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TO THE

ACTS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FOR 1852.

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„ For exposing articles for sale in public streets, &c.	„	„	23	
„ In sifting or cleansing grain, &c. in public streets.	„	„	24	
„ For leaving vehicles, &c. in public streets.	„	„	25	
„ For making fires and discharging fire-arms and fire-works in streets.	„	„	26	
„ For sounding musical instruments or metals in streets.	„	„	27	
„ For affixing bills, or otherwise defacing houses, &c.	„	„	28	
„ For exposing unwholesome food, &c.	„	„	29	
„ For slaughtering in streets.	„	„	30	
„ For keeping a market unclean, &c.	„	„	31	
„ For keeping swine, &c. in the town.	„	„	32	
„ Bathing places at the river to be set apart.	„	XLII.		
„ Commissioners and Chief Magistrate may allow persons to put up posts on streets for illumination, on occasions of festivals or ceremonies.	„	XLIII.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Calcutta Commissioners—Markets, bazars or slaughter-houses to be register- ed; penalty for not registering... ..	XII.	XLIV.		
„ Penalty for making and using any new slaughter-house within the Town, without the consent of Commissioners.	„	XLV.		
„ Owners of bazars, tanneries, &c., shall have sufficient drains.	„	XLVI.		
„ Penalty for establishing any new tannery, &c., in town.	„	XLVII.		
„ Doors on sides of streets to be made to open inward, and doors opening outward may be altered by the Commissioners.	„	XLVIII.		
„ Number of the house to be affixed thereto by the owner.	„	XLIX.		
„ Occupiers of houses paying a rent of 70 Rupees per mensem or upwards, to keep lamp lighted outside their gates in the streets.	„	L.		
„ Provision for repetition of offences.	„	LI.		
„ Penalty for obstructing Commis- sioners, or their Officers.	„	LII.		
„ No person liable for penalty unless complaint made within three months...	„	LIII.		
„ Manner in which damages, costs and expenses are to be ascertained.	„	LIV.		
„ Commissioners to publish short par- ticulars of offences.	„	LV.		
„ All penalties not otherwise provided, may be recovered before Magis- trate; form of procedure.	„	LVI.		
„ Manner of executing distress.	„	LVII.		
„ No distress unlawful for want of form.	„	LVIII.		
„ How penalties are to be applied.	„	LIX.		
„ Parties liable to penalty shall pay damage done to the properties of Commissioners also.	„	LX.		
„ Power to Justice to summon wit- nesses; penalty for not appearing.	„	LXI.		
„ Meaning of words in this Act.	„	LXII.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Calcutta Justice of the Peace may make order of maintenance for wives and legitimate or illegitimate children.	1852. XIII.	II.		
„ Penalty for persons convicted of having or conveying stolen goods.	„	III.		
„ Persons in whose possession stolen goods are found, or through whose possession they may have passed, to be examined, and how punished on proof of their having unlawfully obtained the same.	„	IV.		
„ On suspicion of goods being stolen or unlawfully obtained, Justice may grant search warrant.	„	V.		
„ Power to search houses for stolen property without a warrant in certain cases.	„	VI.		
„ Extension of Acts XXI. of 1839, (Section III. excepted) and III. of 1842 to cases in which the property stolen does not exceed fifty Rupees in value.	„	VII.		
„ Extension of above Acts to the offence of receiving stolen property not exceeding fifty Rupees in value, and penalty of persons so offending on conviction.	„	VIII.		
„ Summary conviction of persons accessory to the commission of certain felonies.	„	IX.		
„ Corporal punishment of boys under sixteen years for stealing or receiving stolen property, or being accessory to other felonies punishable on summary conviction.	„	X.		
„ Penalty for assault, forcible entry or other injury, not being felony.	„	XI.		
„ Persons charged with recent assault may be apprehended by Police without warrant, though assault not committed in view of Deputy Superintendent or Inspector.	„	XII.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Calcutta Justice of the Peace—Provision made against unlawfully taking or enticing away women or female children under the age of sixteen..	XIII.	XIII.		
„ Keeping open houses of public entertainment without licence. . .	„	XIV.		
„ Two or more Justices to grant licences.	„	XV.		
„ Penalty for parties not conforming to the tenor of their licence. . .	„	XVI.		
„ Penalty for permitting disorderly conduct and illegal harbouring of deserters in houses of public resort or entertainment.	„	XVII.		
„ Hours for sale of spirituous liquors and intoxicating drugs. . . .	„	XVIII.		
„ Penalty for persons taking into Fort William spirituous liquors, &c., without a licence.	„	XIX.		
„ Penalty for taking spirits, &c., into the Gaol or House of Correction.	„	XX.		
„ Penalty for breaking Gaol.	„	XXI.		
„ Penalty for riotous or indecent behaviour in any street, police office, &c.	„	XXII.		
„ Peace Officers may take up persons of suspected or reputed bad character, without warrant.	„	XXIII.		
„ Penalty for beggars begging or exposing bodily deformities, &c., in public roads, streets, &c.	„	XXIV.		
„ Penalty for furious driving or riding in public streets and roads.	„	XXV.		
„ Penalty for driving vehicles without lighted lamps at night.	„	XXVI.		
„ Provision for suppressing common gaming-houses.	„	XXVII.		
„ Proof of playing for stakes in common gaming-houses, unnecessary.	„	XXVIII.		
„ What articles, if found, shall be evidence that the house is a gaming-house.	„	XXIX.		
„ Penalty for gambling in the streets.	„	XXX.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Calcutta Justice of the Peace—Penalty for retail dealers using false or defective weights and measures. . .	XIII.	XXXI.		
„ Peace Officers may seize false weights and measures in retailing shops.	„	XXXII.		
„ May take cognizance of cases of desertion, or unauthorized absence from their ship of British or Foreign seamen.	„	XXXIII.		
„ Arms carried without leave, shall be forfeited.	„	XXXIV.		
„ Regulations for keeping clear the ghauts and landing-stairs, &c., of public resort.	„	XXXV.		
„ Penalty for Police Officers taking bribes.	„	XXXVI.		
„ Penalty for manufacturing or keeping in possession gun-powder or gun-cotton more than ten pounds, without licence.	„	XXXVII.		
„ Chief Magistrate may grant licence for sale or deposit of gun-powder, &c., up to certain quantities. . .	„	XXXVIII.		
„ Licences to be in force for one year, and to contain certain provisions. . .	„	XXXIX.		
„ May issue, on information, warrants to search for gun-powder, &c.	„	XL.		
„ Act not applicable to Government powder, &c.	„	XLI.		
„ Provision made for the deposit of gunpowder on board merchant vessels entering the “Hooghly.”	„	XLII.		
„ Penalty for Commanders of merchant vessels acting contrary to the above provisions. Collector of customs may search for gun-powder unlawfully kept in vessels. . .	„	XLIII.		
„ Jurisdiction of—shall extend to offences committed in sea-going vessels in the river,	„	XLIV.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Calcutta Justices of the Peace.—Police Officer may arrest persons offending against this Act in his view without warrant; persons so apprehended to be taken first to the station-house, and if not admitted to bail, to the Police Office.	XIII.	XLV.		
„ Power to take recognizance at station-houses or Police lock-up on certain charges supposed to be false and malicious.	„	XLVI.		
„ Conditions of recognizance.	„	XLVII.		
„ Amends may be awarded for false or malicious charges or information.	„	XLVIII.		
„ Offences how to be tried by the—	„	XLIX.		
„ May proceed by summons, and if party does not appear, may determine the case, if not of a criminal nature, and in criminal cases, shall issue warrant.	„	L.		
„ How summons may be served.	„	LI.		
„ May issue warrant without summons.	„	LII.		
„ May enforce attendance of witnesses.	„	LIII.		
„ Powers to Magistrates to order prisoners to be brought up to the Police Office for examination.	„	LIV.		
„ Penalties and forfeitures how to be recovered in case of non-payment.	„	LV.		
„ Convictions to be quashed on merits only. Forms of convictions, &c.	„	LVI.		
„ Meaning of certain words used in this Act, defined.	„	LVII.		
„ Schedules A. and B.	„	„		
Carriage.—(See Tax.)				
Cawnpore.—(See Bajee Row.)				
Charges against ministerial Officers. (See Prosecution.)				
Circuit of one of the Judges of Bombay Sudder Foujdaree Adawlut. (See Judicial Commissioners.)				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Claims of lunatics, married women, infants, and other persons against estates. (See Supreme Court)	1852.			
Commission—Darogahs or Police Officers no longer entitled to—on the value of stolen property recovered by them.	XXXI.	I.	.....	Bengal Presidency.
Commissioners—(See Calcutta.) Commissioners—(See Judicial)				
Court of Judicature—(See Straits Settlement.)				
Court of Sudder Foujdaree Adawlut relieved from the Superintendence of Police.	XXVIII.	..	.....	Bombay Presidency.
Courts of Justice at Madras and Bombay—mitigation of fines, &c. imposed by them. (See Supreme Courts.)				
Criminal Law.—The Court may amend certain variances not material to the merits of the case, and by which the defendant cannot be prejudiced in his defence, and may either proceed with, or postpone the trial to be had before the same or another jury.	XVI.	I.	.....	H. M.'s Courts.
„ Verdicts and judgments valid after amendments...	„	II.		
„ Records to be drawn up in amended form without noticing the amendments...	„	III.		
„ The means by which the injury was inflicted, need not be specified in indictments for murder and manslaughter; charge of facts sufficient.	„	IV.		
„ Forms of indictment in cases of forging and uttering, stealing, and embezzling or obtaining instruments by false pretences.	„	V.		
„ In engraving plates, making instruments, &c.	„	VI.		
„ Law in other cases of instruments.	„	VII.		

Criminal Law

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Criminal Law.—Intent to defraud particular persons need not be alleged or proved in cases of forgery, uttering or false pretences. . .	XVI.	VIII.		
„ A party indicted for felony or misdemeanor may be found guilty of an attempt to commit the same, and shall be liable to the same consequences as if charged with, and convicted of, the attempt only. No person so tried to be afterwards prosecuted for the same. . . .	„	IX.		
„ Section VIII. Act XXXI. 1838 repealed.	„	X.		
„ On the trial of an indictment for robbery, the jury may convict of an assault with intent to rob; if that be the offence proved, no person so tried to be afterwards prosecuted for the same.	„	XI.		
„ Persons tried for misdemeanor not to be acquitted if the offence turn out felony, unless the court so direct with a view to their being indicted for felony.	„	XII.		
„ Persons indicted for embezzlement, as a clerk, &c., not to be acquitted if the offence turn out to be larceny, and <i>vice versa</i>	„	XIII.		
„ Upon an indictment for jointly receiving, persons proved to have separately received property, may be convicted,.	„	XIV.		
„ Separate accessories and receivers may be included in the same indictment in the absence of the principal felon.	„	XV.		
„ Three larcenies by the same person within six months may be included in the same indictment.	„	XVI.		
„ When a single taking is charged, the prosecutor need not elect, unless when more than three takings				

shall

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
shall have happened, or more than six months between the first and last taking shall have expired. ..	XVI.	XVII.		
Criminal Law.—Coin and bank notes may be described in indictments simply as money.	”	XVIII.		
” Simplifying indictments for perjury and other like offences.	”	XIX.		
” As to form of indictments for subornation of perjury and other like offences... ..	”	XX.		
” What defects or omissions shall not vitiate an indictment.	”	XXI.		
” Formal objections to indictments shall be taken before jury are sworn; court may forthwith amend any formal defect.	”	XXII.		
” Provision made as to traversing indictments.	”	XXIII.		
” Provisions as to plea of <i>autrefois convict</i> or <i>autrefois acquit</i>	”	XXIV.		
” Punishment for certain indictable misdemeanors.	”	XXV.		
” Interpretation of terms... ..	”	XXVI.		
” Act when to come into operation	”	XXVII.		
Criminal Powers of Patels and heads of villages. (See Patels.)	.....	.....	.....	Bombay Presidency.
Crimping—Definition of the offence of—	XXIV.	I.		
” Definition of Emigration within the meaning of Act XIV. 1839. ..	”	II.		
” Penalty under Act XIV. 1839, for aiding and abetting emigration to foreign settlements on the mainland of India, removed; but aiding and abetting such emigration with a view to the emigrants departing from India within 6 months from the date of departure from the Company's Territories shall be deemed crimping.	”	III.		
” Crimps how to be punished.	”	IV.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Crimping—Penalty for persons fraudulently decoying or causing to depart from the Company's Territories.	XXIV.	V.		
„ In cases of imprisonment the courts may sentence offenders to hard labor also.	„	VI.		
„ Period limited for imprisonment of offenders under Section II. Act XIV. 1839.	„	VII.		
„ Penalty for persons committing an offence under Section II. Act XIV. 1839, as explained and amended by this Act, after having been previously convicted...	„	VIII.		
„ Interpretation of the term “Magistrate” used in this Act.	„	IX.		
Customs Duties—Laws relating to—repealed.	I.	I.	.....	Bombay Presidency.
„ The levy of certain harbour dues, abkaree duties, municipal tax and tolls, not barred.	„	II.		
„ Governor in Council may appoint one or more Commissioners for the management of—	„	III.		
„ Governor in Council may appoint Collectors of Customs subject to the authority of the Commissioner or Commissioners.	„	IV.		
„ Governor in Council may appoint subordinate officers for the management of—under securities, and may transfer part of the duties and powers of one officer to another. Incumbent officers to continue in office until removed.	„	V.		
„ Governor in Council may delegate the powers vested in him to any Commissioner or Collector or other officer appointed under this Act, and all officers appointed by Commissioners or Collectors shall be subservient to the authorities by which they were appointed... . .	„	VI.		Customs

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties—Penalty for obstructing officers in the exercise of their powers.	I.	VII.		
„ Penalty for offering bribes to Customs officers.	„	VIII.		
„ No action shall lie before the Supreme Court for acts done under this Act, but the same where to be tried and determined.	„	IX.		
„ Penalty for officers guilty of a wilful breach of the rules under this Act, or of obtaining considerations for doing or forbearing to do an official act.	„	X.		
„ Penalty for officers practising frauds for injuring the revenue.	„	XI.		
„ Confiscations and penalties under this Act by whom to be adjudicated, and the extent of powers of deputy and assistant Collectors in such cases, defined.	„	XII.		
„ Adjudicating officers may restore forfeited or detained goods, vessel, vehicle or other article on terms and conditions they may think fit. Acceptance of such terms by proprietors shall bar them from seeking damages by action.	„	XIII.		
„ In cases of vexatious seizures, the adjudicating officer may adjudge damages to be paid to proprietors by the Customs officers, who made such seizures, and in cases of warranted seizures may adjudge confiscation or mitigate it by imposing a penalty. Preceeds of sale or penalty how to be disposed of.	„	XIV.		
„ All penalties, except those specified in Section XIII., shall be adjudged by the Magistrate of the place where the offence shall have been committed.	„	XV.		

Customs

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties—Fines awarded against masters or owners of vessels or proprietors of goods, how to be enforced.	I.	XVI.		
„ No agent, except servants or clerks of persons, or mercantile firms, shall be allowed to enter or clear vessels or goods unless authorized by licence of the Collector. . . .	„	XVII.		
„ Duties to be levied on goods imported by sea from ports not subject to the East India Company, or from Aden, Straits of Malacca, the Tenasserim or Arracan Provinces, according to Schedule A of this Act.	„	XVIII.		
„ Duties to be levied on goods exported by sea to ports beyond the Company's Territories, and to the ports or places referred to in the above Section, according to Schedule B. Ships of European nations having Firman privileges in the port of Surat, how to be dealt with. . .	„	XIX.		
„ Duties—Levy of—on country spirits imported from one of the Company's ports into another under the Bombay Government, how to be regulated.	„	XX.		
„ Anchorage toll shall be levied on vessels arriving from other ports specified by the Governor in Council, . .	„	XXI.		
„ Goods specified in the Schedules not to be exempted from the payment of duties without the special order of the Government. Collector may pass free any passenger's personal baggage.	„	XXII.		
„ Salt which has paid the excise duty may be exported from one and landed at another port under the Presidency, under a certificate from the Customs Collector, and passed free into the interior. . .	„	XXIII.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Customs Duties.—Governor in Council may from time to time fix the value of articles liable to duty upon their value.	1852.			
„ Abatement of customs how to be allowed on goods landed in a damaged state.	I.	XXIV.		
„ Goods for which no duty has been fixed or declared in the Schedules, shall be assessed according to the market value thereof.	„	XXV.		
„ Penalty for importing or exporting goods without application in the prescribed form.	„	XXVI.		
„ Ad valorem goods shall be taxed according to the value declared in the application. What course to be adopted in cases of undervaluations in such applications. . .	„	XXVII.		
„ What steps to be taken in cases of undervaluation in invoices of goods liable to duty upon their value. . .	„	XXVIII.		
„ Double duty to be levied on goods intended to be shipped after port-clearance, and in such cases goods (Opium and Treasure excepted) which are free or have already paid import duty or been imported free, how to be dealt with.	„	XXIX.		
„ Cargoes of vessels put back after clearance, how to be dealt with. . .	„	XXX.		
„ Duty levied on goods re-landed before port-clearance shall be refunded to the exporter, but not after port-clearance except as mentioned. . .	„	XXXI.		
„ Goods exported in the same vessel in which they were imported, if manifested for re-export, and transshipment of such goods, how to be dealt with.	„	XXXII.		
„ Period limited for preferring claims for repayment of duties levied under wrong construction of law.	„	XXXIII.		
	„	XXXIV.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties.—Rule for the payment of drawback upon re-export of goods by sea.	I.	XXXV.		
„ Penalty for falsifying any invoice, entry, cocket or other document for clearing goods.	„	XXXVI.		
„ Collector may grant duplicates of lost Custom House documents upon payment of fees; and may authorize amendments in import and export applications.	„	XXXVII.		
„ Masters of vessels on arrival at the port shall immediately furnish certain information mentioned. Penalty for delaying or refusing to do so...	„	XXXVIII.		
„ Masters of vessels shall within 12 hours after arrival report the quantity of gunpowder they have on board. The same in excess of 5 seers how to be dealt with.	„	XXXIX.		
„ Masters of vessels on arrival shall deliver to the proper Customs Officer certificates of registry or pass under which the vessels may have sailed; and also manifests of cargoes...	„	XL.		
„ Penalty for false specification of goods in the manifest...	„	XLI.		
„ Penalty for non-delivery of manifests within the limited time after vessels have come to anchor.	„	XLII.		
„ Collector may refuse inward entry and order for discharge of cargo, until delivery of manifest and other necessary documents.	„	XLIII.		
„ Application containing certain particulars to be made by Masters for entitling vessels to entry outwards, or receiving on board goods for export.	„	XLIV.		
„ In cases of vessels bound for ports within the Company's Territories, the Master and Owner or Consignee				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
shall give a joint bond for producing a certificate of their arrival at their destined ports within the prescribed time. Penalty for the non-production of such certificates. . .	I.	XLV.		
Customs Duties.—Penalty for landing or shipping goods without order and entry of the vessels.	”	XLVI.		
„ Penalty for landing or shipping goods after entry, in contravention of the prescribed forms and rules.	”	XLVII.		
„ Penalty to which Masters shall be liable if goods entered in the manifest be not forthcoming, or be found short, or goods be landed at any other than the Custom House, or other place prescribed by the Collector.	”	XLVIII.		
„ Penalty for loading or unloading goods at any other than the prescribed hours and days.	”	XLIX.		
„ Goods sent from boardship shall be accompanied by a boat-note from an Officer of the vessel, and the Customs Officer on board, if there be one; goods without a boat-note or proceeding out of proper track, shall be liable to confiscation. . .	”	L		
„ Time fixed for completing the discharge of import cargoes... . .	”	LI.		
„ No vessel shall depart without a port-clearance, for obtaining which what documents necessary to produce.	”	LII		
„ A manifest of cargo on board to be delivered at the time of applying for a port-clearance. Penalty for delivering false manifests.	”	LIII.		
„ Manifests to be amended if goods are shipped after port-clearance. Penalty for Masters acting otherwise. . .	”	LIV		
„ Penalty for Masters departing or attempting to depart without a port-clearance.	”	LV.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties.—Penalty for transhipping goods without orders.	I.	LVI.		
„ Governor in Council shall declare ports in the Presidency for the landing and shipment of merchandise.	„	LVII.		
„ Penalty for landing or shipping goods at any other than the authorized places in each port without a special order.	„	LVIII.		
„ Rules to be established for the anchorage of country craft of the British Territories, for the delivery of manifests and for the landing and shipping of goods.	„	LIX.		
„ Penalty for goods passed for importation or exportation not corresponding with their description in the application.	„	LX.		
„ Exported goods found in the harbour, or those imported on the wharf, shall be liable to confiscation unless satisfactorily accounted for by the owners.	„	LXI.		
„ According to fixed rates rent to be charged on goods placed in the Government Warehouses, or on the wharf, after a certain period.	„	LXII.		
„ The charges for the unshipping and shipping of goods and their examination and weighment shall be borne by the importer or exporter.	„	LXIII.		
„ Goods brought by sea and stowed in bulk, may be weighed or measured on boardship and assessed accordingly.	„	LXIV.		
„ Rules may be passed for landing or shipping passengers' baggage and parcels by Her Majesty's or the Company's Mails or by other vessels.	„	LXV.		
„ Penalty for landing and removing goods with the intention of defrauding the revenue.	„	LXVI.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties.—Goods landed and not cleared within 3 months shall be sold, and Government dues paid from the proceeds. The balance shall be held in deposit and paid to the owner on application made within a certain period.	I.	LXVII.		
„ Governor in Council may maintain an establishment of boats for landing and shipping goods, or license and register cargo boats. Penalty for conveying goods in any other than the authorized boats.	„	LXVIII.		
„ Collector may send on board of vessels Officers to remain there by night and day to watch their unloading and lading...	„	LXIX.		
„ Penalty for Masters of vessels refusing to receive such Officers and their servants, or to afford them the necessary accommodation, &c.	„	LXX.		
„ Masters of vessels shall be charged with the wages of the Officer, &c., for such periods as he may be detained beyond those allowed for the discharge of cargoes.	„	LXXI.		
„ Times fixed for taking in export cargoes when the lading and unloading are continuous or otherwise.	„	LXXII.		
„ When the unloading and lading be not continuous, the Customs Officer to be removed as soon as the import cargo has been fully discharged; and replaced on board after entry outwards. Penalty for Masters of vessels receiving goods on board before the Officer joins the vessel.	„	LXXIII.		
„ Collector may order search of vessels. Goods found concealed and not duly accounted for, how to be dealt with. Resistance to Customs Officers in such cases how punishable.	„	LXXIV.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties.—Search of persons suspected of having uncustomed or prohibited goods on them, how to be conducted and enforced, and when such suspicion is confirmed how the person and goods to be dealt with.	I.	LXXV.		
„ Ditto ditto as regards places where uncustomed or prohibited goods may be kept...	„	LXXVI.		
„ Penalty for boats making fast to, or lying alongside of vessels with goods for export without a permit.	„	LXXVII.		
„ Fines by whom to be adjudicated and how enforced...	„	LXXVIII.		
„ Rates of Import duty—Schedule A.	„	„		
„ Ditto Export ditto—Schedule B. . .	„	„		
„ Anchorage Tolls on country crafts—Schedule C.	„	„		
„ Duties shall be levied on goods passing by land into, or out of Foreign European settlements on the coast, at rates prescribed in Act I. of 1852.	II.	I.		
„ Governor in Council may declare the Territory of any Native Chief a s Foreign Territory, and goods passing into, or out of such Territory, liable to single or double duties	„	II.		
„ Stations may be established for the levy of such duties with power to Officers appointed thereto to examine the goods, which shall not pass without a certificate of the duty having been paid... . .	„	III.		
„ Officers of Sea Customs may receive money on account of Land Customs, and grant certificates to enable goods to cross the frontier... . .	„	IV.		
„ Officers to be appointed to receive Land Customs duties and grant certificate of payment.	„	V.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Customs Duties.—Period for such certificates continuing in force. The same if not used may be renewed within the limited period. . . .	II.	VI.		
„ Roads to be prescribed for passing goods into, or out of, Foreign Territories.	„	VII.		
„ Penalty for unlawfully passing goods across the Frontier Stations. . .	„	VIII.		
„ Penalty for Station Officers allowing goods to pass unlawfully. . .	„	IX.		
„ Penalty for Station Officers unlawfully injuring or detaining goods.	„	X.		
„ Confiscations and Penalties by whom to be adjudicated...	„	XI.		
D.				
Darogahs or other Police Officers no longer entitled to any commission on the value of stolen property recovered by them.	XXXI.	I.	.....	Bengal Presidency.
Decrees in appeal by Her Majesty in Council, or any Sudder or Zillah Court, how and by whom to be executed.	XXV.	I.	.....	Presidency of Fort William.
„ Petition to be presented to the Court which made the first decree appealed from, for the execution of such decrees...	„	II.		
„ Appeals from orders on petitions for the execution of such decrees shall be preferred in what manner. . .	„	III.		
„ Sudder Court may enforce—if ordered by Her Majesty in Council. . .	„	IV.		
„ Section VIII. Act XXV. 1837, extended to proceedings under this Act.	„	V.		
„ Applicability of the Act.. . . .	„	VI.		
„ Execution of—within the jurisdiction of Courts other than those pronouncing the same. (See Execution.)				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Deputy Collectors — Uncovenanted — under the Bombay Presidency. (See Uncovenanted.)	1852.			
Drugs.—(See Abkaree.)				
Duties—Land customs—(See Customs.)				
Duty.—(See Customs.)				
E.				
Emigrants—Period fixed for the departure in future of vessels with— for Jamaica, British Guiana or Trinidad.	IV.	II.	.....	Calcutta and Bombay.
„ What should be the height between decks of emigrant vessels, and what space allowed to the emigrants for their accommodation.	„	III.		
„ Port of Bombay re-opened for—to Mauritius.	„	IV.		
„ A Protector of emigrants to be appointed at Bombay and Mauritius. Agent's certificate countersigned by the Protector necessary to enable emigrants to embark.	„	V.		
Evidence—Part of Section I., Act VII. 1844, relating to—repealed.	XV.	I.	.....	Her Majesty's Courts.
„ Parties to suits, &c., to be admissible witnesses.	„	II.		
„ Parties not compellable to criminate themselves; husband and wife not compellable to give evidence for or against each other.	„	III.		
„ Act not to apply to proceedings for adultery, or to actions for breach of promise of marriage.	„	IV.		
„ The Will Act, XXV. 1838, not repealed.	„	V.		
„ Courts may compel inspection by opposite party on application, of documents in actions and other proceedings.	„	VI.		
„ Foreign and colonial Acts of state, judgments, &c., proveable by certi-				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
fied copies, without proof of seal or signature or judicial character of the person signing the same. . .	XV.	VII.		
Evidence—Registers of British vessels and certificates of registry admissible in—	”	VIII.		
” To prove conviction or acquittal not necessary to produce record, but certificate of clerk of court sufficient.	”	IX.		
” Examined or certified copies of public documents admissible. . .	”	X.		
” Certifying a false document a misdemeanor.	”	XI.		
” Court, &c., may administer oath. . .	”	XII.		
” Persons forging seal, stamp or signature of certain document, or wilfully uttering the same, shall be guilty of felony.	”	XIII.		
” Act when to come into operation. . .	”	XIV.		
Exceptions filed in cases. (See Supreme Court.)				
Execution of decrees in appeal. (See Decrees.)				
Execution of judgments in places beyond the jurisdiction of the courts pronouncing the same, provided for.	XXXIII.	I.	.....	General.
” What proceedings necessary preparatory to obtaining such execution.	”	II.		
” In granting copies of the judgment, &c., how the court, pronouncing the judgment, shall act, if it be a court of original jurisdiction. . .	”	III.		
” Ditto ditto ditto, if of a subordinate jurisdiction.	”	IV.		
” Principal court of original jurisdiction shall send copies of judgment, &c., to a similar court in the district in which execution is sought, and to the Prothonotary if within the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.	”	V.		
” Copies of judgments when filed in courts receiving the same, shall be treated as judgment of their own.	”	VI.		

K

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Execution of Judgment.—Courts in enforcing judgments of other courts, shall be guided by their own rules and procedure in like cases... ..	1852.			
„ Of decrees of Military Courts of Requests may be made under this Act; such decrees not to be enforced against the person of a soldier. Decrees of Military Courts of Requests by whom to be signed. .	XXXIII.	VII.		
„ Petitions for—of Moonsiffs or Military Court of Requests, may be written on plain paper.	„	VIII.		
„ Orders for—or enforcement of judgments how appealable... ..	„	IX.		
„ Definition of certain terms used in this Act.	„	X.		
„ Of Mofussil process. (See Sheriffs)	„	XI.		
Expense and delay in certain cases, how far diminished. (See Supreme Court.)				
F.				
Fines, &c., imposed by the Supreme Courts, may be mitigated by the Governor in Council of the two Presidencies, respectively. (See Supreme Court.)	XXIII.	II, III.	.....	Madras and Bombay.
Frontier Duties.—(See Customs.)				
G.				
Gambling—Penalty for keeping or managing common gaming-houses or places for the purpose of—	XXXIV.	I.	.....	Straits Settlements.
„ What will be a sufficient proof of a common gaming-house.	„	II.		
„ Penalty for persons playing or being present in common gaming-houses, and for persons found gaming in any street, public place or thoroughfare.	„	III.		

Gambling

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Gambling.—Justice of the Peace may grant warrants to Peace Officers to enter any common gaming-house, take into custody persons, and seize all moneys and gaming instruments found there. . . .	XXXIV.	IV.		
„ Peace Officers and their assistants may enter any gaming-house without a warrant, if they see persons playing there. . . .	„	V.		
„ Finding of gaming instruments in common gaming-houses suspected to be so, or about the persons of men found therein, shall be evidence that such are gaming-houses, and that the men found there were present for gaming, though not actually engaged in it. . . .	„	VI.		
„ Gaming instruments, moneys, sureties for money and other articles seized in gaming-houses, how to be dealt with on conviction of the parties concerned in gaming. . . .	„	VII.		
„ Police Officers may arrest persons seen gaming in any gaming-houses, street or thoroughfare, and seize all gaming instruments found there. . . .	„	VIII.		
„ To convict persons for managing a common gaming-house, proof not necessary that persons found there were playing for money, &c. . .	„	IX.		
„ Persons concerned in gaming, making discoveries as witnesses, shall be freed from prosecution. . . .	„	X.		
„ Justices of the Peace may, upon information, issue warrants for the apprehension of persons charged with the keeping or managing of common gaming-houses. . . .	„	XI.		
„ Act not applicable to any game of mere skill played at any licensed Hotels, or places of public resort. . . .	„	XII.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Gambling.—Persons winning at any game by fraud, or unlawful device, shall be guilty of obtaining money or valuables by false pretence, and on conviction punished accordingly.	XXXIV.	XIII.		
„ Proceedings before the court of quarter sessions not voidable for want of form or removable by <i>certiorari</i> into Her Majesty's Court.	„	XIV.		
„ Portions of the fines and of the moneys or proceeds of articles seized may be paid to informers, and the balance how to be applied.	„	XV.		
H.				
Heads of district Police vested with the power of trying certain offences against the Salt Laws... .. (See Salt.)	VII.	.....	.....	Madras Presidency.
Heads of villages vested with criminal jurisdiction in certain cases. .. (See Patels.)	XXVII.	.....	.....	Bombay Presidency.
Horsburgh Light-House. (See Light-House.)				
I.				
Improvements of Calcutta. (See Calcutta.)				
Inams.—Rules regarding rent-free lands in Deccan, Candeish, or Southern Mahratta Country not questionable in any court for any construction of the law which may be inconsistent with rules prescribed by this Act.	XI.	I.	.....	Bombay Presidency.
„ Inam Commissioners with assistants may be appointed to districts not within Regulation Provinces. ..	„	II.		
„ Duties of such Commissioners and assistants, how to be discharged... ..	„	III.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Inams.—Claims to exempt lands how to be determined.	XI.	IV.		
„ Power of Commissioners and their assistants to enforce the attendance of witnesses, and to take evidence. Appeals from their proceedings where to lie.	„	V.		
„ Penalty for corruption or other misconduct on the part of Officers of the Commissioner's Establishment.	„	VI.		
„ Decisions of Commissioner, &c., not questionable in Courts of Law, nor shall they be sued in Civil Courts for acts <i>bond fide</i> done by them.	„	VII.		
„ Schedule A.				
„ Duties of Inam Commissioner, and his assistants.	„	„	1	
„ Appeals from orders of Commissioner and his assistants where to lie.	„	„	2	
„ Commissioner and his assistants shall receive from holders and claimants of rent-free lands statements explaining the nature of their title, and take evidence thereon.	„	„	3	
„ Statements how to be called for and received.	„	„	4	
„ What sort of notice to be issued for procuring such statements when general invitations fail.	„	„	5	
„ Notice upon whom to be served.	„	„	6	
„ Notice where to be posted in the absence of the persons on whom it would be served. Penalty for non-attendance of claimants within the prescribed period.	„	„	7	
„ Attachments of lands as penalties, by whom to be enforced.	„	„	8	
„ Statements when received how to be tested and decided upon.	„	„	9	

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Inams.—In the event of non-attendance of claimants, their rights how and by whom to be decided. . . .	XI.	VII.	10	
„ Attachments made under Rule 8, removable by whose order. Rents collected during attachment not to be restored without order of Government. . . .	„	„	11	
„ Copies of decisions shall be delivered to the claimants affected thereby...	„	„	12	
„ Decisions by whom to be carried into execution.	„	„	13	
„ Procedure for preferring appeals against decisions of Inam Commissioner.	„	„	14	
Schedule B.				
„ Already declared hereditarily rent-free shall be so continued. Competency of Officers for making such declarations, by whom to be determined.	„	„	1	
„ Hereditary lands held under a Sunnud shall be so continued, provided that the grant was made by a competent authority,—that its terms can be observed consistently with the Laws of the land, and rules of public decency,—and that it was not afterwards revoked or altered.	„	„	2	
„ What shall constitute a title to continue to hold lands exempt from assessment.	„	„	3	
„ What lands shall be continued only for one succession after the possessor at the introduction of the British Government. What shall constitute uninterrupted and authorized possession, Prescriptive right admissible under what circumstance.	„	„	4	
„ Introduction of the British Government whence to be reckoned. . . .	„	„	5	

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Inams.—What lands shall be resumed on the demise of the incumbent. If he may have died before introduction of British Government, to whom the land shall be continued. In cases of frauds lands shall be resumed at once.	1852.			
„ Lands for the support of Mosques, Temples, &c, shall be continued permanently, provided—(1st.) That the grant was made by a competent authority. (2nd.) That its terms can be observed consistently with the laws of the land and rules of public decency. (3rd.) That it was not afterwards revoked or altered. (4th.) What will entitle Inams under this rule to be permanently continued in the absence of proofs of their grant or their recognition by a competent authority. (5th.) If the records do not establish full prescriptive right, what shall. (6th.) Claims to holdings of individuals in their own names for ceremonial worship shall be decided under rules for personal claims. (7th.) Claims unsupported by valid title and prescriptive enjoyment how to be adjudicated.	XI.	VII.	6	
„ Lands held by a tenure of hereditary office, if not personal, shall be continued permanently, subject to 1st., 2nd. and 3rd. provisions in the above rule. (4th.) Inams if proved to have been officially enjoyed, shall be continued permanently, though there be no proof of their having been granted or recognized by competent authority. (5th.) Certain service Wuttuns exempted from this rule; length of enjoyment not sufficient for bringing claims under this rule.	„	„	7	

Inams.

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
(6th.) Mere length of enjoyment of land by an official person not sufficient for bringing a claim.				
(7th.) Claimants may avail themselves of any of the preceding rules of Schedule B., if holdings be not permanent under this rule. . . .	XI.	VII.	8	
Inams.—Provision made for widows of last incumbents of resumed holdings, and of proprietors of hereditary personal Inams dying without any male issue or other heirs. . . .	”	”	9	
„ Certain service tenures excepted from the application of these rules.	”	”	10	
„ Governor in Council may relax any of these rules in favor of claimants, and may interpret the meaning of these rules.	”	”	11	
Indictments—Forms of—in certain cases triable by Her Majesty’s Courts. (See Criminal.)				
Infants—Concurrence of— (See Supreme Court.)				
Intoxicating Drugs. (See Abkaree.)				
J.				
Judge of Circuit.—(See Judicial Commissioner.) . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	Bombay Presidency.
Judicial Commissioner—Any one of the Judges of the Sudder Foujdaree Adawlut may be empowered by a written communication from the Governor in Council to act as—or as a Judge on Circuit, and may be vested with all the powers of the Court of Sudder Foujdaree Adawlut.. . . .	XXIX.	II.		
„ May be directed to proceed on circuit to any zillah in the Presidency.	”	III.		
Judgments—Execution of—within the jurisdiction of courts other than those pronouncing the same. (See Execution.)				
Justice, Criminal.—(See Criminal.)				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
K.				
Kyook Phyoo.—(See Poll Tax and Tax.)	1852.			
L.				
Land Customs on certain Foreign Frontiers of the Bombay Presidency. (See Customs.)				
Lands exempted from assessment. (See Inams.)				
Land needed for public purpose shall be so declared by the Governor in Council... ..	XX.	I.	.....	Madras Presidency.
„ How to be taken possession of in case of hindrance to their immediate acquisition by purchase. . . .	„	II.		
„ After possession being taken, shall be vested in the Government free from all other rights, titles and incumbrances.	„	III.		
„ Parties interested in—how to be cited to prefer their claims to compensation.	„	IV.		
„ Valid claims may be admitted and adjusted by the collector.	„	V.		
„ Points in dispute between the collector, and the parties interested as to the nature of their claim, and the compensation demanded, to be referred to arbitration... ..	„	VI.		
„ Arbitrators how and by whom to be appointed.	„	VII.		
„ An umpire to be appointed by the arbitrators.	„	VIII.		
„ In cases of difference of opinion, and if there be an equality of voice, decision of umpire conclusive. In other cases majority shall give the award.	„	IX.		
„ Collector shall see that there is no unnecessary delay on the part of the arbitrators in deciding the points referred to them.	„	X.		
„ Collector may order the attendance of witnesses before the arbitrators and cause them to be sworn.				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Penalty for non-attendance, or perjury on the part of witnesses.	XX.	XI.		
Land.—Collector may enforce the production before arbitrators of accounts, title-deeds, &c., of the parties interested.	”	XII.		
” What preliminary inquiries the arbitrators shall make prior to their giving awards.	”	XIII.		
” Award of arbitrators or umpire, how far binding.	”	XIV.		
” In cases of questionable title and of unrepresented minors, lunatics and absentees, the amount of compensation awarded by arbitrators shall be held in deposit by Government.	”	XV.		
” On the close of the inquiry, arbitrators shall report their proceedings to the Collector.	”	XVI.		
” Suits against Government for compensation shall be dismissed, but right to recover value of land from persons receiving it without title, not barred.	”	XVII.		
” Claims preferred by parties after a month to lands acquired by Government by bargain, shall be null and void.	”	XVIII.		
” Expenses of arbitration payable by Government...	”	XIX.		
” Act XLII. 1850, made applicable to Madras Presidency.	”	XX.		
” Interpretation of terms...	”	XXI.		
Light-House on Pedra Branca—what shall be the designation of the—and the right as to its appurtenances, &c., in whom vested. . .	VI.	I.	.....	Straits Settlement.
” A Toll to be levied on Vessels entering the Harbour of Singapore once every six months at a certain rate per ton...	”	II.		
” Ships of War and Armed Ships of any Power exempted from such Toll.	”	III.		

Light-

	Act.	Section.	Clause.	Territorial Scope of the Acts.
	1852.			
Light-House—Management and control of the—in whom vested.	VI.	IV.		
„ Straits Government may appoint any person as Collector of Tolls...	„	V.		
„ Out of the funds so raised, a light to be kept up and exhibited, and the surplus paid over to the East India Company.	„	VI.		
„ Payment of Tolls how to be enforced in case of default.	„	VII.		
„ Toll Collector's certificate necessary prior to obtaining Port Clearance at Singapore...	„	VIII.		
„ Collector may sue Owners or Masters in any of Her Majesty's Courts in India for the recovery of Tolls.	„	IX.		
„ Penalty for Masters or Owners of Ships refusing to produce Registers of Ships for ascertaining their Tonnage.	„	X.		
„ Other Light-Houses shall be built and maintained in the Straits from the surplus money of the Toll after the Company's advances for the erection of the Horsburgh Light-House, shall have been liquidated.	„	XI.		
„ Vessels passing through the Straits without entering the Harbour, exempted from payment of the Toll.	„	XII.		
„ Definition of Ships and the import of certain other words used in this Act.	„	XIII.		
Liquors.—(See Abkaree.)				
Lunatics—Concurrence of— (See Supreme Court.)				
M.				
Maharajah Bajee Row.— (See Bajee Row.)				
Malacca.—(See Straits Settlement.)				
„ (See Gambling.)				
Marriages of Christians how to be solemnized in India under 14 and 15, Vic. Cap. 40.	V.	.....	.....	General.

Marriages

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Marriages of Christians.—Form of notice to be given to the Marriage Registrar, and length of residence of the parties intending to be married necessary prior to the notice. ..	V.	I.		
„ The marriage notice book shall be open for inspection to all parties without fee.	„	II.		
„ Notices of marriage how to be published.	„	III.		
„ In the case of minors the issue of certificates to be suspended until the expiration of 14 days after the entry of the notice.	„	IV.		
„ If both the parties intending to be married reside in the Presidency Towns, Supreme Court may, on application, order the issue of Certificate in less than 14 days. ..	„	V.		
„ Form of Certificate to be issued by the Marriage Registrar.	„	VI.		
„ Notice and certificate to be translated to Native Christians not understanding the English language.		VII.		
„ How issue of certificate may be forbidden by authorized persons. ..	„	VIII.		
„ References to whom to be made by the Registrars in cases of doubts as to the persons forbidding being authorized so to do, and the same how to be decided.	„	IX.		
„ Appeals to whom to be made where Registrars in allied Native States refuse certificates.	„	X.		
„ Hours fixed for Marriages.	„	XI.		
„ Declarations made at the marriage of Native Christians, to be translated to them, if they do not understand the English language.	„	XII.		
„ Proof as to notice, certificate, translation thereof, or the hours of Marriage not necessary to establish Marriage.	„	XIII.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Marriages of Christians.—Penalties for Registrars issuing certificates, and persons solemnizing Marriages contrary to the provisions of this Act.	V.	XIV.		
„ Certificates of Marriages in allied Native States to whom to be sent.	„	XV.		
„ Punishment for making false oath or declaration, or signing false notices or certificates, and for persons unauthorizedly forbidding issue of certificates.	„	XVI.		
„ Period limited for prosecution. . .	„	XVII.		
„ Registrars in allied Native States by whom to be appointed, and their fees.	„	XVIII.		
„ Salaries of Registrars.	„	XIX.		
„ Magistrates may act as Registrars in cases of casualties.	„	XX.		
„ Searches may be made, and certified, and copies of entries in the Register Book given for prescribed fees.	„	XXI.		
„ Penalty for destroying or injuring or falsifying the Register Book or the counterfoil certificate or any certified copy thereof.	„	XXII.		
„ Accidental errors in entries may be corrected, and in what manner. . .	„	XXIII.		
„ This Act not to extend to Marriages solemnized by persons in holy orders, or under Act 58, Geo. III., Cap. 84, or to the Registration of Marriages between any two persons of the Jewish religion, and Ministers may receive fees as heretofore for Registration and Marriage.	„	XXIV.		
„ Petitions to be on unstamped paper.	„	XXV.		
„ Act when to take effect.	„	XXVI.		
„ Schedules A and B.	„	„		
Married Women—Concurrence of—(See Supreme Court.)				
Ministerial Officers—Prosecution of—(See Prosecution.)				

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Ministerial Officers—Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs may try suits in which— of their courts may be parties. . .	1852. XXVI.	IV.		
Mofussil Process. (See Sheriffs.)				
Moonsiffs—Procedure of—assimilated to that of the Judges' and Principal Sudder Ameens' Courts in original suits.	XXVI.	.....	.....	Bengal Presidency.
„ Laws and Rules concerning above made applicable to Courts of— . .	„	II.		
„ Certain Regulations made applicable to cases in the Courts of—and also Clause 2, Section IV., Regulation XXVI. 1814, relating to reviews of judgment.	„	III.		
„ May try suits in which any vakeel or Officer of their Courts is a party, and suits under Clause I., Section XXX., Regulation II. 1819... . .	„	IV.		
„ Rules for dispensing with the use of stamps on certain documents, and those for procuring attendance of witnesses in the Courts of—to remain unaffected.	„	V.		
„ Authenticated copies of decrees may be filed with petitions for execution, which copies it will not be necessary to compare with the original decree.	„	VI.		
„ Procedure in cases pending before— shall be the same as before the passing of this Act.	„	VIII.		
(See Regulations.)				
Municipal Commissioners. (See Calcutta.)				
Municipal Improvements. (See Calcutta.)				
N.				
Naturalization—Persons residing in the Company's Territories may memorialize the Government for the privileges of—	XXX.	I.	.....	General

Naturalization

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Naturalization.—The memorial to contain what particulars.	XXX.	II.		
„ Truth of the statements how to be tested.	„	III.		
„ Government may issue a certificate of rights of—	„	IV.		
„ The certificate to be delivered to the Memorialist, and the documents concerning thereto, how and where to be recorded.	„	V.		
„ In case of falsity of statements in the memorial the certificate may be revoked.	„	VI.		
„ Fees payable.	„	VII.		
„ Rights and privileges of one who has been naturalized, defined.	„	VIII.		
„ Jurisdiction of the Company's and Her Majesty's Courts over such persons to remain unchanged.	„	IX.		
„ Within 60 days from the date of the certificate the Memorialist shall subscribe an oath in the form prescribed.	„	X.		
„ Oath by whom to be administered.	„	XI.		
„ Definition of certain terms used in this Act.	„	XII.		
„ Oath or affidavit as used in this Act, shall comprehend affirmation.	„	XIII.		
Schedule.	„	„		
O.				
Offences.—(See Criminal Justice.)				
Original Suits—Mode of procedure in— in Sudder Ameens' and Moonsiffs' Courts, amended. (See Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs.)	XXVI.	.....	.....	Bengal Presidency.
P.				
Patels how to be vested with criminal jurisdiction in certain cases.	XXVII.	I.	.....	Bombay Presidency.
„ Nature of offences cognizable by—	„	II.		

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Patels.—Punishments limited on conviction.	XXVII.	III.		
„ Conviction to bar other proceedings for the same offence.	„	IV.		
Pedra Branca—Light-House on—(See Light-House.)				
Pleaders shall be dismissed for proved conviction of criminal offence, and for breach of trust in their professional duty.	XVIII.	II.	Bengal, Lower Provinces.
„ Competent Courts may order dismissal of—on production of copies of judgment containing their conviction or finding.	„	III.		
„ Procedure of Court on charges filed against—	„	IV.		
„ Power of dismissal in Sudder and Zillah Courts, and Courts subordinate to the latter, vested in Judges of the Sudder and Zillah Courts, respectively.	„	V.		
„ Appeals shall lie to the Sudder Court from the order of Zillah Judges for the dismissal of—	„	VI.		
„ Courts shall not impose fines on—except under Act XXX. 1841.	„	VII.		
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„ Collectors, Magistrates, Judges or other Officers or their deputies, who may prosecute any Officer, &c., shall not act as Judges in any such prosecution	„	III.		
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	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
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„ IX. 1800, Clause II., Section VII.				
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„ II. 1810, Section IV.				
„ VI. 1814.				
„ XX. 1827, Chapters III., V. and VII. and				
„ I. 1833, Bombay Code, repealed.	I	I		
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„ For the good order of Calcutta, passed on 28th October 1814, repealed.	XII.	I.		
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„ of 8th April 1802, respecting gunpowder, repealed.	XIII.	XXXVII.		
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„ XXVII. 1814, Sections VI., VII., VIII., X., XI., XIII., XIV., and XV., Clause 3, Section IX. and Clause 6, Section XX.				
„ X. 1829, Section XVIII., Bengal Code, so far as regards pleaders, repealed.	XVIII.	I.		
(See Pleaders.)				
„ I. 1813, Madras Code repealed.	XIX.	I.		
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„ I. 1820, Sections IV., V. and VI. Madras Code, made applicable to the Town and Suburbs of Madras with certain modifications.	„	XXVII.		
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	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
Regulation XXIII. 1814, Sections XIX., XXI., XXII., XXIV., XXVII., XXIX., XXXV. and XXXVII. and Clauses 1, 2, 3 and 5, Section XXV. and part of Section LXXIII. of the same Regulation,				
„ V. 1831, Clause 5, Section V. and Clause 3, Section XV., and parts of Clause 3, Section VIII. and Section VI. of the same Regulation, Bengal Code, repealed.	XXVI.		I.	
„ III. 1793, Sections XIII. and XXI.				
„ VII. 1795, Sections VII. and XI.				
„ II. 1803, Sections XVII. and XIX.				
„ VII. 1832, Sections VIII. and IX. Bengal Code, as extended by Act XXI. 1850, made applicable to suits and cases in Moonsiff's Court.	„		III.	
„ XXVI. 1814, Clause 2, Section IV., Bengal Code, relating to reviews of judgment, made applicable to Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs' Courts	„		„	
„ V. 1851, Clause 2, Section XV. Bengal Code, modified.	„		IV.	
„ II. 1819, Clause 1, Section XXX., Bengal Code, suits under—may be referred to Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs.	„		„	
„ XXVI. 1814, Clause 7, Section XV., Bengal Code, modified.	„		VI.	
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„ III. 1830, Section IX.				
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„ The offenders shall be released if no orders be received from the Magistrate at the end of a month. . .	„	III.		
„ Heads of District Police shall report to Magistrates punishment inflicted under this Act.	„	IV.		
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„ The Tables of fees by whom to be approved.	„	II.		
„ Mofussil Courts issuing process shall keep separate accounts, and pay the amount of fees into the local treasury.	„	III.		
„ Fees how to be accounted for and paid to the—	„	IV.		
„ Government may compound with— for a monthly payment instead of such fees, &c.	„	V. ?		
„ Besides the fees or monthly payment, Sheriff shall receive 2½ per Cent. on the value of property sold under Mofussil process.	„	VI.		

Sheriffs

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Sheriffs.—Fees for taking the body of persons in execution of Mofussil process, how to be adjusted. ..	1852.			
„ Liability of—in case of escape of persons taken in execution, defined.	VIII.	VII.		
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„ Clause 2, Section IV., Regulation XXVI. 1814, relating to reviews of judgment made applicable to the Courts of—such reviews to be granted with the authority of the Judge.	„	III.		
„ May try suits in which any Vakeel or Officer of their Courts, is a party, and suits under Clause 1, Section XXX., Regulation II. 1819. ..	„	IV.		
„ Authenticated copies of decrees may be filed with petitions for execution. Copy of Petition not necessary to be compared with the original record of the suit.	„	VI.		
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	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
Sudder Foujdaree Adawlut relieved from the Superintendence of Police.	1852. XXVIII.	Bombay Presidency.
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„ How lunatic may concur.	„	II.		
„ How married women may concur.	„	III.		
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„ How special guardian to be appointed for a lunatic not found such by inquisition, and for infant.	„	V.		
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„ How special cases to be entitled.	„	VII.		
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Supreme Court

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
	1852.			
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				Supreme Court

	<i>Act.</i>	<i>Section.</i>	<i>Clause.</i>	<i>Territorial Scope of the Acts.</i>
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