was in 1898-94 Rs. 7292-15-5, as against Rs, 6332-11-11 in the provion year. The road side gattern are also repaired and cleansed for the monsoon, and Rs. 2494-1-2 were apent for this parpone an againat Rs. 2389-16-7 spent in the previous year.
67. Conecroancy, including Road-cleaning, and watering, and Latrines.-Conservancy is a very comprehensive hoed and requires to be divided into sub-head, which are as noder:- 1892-93 1803-94.

| A. | General expervising establishrment............ |  |  | 8058-11-6 | 8198-13-7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. | Road-eleaning ......... | ...... | .......... | 11725-9-2 | 12871-4-0 |
| a. | Bhangi Bervice........e. | ..... |  | 49863-14-9 | 61474-5-6 |
| D. | Night Soil Dopot...... | . | ......... | 14097-6-6 | 17516-14-7 |
| F. | Latrines | ..... |  | 2052-12-1 | 1296-6-11 |
| F. | Urinals ...... | . |  | 130-11-10 | 76-8-2 |
| G. | Hoed-watering |  |  | 2718-7-8 | 4122-11-0 |
|  |  |  | - | 88830-8-4 | 95562-10-8 |

At the outset it may be remarked that daring the year onder report the Municipal outlay on conservancy was Rs. $95,552-10-8$. From which it will appear that a fair share of the revenue of the Manicipality is spent on the Sanitation of the City.
88. The general sapervising entablishment consists of one Health Offcer, tro head Inspectors, 6 ward Inspectors, and 33 mokadams. The cost of eatablishment is 1893-94 was Rs. 8196-13-7 as agninst Rs. 8058-11-5 in 1892-83. The increase is due to the whole of the salary of the Chiof Inspector, Ra, 75 a month, being utilized in this year in engaging two special Inspecters, while in 1882-93 only ane Inspector on Rn. 25 wes acting for the Chief Inspector. The strength of the establishment ctherwise remains what it wes in the previous year. Dr. Sorab Cawasji Hormasji M, D. (Brussels) D. P. H., I. R.C.P. (Lead.), M. B. C.S. who was appointed in the beginning of the last year on probation, wae confirmed in his post daring the year under report.
62. Road-cleaning is done by means of 171 Road-sweepera, who sweep and clean roads, road-ride spaces, lanes, open spaces, dc. and collect and deposit the awreepings in dast-bins, which ase provided at 421 places. The house-owners also throw housesweepings tharain. The sweepers are paid at Rs. 5, Re. 4-8-0, and Rs. 4, according to the length of their service in the Municipality. Those who have served more than 6 years get Ra. 5 p. m., those, who have served less than 5 but more than one year, get Rs. 4-8-0 per mensem, and the rest, $i$. $e_{\text {, }}$ those whose service does not extend to more than one year get Re. 4 s month. The rate of pay was hitherto Re. 4 each per mensem. But thinking that Rs. 4 a month was too low a rate of pay for such a hardworking class of Municipal servants, the Municipal Commissioners increased it to Rs. 5 and 4-8-0 as mentioned above.

## 70. The work of removing the contents of dast-bins twice a day is dome by con-

 tract. The contractor removee all rabbish ort of the City and delivers over to the Manicipality 2500 cabic feet of rabbish every day at the Ash Depot and appropriates the rest for his own use. In addition to the daily supply of 2500 cabic feet of rabbish the contractor supplied 60000 cubic feet of rabbish free of cost in the months of April and May 1803 and also gave Rs. 100 for permission to work out the contract. The rubbish is burnt into ashes, which are osed in manufactaring pondrette. The Manicipality provides the Contractor with 30 rabbish certs without bollocks. If he wanta more he eraploys them at his expense.71. Besides the cost of establishment for this work, which was Rs. 9442-15-5, the Municipality spent Ra. 859-15-10 on making now carts, and Rs. 894-14-0 on repairing old ones 3s new dost-bine were made in the year under report at a cost of Bs. $536-10-5$; some dostrbins were repaired at a cost of Rs, 868-7-2. The eweepers were each paid one rupee as an annual contingent allowance for brooms and baskets, Which mmounted to Ra. 173. The total expenditure on this hoed was, therefore, Rs. 12871-4-0, as against Ra. 11725-9-2. The increase is due to increased pay given to the sweepers at montioned above, and more money apent on new carta and on the repairs of the old onea.
72. Bhamgi Service.-The Bhangi establishment consista of 304 Bhangis. They serve all private privies and public latrines, of which there were in the year under report 7837, and 78 ( with 377 seats ) reapectively. It is also the daty of Bhangis to patrol streets, lanes, and open apaces, and to keep them clean. In addition to the Bhangis serving priviea, public and private, there is an establishment of 19 Bhistis and 13 bollock carts employed to remove the contents of cess pits in parte, where there ane no draine.
73. The Bhangis remove night soil by means of baskets from privies and empty them into Iron Barrel Carte, placed in different parts of the City. When full these carts are removed by bollocks and drivers provided by a contractor, who charges Re. 25-9-0 a month for a pair of bollocks and a driver, to the Night Soil Depot, which is sbout 3 miles south of Poona.
74. The cont of the Bhangi establishmeat amounted in the year under repost to Rs. 32940-5-10 as againet Rs. 30804-6-2 in 1802-03. The ramoval of night woil to the

Depot in iron barrel carta cont Rs. 10672-12-11 ss against Rs. 10435-0-4 in the previons yeas. The iron berrel carte require constant repairs and at times renewale. The repairs cost Res. 2084-12-11 as against Ra. 2827-0-2 in the previona year; 10 new carts wore mado in the Municipal workshop at a coet of Rs. 1654-4-0. New urinal carts were also made at the werkshop at a cost of Rs. 1155-7-1. The miscellaneous items such as supplying the Bhangis with brooms and beskets with disinfoctants in connection with this branch of the Manicipal corvice cost Re 812-9-8, as against Rs. 931-8-3 in 1893-93.
75. Night Soil Depot. Ae mentiomed in pare 73 night soil is removed to the Depet at Bibiachi Wadi. It is deposited in pana, of which there were 212 on the 31et of March lest, some of which are covered with grase chapars for nee in the rainy season, the night soil is mixed with ashos, exposed to sun and air, and tarned into poadretto, which is seld by prblic auction by heape. A portion of the night soil is buried into trenches, which are cevered over with rubbish, in the rainy season, when the sun drying precess cannet be attompted ou account of wet weather. Night soil thrown into trenches is allowed to remain there woll-covered over with good rubbigh till the ond of No vember every year, when it is mixed with ashes, allowed to dry, and made into heaps, and soll along with other manare. It may be mentioned here that the latter kind of pondrette is not very popular with cultivators, who offer comparatively lower prices for it. This aystem means loss of revenue to the Municipality, but the process is followed in the monsoon with a wiew to prevent the Depot from becoming a nuisance.
76. In the year nader report 11835 tons of Night Soil were, with 16970 cart-londs of ashes, masde into 1067 heape of mannre, a heap being eqnal to 20 cart-loads, and each cart load equal to $\mathbf{4 0}$ Ghameles; of these and the balance of 34 heape that were on hand on the 1st of April 1893, 1067 hesps were sold for Rs. 43009-0-0, leaving a balance on the 31st March 1894 of 34 heaps to be disposed of in 1894-05.
77. The Night Soil Depot, though a searce of anch a large revenue as mentioned above, ia also a place thet requires a large outlay of money, caro, time, and attention, on the part of those reoponsible for it. In the year ander report the Manicipal expenditure on several worke at the Depot smounted to Rs. 41715-14-7. It is under the immediate control of the Health Officer and the Secretary. The late Mr. E. H. Chiplonkar took a great interest in it and freqnently visited it as long as he way in offlco. The Enyineer has also to visit the Depot in connection with the works of improvemente done there.
78. Amongat the improvements effected at the Night Soil Depot in the year under report were repsirs to pans at acost of Rs. 1190-1-11; ropairs to the roads in the Depot were maie at a cost of Re. 999-1-4; the cleaning of Road-side gutters coent Rs. 299-0-8. With a view to give greator time to the pans in ase and allow manure to be exposed to sun and air for a longer period without causing inconvenience, the namber of puss has been increased. In the year ander report 45 new pans were constructed at a cost of Rs. 2357-15-9. Of these pans more than half are provided with grase chapars at a cost of Ru. 3722-11-5. Thus the several works at the Depot cost on the whole Rs. 41715-14-7 including the cost of ashes in the year onder report. Thus the Monicipality spared neithor money nor pains to prevent the Depot from being a naisance, and it is satiefactory to note that both the Depots were kept in good order in the year under report.
79. The sapervising establishment at the Depot consists of an Inspector, two Mokndama, and two watchmen. In the monsoon when it requires the greateat amount of care and attention, withont which it alwaye threstens to prove a nuisance on account of the wet weather and Sonth Weeterly winds then blowing, an extra Inspector is appointed to help the permanent staff. The cost of establishment at the Night Soil and the Ash Depot, which is a necoseary complement of the formor, was in the year ander report Re. 5631-12-9.
80. As mentioned in para 70 the contractor delivets over to the Manicipality2500 cubic feet of rabbish every day. In addition to this quantity the Manicipality got: 60,000 cabic feet free of cost. Thas the Municipality had delivered to it in the year 1893-94 at the Depot on the Satare road 972500 cubic feet of rabbish, the money value of which may be estimated at Re. 24000, at Rs. 2-8-0 a 100 cubic feet. The whole quantity of this rabbish was barnt into 16970 cart-losds of ashes. At the commenooment of the year onder report there were 559 cart-loads of ashes in store while the year closed with 1178 cart-loads in stock. Thus in the year ander report 16351 cart-loeds of ashes were mired with Night Soil in making manure. The ashes made est this place were transmitted to the Night Soil Depot at a cost of Rs. 2285-15-6.
81. Latrines-New. There are, as mentioned sboven, in the Manicipal limits pablic latrines at 78 different places with a provision of 372 seats. Daring the year onder report no new letrine was built. An order was sent, as recommended by the Banitary Commissioner, for latrines on the shoot and backet system, which did not arrive till after the end of March last. They have been received siace and put op in Ganj.
82. Latrines, repaire to. The important item ander this head is the perement of latrines. With a view to prevent ablation-water soaking into the soil and to secure cleanliness in latrines, the Manicipality has been for the last three years providing pavemente to pablic latrinee in the City. Accordingly in the year under report public latrines in Bhangi Hati, in Somwar Peth, Kamati Yura, in Shokrawar Peth, and near Bhangi Pul in Mangelwar, were provided with pavements. The latrines in Bhowani, Nana, Kasba, Shanwar, Bhambarda, Ganesh, Ghorpade, Rawiwar, and Ganj had their -doors and sides painted, and otherwise repaired. Pavements cost Rs. 691 and the painting Re. 604-6-11, making a total Rs. 1295-0-11.
83. Urinale.-There are in the City urinals provided at 71 different places, the total length of which was 2718 ronning feet. No new urinal wasbuiltduring the year under report. Four existing urinale were improved with cut-stone pavements in places, nt the corner of Vetal Bewa, new Rajebaksar Road, in Dhamdhare's lane in Budhwar, and in Lakadkhana lane in Shukrawar. The cost of this improvement was Re, 76-3-2. New urinals are only built as their want is felt.
84. Road-Watering,-Of the City Roads the important ones are watero od once day in the morning in the cold weather, and twice in the hot. In the year under report the Road-watering was done on an average by 10 carts getting Re. 14-120 a menth. With a view to diminish the drain on atreet water maing, from which water was previously drawn for the parpose, well water is used for roud-watering more largely, and pumps have been put ap on some wells for supplying water for road-watering purposes.
85. The establishment of bullocks and drivers cost in the year nuder report Rs. 2345-4-11 as against Rs. 1285-9-1. \& new carts were made at a cost of Rs. 1588-9-2 and the old ones repaired for Ra. 602-8-6. A pamp was purchased and put np on a well in Nans's Peth at a cost of Rs. 458-3-0. The total cost on street-watering was Re. 4122-11-0 as against 2716-7-8 spent in 1802-93. The increase being due to rosdwatering being done more largely in the yoar under report.
86. Haspitale and Dispensaries.-There are 4 Manicipal Dispensaries in 4 different parts of the City eir. Shanwar, Nanas, Kasbe, and Shukrawar Poth-In the first three Dispensaries there in an establishment of three Medical Officers who are all retired lat Class Hospital Assistants, 6 compounders, 3 narsea, and other Dispensary earvants. The fourth Dispensary in Shukrawar was opened in the year under report on the 10th of October 1803. It is purely a Native Dispensary whero Native drugs only are used and

Native treatment followed. It is at present under the management of Mr. Balshastri Lagwankar, one of the elected Municipal Commisaioners who works thore gratis.
87. Medical relief was afforded at these Dispencaries to 73850 patiants. .The Shanwar Peth Dispensary treated 18598 patienta, the Kaeba Peth 17651, and the Nanas Peth 24960. The "Deshi (Nativo) Dawakhans" geve relief to 12450 patients. The attandance at these will ahow that the Manicipal Dispensariee are very usoful and popalarinstitations and are doing good work, The attendance at the Deshi Davakhans shown that it is mach appreciated.
88. The Dispensary Establishment mentioned in pars 80, with the exception of that of "Destii Dawakhana," cont Ro. 2280-4,4, and the House sccommodation Rs. 287, private houses being rontod for these institations. The cost on medicines was R., 3745-6-2. The establishment and the maintenance of the Shakrawar Peth Dispensary cost Rs. 1744-b-1. This Dispensary hat its own boilding erocted as a temperary measure on the open ground to the north of the Reay Markot. Thas the maintenance of the Charitable Diepensaries cost the Municipality Ra, 8057-0-7 in 1893-94, as egainst Rs. 6855-18-10, opent in the preceding year. The increaso is due to the chargeo incurred for the maintenance of the new Dispensery. In this year it is propesed to open enew dispensary for the use of females only, for which parpose a Ledy Doctor has been engaged, at present, at Rs. 100 a month. The total cost of this inetitation will probally exceed Re, 3000 a yeak.
89. Inform Acylum. Provision has also been made by the Monicipality for the Infirma. The Manicipality makes a contribation of Hs. 1200 e year towards the maintenance of the Infirm asylum, which is under the management of a Local Committee, with the Collector and District Magistrate of Poons as its Prenident. The asylam feade and housee the old, blind, end others requiring help.
90. Cholera. Cholera broke out in the year ander report on the 6th of May leoth, and lasted till the ond of Angnat. Thers were 228 attacke, of which 136 proved fatal. In 1892-93, there were 381 attacke and 168 deathe. Fivery precantion was takon to check its spread. Disinfectants were largely meed and all affected and close places disinfected. In addition to the permanent staff of Hospital assiatanta and other medical cervants, five apecial medical officars with the necemary eatablishment of ascistants and servanta were engaged for the treatment of the affected. Cholers abede were erected on the Hadapear Road, and on the Latdipal Road for the treatment of affected pilgrime, who retarned from Pandharpor and Alandi in the monthe of Julyand Auguet 1808. In theee chede the sffected persons were detained and they were not allowed to anter the city antil they recovered. Thus the Municipality did overy thing in its powar to check the spread of the dirosee, to stamp it ont as early ao posoible, and to give relief to those who were affected.

1. The medicinea, disinfectante, and the temporary otaff of medical men and others, engaged for the parpose montioned above, cost the Municipality Ra. 1421-12-6. Thus it will be seen that on charitable dispensaries, the Infirm asylum, and cholere arrangementa, the expenditure by the Municipality was in the year under report, Rs. 10468-13-1, while it was in the provione your Re. 10822-11-1.
2. Vaccination. The veccination in the City is in charge of the Government Sanitary Department. The Senitary Commissioner to the Government of Bombay appointa vaccinatore and peone, who work ander his orders, the Manicipality only finding fonde for the parpose. There are two vaccinators with two peons ander them, who are enpplied with calves, men, and other necessarien, by the Manicipality. In the year nnder report 3894 veccine operations were performed as against 4124 and 4019 performed in 1892-93 and 1891-92. The Manicipal expenditure under this head was Ra. 717-4-8 as
against Re. 708-0-0 in 1802-03 on acconnt of the establishment, and Re 737-1-8 acagaiust Rs. 776-12-3 spent in 1892-83 on accoant of contingencies, inclading the pani chase of calves for lymph, uniforms to servants \&c. The decresse is very slight. In the year onder report the pay of the vaccination peons, which was Rs. 7 each p. m. was. increased to Rs. 8 each p. m.
3. Markets and Slaughter-Houses. Markets:-There are two vegetable markets and six meat markets ; of these the Reay Market is the most important. It is looked after by a staff of one Inspector, two Karkuns, 4 Police Constables, two night watchmen, twe mokadams, three peons, 2 lamp-lighters, 4 coolies, 2 sweepers, and one bhangi. The annaal cont of this establishment was in the year under report Rs. 2002-12-4. The market administration was as nanal nnder the direct sapervision of a Sub-Committee, consisting of Messra. Dhole, Mowal, Lagawankar, C. Nata, and R. B. Dhakji Kashinathji.
4. The Reay Market Establishment cost Rs. 2002-12-4 as against Rs. 1677-11-10. The incresse is due to the establishment employed at the Reay Market being strengthened with the perraission of the Commissioner C. D. There is a row of shope in Bhaji sli, Rawiwar Peth where vegetables are mostly sold in the evening in small quantities. In order to prevent shopkeepors, from occupying roadsides without passes, an establishment of one karkun and one peon at a monthly cost of Ra. 18 was ongaged as a trial measure, which brought in an income of Rs. 105-11-9 as fees for passes issaed. It also inclades the pay of a mocadam at Rs. 7 a month, engaged to watch the old Mandai dealers, who sell fue!, kodba, and dry fish. In front of the Shanwar wada a by-weekly Bazar is held, on every Wednesday and Sunday evening, which is sopervised by the special Mocadam and the eetablishment at the Reay Market.
5. Amongst the improvements made at the Reay Marhet may be mentioned the extension of an office room which cost Rs. 272, and contingencies which cost Re 1578-15-3. With a viow to prevent persons committing naisance round abont the Market building and slso to improve its appearance on all sides small gardens are laid out in patches rennd about the stone-wall. A row of trees, has been planted in line to the west and east of the building in front of the Burad and Warai Shops in the open compoand. The grounds in the Market componnd have been improved by being motalled, and sanded in places. According to the original plan of the market a tower was provided in the estimate, but the work could not be undertaken for weut of funde. This work was nadertaken in the year under report and a sum of Rs. 10,000 was provided for it in the Badget. But the work being commenced very late in the year the amount spent on that work in the year was only Re. 1308-12-0. The work is given out to contreat and is being done ander the supervision of Rao Bahadur V. B. Kanitkar, who supervised the construction of the main bailding.
6. The Blaughter-houses attached to the meat markets are looked after by mokadams in charge of meat markets. They enforce the byo-laws and regalate the conduct of business at these places. The cost on establishment was Rs. 1076-0-4. All sheep and goats are slanghtered in the slaughter-houses, and cows and bullocks are slaughtered in the Cantonment slanghter-honse at Kondra. The Manicipality has provided a cart drawn by two bullocks and a driver at a cost of Rs. 16-12-0 per month, for bringing beef into the City.

00a. Pounds. There is one cattle-pound in the City and another at Bhambarila, and these pounds are respectively in charge of the Police and the Polioe Patil, who levy fees on impounded cattle, and transmit them into the Municipal Tressury. All bills of expenditure in connection with them are prid by the Manicipality. There is an establishment of one Karkun, who is the Pound-keeper, and two Polies Constables, who move
about otreots and lanes and catch etray cattle and impound thon. The pound at Bhamburda is managed by the Polioe Patil of the place with the bolp of the Kalkarni. The total cent to the Municipality on acconnt of the Pound was Ra. 359-5-1, whioh inclodee Res 334-2-10 for establishment mentioned in the preceding pars, and Ra, 19-1-3 for petty repairs made to the Pound Honse.
97. Public Gardens.-There is one Manicipal garden in Budhwar Peth, on the site of the old Badhwar Wada. The expenditare on this heed was Re. 288-11-11, as against Ro. 283-7-10. Daring the year under report 100 now flower-pota with plants were purchased and pat upat the garden, with sapecial "mali" and the necessary number of begaris to look after it. It is much appreciated by the pablio.
98. Road-side tresh.-New trees wese planted in the course of the year under report along road-aides in some places. The trees planted in the previous year were maintained. The cost on this account was Ra, 209-0-6. In the year under report trees were planted in places in Sadsehiv, Narayen, Shakrawar, Bhowani, Nana'a, Rasto, Mangalwar, Kasbe and Bhambarda.
29. Registration of Births and Deaths.-Informstion of birthe and deaths is collected by Road sweepers, whose daily duties take them almost to every door, and who are thas in a far better position than any othor pablic agency to collect correct information on the subject. They are paid for their labors, at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\&$ of an anns for every birth and death reported-by thena at the Municipal office. The ward Mokadams and Inspectors check the information. The Polico constables on duty in the City also collect information abont these domestic occurrences, which holps to check the statistica collected by the Municipal agency. The sweopers make their reporta to the Registrar of vital statistice, who keeps ap the registors of birthe and deatha. In the year ander report 4370 birthe and 3180 deaths were reported.
100. The expenditure ander this hoad consists of the cost of establishment, which was Rs. 204, and rewards paid to swoepors, 38 mentioned sbove, amonnted to Rs. 167-9-0. The total expenditure andor this head was Rs. 371-9-0 as against Ra, 369-1-0. The increase is very slight and was due to more rewards being paid in the year. There were in the year reported 4370 births and 3160 deaths, as against 4031 births and 3316 deathe reported in the year proceding, giving a birth and death rate of 30.78 and 26.60 per thoasand, as against 33.92 and 27.91 respectively of the previons year. For further information regarding the causes and the variations in the death and birth ratos in the meveral Peths a reference may be made to the report of the Health Officer, Appendix I. It would eppear therefrom that males and females died in the proportion of 100 to 97.5 as against 100 to 95.2 in 1892-98 respectively, and that 1030 children below 5 years and 450 persons above 60 , died in the year under report, as against 1249 and 468, respectivoly, in the provions year. The death rate shows an improvement over that of the previous year.
101. Public Works Establichment.-The permanent establishment of the Pablic Works Department of the Monicipality consists of the Engineer, on a ealary of Re. 150 and a horse allowance of Rs. 25 por mensem, s draftsman, an overceer, two sab-oversears, aix time-keepers, one clerk and ono karkna, one peon and one office-watchman. The total cont of the ostablishment in the year ander roport was Re. 4547-0-0 as against Res 4450-0-0. The increase is due to the full salary of the drafteman being atilized in the year. In eddition to the permanent establishment a temporary etablishment of maistries and mocadams is engaged according to the exigencies of works in progrens.
102. Buildinge.-A shed for atoring tools and plants was bailt near the Manicipal Office, at a cost of Ra. 342-5-5. A large house sitanted to the west of the Reay Market, owned by Mr. Ramji Raghansth Beri, wae purchased in the year onder report for

Rs. 15,186-11-6 which representa the cost of the building and the ground onder it. Mr. Ramji Bari was owner of the superstractnre only and was paid Re. 10,400 for it. The ground under it belonged to Mr. K. N. Khasgiwsle, who was paid Rs. 4,600 for itThis property was parchased to secure more honse accommodation in the market compound for the use of Dalala, and other dealers and Manicipal Offices. The back portion of bailding is now used for - a godown, and in the front portion are the Manicipal Collection Offices.
103. Repaire to Buildings.-Petty repairs were made to some baildings in charge of the Manicipality, at a cest of Rs. 123-6-6. Rs. 180-6-7 were spent in maintaining the cremation ghat in order.
104. Road-Repairs.-Roed repairs is one of the most important works, that the Pablic Works Department of the Manicipality has to do, and inclades metalling and levelling some, and moraming other roads; it slso includes patching of roads in places, removing of slush in the monsoon, and brick-bats from off the road sarface. The total cost on road-repairs amounted to Rs. 27,081-9-3 in the year under report as against Rs. 24,741-12-11 spent in the previous year showing an increase of Rs. 2,339-12-4. Added to it the cost of road-widening \&c. the roads would appesr to have cost Rs. 45,894-3-9 in 1893-94 as against Rs. 36,539-11-1 apent in the previons year. The increase in expenditure under this head is due to more set backs being ordered, and more roads repaired, in the year under report than in the previous one.
105. Metalling. -There are in the City 36 miles of roads and 18 miles of lanes. It cannot therefore be expected that all the roads would be repaired even once a year. There are on the other hand some roade, which owing to the very heavy traffic on them would require to be repaired even twice a year. Some roads are therefore repaired once a year, while others are either taken np according to the argency of repairs or the funds arailable for the parpose. All the important roads in Vetal, Rawiwar, Budhwar, Shukrawar, Nihal, Somwar, Nana's, Sedashiv, Narayen, and Rastia's Peths, and other Peths were $s o$ repaired in the year onder report. The total length of ronds thas repaired in the year noder report was 41,586 running feet, making an area of $9,46,013$ square feet of road surface ; 2,41,059 cabic feet of metal and 11,240 cubic feet of muram were used and cost Rs. 10,572-9-4 and Rs. 266-15-4 respectively; the labour charges in connection with this work amoonted to Re. 9,500-7-2.
106. Road Patching.-As mentioned above minor roads could not be, for want of funds, regularly repaired; they were to be kept in order nevertheless. The only method to do so was therefore to patch them in places where necessary. All such roads were kept in good order by patches. This work was spresd over the whole of the District. $\mathbf{6 , 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ square feet of road surface was patched at a cost of Rs. 5187-7-2.
107. Among works done to keep the roads in good order may be mentioned slushremoving. The principal thoronghfares get maddy on wet days. To make them passable mad is removed by means of begaria. Brick-bats, stones, and other materials, are also thrown by houso-owners on roade, lanes, open spaces, cansing obstraction to traffic; they are removed by the Manicipality and the places kept clear of obstructions. Removal of slush and brick-bats and keeping the road in good order otherwise was done in the year under report at a cost of Ra. 1,878-s-7.
108. Improvemente of lanes.-Besides the roeds, which require repairs, patching, removal of slush, brick-bats and stones, there is a good length of lanes, which also demand attention and oatlay. By constant use they become aneven, they also become maddy. The first step to improve them consists in levelling and sanding their surface.

345,500 square feet of lane surface was repaired with 28,087 cubic feet of sand, at a cost of Ra. 2,179-6-11.
109. Another and a very useful and important measare to improve roads is road widening. As has been mentioned in previous reports the Manicipality had sppointed a sub-committoe of two experionced engineors on the Board to determine beforehand houses and other properties along the City roads which require to be sot back. The committee hadd cubmitted its report and plans to the Genersl Body with hoases and other properties recommended to be acquired marked therein. The General Body hae adopted the plans and recommendations of the sub-comnaittee. Instractions have been given to the Managing Committee to give effect to the proposals of the Committee and to set back or forward houses as need be, while disposing of notices given under rection 38 of the Manicipal $\Delta$ ct of 1873 .
110. Accordingly the Managing Committoe ordered set backa in $27 I$ cases in the year under report as against 915 set becks ordered in the previous pear. The ares of private ground under buildings thus ordored to be added to roede was in the year under report 37806 square feet. As in many of these it was not possible to settle compensation and pay it off before the end of the year, it is not possible to know now what the area actually added to reads and to be added would cost. The Manicipel expenditure on road-widening in the year under report was Re. 13,205-7-11 as against Rs. 0,816-11-9 spent in 1892-93. It includes besides the price of land aoquired (Vide appendix Q) the cost of execating and registering sale deede and also the fees paid to Municipal arbitrators, appointed under section 81 of the Municipal Act, 1873 to settle compensation.
111. Widening of bridges.-The Ganesh Peth bridge being very narrow and crooked was inconvenient fortraffic. In the year under roport the Municipelity proposed to reconstruct it and make it wider. The work is done nnder the suporvision of Rao Bahar door V. B. Kanitkar, to whom the thanks of the Commissionors are due for his akilfal and experienced supervision. The work was commenced on the 5th of Decomber 1893 and the cost on the werk incurred ap to the end of 31st March 1894, was Ra. 3,049-12-5. This work is almest complete with the excoption of come sebbeidiary items.
112. The sign-boerds within the Manicipel limita pat up in different places at squares, in streeta, and at public cisterna, indicating the namee of etreata, and warning people not to commit nuisance at cisterne de, require to be repainted. Daring the year under report this werk was done at a cost of Ra. 96-12-9, which includen the cost of a fow new sign-boards edded to the existing number. Prickly poar is one of the many items of improvement, that has recently attrected the attention of Government. This Manicipality has been taling steps for the removal of the overgrowth of prickly pear. Notices are iasued to Hoase-owners sesting them to cat down the growth to the required height and width. The prickly pear on public ground is removed by the Manicipality by their own agency. This year the cost of the removal was Re. 281-2-6 as against Rs. 112-6-6 in 1892-93. The public and the private grounds, which had the prickly pear cut or trimmed and removed therefrom doring the year ander report ware 32008, and 81914, equare feet in ares.
118. Stores--The expenditare andor this heed represents the cost price of tools and plant parchased for the engineering and other Departmenta. The parchases amounted to Re. 398-8-2 as against Rs. 234-10-3 in the previous year. The articles purchased are entered on the dead stock list.
114. Public Instruction-Schools and Colleges.-The Educational Department of the Manicipality is administered by a School Board of 6 membera, elocted overy year out of the 30 on the General Committee, sacisted by a Secretary, who is sleo Secretary to the Monicipality, and an office establishment of ono clerk and one peon. In the year onder report Mearar. K. C. Dholo, V. P. Bhave, N. B. Kanitkar, N. N. Bhor, Bardar Nawab Ali

Mardankhan, for a portion of the year, was succeeded on his death by Mr. Sayad Siras judin Abdal Futtah Moulvi, were members, with Dr. Thomson as Chairman of the Board.
115. The Manicipality maintained, in the year onder report, 17 day and 9 night schools for boys, and 12 day schools for girls, giving education to 1922 and 173 boys and 754 girls attending them, and a Technical School, teaching differont trades to 74 stadents. Thas the total number of papils on the 31st March 1894, was 2923. To conduct these schools there was maintained a staff of 99 male, and 15 female teachers, whose aslaries, with the pension fund due thereon amounted to Rs. 16604-6-3 while in 1892-93, it was Rs. 14737-7-3. The increase is due to the pay of some teachers being increased. The School Board is making endeavours to make the salaries sufficiently encouraging and attractive. For details a reference nay be made to the report of the School Board, Appendix. J. The establishment of one clerk and one peon cost Rs. 467-0-0 on account of salaries, and the expenditore on contingencies was Re, 374-14-3.
116. Besides the expenditare on salaries of Masters and Mistresses with their pension fund, the Monicipality had to pay as house-rent for School-houses, Re. 2701-12-7 daring the year, bonus and prizes to teachers to the amount of Rs. 71-10-9. The cost of repairs to School-houses was Re. 203-9-11, School furniture Rs. 454-5-9, new books and maps Rs. 94-9-8, sweetmeats to girls Rs. 857-7-9, including sewing materials; prizes, and Scholarships to boys Rs. 459-0-10; Gymnasia and Gymnastic apparatas supplied to Schools Rs. 163-1-8, Repairs to books and maps, Rs. 69-12-9, and School Buildings Rs. 12-11-6 making a total of Rs. 2314-11-10.
117. In order to have School-houses of its own the School Board will try to build one honse every year as funds permit, and accordingly in the year under-report the Board contemplated to commence the work of the Technical School, estimated to cost abont Rs. 17000. Bat the plans and estimates not being sanctioned in time the Board could not start the work before the 31st of March last. The plans and estimates heve now been approved by the Chief Engineer C. D. and have been forwarded to Government with the application for grant-in-aid. It is also proposed to construct a new school-house in Sadasiva Peth for School No. 5 (boys). The shed attached to the Technical School will cost Rs. 6000. That work too will be taken ap in this year.
118. Thas the total Manicipal expenditare on 'primary edacation inclading salaries, contingencies, farniture, Scholarships, prizes \&c., smounted to Re. 22,624-i-8, the same in 1892-93 was Rs. 24,400-13-7, showing a decrease of Rs. 1783-5-11, which is due to no expenditare being incurred on building work as was the case in the previons year.
119. The Monicipal primary schools were examined by the Depaty Edacational Inspector Poons Division and his Assistants. The Examination commenced on the 12th of July, and lasted till the 22nd of August 1893. 1353 and 79 boys from day and night schools, and 229 girls from girls schools, were presented for examination under the various standards; out of these 550 and 40 from boys day and night schools, and 116 girls from girls schools, passed under all the heads of the several standards. Thas the boya of the day and night schools and the girls of the girls' schools would appear to have passed 40.6, 50.6 and 50.6 per cent., respectively, of the total presented for examination.
120. The Municipal Tecknical School.-This institution is now attended by 74 stadents, of the Maratha, Brahmin, Carpenter, Blacksmith and other castes. The number of studente which wes 67 in 1891-92, 58 in 1892-98, has risen in the yeer under report to 74. All the students in the Technical School learn drawing and in addition one trade. Amongst the sabjects taught in the School are carpentry, smithy, painting, fitting, and drawing. The Drawing Class has an attondance of 66 boys, 6 girla, and 2 School Mistresees. In 1803 Mr. K. K. Bhappu, a distingaished atudent of the Bombay

Technionl Inetitate was appointed Saperintendent of the School. The attendance and the aramination results woald show that the Institution is being apprecisted more and more every year under the able gridance of Dr. A.W. Thomson, Chairman of the School Board.
221. The Technical School was examined by Dr. A. W Thomson, of the College of Weience, in the month of January last. The following will give infornation ragarding the nambor of beys prosented and paseod in varions trudea.

| No. Subjects. | Stadents presented |  | . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Drawing...... | ...... | . 68 | 28 |
| 2. Carpentry.... | ..... | . 42 | 36 |
| 3. Smithy ...... | ...... | 6 | 6 |
| 4. Painting...... | ...... | . 12 | 5 |
| 5. Printing ...... | ...... | .... 1 | 0 |
| 6. Turning ...... |  |  | - 2 |

The Technical School sent up 23 stadents for the let Grade and $\&$ for the 2 nd Grade Art examination held in Peons in the month of April last ; of the 23 candidates 8 got certificates as againet 7 in the provious year, and of the 4 candidates for the 2nd Grade, none came out succoseful; that as the oxamination was unusually difficalt thio year in apparent from the sesults in all othar Schools in Poons that had eent ap stadents for the ame.
122. While tesching different trades to the etadenta, the School dees a good desl of work for the Municipality and private gentlemen. Now Night Soil carta, rabbimh carth, dnst-bins, chairs, boxes, tables, frames, and several other articles were made in the School; .all repairs to carts, dust-bins, and other articles are also execated here. For work done at the Technical School the Monicipality aharges commission at 10 per cont. on the charges for labour. Such commission amountod to Rs, 96-9-5 in the year under report.
123. 'The tetal exponditare en this Sohool amounted in 1893-94 to Rs 6197-1-5 as against Ra, 11485-2-4. For canses of incrense and decreace a reforence in made to appendix. J.
124. Grant-in-aid toprioato educational institutions. The Monicipality, whilo maintaining the scheole transforred to its charge by Government in 1884, and thowe subsequently opened by it, helpe privato edacational institations, In the yoar under report the Manicipality made grants to the following institations:-

| A. |  | 39 Marathi Indigenous and 4 Urdu schools | hools | $\begin{array}{r} 1892-93 . \\ \ldots . . .997-8-0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1898-94. } \\ & 068-10-6 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B. | The Female High School.. |  |  | . 325-0-0 | 400-0-0 |
| C. The Primary girls school atte |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | High Sahool ...... | ...... | ...... | 80-0-0 | 60- $0-0$ |
| D. | The Sanscrit Pathshalla... | .....0 | ....." | 50-0-0 | 62. 8-0 |
| E. | The New English School.. | ...... | ...... | . 380-0-0 | 364-0-0 |
| F. | The Native Institation. ... | ...000 | ...... | . 200-0-0 | 109-000 |
| G. | The Poona High School... | ...... | ...... | 120-0-0 | 147-0-0 |
| H. | The Ornelle's School...... | ...... | ...... | 60-0-0 | 30-0-0 |
| 1. | The City English School... | ...... | ...... | 60-0-0 | 37-0-0 |
| J. | The Ferguscon College. ... | ...... | ...... | 180-0-0 | 180-000 |
| K. | The Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya | ..... | . | 0-0-0 | 143-0-0 |
| L. | The Maratha Deccan Associsti | on ... | ...... | . 200-0-0 | 0-0-0 |
| M. | The Voterinary School. ... | ...... | ..... | 0-0-0 | 240-0-0 |
|  |  |  |  | 2852-8-0 | 2821-2-6 |

The grants to the first four institutions were made towards their general maintenance, while those to the rest were made to enable them to maintain free Stadentshipe The incresse in expenditure is due to the new grants made to the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya, and the Veterinary School.
125. Librarics and Museams.-In 1803-94 a grant of Re. 200 was made towards the maintenance of the Reay Indastrial Masenm ; a grant of Rs. 240, was made to the Government Veterinsry School ; and of Rs. 118-4-0 towarde the Schoolmasters' Library.
126. Contributions.-Rs. 2070 were paid to Government as contribation onder the High Way Act.
127. Other Charges.-They include expenditare on account of the following items:

|  |  |  | $1892-93$ | $1893-94$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | Loss account. | $\ldots . . . . .$. | $142-10-8$ | $0-0-0$ |
| 2 | Census. | $\ldots . . . .$. | $85-3-0$ | $0-0-0$ |
| 3 | Plates to carriagen...... | $69-12-3$ | $69-2-6$ |  |
| 4 | Election. | $\ldots . . . .$. | $279-2-4$ | $193-1-0$ |
| 5 | Numbering of houses.... | $308-2-6$ | $21-4-5$ |  |
| .6 | Law charges. | $\ldots . . . .$. | $1091-0-1$ | $1162-11-2$ |
|  |  |  |  | $1973-14-10$ |

The very nature of the items, which are not of a permanent character, does not roquire any explanation regarding increase and decrease as compared with the revenue from the same in the provious year. The changes are due to the asual flactuations in transactions.
128. Advances. An advance of Rs. 975 was made to the Collection Collector for purchasing Court Fee Stamps to be affixed to complaints against persons making default in paying Manicipal dues.
129. Deposits.-The amount of deposits repaid in 1893-94 was Re. 10732-0-11 as against 10215-10-0 in 1892-93. The diffarence between the two years' figares is very slight and does not require any explanation.
130. Having given the details of expenditure and having explained the canses of increase and decrease under various heades, it would be interesting to see how the principal heads stand in comparison to each other, and with the total.

131. The Manicipal belances, on hand in the Manicipal Office and in the Bank of Bombey on the list of April 1803, and 1894, were Rs. 67076-10-5, and Rs.

81715-15-1 respectively. Ae hes been remarked in pars 30, no part of this amonnt was beld in deposit at interest, the Bombay Benk having refused to accept deposits at interest.

## IX Dead Stock.

132. Appendix H. givea information regarding Dead Stock at the end of the year under report.

## $X$ Audit of Accounts.

133. The Municipal accounts were anditod by Mr. Ganeah Waman Fatak of the Saperintending Engineer's Office, and Mr. Moreshwar Sakharam Chitnia, a Government Pensioner. No payment is made without a bill baing framed for it, and aigned and examined by the Manicipal Accountant, the Seeretary, the Manicipal anditora, a member of the Managing Committee, and sanctioned by the Managing Committee and coantersigned by the Chairmsn of the latter. The report of the anditora, Appendiz K. will show that the accounts were kept well.
134. The annoal and the quarterly accounta were pablished in a Local nowapaper, and in addition copies thereof were alse distribated amongst rate-payera for thair information.

## $X I$ Municipal Wants.

135. The wante of a Manicipality like those of a mation of a family are necessarily many and will alwaye remain eo. It can hardly be expected, therefore, that all of them should be referred to in sach e report. It is the urgent wants only that require apecial notice.
136. Wator-supply. With regard to the question of Filter works the following account was given last yesr regarding the progress made towarda tho preparation of a project :-

The Filter works project was prepared by Rao Bahador Gangadhar Anant Bhat M. A. L. C. E., now Erecative Engineer at Karwar and was approved of by Government. The sites melected by Mr. Bhat for the proposed work were notified ander the Land Acquisition Act, and the Manicipality was aboat to take possession of the sites with a view to the commencement of the work, when it received intimation of the appointment of a Sanitary Board consisting of the Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombey, and Mr. B. B. Doig M. Inst. O. E. as Sanitary Engineer. It was then deemed expedient to refer Mr. Bhat's project to Mr. Doig for favoar of his opinion. Having inspected the sites selectod by Mr. Bhat for the purpose and having examined the project, Mr. Doig made his report. He was of opinion that the sites were not suitsble and that the project required come alterationa. The Corporation then requested him to prepare new project for Filter Worka. He accordingly sketched out two alternative projects for the conaideration of the Municipality. The Manicipality sdopted one of them ; according to the project adopted by the Manicipality on the recommendation of Mr. Doig the whole of the water-supply of the City, viz 18 laks of gallons a day, is to be drawn from the Mathe Canal and Rs. 13,000 are to be paid yearly to Government instead of Rs. 10,000 as at prosent. A representation was accordingly addressed to Government through the Collector of Poona early in the year under report, requesting it to grant the concession, viz., to give the City ite whole daily eapply of 18 lake of gallona for Rs. 13,000 a year.

Early in the year under report Government informed the Municipality that a proposal was made to the Government of Indis regarding water-supply to the City from the Khadakwala Canal, and had asked for cortain information on the same sabject. The in-
formation abked for was sapplied to the Collector of Poona, throngh whom , the refarence was made by Government, an the 15th .September 1888, and till the clone of the yeariander report no reply was received from Government, nor any till this day.
137. Drainage:-As mentioned in the last year's report the Drainage projects propared hy Colonel Dacat R. E. and Rao Bahadur Gangadhar Anant Bhat has been submitted to Government for their opinion regarding the saitsbility or otherwise of one or the other of them. The question was referred by Government to more than two special Committees -for report on its several bearings, such as the necessity or otherwise of a joint scheme for the City and the Cantonment of Poona, eelection of a saitable site for a Sewage farm, aufficiencs of the.ares of the site de. Again on the 18th Jaly 7893 Government appointed another Committoe consisting of several Medigal, Sanitary, and Engineering Officers of Government, and a representative of this Municipality, who was the President himself. The asid Committee has sabmitted its roport and has selected as site aboat 6 miles frome Poona for a Sewage farm. Gevernment has quite recently referred the report to this Manicipelity for an expression of opinion as to whether, in the event of the water carriage system in underground sewers being adopted, the site selected for $\$$ sewage farm woold meet with the approval of the Manicipolity.
138. The question of the construction of an oxtra-maral slanghter-honse is ander the consideration of the Manicipslity, the principal difficalty being with the selection of a saitable site at a convenient distancofrom the City. Thisdifficulty has been mach enhanced by the pecaliar situation of Poona. It has the Cantonment to the East, the Civil lines and other Earopesn residences to the north, the Canal, the ash Depot, the N. S. Depot, and Riffe ranges to the Soath, all of which do not admit of a slanghter-hoase being constracted in those directions; the undesirability of having a alaughter-hoaso to the west of the City is quite apparent. The Munioipality is however trying to secuise a more aritable site than that recommended by Dr. Clarkson, and hopes to.be soon able to socare one and constract a slaughter-hoase.
189. The want of a Manicipal Office, spacions enoagh to accommodate all the principel and the branch Offices of the Manicipality is felt more and more keenly every day. The Manicipality has taken steps in the year under report to sapply the wart to some axtent. The house newly parchased by the Municipality near the Reay Market Compound, and the Central Tower, that is nnder constraction, will, when the latter is completed, largely pinimise the inconvenience.

## XII General Remarks.

140. The Manicipality places on record ite eense of appreciation of the work done by the Managing, the Market, and the School Committoe, and other Special. Committees, and of the manner in which the Manicipal Officers discharged their dutios.

dorabjee pudumjee,
President
City Nunicipality, Pcona.

Sapplement to the Municipal
Statement showing the income of


Administration Report for 1893-94.
the City Municipality in the last ten gears.


## POONA CITY MUNICLPALITY

FOR 1893-94


## General

A. Statement showing the number of meetinga of the General Committee.
B. Statement showing the attendance of Municipal Commissionern at the meetings of the General Committee.
C. Statement showing the number of meetings of the Managing Committee.
D. Statement showing the attendance of the membere of the Managing Committee.
E. Statement ahowing importa exports and net importa of the duty paid articles during the jear 1893-94.
F. Statement showing outstandings of asseased taxes on 81st March 1894.
G. Statement showing the results of prosecutions for Municipal offencee.
II. Statement showing Municipal property as it stood on 1st April 1894.

1. Report of the Health Officer on the working of the Department for the year 1898-94 with ite appendices.
J. Report of the School Board on the Administration of Manicipal Schools de
K. Report of the Auditore for the year 1893-94.

## Subsidiary

L. Statement of groess and net importa and exporta
M. Statement ehowing Fires in the City of Poons during the year.
N. Statement showing Street lampe in Poona City during the year 1893-94.
O. Statement showing the consumption of Canal water during the yenr 1893-94.
P. Statement ahowing streete watered in Poons City in 1893-94.
Q. Statement showing lands purchased in 1893-94 for Municipal purposen-

Appendix (A) of the Administration Report for the year 1898-94.
Statement showing the number of meetings of the General Committee held duriug the year 1893-94.


## POONA CITY MUNIGPALITY.

## APPENDIX ( B ) to the Administration Report for the year 1898-94.

Statement showing the attendance of Municipal Commiseioners at the Meetings of the General Committee held during the year 1893-94.

The total number of meetings was 51.

| No. | Names. | Total No. of meeting attandel | Total No.of meeotings not attonded. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PRESIDENT. |  |  |  |
| 1 | The Honorable Khan Bahadur Dorabjee Pudumjee | 61 | ... |  |
|  | ELECTED MEMBERS. |  |  |  |
| 2 | Mr. Shankarreo Narayan Natu | 41 | 10 |  |
| 8 | " Narayan Bapaji Kanitkar ... | 38 | 18 |  |
| 4 | " Chintamanrao Vishvanath Katu ... | 40 | 11 |  |
| 5 | Dr. Shankar Amrit Chobhe L. M. \& S. .... | 30 17 | 21 34 |  |
| 7 | Mr, Narayan Vithal Mawal | 16 | 35 |  |
| 8 | " Reghonath Daji Nagarkar | 24 | 27 |  |
| 9 | " Waman Narayan Chiplonkar | 6 | 45 |  |
| 10 | " Nana Narayan Bhor ${ }^{\text {a }}$... | 4 | 47 |  |
| 11 | " Raghunath Ramchandra Agasti ... | 48 | 4 |  |
| 13 | " Krishnarao Chimmnrao Dhole .... | 2 | 49 |  |
| 14. | "Ramnarayan Amarchand. ... | 8 | 43 |  |
| 15. | " Mahadoo Rallal Namioohi | 38 | 18 |  |
| 16 | \# Kupuswami Vixiarangam Mudliar ... | 45 | 6 87 |  |
| 17. | " Walvantrao Hari Chiplonkar | 19 | 37 32 |  |
| 19 | " Witaram Hari Chiplonkar | 28 | 23 | Mr. Chiplunkar died on $20 t$ March 1894 |
| 20 | ". Ramchandra Daji Mogho | 48 45 | 3 6 |  |
| 21 | Rao Babadur Dhakji Kashinathji, J. P. ... | 45 |  |  |
|  | NOMINATED MEMBERS. |  |  |  |
| $22 \cdots$ | Rao Bahadur Dr. Vishram Ramji Gholley | 88 | 13 |  |
| 23 | Reo Bahadur Vasudeo Bapuji Kanitker ... | 39 | 12 |  |
| ${ }^{24}$ | Mr. A. H. Plunkett ... ... ... | 13 | ${ }_{29}^{38}$ |  |
| $\stackrel{25}{26}$ |  | 16 | 25 | Mr. Godbole died ou 29th Dee. 189 |
| 26 | Rao Saheb Narso Ramchandre Godbolo... Mr. Dattatraya Daji Adhikari | ${ }_{4}$ | 2 | and Mr. Adhikari was nominat in his placo (vide G. G. Part 1. dated 15-2-94.) |
| 27 | Mr. D. Smith | 20 | 31 |  |
| 28 | Rao Bahadur Ganeeh Govind Gothle ... | 45 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \mathbf{2} \end{array}$ | Sirdar Nawab Ali Mardan Kha |
| 29 | Sirdar Nawab Ali Mardanchan .... B. A... | 12 9 | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{2 8} \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | died on 25 th Novembor 1893 an |
|  | Mr. Sayed Sirajodin Abdul Futtaid.B. A... |  |  | Mr. S. S. Abdul Futtah (vide G. G minated in his place ( Part 1.A dated 21 st Dec. 1893.) |
| 30 | Mr. Mehar Hoshang Jamarpji Dastur ... | 7 | 44 |  |

M. K. Kumthekar, Secretary Ll P

Appendix (C) to the Administration Report for the year 1898-94.
Statement ahowing the number of meetiugs of the Managing Committee of the Poona City Municipality during the year 1893-94.


Poona Muricipal Office 1 et June 18\%t.
M. Y. Kumthekan Scoretary P. M.

## POONA CITY MUNIGPPALITY.

ippendix (D) to the Administration Report for the year 1898-94.
Statement showing the attendance of the members of the Managing Committee of the City Manicipality during the year 1893-94.

| No. | Names. | Total No. of meeting | 莫 | 宮 | Kemarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Crairkan. <br> Mr. S. H. ChipJonkar <br> Mejodras. | ? | 38 | 2 | Died on 28th March 1804. |
| 2 | Mr. R. D. Moghe |  | 39 | 1 |  |
| 3 | Mr. K. C. Dhole |  | 59 | 1 |  |
| 4 | Mr. S. N. Natu |  | 48 | 12 |  |
| 5 | Dr. S. A. Chobhe |  | 52 | 8 |  |
| 6 | Mr. R. R. Agasti |  | 57 | 3 |  |
| 7 | Mr. M. H. J. Dastur Mr C. V. Natu |  | ... 38 | 17 5 | Mr. C. V. Nutu took his seat on the Managing Committee ou 12-7-98 in place of Mr. Dastur whose reagnation was acecpted on 5th July 1893. |

$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Pouna Mnnicipal Office } \\ \text { ler Jane } 1894\end{array}\right\}$
M. K. Kunthekar, Secretary I. M, ${ }^{-}$

## APPENDIX E. TO THE ADMINISTRATION

Statement ahowing grons imports and net imports of duty paid articles during the past


## MUNICIPALITY

## REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1898-94

three yearie together with amounte of the duty levied and refunded in each year.

| Exports |  |  | Net importe |  |  | Remarte |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bengal Maunds | Value | Daty refunded | Bengal Maunds | Value | Nat duty |  |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
|  |  | Rs. ${ }^{\text {A }}$ [P. |  | Ks. | Rs. \|A. ${ }^{\text {P }}$. |  |
| 4,25,509 | 13,09,905 | 18,299 12.8 | 24,98,263 | 73,02,095 | 98,884 4 ¢ 1 |  |
| 3,86,018 | 13,21,599 | 17,712 210 | 223,59,384 | 74,35,139 | 98.863 3 6 |  |
| 3,70,617 | 11,7,0687 | 16,828 157 | 25,06,618 | 72,88,484 | 95,907 719 |  |
| 2,18,745 | 6,80,483 | 9,856 112 | 12,73,479 | 41,52,043 | 57,932 12.9 |  |
| 2,45,323 | 7,51,625 | 1,0743 151 | 12,17,066 | 40,11,218 | 54,759 38 |  |
| 2,20,741 | 6,50,897 | 9,605 6 3 | 12,21,297 | 38,79,468 | 54,921 151 |  |
| 11,023 | 1,00,601 | 2,067 3 8 | d 37,835 | 8,49,821 | 7,090 18 8 |  |
| 8,805 | 99,252 | 1,657 106 | 6 33,752 | 8,76,626 | 6,325 8 6 |  |
| 8,198 | 74,769 | 1,605 6\|.. | - 30,116 | 2,75,487 | 5,574 $1 . \ldots$ |  |
| ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  |
| $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| ... | $\cdots$ | . | - ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | ... | $\cdots \quad \cdots \cdots$ |  |
| 2,230 | 66,900 | 55818. | 16,398 | 4,86,672 | 4,094 78 |  |
| 2,371 | 82,994 | 61296 | d 17,556 | 6,08340 | 4,458 789 |  |
| 2,037 | 50,925 | $588{ }^{7} 18$ | 3 17,613 | 4,41,411 | 4,429 3 ... |  |
| - |  |  |  |  | - |  |
| ... | . | . | . ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| ... | ... | ... ...... | . ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$... $\cdot . .$. |  |
| ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$...... | - ... | ... | $\cdots$ |  |
| 1,64,381 | 1,87,483 | 8,395 6 6 | 6. 9,65,264 | 8,61,478 | 19,855 5 5 10 |  |
| 91,589 | 1,04824 | 1,891 124 | 9,18,212 | 8,68,996 | 19,105 15 4 |  |
| 80,084 | 1,12,570 | 2,323 14.8 | 3 9,85,499 | 8,92,654 | 20,650 225 |  |
| 6,560 | 66,404 | 76319 |  | 2,38,623 | 2,778 9 9... |  |
| 3,336 | 32,541 | 3893 | 27,577 | 2,18,256 | 2,558 97 |  |
| 23,069 | 52,416 | 82163 | 3 34,030 | 1,74,076 | 2,661 14.1 |  |
| 1,42,182 | 1,99,943 | 7,390111 3 | 5,59,263 | 6,88,399 | 20,178 989 |  |
| 1,54,353 | 2,68,586 | 7,838 10 9 | 5,55,367 | 5,39,786 | 18,252 101 |  |
| 1,74,087 | 3,20,367 | 8,473 47 | 6,58,357 | 7,20,534 | 22,299 48 |  |
| 13,853 | 1,22,466 | 1,554 141 | 38,219 | 3,08,874 | 3,7176 6 |  |
| 11,300 | 93,785 | 1,170 7 7 | 40,821 | 4,04836 | 4,097117 |  |
| 12,981 | 86,425 | 1,285 1119 | 47,760 | 3,45,158 | 4,595 18 [5 |  |
| 18,858 | 1,14,516 | 1,594... 1 | 32,952 | 2,81,104 | 3,583 86 |  |
| 11,296 | 98,691 | 1,168 9 | 40,510 | 3,82,584 | 3,941 13 |  |
| 12,976 | 85,655 | 1,283 79 | 47,424 | 3,22,948 | 4,427 5 5 5 |  |
| 17,510 | 1,40,078 | 4,942 13 | 28,052 | 2,24,420 | 8,111 112 |  |
| 13,648 | 1,63,785 | 3,886 8 11 | 11,511 | 1,38,129 | 3,364 $8 . .$. |  |
| 15,575 | 1,24,600 | 4,951 47 | 15,186 | 1,21,488 | 3,674 0 8 |  |
| 7,368 | 4,69,843 | 2,786 89 | 21,707 | 14.77,345 | 8,589 1411 |  |
| 0,370 | 8,61,912 | 2,932 410 | 20,862 | 14,20,058 | 8,31613 4 |  |
| 8,880 | 5,21,552 | 31,76 $4 .$. | 19,310 | 12,65,080 | 7,665 76 |  |
| 29,112 | 1,05,289 | 1,819 514 | 67,657 | 2,82,205 | 8,798 6 6 9 |  |
| 22,329 | 99,547 | 1,511 1511 | 88,601 | 3,06,329 |  |  |
| 19,76\% | 92,368 | 1,552 4 4 4 | 1,03,089 | 3,64,861 | 5.078150 |  |
| 7,99,95] | 5,35,007 | 40,188 1111 | 41,68,425 | $\overline{1139811}$ | 1,63,080 11.7 |  |
| 6,86,5572 | 9,08, 588 | 36,888 14 ¢ | 39,89,708 | 11108278 | 1,51,283 811 |  |
| 6,81,991 2 | $4,28,36913$ | 38,591 11 Il | 43,3i, $81: 1$ | 10998259 | 1,59,871 123 |  |

M. K. Kumthekar,

Secretary P. M. C.

## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

Appendix F. to the Administration Report for the year 1898-94
Statement showing outstandings of assemed Mubicipal Taxes of the City of Poona on 31st March 1 194


## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

APPENDIX G. TO THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOB TEE YEAR 183394.
Sta!ement showing the cases decided by the City Magistrate ander the Manicipal Act, and Bye-lavs during the year 189394.


## POONA CITY MUNIGIPALITY.

Appendix ( H ) to the Administration Report of the Yoona City Municipality for 1893-94.
Statament showing the value of the dead-stock as it stood on the 81ut March 1894.



Poona Municipal Office, 1st June 1894.
M. K. Kumthekar

Secretary P. X

# POONA CITY MUNiCiPality. Appendir (I) 

Report of the Health Olficer on the working of the Departmenf for the yeat 1899-94


To,

## M. K. KUMTHEKAR ESQUIRE, B. A., <br> SECRETARY, <br> CITY MUNICIPALITY POONA.

29th May 1894.
Sir,


#### Abstract

I have the honour to submit the Annual report of the Health Department of the Poona City Municipality for the year 1893-94.


Births:-The total namber of births registered during the year ander review was 4370 , being 339 more than the namber recorded in the previous year. The birth rate is equal to 36.78 per 1000 of population. Of the 4370 births, 2544 were Males, and 1826 were Females giving a proportion of 100 males to 71.7 females. Taking the number of births by Peths, the largest number was recorded from Bhowani and Kusba peths, and the lowest from Nyahal and Ghorpade peths. According to months, the largest number was recorded in the months of September, October, and November, and the lowest in June and July.

- Deaths:-The total number of deaths recorded during the year under review was 3160, or 156 less than in the previous year. The death-rate is equal to 26.60 per 1000 of population. As compared with the previous year, the total number of desths from all the diseases was less during the year under review, the only increase was in the deaths from Small-pox. The greatest number of deaths took place in the month of Augast, the month when Cholera was most prevalent.

Cholera:-136 deaths were recorded from this disease on of a total of 226 attacks. The figures for the previous year were 361 atticcks and 168 deaths. The death-rate from his disease was equal to $1-14$ per $10 \% 0$ of population.

During the year under report, cholera commenced on the 6 6th-May and terminated at the end of August. It first broke out in Wadee and, thence spread jnto the city. The localities which suffered most, were, Sudashiv Peth near 'Kipajina's Well, Shukrawar peth in the vicinity of Rammundir, Kasba: Peth 'Coombhátyada and Bhoi Ali, and Nana's Peth Mochee Wada. The majority of the persons that were affected belonged to the labouring class, who live ind damp ill-ventilated and overcrowded houses or huts. From observations made of the number of attacks and deaths and the nature of the houses in which these occurred, it would appear that there is some- relation between Cholera and the water-logged condition of our soil. The majority of cases occurred in damp houses as will be seen from the following statement:-

|  | Peths. | Attacks. | Deaths. | No. of damp houses. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Sadashiv | 67 | 41 | 49 |
| 2 | Shukrawar | 35 | 18 | 21 |
| 3 | Kısba | 21 | 13 | 20 |
| 4 | Ganerh | 15 | 10 | 15 |
| 5 | Nana's | 15 | 6 | 3 |
| 6 | Ravivar | 7 | 3 | 7 |
| 7 | Shanwar | - 8 | 6 | 6 |
| 3 | Narayan | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| 1 | Bhowani | 12 | 9 | 1 |
| . | Budhwar | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 11 | Mungulwar | 11 | 5 | 0 |
| 12 | Reste | 5 | 3 | 0 |
| 13 | Gunj | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| 14 | Vetal | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 15 | Nyahal | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| 16 | Ghorpade | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 17 | Wadee | 14 | 10 | 0 . |

The first cases, as I have already said, occurred in the village of Wadee. There were 14 persons attacked of whom 10 died. The disease in this village was clearly traceable to defective water-suply. The people in the village used to drink river-water. The river is polluted in many ways. Dead bodies are burnt
on its banks, cattle are washed in it, people bathe and commit every varicty of nuisance in it, and still they drink its water with perfect equanimity as if it had passed through hundreds of filter-beds. Is it any wonder then, that the use of such water should give rise to Cholera? When this disease broke out in the village, I made it a point to visit each and every house and to impress upon the people the injurious effects of dinking river-water. I persuaded them to fetch the spring-water from Bhamburda They followed my advice, and the disease stopped. It gives me very great pleasure to note, that the Municipality has now supplied this village with Canal water for drinking purposes. This has really proved a great boon to the people.

I shall now briefly refer to the measures adopted for checking the progress of the disease and for giving relief to those that suffered from it. Disinfectants were liberally used. All affected houses and places were disinfected by the burning of sulphur and dammer and their walls and floors of rooms were lime-washed. In some honses where two or three cases occurred together, the people were persuaded to quit the premises. But only very few persons acted upon this advice. Five Hospital assistants with the necessary staff of assistants and servants were engaged for the treatment of those that suffered from this disease. The special drug used in the treatment of the cases was Salol. Its use was followed by good results, but as majority of the patients came under treatment when they were in a collapsed condition, the treatment did not prove so successful as was expected. In the months of July and August when pilgrims from Pandarpur and Alundi were returning to the city, Cholera aheds were erected on the Hadapsar road, and the road leading from Ganesh Khind to Lakdipool. In these sheds some of the affected pilgrims were treated and not allowed to enter the city until they were cured. Thus the Municipality did every thing in its power, to minimize the ravage of this disease and to stamp it out as early as possible.

Small-pox:-114 deaths were recorded from this diseuse during the year under review, being 61 more than in the previous year. The months during which this disease prevailed most, was from December to March. Of the 114 persons that died, 54 were males and 60 females, and all of them were unvaccinated. Thus proving, if any proof were needed, the protective influence which raccination has over Small-pox.

Measles:-The moitality from Measles was 71 less than in the previous year. There were 78 deaths recorded from this disease.

Fevers:-The fever mortality was 70 less than in the previous year, there being 1634 deaths recorded from these disease or 51.7 per cent of the total number of deaths.

Out of each 1000 of population, 13.7 died from fever. As usual therefore more than half the number of deaths were attributed to this disease.

Bowel complaints:-Under this heading 142 deaths were recorded, being 29 less than in the previous year.

Accidents:-47 deaths were attributed to "Accidents" including cases of suicide, being 10 more than the number recorded in the previous year.

Other causes:-1019 deaths were put down to "Other causes" of which 485 were of males, and 534 of femalea. The number of deaths from "Other causes", in the previous year was 1034.

Mortality according to Sex:-Of the total number of persons who died viz 3160,1600 were males, and 1560 females, giving a proportion of 100 males to 97.5 females.

Mortality according to Age:-Of the 3160 persons who died, 1039 were children under 5 years of age. In the previous year 1249 children died under 5 years of age out of a total of 3316 deaths. Above the age of 60 years there were 450 deaths as against 468 in the previous year. Between the age of 1 and 16 the male mortality is greater than the female, but between the ages of 15 and 20 , and 20 and 30 , more females die than males.;

Mortality according to Peths:-The largest number of deaths viz. 344 was recorded from Kusba Peth and the lowest viz. 27 from Ghorpade Peth. The largest death rate, however, of 42.59 per 1000 was recorded from Bhamburda.

Mortality according to Classes:-The deaths amongst the different races in the City were as follows;-

| Hindus (high caste) |  |  | $\ldots$ | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | 405 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hindus (other caste) |  |  | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2246 |  |
| Mohomedans |  | ... | ... | ... | ... |  |  |  |  |  | 372 |  |
| Jains |  | ... |  |  |  | ... |  | ... |  | ... | 108 | total |
| Christians | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 3160 |
| Parsees | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
| Others... | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Inspectors and Mokadums:-The number of Inspectors and Mokadums is the same as in the previous year.

Bhungies:-The number of these is 304 .
Bhunghy bhisties:-There are at present 19 Pakhali bhisties and 13 bullock-carts for removing the liquid refuse of the undrained portion of the City.

Urinals:--There are 71 Urinals located in the different parts of the City. They are in the form of $U$ shaped gutters and they are best suited to the habits and instinct of the people. But from the absence of a good flush, they cause nuisance. Automatic flushing tanks should be fitted over euch urinal.

Privies:-There are 7837 privies in use in the different peths of the City. During the year under revicw 552 notices were issued for the repair or alteration of private privies.

Public latrines:-There are 78 pablic latrines with 377 seats in use.
Night-soil carts:-There are 80 of these, of which 60 are in daily use.
Night-soil:-The total quantity of night-soil removed from the City during the year under review, was 11835 tons giving an average of 32.42 tons per diem. The total quantity removed in the previous year was 11898 tons, 10 cwts. or $32 \cdot 59$ tons per day.

Manure works:-The total number of heaps of manure produced during the year was 1067 and the sales by auction realized 43009 Rupees as against 46000 in the previous year.

Street Sweepers:-The number of these is 171 .
Dust bins:-There are 346 dust bins.
Rubbish Carts:-There are 37 carts for removing Kutchra.
Rubbish:-The total quantity of Kutchra removed by the Contractor to the Kutchra Depot and handed over to the Municipality was 9725 Barasses. In the previous year 8800 Barasses were so removed.

Slaughter-Yards:-There are six slaughter-yards in the City.
Vaccination:-3965 children were vaccinated during the year under review as against 4124 in the previous year.

Burial Grounds:-There are more than a hundred of these in the City. They ought to be closed gradually.

Prosecution and Notices:-During the year under review 974 prosecutions took place under the Municipal Act. The result of these prosecutions was, that in 675 cases the accused were fined, 169 were compromised, 130 were acquitted.

Water-Supply:--A few remarks are nocessary about the water from the Katraj tank. Mr. Doig, Sanitary Engineer to the Government of Bombay, in one of his reports, has mentioned that our Night-soil and Kutchra depsts are sources of contamination to the water in the Katraj aqueduct. For purpose of description he devides the aqueduct into two portions, an upper and a lower and he tries to prove that the water in the lowor portion of the Aqueduct is liable to contamination on account of its proximity to the filts and rubbish depóts. The report says that " the lower portion of the duct passes within 150 yards of the Night-soil depot and at a depth of about 40 fect below ground. Between the Aqueduct at this point and the depott, there is a small branch Nalla which receives the drainage of the depott and a good deal of very foul effluent from the cart washing atand, and a little way further on, the surface drainage of the rubbish depot also finds its way into it. "The situation is correctly described, but with all due deference to the eminent Engineer, I must say that he does not make it clear that the contents of the Nala find their way by percolation into the Aqueduct. As will be clearly seen the construction of the Aqueduct is of solid masonry work nud its bottom is of solid
trap rock. In other words it is impervious. But assuming for the sake of argument, that it is porous and allows of percolation and that the contents of the. Nalla do find their way into it, still it can be observed with truth that the percolation is harmless. It has been said above that the duct is 150 yards away from the Depót and at is depth of 40 feet bellow ground. The soil is admittedly a good filtering mediam, and foul water after passing through even a few feet of the surface of the ground, becomes considerably purified. In the present case the foul contents of the Nallo have to travel a distance of 150 yards to a depth of 40 feet bellow ground, before they can be received into the Aqueduct. It must therefore be admitted that the water in its passage through so many feet of ground must become completely purified. The admixture, therefore, if any, of this water with the water in the Aqueduct must be quite innocuous.

To prove his case further, Mr. Doig sent samples of water, taken from the upper and lower portions of the Aqueduct, for analysis to the Chemical Analyser, one sample was taken in the month of March 1893, and the other in July 1893. The analysis of the samples taken, yielded the following results:-


These results of the analysis of these samples go to prove the same, viz. that either there is no contamination at all, or if any, it is harmless. Judging from the analysis of the samples taken in, in the month of March, it is evident that the samples agree in all respects, except in one. The total solids in the sample of water taken from the air-shaft at the head of the Parwati Tank and consequently from the lower portion of the Aqueduct,
are nearly double those in the other sample, which is taken fron the upper part of the duct. But this difference is immaterial. If. as is alleged, the water in the lower part of the duct gets contaminated by the sullage from the depots, that must be indicated by a crresponding increase in the amount of chlorine, free ammonia, and albuminoid ammonia; but we find that these ingredients are exactly the same in the to samplee of water. The presence of a large amount of albuminoid ammonia and an infinitesmal quantity of free ammonia and chlorine in the to samples of water, clearly indicates vegetable organic impurity. All this vegetable organic matter is derived from the silt at the bottom of Katraj Tank. The result of the second analysis of the same two samples of water taken in the month of July is very striking indeed. For if it proves anything, it proves that the water in the upper part of the duct is slightly worse than that in the lower partthe amount of albuminoid ammonia in the former, being much more than that in the latter specimen. In fact the latter water, which according to Mr. Doig's theory ought to be polluted, is pronounced by the Chemical Analyser to be "wholesome". I trust these facts will prove beyond doubt, that the proximity of the depots to the Aqueduct is in no way risky to the water in it. It is only fair to admit that Katraj water suffers to some extent from vegetable organic impurity, but it is not known to suffer from any animal organic pollution.
I have the honor to be ${ }_{m}$
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
SORAB_C. HORMUSJEE,
H2 $3156,61 \gamma$
Health_Officer,
2808

## APPRM

Statement showing the number of birthe by poths

$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Poone Mudicipal 0ffico, } \\ \text { 29It Nay 1894. }\end{array}\right\}$

## DIX A.

and by monthr for the yours 1891-92 to 1893-94.

gORAB. C. HORMUSJI,
M. D., D. P. H., L. R. C. P. (Lood.)
M. R.C.S.,

Health Oficor, P. M. O.

Statoment showing the number of deaths by months

$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Poona Municipal 0fioen, } \\ \text { 29^ス May 1894. }\end{array}\right\}$

DIX B.
and by ages in the Poona City during the yeare 1891-92 to 1893-94.


SORAB. O. HORMUSJI,
M. D., D. P. H., L. B. O. P. (I.ond.)
M. R. O. B.

Hoalth Officer, P. M. C.

Statement showing the number of deaths by

$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { PoonaMnnicipal Office, } \\ \text { 294 } \Sigma_{\text {ay }} 1804\end{array}\right\}$

DIX 0.
diseases and by Peths for the year 1893-94.


SORAB. O. HORMUSJI,
Y. D., D. P. H., Io R. O. P. ( Lood. )
M. B. O. B.,

Health Ofilior, P. M. Q.

Statement showing the number of deathe by

| No． | Peths． | $\begin{gathered} \text { April } \\ 1893 . \end{gathered}$ |  | May <br> 1893. |  | June 1898. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Joly } \\ 1893 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { August } \\ 1893, \end{gathered}$ |  | September 1893. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 孁 | 析 | 发 | 爯 | 要 | 安 | 氷 | 雨 | 突 | 突 | 戬 | 年 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| 1 | Bhawani． | 10 | 9 | 4 | 2 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 24 | 28 | 4 | 12 |
| 2 | Nane＇s | 12 | 18 | 16 | 6 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 28 | 39 | 12 | 14 |
| 8 | Rastin＇s． | 12 |  | 12 | 7 | 6 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 9 | 3 | 2 |
| 4 | Nyahal | 2 |  | 8 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 2 |
| 6 | Somwar． | 4 |  | 8 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 4 | 4 |
| 6 | Mangelwar． | 8 |  | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | Kasbe． | 13 | 10 | 18 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 22 | 15 | 21 | 20 | 17 | $15^{\prime}$ |
| 8 | Rewiwer． | 17 | 14 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 5 | 17 | 9 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 6 |
| 0 | Ganesh | 6 |  | 8 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 12 | 9 | 0 | 3 |
| 10 | Vetal． | 6 |  | 8 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 11 | Gunj． | 10 |  | 6 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 2 |
| 12 | Ghorpade． | 3 |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| 13 | 8hatrawar． | 18 |  | 17 | 13 | 10 | 13 | 20 | 19 | 27 | 27 | 14 | $\bigcirc$ |
| 14 | Budhwar． |  |  |  | 11 | 6 | 8 | $1$ | 10 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 6 |
| 15 | Shanvar． |  |  | 13 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 1 | $4$ | 14 | 12 | 3 | 5 |
| 10 | Narayan． |  |  | 6 | 12 | 3 | $4$ | 5 | $4$ | 14 | 12 | 7 | 9 |
| 17 | Sadeshiv． | 11 |  | 16 | 15 | 10 | 7 | 23 | 24 | 37 | 30 | 13 | 14 |
| 18 | Bhamboorde． | 4 |  | 9 | 15 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 6\| | 13 | 8 | $7$ | s |
| 19 | Gultakadi． | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $0$ | $0$ | $0$ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | Mushafor Granj． | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  |  | 150 |  | 160 | 138 | 108 | 112 | 139 | 143 | 268 | 246 | 104 | 117 |

$\left.\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Poona } & \text { Municipal } & \text { Offees，} \\ \text { 20th May，1894．}\end{array}\right\}$

DIX D.
Peths and by months for the year 1893-94.


SORAB. O. HORMUSI,
M. D., D. P. H., L. R. O. P. (Lond. h,
M. R. O. $\mathrm{B}_{\text {, }}$,

Houlth Officor,
Р. . . $\mathbf{0}$.

APPENDIX E
Statement showing the deaths by castes for the year 1893-94.

| No. | Year. | Mahomedans. |  | Hindu High Cnsten. |  | Hinda Low Castos. |  | Jains. |  | Christians |  | Parsoes, |  | Other Casto. |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Fomales | Malen | Fomalee | Malen | Females | Males | Femalen | Males | Fomales | Males | Females | Malos | Females | Males | Fomalen | Total. |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| 1 | 1892-93 | 194 | 193 | 225 | 196 | 1179 | 1182 | 71 | 77 | 18 | 9 | 0 | 1 | 16 | 10 | 1698 | 1618 | 8316 |
| 2 | 1893-94 | 192 | 180- | 200 | 205 | 1145 | 1101 | 48 | 60 | 10 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 1600 | 1560 | 8160 |

SORAB. O. HORMUSJI,
M. D., D. P. H., L. R. C. P. (Lond.),
M. B. O. B.,

Pcone Municipal Office, $\}$ 28ık May, 2894.

## Health Officor,

P. M, O.

## APPENDIX J.

TO

## THEG ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OP
THE POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

POR<br>1893-94.<br>THE<br>ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SCHOOL BOARD<br>From

To
Dr. A. W. THOMSON, Chairman School Board,

POONA.

## KHAN BAHADUR

DORABJEE PUDUMJEE,
President
Poona City Municipality.
School Board Office $\quad$ June 1894.

I have the honor to submit the annual report on the administration of the Municipal schools for the year 1893.94.
2. The School Board for the year 1893-94 consisted of Dr. A. W. Thomson.
2 Sardar Nabab Ali Mardankhan.
Syed Sirajudin Abdul Fattah Moulvic Esqr. B. A.
3 V. P. Bhave Esquire.
4 K. C. Dhole Esquire.
5 N. N. Bhor Esquiro.
6 N. B. Kanitkar Esquire.
I was, as you know, chairman of the Board for the year under report. Sardar Nabab Ali Mardankhan died in November 1893 and Professor Syed Sirajudin Abdul Fattah Moulvie B. A. was nominated by Government to be a commissioner of the Municipality. He was elected a member of the School Board in the place of the late Sardar Nabab Ali.
3. There were 15 meetings of the School Board in the year under report, as against 26 in 1892.93. The following statement will abow the attendance of the members of the Board:-


With the exception of Mr. Bhor, who on account of other engagoments could not attend more frequently, all the other members attended at least half the number of the meetings. It is gratifying to note that Mr. Dhole attended all meetings, and Mr. Rhave all but two.
4. At these meetings 239 cases were disposed of as against 383 in the previous year. Besides these, 63 cases were circulated for written votes amongst the members of the Board as against 65 circulated in 1892-93. Besides this work the members of the Board had to inspect the schools in their charge. I paid to schools in my charge 15 visits, besides many visits to the technical sehool, while Mr. Syed Sirajudin paid 4, Mr. Bhave 78, Mr. Dhole 18, Mr. Bhor none, and Mr. Kanitkar 1. Mr. Bhave would appear to have visited almost all the schools, for which the Board is thankfal to him.
5. The number of schools including the Technical School, during the year under report was 39 , or the same as last year; instead of endeavouring to increase any further the number of schools, the Board, during the year under report, applied their energies to improve the quality of existing institutions. 'There are now 14 Boys' day-schools, 9 Night-schools, and 10 Girls' schools, teaching Marathi standards; 1 Guzerathi school; 4 Hindustani schools, two for boys and 2 for girls. The Technical School teaches trades such as Carpentry, Smithy, Turning \&c. Out of the above schools five are entirely free, two being for the use of the children of Mahars and Mangs and three for those of Mahomedan and other backward classes. The number of pupils receiving education at the 38 institutions has increased from 2797 to 2843 in the year, and that of students in the Technical School from 58 to 74. The increase consists of 102 pupils in the boys' schools.
6. As it would be interesting to know how the pupils are distributed according to castes, I give below the necessary information :-


From the figures given above it will be seen that besides Brahmins there has been an increase in the number of pupils of other Hindus, Mahars and Mangs, and Christians. The number of Jews has been the same as last year. A slight decrease is observable in the number of Mahomedans attending Night and Girls' Schools, but there is an increase in Boys' day-schools.
7. The following gives the professions of parents and guardians of boys and girls attending the Municipal Primary Schools on the 31st March 1844 :-

| No. | Occipation. |  |  |  | Roys' Schools. | Night Schools. | Girls' Schools. | Toral. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Inamdars ... | ... |  | ... | 40 |  |  |  |
| 3 | Government servants | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | 381 | $\cdots 1$ | 200 | 583 |
| 3 | Private servauts ... | ... | ... | ... | 264 | 45 | 111 | $4 \geq 0$ |
| 4 | Merchants ... ... | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | 374 | 20 | 133 | 5:7 |
| 6 | Agricultarists .. | ... | ... | ... | 19: | 17 | 9 | 218 |
|  | Orbaurers ... ... | ... | ... | ... | 187 | 60 | 135 | 383 |
|  | Other occupations... | '* | ... | ... | 484 | 30 | 146 | 68v |
|  |  |  |  | Total | 1922 | 173 | 754 | 2849 |

It is gratifying to note that the number of all the classes except private servants and labourers has been greatly increased as compared with that of the last yas. Those elasses as a rule avail themselves of the educational institutions. Government servants would seem to have sent their boys and girls to schools more largely than any other classes. The number of agriculturists appears indeed to be very small, as compared with the others, but it has to be remembered that in a city like Poona there are not many, who are returned as agricalturists. The number of private servants, merchants and agriculturists has however been increased in NightSchools
s. The students attending the Municipal schools may be classified according to their ages as follows :-

| Schools. |  |  |  |  | $5 \text { to } 8$ | $8 \text { to } 12$ | $12 \text { to } 15$ | $\text { Above } 15$ | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boys' Schools Night Schools Girls' Schools | $\ldots$ |  |  | Total...... | 448 | 968 | 439 | 77 | 1922 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 78 | 85 | 173 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 413 | 296 | 44 | 1 | 754 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 861 | 1274 | 551 | 163 | 2849 |

It will be observed that there are 296 girls, who are above 8 and below 12, and 44 above l⿺y years; one who knows the habits and manners of the Hindus well will not be disappointed to find the number to be 44.
9. Speaking about the civil condition, it will be noticed that out of the boys in the day-schools, 121 were married, and 1801 unmarried; in Night schools 74 were married and 99 nnmarried, while in Girls' schools 57 were married and 697 unmarried. These figures will be found to be satisfactory both as regards boys and girls. They show that only six per cent of the boys and seven per cent of the girls are married, and that girls continue to attend schools even after they are married. That out of 1922, 1801 boys are unmarried and out of 754 girls 57 married girls continue to receive education, is a fact that will spoak well of the advance of the time.
10. The average number of papils on the roll in the Boys' day and Night-schools and in those of Girls' schools was 1842, 174 and 758 respectively as against 1S06, 185 and 761 in the previous year. The number in the Night and Girls' schools has fallen a little. But the number of boys attending the Boys' day-schools has increased to some extent. The number of boys has risen from 1806 to 1842 . The number of boys and girls has on the whole increased from 2797 to 2849 , that is, by 62.
11. The average daily attendance in Boys' day-schools increased from 1446 to 1599 and that in the Girls' and Night-schools fell from 483 and 91 in
the previous year to 463 and $\$ 0$ respectively. The attendance in the Boys' day schools has thus improved with the number on the roll.
12. There were 114 teachers as against 115 in the previous year in the primary schools; of these 99 were male, and 15 female teachers on the 31 st March 1894. The establishment stood as follows:-

|  |  | 002. |  |  | Head Masters. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Head } \\ \text { Mistress- } \\ \text { ea. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Male Asgistanta. | Female Asaittants. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boys' Schoo Night.Schoo Girlo' Schoo | $\ldots$ | … | … <br> $\cdots$ <br> .. | $\ldots$ | 17 9 3 | $\cdots{ }^{\cdots}$ | $\begin{array}{r}58 \\ \cdots \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\cdots}{ }_{6}$ | 75 9 30 |
|  |  |  |  | Tota | 29. | 9 | 70 | 6 | 114 |

As regards their qualifications it may be noted that out of a total of 29 Head Masters and 9 Head Mistresses, 24 are trained and 14 untrained, and out of 76 assistants 13 are trained and 63 untrained. This year two more trained tenchers were engaged than in the previous year. The Board has now made it a point to engage trained men in the Municipal schools as far as possible.
13. The Municipal schools were examined by the Deputy Educational Inspector and his Assistants. In the year under report the schools were examined by Rao Saheb Vinayak Krishna Gore, and his Assistants Messrs. N. M. Sathe, Krishnajee K. Sathe and N. S. Mahajan. The examination commenced on 12th July 1893 and finished on the 22nd August 1893.
14. Leaving students in lower standards aside, 1353 pupils from Boys' day schools, 79 from Night-schools and 229 from Girls' schools were presented for examination, out of whom 550,40 and 116 respectively passed in all the subjects.

The following table shows the result of the examination as compared with that of the previous year.


## 15. Results:-

2483 pupils including infants or 86 per cent. of the total number of students on the roll were presented for the examination; of these 1661 were presented under the several standards; and 70B, i. e. 42 per cent. of those presented, passed under all the heads. It will thus appear that the Boys' schools passed on the whole 41.2 per cent. and the Girls' 50.6 per cent. of those sent up for the examination. I'he percentages shown in the table speak well of the efficiency of the Municipal schools. The Night-schools would appear to have done in the year under report as well as in the previous year. The Board regrets to observe that some of the Night-schools have not shown signs of healthy growth. Enquiries are however being made it the schools are not conveniently located and if a better class of teachers is likely to improve the schools. The Board hopes to be able to make some proposals regarding the Night-schools at an early date.
16. Out of 11 boys sent up for the 3rd grade Public Service Examination, 3, 4 and 4 were from Boys' schools Nos. 1, 2 and 6 respectively. Of these 3 from boys' school No 1, and 2 from boys' school No. 2 passed, which speaks well of the efficiency of the school Masters.
17. With regard to the Jubilee Technical School I beg to state that there were on the roll 74 students on the 31st of March 1894; of these 66 were males and 8 females, who received their lessons in Drawing, Carpentry, Smithy, Painting, Turning, Printing, and Primary education. The attendance in these classes was as below :-


The average number on roll and the average daily attendance during the year under report were 61 and 39 as against 62 and 40 respectively in 1892-93.

The Technical School was opened in December 1859. There were about 10 boys on roll on the 31st March 15:90; the number rose to 36 in March 1891, to 57 in March I892, to 58 in March 1593 and now it has gone upto 74 in March 1894. The school has shown decidedly healthy growth. It would be necessary to mention here that the Drawing class is attended by all pupils, and in addition to the other classes according to their liking.
18. Separate teachers are provided for these professional classes. There is a Superintendent of the Technical School on a salary of Rs. 50 rising to Rs. 75 p . m. The present incumbent Mr. Kıwasji Kharsetji Bhappu is a graduate of the Bombay Technical School. There is one Drawing Master, who has passed the 3rd Grade Art Examination of the School of Art Bombay, on a salary of Rs. 50 p. m. Besides these one Carpenter, one Smith, one Painter and one master for Primary elucation are engaged by the Board in the School. The Drawing Class is attended by all boys and giris, while the other classes are attended by only such boys as have taste for those subjects. Only such boys attend the Primary class as had no education elsewhere. Scholarships and wages were given to pupils in the year under report.
19. The Technical School was examined by m3 in my capacity of a Professor of Engineering of the College of Science, Poona.

The following table gives the necessary information regarding the results of the examination.


I am glad to mention here that the results were very satisfactory. For further information regarding this examination reference may be made to the inspection report made by me to the Director of Public Instruction. Vide Appendix A. of this report.
20. The First Grade Art Examination was held on the 2nd April 1894, and that of the Second Grade on the 3rd and 4th April 1894 in the Poona High School under the suvervision of the Head Master of the School. Questions were drawn and answers examined by the Superintendent of the Art Schoul at Bombay. The Technical School sont up 23 students for the First Grade and 4 for the Second Grade Art Examinations as against $: 7$ and 1 in the previous year. Of the 23 students sent up 8 got certificates as against 7 in the previous year. 4 passed in simple free hand drawing, 4 in practical Geometry and onc was " good." The results would thus appear encouraging. The following students were awarded certificates of the First Grade.

> Mrs. Tanubai Wani.
> Waman Malhari Chavan.
> Ganpat Babiji Darekar.
> Maruti Piraji Jadhao.
> Sakharam Dhondiba Jadhao.
> Govind Hari Joshi.
> Mahadeo Gundusa Khatri.
> Raghunath Kondo Vaidya.

Of the 4 presented for the 2nd gradeArt Examination 2 passed in Freehand drawing from Flat examples, 2 passed in Free-hand Drawing from Models, 1 passed in Practical Geometry and 1 passed in Linear Perspective in Works branch; while in "Papers" 1 passed in Free-hand Drawing from flat examples, 2 were "good " in Linear Perspective.
21. There are drawing classes attached to 8 boys' and 7 Girls' schools. They are attended by 202 boys and 77 girls as against 185 and 79 in the last year, who are taught drawing by the Drawing Master, 2 male $\Delta$ ssistants and $\angle$ School Mistresses. These classes serve the purpose of creating a taste for drawing in boys and girls when they are young.
22. The Educational Inspector C. D., at the request of the School Board, has kindly consented to hold the exaraination of these atudents in the Poona High School in August next with a view to test their progress. This examination will be held every year in future.
2.3. The funds at the disposal of the School Board for the maintenance of and aid to schools stood as under during the year under report.

24. The in crease in the school fees was due to the number of paying students being increased in number. Besides these, fees were levied Trom boys of schools Nos. 15, 16 and 17 for some months in the year and from boys attending the girls' school No. 8 in Peth Kasba. The three boys' schools have, however, been now exempted by the Board, with the permission of the Director of Public Instruction from the operation of the rules regarding the levy of school fees. The exemption holds good till 31st March 1895.
25. Grants.-The grant-in-aid received from Government during the year under report amounted to Rs. $\mathbf{7 , 1 8 2}$. Of this sum Rs. 6,540 were for the year 1893-94 and Rs. 942 for the previous year as grant-in-aid to schools opened by the Municipality. The grant-in-aidoriginally fixed by Government was with respect to the 16 contract schools and was Rs. 3,654. It was increased by them from the 1st of April 1893 to Rs. 6,540 for 38 schools, including contract schools and schools opened by the Municipality since the lst of December 1884 when the schools were transferred to the Municipality. by Government Resolution No. 153, dated 24th January 1894, Educational Department. The grants have been calculated on the actual expenditure on schools incurred by the Municipalities for the year 1891-92, and given effect to from 1st April 1893. The Mnnicipality on receipt of the Besolution referred to above made a representation to Government requesting them to give effect to the revised grant from the date of the expiration of the contract period; in reply the Government regretted its inability to give retrospective effect, as the grants were calculated on the expenditure of 1891-92.
26. Grant-in-aid to School Buildings.-Government were pleased to sanction building grants to the Municipality for the erection of a school house in Nana's Peth and another in Bhamburda. The expenditure on these was Rs. 1417-11-0 and $\because, 161-15-3$ for the Nana's Peth and the Bhamburda Schools respectively. The grants due for the two schools from Government have been received in the year under report. A trust deed has been passed according to rules for the Bhamburda School.
87. Grant-in-aid to the Machinery.-A sum of Rs. 3,000 was sanctioned by the General Committee for purchasing some articles of machinery for the use of the Technical School and they were purchased from Mr. Krishnaji Ramachandra Apte. The articles purchased were a double geared screw cutting gap Lathe, single geared Lathe, double geared carpenter's Lathe, Drilling machine, Vertical Boiler, Vertical Engine, Steam Hammer, Cast Iron Foundry, Copying Press, Anvils, Carpenter's tools, and manyo ther miscellaneous useful articles. An application was submitted for grant-inaid to Government through the Director of Public Instruction who was kind enough to move Govermment to sanction a grant. Government sanctioned a grant of Rs. 1,500 . The articles were examined by the Executive Engineer of Irrigation, Poona, who was satisfied that the price of the articles was not less thon Rs. 3,000 and as a fact the articles are worth much more than Rs. 3,000 for which they have been parchased.
23. Revenue from Land.-It must be mentioned here that the revenue of the piece of land transferred to the Municipality by Government is utilized in supporting the free school in Nana's Peth. The decrease in the revenue for the school land is due to the tenant having not paid the money in time. Steps are taken to recover the Municipal dues. The decrease in other items is slight and need not be noticed.
29. Donations.-In addition to the grant of Rs. 300 so kindly made by Mr. Krishnarao Chimanrao Dhole, a member of the Municipality and of the School Board, in the previous year, to the Municipality, a sum of Rs. 10 was offered by him at the prize distribution ceremony to be awarded as Porteous prize to the best student of the Technical School, and this prize has been awarded to Sadashiv Trimbak Chitre of the said school. Rao Bahadur N. J. Kirtane offered a sum of Rs. 20 for play ground of boys' school No. I which were accepted with thanks by the Board, and Mrs. Thomson has presented a nice lamp for the use of Bhamburda nightschool for which the Board is thankful to her.

## 30. The funds at the disposal of the Board, were as under :-

A. - Budget for 1892-93 ..... Rs. 69317
B.-Actual expenditure in 1892-93 ..... Rs. 38477
C.-BalanceRs. 30840
D.-Deduct deficit in the estimated incone for 1892-93Rs. 30840
(a) Estimated income for 1892-93...Rs. 27163
(b) Actual income in 1892-93
Rs. 10598
Total ..... 16565
E.-Net Balance to the credit of the Board on the 1st of April 1893
Rs. 14275
F.-Estimated income for 189:-94
Rs. 24294
Rs. 24294
G.-Municipal grant ..... Rs. 17,174
H.-Estimated expenditure for $1893-94$ ..... Rs. 55,743
31. The expenditure on schools and other educational institutions in 1833.94 was as below :-

| No. | Item. | Actuals 1893.94 R. at p. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Actanio } \\ \text { 1892.93. } \\ \text { Re. } 2 \text { p. } \end{gathered}$ | Increses. Ra. a. p. | Decresse. <br> Rn. A. p. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Establishment at hend Office | 46700 | 399 | 67127 |  |
| 2 | Contiugencies inelading printed forms | 37414 |  | 6.127 |  |
| 8 | Salaries of Mastert and Mistre"̈os with pension fand |  | 14737 |  | ...... |
| 4 | House rent of echool building... | 2791127 | 26751010 | 11610 |  |
| 5 | Contingencies including aowing materiale sad awcot-meats to girls... | 857 | $\begin{array}{lll} & 924 & 1\end{array}$ |  | 66100 |
| 6 | New furniture ... ... | 4545 | 46710 | ..... | 1848 |
| 7 | New books and mape ... | 949 | 1538 |  | 5894 |
| 8 | Bonns and prizes to Masters ... | 7110 | 2530 |  | 181511 |
| ${ }^{9}$ | Kinder Garten appliances | 300 | 491810 |  | 191310 |
| 10 | Bepaire to furniture, booke äd maps | 6918 | 92 125 |  | 22158 |
| 11 | Repairs to school buildinge .... | 205911 | 20 N 13 | ....... | 531 |
| 12 | Prizes and prise Ceremony ... | 459010 | 48911 | 13 | 2010 |
| 18 | Schularships to boya aud girle... | 26288 | 24815 | 18810 | 31670 |
| 15 | Kew | 1631 | ${ }^{8179} 154$ | 812 | 3167 |
| 16 | Scientific apparatus ... |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Municipal School Library | 1184 | 2715 | $00 \leqslant 7$ |  |
| 18 | Hindmatani Reading Proom ... |  | 28 | ...... | 28 |
| 19 | Technical edncation ... ... | $\underline{2659} 12$ | 29958 | ...... | 335118 |
| 20 | School bouse for the Technical school |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | Shed for Techuical school | 244122 | 5397 | ...... | 2841011 |
| 22 | Machinery for the Technical | 30000 | 7661 5 | ....0. | 618 |
| 23 | Grant-in-aid to indigenousschoois | 96810 | 9978 | ...... |  |
| 24 | Female Medical edncation |  | $320 \cdot 0$ |  | ..... |
| ${ }_{46}^{25}$ | Female High School ... $\quad .$. | 400 | 325 | 75 |  |
|  | Primary girlo' achool atteched to the High school... | 50 | 80 |  | $\begin{array}{lll}10 & 0 & 0 \\ 18 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ |
| 27 | New English School ... | 3640 | 380 | ...... | 100 |
| 28 | Native Institution | 1990 | 200 <br> 120 | 270 | 10 |
| 30 | Poona High School | $\begin{array}{r}147 \\ 30 \\ \hline 0\end{array}$ | 120 60 |  | 300 |
| 31 | Ornella's Schonl ${ }^{\text {City English School }}$.... | 37 37 00 | 60 |  | 2300 |
| 32 | Ferguseon College ... | 18000 | 1800 |  | ..... |
| 38 84 | Nutan Marathi Vidjalaya ... | 14300 | B0 | $\begin{array}{rrr}148 & 0 & 0 \\ 18 & 8 & 0\end{array}$ |  |
| 38 <br> 85 <br>  <br>  | Sanserit Pathshals ... ... | OL 80 | ${ }^{600} 000$ |  | 20000 |
| 86 | Maratha Deccan Ansocintion ... | ..... |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { Contribution } & \text { towards } & \text { the } \\ \text { Museam } & \ldots . & \cdots . \\ \text { Dos } & \ldots\end{array}$ | 20000 | 2000 | ...... | ...... |
| 87 | Do. the Native General |  |  |  | ...... |
| 38 |  |  | ...... | ...... | $\ldots$ |
| 39 | Do. Jowish Reading |  |  |  | .... |
| 40 | Room $\ldots$ ... <br> Voterinary   <br> School $\ldots$.  | $240 \cdots 0$ | ..... | 2400 | ...... |
| 41 | Dalance to the oredit of the Board | 23782 ) 5 | 30839142 |  | 7057139 |
|  | Total | 357430 | 693170 | 2662-8-8 | 16236-8.8 |

3‥ The increase in the office establishment of the Board was due to the pay of the clerk and the peon being increased by ks. 5 and 1 per mensem respectively.
33. The expenditure on salaries to Masters and Mistresses and pension fund would appear to have increased by Ra. 1866-15-0 as the salaries of 93 teachers including Head Masters, Head Mistresses and assistants in Municipal Boys' day and Girls' schools have been increased from lst March 1893. In boys schools 67 teachers were given promotions which amounted to Rs. 82 p. m., and in Girls schools 26 teachers were promoted the additional cost being Rs. 27 per mensem. Considering that the salaries paid to some of the Head Masters and Head Mistresses and their assistants were still inadequate, as compared with their usefulness and standing in the Department and the recommendations made by the Government Educational Authorities in their annual reports, the Board increased the salaries of 12 teachers by Rs 14 p . m. from 1st March 1894 The place of one extra assistant Master of Rs. 8 p . m. was abolished in boys school No. 6 in the year under report. With the increase of pay the amount of pension contribution was also increased.
34. House rent-The increase in the house rent was due to additional house accommodation being procured for girls' school No. 2. At the request of the house owner of girls' school No. 1, Peth Shanwar, the Board thought it proper and increased the rent by Rs. 2 p. m. The increases made in house rent in the last year have tended to increase the amount of expenditure under this head in the year under report. The girls' schools Nos 8 and 9 which were not well housed have been provided with better houses now.
35. Technical School - The increase in this item is due to more articles of machinery being purchased in the year under report as mentioned in para 27.
36. The increases and decreases in other items are very slight and need not be dwelt upon here. The decrease in some items such as ner school houses, 'Iechincal education, though not small, does not require much explanation it being due to ordinary necessities of work. More books were purchased for the school masters' Library. Government having represented the desirability of the Municipality helping the Veterinary School at Poona a grant of Rs. $\mathbf{i} 40$ a year was paid in $1893-94$ and has been promised for the next three years.
37. Prizes \&ce.,-A general prize distribution ceremony was performed in Vishrambag wada in November last under the presidency of Mr W. Porteous, M A., C. S. the then Collector of Poona for which the Board is very thankful to him. There was a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen from the City and Cantonment, Earopean and Native. Prizes were distributed by the l'resident. As usual flowers, Attar pan \&s. were distributed and the ceremony passed without any hitch and very well. The President in a short speecl made complimentary remarks regarding the good work the Municipality was doing and insisted on discipline being rigorously enfurced in such boys schocls.

The Board acknowledges with thanks the gifts of books made by Messrs. N. B. Kanithar, R. G. Sapkar, and K.B. Mande to be awarded as prizes to students.
38. Scholarships to boys and girls.-With a view to infuse a spirit of healthy competition between the different schools under the Board, a general competitive examination of selected boya and girls from the Municipal and aided schools was held, and echolarships were awarded to boys and girls according to the results of the examination. The examination was conducted by Rao Bahadur B. R. Sahasrabudhe, Principal, and Rao Saheb N. B. Godbole, Vice Principal of the Training College P'oona, and Messrs G. V. Limaye, D. B. Jathar, Professor Syed Sirajudin B. A. and W. P. Paranjpe. And on behalf of the school Board I beg to offer to these gentlemen the best thanks of the Board for their trouble. Of the scholarships competed for by the boys schools, Mr. Gharpure's school carried 5 , Mr. Gogte's 4, Mr. Suktankar's 3, and Mr. Tilak's 1. Of the 6 scholarships open to girls schools, Mrs. Chandrabai Sinde's School got 2, Mrs. Mathurabai Joshi's School 2, Mrs.

Anusayabai Gate's school and Mr. Sakharam Ganesh Dao's sshool got 1 exok. The system of scholarships creates a healthy competition both am nngst pupils and teachers.
39. With a view to encourage the teachers to attain proficiency in the art of teaching and to be more careful in their duties tho Brard gives p:izes to teachers according to the result of a competitive Examination where the capacities of teachers are tested. There were 17 candidates for the examination under all the standards. At the requst of the Board the gentlemen mentioned in para 38 kindly conducted the examination. The candidates were asked to teach a subject in the presence of the exmminers. Mr. R A. Atre, Assistant Master of boys' school No. 2 satisfied the examiners in teaching Mat'lematics, Mr VG. Kale, Assistant Master of boys school No. 6, in History and Geography, and Mr. V. N. Koshe, Assistant Master in boys school No. 5 in M sdi writing, and got prizes of Rs. 10 each. Mrs. Aausayabai Gate of girls school Ng. 4 taught an infant class in the girls school but was not successful in securing the minimum number of marks. As a sort of encouragement to female teachers she was at the recommendation of the eximinution committeo given half the amount of the prize Bs. 5. The Board is very thankful to the gentlemen who conducted this examination also.
40. School houses.-The Board proposes to build this year a good Technical School and has provided a sum of Rs. 1303), and also a shed for tha school at a cost of Rs. 6015. The plans and estimates have been lately approved by the Chief Engineer O. D. and are submitted to Government through the Director of Public Instruction with an applisation for grantin. aid. The Board also proposes to build a school house for boys sshool No. 5 in Sadashiv Peth at a cost of Rs. 12000. An application has already been submitted to Government requesting it to acquire a piess of ground of Mr. Kelkar, under the Land Acquisition Act for the purpose. An estimate for constructing an Iron railing around the Bhambirda school house has bean submitted to the Executive Engineer P W. D. for approval.

Articles for Gymnasia were provided in the year under report to boys schools Nos. 4 and 9 and the play ground of boys school No. 3 was made suitable for boys to play on. A request has been made to the General Com. mittee to provide boys school No. 1 with a play ground in front of the Munici. pal Native General Dispensary.
41. The table given in para 31 will show that the Municipality extends its support to private institutions also, such as indigenous schools giving Marathi and Urdu instruction to pupils. Grants amounting to Re. 1100, were made by the Municpality towards some of the English Educational Institutions for maintaining free studentships. The Funalo High Sohsol and the primary girls' school attached to it, the Sansarit Path Shala, the Reay Industrial Musenm, and the Veterinary school received grants from the Municipality in the year under report in amounts shown against each in para 31, which are as under:-


The $£ 9$ registered indigenous Marathi schools which were attended by 2563 bovs were given grants by the Municipality amounting to Rs. 560-10-6, in aid of furniture, house rent do. and 4 Urdu schools attended by 216 pupils were given grants amounting to Rs, 108 for general efficiency.

The English branch of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya had received no grant,before the year under report, from the Municipality. A sum of Re, 143 was sanctioned in the year under report for maintaining free studentships in this school.
42. It would be interesting to know what the Municipal expenditure on education was in 1855-86, and how it went increasing upto the end of the year 1893-94. The following table will give the information regarding the primary schools and institutions other than primary.

| Year. | Primary,Re. As. |  |  | Others. |  |  | Total.$\qquad$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1885-86 | 13,998 | 0 | 9 | 3,209 | 10 | 0 | 16,502 | 10 | 9 |
| 1886-87 | 14,948 | 8 | 0 | 3,084 | 8 | 8 | 17,282 | 4 | 8 |
| 1887-88 | 14,962 | 0 | 3 | 3,363 | 1 | 4 | 18,325 | 1 | 7 |
| 1888.89 | 16,890 | 0 | 0 | 4,334 | 0 | 0 | 21,224 | 0 | 0 |
| 188:-80 | 18,657 | 12 | 11 | 4,114 | 15 | 0 | 22,772 | 11 | 11 |
| 1890-91 | 20,895 | 2 | 11 | 6,230 | 11 | 3 | 27,125 | 14 | 8 |
| 1891-92 | 22,188 | 4 | 5 | 4,530 | 9 | 8 | $\mathbf{2 6 , 7 3 8}$ | 14 | 11 |
| 1892-93 | 24,743 | 3 | 1 | 12,961 | 4 | 10 | 87,704 | 9 | 11 |
| 1898-94 | 23,212 | 0 | 8 | 7,907 | 0 | 11 | 31,119 | 1 | 4 |

## General remarks.

43. As usual the yearly conference of School Masters was beld on the 12th February and that of School Mistresses on the 19th February 1894 with a view toallow once a year the teachers to personally discuss with the members of the Board some subjects in connection with the administration of schools. The Board accepted some of the suggestions made by the teachera.
44. On behalf of the Municipality I have great pleasure in expregsing their sense of obligation to the Lady Members of the National Indian Association, who with the object of encouraging and advancing the cause of female education, have kindly visited the girls schools in Poona. Her Excellency Lady Harris, President of the Association, Mrs. E. T. Cands, and Mrs. Mackenzie, were pleased to pay a visit to some of the girls' schools in Poona in the year under report. The visits paid by the Lady Members were 10 in number in the year.
45. After having abolished the circle masters' system, the Board with a view to secure closer supervision and stricter discipline in the management of the schools, arpointed Mr. Wamanrao Prabhakar Paranjpe, some time Principal of theTraining College, Berars, as an Honorary Deputy Educational Inspector of Municipal Schools. Mr. Paranjpe voluntarily offered his services which the Board very thankfully accepted. He paid in the year under report no less than 203 visitd to all the Municipal schools. The Board tenders its thanks to Mr. Paranjpe for the zeal and the energy with which he has been performing his honorary duties. 51 visits were paid by members on achool committees to schools and 15 by Municipal Commissioners and 18 by other gentlemen. From this you will see what warm interest these kind-hearted ladies and gentlemen take in the education of their fellow-subjects, at muclt personal inconvenience, trouble, and loss of time.
46. I take this opportunity to acknowledge with gratitude the kindly and sympathetic co-operation and help I had the pleasure to receive in the course of this and the previous year at the hands of my collengues cn the Board, all of whom discharged the duties of their honorary offices with interest and care. The Secretary to the Board and the School Board Clerk, Mr. Mokashi discharg ed their duties satisfactorily as before.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant
Aathur W. Thombon, D. So.
CHALRMAN.

## APPENDIX A.

TO

## THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT

## OF TRE

SCHOOL BOARD.
FOR
1893-94.
Report on Jubilee Technical School Poona City Manicipality by Dr. A. W. Thomson, Professor of Engineering College of Science, Poona.

## Colloge of Science.

Poona s1st January 1894.
From

> De. A. W. THOMSON, $\quad$ Professor of Engineering

## S. COOKE Eso, M. A.

Principal College of Science.
I have the honour to inform you that as requested in your No. 58 I dated 25th August 1893, I visited the Jubilee Technical School Poona orr 26th and 27th January 1894 and made the annual inspection for the Department of Public Instraction.
2. The number of pupils on the roll is 74 of these 11 girls and 18 boys attend Drawing only. All the others 45 boys are taught Drawing and Carpentry joints and also receive instruction in one of the following departments.

Carpentry, Smithy, Turning, Sign-Painting and Printing.
3. The results of my inspection are shown in the following table.

| Drawing. | On roll | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Atexa- } \\ & \text { mina } \\ & \text { tion. } \end{aligned}$ | Pass. | Fail. | Remaris. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beginners | 40 | 36 | 0 | 0 | Simple exercise in Free hand. Work good. |
| 1st grade class | 27 | 25 | 24 | 1 | Exercise in Free hand Work good. |
| 2nd Grade class | 7 | 5 | 4 | 1 | Enlarged a plate-Free handWork very good. |
| Totals. | 74 | 66 | 28 | 2 | These pupils have already passed list Grade. |


| Carpentry |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard I. | 81 | 20 | 15 | 5 | Plane true and square. Some of the boys have recently joined the school. |
| $\because \quad \text { II. }$ | $12$ | 11 | 11 | 0 | Open and closed half joint. Work good. |
| , III. | 7 | 7 | 6 | 1 | Double mortise and tenon joint Work good |
| IV. | 5 | 4 | 4 | 0 | Dovetail joint-Work good. |
| Total. | 45 | 42 | 36 | 6 |  |
| Smithy |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard I. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | Make bolt. |
|  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 0 | Make iron round washer. |
| " III. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Make cotter. Work very good. |
| Total. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 0 |  |
| Turning | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Screw cutting in lathe Work gond. |
| Sign-Painting. |  |  |  |  | i. |
| Standard | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | Block letters. |
| $\begin{array}{lr} ": & \text { II. } \\ " & \text { III. } \end{array}$ | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | Painting words on paper. |
|  | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Sign board painting. Work good. |
| Total | 13 | 12 | 5 | 1 |  |
| Letter Press Printing. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composing Mara thi. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | This lad works at the Poona Municipality Press. Work bad. |

4. Since the date of my last inspection Mr. K. K. Bhappu a graduate of the Victoria-Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, has been appointed Superintendent and a considerable improvement in the school is apparent already. The new buildings for the school house have not yet received the sanction of Government; but whenever this sanction is given the new superintendent will prove of still greater value. It is much to be
desired that the buildings should be started soon as the present sheds are very mach dilapidated and do not provide sufficient accommodation for the pupils.
5. I was well pleased with the results of my inspection; the tegisters are in order.

I have \&e.
( Sd. ) ARTHUR W. THOMSON. D. 80.
Professor of Engineering.
C. 8

No. 7538 of 1893-94.
Poons office of the Educational Inspector C. D. 23 February 1894.

## Мено.

Copy forwarded to the Secretary schools Committee Municipality of Poona for information.
( Sd. ) E. GILES.
Ag. Educational Inspector O. D.

Table ahowing the distribution of trained or untrained teachers in the Municipal schools, Poona.


Table showing the number of pupils in Municipal schools presented and passed by castes in the annual examination.


Table showing the number of pupils in the Jubilee Technical School， presented and passed，by castes in the annual exsmination．

| Caste． | Drawing． |  | Carpen． try． |  | Smithy． |  | Sign－ painting． |  | Turn | Printing M．Type． |  | Primary education． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 完 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 运 } \\ & \text { 吕 } \\ & \text { 发 } \end{aligned}$ | 葡 | 定 | 宮 | 灾 | 蜀 |  | 总 | 呂 |  | 安淢 |
| Brahmins ．．． | 19 | 10 | 10 | 9 | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 4 | 3 | $\ldots$ | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| Other Hindus．．． | 36 | 18 | 21 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 11 | ＊－＊ | $\cdots$ | 13 | 7 |
| Mahomedans ．．． | 4 | ．．． | 4 | 1 | ．．． | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ＇${ }^{\prime}$ | －•• |
| Christians ．．． | 6 | － | 6 | 5 | ．．． | ．．． | 2 |  | 11 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ．．． | ＊． |
| Jews | 1 | ．．． | 1 | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 | ．． | $\cdots$ | － 0 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| Total．．． | 66 | 23 | 42 | 35 | 6 | c | 12 | 5 | 22 | 1 | $\cdots$ | 13 | 7 |

# POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY. <br> Appendix ( $\mathbf{K}$ ) of the Administration Report for the year 1808-9h 

Poona. City Municipal Office

85th April 1894.

## To,

## KHA BAHADCR

## DORLBNI PUDUMJI

## President.

Sir,
Wehave the honor to report that we audited the acoounts of the Poona City Manicipality for 1893 - 94 in acoordance with the Municipal Rulea in force, and found that they were correctly rendered.
2. The revenue realized during 1893.94, Ra-460,610-4-5 plus the balance in hand on lst April 1893 Rs. 67,076-10-5 amoanted to Re 527,686-14-10. The expenditure during the year under report amounted to Rs, 445,970-15-9. It will thus be seen that the net balance in hand was the sum of Rs, 81,715-15-1 on the 1st of April 1894.
8. The amounta of revenue realized from different sources have generally approximated the Budget Estimates, In aume caces, we are glad to note, they show noticeable incresses such as the Octroi, Registration Fees and the Bhangi Cess. In others they show small decreasen such as the sale proceeds from Night-soil, House Tax and. Fees on Musio Bands dc. As a detailed review of our remarks made in the oourse of our examination of the account papers according to pre-audit, aystem and comununicated to the Managing Committee from time to time, has been aubmitted to the Chairman of the Municipality under date the 24th instant with a requeat that the eame may be placed on the Table of the Committee for your iuformation and for the information of the Members of the General Budy we consider it neodless to repeat them in this reporto
4. We have the honor to request your attention to our recommendation in Para 4 of our last year's report, an regarda the preparation of the Municipal Budget so as to be ready for adoption on 1st April and to solicit the favor of your early action in the matter.
5. Agreeably to Rule 35 of the Audit Rular we examined the registers mentioned below and found that they are fairly kept and up to date:-

## ( 2 )

2. Service Register of Municipal Establishment.
3. Leave Register.
4. Register of lands purchased by the Municipality.
5. Register of lands sold by the Municipality.
6. Register of Securities.

We propose to respectfully bring to the notioe of the Managing Committee later on the deficiencies observed by us in the keeping of the Register of Securities.

We have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient servants
G. W. PHATAK,
M. S. CHITNIS,

Auditors

## POONA CITY MUNIOIPALITY

## तक्रा पुणें हर्दींत माल आल्याबद्दल व बाहेर गेल्याबद्दलचा बारमाही सन $9<93198$ ईसरी सालाबद्दल

APPIENDIX L．TO THE ADMINISTRATION REPORT FORTHE YEAR 1893／94
Statement showing impo：ts and exports of the City daring the year，1893；94

|  | निनषांज़ञ नांदे | माल अंत1 |  |  |  |  |  | मा｜ |  |  |  | रोरा |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| नंबर |  | ตकात देखन | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { हरीवांडर जा- } \\ & \text { व्याकरिता जकी। } \end{aligned}\right.$ ने देजन म ला | राजसटेग्रन की नेऊन भाला | मे｜फत आल｜ | सरकारी कामा करितां आला | एकूण आल | पासावर दोर घुन गेळा | दोरे व हेतां गेला | एबूण गंल |  |  |
|  |  | －ंगक्षो पण | बेंगा｜क पन | बेगासी पण |  | बंगारी मण | बंगाती पण | बंगालि मन | बंगाली मण | बंगाल़ मण | बेगाली मण |  |
|  | अ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ？ |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 0.5 |  | $\cdots$ | ¢is |  |  | $\ldots$ | 42 |  |
| ？ | अ่¢ा．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $8 \geq 8$ | $2<4$ | $\ldots$ | bie | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ．．．． | 92e |  |
| 8 |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ， | P19 | $\cdots$ | 213 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 319 |  |
| 9 | अर्रक्．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | （\％） | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{3}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 28 |  |
|  | अंवेढब¢ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ae | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ac | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ．．．． | 4.2 |  |
|  | अफ区का1．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | 1 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ？ | ．．．． | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | is |  |
|  | मेबाध्या．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1029 | ．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | ．．． | 102\％ | 1く3 | ．．．． | 30 | $<80$ |  |
|  | आ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | आ区ळึя．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | $\cdots$ | 88 | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | 88 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 88 |  |
|  | พぃरू．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．． | $\cdots$ | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | … | ．．．． |  |  |  |  |
|  | भाते．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | － $\begin{aligned} & 3988 \\ & 2889\end{aligned}$ | २＊く | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | २२२२ २＜99 | lop | ？ |  | z．78 peq |  |




|  | जिनसांच्चो नांबें |  |  |  |  |  |  | माळ गेल |  |  |  | 戓\} |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ศंबर |  | जकात देऊन भाल |  | रजिषटेद्यन की देउन आाल। | मोफत आला | सरकारी कामा <br> कातितां आला | एकूण आल์ | पासावर कोरे घेऊन गेखा | रोंरे न घेता गेल। | एकूण गेल | बाकी हर्दांत राहिला |  |
|  |  | बंगरकी मण | बंगाली मण | बंगाली मण | बंगालक मण | बंगाली मण | बंगाही मण | बंगाल यन | बंगाली मन | बंगाली मण | बंगाली मण |  |
| 88 | कापठ तिलयती उंगी ब पोषाली．．．．．．．．．．．． | ११२१ | 1\％ |  |  |  | 1330 | 9 |  | 9 | ใ1३マ |  |
| 89 | कापूर．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | pel | 10 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | २०く | 29 | $\ldots$ | 29 |  |  |
| 90 | कितान．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ．．． | १งя | ．．．． | ．．．． | P७ | ．．．． | ．．．． | ．．． | 109 |  |
| 93 | कुषंबा．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | －१३२ | ．．．． | ．．．． | १३२ | ．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | 13マ |  |
| द२ | क़रकी．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | －₹ | ．．．． | ．．．． | \％ | ．．．． | ！ | $\ldots$ | \％ |  |
| 93 | ¢ुंकु．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | ¢19 | ．．．． | $\cdots$ | \％ 94 | $\ldots$ | 919 | 919 | 208 |  |
| 98 | कुळीप．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | y¢03 | 17 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ？${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | $89 \%$ | ३ 8 \＆ | 12\％५ | 800 く | － 0 |  |
| 9 | केषाचे खेंट．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ：－．． | ．．．． | va | $\ldots$ | ．．．． | ט9 | （1） | ．．．． | 80， | $\bigcirc 9$. |  |
| ¢ | केरमुण्या ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．． | ．．．． | Q | 19 | ．．．． | 10 | ．．．． | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ใ |  |
| 40 |  |  | ．．．． | 93¢ | \％ | $\cdots$ | －0マ | $\cdots$ | ？ 0 | ใ 0 | ¢¢р |  |
| 45 | कोंडा ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 9918\％ | २०२？ | ．．．． | ใ8\％ | 1179 | ¢evae | ）－\％ | マときマ | २१०६ | ¢०२६．३ |  |
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| 1 | कोळसे त्विएयता ．．．．．．．．．．．． | ＜898？ | ？30 | ．．．． | ．．．． | ₹०8 | く93－9 | ¢७ | $\cdots$ | 90\％ | ＜89¢く |  |
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## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

Appendix (M) to the Administration Report for the year 1898-94
Statement showing the nunber of fires that took place in the City of Poona during the year 1393-94



Poonn Municipal Office
1st Jnne 1804
H, K.Knmthekar, Souretary P. M.C

## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

Appendix (N). to the Administration Report for the jear 1898-94
Statement showing street lamps in Poona City during the year 1893-94


Appendix (O) to tho Administration Keport for the year 1893-94
Statement showing the consumption of water from Khadakwasala Canal during the year 1898-04


## POONA GITY MUNMCIPALITY.

Appendix ( $\mathbf{P}$ ) to the Administration Report for the jearis:8.0A.
Statement showing the streets watered during the jear 1803-94


## POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

APPENDIX Q. TO THE ADMINIS?RATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1893-94.
Statement showing lands purchased for the purpose of widening streets.




[^0]:    24. For information regarding the state of arrears of Manicipal dues from these three sources reference is invited to appendix $F$. It will appear that the balances remaining unrecovered on account of these three sources on the lst of April last were
[^1]:    60. The Katraj Tank which supplies water to some parta of the town had Rs. 252-s-1 spent on it in the year onder report, as against Rs. 3558-18-10 in 1892-93 for removing silt therefrom.
