

At a meeting of the Municipality held on the 8th December 1886 it was unanimously resolved.

- (1) That this meeting adopts the Report presented by the President and records its acknowledgements therefor and for the interesting statistics contained in the appendices which accompany the report.
- (2) That the Committees of Management and of the School Board of the year reported on be thanked for their labours in the supervision of the Municipal administration.
- (3) That it being desirable that out-standing balances should be as low as possible, it is hoped that the present Committee of Management will be able to arrange for all balances up to 31st. March 1886 being recovered before the close of the current year.
- (4) That the following alterations and corrections in the Report be made.
 - a. In the list of "Municipal property," the fire-engine houses be entered.
 - b. The fact of Rao Sahab Hari Raoji's election having been set a-side by the District Judge and Rao Sahab Raghunath Daji Nagarkar's name substituted in his place be noted
 - c. In the "Municipal wants" surface drainage costing Rs. 8 lacs be substituted for Drainage &c. costing Rs. 8 lacs.
 - d. A statement of new privies built during the year under report be put in.
 5. That the analyses of water obtained from the different sources be given in future reports.
 6. That the report be submitted not later than 1st. of August in future.

DORABJI PADAMJI,
President P. M.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE POONA MUNICIPALITY FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

I. Date of Establishment.—The Municipality was established in 1856-57.

II. Population.—The population of the Municipal district according to the census of 1881 is 99,622.

III. Municipal Boundaries.—There has been no change in the boundaries of the Municipality. They are, as published in Government Gazette part I of 16th October 1884, as follows:—

North—Bounded by the river Mutha from Lakdipul to Wellesley bridge, thence by the south western side of the Kirkee road up to the G. I. P. Railway overbridge, thence by the southern side by the said Railway line and Station compound.

South—Bounded by the northern side of the Shankarshet road from the Camp limits to the Ambil nala bridge.

West—Bounded by the Ambil nala from the bridge near the Parwati tank to the river Mutha and the said river up to Lakdipul.

East—Bounded by the north-east side of the road leading from the G. I. P. Railway Station main entrance to the city on the north of the Sassoon Hospital compound, by the western side of the Wellesley or Kirkee road which passes the Collector's Kacheri on the west and the Lunatic Asylum on the east as far as the Ghorpade's Takiya, thence in a straight line to the bridge over the Manik nala near Sacha-pir, and from the said bridge, the Camp western limit as far as Shankurshet road.

IV. Number of Meetings.—Twenty one general meetings were held during the year under report, being three more than those held during the year 1884-85. 122 cases were decided in 1885-86 at these meetings whereas 85 cases were decided in 1884-85. Seven cases were decided by circulating papers in 1885-86 and 11 cases in 1884-85, Appendix A shows the number of meetings held in 1885-86 and 3 years previous together with the average attendance of the Municipal Commissioners there-at.

Sixty seven Meetings of the Managing Committee were held during the year 1885-86 whereas 69 were held in 1884-85. 1658 cases were decided at the 67 meetings in 1885-86 and 1131 cases at the 69 meetings in 1884-85. 161 cases were circulated for votes in 1885-86 whereas 64 had been circulated in 1884-85. Appendix B. shows the number of meetings held during each month of the year 1885-86. -

Appendix C. shows the attendance of each Municipal Commissioner at Meetings of the General Committee held in 1885-86, and appendix D shows the attendance of each Member of the Managing Committee during the year.

V. Number of Members of Committee.—During the year under report there were 28 members on the Municipal Board until 31st January 1886, out of whom 9 were ex-officio, 7 nominated and 12 elected, 14 were Government servants and 14 were private gentlemen, 7 were Europeans, 2 Parsis, 1 Mohamedan, and 18 Hindus.

The constitution of the Board was changed since 1st February, 1886. (vide Government Resolution No. 250 dated 20th January 1886), Government granted the concession of electing 16 members to the rate payers and of four members to the intelligent classes, and reserved to themselves the right of nominating 10. Government have allowed the President to be elected.

Appendix E. is the resolution of Government on the franchise.

The new constitution consists of 30 members including the President. Out of the 30 members 9 are Government servants and 21 are private gentlemen, 3 are Europeans, 3 Parsis, one Mohamedan and 23 Hindus.

Appendix F. is the report on the elections. It contains some interesting details.

The ward and the general elections were held by order of Government on the 16th November and 1st December 1885 respectively, (vide Resolutions Nos. 3640 dated 23rd September 1885 and 4074 dated 27th October 1885.)

VI. Imposts.—Changes have been made during the year in the octroi schedule and in the mode of payment of house and wheel taxes and halalcore cess. A new impost "*Registration fee*" on such imports as are not liable to octroi has been introduced.

The Octroi schedule that was revised during the year under report was sanctioned and introduced in 1831. The refund rules that formed its accompaniment were found in practice to be somewhat harassing to trade and troublesome to the Municipal establishment to work and considerably annoying to the local industry in metals, which has now grown to be of the first importance in the City.

To meet the interests of the trade of the City and the desires of Government as expressed in their Resolutions from time to time, the refund rules required considerable modifications.

The principles followed in recasting the schedule and the refund rules, have been; firstly to confine octroi as much as possible to articles

consumed in the city only; secondly to amplify the rules regulating refund on exports by reducing the minimum obtainable and extending the time during which they can be obtained; thirdly to abolish octroi on such articles as were in a great part exported whether in the original or in changed form; fourthly some minor articles which paid very little duty were altogether struck off the schedule.

Government have ruled that articles of foreign import which pay Imperial customs duty shall not be taxed. The customs tariff however has lately been revised by Government and customs duty is removed from all imports except salt, opium, liquor and cotton. The Municipality consequently inserted such articles of foreign imports in their schedule as had become free of Imperial customs duty.

The rates of duty throughout the schedule have been revised so as to remove anomalies in their advalorem percentage, reducing them where this percentage was heavy, and increasing where it was slight, making allowance for tare and reducing the unit to be taxed to the smallest possible weight.

With a view to secure correct statistics of import and export trade a registration department has been created simultaneously with the above revision of octroi tariff and refund rules. Both have been introduced since the 16th September 1885, and have been found to work well. To meet the cost of the establishment for trade registration a small fee is imposed on such articles of import only as are not liable to regular octroi duty.

Appendix G contains the scale of duties leviable on the articles therein mentioned, imported into Poona for sale or consumption as passed by the Municipality on the 25th May 1885 and sanctioned by Government in their Resolution No. 3190, dated the 22nd August 1885, General Dept., and introduced from the 16th September 1885.

The refunds rules are also attached to the schedule.

The mode of recovering the assessed taxes was entirely changed late last year (Since the 20th March 1886.) The rates were, until then, demanded by Municipal servants at the houses of rate payers who in many cases often put them off from day to day.

It was thought advisable that rate payers should be made to pay the ir rates in the Municipal Office punctually and the rules were consequently modified to that effect. The result of the modification has been that, as an inducement to such payment, a discount of half an anna in the rupee, or a little over 3 per cent is allowed to the rate payers. Defaulting rate payers on the contrary are made liable to a penalty of an anna in the Rupee or 6½ per cent.

The revised rule sanctioned by Government is as follows.

“As soon as possible after an instalment of house tax, halalcore cess, or wheel tax becomes due, the Secretary shall issue a notice of demand to the party from whom such instalment is due, mentioning the date by which payment of the amount due is to be made at the Municipal Office, the date in no case to be more than 30 days or less than 15 days from the date on which the notice of demand is served upon the party. Should such payment be made within the time named in the notice, the secretary shall grant a remission of ½ anna in the Rupee. Should such payment be not made within the time named in the notice, the person from whom payment is due shall be liable to a fine or penalty of one anna in each Rupee of the demand.”

Appendix H shows the Sub-Committees appointed for special purposes during the year under report.

VII. The income of the Municipality during the year under report was as follows:—It is compared with that of the year 1884-85.

No.	NAME.	1884-85.		1885-86.		Increase:		Decrease.	
1	Octroi	1,26,560	8 9	1,21,943	8 4	.....	.....	4,716	11 5
2	Conservancy Oass	25,058	9 11	16,747	6 5	.....	.....	8,306	8 6
3	License fees	280	10	218	6	.....	.....	62	4
4	Other taxes								
	Water-rate	15,123	10	15,980	7	856	6 7	.....	.....
	Fees on Music... ..	1,362	14	1,108	6	.....	.....	254	8
	Fees on Animals	1,028	8	1,498	6 5	409	14 3	.....	.....
5	Tax on houses and lands	21,345	13 4	16,551	7 10	.....	.....	4,794	5 6
6	Tax on Vehicles	4,547	15	4,949	1	401	2	.....	.....
7	Tax on animals... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	Tolls ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	Other charges ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Trade registration fee ... ..	.....	.....	4,325†	3 8	4,325	3 8	.....	.....
10	Miscellaneous receipts ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(1) Realizations under special Acts... ..	1,858	9	1,820	6 6	.....	.....	38	4 6
	(2) Proceeds of land... ..	461	11 7	189	.....	.....	.....	272	11 7
	(3) Income from Markets	1,196	7 6	1,205	12 6	9	5	.....	.....
	(4) Conservancy	17,709	12 7	30,332	13	12,622	15 5	.....	.....
	(5) Municipal fines	200	14	155	8	54	10	.....	.....
	(6) Payment for services rendered to individuals ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	(7) Grant-in-aid from Provincial Funds Primary Education	1,164*	.....	3,650	10 8	2,486	10 8	.....	.....
	(a) School Fees	1,327*	4	4,001	2	2,673	14	.....	.....
	(b) Proceeds from School land	363	1 2	492	8	129	6 10	.....	.....
	(9) Sundries	3,681	8	4,161	14 5	280	13 9	.....	.....
11	Debt (Deposits)	33,707	15 8	25,429	7 8	.....	.....	8,278	8 0
		2,5,7074	0 2	2,54,600	13 10	24,250	6 2	26,723	8 6

† Introduced since the 16th September 1885.

* For four months only.

The details of receipts from octroi of the year 1885-86, compared with those of the year 1884-85, are as follows :—

Class	NAME OF ARTICLES.	1884-85.		1885-86.	
1	Articles of food	79,459	3 6	73,890	9 7
2	Animals of slaughter ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	Articles of fuel &c.	13,117	4 5	13,657	2 11
4	Building materials	14,196	4 8	19,432	7 10
5	Drugs and spices &c.... ..	4,059	2 1	3,823	1 4
6	Tobacco	2,770	13 9	3,370	11 10
7	Piece goods... ..	6,976	11 10	7,650	2 ...
8	Metals	5,980	11 6	19	4 10
	Total... ..	1,26,560	3 9	1,21,843	8 4

There has been a noticeable fall in the revenue from food supplies (Rupees 5,569) and that from metals (Rupees 5,960) and there has been a rise in the revenue from building materials (Rupees 5,236.) The first is attributable to ordinary fluctuations, the second to the abolition of duty on metals since the 16th September 1885, and the third partly to the rates being recast from the above date and partly to their being an unusually large number of houses rebuilt.

The revenue from conservancy cess was Rupees 8,306 short of that of the year 1884-85.

The heavy outstandings have always been a source of regret to the Municipality and it was thought that they were due to a faulty system of making recoveries. The Municipality has therefore modified the system but sufficient time has not yet elapsed to judge of the effects of the change.

The above remarks apply *Mutatis Mutandis* to the house tax also.

Appendix I is a statement showing the outstandings of the Municipal dues by years as they stood on the 31st of March 1886.

Appendix J gives the details of the assessments, collections and outstandings during the year under report.

With the revision of the octroi schedule a new source of income was created, viz., fees on the registration of the import and export trade of the City. Only the former is subjected to a small fee, the income from this fee has been Rupees 4,325 from the 16th September 1885 to the 31st March 1886. This amount very nearly makes up the fall in the total octroi revenue of the year from that of the year 1884-85.

There has been a satisfactory increase in the revenue from the sale of poudrette and rubbish. The income on account of this source amounted to Rupees 30,332 during the year under report as against Rupees 17,709 during the past year.

The increase in the items of revenue under the Educational heads is only apparent. The figures for 1884-85 being only for 4 months and those for 1885-86 for the whole year.

The remaining items of revenue do not require special notice.

The ratios which the different items of income bore to the total revenue is as follows. Comparison has been made of the ratios of the year under report with those of the previous year.

Items.	1884-85.			1885-86.		
	Amount.		Percent- age.	Amount.		Percent- age.
Octroi	1,26,560	3 9	49·24	1,21,843	8 4	47·85
House Tax	21,345	13 4	8·31	16,551	7 10	6·56
Wheel Tax	4,547	15 ...	1·77	4,949	1 ...	1·94
Conservancy Cess	25,053	9 11	9·64	16,747	6 5	6·57
Water-rate	15,123	10 ...	5·88	15,980	... 7	6·27
Fees and fines	2,672	... ..	1·04	2,765	2 3	1·08
Registration fee ... ..	...	... ..	...	4,325	3 8	1·69
Education	2,854	5 2	1·12	8,144	4 8	3·19
Miscellaneous	25,208	7 4	9·85	37,865	3 5	14·97
Debt (deposits &c)	33,707	15 8	13·15	25,429	7 8	9·98
	2,57,074	... 2	100	2,54,600	13 10	100

The following table compares the consumption during 1885-86, of principal duty-paying articles per head of population with the standard fixed by Government for Poona City and with the actuals of the year 1884-85.

ARTICLES.	Local standard.	Consumption during 1884-85.			Consumption during 1885-1886.		
		M.	S.	T.	M.	S.	T.
Grain	8½ Maunds.	10	17	32	9	11	9
Sugar refined	6½ to 7½ Seers	...	10	29	...	9	24
Do. unrefined... ..	18½ „	...	13	22	...	16	2
Ghee	3½ to 5 „	...	5	14	...	5	3
Oil and oil seeds	5½ „	...	7	9	...	11	23
Drugs, gums &c.	1½ to 1¼ Rs.	Rs. 3	A. 10	P. ..	Rs. 3	A. 2	A. 11
Tobacco... ..	5 Seers.	M. 9	S. 5	T. 67	M. ...	S. 5	T. 79
Cloth	5 to 7½ Rs.	Rs. 10	A. ...	P. 2	Rs. 10	A. 6	P. 5
Metals	1¼ to 2½ R.	3	14	8	3	12	11

There has been an excess in the consumption of refined sugar over the standard, but the excess is smaller in 1885-86, than in 1884-85. The excess in the consumption of unrefined sugar during 1885-86 has been greater than that of the year 1884-85. The total consumption of refined and unrefined sugar has not however exceeded the standard. The consumption of oil has considerably exceeded the standard. This is owing to Kerosine being included during the year under report. The consumption of drugs, tobacco, cloth and metals slightly vary from those of the year 1884-85. Generally they are however smaller.

Appendix K gives details of the gross imports, exports, and net imports of duty-paid articles according to classes and the amount of duty levied thereon, Figures of two preceding years are given for comparison. The table includes the imports within the whole circle of octroi including the City and Suburban Municipal areas and the Cantonment limits also.

Appendices L. and M. are statements of receipts and expenditure respectively of the Municipality from the date of its establishment to the end of the year 1885-86. In 1858-59, the income was Rupees 28,500, and in 1885-86, it was 2,29,171. In 1858-59, the expenditure was Rupees 20,605 and in 1885-86, it was Rupees 2,85,937. The difference between the receipts and expenditure of the year 1885-86, was made up with the accumulated balance of the previous years and was spent upon the New Market.

VIII. The Expenditure of the Municipality during the year under report was follows.

HEAD OF EXPENDITURE.		Expenditure 1884-85.		Expenditure 1885-86.		Increase.		Decrease.	
1 General Establishment.	(a) Office and Inspection Establishments,	15,798	3 3	16,844	10 10	1,051	7 7	...	...
	(b) Collection of Municipal Taxes including Octroi.	13,758	12 7	14,452	14 4	694	1 9	...	...
2 Public Safety.	(a) Fire	1,067	13 9	1,498	6 2	430	8 5	...	...
	(b) Lighting,	9,365	11 6	10,252	2 2	886	6 8	...	...
	(c) Police	448	...	...	...	...	...	448	...
3 Public Health.	(a) Registration of births and deaths	30	...	104	8 6	74	8 ...	...	...
	(b) Building and other works (Markets, latrines, animals)	47,102	5 2	64,996	12 6	17,894	7 4	...	...
	(c) Repairs to above	1,161	3 2	95	10 5	...	...	210	8 9
	(d) Maintenance of Medical Institutions	4,175	15 9	5,592	...	1,416	...	...	...
	(e) Vaccination	943	6 6	914	3 3	...	...	29	3 3
	(f) Water works ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 Original	14,787	12 6	13,568	4 5	...	...	1,219	8 1
	2 Repairs and Establishment	4,123	8 6	5,813	8 5	1,689	15 11	...	...
	(g) Road-watering (Establishment, repairs, and maintenance of carts.)	2,819	5 11	2,671	14 3	352	8 4	...	...
	(h) Road cleaning	14,190	15 7	18,491	9 7	...	...	699	6 ...
	(i) Conservancy ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 Establishment	46,427	3 ...	40,599	13 ...	172	10 ...	...	...
	2 Refund of over-assessment	88	15 ...	...	...	...	...	88	15 ...
3 Remission of cess	2,817	6 6	56	12 9	...	...	2,260	9 9	
(j) Drainage Works ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1 New drains	8,089	5 3	11,387	4 6	8,297	15 3	...	...
2 Establishment and repairs	6,666	2 ...	5,676	7 7	...	...	989	10 5	
(k) Other measures ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1 Market Establishment &c.	300	...	912	...	611	15 6	...	...
2 Public Gardens road-side trees &c.	350	12 8	843	10 10	491	14 2	...	...
3 Measures against cholera	832	18 1	7,306	15 7	6,474	8 6	...	...
4 Public Instruction,	5,542	9 9	17,490	15 8	11,948	12 11	...	...
5 Public conveniences.	(a) Public Works ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	1 Establishment	2,868	...	3,229	...	361	...	...	...
	2 Construction and maintenance of roads	20,481	4 1	27,121	12 3	6,640	8 2	...	...
	3 Other new works	301	7 2	744	13 10	443	6 8	...	...
	4 Other repairs	2,222	5 7	2,283	7 9	61	2 2	...	...
	(b) Survey of land ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	(c) Other charges, Law election, addresses &c.	5,605	3 5	11,183	1 5	5,527	14 ...	...	...
	6 Contribution to Local or provincial funds ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7 Debt	20,996	7 7	33,631	4 8	12,634	19 1	...	...
8 Miscellaneous ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		2,47,352	11 3	3,19,568	...	78,156	2 8	5,940	13 3

The charges on account of general establishment have been higher in the year under report than the previous year. The sanitary inspection establishment and the head office establishment have been strengthened by addition of new hands.

The apparent increase in the charges on account of collection establishment is only Rupees 694 but the actual is much higher. The whole of the establishment that used to be engaged for collecting assessed taxes has been abolished and a new scale of establishment has been entertained for trade registration costing about Rupees 185 a month.

The increased expenditure on account of measures against "fire" was owing to the damages that were caused to the engines and appliances at the great fire of the Fadke's Wada in Rawiwar Peth.

Appendix N. shows the number of fires that took place in the City, during the year 1885-86. There were 9 fires, and the estimated loss therefrom was about Rs. 50,348. The fire at Fadke's Wada, which was partly destroyed in October 1885 caused by itself a loss of about Rupees 50,000.

The origin of the fire is attributed to the storage of combustible materials in a portion of the Wada which was let for warehouses.

The charges on account of street lighting amounted to Rupees 10,252-2-2 of which Rs. 2,000-0-5 were on account of establishment (lamp lighters), Rupees 952-1-1 on account of new lamps and posts, Rupees 543-1-9 for repairs, and Rupees 6,756-14-11 on account of oil and lighting materials. There were 726 lamps on the 31st March 1885 and 41 were added during the year under report. The additions made in each Peth during the year under report and the oil &c. spent upon the lighting are shown in appendix O. on the 1st April 1886, there were 767 lamps in all.

There have been no charges on account of the Police during the year 1885-86.

The Municipality have adopted a plan of payment of half an anna for the report of every birth and a quarter of an anna for that of every death to the Municipal road-sweepers. These payments amounted to Rupees 104-8-6 during the year under report.

The by-law about the responsibility of house owners in the matter of reporting births and deaths is not yet properly obeyed. Until the Municipality engage a special agency to find out defaulters and place them before a Magistrate, the present disregard of the by-law will, it is feared, continue.

The plan, devised in 1884-85 and followed throughout in 1885-86 of payment to road-sweepers has however considerably improved the registration of these statistics. The following are the details of the year under report and the past two years.

Years.	Births.			Deaths.		
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1883	1024	923	1947	1403	1348	2751
1884	847	735	1582	1085	1096	2181
1885	1542	1383	2925	1829	1861	3690

Appendix P. shows births by Peths, and deaths by Peths and ages, during the years 1883-84, 1884-85 and 1885-86.

The expenditure on the new Market undertaken in 1882-83, has been Rupees 64,499—6—6 during the year under report. At the close of the year the progress of the work stood as follows.

	Sanctioned amount of revised estimate.	Expenditure up to 31st March 1886.	Amount to be spent.
Site	47,288	23,084	
Approaches..	25,730	25,731	
Buildings ..	178,392	115,544	
Total...	2,51,410	164,359	87,051

The 8 wings of the market were roofed in and the floor over the stalls in the centre octagon put on.

It need hardly be stated that the market has within the past 3 years been the principal work of improvement the Municipality have undertaken.

Although the market has absorbed the major part of surplus funds of the Municipality the work of providing improved surface drains has not been lost sight of nor have sewers been forgotten.

A trial section of Colonel Ducat's great drainage scheme has been undertaken. Pipes have been purchased and will be laid down in the next fair season. 615,2 running feet of pukka U shaped road side gutters have been built and 1432 running feet of urinal gutters have been built in nineteen by-lanes and corners of the streets. In 1884-85. 4,159 running feet of U gutters were built. It is practically found that of all forms of street urinals these guttes suit the habits of the people the best and cause the minimum of nuisance. A continuous current of water is let in each of these gutters to wash out the urine and keep it clean.

The Municipality have up to date built a total length of about 4½ miles of pukka built U gutters which not only carry the storm water of the city very effectually but temporarily serve the purposes of sewers and carry the waste water of public stand pipes and cisterns in localities where sewers do not exist.

The expenditure under this head has been as follows :—

On road side—U gutters	Rs. 5,260 0 0
On Colonel Ducat's trial Scheme	„ 1,783 7 3
On urinal gutters	„ 759 0 0
On Kacha gutters	„ 919 11 4
On repairs to drains and sewers	„ 2,665 1 11
On clearance of old drains and sewers	„ 5,676 7 1

Total Rs. 17063-12-1

The Municipality have established a third dispensary in Kasba Peth during the year under report. The following table shows the daily overage attendance at the three dispensaries during the year 1885-86.

Names of Dispensaries.	Males.	Females.	Children.	Total.
Shanwar Peth No. I ...	50.1	29.6	65.9	145.6
Nana's Peth No. II.....	43.8	34.9	83.3	162.0
Kasba Peth No. III..	44.5	22.5	57.3	124.3

The annual contribution of Rupees 1,200 was paid as usual to the Infirm Asylum. The number of inmates and the cost of their maintenance during the year 1885-86 have been as given in Appendix Q.

Two Vaccinators perform vaccination in the City. Cow lymph is principally used. 3,014 children were vaccinated during the year under report.

Little was done in the extension of water supply. Rupees 2,016 were spent in laying down the following mains.

Para.	Description of Pipes.	Diameter.	Length.	Cost.	
Shanwar ...	Water pipe near Kabutar Khana ...	2"	100	29	
Kasba ...	Ditto in Mal Ali... ..	1"	100	58	
Vetal ...	Ditto near Baudiwan Maruti ...	3"	800	373	
Bhowani...	Ditto to the Sapta Haud ...	2"	700	300	
Narayan ...	Stand pipe near Lakdipul ...	1"	500	120	
Ditto ...	Ditto near Mati Ganpati ...	1"	25	22	
Ditto ...	Ditto near Vitoba's Temple ...	1"	25	22	
Shanwar ...	Ditto in Tambekar's lane ...	1"	150	57	
Shukarwar ...	Ditto Near Bara Imam... ..	1"	98	83	
Ditto ...	Ditto near the new Market ...	3"	400	300	
Vetal ...	Ditto Chinal Balaji	1"	30	15	
Nibal ...	Ditto on the road to Bastin's Peth.	2"	500	318	
Kasba ...	Ditto in Trimbakeswar Temple...	1"	40	7	
Ditto ...	Ditto near Bahiroba's Temple ...	3"	200	216	
Rawiwar ...	Ditto in Guzri bazar	1"	125	52	
Ditto ...	Ditto in Lonar Ali	1"	25	15	
Somwar ...	Ditto in Nakipura	1"	40	29	
				Rs...	2,016

The supply of water has been adequate during the year under report.
Rupees 5,592 were spent on repairs to water works old and new.

The following table gives the quantity of water monthly drawn in 1885-86 from the Canal for which a payment of Rupees 10,810-9-6 was made to Government.

No.	Months.	Mains.			TOTAL.
		12"	9"	4"	
<i>Hot Season.</i>					
1	April	1,61,93,100	3,87,300	7,81,670	1,73,62,070
2	May	1,62,79,000	14,02,900	7,05,760	2,03,87,660
3	June	1,39,82,300	15,28,200	6,20,840	1,61,31,340
<i>Rainy Season.</i>					
4	July	1,31,85,300	33,77,700	1,18,606	1,66,81,606
4	August	1,79,73,300	59,46,000	4,65,174	2,43,84,474
6	September	1,64,03,800	40,39,800	10,16,200	2,14,59,800
7	October	1,65,18,400	"	8,12,960	1,73,31,360
<i>Cold Season.</i>					
8	November	1,67,65,800	"	10,16,200	1,77,82,000
9	December	1,36,33,900	"	8,12,960	1,44,46,860
10	January	1,82,01,200	"	8,12,960	1,90,14,160
11	February	1,54,07,800	"	10,16,200	1,64,24,000
<i>Hot Season.</i>					
12	March	1,70,94,500	"	7,53,980	1,78,48,480
		19,36,98,400	1,66,81,900	80,38,510	21,92,53,810

Average gallons per day—6,00,695.

Negotiations have been completed to purchase the Chavdhari's aqueduct and cisterns which of late have fallen into disuse.

The expenditure on street watering has amounted to Rupees 2671-14-3. Appendix R. shows the extent of watering done during the year under report. The principal roads are daily watered. The watering commenced on the 1st of April 1885, and closed on 22nd June 1885; it was again recommenced on

1st February 1886, and closed on 31st March 1886. There were 24 water carts on work and the cost of watering one mile of road 6 feet broad was 3 annas.

The city requires considerably more watering but other works which have been undertaken prevent the Municipality from increasing the grant for this purpose.

There have been no changes in the mode of conservancy and scavenging nor in the agency employed for this purpose. There are 150 road-sweepers who sweep 38 miles of roads daily and 16 miles of lanes every second or third day. There are 282 scavengers for removing solid excreta from private and public privies. There are 14 Bhistis for carrying away sullage from cess-pools in parts of the city where there are no drains. There are also two filth carts for removing the water from some of the public latrines. The number of house privies in use during the year under report was 7,040 and the number of public latrines as follows on 31st March 1886.

DESCRIPTION OF LATRINES.	No. of latrines.	No. of seats.
Open stone latrines	8	56
Tiled latrines Jabalpur Pattern	12	44
Corrugated iron latrines worked on dry earth system ...	34	176
Iron latrines, worked on water conservancy system ...	12	34
Total.....	66	310

The rubbish and night soil has as usual been converted into poudrette at a cost of Rupees 5,319-4-7 excluding the cost of conveyance by carts to the Depôt.

Cholera of an epidemical type broke out on 9th of December and continued up to 4th January 1886. Rupees 7,306-15-7 were spent on remedial and preventive measures. Appendix S, which is the Health Officer's report on the outbreak, gives all details.

Appendix T shows prosecutions for nuisances and breach of the Municipal law conducted before the Magistrate in 1885-86.

The expenditure on public instruction has been Rupees 17,490-15-8 of these Rupees 14,330-15-8 were spent on Municipal primary schools and Rupees 3,168 on grants to the following educational institutions.

1	High school for native girls	...	...	...	1,500
2	New English school	...	...	...	600
3	Native Institution	...	...	...	360
4	Native General Library	...	...	...	400
5	Museum	...	...	...	300

Total... 3,160

The following table shows the number of schools in Poona City together with pupils, and their attendance on the 31st of March 1886.

NAME OF SCHOOL OR COLLEGE	No. of pupils.	Average daily attendance.
<i>Higher Education.</i>		
Fergusson College	133	82.09
<i>Middle Class Education.</i>		
High School	615	529.30
New English School	986	776.43
Native Institution	502	426.88
Free Church Mission Institution	182	143.93
Training College... ..	143	109.72
High School for Native Girls	69	51.54
Female Training College	41	34.
<i>Primary Education.</i>		
Eight Marathi Municipal Primary Schools	1571	1378.59
Hindustani ditto School { Boys	86	} 92.
Girls	25	
Guzratti ditto ditto	33	27.6
Low cast ditto ditto { Boys	75	} 56.16
Girls	8	
Six ditto Girls' Schools	394	263.73
Practising School attached to the Training College	223	201.6
Ditto ditto attached to the Female Training College	95	60.
Mission Vernacular School for boys	224	153.24
Mission Vernacular School for girls	52	31.79
Bani Ismel Girl's School	71	33.61
7 Zenana Mission Schools for girls	402	254.
S. P. G. Mission Marathi School... ..	21	12.95
Native Marathi Vidyalaya	608	474.
Mahomedan Free Church Mission School { Boys	62	50.69
Girls	41	33.46
Dinbandhoo ditto Marathi School	99	58.89
Registered indigenous schools	773	583
Unregistered ditto	2,237	1,821

The administration report of the school Board as attached hereto, appendix U. gives all details concerning the Educational Section of Municipal administration.

Under public convenience Rupees 44,512-3-3 were spent during the year under report, the principal items are as follows.

Rupees 3760-1-6 were spent in the purchase of lands for road widening. Appendix V. shows the names of persons from whom the lands were purchased, and the money paid to each of them.

Rupees 23,361-10-9 were spent upon repairs of roads in the City, and Rupees 2,045-5-7 upon repairs of lanes and open spaces.

A steam road roller was purchased for Rupees 5,272-8-0 during the year under report.

Rupees 107 were spent on the purchase of Strychina for the destruction of stray dogs by the Police. The number of dogs destroyed was 1,136.

Elections of the Municipal Commissioners were held in the months of November and December last, the cost of the arrangements was Rupees 2,625-6-3.

Rupees 2,000 were paid to Government as a contribution by this Municipality under the High Way Act.

The important suit of compensation for the Khasgiwalla's garden taken for the new Market was brought to an end during the year under report. The whole cost to the Municipality for law charges including lawyers fees &c. amounted to Rs. 9,000-9-3. The compensation awarded to the owner of the garden amounted to Rupees 19,739-2.

This Municipality has contracted no loans.

IX. Municipal Balances—The balances of the Municipality have been on the opening day of the year under report Rupees 77,054-11-0 and on the closing day Rupees 12,087-8-2, the Municipality held deposits from contractors and others, on the opening day Rupees 21,524-9-2 and on the closing day Rupees 13,366-0-8, so that on the closing day of the year the Municipal accounts showed a deficit of Rs. 1,278-8-6.

X. Municipal property—On the 31st of March 1886, the Municipality owned the following property.

- 6 Small Meat Markets.
- 1 Ditto Vegetable Market.
- 1 Large Ditto (not complete).

The income from the 7 small markets in use has been Rs. 1205-12-6, during the year under report.

1 Low caste school-house and land attached. The latter yielded Rs. 492-8-0 during the year under report. Part of the ground was sold to the Municipality for Rs. 142-8-0 for making a road.

Besides the markets which are remunerative buildings, the Municipality possesses the following property.

- 1 Poudrette depot buildings.
- 1 Workshop.
- 1 Store-room.
- 9 Octroi chaokis tiled.
- 1 Ditto thatched.
- 2 Acqueduct chaokis, one at Katraj and the other in the City.
- 1 Filter and settling tanks.
- 2 Burial grounds.
- 8 Open stone latrines.
- 12 Tiled latrines.
- 46 Corrugated iron latrines.

Appendix W shows the value of dead stock at the close of the year under report.

XI. *Audit of Accounts*—No Government Officer examined the accounts of the Municipality during the year under report. Messrs. Moreswar Sakaram Chitnis and Balaji Khanderao Bopardikar acted as auditors during the year under report for a remuneration of Rs. 600. Their report is annexed as Appendix X.

XII. *Municipal wants*—The following are the principal wants of the city.

No.	NAME OF WORK.	Estimated cost.
1	Drainage for sullage water and storm water...	8,00,000
2	Town Hall and Municipal Offices ...	75,000
3	Widening of roads and bridges ...	40,000
4	Public park and re-erection ground ...	15,000
5	Central slaughter house ...	7,000
6	Carriage stands	10,000
	Total...	9,47,000

XIII. The following table shows the average income of the Municipality and the fixed and recurring charges and the probable savings that can be annually applied to new works of improvement.

RECEIPTS.		Estimated Amount.	EXPENDITURE.		Estimated Expenditure.
1	Octroi net income	1,20,000	1	Establishment	35,000
2	Conservancy cess	30,000	2	Fire	4,400
3	House tax	24,000	3	Lighting	12,000
4	Water rate	16,000	4	Repairs to markets	
5	Wheel Tax	4,500		Latrines, and other works	1,100
6	Trade registration fee	6,000	5	Dispensaries	5,600
7	Tax on music	1,500	6	Vaccination	1,000
8	Market rents	5,000	6	Water-supply	17,500
9	Sale of manure... ..	26,000	7	Street watering... ..	2,700
10	Fines under special Acts	2,000	8	Ditto cleaning	10,900
11	Primary Education	9,700	9	Scavenging	52,000
12	Other sources	3,000	10	Drainage works	12,000
		2,49,700	11	Education	32,000
			12	Repairs to roads	25,000
			13	Other measures	10,000
					2,11,200

It will be seen that about rupees 38,000 are available for new works of improvement annually.

Appendix Y is the Sanitary report of the year separately submitted to Government.

Poona is now growing into an industrial town of some magnitude.

The report on the development of trades and industries for the past year attached hereto as appendix Z may be found interesting.

The result of the last years administration was on the whole satisfactory.

The following gentlemen served on the Managing Committee during the year under report.

From 1st April 1885 to 31st January 1886.

Khan Bahadur Dorabji Pudumji, A. H. Plunkett Esquire, Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi, Rao Saheb M. N. Bhat, Rao Saheb K. V. Mudliar, Rao Saheb T. N. Rajmachikar, Rao Saheb N. V. Chatre.

From 1st February to 31st March 1886.

Rao Bahadur M. M. Kunte, A. H. Plunkett Esquire, Khan Saheb R. E. Kanga, Khan Saheb Framji Dorabji, Rao Saheb R. D. Nagarkar, Rao Saheb M. N. Bhat, Rao Saheb K. G. Natu.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The most noticeable features of the administration of the past year have been.

- 1 The revision of the octroi schedule and refund rules.
- 2 The revision of establishment and the organization of departments.
- 3 The alteration in the mode of payment of Municipal rates.
- 4 The election and consequent change in the constitution of the Municipality.

The revision of the octroi schedule has commenced to show beneficial results and there is now ground to hope the anticipation in this respect will be fulfilled. The consumption of articles assimilates more to the Government standard. The difficulties experienced by tradesmen in the matter of recovering refunds have been lessened by the removal of duty on metals and raw sugar in which articles there is a considerable trade in Poona. The rules of refund have been made more liberal.

The revision of establishment and the formation of departments has improved the administration but it has naturally increased clerical work in all the offices which is consequent to all decentralization schemes.

What effect the change in the mode of payment of taxes has made is yet to be known.

It is satisfactory to note that the interest evinced by the public in the recent elections was very keen.

Poona was favored by Government with special concessions in the matters of the constitution of its Municipality. Poona is the only town in the Presidency in which the proportion of elected to nominated members has been more than one half and in which the President is elected.

There are now 20 elected and 10 nominated members in Poona. In the elections a position has been given to the intelligent classes by granting them the special right of electing 4 representatives of their own, independent of the 16 that are allowed to be elected by the rate payers. The President has also been allowed to be elected by the Municipal Commissioners.

In concluding the report for the past year I take the opportunity to acknowledge the services rendered by Mr. Plunkett, who has always been ready to give the benefit of his large and varied experience to the Managing Committee and the Municipality.

Of the Officers of the Municipality it is satisfactory to note that they have uniformly shown a desire to act up to the wishes of the Gentlemen acting on the Managing Committee.

DORABJI PADAMJI,

President Municipality,

Poona.

**LIST OF APPENDICES TO ACCOMPANY THE ADMINISTRATION
REPORT OF THE POONA MUNICIPALITY FOR
THE YEAR 1885-86.**

- A.** Statement showing number of meetings of the General Committee held in 1885-86 and 3 previous years ; and the average attendance thereat.
- B.** Do. Do. Do. Do.
of the Managing Committee held during each month of the year 1885-86.
- C.** Statement showing the attendance of each Municipal Commissioner at General meetings.
- D.** Do. Do. Do. Do.
each member of the Managing Committee at the meetings 1885.
- E.** Government Resolution on the Municipal Franchise of Poona City.
- F.** Report on the elections of 1885.
- G.** Revised octroi Schedule and refund rules sanctioned by Government in August 1885 and introduced from the 16th September 1885.
- H.** Statements showing the Sub-Committee appointed during the year 1885-86.
- I.** Statement of outstandings of assessed taxes on the 31st March 1886.
- J.** Do. of assessments, collections, and outstandings of the year 1885-86.
- K.** Statement showing imports, exports and consumption of duty paid articles and the amount of duty levied on them during the year 1885-86.
- L.** Statement showing receipts of the Municipality by years from its establishment in 1858-59 to the end of 1885-86.
- M.** Do. Do. Do. expenditure
from its establishment in 1858-59 to the end of 1885-86.
- N.** Statement showing fires that took place in the City in 1885-86.
- O.** Statement showing details of lighting streets during the year 1885-86.
- P.—a.** Statement showing births by peths during the three years 1883-84 to 1885-6.
- P.—b.** Ditto. Ditto. of deaths by Peths Ditto.
- P.—c.** Ditto. Ditto. of deaths by ages Ditto.
- Q.** Statement showing the Inmates of the Infirm asylum and the cost of their maintenance during the year 1885-86.
- R.** Do. Do. showing the extent of street watering performed during the year 1885-86.
- S.** Report on the outbreak of cholera during the year 1885-86.
- T.** Statement of prosecutions conducted before the Magistrate for breach of Municipal law and rules.
- U.** Administration report of the School-Board for the year 1885-86.
- V.** Statement of lands purchased for street widening during the year 1885-86.
- W.** Statement showing value of dead stock of the Municipality on the 31st March 1886.
- X.** Report on the audit of Municipal accounts for the year 1885-86.
- Y.** Sanitary report of the Municipality for 1885-86.
- Z.** Report on the development of trades and industries in Poona City.

Poona Municipal office, -

1st November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary. P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY
APPENDIX A TO ADMINISTRATION REPORT
FOR THE YEAR 1885-86

STATEMENT—Showing the number of meetings of the General Committee held during the past 3 years.

Months.	1883-84						1884-85						1885-86						REMARKS.						
	Number of meetings			Members present			Average attendance			Number of meetings			Members present			Average attendance									
	Ex: Office	Nominated	Elected	Ex: Office	Nominated	Elected	Ex: Office	Nominated	Elected	Ex: Office	Nominated	Elected	Ex: Office	Nominated	Elected	Ex: Office	Nominated	Elected							
1	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28			
1885																									
April.	1	6	16	0				2	10	10	16														Cases decided in 1882-83-84
May.	0	0	0	0				0	0	0	0														1883-84-85
June.	1	9	6	10				0	0	0	0														1884-85-85
July.	3	20	17	25				0	0	0	0														1885-86-122
August.	2	11	12	11				1	5	4	6														
September.	1	6	5	12				1	4	5	7														
October.	1	4	4	9				1	9	11	19														
November.	1	5	4	7				1	3	5	7														
December.	2	11	7	20				0	0	0	0														
1886																									
January.	1	7	5	5				3	15	14	24														
February.	1	1	5	8				3	3	9	24														
March.	0	0	0	0				5	9	15	38														
	14	30	81	107	57	57	76	18	58	73	143	32	47	92	135	94	180	164	44	83					

In 1882-83 the number of Municipal Commissioners was 36
 In 1883-84 up to May Ditto. 36
 Ditto. from June to the end of March Do. 28
 In 1884-85 Ditto. 28
 In 1885-86. Ditto.
 From 1st April 1885 to 31st January 1886 28
 Ditto 1st Feb. 1886 to 31st March 1886 30
 The new constitution consisting of 10 nominated and 20 elected Commissioners came into office on 1st February 1886.

Poona Municipal Office,
1st November 1886.

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,
Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix B. to Administration Report for the year 1885-86

Statement showing the number of meetings of the Managing Committee of the Poona Municipality held during the past 3 years.

Months.	1883-84.							1884-85.							1885-86.							Remarks.
	Number of Meetings.							Number of Meetings.							Number of Meetings.							
	Ex-Officio.		Nominated.		In Meeting.		Average Attendance.	Ex-Officio.		Nominated.		In Meeting.		Average Attendance.	Ex-Officio.		Nominated.		In Meeting.		Average Attendance.	
	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.	Members present.	Cases decided.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
April	0	0	0	0	49	9	0	1	6	21	69	0	46	7	3	6	26	98	8	5	1	
May	1	2	2	21	66	4	2	0	8	78	9	4	5	3	8	11	181	8	4	2		
June	0	0	0	0	68	0	6	4	26	121	37	5	6	4	8	19	141	19	4			
July	6	29	5	28	0	5	6	8	21	102	65	6	4	3	4	10	92	28	4	1		
August ..	7	29	7	89	2	5	14	5	18	89	24	8	6	3	6	17	141	0	4	2		
September	7	23	5	156	1	6	3	4	14	47	8	5	2	2	1	8	106	0	4			
October ...	6	21	4	94	1	5	2	3	24	85	12	4	7	5	0	15	112	78	4			
November	5	16	4	28	25	4	7	3	20	80	4	5	6	3	5	17	50	14	4	1		
December	4	16	2	74	10	4	25	6	2	26	115	5	5	4	4	10	144	5	4	2		
January..	4	17	1	59	15	4	5	3	4	16	65	0	4	7	4	21	205	19	4	2		
February..	4	19	0	49	2	4	75	9	0	25	99	0	5	9	1	11	44	189	0	6		
March .	9	21	9	85	1	4	4	7	3	24	119	0	4	7	1	8	82	128	1	5	8	
Total ...	51	210	37	797	245	4	74	69	34	53	263	1067	64	5	27	32	62	232	149	61	4	3

New constitution came into office from the 1st of February 1886.

Poona Municipal Office

MURSO RAMCHANDRA.
Secretary P. M.

1st November 1886

POONA

Appendix C to Administration
 STATEMENT showing attendance of the Municipal Commissioners at
 held during the year 1885-86

No.	Names.	Total number of meetings present.	Total number of meetings absent.	Remarks	
	<i>President.</i>				
1	The Collector of the District	2	13	These Commissioners were in office from 1st April 1885 to 31st January 1886 (10 months).	
	<i>Nominated Members</i>				
2	The Asst. Collector in charge Haveli Taluka...	3	14		
3	The District Superintendent of police .....	.....	17	
4	The City Magistrate	15	2		
5	The Civil Surgeon .....	.....	17	
6	The Executive Engineer	1	16		
7	The Mamlatdar of the city	2	14		
8	The Police Inspector	3	14		
9	The Deputy Educational Inspector	8	9		
10	The Hon'ble R. B. K V Raste	9	8		
11	Rao Sahab G V Sauglikar	11	6		
12	Rao Bahadur D N Nagarkar .....	.....	17	
13	Rao Sahab Dr. V B Ghole	15	2		
14	Khan Sahab H Zenul Abedin.....	13	4		
15	Khan Bahadur Dorabji Padumjee	17	.....	
16	Khan Bahadur D H Jamesji .....	.....	17	
	<i>Elected Members.</i>				
17	Rao Sahab M N Bhat	17	.....	
18	Rao Sahab K P Gadgil.....	8	9		
19	Rao Sahab T N Rajmasbikar.....	3	14		
20	Rao Sahab N V Chatre .....	.....	17	
21	Rao Sahab Dr. B A Chobhe.....	8	9		
22	Rao Sahab D. S. Nagparker	11	6		
23	Rao Sahab M B Namjoshi	17	.....	
24	Rao Sahab Hari Rowji Chiplonkar	4	13		
25	Rao Sahab Babajee Rangasath	10	7		
26	Rao Sahab K V Mudliar	15	2		
27	Rao Sahab M K Mudliar	13	4		
28	Rao Sahab Balmukund Hisdumal	8	9		

Poona Municipal Office
 1st November 1886.

MUNICIPALITY,

report for the year 1885-86.
the meetings of General Committees

No.	Names.	Total number of meetings present.	Total number of meetings absent.	Remarks.	
<i>President.</i>					
1	Khan Bahadur Doraji Pedamji.....	4	These Commissioners came in office from 1st of February 1886 to 31st March 1886.	
<i>Elected Members.</i>					
2	Rao Sahab M N Bha:	4	.....	
3	Ra Sahab K G Nata.....	4	.....	
4	Rao Sahab D M Gole	4	.....	
5	Rao Sahab Pandurang Basha:	4	.....	
6	Rao Sahab Bhicaji Amrat	3	1		
7	Rao Sahab Krishnaji Balal Fatak	4	.....	
8	Rao Sahab R D Nagar:	4	.....	
9	Rao Sahab Balmukund Hindumal	2	2		
10	Khan Sahab Framji Doraji Ghaswala	4	.....	
11	Rao Sahab Venkates Ramohandra.....	3	1		
12	Rao Bahadur K L Nulkar.....	3	1		
13	Rao Sahab M B Namjoshi	4	.....	
14	Rao Sahab Ramnarayan Amroband	3	1		
15	Khan Sahab Hakim Zenula-Abedis.....	3	1		
16	Rao Sahab K V Mudliar	3	1		
17	Rao Sahab M K Mudliar.....	2	2		
18	Rao Sahab D V Gokhle.....	3	1		
19	Rao Sahab M S Gole M A.....	4	.....	
20	Rao Bahadur M M Kunte B A.....	4	.....	
21	Rao Sahab T N Rajmashikar	1	.....	
<i>Nominated Members.</i>					
22	Major S Babington District. Supt. of Police ...	0	4		
23	P O H Snow Esq Asst Collector.....	1	3		
24	A H Plunkett Esq City Magistrate.....	4	.....	
25	Khan Sahab B E Kanga Mamladar of Haveli.	4	.....	
26	Rao Sahab V B Ghole Asst Surgeon.....	4	.....	
27	The Honorable Rao Bahadur K V Baste	2	2		
28	Rao Sahab K P Gadgil.....	2	.....	
29	Rao Bahadur Narayan Bhai Dandekar.....	4	.....	
30	Rao Sahab Asant Ramsing.....	4	.....	

NURSO RAMCHANDRA
Secretary P. M. C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix "D" to Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

Statement showing the attendance of the Members of the Managing Committee of the Poona Municipality during the year 1885-86

April to the end of January 1886 (10 months)

No.	NAMES OF MEMBERS.	Total No. of meetings	Present	Absent	
1	Khan Bahadur Dorebji Padumji	51	43	8	
2	A. H. Pluckett, Esq.	51	32	19	
3	Rao Sahab M B Namjoshi	51	51	...	
4	" M. N. Bhat	51	42	9	
5	" K. V. Madhar.....	51	44	7	
6	" T. N. B Jmaslikar	51	5	46	
7	" N. V. Chatre.....	51	4	47	Transferred to Colaba

From February to the end of March 1886.

(2 months, new Constitution)

No.	NAMES OF MEMBERS	Total No. of Meetings	Present	Absent	
1	Khan Bahadur M. M. Kunte	15	15	0	
2	A. H. Pluckett Esq.	15	6	9	
3	Rao Sahab B. D. Nagarkar	15	13	2	
4	Khan Sahab R. B. Kanga	15	13	2	
5	Khan Sahab Framji Dora'ji	15	13	2	
6	Rao Sahab M. N. Bhat	15	15	0	
7	Rao Sahab K. G. Na'w	15	15	0	

Poona Municipal Office
3rd Octobe. 1886

NARSO RAMCHANDRA
Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix E to Administration Report for the year 1885-86

Municipal Elections : Poona.

No 2374.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 26th June 1885.

Letter from the Secretaries, Poona Sarvajanic Sabha, No. 45, dated 11th April 1885—Submitting, with reference to Government Resolution No. 764, dated 2nd March 1885 the views of the Sabha on the subject of the constitution of the Poona Municipal Board; and requesting that, for the reasons stated, Government will be pleased to reconsider and grant the proposals submitted by the Poona Municipality in February last.

Memorandum from the Acting Collector of Poona, No. 3222, dated 25th April 1885—Furnishing in reply to Government memorandum No. 1298, dated 17th March, the following information:—

- (a) Number of voters in the Poona City Municipality under a 5 rupees direct municipal taxation franchise 2,596
- (b) do do do 2 rupees do 3,166

Memorandum from the Commissioner, C. D., No. P.—801, dated 29th April 1885—Submitting, with his remarks and those of the Collector of Poona, a letter from the Chairman Poona Municipality, who submits with reference to Government Resolution No. 764 dated 2nd March 1885, for the reconsideration of Government, the representations of the Municipality regarding the constitution of the Municipal Board and the appointment of a President.

RESOLUTION.—Having regard to the existence in Poona of a very large and intelligent class of educated native gentlemen, who have already shown great interest in municipal administration and in the promotion of education, the Governor in Council is willing to give a greater extension to the elective element in Poona than has been thought desirable for the present in other Municipalities. He has therefore resolved that the Municipality of Poona shall consist of 30 members, inclusive of the President, of whom 20 shall be elective and 10 nominated Commissioners; and he is also pleased to direct that the President shall be elected by the Municipality.

2. Of the 20 elected Commissioners, 4 will be elected by the following classes of voters, the election being general, and not by wards, and each person belonging to any of such classes being entitled to one vote in such election:—

- (a) Fellows of any University.
- (b) Barristers-at-Law or Advocates of the High Court.
- (c) Graduates of any University.
- (d) Pleaders holding a sanad from the High Court.
- (e) Jurors.
- (f) Honorary Magistrate.
- (g) Licentiate of Medicine, Surgery or Civil Engineering.
- (h) Persons upon whom the title of Rao Bahadur, "Khan Bahadur," "Rao Sahab" or Khan Sahab has been conferred by the British Government
- (i) Persons whose names are entered in the latest list of Sardars published under the authority of government.
- (j) Servants of Government or of any public body or of any corporation or of any company registered under the Indian Companies Act whose salary is not less than Rs. 30 per mensem.
- (k) Persons in receipt of a pension of not less than Rs. 15 per mensem from Government or from any public body or corporation or company registered as aforesaid.
- (l) Masters of departmental and registered schools.
- (m) Conciliators.

3. The remaining 16 elected members will be elected by the following classes of voters, and the election will be by wards:—

- (n) Assessors,
- (o) Persons paying direct municipal taxes of an amount not less than Rs. 3 per annum.
- (p) Persons paying License Tax.

4. Any person belonging to any of the classes mentioned in paragraph 2, who is also qualified under paragraph 3, may vote in respect of the latter qualification under the general rules. So much of Rule 5 of the general rules as provides that "no person shall be entitled to more than one vote, although he be qualified under two or more of the tests of qualification prescribed" is to this extent modified.

5. In addition to the list to be prepared under Rule 3 of the general rules the officer therein mentioned will prepare a list of persons qualified to vote under paragraph 2 of this Resolution. Such list will be published in the manner prescribed in Rule 4, and will be subject to correction in the manner prescribed by Rule 7.

6. His Excellency in Council will watch with great interest the results of this experiment in popular self-government and he trusts that its success will at the expiration of the term of office of the Commissioners now appointed justify him in maintaining the constitution of the Poona Municipality.

7. The Collector should be requested to report what re-adjustment of wards will be necessary with a view to the election of 16 members for wards.

8. The rules for the Poona Municipality should then be provisionally published in the *Bombay Government Gazette*. The Collector should be requested to report within a month from the date of the publication of the rules on what dates he would propose that the elections under the new rules should be held in the Municipal District of Poona, and that the newly constituted body of Commissioners should commence its term of office.

(Signed) JOHN NUGENT,

Secretary to Government.

To

The Commissioner, C. D.;

The Collector of Poona.

The Secretary, Poona Sarvajanik Sabha (by letter).

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix F to administration Report for the year 1885-86

No. 1932 of 1885.

To

The Collector and President,

Municipality

Poona.

Poona Municipal Office,

7th December 1885.

Sir,

I have the honor to submit the following report on the recent elections of the Municipal Commissioners of this city.

The ward elections were held on the 16th November 1885 and the following was the result declared by the General Committee on the 18th Idem.

Number and name of Ward.	Names of gentlemen declared to be elected and their position in life.
1 Narayee Peth	Rao Sahab Moreshwar Narayee Bhat, Money lender and landed proprietor
2 Sadaahiv Peth	Mr. Kasbinath Govind Natu, District Pleader.
3 Shanwar Peth	Mr Damodhar Moreshwar Gole, Inamdar and Sirdar.
4 Rudhwar Peth	Mr Paodurang Baobaji, District Pleader.
5 Part of Kasba Peth	Rao Sahab Dr Bhicaji Amrit, Asstt Surgeon and Professor Government Medical class.
6 Ditto	Mr Krishnaji Balal Fatak, Clerk of the District Court.
7 Part of Raviwar Peth ...	Rao Sahab Hari Raoje Ohiplucker Landlord and moneylender.
8 Ditto	Rao Sahab Balmukund Hindumal Merchant in silk and lace cloth.
9 Ganesh Peth	Mr Framji Dorabje Ghaswala, Contractor and landlord.
10 Part of Shakrawar Peth	Mr Veekatrao Ramchandra, Govt Pleader and Public Prosecutor
11 Ditto	Rao Bahadar Krishnaji Laxman Nulkar, Late Dewan Kutch;
12 Vetal Peth	Rao Sahab Mahadeo Balal Namjoshi, Master new English School.
13 Ghorpadi, Gaej and Masafarjung Peths	Mr Ramnarayan Amarohead, Merchant and partner of No 8
14 Bhawani and Nanas Peths	Khan Sahab Hakim Zouul Abedin, Native Doctor and Pensioner.
15 Restee and Nyhal Peths	Rao Sahab Kupuswami V Mudliar, Landlord and money lender.
16 Somwar Mangalwar and Gadethal Peths.....	Rao Sahab Mudakrishna Mudliar, Landlord and money lender.

3 The General elections were held on the 1st instant and the result was declared by the General Committee on the 6th instant as follows.

No.	Names of Gentlemen declared to be elected and their position in life.
1	Mr. Damodhar Vidyadhar Gokhle, District Pleader and Assistant Public Prosecutor
2	Mr. Mahadeo Shivram Gole Professor Fergusson College Poona.....
3	Mr. Mahadeo Moreshwar Kuste, Head Master Government High School Poona.....
4	Rao Sahab Trimbakrao Narayee Rajmabikar Inamdar and Sirdar.....

4 The following were the Candidates for the Ward elections and the figures against their names show the number of votes polled by each ; three of them Nos. 17, 18 and 23, had stood candidates each for two wards,

Serial No of Candidate	Number and Name of Ward	Names of Candidates	Votes polled by each
1	1 Narayan Peth	1 Rao Sahab Moreswar Narayan Bhat	93
2		2 Mr Mahadeo Shiwram Gole.....	68
3		3 Mr Wasudeo Laxman Athole	19
4	2 Sadashive Peth	1 Mr Kashinath Govind Natu	203
5		2 Mr Ramchandra Kesheo Limays	91
6	3 Shanwar Peth	1 Mr Damodhar Moreswar Gole	121
7		2 Rao Sahab Trimbakrao Narayan Rajmasbikar	92
8	4 Budhwar Peth.	1 Mr Pandurang Sachaji	114
9		2 Mr Kesheo Pandurang Godbole	74
10		3 Mr Vishnu Narayan Apte.....	48
11	5 Part of Kasba.	1 Rao Sahab Shicaji Amrut	189
12		1 Mr Krishnaji Balal Falak	118
13	6 Ditto ...	2 Mr Sadashiv Baghunath Medatker	22
14		3 Mr Hari Ramchandra Dhamdhar	11
15		1 Rao Sahab Hari Raoji Obiplonker	149
16	7 Part of Raviwar Peth ...	2 Mr Baghunath Daji Nagarker	148
17		1 Rao Sahab Balmukund Hindumal	135
18	9 Ganesh Peth...	2 Ditto Mahadeo Balal Namjoshi.....	2
19		1 Mr Framji Derabji Ghaswala	112
20		2 Rao Sahab Babaji Bangnath	43
21	10 Part of Shakra-war ...	1 Mr Venkatrao Ramchandra	114
22		2 Rao Sahab Daji Shripat Nagpurkar.....	61
23		1 Rao Bahadur Krishnaji Laxman.....	210
24	11 Ditto ...	2 Mr Mahadeo Moreswar Kunte	97
25		3 Rao Sahab Daji Shripat Nagpurkar	0
26		1 Rao Sahab Mahadeo Balal Namjoshi	170
27	12 Vetal Peth ...	2 Mr Ramji Baghnath Bari	109
28		1 Mr Ramnarayan Amarchand	210
29	13 Gorpadi Ganj Musefor Jang Peths ...	2 Mr Bapurao Waman Lale	0
30		3 Rao Sahab Balmakund Hindumal	1
31	14 Bhawani Nanas Peths ...	1 Khan Sahab Hakim Zannul Abedin	210
32		2 Mr Vishva Narayan Lale.....	0
33	15 Raste's and Nahal Peth ...	1 Rao Sahab Kapuswami Viziarungum Mudliar	111
34	16 Somwar Mangalwar Gadetail Peths ...	1 Ditto Mndu Krishna Mudliar	113
35		2 Mr Dhanaji Moroba Patange	78

5 The following were the candidates for the General elections. The figures against their names show the number of votes polled by each. Three of these (No. 2,3,4) had stood candidates at the ward elections also.

No.	Names of Candidates.	Votes polled by each.
1	Mr. Damodhar Vidyadhar Gokhle	453
2	Mr. Mahadeo Shivram Gole	390
3	Mr. Mahadeo Moreshwar Kunte	369
4	Rao Sahab Trimbakrao Narayan Rajmaobikar	335
5	Rao Sahab Dr. Vishram Ramji Ghole.....	332
6	Mr. Shanker Raoji Gandhi.....	227
7	Mr. Vishnu Laxman Barve	303
8	Mr. Gangaram Bhan Mhaste	192
9	Rao Sahab Kashinath Parsharam Gadgil	78
10	Mr. Bapurao Narayan Natskar	17
11	Mr. Ramchandra Sakharan Gupta	16
12	Mr. Yeshwant Nagesh Banade	15
13	Mr. Narayan V. Chatre	10
14	Mr. Govind Mahadeo Gadre	0
15	Mr. Venkatesh Govind Lole	0
16	Mr. Keshav Pandurang Godbole	Resigned.

6 Of the 20 gentlemen elected 11 were already Members of the Municipality and 9 had been at one time or other Members of the Board. The remaining 9 had no connection with the Municipality until now.

7 Five of the twenty are Government Officers, two are pensioners, two are pleaders. Six are Saekars and landlords, two are merchants, one is a contractor and landlord and two are connected with the Deccan Education Society, the Fergusson College, and a local press and paper.

8 The following table shows the total number of votes in each ward, the possible number that could have voted after deducting the absentees minors &c., the number of those who actually voted, and the percentage of the last to the total and possible number.

No.	Name of Ward.	Total number of voters in each ward.	Possible number of voters.	Number of voters who actually voted.	Percentage of 3 to 1.	Percentage of 3 to 2.
		1	2	3	4	5
<i>Ward Election.</i>						
1	Narayan Peth	254	200	180	71	90
2	Sadasiv Peth	456	350	224	49	64
3	Shanwar Peth	373	300	213	57	70
4	Budhwar Peth	344	270	236	69	87
5	Part of Kasba Peth	380	300	189	50	60
6	Ditto ditto	281	250	151	54	60
7	Part of Raviwar Peth.....	455	350	297	65	85
8	Ditto ditto	446	350	137	31	39
9	Ganesh Peth	203	170	155	76	90
10	Part of Shukarwar Peth.....	314	260	175	66	67
11	Ditto ditto	506	400	307	61	70
12	Vetal Peth.....	382	300	279	73	93
13	Gborgadi, Gaoj and Musafarjang Peths.	257	220	211	82	91
14	Bhawani and Nann's Peths	541	430	210	39	50
15	Raste's and Nyahal Peths.....	393	300	111	28	37
16	Somwar, Mangalwar and Gadethal Peths.	288	250	191	66	76
Total.....		5,873	4,700	3,266	56	69
General Election.....		1,099	900	704	64	78
Grand Total.....		6,972	5,600	3,970	57	71

I have the honor to be
 Sir
 Your most obedient servant,
 (Signed) DORABJI PADAMJI,
 Chairman P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.
APPENDIX G. TO ADMINISTRATION REPORT
FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

Scale of octroi duties to be levied on the following articles imported into Poona for sale or consumption as passed by the General Committee of the Poona Municipality on the 15 May 1885, and sanctioned by Government in their Resolution No. 3190 dated 22nd August 1885, General Department:—

Number.	Name of Article.	Per Gada or Bandi.	Per Cart with 2 bullocks.	Every other Cart or Camel.	Per Bullock, Buffalo, Mule, or Tattol load.	Per Donkey load.	Per Head load.	Per Mairnd of 82 lb avoirdupois.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	CLASS I.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.	Rs. a p.
	<i>Articles of food for men and animals.</i>							
	<i>Grain.</i>							
1	Rice in husk							
2	Bajri							
3	Jowari.....							
4	Sathu or country Barley							
5	Matki							
6	Turi and Tur dal							
7	Mug and Mug dal.....							
8	Urid and Urid dal.....							
9	Til (Sweet Sesamum)	1 4 0	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 2 0	0 1 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 8
10	Kulith (Vetch)							
11	Rajgira							
12	Peas.....							
13	Indian corn seed							
14	Nachni							
15	Wari, cleaned of husk or uncleaned							
16	Jawas (Linseed).....							
17	Poppy seed.....							
18	Miscellaneous food grains.....							
19	Rice husked							
20	Wheat.....	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 2 6 0	0 1 6 0	0 0 6 0	0 0 9
21	Gram and Gram dal							
	<i>Groceries.</i>							
22	Ground nuts in husk.....	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 2 6 0	0 1 6 0	0 1 6 0	0 0 9
23	Cocoanut.....							
24	Ground nuts cleaned of husk.....	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0 0	0 2 0 0	0 2 0 0	0 1 0
25	Dried fruit and fruit cakes							
26	Khobra							
27	Betel nuts							
28	Arrow root.....							
29	Sago	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 6 0 0	0 4 0 0	0 4 0 0	0 2 0
30	Tapioca							
31	Dates dry and fresh							
32	Currants and raisins							
33	Almonds.....							
34	Sugar candy							
35	Sugar	6 0 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	0 9 0 0	0 6 0 0	0 6 0 0	0 3 0
36	Dried milk							
37	Butter.....							
38	Ghee							
39	Tea	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0 0	0 8 0 0	0 8 0 0	0 4 0
40	Coffee							
41	Preserves and condiments							
42	Oil man's stores and preserved provisions of all kinds	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0 0	0 8 0 0	0 8 0 0	0 4 0
	<i>Fruits and Vegetables.</i>							
43	Vegetables of kinds	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 0 9 0	0 0 6 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 3
44	Chillies green.....							
45	Tamarind.....							
46	Fruits of kinds	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 3 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 9 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 4
47	Sugar cane.....							
48	Indian corn	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0 0	0 2 0 0	0 2 0 0	0 1 0
49	Betel leaves	3 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 4 6 0	0 3 0 0	0 3 0 0	0 1 6
50	Fish fresh or dry, shrimps							

Number.	Name of Article.	Per Gada or Handi.	Per Cart with 2 bullocks.	Every other Cart or Camel.	Per Bullock, Buffalo, Mule or Tattto load.	Per Donkey load.	Per Head load.	Per Maund of 82 lb. avoirdupois.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	<i>Food for animals.</i>	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
51	Dry grass							
52	Kadbi, and green fodder							
53	Konda and Kardi shells							
54	Oil cake of sorts	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 0 8	0 0 6	0 0 0	0 0 3
55	Cotton seed							
56	Gram dust							
57	Hemp seed	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 6
58	Oats	1 4 0	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 2 0	0 1 3	0 0 0	0 0 3
	CLASS II. <i>(Animals for slaughter)</i>							
	CLASS III. <i>Articles of fuel, Lighting and washing.</i>							
	Fuel.							
59	Fire wood							
60	Charcoal							
61	Coke and coal	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 0 8	0 0 6	0 0 0	0 0 3
	<i>Articles of lighting (oil and oil seeds).</i>							
62	Safflower or Kurdi seed	1 4 0	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 2 0	0 1 3	0 0 0	0 0 3
63	Karñ seed							
64	Kerosine and other mineral oils	3 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 4 6	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 1 6
65	Oil of sorts	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
66	Matche (lucifer)							
67	Candles	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
	<i>Articles of washing.</i>							
68	Shikekai	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 6
69	Soap	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
	CLASS IV. <i>Building materials.</i>							
70	Burnt bricks and tiles							
71	Cut stones and other building stones	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 0 4	0 0 3	0 0 0	0 0 1
72	Lime and Lime stone							
73	Karvis	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 0 8	0 0 6	0 0 0	0 0 3
74	Bamboos of kinds, and split bamboos	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 3 0	0 1 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 4
75	Bamboo and other mats							
76	Jungle wood rafters 18 nches diameter and under and scantlings of 5 inches and under	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 3 0	0 1 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 4
77	Jungle wood beams and planks and scantlings above 5 inches and rafters above 18 inches diameter							
78	Teak wood rafters of 18 inches diameter and scantlings of 5 inches and under	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
79	Teak wood logs above 18 inches diameter and scantlings above 5 inches and planks							
80	Tar and dammar	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
81	Square logs and scantlings of all kinds	3 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 4 6	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 1 6
82	Paints and varnishes							
	CLASS V. <i>Drugs, spices, gums, and perfumes</i>							
	<i>Drugs.</i>							
83	Ginger green	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 6

Number.	Name of Articles.	Per Gads or Bandi.	Per Cart with 2 bullocks.	Every other Cart or Camel.	Per Bullock, Buffalo, Mule, or Tattu load.	Per Donkey load.	Per Head load.	Per Maund of 82 lb. avoirdupois.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
84	Dry ginger.....							
85	Sulphur							
86	Saltpetre.....							
87	Alum	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
88	Sulphate of Iron.....							
89	Soda							
90	Salamoniac.....							
91	Borax	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
92	Sulphuric acid	16 0 0	8 0 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 6 0	0 8 0
	<i>Spices.</i>							
93	Garlic	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 1 6 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 6
94	Muster seed							
95	Methi	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 2 6 0	0 1 6 0	0 0 0	0 0 9
96	Coriander seed							
97	Chillies	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
98	Turmeric.....	3 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 4 6 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 1 6
99	Jire or cumminseed	4 9 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
100	Pepper.....							
101	Cinnamon	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
102	Cloves.....							
103	Cardamoms.....							
104	Nut megs	16 0 0	8 0 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0
105	Mace							
106	Assafoetida.....							
	<i>Gums.</i>							
107	Gums of sorts							
108	Ral (Resin).....	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
109	Ud. (Benzoin).....							
110	Catechu	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 4 6
111	Lac							
112	Camphor.....	16 0 0	8 0 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0
113	Sandle wood	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
114	Perfamed oils							
115	Perfumery of sorts.....	16 0 0	8 0 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0
116	Cologne and lavender waters.....							
	CLASS VI							
117	Tobacco	9 0 0	4 8 0	2 4 0	0 18 6	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 4 6
	CLASS VII.							
	<i>Piece goods and other textile fabrics and manufactured articles of clothing and dress.</i>							
118	Gunny and Gunny bags							
119	Gonpat	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
120	Kambliis	8 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 3 0
121	Coir matting							
122	Paulins and Tar Paulins							
123	Coarse cotton country carpets and tapes of sorts	8 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
124	Canvas							
125	Fabrics of hemp or jute							
126	Country carpets and galichas							
127	Cotton and linen piece goods valued at less than 8 annas per yard	12 0 0	6 0 0	3 0 0	1 2 0	0 12 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
128	Woollen piece goods valued at less than 2 Rs. a yard	20 6 0	10 0 0	5 0 0	1 14 0	1 4 0	1 4 0	0 10 0
129	Silken Ditté							
130	Embroidery.....							
131	Other textile fabrics, manufactured articles of clothing and dress							
132	Haberdashery and millinery.....							

1½ percent advalorem.

Number.	Name of Article.	Per Gnda or Bandi.	Per Cart with 2 bullocks.	Every other Cart or Camel.	Per bullock, buffalo, Mule, or Tattto load.	Per Donkey load.	Per Head load.	Per Maund of 82 lb. avoirdupois.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	CLASS VIII.							
	<i>Metals and articles of metal</i>							
133	Old iron	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 3
134	Iron and iron ware*	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
135	Steel and steel ware+	3 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 4 6	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 1 6
136	Zinc and zinc ware@	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
137	Lead and Lead ware†							
138	Tin and Tin ware							
139	Bell metal							
140	Mercury	16 0 0	8 0 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0
141	Metal alloys and articles thereof..							
142	Builder's and Engineers' hard ware tools and inferior cutlery							
143	Furnishing hard ware including plated ware and inferior cutlery...	1½ percent ad valorem.						

* Includes pig, pipes, castings, bar rod, hoop, sheet plates (including galvanised and tinned plates,) wire and other sorts of Iron.
 + Includes cast, blister, spring and other kinds.
 @ Includes bolt, pig, slab, sheet, sheathings, plate, wire and other sorts.
 † Includes pig, pipes, sheets and other sorts.

REVISED OCTROI RULES.

1. Town duties in accordance with the scale enumerated in appendix B shall be levied on such articles and goods as are brought into the City for sale or for consumption by the inhabitants.
2. Goods, the property in which is vested in Government at the time they pass the barrier, shall pass free if accompanied by an invoice with the endorsement of the proper Government officer certifying that they are the property of Government.
3. Goods, the property in which is not vested in Government at the time they pass the barrier, but which being imported with a view to the fulfilment of a Government contract or otherwise intended for the use of Government, will in the ordinary course of things become the property of Government after importation, shall on passing the barrier be declared as intended for the use of Government, i. e. in fulfilment of a certain (specified) contract. The duty on them shall then be paid, and subsequently if they actually do become the property of Government the duty shall be refunded on a certificate to that effect signed by the Departmental officer concerned.
4. With the exception of goods classed under items 131, 132, & 143, of the Schedule articles imported by Railway to pay duty by the maund, fractions of a maund, if below 10 seers to be reckoned ¼th, if between 10 and 20 seers to be reckoned ½, if between 20 and 30 seers to be reckoned ¾ths, and if above 30 seers, to be reckoned full maund, and charged accordingly.
5. Articles imported in the different kinds of conveyances shall be assessed, and the capacities of the different conveyances shall be determined, as follows.

6. The maximum limit of weight of a bandi or a gada including a cart drawn by 4 bullocks which is subject to the same rate, to be 32 British Indian maunds of 82 lbs. avoirdupois; the maximum limit of weight of an ordinary two bullock cart to be 16 maunds, and the maximum limit of weight of a head load to be 2 British Indian maunds.
7. One maund of load brought in a cart, or 20 seers of 80 tolas on a head load where the rate is below 4 annas, and 10 seers where the rate is higher, to be exempt. Bandis and carts containing loads from 1 maund up to 8 and 4 maunds respectively to pay quarter rates, those containing loads from 8 and 4 maunds to 16 and 8 maunds respectively to pay half rates and those containing loads from 24 and 12 maunds to 32 and 16 maunds respectively to pay full rates. Bandis and carts containing weights over the maximum limits to pay an additional quarter rate for every additional 8 or 4, maunds or fractions thereof respectively. Head loads above two maunds in weight to be taxed by the maund fractions being calculated as at Railway Stations. In case of head loads liable to a duty of 4 annas and above, they shall be charged in fractions as below. Loads between 10 and 20 seers $\frac{1}{2}$ the full rate, those between 20 and 40 seers half the full rate, those above 40 seers, the full rate.
8. In case of mixed loads or packages, duty to be charged on the whole weight of every such load or package at the rate chargeable on each article.
9. The weight of the packing of the goods, when not of mats or fabrics to be deducted from the total weight in assessing duty.
10. In any case in which the owner of a load refuses to show its contents to a collector of town duties, the latter shall have the power to detain the goods, and shall apply to a Magistrate forthwith, who may order such examination of the contents of the load as he may deem necessary for the proper assessment of duty.
11. If any person refuse to pay the said town duties, the tax collector or farmer may detain a portion of his taxable goods sufficient to cover the amount, provided that application for recovery of the said duties be made without delay to a Magistrate through the Secretary of the Municipality, otherwise the detention of the goods will be at the risk of the tax farmer or collector.
12. Articles imported by Sea of the class of *piece goods and metal and articles made thereof* which have paid customs duty, but are admissible to Municipal taxation, are not liable to Octroi exceeding $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, advalorem. All other articles imported by Sea and which have paid customs duty shall be exempt from Municipal Octroi taxation.
13. The duty being leviable by the load, any person importing goods liable to Municipal taxation not exceeding $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. advalorem, who may consider the Octroi demanded to be in excess of such limit, may claim to have his goods examined so as to adjust the Octroi in accordance with the preceding rules.
14. Persons importing goods in transit which enter the city and pass out of it intact within a week of their entering, shall deposit the amount of duty due on them at the ingoing Octroi Naka and receive a receipt for the same. They shall present the receipt at the outgoing Naka for endorsement as to the goods having passed out of the city intact, and present the endorsed receipt at the Municipal office where on satisfying the Municipal officers of the correctness of the endorsement &c. they will obtain refund of the amount of duty deposited by them.
15. Such goods if they stay in the City longer than a week shall be treated as imported goods for purposes of refund provided that the importer gives notice to the Octroi Superintendent to the effect that the goods have remained in the City and gets his receipt endorsed to that effect.
16. Goods which pass out of the city within 12 (twelve) months of the date of importation shall be entitled to refund of duty.
17. In cases in which the computed duty shall exceed four rupees the goods shall, on their way out, be brought to the Municipal office for inspection and verification by the Secretary or the Octroi Superintendent.
18. Refund of duty on goods which have to break bulk or undergo a change of form in the city shall be claimable provided the manufactured articles are brought to the Municipal office for inspection by the Secretary or the Octroi Superintendent, packed for export in his presence, and a certificate obtained from the outgoing Naka within 48 hours after packing, certifying the despatch of the articles in question out of the city.
19. In cases where goods are exported by railway the conditions imposed by the two last preceding rules 17 and 18 (of bringing the goods at the Municipal office for inspection)

shall be dispensed with, and the Railway invoice shall be accepted in lieu thereof as evidence of exportation.

20. All demands for refunds as above should be made within 4 days of the time of export and they should be supported by the original receipts acknowledging payments of duty and the certificates of export mentioned above.

21. All Octroi receipts are transferable and they will change hands with the goods to which they appertain. Refund will be paid only to the party who actually exports the goods and produces the original receipt.

22. Receipts for Octroi duty shall be given to suit the convenience of traders in demanding refunds.

23. No refund shall be granted below one Rupee. Where a consignment of imported goods is exported in parts, the fractions above quarter maunds of the exported parts shall be carried forward to the last exported part and paid for. Fraction below a quarter maund at the last calculation shall receive no refund. Each item of export on which refund is claimed must be "bona fide" one consignment made by one man to one man at one place on one day, and must form part of one imported consignment. Each receipt granted for duty received at importation of goods shall, for this purpose, be reckoned as one consignment.

Trade Registration Rules.

1. Such articles as are not liable to Octroi duty on importation in the city under the above rules and the Schedule B, shall be liable to a trade registration fee.

2. No refund shall be granted of such trade registration fee if the goods are exported out of the city.

3. Opium, Salt, Wines and Spirits, Country liquor, and intoxicating drugs which form articles of Imperial revenue, shall be exempt from the trade registration fee.

4. The rate of the trade registration fee shall be $\frac{1}{4}$ pie in the rupee of the value of all articles imported but are not liable to ordinary Octroi duty and where such value is not ascertainable $\frac{1}{4}$ anna per maund of the weight of such articles, shall be charged.

5. No charge shall be made on articles the computed duty on which at the above rate may fall short of three pies.

6. Importers shall be bound to state the correct value of their imported articles for assessment of trade registration fee. Where such information may not be obtainable, or where it is refused or where it may be doubted by the tax collector, the charge shall be levied at the alternative rate of $\frac{1}{4}$ anna per maund.

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary. P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix H. to the Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

STATEMENT showing members of the Sub Committies appointed by the City Municipality of Poona during the year 1885-86.

No.	Year and Month.	Names of Members.	Subject.
1	15th May 1885.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq. 2. Rao Saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole. 3. Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi	To report on the best means of disposing of the City rubbish and night-soil
2	17th September 1885.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao Saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole..... 3. Rao Saheb Dr. B. A. Chobhe.... 4. Rao Saheb K. V. Mudliar..... 5. Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi..... 6. Rao Saheb Daji Shripat 7. Khan Saheb Hakim Zenub Abedin.....	To report on the proposal of making vaccination compulsory in the City.
3	20th March 1886.	1. Rao Bahadur Narayan Bhan Dandekar..... 2. Rao Saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole. 3. Khan Saheb Framji Dorabji Ghaswala..... 4. Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi 5. Khan Saheb R. E. Kanga.	To report on the proposal of including Bhamborda into the Municipal limits.
4	19th February 1886.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao Bahadur M. M. Kunte..... 3. Khan Saheb Framji Dorabji. 4. Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi. 5. Rao Saheb Anant Bamsing..... 6. Rao Saheb K. V. Mudliar. 7. Rao Saheb M. S. Gole	To report on the organization of a fire-brigade for Poona City.
5	19th February 1886.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao Bahadur M. M. Kunte 3. Rao Saheb R. E. Nagarkar..... 4. Rao Saheb K. V. Mudliar..... 5. Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi..... 6. Rao Saheb D. V. Gokhle..... 7. Rao Saheb M. S. Gole..... 8. Rao Saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole..... 9. Rao Saheb Pandurung Bachaji. 10. Khan Saheb Framji Dorabji Ghaswala	To revise existing Municipal rules.
6	27th March 1886.	<i>Members of the City Municipality.</i> 1. Rao Bahadur M. M. Kunte..... 2. Rao Saheb M. N. Bhut. 3. Rao Saheb M. B. Namjoshi. <i>Members of the Suburban Municipality.</i> 1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Khan Saheb Pestonji Bomanji...	To determine the share of octroi to be paid to the Suburban Municipality.
7	27th March 1886.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao Saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole..... 3. Rao Saheb K. V. Mudliar.	To report on the best means of disposing of the City rubbish and night-soil. (This is the same as No 1. But a new one was appointed by the new constitution)

No.	Year and Months.	Names of Members.	Subject.
8	27th March 1886.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole..... 3. Rao saheb Dr. B. A. Chobha..... 4. Rao Saheb K. V. Mudliar..... 5. Rao Saheb Damodar More-shewar Gole..... 6. Rao Saheb M. S. Gole..... 7. Khan Saheb Hakim Zenul Abedin.....	To report whether vaccination should be made compulsory in Poona City. (same as No. 2, but a new one was appointed by the new constitution.)
9	27th March 1886.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao Bahadnr M. M. Kunte..... 3. Khan Saheb R. E. Kanga..... 4. Rao Saheb Moreshwar N. Bhat. 5. Rao Saheb Balmukund Hindu-mal.....	To devise means for the protection of Octroi revenue from possibilities of fraud.
10	27th March 1886.	1. A. H. Plunkett Esq..... 2. Rao Saheb Dr. V. R. Ghole..... 3. Khan Saheb R. E. Kanga 4. Rao Saheb Venkatrao Ram-chandra 5. Rao Saheb Anant Ramsing 6. Khan Saheb Hakim Zenul Abedin..... 7. Rao Saheb Mudu Krishna Mudliar 8. Rao Saheb Ramnarayan Amar-chand 9. Rao Saheb K. B. Fatak.....	To report on the suppression of intramural burial grounds.

Poona Municipal Office,

1st November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M. C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix I to administration Report for the year 1885-6.

Statement showing outstandings of assessed Municipal Taxes of the City of Poona on the 31st of March 1886

NAMES OF TAXES	Outstandings for the year												Total.		
	1882-83			1883-84			1884-85			1885-86					
House Tax	2	0	0	1873	1	8	4667	6	6	10,054	9	0	16,497	1	2
Halacore Cess	4	14	0	3771	9	2	7855	8	7	13,868	14	3	25,500	14	...
Wheel Tax	3	0	0	59	0	0	202	8	0	589	9	0	854	1	..
	9	14	...	5,703	10	10	12,625	7	1	24,513	...	3	42,852	...	3

Poona Municipal Office
1st November 1886.

NURSO RAMCHANDRA
Secretary P, M, C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix J To Administration Report for the year 1885-86

Statement showing the outstandings of the assessed taxes as they stood on the 31st of March 1885, Jamabandi of the year 1885-6 and collections made during the year 1885-86.

Head of Revenue.	Outstandings on the 31st of March 1885.		Demands of year 1885-86		Total amount to be collected.		COLLECTIONS BY.				Remissions		Refund of over assessments.		Outstandings on 1st of April 1886.		Remarks		
							By Karkuna.		Warrants.									Rate payers at the office		Total.
House tax.....	11,829	5 0	21,173	8 0	33002	12 0	16313	11 5	72	4	98	4	16,479	3 5	31	4	16,497	1 2	
Halalooze Cess .	17086	8 3	25,189	12 1	42,276	4 4	16435	5 8	175	...	121	8	16,731	13 8	56	12 9	125600	14	
Wheel tax.....	886	4 0	4891	6 0	5777	10 0	4926	9	..	..	..	..	4926	9	12	..	854	1	
Water rate ...	4	0 0	16103	0 7	16,107	0 7	...	...	...	...	16,067	7	16,067	7	40	...	..	...
Total...	29,806	1 3	67,357	10 8	97,162	11 11	276,76	10 1	247	4	16281	12 7	54204	10 8	129	12 2	142,862	.. 2	

NARSO RAMCHANDRA

Secretary, P. M. C.

Poona Municipal Office
1st November 1886.

POONA

Appendix K. to Administration

STATEMENT showing gross imports, exports, and net imports of duty and refunded

Class.	Name of Article.	Years.	Gross imports.			
			Bengal Maunds.	Value.	Duty levied.	
1	2	3	4			
I.	Food for men and animals..	{ 1883-84 ... 30,56,182	61,10,131	1,20,912	5 10	
		{ 1884-85 ... 32,80,442	68,64,682	1,37,262	15 11	
		{ 1885-86 ... 30,27,968	65,41,272	1,24,162	... 1	
		<i>Details of Class I.</i>				
		Grain	{ 1883-84 ... 12,68,662	27,98,665	54,418	11 7
			{ 1884-85 ... 14,86,997	36,08,318	65,004	... 2
			{ 1885-86 ... 13,45,091	35,60,462	61,967	7 6
		Sugar	{ 1883-84 ... 37,318	4,10,498	6,997	2 ...
			{ 1884-85 ... 43,121	3,44,968	8,085	1 ...
			{ 1885-86 ... 40,091	3,63,851	7,497
		Unrefined sugar.....	{ 1883-84 ... 1,52,859	7,63,651	19,044	14 ...
			{ 1884-85 ... 2,06,988	8,27,621	25,828	4 6
			{ 1885-86 ... 1,73,227	60,61,67	13,438	2 ...
		Ghee	{ 1883-84 ... 24,519	6,12,825	6,055	7 ...
			{ 1884-85 ... 19,012	5,79,738	5,370	12 ...
		{ 1885-86 ... 18,758	4,50,192	4,968	12 ...	
II.	Animals of slaughter.....	{ 1883-84 ... ..	.....	.....	.....
		{ 1884-85 ... ..	.....	.....	.....
		{ 1885-86 ... ..	.....	.....	.....
III.	Articles of fuel lighting and washing.....	{ 1883-84 ... 9,73,796	8,95,992	19,212	11 6	
		{ 1884-85 ... 9,52,846	9,41,764	20,036	2 4	
		{ 1885-86 ... 87,17,27	8,62,187	20,158	11 9	
	<i>Details.</i>					
	Oil and oil seeds	{ 1883-84 ... 4,29,75	4,10,409	4,736	12 ...	
		{ 1884-85 ... 4,99,75	4,91,524	6,671	8 11	
		{ 1885-86 ... 50,183	3,65,900	5,862	5 4	
IV.	Building Materials.....	{ 1883-84 ... 7,04,961	6,78,086	18,279	1 ...	
		{ 1884-85 ... 8,68,909	5,62,249	21,822	10 3	
		{ 1885-86 ... 12,01,839	7,55,859	30,798	15 6	
V.	Drugs, spices and gums...	{ 1883-84 ... 61,844	6,13,257	5,627	13 10	
		{ 1884-85 ... 74,772	7,03,708	6,873	8 6	
		{ 1885-86 ... 68,108	5,88,429	7,394	12 3	
	<i>Details.</i>					
	Drugs and gums.....	{ 1883-84 ... 61,127	5,75,433	5,381	11 10	
		{ 1884-85 ... 74,186	6,48,590	6,658	4 6	
		{ 1885-86 ... 67,528	5,73,699	7,119	8 3	
VI.	Tobacco	{ 1883-84 ... 23,029	1,61,203	4,317	15 ...	
		{ 1884-85 ... 38,195	2,67,365	7,162	1 ...	
		{ 1885-86 ... 28,896	2,60,064	6,769	8 1	
VII.	Piece goods.....	{ 1883-84 ... 49,799	26,19,874	17,049	2 3	
		{ 1884-85 ... 51,230	25,53,758	16,879	7 ...	
		{ 1885-86 ... 57,143	28,81,631	19,705	14 6	
VIII.	Metal	{ 1883-84 ... 1,28,288	19,83,220	28,910	10 9	
		{ 1884-85 ... 1,43,069	21,26,267	32,090	0 2	
		{ 1885-86 ... 17,55,31	21,93,960	21,759	5 0	
	Total.....	{ 1883-84 ... 49,97,899	1,30,61,763	2,14,309	12 2	
		{ 1884-85 ... 54,09,463	1,40,19,793	2,42,126	13 2	
		{ 1885-86 ... 54,31,212	1,40,83,402	2,30,749	3 2	

Poona, Municipal Office

1st November 1886.

MUNICIPALITY.

Report for the year 1885-86.

paid Articles, during the past 3 years together with amounts of the duty levied in each year.

Exports.			Net imports						
Bengal Maunds.	Value.	Duty refunded.	Bengal Maunds.			Value.	Net Duty.		
5	6	7	8						
4,51,202	12,69,776	26,283	14	3	26,04,980	48,40,355	94,628	7	7
5,17,658	14,24,714	33,673	11	6	27,62,784	54,39,968	1,03,589	4	5
4,82,398	11,37,544	28,510	7	0	25,45,570	54,03,728	95,651	9	1
78,113	1,52,911	3,144	13	11	11,90,549	26,45,754	51,273	13	8
98,394	2,35,459	4,349	14	6	13,88,603	33,72,859	60,654	1	8
1,10,254	2,57,307	5,775	5	9	12,34,837	33,03,155	56,192	1	9
8,417	92,587	1,579	14	0	28,901	3,17,911	5,417	4	0
8,624	68,992	1,616	15	0	34,497	2,75,976	9,468	2	0
9,125	85,125	1,670	15	9	30,966	2,78,726	5,826	0	3
1,10,822	5,53,978	13,840	8	0	42,037	2,09,673	5,204	6	0
1,62,789	6,51,053	20,324	15	6	44,199	1,76,568	5,503	5	0
1,18,862	4,15,939	13,752	2	0	54,365	1,90,228	.....	0	0
2,531	63,211	630	14	0	21,988	5,49,614	5,424	9	0
1,758	47,466	443	10	0	17,254	5,32,272	4,927	2	0
1,979	47,496	502	1	0	16,779	4,02,696	4,466	11	0
.....
.....
.....
51,034	1,51,598	1,945	8	6	9,22,762	7,44,594	17,267	3	0
53,918	2,41,240	2,935	8	7	8,98,928	7,00,524	17,100	9	9
55,400	1,49,392	2,479	13	9	8,16,327	7,12,795	17,678	14	0
14,280	1,28,897	1,344	5	0	28,695	2,81,512	3,392	7	0
26,290	2,24,348	2,497	10	8	23,685	2,67,176	4,173	14	3
12,594	96,320	1,621	9	10	37,589	2,69,560	4,240	11	6
1,07,099	60,630	4,665	2	7	5,97,862	6,17,456	13,613	14	5
1,23,768	67,920	3,315	3	9	7,45,146	4,94,329	18,507	6	6
3,63,899	1,59,279	5,644	0	4	8,37,940	5,96,580	25,154	15	2
10,536	1,53,359	1,189	2	9	51,308	4,59,698	4,438	11	1
14,258	1,74,349	1,581	10	6	60,514	5,29,359	5,291	14	0
19,075	1,535,06	2,445	12	11	49,033	4,34,923	4,948	15	4
10,348	1,42,375	1,133	2	9	50,779	4,33,058	4,247	15	1
14,122	1,65,589	1,536	2	6	60,064	4,83,001	5,122	2	0
18,920	1,50,521	2,384	2	11	48,608	4,23,178	4,735	5	4
5,266	36,862	987	6	0	17,763	1,24,341	3,330	9	0
18,764	1,31,348	3,549	12	0	19,431	1,36,017	3,612	5	0
8,946	8,0514	2,408	0	5	19,950	17,9550	4,361	7	8
20,836	11,93,668	7,519	12	0	28,963	14,26,206	9,529	6	3
22,731	12,21,606	7,784	0	0	28,499	13,32,152	9,095	7	0
27,882	14,97,281	9,802	14	10	29,261	13,84,351	9,902	15	8
66,040	15,78,278	22,386	6	4	62,248	4,04,942	6,524	4	5
72,512	16,04,552	24,293	1	2	70,557	5,21,715	7,796	15	0
1,52,398	16,87,111	21,734	15	9	23,133	5,06,849	24	5	3
7,12,013	44,43,971	64,977	4	5	42,85,856	86,17,792	1,49,332	7	9
8,23,604	48,65,729	77,132	15	6	45,85,859	91,54,064	1,64,993	13	8
11,09,998	48,64,626	73,026	1	0	43,21,214	92,18,776	1,57,723	2	2

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,
Secretary P. M.

**APPENDIX L TO ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR
THE YEAR 1885-86**

Statement showing Municipal Income from all sources from the establishment of the Municipality up to the end of year 1885-86.

Year	Direct Taxation House tax, Wheel tax, Water rate and Halal, cane cess.			Indirect Taxation			Miscellaneous Fees for Music and Licenses, sale and Rent of Land Sale of Manure &c.			Total			Remarks
	Amount	Incidence per head		Amount	Incidence per head		Amount	Incidence per head		Amount	Incidence per head		
1858 59	.....	Rs.	A. P.	25 737	Rs.	A. P.	2 268	Rs.	A. P.	28,005	Rs.	A. P.	
1859-60	.....	.....	.....	29,701	.....	4 7	1,972	.....	5 5	31,678	.....	4 9	
1860 61	.....	.....	.....	52,698	.....	5 6	12,418	.....	4 4	45,056	.....	5 4	
1861 62	.....	.....	.....	81 186	.....	5 9	2,706	.....	2 5	33,842	.....	7 7	
1862 63	.....	.....	.....	81,458	.....	5 6	1,854	.....	5 5	83,312	.....	5 10	
1868 64	.....	.....	.....	28,158	.....	5 7	2,631	.....	4 4	80,784	.....	5 7	
1864 65	.....	.....	.....	27 301	.....	5 1	4,189	.....	6 8	31,490	.....	5 9	
1865 66	.....	.....	.....	31,917	.....	4 10	5,965	.....	8 6	37,882	.....	5 7	
1866 67	25,039	.....	4 5	35 710	.....	5 7	5,814	.....	1 9	63,068	.....	6 4	
1867 68	25,536	.....	4 6	45,200	.....	5 9	8,713	.....	10 10	74,448	.....	10 10	
1868 69	29,462	.....	5 2	43 500	.....	7 10	5,065	.....	7 7	78,027	.....	12 8	
1869 70	17 877	.....	3 1	1,08,010	1	7 8	4 441	.....	10 10	1,29,828	.....	18 4	
1870 71	19,650	.....	3 5	1,14,180	1	8 8	7,128	.....	9 9	1,40,958	1	5 6	
1-71 72	7,427	.....	1 4	91,800	1	3 5	62,823	.....	1 2	1,61,550	1	6 1	
1872 73	13,644	.....	2 5	80,878	.....	2	8,618	.....	10 2	1,03,140	1	14 10	
1873 74	27,675	.....	4 11	80 103	.....	14	6,716	.....	1 5	1,14,491	1	2 4	
1874 75	20,964	.....	3 8	78 100	.....	13 10	7,632	.....	1 2	1,06,696	1	8 4	
1875 76	29,437	.....	5 5	92,525	1	18 8	15,883	.....	1 4	1,37,345	1	2 11	
1876 77	32,868	.....	5 10	1,06,878	1	3 3	8,999	.....	2 7	1,48,140	1	6 10	
1877 78	32 388	.....	5 8	85,464	.....	8 2	8,205	.....	1 5	1,26,057	1	9 9	
1878 79	42,944	.....	7 7	99,445	1	14 10	11,259	.....	1 5	1,53,648	1	5 0	
1879 80	55,513	.....	9 1	97,213	1	1 5	16,886	.....	1 1	1,69,612	1	8 2	
1880 81	63,483	.....	9 1	99,496	1	1 1	19,910	.....	2 7	1,82,839	1	12 4	
1881 82	66,801	.....	10 3	1,23,830	1	3 2	41,187	.....	3 2	2,81,818	1	13 5	
1882 83	60 308	.....	10 8	1 26 984	1	8 10	45,748	.....	6 7	2,39,040	2	5 3	
1883 84	64,444	.....	9 6	1,18,786	1	4 4	26,989	.....	7 4	2,12,219	2	5 5	
1884 85	68 743	.....	10 5	1,26,560	1	3 11	28,063	.....	4 7	2,23,366	2	2 1	Includes Rupees 2,854 for education.
1885 86	56,993	.....	11 5	1,26,169	1	4 3	46,009	.....	4 6	2,29,171	2	3 1	
		.....	9 2		1	4 3		.....	7 4		2	4 1	

Poona Municipal Office

1st November 1886.

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M. C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.
APPENDIX M. TO ADMINISTRATION REPORT.
FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

Statement showing Municipal Expenditure since the establishment of the Municipality upto the end of the year 1785-86

Year	Establi- shment	Sanita- tion	Public works (general)	Public works (sanitary)	Water supply	Repairs.				Educa- tion	Public Safety	Miscel- laneous	Total	Remarks	
						Roads	Build- ings	Water works	Drain- age						Total
1838-59	2,765	...	...	7	...	14,499	1,348	100	527	...	...	...	...	...
1859-60	2,465	...	963	1,193	...	12,452	3,028	565	2,077	...	...	1,459	30,605	...
1860-61	2,555	504	8,135	...	1,812	12,862	...	1,016	2,279	...	2,771	954	26,478	...	
1861-62	2,876	27	522	446	294	7,556	91	8,012	651	...	964	296	31,648	...	
1862-63	2,828	27	24	8	12,127	...	4	8,212	12,615	...	448	98	22,021	...	
1863-64	4,768	27	20,616	526	2,480	5,809	129	2,211	415	...	2,824	245	34,914	...	
1864-65	6,719	27	4,973	...	...	15,318	...	5,700	122	...	741	1,633	39,232	...
1865-66	7,112	1,011	14	1,242	25,445	5,967	...	2,096	1,973	...	683	883	34,903	...	
1866-67	9,749	6,385	1,113	2,247	9,248	5,495	390	1,551	9,946	...	2,254	163	45,297	...	
1867-68	10,889	8,745	...	2,645	24,740	12,934	...	514	5,969	...	2,299	294	48,687	...	
1868-69	8,612	9,976	15,368	1,662	18,327	5,590	180	1,746	8,813	...	1,061	676	68,173	...	
1869-70	19,346	15,741	22,230	6,643	21,289	17,107	226	924	4,992	...	1,287	18,783	80,334	...	
1870-71	11,151	23,766	23,561	4,777	5,531	14,559	132	8,157	5,272	...	2,930	29,043	1,32,491	...	
1871-72	13,728	24,633	22,233	9,426	4,271	22,115	...	1,469	5,504	...	240	32,459	1,52,111	...	
1872-73	12,124	29,800	4,895	2,500	3,783	15,346	1,976	541	3,543	...	12,80	32,954	1,49,517	...	
1873-74	12,164	25,754	2,401	1,625	11,092	15,572	137	6,343	5,146	...	20,326	4,700	1,00,340	...	
1874-75	21,890	19,534	3,843	2,564	21,884	15,843	97	973	4,656	...	2,632	4,043	85,994	...	
1875-76	29,009	19,891	11,263	9,531	76,115	11,985	138	2,748	2,589	...	250	15,154	1,09,229	...	
1876-77	22,385	23,931	18,857	10,393	81,747	16,240	546	1,489	2,423	...	575	12,197	9,418	1,76,459	...
1877-78	22,344	28,414	4,389	4,511	22,149	15,049	450	1,846	3,939	...	843	14,141	1,54,552	...	
1878-79	29,499	23,322	6,367	9,183	25,077	17,308	45	2,459	3,487	...	980	14,524	1,22,337	...	
1879-80	24,540	55,539	7,297	11,296	18,409	16,966	704	4,328	4,626	...	980	15,589	1,41,275	...	
1880-81	25,934	62,301	14,273	5,413	17,457	17,691	566	3,705	7,462	...	3,480	14,159	1,66,386	...	
1881-82	29,440	71,527	17,197	7,751	21,019	16,737	628	3,713	6,221	...	1,280	18,121	1,77,341	...	
1882-83	28,444	71,863	19,859	18,823	19,485	29,654	902	4,806	9,118	...	4,040	16,513	2,05,328	...	
1883-84	29,281	73,472	8,980	51,306	18,212	21,036	340	4,743	10,338	...	1,752	16,769	2,23,699	...	
1884-85	29,747	70,814	7,174	47,102	14,788	19,244	223	4,124	10,817	...	5,542	10,881	2,34,563	...	
1885-86	32,210	69,326	7,734	64,997	13,568	26,487	286	5,814	26,164	...	17,491	11,760	2,56,987	...	

POONA MUNICIPAL OFFICE,
 1st. November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA,
 Secretary M. P.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

APPENDIX N to Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

Statement showing fires occurred in Poona City during the year 1885-86.

No.	NAME OF OWNER	PRTR.	Date of fire.	Time of fire.	When Municipal assistance reached.	When extinguished	Probable loss. Rs.	Description of property	Expenses incurred in extinguishing the fire	Cause of Fire.	REMARKS.
1	Bapu Mahadji	Bhavani ...	3-4-85	H. M. 1-30 P. M.	H. M. 1-45 P. M.	2 P. M.	50	Grass and dried chappar	"	Unknown	
2	Bala bio Vite	Raste	7-4-85	11-30 A. M.	11-45 A. M.	12 A. M.	100	Grass hut 5 khans	"	"	
3	Daya Ali Bohori	Ganesh....	2-9-85	3 P. M.	not required	immediately	8	Mandya		Bidi Smoking	
4	Chin'aman Pandurang Phadke.....	Raviwar ...	22-10-85	5-30 P. M.	5-45 P. M.	5 P. M. of 24-10-85	50,000	Large two-storied wada	25	Accident to Combustibles a portion of the wada	
5	Lala Pardeshi	Mangalwar	11-12-85	9 P. M.	9-30 P. M.	10 P. M.	10	Grass chappar		Bidi smoking	
6	Govind Gopal Joshi.....	Kesba	10-1-86	5 P. M.	5-25 P. M.	6-30 P. M.	150	Tiled House	"	Unknown	
7	Chintaman Hari Sohoni.....	Jadasive ..	30-1-86	12-30 A. M.	12-45 P. M.	12-45 P. M.	5	Tiled chappar	" 4 "	not known	
8	Tookaram Janu Meng	Nanas	1-2-86	7-20 P. M.	7-45 P. M.	8 P. M.	20	Grass hut	" 4 "	Grass took fire while cooking.	
9	Datram M. Chhand.....	Raviwar ...	19-2-86	1 A. M.	1-15 A. M.	1-15 A. M.	5	Corner of the house	" 4 "	Unknown	

Poona Municipal Office,
1st November 1886.

NURSOO RAMCHANDRA,
Secretary P. M. C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix O. to Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

Statement showing Street lamps in Poona City during the year 1885-86.

No.	NAME OF PETH.	Area square yards.	No. of Houses	Population.	Lamps up to 31st March 1885.	Lamps up to 31st March 1886.	Average distance apart in feet.	
							Roads.	Lanes.
1	Bhowani Peth	12,35,000	932	6735	47	2	350	350
2	Nana's "	525,000	602	5387	38	3	400	600
3	Ganesh "	155,000	485	3698	26	1	500	700
4	Raste's "	365,000	475	4266	37	3	400	"
5	Nyhal "	105,000	87	1107	5	0	350	1,000
6	Somwar "	545,000	390	3815	37	1	300	3,500
7	Mangalwar Peth	485,000	300	2301	23	0	400	450
8	Vetal "	195,000	694	4364	30	2	475	800
9	Ganj and Mumfarjang	428,000	885	5059	20	2	500	1,600
10	Ghorpade Peth	655,000	312	1139	11	0	800	300
11	Kasba "	575,000	1491	11894	70	4	425	300
12	Rawiwar "	325,000	1456	9732	66	5	200	750
13	Budhwar "	185,000	520	6079	49	1	270	350
14	Sukrawar "	955,000	1695	14129	93	3	485	400
15	Shanwar "	445,000	571	7985	66	3	300	300
16	Sadeshiv "	22,75,000	784	8375	75	7	400	500
17	Narayan "	375,000	507	3557	83	4	475	225
		98,28,000	12186	996,22	726	41		

Poona Municipal Office, 1st November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNI

APPENDIX P.—A. TO THE ADMINISTRATION

STATEMENT showing Births in Poona City by

Months.	Years.	Bhowani.		Nana's.		Rastya's.		Nihal.		Somwar.		Mangal-war.		Kasba.		Ravivar.		Ganeh.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
April	{ 1883-84...	5	7	2	3	1	5	0	0	7	4	0	1	12	18	11	4	4	5
	{ 1884-85...	1	1	5	4	4	1	3	1	4	5	2	2	8	7	5	3	3	3
	{ 1885-86...	5	4	4	4	6	4	1	1	4	0	4	1	28	20	12	8	7	9
May	{ 1883-84...	3	1	4	2	3	3	1	2	6	3	2	7	11	7	9	5	2	1
	{ 1884-85...	1	1	3	3	3	1	0	2	3	3	6	1	10	6	1	3	3	2
	{ 1885-86...	9	8	2	4	12	9	0	2	6	10	1	4	9	17	6	14	5	5
June	{ 1883-84...	4	4	2	9	3	2	0	0	5	1	2	1	21	22	5	6	4	7
	{ 1884-85...	1	1	2	7	2	0	0	0	2	1	2	2	4	7	6	3	1	0
	{ 1885-86...	6	3	6	7	11	6	1	2	6	2	2	2	19	13	6	6	6	6
July	{ 1883-84...	3	3	3	5	3	5	0	0	3	7	0	0	12	14	5	3	1	3
	{ 1884-85...	3	2	1	5	4	3	1	1	3	1	0	1	5	6	5	1	2	2
	{ 1885-86...	5	9	8	4	2	5	3	3	5	5	5	7	26	23	5	5	8	8
August....	{ 1883-84...	3	3	4	6	2	8	0	0	11	6	0	0	20	15	4	5	5	5
	{ 1884-85...	1	0	5	4	2	0	2	1	0	0	3	2	4	7	5	5	2	1
	{ 1885-86...	9	5	4	3	6	10	2	5	4	5	7	2	18	16	14	11	3	2
September..	{ 1883-84...	0	3	9	3	7	4	0	0	3	6	0	0	9	5	5	6	5	6
	{ 1884-85...	4	4	8	4	2	2	1	2	3	1	1	4	8	7	0	0	1	0
	{ 1885-86...	17	10	8	7	12	9	1	2	3	9	3	8	17	15	9	5	7	6
October....	{ 1883-84...	5	2	4	3	7	3	0	0	3	4	0	0	12	10	11	7	2	4
	{ 1884-85...	3	3	5	6	5	3	1	1	4	2	0	0	2	6	3	0	2	3
	{ 1885-86...	4	7	8	7	10	8	3	4	8	8	3	2	16	12	12	12	4	4
November..	{ 1883-84...	0	0	7	4	1	5	0	1	2	5	1	1	11	12	11	6	3	3
	{ 1884-85...	11	13	11	7	9	5	4	1	4	6	6	7	16	13	7	6	3	2
	{ 1885-86...	12	2	3	5	5	1	5	0	10	6	8	6	7	8	6	10	10	6
December..	{ 1883-84...	6	2	5	3	1	3	1	1	2	5	3	2	17	11	12	7	4	3
	{ 1884-85...	7	6	10	7	6	12	1	4	2	7	8	6	19	11	11	8	6	6
	{ 1885-86...	8	7	2	1	5	3	0	3	2	5	7	3	9	12	5	7	11	6
January....	{ 1883-84...	1	0	4	1	3	4	1	0	5	4	1	1	9	9	7	6	3	0
	{ 1884-85...	8	2	10	5	9	5	0	1	7	2	4	6	14	9	12	11	4	6
	{ 1885-86...	2	1	4	6	6	5	3	0	4	5	2	2	12	21	6	8	2	5
February.	{ 1883-84...	3	1	4	2	5	3	1	1	1	3	0	0	8	15	6	2	1	1
	{ 1884-85...	10	5	12	12	10	3	1	1	3	2	1	3	16	17	12	8	11	9
	{ 1885-86...	3	4	4	8	5	3	0	1	8	14	3	2	19	13	0	3	5	4
March.....	{ 1883-84...	3	5	5	0	5	3	0	1	5	2	1	3	4	5	6	7	1	5
	{ 1884-85...	2	1	13	12	4	7	0	1	5	2	1	3	4	5	6	7	1	6
	{ 1885-86...	3	3	8	3	5	9	0	1	3	5	4	5	14	21	12	10	6	7
Total.....	{ 1883-84...	36	31	53	41	41	48	4	6	58	50	10	16	146	143	92	64	35	48
	{ 1884-85...	52	39	85	46	60	42	14	16	40	32	36	39	120	117	79	58	44	40
	{ 1885-86...	33	63	61	59	85	72	19	24	63	74	49	41	184	177	81	89	69	68

Poona Municipal Office }
1st November 1886. }

CIPALITY.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

Pelks during the years 1883-84 to 1885-86.

Vetal.		Ghorpade.		Ganj.		Musha- far Ganj.		Shukra- war.		Budhwar.		Shanvar.		Narayan.		Sadashew.		Navi.		Total.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
1	3	0	0	5	10			7	8	5	3	3	2	3	1	8	3			74	77	151
1	1	1	0	1	2			10	12	0	2	4	4	5	2	12	1		2	69	53	123
6	3	1	2	3	7			14	2	9	5	9	7	2	5	18	6			133	88	221
4	0	3	2	3	3			21	6	6	4	5	7	4	2	2	2			89	57	146
0	0	0	0	2	0			12	8	1	0	3	0	3	2	6	6	1		58	84	96
7	9	1	2	7	8			15	9	4	4	15	8	4	3	17	2			110	128	238
6	6	0	0	6	4			8	15	0	2	13	2	4	1	4	5			87	87	174
4	0	3	4	3	1			11	8	1	1	2	1	2	0	6	4	1	1	52	41	93
8	6	1	1	6	1			18	14	8	8	7	9	3	3	10	15			124	104	228
4	5	0	0	2	1			14	8	4	7	4	9	5	4	9	8		1	72	87	159
1	1	0	2	4	4			11	15	0	0	2	4	3	2	13	11		1	58	62	120
7	5	1	2	5	7			21	18	10	11	14	10	6	3	7	8			138	133	271
3	4	0	0	4	7			8	12	6	2	5	4	5	4	8	12			88	93	181
0	1	0	0	1	2			6	7	1	1	0	4	7	2	4	3			43	40	83
7	12	2	0	12	7			23	13	8	5	3	6	7	7	10	6			134	115	249
8	5	0	0	2	5			8	13	3	0	5	3	2	4	6	12			77	75	152
0	0	0	0	5	1			10	4	1	0	4	5	5	3	4	3			57	40	97
13	8	2	4	9	6			6	14	4	4	3	8	1	5	23	10			138	130	268
4	8	0	0	3	6			14	15	7	2	6	5	3	2	13	3			94	74	168
1	2	2	0	0	0			15	4	2	1	4	2	2	6	3	4			54	43	97
6	5	3	4	6	4			22	17	8	12	7	11	8	6	19	11			147	134	281
3	4	1	1	6	3			20	13	1	1	2	8	9	2	9	10			87	79	166
3	2	1	1	7	3			9	9	5	7	8	10	5	6	11	12			120	110	230
6	4	3	1	13	10			10	10	5	4	13	6	7	7	6	8			129	94	223
0	6	5	0	3	3		1	10	9	2	0	10	3	5	6	10	6			96	71	167
5	6	0	5	3	10			27	13	4	7	19	10	8	7	16	14			152	139	291
2	3	3	0	6	5		1	15	17	11	12	9	12	10	5	6	10			112	112	224
1	3	3	1	3	3			7	8	1	2	7	4	2	2	9	9			67	57	124
9	6	2	1	6	4			14	13	4	8	8	13	6	5	15	13			132	110	242
3	5	4	3	15	14			18	18	6	2	5	7	3	9	11	11		1	106	123	229
2	1	2	1	2	2			11	4	1	0	2	5	2	1	3	5			54	47	101
9	8	1	3	4	5		1	8	5	6	8	11	10	4	4	11	9			130	113	243
11	7	1	2	2	7			9	8	6	6	8	6	8	5	9	4			101	97	198
0	1	1	5	2	3			12	4	2	4	1	5	2	3	13	9			63	65	128
1	7	2	3	10	13			9	6	8	8	8	3	8	6	8	9			115	122	237
9	8	2	3	10	5			11	6	6	6	4	3	2	4	8	6			85	78	163
36	46	15	10	41	50	1	1	140	115	38	27	63	57	46	32	94	84			948	869	1,817
34	34	13	19	46	45	1	1	142	104	33	43	68	73	53	45	109	89	2	4	1,040	911	1,951
85	75	24	24	94	81	1	1	182	146	85	79	97	93	61	62	144	97	1	1	1,457	1,336	2,793

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNI

APPENDIX P.—B. TO THE ADMINISTRATION

STATEMENT showing deaths in Poona City by

Months.	Years.	Bhowani.		Nana's.		Rastya's.		Nihal.		Somwar.		Mangalwar.		Kasba.		Ravivar.		Ganesh.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
April ...	1883-84...	4	12	8	7	6	4	0	2	6	6	2	3	11	8	9	9	7	5
	1884-85...	3	2	5	1	4	8	2	2	1	3	2	2	8	11	6	12	5	5
	1885-86...	7	9	14	4	8	8	1	4	10	6	5	6	21	17	10	11	1	7
May ...	1883-84...	7	9	3	4	2	3	0	0	4	9	4	0	15	8	8	19	5	5
	1884-85...	4	2	7	7	6	4	3	3	7	6	2	2	6	8	8	9	4	2
	1885-86...	10	8	7	9	11	2	2	1	5	8	3	3	6	24	11	14	5	6
June ...	1883-84...	13	3	3	6	4	4	0	0	3	2	1	1	11	14	14	12	10	10
	1884-85...	0	5	5	3	5	6	1	0	3	5	0	1	9	4	6	9	1	1
	1885-86...	11	4	4	10	7	5	0	0	9	5	2	4	9	25	5	7	4	2
July ...	1883-84...	7	11	12	8	2	6	0	0	6	5	0	0	18	12	20	16	8	9
	1884-85...	6	4	4	7	5	6	1	0	5	3	2	0	14	5	10	10	5	4
	1885-86...	16	9	15	15	7	6	6	4	7	8	3	4	20	33	13	12	11	10
August..	1883-84...	4	7	2	5	5	3	0	0	4	7	1	0	26	17	20	22	6	9
	1884-85...	9	6	6	5	5	7	0	0	4	4	2	2	8	5	8	5	8	5
	1885-86...	23	13	3	15	6	7	1	3	9	8	4	4	19	27	18	15	4	2
Sept. ...	1883-84...	3	2	3	3	2	1	0	0	3	5	0	0	16	10	14	4	5	6
	1884-85...	6	3	7	6	3	1	3	2	1	0	1	1	10	9	5	7	2	5
	1885-86...	12	14	7	11	3	7	1	3	4	8	6	6	16	16	14	25	10	8
October.	1883-84...	3	4	8	2	2	2	0	0	6	4	2	0	9	7	4	8	2	1
	1884-85...	8	8	10	8	7	2	2	2	5	3	1	1	6	7	4	7	9	10
	1885-86...	6	9	10	15	8	13	3	1	5	13	4	5	14	26	5	8	6	7
Nov.	1883-84...	5	2	6	6	6	1	3	0	7	4	0	2	17	15	4	6	4	6
	1884-85...	10	13	5	13	5	10	1	3	3	9	3	5	14	25	11	14	2	3
	1885-86...	4	7	13	7	10	13	4	1	7	2	4	2	16	16	8	6	6	2
Dec. ...	1883-84...	5	10	5	15	3	8	1	1	12	4	1	2	13	6	16	10	2	6
	1884-85...	4	13	9	9	8	6	2	4	3	6	2	3	15	14	17	17	7	11
	1885-86...	5	2	3	7	6	3	1	2	8	5	2	4	19	23	11	15	5	4
January.	1883-84...	2	4	11	6	2	6	1	2	4	3	1	1	12	12	8	6	3	0
	1884-85...	5	6	4	14	4	11	2	1	3	1	7	5	16	18	13	11	8	5
	1885-86...	5	5	9	13	3	2	1	3	7	3	4	3	15	18	5	9	8	3
Feb. ...	1883-84...	5	0	2	6	7	8	1	0	1	1	0	1	5	7	8	11	3	2
	1884-85...	14	4	12	12	12	9	1	2	7	4	3	4	9	10	15	10	8	9
	1885-86...	8	5	4	5	7	2	1	4	6	3	3	4	6	9	6	4	3	6
March...	1883-84...	7	4	9	6	1	3	2	0	0	3	0	1	11	4	7	10	1	6
	1884-85...	11	8	10	8	10	6	3	0	7	3	4	5	18	24	23	21	6	6
	1885-86...	4	2	7	5	6	10	2	2	3	10	3	1	7	8	4	2	1	3
Total...	1883-84...	70	68	72	74	42	49	8	5	56	53	12	11	164	121	132	133	56	65
	1884-85...	80	79	84	93	79	76	21	19	49	47	29	31	133	140	126	132	65	66
	1885-86...	111	87	98	116	87	76	23	28	80	79	43	49	168	242	110	128	64	60

Poona Municipal Office }
1st November. 1886. }

CIPALITY,

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

Peths during the years 1883-84 to 1885-86.

Vetal.		Ghorpade.		Ganj.		Shukra-war.		Budhwar.		Shauvar.		Narayan.		Sadashew.		Total.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
5	5	8	5	4	4	17	18	9	15	6	5	4	4	20	12	126	119	245
5	5	1	0	3	1	10	19	0	1	5	3	6	4	9	13	75	92	167
6	2	8	2	13	5	5	6	6	5	10	11	3	7	18	13	146	123	269
4	3	3	2	6	9	16	10	6	11	8	5	3	4	7	8	101	110	211
2	0	1	4	3	3	11	11	2	2	6	9	2	2	13	8	87	82	169
6	6	3	3	9	5	11	19	3	10	8	7	5	5	10	8	115	140	255
7	1	4	3	4	1	23	22	6	4	5	5	3	2	8	6	119	96	215
6	2	0	3	4	3	11	7	2	0	4	3	2	5	8	5	67	62	129
8	8	2	2	7	11	15	20	7	3	12	6	10	3	15	14	127	129	256
5	7	0	0	7	12	16	12	7	10	10	14	5	10	19	10	142	142	284
3	2	2	5	4	9	15	8	5	4	6	7	2	1	5	7	94	82	176
10	8	4	3	9	14	26	23	6	13	15	13	11	8	15	8	194	196	390
6	8	4	1	4	8	22	22	9	3	4	6	3	7	8	12	128	137	265
2	1	4	3	4	4	14	16	2	2	5	3	3	1	10	7	94	76	170
17	18	7	6	11	9	31	39	12	9	17	18	16	11	12	14	212	218	430
5	7	0	0	4	7	15	15	7	5	3	3	1	4	8	16	94	88	182
5	3	2	5	1	4	14	8	5	1	7	5	3	9	18	9	98	83	181
16	6	6	6	7	10	30	21	8	8	6	8	3	3	19	22	169	182	350
4	1	0	0	5	6	11	11	4	7	10	8	5	4	3	9	83	74	157
3	2	5	5	3	5	7	14	1	1	6	8	2	3	4	3	83	89	172
11	7	4	3	4	10	18	28	8	8	12	10	7	7	11	12	131	182	313
4	1	1	3	3	7	16	15	6	3	9	3	5	3	10	11	106	88	194
5	6	0	3	8	13	19	16	7	8	9	11	5	6	18	12	125	170	295
6	7	3	4	5	5	13	14	9	5	12	6	5	3	5	9	130	109	239
6	15	1	4	5	9	19	15	4	2	9	2	7	4	15	15	124	128	252
12	2	1	6	5	8	15	12	6	6	12	12	9	5	7	10	134	144	278
5	3	2	2	8	6	31	28	16	13	24	18	13	10	23	19	182	164	346
4	4	5	2	1	5	15	10	6	1	6	5	2	3	11	10	94	80	174
9	4	2	2	7	11	6	11	13	16	6	13	4	5	10	15	119	149	268
4	10	0	1	14	9	22	18	4	4	11	9	6	5	12	11	136	128	262
3	3	2	1	1	4	11	11	3	1	3	2	4	1	6	9	65	68	133
1	9	1	0	8	10	16	16	5	5	5	7	4	3	5	9	126	123	249
12	3	0	0	9	8	2	7	5	5	7	6	4	2	8	1	91	74	165
2	1	0	0	2	4	12	8	3	1	2	3	2	2	8	12	69	68	137
5	8	2	3	10	6	20	16	12	7	15	7	2	1	21	17	179	146	325
10	7	2	0	6	8	9	18	6	6	5	3	6	6	4	9	85	100	185
55	56	28	21	46	76	193	164	70	63	75	61	44	48	128	130	1,251	1,198	2,449
58	44	21	39	60	77	158	154	60	53	86	88	44	45	128	115	1,281	1,298	2,579
111	85	41	32	102	100	208	246	90	89	139	115	89	70	153	140	1,717	1,743	3,460

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNI

APPENDIX P-C.—TO THE ADMINISTRATION

Statement showing deaths in Poona City since

MONTHS	years.	Under one year.		1 to 5		5—10		10—15		15
		Male.	Female.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.
April.....	{ 1883-84...	28	15	33	31	11	3	...	6	5
	{ 1884-85...	14	14	8	20	...	3	3	1	5
	{ 1885-86...	44	25	34	31	7	6	3	3	3
May.....	{ 1883-84...	20	17	30	21	3	3	2	1	1
	{ 1884-85...	16	9	20	13	5	3	1	2	2
	{ 1885-86...	25	29	29	29	5	4	5	4	7
June.....	{ 1883-84...	11	7	22	17	13	6	11	5	13
	{ 1884-85...	11	4	13	19	3	...	2	1	1
	{ 1885-86...	34	19	23	24	4	2	3	7	5
July.....	{ 1883-84...	22	24	48	24	...	...	9	6	11
	{ 1884-85...	19	17	16	8	1	1	4	2	...
	{ 1885-86...	26	20	50	46	11	7	2	5	7
August.....	{ 1883-84...	28	27	17	19	...	...	9	9	10
	{ 1884-85...	21	14	19	10	3	1	1	6	2
	{ 1885-86...	39	22	52	64	9	13	4	4	3
September.....	{ 1883-84...	19	7	13	9	...	...	10	5	15
	{ 1884-85...	19	15	17	9	4	3	2	6	2
	{ 1885-86...	36	32	41	40	11	3	5	8	1
October.....	{ 1883-84...	18	11	16	7	4	...	3	5	...
	{ 1884-85...	20	14	16	21	4	3	2	4	2
	{ 1885-86...	20	31	27	30	9	10	2	2	3
November.....	{ 1883-84...	18	7	12	20	5	...	1	2	2
	{ 1884-85...	22	35	31	25	6	4	2	7	3
	{ 1885-86...	24	16	27	22	6	5	...	3	4
December.....	{ 1883-84...	20	18	12	10	1	...	4	3	4
	{ 1884-85...	34	28	25	33	...	4	2	6	1
	{ 1885-86...	13	9	15	31	13	5	5	8	6
January.....	{ 1883-84...	16	13	8	8	3	1	...	...	6
	{ 1884-85...	25	27	37	29	1	8	1	2	4
	{ 1885-86...	22	14	11	17	10	6	2	2	6
February.....	{ 1883-84...	5	11	8	10	...	...	...	1	1
	{ 1884-85...	28	19	29	32	3	5	2	1	4
	{ 1885-86...	13	9	8	12	3	...	...	1	6
March.....	{ 1883-84...	21	8	12	9	2	2	1	3	...
	{ 1884-85...	23	16	42	40	15	7	4	3	11
	{ 1885-86...	21	18	7	13	1	2	3	1	...
Total.....	{ 1883-84...	226	165	231	185	41	15	50	46	68
	{ 1884-85...	252	212	273	259	45	41	26	41	37
	{ 1885-86...	317	244	324	359	89	63	34	48	51

Poona, Municipal Office }
1st November.

CIPALITY.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

ding to ages during the years 1883-84 to 1885-86.

20	20-30		30-40		40-50		50-60		60 and above		TOTAL.		
	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	
9	12	14	9	9	8	7	6	9	14	16	126	119	245
5	3	8	9	6	4	7	6	4	23	24	75	92	167
9	3	14	10	8	8	5	18	6	16	18	146	128	269
9	5	9	10	11	8	5	11	9	11	25	101	110	211
7	9	15	6	10	3	4	6	5	20	14	87	82	169
14	7	16	13	15	9	3	4	2	11	24	115	140	255
6	16	20	8	9	4	8	10	5	11	13	119	96	215
6	8	6	6	9	5	4	5	2	13	11	67	62	129
18	10	16	16	10	9	9	4	2	19	22	127	129	256
14	8	21	14	16	10	15	6	11	14	11	142	142	284
6	9	10	9	9	11	7	7	5	18	17	94	82	176
9	19	23	14	19	14	11	12	15	39	41	194	196	390
11	8	4	7	17	10	21	24	20	15	9	128	137	265
7	6	9	8	5	9	3	6	8	19	10	94	76	170
10	16	20	18	19	11	9	25	19	35	38	212	218	430
15	7	12	8	5	12	15	8	7	2	13	94	88	182
4	8	8	8	7	5	5	1	6	32	20	98	83	181
12	10	20	10	10	13	9	12	14	29	34	168	182	350
8	5	8	7	6	6	8	8	5	16	16	83	74	157
2	7	13	7	6	5	5	7	5	13	16	83	69	172
5	10	26	14	17	5	12	12	13	29	36	131	182	313
5	9	11	16	7	10	9	10	6	23	21	106	88	194
6	7	19	5	12	9	7	13	11	27	44	125	170	295
3	4	9	8	10	11	7	20	5	26	29	130	109	239
5	10	25	17	12	15	8	6	9	35	38	124	128	252
4	8	16	12	15	5	7	12	4	35	27	134	144	278
12	33	26	27	20	23	10	32	20	15	22	182	164	346
11	7	10	9	4	11	9	10	6	25	18	94	80	174
0	7	20	11	17	10	4	7	8	16	25	119	149	268
12	16	15	17	14	9	7	25	17	18	22	186	126	262
5	11	7	11	14	4	3	9	5	16	12	65	68	133
9	9	8	8	10	10	11	15	7	18	21	126	123	249
4	14	9	9	6	9	4	17	10	12	19	91	74	165
8	3	9	5	3	3	4	7	3	15	19	69	68	137
10	13	21	15	13	13	13	18	12	25	11	179	146	325
7	9	18	12	8	5	6	12	15	15	12	85	100	185
106	101	150	121	113	101	112	115	95	197	211	1,251	1,198	2,449
75	94	153	104	122	88	77	103	77	259	240	1,281	1,298	2,579
116	151	212	168	156	126	92	193	138	264	315	1,717	1,743	3,460

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix Q. to Administration Report for the year 1885-86
Statement showing the number of inmates and the cost of their maintenance at the Sassoon

Infirm Asylum during the year 1885-86.

	Inmates by castes.				Inmates by diseases.					Expenditure.						Remarks
	Hindus.	Mahamedans.	Other castes.	Total.	Blind	Lepor	Deceperit	Others	Total	Food	Clothing	Medicine	Miscellaneous including attendance	Total	Average ex-penditure per head	
No. on 31st March 1885	61	1	0	62	7	27	28	0	62							
Admitted during the year	64	5	0	69	3	33	38	0	69							
Total	125	6	0	131	10	60	61	0	131							
Died	21	3	0	24	3	12	9	0	24							
Left	41	2	0	43	2	13	28	0	43	1882-14-5	240-11-5	52-2-1	2849-10-10	4905-6-9	48-10-4	
	62	5	0	67	5	25	37	0	67							
Balance on 31st March 1886 ..	63	1	0	64	5	35	24	0	64							

Invested Capital of the Asylum.....	Rs. 50,200
Purchase of Promissory Note in the year	" 1,000
Previous balance of income	" 514 9 8
Income during the year.....	" 471 3 7
Interest of Fund &c	" 2,016 5 4
Municipal Contribution.....	" 1,204 6 9
	Total... Rs. 55,406 8 11
Expenditure during the year.....	" 4,905 6 9
	50,501 2 2
Balance on 31st March 1886...Rs.	

NARSO RAMCHANDRA;

Secretary P M C

1st November 1886

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix R. to Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

Statement showing the streets watered during the year 1885-86.

No.	PETH.	Length of roads Rg. ft.	Length of watering. Rg. ft.	How often watered.	Average quantity of water consumed daily.	REMARKS.
1	Raviwar	9,000	18,600	2		Watering commenced on 1st April 1885.
2	Shakrawar	17,700	53,300	1		Closed on 22nd June 1886.
3	Budhwar	6,000	17,000	3		Recommenced on 1st February 1886
4	Sadasive	18,200	26,400	2		Closed on 31st March 1886.
5	Narayan	3,800	7,600	1		Water carts on work 24.
6	Shanwar	5,000	10,500	2		Average daily work of each cart 3 miles.
7	Kaste	4,700	8,500	2		Average expenditure for watering one mile of road 6 ft. in width 3 annas.
8	Mangulwar	4,800	9,900	2		
9	Somwar	6,600	19,900	2		
10	Raste & Nyhal	8,000	20,400	2		
11	Nana's	8,000	16,000	2		
12	Bhawani	8,400	16,800	2		
13	Ganj	6,000	12,300	2		
14	Vetal	1,700	3,400	2		
15	Ganesh	10,000	20,000	2		
		1,12,900	2,60,900		36,000 Gallons per day	

Poona Municipal Office, 1st November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M. C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY
Appendix S to the Administration
for the year 1885-86.

NO. 422 OF 1885-86.

FROM,

K. V. DHURANDHAR L. M. & S.

Health officer Municipality.

POONA.

TO,

RAO SAHEB NARSO RAMCHANDRA GODBOLE,

Secretary, Municipality

POONA.

Poona Municipal Office,

15th January 1886.

SIR

I have the honor to report, that from the morning of the 4th instant, no case of Cholera has been reported in the city of Poona.

The outbreak as reported before, appeared on the afternoon of the 9th of December 1885, in Shanwar Peth. Four persons of different castes were attacked with a most virulent type of Cholera and fell victims to it within twenty four hours. These unfortunate persons upon inquiry were found to be old residents of the city and had not migrated to any fair or other place whence they could have received the poison and brought it home. From this inquiry which was made by me personally and very carefully, I am of opinion that the outbreak of Cholera under report was of an endemic nature. The disease spread from Shanwar to Narayan, Sadashiv and other Peths.

From the 9th December 1885 to 4th January 1886, 136 cases were reported to the Health Department; 77 out of these proved fatal i. e. 56.6 percent of the total number of attacks, or a mortality of 78 per mile of population. Of these fatal cases 46 were males, 20 females and 11 children.

According to Peths the attacks and deaths were as follows:—

No.	Peth.	No of attacks.	No of deaths.
1	Shanwar.	33	25
2	Narayan.	22	11
3	Shukrawar.	17	11
4	Sadashiv.	21	14
5	Budhwar.	14	6
6	Kasba.	12	5
7	Nana's.	4	2
8	Aditwar.	4	0
9	Ganj.	1	1
10	Vetal.	2	1
11	Somwar.	2	1
12	Bhawani.	2	0
13	Rastia's.	1	0
17	Ghorpades'	1	0
		136	77

Peths that escaped Cholera altogether were Mangalwar, Nyhal, Ganesh and Navi.

In Peths the mortality per caste was as follows :—

No.	Peth.	Brahmins.	Other castes.	Mahomedans.
1	Shanwar.	10	14	1
2	Shukarwar.	2	9	0
3	Sadashiv.	8	6	0
4	Budhwar.	3	2	1
5	Kasba.	0	3	2
6	Narayan.	4	7	0
7	Somwar.	0	1	0
8	Ganj.	0	1	0
9	Yetal.	0	1	0
10	Nana's.	0	2	0
		27	46	4

No Parsee or Christian was attacked in the city.

According to age the mortality was as follows :—

Age.	No of deaths.
Under one year.	0
1 to 5	4
5 to 10	8
10 to 15	3
15 to 20	11
20 to 30	16
30 to 40	17
40 to 50	10
50 to 60	5
above 60	3
	77

The arrangements made for the suppression of the outbreak were as follows :—

The city police and the conservancy department of the Municipality traced Cholera attacks in their beats and reported them at once to one of the six Medical stations ; Pharaskhana in Budhwar, the Kasarvahir Gate in Kasba, the Phad Gate in Shukrawar, Municipal Charitable Dispensary No. II in Nana's Peth, Municipal Charitable Dispensary No. III in Mangalwar, and Municipal Charitable Dispensary No. I in Shanwar. At each of these stations were posted a Medical attendant and a sepoy. These attendants upon receiving reports proceeded at once to the infected places, with necessary medicines and sent their sepoy to the Inspector and Mokadam of the division who brought a party of men to clean, disinfect and lime-wash the premises. Medicines were administered to more than ninety percent of the affected people ; but unfortunately, the friends and relatives of the attacked seldom cared to report early to the nearest authority. Cases are for the most part reported when all the domestic medications fail to take effect upon the patient. No trials were made with any specific medicine but every case was treated on its own merits, according to the rational plan of treatment.

The sanitary measures taken consisted in fumigating the premises with dammar and sulphur fumes for three days successively, opening the tops of low sheds for thorough ventilation and light, digging up the ground of the place where a cholera patient was lain and mixing it up with disinfecting powder, collecting excreta and removing them outside the city and advising the friends and relatives to burn or boil the clothes of the patient.

The places were lime-washed both from within and without or cowdunged with disinfecting powder. The nearest well if in use was at-once closed, for a time. All privies surrounding the place, as well as all gutters were thoroughly cleaned and spread with MacDougall's or Sanitas Disinfecting powder, cesspools were closed with dry earth and the whole place kept under observation for a few days.

Early every morning all the Inspectors of my department as well as the six Medical men on duty, sent me reports of all the reported cases in the city in each Peth with their house numbers. After receiving the reports I went round all the places reported and satisfied myself that all the measures enumerated above had been adopted. I made another tour of inspection in the afternoon and one in the evening every day till the out break completely disappeared.

The out break commenced with a close and cloudy sky and slight rain, and it could be observed that during the whole period it was raging, the number of attacks increased on cloudy and decreased on fair days.

During the first few days of the outbreak, dammar and sulphur fumigation was kept up all along the infected streets and lanes. But when it was seen that people were panic stricken on account of a few deaths among well-to-do and intelligent people, more vigorous measures were adopted all over the City to put down the panic and protect all places that had not been attacked. These measures were as follows. Printed directions were issued as to what precautionary measures people should adopt during the time the outbreak lasts. Ten thousand copies of these directions were distributed gratis all over the city. Dammar and sulphur were freely burnt and the whole city fumigated morning to evening. The total quantities of materials and other agency with their costs were as under.

Quantity.	Articles.	Amount.		
		Rs.	sa.	pa.
Lbs. 18,300.	Dammar.	764	8	0
" 18,675.	Sulphur.	282	0	6
" 5,820.	Mac Dougall's powder.	1384	0	0
" 200.	Phenyle.	112	0	0
" 26,000.	Lime.	256	4	0
In number. 1,13,000	Cowdung cakes.	423	12	0
" 4	Medical attendants.	57	3	2
" 4	Peons.	20	1	5
" 1,370	Begarics.	283	14	2
" 1	Bhisty.	2	5	2
" 2	Tikriwala Bhangis.	18	9	4
	Medicines &c.	127	7	5
10,000	Printing Cholera directions.	27	0	0
		3759	2	2

Fumigation was so successfully done that no house in the city was free from sulphur smell during some time of the day or night. Disinfecting powder was

spread over all the dirty privies in the city as well as on every urinal and foul place. The road side gutters were fumigated once every day by burning dammar and sulphur underneath the slabs that covered them. Twice these gutters were flushed by letting water into them from fire plugs, charged with Phenyle or Permanganate of Potash. Streets were watered morning and evening with water mixed either with Phenyle or Permanganate of Potash. A solution of Phenyle was sprinkled morning and evening in the premises of all schools, court houses, bazars, markets, theatres, public offices in the city and all other places of large gatherings such as the Budhwar Chowk and Motichowk &c. Besides this, large tubs filled with Phenyle solution and replenished from time to time during the day by bhisties, were kept at different places in the city to be used freely by people. This useful article and disinfecting powder were never refused to any one who applied for them.

Each and all Police stations in the city as well as the Municipal offices were well provided with bottles of Cholera mixture and Dilute Sulphuric acid. These were given away gratis.

All the small and big lanes and bhanga lanes were washed with a thick solution of lime wash.

Notice by tom tom was given requesting people to ask for medical aid in cases of necessity at the nearest Police station and to give up all thought of visiting Kondanpur or Chinchwad during the fairs.

Extra bhangies, bhisties sweepers and bigaries were employed to clean, wash, sweep, lime wash, and disinfect all privies and dirty places throughout the city.

This time's out-break of Cholera being purely endemic, no other cause than the chronic filthy state of the city can be attributed to it. Defective drainage and bad privies stand foremost in the list of evils that swell the mortality returns from year to year. It is therefore my earnest request to the Managing Committee to strengthen my hands in my efforts to improve the sanitation of the city by improving the drainage and compelling all badly constructed privies to be rebuilt.

Before concluding this report I humbly, beg to submit that the Managing Committee eagerly and promptly sanctioned all expenditure for measures adopted by me for stamping out Cholera from the city. My thanks are due to you and the Engineer for hearty co-operation in all my measures.

I have the honor to be

Sir;

Your most obedient servant

K. V. DHURANDHAR L. M. & S.

Health officer.

P. M. C.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix T To Administration Report for the year 1885-86

Statement showing notices issued, prosecutions instituted and cases decided by the Magistrates of the city under the Municipal Act, and its by-laws during the year 1885-86.

No.	MONTHS.	Section of the Act.								Total.	Result			Cases pend- ing on 31st March 1886.	Total No. of notices sued	Notices com- plied with	Notices taken before Magistrate for prosecu- tion.	REMARKS.
		23	48	53	54	55	63	69	66		Fined	Compro- mised.	Aquitted					
1	April 1885	2	1	3	2	..	1	..	295	293	2	In 63 cases there was no necessity for issuing notices.
2	May .....	..	2	..	..	1	3	..	..	6	..	..	1	..	146	142	4
3	June .....	..	1	1	..	..	5	2	..	9	2	..	6	..	419	418	7
4	July .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	320	320	..
5	August .....	..	1	6	20	15	..	..	..	42	32	..	10	..	88	53	35
6	September.....	..	..	10	6	20	..	..	..	36	32	2	1	..	152	126	62
7	October .....	..	4	..	1	10	..	..	..	15	9	2	2	..	126	115	11
8	November	2	..	9	4	2	..	..	..	16	15	..	2	..	112	104	9
9	December	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	46	43	3
10	January 1886....	..	..	1	2	15	..	1	..	20	16	..	4	..	176	167	19
11	February ... ..	..	2	16	22	9	..	..	5	54	43	..	1	..	165	134	31
12	March .....	..	2	8	8	2	5	..	14	29	21	..	18	..	244	229	..
		3	12	31	65	76	13	6	20	245	181	6	56	..	2290	2128	162	

Poona Municipal Office
1st November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA,
Secretary P. M. C.

Administration Report of the School Board of the Poona Municipality for the year 1885-86.

The following table shows the number of Schools which existed under the control of the Board on the 1st April 1885 and the 31st March 1886.

Nature of School.	1st April 1885.		31st March 1886.	
	No.	Attendance.	No.	Attendance.
Primary Boys Schools.....	8	1,576	8	1,571
Do. low caste or free mixed do.	1	Boys 31 Girls 2	2	Boys 75 * Girls 8
Do. Hindustani Do. & Do.	1	Boys 50 Girls 25	1	Boys 86 Girls 25
Do. Gujurathi boys' Do.	0	.....	1	38 †
Do. Girls' Schools.....	5	309	6	394 ‡
Total.....	15	1,993	18	2,197
		Boys 1657 Girls 336		1,770 427

* Second School opened on the 8th September 1885.

† Opened on the.....15th July 1885-

‡ Sixth School opened on the 19th September 1885.

One private Hindustani School was aided by a grant of Rs. 5 per mensem from the 1st September 1885.

The grant-in-aid received from Government during the year under report amounted to Rs. 3,650-10-8. Of this sum Rs. 3,611 were for the year itself and Rupees 39-1-8 were moiety for the four months of the year 1884-85. The grant-in-aid originally fixed by Government was Rs. 3,493 but it was subsequently augmented by them to Rs. 3,611.

No alterations have taken place in the terms of contract with Government for the management of the schools, nor have any been made in the rules for conducting the business of the Board.

The three new schools established by the Municipality during the year under report have been registered under the Government grant-in-aid rules and they will be entitled to grants this year.

Administration Report of the School Board of the Poona Municipality for the year 1885-86.

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The following table shows the comparative attendance of children at the beginning and end of the year under report in each school.

NAME OF SCHOOL.	Attendance.		Average Attendance.
	On 1st April 1885.	On 31st March 1886.	
No. 1 Boys School	188	214	151
" 2 Ditto.	283	293	243
" 3 Ditto.	140	130	111
" 4 Ditto.	301	270	223
" 5 Ditto.	277	276	233
" 6 Ditto.	113	124	96
" 7 Ditto.	179	149	125
" 8 Ditto.	95	115	87
Low caste or free School	{ Boys 31 Girls 2	{ Boys 37 Girls 2	30
Hindustani Do.	{ Boys 50 Girls 25	{ Boys 86 Girls 25	92
No. 1 Girls School	64	69	53
" 2 Ditto.	65	60	42
" 3 Ditto.	66	76	58
" 4 Ditto.	46	61	39
" 5 Ditto.	68	71	48
New low caste or free School	Boys..... Girls.....	38 6	} 26
Do.Gujrathi Do. ....	.....	38	27
New Girls School .....	.....	57	24
Boys...	1,657	1,770	1,708
Girls...	336	427	
Total...	1,993	2,197	

The attendance in boys schools Nos. 3, 4 and 7 fell from 140 to 130, 301 to 270, and 179 to 149 respectively. The attendance in No. 5 school remained almost the same. The attendance in all other boys schools has improved. In the Hindustani school the attendance has markedly improved, the number of boys having risen

from 50 to 86. In the girls schools the attendance fell in No. 2 school from 65 to 60. In all others it has slightly improved.

The average daily attendance of each school has been noted in the last column of the statement. It will appear from it that the general average in boys schools is fair, but the attendance in girls schools is not as good as it should be.

The boys schools were examined by the Deputy Educational Inspector, and his Assistants during the months of June and July 1885. The girls schools were examined by the Lady Superintendent of Female Education and her Assistants during October 1885.

The following is the result of the examinations.

Name of School.	STANDARDS.												Total.	
	1		2		3		4		5		6		Presented.	Passed.
	Children presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.		
No. 1 Boys School	15	7	26	7	35	18	28	10	24	9	...	...	123	51
No. 2 Ditto. ...	28	14	29	13	51	24	54	7	50	9	28	4	240	71
No. 3 Ditto. ...	22	7	20	10	28	6	19	5	7	2	...	...	96	30
No. 4 Ditto. ...	47	24	45	7	52	9	42	20	11	3	6	1	203	64
No. 5 Ditto. ...	53	35	57	20	55	24	47	16	34	10	...	...	246	105
No. 6 Ditto. ...	29	12	32	13	13	6	10	5	...	...	...	...	84	36
No. 7 Ditto. ...	11	6	29	10	35	6	35	4	15	3	...	...	125	39
No. 8 Ditto. ...	17	10	17	5	15	8	16	6	...	...	...	...	65	29
Lower caste Ditto ...	7	4	8	3	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	8
Hindustani Ditto. ...	12	8	16	9	6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	20
	241	127	279	97	292	105	251	73	141	36	34	5	1238	443
No. 1 Girls School	13	11	7	3	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	16
No. 2 Ditto. ...	11	3	6	4	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	9
No. 3 Ditto. ...	9	6	7	1	12	7	4	3	...	...	...	...	32	17
No. 4 Ditto. ...	14	9	5	3	3	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	23	15
No. 5 Ditto. ...	10	5	6	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	11
	57	34	31	15	24	16	5	3	...	...	...	...	117	68
	298	161	310	112	316	121	256	76	141	36	34	5	1355	511

The following statement gives the occupation of the parents of the children attending the schools, their ages and social condition ←

Name of School.	Boys.	Girls.	Married.	Un-married.	Government servants.	Private servants.	Merchants.	Agriculturists.	Other occupations.	Without Occupation.	Inndars.	5 to 8 years.	8 to 12 years.	12 to 15 years.	Above 15 years.	Total.
Boys.																
No. 1	214	...	29	185	55	20	40	22	89	21	11	44	78	56	66	214
No. 2	293	...	27	266	82	19	38	48	87	11	13	32	122	91	48	293
No. 3	130	...	4	126	44	6	26	12	23	16	3	48	63	22	2	130
No. 4	270	...	27	243	101	57	38	21	32	21	...	44	166	47	13	270
No. 5	276	...	18	263	79	26	21	65	80	...	55	38	183	44	11	276
No. 6	124	...	13	111	20	8	12	7	54	23	...	34	78	17	...	124
No. 7	149	...	19	130	36	23	38	16	23	13	...	26	76	44	4	149
No. 8	115	...	5	110	12	7	32	28	18	14	4	18	96	6	...	115
No. 9	87	...	5	82	3	10	...	2	...	24	...	11	20	7	1	87
No. 10	86	...	6	105	4	30	70	...	7	...	...	25	55	25	6	111
No. 11	38	...	3	35	...	16	30	...	...	2	...	9	22	5	2	38
No. 12	38	...	5	33	...	11	...	...	48	...	...	19	20	5	...	44
	1770	383	153	1,647	486	219	340	221	406	145	36	337	974	369	123	1,803
Girls.																
No. 1	...	69	4	65	22	12	5	3	23	3	1	39	27	1	2	69
No. 2	...	60	11	49	9	8	9	3	21	10	...	33	27	...	...	60
No. 3	...	76	10	66	33	...	3	2	33	5	...	39	27	3	2	76
No. 4	...	61	2	59	18	41	...	...	...	...	2	22	38	1	...	61
No. 5	...	71	6	65	26	13	17	11	24	...	...	42	29	...	...	71
No. 6	...	57	3	54	10	19	5	1	15	...	7	44	13	...	...	57
Total.		394	36	358	118	83	39	10	116	18	10	219	161	10	4	394
Grand Total.	1,770	427	192	2,005	554	302	379	231	522	163	46	556	1,135	379	127	2,197

The following Statement shows the distribution of boys and girls according to castes in the primary schools of Poona city on the 31st March 1886.

No.	Name of School.	Date of Establishment of School.	1 Christians.					2 Hindus.											3 Mohamedans.					4	5	6	Total.			
			European.	Indo-European and Eurasian.	Portuguese.	Convert.	Total.	Brahmins.	Rajputs, Khattrys.	Kayast or Purbhus.	Lingayets.	Jains.	Merchants.	Agricultur-ists.	Artisans.	Labourers and Servants.	Shopkeepers Kachi Tamboli.	Lowcaste people.	Others.	Total.	Moguls.	Bhoras.	Meeyas.					Shekh.	Khoja & Momees.	Total.	Parsis.	Jews.	Hill tribes.
1	School No. 1 boys	1826	6	6	134	3	3	3	...	0	31	7	12	3	...	4	206	1	1	...	2	214
2	Do. 2 Do.	1st June 1836	...	...	...	...	...	223	...	3	2	...	9	42	13	...	...	...	...	291	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	293
3	Do. 3 Do.		...	...	...	...	...	107	...	3	...	...	1	14	5	...	...	...	...	130	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130
4	Do. 4 Do.		...	...	...	...	...	53	...	11	1	7	6	113	27	24	12	...	...	254	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	6	270
5	Do. 5 Do.	1st Sept. 1868	...	...	...	...	...	225	...	2	...	...	2	31	16	...	...	...	...	276	...	...	0	...	0	...	...	...	276
6	Do. 6 Do.	24th Do 1872	...	...	...	...	...	30	7	2	1	2	3	46	24	...	1	...	2	118	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	124
7	Do. 7 Do.	1st April 1862	...	...	...	...	...	78	...	...	2	2	4	28	10	12	8	...	2	146	1	...	1	1	...	3	...	...	149
8	Do. 8 Do.	15th May 1870	...	...	...	...	...	53	4	3	1	...	...	20	26	4	3	1	...	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115
9	Do. 9 Do.	9th April 1875	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	31	...	36	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	39
10	Do. 10 Do.	13th Nov. 1863	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	95	...	3	111	...	...	...	111
11	Do. 11 Do.	1st July 1885	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	2	1	9	2	2	...	1	...	...	24	...	13	...	1	14	...	...	...	38

12	Do. 12	Do. 8th Sept. 1886.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44
			...	...	6	6	910	14	26	12	12	40	332	180	52	28	76	8	1,640	2	26	106	11	6	151	...	...	6	1808
13	School No. 1	1st July 1868.	...	...	...	...	36	1	7	...	...	1	16	8	...	...	...	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69
14	Do. No. 2	1st March 1852	...	...	...	...	10	4	...	3	...	2	30	8	...	2	...	...	59	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	60
15	Do. No. 3	13th Sept. 1851.	...	...	...	...	11	5	2	...	...	...	42	10	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	76
16	Do. No. 4	1st April 1867.	...	...	...	...	29	1	1	...	...	1	20	9	...	...	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	61
17	Do. No. 5	1st June 1881.	...	...	...	...	22	4	3	3	...	4	38	2	...	...	...	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71
18	Do. No. 6	19th Sept. 1885.	...	...	...	...	44	...	7	...	...	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	57
			...	...	...	...	152	15	20	6	...	8	144	40	...	2	...	...	387	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	6	...	394
			6	6	1,062	29	46	18	12	48	476	170	52	30	76	8	2,027	2	26	107	11	6	152	...	6	6	2197

The following table shows the income from and expenditure on schools under the control of the School Board.

RECEIPTS.	R. A. P.			EXPENDITURE.	R. A. P.		
	R.	A.	P.		R.	A.	P.
Balance from past year	277	8	6	Establishment at Huzur office	194	9	3
Fee Collections of the year...	4,001	2	...	Contingencies Do.	798	12	...
Government grants	3,650	10	3	Salaries	8,936	11	8
Revenue from ground attached to lowcaste School...	350	...	...	Pension Fund	236	15	8
Do. Sale proceeds	142	8	...	Allowances	386	13	6
Savings and fines	118	4	...	Rent of school houses	1,591	10	3
Municipal grant	5,946	4	10	School contingencies	353	15	5
				Sweetmeats	40	...	...
Total.....	14,286	6	...	Sewing Materials	32	9	6
				New books and maps	64	...	...
				New furniture.....	1,330	8	11
				Repairs to Do.	201	2	1
				Prizes.....	88	9	9
				Grant to indiginous schools .	80	...	...
				Total.....	14,286	6	...

There was no change in the rates of fees except that the rates in the Hindustani school have been reduced from the 1st March 1885 to half the rates for other schools. The change has had a beneficial effect, as may be noticed from the increase in attendance.

No fee is charged in girls' schools nor in the lowcaste schools. The details of the fee collections of the past year are as under.

From Non-Cesspayers	3,403	...	...
From Cesspayers	598	2	...
	4,001	2	...

Correspondence has been commenced with the District Local Board for the recoupment of the loss incurred by the Municipality from the cesspayers' boys attending their schools who only pay half rates.

Out of the 1732 children in fee paying schools 294 were free being a percentage of 16.27; the percentage of free students is fixed at 20 for marathi schools and 25 for the Hindustani school.

The Members of the Board inspect the schools at least once a month, two boys' and one girls' Schools have been assigned to each member for this purpose.

The following table shows the number of inspections made by each member.

	Term of office Months.	No. of visits.
R. S. Rajmachikar	10	2
R. S. Chatre	10	7
R. S. Namjoshi	10	12
R. S. Kupuswami	10	23
R. S. Dr. Ghole	10	21
K. S. Hakim Zenul Abedin	12	1
K. S. Framji Dorabji	2	2
R. B. M. M. Kunte... ..	2	1
R. S. K. G. Natu	2	5
R. S. M. N. Bhat	2	19
R. S. Dr. Bhikaji	2	2

The following were the School Committees at the close of the year under report:—

School No.	Names of Members of Committee of each School.	School No.	Names of Members of Committee of each School.
	<i>Boy's Schools.</i>		
I.	1. Narayan Dondeo Joshi. 2. Kashinathrao Nilkant Khasgiwale. 3. Balwant Abaji Ambdekar. 4. Daji Shripur Nagpurkar. 5. Mahadeo Govind Ranade, 6. Venkatrao Ramchandra Vakil, 7. Vishram Ramji Ghole,	VII. VIII.	Same as No. I, 1. Dinanath Moroba Patange, 2. Mahadeo Shiveram Gole, 3. Ragnath Daji Nagarkar, 4. Tulaji rao Bhosale, 5. Vishwanathrao Narayan, 6. Ganesh K. Baudekar,
II.	1. T. N. Rajmachikar, 2. Wamanrao M. Lele, 3. Luxuman Vishnu Bhide, 4. Balwant Ramchandra Natu. 5. Raghunath Mahadeo Thosar, 6. Vishnu Balkrishna Sohoni, 7. Shivram Hari Sathe. 8. Mahadeo Balwant Namjoshi, 9. Nilkant Vinayak Chhatre,	IX. X.	Same as No. VI. 1. Zenul Abedin, 2. Jasman Saheb Sodagar, 3. Rahimankhan Husenkhan, 4. Mahamed Hyagir Saheb, 5. Manikbnai Lalbhai, 6. Imamtodin Saheb,
III.	Same as No. II.		<i>Girls' Schools,</i>
IV.	1. Kupuswami V. Mudliar. 2. Hari Narayan Kale, 3. Ganputgir Ratangir, 4. Nageshgir Ratangir, 5. Mudukrishna Mudliar, 6. Dharamshet Vittoba, 7. Narayan Govind Kadlac,	I. II. III. IV. V. XI.	Same as boys' school No. II; Same as boys' school No. I, Same as boys' school No. IV, Same as boys' school No. V, Same as boys' school No. VIII,
V.	1. Khrishnaji Wasudeo, 2. Madhavrao Yeshant Raste, 3. Damodar Gangadhar Talwalkar, 4. Kashinath Parashram Gadgil, 5. Kashinath Govind Natu, 6. Vishnu Luxuman Barve, 7. Krishnaji Ragnath Kelkar,		<i>Guzerati School.</i> 1. Datram Motichand, 2. Bichar Amolik, 3. Jiwani Nurbhai, 4. Ganpat Amolik. 5. Ramchandra Bhaichand. 6. Harakchand Iswardas. 7. Moti Nihalchand. 8. Vishnudas Vithuldas. 9. Valabhdas Hirschund. 10. Gunpat Dalsaram. 11. Wazechund Kikachund. 12. Ramji Raghunath Bari.
VI.	1. Babaji Rangnath, 2. Bapuji Ramchandra Gangle, 3. Sheshadri Ramchandra, 4. Shitarampant Naj rekar, 5. Balkrishna Raghunathji, 6. Bapuji Damodar, 7. Ganesh Rungnath Bhingarkar,	XII.	<i>Free School.</i> Same as No. VIII.

The Members of the school committee have taken fair interest in the schools entrusted to their supervision and have occasionally suggested reforms. Some changes have been made in the status and strength of the teaching staff. The following are the notable ones.

The staff has been classified as to pay as under.

		Assistants.		Peons.	
2	Head Masters on Rs.	35	1 on Rs. 15		
2	Do. "	30	5 on " 12		
2	Do. "	25	10 on " 10	6 on Rs. 6	
2	Do. "	20	17 on " 8	Servants.	
4	Do. and Mistresses "	15	25 on " 7	10 on Rs. 3	
4	Do. Do. "	12	1 on " 4		

It has been decided that no assistant shall be employed who has not passed the 6th Standard Examination and the pay of no assistant shall be less than Rs. 7 except for the first probationary term of 3 months in the case of new appointments.

It has been ruled that an assistant master shall be given for every 30 students in each school. It has also been ruled that each master and assistant master irrespective of his being a trained or untrained master shall get the full proficiency allowance obtained by him at the Deputy Inspector's Examination for the class he may have taught during the preceding year.

The contingent allowance has been fixed on a scale according to the number of students in each school.

GENERAL REMARKS.

A conference of Mistresses and Masters was held in March.

The Mistresses all represent that as an inducement to girls to attend the schools, scholarships should be established, that caste prejudices should not be entirely disregarded, that music after the Hindoo mode should be taught.

The report of the Masters was not complete at the end of the year.

The Board regret they have not been able to make provision for the construction of School Building owing to financial pressure during the past and the current year.

The following is a statement of existing primary schools in the City.

No.	Name of Master.	Peth.	No. of boys on the roll on 31st March.	Average duty attendance.	Subjects taught.	Class of pupils.
1	Moro Babaji Kanade...	Shukrawar	32	30	Merchan- tile Edu.	Brahmans and Ma- rathas.
2	Balkrishna Tejram ...	...	25	21	Govt. Edu. Course.	Marathas and Ka- mathis.
3	Wasudeo Govind .....	...	35	34	Do.	Hindus of all castes.
4	Wamon Narayan .....	...	93	70	Do.	Do.
5	Gunesh Apaji.....	...	247	197	Do.	Do.
6	Trimbak Narayan .....	...	32	22	Do.	Marathas and Maho- medans.
7	Chinto Apaji Dani ...	Vetal.	30	22	Merchan- tile Edu.	Traders.
8	Wasudeo Kashinath...	...	65	50	Govt Edu. Course.	Hindus of all castes.
9	Pandurang Nana .....	...	112	85	Do.	Do.
10	Abdula wd. Sayad.....	...	53	42	Secular & Elementary	Mahomedans.
11	Bapu Raghunath.....	Ganj.	60	54	Merchan- tile Edu.	Hindoos of all castes.
12	Maroti Nana .....	...	60	51	Govt. Course.	Do.

No.	Name of Master.	Peth.	No. of boys on the roll on 31st March.	Average duty attendance.	Subjects taught.	Class of pupils.
13	Wamon Ganesh.....	Ruviwar.	135	101	Govt. course	Hindus of all castes.
14	Shankar Wasudev	do.	50	42	Do.	Do.
15	Apa Nanaji	do.	70	62	Mercantile course.	Do.
16	Ramkrishna Bhikaji...	Budhwar.	608	474	Govt. Anglo-ver-nacular course.	Brahmins.
17	Ramchandra Mulhar...	do.	15	11	Govt. course.	Hindus of all castes.
18	Hayat Khan Samshu Khan.	Ganesh.	78	60	Secular.	Mahomedans.
19	Damodar Vithal	Shanwar.	70	60	Govt. course.	Hindoos of all castes.
20	Gungadhar Ramcrishna	do.	24	16	Do.	Do.
21	Vinayak Sadashiv	do.	15	14	Do.	Do.
22	Hari Bhikaji	do.	30	15	Do.	Brahmins.
23	Chintaman Parshram..	Narayan.	20	15	Do.	Hindus of all castes.
24	Mahadeo Bulwant.. ...	do.	36	36	Penmanship only.	Brahmins.
25	Ragho Bhikaji	Sadashiv.	40	37	Govt. course.	Do.
26	Luxuman Pilaji.....	do.	60	52	Do.	Do.
27	Dhondo Ganesh.....	do.	70	65	Do.	Hindus of all castes.
28	Abhram Izekeiel	Nanas.	55	50	Do.	Do.
29	Damodar Apaji	do.	70	50	Do.	Do.
30	Babaji Mulhar	Bhawani.	40	37	Do.	Do.
31	Ramchandra Venkutesh	Kaste.	50	35	Do.	Hindus and Mahomedans.
32	Ragbunath Bapuji.....	do.	63	61	Do.	Do.
33	Tukaram Wasudev.....	do.	63	52	Do.	Do.
34	Isubji Samsebjji	do.	72	70	Secular.	Israills (Jews).
35	Ramchandra Gopal.....	Kusba.	33	27	Govt. course.	Hindus and Mahomedans.
36	Wasudeo Damodar.....	do.	40	27	Do.	Brahmins.
37	Narayan Bhikaji	do.	30	26	Do.	Hindus and Mahomedans.
38	Vithu Subhana	do.	50	39	Do.	Do.
39	Narayan Balcrishna ...	do.	35	19	Do.	Hindus.
40	Mias Barnard.....	do.	107	54	Do.	(Girls school) mission school.
41	Bain Saheb.....	Somwar.	23	16	Secular.	Mahomedans.
42	Digambar Anant	do.	20	19	Govt. course.	Hindus.
43	Hari Prabhakar.....	do.	45	42	Do.	Do.
44	Sadashiv Ramchandra..	Mangalwar.	45	42	Do.	Do.

The Board are of opinion that it is now high time for a beginning of Technical Education to be made and a basis to be laid in all primary schools.

The Board propose to do this by introducing kinder garten apparatus in the

indigenous schools and by regularly taking under their management one or two primary schools and beginning regular technical instruction on fixed principles. It is the sanguine hope of the Board that the indigenous schools which are sought by children of traders and handi-craftsmen are the proper place for attaining success in making technical education popular.

Before concluding this report as chairman of the Board I beg to record my sense of obligation to my colleagues for the valuable assistance they were always pleased to render me and especially that of the great help and advice I received from K. Br. M. M. Kunte, during the concluding part of the year when I had the honour of being Chairman of the Board.

Rao Saheb Namjoshi was Chairman for the main part of the year, and I have the pleasure to note that his administration was in every way efficient.

Rao Saheb Nurso Ramchandra performed the additional duties of the Secretary to the Board to the entire satisfaction of the Board.

Moreshwar Narayan BHAT.

Chairman School Board.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix V. to Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

**STATEMENT showing lands purchased for road widening during
the year 1885-86.**

No.	Peth.	From whom Purchased.	Square feet.		Amount paid		Remarks.
			sq. ft.	In.			
1	Bhawani ...	Anant Aya Mahadling Aya	2,100	...	45	In addition to Rupees 3,574—10—4 Rupees 185—7—1 were spent upon purchasing stamps, registration of documents and pulling down and levelling houses purchased.
2	Budhwar ...	Sagunbhai and others (Panch) ...	104	1½	600	.....
3	Rawiwar ...	Damodar Gangadhar Talwalkur..	84	½	295	5...	
4	Bhawani ...	Syad Imam walad Syad ali .....	...	...	38	.....
5	Narayan ...	Hanmanta bin Godaji Mali	726	...	50	.....
9	Ditto.	Balvant Hari Takalkar.....	439	...	75	.....
7	Nana	Shaik Manu walad Shaik Raj mahamad.....	140	...	50	8...	
8	Budhwar ...	Moro Balal Bhagwat.....	36	...	25	.....
9	Sadashiv ...	Ditto	55	6	100	.....
10	Shanwar ...	Waman Tatisji Ghugri	2,646	...	1,200	.....
11	Ditto.	Yesaji Baji Gokhle.....	1,562	9	275	.....
12	Ditto.	Ganu bin Vithu Shinde	1,120	...	75	.....
13	Shukrawar..	Ganputrao Damodar Panse.....	550	10	137	11 4	
14	Sadashiv ...	Pandurang Narayan Ayachit.....	351	2	65	10...	
15	Ditto.	Gajanan Balkrishna Waisham- payan	614	3	150	.....
16	Bhowani ...	Babaji wd. Syad Atar	874	...	250	.....
17	Nana's	Secretary School Board, Poona Municipality	19 Guntas.		142	8...	
			Total.		3,574	10 4	

Poona Municipal Office,

1st November 1886.

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY

Appendix W to Administration Report for the year 1885-86.

STATEMENT showing value of dead stock and municipal property corrected up to 1st April 1886.

No.	Name of Class.	Value on the 1st of April 1885-86.			Decrease during 1886-87.			Increase during 1885-86.			Value on the 1st of April 1886-87.			Remarks.
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
1	Tools	2978	12	4	98	2	.	863	8	...	4743	2	4	Includes pikeaxes, hoes, baskets, crow bars, Phavdas &c.
2	Materials for work	4056	3	6	21	...	..	319	...	...	4354	3	6	Includes pipes, valves, timber, iron and other building materials
3	Plant	34,462	8	...	1384	...	...	8872	10	...	41,941	2	...	Includes night soil, refuse and water carts, fire and steam Engines, and Street Lamps.
4	Office furniture	3657	4	8	15	...	...	445	15	..	4090	3	8	Includes tables, chairs &c.
5	Buildings	34,200	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	34,200	...	..	Includes Latrines, Markets, Stores, Workshop &c.
6	Stationery	123	15	..	1	...	2	9	11	...	123	9	9	Includes Pen-knives, Scissors &c.
7	Mathematical Instruments	1800	..	..	...	...	...	38	4	...	1838	4	..	Includes Theodolites, levels, scales, Instrument boxes &c.
Total....		82,268	11	6	1517	2	3	10,548	...	...	91,299	9	3	

Poona, Municipal Office

1st November 1886.

NARSO RAMCHANDRA

Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.

Appendix X. to the administration report for the year 1885-86.

To

**THE CHAIRMAN
Municipality**

SIR,

POONA.

We beg that you will kindly place the accompanying report before the Commissioners for the year 1885-86 on the state of the Municipal Accounts.

Poona,

27th April 1886. }

We beg to remain

Sir,

Your most obedient servants

(Signed) Ballajee Khanderao

(Signed) Moreshwar Sakharam Chitnis

Municipal Auditors.

From

The Municipal Auditors

To

The Commissioners

Municipality

POONA.

Gentlemen,

We beg to submit our report on the result of the Municipal Accounts for the year 1885-86 audited by us during the year under report.

2. We audited the monthly accounts, as they were sent to us, and pointed out such short-payments, over-payments and other irregularities, as were found by us while auditing. These have been shown by us in the monthly objection statements. The objections of the 9 months have been satisfactorily answered. Those of the three months, January, February, and March still remain to be re-answered but these are of minor importance. The accounts of the last 12 months have thus been duly audited by us.

3. We now submit the following few observations for your information :—

In April 1885, we found that the balances of Octroi proceeds for Rs. 2,148-3-3 were shown in the octroi daily Journal under the head of deposits without being credited to the Municipal Funds for several months. According to the rules, such balances after paying the demands of applicants, if made within a week should be credited to the Municipal Accounts. When this irregularity was shown to be a bad practice, the amount was credited to the Municipal Accounts.

As the Registers of Deposits have not been duly kept, examined and closed for some years, we detected over-payments for Rupees 1,071-8-2 for which an enquiry was made, and this amount recovered from the contractors and credited to the Municipal Accounts, as will be seen from our report sent on the 22nd February to the Managing Committee.

That a refund for Rs. 239-13-6 on account of octroi duty, was made in May 1885 to certain contractors who supplied the Municipality with stones for Municipal purposes through misapplication of the Managing Committee's Resolution, which sanctioned refund for brass and copper passing out of the city and not for building materials. We argued that the Managing Committee had no power to grant any sum not provided in the Budget. This matter was afterwards settled by the General Committee held on the 30th January 1886 by discontinuing the practice of paying refund on building materials and other articles supplied to the Municipality for Municipal purposes.

The payment of Rs. 52-11 made on behalf of the Suburban Municipality in March 1886 is irregular, because, the sanction of the Governor-in-Council or any officer duly authorized by him, is required before any contribution can be made on behalf of any other Municipality, vide Sec. 23, Bombay District Municipal Act VI of 1873.

4. We beg to submit our suggestions as shown below:—

The account Books ought to be closed with balances on the 1st April of each year; this will avoid over-payments and other irregularities in the accounts.

The advance of Rs. 1,000 once given to the Secretary ought to be adjusted on the 1st April of each year. An account of expenditure made out of this advance by the Secretary should be kept according to Form 19.

That an account of money received for private purposes, ought to be kept separately.

The Registers of the House Tax, Halalcore Cess and Wheel Tax ought to be closed with balances of last year on the 1st May of each year, and this we think to be a reasonable time.

That for small items of expenditure, there is no separate provision in the Budget; a grant may be provided for miscellaneous expenditure, and the Managing Committee empowered to appropriate from this grant such sums as may be found necessary to cover petty expenses.

5. In conclusion we have the pleasure to state, that the secretary and his subordinates have rendered us every assistance, both in showing the records and giving any information, if required.

We beg to remain,

Gentlemen,

Your most obedient Servants

(Signed) Ballaji Khandaraw

(Signed) Moreshwar Sakharam

Chitnis.

Municipal Auditors.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.
APPENDIX Y. TO ADMINISTRATION REPORT
FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

(Sanitary report of the Poona Municipality for the year 1885-86 framed in accordance with Government Resolution No. 3890 dated 21st. December 1880.)

1. *Name of Municipality.* Poona City Municipality.

2. *Enumerated population as per census of February 1881.*

Males	50,814
Females	48,808
Total	99,622

3. *Annual income.* The income of the year 1885-86 exclusive of deposits was Rs. 2,29,171-6-2.

4. *Expenditure on Conservancy.* The Expenditure on this head during the year under report has been Rs. 60,146-3-4.

5. *Water supply.* The following are the sources which supply water to the City.

1	Katraj	Aqueduct	about 6,50,000	Gallons daily
2	Chavdharis	Do.	50,000	Do.
3	Nana Phadnis'	Do.	100,000	Do.
4	Rastia's	Do.	50,000	Do.
5	Mutha Canal	Do.	650,000	Do.

Total daily supply 15,00,000

or about 15 gallons per head of population per day on an average.

The Chavdharis' aqueduct gave only a partial supply during the year under report.

125 dipping wells mostly built in pairs and 124 stand pipes, a few in pairs, supply drinking water to the people. There are 1235 private wells almost exclusively used for ablution and washing. The river Mutha, the Nagari Nala, the Manik Nala, the Ambli Nala and the distributing Channels of the Canal are also used for ablution, washing and for cattle. 1483 houses are supplied with water by means of pipes at the close of the year out of which 1832 paid the rates, 19 were free and 82 had stopped the supply.

About $\frac{1}{3}$ of the City has sewers to carry sullage water which is discharged into the river to the North East of the City.

The sullage of the remaining $\frac{2}{3}$ of the City is either collected in cesspools or carried in open road side pucks built gutters. Cesspools are emptied by bhittis. Rain water is carried mostly through stone drains along road sides covered in busy places and open in others during the past 5 years. The Municipality have been constructing solid U shaped gutters in different places to carry storm water and the waste water of public watering places, cisterns, stand pipes &c. The total length of gutters built is now 23,908 square feet or about $\frac{1}{4}$ miles.

7. *Sweeping.* The Municipality has in its service 150 road sweepers. Thirty eight miles of roads and sixteen miles of lanes are swept by them. The sweepings are collected in 337 dust bins of masonry or iron, placed at the sides and lanes. They are partly carted out by 25 carts to a depot $\frac{1}{4}$ mile to the South of the City and there burnt into ashes which are used in deodorizing night soil. Besides these carts about 100 donkeys are licensed on payment to the Municipality to carry sweepings for use as manure or fuel for potters kilns out side the City.

Night soil is collected in wicker baskets from privies and is dropped into carts stationed at 18 stands in the City.

The carts (of which there are 100) are driven to a depot $\frac{3}{4}$ miles to the South of the City. 20 pairs of bullocks are employed for this purpose.

At the Depot the night soil and the ashes are worked into pondrette by what is called the "sun drying process" The pondrette is sold from month to month. About 17,400 cartloads equal to 4255 tons were manufactured during the year and sold for Rupees 24,725.

8. *Latrines.* There are 81 public latrines with 297 seats now in use built on different patterns approved from time to time. These and the 7040 house privies were served by 282 halalcroes.

9. *Urinals.* There are 23 Urinals of stone and iron. These are either washed by bhittis flushed automatically while used where it was possible to connect them with the water pipes. During the year under report U shaped gutters have been built in 19 different localities to serve as urinals. A permanent current of water is let in these from the water mains to wash out the urine. They answer the purpose very well.

10. **Markets.** Vegetables and fruits are sold in the following 5 localities in the City.

- 1st. The open air Central Market called the Mandai which is held every morning and is controlled by the Municipality.
- 2nd. The Plunkett Market a covered Municipal Market of 32 stalls and paved floor.
- 3rd. The Kotwal Chavdi a private building with 36 covered stalls and paved floor.
- 4th. The Bhaji all street where house Verandhas are set out as stalls.
- 5th. The Malsiali Ditto. similar to the above.

The Municipality have nearly completed a large Central Market which is sufficiently advanced to enable the Municipality to move the Mandai into it during the current year.

There are 6 small Meat Markets built by the Municipality in different localities with paved floor and slaughter houses attached containing from 10 to 16 stalls.

Dry fish and fresh river fish are sold in the following three places.

1. In the Mandai Market in open air in the morning.
2. In the Plunkett Market in a few stalls through out the day.
3. In a private building in Ravivar Path specially built for a Market and licensed by the Municipality.

11. **Burial grounds.** There are 72 small grounds used for burial in the City. With the view of suppressing these and providing extra mural grounds the Municipality have acquired two sites and negotiated for a third one but the existing intra-mural grounds have yet to be suppressed.

12. **Cremation ghats.** The river bank in two places is used for cremation purpose. Substantial Ghats have been built at those places for accomodation at all times. Registers of the cremations taking place are not kept.

13. Subjoined is a table showing public works of improvements executed during the year 1885-86.

No.	Name of work	Expenditure		Remarks
1.	Central Vegetable and fruits Market (sanctioned amount Rupees 200,000, expenditure incurred up to 31st March 1885 Rupees (54,250) Expenditure during the year under report Rs.....)	64,489	0 6	
2.	Public latrines.....	478	7 0	
3.	Cisterns and stand pipes.....	2,757	10 11	
4.	Laying down water pipes.....			
5.	Cleaning Katraj aqueduct Parvati Tank.....	1,340	1 6	
6.	U Gutter in different quarters.....	5,280	0 0	
7.	U Gutter U shaped in 19 different localities.....	750	0 0	
8.	Planting trees by road sides.....	10	1 0	
9.	Road improvement works in different places.....	3,815	0 0	
10.	Glazed earthenware drains in Kastya Path.....	1,750	13 7	
		80,671	2 11	

Public Municipal office, }
22nd. August 1886 }

(Signed) NURSO RAMCHANDRA,
Secretary P. M.

POONA MUNICIPALITY.
APPENDIX Z. TO ADMINISTRATION REPORT
FOR THE YEAR 1885-86.

FROM No. 1116 of 1886.
RAO SAHEB NARSO RAMCHANDRA,
 Secretary Municipality,
POONA.

To
THE COLLECTOR OF POONA,
 Poona Municipal Office,
 3rd August 1886.

SIR,
 With reference to your Memo. No. 2511 dated the 10th April last, I have the honor to forward the accompanying report on the development of new Manufactories and changes in those already existing for the year 1885-86.

I have &c.

(Signed) NARSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

Report on the development of new industries and the growth of existing ones in Poona City for the year 1885-86.

This report deals with such manufactures as require the use of instruments and as transform raw materials into articles of utility.

Poona City in the course of past ten years has been gradually developing as a centre of manufacturing industry. This fact will be borne out by the following table which shows the imports of raw materials used in manufactures in the town and the exports of prepared articles during the past 5 years.

NAME OF ARTICLES.	1881-82	1882-83	1883-84	1884-85	1885-86
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
IMPORTS.					
Metals	62,297	58,547	91,634	1,02,192	1,25,379
Oil seeds	16,061	15,772	11,173	43,042	21,271
Bamboos	23,768	26,193	22,386	31,692	33,041
Perfumes	1,005	464	512	418	407
Silk .....	...	...	...	...	* 482
Twist .....	...	...	...	...	* 2,512
Hide .....	...	...	...	...	* 11,175
EXPORTS.					
Metal.....	6,616	6,357	47,171	51,794	1,08,855
Oil seeds	377	411	10	474	215
Bamboos	75	101	236	290	4,452
Perfumes	42	52	134	97	110
Silk .....	...	...	...	...	* 5
Twist .....	...	...	...	...	* 18
Hides.....	...	...	...	...	* 1,298

* For 6½ months only. The trade in these articles was not registered prior to 15th September 1885.

This is a happy sign of the times as the people show a tendency to adapt themselves to the circumstances in which they are placed. If Poona becomes a centre of Industry, it necessarily ceases to be the centre of the Maratha horsemen who once numbered about two lacks. Maratha energy which on account of the sterility of the soil cannot be agricultural, is, it is believed, fast becoming industrial. Lathes for turning small articles of metal are seen about the different streets of Poona pretty generally, and embroidering work is now done by fly wheels. This is a progress on the right lines and it diverts the restlessness of the Marathas into modern channels of manufacturing life.

A careful enquiry has been made into the actual manufacturing condition of Poona and statistics are collected which are appended to this report. It must be confessed that the statistics are as yet incomplete but in progress of time it is hoped they will be as exhaustive and complete as possible.

The processes and the operations followed in different manufactures are being carefully noted, the object being to see where the indigenous methods are defective and where slight improvements suited to the condition of the workmen can be suggested.

The total number of metal workshops where metals like gold, silver, copper, brass, iron, tin &c. are made into threads or cast or dressed into utensils or beat into foil or turned upon lathes are 2,255.

Workshops where gold and silver threads are woven number 347. This operation of preparing gold and silver thread is accessory to the preparation of embroidery and brocade. The quantity of lace produced last year is estimated to be worth about 1,50,000 Rupees and the quantity of utensils of courser metals turned out is worth Rupees 20,32,507.

A branch of metal work which is fast developing in Poona requires special mention here; it is that of ornamental metal work by making fancy devices in relief on articles of silver, brass and copper. The consumers of these are mainly Europeans and foreigners. The devices are both foreign and indigenous as suit the taste of consumers. All these articles are embossed with Indian landscape scenes, Indian hunting scenes and Hindu mythological figures, the articles consist of flower and other vases, plates, tea pots, spoons, cups, saucers &c. At present only few articles are made and the prices they demanded are almost prohibitive. It is expected that as the number of artists grows competition will grow also and the prices will fall in consequence. The fall of prices will naturally increase the demand and develop the industry to larger proportions. Poona work in this line has stood a fair comparison with Kutch and Delhi work in all the recent exhibitions in India. There are now 25 workers in silver and 501 in brass and copper in the city. The former turn out about 12,000 Rupees worth of articles and the latter about 7,000 Rupees worth annually.

The manufacture of utensils of brass and copper is steady. The imports in these metals have increased from 51,260 cwts. in 1884-85 to 61,317 cwts. in 1885-86 but the exports of manufactured utensils have fallen from 56,792 cwts. to 41,990 cwts. during the same period.

The imports in iron have slightly fallen from 54,033 cwts. to 43,594 cwts. and the exports in a manufactured form have risen from 7,455 cwts. to 18,929 cwts.

Weaving is extensively carried on in the town. There are 490 silk and brocade weavers, 775 cotton weavers, 290 blanket weavers and 26 courser felt-makers.

There are 160 workshops with 480 looms for silk and brocade, 259 workshops with 775 looms for cotton and 166 workshops for kambliies and felt, the last year's turn out of these is estimated to be Rs. 2,79,000.

The trade in silk and embroidered cloth and in gold and silver lace was not brisk during the year under report as no marriages took place amongst the Hindu population during part of the year 482 cwts. of silk was, however, imported during the latter 6½ months of the year and turned into cloth.

Pagdi and turban making is an entirely new growth. There are now 5 workers. These turbans are more on the principle of hat making though the outward appearance of folded Hindu turbans is retained. About 400 Pagdis are sold annually worth about Rs. 5,000.

There are altogether 642 Establishments where sewing is done. One important phase about these establishments is that most of them now use Singer's sewing machines. This industry is noticed here particularly because machinery is used in it and it compels operators to be attentive and brisk and calls out all their energy as they are obliged to use not their hands but often their legs also in moving the treadle wheel. Thus their physique undergoes a change for the better and they receive a training which marks them out.

The introduction of machinery creates a class of machine repairers and thus reacts powerfully upon the intelligence of casters of metals and designers of machines. Such a class of artists has now begun to show itself in Poona city.

The department of wood working is considerably varied, combs are made, musical instruments are made and various articles are turned. Carpenters have begun to appreciate the importance of timber prepared and ready made to hand, hence Malabar scantlings are gradually more in demand and there are now 78 workshops where wood is sawn.

Basket making is considerable but there is not much improvement. It may be an advantage to induce a Chinaman to open a workshop of his own so that the Buruds (Basket-makers) of Poona may be shunted from their old lines into progress. Some of them have already learnt cane weaving which is becoming a profitable industry in Poona but their experience in cane has not acted upon basket making though bamboo is a material amenable to similar process.

The department of wood manufacturing is capable of great improvements and with advantage because the forests conserved about the Ghats and in the Konkan abound in a variety of country wood susceptible of high polish and sufficiently close grained. There is little of what is called cabinet makers' work in Poona though the vicinity of forests rich in good timber should have helped a class of wood turners and carpenters into these new lines. "Waras" and "Kuda" are the only varieties of timber that are turned into pegs and small toys. There are altogether 482 wood workers' shops, in Poona.

Poona clays are not varied, one or two varieties occur and pipe clay (shadu) is found about Poona. Rich alluvial loam which can be made into tiles and bricks is abundant but tile making and brick making is defective. Tiles of foreign make are being imported and there is hope that the off-shoot of this will be these industries will be developed. Though these rough industries are defective, Poona has shown a subtle power so far as figure making is concerned. Poona clay figures are now known throughout India and even in Europe and America. This industry bids fair to be prosperous because it illustrates Indian social life in a remarkable way and if the shops where these figures are sold send their specimens to agents in Europe and America an extensive new market will be opened for them. The figures are true to life and nature and therefore have about them that fanciful touch of genius which secure admiration when seen. About 10,000 figures are manufactured in the City worth about Rupees 3,500.

There are now 60 establishments where clay figures are made. Pottery work requires to be included in this paragraph and stone dressers and masons may be mentioned by the way. Poona stone statues once had a great reputation, but this industry has almost disappeared and this is much to be regretted when it is considered that the Ghat Hills abound in a variety of trap capable of being worked in any way and of receiving a polish which imparts to the stones a reflecting surface.

The pottery masons and stone dressers number about 1,196.

There are now only five paper making workshops in Poona where indigenous methods are followed; but Poona may congratulate itself upon two large

paper mills that are about to be set up, one worked by water power at Khadakwasia and the other by steam power at Mundhwa. When once the Poona people know how power is developed by means of turbines there will be a demand for water power. Small water power is available and can be utilised in many places upon the perennial water courses in Poona and such industries as require a small power have thus a future before them. A small grinding mill has already been working for the past 3 or 4 years by water power. Poona perfumery has a reputation of its own and there are 98 factories where all sorts of perfumes are extracted from that of clay to that of roses and sent abroad.

The trade in tanning has been of very long existence and it must have at one time flourished very well as becomes apparent from the remains of well built soaking pans, shaving beds, hanging platforms &c. in many parts of the City. In the course of the past 20 years the local individual workhouses however broke down, the Bombay dealers establishing here large factories with somewhat superior appliances. These unfortunately in a measure affecting the local workers (Dhors) for a time failed on account of bad financing and bad management in their turn. There is no reason why tanneries should not flourish in Poona provided they were managed by competent persons and worked by experts. Six very large tannery factories at one time existed out of which only two are now working. There are besides 124 Dhors and Saltangers who tan hides and prepare leather on their own account. The total quantity of raw hides imported and roughly prepared leather exported are 11,175 cwts. and 1,299 cwts. respectively during the latter 6½ months of the year 1885-86.

A sugar refining manufactory has been established at Mundhwa and is capable of turning out good sugar and rum but it is not working just now.

There are 71 oil mills in Poona where oil for daily consumption as an ingredient of food and for burning into country lamps for light is prepared.

The industry in tobacco has been slack during the past year. The imports in tobacco have fallen from 25,614 cwts. in 1884-85 to 20,640 cwts. in 1885-86. The exports have also fallen from 11,834 cwts. to 7,357 cwts. A considerable quantity is cut and spiced and prepared for chewing and manufactured into snuff; but as these are exported in small quantities, they do not obtain refunds and at times escape being registered.

Before concluding this report it is necessary to state that about 30,000 people are engaged in the different industries noticed above. The accompanying table of statistics which has been already mentioned gives the number of workshops with the particular branch of wood or metal manufactory which is practised.

This report cannot be considered satisfactory because much investigation requires to be made before it can be satisfactorily prepared. Before the end of this year better statistics may be collected. It is the collection of statistics that has caused the delay in submitting this report.

Poona, Municipal Office

3rd August

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

STATEMENT showing number of Workshops in different industries in the City of Poona during the year 1885-86.

No.	NAMES OF INDUSTRIES.	No. of Work-shops.	TOTAL.
(1) METAL WORK.			
1	Goldsmiths	496	
2	Jewellers	47	
3	Silver smiths.. ..	25	
4	Melters in gold and silver thread	64	
5	Copper and brass smiths	501	
6	Turners	851	
7	Image makers	88	
8	Castors	371	
9	Tin smiths.....	14	
10	Black smiths.....	208	
11	Iron smiths	81	
12	Burnishers.....	59	2,255
(2) WORKERS IN GOLD & SILK.			
13	Gold and silver thread makers.....	187	
14	Embroiders	160	347
(3) WEAVERS & TAILORS.			
15	Silk weavers	104	
16	Pagdi makers	29	
17	Cotton weavers.....	259	
18	Skin makers	178	
19	Blanket weavers	140	
20	Felt makers	26	
21	Country saddle makers.....	20	
22	Tailors and stickers	642	1,398
(4) WORK IN WOOD.			
23	Comb makers.....	9	
24	Musical Instrument makers.....	12	
25	Carpenters	281	
26	Wood Turners	82	
27	Sawers	78	
28	Basket makers	120	482
(5) WORK IN CLAY.			
29	Figure makers	60	
30	Potters	180	
31	Stone masons... ..	275	
32	Masons	741	1,256
(6) PERFUMERS.			
33	Perfumers	98	98
(7) PAPER MAKERS.			
34	Paper makers	5	5
(8) OIL PRESSING.			
35	Oil mills	71	71
		Total...	5,912

Poona, Municipal Office

3rd August 1886.

NURSO RAMCHANDRA,

Secretary P. M.

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