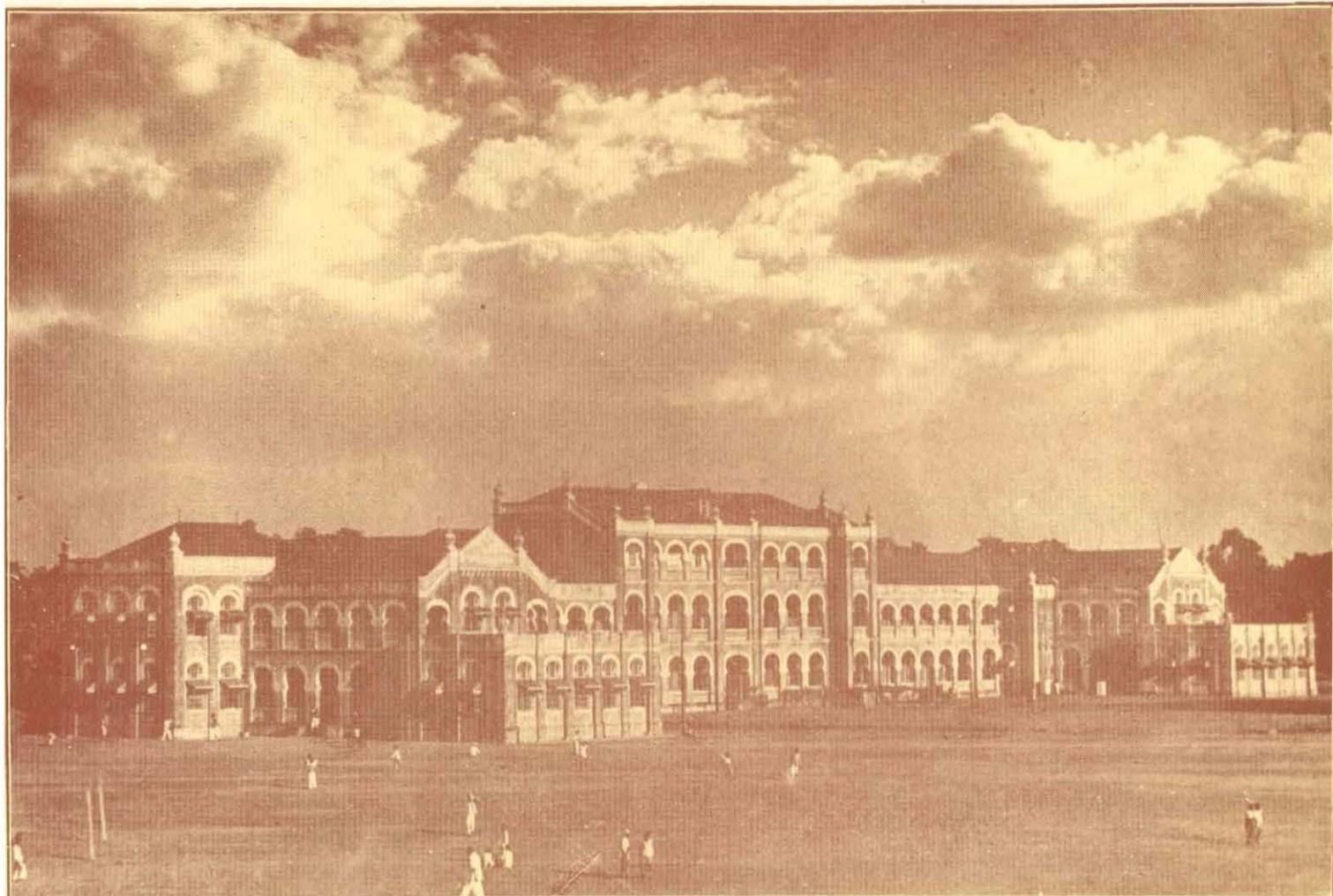


Sir Parashurambhau College, Poona





Sir Parashurambhau College, Poona





Sir Parashurambhau
LATE CHIEFSAHEB OF JAMKHANDI
after whom the College is named



The late Mr. Vishnushastri Chiplunkar
In whose memory the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya was started in 1883

'निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु'

New Poona College

NOW KNOWN AS

Sir 'Parashurambhau College

Silver Jubilee

Commemoration Volume

Shikshana Prasaraka Mandali, Poona

1941

Printed at the Aryabhushan Press, 915/1 Shivaji Nagar, Poona 4 by Mr. V. H. Barve.
Published by Prof. H. V. Tulpule, B. A., LL. B., Chairman, Silver Jubilee
Committee, Sir Parashurambhau College, Poona 2.

Respectfully .Dedicated

TO

OUR FIRST PRINCIPAL

REVERED

MR. VINAYAK GANESH APTE, B.A

निवासभूः श्रीसरस्वत्या ज्ञानामृतरसप्रपा ।
स्फूर्तिर्भूर्तिमती नूनं छात्राणां शर्मदायिनी ॥
निर्वाहं शीघ्रमिच्छन्ती प्रतिपन्नस्य वस्तुनः ।
प्रसारिका शिक्षणस्य मण्डलीयं समेधताम् ॥

के. ना. वाटवे

पाणपोई ही सृष्टी कीं मूर्ति कां ही रागदारी
सङ्गरीं जी स्फूर्तिदायी जीधेतीं जी क्षेमकारी

अशयन्ता

" Come, climb with us the Hill of Knowledge,
And breathe of Freedom's purest air ! —
How steep the Hill ! the task unending
Courage, my Friend, for Wisdom's there ! "

F. M. FERNANDEZ

श्रीसरस्वती विजयतेतराम् ।

अथैतन्निर्देष्टुं संतुष्यति मे चेतो यत्पुण्यपुरललामभूतः 'शिक्षणप्रसारक-
मण्डली' इत्याख्यसंस्थाया भूयिष्ठप्रयत्नानां मूर्तिमत्फलायमानः 'सर परशुरामभाऊ
कॉलेज' इति विद्यालयः पञ्चविंशति वर्षाणि परिसमाप्य षड्विंशोऽब्दे पदं निदधातीति ।
या हि संस्थाकल्पलताऽल्पीयस्येवाऽऽरम्भे प्ररूढा कतिपयदिवसापगमे पल्लविता ततो
विस्तृताऽथ 'नूतनमराठीहायस्कूल' रूपेण कुसुमिता गच्छता च कालेन सुफलितेत्येवं
पञ्चभिः प्रकारैर्व्याप्तोत्सकलमपि भारतं वर्षं सुकीर्तिपरिमलेन । अस्या हि संस्थायाः
'आय. सी. एस्.' 'आय. एम्. एस्.' इत्याद्युपाधिविभूषिता विद्यार्थिनोऽद्य तत्तदधिकार-
पदेषु विराजन्ते । विदितमेवैतत्सर्वेषाम् । भूयो भूयो बुद्धिमत्तरैः सुबहुलैर्विद्यार्थिभिः
'नाना शंकर' 'भाऊ दाजी' 'भगवान्दास पुरुषोत्तमदास' 'झाला वेदान्त'
एवमादीन्यनितरसाधारणानि पारितोषिकाणि समपादिषत । तदेतस्याः संस्थाया नू-
म. विद्यालये प्रधानशिक्षकत्वेन विंशतिसंवत्सरात्मकः, महाविद्यालये च षड्वत्सराव-
धिको व्यत्यगान्मे समयः । आ मूलादद्य यावत् 'निर्वाहः प्रतिषन्नवस्तुषु सतामेतद्धि
गोत्रव्रतम्' (मु. रा. १-१८) इति मनसि निधाय संस्थासमुत्कर्षार्थमिति हि नाम
प्रायतिषि । तेन हि अस्याः संप्रतितनं महान्तमुत्कर्षमालोक्याऽऽनन्दस्य परां किल
काष्ठामधिरोहति मे मानसम् ।

अस्याः संस्थायाः समुज्ज्वलभमाणं सुधाधवलं यशःपटलं प्रसर्पतु दिगङ्गनाङ्गणेषु,
यावच्चन्द्रदिवाकरौ च चकास्त्वेषा संस्था । एतत्संस्थायां च भूतो भवन् भार्वा च
विद्यार्थिसमुदायः—

'युवा स्यात्साधुयुवाऽध्यायकः । आशिष्ठो दृढिष्ठो बलिष्ठः'

(तै. आ. ८-२)

भूयात् । तथा च—

'सर्वेऽत्र सुखिनः सन्तु सर्वे सन्तु निरामयाः ।

सर्वे भद्राणि पश्यन्तु मा कश्चिद्दुःखमाप्नुयात् ॥

इत्याशासे । इति शम् ।

दिनाङ्कः १५/१२/४१ }
पुण्यपत्तनम् }

बिनायक गणेश आपटे

Blessing

It is a matter of supreme satisfaction to me to find that the Sir Parashurambhau College has just finished its twenty-five years of glorious life only to enter upon a still more glorious career.

Making a modest and unostentatious beginning with a small Marathi School, the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali sprouted forth in course of time into the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya High School, the biggest of its kind in the Presidency, and afterwards into the full-fledged College, with all the necessary equipments.

It greatly delights my heart to remember that my humble self had the proud privilege of being associated with this Mandali, first as the Superintendent of the N. M. V. High School for twenty years and then as the Principal of this College for six years. I have been striving incessantly for the prosperity of the Mandali always keeping before me the noble ideal—'see your undertaking through'—and it is but natural, that I should feel overpowered with emotions to see the present achievements of the Mandali as being the result of the indefatigable industry with which I, with a band of young, zealous and selfless colleagues of mine have worked.

**May every student of this institution, past,
present as well as future, be in the words
of Taittiriya Upanishad "Blessed
and endowed with benevolent
youth, learning, strength
and firmness of
resolve".**

— V. G. Apte

OUR FIRST PRINCIPAL



Revered Vinayakraoji Apte, B.A.

President, Shikshan Prasarak Mandali



**Shrimant Shankarrao alias Appasaheb Patwardhan,
Rajasaheb of Jamkhandi.**

Chairman, Managing Council, S. P. Mandali



Mr. N. C. Kelkar

Ourselves

This Volume is an humble attempt on our part to give, as far as possible, a comprehensive survey of the work and activities of the Sir Parashurambhau College during the last twenty-five years. Our aim has been to place the reader in possession of all relevant facts and leave him to form his own judgment about our work.

Full credit for planning, collecting and digesting the material received, and seeing the Volume through the press, must go to Prof. R. V. Oturkar, Jt. Secretary of the Jubilee Committee who has been working untiringly to make the Volume worthy of the occasion.

Our thanks are due to all — our colleagues, past and present students, Mr. K. B. Godbole, our photographer and Mr. S. V. Agashe, the block-maker, our well-wishers, especially the management of the Aryabhushan Press — who have willingly given us every possible help in the publication of this Volume.

No body is more conscious, however, than ourselves, of the several shortcomings that have crept in, inspite of our best efforts and we crave the indulgence of our readers for the same.

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Shikshana Prasaraka Mandali

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Shrimant Shankarrao Appasaheb Patwardhan,
Rajasaheb of Jamkhadi

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Seth Ramdas Anandilal Podar

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His Highness Sir Pratapsinh Gaekwar

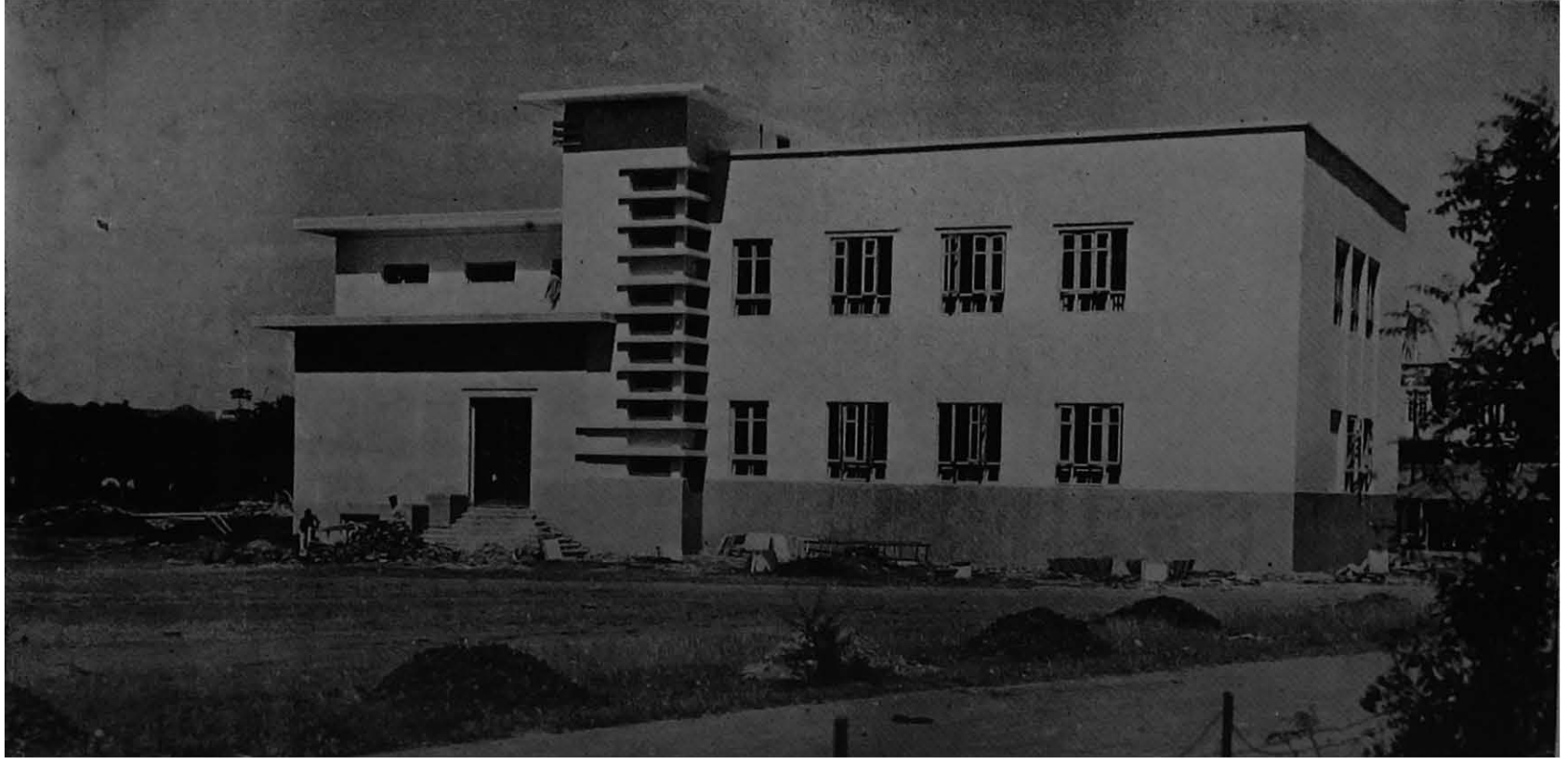
G. C. I. F., LL. D.

Senakhsakbel Samsber-Babadur Farzand-i-khas-i-Daulat-i-Englisbia

MAHARAJA OF BARODA

SILVER JUBILEE
COMMEMORATION VOLUME
OF THE
NEW POONA COLLEGE
NOW KNOWN AS
THE SIR PARASHURAMBHAU COLLEGE

—1941—



MAHARAJA PRATAPSIKH GAEKWAR LABORATORY

SILVER JUBILEE
COMMEMORATION VOLUME
OF THE
NEW POONA COLLEGE
NOW KNOWN AS
THE SIR PARASHURAMBHAU COLLEGE

—1941—

1917

I confess, I entered with no small diffidence on the task of conducting a collegiate institution. But my trust was in the good sense, earnestness, enthusiasm and youthful vigour of the members of the staff almost all of whom are now my intimate colleagues as Life-members of our Mandali.....I conclude with a tribute of hearty thanks to them and exhort them to be true to the adopted maxim of the Board of Life-members 'निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु' i.e. unflinchingly carrying out the work undertaken,

V. G. APTE

(First Report of the New Poona College, 1916-17)

1930

"The S. P. College is a living and growing organism. It may not court any dangers. But if in its career onwards, its path is beset with any dangers, it will certainly fight them and come out of the fight with glory greater than before and pursue its path straight."

'Parashuramian' August 1930.

Then after a period of 25 years of unflinching pursuit of the same ideal the Life-members were confidently able to write in

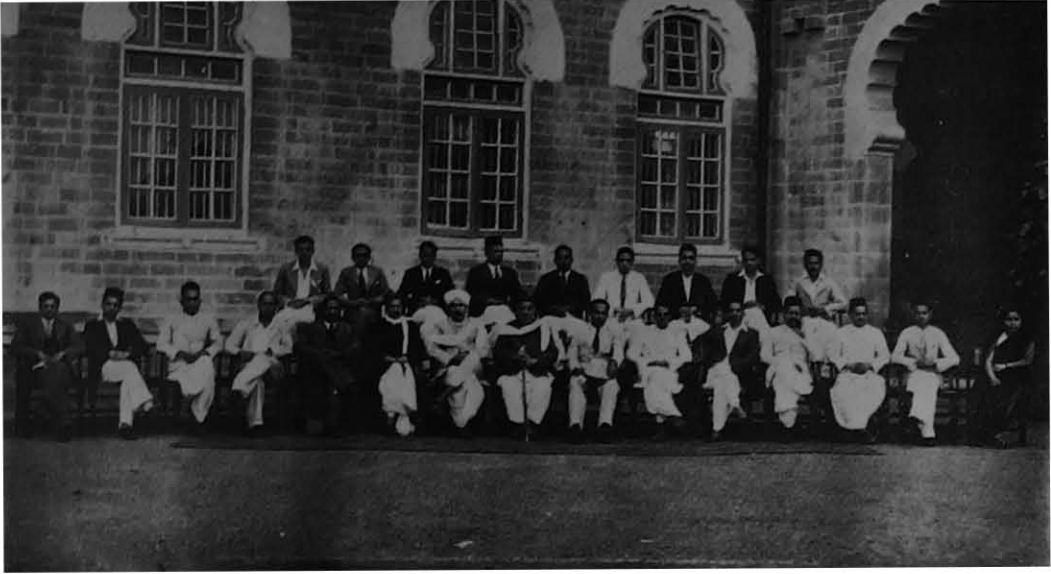
1941

"The two large projects undertaken by our Mandali, last term, the starting a Secondary Teachers' Training College popularly called a "B. T." College, here in Poona and a Commerce College, in Bombay, are now definitely launched".

Opening sentence of the editorial

'Parashuramian, March 1941.

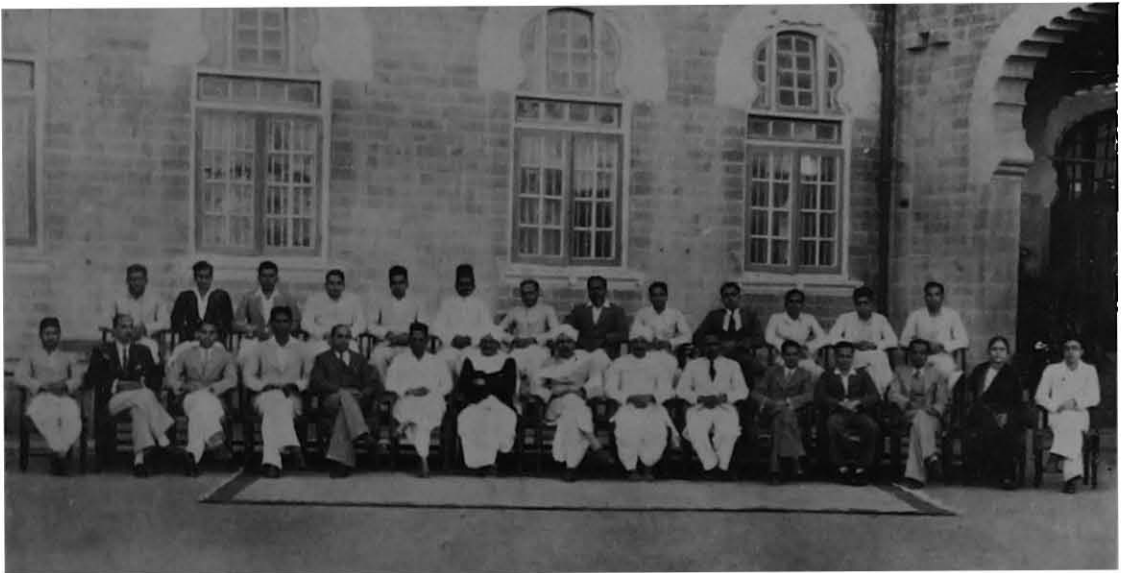
Our College Staff : Group No. 1



1st Row :—1 Prof. Marathe, 2 Prof. Gore, 3 Prof. Laddu, 4 Prof. N. D. Godbole, 5 Prof. Sattigiri, 6 Prof. Tulpule, 7 Principal Karmarkar, 8 Prof. N. C. Kelkar, 9 Vice-Principal Kerkar, 9 Prof. Patwardhan, 10 Prof. Watve, 11 Prof. Mate, 12 Prof. Oturkar, 13 Dr. Gopalachari, 14 Miss Leela Vaidya.

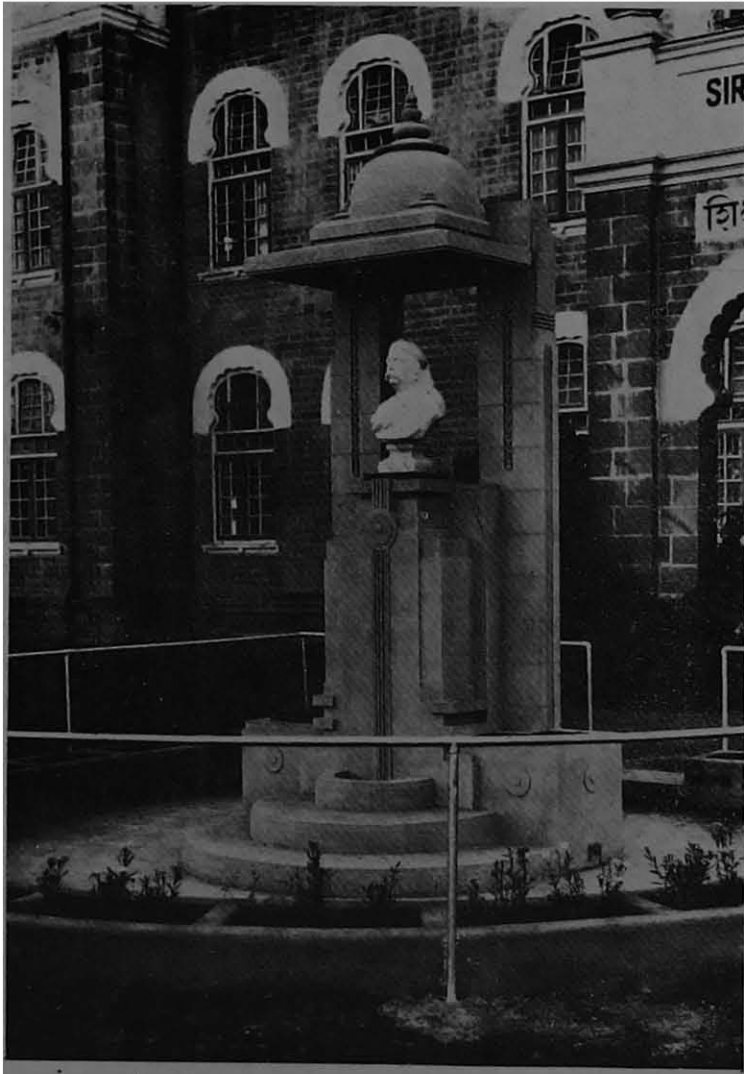
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Our College Staff : Group No. 2

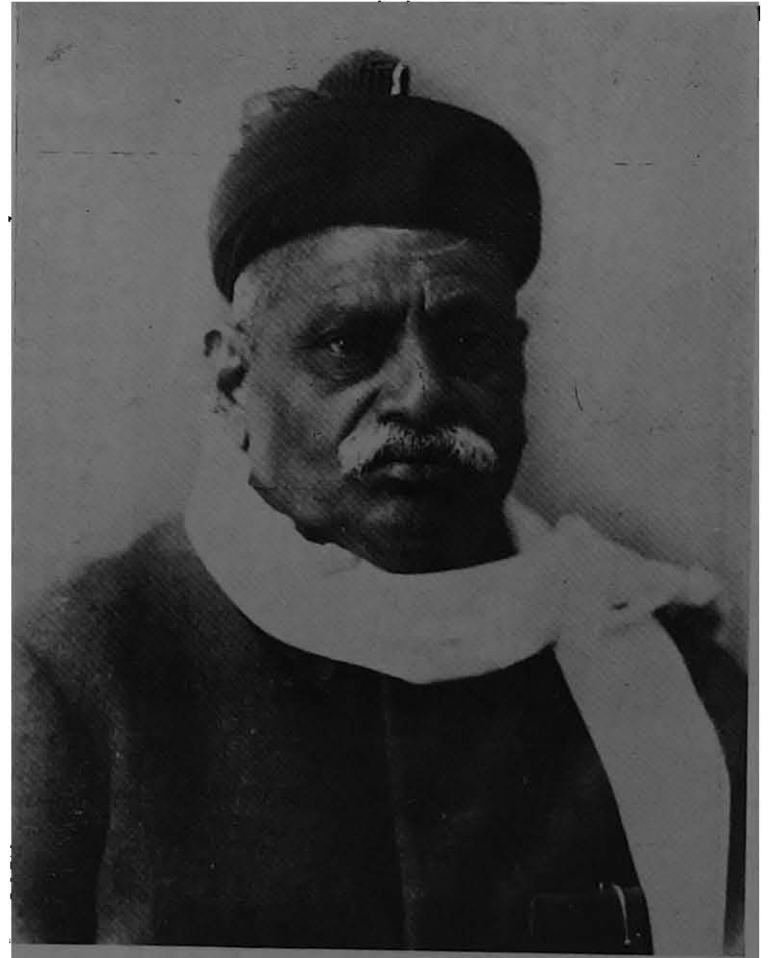


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The Bust of the late Lokmanya



To be unveiled by Loknayak Hon. Mr. M. S. Aney

CHAPTER I

The Background

The New Poona College, now known as the Sir Parashurambhau College, was formally opened on 14th June 1916 by H. E. Lord Willingdon, the then Governor of Bombay. For over 28 years, since the starting of the Fergusson College in Poona in 1885, no private college was started either in Gujarath, Maharashtra or Karnatak. It was a period when the enlightened public opinion all over the country had become acutely conscious of the importance of higher education in the country, while the Government had adopted an attitude of self-complacency and satisfaction towards the spread of higher education and even deplored that it was spreading too rapidly in spite of the declared policy of the British Government in India. On page 6 of the Quinquennial Review of the Progress of Education in India of 1912-17 we read :—

' Thus while the lower classes in India are largely illiterate, the middle class which is the class that mainly patronises higher institutions is at least numerically educated to a pitch equal to that attained in countries whose social and economic condition is more highly developed. The earlier efforts of the East India Company were directed (as was not unnatural) to the encouragement of higher institutions established in town. But the Despatch of 1854 laid stress on elementary education and Government has continued to press its claim. *The weight of circumstances has told against the best intentions.* The funds available are limited. The middle class finds that higher education pays and loudly makes known their wants. The lower classes though no longer hostile are lukewarm and seldom clamour, for a type of instruction which brings no immediate and tangible reward.' (Progress of Education in India 1912-17 Chap. I para 12.)

Nation's demand for higher education

Keen desire on the part of the people resulted in the multiplication of Universities and institutions for higher education in India. That is how as many as 8 Universities were started during 1915-23 ; whereas between 1887 and 1915 not a single University had been started. It is significant to remember that the Sadler Commission appointed by the Calcutta University, thanks to the efforts of Sir Ashutosh Mukerjee, published its report some time in 1917 and suggested important innovations which largely form the basis of the Bombay University Act of 1928. At the time when the New Poona College was started the total number of students that appeared for the B. A. examination was only 1061. Within 25 years the number has more than doubled, for in 1940 the number was 2181. All other private colleges now over 17 in number came to be started after 1916.

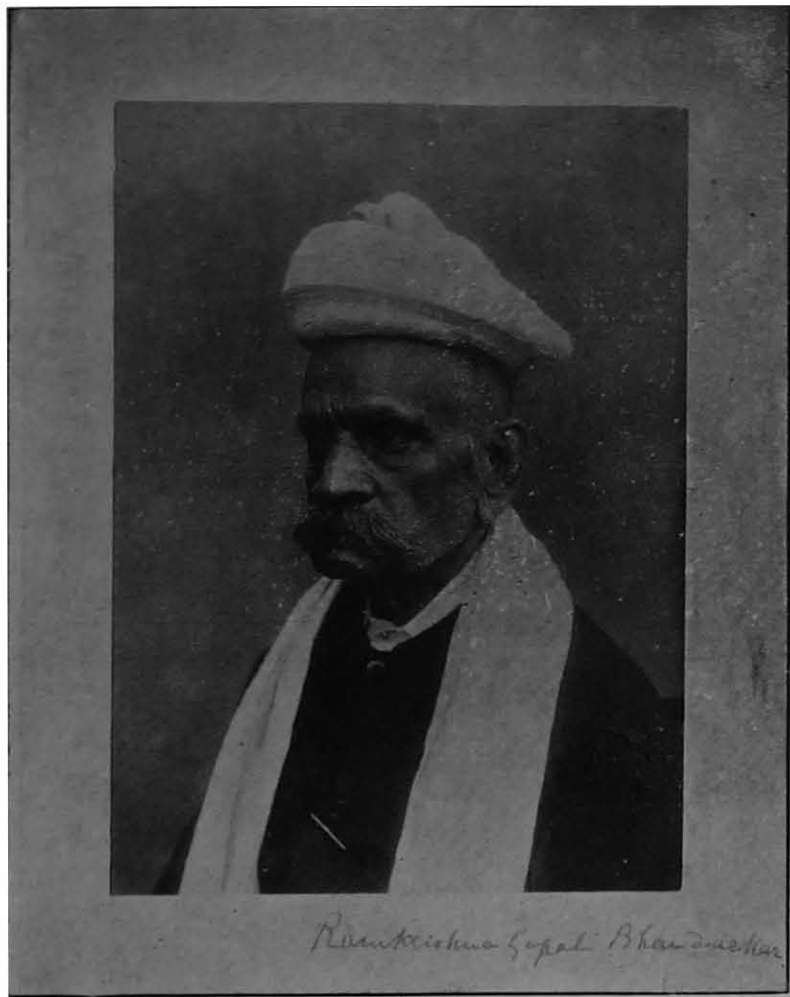
Humble beginning

Starting of the New Poona College, although thus appearing to be in keeping with the spirit of those times and voicing the needs of awakened Maharashtra, was not a sudden rise of a new institution but a logical and sequential fulfilment of the legitimate ambition of those that had toiled to build up an institution for over 33 years. The Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya of which this institution is a natural growth was started on 1st January 1883, as a primary school by a band of vernacular trained teachers who knew no English, but who earnestly desired to commemorate the name of Vishnu Shastri Chiplunkar, the author of the Nibandhmālā. Vishnu Shastri stood above all for two things, indefatigable and selfless work for one's countrymen and a faith in oneself whatever one's situation might be. The strength of Maharashtra, Vishnu Shastri knew, lies in its spirit of asceticism, by asceticism being meant that men must do for the common good all that is possible for them to do in the best way they can, in return for the barest necessities for life and efficiency. A country that has a barren soil and does not want to go in for the iniquity of foreign conquest cannot prosper on any other terms. Secondly, he had an abiding faith that a nation that produced a Dnyāneshwar and a Shivāji need never despair. Having learnt from him to believe in their own power of endurance and of working selflessly, these men toiled on with infinite patience some time claiming an income of Rs. 2-8 per month! But they never faltered. 'निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु' 'See your undertaking through' was their motto and though there were moments of despair they thought it their duty not to leave their work half done.

It was then thought necessary to seek the guidance of those whose academical achievements and experience gave them the privilege of speaking with authority in matters educational. Accordingly on 5th February 1888 the Marathi Shikshana Prasarak Mandali was registered as a Society with the following objects :

(i) To popularise and cheapen education, (ii) to start private schools, (iii) to take existing ones under its supervision, (iv) to encourage Marathi literature, (v) to found Marathi Instruction on a sounder footing, (vi) to adopt such other measures as might seem desirable for carrying out the above mentioned objects.

The Managing Council of the Mandali since its very foundation was presided over by Sir Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar, M. A., Ph. D., K. C. I. E., LL. D. He continued to be its President down to the year of his death which occurred in 1925. Another distinguished person who helped the Mandali from its start was Mr. H. N. Apte, the famous Marathi novelist, who was later directly helpful in several ways in starting the New Poona College. He also continued to be associated with the Mandali until death separated him in 1919.



**The late Dr. Sir R. G. Bhandarkar, M.A., Ph.D., K.C.I.E.
The First Chairman of the Managing Council 1885-1925**



**The late Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole, B.A., M.C.E., C.B.E.
Chairman, Managing Council 1925-37**



**The late Sir Shapurji Broacha, Kt.,
who donated Rs. 90,000 for the Library Hall**



**Lady Ramabai Potwardhan, Dowager Ranisaheb of Jamkhandi,
who donated Rs. 12,500 toward the construction of the
Assembly Hall named after her**



THE COLLEGE LIBRARY



LADY RAMABAI HALL



The late Mr. H. N. Apte
Member of the Managing Council, who donated his
library to the College



The late Mr. K. B. Dongre
One of the founders of the
N. M. Vidyalaya

Response from the public

The S. P. Mandali, thus started, took over the management of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya. The excellence of the work of the school induced parents in ever increasing numbers to choose our school for their children. The co-operation between the teachers and the guardians was perfect; the relations between the teachers and the pupils were those of deep affection. It was a touching yearly occurrence that the students waited in deputation on the head of the school, Mr. R. K. Kulkarni popularly known as Damu Anna, protesting that they must not be driven out to join another school and insisting on the next higher class being added on. And as a result the next higher class was added on until the Primary School ripened into a full high school in October 1895. The first batch of students to be sent up from the school consisted of eleven students the brightest among whom was the late Dr. V. S. Ghate, M. A. (Bom.), B. A. (Cantab.), D. Litt., (Paris). All the eleven passed and Master Ghate as Dr. Ghate then was, stood first in the list of successful candidates for the whole Presidency and also secured the first Jagannath Shankarshet Scholarship. The beginning was thus splendid beyond expectation and was indicative of the greater things that were yet to come.

This was mainly due to the untiring efforts of him who bears the most honoured name in the history of the Mandali, we mean **Principal—then only Mr.—Vinayakrao Apte**, who has fortunately been spared for us to witness the Silver Jubilee of the College of which he had the honour of being the first Principal. He joined the Mandali in 1894, a year before his graduation and continued to be at the helm of affairs from 1895 to 1922 a period of 27 years through which the institution rose from an A. V. School to a full grade arts college. Mr. Apte typified in his figure the virtues of single-minded devotion, the highest sense of duty, simplicity and ceaseless work. His example is ever the noblest asset of the Mandali.

The work of the school was able to win the following high compliments from His Excellency Lord Northcote, Governor of Bombay, who was kind enough to visit the Institution on 11th October, 1901. "It is a matter of profound regret to me to visit a school which merits the sympathy of Government, as this institution assuredly does, and not to be able to extend it our help. I have been informed, and not for the first time, of such institutions as this in which Life-members and Governing Bodies are willing to devote the best years of their life in supplying education to their fellows and it behoves the Government to encourage, when it is possible, such whole-hearted efforts; and I sincerely hope that the contingency is not far distant." The hope thus expressed was realised the very next year, when the school received an efficiency grant for the first time.

Towards the starting of a College

The silent beneficent work of the School continued to find increasing favour with the public. The number of students that the High School sent

up for the Matriculation rose to 110 by 1914, and it appeared that the time was ripe for starting a new College to provide for their higher education especially in view of the fact that the existing colleges were hopelessly overcrowded. When on 19th June 1915, His Excellency Lord Willingdon opened the magnificent building for the school, he urged the Mandali to go forward with a determination to overcome difficulties "until the school becomes one of the most efficient colleges of our Province." The Mandali had the good fortune of welcoming Lord Willingdon the very next year on 14th June 1916 to perform the Opening Ceremony of the second grade arts college. *

The occasion has been thus described in the first number of the New Poona College Magazine :

" His Excellency arrived exactly at 5-30 P. M. and was received at the entrance by Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar, Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole, Mr. H. N. Apte and Mr. V. G. Apte. The inevitable music, welcoming His Excellency, enabled the guests to take their seats and to prepare themselves for the further programme. After a few introductory remarks from Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar, Mr. Vinayak Ganesh Apte, the retiring Superintendent of the High School and the would-be Principal of the College, read a statement giving a brief history of the institution since its inception, tracing the development of the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali's Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya and outlining the plan of work of the college that was soon to be "*in esse*." Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole then requested His Excellency to open the College. "

In the course of his speech His Excellency remarked : " You are starting on your way under the brightest conditions, the foundation of your success having been firmly laid through the generous help and influence of such leaders of educational effort as Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar, Diwan Bahadur Godbole, Mr. Apte and others, whose advice and counsel will always be at your service. You have a zealous and devoted staff of professors, who will, I am confident, so discharge their educational duties that this college will produce god-fearing men ready to go forth in the world to fight the battle of life by means of a manly, moral and well-regulated course of conduct. "

The first year of working

The actual working commenced on 20th June 1916 with an inaugural address to students by Sir Ramkrishna Bhandarkar. As was very natural, the Inter Class attracted 36 students only, because immediately on passing the examination, the students would have to leave the college to prosecute their studies elsewhere for the B. A. course. But the case of the First Year's Classes was very encouraging. Hardly a week had run out when the classes were completely filled, the number limit of 200 students was reached and admission had to be refused to about a dozen students.

* For a detailed account of the early efforts see Chapt. III as also the article of Prof. D. R. Gharpure.



His Excellency the late Lord Willingdon
Who formally opened the New Poona College
on 14th June 1916



OLD NEW POONA COLLEGE

Managing Council of the S. P. Mandali, Foonā 1940-41



1st Row :—Prof B V. Bhide (Secretary), Mr. S. R. Palande, Mr. Y. V. Ranade, Mr. N. C. Kelker (Chairman),
Prin. V. G. Apte, Mr. K. V. Kelkar, Sardar Dajisaheb Natu.
2nd Row :—Dr. M. N. Natu, Prof. H. V. Tulpule, Prof. N. G. Naralkar, Mr. D. P. Joshi.
Absent—Prof. S. G. Sathe, Prin. R. D. Karmarkar, Prin. V. K. Bhagwat,

Life-Members of the S. P. Mandali



1st Row :—Prof. Sattigiri, Prof. Patwardhan, Prof. Naralkar, Prof. Tulpule, (Chairman), Prin. Karmarkar, Prof.
Dandekar, Prof. M. S. Godbole, Prin. Bhagwat, Prof. Bhide.
2nd Row :—Prof. Chafekar, Prof. Karve, Prof. Kerkar, Prof. Deshpande, Prof. N. D. Godbole (Secretary).
Absent—Prof. Deodhar, Prof. Bhave, Prof. Dabadghav, Prof. S. V. C. Aiya.

The staff at the beginning of the first term, with the work assigned to its several members was as follows :—

1. Prin. V. G. Apte, B. A.	English Prose F. Y.
2. Prof. D. R. Gharpure, M. A., B. Sc.	Physics, F. Y.
3. Prof. T. B. Hardikar, M. A.	Mathematics, F. Y. & I. A.
4. Prof. H. V. Tulpule, B. A., LL. B.	English Poetry, F. Y.
5. Prof. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.	Sanskrit, F. Y. & I. A.
6. Prof. G. P. Patwardhan, M. A.	Sanskrit, F. Y. & History, I. A.
7. Prof. G. K. Gokhale, M. A.	English, I. A.
8. Mr. N. S. Phadke, B. A. (Hons.)	Instructor in Logic, I. A.
9. Mr. N. G. Damale, B. A. (Hons.)	Lecturer in English Composition.
10. Mr. S. A. Modak, B. Sc.	Demonstrator in Physics, F. Y.

Of these Prof. Gharpure was a Life-member since 1-1-1915 and Prof. Hardikar since 1-10-1915. Prof. Potdar who joined the staff later in 1920 also was made a Life-member on the same date.

In September the College got an excellent and permanent addition to its staff in Prof. R. P. Sabnis, B. A. (Bom.), B. A. (Cantab.) who voluntarily decided to join this Institution setting aside all aims of money-making though he could certainly have got better emoluments elsewhere.

Prof. N. M. Shah, B. A. (Hons.) who never missed his First Class, with a remarkable talent for Mathematics and an exceedingly bright career at the Bombay University also joined the Institution as a Life-member and before he sailed for England for prosecuting higher studies in Mathematics in Cambridge he worked for about a fortnight in the College. The Society undertook to bear all his expenses.

Mr. N. S. Phadke passed the M. A. Examination in Philosophy in 1917 and won the K. T. Telang Prize and Gold Medal.

During the second term Prof. Gokhale who gave fair promise of being a popular professor had to leave us on account of the sad death of his father. In him the College undoubtedly lost a capable hand. His work was shared by Profs. Tulpule and Karmarkar who acquitted themselves to the entire satisfaction of the students. Subsequent history of the growth of the College can be best read in the chronological table of events given in the following chapter.

CHAPTER II

Chronological Table of Events

(This chronology is by no means exhaustive. A few events of the S. P. Mandali, not strictly connected with the College, have also been referred to.)

1916-17

Affiliation was granted in April 1916.

The College was opened on 14th June 1916 by Lord Willingdon, Governor of Bombay.

The College Magazine was started.

On 1-9-1916, Prof. N. M. Shah and Prof. R. P. Sabnis were enrolled as Life-members.

On 31-1-1917, Profs. H. V. Tulpule, B. A., LL. B.; G. P. Patwardhan, M. A. and R. D. Karmarkar, M. A. were enrolled as Life-members.

1917-18

On 20-3-1917, the visit of the First University Inspection Committee, consisting of Dr. H. Mann and Prin. H. G. Rawlinson.

On 7-5-1917, permission was granted to admit 40 more students to F.Y. Class i. e. 240 in all.

In April 1917 Profs. D. B. Deodhar, P. G. Padbye and N. S. Phadke were enrolled as Life-members.

On 28-1-1918, the visit of the University Inspection Committee.

1918-19

On 21-5-1918, the College was affiliated to teach B. A. classes.

On 5-12-1918 the University Inspection Committee of Sir N. Chandavarkar, Rev. R. Scott and Dr. Moos visited the College.

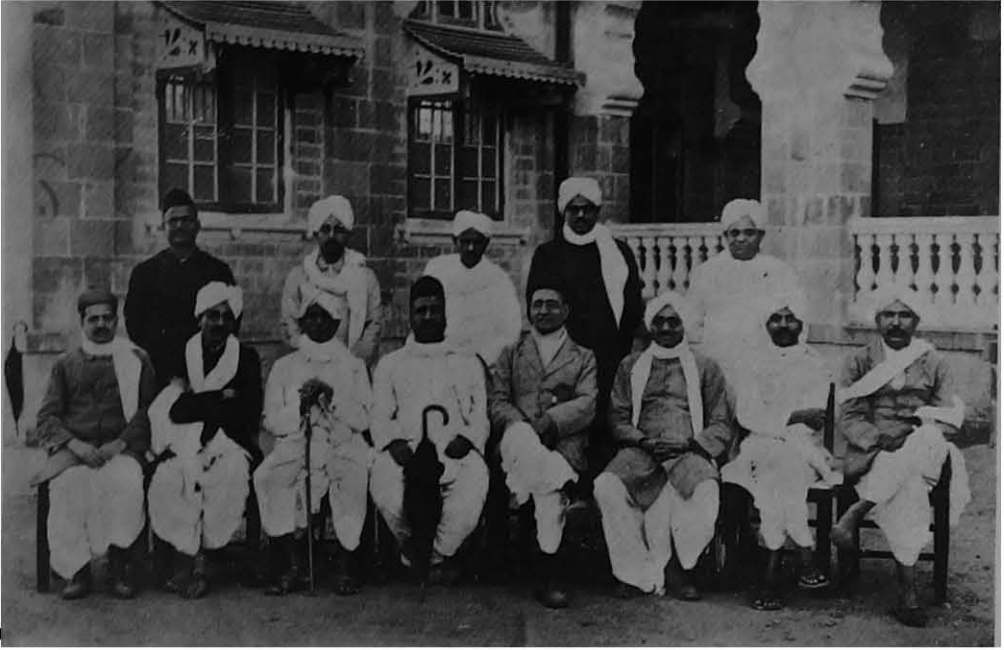
Permission to admit 30 more students i. e. 150 in all to the I. A. class from June 1919 was granted.

Towards the end of December, Prof. Gharpure and 38 students joined the Indian Defence Force (I. D. F.) University Company.

The present site of the College consisting of 25 acres was taken on lease on 31-5-1918.

Prof. R. K. Lagu, M. A. joined the College from June 1918.

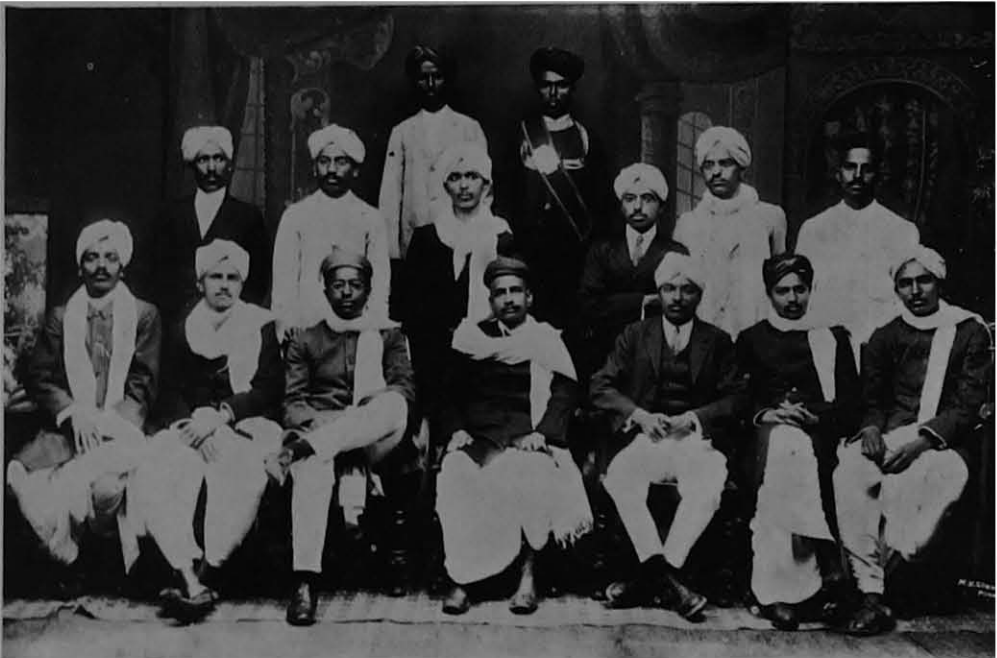
Shikshan Prasarak Mandali 1923



Standing—Prof. M. S. Godbole, Prof. Dandekar, Prof. G. P. Patwardhan, Prof. Naralkar, Prof. Bhagwat.

Chairs —Prof. Tulpule, Prof. Hardikar, Mr. G. S. Godbole, Mr. G. P. Shidore, Prof. Leleshastri, Prof. Potdar, Prof. Sabnis, Prof. Karmarkar.

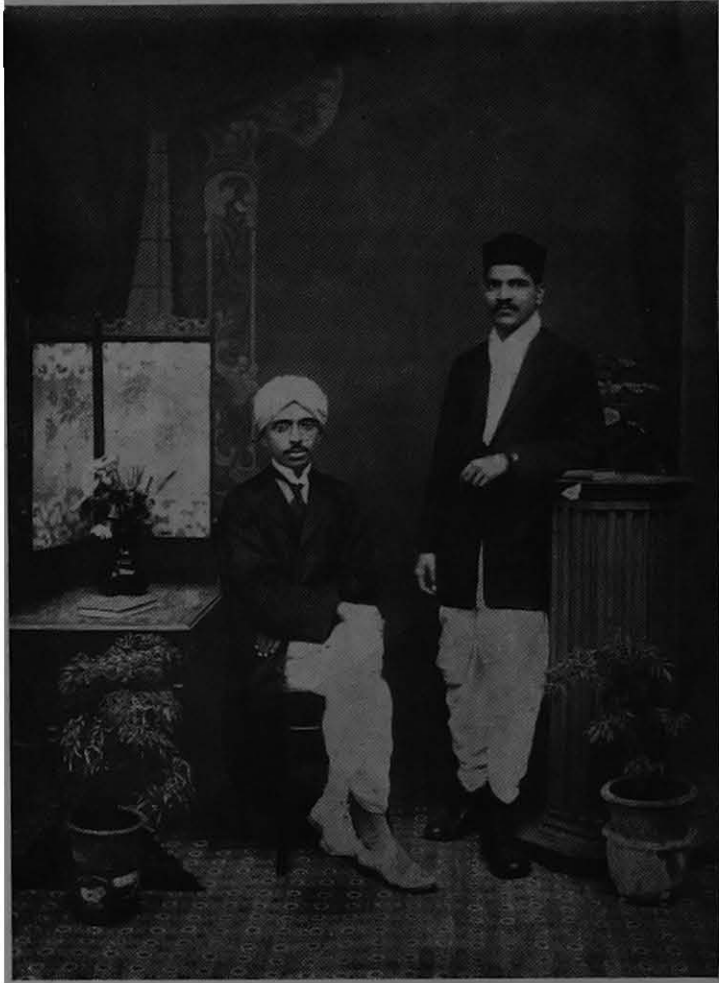
New Poona College Staff 1916



Standing— 2 Mr. Modak, 3 Prof. N. S. Phadke, 4 Prof. Shah, 5 Mr. N. G. Damle.

Sitting — 1 Prof. Hardikar, 2 Prof. G. P. Patwardhan, 3 Prof. G. K. Gokhale, 4 Prin. V. G. Apte, 5 Prof. D. R. Gharpure, 6 Prof. Tulpule, 7 Prof. Karmarkar.

Our first two England-returned Life-members



Prin. N. M. Shah

Prin. R. P. Sabnis

1919-20

Prof. R. D. Karmarkar and Prof. D. B. Deodhar joined the I. D. F.

The first batch of 33 students passed the B. A. Examination. Mr. V. V. Bapat passed the B. A. Examination in Class I.

The Students' Stores was started.

✓ A donation of Rs. 20,000 was given by Sir Shapurji Broacha, Kt. for founding a library in his name.

The malarious climate of Poona, not agreeing with the health of Prof. G. P. Patwardhan, he was transferred to Sholapur to act as the Headmaster of the H. D. High School.

1920-21

Tuition fee was raised from Rs. 60 to Rs. 80.

On 3-3-1920 Prof. S. V. Dandekar and on 27-3-1920 Prof. N. G. Naralkar were enrolled as Life-members.

In September 1920 Non-co-operation movement was Started. Profs. Gbarpure and Phadke resigned. 14 students left the College owing to Non-co-operation movement.

On 30-4-1921 permanent affiliation was granted to the New Poona College by G. R. No. 2258.

In February 1921 Prof. N. M. Shah (b* Wrangler) returned from Cambridge.

M. A. Class in Mathematics was opened. This is the first time that such a provision was made in any Arts college.

1921-22

On 14-2-1922, Mr. K. B. Dongre, one of the founders of the Society died.

Mathematics Hons. Classes were started.

The I. D. F. was changed into the Indian Territorial Force (I. T. F.)

The Lokmanya Tilak Memorial (L. T. M.) Library was started.

The Saraswat Seva Sangh was started.

The Philosophical Association was started.

The College was affiliated for teaching Marathi to the B. A. Classes.

On 20-6-21 Prof. D. V. Potdar was taken up as a Professor of Marathi.

1922-23

On 1-6-1922 Prof. V. P. Patwardhan was enrolled as a Life-member.

On 1-6-1922 Prin. V. G. Apte retired.

On 11-7-1922 Prin. V. G. Apte was honoured by the past and present students and presented with a purse of Rs. 3,500 which amount was endowed by him to the College.

Prof. N. M. Shah became Principal.

Prof. L. G. Lele was taken up as a professor of Marathi.

On 1-2-23 Prof. M. S. Godbole was taken up as a professor of Mathematics, and was subsequently enrolled as a Life-member on 1-2-1924.

Prof. M. R. Paranjpe was taken up as a Professor of Physics.

On 27-1-1923 permission was obtained to increase the number of F. Y. students to 300 provisionally for a period of three years.

Mr. V. V. Aurangabadkar won the Individual Championship Cup and the College won the General Championship in the Inter-Collegiate sports.

1923-24

Permission was secured to admit 200 students to the B. A. class instead of 150 as before.

In August 1923 Mr. N. R. Bhide won the Individual Championship Cup.

On 17 February 1924, the Mimāmsā Vidyālaya was started with Mr. Wamanshastri Kinjawadekar as its first Superintendent.

1924-25

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay Sir Leslie Wilson laid the corner-stone of the present college building.

Mr. S. A. Kher won the Sir James Fergusson Scholarship for the first time.

Mr. M. K. Jadhav, the first backward class student passed the B. A. Examination with Hons. in Sanskrit.

Mr. S. P. Patil was admitted to the Sandhurst College for military training.

1925-26

On 24th August 1925, Dr. Sir Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkar died.

On 17-2-1926, the Gymkhana Pavilion was opened by Mr. Kalewar.

Mr. S. A. Gopujkar passed the M. A. examination and won for the first time the Zala Vedanta Prize and the Mandlik Gold Medal.

1926-27

On 20-6-1926, the College was shifted to the present buildings.

Prof. R. D. Karmarkar was promoted to the rank of the Second-in-Command of the U. T. C.

Permission to admit 300 students to the F. Y. Arts from June 1927 was permanently granted.

The University Science Inspection Committee consisting of Dr. A. N. Meldrum, Prin. S. G. Burrow and Dr. W. Burns visited the College and the Government sanctioned the affiliation of this College in I. Sc. Group 'A' for a maximum number of 80 students as from June 1927.

Prof. B. D. Sattigiri, M. A. joined the College as a professor of English.

On 13-2-1927, The S. P. Mandali elected Shrimant Appasaheb Patwardhan the Chief of Jamkhandi as its first President.

1927-28

On 1-6-1927, Dr. V. K. Bhagwat, M. Sc., Ph. D., A. I. c., A. I. I. Sc., was enrolled as a Life-member.

On 20-6-1927, His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson, the Governor of Bombay, formally opened the New Buildings and the Hostels and inaugurated the Inter Science Class.

The Principal's bungalow was constructed and Prin. N. M. Shah came to reside in the bungalow on the College premises.

On 1-3-1928, Prof. G. G. Paldhikar, M. Sc.; Prof. B. V. Bhide, M. Sc.; and Prof. S. D. Bhawe, M. Sc. were enrolled as Life-members.

Prof. B. V. Bhide was awarded the Sudborough Medal for chemical research at the Institute of Science, Bangalore.

Physical training was started under the instruction of Capt. Burke, the P. T. Officer of the Southern Command.

1928-29

On 25-5-28, Government sanctioned the affiliation of the New Poona College in I. Sc. group 'B', for 40 students and in B. Sc. for 50 students, J. B. Sc. and S. B. Sc. taken together. Permission was also granted to send students for the B. A. Examination in Physics and Chemistry.

On 26-9-28, the College changed its name from New Poona College to Sir Parashurambhau College. The re-naming ceremony was performed at the hands of His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson, the Governor of Bombay.

Shrimant Appasaheb Patwardhan offered a munificent donation of Rs. two lacs to the Mandali on condition that 50 students from Jamkhandi would be admitted to the College free of tuition fees.

Tuition fee was raised from Rs. 80 to Rs. 100.

Mr. V. S. Tilak and Miss Kamala Ukidve (now Mrs. Tilak) both obtained a first class with English as their principal subject at the M. A. Examination. Mr. Tilak had throughout a first class career.

Dr. M. N. Natu, our past student was appointed District Scout Commissioner, Poona.

Prof. R. D. Karmarkar was elected to the Senate and he has been a member of that body continuously to this day.

1929-30

Prof. J. N. Karve, M. Sc., Moos Medallist was taken up on the College staff as a professor of Biology.

Permission was obtained to admit 320 students to the F. Y. Class.

Mr. G. N. Chafekar stood first class first in the M. A. examination (Mathematics) and secured the Chancellor's Medal.

Mr. R. N. Kamat stood first in English at the I. A., and secured the Hughlings prize.

Mr. N. B. Parulekar, our past student, secured the Ph. D. of the Columbia University.

Mr. D. B. Ranade, M. A. was appointed lecturer in English.

1930-31

On 9-4-30, Prin. N. M. Shah tendered the resignation of his Life-membership.

On 7-7-30, Prof. R. P. Sabnis was appointed Principal.

Prof. G. N. Chafekar, M.A. was taken up as a professor of Mathematics.

Prof. G. L. Pophale, B. A. (Cantab) was taken up as a professor of Mathematics.

Prof. P. G. Padhye went on furlough and subsequently resigned.

Prof. K. S. Venkatraman, M. A., B. L. was taken up as a professor of Economics.

Prof. G. G. Paldhikar tendered the resignation of his Life-membership.



The Opening Ceremony of the new buildings of the then New Poona College at the hands of H. E. Sir Leslie Wilson.
(20-6-1927)



Mr. Dhondumama Sathe, B. Sc., B.A.
The Contractor of the College Building



Shrimant Sardar Jagannath Maharaj
Pandit, who gave on lease the site
of the present College buildings



SIR PARASHURAMBHAU COLLEGE BUILDINGS

Prof. W. M. Dabadghao, M. Sc. (Ist Class) was appointed as a professor of Physics.

On 29-7-1930, permanent affiliation was granted to the College for I. Sc., B. Sc., and B. A. with Science courses.

The University held a medical examination of the college students for the first time.

On 6-8-1930, Shrimant Appasaheb, Rajasaheb of Jamkhandi and the Rani Saheb paid a visit to the College.

On 22-8-30, A sergeant and a few constables entered by mistake the premises of our College, taking it to be a "Satyagraha Shibir" and used batons and canes. Next minute, the D. S. P. arrived at the Principal's room and expressed his regret.

The College Magazine was renamed 'Parashuramian'.

1931-32

Provision was made for teaching French and Ardhamagadhi as second languages.

Mr. S. R. Date, B. A. our past student went to England and succeeded in making "Deva-Nagari" script amenable to the monotype.

On 23-8-1931, Sir C. V. Raman addressed the students of our College.

1932-33

Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar, M. Com. was appointed as professor of History and Economics.

Mr. V. G. Hatakar, M. A. and Mr. R. D. Laddu, B. A. (1st class) were appointed lecturers in French and Ardhamagadhi respectively.

On 18-11-1933, Prof. L. G. Lele died.

Mr. S. R. Mohite won the three wrestling maces in all the three weights at the U. T. C. camp Koregaon.

On 10-8-1932, Shrimant Appasaheb, Rajasaheb of Jamkhandi paid a second visit to our College.

On 11-8-1932, Inauguration of the College Parliament was done at the hands of Dr. R. P. Paranjpye.

On 10-12-1932, the corner-stone of the Assembly Hall was laid by Shrimant Babasaheb, the Raja of Bhor.

Prof. B. V. Bhide, M. Sc. sailed for England for studies in Chemical Engineering.

1933-34

Prof. D. V. Potdar was appointed a Corresponding Member of the Indian Historical Records Commission. He had been a member of that Commission since 1925.

On 1-4-1933, Prof. R. D. Karmarkar took over the charge as Principal from Prin. R. P. Sabnis.

Prof. D. W. Kerkar, B. A. (Cantab.) Wrangler was taken up as a professor of Mathematics.

Prof. R. K. Lagu resigned.

Prof. B. V. Bhide returned from England with a Diploma, in Chemical Engineering.

Prof. D. V. Potdar went on furlough preparatory to retirement.

On 19-6-1933, the opening ceremony of the Assembly Hall was performed at the hands of Mr. R. P. Masani, M. A.

Mr. G. S. Khair, M. A. a past student of our College secured a Ph.D. in Teaching, of the New York University.

1934-35

Prof. T. B. Hardikar retired.

Prof. R. P. Sabnis retired.

On 1-4-1934, Prof. B. D. Sattigiri was taken up as a Life-member.

Prof. B. B. Deshpande, B. A., B. Sc. (Bom.) D. I. C. (Bordeaux), D. I. B. (London) Radio Physicist was taken up as a professor of Physics.

Dr. B. A. Saletore, M. A., L. T. (Madras), Ph. D. (London), D. Ph. (Giessel) was taken up as a professor of History.

Prof. Miss Leela Wagle, M. A. (Bombay), B. A. (Cantab) was taken up as a professor of English.

Prof. K. N. Watve, M. A. was taken up on the staff to strengthen the Marathi Department.

Prof. G. L. Pophale resigned.

Mr. G. K. Bhopatkar won the Individual Championship Shield in the local Inter-Collegiate tournaments.

A Ladies' Hostel consisting of 12 single rooms was opened.

On 1-10-34, the S. P. College post-office was opened on the premises of the College.

The University Examinations were held in our College buildings for the first time.

SOME RETIRED PROFESSORS



Prof. N. S. Phadke, M.A.



Prof. D. R. Gharpure, M.A., B.Sc.



The Late Prof. Lele Shastri.



Prof. T. B. Hardikar, M.A.



Prof. G. P. Patwardhan, M.A.



Prof. D. V. Potdar, B.A.

A separate library hall was built.

A separate students' hall was also built.

Six bungalows for College staff were built on the College premises.

Servants' quarters for 6 servants were built.

Messrs. V. S. Gokhale and K. M. Agarwal won the All-India Elocution Competition Cup set up by the University of Allahabad.

Persian and Arabic began to be taught as second languages and Shaikh Abdul Aziz Mahomed Jaffer was taken up for the purpose.

1935-36

Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar proceeded to England for higher studies in Economics at the London University.

Prof. S. M. Mate, M. A., S. T. C. was taken up as a professor of Marathi.

Miss Kamal Tulpule won the Individual Championship Cup in the Inter-Collegiate sports.

On 27-3-1936, the Assembly Hall was named as the Lady Ramabai Hall. This Ceremony was performed at the hands of Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Bar-at-Law.

The total number of undergraduate students exceeded a thousand for the first time ; it was 1018.

Fees were raised from Rs. 100 to Rs. 120 per year.

1936-37

Mr. N. C. Kelkar consented to work as an honorary professor of Marathi in the College. He was recognised by the University to coach students for Ph. D. in Marathi.

Prof. N. D. Godbole, B.A. (Bom.), M.A. (London), was taken up as a professor of Mathematics.

Prof. S. V. Chandrashekhar Aiyar, B.Sc. (Bom.), B. A. (Cantab) was taken up as a professor of Physics.

A school of Radio-physics and Electronics was started in June 1936.

Mr. R. D. Purohit won the Individual Championship in the Inter-Collegiate sports.

Mr. V. S. Tilak, our past student, got a second class in English Tripos at Oxford.

Miss Chandra Karnatki, M. A., B. T. and Mr. K. N. Pillay, B. A., LL. B. secured the London T. D. Diploma. Both are our past students.

1937-38

Application was sent to the University for starting a new Arts and Science College, at Dadar. It subsequently came to be called Ramnarain Ruia College.

Prof. S. N. Katre, M. A. (Madras), Ph.D. (London) was taken up as a professor of Pali and Ardhamagadhi.

Prof. F. M. Fernandez, M. A. (First Class) was taken up as a professor of English.

Prof. G. M. Marathe, M. COM., F.R.G.S. was taken up as a professor of Geography.

Prof. R. V. Oturkar was taken up as a professor of History and Economics.

Prof. U. K. Kanitkar, M. Sc. was taken up as a professor of Biology.

Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar returned from London securing the M.Sc. degree of the London University.

Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole died at the age of 89.

For the first time the David Cup was won in the Inter-Collegiate cricket matches.

The College won the General Championship in the Inter-Collegiate Athletic sports. Mr. G. S. Jog won the Individual Championship in the Inter-Collegiate Athletic Sports.

Quarters were provided for two clerks on the college premises.

Mr. V. K. Godbole won the Gibb's prize at the Inter Science examination.

Prof. S. K. Kulkarni, our first M. Sc. was appointed as a lecturer in Mathematics.

1938-39

Prof. N. D. Godbole and S. V. Chandrashekhar Aiya were enrolled as Life-members.

Prof. N. L. Phalnikar, M. Sc. was taken up as a lecturer in Chemistry ; subsequently he took the Ph.D. degree.

Prof. R. Y. Shahane, M. Sc. was appointed a lecturer in Chemistry.

Mr. R. D. Purohit won the Individual Championship second time in the Inter-Collegiate Athletic Tournaments. General Championship was also won.

Prof. K. V. Nayak, M. A. was taken up as a lecturer in Mathematics.

Mrs. Muktabai Dixit (Lele), M. A., B. T. our past student won the Tarkhadkar prize awarded by the Bombay University for the best literary work of the year, in Marathi.

Our past student Dr. J. V. Karandikar, M. Sc., LL. B., Dr. Ing. secured the Doctorate in Photo-chemistry of the Berlin University.

1939-40

Dr. B. A. Saletore resigned. Dr. Gopalachari, M. A., Ph.D. (Madras) was appointed as a professor of History.

Prof. N. A. Gore, M. A. was appointed as a lecturer in Ardhamagadhi and Sanskrit.

Dr. J. V. Karandikar, M. Sc., D. Sc. was appointed as a professor of Physics and German.

Prof. S. G. Hulyalkar, M. A. (London) was appointed as a professor of Philosophy.

The T. D. Course was started and Prof. K. V. Herlekar, B. Ag., B. T., T. D. (London), already a permanent servant of the S. P. Mandali, was taken up as a professor of education.

Dr. P. G. Sahasrabuddhe, M. A. (our past student) was the first to receive the Doctorate in Marathi from the Bombay University.

On 16-10-39, Pandit Waman Shastri Kinjavdekar, founder of the Mimāmsā Vidyalaya and a Shastri in our College died.

Prof. S. V. Dandekar was elected to the Senate on behalf of the registered graduates.

Mrs. Kamalinibai Damle, M. A., B. T. was taken up for the T. D. course.

1940-41

Prin. R. D. Karmarkar was promoted to the rank of a Major and is now the Commandant, 1st Bombay Battalion, U. T. C.

Mr. B. V. Bapat, M. Sc. (class I) was taken as a lecturer in Mathematics.

Prin. R. D. Karmarkar was appointed the Commandant of the Civic Guards, Poona.

Mr. M. R. Yardi, M. A. (our past student) topped the list of the successful candidates for the I. C. S. examination held at Allahabad in 1940.

Applications were sent to the University to start a Second Grade Commerce College in Bombay and a B. T. College at Poona.

1941

Mr. R. N. Natu, a S. B. A. student of our College, wrote an independent book on World History in Marathi. The publication ceremony was held on 7th September 1941, Mr. N. C. Kelkar presiding.

CHAPTER III

Appreciation of Our Work

University

Dr. Sir R. G. Bhandarkar, as chairman of our Society submitted an application to the University on 25th December 1914 requesting permission to start a Second Grade Arts College from June 1915. The Inquiry Committee consisting of Dr. Mann, Prin. Rawlinson and Dr. Mackichan appointed by the Syndicate, though very sympathetic in their attitude, reported that the 'application for immediate recognition was premature' and suggested that certain conditions be fulfilled before granting the affiliation. This refusal in no way damped the spirit of the Council. On the contrary, the Mandali saw that all the requirements under the University Act of 1904 were scrupulously fulfilled so that the Committee should find no hole in our armour. The second Inquiry Committee was thoroughly satisfied with everything they saw and recommended the affiliation of the College for a period of five years ; but they put in a condition that the "College authorities should keep in view the necessity of moving the College at as early a period as possible to a site outside Poona City".

The Syndicate and the Senate recommended to Government the affiliation of the New Poona College, and the affiliation was sanctioned by Government. (Vide G. R. No. 1011 A dated 13th April 1916.)

At the end of the first year's working of the College there was a fresh inspection by the University and Principals Mann and Rawlinson, members of the Committee reported that "the College is sufficiently and efficiently staffed and the work is carried on with great enthusiasm by those employed" and recommended to the University to sanction an increase in First Year Class from 200 to 240.

The next stage was an application to raise the New Poona College to the status of a First Grade Arts College by starting the B. A. classes, to begin with, the Junior B. A. from June 1918. A fresh Inquiry Committee visited the College and, being satisfied with the staff and equipment, recommended the affiliation as a First Grade College but laid down a condition that a site outside Poona be secured and a report made to the Syndicate before June 1918.

It will thus be seen that though the attitude of the University had been friendly and sympathetic towards us from the beginning, the rigidity of conditions laid down in the Act of 1904 was never relaxed in spite of the entire satisfaction of the Government and the University authorities, as regards the efficiency and management of the College. To secure a

spacious site was really a difficult problem but fortunately we succeeded in securing our present attractive site of 25 acres, thanks to the generosity of the owner Shrimant Sardar Jagannath Maharaj and the active help of the late Lokamanya but for whom the negotiations would not have been so smoothly and successfully carried through, within the time limit imposed by the University, the lease deed being registered on 31st May 1918.

In 1919 the Syndicate allowed us to admit 150 students to the Intermediate Arts class and in 1922 the limit of admission to the F. Y. Class was raised temporarily from 240 to 300. Meanwhile we pushed on with our plans for the new building of the College to which we shifted in 1926, even when the building was in process of completion.

Since 1934, every application for increase in numbers submitted to the University, has been immediately sanctioned e.g. in the F. Y. class the limit was raised to 400, in the B. A. to 250 and then to 300, in the Inter from 150 to 225 and now the College is placed on the same footing as the older Colleges and all restrictions on our numbers have been removed.

In 1927 the University gave us permission to start I.Sc. group 'A' with 80 students as the limit ; and the next year i.e. in 1928, we were allowed to admit 40 more for group 'B' and 50 students in J. B. Sc. and S. B. Sc. combined. Even on the Science side, restrictions on numbers have now been removed.

Government

The Department of Public Instruction and the Government of Bombay have been extremely sympathetic towards us from the very beginning. During the third year of our working i. e. in 1918-19 Government showed their appreciation of our work by sanctioning a grant of Rs. 5,554 ; this grant being subsequently raised to Rs. 10,000 in 1919-20 and to Rs. 18,628 in 1928-29. At present, the College receives Rs. 17,000 as grant from Government.

But our thanks to Government are specially due for the magnificent grant-in-aid of Rs. 2,00,000 for our present College building. But for this help, our financial position would have been very precarious and one does not know whether the building could have even been finished particularly because of the heavy prices of all building materials in the years that followed the close of the Great World War.

In 1928 Government gave us an equipment grant of Rs. 11,000 for Science. No further monetary help, except of course the recurring efficiency grant, has been received, Government's policy having changed because of the urgency of and the huge expenditure on primary education.

The above is a brief survey of our relations with the University and Government during the last 25 years and one will easily see that both these

authorities have helped us to go ahead at every stage by their sympathetic and helpful attitude.

The Public

It would be ungrateful of us not to acknowledge the response we have received from the public, the middle class and 'Old Boys' in particular, by way of donations to the permanent funds of the Mandali and sometimes loans at a cheap rate of interest. A philanthropic old gentleman from Nagpur, the late Mr. Ganpatrao Gokhale helped us at a very critical moment in 1916 by lending Rs. 25,000 at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, when the prevailing market rate of interest was anything above 6%. Again he lent an equal amount at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. This time the loan enabled us to complete the block for the B. A. classes which were started in 1918. This timely help can never be forgotten by us.

But the real measure of the public trust and confidence, we enjoy, can be adequately gauged by the large amounts of conditional endowments we have been receiving all these years. When donors want to make some kind of provision for their dependants, they choose the S. P. Mandali as a very safe institution where they may deposit their sums, interest on which has to be paid to the beneficiary, named by the donor, during his or her life-time, and then after the death of the annuity-holder the deposit is to be converted into an endowment for founding a scholarship or a prize in the College. The total amount of such deposits at present stands as high as Rs. 1,70,849.

In course of time all this money will form a fairly large endowment fund of the Mandali. A few such prominent conditional endowments are here referred to :—

NAME	Amount
1 Ganesh Hari Dongre	Rs. 20,000
2 Anant Narayan Jakate	Rs. 17,000
3 Vinayak Vasudev Gogate	Rs. 12,650
4 Shridhar Balkrishna Gogate	Rs. 12,000
5 Dr. D. S. Purohit	Rs. 10,000
6 Mrs. Parvatibai Ganpule	Rs. 11,000

Members of the Staff on University bodies

Below are given lists showing the members of the College staff and their connection with various University bodies some time during these 25 years.

Boards of Studies

BOARDS	NAME	
English Board	Prof. R. K. Lagu	
Sanskrit Board	Prin. R. D. Karmarkar*	Continuously from 1929 onwards
Marathi Board	Prof. D. V. Potdar Prin. R. D. Karmarkar*	Continuously from 1929 onwards
Philosophy Board	Prin. M. R. Paranjpe Prof. V. P. Patwardhan „ S. V. Dandekar*	
Mathematics Board	Prin. N. M. Shah Prof. D. W. Kerkar Prof. M. S. Godbole	
Economics Board	Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar*	
Biology Board	Prof. J. N. Karve*	
Board of Technology	Dr. V. K. Bhagwat*	
Board of Teaching	Prin. M. R. Paranjpe	
Board of Sports	Prof. D. B. Deodhar*	

The Senate

Prin. V. G. Apte	1917-1922
„ N. M. Shah	1923-1930
„ R. D. Karmarkar	from 1929 onwards continuously
„ M. R. Paranjpe	1929-1939
„ R. P. Sabnis	1931-1933
Prof. M. S. Godbole	1935-1940
„ D. W. Kerkar	1935-1940
„ S. V. Dandekar	July 1939

Postgraduate Board

Prin. N. M. Shah	1925
Prin. R. D. Karmarkar	1934-1939

Syndicate

Prin. V. G. Apte	for a few months in 1921
Prin. N. M. Shah	
Prin. M. R. Paranjpe	
Prin. R. D. Karmarkar	from 1934 continuously

Academic Council

Prin. R. D. Karmarkar	from 1930 onwards continuously
„ M. R. Paranjpe	

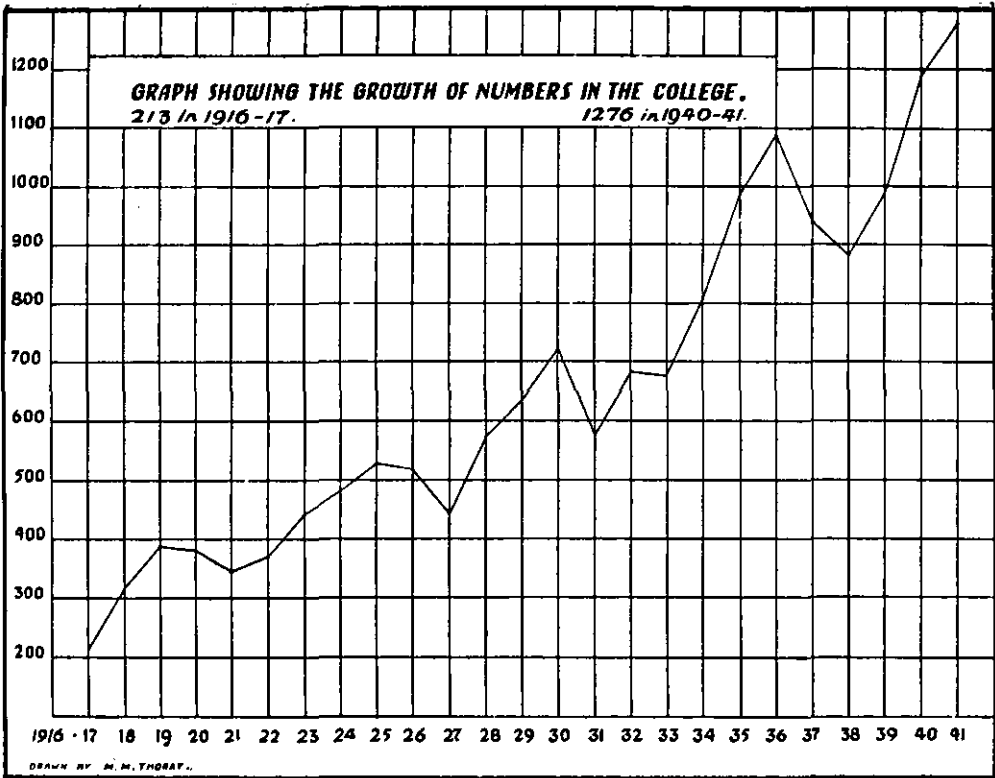
* Members at present on the Boards.

CHAPTER IV

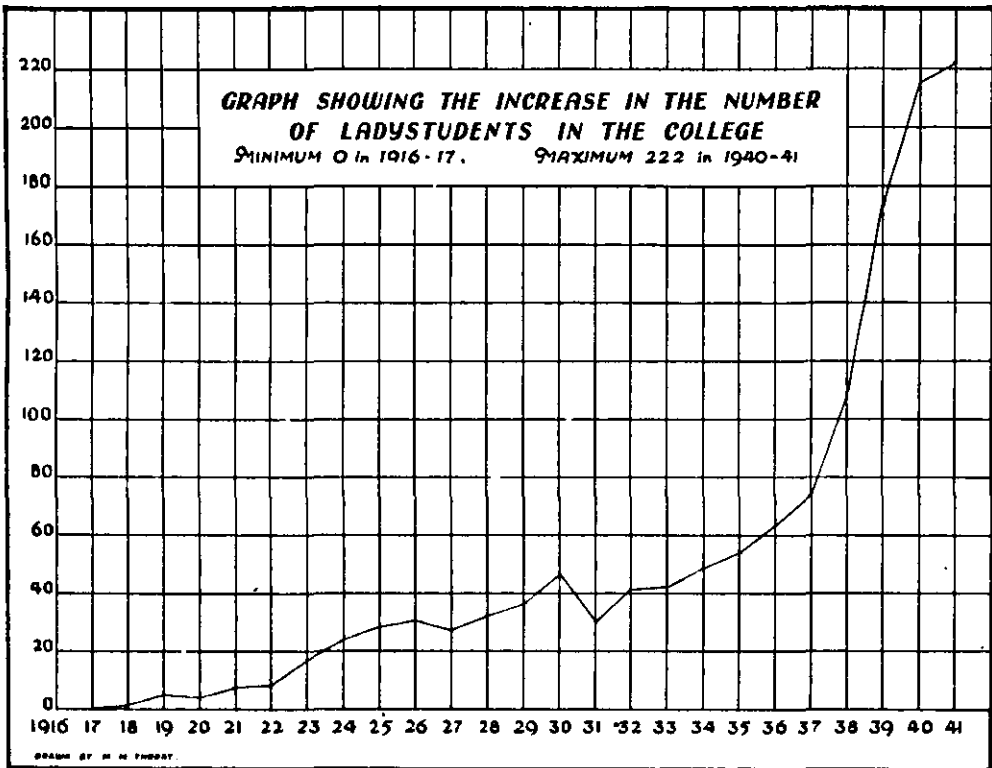
Facts & Figures that Speak

Growth of numbers

Year	Male students	Lady students	Total
1916-17	213	0	213
1917-18	319	1	320
1918-19	383	5	388
1919-20	376	4	380
1920-21	342	7	349
1921-22	363	8	371
1922-23	424	17	441
1923-24	455	24	479
1924-25	501	28	529
1925-26	491	30	521
1926-27	419	27	446
1927-28	542	32	574
1928-29	600	36	636
1929-30	678	46	724
1930-31	546	30	576
1931-32	641	41	682
1932-33	635	42	677
1933-34	760	48	808
1934-35	931	54	985
1935-36	1024	63	1087
1936-37	870	74	944
1937-38	773	108	881
1938-39	815	174	989
1939-40	967	217	1184
1940-41	1054	222	1276



Growth of numbers



Growth in the number of girl-students

OUR UNIVERSITY HONOURS



Mrs. Kamalabai Tilak, M. A. Cl. I



P. S. Sane, M. A.
alias Sane Guruji
Author and Well-known Congress Worker



Prof. V. S. Tilak,
M. A. Cl. I, B.A. (Oxon)



Mrs. Yamunabai Hirlekar, M. A.
Mankar Scholar



Mrs. Madhumalati Dhopeswarkar,
(Apte), B.A. (Maths.) Class I.



Miss Kashi Pendharkar
Gangabai Bhat Scholar

Examination Results

Intermediate Arts

—University—			Year	—College—				Total.	Percentage
Appeared	Passed	Percentage		Appeared	I Class.	II Class.	Pass.		
1564	953	60.94	1917	31	1	2	13	16	51.61
1601	824	51.46	1918	109	..	10	49	59	53.15
1577	981	62.22	1919	114	..	15	55	70	58.82
1497	895	59.78	1920	109	1	18	56	75	66.37
1203	657	54.63	1921	60	..	5	33	38	61.29
1361	685	50.34	1922	61	1	5	22	28	42
1493	789	53.20	1923	69	..	8	33	41	53.94
1908	1053	55.16	1924	128	1	16	60	77	58.33
2060	882	42.82	1925	131	2	11	46	59	45.03
2235	881	39.42	1926	116	..	7	57	64	53.78
2281	872	38.19	1927	121	..	4	43	47	37.30
2195	905	41.23	1928	132	..	5	45	59	37.59
2088	841	40.27	1929	121	..	1	37	38	30.64
2044	996	48.74	1930	113	..	6	43	49	40.16
2095	1093	52.17	1931	110	..	6	59	65	57.52
2125	1237	58.21	1932	92	..	7	50	57	61.95
2610	1495	57.28	1933	115	..	14	67	81	68.6
2646	1548	58.49	1934	139	..	15	83	98	70.50
2282	1606	70.37	1935	141	..	11	75	86	60.99
3091	1539	49.79	1936	215	..	10	111	121	56.28
3044	1732	56.89	1937	202	..	11	112	123	60.89
3159	1823	57.72	1938	156	..	11	87	98	62.82
1042	693		1939 Old rules	35				23	{ 65.71
1953	1202	63.27	1939 New rules	133	1	16	73	90	{ 67.67
2995	1895				168			113	67.26
3333	2268	67.89	1940	204	3	25	118	146	71.57
3882	2204	56.78	1941	250	..	20	117	137	55

B. A.

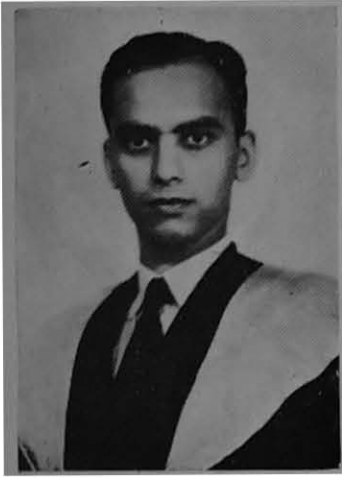
1061	617	58.16	1920	51	1	12	20	33	64.70
978	688	70.36	1921	54	2	12	29	43	79.62
932	637	68.34	1922	60	1	14	25	40	66.66
889	595	66.92	1923	46	..	8	19	27	58.69
892	536	60.09	1924	40	1	5	19	25	62.50
997	529	53.07	1925	48	1	9	17	27	56.25

—University—			Year	—College—					
Appeared	Passed	Percentage		Appeared	I Class.	II Class.	Pass.	Total.	Percentage
1186	542	45.69	1926	75	3	10	27	40	53.33
1179	824	69.88	1927	77	3	21	32	56	72.72
1084	645	59.51	1928	77	2	12	36	50	64.93
1151	747	64.89	1929	61	..	12	34	46	75.40
1141	717	62.84	1930	62	4	13	26	43	69.35
1125	772	68.64	1931	54	2	9	26	37	68.51
1176	821	69.81	1932	61	..	8	33	41	67.21
1334	915	68.58	1933	70	..	10	39	49	70
1420	1068	75.23	1934	84	..	13	50	63	75
1607	1169	72.74	1935	104	2	19	59	80	76.92
1744	1175	67.38	1936	127	4	21	61	86	67.72
1846	1480	80.19	1937	113	3	21	74	98	86.72
1658	1164	70.21	1938	132	6	28	68	102	77.27
1876	1430	76.28	1939	161	9	29	91	129	80.12
1591	1226	77.03	1940	105	7	18	58	83	79.5
1554	1208	77.68	1941	138	3	32	74	109	79

M. A.

59	32	53.4	1922	2	..	..	2	2	100
78	43	55	1923	4	..	2	..	2	50
106	68	64	1924	12	..	3	7	10	83.3
97	62	63.91	1925	10	..	1	4	5	50
103	51	49.51	1926	4	..	2	1	3	75
86	54	62.79	1927	5	..	..	1	1	20
100	66	66	1928	6	..	3	1	4	66
122	86	70	1929	15	2	3	9	14	93
261	110	42	1930	36	1	1	4	6	17
115	84	73	1931	10	..	3	3	6	60
116	72	72	1932	3	1	1	..	2	66
154	109	70	1933	6	..	1	3	4	66
179	114	63	1934	8	1	3	3	7	85
160	103	64	1935	9	..	1	4	5	55
210	129	61.7	1936	10	..	3	6	9	90
236	156	66	1937	11	..	2	4	6	54
257	183	71	1938	20	..	7	5	12	60
302	219	72.9	1939	18	1	5	8	14	77
231	157	72	1940	22	1	6	8	15	68
			1941	13	1	3	2	6	46

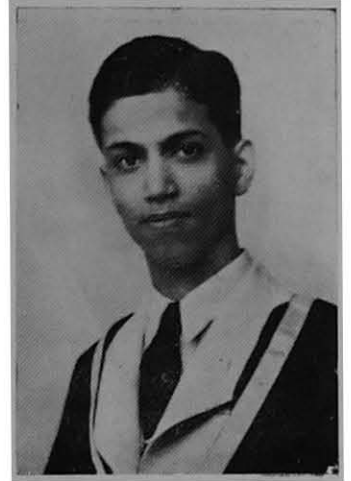
OUR UNIVERSITY HONOURS



M. P. Sathe, M. Sc. Cl I,



**M. R. Yardi, M. A., I. C. S.
Chancellor's Medallist**



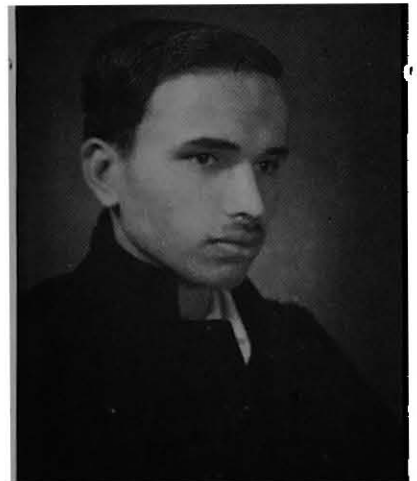
**G. N. Dike, B. A.
Bhau Daji Prizeman**



**Prof. D. M. Patel, M. A.
Telang Medallist**

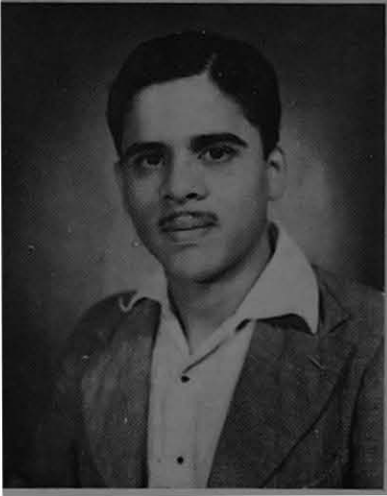


**M. P. Degwekar, M.A.
Bhandarkar Sanskrit Prizeman**



**V. M. Kulkarni, B. A.
Tarkhad Prize-winner**

OUR UNIVERSITY HONOURS



B. R. Gadre, B. Sc. Cl. I
With distinction



Prof. G. N. Chafekar, M. A.
Chancellor's Medallist,



S. A. Gopujkar, M.A.
Bhagwandas Scholar



S. S. Khanwelkar, M. A.
Chiplunkar Prizeman



Leela Vaidya, B. A.
Pralhad Sitaram Scholar



E. D. Kulkarni, B.A.
Bhau Daji Prizeman

I. Sc.

—University—			Year	—College—					
Appeared	Passed	Percentage		Appeared	Ist Class.	IInd Class.	Pass.	Total	Percentage
1092	575	52.66	1928	52	2	7	8	17	32.69
1090	544	49.91	1929	67	1	13	24	38	56.71
1097	603	54.96	1930	89	1	11	27	39	43.82
1205	597	49.55	1931	76	6	10	25	41	53.94
1356	795	58.64	1932	72	2	5	23	30	41.66
1654	697	42.14	1933	83	..	11	20	31	37.34
1789	860	48.07	1934	95	2	15	20	37	38.95
1781	728	40.87	1935	101	...	17	18	35	34.65
1976	746	37.75	1936	121	...	11	26	37	30.58
1963	1107	56.39	1937	111	2	21	29	52	46.84
2004	1125	56.15	1938	75	5	14	19	38	50.67
665	483	72.63	1939	Old rules 28		7	14	21	75
				New .. 35	1	12	11	24	68.57
2181	1297	59.47	1940	84	10	39	12	61	72.69
2903	1493	51.46	1941	152	3	35	26	64	42

B. Sc.

462	300	64.94	1930	20	...	2	6	8	40
458	308	67.25	1931	29	2	5	11	18	62.6
402	323	80.35	1932	19	1	1	10	12	63.15
483	342	70.81	1933	23	1	5	12	18	78.26
594	396	66.67	1934	26	3	5	9	17	65.38
566	363	64.13	1935	39	...	4	20	24	61.54
625	423	67.67	1936	35	1	4	18	23	65.71
468	392	83.77	1937	23	1	5	10	16	69.56
585	420	71.78	1938	33	2	10	12	24	72.73
743	548	73.75	1939	32	3	5	17	25	78.12
757	598	79.00	1940	49	8	13	15	36	73.5
775	559	72.13	1941	42	4	5	18	27	66

M. Sc.

25	20	80	1932	1	...	...	1	1
52	37	71	1937	1	...	..	1	1
49	43	87.9	1938	1	...	...	1	1
53	45	84.9	1939	2	...	...	2	2
45	37	82	1940	2	1	1	...	2
			1941	2	...	1	1	2

Our University Scholars and Prize-Winners

	<i>Inter Arts</i>	<i>B. A.</i>	<i>M. A.</i>
1920	<p>P. S. Sane Bai Dayakore Morarbhoj Vijbhukandas Sanskrit Scholarship</p>		
1922	<p>S. A. Gopujkar Vinayakrao Jagannath Shankarshet Prize and Varjivandas Madhavdas Sanskrit Scholarship</p>		
1924			<p>Miss Bhate (now Mrs. Hirlekar) Mankar Scholarship</p>
1925	<p>Miss Ukidwe (now Mrs. Tilak) Gangabai Bhat Scholar- ship and Jaiji Polonji Lalcaoa Scholarship</p>	<p>S. A. Kher Sir James Fergusson Scholarship</p>	
1926	<p>Miss Vijaya Ghate Gangabai Bhat Scholarship and Lalcaoa Scholarship</p> <p>V. S. Vaze Bai Dayakore Morar- bhoy Vijbhukandas Sanskrit Scholarship</p>	<p>N. R. Trivedi Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship</p> <p>B. V. Sudumbrekar Bhau Daji Prize</p>	<p>S. A. Gopujkar 1. Bhagwandas Purusho- ttamdas Sanskrit Scholarship 2. Zala Vedanta Prize 3. Mandalik Gold Medal</p>
1927	<p>V. K. Datar Bai Dayakore Morar- bhoy Vijbhukandas Sanskrit Scholarship</p>	<p>G. N. Chaphekar Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship</p>	

	<i>Inter Arts</i>	<i>B. A.</i>	<i>M. A.</i>	
1929		S. S. Kasar Pralhad Sitaram Patwardhan Scholarship		
1930	R. N. Kamat Hughling's Prize	L. V. Gurjar Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship	G. N. Chaphekar Chancellor's Medal	
		R. R. Deshpande Bhau Daji Prize		
	<i>I. Sc.</i>	<i>I. A.</i>	<i>B. A.</i>	<i>M. A.</i>
1931	Mrs. Rajwade Sir Dinshaw Manekji Medical Scholarship			
1932			R. R. Deshpande Bhagwandas Purushottam- das Sanskrit Scholarship	
1933		R. S. Walimbe 1. Jagannath Shankarshet Sanskrit Scholarship 2. Varjivandas Madhavdas Sanskrit Scholarship		
1934			L. V. Gurjar Chancellor's Gold Medal	
1936	Miss Indumati Hosagadi Sir Dinshaw Manekji Medical Scholarship			

	I. Sc.	I. A.	B. A.	M. A.
1937	V. K. Godbole Gibb's Prize in Physics	G. N. Dike 1. Shankarshet Prize 2. Varjivandas Madhavdas Scholarship	Y. G. Joshi 1. Gangadas Rangiladas Scholarship 2. Khan Bahadur Fardunji M. Dastur Prize	
1938	Miss Abigail Soloman Sir Dinshaw Manekji Medical Scholarship		E. D. Kulkarni Bhau Daji Prize A. B. Pawshe Bhau Daji Prize	
1939		S. B. Kulkarni Bai Dayakore Morarbhoy Vijbhukandas Sanskrit Scholarship	A. S. Apte 1. Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship 2. Khan Bahadur F. M. Dastur Prize	M. R. Yardi 1. Chancellor's Medal 2. Sir Lawrence Jenkins Scholarship
			G. N. Dike Bhau Daji Prize D. K. Sant Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar Gold Medal	D. M. Patel K. T. Telang Medal and Prize in Philosophy

OUR UNIVERSITY HONOURS



Miss Geeta Kelkar
Gangabai Bhat Scholar



S. M. Kulkarni
Bai Dayakore M. V.
Sanskrit Scholar



V. G. Rahurkar, B.A.
Bhau Daji Prizeman



D. K. Sant, M. A.
Chiplunkar Prizeman



G. H. Patwardhan, B. A.
P. T. Malooji
Science Scholar

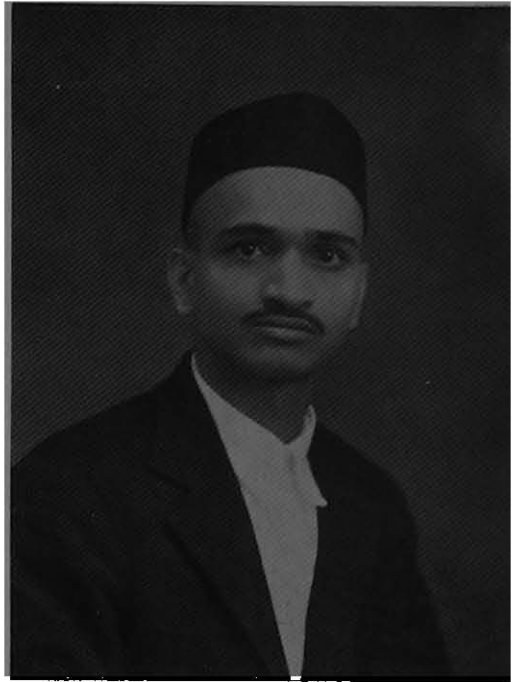


Miss Krishna Paranjpye, B. A., B. Sc.
Class I with distinction

OUR UNIVERSITY HONOURS



A. S. Apte, M. A.
Gangadas Rangildas and
Sir Lawrence Jenkins Scholar



D. B. Erande, M. A.
Bhau Daji Prizeman, and
Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Scholar



S. B. Kulkarni, B. A.
Sir James Fergusson Scholar
K. B. Fardunji M. Dastur Prize-winner



A. B. Pawshe, M. A.
Bhau Daji Prizeman at the B. A.

I. Sc.
 1940 **B. S. Kapre**
 Gibb's Prize in Physics

I. A.
 Miss Kashi Pendharkar
 Gangabai Bhat Scholarship

B. A.
 V. M. Kulkarni
 Dadoba Pandurang
 Tarkhadkar Gold Medal

M. A.
 D. B. Erande
 1. Bhagwandas
 Purushottamdas
 Sanskrit Scholarship
 2. Zala Vedanta Prize

Miss Krishna
 Paranjpe }
 B. V. Kale }
 B. G. Surve }
 three together share
 Narayan Vasudeo
 Scholarship

M. P. Degwekar
 Bhandarkar Sanskrit
 Prize
 S. S. Khanwelkar
 Chiplonkar Prize in
 Marathi

1941

S. M. Kulkarni
 Bai Dayakore Morar-
 bhoy Sanskrit Scholar-
 ship

V. G. Rahurkar
 1. Bhau Daji Prize
 2. Prof. S. G. Acharya Prize

A. S. Apte
 Sir Lawrence Jenkins
 Scholarship

Miss Geeta Kelkar
 Gangabai Bhat Scholar-
 ship

S. B. Kulkarni
 1. Sir James Fergusson
 Scholarship
 2. Khan Bahadur Fardunji
 M. Dastur Prize

Miss Leela Vaidya
 Pralhad Sitaram Patwar-
 dhan Scholarship

G. H. Patwardhan
 Pragji Thackersey Moolji
 Science Scholarship

First-Class Students

M. A., M. Sc., B. A., B. Sc., I. A., I. Sc., Since 1916

1916-1917	I. A.	1	Mr. Kirane L. P.	
1919-1920	B. A.	1	Mr. Bapat V. V.	(Sanskrit)
1920-1921	B. A.	1	Mr. Shukla S. A.	(" ")
		2	Mr. Dixit V. V.	(" ")
1921-1922	B. A.	1	Mr. Bagul D. D.	(Philosophy)
	I. A.	1	Mr. Gopujkar S. A.	
1923-1924	B. A.	1	Mr. Palande K. R.	(Sanskrit)
	I. A.	1	Mr. Sudumbrekar B. V.	
1924-1925	B. A.	1	Mr. Kher S. A.	(Mathematics)
	I. A.	1	Mr. Tilak V. S.	
	I. A.	2	Miss Ukidwe Kamala	
1925-1926	B. A.	1	Mr. Trivedi N. R.	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. Sudumbrekar B. V.	(Sanskrit)
		3	Mr. Modi M. C.	(Sanskrit)
1926-1927	B. A.	1	Mr. Chaphekar G. N.	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. Pophale G. L.	(" ")
		3	Mr. Tilak V. S.	(English)
1927-1928	B. A.	1	Mr. Parikh R. S.	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. Vaze V. S.	(Sanskrit)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. Kulkarni S. V.	
		2	Mr. Latnekar S. K.	
1928-1929	M. A.	1	Mr. Tilak V. S.	(English)
		2	Miss Ukidwe Kamala (Now Mrs. V. S. Tilak)	(" ")
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. Gadgil G. M.	
1929-1930	M. A.	1	Mr. Chaphekar G. N.	(Mathematics)
	B. A.	1	Mr. Gurjar L. V.	(" ")
		2	Mr. Deshpande R. R.	(Sanskrit)
		3	Mr. Joshi C. G.	(" ")
		4	Mr. Ranade R. K.	(Mathematics)
I. Sc.	1	Mr. Karnik D. P.		

1930-1931	M. A.	1	Mr. Kasar S. S.	(Philosophy)
	B. A.	1	Mr. Hatvalne D. M.	(Sanskrit)
		2	Mr. K. S. Pathak	(" ")
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. Gole P. V.	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. Joshi R. W.	(Chemistry)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. Chaudhary V. K.	
2		Mr. Bhide P. R.		
3		Mr. Wagh M. G.		
4		Mr. Paranjpe M. K.		
5		Mr. Vengurlekar V. R.		
6		Mr. Datar B. N.		
1931-1932	M. A.	1	Mr. Deshpande R. R.	(Sanskrit)
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. Shahane R. Y.	(Chemistry)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. Dange J. N.	
2		Mr. Shimpi R. M.		
1932-1933	B. Sc.	1	Mr. Bapat B. V.	(Mathematics)
1933-1934	M. A.	1	Mr. Gurjar L. V.	(Mathematics)
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. Dange J. N.	(" ")
		2	Mr. Deodhar N. V.	(" ")
		3	Mr. Nagarkatti P. D.	(Physics)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. Patwardhan Y. B.	
2		Mr. Deshpande M. V.		
1934-1935	B. A.	1	Mr. Walimbe R. S.	(Sanskrit)
		2	Mr. Kulkarni D. B.	(Philosophy)
1935-1936	B. A.	1	Mr. Gadre R. N.	(Sanskrit)
		2	Mr. Koparkar D. G.	(" ")
		3	Mr. Ranade N. L.	(" ")
		4	Mr. Vale R. N.	(" ")
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. Deshmukh C. D.	(Mathematics)
1936-1937	B. A.	1	Mr. Konnur V. B.	(Sanskrit)
		2	Mr. Kulkarni E. D.	(Sanskrit)
		3	Mr. Joshi Y. G.	(Mathematics)
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. Tilak B. D.	(Chemistry)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. Gokhale L. D.	
		2	Mr. Bai A. V.	
1937-1938	B. A.	1	Mr. A. B. Pawshe	(Sanskrit)
		2	Mr. D. B. Erande	(" ")
		3	Mr. K. G. Bedekar	(" ")

		4	Mr. D. G. Bhave	(Sanskrit)
		5	Mr. D. V. Garge	(" ")
		6	Mr. S. S. Khanwelkar	(Marathi)
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. V. Y. Rajopadhye	(Physics)
		2	Mr. V. B. Chipalkatti	(Chemistry)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. C. S. Joshi	
		2	Mr. T. M. Devare	
		3	Mr. B. R. Gadre	
		4	Mr. C. B. Joshi	
		5	Mr. N. P. Nagarkar	
		6	Miss Abigail Soloman	
1938-1939	M. A.	1	Mr. M. R. Yardi	(Mathematics)
	M. Sc.	1	Mr. M. P. Sathaye	(" ")
	B. A.	1	Mr. A. S. Apte	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. G. N. Dike	(Sanskrit)
		3	Mr. B. M. Wani	(" ")
		4	Mr. S. L. Dharurkar	(" ")
		5	Mr. B. R. Ratnaparkhi	(" ")
		6	Mr. D. K. Sant	(Marathi)
		7	Mr. S. B. Burte	(Sanskrit)
		8	Mr. P. B. Savakhedkar	(Philosophy)
		9	Mr. H. L. Ranade	(Sanskrit)
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. G. H. Damle	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. V. K. Godbole	(Physics)
		3	Mr. V. G. Kulkarni	(Chemistry)
	I. A.	1	Mr. S. B. Kulkarni	
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. S. S. Apte	
1939-1940	M. A.	1	Mr. D. B. Erande	(Sanskrit)
	M. Sc.	1	Mr. B. V. Bapat	(Mathematics)
	B. A.	1	Miss Madhumalati D. Dhopeswarkar (now Mrs. Apte)	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. V. M. Kulkarni	(Marathi)
		3	Mr. S. D. Kulkarni	(Sanskrit)
		4	Mr. M. G. Karkare	(Marathi)
		5	Miss Krishna D. Paranjpe	(Phy. & Chemistry)
		6	Mr. B. V. Kale	(" ")
		7	Mr. B. G. Surve	(" ")
	B. Sc.	1	Mr. B. R. Gadre	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. S. M. Nabar	(Physics)
		3	Mr. G. C. Paranjpe	(Mathematics)

		4	Mr. K. A. Lokapur,	(Chemistry)
		5	Mr. P. T. Kulkarni	(Physics)
		6	Mr. M. G. Samant	(Physics)
		7	Mr. J. B. Joshi	(Physics)
		8	Mr. B. R. Pathak	(Chemistry)
	I. A.	1	Mr. S. P. Agashe	
		2	Mr. S. Y. Limaye	
		3	Mr. P. D. Nawathe	
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. S. V. Chitale	
		2	Mr. V. D. Desai	
		3	Mr. P. V. Gole	
		4	Mr. M. A. Joglekar	
		5	Mr. B. S. Kapre	
		6	Mr. S. G. Walve	
		7	Mr. V. C. Paranjpe	
		8	Mr. V. P. Kulkarni	
		9	Mr. B. D. Kulkarni	
		10	Mr. S. G. Kundalkar	
1940-1941	M. A.	1	Mr. A. S. Apte	(Mathematics)
	B. A.	1	Mr. S. B. Kulkarni	(Mathematics)
		2	Mr. V. G. Rahurkar	(Sanskrit)
		3	Miss Leela D. Vaidya	(Philosophy)
	B. Sc.	1	Miss Krishna D. Paranjpe	(Chemistry)
		2	Mr. B. D. Khatri	(Chemistry)
		3	Mr. T. K. Patel	(Mathematics)
		4	Mr. A. B. Shah	(Mathematics)
	I. Sc.	1	Mr. S. K. Akolkar	
		2	Mr. S. L. Munot	
		3	Mr. G. M. Ranade	

Occupational Classification of the Guardians

	1919-20 †		1939-40
1	137	Government Servants	140
2	84	Private Servants	310
3	41	Landlords & Agriculturists	180
4	3	Doctors	35
5	26	Pleaders	80
6	42	Pensioners (Govt., State and Private)	148
7	27	Merchants	143
8	5	State Servants	42
9	8	Priest & Bhikshuks	14
10		Authors	6
11	5	Contractors	26
12	2	Engineers	22
13		Labourers	33
14		Artists	5
	<hr/>		<hr/>
	380		1184

Classification according to the Incomes of Guardians

1919-20		1939-40
5	Below Rs, 100	60
19	100-200	...
...	200-300	...
98	300-500	313
135	500-1000	485
81	1000-2000	150
32	2000-5000	122
10	5000 and above	54
<hr/>		<hr/>
380		1184

† The first year when the College had all the four classes.

Classification according to places of residence

	Poona	Satara	Sholapur	Ahmednagar	Nasik	Khandesh	Thana	Kolaba	Ratnagiri	Bejar	Belgaum	Surat	Kolhapur	Nagpur	Bhor	Jamkhandi	Miraj	Gujrat	Dharwar	Sangli	Bijapur	Karwar	Sawantwadi	Hyderabad (Dn)	Bombay	Mudhol	Akkalkot	Jawhar	Randurg	Indore	Kurudwad	Jath	Johalkaranji	Baroda	Goa	Gwalior	Phaltan	Others	Total	
1916-17	101	13	5	9	4	9	4	5	4	2	10	0	3	3	2	5	5	3	2	4	5	2	2	2	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	213
1920-21	180	17	13	18	12	14	5	13	7	9	11	0	14	0	2	2	1	0	3	3	3	3	0	6	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	5	0	349	
1924-25	293	21	23	27	10	23	11	13	16	9	17	0	7	0	6	0	0	9	0	0	5	5	1	3	16	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	2	4	0	529	
1928-29	309	34	35	20	20	38	9	20	15	11	20	0	8	0	4	33	0	10	6	1	3	1	0	7	7	0	3	4	3	2	1	0	2	2	0	2	5	1	636	
1933-34	172	85	60	50	32	75	15	35	35	22	25	0	10	0	6	40	3	38	15	4	15	12	0	21	16	0	0	5	0	0	0	2	5	6	3	0	0	1	808	
1934-35	194	90	74	63	33	77	16	48	51	25	30	0	14	0	8	45	6	54	22	6	16	13	0	24	19	0	0	6	0	0	0	3	8	15	7	4	0	14	985	
1937-38	333	91	90	60	13	63	12	18	16	15	13	0	7	0	4	50	0	16	14	7	8	0	12	20	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	11	881	
1940-41	556	115	66	80	40	91	11	46	17	18	20	2	9	0	9	59	5	13	18	9	21	4	3	8	20	0	6	4	0	5	2	0	8	6	2	3	0	0	1276	

Statement of Annual Receipts and Expenditure of the College

Year	Receipts Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Grant-in-aid Rs.
1916-17	17,233	23,666	nil
1919-20	36209	48147	10000
1929-30	111130	126754	18628
1940-41	196415	199020	17000

The first year of the College
The first year of the full
Arts Course.
The first year of the full
Arts & Science Courses.

CHAPTER V

Our Principals

Prin. Vinayak Ganesh Apte, B. A.

(From 20-6-1916 to 1-6-1922)

[It is a matter of rare and singular good fortune that our first Principal, Vinayakraoji Apte who had been for 27 years at the helm of affairs, at first of the N. M. V. High School & then of the New Poona College, has lived to witness the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of our College. He is now over seventy-five. Even in his retirement the one object of his constant care is the S. P. Mandali. He is a member of its Managing Council. Below is given his short biography.]

Prin. Apte was born in Poona on the 6th of March 1866, in a comparatively poor middle class family. If he was unfortunate in losing his mother at an early age, God had blessed him with an extremely affectionate brother who not only looked after his comforts but taught him privately upto English Standard Third. In 1881 he joined the New English School then conducted by that brilliant trio—Tilak, Agarkar and Apte. Of these three, it was the last one that impressed him profoundly, both as an efficient teacher and a capable Head-Master and when he left the school in 1885 after passing the Matriculation, he carried away with him the abiding impression of an ideal teacher in the person of his celebrated namesake—the late Vamanraoji Apte. Next year he joined the Fergusson College from which he passed the Previous Examination, after which he joined the Deccan College as the Fergusson College then taught only the P. E. Course. Mathematics which was then a compulsory subject at the First B. A. was the rock on which many a ship was invariably wrecked. Failing to pass the examination and unwilling to throw the burden of his maintenance on the slender resources of his father, he accepted the post of a teacher in a private boarding school at Wangi, a village in the Karmala Taluka of the Sholapur District. The school was closed for want of adequate funds and he then migrated to Indapur there to serve in a similar capacity. This school had also a very short life and he was forced to come back to Poona to seek some employment. It was the year 1892. The managers of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalya were then thinking of gradually developing their Middle School into a High School and had succeeded in securing the services of the late Rambhau Gokhale whose memory hundreds of his pupils still cherish with reverence. In Mr. Apte they got another strong man who, as Providence willed it, was to guide the future destinies of the School. In 1893 he took his last chance of appearing for the first B. A. and was lucky enough to get

OUR PRINCIPALS



Prin. Vinayakrao Apte, B. A.
(1916-22)



Prin. N. M. Shah, M.A. (Cantab)
b°-Wrangler,
(1922-30)



Prin. R. P. Sabnis, M. A., (Cantab.)
(1930-33)



Prin. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.
(1933-)

VICE-PRINCIPALS



Prof. H. V. Tulpule, B. A., LL. B.
1925-27



Prof. D. B. Deodhar, M. A.
1927-28



Prof. R. P. Sabnis, M. A. (Cantab)
1928-30



Prof. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.
1930-33



Dr. V. K. Bhagwat, M. So., Ph. D., A. I. I. So.
1933-37



Prof. D. W. Kerkar, Wrangler,
M. A. (Cantab) 1937-

through. With the help of Rambhau Limaye, a local pleader and the facilities given by the Life-members of the N. M. Vidyalaya he appeared for the B. A. in 1894 and passed in second class with languages as his voluntary subject. In July 1895 he took an important decision of his life when he took his pledge as a Life-member of the S. P. Mandali. It is a matter of common knowledge how honourably he has fulfilled that pledge.

For his strength we can find only one image—the strength of a rock standing out by the shore which defies waves and rain and wind. When he joined the Mandali in 1895, what was the prospect before him? It was a humble school teaching upto the sixth standard exhibiting every sign of hopeless though honourable poverty. The public was indifferent and not disposed to help much. Within a year the school blossomed into a full High School, and Principal Apte taught his students with such devotion that every one of the first batch passed, and the late Dr. Ghate stood first on the general list securing the first Jagannath Shankarshet Scholarship. Government was compelled before long to recognize the meritorious work. By utmost thrift a sum sufficient to erect a suitable building for the Primary School was saved by 1913, and an appeal to the public was made only after doing all that was possible for the Mandali to do without any public help. The building was completed in 1915 and the very next year the New Poona College was an accomplished fact. The change between the position of the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali in 1895 and the one in 1916 represents truly the work of Principal Apte in collaboration with his colleagues.

Principal Apte might well have legitimately said, "The Mandali? I am the Mandali." But he preferred not to be a Louis XIV, ambitious but self-centred, but to be a Washington who would entertain just the ambition to do unostentatiously his duty by his countrymen. Indeed the whole strength of Principal Apte is derived from his devotion to duty. It was at times almost a thankless task, and a less stout heart than his would have sunk. Principal Apte might be ill, domestic calamities might befall him, but he would not allow anything to interfere with his duty towards the school. If he were ill he would still take his doses of medicine and teach his classes for hours together and see that the school held its head high. If there were a domestic calamity, he would lay aside the grief for doing his duty in the school. It is this solicitude for turning out students who would make good citizens in later life that won him the reverence, of his students and the admiration of the public. There can be no doubt that if the students of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya have proved in various walks of life their sense of duty, the inspiration is derived from Principal Apte.

At the time of laying down the reins of his office, which he had held for 27 years (1895–1922) he wrote :—

"This is my last report. Early in the beginning of the next session, I shall have completed 27 years of my continued and active service to the S. P. Mandali. For over 21 years of this period I held charge of the N. M.

Vidyalaya High School till six years ago; at the opening of this College I was promoted to its Principalship. I know I have so long served the Mandali and its institutions with singleness of purpose. Taking first such leave as may be now due to me, I wish finally to retire as I feel my work is done. How it has been done I leave it to those whom it concerns to judge, praying

"Blame where you must, be candid where you can
And be each critic *the Good-natured Man.*"

* * *

Principal N. M. Shah, M. A. (Cantab.)

(From 1-6-22 to 25-6-30)

Principal Shah was born on the 14th of July 1894 at Surat. He received his school education at Baroda and passed the Matriculation examination in 1910, standing tenth in the order of merit. He joined the Baroda College from which he passed the Previous and the Intermediate examinations. In both of these he stood first in the first class and secured several University scholarships and prizes. He joined the Fergusson College for his B. A. in 1912, no doubt attracted by the name of Principal Paranjpye, and chose Mathematics as his voluntary subject.

Mr. Shah set his face against all allurements that would draw him away from his studies. His goal was to do justice to his task as a student as long as he remained one. He secured the just fruit of his exertions in 1914 when he topped the list of the successful B. A. candidates, securing as many as 94% marks in mathematics. It may be noted here that the difference between the marks obtained by the first class first and those by the first class second at the time exceeded 260 marks!

Mr. Shah had an ardent desire to proceed to England to give a finishing touch to his studies in Mathematics. Prof. D. R. Gharpure who had been the moving spirit of this College in those days, came to know of this and he at once thought of the idea of the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali taking upon itself the task of seeing Mr. Shah's desire fulfilled. Negotiations were opened with Mr. Shah and the whole thing was arranged in a few days, with the result that Mr. Shah was duly enrolled as a Life-member of the Mandali in August 1916. Mr. Shah, after having worked at the College for a week sailed for England on the 17th of September 1916. He joined the Trinity College, Cambridge, where he stayed for nearly four years and a half. In 1917, he passed the Mathematical Tripos Part I in the first class. In 1918 he secured a Senior Scholarship at Trinity College. In 1919 he passed the Mathematical Tripos Part II and was declared a b* (star) Wrangler. On this result, the Trinity College awarded him Peter Leigh Research Exhibition and Yeat's Prize. His paper on 'Goldbach's Theorem' was published in the proceedings of the Cambridge Philosophical Society. During all this time he was working under

Prof. Hardy, a mathematician of international reputation. Mr. Shah did some research work with a view to try for Smith's Prize, which, however, he unfortunately failed to secure. He returned to India in the month of February 1921, and immediately began his work as a Professor of Mathematics. As a teacher he was quite successful and thoroughly popular with the students.

Such a man as Mr. Shah could rise to the highest position in any walk of life. To pass the Civil Service Examination would have been but a child's play to him. He would have as easily secured the comfortable position of a Professor in the Indian Educational Service, where he would have got the leisure necessary for a research scholar. But disregarding all this, he deliberately chose a life of poverty, involving great physical and mental worry, all honour to him !

Prof. N. M. Shah succeeded Prin. V. G. Apte as the Principal of the New Poona College and continued to work in that capacity till April 9, 1930 when he chose to resign his post both as Principal of the College and Life-member of the S. P. Mandali.

We reproduce below a part of an editorial of the Parashuramian of August 1930, giving an appreciation of Mr. Shah's work as the Principal of the College.

" We have, however, no hesitation in recording that in Prin. Shah the S. P. College lost a hard and intelligent worker, an assiduous and capable student of mathematics and an efficient teacher and administrator. Mr. Shah was always thorough in whatever he did. In his regime the College office went on like clock-work. He was respected by his colleagues and loved by his students. But he chose to leave them all. We have suffered a loss but we have a firm faith that the College would not only outlive the loss but would in a short space of time shine forth with redoubled splendour and be of greater use to its students and to the country at large."

By 1935 both the S. P. Mandali and Prin. N. M. Shah treated the incident of the resignation as a thing of the past; for Prin. Shah was the Chief Guest of honour at the 17th Social Gathering of the S. P. College held on the 22nd and 23rd of September 1935.

* * *

Prin. R. P. Sabnis, M. A. (Cantab.)

(From 6-7-1930 to 1-4-1933)

Prin. Rajaram Parashuram Subnis was born on 2-12-1893 at Urun in the District of Satara. He completed his primary and secondary education at Hubli and passed the Matriculation in 1909 standing seventh on the whole. He joined the Fergusson College at Poona but later on joined the Murarji Gokuldas Boarding and the Wilson College in Bombay from which he graduated

in 1913. In 1911 he shared at the Intermediate Arts, with Mr. R. D. Karmarkar, our present Principal, the University Sanskrit Scholarship. In 1914 he sailed for England and joined the Cambridge University where he studied for nearly two years, and graduated in Economics Tripos. The Board of Life-members of the S. P. Mandali had written to him while in England that they would be prepared to take him up as a Life-member. Mr. Sabnis, who was staying in England as the neighbour of the late Dr. Ghate, wrote back expressing his willingness to become a Life-member and was enrolled as one on the same day as Prin. Shah. In March 1917, he was appointed Superintendent of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya High School and in that capacity he worked for nine years. But all the while he was also working on the College staff as Professor of Economics. As a teacher and an administrator Prin. Sabnis won encomiums from his colleagues, guardians of his students, Departmental authorities and the general public. The key of the success which Prin. Sabnis achieved in every one of his undertakings was undivided and selfless service. Following Prin. Shah's resignation he was elected Principal on 6-7-1930 which post he held upto 1-4-1933. After a year of teaching work in the N. M. Vidyalaya High School he went into retirement towards the end of that year.

* * *

Principal R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.

(From 1st April 1933-)

Prin. R. D. Karmarkar was born on August 28, 1893 at Bhilavadi in the district of Satara. Coming of a middle class family, he had the misfortune to lose his father even before the completion of his secondary education. He passed the Matriculation Examination in 1909 from the Satara High School, standing fourth among all the successful candidates of the year. He then joined the Fergusson College where he studied for the first two years. In 1911 he passed the Intermediate Arts Examination standing second in class I, securing in addition the Sanskrit Scholarship and the Jain Literature Scholarship. He then changed his College and studied for his B. A. in the Deccan College. At the B. A. Examination of 1913 he again stood second in First Class and won the Bhau Daji Prize and the Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship. At the M. A. though he missed his usual first class, he put the coping stone to his career as a Sanskrit Scholar by obtaining both the Bhagwandas Scholarship and the Zala Vedant Prize.

In 1915 Mr. D. R. Gharpure approached him with a request to join the New Poona College which the S. P. Mandali then intended to start, and without a moment's hesitation he gave his consent. To appreciate the full significance of this momentous decision of his life, one has only to remember how few were the students then with such a brilliant academic career as



Bungalows on the premises, for the Principal and the Vice-Principal



L. T. M. Library ; Gymkhana and P. T. Offices



HOSTELS



MESS-ROOMS

Karmarkar's and what great financial prospects lay before such distinguished M. As. A job in the provincial service was in the hollow of his hands. But he wavered not a bit, turned his back on a lucrative career and voluntarily chose the life of a poor scholar in a private college with a meagre salary of Rs. 100 per month.

Soon after joining the College he came to be recognised on all hands as a very capable teacher, besides being a great scholar. But he did not rest on his oars, kept up his studious habits and wrote an essay on the 'Comparison of various Bhāshyās', which won for him the Vishwanath Narayan Mandlik Gold Medal. His essay on the Bhagavadgītā (still unpublished) has year after year been read by the B. A. students with great profits.

In 1929 he was elected to the Senate, by the Professors' constituency, of which Body he still continues to be a member. Since then he has been serving on various University Bodies—the Academic Council, the Syndicate, the Post-graduate Board, Standing Committee for Schools, Publication Board, Library Committee and many others.

In 1933 the Board of Life-members and the Managing Council selected him for the post of the Principal of the S. P. College, which office he holds down to this day. His work as the Principal during these eight years and a half is before the public and the students, and as he is still in harness, this is not the time to assess it. All the same it would be a serious omission in this volume if no reference is made to some salient facts.

When Principal Karmarkar took over the charge of his office from Prin. Sabnis, the total number of students in the College was 677. Since 1933 it has been steadily increasing till this year it has reached the highest figure of over 1300. But mere increase in numbers is no criterion of the efficiency of a College. We shall, therefore, draw the attention of the readers of this volume to the table of University results but particularly the two tables of our first classes and winners of University Scholarships and Prizes. That will give an exact idea of the quality of our students. One has only to look round the College and its premises to note the many facilities and amenities provided for the students. In this connection we may mention some of the buildings constructed during these eight years—the gallery of the Lady Ramabai Hall, the Students' Hall, Ladies' Hostel accommodating 29 inmates, West Wing of the Boys' Hostel for 27 boarders, quarters for eight servants, quarters for two clerks, six bungalows for professors, and the splendid Library building with the special facilities of the study room and the last but the most important, the Chemical Laboratory building which will be formally opened at the time of the Jubilee.

It may be noted in passing that Principal Karmarkar is one of the only two Life-members of the S. P. Mandali who have been serving the College continuously since its very inception, the other one being Prof. Tulpule. Prin. Karmarkar made a touching reference to this fact in the inaugural address that he delivered to the students at the opening of the academic year. Below we give the text of the resolution of the Board of Life-members.

“आज ता. १५-६-१९४१ रोजी कॉलेजची २५ वर्षे झाली आहेत याबद्दल मंडळास आनंद होत आहे. त्याचप्रसंगी कॉलेजच्या स्थापनेपासून आजपर्यंत सतत सेवा करित असलेले पुढील तीन सदस्य (१) प्रो. हरि विठ्ठल तुळपुळे, (२) प्रिन्सिपॉल रघुनाथ दामोदर करमरकर व (३) श्री. दत्तात्रय काशीनाथ बापट (कॉलेजचे हेडक्वार्ट्) यांचे बोर्ड मनःपूर्वक अभिनंदन करित आहे.”

तहाहयात सभासद मंडळाचा ठराव ता. १५-६-४१

CHAPTER VI

A Few Memorable Incidents

I

Non-Co-operation and the College

(1920-21)

The changing conditions in the political life of India did not leave the College altogether unaffected. As days went on, rumours of professors and numbers of students leaving colleges elsewhere thickened, and there appeared to be a great stir amongst the students of Poona colleges as well. The situation was serious and critical and required tactful handling. The managers, to a man, rose equal to the occasion, drew up a 'statement' clearly defining their attitude so far as education was concerned and let the public know that they were going to stand by their usual policy which ever welcomed reforms in education. The Principal in his annual report of the year 1920-21 wrote "I find that names of about fifty-four students have been struck off the rolls during the year. Out of these only 14 have given intimation that they left College owing to Non-Co-operation. A few more might have been unable to continue their course for poverty while a large number must have thought it discreet to keep the College authorities in the dark as to why they omitted to pay fees and thus allowed their names to be removed from the rolls."

The text of the statement referred to above is as follows :—

"All sorts of misleading rumours with regard to the New Poona College and other institutions of the Mandali are being circulated by means of newspapers, telegrams and public speeches. It is natural under the circumstances that the well-wishers of the Mandali should feel deeply concerned. To clear the situation it has become necessary to give wide publicity to the following :—

"The Board of Life-members have deliberated calmly and long over the present situation, and they have come to the conclusion that such steps as throwing away Government grant, severing all connection with the University will not be in any way beneficial. When a meeting of the New Poona College students was held and the situation was properly explained to them they were convinced of the correctness of the view. The work of the College and other institutions is regularly proceeding as usual. The resignation of two Life-members has not affected the policy of the Board, and they will not fail in working with all possible devotion for the prosperity and uplift of the institutions of the Mandali as they have done in the past, undergoing every variety of trouble and tiding over every crisis for raising them to their present situa-

tion of popularity and usefulness. The Board recognises that a number of reforms in the prevailing system of education are urgently needed, and they are confident that all reasonably minded compatriots will help them on as before in their resolve to do their best to make education as flawless and as conducive to the good of the country as possible."

In accepting the resignations of Profs. Gharpure and Phadke the Council regretted that they "should have so precipitately severed their connection with the S. P. Mandali despite their solemn pledge to work as Life-members."

"Profs. Gharpure and Phadke thought that the call for what they regarded as higher work was so imperative that their going back on their plighted word to serve the institutions of the Mandali for twenty years was the lesser evil. We wish them every success in the new work which they might undertake, though we have our own differences with them on the decision they arrived at." (*New Poona College Magazine*, February 1921 page iii).

II

' New Poona ' becomes ' Sir Parashurambhau '

(*From S. P. College Magazine August, 1928*)

Wednesday, 26th September 1928, witnessed the re-naming ceremony of the College. On that day, the College, finally and formally, shed its old name 'New Poona' and assumed the new one. This was the third big ceremony* during the past four years and we have become specialists at the game. Our splendid and tastefully decorated shamiana was worthy of the many princes and chiefs who graced the occasion. Shrimant Appasaheb, our Chiefsaheb, gave a frank and succinct account of his Memorial-scheme and showed how fitting it was, in the interests of the higher education of his subjects and the traditions set up by his illustrious father, to associate the Memorial with our College.

His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson, the Governor of Bombay, paid a warm tribute to our College and complimented the Chiefsaheb on his wise choice of a worthy institution for the Memorial.

The Secretary's statement was no mass of lifeless statistics but a live human document and was ably delivered. The Secretary counted it a happy circumstance that all the three ceremonies were performed by His Excellency and we, in turn, his privileged co-workers compliment the Secretary that all the three ceremonies and the marvellous developments they imply, have all been achieved during the regime of the self-same Secretary, Prof. H. V. Tulpule!

His Excellency's announcement of three days' holidays was applauded lustily by the students.

* The first two were the occasions of laying the corner-stone on 14-10-1924 and the opening ceremony of the present College buildings on 20-6-1927:

III

Some Anxious Moments

(*From The Parashuramian, March, 1931*)

The year 1930-31 has been an eventful year for us all. The year opened on us with the resignation of Mr. Shah and the furlough of Mr. Padhye. Prof. Bose who replaced the latter had to leave us for considerations of health. As if this was not enough, Prof. Paldhikar just last month handed in his resignation of the Life-membership of the S. P. Mandali. He is a devoted student of Physics and worked very hard for his students. We are told that Prof. Paldhikar was requested by our students with tears in their eyes to continue to serve in our College. But why give the details? It is sufficient to tell our students that Prof. Paldhikar has left us. May he fare well and let us hope that the memories he carries with him from Poona will be creditable to the College in general, and to his students in particular.

The number of students in the College for 1930-31 was much smaller than that for the preceding year. There has been a heavy deficit in the annual income. But as we have so often said, such set-backs need not and ought not to frighten us from the path of duty. स्वधर्मे निधनं श्रेयः 'Even death, complete annihilation, will do good if only you do the duty which is your own'. However gloomy the situation might be, the Kindly Light is sure to lead us on. The night is dark, and we are away from home, but we turn not our backs and the Light is sure to lead us on. May God give us all, faith in ourselves and our cause !

CHAPTER VII

Our Teaching Staff

Arts Section

1. PRIN. R. D. KARMARKAR

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas Degrees.

B. A. (1913, English and Sanskrit, First Class, Bombay University.)

M. A. (1916, English and Sanskrit, Second Class, Bombay University.)

(b) Academical distinctions. (Prizes, Scholarships and Medals.)

1. Jain Literature Scholar, 1911
2. Varjivandas Madhavdas Scholar, 1911
3. Gangadas Rangildas Scholar, 1913
4. Bhau Daji Sanskrit Prizeman, 1913
5. Zala Vedant Prizeman, 1916
6. Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Sanskrit Scholarship, 1916
7. V. N. Mandlik Gold Medallist, 1918.

(c) Books published (Editions of the following Sanskrit Books.)

1. Mālavikāgnimitra
2. Nāgānanda
3. Vikramorvaśīya
4. Raghuvamśa I-X
5. Kumārasambhava (I-VI)
- 6 & 7. F. Y. Sanskrit Poetic Selections, Nos. 1 & 2.
- 8 & 9. Intermediate Sanskrit Selections Nos. 1 & 2
10. Śrauta Reader
11. Kāvya prakāśa
12. Tarkasaṃgraha
13. Tarkabhāṣā
14. Mālatīmādhavam
15. Mṛcchakaṭīka
16. Meghadūta (No. 6-9 and 12, 13 in collaboration with Prof. Gajendragadkar)
17. Mudrārākṣasa
18. Kādambarī (pp. 75-175).

(d) Papers published (In the proceedings of the All India Oriental Conference & the Annals of the Bhandarkar Institute.)

1. Comparison of the Bhāṣyas of Saṅkara, Rāmānuja etc.
2. Authorship of the Nirukta
3. Relation of the Gītā to the Vedāntasūtras.
4. The Chronological order of Kālidāsa's works.
5. Devayāna and Pitṛyāna.
6. Vibhūti Adhyāya in the Gītā (read at the Mysore Oriental Conference 1935)
7. Authorship of the Mṛcchakaṭīka (Trivandram Conference 1937 published in the New Antiquary)

(e) General

1. Fellow of the University of Bombay.
2. Member of the Syndicate, Academic Council, Post-graduate Board, etc.
3. Examiner at the Benares and Nagpur Universities.
4. Member of the Mahābhārat Editorial Board of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Poona.
5. Major (Commandant) 1st (Bombay) Bn. U. T. C. I. T. F. and Commandant, Civic Guards, Poona. Awarded Jubilee and Coronation medals.
6. Member of the Sanskrit-Prakrit sub-committee of the Government Provincial Text-books Committee.
7. Member of the Provincial Advisory Committee, Indian Territorial Force and the U. T. C. Advisory Committee.
8. Member of the Board of Studies in Sanskrit and Marathi (Bombay University).

- (f) Teaching experience
25 years (1916-onwards)

PROF. D. W. KERKAR (*Vice-Principal*)

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
B. A. (Bom.) 1922 First Class with Mathematics.
B. A. (Cantab) 1924 Mathematical Tripos, Wrangler.
- (b) Other distinctions
Duke of Edinburgh Fellow, passed I. C. S.
- (c) Teaching experience
Ten years (1932 onwards)

3. PROF. H. V. TULPULE

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
B. A. II class 1909, LL. B. 1915
- (b) Other distinctions.
Kinglock Forbes Gold Medallist and Prizeman.
- (c) Teaching experience.
25 years (1916 onwards)

4. PROF. D. B. DEODHAR

- (a) University Degrees and Diploma
M. A. (Bom.) English and Sanskrit 1917
- (b) Other distinctions
1. President of the College Gymkhana
 2. Chairman, Mimamsa Vidyalaya Committee
 3. Captain, Hindu Cricket Team
 4. Winner of several cups and prizes in all heads of games
 5. Member, University Board of Sports
- (c) Teaching experience
24 years (1917 onwards)

5. PROF. V. P. PATWARDHAN

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
M. A. Bombay 1921 Class II, B. A. Class II 1919.
- (b) Other distinctions.
K. T. Telang Gold Medallist
P. S. Patwardhan Scholar
Some time member of the Board of Studies in Philosophy
- (c) Books published
Hand-book of Philosophy and Logic
- (d) Teaching experience
14 years-1931-28 and 1934 onwards.

6. PROF. B. D. SATTIGIRI

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

- B. A. I Class Hons. in English 1923
 M. A. II Class English and Sanskrit 1926
 LL. B. (II Class 1929 October)

(b) Other distinctions

- Hughlings's Prizeman (Inter Arts 1921)
 Senior Daxina fellow, Deccan College, Poona.

(c) Books published

1. Outlines of Constitutional Law (1930)
2. " Inter English ." (1934, 35, 36, 37 and 38) 5 volumes
3. " B. A. English " (1937-38, 1938-39, and 1939-40) 3 volumes
4. " F. Y. English " (1935, 1938) 2 volumes
- 5 " English for First LL. B. " (1938)
- 6 Voluntary Pass (1940)
- 7 Goldsmith ; Citizen of the World (edited).

(d) Teaching experience

- 15 years, 1926 (onwards)

7. PROF. N. D. GODBOLE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

- B. A. 1st Class in Mathematics—1932
 M. A. with distinction Applied Mathematics (London) 1934

(b) Other distinctions

- Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship

(c) Teaching experience

- 6 years

8. PROF. R. D. LADDU

- B. A. 1st class Sanskrit and Ardhamagadhi 1930
 M. A. 1st class first, Sanskrit (Prin.) and Ardhamagadhi 1933.

(b) Other distinctions

- Daxina fellow, Fergusson College, 1930-31
 Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Sanskrit Scholar, Bom. University 1933-34
 Atmānand Saraswati Sanskrit Prize, B. O. R. I., Poona 4

(c) Teaching experience

- 11 years (1930 onwards)

(d) Publications

1. Relative chronology of the Chhāndogyopaniṣad and Bṛhadāraṇyakopaniṣad
 F. C. College Magazine
2. The Prakrit Verses in the Kavīndrachandrodaya—Deccan College Post
 Graduate and Research Institute Bullētin. Vol. I

(e) General

1. Jt. editor of the Oriental Literary Digest, Poona 4
2. Life-member, Bhandarkar Institute.

9. PROF. D. B. RANADE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. 1929 with English (Prin.) and Sanskrit (Subsidiary)

B. A. 1926 II Class with English (Hons.)

(b) Other distinctions

2/Lt. Platoon Commander in U. T. C.

(c) Teaching experience

11 years.

10. PROF. K. N. WATVE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. 1922 II Class with Marathi and Sanskrit.

(b) Other distinctions

A well-known Marathi critic and author of

मुक्ताहार, संस्कृत वाङ्मयातील विनोद, इ.

(c) Teaching experience

8 years.

11. PROF. S. M. MATE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. 1915, with English and Marathi

(b) Other distinctions

Well-known Marathi scholar and critic and also author of

अस्पृष्टांचा प्रश्न, परशुरामचरित्र, पाश्चात्य पुरुषश्रेष्ठ, संपादक विज्ञानबोध, महाराष्ट्र सांवात्सरिक इ.

(c) Teaching experience

6 years.

12. PROF. F. M. FERNANDEZ

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. Ist Class with English (Prin.) and Portuguese (Subsidiary).

(b) Teaching experience

4 years from 1937 onwards.

13. PROF. G. M. MARATHE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. Com. (1933) Thesis for Part I styled 'excellent' and on the merits of Part I 50% exemption granted from Part II.

(b) Books published

1. A book on 'Precis writing' for students of Commerce.

2. Pamphlet on 'Urban Co-operative Banking in Maharashtra'.

3. Contributed several articles on the subject of Geography and Business Economics.

(c) General

A member of the Royal Geographical Society, London.

Member of the Executive Council of the Poona Geographical Association.

(d) Teaching experience

8 years.

14. PROF. R. V. OTURKAR

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
M. A. II Class 1924 Bombay University.
- (b) Books published
 1. 'Hindusthancha Sopapattika Itihas' } in
 2. ' " " Rajyakarbhar' } Marathi.
 3. Maharashtracha Patrarup Itihas, in collaboration with Mr. D. V. Apte.
 4. Some Aspects of Social and Economic life under the Marathas.
- (c) General
Editor Vijayanagar Sexcentenary Commemoration Volume, Marathi Edition.
- (d) Teaching experience
10 years, 1926-32 and 1937 onwards.

15. PROF. S. K. KULKARNI

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
M. Sc. of the University of Bombay 1932 with Mathematics Group 'B' (applied).
- (b) Other distinctions
Winner of Dr. Paranjpye Prize in the Fergusson College in 1927 for the best essay on a Mathematical subject.
- (c) Teaching experience
12 years.

16. MR. R. C. GOKHALE

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
M. A. II Class in French 1937.
- (b) Teaching experience
5 years.

17. MR. S. A. MAHOMED JAFFER

- (a) He has a long (about 25 years) experience in teaching Arabic, Persian and Urdu in schools and also coaching college and post-graduate students in the above subjects.
- (b) Teaching experience
7 years.

18. PROF. S. G. HULYALKAR

- (a) University Degrees and Diplomas
B. A. (Bom.), M. A. (London)
- (b) Teaching experience
3 years.

19. DR. K. GOPALACHARI

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. A. (1st Class) Madras University, Ph. D. (with thesis on 'Satavahanas' published by the Madras University)

(a) Publications

Articles in the Epigraphica India and Indian Antiquary.

(c) Teaching experience

9 years.

20. MR. S. B. MAHABAL

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A., Second Class 1941.

(b) Teaching experience

1 year.

21. PROF. K. V. HERLEKAR

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Ag., B. T., T. D. (London), C. Ed. (Cantab.), H. D. (Dublin).

(b) Teaching experience

2 years.

22. PROF. N. A. GORE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. II Class.

(b) Teaching experience

3 years.

(c) Research papers

(1) Bhīṣma on the horns of a dilemma (Parashuramian).

(2) Nāndī Verses in Ratnāvali (Parashuramian).

(3) Jagaddhara's indebtedness to Harihar, an ancient commentator of the Mālatī Mādhava (Annals of the B. O. R. I.)

23. MR. D. B. ERANDE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. I Class 1940.

1. Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Sanskrit Scholar.

2. Zala Vedanta Prizeman

(b) Teaching experience

1½ years.

24. PROF. M. S. GODBOLE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. A. 1st Class First. Duke of Edinburgh Fellow (1911): Daxina Fellow, Fergusson College (1912), M. A. 2nd Class (Mathematics), B. T. (1st Class 1928). For some years Assistant Prof. of Mathematics, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad.

(b) Books published

1. Geometry for Schools with Prof. Hardikar,
2. Algebra with Prof. Shintre.
3. Elementary Trigonometry... .. with " "
4. F. Y. Geometry with " "
5. Elementary Analytical Geometry with " "

(c) Teaching experience

22 years.

25. MR. B. V. BAPAT

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. Sc. 1st Class 1940, with Applied Mathematics.

B. Sc. 1st Class with distinction 1933, with Mathematics and Physics.

B. A. 1st Class 1941.

(b) Other distinctions

S. P. College Scholar and Fellow in the year 1933-1934.

(c) Teaching experience

3 years.

26. MR. A. S. APTE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. 1st Class First 1941, with Applied Mathematics.

B. A. 1st Class 1939, with Mathematics.

(b) Other distinctions

1. Gangadas Rangildas Scholar 1939.
2. Khan Bahadur F. M. Dastoor Prize 1939.
3. Sir Lawrence Jenkins Scholar 1941.
4. S. P. College Scholar and Fellow in the year 1939-1940.

(c) Teaching experience

One year.

27. MR. H. B. KULKARNI

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. A. II Class

28. MR. Z. P. MARWADI

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. A., Diploma in Physical Training (Kandivli).

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Science Section

Physics :

1. PROF. S. D. BHAVE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. A. 1923, Class II : B. Sc. 1924, I Class with Physics principal. Fellow of the Royal Institute of Science Bombay : M. Sc. 1927 with Physics.

(b) Other distinctions

Guiding research in the dielectric behaviour of substances.

(c) Teaching experience : 14 years.

2. PROF. W. M. DABADGHAO

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Sc. 1925, II Class (Nagpur University) with distinction in Chemistry, M. Sc. I Class, 1927 (Nagpur University) with Physics Principal.

(b) Other distinctions

Nagpur University post-graduate research scholar at the Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, Calcutta 1928-30.

(c) Research work published

Raman Spectra under High Dispersion (1930) in the Indian Journal of Physics, Vol. V. P. II. Calcutta University Press.

(d) Teaching experience : 10 years.

3. PROF. S. V. CHANDRASHEKHAR AIYA

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Sc. (Physics) I Class with distinction.

B. A. (Hons.) Physics and Chemistry, I Class.

Narayan Vasudeo Scholarship (University).

M. A. (Cantab) A. Inst. P., A. M. I. R. E., Grad. I. E. E.

(b) Other distinctions

Fellow of the Wilson College from 1930 to September 1931. Natural Tripos p. II (Physics), I Class, Cambridge University.

(c) Papers published

1. Continuous spectrum in Raman Scattering-Physics Rev. of U. S. 1936.
2. Radio in Upper Air Investigation-Current Science-1940.
3. "Heavy Electron"-Bombay University Journal (1939).
4. Derivation of Schrodinger Equation-Bombay University Journal (1940).

(d) Research work in progress

1. Sp. Heats of Solids (Theoretical).
2. Polar Diagrams of aerial arrays (Theoretical).
3. Measurement of Modulation (Experimental).

(e) General

Awarded prize for an essay on the "Theories of Light" for the Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge, 1934.

(f) Teaching experience : 7 years.

4. PROF. M. W. CHIPLONKAR

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Sc. II 1931 (Principal Physics): M. Sc. I Class, (Benares Hindu University) 1933 with Physics Positive Rays. (D. Sc.-Physics—Submitted the thesis for D. Sc. to the Bombay University on 16-9-41).

(b) Research work published

- (1) "The nature of the transition from troposphere to stratosphere and upper air temperatures over India in the Winter and hot seasons"—Current Science Journal Vol. IV (1935).
- * (2) "Further statical studies of temperature and pressure in the upper atmosphere over India" Beitrage zur Physik der freien Atmosphere, Vol. 23 (1936).
- (3) "Measurements of air earth currents passing through elevated points during electrically disturbed weather at Colaba, Bombay"—Journal of the University of Bombay, Vol. VI p. II 1937.
- (4) "A Simple cylindrical lens spectrograph for the optical determination of the concentration of ozone in the atmospheric layers near the ground"—Proc. Ind. Acad. Science A Vol. IX No. 6 (1939).
- (5) "The Ultra violet end of the solar spectrum"—Current Science Journal Vol. VIII (1939).
- * (6) "Measurements of atmospheric ozone at Bombay"—Proc. Ind. Acad. Sci. A, Vol. X, (1939).
- (7) "Measurements of atmospheric ozone at Poona"—Appendix to the above paper.
- * (8) "The distribution of temperature in the lower stratosphere"—Proc. Ind. Acad. Science A, Vol. XI, No. 1 (1940).
- * (9) "Measurement of point discharge current during disturbed weather at Colaba"—Proc. Ind. Acad. Science A, Vol. XII No. 1 (1940).
- (10) "Photographic studies of some cloud forms and their changes with time"—Scientific Notes Ind. Met. Dept. Vol. VIII No. 94 (1941).
- (11) "An album of cloud photographs"—an appendix to the above is being used in the Departmental publications.
- (12) "Frequency distribution of thunderstorms at some stations in India"—Scientific Notes Ind. Met. Dept. Vol. VIII No. 96 (1941).
- * (13) "The brightness of the Zenith sky during twilight"—Proc. Ind. Acad. Sci. A Vol. XIV (1941).
- * (14) "Interdiurnal variations of temperature and pressure in the upper atmosphere over North India—submitted for publication to the Scientific Notes Ind. Met. Dept. in 1940.

NOTE: Papers marked * published in the abstract form in the various proceedings of the Indian Science Congress during 1936 to 1939.

(c) Teaching experience: 1 year.

PROF. M. K. PARANJPE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

M. Sc. Class II (Maths. Group B) 1941
B. Sc. I Class 1933, M. Sc. (Physics) by thesis 1937.

(b) Publications

Two papers on physical subjects in the journal of the Indian Academy of Science.

(c) Teaching experience : 6 years.

Demonstrators :

1. MR. S. D. GOKHALE, B. Sc.
Teaching experience ; 20 years
2. Mr. V. M. NATU, B. Sc.
3. „ C. S. KARVE, M. Sc.
4. „ S. S. GOLE, B. Sc.
5. „ B. V. KALE, B. A. (Phy. & Chem.)
6. „ B. C. SURVE, B. A. („ „)
7. „ G. Y. GUNE, B. Sc.

Chemistry :

1. PROF. B. V. BHIDE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Sc. 1923, Class II ; M. Sc. 1926 ; A. I. I. So. ; Diploma in Chemical Engineering (University College, London)

(b) Other distinctions

Research scholar, Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore (1926-27)

Won the Sudborough Medal in 1928 for the best research in the general chemistry department at the Indian Institute of Science during 1926-27. Wrote his M. Sc. thesis on "Esterification while working at the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.

(c) Papers published

- (1) Studies in Esterification.
- (2) Reaction Velocity in mixed solvents.
- (3) Esterification in mixed solvents.
- (4) Constitution of embellin.
- (5) Dielectric properties of glycerides Part I & II.
- (6) Dielectric Constants and the mesomorphic state.

(d) Research work done

1. Research on "Solvation of Metal ions in acetic acid."
2. "Kinetics of the reaction of halogen acids with alcohols".
3. "Dipole moments of Organic Liquids."
4. "Electrical Conductivity of acids in amyl alcohol."

(e) Teaching experience : 14 years.

2. DR. N. L. PHALNIKAR

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Sc. II Class, 1934 ; M. Sc. (Thesis) Organic Chemistry, 1936; Ph. D. 1940.

(b) Papers published

1. Influence of phenyl group in three carbon Tautomerism, P. I.
Tautomerism of phenyl β Br unsaturated acids and esters. (Journal of Indian Chemical Society, 1937, 736)

2. A new method for the synthesis of substituted glutaconic acids. (Journal of the University of Bombay 1935, Vol. IV, P. II 106)
3. Constitution and derivatives of phenyl glutaconic acid (Journal University, Bombay 1937, Vol. VI, P. II, 97)
4. Synthesis and derivatives of diphenyl glutaconic acid (Journal University, Bombay 1938, Vol. VII, P. III, 203)
5. Phenyl glutaric acids P:—Part I, Diphenyl glutaric acid. (Journal University, Bombay 1936, Vol. V, P II, 105)
6. Phenyl glutaric acids:—Part II, Phenyl Methyl glutaric acid. (Journal University, Bombay 1937, Vol. VI, P. II, 102)
7. Chemical investigation of the seeds of *hygrophylla spirosa*. (Journal University, Bombay 1935, Vol. IV, P. II 144)
8. Tautomerism of phenyl butenoic acids. (Journal University, Bombay 1939, Vol. VIII, P. III, 184)
9. Constitution of Sulphur Nitride. (Current Science, 1939, 746)
10. A note on the reduction of substituted malonates (Journal University, Bombay 1940, Vol. IX, P. III, 170)
11. A note of criticism on the synthesis of Methoxy phenyl glutaconic acid etc. (Journal University of Bombay 1937, Vol. VI, P. II)
In Press (University of Bombay Journal)
12. Dipole moment and molecular structure P. I:—
Dipole moments of ethyl esters of phenyl substituted acetic, malonic and glutaric acids.
13. Dipole moment and molecular structures:—P. II: Dipole moments of ethyl esters of P. substituted benzoic acids.
14. Chemical investigation of *tinospora Cordifolia* (Miers.)

(c) Teaching experience : 5 years.

3. Prof. R. Y. SHAHANE

(a) University Degrees and Diplomas

B. Sc. I Class : M. Sc. (Chemistry)

(b) Papers published

1. Synthesis in the Furo—conmarin group Part VII—By V. K. Bhagwat and R. Y. Shahane
2. Synthesis of 2 acyl resoroin by the Nidhone process Part VI—By V. K. Bhagwat and R. Y. Shahane
3. Synthesis in the 5. Hydroxy—benzo Pyrone group P. IV.—V. K. Bhagwat and R. Y. Shahane.
4. Action of semicarbazide Hydrochloride on the anhydride of P-4 methoxy-phenyl-Glutaconic acid.

(c) Teaching experience : 9 years.

Demonstrators :

1. Mr. G. N. KADHE, M. Sc. (I Class), (Benares Hindu Univ.)
2. Mr. Y. V. DUVEDI, B. Sc., B. A.
3. Mr. A. H. BHATKHANDE, B. Sc.
4. Mr. G. H. PATWARDHAN, B. A.
5. Mr. R. B. LIMAYE, B. Sc.

Biology :**1. PROF. J. N. KARVE****(a) University Degrees and Diplomas**

M. Sc. (Bom.) with distinction in Zoology.

(b) Other distinctions

Moos Gold Medallist, 1928

Worked as a lecturer at the Hislop College, Nagpur.

(c) Research papers published

1. A Redescription of the species *Oxysomatium macintoshii* (Stewart, 1914 Nematode). — Published in *Annals and Magazine of Natural History*, December 1927.
2. A New Nematode from a Burmese Tortoise.—Published in the *Liverpool University Journal (Annals)* October 1927.
3. On a new species of the Nematode genus *Spiroxya* with a key to the species and their Host-Distribution. —Published in the *Liverpool University Journal (Annals)* August 1928.
4. Some Parasitic Nematodes of Frogs and Toads. Published in the *Liverpool University Journal*, December 1930.
5. "Two New Species of the Genus *Diplotrichaena* (Nematoda) parasitic in the Common Indian Myna". Published in the *Journal of the University of Bombay*, March 1934.
6. "Some Nematode Parasites of Lizards" Published in *Livro Jubilar Prof. Travassos, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil* 1938.
7. Identification of the fresh water fishes of Poona. Published in the 'Out-of-doors' 1935.
8. A study of the parasitic Nematodes from the fresh water fishes of Poona. (Accepted for publication in the *Journal of the University of Bombay*, November 1941.)

Work in progress.

Taxonomic study of the other intestinal parasites from the fresh water fishes.

(d) Teaching experience : 14 years.**2. PROF. U. K. KANITKAR****(a) University Degrees and Diplomas**

B. A. II Class (Biology).

B. Sc. II Class (Botany and Zoology) 1932.

M. Sc. (Botany by research in 1935.)

(b) Research work published

1. Microchemical test for protein grains in plant cells. *Current Sc.* March 1935 (in collaboration with Prof. R. H. Dastur).
2. The formation of proteins in light of different quality. *Annals of Botany*, October 1938 (in collaboration with Prof. R. H. Dastur).
3. An apparatus to determine the coefficient of energy absorbed by a leaf. *Current Science* 1937 VI (1).

Research work in Progress.

Life history, biology and parasitism of Mango shoot blight fungus.

(c) Teaching experience : 5 years.**Demonstrators :****1. MR. Y. B. RAJE, B. Sc., 1930.**

Research work in Progress.

Life history of *Seleginella*,

2. MR. S. R. DESHPANDE, B. Sc.

Research work in progress.

1. Liverworts from Panchgani—A general survey.
2. Life history of *Plagiochasma* from Panchgani.
3. Buds in *Equisetum* species found at Pashan.

Library Staff :

- Mr. V. M. KOLHATKAR, *Librarian*, Service 18 years.
 „ S. K. SATHE, *Asst. Librarian*, Service 12 years.
 „ V. G. DIVAKAR, *Asst. Librarian*, Service 8 years.

College Office Clerks :

- Mr. D. K. BAPAT, *Head Clerk*, Service 25 years.
 „ V. B. KAPADE, *Second Clerk*, Service 22 years.
 „ A. B. JANPANDIT, B. A., *Third Clerk*, Service 5 years.
 „ S. N. TIKHE, *Typist*, Service 5 years.

The following members have re-joined the College during the second term of 1941-42.

Arts Section :**Prof. K. S. VENKATRAMAN**

(a) Degrees

M. A. (Madras), Ph. D. (Madras),
 B. L. (Madras) 1926.

(b) Distinctions

Gokhale Prize in Economics (Madras University) was secured in 1925 for the Thesis on "Land and Labour in the Tanjore District".

(c) Articles published

- 1 The Economics of the handloom weaving in S. India. (published as a bulletin of the Department of Economics, University of Madras 1940)
- 2 Coir-industry and trade on the West Coast—(published in the Journal of the University of Bombay 1940-41).

To be published :

- 1 A survey of the economic conditions of the handloom weavers in certain urban centres in Bombay-Deccan (accepted for publication in the 1942 January issue of the Journal of the University of Bombay.)

(d) Teaching Experience : 11 years

Prof. G. N. CHAFEKAR

(a) Degrees

M. A. Class I (with Mathematics) 1930 ; B. A. Class I, 1927.

(b) Distinctions

Chancellor's Medal
 Gangadas Rangildas Scholarship for 1927-1928
 Fellow of the Sir Parashurambhau College, 1927-1928

(c) Teaching Experience : 11 years

APPENDIX I
Professors and Lecturers
 (1916-1941)

Name	Subject	Joined	Left
Apte V. G.	English	1916	1922
Gharpure D. R.	Physics	1916	1920
✓ Hardikar T. B.	Mathematics	1916	1933
✓ Tulpule H. V.	English	1916	
Karmarkar R. D.	Sanskrit and English	1916	
✓ Patwardhan G. P.	Sanskrit and History	1916	1919
Gokhale G. K.	English	1916	1916
Phadke N. S.	Logic and Philosophy	1916	1920
Damle N. G.	English Composition	1916	1918
Sabnis R. P.	History and Economics and Mathematics	1916	1933
Shah N. M.	Mathematics	1916	1930
✓ Deodhar D. B.	Sanskrit	1917	
Padhye P. G.	History and Economics	1917	1929
Lagu R. K.	English	1918	1933
Patwardhan S. P.	Philosophy	1918	1918
Naralkar N. G.	Logic and Philosophy and English	1919	1936
Dandekar S. V.	Logic and Philosophy	1919	1939
Kinjawadekar V. R.	Sanskrit	1919	1939
Potdar D. V.	Marathi and History	1920	1935
Patwardhan V. P.	Logic and Philosophy	1921	
Lele L. G.	Marathi	1921	1932
Paranjpe M. R.	Physics	1923	1926

Name	Subject	Joined	Left
Gokhale S. D.	Physics	1923	
Godbole M. S.	Mathematics	1923	1936
Venkatram Iyer M. K.	English	1941 1924	1926
Sattigiri B. D.	English	1926	
Paldhikar G. G.	Physics	1927	1931
Bhide B. V.	Chemistry	1927	
Bhave S. D.	Physics	1927	
Bhagwat V. K.	Chemistry	1927	1937
Powar V. L.	Biology	1928	1929
Karve J. N.	Biology	1928	
Chafekar G. N.	Mathematics	1930	1937
Pophale G. L.	Mathematics	1941 1930	1933
Venkatraman K. S.	History and Economics	1930	1937
Ranade D. B.	English	1941 1931	
Dabadghao W. M.	Physics	1932	
Joshi R. M.	Chemistry	1932	1933
Kolhatkar V. Y.	History and Economics	1932	1941
Hatakar V. G.	French	1932	1937
Laddu R. D.	Sanskrit and Ardha-magadhi	1932	
Kerkar D. W.	Mathematics	1933	
Father Lash	English	1933	1934
Deshpande B. B.	Physics	1934	1937
Inamdar G. R.	Mathematics	1934	1935
Saletore B. A.	History and Economics	1934	1939
Wagle Miss Leela	English	1934	1937

Name	Subject	Joined	Left
S. A. Mahomad Jaffar	Urdu, Persian and Arabic	1934	
Watve K. N.	Marathi and Sanskrit	1934	
Sharma H. D.	Sanskrit	1935	1936
Amdekar A. C.	Mathematics	1935	1936
Mavlankar N. A.	History and Economics	1935	1937
Paranjpe M. K.	Physics	1935	
Mate S. M.	Marathi	1935	
Ghatge A. M.	Ardhamagadhi and Pali	1935	1936
Priolkar G. S.	Mathematics	1936	1937
Bhave Y. D.	English	1936	1937
Godbole N. D.	Mathematics	1936	
Chandrashekhar Aiya	Physics	1936	
Katre S. M.	Pali and Ardhamagadhi	1937	1939
Fernandez F. M.	English	1937	
Oka B. Y.	Mathematics	1937	1938
Kulkarni S. K.	Mathematics	1937	
Marathe G. M.	Geography	1937	
Oturkar R. V.	History and Economics	1937	
Kanitkar U. K.	Biology	1937	
Phalnikar N. L.	Chemistry	1937	
Ghatge V. M.	Physics	1937	1938
Garde G. M.	Chemistry	1937	1938
Nayak K. V.	Mathematics	1938	1941
Shahane R. Y.	Chemistry	1938	
Karandikar J. V.	Physics	1938	1941

Name	Subject	Joined	Left
Hulyalkar S. G.	Logic and Philosophy	1938	
Gokhale R. C.	French	1938	
Herlekar K. V.	Education	1939	
Gopalachari K.	History and Economics	1939	
Mrs. Damle Kamalini	Education	1939	1941
Gore N. A.	Sanskrit and Ardhamagadhi	1939	
Bapat B. V.	Mathematics	1939	
Erande D. B.	Sanskrit	1940	
Mahabal S. B.	History and Economics	1941	
Apte A. S.	Mathematics	1941	
Kulkarni H. B.	Kannad and English	1941	
Chiplunkar M. W.	Physics	1941	

APPENDIX II

Fellows

(1916-1941)

No.	Name	Year	No.	Name	Year
1	Bapat V. V.	1920	39	Kulkarni D. B.	1935
2	Apte W. T.	1920	40	Gadre R. N.	1936
3	Dixit V. V.	1921	41	Koparkar D. G.	1936
4	Shukla S. A. (First term)	1921	42	Ranade L. V.	1936
5	Godbole S. R. (Second term)	1921	43	Vale R. N.	1936
6	Bagul D. D.	1922	44	Deshmukh C. D.	1936
7	Sane P. S.	1922	45	Konnur V. B.	1937
8	Waknis T. D.	1923	46	Kulkarni E. D.	1937
9	Kamat G. N.	1923	47	Joshi Y. G.	1937
10	Palande K. V.	1924	48	Tilak B. D.	1937
11	Gopujkar S. A.	1924	49	Bedekar K. G.	1938
12	Kher S. A.	1925	50	Bhave D. G.	1938
13	Paradkar N. B.	1925	51	Erande D. B.	1938
14	Trivedi N. R.	1926	52	Garge D. V.	1938
15	Sudumbrekar B. V.	1926	53	Pawshe A. B.	1938
16	Modi M. C.	1926	54	Khanwelkar S. S.	1938
17	Chafekar G. N.	1927	55	Rajopadhye V. Y.	1938
18	Pophale G. L.	1927	56	Sant D. K.	1939
19	Tilak V. S.	1927	57	Dharurkar S. L.	1939
20	Parikh R. S.	1928	58	Dike G. N.	1939
21	Vaze V. S.	1928	59	Apte A. S.	1939
22	Shah K. K.	1929	60	Ratnaparkhi B. R.	1939
23	Kulkarni D. G.	1929	61	Wani B. M.	1939
24	Gurjar L. V.	1930	62	Damle G. H.	1939
25	Deshpande R. R.	1930	63	Kulkarni S. D.	1940
26	Ranade R. K.	1930	64	Gadre B. R.	1940
27	Joshi C. G.	1930	65	Nabar S. M.	1940
28	Gole C. V.	1931	66	Miss Dhopeshwarkar Madhumalati	1940
29	Joshi R. W.	1931	67	Paranjpe G. C.	1940
30	Hatwalne D. M.	1931	68	Kulkarni V. M.	1940
31	Pathak K. S.	1931	69	Kulkarni S. D.	1940
32	Salvekar V. B.	1932	70	Kulkarni S. B.	1940
33	Shahane R. Y.	1932	71	Rahurkar V. G.	1941
34	Bapat B. V.	1933	72	Miss Vaidya Leela	1941
35	Kashikar M. S.	1933	73	Miss Paranjpe Krishna	1941
36	Dange J. N.	1934	74	Patel T. K.	1941
37	Deodhar N. V.	1934	75	Shah A. B.	1941
38	Walimbe R. S.	1935			

APPENDIX III

Tutors and Demonstrators

(1916-1941)

No.	Name	Year	No.	Name	Year
1	Modak S. A.	1916	32	Joshi V. R.	1935
2	Sane G. K.	1918	33	Paranjpe M. K.	1935
3	Kelkar D. K.	1918	34	Deshpande S. R.	1935
4	Parchure B. A.	1918	35	Kelkar G. R.	1935
5	Gokhale S. D.	1922	36	Karnik V. R.	1935
6	Karandikar D. V.	1922	37	Kango D. T.	1935
7	Jogalekar D. R.	1922	38	Thatte R. P.	1935
8	Miss Sarah Simpson	1923	39	Desai R. M.	1936
9	Patwardhan S. P.	1928	40	Gokhale V. G.	1936
10	Mulay B. N.	1928	41	Patwardhan W. D.	1936
11	Deshpande P. Y.	1929	42	Bhide R. D.	1936
12	Kulkarni S. K.	1929	43	Bhide R. D.	1937
13	Athale B. V.	1929	44	Duvedi Y. V.	1937
14	Ranade D. B.	1929	45	Godbole R. D.	1937
15	Modak P. N.	1929	46	Kadhe G. N.	1937
16	Ghanekar R. V.	1929	47	Khadkikar R. T.	1938
17	Sohoni D. K.	1930	48	Gogate G. V.	1938
18	Raje Y. B.	1930	49	Natu V. M.	1939
19	Kale N. P.	1930	50	Bhatkhande A. B.	1939
20	Vaidya N. V.	1931	51	Gole S. S.	1939
21	Limaye S. H.	1931	52	Karve C. S.	1940
22	Hatakar V. G.	1932	53	Samant M. G.	1940
23	Laddu R. D.	1932	54	Surve B. G.	1940
24	Joshi R. M.	1932	55	Sathe N. V.	1940
25	Gokhale D. M.	1932	56	Lagwankar J. D.	1940
26	Sharangapani M. M.	1933	57	Mangalwedhekar K. P.	1940
27	Karandikar J. V.	1933	58	Mahabal S. B.	1940
28	Deo B. G.	1933	59	Patwardhan G. H.	1941
29	Shaikh Mahomad Jaffar	1934	60	Limaye R. B.	1941
30	Bhave Y. D.	1934	61	Kale B. V.	1941
31	Kulkarni P. D.	1934	62	Gune S. Y.	1941

CHAPTER VIII

Our Departments

ARTS SECTION

English

In the Arts Course of the University of Bombay the study of English holds a very prominent place. The newly started New Poona College, recognizing this special importance of English, took on its staff in addition to Prin. V. G. Apte, Prof. H. V. Tulpule, B. A., LL. B. and Prof. G. K. Gokhale, M. A. both of whom were fluent and impressive speakers. Mr. N. G. Damle then only a graduate and Mr. P. G. Padhye M.A. were appointed lecturers in English composition. The English department had a good start from its commencement and created a very favourable impression on the first batch of students. Unfortunately, Prof. Gokhale had to leave the College on account of some domestic calamity. Prof. R. D. Karmarkar stepped into the breach and some time shared the work and in no way allowed it to suffer. When in 1918 B. A. classes came to be started, the authorities secured the services of Prof. R. K. Lagu, M. A., S. T. C. D. who had already made a name for himself as a profound scholar in the subject. Prof. Lagu's joining the College undoubtedly strengthened the department. Prof. Lagu was a strict disciplinarian and held the class spell-bound both by his mastery over the subject and the awe he inspired in his students. Prof. Naralkar though mainly doing work in the Philosophy department taught English Prose to the First Year Class. His sonorous voice and his sense of humour made him very popular with the freshers. Prof. K. V. Iyer, a scholar of Madras University, also worked for two years in the department from 1924 to 1926. Prof. Sattigiri, Hughlings Prizeman at the Inter Arts, Class I in English at the B. A. and a creditable Class II at the M. A., was then taken on the staff. Prof. Sattigiri, with a brilliant academic career, has been an asset to the department. His examination point of view and his practical hints have endeared him to his students. He came to be permanently associated with the S. P. Mandali as a Life-member in April 1934. Prof. Lagu resigned in 1933. His scholarly lectures, full of up-to-date information and criticism will never be effaced from the memory of his students. Rev. Father Lash, of Christa Prema Seva Sangh worked, part time for a year in 1934. He was an Cambridge man and our students had the rare opportunity of listening to an Englishman. His place was taken temporarily by Miss Margaret Moore. Prof. Miss Leela Wagle, M.A. (Bom.), B. A. (Cantab), a distinguished English scholar of the Elphinstone College joined in 1935. Miss Wagle had the privilege of working under the guidance of Prof. Quiller-Couch and soon became very popular with the students, because of her fluent English; her silvery voice and her amiable temper. She

left for a better-paid job in 1937. The same year Prof. N. G. Naralkar relinquished work in the College and went back to his well-beloved Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya High School, leaving behind a happy memory of his genial personality. Prof. F. M. Fernandez, M. A. (Class I) an English Scholar from St. Xavier College, was then taken on the staff. His teaching of Poetry in particular has won for him great popularity with the students. This sensitive plant found a proper soil in Bhau Maharaj Gardens and has taken firm root there. Mr. D. B. Ranade, M. A. joined as lecturer in 1929 and his lectures have always been found by his students, especially of the B. A. Class, to be full of sound information. Mr. Y. D. Bhawe was taken as a tutor in 1936 and when the Ramnarain Ruia College was started, he was transferred to that College as a Professor of English.

The English department is in every way worthy of the Institution and has turned out such scholars and prizemen as Mr. V. S. Tilak (now Professor at the Baroda College), Mrs. Tilak (formerly Miss Ukidwe, ex-principal of the Women's College at Benares) and Prof. R. N. Kamat, Hughlings Prizeman. Three other past students, Mr. R. M. Gole, B. A. (Lond.), Mr. N. B. Paradkar, M.A., and Mr. Y. D. Bhawe, M.A. are at present working as Professors of English, at Ahmedabad, Gwalior and Matunga respectively. On this occasion of the Jubilee we are proud to record that when several have come and gone, the head of the English Department, Prof. Tulpule has been consistently associated with it during these twenty-five years and he has helped to make it what it is today, by his unsparing efforts. A whole generation of students has loved him and rightly too, for he is among the few who have served the Society with a singleness of purpose.

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Sanskrit

The Sanskrit Department of our College with Prin. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A., as its head from its very inception right upto the current year has deservedly earned great renown. The young and enthusiastic Prof. Karmarkar of the New Poona College of those days has a very distinguished academic career and is a well-known scholar of Sanskrit. He immediately established his reputation as a capable teacher, having very few equals. It is due to him that the College has produced a succession of first classes, many of them winning University prizes and Scholarships. Prof. Karmarkar had Prof. D. B. Deodhar as his colleague in 1918 when the B. A. Classes were opened. These two have been conducting the department down to this day. Prin. Vinayakrao Apte and Prof. G. P. Patwardhan did some Sanskrit work in the early years of the College. The efficiency of the Sanskrit staff was proved to the hilt at the very first trial in the year 1920 when Mr. V. V. Bapat a Scholar of the College secured Class I in Sanskrit. In 1926 Mr. B. V. Sudumbrekar secured the Bhau Daji Prize and won laurels for

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himself and added to the reputation of his College. The next scholar to follow in the foot-steps of Mr. Sudumbrekar was Mr. (now Prof.) R. R. Deshpande who secured the same Prize in 1930.

In the meanwhile the B. A. Sanskrit course of studies was expanded by the addition of two more papers and the work of the Sanskrit professors increased. Prof. Karmarkar was elected Principal of the College in the year 1933 and was saddled with administrative duties. Prof. R. D. Laddu with a distinguished University career, a first class M. A. and a Bhagwandas Scholar was taken up in the year 1933. He does some teaching work in Sanskrit in addition to his main work in the Ardhamagadhi Department. Prof. K. N. Watve, M. A., who was taken up in June 1934 for the Marathi department, has been entrusted with a part of the F. Y. Sanskrit which he has been sharing with Prin. Karmarkar. Prof. Watve possesses the rare gift of speaking in Sanskrit with perfect ease and elegance. Of late Prof. Laddu has been given a larger share of work in Sanskrit and Mr. N. A. Gore, M. A. has been appointed to assist him. Prof. Watve does some work in connection with the 'unseens' for the B. A. (Hons.) students. The late Mr. Vamanshastri Kinjawadekar versed in the Mimamsa Shastra used to read the Mimamsa texts with the B. A. students. Since his death Tambe Shastri has been doing that work. With these additions to the Sanskrit staff the old tradition of carrying off the Bhau Daji Prize was revived and in the year 1937, Mr. E. D. Kulkarni secured it. For two consecutive years the same prize was won by Messrs. A. B. Pawshe and G. N. Dike, thus performing, to adopt the cricket terminology, a hat-trick. At the M. A. Examination also the results have been equally satisfactory. Mr. S. A. Gopujkar won the Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Scholarship, the Zala Vedant Prize and the Mandlik Gold Medal in 1926. In 1932 Mr. R. R. Deshpande stood in first class and won the Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Scholarship. In 1940, Mr. D. B. Erande a well-known scholar of Sanskrit throughout his career secured the Bhagwandas Purushottamdas Scholarship and the much coveted Zala Vendant Prize.

There has been a Sanskrit Association under the auspices of which reading of papers and lectures by distinguished scholars is done to supplement the work in the class.

These achievements of the Sanskrit Department, have been unique. Without exposing ourselves to the charge of self-praise, we may say that very few Colleges can claim credit for turning out scholars and prize-winners in such large numbers. The main part of the credit goes to Prin. Karmarkar. In fact, Prin. Karmarkar is the Sanskrit Department of the College. The Department can certainly look ahead to reach greater heights in the years to come !

Marathi

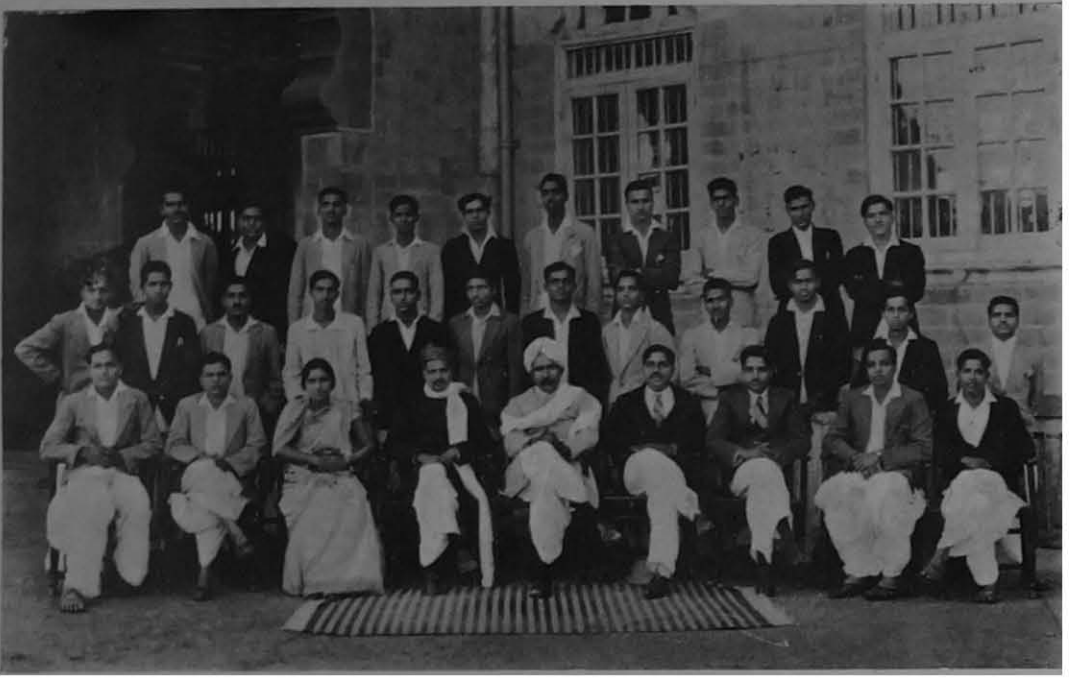
Marathi as an optional subject for the B. A. (Pass Course) was first introduced in the University of Bombay for the examination of the year 1922.

The authorities of the New Poona College were not required to go very far to seek able hands to man the Marathi Department. Prof. D. V. Potdar, who had already made a mark for himself as a very critical student of Old Marathi Literature, was entrusted with the teaching of Marathi to the B. A. classes with Prof. L. G. Lele as his colleague. Prof. Laxman Shastri Lele was a renowned teacher both of Marathi and Sanskrit in the N. M. V. High School and was recognised as a sound poet-critic of Marathi. Prof. Potdar never failed to stamp his personality on whatever he did. He had the rare gift of bringing to light gems of Marathi Literature hitherto lying hidden in a number of out-of-the-way places. He possesses a fund of information and he delivered it to the students with such lavishness—many times in disregard of the time table—that his students ever felt that here was a master mind. His students cherish his memory with affectionate reverence. Prof. Lele Shastri's lectures were characterised by sweetness and elegance. His classical style was never unmindful of the correct idiom of the language and he handled difficult phrases with the ease of a gifted speaker. These two accomplished scholars of Marathi naturally attracted a number of students and created in their minds love for the subject by their inspiring lectures. To the generation of students of those days, Prof. Potdar was Marathi Prose and Prof. L. G. Lele Marathi Poetry incarnate !

Mr. P. S. Sane, M. A. (Sane Guruji), Mr. D. N. Shikhare, M. A., edito ' Agrani ', Prof. N. B. Paradkar, M. A., Prof. V. B. Pathak, M. A., Dr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, M. A., Ph. D., Mr. R. N. Kirtane, M. A., B. T., Prof. R. R. Deshpande, M. A. ; are some of the best products of the earlier days of our Marathi Department.

Marathi was given the status of an Honours course in the B. A. Examination in the year 1935. Prof. Lele having retired in 1932, and the Honours course in Marathi being introduced, it was felt necessary that Prof. Potdar should have an assistant to cope with the magnitude and the variety of the subjects to be taught. Mr. K. N. Watve, M. A., who had already made a name as a critical student of both Marathi and Sanskrit Literature and who was serving as a permanent teacher in the N. M. V. High School, was taken up in the year 1934 to assist Prof. Potdar. It must be noted with gratitude that Mr. N. C. Kelkar has made a provision for a Prize of Rs. 50/- to be awarded annually to an Hons. student in Marathi of the S. P. College, securing the highest number of marks at the B. A. Miss Gangu Karandikar was the first recipient of this Yashoda Chintamani Prize. By the end of the academic year 1935, Prof. Potdar retired from active service and his place was taken by Mr. S. M. Mate who was till then working in the N. M. V. High

English Literary Association 1935-36



Chairs— 3 Prof. Miss Leela Wagle 4 Prof. Tulpule 5 Prin. Karmarkar
6 Prof. B. D. Sattigiri 7 Prof. Ranade

सारस्वत संघ (१९३६-३७)



सुचीवर - ३ प्रा. बाटवे ४ प्रा. न. चिं. केळकर ५ मि. कर्मकर ६ प्रा. पोतदार ७ प्रा. माटे.

OUR PAGE OF PRINCES



1 Bapusaheb Pant Sachiv



2 Madhavrao alias
Bhaiyyasaheb Pant



3 Narayanrao Pant Sachiv



4 Vasantika Pant



5 Meenatai Pant

School as a teacher. Mr. Mate had already won reputation in the whole of Maharashtra as an impressive speaker, a stylish writer and a keen student of Marathi Literature. Mr. Mate, above all, is a thinker and an active social worker. With Profs. Watve and Mate in charge of the Department the number of students increased by leaps and bounds. The quality also improved along with numbers. In the year 1938 Mr. S. S. Khanwelkar secured Class I in Marathi Hons. In 1939 Mr. D. K. Sant went a step further and secured the Tarkhadkar Gold Medal for standing first among the B. A. students with Marathi in the University. Mr. V. M. Kulkarni kept up the tradition and won the same prize the very next year. It must be noted that in the same year Mr. S. S. Khanwelkar heightened the glory of the department, yet more, by winning the Chiplonkar Prize at the M. A., the same prize being won in 1941 by Mr. Sant.

The Department has consistently encouraged its students to do some kind of original work, and we are happy to note that in the B. A. class of the years 1938-41 there were as many as eight students who were veritable writers and had a publication or two to their credit. Some of them were speakers in Marathi of considerable note. Among the promising young scholars Messrs Dabhade, P. R. Bhide, V. G. Bhide, V. T. Garde, C. D. Dange and V. M. Kulkarni deserve special mention.

Side by side with instruction in the class, literary activities of the Marathi students are carried on under the auspices of the literary association known as the Saraswata Seva Sangh, first started in the year 1932. This Sangh has up till now, three publications to its credit, the contributors to which have been the past and present students and professors of this College.

The Marathi Department is particularly fortunate in having the services of Mr. N. C. Kelkar as an honorary Professor. We need add no words to acquaint the reader with his accomplishments. To name him is to describe him. To begin with, he used to do some work in connection with the post-graduate studies off and on. Now he has been guiding the research students for the Ph. D. degree in Marathi, for which he has been recognised by the University. His name associated with the department of Marathi of the S. P. College is in itself an inspiration. Under his guidance Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, a past student of the College and a teacher in the N. M. V. High School obtained in 1938 the Ph. D. in Marathi.

Because of these outstanding achievements our Marathi Department has been a great attraction to students of Marathi and has certainly got a brighter future before it.

Ardhamagadhi and Pali

Ardhamagadhi was introduced as one of the second languages in 1931. At first, provision was made for the F. Y. Arts class only, Mr. N. V. Vaidya, B. A. Class I and an 'old boy' of the N. M. V. High School, Poona, being entrusted with the teaching of the subject. Next year, his place was taken by Mr. R. D. Laddu, B. A. Class I, who coached the first batch of the I. A. students. In 1934 the University granted affiliation in Ardhamagadhi for the B. A. (Pass course).

The department had the honour of having on its staff distinguished scholars like Prof. A. M. Ghatage, M. A., Class I (from November 1935 to 1936) and Dr. S. M. Katre, M. A., Ph. D. (from 1937 to 1939). When Prof. Ghatage was taken on the staff, Pali came to be taught to the undergraduate classes of the College. When he left the College his place was taken by Dr. Har Dutt Sharma, M. A., Ph. D. who in his turn made room for Dr. Katre. In 1937 Prof. R. D. Laddu, M. A. (1st Class) was transferred to Bombay as the head of the department of Sanskrit and Ardhamagadhi in the R. R. College, and Dr. Katre alone managed the teaching of both Pali and Ardhamagadhi. In 1939 when Dr. Katre was appointed Professor of Indo-European Philology in the Deccan College Post-graduate and Research Institute, Poona, the department secured the services of Mr. N. A. Gore, M.A. who has since then been working in the department of Sanskrit and Ardhamagadhi along with Prof. R. D. Laddu who had returned to the College in 1938.

The number of students taking Ardhamagadhi was about fifteen when it was first introduced in 1931. Since then the number has been steadily increasing, standing at present as high as 100 in the different classes.

The department has a good library of about five hundred volumes to which addition is being made from time to time.

* * *

Persian

In 1934 provision was made for the teaching of Persian as one of the second languages and Mr. Shaikh Abdul Aziz Mohamad Jaffar was appointed as a lecturer in Persian.

He is an experienced Moulavi and a good scholar in his subject. He is well-versed in three languages—Persian, Urdu and Arabic. Arabic, the language of Islamic religion is taught in our College. The College has been running this department though the number of students for Persian and Urdu is very small.

French

The teaching of French was started in our College in the year 1931 and Mr. S. H. Limaye was appointed as a part time lecturer for the purpose. He worked for the year 1931-32.

Next year, Mr. V. G. Hatakar, M. A. a full time lecturer was appointed in his place. He was keenly interested in the study of his subject and made his department popular. He held the post upto 1937 when he was transferred to the Ramnarain Ruia College, Matunga.

In 1937 Prof. Hatakar's place was taken by Mr. R. C. Gokhale, M. A. who taught all classes from F. Y. to B. A. Mr. R. C. Gokhale is one of the past students of our College and belongs to the first batch of students who studied French when this department was first started in 1931-32. He takes keen interest in his subject and continues to be in charge of the department.

The number of students studying this subject in colleges has been poor. This may perhaps be due to lack of adequate arrangements for instruction in French in high schools. Last year we had the record number of 30 students studying French in all the classes. This year (1941-42) it has again dwindled down to 20. No pains have been spared to keep the French section of the college library well-equipped. At present there are over 700 volumes in this section. Mr. R. C. Gokhale, our lecturer in French and Dr. R. M. Marathe, M. A., Ph. D. are two good scholars which our French Department has so far turned out.

* * *

Kannada

Demand for the teaching of Kannada has steadily grown since the closer association of Jamkhandi with this College. In 1934 we introduced a Kannada Section in the 'Parashuramian'. During the years 1939-1941 Mr. R. V. Jahagirdar, B. A., taught Kannada students. This year (1941-42) Mr. H. B. Kulkarni, M. A., B. T. has been entrusted with the work.

* * *

History and Economics

Prof. G. P. Patwardhan, M. A. taught Indian History and Administration to the I. A. class from 1916 to 1918. The B. A. classes were opened in 1918 and Prof. R. P. Sabnis, Prof. P. G. Padhye and Prof. Patwardhan among themselves shared the work of the History and Economics department. Prof. Patwardhan always went to the class very well prepared. His notes were

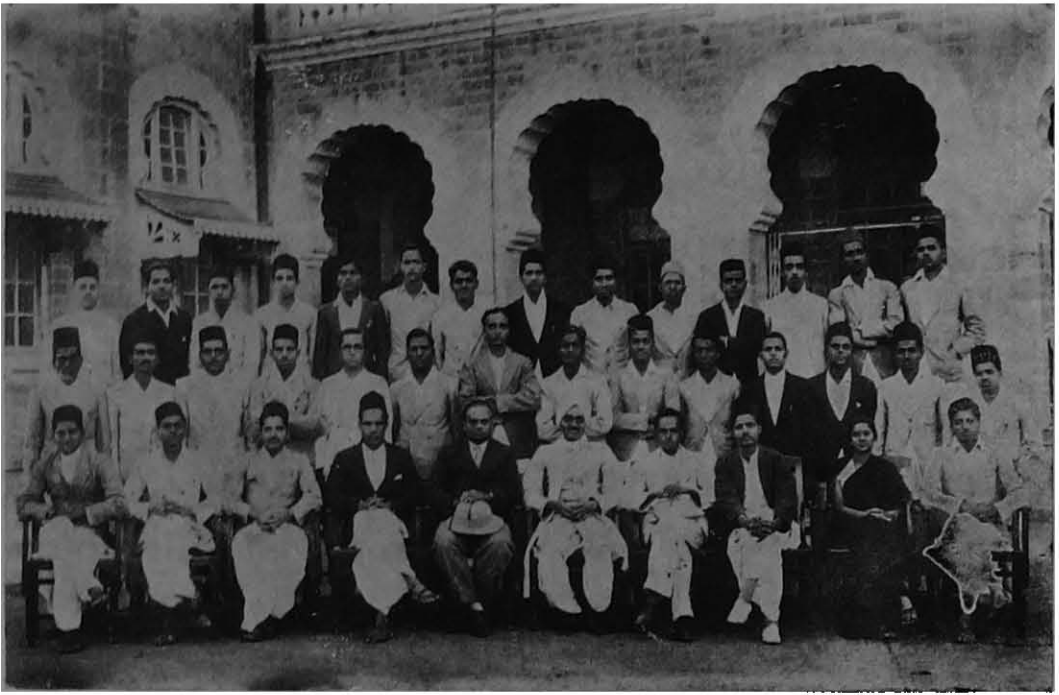
useful and his delivery was fluent. His health was however shattered by malaria and early in 1920 he made up his mind to leave Poona for Sholapur. Once only in 1929-30 he was called back to Poona to do the work left incomplete on account of the illness of Prof. Sabnis who had to go on leave for a term.

Prof. D. V. Potdar came in place of Prof. Patwardhan. Indian Administration with the I. A. class was entrusted to Prof. H. V. Tulpule. We know that Prof. Tulpule was admired by his students and complimented by his colleagues on his success in handling a subject which was not his own. He continued to teach the subject except for a break of three years until Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar relieved him of the work in 1932. Besides teaching Indian History to the I. A. Prof. Potdar taught European History and Indian History in alternate years to the B. A. pass course students. Prof. R. P. Sabnis did Economics and Politics while Prof. P. G. Padhye managed History and Constitution. From the reminiscences of Mr. Patke appearing in this volume, one can judge how well Prof. Potdar must have impressed his students. In addition to History, Prof. Potdar had to teach Marathi. Prof. Sabnis always came to his class with a thorough preparation and dictated notes. His students, one and all, complimented him upon the scholarship and the style with which his notes were prepared. Prof. P. G. Padhye did his job upto 1929 when he went on furlough preparatory to his resignation. His place was taken by Mr. S. C. Bose, M. A. who gave promise of becoming a great success. But he had to leave Poona at the end of the first term of 1929-30. Then came Prof. K. S. Venkatraman, M. A., B. L. who soon gave proofs of his scholarship and it was no wonder that he became popular in a short time. Students listened to his lectures with rapt attention and came to respect him for his mastery over the subject.

Two years later, Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar, M. COM. joined the staff and strengthened the History and Economics department. He impressed the students as much by his thundering voice as by the brilliant exposition of the subject. He possesses the gift of the gab and has a fine command over English. He inspired his students with love for their subject. With the additions of Prof. Raman and Kolhatkar the History and Economics department got a new fillip. In 1934 both Prof. Sabnis and Prof. Potdar retired and their place was taken by Dr. B. A. Saletore, M. A. (Bom.), L. T. (Madras), Ph. D. (Lond.) D. Phil. (Giessen). Dr. Saletore was a profound scholar. When not in his class-room teaching his subject, he was sure to be found in his study-room doing research work. He was a strict disciplinarian and his students held him in very high esteem and felt great regard for his scholarship. He taught History chiefly, including the Honours course.

In 1935 Prof. Kolhatkar sailed for England for higher studies and after securing M. Sc. (London) by specialising in the Theory of Foreign Trade, he returned early in 1937. During his absence Prof. N. A. Mawalankar, M. A.

History and Economics Association 1935-36

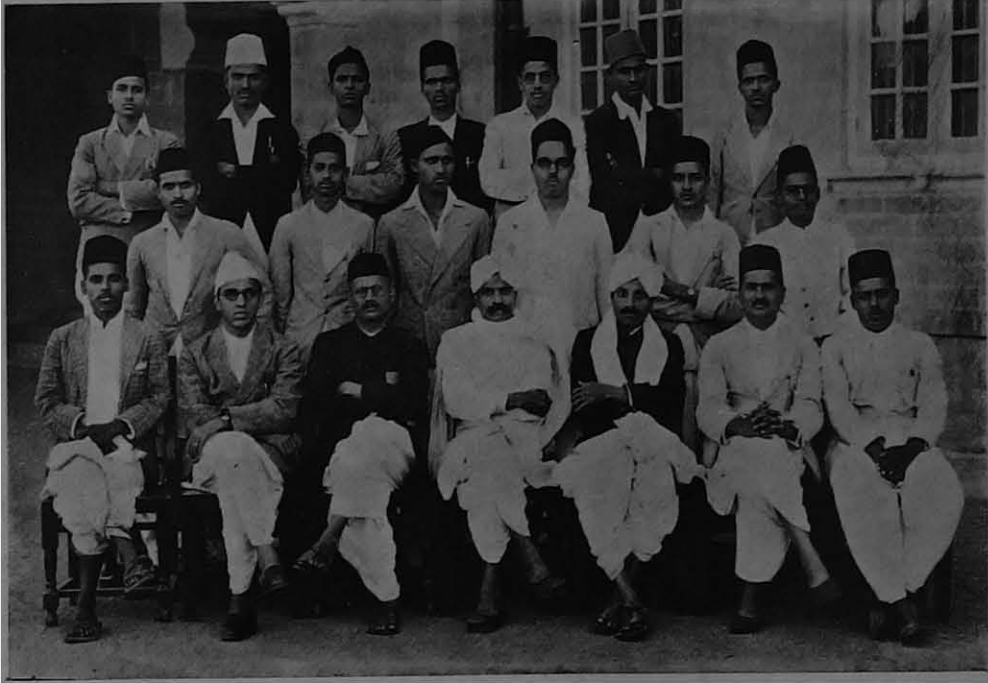


Chairs— 4 Prof. Kolhatkar, 5 Prof. V. K. Bhagwat, 6 Prof. Potdar, 7 Prof. K. S. V. Raman.

S. P. College Parliament 1933-34



Mathematics Association 1932



Chairs—2 Prof. G. L. Pophale, 3 Prof. M. S. Godbole, 4 Prin. Sabnis, 5 Prof. Hardikar,
6 Prof. G. N. Chaphekar, 7 Mr. S. K. Kulkarni.

Philosophy Association 1934



Chairs—3 Prin. Karmarkar, 4 Dr. Radhakrishnan, 5 Prof. Dandekar,
6 Prof. Naralkar, 7 Prof. Tshu.

(Class I) was taken in the department. In 1937 the S. P. Mandali started the R. R. College and Prof. Raman was transferred to Bombay. By that time Prof. Mawlankar also had left and his place was taken by Prof. R. V. Oturkar, M. A. (II Class.) Though he had to do a major portion of work with F. Y. and I. A. classes he was also entrusted with a part of Economics both for Pass and Honours and the popularity he enjoys in the College is a testimony to the thoroughness and efficiency with which he has been doing his work. In 1939 Dr. Saletore resigned his post and went to Ahmedabad and Dr. K. Gopalachari, B.A. (Class I.) Ph.D. came in his place soon after. Dr. Gopalachari has been such a valuable addition to the staff that students have scarcely felt the loss of Dr. Saletore. He has a good command over English and possesses a sense of humour which relieves the monotony of routine teaching. We are glad to note that he too has endeared himself to his students within a few days of his joining the institution. This year the S. P. Mandali started the College of Commerce at Matunga and appointed Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar as Principal of that College. His place has again been taken up by Dr. Venkatraman.

This year Mr. S. B. Mahabal, M. A. (Class II), a Parashuramian to the backbone has been taken on the staff of the Economics Department and he bids fair to become one of our competent professors,

The earliest mention of the History and Economics Association is to be found in the 'Parashuramian' of March 1927 when Mr. S. S. Bhagwat the then general secretary reported that he had secured a grant to the Association from the College funds. Prof. Jathar and Prof. Kale were invited to address the students, during the years 1927 and 1934. The aim of the Association is to rouse the interest of students in historical, political and economic topics. Prominent leaders and professors from other colleges are invited, inter-collegiate debates are arranged, discussions on important topics are held and essays and papers are read, criticised and discussed. It is an unwelcome fact, but one which must be noted that students are more content to be passive listeners and do not take part as vigorously and in as large numbers as they really should. It is to be hoped that as the Association grows in years it will find students taking their due share in making it a live organisation. Its activities of the year 1940-41 indicate that such hopes are not altogether unfounded.

* * *

Geography

In 1937 the F. Y. Arts courses were revised and Geography came to be one of the optional subjects. Prof. G. M. Marathe, M. COM., F. R. G. S. was taken for teaching the subject. Prof. Marathe with his liking for the subject has popularised the department. He has started a Geography Association which organises lectures and study trips to various places of interest

round about Poona. Of the two alternatives to Mathematics provided in the revised course, Geography and World History, Geography has been found to be more popular with the students.

* * *

Logic and Philosophy

Logic is as an optional subject at the Inter Arts Examination and Prof. N. S. Phadke, M. A. (1917) a Patwardhan Scholar and a Telang Medallist was the first professor to teach that subject. In 1918, when the B. A. classes were started, arrangements were made to give instruction in Philosophy for both Pass and Honours Courses. Prof. S. P. Patwardhan, an Elphinstonian with a first class career, was taken on the staff to assist Prof. Phadke. Both of them worked with great enthusiasm during their short stay in our College which they left by 1920. Fortunately they were succeeded by two young and capable men Prof. Naralkar and Prof. Dandekar, who worked in the College long enough to create a tradition and establish a reputation for their department. Both of them were enrolled as Life-members in 1921.

Prof. Naralkar is an M. A., L. T. (Class I) of the Allahabad University. Prof. Dandekar, M.A. was a Pralhad Sitaram Patwardhan Scholar at the B. A. It may be mentioned in passing, that he is a past student of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya.

Prof. Naralkar was a man of multifarious activities in the social and academic life of the College. He used to take Logic for I. Arts, Ethics and Psychology for the B. A. and English for the First Year Class. He was very popular with the students and was known for his methodical teaching, happy expressions, and easy delivery. He secured a handsome donation of Rs. 3000 for the Philosophical Association from Mr. Baburao Salvekar, and a prize of Rs. 40/- is annually awarded from its interest, to the writer of the best essay on a prescribed philosophical subject. The students are thus encouraged in their love for Philosophy. To establish closer contact between the teachers and the taught Prof. Naralkar always arranged the 'wet' programme or refreshments after every meeting of the Association. We miss him very much, as he no longer works in the department of Logic and Philosophy. For, in 1936 he exchanged his gown for the table, being appointed the Superintendent of the N. M. V. High School.

Prof. S. V. Dandekar has also served the Society in many ways. Students not acquainted with him were apt to misunderstand his simplicity and often did so ; but "those who came to scoff remained to pray". Students of Philosophy are always impressed by the depth of his knowledge and the scholarly presentation of the subject. He used to teach the whole Honours Course for a long time and taught Indian Philosophy, Special Philosophy, Metaphysics, Contemporary philosophy, and History of Philosophy. In short,

he taught every thing. Many of his students have distinguished themselves in different walks of life. The strong note of idealism in him and the spiritual atmosphere that centres around him never fail to command a feeling of reverence from all his students past and present.

It was at his initiative that the Philosophical Association was started in September 1921. It is the oldest association of the S. P. College. During the last twenty years many valuable papers have been read by the students and a number of important lectures have been delivered by eminent scholars and professors including men like Dr. Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Dr. P. L. Vaidya and others. The Association has always encouraged the intellectual and social development of its members, the latter being mainly achieved by arranging annual excursions to places round about Poona.

Prof. Dandekar has written a number of valuable papers on different topics of Indian Philosophy, some of which he read at the Indian Philosophical Congress. He has specialized in Mysticism, and Yoga. His instructive discourses on Dnyaneshwari have always attracted large audiences in Marathi-speaking provinces. He is a member of the Board of Studies in Philosophy and also a member of the Senate of the Bombay University. Prof. Dandekar was transferred to Ruia College, Bombay, in 1940 and the department of Logic and Philosophy has certainly suffered a great loss.

Prof. V. P. Patwardhan our present head of the department was taken up as early as 1921. His was a valuable addition, as he had a brilliant University career. He was a Pralhad Sitaram Patwardhan Scholar at the B. A. and a Telang Gold Medallist at the M. A. For a long time he used to lecture in Philosophy and in English composition to the F. Y. and Inter Arts classes. There was some break in his career as a professor, when he was transferred to Sholapur. He rejoined the department in 1935 and from that time he began to teach Logic, Contemporary Philosophy, Ethics, etc., Prof. Patwardhan has always taken keen interest in the Association and it was at his initiative that the unique meeting was arranged on 29th of July 1939, when the teacher and the taught were both honoured. Prof. Dandekar was congratulated on his election to the Senate and his pupil Mr. S. G. Hulyalkar on his success at the M.A. of the London University. Prof. Patwardhan has written a number of articles and papers on different subjects in Philosophy. Long ago he published "A Hand Book of Philosophy." Recently, he has written "A Hand Book of Logic" in 2 volumes, which are very useful and helpful to the students of the Inter Arts class.

Prof. S. G. Hulyalkar, M. A. (London) was taken up in August 1939 as a member of the staff, soon after his return from England. He was one of our good and devoted students. Prof. Hulyalkar has specialized himself in Social Philosophy, Advanced Ethics, Romantic and Political Philosophy under Professor John Macmurray of the London University. Prof. Hulyalkar

lectures to the B. A. classes both in Pass and Honours courses and the Inter Arts class in Inductive Logic. We are very happy to note that Prof. Hulyalkar has become so popular in such a short time.

We advise the readers of this volume to refer to the tables of first classes and University scholars where they will find the names of those members of the Association who have brought credit to themselves and to the College.

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Mathematics

In taking a brief survey of the work of this department during the last twenty-five years one may say with justifiable pride, that the record of the work of its students can stand comparison with that of the same department in any other college in this Province.

In its infancy the department was ably nursed by the two pioneers of this College viz., Profs. Hardikar and Gharpure. The keynote of Prof. Hardikar's work was his sincerity, patience, and sympathy. He realized that there is never too much of repetition in explaining knotty points in Mathematics. He was always ready to explain to his students all their difficulties and encomiums showered on him by his students in their reminiscences are indeed richly deserved. It would be again wrong to omit the fact that he was ably assisted by Profs. Gharpure and Sabnis, the latter teaching Geometry to the F. Y. Students. The bulk of the work however, was done by Prof. Hardikar.

Prof. N. M. Shah who combines in him a deep mathematical acumen and an equally deep love for neatness, taught for a mere fortnight in the College before he was deputed to Cambridge by his brother Life-members for higher studies; but that work of a fortnight was enough to convince everybody what a great teacher he was. After returning from Cambridge with fresh laurels as a b* Wrangler he became the Principal and senior Professor of Mathematics in the College.

When in the academic year 1918-19 the B. A. classes were started permission was asked for teaching the full pass and honours course in mathematics for the B. A. but the University granted permission for the pass course only and the College authorities then rightly felt that a great injustice was done to the department in withholding permission to teach the honours course. Immediately after Prin. Shah's arrival, permission was asked for teaching the honours course and it was immediately granted. Students rushed in the B. A.; class to take up honours and study Mathematics under the guidance of the great scholar. In the year 1923 the College sent its first batch of students for B. A. honours. Prin. Shah also started delivering a course of lectures for M. A. in Mathematics, which was an additional attraction.

We have already spoken of Prin. Shah's care about the form and substance of everything he did or taught. No wonder that with a teacher like him, his students could demonstrate their worth in their examinations. In his work as Professor of Mathematics, Prin. Shah was lucky to have Prof. M. S. Godbole as his colleague in addition to the veteran Prof. Hardikar. Prof. M. S. Godbole who joined the Mandali as a Life-member some time in 1924 has had a very brilliant career, and what is more important is that he established an enviable reputation as one of the best teachers. Almost within a year of his joining the College he brought out his F. Y. Geometry and Trigonometry which was used as a text in a number of Colleges. His students felt his absence when he went to Bombay to study for B. T., for a year in 1927 and much more so when he became the Superintendent of the N. M. V. High School in 1931.

Nothing better could illustrate the work of this department than the fact that it produced a number of brilliant mathematicians, some of whom, later on, were to take up the work of teaching Mathematics in this and other colleges in the Province. During the period of Prof. Godbole's leave, one of Prin. Shah's students, Mr. Chafekar (who later on in 1935 became the head of this department) and Mr. S. D. Gokhale worked in this department. Thanks to Prin. Shah's zeal, a very creditable library for the department including publications and journals in foreign languages was steadily built up.

1930 was a year in which momentous events took place. Prin. Shah found it difficult to work in this College, and the authorities accordingly accepted his resignation. But his erstwhile students closed the gap so created very well, Prof. Chafekar joining the department early in 1930 and Prof. Pophale soon after, in the same year on his return from Cambridge. Both these professors had distinguished academic careers to their credit.

Now that the B. Sc. classes were added, the number of students in the Mathematics class increased considerably, due to the students taking up Mathematics as their principal subject for the B.Sc. Students were also admitted for Mathematics at the M.Sc. and it was in 1932 that one of our students took up his M. Sc. degree in Mathematics.

Another noteworthy addition to the staff was made in 1933 when Prof. D. W. Kerkar was taken up on the staff. Prof. Kerkar had a brilliant career at the University of Bombay and got a First Class in Mathematics Tripos at Cambridge thus qualifying himself to be styled a "Wrangler". In the case of Prof. Kerkar one might say that interest in Mathematics permeates his life, and that he imparts his knowledge with a rare grace to his students. Post-graduate students have nothing but admiration for his lectures.

In 1934 there was a sad moment in the history of the department, when Prof. Hardikar, our pioneer professor, the very life of the Mathematics department retired much to the regret of his colleagues and his students. The department owes all its present position to the very sound foundation

he laid, by a very long and meritorious service of 18 years in this College. After the resignation of Prof. Hardikar, came in Prof. Inamdar with a good experience of teaching. He established his name as a capable teacher but he left this College at the end of the year, as he got better prospects elsewhere. Prof. M. R. Paranjpe was also doing some work of teaching mathematics to the F. Y. Class during this period for a couple of years. During this period, the staff of this department was all the while changing. In 1935 Mr. Amdekar was taken up as a lecturer in Mathematics but he left the College the very next year. In 1936 however, we had a very good addition to our staff in Prof. N. D. Godbole. The same year Prof. M. S. Godbole discontinued as a member of the staff of this department, being transferred to Sholapur as the Superintendent of the H. D. High School. He had put in a long service of nearly 14 years in the department with a nominal break of one year.

Prof. N. D. Godbole who has a distinguished career to his credit both here and abroad, soon established his name as a very efficient teacher for all the classes. During the same year Mr. Priolkar was taken up as a lecturer in Mathematics. He did very good work during his one year of service.

The opening of the S. P. Mandali's R. R. College at Bombay in 1937 resulted in some more changes in the staff, Prof. Chafekar being transferred to that College. In his place came Prof. Oke who had recently returned from Cambridge. The place of Mr. Priolkar was taken up by Mr. S. K. Kulkarni who was already serving in the College in the Physics department. Next year Prof. Oke was transferred to the R. R. College and was replaced by Mr. K. V. Nayak. Since then the staff of the department has not suffered material changes. Both the new men with good careers, justified their inclusion by winning a good name as efficient professors. In 1939 there was the addition of Mr. B. V. Bapat, a past student of this College, who has secured a first class both at the B. Sc. and M. Sc. The new-comers soon proved their mettle and all the five persons are now enjoying good reputation as efficient teachers. During this year, the transfer of Mr. K. V. Nayak to the R. R. College has resulted in the appointment of Mr. A. S. Apte in this department. Mr. Apte, one of our past students has a very distinguished career, a first class both at the B. A. and M. A. and is doing good work.

The special feature of this department is the system of tutorials, that is assiduously followed in spite of the large number of students that has to be handled. Our recent results particularly at the I. A. and I. Sc. show distinct improvement and this must in part be attributed to the tutorial system.

The two tables of first class students and winners of University Scholarships and Prizes given in an earlier chapter will convince any body of the remarkable efficiency of this Department. A mere glance will reveal that the Department has turned out no less than 21 distinguished scholars so far.

Teaching

The University instituted in 1938 The T. D. or The Teacher's Diploma and in June 1939, the College opened classes, both Senior and Junior, to prepare students for this diploma. Prof. Naralkar in addition to his duties as the Superintendent of the N. M. V., was appointed as the head of the department. Prof. M. R. Paranjpe, Superintendent of the N. M. V. Marathi-shala and Prof. K. V. Herlekar who was then transferred to Poona from the H. D. High School, Sholapur, were his colleagues in the department. In the first year we had 15 students in the Junior and 17 in the Senior T. D. classes. In June 1940 as we had a large number of lady students for the Diploma Mrs. Kamalinibai Damle, M. A., B. T. was taken on the staff to guide the girls in particular. In 1940-41 we had only 8 students in The Junior and 28 in the Senior classes.

The Diploma was instituted by the University mainly for the Matriculates and it was intended that they should have full two years' training in a College in both the cultural and professional subjects. The small number of admissions to the Junior class in 1940 clearly indicated that the Course was not sufficiently popular. The College this year i. e. in June 1941 decided to close the Junior class and refused admission to Juniors. The department consequently is running this year only one class of 15 students, all Seniors. The work being slightly reduced, in place of the four members who were working last year on the staff for T. D., we have this year only three professors, Messrs. M. S. Godbole, Herlekar and H. B. Kulkarni. Prof. Godbole does the work of Profs. Naralkar and Paranjpe and Mr. Kulkarni, of Mrs. Damale.

The T. D. students are doing their cultural subjects along with F. Y. and Inter Arts students, special arrangements being made for Geography which is looked after by Prof. Herlekar.

Practicals were done in the first two years by the men teachers in the N. M. V. High School and by the lady teachers in M. E. Society's Girls' School. This year both men and lady teachers are doing their practicals in the M. E. Society's High School for boys and girls respectively.

The department will be closed at the end of the academic year so far as the S. P. College is concerned. It has been decided, however, that the Tilak College of Education should run it in future and an application to that effect has been submitted to the University.

CHAPTER IX

Our Departments (*Contd.*)

SCIENCE SECTION

Physics

Our Physics Department can claim with pride that it was Prof. D. R. Gharpure, Professor of Physics, who conceived and promoted the idea of starting a college run by the S. P. Mandali. The finances of the Mandali however, did not allow the starting of Science course in the proposed college at once, so that for the first few years the only "Science" taught was Physics in the F. Y. Arts.

The laboratory used to be housed then in the room in which the N. M. V. High School at present holds its science practicals. It could accommodate 60 students at a time. A smaller adjoining room was used as Professor's room and stores. Prof. D. R. Gharpure was in charge, Mr. S. A. Modak, B. Sc. assisting him. The laboratory was sufficiently commodious and well-equipped. The library had a fairly good number of books in Physics.

During the second term of the year 1920-21 however, Prof. Gharpure broke off his connection with the Mandali as he joined the Non-co-operation movement. At the request of the Mandali, Prof. S. V. Apte, M.A., B.Sc. agreed to do Prof. Gharpure's teaching work and did it without any remuneration. During the next year Mr. V. R. Joshi, L. C. E. worked for a term and then the work was assigned to Mr. S. D. Gokhale. In 1922 Prof. M. R. Paranjpe was taken on the staff and was entrusted with the work of teaching Physics. He continued to be in charge of the department for a number of years afterwards.

The College authorities were at first not particularly keen on starting the Science courses; but as years passed, it was evident that the absence of science courses was a two-fold handicap. Many good students - even some from the N. M. V. High School - did not join the New Poona College (as the S. P. College was then known) after passing their Matriculation examination, because they found it difficult later on to secure admission to the I. Sc. class in other colleges. In addition, many of the top most students from the F. Y. Arts class had to leave the college reluctantly in most cases and join some other college for the I. Sc. (Principal's report 1925-26).

In the meanwhile the College shifted to its present spacious premises,

The absence of the Science courses had an adverse effect on the total strength of the College, as is evinced in one of the Principal's reports (1926-27). Starting of the Science courses thus became a necessity and the Mandali decided to do so. Side by side with its "man-hunt" (N.P.C. magazine August 1926) for capable men for its various science departments, Prof. M. R. Paranjpe was entrusted with the planning and equipping of the laboratories. Needless to say, Prof. Paranjpe carried out the work entrusted to him in his usual methodical and thorough manner. The University was also approached for permission to start Science courses, and this was duly obtained. Profs. Bhagwat, Paldhikar, Bhide and Bhave were the men selected by the College to manage the Science departments. At the end of one year the Biology department was also started to cater for the I. Sc. ('B' group) students.

Prof. Paldhikar was placed in charge of the Physics department in July 1927, Prof. Bhave assisting him. The department had two well-equipped laboratories, and a spacious lecture-hall. During the first year (1927-28) there was only the I. Sc. class, though just the next year (June 1928) the B. Sc. courses were also started in logical sequence.

In 1929 the University was pleased to allow the College to admit 350 students to the F. Y. Arts in view of the increased accommodation and equipment.

Things continued smoothly and satisfactorily till 1931 when the department suffered a small set-back. Prof. Paldhikar left the College due to some private reasons of his own. Prof. Bhave was left single-handed, but he rose to the occasion and under his charge the department continued to grow and prosper. Good apparatus continued to flow in, the laboratory equipment for the practical work of the various classes which was already upto the mark, improving still further.

Prof. Dabadghao, who had worked under the great physicist Sir C. V. Raman filled the vacancy caused by Prof. Paldhikar's resignation. The growing needs of the department, however required that the staff be further strengthened. This was done by securing the services of Prof. B. B. Deshpande who had worked as a lecturer in the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay and later as professor in the Lingraj College, Belgaum. It was he who later started the School of Radio Physics and Electronics. In addition Prof. Chandrashekhar Aiyya, fresh from Cambridge, was also taken on the Physics staff. Thus the College had then on its Physics staff four professors, every one of them a good teacher, with a brilliant academic career behind him.

With these four men on its staff, the College started admitting students for the M. Sc. degree examination both by papers and thesis.

On Prof. Deshpande's transfer to the newly started R. R. College in Bombay (1937) Prof. Aiyya took over the charge of the School of Radio Physics and Electronics.

Prof. Deshpande's place was taken by Dr. V. M. Ghatge, one of our alumni. He worked for one year in this College, and was then transferred to R. R. College, Bombay on its starting the B. Sc. classes, his place being filled by the genial Dr. J. V. Karandikar, another of our alumni.

The present accommodation for Physics is two spacious laboratories, supplemented by a number of smaller ones, a well-ventilated dark-room, a large lecture-theatre and two smaller lecture rooms. This accommodation is now found to be insufficient, and the College is planning to build a separate block to house this department.

The department has been very ably managed by Prof. Bhave, who is also a very good teacher of Physics. The working of the department under him has all along been very smooth, and perfect harmony reigns amongst the members of the staff. Prof. Dabadghao, the next senior professor is a master hand in laboratory work, optical instruments being his special favourites.

The most recent addition to the staff is Mr. M. K. Paranjpe, one of our own boys, who is at present a lecturer. He is known to be a brilliant and indefatigable worker, with a sincere desire for honest research work. Last but not the least, is Mr. S. D. Gokhale, also a lecturer, who has been associated with this department from the time when even its present head had not arrived. Needless to say, therefore, that it is to him that the efficient management of the F. Y. Sc. and the I. Sc. classes, particularly of their practicals is due. To fill the vacancy caused by the transfer of Dr. J. V. Karandikar to the R. R. College, Bombay, Prof. M. W. Chiplunkar has been recently taken on the staff. After a distinguished University career, he has been working for his D. Sc. degree in the All-India-Meteorological Offices and would be shortly submitting his thesis.

Our results : Coming to the results of the University examinations at the I. Sc. examination, the physics department alone cannot appropriate the brilliant results for the past few years (other departments sharing equally in the glory). It can however be said with pardonable pride that two of its students, Mr. V. K. Godbole (1937) and Mr. B. S. Kapre (1940), have been able to obtain the Gibb's Prize for standing first in the University in Physics at the I. Sc. examination.

At the B. Sc. examination, in Physics as a subsidiary subject, the results all along have been satisfactory.

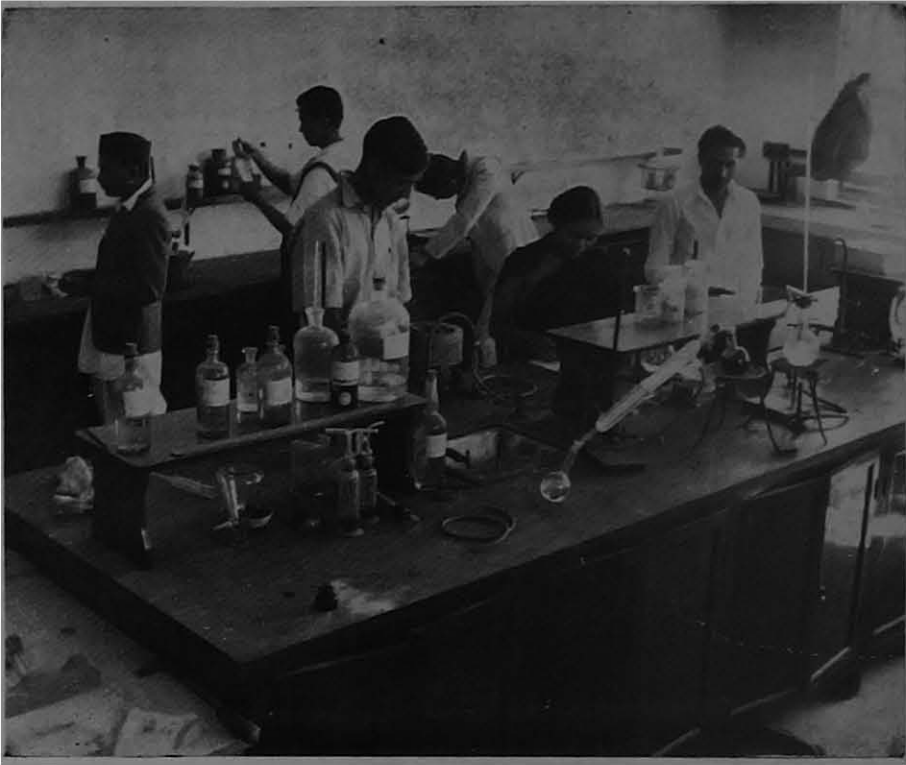
So also is the case with the B. Sc. examination with principal Physics. The number of students, who have so far secured a First Class being seven (from 1931 onwards, the first batch appearing in 1931). One of them Mr. S. M. Nabar obtained distinction and has been admitted to the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, in the Radio Communication branch. Of the others Mr. Godbole has also gone for Electrical Technology, while Messrs. Rajopadhye, Joshi, Samant, Kulkarni are employed as demonstrators in some college or other and are prosecuting their studies for the M. Sc. examination in Physics.



Our Physics Laboratory



Our Chemistry Laboratory



Our Chemistry Research Laboratory
Post-graduate students at work



Our Biology Laboratory

Chemistry

The Science Courses were started by the College in 1927. The work of layout and equipment of the various laboratories was entrusted to Prof. M. R. Paranjpe who carried out the work in a very satisfactory manner. The department has been housed in the left wing on the first floor. It was entrusted to the care of Dr. V. K. Bhagwat, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Manc.), A.I.C. (Lon.), A.I.I.Sc. etc. and Prof. B. V. Bhide, M.Sc., A.I.I.Sc. both of whom had brilliant academic career and proved teaching ability. On account of their very efficient management and enthusiasm, the department developed very rapidly. Almost within the first three years the number of students in the I. Sc. reached the figure of 100. The B. Sc. classes were started in 1928 and the first batch appeared for the B. Sc. examination (prin. Chem.) in 1930. One of the students secured a first class in 1931. Ever since then the department has maintained a high standard of results both at the I. Sc. and B. Sc. examinations.

In 1932 Prof. B. V. Bhide went to England on study leave to study Chemical Engineering. Mr. R. M. Joshi, M. Sc. was appointed in the leave vacancy thus created. Prof. B. V. Bhide returned in 1933 after securing the diploma in Chem. Engineering. Since his return the Department has been benefitted by his newly acquired knowledge.

In addition to their regular under-graduate teaching work, Dr. Bhagwat and Prof. Bhide did an amount of research work. Almost from the beginning one or two students used to be admitted to M. Sc. by research. The work consisted of the investigation of a few natural products. Thus investigations were carried on (1) the bitter principle of गुळवेळ; and (2) on the anti-helminthic principle of चावडिंग and किरमाणी ओवा. In the latter case, the property was found to be due to camphor present in the ओवा and it was shown that किरमाणी ओवा can be used as a source of Camphor. (3) Some synthetic experiments were carried out towards the determination of the constitution of the active principle in चित्रकमूळ as also in the field of Glyoxalines. Some small scale industrial work was also undertaken in the department and few cosmetics and perfumery materials were prepared.

While the department was thus steadily progressing the Mandali decided to start another College in Bombay in 1937. The Chemistry Department had to lose the services of its capable head, because Dr. Bhagwat went to Bombay as the first Principal of the new College. On Dr. Bhagwat's going to Bombay two new members were added to the Staff: (1) Mr. R. Y. Shahane, M. Sc. a past student of this College, and (2) Mr. N. L. Phalnikar, M. Sc. who had teaching experience in Gujarat College, Ahmedabad and Elphinstone College, Bombay. Mr. Phalnikar has secured the Ph. D. degree since his joining the department.

The department consists of two Laboratories (Junior and Senior), a lecture theatre, store, research room and professors' sitting room. This space although not quite sufficient, used to be enough in the former days. But

since 1937, the space has been found to be inadequate for the requirements of the growing department. In that year the bifurcation scheme came into force and Chemistry became a compulsory subject for F. Y. Sc. Further, the tendency of taking up Science courses also showed a marked increase by about the same time. Within the next two years the number of students joining the Science courses became very large indeed. To give a rough idea it may be stated that while in 1937 the total number of students in the department was about 140, in 1939 the number rose to about 400. This made it necessary to increase the staff also. All this required more space and for a year or two the department used to work at double shift, since early morning to evening, for want of space. In 1939, a couple of students were admitted for M. Sc. by research and the space now became so scarce that even the professors' sitting room was converted into Physical Chemistry laboratory!

At this stage it was found necessary to consider the question of increasing the space and in the middle of the last year (1940) the Mandali decided to construct a separate building to house the Chemistry Department. The building is a fine two storeyed structure situated between the main building and the Residency. It is well ventilated and consists of two large laboratories, lecture theatre, class-room, research room and a basement for the storage of dangerous chemicals. The building has been ready for occupation by this time and will provide ample accommodation for the ever-growing science classes.

At the present moment there are four permanent members on the teaching staff of the department, and there are some temporary demonstrators. All these members of the staff are doing some kind of research work. Two members of the Staff, Mr. R. Y. Shahane and Dr. N. L. Phalnikar have been awarded Research grants by the Bombay University. This year Dr. Phalnikar attended the Science Congress on behalf of the department. In addition there are seven post-graduate students carrying on research for the degrees of M. Sc. and Ph. D. The research work is guided by Prof. B. V. Bhide who is assisted in his work by Dr. N. L. Phalnikar and Mr. R. Y. Shahane.

The research work is of theoretical as well as of industrial bias. The theoretical work consists of determining the relation between Dipole moments and molecular structure; also it consists of some synthetic work in pure organic chemistry. On the industrial side the work consists of the study of Polymerisation of oils particularly with regard to the manufacture of stand oils.

Names of students who have obtained Class I in their B. Sc. examination are given in the 'Table of First Class students', Chapter IV.

It may be mentioned with some pride that our students—Tilak, Chipalkatti, and Kulkarni secured the first place for three consecutive years at the first year of the B. Sc. Technical examination. Mr. V. G. Kulkarni secured a medal in the final B. Sc. Technical examination this year.

It is gratifying to note that the majority of our Chemistry graduates are employed in their own lines and very few indeed are working as school teachers. Mr. N. V. Joshi, B. Sc. one of our past students deserves special mention. He is manufacturing dry cells on an industrial scale, known throughout India as 'Helium Battery.' The raw materials used in the manufacture of these cells are purely Indian.

* * *

Biology

The Biology department was started in the year 1928 simultaneously with the B. Sc. classes in Physics and Chemistry. Biology was introduced up to the Intermediate standard only, with the main object of catering for those students who wanted to go in, for a medical career.

Our college was very fortunate in securing an able man in Prof. V. L. Powar for the department. Prof. Powar was a graduate of the Nagpur University and M. Sc. of the Hindu University, Benares. He had to perform the arduous task of organising the department. He did it so well that the honour of laying the foundation of our present strong Biology Department goes undoubtedly to him. Besides being an efficient teacher, Prof. Powar had in him the qualities of a good sportsman. He was a fine hockey-player and took interest in other games. Mr. B. N. Mulay, B. Sc. assisted Prof. Powar in the department.

At the end of the academic year (1929 March) Prof. Powar left our College and joined the staff of the Hindu University. Mr. Mulay also left the department to devote full attention to his M. Sc. studies. Prof. Powar's place was taken by Prof. J. N. Karve and Mr. Narke assisted him as a demonstrator in place of Mr. Mulay. Prof. Karve is an M. Sc., (with distinction) of the Bombay University and was awarded the Moos Gold Medal. He possessed teaching experience and had done some original work in his subject. The Biology department was still in its infancy and an experienced, capable and well qualified man like Prof. Karve was needed for its all-round growth.

The I. Sc. Biology class had sixteen students then, and Prof. Karve had to teach both Plant and Animal Biology. Mr. Narke conducted the practicals. Prof. Karve clearly saw the necessity of a good museum for the department, as such museums have a high educational value in the teaching of Biology. He started work in right earnest and collected material by going, on collection tours, to many places. These were classified, neatly arranged and exhibited in cases. Thus the museum began taking shape. The Triennial Inspection Committee appointed by the University visited the College in the latter half of the year and Father Blatter who was a member of the Committee expressed satisfaction with the management of the department.

Prof. Karve continued teaching both Botany and Zoology till the year 1936; but with the growing number of students in the I. Sc. Biology class, it was felt necessary to entrust the teaching of the two subjects to two separate teachers. In 1936 Mr. R. M. Desai was appointed as a lecturer in Botany. He was an M. Sc. of the Bombay University with a brilliant career. He was very methodical in his work and spared no pains in teaching and coaching the students. This division of teaching work immediately showed salutary results. The percentage of successful candidates rose and the quality of the result was satisfactory. The standard then reached has been, on the whole, maintained since then. Mr. Desai left next year to join the Rajkot College. His place was taken by Mr. U. K. Kanitkar. This was, indeed, a very good choice. Mr. Kanitkar, besides being a B. A. of the Bombay University, possesses the Master's degree in Botany. He had, in addition, teaching experience. He is a keen research worker and a good teacher. The same year Mr. S. B. Mogre, M. Sc. was taken as a lecturer on the staff, with a view to assist other members in teaching and conducting the practical work. Mr. Mogre possessed experience in research, having done some good original work on cotton and tobacco. He, however, left at the end of the academic year to take up an appointment elsewhere.

In the year 1937 the bifurcation scheme was introduced by the University and the Science and Arts courses came to be separated. Under the new scheme Biology was introduced as a compulsory subject for the First Year in Science. As a result of this, the Biology department was further equipped with additional material such as charts, models, lantern slides and microscopes. This has considerably increased the efficiency of the department.

During all these years, new material is constantly being added on to the museum and it can now be said that our present Biology Museum is one of the best college museums.

The present accommodation for the Biology department is a spacious laboratory made up of a large hall, an enclosed verandah and two lecture rooms. The College, has, this year applied to the University for an extension of affiliation up to the B. Sc. standard and more room would be provided for, according to the needs of the Department.

There are four members on the present staff of the Biology department and addition of suitable and efficient hands would be made when the B. Sc. classes would be opened.

The research work done by the members of the staff is of high a quality and has been published in well-known foreign and Indian science journals.

In conclusion we may note the names of Mr. A. V. Bal (1937), Miss Abigail Moses Solomon (1938) and Mr. S. K. Akolkar (1941) who secured a First Class in their I. Sc. examination and Mrs. Kamala Rajwade (1931), Miss Indumati Hosagandi (1936) and Miss Abigail Moses Solomn (1938) who obtained Sir D. M. Petit Medical Scholarship.

CHAPTER X

Gymkhana

Activities and Achievements

Arrangements for the physical education of students by means of manly outdoor sports and games were made immediately after the College was started in 1916 and Prof. R. D. Karmarkar (now Principal) was put in charge of the Gymkhana. The College, had no play-ground of its own and games could be played only on the grounds of the N. M. V. High School. The very next year, therefore, the College authorities approached the P. Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana and secured from them the loan of a plot for the use of their students.

Prof. D. B. Deodhar joined the College in 1917 and was naturally entrusted with the work of supervising the Gymkhana activities as its Vice-President. The College was then housed in the city, in the south-wing block of the present N. M. V. High School building. The play-ground, was rather a long way off, but the enthusiasm of the young sportsmen of the new College was too strong to mind any difficulty or inconvenience. But this inconvenience of our earlier players due to want of our own play-ground near the College, was, more than compensated for, by the benefit they received in watching and playing with some stalwarts in the game of Cricket of All-India fame as Messrs. S. M. Joshi, S. G. Mehendale and Navale.

The P. Y. C. Gymkhana then had no gymnasium of their own and we had, therefore, to arrange for the Indian games on the N. M. V. School ground in the city. There were no inter-collegiate competitions in athletics and gymnastics till the year 1922 and our boys had to be content with their local events only. The need for a separate gymnasium, pavilion and an extensive play-ground came to be felt more keenly as the numbers of the College went on increasing.

We had to put up with these temporary and unsatisfactory arrangements until the present premises were taken on a long lease. It took a number of years for the new site (which was an agricultural land) to develop into a respectable play-ground. Neither efforts nor money have been spared. The layout of the ground, the cricket pitch and tennis courts have cost us more than Rs. 15,000.

Today, our play-ground with the beautiful and historic Parwati hills in the background is one of the few attractive open sites in Poona and it provides full-size boundaries which are required for first class cricket. The actual area, available for games is about 8 acres.

A spacious pavilion was erected on the site in 1925 at a cost of Rs. 24,000, providing facilities for most of the indoor games and a gymnasium with Indian and Western apparatus. A well-built Akhada in the main central hall was reserved for wrestling; a boxing ring with all the necessary equipment was added later. The pavilion was formally opened on 17th February 1926, though the grounds in front of it were being used since 1922, long before the construction of the pavilion.

The constitution of the Gymkhana with all the rules for its management was framed in 1920. To suit new requirements and developments, additions and alterations have been made in it from time to time by the General Body. Prof. Deodhar has been all along in charge as the Vice-President of the Gymkhana and the Chairman of the Managing Committee and under his able guidance the Gymkhana has been working efficiently, adding more sports material and men. As everywhere else on this side of the country, cricket has been given the greatest importance and more so in our institution, as Prof. Deodhar has been the guiding hand.

Cricket: As stated above, cricket and kindred games were played on the P. Y. C. grounds till 1922. In the earlier days our teams were naturally weak; but they put up splendid fights and were never disgraced though defeated. In the Inter-Collegiate matches, they had a creditable record with the help of some class cricketers like the late Mr. H. G. Pardeshi, the late Mr. V. A. Bhopatkar and Mr. M. S. Sathe. The first two were selected as reserve bowlers for the Hindu Quadrangular side and their untimely death has been a loss to Hindu cricket. Mr. M. S. Sathe, a forceful bat and a smart field made a name for himself in college and provincial cricket. He was included as a reserve to play for Bombay Presidency against the M. C. C. led by Jardine in 1933.

Messrs. K. M. Jadhav, Y. N. Gokhale and S. G. Shinde rendered, very recently, yeoman's service to the Maharashtra team in winning the Ranji Trophy. Messrs. B. B. Mullick, N. D. and V. D. Saney and M. N. Paranjpe also played for Maharashtra in previous years. The Bombay University called upon Messrs. K. M. Jadhav, B. B. Mullick and S. G. Shinde to play in the Inter-Varsity championship during the last few years where they acquitted themselves creditably. Besides the above, Messrs. M. R. Sathe, S. L. Dravid, B. M. Sathe, V. D. Sathe, S. V. Agashe, J. K. Patel, D. W. Kerkar, A. R. Kshirsagar, B. S. Mali, M. D. Bhave, S. G. Palsule, M. N. Paranjpe deserve mention for their creditable performances in the Inter-Collegiate shield matches.

In the David Cup matches, in which all the Poona Colleges participate with great keenness, our team won the trophy in the years 1937 and 1941, though we missed the honour many times by a narrow margin owing to adverse circumstances. The performances of our players on both these occasions were very creditable. In the year of our first victory, Kshirsagar

scored a double century and Kerkar a single. The feat was repeated this year by M. N. Paranjpe (Score 239) and S. G. Palsule (179). Against a strong attack of the Fergusson College, our team gave a convincing display of their skill in the last match by putting up a record total of 623 runs. After having thus won the David Cup, our team is qualified to play in the final for the Northcote Shield against the Kolhapur College very soon and we look forward to an interesting contest.

The special feature of this College has been the active interest taken by professors in the games. Profs. Karmarkar, Gharpure, Tulpule in early days and recently Prof. Bhave, actually participated in net practice. The "Staff vs. Students Match" is an annual function in which the spectators get a lot of fun, and the professors a good lunch !

Foot-ball : Though cricket has been given a prominent place, the game actually played by a larger number of students has been foot-ball. The College has always put up very good teams. In earlier years, led by Prof. Deodhar, who was then younger and equally good at foot-ball as at cricket, our teams put up very good fights even against military teams. The traditions have been kept up and time and again, they have won the Inter-Collegiate trophy. Only last year, they won the Vadnerkar (All play-All) cup.

Messrs. Gokhale, Mandke, Y. V. Limaye, Tikekar, Vasant Deshpande, Mistri and Rajgopal are some of our best products in this game, the last few being with us even now to win the All Colleges' Championship once more.

Athletics : The College Gymkhana has an equally proud record in this branch and it has produced athletes of a very high standard. In the first term we usually hold a meeting of athletic members to help us in the selection of our competitors for the Inter-Collegiate contests. Our boys won the Poona Colleges' Championship more than once; the Individual Championship in the same tournament has been secured on six occasions by the following heroes :—

1	Mr. V. V. Aurangabadkar	in 1921
2	.. N. R. Bhide	1923
3	.. G. K. Bhopatkar	1934
4	.. R. D. Purohit	1936
5	.. G. S. Jog	1937
6	.. G. S. Jog	1938

Mr. N. R. Bhide stood high in the ten mile race which was a trial for selection for the Olympic games in 1924.

A few creditable performances in University Sports :—

- | | | | |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Mr. G. K. Bhopatkar | 1st in one mile in 1935 | at Ahmedabad. |
| 2 | Mr. R. D. Purohit | 1st in High Jump in 1935 and 1937 | at Karachi. |
| 3 | Mr. V. V. Kulkarni | 1st in wrestling, in 1938 | at Bombay. |
| 4 | Mr. V. B. Saraf | „ „ „ | 1940 at Dharwar. |

In other tournaments the following names are worth mentioning :—

- 1 Mr. Rajadhyaksha in hurdles, D. G. Tournament 1922
- 2 „ Z. P. Marwadi in weight-lifting, D. G. Tournaments 1939 and '40
- 3 „ Z. P. Marwadi for body beautiful, in Royal film circuit
- 4 „ V. B. Joshi in Malkhamb, D. G. Tournament in 1940.

Gymnastics and Wrestling : These departments deserve special notice as they encourage the real body-building exercises. The College can boast of some very skilled and reputed wrestlers. Though not in quantity at least in quality, our members of this branch deserve praise.

Mr. S. V. Damle, the well-known Secretary of the Maharashtra Mandal was in splendid form during his college career and won the Inter-Collegiate Championship in 1921. Mr. Patkar, his contemporary, won the middle weight championship that very year. Mr. Vaishampayan was runner-up in heavy weight in 1923. Mr. V. V. Kulkarni won wrestling championship at the 'Varsity sports in 1939. Mr. V. B. Saraf won the Inter-Collegiate as well as the University Championship in wrestling (light weight) in 1940. Messrs. Vipat and Chitale gave a good exhibition of their skill at the Inter-Collegiate Sports in 1928. Mr. R. A. Kulkarni reached the finals in middle weight in 1926.

Indian Games : This was a favourite set of games in earlier years; and the College won trophies year after year in this branch of sport. Unfortunately a sort of indifference is now creeping in. However, the College has produced a number of players of inter-provincial fame. Mr. S. R. Patankar still stands the most outstanding figure in Khokho at the age of 32.

Messrs. Sutar, L. M. Limaye, G. B. Deodhar and Paranjpe were some of the bright stars from the older generation.

Messrs. R. D. Vaidya, N. B. Sathaye, S. M. Gandhe, V. N. Joshi, D. K. Sathaye, T. A. Godbole were the mainstays of the College team in their days.

The College won the Atyapatya Championship of the P. Y. C. as early as 1917. We won the Atyapatya Championship on six occasions, that of Khokho an equal number of times and of Hututu (for which a trophy has been instituted only recently) twice.

Basket Ball: Students have taken to this strenuous game only recently and the College team has been doing marvellously well. The records they have set up will be very difficult to beat. They beat the Fergusson College by 22 goals to 1 in 1938. Such success would have made the whole country resound with praises of the team, if the interest in the game had been as great as that in cricket. Our team has won the Inter-Collegiate trophy for so many years that the trophy is practically our possession and monopoly.

Volley-Ball: This game has become popular with the Poona students, quite recently, but our students took to it so keenly that we have won the Inter-Collegiate Championship for more than half the times it has been played for. As in Basket Ball, we have developed great skill in Volley—Ball and outclassed our opponents a number of times. Even this year both the cups—for Basket Ball and Volley-Ball—are in our possession. Our old players regularly coach the new recruits and thanks of the Gymkhana are due to them for their selfless work. Messrs. V. A. Mandke, Krishnamurti, L. K. Sathe, V. Patwardhan, S. S. Abhyankar, among others, deserve special mention in this connection.

Hockey: This department has been perhaps faring the worst in the Inter-Collegiate Sports. However, there were occasionally some bright batches, Messrs. Mengde, Miller, Chitale, M. S. Sathe, P. R. Bhide being some of the skilled players in the game.

Tennis: Tennis was started a couple of years after the present site was developed. The department is patronised only by the moneyed few and the membership is generally small.

Messrs. R. N. Pillay, K. N. Pillay shaped well during their college career. Mr. N. G. Dandavate won the junior singles and doubles at the P. Y. C. members' tournament in 1929. Mr. M. V. Pendse won the junior singles at the Deccan Gymkhana Tournament in 1930. Of the more recent ones, Mr. D. W. Kerkar reached the Inter-Collegiate Finals. Messrs. Mutalik and V. M. Ghatge, were some of the good players. Tennis is however, an expensive game for the middle class students who are the usual recruits for outdoor sports.

Ladies' Games

When the College was situated in the city, no provision for outdoor games could possibly be made for the ladies. It was only after 1935, that ladies could be accommodated in separate hostels near the play-ground with all the conveniences of a covered badminton court and a tennis court. As the number of ladies has been steadily increasing during the last ten years a special plot of ground has been reserved for their P. T. and games, particularly, volley-ball, basket ball, hututu, ring tennis, namaskars, khokho and atyapatya.

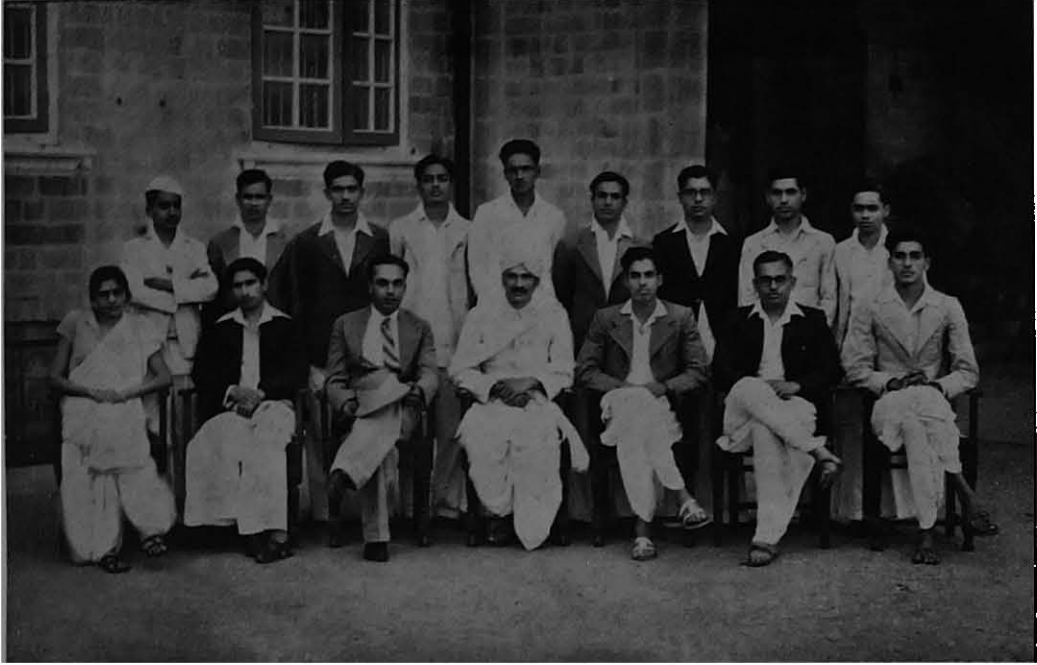
Since 1934 the Poona Inter-Collegiate Committee have been holding separate sports for ladies and our students have played a prominent part in most of the events. The first year, Miss Joshi won the ping-pong trophy and next year *i. e.* in 1935, Miss Devkule won it and Miss Tulpule stood first in all sports carrying off the Individual Championship. Miss Bhagwat repeated the performance next year. In 1937 the ladies' khokho shield was won by us for the third time.

In the year 1938-39, we won **five championships**—tennis singles by Miss S. Modak, doubles by Miss Manik Sathaye and Miss S. Modak, badminton singles by Miss U. Gole, doubles by Miss Kerkar and Miss Dhake, and ping pong by Miss M. Dhopeshwarkar.

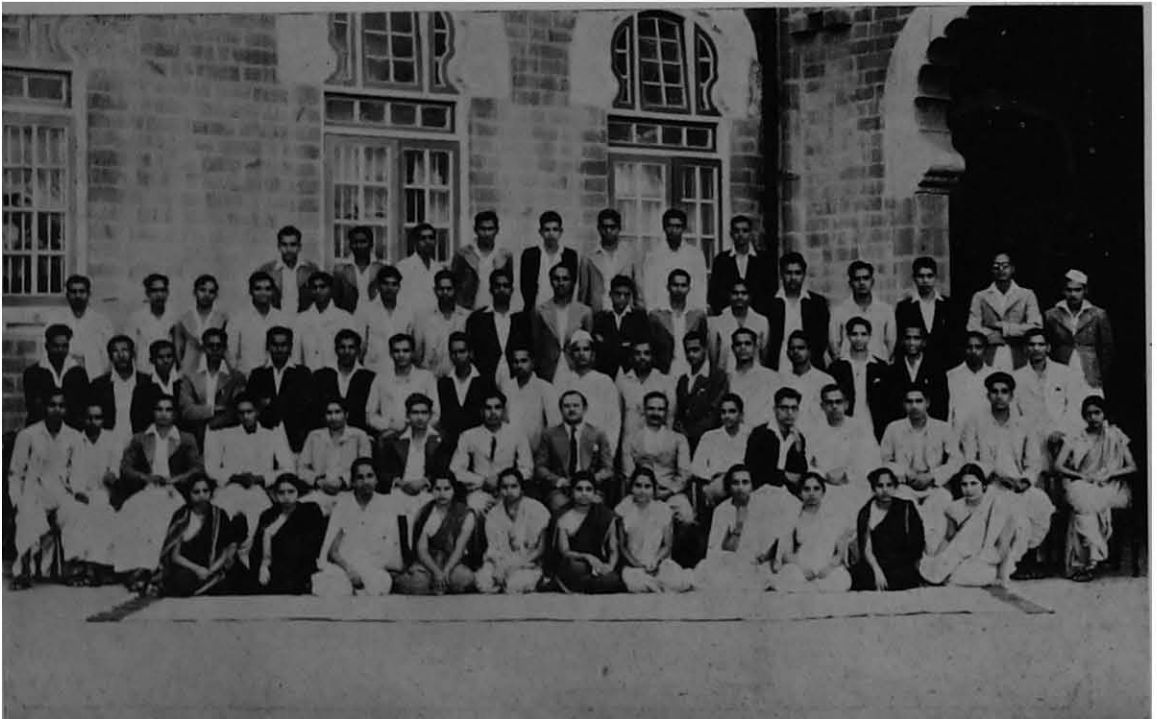
In 1939 Miss Tara Deodhar was a valuable addition to our sports circle. She has been winning the badminton singles championship in the Inter-Collegiate all these years and with Miss Usha Pendse, she won the doubles also last year. In our College badminton, she carried off the open singles trophy, competing with all the students on equal terms. Miss S. Sahasrabuddhe got for us last year a trophy in swimming and Miss S. Sane did the same in long jump,

Miss Vimal Phadke stood first in namaskars and Tara Deodhar in skipping. A number of lady students took part in various competitions and with their co-operation, the Inter-Collegiate Ladies' General Championship was secured by us again in 1939-40. Our students were particularly good in the team games which they won wholesale. In Khokho and Hututu Miss K. Tulpule, Miss Gokhale, the Bhopatkar sisters, Miss Vartak, Mrs. Hingwe and Miss G. Marathe displayed a very high standard of skill.

The ladies' department is now managed by their own elected secretary and a separate grant of five hundred rupees is allotted for the games and sports of all types. The College proposes to erect a big hall for them accommodating two full-sized badminton courts, soon after the present war is over. We think that, with the introduction of the P. T. scheme and with the addition of games useful for them, there would be no student who would miss her daily exercise of some type or the other.



College Gymkhana Managing Committee 1940-41



Inter-collegiate Prize-winners 1940-41



Lady Prize-winners of the Inter-collegiate Tournaments 1940-41



P. T. Efficiency Batch 1939-40

Public Service in the field of Sports

Apart from exhibiting skill in actual games the members of the College have rendered very great service to the cause of sport.

Prof. Deodhar has been directly concerned with the organization of sports. He has served the P. Y. C. Gymkhana in various posts and has been a member on the Inter-Collegiate sports committee and the Bombay University Board of Sports for a number of years. He has been mainly instrumental in raising the status of the Ranji Trophy Tournament. The brilliant batting performances of the Maharashtra cricket team have brought the Ranji Trophy matches on a par with Pentangular cricket tournament.

Mr. M. G. Bhawe, one of our alumni, encouraged the idea of starting the Maharashtra Cricket Association. He infused enthusiasm in the hearts of the older and influential men like the late Mr. Talim and has been still working night and day in the interest of the Association.

In the department of Athletics the Deccan Gymkhana has done yeoman's service by organising tournaments on a large scale, bringing to light the latent genius of the country. Prof. Hardikar, one of our Life-members, was one of the most prominent organizers of these tournaments. His sincerity of purpose is undoubted. Another prominent worker in the field of sport has been Dr. M. N. Natu.

The trio—Prof. Hardikar, Dr. Natu and Mr. D. P. Joshi—has also figured very prominently in the organisation of Scouting.

Mr. S. V. Damle has been the organizer of the Maharashtraiya Mandal whose work in the cause of sports is so distinguished that the College is proud of him.

The Gymkhana is legitimately proud of the very good records of its numerous athletes, players and workers during the last 25 years. By creating a love for manly outdoor sports in the younger generation and by developing a spirit of sportsmanship and healthy living, the Gymkhana has fulfilled its primary object.

A list of Gymkhana Secretaries is given below :—

Name	Year	Name	Year
Mr. L. P. Kirane	1916-17	Mr. R. S. Parekh, B.A.	1928-29
" N. H. Phadtale	1917-18	" K. K. Shah, B.A.	1929-30
" V. V. Bapat	1918-19	" R. R. Deshpande, B.A.	1930-31
" P. G. Gadre	1919-20	" R. W. Joshi, B.Sc.	1931-32
" V. V. Bapat, B.A.	1920-21	" R. Y. Shahane, B.Sc.	1932-33
" V. V. Dixit, B.A.	1921-22	" V. V. Bapat, B.Sc.	1933-34
" D. D. Bagul, B.A.	1922-23	" J. N. Dange, B.A.	1934-35
" G. N. Kamat, B.A.	1923-24	" R. S. Walimbe, B.A.	1935-36
" S. A. Gopujkar, B.A.	1924-25	" R. N. Gadre, B.A.	1936-37
" S. A. Kher, B.A. and		" Y. G. Joshi, B.A.	1937-38
" N. B. Paradkar, B.A.	1925-26	" D. G. Bhawe, B.A.	1938-39
" M. C. Modi, B.A.	1926-27	" G. N. Dike, B.A.	1939-40
" G. L. Pophale, B.A. and		" G. C. Paranjpe, B.Sc.	1940-41
" G. N. Chafekar, B.A.	1927-28	" V. G. Rahurkar, B.A.	1941-42

Students' Library

"We image the School as a civic institution, taking rank side by side with the Family, the Church and the State, combining all worthy elements in the commonwealth, for the sake of those who will maintain its life in the days to come." (From Findlay's School, page 247)

Soon after the opening of the College in 1916, different activities connected with collegiate life were apportioned amongst the members of the College Staff and one of the professors was asked to look after the Gymkhana of which the Students' Library forms a part. The Managing Committee of the first year allotted Rs. 350 to the Reading Room and Library. But a very big portion of it was swallowed up by the Reading Room alone and the Students' Library had to starve. As years advanced, the Students' Library and the Reading Room were made separate departments. The library now gets a substantial sum from which books on various subjects are purchased from year to year. The Students' Library, as has been said above, is a part of the Gymkhana and its supervision rests with the Vice-President of the Gymkhana, Prof. D. B. Deodhar. A secretary for its management is elected by the general body of students at the beginning of the year. At first he invites names of books from the general body of students as well as from professors of different subjects and the final selection is then made from them. The number of books thus selected and purchased has gone upto 3450 during the last 25 years. Books are issued to students on all College days at specified times. No deposits are required to be kept. The books are to be returned after a definite time and the work of the Students' Library has thus gone on from year to year tolerably well. The utility of the Students' Library can be increased if the day to day routine work can be assigned to a salaried clerk.

* * *

The Lokmanya Tilak Memorial Library

Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak passed away on the night of 31st July 1920 leaving behind, both the educated and uneducated India, to mourn his death. To commemorate his name a fund of Rs. 1000 was raised in our College in the year 1920-21. An oil-painting of the late Lokmanya was purchased from the sum collected and a library of select books on politics both in English and Marathi, was set up soon after. The library has been doing its work efficiently, thus satisfying the expectations of those who first launched the scheme. This library, the L. T. M. as it is popularly called, is a special feature of the S. P. College. Its object is to give the student-world an opportunity to study and think over current political, social and economic problems. There is a mass of fleeting literature that is popular and has a value for the time being, but which soon loses its hold over the popular mind. It cannot

be ignored and yet cannot be classed with books of all times. It is undeniable that students have an unquenchable curiosity to know something about current topics. Rather than try to be indifferent to it, it is better to provide them with material to think upon. This is what the L. T. M. does. The L. T. M. is very particular in purchasing books on political and economic problems of national and international importance.

The library now contains 1582 volumes chiefly dealing with current political matters. One more post of a secretary for the L. T. M. was created by the Gymkhana for the management of this library. The Library accepts gifts in the form of books or in cash and this money together with the grant from the Gymkhana is spent on the purchase of books. The Anniversary of the late Lokmanya Tilak is celebrated on the 1st of August, every year. Some leader of high repute and conversant with the present-day politics is invited as the chief guest of the day, to deliver an address to the students. The organisers have so far been fortunate in securing men like Messrs. Kher, Savarkar, and Khaparde for the occasion. A prize-essay also is announced in good time every year and the prize is given to the writer of the best essay. There is a very great demand for books from the L. T. M. section both from boys and girls who appear to be interested in reading them.

Our existence on the Bhau Maharaja grounds is mainly due to the earnest efforts of the late Lokamanya in securing it for our College buildings. The memory of Lok. Tilak still enchants the young and the old alike and to prove that his memory is green even after a lapse of 25 years, a marble bust is recently put up in his memory in front of the College porch.

* * *

Our Debating Union

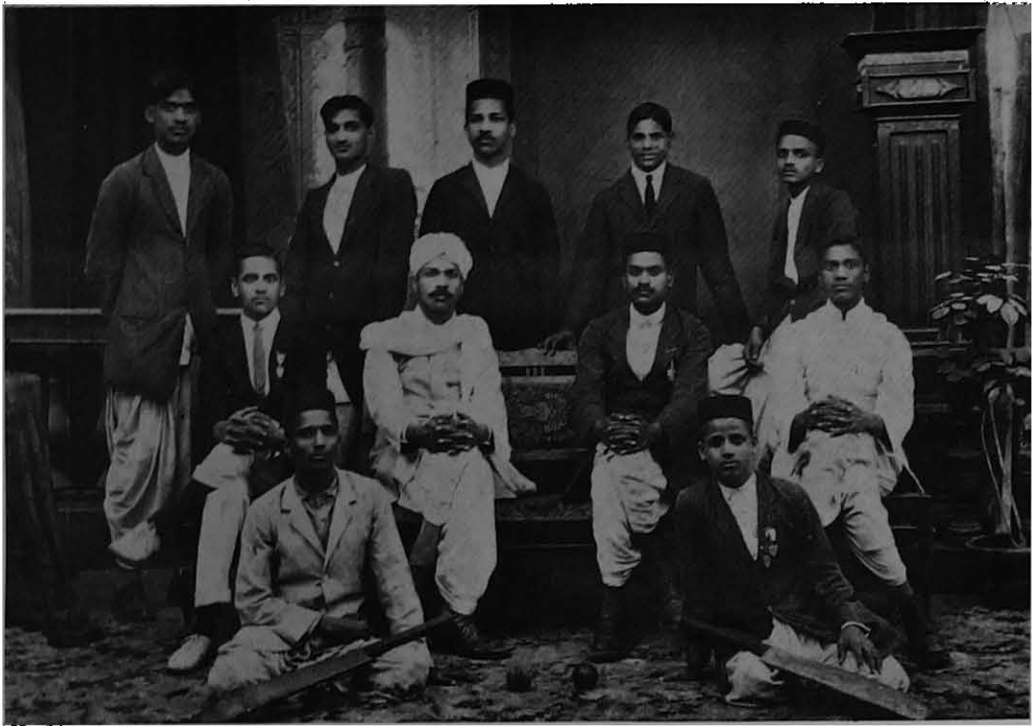
A debating union is a necessary adjunct to all educational institutions. It was in the fitness of things, therefore, that the students of our College started a debating union as early as 1919.

The function of our Debating Union has been mainly two-fold. It has, in the first instance, given opportunities to young students to express themselves logically and coherently. To be able to express oneself well is certainly an art and like all arts, it can be mastered only by constant practice. A bold step in this direction was taken by our Union when a Parliament on the lines of the British Parliament was started. But most unfortunately, like many a good project, it has at present ceased to function. Yet the quota of our Union to the successful public speakers has not been negligible. Public speakers like Mr. R. S. Nimkar, Mr. S. L. Karandikar, Mr. V. D. Chitale, Mr. K. N. Phadke, Dr. P. G. Sahasrabuddhe, Mr. R. H. Tulpule, Miss K. Tulpule (now Mrs. Bhagwat) were members of our Union in their College days. Among the younger generation, as well, there are quite a few

who definitely show great promise of being successful speakers in their after-life—the most notable among these being Mr. Gokhale, Mr. Chandrachud, Mr. C. D. Dange, Mr. V. M. Kulkarni, and Mr. S. S. Marathe.

Another equally important and perhaps more interesting function has been to invite great orators and statesmen from all over the land to address the students. Under the auspices of our Debating Union, we were privileged to listen to the great Mahatmaji, Comrade M. N. Roy, Mr. V. D. Savarkar, Dr. B. S. Moonje, Pandit J. Nehru, Dr. P. Sitaramayya, Dr. Sir C. V. Raman, Mr. Achyutrao Patwardhan, Mr. Subhash Bose and a host of others.

An important event in the history of our Union occurred in 1936 when the hostelites presented the College a trophy in the name of our revered Professor Dandekar. It is to be awarded to the best orator of the College and has since proved a very great attraction to our talented speakers. It has up to now changed hands only thrice, Mr. Marathe having recently almost monopolised it, winning it three times in succession. Our students have also proved their mettle in the open competitions as well, the most notable of our triumphs being the conquest of the Inter-'Varsity Rolling Cup in 1934-35 by Messrs. V. S. Gokhale and K M. Agarwal. A number of students have carried away prizes in the open competitions organised by the Vaktritwot-tejak Sabha of Poona.



Cricket Team 1918

CHAIRS : 2 Prof. Deodhar, 3 Mr. Kapade



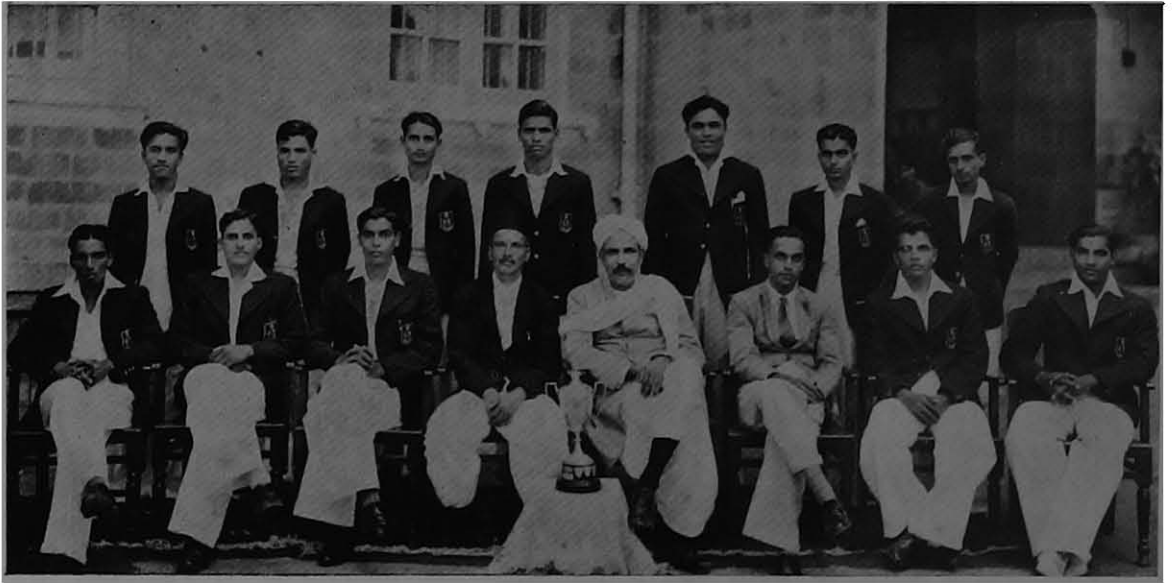
Cricketers : Past and Present

STANDING : 1 Mr. Mali, 2 Mr. Shinde.

CHAIRS : 1 Mr. Jadhav, 2 Karve, 3 Prof. Deodhar, 4 Mr. Sathe, 5 Mr. Paranjpe

SITTING : 1 Mr. Palsule, 2 Bhave

CRICKETERS



Winners of the David Cup 1937



Winners of the David Cup and the Northcote Shield 1941

CHAIRS :—1 Mr. Paranjpe, 2 Mr. Palsule, 3 Mr. Mali, 4 Prof. Deodhar, 5 Prin. Karmarkar, 6 Vice-Principal Kerkar
7 Mr. Karve (Captain), 8 Mr. S. G. Shinde, 9 Mr. Bhave.

STANDING :—1 Mr. Chandorkar, 2 Mr. Kolhatkar, 3 Mr. S. D. Shinde, 5 Mr. Thube, 6 Mr. Godbole.

CHAPTER XI

U. T. C., P. T. & Civic Guards

Our College Platoons

I. D. F. 1917-1920

The New Poona College started its life when the last World-War was in full swing. There was, everywhere, a keen feeling that every able-bodied young man must undergo a course of training in the arts of war so that he may be of use in the defence of his mother-land, should an emergency arise. It was perhaps this strong public feeling, coupled with the events and progress of the war, that brought about "a welcome change in the out-look of Government in matters military." The Indian Defence Force Act of 28th Feb. 1917 was thus welcomed very enthusiastically throughout India. The Late Lokmanya Tilak and D. R. P. Paranjpye preaching from the same platform exhorted young Maharashtra to enlist in the I. D. F. in large numbers. The response was naturally tremendous. It was originally proposed to enlist only 250 students from the Bombay University, but this number had to be increased to 300 thus forming two full companies. It was a splendid opportunity for the students and the professors alike who, true to the traditions of Maharashtra, readily enlisted their names in the I. D. F.

New Poona College Platoon, I. D. F.

Our New Poona College, in the very second year of its existence, thus had the opportunity of sharing in the general enthusiasm by sending its first batch of ten students who were enrolled in 1917 in the "B" Company, The Poona Rifles, I. D. F. Our readers may be interested to read the names of these pioneer student volunteers of our College, some of whom now occupy prominent places in public life.

The Pioneer Batch of the New Poona College in the I. D. F.

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| (1) Mr. P. N. Bam. | (6) Mr. D. B. Kolhatkar. |
| (2) .. G. V. Gupte. | (7) .. D. V. Sathe. |
| (3) .. D. P. Joshi. | (8) .. B. R. Rendalkar. |
| (4) .. P. A. Joshi. | (9) .. P. S. Bhawalkar. |
| (5) .. G. D. Apte. | (10) .. R. S. Kawalagikar. |

The number of volunteers from our College increased to sixty in 1918 mainly due to the efforts of Prof. S. P. Patwardhan, who had himself served as a volunteer during the previous year and we had our own College Platoon, known as the New Poona College Platoon, The Poona Rifles, I. D. F. The student volunteers were joined by four members of the staff—all young Life-members—who along with the student-volunteers attended parades and

camps and went through the same training and discipline. In Vol. V No. 1 (1920) of the then New Poona College Magazine appears an interesting photograph of our College Platoon with Professor-volunteers Deodhar, Karmarkar, Naralkar and Gharpure sitting along with the student volunteers and Prin V. G. Apte.

The U. T. C.

After the termination of the last World-War, there came a reorganisation. Indian Defence Force was replaced by the Indian Territorial Force in 1920. The University Training Corps which forms a part of the I. T. F. came into existence in 1921. Its aim was to provide a recruiting ground for other branches of the Service and to produce potential leaders of men. The 1st (Bombay) Battalion of the U. T. C. was constituted on 5th August 1921, and next year, our College, never behind hand in developing and fostering activities beneficial to the institution and the country, started its U. T. C. work by forming two platoons under Profs. Karmarkar and Deodhar, experienced men of the I. D. F. The response from students was very encouraging from the very beginning. Next year (1923) the U. T. C. became so popular that about fifty students had to be refused admission. The regular parades, firing practices, company drill, route-march, camp-life, military manoeuvres and the novel experience of Guard Duties made a strong appeal to the students of our College and the Government had to be requested to assign a third platoon to our College. In 1924, His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson, the Governor of Bombay in his speech on the occasion of laying the corner-stone of the present buildings of our College, assured the College authorities of a sympathetic consideration of our appeal for a third platoon. These were his words in appreciation of the work we were doing: "I have heard with great interest that the two platoons allotted to this College have proved insufficient. It is a source of keen gratification to notice that the students of this College are so fully recognising that duty (to fit themselves to defend their country)."

Major S. P. Patil

The year 1925 is marked with a notable event in the History of our College as regards its part in the military life of the country. Our College had the unique honour of sending up the first Indian cadet from this Presidency to the Royal Military College at Camberly. Mr. S. P. Patil, son of Rao Bahadur P. C. Patil, was selected by the Government of India for training at Sandhurst and Camberly. Mr. Patil came back as a 2/Lt. in 1926, was promoted Captain in 1935 and is now a Major. He was attached to the 1/14th Punjab Regiment where he acted as the Adjutant. He is at present an officer in the Army Staff at New Delhi.

Our College Platoons were then attached to "D" Company of the 1st (Bom.) Bn. U. T. C. (I. T. F.). In 1926, Profs. Deodhar and Karmarkar were promoted to be Company Commander and 2nd in Command of the "D" Coy.

respectively. Their places as officers of the two College platoons were taken by Prof. V. P. Patwardhan and Prof. N. G. Naralkar, and the U. T. C. work went on with increasing vigour and enthusiasm.

1927-1931

The next year (1927)) saw many changes. Prof. Deodhar resigned from the U. T. C. as a result of his greater devotion to Cricket. The "D" Coy. was changed into "B" Coy., and the Company's office as well as the armoury were transferred to our College, thus giving our College a special privilege and attraction. Prof. Karmarkar along with other U. T. C. officers, was given a Senior Grade King's Commission in 1928. Next year, Prof. Naralkar also became a Lieutenant. Lt. Karmarkar was appointed on the Provincial Advisory Committee of the I. T. F. Sgt. V. M. Nadkarni of our College was made Company Sergeant Major and R. Y. Sholapurkar was promoted as C. Q. M. S. Thus our College had the unique privilege of having its own Company Commander, C. S. M., C. Q. M. S. and the Company office and the armoury in our own building. The armoury and Company office were subsequently shifted to the College of Agriculture in 1931. In 1929 No. 8 Platoon, mainly composed of Cadets from our College with Platoon Commander 2/Lt. Naralkar and Sgt. S. R. Patankar brought great honour to our College by winning the Efficiency Cup. Next year i. e. in 1930, the "B" Coy. also mainly composed of Cadets from our College, with our able Company Commander Lt. Karmarkar, won the Company Efficiency Cup. Dr. Bhagwat who had already joined in 1928, as an under-officer got his senior grade Commission in 1931. The same year Lt. Karmarkar and Lt. Naralkar did their attachment with a regular Regiment. The camp that year was also unique in that our U.T.C. boys encamped with the Brigade and in addition to watching some demonstrations by the regular troops, actually took part in the Southern Command manoeuvres.

Lt. Karmarkar 2nd in Command

In 1932, Lt. Karmarkar, then O. C. "B" Company was promoted to be the 2nd in Command of the U. T. C. Battalion and Lt. Naralkar became the Company Commander, "B" Company. Prof. Chafekar who had already joined as an U/o, got his Commission in 1933 and was placed in charge of No. 5 Platoon. Next year, No. 7 Platoon of our College under Lt. Bhagwat won the Platoon Efficiency Cup. The same year "B" Company carried away the Cup for shooting.

1935-1937

In 1935, Lt. Naralkar resigned and the vacancy was filled by Prof. Dabadhao, who was placed in charge of No. 5 Platoon and was transferred to No. 7 Platoon in Camp. In the same year, Lt. Karmarkar was promoted to the rank of Captain. He was also awarded the Silver Jubilee Medal. The Annual Camp was held at Pashan. No. 5 Platoon of our College which had won the Cross-Country Cup in 1933-34 and 1934-35, won the Most Efficient

Platoon Cup. This platoon once again won the Cross-Country Cup in 1936-37.

1937-1938

Next year Lt. Bhagwat—2nd in Command of "B" Company and Lt. Chafekar were transferred to Bombay to take charge of the R. R. College as its Principal and Vice-Principal respectively. They are now attached to the "D" Company. The place of Lt. Chafekar was taken up by Prof. U. K. Kanitkar. The year 1937, again saw brilliant achievements by our Officers and Cadets. Capt. Karmarkar was awarded the Coronation Medal. Once again No. 5 Platoon of our College won the Platoon Efficiency Cup. One of our boys Cadet R. R. Surpur won the most coveted Chandavarkar Gold Medal for the Best Battalion Shot.

1938-1940

The following year again brought honours to our College. No. 7 Platoon of our College once again won the Most Efficient Platoon Cup. The Chandavarkar Cup for the Best Shot in the Battalion (among recruits) was won by Cadet V. S. Rajahansa of our College with the very exceptional score of 97 out of a possible 100. The Battalion that year created the rank of a Cadet Regimental Sergeant Major, the highest Warrant-Officer rank for a Cadet in the U. T. C. and the honour of providing the first Cadet for this rank came to our College. Cadet C. S. M. Bhide of our College became the first Cadet R. S. M. of the Battalion.

The Third Platoon

Our College had long been clamouring for an additional platoon, if not a full Company. We were given an additional platoon in 1925, but subsequently this was given over to other Colleges and our College continued to have only two platoons till 1940 when a 50 p. c. increase in the U.T.C. establishment was sanctioned by the Government. The new platoon of the College designated as No. 7 A actually started its parades in July 1940, in anticipation of official sanction. Prof. D. B. Ranade who had "served his time" efficiently in the U. T. C. for four years, while a student of this College, was put in charge of this new platoon. He got his Commission in November, 1940.

Major Karmarkar Commandant

The year 1940 will be remembered as a memorable year in the annals of our College. Our Principal R. D. Karmarkar was appointed to be the Commandant of the first Bombay Battalion U. T. C. (I. T. F.) and became 'a Major.' Major Karmarkar is the first Indian to command this battalion. Major Karmarkar started his military career as a private in the I. D. F. in 1919. When the U. T. C. was formed out of the I. D. F. he was appointed Jamadar and Hon. Second Lieutenant. He was promoted Subedar and Hon. Lieut. in

1925. He received his Senior Grade King's Commission in 1928 and became a Captain in 1935. After passing through all the stages of military life starting from a private, he has risen to the highest position—that of the Commandant of the Battalion—truly a great and well-deserved honour to himself and to our Sir Parashurambhau College !

The College Platoons

Our College now possesses three platoons, No. 7 under Lt. Kanitkar, No. 8 under 2/Lt. Ranade and No. 9 under Lt. Dabadghao—all belonging to the "B" Coy. The present C. S. M. of the "B" Coy., C. S. M. Grant was for sometime a student of this College. C. Q. M. S. Jagade is a pucca Parashuramian. The three platoon Sergeants are Sgt. Gunye, Sgt. Deo and Sgt. Sapatnekar respectively. The College now looks forward to an independent Company of its own and let us hope that the day is not far when we shall have it.

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1 Ex-officers of the College Platoons :—

1. Prof. Deodhar D. B. 1919—1921 in I. D. F.
1921—1927 in U. T. C.
2. Prof. Patwardhan V. P. 1926—1928
3. Prof. Naralkar N. G. 1919—1920 in I. D. F.
1926—1935 in U. T. C.
4. Principal Bhagwat V. K. 1928—1937
5. Prof. Chafekar G. N. 1933—1937

The last two are now attached to "D" Coy. Bombay.

2 Some Ex-warrant officers and Sergeants :—

	Sgt. Joshi V. K.
	„ Joshi V. N.
R. S. M. Bhide V. M. 1938-1939	„ Patankar S. R.
C. S. M. Nadkarni	„ Keskar V. N.
„ Gopujkar	„ Gogate H. S.
„ Sholapurkar R. Y.	„ Shidhaye N. M.
„ Humnabadkar	„ Bhagwat V. B.
„ Bawale V. T. 1934	„ Panse V. D.
„ Gohad R. V. 1935 and 1936	„ Apte M. V.
„ Nagpurkar P. B. 1939	„ Apte S. V.
C. Q. M. S. Ranade 1929	„ Jog G. S.
„ Gosawi S. B. 1930	„ Deo M. G.
„ Deo B. G. 1931	„ Mirashi V. D.
„ Kaulgud 1934	„ Phatak M. R.
	„ Karandikar C. V.
	„ Gohad G. V.

**3 Some Cadets from our College who have won distinctions in the Battalion :
Shooting :—**

1. Pte. Joshi—Top Scorer in the Bn. 1927.
2. C. S. M. Humnabadkar D. T.—Best Bn. Shot 1931.
3. Cdt. Surpur R. R.—Best Bn. Shot 1937-38.
4. Cdt. Cpl. Rajahansa V. S.—Best Bn. Shot (Recruits) 1938-39.

Wrestling :—

1. Cdt. Mohite S. R.—Won all three maces at Camp Koregaon
1932-33.
2. Cdt. Cpl. Kulkarni V. V.—Won the Light wt. mace for three years
in succession from 1935 to 1938.
3. Cdt. Cpl. Kondhare—Won the Heavy wt. mace 1937-38.
4. Cdt. Saraf V. B.—Won the Middle wt. mace 1939-40.
5. Cdt. Abhinkar—Won the Heavy wt. mace 1940-41.
6. Cdt. Choudhary V. B.—Won the Bantam wt. also the most Scientific wrestler 1940-41.

Boxing :—

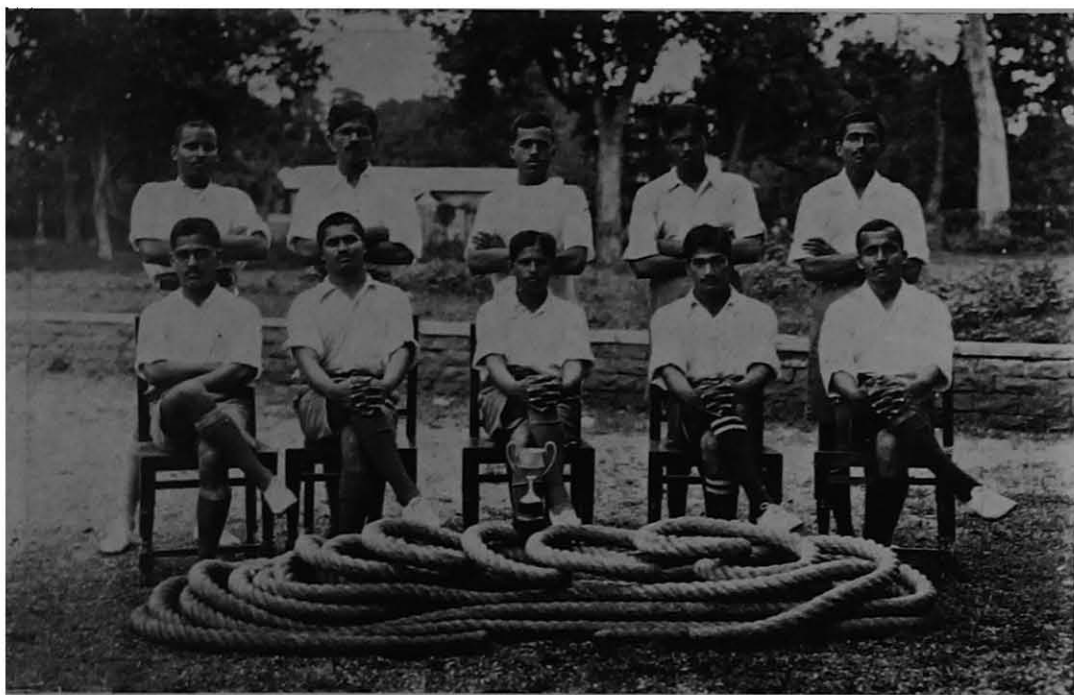
1. Cdt. Cpl. Deo V. A.—Won Light wt. Belt 1936-37.
2. Cdt. Cpl. Agashe S. V.—Best Loser Cup 1935-36.
Feather wt. Belt 1936-37.
3. Cdt. Joshi C. K.—Best Loser Cup 1940-41.

Other events :—

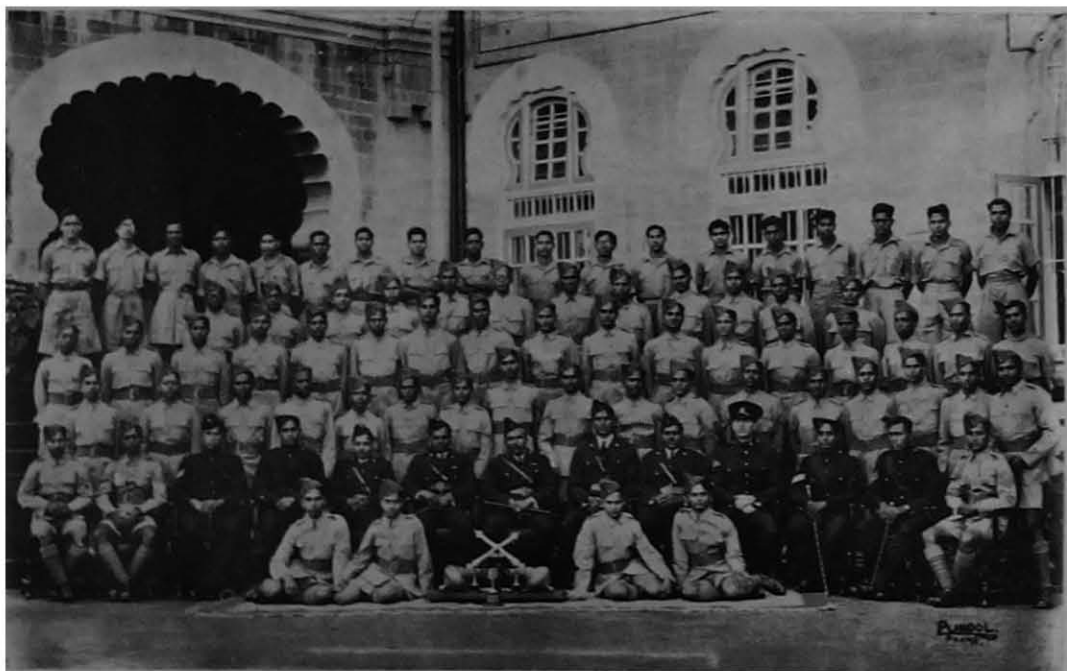
1. Sgt. Ranade— all rounder 1929.
2. Cdt. Bhopatkar— „ 1933-34.
3. Sgt. Apte M. V.—Running events.
4. Sgt. Apte S. V.— „
5. Sgt. Jog G. S.— „ and jumps.
6. Cdt. Gholap — „
7. Cdt. Cpl. Navare—Boxing and all rounder.
8. Cdt. Akolkar—Running events.

4 Selected to commissioned ranks in the Army:—

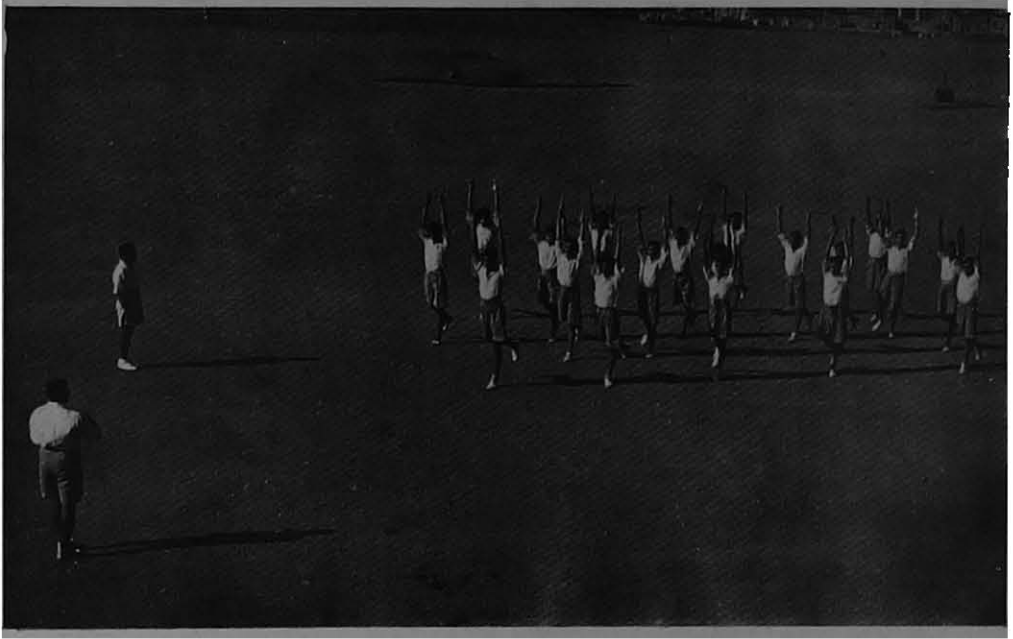
1. Major S. P. Thorat-Patil
2. Mr. Bhide V. M.—First Cadet R. S. M. in U. T. C. Now an officer
in the Indian Air Force.
3. Mr. Sholapurkar R. Y.—Now Major, on war service.
4. Mr. Gupte H. V. (B. A. class 1936)—Now Capt. in R. A. I. S. C.
5. Mr. Wad (J. B. Sc. 1938)—Officer in the R. I. Navy.
6. Mr. Bapat S. V. (F. Y. 1935)—Completed Training at Mhow now
attached to Army Signal School, Poona.
7. Mr. Natu P. N. (P. T. Organizer 1938)—Now Capt in R. A. I. S. C.
8. Mr. Chitnis S. N.—Now Lt. in Rajaram Infantry, Kolhapur.



S. P. COLLEGE TUG OF WAR TEAM 1929-30



U. T. C. GROUP 1939



MORNING P. T.



MORNING P. T.

After eight years of inactivity the University was roused to move again in the matter in the year 1937-38 and this time Physical Training (P. T.) was made compulsory for the undergraduates in all colleges affiliated to the University, beginning with the F. Y. students of that year. Under this scheme every student had to attend P. T. for three days during the week. It is of course realised that three turns of P. T. during a week are certainly not enough, but this would, it is hoped, create in the minds of students a love for out-door life, and impress on them the importance of exercise in making them 'fit' physically and mentally for the strenuous life afterwards: 'A sound mind in a sound body'.

In our College the P. T. is under the direct supervision of Prof. D. B. Deodhar and Prof. U. K. Kanitkar. Their enthusiasm is catching; and the sight of the P. T. batches, taking their exercise, in the early hours of the morning on the College grounds, is an inspiring one.

To the P. T. classes started in 1937-38 came to be added another class for the second year students both Arts and Science in 1938-39. The number of batches of male students was twelve i. e. double the earlier year's number. Lady students in these classes, who numbered 127 were divided into seven batches. Their drills were arranged on alternate days. Fridays, however, presented a very attractive scene when all the batches used to be called to perform their drill simultaneously.

Two years of successful and efficient organization of the physical training in our College has created in our students the proper spirit and enthusiasm that is necessary to make them 'physical-education-minded.' Students now respond to the P. T. parades willingly, they take these parades as regular classes held in the bright morning sunshine under the roof of the blue sky and there is every reason to believe that the word 'compulsory' will lose its sting in the near future.

The medical authorities of the Board of Medical Examination of the University of Bombay state in the annual report that "The physique of the male students is remarkably improved as noticed by the improvement of their chest measurement." This is really encouraging to us and we will work hard to bring about all-sided improvement.

In the year 1939-40 the number of batches of the male students was 19. Lady students who numbered 163 were divided into seven batches. The total number of students attending P. T. Parades was 725. The attendance was very good. A special athlete batch, which has been recently started, will, let us hope, produce budding athletes who will bring honour and glory not only to themselves but to the Alma Mater.

It is no exaggeration to say that Prof. U. K. Kanitkar is the moving spirit of the whole organization and he has taken to it as a mission of his own, to be worked out under the guidance of Prof. D. B. Deodhar.

The Civic Guards and our College

The outbreak of the present war increased the pressure of work on all the departments of the Government of India. As a result of this, the Police in the country were faced with very heavy work and an emergency arose which made it necessary for the Government to provide for the constitution of a corps to assist the Police in carrying out some of this increased work. An ordinance issued by the Government of India (viz., ordinance No. VIII of 1940) empowered the Provincial Governments to constitute a corps which was named 'The Civic Guard'. Such bodies came into existence in all Provinces by August 1940.

The Collector and the District Magistrate of Poona appointed as a part of the War effort, a "Civic Guard Committee" for the constitution of the Civic Guard. Prin. R. D. Karmarkar was appointed as the Chairman of the "Civic Guard" Committee. The District Magistrate in consultation with the Committee, formed the "Civic Guard Corps" for the City of Poona, and placed it under the Command Coy of Prin. R. D. Karmarkar. His long experience in the U. T. C. as Commander and now as the Commandant, enabled Major Karmarkar to set matters on right lines with the help of Prof. D. G. Karve of the Fergusson College who is the Asstt. Commandant of the corps. "The Poona Civic Guard" consists mostly of educated persons coming from different professions and having a high social status. Besides Prin. Karmarkar, Prof. S. K. Kulkarni, Mr. Raje of the Biology Department and Mr. Abhyankar, library clerk from our College have joined the Civic Guard corps and have been doing this honorary work enthusiastically.

Under the able guidance of Prin. Karmarkar and Prof. D. G. Karve "The Poona Civic Guard" has become an ideal to similar bodies elsewhere. H. E. the Governor and high Government officers have spoken very highly of the "Poona Civic Guards" and their work.

CHAPTER XII

Our Magazine and College Library

1. Our Magazine and its Editors :

Even in 1916, when our College was just started, the importance of the magazine, in the life of a college, was recognised ; for, it is an official organ and a journal of the activities of the College from day to day. It has also an important educational aspect, as it encourages the students to cultivate their literary talents and helps them to express their hopes, aspirations and dreams.

If one just turns the pages of the old numbers of the New Poona College Magazine—a very pleasant thing in itself—one would find how well the history of the College is reflected in its pages ; and how things struck the contemporaries. Of course, one soon learns to read between the lines—the official version, or the version by those whose sympathies are too much engaged cannot be the whole truth. The editorials, in particular, are marked by a spirit of idealism and enthusiasm. For a historian of the College, their value is simply great. As regards the articles, we are struck by the fact—often expressly pointed out, by editor after editor—that the students of our College do not take kindly to writing in English. Hence, the articles in English are very often heavy, academic ; while, from year to year, we find a good level maintained in the Marathi section. Many of the young writers have, in course of time, established themselves now as writers of repute. In the very first number, we find articles by Prof. N. S. Phadke and Prof. Datto Vaman Potdar. Prof. R. V. Oturkar—then a student—has characteristically an article on the writing of History.—“ आमच्या देशाचा इतिहास आमच्या लोकांनीच लिहिला पाहिजे.” Mr. S. L. Karandikar, too, is discovered in the earliest numbers. Sane Guruji is one of the stalwarts. Quite a long list of writers—poets, novelists, and others—whose writing first saw the light of the day in the Magazine is printed by Prof. Naralkar, in the March number of 1928 and if a similar list is made to-day, it will be surprisingly long.* It seems that literary faculty—particularly the faculty for creative literature—is discerned early ; and given some encouragement, it will make itself felt, during the college career of the writer. Hence, the responsibility of the editor, and the corresponding power to benefit the younger generation, is great, indeed. I think, it could be said to the credit of our College Magazine that it has played an honourable part in encouraging young talent to find itself.

* See आमचे साहित्यिक.

It is very interesting to suggest that on an occasion like the present if a selection of the most striking and characteristic passages of editorials, poems, and articles from the issues of the Magazine for the last twenty-five years, be made it will, indeed, be a delightful little volume. It will include many pieces which made a stir then, and have still a peculiar value for the past students of our College. It will include among other things various portraits of the College Staff, drawn at various intervals. But the task of selection of representative material would indeed be an unenviable one.

Naturally, with each editor, there is always some change—either in the policy and method of editing, or in external matters. Despite such slight changes, the broad features of the Magazine have remained the same; only the emphasis is different, which may reveal, consciously or unconsciously the Editor, or the prevailing ideal. We are too near the times, and any such generalization, however subtle, stands in great danger of being contradicted not only by facts, but even by a reference to the individuals! All the editors except one, are still living; and all but two are still actively connected with the Mandali.

Editors

The first editor was Prof. Gopal Krishna Gokhale, and the first number (English P. 1-42; Marathi P. 1-16) was published in November 1916. The surprising thing is that in the English section, there is no article by any student; but this is redeemed by the fact that the pages were open to professors of other Colleges like Prof. R. D. Ranade of the Fergusson College, or Prof. S. V. Sowani. To-day, we would be surprised if such a thing were to happen; and yet, who can doubt the wisdom of the step, or the courtesy of it? The Magazine received its first shock immediately; for, the editor Prof. Gokhale could not, on account of his domestic calamity, resume his work for the second term; and the work was entrusted to Prof. R. P. Sabnis. He continued to edit it from March 1917 to February 1922; and as he held the office for full five years, he could lay down the broad features for a long time to come. There used to be two numbers in a year; and the number of pages was, English 48 and Marathi 48. Then, from August 1922 to March 1926, it was edited by Prof. R. D. Karmarkar. Under his editorship, the Magazine became a quarterly, and two numbers were issued in the first term, and two in the second. Each number was usually one of 64 pages; and the pages for English and Marathi were approximately equal, the English section having occasionally a few pages more than the Marathi, as it had to find space for the reports, etc. Then the next Editor was Prof. N. G. Naralkar who edited it from August 1926 to January 1930. Without fear of contradiction, it may be remarked that the Magazine flourished during his regime. He brought to it an enthusiasm of his own, had the knack to inspire a number of students to write, and on the whole, he made the Magazine a living thing. Prof. Naralkar introduced many new features—particularly the Old Boys'

Corner,—which helps to keep the College in touch with the students who have achieved some thing, and who are naturally proud to be noticed by the College. It is not that it is a new idea, but the enthusiasm, and the spirit in which it was conducted mattered most ; and it had a hearty response. On the whole, the editor's is a thankless job, but, the example of Prof. Naralkar is a heartening one, for it shows what part an editor can play in the life of the students, and how far-reaching would be his influence.

From August 1930 to March 1932 Prof. M. S. Godbole was the editor. 'Sir Parashurambhau College Magazine' now became 'Parashuramian'. Prof. Godbole's period of editorship saw the College passing through a period of trial. The subdued yet resolute tone with which Prof. Godbole wrote his editorials then represented the spirit of the Mandali to work with a faith न हि कल्याणकृत् कश्चित् दुर्गतिं तात गच्छति. Soon after, Prof. H. V. Tulpule was entrusted with the work (August 1932) ; and he carried it on for two years.

The present editor—Prof. B. D. Sattigiri—was then selected for the work in 1934, and with a break of two years, when Prof. Dandekar was in charge, he has been the editor. During his regime, the Magazine came to be issued, like the magazines of almost all—and now, of all—Colleges, without exception—twice a year. Among other arguments, those which counted most with him and his Committee, including Principal Karmarkar, an ex-editor, were the economic one, that the Colleges cannot afford to publish four decent-sized numbers ; and, it was an unnecessary strain on the Editor and the contributors. To some, it may appear a retrogressive step, but it was taken after long deliberation, and that, too, by men who had experience of editing the Magazine, four times a year. The step has, so far, been found to be a correct one.

As regards the section in Kanarese, it was long felt that a few pages should be assigned to the other Vernacular, as there is a considerable number of those whose mother tongue it is. Hence, a liberal policy was adopted ; and a students' representative is co-opted for the Kanarese section since August 1934. The Kanarese section has maintained a respectable standard. Hindi articles have also been occasionally contributed, Mr. V. M. Kolhatkar, our Librarian being perhaps the most enthusiastic contributor.

The present policy is that the members of the staff, and particularly the junior members of it are asked to contribute to the English section. The English section, still, does not receive a good response from the students ; for they feel more at home, in their mother-tongue. Hence, the number of pages assigned to the Magazine are so divided as to give Marathi the majority of pages. The work of editing is assigned to the students' elected representative, who is assisted in this work by one of the Fellows of the College. The students' representative manages the department under the supervision of the editor.

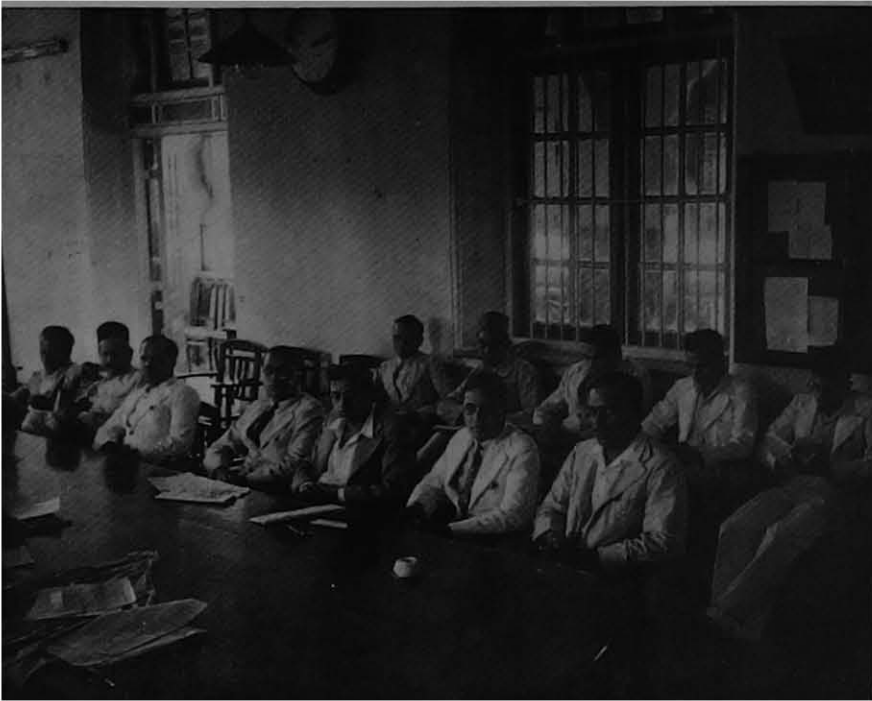


SCENES

IN THE



STUDY-ROOM



. OUR COMMON ROOM



Library Staff with Prof. H. V. Tulpule, in charge of the College Library.

The annual subscription of the 'Parashuramian' is Rs. 1-8-0; but our past students can become its permanent subscribers by paying a compound subscription of Rs. 15.

Thus reviewing broadly the institution of the Magazine for the last twenty-five years, one would not be charged with self-complacency, if one were to say that it has played its part honourably. It may not have been at its best for all these years; but, with all human institutions, where everything is changing, it is bound to be so. Much depends on the editor, but not everything; for he has to depend on the contributors, and even these change from year to year. At no time, in the past twenty-five years could it have been said that the Magazine had fallen below the level of Magazines of other colleges, or that it was untrue to its traditions or the ideals with which it was started, or which it must uphold.

Its possibilities are not exhausted; and it is for the coming generation to scale greater heights, and keep its flag flying!

A List of Assistant Editors is given below :—

Name	Year
Mr. N. B. Paradkar ; Miss Chandra Karnatki	1925-26
„ B. V. Sudumbrekar, B. A.	1926-27
„ V. S. Tilak, B. A.	1927-28
„ V. S. Vaze, B. A.	1928-29
„ D. G. Kulkarni, B. A.	1929-30
„ C. G. Joshi, B. A.	1930-31
„ D. M. Hatvalne, B. A.	1931-32
„ V. B. Satvekar, B. A.	1932-33
„ M. V. Kashikar, B. A.	1933-34
„ P. D. Kulkarni, B. A.	1934-35
„ D. B. Kulkarni, B. A.	1935-36
„ D. G. Koparkar, B. A.	1936-37
„ V. B. Konnur, B. A.	1937-38
„ S. S. Khanvelkar, B. A. and D. B. Erande, B. A.	1938-39
„ B. M. Vani, B. A. and D. K. Sant, B. A.	1939-40
„ V. M. Kulkarni, B. A.	1940-41
Miss Leela Vaidya, B. A.	1941-42

College Library

The ground-floor hall of the College Library holds the main portion of the library and the first floor is the study-room for students, open for fourteen hours from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. during the working days of the College. It is kept open for a few hours even during the vacation. A steady effort during the last 25 years to store and preserve whatever is best in literature and science, has enabled the College authorities to bring together 37,000 volumes in the library. More than Rs. 1,37,000 have so far been spent on this collection, of which any college may be proud.

The library has a history of its growth and development. On page 21 of the S. P. Mandali's Report of 1916-17 we read "Mr. H. N. Apte, a great literary scholar as he is, loves books passionately and has a fine collection of them on a variety of subjects ; but his love for the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya, out of which this College has grown, has proved so overpowering that he has readily parted at our request with his dearly loved books-friends and presented them to us. Mr. Apte's debt is too great to be requited. His name will remain permanently associated with our College Library. During the year under report, the College spent about Rs. 1,500 on buying books urgently needed and the whole collection is worth more than Rs. 5000".

To this stock of books Dr. V. S. Ghate, an old alumnus of our N. M. V. High School and Messrs. M. S. Phadke and G. W. Sane added their quota.

The start was promising. During the next six years, the College spent nearly Rs. 23,000 on purchasing books on English literature, History, Politics, Philosophy and other subjects. The library was then in charge of one of the office clerks who did the work during the leisure hours. He was unable to carry on the duties of a clerk and a librarian simultaneously and the administration could not, therefore, be very satisfactory. An experienced librarian became a necessity and in Mr. V. M. Kolhatkar they got the person they needed. He took over the charge of the library in the year 1922.

Larger and larger amounts have been spent, since then on the purchase of books with the result that our library can compete with any existing college libraries in Poona. The special feature of our library is the mathematics section, which was highly equipped by Principal Shah. The science courses were started in 1927 and books on Physics, Chemistry, and Biology came to be added to the library. Nearly 1000 volumes on educational topics were purchased in 1939 for the T. D. course. These books have now been transferred to the Tilak College of Education.

The amount of Rs. 1,37,365 spent over the library since its commencement, does not include salaries paid to the clerks or the menials working in the department. Part of it is spent in subscribing to various journals, literary, scientific and educational. Successive numbers of the journals are preserved well-bound in a book form.

During the last twenty years or so we have received nearly fifteen hundred or more volumes from the well-wishers of the College as free gifts. Among these donors stand prominently Mr. S. G. Dravid, Mr. G. P. Bhandarkar, Mr. Kirtane, Sardar Dajisaheb Natu, the late Sardar Panse, Mr. H. R. Bhagwat, Mr. S. R. Date and Mr. G. B. Divakar (who gave nearly five hundred volumes in memory of his son, the Nātyachhatākāra Divakar). Most of these books are valuable additions to our College collection.

The cupboards in our library are so arranged as to leave sufficient space for having small cabins for professors and other members of the teaching staff to sit at ease and read quietly. There are in all fourteen such chambers equipped with electric lighting and suitable furniture.

To begin with, Mr. Kolhatkar was the only person in charge of the library and he had to look after every thing. Later he was given an assistant. But the work soon outgrew the capacity of two men. When the studyroom was thrown open to students from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. fresh additions had to be made to the staff. The result is that there are now six men working in the library.

Of these six persons, one looks to the numbering, accession work and making of the index slips. He also looks after the accounts of the library. The second is entrusted with the work of issuing and receiving books, while the third performs miscellaneous duties such as typing notices, making lists of books from time to time, arranging the index slips in alphabetical order and inserting written cards in their proper places. The remaining three library assistants are solely in charge of the studyroom. Though Mr. Kolhatkar and his assistants are not academically a highly qualified staff they have the imagination to see and the readiness to serve. One of the assistants, Mr. Divakar recently received training in library work under Mr. T. D. Waknis, the Curator of the Baroda Central Library.

The present library building has cost Rs. 35,000 and covers an area of 4,000 sq. ft. approximately. The sitting accommodation in the study-room is for 200 students; separate arrangement being made for lady students. The study-room presents a delightful sight, particularly in the months from January to March when silence reigns supreme in the hall packed with students reading with perfect concentration for their examination.

The organizers of the library are conscious of the improvements yet to be made. It is necessary to prepare a classified catalogue of books on different sub-topics of a subject. It is equally necessary to prepare a topical classification of articles appearing in different journals. We have no doubt that Mr. Kolhatkar and his staff would apply themselves to the work and make the library still more useful to the professors and students.

A beautiful picture of Saraswati, the Goddess of learning is kept in a prominent place and it has been our practice to hold the puja ceremony annually on the sacred Dasara day.

Before concluding we pay our grateful tribute to the memory of the **Late Sir Shapurjee Broacha, Kt.** who gave us a munificent donation of Rs. 20,000 as far back as 1923 for a Library Hall to be named after him.

The average daily attendance of the study room since its inception is given as under :—

Year	Daily average attendance.	Total No. of students in the College.
1926-27	21	446
1927-28	41	574
1928-29	44	636
1929-30	42	724
1930-31	59	576
1931-32	85	682
1932-33	129	677
1933-34	150	808
1934-35	180	985
1935-36	237	1087
1936-37	173	944
1937-38	173	881
1938-39	202	989
1939-40	230	1184
1940-41	204	1276

Members of the College staff in charge of the Department during 1916-1941.

1916-1922	Prin. V. G. Apte.
1922-1926	Prin. N. M. Shah.
1926-1930	Prof. L. G. Lele.
1930-1933	Prin. R. P. Sabnis.
1933 onwards	Prof. H. V. Tulpule.

CHAPTER XIII

Miscellaneous

Our Lady Students

The record of our lady students is highly creditable. Out of the total 1741 Arts Graduates as many as 129 are ladies. Three of them had the proud privilege of securing class I, Miss Madhumalati Dhopeswarkar (now Mrs. Apte) (Mathematics), Miss Krishna Paranjpe (Phy. Che.) and Miss Leela Vaidya (Philosophy). Thirty-one got honours at the B. A.—7 in English, 6 in Sanskrit, 5 in Philosophy, 6 in Marathi, 4 in History and Eco. and 3 in Mathematics.

Thirteen lady students took their M. A. from this College. Amongst them the achievement of Miss Kamala Ukidwe (now Mrs. Tilak) is of outstanding quality. She secured class I with English as her principal language. It is a very rare distinction which so many Ellis scholars at the B. A. fail to secure at their M. A. She has also made a mark as a distinguished writer in Marathi. Miss Yamu Bhate (now Mrs. Herlekar) got class II in Mathematics and also secured the Mankar Scholarship. Mrs. Daya Patwardhan also passed her M. A. in class II with English and is now working as lecturer in Education in the S. P. Mandali's Tilak College of Education. At the B. Sc. special mention must be made of Miss Krishna Paranjpe who this year secured class I with distinction in Chemistry. Miss Maina Paranjpe got a second class in Physics, and then proceeded to England for higher studies and is now a Professor of Physics in the R. I. S. Bombay. By carrying off prizes and scholarships at University examinations (vide tables on pages 26-30) our lady students have considerably enhanced the prestige and reputation of their Alma Mater. In the field of sports too, they have distinguished themselves by capturing several cups and trophies in the Inter-collegiate Tournaments.

Though several others failed to obtain class credentials in their academic career, in after life they have achieved a position for themselves by their work and ability. Miss Chandra Karnataki and Miss Vijaya Ghate, both M. A., B. T., T. D. are teachers with a very high reputation in the Huzur Paga Girls' High school. Miss Ratna Bendre is the Superintendent of the Kanya Shala, Poona. Miss Shanta Nasikkar, B.A. is a well-known novelist while Mrs. Muktabai Dixit (Lele), M. A., the winner of the Tarkhad prize is a gifted Marathi ' Sahityika '. Miss Kamal Tulpule (now Mrs. Bhagwat) and Mrs. Laxmibai Vaidya have taken to politics. Miss Shanta Bhalerao is an active worker in the Trade Union Movement. Miss Kaveri Chaudhari (now Mrs. Potnis), B.A., LL. B. occupies a responsible position as a Government servant in the legal department of the secretariat. While she was a student in the College in the

B. A. class, she out of her great love for the institution, collected in small bits, contributions to the permanent funds of the Mandali, to the tune of Rs. 500. Several others are working as competent teachers in different high schools.

* * *

Hostels

One of the sound conditions of affiliation laid down by the University is that a College should be equipped with hostel accommodation for as many students as possible, particularly for those that have to live away from their home. The purpose is obvious. The University seeks to influence the life of a student not only during college hours but even outside. In 1916 when the Sir Parashurambhau College, then called the New Poona College, was started 'Bapu Mehendale' Wada in the Sadashiv Peth was hired and it used to serve as residential quarters for our students. The Wada could accommodate about 25 students, and Prof. D. R. Gharpure was appointed as the Rector of the Hostels. The University accepted these arrangements as they were only temporary.

Next year i. e. in 1917 Wadekar's Chawl near Lakadi Bridge was hired for this purpose. It was far away from the College building which was then in the Budhwar Peth. But this inconvenience had to be put up with, as there was no other suitable building available in the immediate vicinity of the College. This new building could accommodate about 50 students. Prof. Gharpure continued to work as Rector upto 1920. Prof. Haribhau Tulpule was appointed in his place and he continued to hold the office until Prof. V. P. Patwardhan took over the charge from him in the year 1926-27.

By the beginning of the academic year 1927-28 the Hostels were shifted to their present building on the Baba Maharaj Grounds. Then, only the north wing was built at a cost of Rs. 63,000 and could accommodate about 60 students. Most of the rooms in this building are single-seated. The rooms are well-ventilated, decently furnished and properly fitted with lighting arrangements. Two separate buildings for messing, a sufficient number of bathrooms, urinals and latrines are built at a little distance from the main building. Thus equipped, the hostels have become a fine place to live in.

The first club is known as the Apte Club, named after the first Principal. Subsequently another club—the Ideal Club—was started, and a few days later, some of the Gujarati students opened a Gujarati club and named it the Shah Club after Prin. Shah. The messing halls are built with every possible convenience and comfort. On both sides inside the mess-rooms, there are raised seats on which the members sit for their meals. Both from the point of view of convenience and cleanliness the idea is unique.

Before the College occupied these grounds, they were used as agricultural land. Again, in the beginning there were no proper drainage arrangements. Prevalence of Malaria was a natural consequence. Subsequent arrangements and precautions have however practically stamped out the evil. Our thanks are due to Dr. V. R. Dhamdhere, our Residency doctor for the useful suggestions that he made from time to time to achieve this result.

Prof. S. V. Dandekar was the first Rector of the new block in the year 1927-28. He was succeeded by Prof. T. B. Hardikar, the very next year. Prof. G. G. Paldhikar worked as Rector from 1929 to 1931 when Prof. Hardikar was re-appointed. In 1932 Prof. S. V. Dandekar once again became the Rector and held that office upto 1935.

In course of time as the accommodation was found to be too scanty, a new east wing was constructed by the end of May 1934 at a cost of Rs. 27,000. It consists of 27 single rooms each measuring 11' x 8'. Our hostels now provide accommodation for 87 students.

In 1935 a few bungalows were built on the College premises for the use of some of the professors. As Prof. Dandekar was residing in the city proper and as it is advisable for the Rector to live in the vicinity of the hostels, he resigned his post by the end of the academic year 1934-35. During his term of office Prof. Dandekar was in close and constant touch with the students who in turn had very affectionate feelings towards him. At the time of his retirement students organized a function, and presented an address and a silver cup to Prof. Dandekar as a token of their high esteem for him. Prof. Dandekar gave the cup to the College Debating Union. The cup designated as Prof. Dandekar Cup is awarded every year to the best Marathi debator.

Prof. Chafekar succeeded Prof. Dandekar and remained in office until 1937, when he was transferred to the Ramnarain Ruia College. His place was then taken by Prof. B. D. Sattigiri who has continued to be the Rector of the Hostels since then.

This year there is only one club, conducted by the students and the other is conducted by a contractor, Mr. Risbud. The rent for a single room is Rs. 30 per term and for a double-seated room Rs. 25 per head, per term. To students with academic distinction, rooms are given free of rent at the discretion of the Principal. The average student here incurs a yearly expenditure of about Rs. 500 to Rs. 600. For the hostelites, arrangements are made for playing volley-ball, tennis, teni-koit and ping-pong. The College gymnasium is situated very near the Hostels. Thus the Hostels afford excellent facilities for the pursuit of study, health and social life. No student should miss them if only he could afford them.

The Mandali proposes to add a new west wing to the Hostel-building. This wing will be parallel to the east-wing and will accommodate the same number of students. Three of the rooms on the ground floor will be converted into a common Lounge-hall. The ping-pong table and the newspaper stands will be kept here and two daily news-papers, one English and one Marathi, will be subscribed for the benefit of the students.

Ladies' Hostels

The Ladies' Hostels were first started in 1934. The block then built accommodated about 12 students, the cost of erection being Rs. 16,350. The arrangements here are on the same lines as those of the Boys' Hostels. Subsequently, 10 more single rooms were built at a cost of Rs. 8,500 and again six more at a cost of Rs. 5,600. The accommodation is still found to be inadequate. About four lady-students had to be accommodated this year in the common hall of the Hostels and six more in the Professor's bungalow No. 5. The Mandali now intends to increase the accommodation considerably by adding a new wing to the Ladies' Hostels. Mrs. Sumitrabai Kerkar, wife of the Vice-Principal, has been working as the Resident Warden of the Ladies' Hostels since 1937.

* * *

Sir Parashurambhau College Office Staff

Mr. D. K. Bapat, Head Clerk of the College has been doing office work since the very foundation of the College. Even before 1916, he was in the employment of the Mandali as the Head Clerk of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya. He is a shining example of a loyal devoted servant who has completely indentified himself with the institution, and its fortunes. In fact, he knows more about the College, and its growth and the vicissitudes through which it has passed during the last twenty-five years than many a Life-member of the Mandali. He is a man of amiable temperament and deservedly enjoys great popularity with all students in the College.

Mr. V. B. Kapade, our second clerk is a person of unassuming manners ever ready to do any work that he is called upon to do, to the best of his ability. Himself a sportsman since his school days, he has always taken a keen interest in the affairs of the College Gymkhana. He has put in 23 years of service in the College.

As the routine work of the office increased, a third clerk Mr. S. V. Dhamankar was taken up in 1927. Mr. Dhamankar is a Matriculate and a past student of the N. M. Vidyalaya. He was transferred to the R. R. College in 1937 as Head Clerk.

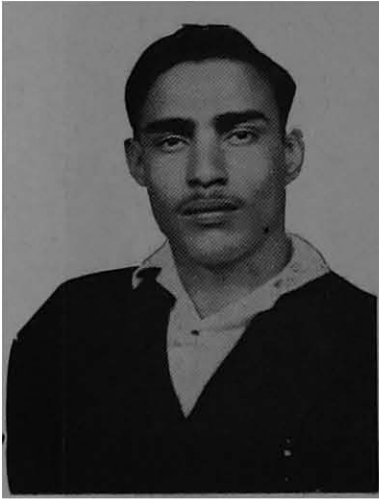


Girls (Ladies' Hostel)



S. P. College Post Office and S. P. Book-Stall

OUR ATHLETES



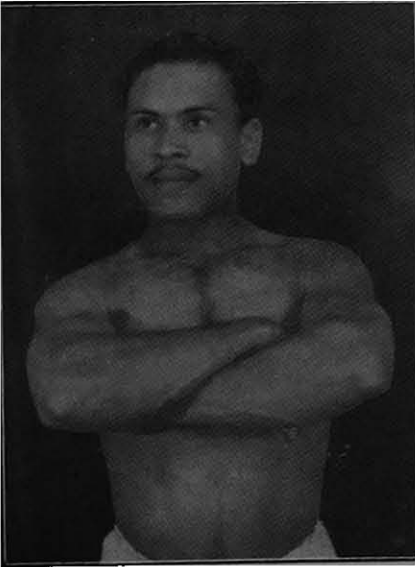
Mr. G. S. Joag
Winner of the Individual
Championship, 1937



Mr. R. D. Purohit
Winner of the Individual
Championship, 1936



Mr. S. R. Mohite
Winner of the Three Maces
in U. T. C. Sports



Mr. Z. P. Marwadi, B.A.
Winner of the prize for Body-Beautiful
and Light Weight Champion



Miss Tara Deodhar, J. B.Sc.
Winner of several prizes in
Badminton & Tennis tournaments



S. R. Patankar
Khokho Champion at the age of 33

Mr. A. B. Janapandit, B. A. is a past student of the College and has recently been permanently recruited to the clerical staff. He is a promising hardworker and will, it is confidently expected, shoulder the responsibilities of the post of the Head Clerk when the present incumbent, Mr. Bapat retires.

Mr. S. N. Tikhe, is the fourth clerk in the office. He is a good typist and knows short-hand also. He is a conscientious worker.

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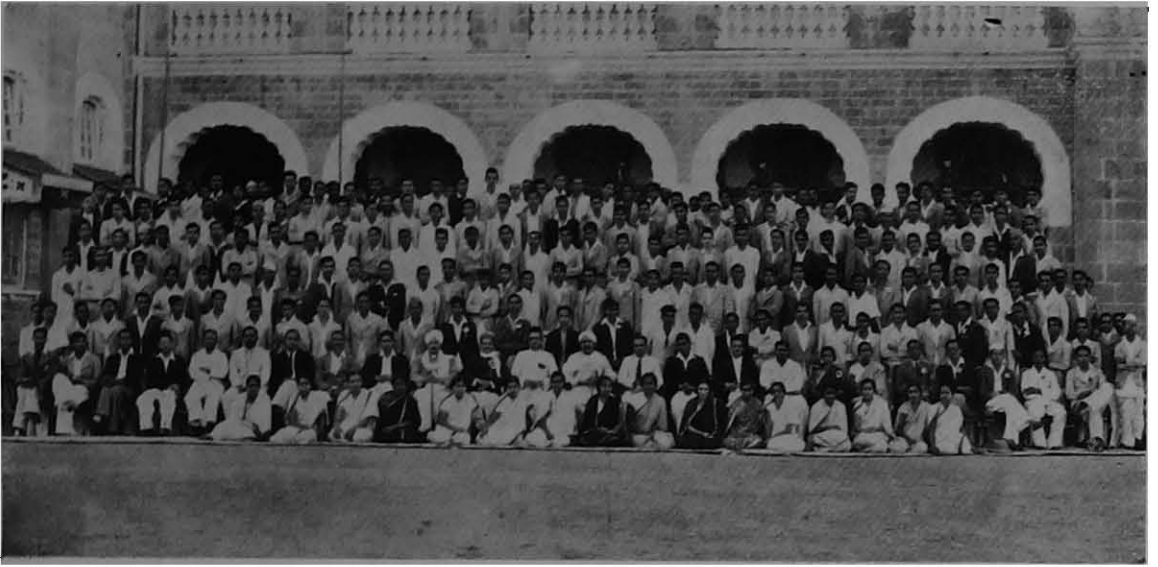
The Professors' Common-room

The Professors' Common Room is situated on the first floor of the west-wing of the College building.

As we enter the hall we see a grand and lifelike portrait of the late Dr. Sir R. G. Bhandarkar, the first Chairman of our Mandali. Opposite to it stands in equal grandeur, the portrait of Mr. V. G. Apte, the first Principal of our College. On either side of these there are a good many other portraits amongst which stand prominently the pictures of the late Lokmanya, of Haribhau Apte, the donor of books to our Library and of Principal Shah. A stately portrait of His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson also appears there. It was His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson at whose hands were performed the three memorable ceremonies of our College viz., those of laying the foundation-stone, opening the building after its completion and renaming, in 1923, 1927 and 1928 respectively. Underneath the portrait of Prin. Apte there appears a picture of H. H. Shrimant Appasaheb, the Rajasaheb of Jamkhandi and the President of our Mandali. The Common Room is provided with a long round table and a number of chairs around it. This arrangement is meant for our professors and other members of the teaching staff to sit together during their leisure hours. They read here the daily newspapers and other periodicals. In this very hall, are held the meetings of the Board of Life-members of our Mandali, as also the meetings of professors from time to time. On the southern side of the hall, there are four or five big wooden shelves with some 500 books, mainly reference books. On the western side of the hall a part of the verandah is enclosed, which serves as a tea-room for the staff. Here you will find the professors and other members of the teaching staff discussing both light and serious topics of the day over their tea, during the recess. In the verandah on the other side a professor or two will be seen talking or discussing problems with students during the recess. Students of our College have always an easy access to their professors and this ensures a close contact between the teachers and the taught. This practice is helpful to many a student who might be too nervous in a big class. On the southern side of this hall, there is an extensive terrace which is often used for "At Homes."

Our Social Gatherings

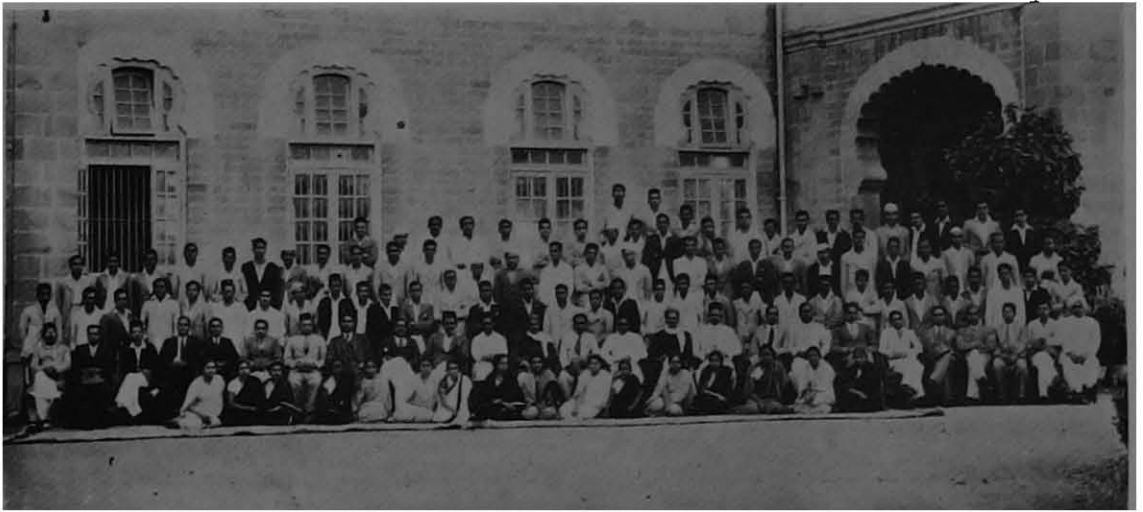
Serial No.	Year	Guest of Honour	Chairman	General Secretary	Drama	Special Feature (if any)
1	1916-17	Prof. G. C. Bhate	Prof. G. P. Patwardhan	N. H. Natu	सवाई माधवरावाचा मृत्यु	
	1917-18	No gathering was	held on account	of the epidemic	of influenza.	
2	1918-19	Hon. Mr. J. G. Covernton, Director of Public Instruction	Prof. H.V. Tulpule	N. B. Ranade	एकच प्याला	A public performance by our College actors was given in aid of A. V. Griha, Poona.
3	1919-20	N. C. Kelkar, Esq.	Prof. H.V. Tulpule	K. G. Ranade	तोतयाचें बंड	The Late Lokmanya graced the occasion by his presence.
4	1920-21	Prof. D. K. Karve	Prof. N.G. Naralkar	V. K. Joshi	भावबंधन	
5	1921-22	Prin. Wilkinson	Prof. D.B. Deodhar	V.V. Dixit, B.A., Fellow of the College	हाच मुलाचा बाप	
6	1922-23	M. R. Jayakar, Esq., M.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law	Prof. V. P. Patwardhan	D. P. Joshi	प्रेमसंन्यास	
7	1923-24	M. A. Jinah, Esq., Bar-at-Law	Prof. M.S. Godbole		मायेचा पूत	
8	1924-25	Dr. Annie Besant	Prof. M.R. Paranjpe	S. B. Damle	पुण्यप्रभाव	Lady students hold a 'Purdah' gathering.
9	1925-26	K. M. Munshi, Esq.	Prof. D. V. Potdar	V. S. Nazare & G. G. Kulkarni	विचित्र-लीला	
10	1926-27	His Holiness Dr. Kurtkoti	Prof. T. B. Haridkar	S. K. Behere	सवाई माधवरावाचा मृत्यु	Lady students stage a few scenes from हाच मुलाचा बाप.



Annual Social 1939



Drama Group 1939
The boys and girls stage their dramas separately



Annual Send off to the Senior B.A. & B.Sc. students 1939



Contributors to the Parashuramian 1939-40

11	1927-28	Rev. Prin, Mackenzi	Prof. S. V. Dandekar	D. M. Damle	एकच व्याला	
12	1928-29	Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru	Dr. V. K. Bhagwat	V. R. Bhide	संशयकलोल	
	1929-30 1930-31	No gatherings were	held in the years	1929-30 & 30-31		
13	1931-32	Sir M. Vishweshvarayya	Prof. H. V. Tulpule	R. N. Kamat	बेचंद्रशाही	
14	1932-33	Justice Sir Govind Madgaonkar, Kt.	Prof. G. L. Pophale	P. Y. Dixit	हाच मुलाचा बाप	Performance of an English Drama and Khadi exhibition.
15	1933-34	Dr. B. S. Moonje	Prof. G. N. Chafekar	R. G. Tikekar	साष्टांग नमस्कार	
16	1934-35	Sir Vithal Narayan Chandavarkar, Kt., Vice-Chancellor	Prof. J. N. Karve	Trymbak Godbole	उसना नवरा	The drama was staged in the Assembly Hall
17	1935-36	Prin. N. M. Shah	Prof. B. D. Sattigiri	V. R. Gokhale	लमापूर्वी Written by Mr. B. N. Machave College Student	
18	1936-37	J. M. Mehta, Esq., Bar-at-Law	Prof. B. V. Bhide	K. D. Bhave	सडाष्टक (by boys)	
	1937-38	No gathering	was held in 1937-38.		हाच मुलाचा बाप (by lady students)	
19	1938-39	Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Member	Prof. W. M. Dabadghao	R. V. Kulkarni	वार्ताविहार (by boys)	Lady students won the Altekar Trophy for the best amateur performance
					स्वयंसेवक (by lady students)	
20	1939-40	Prin. D. R. Gadgil, D. Litt.	Prof. H. V. Tulpule	P. T. Kulkarni	सत्तेचे गुलाम (by boys)	
					घराबाहेर (by lady students)	Dinner is totally dropped
	1940-41	No gathering was	held in 1940-41.			
21	1941-42	Mr. B. J. Wadia, Retd. High Court Judge	Prof. N. D. Godbole	D. H. Bedekar	सडाष्टक (by boys)	
					सोन्याचा कळस (by lady students)	

Our Stage

From the table of ' Our Social Gatherings ' one can easily see that our students have usually shown the right type of enthusiasm in coming forward as amateur actors. There are at least a few amongst our past and present students who have shown special genius in this histrionic art.

Amongst these, we may include the names of Messrs. W. T. Apte, Nerlekar, Vaidya, Baburao Gokhale, and Mr. (now Lt.) H. V. Gupte. Nor can it be said that our lady students have been in any way inferior. The fact that they were the first to win the Parshwanath Altekar Trophy in an open competition is a sufficient proof of their ability. And with their gift of a sweet voice they have always scored an advantage over our boys. The names of Miss Shanta Manerikar, Miss Susheela Vaidya and Miss Kusum Gupte deserve special mention.

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Hindi Bhasha Premi Mandal

The question of opening a Hindi centre in our College came up for consideration by the end of 1937 and a meeting was held under the presidency of Prof. Dabadghao. Thus the Hindi Bhasha Premi Mandal came into being with Principal Karmarkar as its permanent president, and Prof. Dabadghao, as its working president, while Mr. V. M. Kolhatkar was voted the vice-president and Mr. P. P. Patwardhan and Miss Anusuya Bhagwat the joint secretaries. Prof. Dabadghao found in Mr. P. P. Patwardhan, a S. B. A. student an enthusiastic worker for the spread of Hindi in the College. Soon after the formal opening ceremony of the Mandal at the hands of Shrijut Ram Naresh Tripathi of Allahabad, a renowned writer and poet, Hindi classes were started. The examination results have been on a par with those of other Hindi teaching institutions of Poona. During the last four years, 122 students were sent for the various examinations of the *Wardha Hindi Prachara Samiti*. Of them 97 have come out successful. This is the fifth year and it is hoped that students will come in large numbers for the August examinations. The teaching work has been entrusted to Mr. V. M. Kolhatkar, our Librarian, and Miss Sindhu Apte (now Mrs. Sarvamangala Gokhale) a S. B. A. student. Miss Sindhu Apte and Mr. V. A. Sangave passed their *Rashtrabhashakovid* examination last year and have worked since then as joint-secretaries of the Mandal. The Mandal is thankful to Messrs. V. M. Kolhatkar, P. P. Patwardhan, G. S. Apte, D. G. Dandekar and Mrs. Sarvamangala Gokhale for the honorary services rendered by them in conducting Hindi classes.

The fee for membership of the Mandal is *only annas four* a year and the tuition fee *annas six only* per month. Students can very well prepare for the examinations in Hindi without their losing precious time meant for the University examinations.

A number of lectures in Hindi were arranged during the last four years, prominent amongst them being those of Shrijut Vaishampayanji, Prof. Varmaji, Prof. Potdarji, Miss Mainavatidevi Mate and Rao Saheb Patwardhan of Nagar. Two outings were arranged, one to Ambavada in the Bhore State and another to the Government Botanical Gardens, Kirkee and students, boys and girls, enjoyed them.



RAMNARAIN RUIA COLLEGE, MATUNGA

Association for the Promotion of Hindi.



हिंदी भाषा प्रेमी मंडळ

CHAPTER XIV

S. P. Mandali and Sister Institutions

S. P. Mandali, Poona

Objects

The Shikshana Prasarak Mandali was registered as a Society on 5th February 1888 with the following objects :—

- (1) To popularise and cheapen education.
- (2) To start private schools.
- (3) To take existing ones under its supervision.
- (4) To encourage Marathi literature.
- (5) To found Marathi instruction on a sounder footing.
- (6) To adopt such other measures as might seem desirable for carrying out the above-mentioned objects.

Accordingly, it took over the management of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya which had been started five years earlier on the 1st of January 1883 by a body of vernacular trained teachers determined to devote themselves to the cause of education, taking bare maintenance wages only.

The following are the names of the founders of the Mandali :—

1. D. S. Karambelkar, Esqr.
2. K. B. Dongre, Esqr.
3. B. A. Sinkar, Esqr.
4. R. B. Kulkarni, Esqr.
5. B. S. Nimkar, Esqr.
6. R. G. Deo, Esqr.
7. N. G. Lagu, Esqr.
8. B. G. Karandikar, Esqr.
9. H. R. Sahasrabuddhe, Esq.

Institutions conducted by the Mandali

Gradually, the Primary School ripened into a full High School and in 1914 it appeared that the time was ripe for starting a new College. On 14th June 1916, the opening ceremony of the New Poona College was performed when the Mandali had the good fortune of welcoming Lord Willingdon the then Governor of Bombay. In 1926 the New Poona College was shifted to its present imposing buildings and in 1928 the College was renamed Sir Parashurambhau College in acknowledgment of the munificent gift of the Raja Saheb of Jamkhandi. The College became a first grade College both in Arts and Science the same year.

To foster the study of the ancient Vedic learning, particularly Mimamsa, a Mimamsa Vidyalaya was started mainly due to the untiring efforts of the late Kinjavdekar Shastri. In this Vidyalaya daily rites and rituals of the ancient Rishis are faithfully performed every day. The Vidyalaya has been doing good research work.

In 1918, a Secondary School in Sholapur was taken over for management by the Mandali. It is named 'the Haribhai Deokaran High School.' The school has been making steady progress since then and it has now nearly 1360 students on its rolls.

Since 1933, the Mandali had been thinking of starting a first grade college in Bombay proper. The idea came to fruition in 1937, when the Ramnarain Ruia College came into existence, thanks to the generous response of the enlightened public of Bombay in general and the Trustees of Ramnarain Harnandrai Charitable Trust in particular. During its short period of existence the College has made a name for itself and is attracting students from all quarters. Its present strength is nearly 1300. Prin. V. K. Bhagwat and his colleagues must be complimented on achieving such brilliant success in such a short time.

The Mandali has never been oblivious of the one-sidedness of a purely cultural and liberal education as imparted in colleges. To remedy this defect, the Mandali started a School of Commerce in 1933. The School prepares students for Government Diploma and Certificate examinations in Commerce. The school is now known as the Institute of Commerce. The Institute owes its present flourishing condition to the untiring enthusiasm and work of Prof. N. G. Naralkar.

In 1936, the Mandali started a school of Radio Physics and Electronics, to popularise the study of Radio Technique. The school owes its origin to the initiative of Prof. B. B. Deshpande who has specialized in Radio Technique.

During the year 1940, an important stride in the expansion of the activities of the Mandali was taken. A Secondary Teachers' Training College has been started on the premises of the S. P. College. This College has been named as 'Tilak College of Education' after the Late Lokmanya Tilak in gratitude of his help to the Mandali. Prof. M. R. Paranjpe, a veteran educationist of Poona, is appointed as its Principal.

The Mandali desired to start a Commerce College to prepare students for examinations in Commerce. We were fortunate in finding in Seth Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, a sympathetic and benevolent donor, to carry out this project. He has donated a good building for this College. To acknowledge this handsome donation, the Mandali has named this College "Ramniranjan Anandilal Podar College of Commerce".

Constitution

The management of the Mandali is vested in the Board of Life-members and the Managing Council. The members of the Managing Council are elected from the Patrons, Benefactors and Fellows of the Mandali. The day to day

administration is carried on by the Board of Life-members, while proposals of a permanent nature are referred to the Managing Council.

The Board of Life-members consists of Life-members who are elected by the Board by a majority of four-fifth of Life-members and approved of by the Managing Council. Before a person is enrolled as a Life-member, he is required to sign a pledge promising to work in the institutions of the Mandali for not less than twenty years in conformity with the objects of the Mandali.

In addition to the Managing Council, there is a General Body which consists of Patrons, Benefactors, Fellows and Life-members. A detailed report of the working and progress of the Mandali and its various institutions with their accounts, duly audited by certified auditors, is published annually and presented to the General Body.

The total assets of the Mandali, in the form of Buildings amount to over 20,00,000 Rs.

Some figures

Name of the Institution	STAFF			Total	Number of Students on rolls	Annual Expenditure
	Per- manent	Semi- Per.	Tem- porary			
						Rs.
S. P. Mandali ...	1	...	...	1	...	88,000
S. P. College ...	21	...	25	46	1276	200,000
R. R. College ...	19	...	26	45	1329	242,500
N. M. V. High School ...	30	25	30	85	2200	109,500
H. D. High School ...	26	12	9	47	1360	75,000
N. M. V. Marathi Shala	10	9	9	28	780	18,000
Institute of Commerce ...	1	...	3	4	80	8,250
Mimamsa Vidyalaya ...	1	...	...	1	5	1,260
Tilak College of Edu- cation ...	1	5	6	12	115	30,450
R. A. Podar College ...	1	...	12	13	180	41,000
Total ...	111	51	120	282	7325	8,13,960

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Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya, Marathi Shala, Poona

About sixty years ago to commemorate the memory of the late Vishnu Shastri Chiplonkar, a few Marathi teachers started a Marathi School to give better Marathi education to the children of Poona.

For over 30 years the Marathi Shala and the High School were one institution. About 25 years ago separation was effected and the two institutions came to be known as Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya, Marathi Shala and Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya, High School respectively.

The School has by now taught two generations in Poona. Many a parent every year seeks admission to the school for his son or daughter and feelingly refers to the school as it was when he himself was reading there. There are probably half a dozen families in Poona—at present with the grandfather, father, and son all alumni of the Marathi Shala. It has built up a glorious tradition and old boys of the school have grateful memories of the days of Kulkarni, Lagu and Dongre or Apte, Lele and Potdar. Some of the Professors of the S. P. College are old boys of this school.

A special feature of the school from the very beginning has been the attention paid by the school to the handwriting of its children. The school also takes the fullest advantage of its fine premises and devotes special attention to the physical well-being of its pupils.

No school worth the name with the present scale of fees of the N. M. V. and the meagre grant paid by the Local authority can be self-supporting and the N. M. V. is what is called, a deficit-institution, the expenditure of the Mandali on the School every year being much more than the receipts.

The Mandali however, are aware that the Marathi Shala is the basis of their huge but beautiful structure and have been ungrudgingly paying the deficit year after year. Further than this, the Mandali have been spending thousands of rupees to expand and beautify the building of the school.

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N. M. V. High School, Poona

The N. M. V. High School presented its first batch for the Matriculation Examination in 1896; the total number was just eleven but it was truly a formidable 'eleven', for not only did all the eleven pass but one of them the late Dr. Ghate, besides winning the much-coveted first Jagannath Shankarshet Sanskrit Scholarship, stood first in the University. Starting under such bright auspices, it was no wonder that in the course of the next few years, the school had a hundred matriculates of its own, year after year. The New Poona College was a legitimate fulfilment of the persistent demand of the N. M. V. Students.

Befitting an elderly sister institution, the N. M. V. placed its premises, its best talent and even its Superintendent at the disposal of this new institution and paved the way to set up noble and worthy traditions. The College, in its turn, lent part-time services of its professors to the School and in 1926, all its spacious buildings were made available to the School. This enabled the School to provide a number of amenities to its staff and students and to carry on its scheme of expansion. To-day, with its 53 classes and 2180 pupils, the N. M. V. stands easy first in the entire Province.

Mere quantity alone is not and has never been the strength of the N. M. V. It has always held a high place in University results; on several occasions it has won academic honours; it has many a triumph to its credit in the field of sports and other extra-curricular activities; its reputation is built on sound foundations; it has a highly qualified staff, mostly drawn from its 'Old Boys' bound by ties of affection and its students have a distinct patriotic turn of mind. To-day, its highly qualified staff, its special Library department, its free medical aid, its Summer vocational classes, its labour camps, and above all its unique Supervisor system of individual attention to pupils, have earned for it a place of pride as one of the leading schools of the Province.

These achievements have been secured inspite of adverse circumstances; the fees are much lower than those of Government Schools, while the number of concessions in fees is much higher; the Government grant received is as low as Rs. 8/- per head and the expenditure is below Rs. 50/- per head, which is lower than the average for all aided schools in the Province.

The School is fast nearing its Diamond Jubilee Celebrations.

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H. D. High School, Sholapur

It was mainly at the instance of Mr. G. P. Shidore, a Life-member of the S. P. Mandali that the Mandali in 1918 resolved to take over the Apte School of Sholapur and run it as a high school of their own. Seth Hirachand Ramchand Gandhi of Messrs. Haribhai Deokaran and Sons, a well-known firm of bankers in Sholapur, came forward with a handsome donation of Rs. 27,000 which the S. P. Mandali accepted and decided to name the School as the Haribhai Deokaran High School.

Since its inception on 4-1-1918 the School, has had a record of continuous progress under a succession of able head-masters and has now got on its rolls 1366 students including 165 girls.

At present the School meets in a large three-storeyed building and a block of four rooms. An additional assembly hall has been recently built to

enable all the students of the school to assemble for various functions. The Assembly Hall, called the Mulay Sabha-griha, is an imposing structure. Very few schools in the whole Province of Bombay can boast of such a hall.

The school is adequately staffed with teachers most of whom are qualified and permanent and is well-equipped in respect of books, science apparatus and educational aids, such as the Magic lantern, the epidiascope, maps, pictures, lingua-phone records etc.

The spacious play-ground of the School with its swings, see-saws, roundabouts etc. just near the school, is made full use of by the pupils for playing Indian and English games, according to a fixed time-table. The physical training is looked after by five Kandivali-trained teachers. There is a gymnasium, too, well-stocked with all the necessary appliances. Over and above this, there are scout-troops and an Ambulance Corps that extends its beneficent activities even to Pandharpur at the time of the Ashadhi and the Kartiki Fairs.

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Mimamsa Vidyalaya, Poona

In 1918, on the recommendation of the late Lokmanya, the College took on its staff the late Saraswati-Bhushan Wamanshastri Kinjavdekar as a Shastri. Wamanshastri had set his heart on starting a Mimamsa school and he succeeded in persuading the S. P. Mandali to start such a school in 1924. He undertook the responsibility of collecting funds and soon a separate building very near the College was constructed with accommodation for the school, the library, the fire house and even quarters for the Agnihotri. Wamanshastri was appointed the first Superintendent, in which capacity he worked till his death on 16-10-1939.

The chief purpose of the Mimamsa is the elucidation of Vedic texts. It has elaborated rules of interpretation of texts which are universal and of permanent value. These rules are not confined to the interpretation of Vedic Texts only, but are applicable to Dharmashastra as well, and serve as a guide in determining the every-day religious observances of the people and their civil rights and duties in various matters such as inheritance, adoption etc.

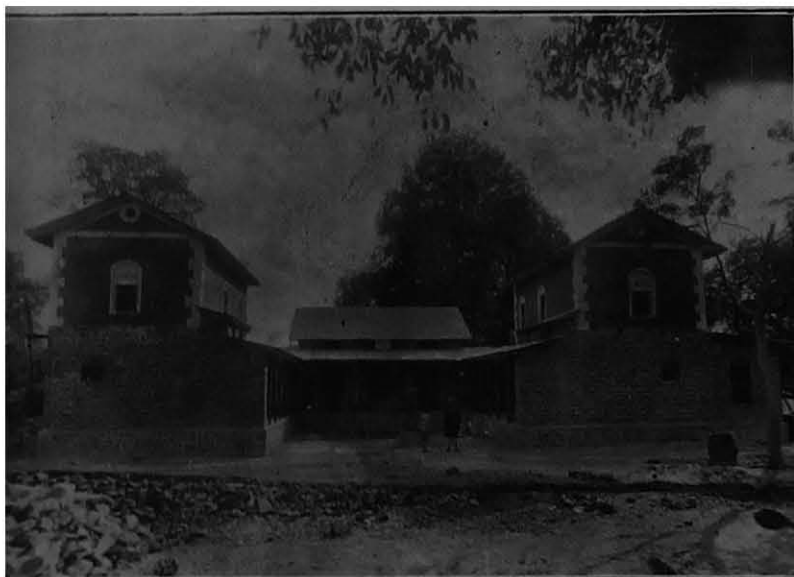
The Library of the Vidyalaya contains some rare books from the collections of the late Prof. Jinsiwale presented by the Kesari Trustees, a few manuscripts presented by Sardar Jagannath Maharaj Pandit and rare sacrificial implements.

The school is grateful to Seth Purushottamdas Jeewandas and Seth Mathuradas Khimjee for creating a trust of Rs. 21,000 the interest on which is utilized for maintaining the Agnihotra in the school. Prof. D. V. Potdar has continued to be its Managing Trustee from its very inception.

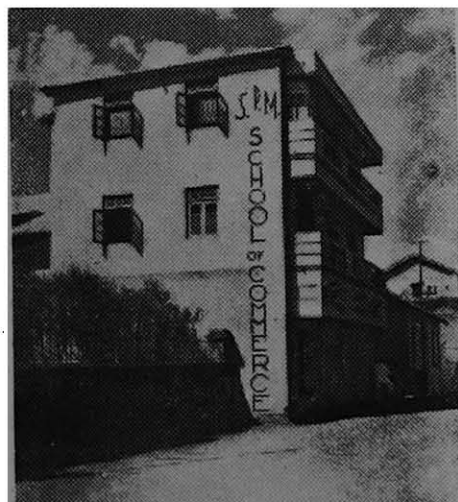
H. D. High School, Sholapur



Mimamsa Vidyalaya



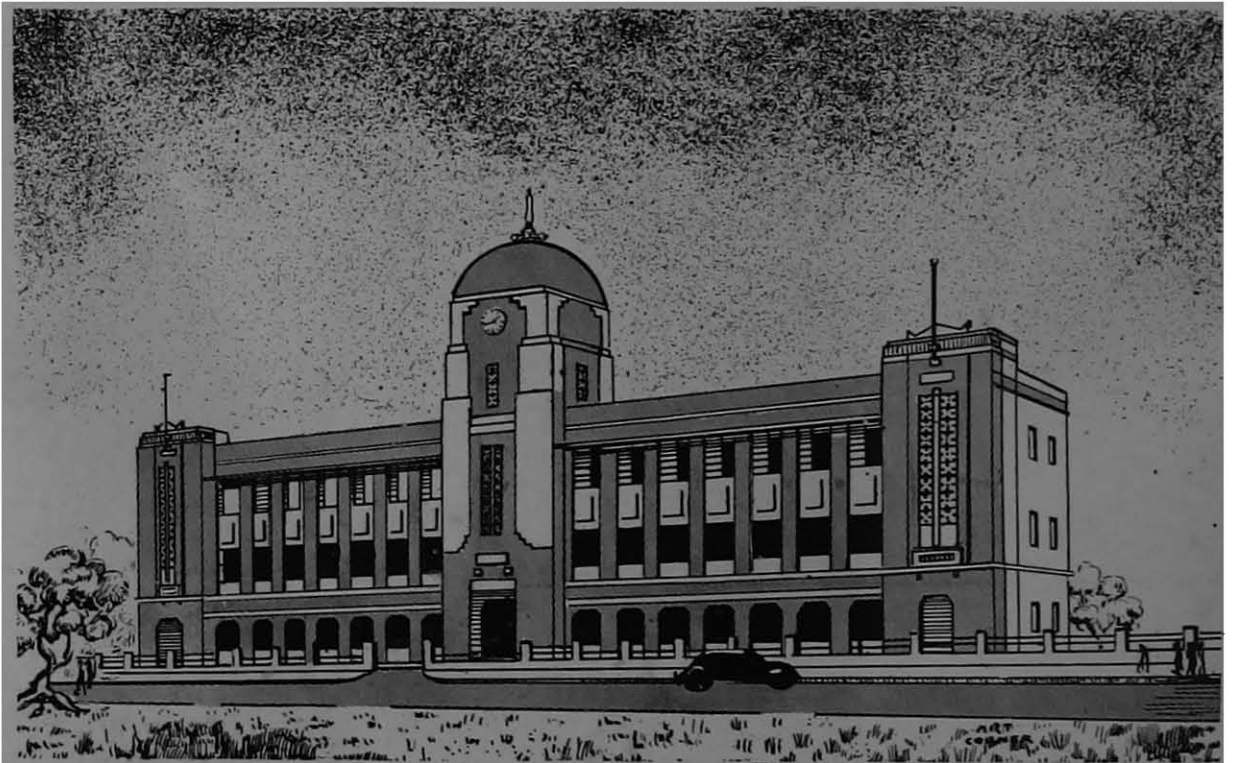
S. P. Mandali's School of Commerce



Tilak College of Education, Poona



R. A. P. College of Commerce. Matunga



In 1924, the University of Bombay prescribed Mimamsa as one of the optional subjects at the M. A. and the school undertook the work of bringing out an edition of Shābar Bhāshya. The undertaking was completed in co-operation with the Anandashram Trustees.

Shrimant Babasaheb Ichalkaranjekar has given a donation to the Mandali to institute a prize of Rs. 125 to be named after the late Dr. Nana-saheb Deshmukh and to be awarded to the candidate who takes Mimamsa at the M. A. So far four students, Messrs. S. A. Shukla, A. D. Pusalkar, M. V. Kashikar, and R. N. Gadre, have offered Mimamsa as an optional subject at the M. A.

The Late Narhar Raoji Beedkar of Kalyan handed over a sum of Rs. 6000 to the Mandali, the interest to be utilized to meet the expenses of the Ishti and the Beedkar anniversary (17th April).

The Vidyalaya is a child of the late Wamanshastri. He moved all over India, enlisted the sympathy of Maharajas and other rich persons and collected all the money spent on the school so far.

Since the death of Wamanshastri, the Secretary of the S. P. Mandali looks after the school with the help of Mr. Tambe Shastri.

* * *

S. P. M. Institute of Commerce, Poona

(Formerly known as the School of Commerce.)

The Institute was started in June 1933 with the aim of imparting commercial education and was initially housed in the N. M. V. High School, Poona. Higher commercial education of the University type is outside the scope of many students who wish to go in for the study of commercial subjects. For the benefit of such young men, therefore, the S. P. Mandali started this institution to prepare students for the Government Commercial Diploma and Certificate examinations in Commerce. The number of students was only 14 and classes in different subjects for these students were conducted in a small room in the N. M. V. High School, lectures being delivered by experienced professors at the S. P. College, Poona. Prof. N. G. Naralkar acted as the Superintendent.

The short course of one year was very much appreciated by students. The number of students reading for this course went on increasing. During the short period of four years the School made substantial progress and by 1938 the number of students was over 90. There was no space available for the expansion of the School and this was visualised by the authorities. The School was, therefore, shifted to its present premises ('Ramnivas', 947/A, Sadashiv) in June, 1938.

The School, after shifting to the new premises, has made good progress. Some changes were made in the staff. The number of students increased rapidly and went up to 140 by 1940 and 1941. The typewriting department of the School is its speciality. It has 13 typewriters of different makes. Instruction in typewriting is given free to all the students of the Institute, irrespective of whether it is their optional subject or not.

Prof. N. G. Naralkar, M. A., L. T., the father of the School, held charge of the Superintendship from the commencement till April, 1940, with an exception of a short period during 1935-36, when Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar acted as the Superintendent. Prof. Kolhatkar took charge of the Superintendship from 1st April, 1940. He was replaced by Prof. S. D. Bhave in 1941 when Prof. Kolhatkar was transferred to the Mandali's new Commerce College at Bombay. The name 'School of Commerce' was changed to 'Institute of Commerce' from 1st June, 1941.

The Institute is recognised by the Director of Public Instruction, Bombay Province, Poona, to prepare students for the Govt. Diploma Examination in Commerce and Govt. Commercial Certificate examinations in some subjects. It is also recognised for sending in students for the London Chamber of Commerce Exams. in Book-keeping, Accountancy, Commerce and Finance and Com. Arithmetic. The results of these examinations during the last eight years have been quite satisfactory, the institution always having the largest representation of its students at the said examinations.

In 1938 a new course of A. C. R. A. (Association of Corporation of Registered Accountants) was conducted and four students were sent up for the Association's examination. But these examinations held in India on behalf of a foreign body were withheld due to war conditions and as such the course was discontinued from the succeeding year. This year, (1941-42), another new course G. D. C. & A.—Government Diploma in Co-operation and Accountancy—is started and four students are reading for the said examination. The Institute is duly recognised for the purpose by the Chairman, Co-operation and Accountancy Diploma Board, Poona.

The authorities feel great pleasure to record the fact that the aim with which this Institution was started is completely fulfilled as all those who have completed their course here and have passed their examination are decently set up in life. The most important and vital problem in the life of a student especially of one in straitened circumstances is thus partly solved.

* . . . * . . . *

School of Radio-Physics and Electronics, Poona

Brief History

Universities were established in India with the principal object of giving a liberal type of higher education. It has now been realised by the Central and Provincial Governments and by the Public that disproportionate

School of Radio Physics and Electronics



Prof. S. V. C. Aiya,
B.A., B.Sc. (Bombay), M.A. (Cantab),
Professor-in-charge



Sanskrit Association 1940-41



CHAIRS : 3 Mr. Tambe Shastri, 4 Prof. Watve, 5 Prof. Deodhar, 6 Mr. P. K. Gode, 7 Prin.
Karmarkar (President), 8 Prof. Laddu, 9 Prof. Gore, 10 Mr. Erande, 11 Mr. Garge



Dr. P. G. Sahasrabudde, M. A., Ph. D.,
Our First Ph. D. in Marathi



Mr. R. N. Natu, S. B. A.,
Author, World History (in Marathi)

Some of our ' Gan-kokilas. '



Manik Dadarkar, Sumati Dharap, Usha Kauns, Kalindi Puntambekar, Leela Pathak

attention is being devoted to a purely cultural education. Attempts are being made to direct at least some of the matriculates to vocational institutions. Realising this, the *Shikshana Prasarak Mandali* decided in 1935 to make some beginning in giving vocational training.

Broadcasting is developing in our days at a very rapid rate and is bound to play an increasing part in the development of India. Besides, Radio-Physics and Electronics find increasing applications in Aviation, Geo-physical prospecting, Meteorological research, the Cinema Industry etc. So, the *Shikshana Prasarak Mandali* decided to open a *School of Radio-Physics and Electronics*.

Choice of Poona

The *Mandali* had to consider carefully the suitability of different places before it decided to choose Poona. The transmitting and receiving stations of the Indian Radio and Cables Communication Company are within a few miles of Poona. The Prabhat and Saraswati Cinetones provide the necessary attraction for Sound Recording. The head office of the Indian Meteorological Department is in Poona. Upper air investigations are being carried out by use of *radio sondes*, and the Poona Observatory provides a striking application of Radio Physics in Meteorology. The College of Engineering and the Engineering School are providing the necessary training in electrical and mechanical engineering. *Poona is undoubtedly one of the biggest educational centres in India and enjoys a very salubrious climate. Besides from the students' point of view, it must be emphasised that living in Poona is not as costly as in Bombay.* In view of all these considerations, it was felt that Poona would make a very good centre for "radio education" and the *S. P. Mandali* decided to open the School of Radio-Physics and Electronics in Poona.

Present Position

The School was opened in Poona in 1936 under the able guidance of Prof. B. B. Deshpande, B.A., B.Sc., D.I.C., D.I.R. (London), our Professor of Physics and a Radio specialist. In 1937 Prof. Deshpande was transferred to R. R. College, Bombay and Prof. S. V. Chandrashekhar Aiyar, B. A., B. Sc. (Bombay), M. A. (Cantab), B. Sc., Grad; I. E. E. (Eng.) was placed in charge of the School. Since then the School has rapidly progressed. It has got permanent recognition and also receives a Government grant. The number of students has gone up to over 45. The original intention was to give a highly theoretical training in Radio Engineering. In a year's time, it was realised by the *Mandali* that it would serve a more useful purpose if it reorganised the School so as to make the institution *less academic and more practical*. It has now been done and the courses have been specially planned to meet the requirements of the Radio Industry in India.

Recognition

The School is permanently recognised by the Committee of Direction of Technical and Industrial Training, Bombay Province, for purposes of the Examination it conducts in Radio Communication and by the Government of Bombay for grant-in-aid purposes.

The School is the *only* institution in Western India conducting a recognised *advanced* course in Radio Engineering for graduates.

Location

The School is located on the grounds of the S. P. College overlooking the Parvati Hills. A long spacious building away from big structures has been specially fitted up for electro-technical and high frequency work. There are four practical halls each over 400 square ft. and separate rooms for the transmitter, disc recorder, projector, telegraphy work etc. A large hall and adjoining verandah have been fitted up to serve as the workshop. The library of the School is housed in the spacious library building of the S. P. College.

Laboratory

The workshop has been specially fitted to enable the student to learn all that he needs in carpentry, wood and metal turning, coil winding, cutting, soldering etc. The radio servicing laboratory has the most modern precision instruments for servicing radio receivers, amplifiers etc. The servicing department of the School undertakes repairs of radio-receivers, amplifiers, microphones, loudspeakers, electrical instruments etc. As such, it is in a position to demonstrate the more common faults of radio and electrical apparatus and explain how they can be set right. This work is carried out by the School staff in the presence of students. Exceptionally proficient students may be permitted to do the work towards the end of their course.

The laboratory possesses meters and instruments of the latest types and there is a large stock of components like valves, resistances, condensers, coils, transformers, etc. of English, American and Continental makes. There are also a good many receivers, amplifiers etc. of different makes.

The training given in the laboratory is modelled on Western lines. Mechanical work is discouraged and attempts are deliberately made to develop the students' resourcefulness. One of the salient characteristics of a good technician lies in the fact that he rarely complains of lack of tools and appliances. If something is not there, he tries to improvise it. That is what the School tries to teach in the laboratory. The resourcefulness of the student is developed to the maximum possible extent.

Sessions and School hours

The academic year is divided for convenience into two terms as follows :

First term : 28th June to 18th October.

Second term : 8th November to 20th December.

3rd January to 4th April.

These are the regular terms of the School. Theoretical and practical work for all the courses is finished during this period.

The normal hours of work of the School are from 10 a. m. to 6-45 p. m. on all week days. The School does *not* observe *any holidays* excepting Sundays.

Course

The School provides two courses, each of a year's duration for Matriculates viz. (1) Wireless Telegraphy and (2) Radio Service Work. The fee for each course is Rs. 140/- per annum. Both the courses can be combined and taken in one year, the fee payable then being Rs. 170.

A course of a year's duration in Radio Communication and Servicing is provided for students who have passed the I. Sc. examination of an Indian University. The fee for this course is Rs. 200/- per annum.

A two-year course in Radio Engineering for graduates in Physics and Electrical Engineering of not more than a year's standing has been started since 1940. This is the most advanced type of training that students can think of in the subject. The School is the only Institution in the Province conducting a recognised course of this type. The fee charged is Rs. 200/- per annum.

Besides, the School admits students for the M. Sc. (Wireless) of the Bombay University by papers and by research.

Employment

It is a matter of great pride to the authorities to find most of their past students well-placed in life. The School does everything in its power to help its past students to secure employment or start independent business. Many past students are doing flourishing business as radio servicemen. Some are employed in Government Departments. Several of our students are in the fighting forces as technicians. Among them, mention may be made of Mr. J. Braganza who has just been selected for a Commission in the Signals.

* * *

The Ramnarain Ruia College, Bombay

By the beginning of 1932 and even before that some of the Life-members of the Mandali found Poona to be rather too small a field for them. It was then that the idea of establishing a new College at Bombay was conceived. But it had to be set aside due to a number of difficulties. By the beginning of 1936, however, the idea was taken up again, the Managing Council approved of it and a Committee of Profs. Bhagwat, Deshpande, Chafekar and Dandekar was appointed to see what could be done in that respect. Fortunately, the efforts of the Committee were crowned with success and Seth Ramnivas Ruia of Bombay, his mother and his brothers agreed to donate a sum of Rs. 2,00,000 in cash on condition that the College was named after the Late Ramnarain Ruia. The offer was accepted and the College named accordingly.

The Shikshana Prasaraka Mandali are the first to institute at Bombay a college run by a private Indian society. Due to the efforts and prestige of the Late Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole, the then president of the Managing Council, the Mandali could secure a very nice site for the College, open on all sides and lying midway between the two stations of Dadar and Matunga along the road joining them. The situation is very convenient. It is about five minutes' walk from either of the two railway stations. The plot was purchased from the G. I. P. Ry. at a price of Rs. 2,26,440.

The Mandali decided to build on this site a stately building for the College. The work began in January 1937 and was completed by June of the same year. The contractors Messrs. Dhondumama Sathe and Rangumama Joglekar and the architect, Mr. Patankar, deserve compliments for raising such a big building so satisfactorily in so short a period. The building expenses were Rs. 2,60,000 and the cost of other equipments amounted to Rs. 2,00,000. It should be particularly remembered that the donation is of Rs. 2,00,000 only. For the remaining expenses, the Mandali had to borrow loans.

Under the name 'The Ramnarain Ruia College', the College started its career on 20th June 1937.

In 1937-38 the first year of the College, the number of students was 267. Only the first two classes, the F. Y. and the Intermediate, both in Arts and Science were opened and it may be noted that admission for Science had to be closed. Since then the number of students has increased by leaps and bounds. The very next year full courses in Arts and Science were opened. The figures of the College-strength are :—

Year	1937-38	1938-39	1939-40	1940-41	1941-42
Strength	267	431	726	1106	1329

The figures demonstrate how acutely the need for a college was felt in these parts, and they give an indication of the confidence of the public in the management and the teaching staff of the College.

Besides the regular courses for the B. A. and B. Sc. degrees, the College affords a complete course for the Teacher's Diploma (T. D.). The internal administration of the College is on the same lines as those of her sister institutions. In Prof. V. K. Bhagwat the College has a very able Principal who is holding that post since the starting of the College.

* * *

Tilak College of Education, Poona

In August 1940, the Shikshana Prasaraka Mandali, Poona, resolved to start and conduct a Secondary Teachers' Training College in Poona and applied to the University of Bombay for the affiliation of the College for the B. T. Degree. In its meeting held on 24th January 1941, the Senate of the University resolved to recommend to Government that the proposed College

IN CHARGE OF SISTER INSTITUTIONS



Prof. B. V. Bhide, M. Sc.,
Secretary, S. P. Mandali, Poona



Prof. M. S. Godbole, M. A., B. T.,
Supdt. N. M. V., Marathi Shala, Poona



Prof. N. G. Naralkar, M.A., L.T.,
Supdt. N. M. V. High School, Poona



Mr. K. N. Pillay, M.A., J.L.B., T.D. (London),
Supdt. H. D. High School,
Sholapur



Prof. S. D. Bhawe, M. Sc.,
Supdt. S. P. M. Institute
of Commerce



Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar, M. Com., M.Sc.
(London), Prin. R. A. P. College
of Commerce, Matunga



Prof. M. R. Paranjpe, M. A., B. Sc.,
Prin. Tilak College of Education



Mr. Tambe Shastri,
Mimamsa Vidyalaya



Prof. V. P. Patwardhan, M. A.,
Supdt. S. P. Book-Stall

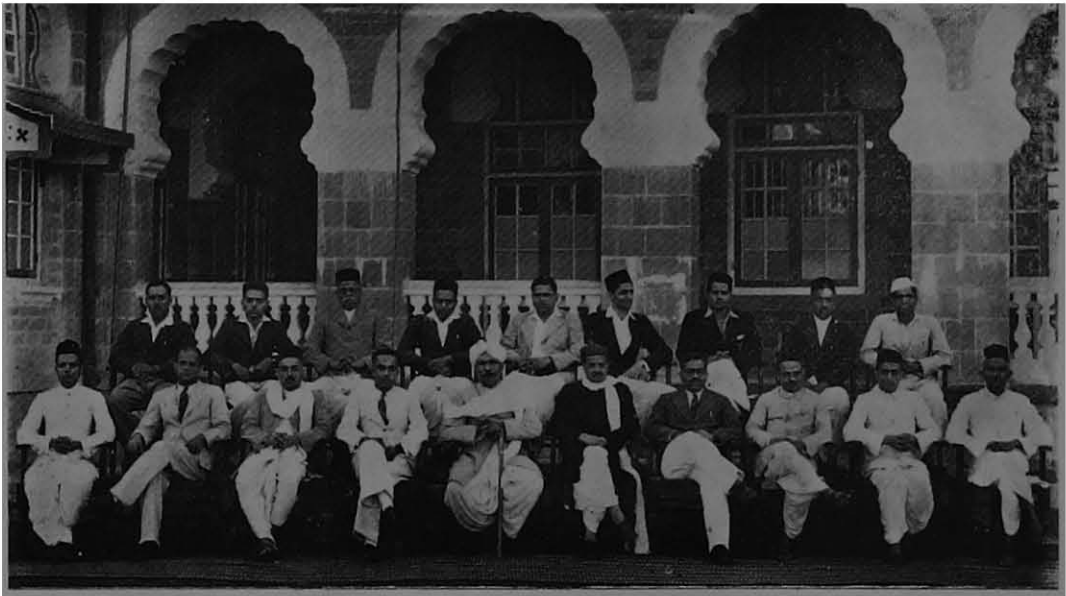
College Staff 1936-37



Standing :— 1 Mr. A. M. Ghatage, 2 Mr. R. D. Laddu, 3 Mr. D. B. Ranade, 4 Prof. B. B. Deshpande, 5 Mr. S. M. Mate, 6 Prof. W. M. Dabadghav, 7 Mr. K. N. Watve, 8 Mr. Hatakar, 9 Mr. Mavlankar, 10 Prof. D. W. Kerkar, 11 Prof. A. C. Ambekar, 12 Mr. S. A. Mahomed Jaffar.

Chairs :— 1 Miss Leela Wagle, 2 Prof. Chafekar, 3 Prof. Bhide, 4 Prof. Sattigiri, 5 Prof. V. P. Patwardhan, 6 Prof. Dandekar, 7 Prof. Tulpule, 8 Prin. Karmarkar, 9 Vice-Principal Dr. Bhagwat, 10 Prof. Deodhar, 11 Prof. Naralkar, 12 Prof. M. R. Paranjpe, 13 Prof. Bhawe, 14 Prof. Karve, 15 Prof. K. S. V. Raman.

Silver Jubilee Committee



1st Row :— 1 Prof. Kulkarni, 2 Mr. Katdare, 3 Mr. Kolhatkar, 4 Mr. Patke, 5 Mr. Bhawe, 6 Mr. Saraf, 7 Mr. Hingwe, 8 Mr. Bapat, 9 Mr. Patankar.

2nd Row :— 1 Mr. Kulkarni, 2 Prof. N. D. Godbole, 3 Prof. Dandekar, 4 Prof. Kerkar, Vice-Principal, 5 Prin. Karmarkar, 6 Prof. Tulpule, 7 Prof. Sattigiri, 8 Prof. Oturkar, 9 Dr. Khair, 10 Mr. D. P. Joshi.

be affiliated to the University, for three years in the first instance, and the recommendation was approved by Government in their notification dated 30-4-1941. The Managing Council of the S. P. Mandali resolved to name this College as the Tilak College of Education.

The College started work at the beginning of the year 1941-42, with Mr. M. R. Paranjpe, M. A., B. Sc., as its Principal in a building of its own in the South-West corner of the S. P. College grounds.

The students have to pay, for the year, Rs. 260/- for Tuition fee, Gymkhana fee and Library fee.

The library of the College of Education mainly consists of books on Education and allied subjects. For other books the students of the Training College have access to the library of the S. P. College. The library of the College of Education remains open on all week-days (excepting Sundays and Public holidays) from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M.

The Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya High School, Poona is used as the practising school for men-students. Women students have their Practice lessons in the D. E. Society's English School for girls.

For special method, students may choose any two of the subjects mentioned in the University Regulation 76 IV but at present provision is made for only one Classical language—Sanskrit, and only one Modern Language—Marathi.

* * *

Ramniranjan Anandilal Podar College of Commerce

The Shikshana Prasarak Mandali while starting the Ramnarain Ruia College in 1937, had announced that in the near future, they would undertake to start institutions for some kind of vocational training. In view of the ever increasing number of students seeking admission to the Commerce College in Bombay, the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali prepared a scheme for starting such a college from June 1941, and applied to the University of Bombay in August 1940 for affiliation of this College.

The Mandali were very fortunate in securing the generous co-operation of Seth Ramdeoji Podar and Seth Ramnathji Podar in their new enterprise. Seth Ramdeoji and Seth Ramnathji offered to the Mandali a generous donation of a building for housing the Commerce College. The construction work of the building was completed by June 1941.

The Senate of the University of Bombay (in their resolution dated 24th January 1941) recommended to the Government that the proposed College be affiliated to the University for teaching the Courses of study leading to the Intermediate Commerce examinations for two years in the first instance. Later, the Government of Bombay was pleased to sanction the affiliation given to this College by the University of Bombay.

The College is now housed in a spacious building facing west, situated on a plot of ground near the Ramnarain Ruia College belonging to the S. P. Mandali. It is a few minutes' walk from Dadar or Matunga station as well as from the Dadar Tram Terminus.

* * *

Students' Stores

'Educated people should patronise the products of their country' is a truism, which, unfortunately, has yet to be repeatedly taught in this country. Go where you will, you will hardly come across even a single business-house, dealing exclusively in genuine Swadeshi articles, particularly, in stationery.

The Students' Stores is an endeavour in educational idealism; during all the twenty-two years of its existence it has steadfastly followed two ideals: in stocks, nothing but Swadeshi goods and the management, from top to bottom, entirely honorary. An enthusiastic band of students drawn from the various institutions of the Mandali, particularly the S. P. College, is always available; many of these volunteers are brilliant students of high academic honours; many of them are wards of wealthy parents; the only common factor that binds all of them is a love for Swadeshi and a readiness to serve this cause selflessly. Since 1919 to-date, the total turn-over is nearly two and a half lacs of rupees, the annual average being well over Rs. 10,000/-. And all this is effected in an atmosphere of trust and sincerity. It has a capital of nearly Rs. 5,000/- in shares of rupee one each; this is supplemented by deposits secured at moderate interest. It is housed in its own artistic building, styled as 'Temple of Swadeshi'. Quite a number of its past volunteers are now prominent business-men; but its main ideal has all along been the gospel of Swadeshi in its student-world.

Most 'Stores', attached to educational institutions, deal mainly in books and emphasise 'Co-operation' more than Swadeshi and freely stock and sell foreign goods; most of them employ poor students as their salesmen for a consideration; many offer some honorarium to the teacher in charge; many have a short span of life; many have a modest turn-over.

This Stores is that way unique, perhaps in the whole of India. Swadeshi only, honorary service, 22 years' standing and average sales of Rs. 10,000/- every year, are features to be proud of.

* * *

S. P. Book-Stall

The S. P. Book-Stall was started in 1923 by Prof. M. S. Godbole under the auspices of the N. M. V. High School, in order to make books and magazines available to the students and the institutions of the S. P. Mandali, at cheaper rates. It was also intended to publish educational text-books. Nine such books have so far been published. The Book-Stall was at first run on a co-operative basis; but it was soon taken over by the S. P. Mandali and run as its own concern.



NUTAN MARATHI VIDYALAYA, HIGH SCHOOL POONA



STUDENTS' STORES, POONA

OUR THREE CONSULTING ENGINEERS



The late Mr. V. T. Agashe



Rao Bahadur B. N. Sathaye



Mr. P. R. Vaidya



Prof. B. D. Sattigiri, M.A., LL.B.
Editor, 'Parashuramian'
Rector, Boys' Hostels



Prof. S. V. Dandekar, M.A.
Secretary, Silver Jubilee



Prof. J. N. Karve, M.Sc.,
Secretary, S. P. Mandali
(1937-39)

Prof. M. S. Godbole assisted by Mr. P. R. Bhanu of the N. M. V. worked as its Superintendent from the beginning till 1930, when Prof. B. V. Bhide took over the charge and managed it till 1937. Since then Prof. V. P. Patwardhan has been doing the work of the Superintendent.

Two branches of the Book-Stall were started later on, one at the S. P. College and the other at the R. R. College. In 1940, the S. P. College Branch was turned into the Main Office. The sales on an average amount to Rs. 25,000 per year. The net profits handed over to the S. P. Mandali so far amount to Rs. 4,500, there being, besides, a stock of books worth Rs. 6,564 at the face-value.

Following is the list of the Book-Stall publications :—

- 1 Junior Poetical Selections, by N. G. Naralkar, M. A., L. T.
(Superintendent N. M. V. High School, Poona.) 1926.
- 2 Precis Writing, by G. M. Marathe, M. Com., F. R. G. S.. (Lond.)
(Lecturer in English, S. P. M. School of Commerce, Poona 2.)
1936.
- 3 Tennyson's Enoch Arden and Gray's Elegy, by Y. D. Bhave, M. A.
(Professor of English Literature, R. R. College, Bombay No. 19.)
1936.
- 4 Passages for Translation into Sanskrit, in two parts, by Mr. K. N. Watve, M. A., S. T. C. (Lecturer in Sanskrit & Marathi, S. P. College, Poona.) 1934.
- 5 Milton's Comus & Lycidas, by Y. D. Bhave, M. A.
(Professor of English Literature, R. R. College, Bombay No. 19.)
1937.
- 6 वास्तवशास्त्र, by Prof. B. V. Bhide, M. Sc., A. I. I. Sc.
(Professor of Chemistry, S. P. College, Poona.) 1937.
- 7 बीज-प्रवेश, by प्रो. त्र्यंबक भिकाजी हर्डीकर, एम्. ए., माजी गणित अध्यापक, सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेज, पुणे. and प्रो. महेश्वर शंकर गोडबोले, एम्. ए., बी. टी., गणित अध्यापक, सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेज, पुणे. १९३२.
- 8 वूल्फ-कवचें पुस्तक (शिशुवीर शिक्षण)-लॉर्ड वेडन पॉवेलच्या वूल्फ-कवच हँडबुक या पुस्तकाचें रूपांतर
रूपांतरकार:-प्रा. रा. प. सबनीस, एम्. ए. (केंब्रिज) ; श्री. द. प. जोशी, बी. ए.
व डॉ. मो. ना. नातू, बी. एस्सी., एम्. बी. बी. एस्. १९३५.
- 9 मुक्ताहार, Parts I & II by Mr. K. N. Watve, M. A., S. T. C.
(Lecturer in Marathi and Sanskrit, S. P. College, Poona.) 1932.

*Addendum to Chapter X***Northcote Shield Won !**

This year is the Jubilee year of the College and our Cricketers have played their part in enhancing the reputation and prestige of their Institution by winning the Northcote Challenge Shield, an honour which had eluded our grasp, so far. In the final match which was played against the Rajaram College Mr. M. N. Paranjpe scored a century in each innings. He gave a splendid display of batting which was a treat to watch. Mr. Shinde and Mr. Thube bowled well throughout these tournaments. In the final match our plucky Captain missed his century only by five runs. Mr. Palsule is another batsman who deserves special mention. In fact each one contributed in his own way to the success of the team. Throughout these tournaments there was always in evidence an excellent spirit of perfect comradeship and team work. Our hearty congratulations to Mr. Karve, the Captain and his gallant band.

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*Addendum to Chapter XIII***Scouting**

Our boys have taken to Scouting from the very beginning. The noble example and the able guidance of Mr. D. P. Joshi, B. A. and Dr. M. N. Natu, B. Sc., M. B. B. S. both 'old boys' of our institutions have their beneficent effect. Many students from our College are regular members of the scouting organisation in Poona.

During the last term over twenty-five girls of our College started a Rangers' Company and named it 'The Indira Rangers' Company', in memory of the late Mrs. Indirabai Karmarkar, wife of Principal R. D. Karmarkar. The girls clearly saw the necessity of organising a volunteer organisation free from any party colouring. With this object in view, they started the above named organisation, and got it affiliated to the Hindustan Scout Association. The aim of the Company is to develop both mind and body and utilise opportunities of social service. Mrs. Sumitrabai Kerkar, wife of our Vice-Principal is its Captain and Miss Tara Ranade, Asst. Captain.

CHAPTER XV

Reminiscences

Prof. D. R. Gharpure, M. A., B. Sc.

[Prof. D. R. Gharpure, M. A., B. Sc. had a distinguished career at the Fergusson College. He passed his B. A. standing very high in Second Class and was a Daxina Fellow of the College. After passing the B. Sc. & M. Sc. he made up his mind to devote himself to education. He wanted an outlet for his great abilities, energy and enthusiasm. He conceived the idea of starting a new Arts College in Poona and what better institution than the N. M. V. High School could he think of? Once the scheme took root in his mind, he secured the co-operation of some of his friends, prominent among them being Mr. R. D. Karmarkar and he placed the whole scheme before Vinayakrao Apte. What difficulties had to be encountered before his dream could be realized, is narrated in the article below and we are sure that our readers will find it illuminating and interesting. He had to leave the College in 1920 'as the call of higher duty was imperative' in his own words—and since then he has stuck on whole-heartedly to the cause of the Congress and the Tilak Vidyapeetha.]

The starting of the New Poona College was an epoch-making event. The educational history of the University for the last twenty-five years has fully justified this classic event. Even at that time the very news that a new College was going to be started in Poona by the Shikshana Prasaraka Mandali spread like wild fire and caused a great sensation in the educational circle and the public in general. People had altogether forgotten that it was ever possible to start a College by private efforts. Thirty long years had elapsed since the Deccan Education Society had first made a very successful effort in that direction. Later efforts however were very timid and too halting to bear any fruit. Lord Curzon's Universities Act of 1904 was in no small measure responsible for this. It demanded of the Colleges a very high standard of equipment which ordinarily it was difficult for private agencies to maintain. The reputation that the Deccan Education Society and the Fergusson College had by then acquired was so great, that in Maharashtra at least self-sacrifice and the D. E. Society had become identical terms. It was given to the S. P. Mandali and the staff of Professors that came together for starting the new College to dispel all misgivings in this respect and to prove that the new generation had capacities for organisation and selfless work.

I do not claim that all the first Professors of the College ever met together, discussed and fixed upon any particular policy for which the College was to be started. It was not at all necessary. The handicaps under which the students at that time had to labour was a topic of every day discussion among students. The conservatism that Colleges had acquired was evident and had become a matter of criticism in the general public also. Any effort that would promise to be more liberal and efficient was bound to be welcome to all. This was what we did and achieved by starting the New Poona College at that time.

I cannot resist here the temptation of mentioning a small incident that happened later on. The Mandali had no motto of its own till the College was started. When it was decided to fix upon a motto of our own, Principal Apte to whom the task naturally went suggested the present motto "निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु." The memory of all the work that we did, the great tenacity that we had to exert for it fresh in his mind, coupled with his own selfless devotion to the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya High School for full twenty years, could not but bring out any other motto from him. Nothing was more apt than this. But the ordinary phraseology of the words appear to convey a meaning quite contrary to the one that they actually do. Consequently some of us suggested a change. After a number of suggestions and counter suggestions, we were all unanimous that Principal Apte's choice was the happiest and that was ultimately adopted as a motto for the College. I am glad to find that it is still there. It is a living memory of all the untiring energies that the Life-members of the Mandali had put in, in old days and are putting in even now.

To resume the main line, I very often happen to meet even at present some of our students of those days. They do not fail to repeat their sentiments of those days whatever the proper subject of discussion may be. "We well remember, Sir, those old days. We never thought that there were any attempts to maintain a distance between the Staff and the students. The Professors took every opportunity of freely mixing with the boys, giving them always the best they had, and ever caring for their good, welfare and career. While in the College, we always felt ourselves as if we were quite at home." This is an index of the extent to which the staff was popular. It was no wonder that a college manned with that staff proved a tremendous success. It was all youth, energy and enthusiasm. Let one for a moment consider how even now Principal Karmarkar and Prof. Tulpule are working in this College and how Prof. Phadke is moving all round in all his activities; he will then get an idea of what they must have been twenty-five years ago. Even Prin. Vinayakrao Apte, then nearly fifty years in age, appeared to be equally young, as young as he was when he joined the 'Mandali.' With a staff of the kind we could mobilise, nearly half the battle was won; and there was left no doubt that the College would come into existence.

But this does not mean that the question of recognition and affiliation was all easy for us. It was quite the reverse. Being the first to enter the field anew, we had to face a number of difficulties and also were afraid of some opposition. Both Prin. Apte and myself together worked hard and left no stone unturned to see that all obstacles were overcome one by one. It was not a matter of routine as it seems to have become at present. The Universities Act of 1904 was very particular about granting recognition; and those in charge of its execution wanted to outdo even the authors of the Act; and insisted on standards not necessarily implied in the regulations for affiliation. "What you say is all right. But the Universities Act goes against you. In a way, the Act is right. It is not possible for you to get the permission for the College unless you fulfil the conditions laid

down in the Act both in the letter and the spirit. Do that, and the affiliation will come as a matter of course". In these words, Sir Pheroze-shah Mehta summed up the whole situation, when early in 1915, we went to see him to ascertain from him what exactly the University would expect from us. He was very frank and cordial. He did want the College to be established. But as the Head of the affairs of the University in those days, he did not want the least relaxation. It was all good for us too. For though the application for affiliation in 1915 was rejected for want of proper equipment, we got an exact idea of the requirements, and practically an implied assurance that with full equipment, the permission would be given in 1916. We then started on our work with redoubled energy. By February 1916, everything of the College was there except the students. Dr. Mackichan expressed to me his surprise that we could do all that, in the course of that small space of one year. The building was there; the Library was there; the Laboratory was fully equipped; every class room was furnished with the most upto-date furniture; and last but not the least, the whole staff was there to meet and exchange views with the University Committee of Inquiry. "What will you do to all this if we do not grant the affiliation?" asked Dr. Mackichan. I referred him to Sir Pheroze-shah's assurance, and also added that no good thing was ever wasted. With that equipment and guarantee of good faith, the permission from the University was a settled fact.

In spite of all that we could do, there was always a limit to human effort. It was equally possible for those who could, to expect and show the necessity of something which was beyond those efforts and thus to throw obstacles in the way of the realisation of the ideal. The possibilities of opposition from the Fergusson College were immense. It was substantially represented in the Senate of the University, and by that time owing to the great eminence and high qualifications of their representatives, they were quite able to influence the Senate towards their views. The opposition however could not be direct and organised.

Here I take the opportunity of paying my tribute to the great personalities in Poona, without whose sympathy and active help it would have been impossible for us to start the College. The association of persons like **Dr. Sir R. G. Bhandarkar, Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole, Dr. V. S. Ghate** and the great novelist, **Hari Narayan Apte** with the **S. P. Mandali** and consequently with the College scheme carried such an influence that all obstacles could be easily surmounted. **Dr. Bhandarkar** and **Diwan Bahadur Godbole** were respectively the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Governing Body of the **D. E. Society** also, as they were of our **Mandali**. Their approval of the scheme meant an approval by the **D. E. Society** also. Officially, therefore, the **D. E. Society**, was all for the new College. **Diwan Bahadur Godbole**, expert at understanding and gauging human nature as he was, did not easily acquiesce in the scheme. On three different occasions, he came to us, took me with him for his evening drive, and each time for nearly an hour, examined and

cross-examined me on various points. After that, he was entirely satisfied and on every further occasion he was ever ready and willing to offer his advice and help to us whenever he was approached. Dr. Bhandarkar also was convinced in the same manner. There were occasions when he sat with us continuously for two to three hours, and carefully scanned and scrutinized every line taken to him and every point placed before him and satisfied himself that there was no drawback left anywhere. Dr. V. S. Ghatge who was then in the Deccan College as Professor of Sanskrit was one of the first eleven students who passed the Matriculation examination from the Nutan Marathi Vidyalyaya. His love for the Institution and his respect for Principal Apte were unbounded. Immediately the idea of the College was placed before him, he took it up and himself began to work upon it. It was so sad that the cruel hand of Death snatched him away from us very suddenly.

Every one of these three helped our efforts in his own sphere ; but Haribhau Apte was the one person who did his level best in every direction to see that the College did come into existence. I can safely say that he was the real founder of the College. I am sure Principal Apte will wholeheartedly endorse my view. It was the practice with Principal Apte and myself to go to Haribhau's once every day and discuss with him our plans from day to day. There was nothing which he could do and was not done by him, nothing which was done without his advice. Very often he himself all alone saw various persons in office and explained to them our points of view. The very first thing that he did after we decided upon starting the College was to see Sir Claude Hill with whom he was friendly and ascertain from him that Government would not go against the scheme. The note he left behind him before he was promoted to the Government of India did all the work for us on the side of Government. Dr. Mann was one of the most influential persons in those days both in the University and in public affairs. Haribhau's influence with him was equally great. Haribhau was equally friendly with the Fergusson College staff. Dr. Mann could hear both sides. All high educational ideals like Unitary University, Inter-Collegiate Teaching, A University Town, were pouring forth and coming in as a stumbling block in our way. It was our College that was to give the lead in this direction. The University could not afford to be lax at this crucial moment in its history. Dr. Mann himself along with the Fergusson College people was a great exponent of this idealism. It was left to Haribhau, only to satisfy him about our bonafides and press him not to insist upon any rigid conditions at the very initial stage. This he achieved with his usual tact for which he was all along well-known. Haribhau was everywhere ; he was the moving figure in the scheme. From consulting the astrologers who frequented his house, to visiting the Governor or his Secretaries, everything he did. Not satisfied with what he could do through others, he donated his whole library for the use of the College. And all this he did in the midst of all his other literary and public activities, which he had to carry on all along. He lived to see the College start ; but could not survive long to see it flourish and prosper.

That has remained to be the proud privilege of Vinayakrao Apte alone, whom God has given long life to enable him to see the day of the Silver Jubilee of the College of the Institution which has been all in all to him.

I have mentioned only a few of the many events that would indicate the nature of the work we had to do. I have also restricted myself to such of them as are not known to others. Call of higher duty elsewhere became imperative and I had to leave the College within a short time. My friends who remained behind have carried on the work with such a great enthusiasm and energy, that within a space of twenty-five years, the Mandali has been able to boast of a number of Institutions in Poona and Bombay, some of which were part of our dreams in the old days. But they have materialised. What more justification shall we want for the motto that that Principal Apte suggested? *No other Institution in Maharashtra can boast of such rapid progress.* Principal Karmarkar, Principal Bhagwat and all my friends deserve our highest praise and admiration for all that they have been doing.

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Mr. T. D. Waknis, B. A. (Hons.)

Curator, Central Library, Baroda.

Among my own recollections of the College days, I feel constrained to mention at the very beginning the rather disappointing impression that our lecture-hours were curiously enough, unenlivened by wit or flashes of humour. I must say curiously, because our professors were all of them full of mirth and good spirits. Yet I remember only two instances when the professors made us laugh. Prof. Karmarkar was calling the roll and as nobody answered to the name Korde he promptly said, "This is as it should be. We do not expect Kordes on wet days." It was raining outside, and the class loudly appreciated the joke. Prof. Naralkar was explaining Stevenson. "Child's Play" was the title of the essay. The argument was, children love action and movement even in their make-believe world. All of a sudden he mimicked his son and walked across the dais with hands swinging by his sides in a soldierly fashion shouting "Chala, utha, rashtrakarya karanyala." Besides entertaining us, his action, I think, shed a flood of light on the theme.

Thinking about such stray streaks of joviality I believe how we could only endure the solemn lectures year in and year out; first because the lecture-periods were each of only forty-five minutes duration and secondly the College never carried on beyond 3 p. m. More likely, however, I think, we were compensated for the drab earnestness of the lecture hours by the extremely free and friendly treatment we got from our professors outside College hours. I remember an occasion when a student went up to Prof. Tulpule after an hour of unknowable Ruskin and asked what a particular passage meant. The Professor patted him on the back and told him he had not

failed to mark how often the student's attention had strayed from the textual fairway into corners where the watching of the silken strands was not of the dancing cobwebs!

Such banter was a sure step towards establishing a camaraderie between the teachers and the taught : but over and above such happy relations, I fancy there was a more potent reason that may have lightened the heaviness of hours. Did not we students privately note some of our professors' mannerisms and gloat over them secretly?

Prof. D. R. Gharpure was always a genial soul. He had a winsome smile on his face. He contributed to the gaiety of life by being the only professor dressed in western style. He always wore suits and if I am not mistaken he had one new to show every term. Prof. Deodhar would never remain standing with legs steady. Although the College was newly built he must have knocked out with his shoes quite an amount of wall plaster beneath the blackboard. Prof. Hardikar was never weary of repeating that a general term was one that generated others, and when he used to tell us that the p^{th} term was q and the q^{th} term was p we generally had the Catherine Wheel spinning in our heads, and I for one nearly persuaded myself that the English idiom of minding ones p 's and q 's owed its origin to these mathematical p 's and q 's. In those days, Prof. Karmarkar was beyond measure fond of the phrase "as it were" and we used to count the number of times he would use it in one hour. The number I remember, always went into two figures. Principal Apte had shed most of his mannerisms when he entered the College. We shall ever remember him in gratitude for being our Archididascalus and for drilling into us the meaning of perseverance as embodied in the motto of our Mandali 'निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु ।'

One more recollection I permit myself before I close. It is subjective rather than professorial or institutional. It tells of a student's reaction to the college environment. I was entering the S. B. A. class in none too robust a health. My father was suffering from old age maladies aggravated by a series of bereavements. I was feeling very lonely and depressed when I came upon a sentence in De Quincey's "Confessions," which read something like, "Noble are the impulses of opening manhood when boys are first made aware of the paradise that lurks in female smiles." Whether that sentence stirred up the man in me or whether it was the advent of numerous charmers in the College it is undoubted that I then felt a sea-change working inside me. I was inundated with uplifting emotions much in the manner of Wordsworth when in his walks he suddenly came upon a crop of daffodils. It was in that year that I first took part in debating society, college magazine, social gathering and such other enlarging activities as together form the glory and glamour of College life.

Mr. B. V. Sudumbrekar, M. A.,
Mamlatdar, Barsi.

As was wont with the students of the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya I joined the New Poona College after my matriculation in 1922 and continued there till 1928 when I took my M. A. with Sanskrit and English. To us the College was a mere extension of the school as both were then held in adjoining buildings in the heart of the city and as during our later school days we had come in contact with some of the Professors. The status of 'Ladies and Gentlemen' conferred upon us most lavishly by the Professors in their addresses was of very little practical value and we too did not seem to have fought for it. We therefore continued to be led, chastised and scolded by our Professors as in the school days. This fact coupled with the smallness of the number of students was considerably responsible in establishing close relations between the teachers and the taught and it was no wonder how very often we used to consult the Professors in matters not only concerning our studies but private ones also. I perfectly remember the great consideration shown by some of my Professors especially Profs. Sabnis, Karmarkar and Lagu.

Our days were those of hero-worship. It was a sacrilege to criticise our Professors and we complacently believed that "all that glittered was really gold." This might have been an illusion but I hold, it has wrought us good in the manner of the संवादीश्रम of a Vedantin. In each and every Professor we found something to admire: Principal Shah a man of indefatigable energy who would appreciate the achievements of his students to the length of carrying in a procession with drums beating the trophies won by the College in the Inter-Collegiate sports which were then recently inaugurated; Prof. Sabnis a strict disciplinarian and a dictator in the sense that he did not teach anything which he did not dictate; Prof. Hardikar making most difficult problems easy (and not infrequently vice versa in the opinion of students like myself who were at war with Maths.) with his army of alpha, beta, gamma, delta and so on and especially lambda at which we habitually burst into a three-storied laughter and stamping for reasons which I may not disclose now; Prof. Deodhar a steady man finishing his portion of studies with the same ease and elegance with which he used to pile up centuries in the Quadrangular matches which were then played in Poona every alternate year; Prof. Naralkar, the sweet-tongued, who made our 'Travels with a Donkey' bearable with the wit and humour of Goldsmith; Prof. V. P. Patwardhan of the fame of the Alpha of the Plough; Prof. Tulpule with his English Prosody and extempore speeches in English on any occasion; Prof. Karmarkar a military man teaching us with the same seriousness the love-stories of मालविका and अग्निमित्र, the Philosophy of the उपनिषद्स and the story of the Jew of Venice demanding a pound of human flesh; the indescribable Prof. Lagu and so on....

The above list is illustrative only and not exhaustive. If I remember it rightly one of my colleagues Mr. Ranade drew up very nice pen-sketches of the Professors of our time in his article 'Professorial Galaxy,' published in

the College Magazine. I also had composed some poems in Sanskrit on the same subject which I did not publish because I could not prune and polish them in time. I may however reproduce one of them here on Prof. Karmarkar with whom I had come in close contact as I had taken Sanskrit both for B. A. and M. A. :

गतकुलपतिवृत्तं किं तथा ज्ञानमासीत्
 कथमभवदर्थैर्वा पुत्रशिष्येष्वभेदः ।
 दिशति निजगुणैस्तद्गणैः पण्डितानां
 करमरकरनामा संस्कृतज्ञः प्रसिद्धः ॥

The Professors must have an idea of what we thought of them when they were imitated on Gathering days by some students especially by Mr. Damodarpanth Potdar.

Our spontaneous regard towards the Professors did not suffer by occasional frictions. Thus I know that though Principal Shah inflicted the punishment of a fine of Re. 1/- on the whole of the F. Y. A. class for some unknown mischief, his popularity did not wane. There was a similar storm in a tea-cup later on, over the appointment of the sub-editor of the College Magazine. Such occasions were however few and far between. In fact during our days some of the controversial points were totally non-existent, as for instance the question of inviting the guest on the occasion of the Annual Social Gathering. I do not know whether the students respected the wishes of the Professors or vice versa but I remember that leaders of all shades of political opinions had addressed us on various such and other occasions.

We learnt the motto of the College 'निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु' *not because it was so printed but from the conduct of its founders and their associates.* We saw with our own eyes how a small school developed into a full-fledged Arts College as a result of the ceaseless endeavours of some persons who spared no pains to achieve their goal. We also saw how simple they were in their life and how frugally they managed the affairs of the Institution within the limited funds at their disposal. 'निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु' whether taken in its strict sense or in its popular sense as was done by Mr. N. C. Kelkar in his Presidential speech on the occasion of the Farewell to Principal Apte on his retirement in 1922 was therefore a fitting motto of the Mandali and has been inherited by its students.

Gifted with the necessary qualities and carrying with them the benedictions of their teachers, I do not understand why after leaving College some of us found it difficult to settle in life. Perhaps we had the inferiority complex as a result of our conservatism. It may be that our generation was not as fortunate as the one which immediately preceded it, in securing decent employments or in carving a name in public life or that it may be too early at this stage to pass a final judgment on its attainments. Whatever it may be, judged at present, the production definitely appears to be mediocre. I leave this matter to better qualified persons for further investigation which it certainly deserves.

I do not however intend to belittle the greatness to which some of my colleagues rose or to which some of them will soon rise. Obviously I have such persons in my mind as Messrs. P. S. Sane (A great Congress worker), Mr. S. A. Kher, Comrade K. N. Phadke, Prof. Paradkar, Prof. Tilak, Mrs. Shantabai Nashikkar (Bhide), Mrs. Tilak, Miss Karnataki, Mrs. Muktabai Dixit (Lele), Dr. P. G. Sahasrabuddhe, Mr. Gopujkar, Dr. Khair (Anatha Vidyarthi Griha, Poona), Barrister Pophale and last but not the least my friend Mr. B. N. Bhide (Pleader) of the संस्कृति-संरक्षक-मंडळ! This list is certainly capable of expansion if a causal reference is made to the Old Boy's corner inaugurated by Prof. Naralkar in the College Magazine and also if we add to it the names of persons who preceded or followed my generation.

My personal relations with the College were extremely cordial. I was fortunate enough in securing scholarships throughout my career and was awarded a Fellowship in the year 1926. By the special favour of Principal Shah and Prof. Karmarkar I had an easy access to the Professors' Library where I soon made friendship with Mr. Kaka Kolhatkar, the walking encyclopaedia not only in the sense that he was an encyclopaedia himself or that he used to take long walks, but both together! Perhaps I might not have been quite sociable in those days, but prompted by my friend Mr. Phadke who was then the Secretary of the College Debating Union I had participated occasionally in College debates where I won a prize in elocution competition. I used to contribute to the College Magazine also. My first article was a playette in Sanskrit called माधवनिद्रा published when I was in F. Y. A. under the pseudonym मालचन्द्र. In fact the only two departments of the College of which I did not avail myself were the Hostel and the Games, neither of which was in any way attractive in my days. Things must be different now at the foot of the Parvati Hill. If my present life can be compared to a journey through a desert, the days that I spent in the College can be said to be an oasis where I rested and equipped myself before starting on the journey.

I must confess my inability to make this article more interesting by writing something spicy about the lady students. In my time they were so few as to be dovecoted in a corner of a verandah on the second floor looking down, on the other side of the road, upon the Girls' High School from which most of them hailed. They were 'Separationists' so to say and rightly or wrongly soon came to be regarded as "too good for human natures' daily food". Some of them did not marry in spite of Prof. Tulpule's teaching the poem 'Counsel to Girls'.

"Then be not coy, but use your time
And while ye may, go marry
For having lost but once your prime
You may for ever tarry".

Some have married and I cannot speak of them because 'अनिर्वर्णनीयं परकलत्रं नाम!'. The impressions that we carried of those days are

so deep-rooted that I wonder whether even now we would speak to a lady student of our time if per chance we meet her. In fact I did not when I met one a few months back.

I owe to the College what I am now and am extremely grateful to it. On this most auspicious occasion I therefore wish long life and prosperity to the College and conclude this article which has flagrantly transgressed the limitations of space imposed upon it with the following Vedic Rhyme :

समानी व आकृतिः समाना हृदयानि वः ।
समानमस्तु वो मनो यथा वः सुसहासति ॥ १ ॥

* * *

श्री. पां. स. साने, एम. ए. (साने गुरुजी)

कॉलेजला २५ वर्षे पुरी होत आहेत, रौप्य महोत्सव होणार आहे, या विचाराने माझे हृदय उचंबळून आल्याशिवाय रहात नाही. मधून मधून माझ्या कॉलेजच्या किती तरी आठवणी मला येतात. मी जरी निराळ्या व्यवसायांत असलो तरी मनोमय संबंध आहेच. तो कसा जाणार! ज्या कॉलेजात माझे हृदय व बुद्धि यांचे पोषण केले त्याला मी कसा विसरू !

त्यावेळेस सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेज असे नांव नव्हते. न्यू पूना कॉलेज असे साधे नांव होते. हुजूरपागेसमोर नूतन मराठीच्या इमारतीच्या पुढील दोन भागांत हे कॉलेज तेव्हा होते. नूतन मराठीतूनच मी मॅट्रिक झालो असल्यामुळे साहजिकच या संस्थेच्या कॉलेजमध्येच मी माझे नांव घातले. १९१८ ते १९२२ पर्यंत चार वर्षे या कॉलेजांत मी शिकत होतो. कॉलेजचे सारे शिक्षण याच संस्थेत झाले.

पहिल्या वर्षात मी होतो तेव्हा प्रो. धारपुरे आम्हांला पदार्थविज्ञानशास्त्र शिकवित. त्यांनी मराठी भाषेतून शिकविण्यास सुरुवात केली. शिक्षण प्रसारक मंडळी सर्व शिक्षण मातृभाषेतून देण्याच्या ध्येयानेच निर्माण झाली होती. या ध्येयामुळेच प्रो. पोतदार वगैरे मंडळी या संस्थेस येऊन मिळाली होती. परंतु आपला ध्येयवाद धोडाच राहते! आजूबाजूच्या प्रतिकूल परिस्थितीत तो कसा जगणार! इतर शिक्षण-संस्थांप्रमाणेच येथेहि इंग्रजीतूनच सारे शिकविले जाऊ लागले. प्रो. धारपुरे यांचा नवप्रयोग सुरू झाला. परंतु पुढे त्यांना मराठीतून शिकविणे बंद करावे लागले. प्रो. धारपुरे एखाद्या सूत्रधारासारखे दिसायचे. ते वर्गात येण्यापूर्वी मुले फळ्यावर "ततः प्रविशति सूत्रधारः" असे लिहून ठेवायची. प्रो. धारपुरे ते वाचीत व हंसत. ते कधीहि रागावले नाहीत.

आम्हांला पहिल्या वर्गात असताना इंग्रजी कांपोजिशन शिकविण्यासाठी प्रो. डी. के. केळकर येत. रुझा कॉलेजमध्ये ते आतां प्रोफेसर आहेत. त्यावेळेस त्यांना प्रोफेसर न म्हणतां लेक्चरर म्हणत. त्यांची ती रुझा मूर्ति माझ्या डोक्यासमोर उभी आहे. किती सुंदर ते सांगत! त्यांची रासिकता, विद्वत्ता त्यावेळेसहि दिसून येत होती. इंग्रजी वाङ्मयाशी व तसेच संस्कृत व मराठी साहित्याशी त्यांचा दाट परिचय आहे असे त्यावेळेसहि वाटे. आतां तर ते एक सुप्रसिद्ध विद्वान् लेखक म्हणून सर्वत्र आहते.

एके दिवशीची गोष्ट. कॉलेजची घंटा अद्याप झाली नव्हती. नूतन मराठी विद्यालयातील मुले जात येत होती. एक लहान मुलगा दुसऱ्या एका मुलाला आपल्या चड्डीच्या पाठीमागचे बंद बांधायला सांगत होता. परंतु तो बांधीना. इतक्यांत आमचे प्रिन्सिपाल विनायकरावजी तिकडून येत होते. त्यांनी ते

पाहिले. ते त्या लहान मुलाजवळ गेले व म्हणाले, “ ये मी बांधतो ”, असे म्हणून त्यांनी त्याचे ते पाठीमागचे बंद बांधले. ती गोष्ट मला नेहमी आठवते. त्या एका गोष्टीवरूनहि विनायकरावजींचे अंतरंग दिसून येते. असो. शिक्षण प्रसारक संस्थेवर त्यांचे किती प्रेम ! शाळेचे कॉलेज झाल्यावर त्यांना किती धन्यता वाटली असेल ! ते कधी परगावी गेले तरी परत आल्यावर आधी कॉलेजमध्ये यावयाचे. स्थानवरून परभारें एकदम घरी न जाता आधी संस्थेत येतील, मग घरी जातील. संस्था म्हणजे त्यांचा प्राण. स्वतःचे सारे जीवन त्यांनी संस्थेत ओतले. ते आजारी असले तरीहि कॉलेजात येत. एखादे वेळेस कपाळ दुसत असले तर पगडी न घालता ते कानावरून फेटा गुंडाळून घेत. आम्हांला जरा हंसू येई. परंतु त्यांची कर्तव्यनिष्ठा पाहून आम्हांला धन्यताहि वाटे. विनायकरावजी आतां सेवानिवृत्त झाले आहेत. परंतु मी एकदां पुण्यास गेलों असतां काय दृश्य पाहिलें आहे माहीत ! मंगल पवित्र दृश्य ! विनायकरावजी पर्वतीला नियमिन फिरायला जातात. सकाळीं आठच्या सुमारास ते पर्वतीहून परत येत होते. परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेजच्या प्रासादतुल्य इमारतीसमोर रस्त्यांत ते थांबले. इमारतीकडे पाहून त्यांनीं ढोळे मिटून दोन्ही हातांनीं प्रणाम केला. माझी संस्था चिरंजीव होवो, देशाला उत्कृष्ट सेवक देवो, उत्कृष्ट नागरिक येथून तयार होवोत, संस्था ध्वेयापासून च्युत न होवो, असें का प्रभूला ते मूकपणें प्रार्थित होते ! कॉलेजचा आजचा हा समारंभ पाहून त्यांच्या हृदयाला केवढी धन्यता वाटत असेल ! त्यावेळेचे ढोळे मिटून ते त्यांचे हात जोडणें पाहून मी विरघळून गेलों. हातीं घेतलेल्या ध्येयाची अशी पूजा करणारे निघतात तेव्हांच तीं ध्येयें प्रत्यक्षांत येतात. विनायकरावजींची अशी ही मुक्ती प्रार्थना या कॉलेजाला, या संस्थेला, आंतून किती ओलावा देत असेल तें कोण सांगू शकेल ! विनायकरावजींची परमेश्वरावर निस्सीम श्रद्धा. कॉलेजमध्येहि वर्गांत ते आधीं एखाद्या मुलाला प्रार्थना म्हणायला सांगत व मग शिकविणें आरंभित. वर्गातील मुलांना वर्षांच्या आरंभीं ते प्रार्थनेसाठीं म्हणून एक श्लोक देऊन ठेवीत असत. परंतु ज्याला प्रार्थना म्हणायला सांगत तो मुलगा तोच श्लोक म्हणत असे असे नाही. एकदां बी. ए. च्या वर्गांत असतांना त्यांनीं एकाला श्लोक म्हणायला सांगितले. त्यानें “ नमो देवराया नमो ज्ञानसिंधो ” हा श्लोक म्हणायला आरंभ केला. तो श्लोक छंदूर आहे. परंतु मराठी शाळेंतील लहान मुलांच्या पुस्तकांतील तो श्लोक आमच्या डोळ्यासमोर येऊन कॉलेजमधील आम्ही मोठीं मुलें हंसूं लागलों. प्रार्थनेनें गंभीर होण्याऐवजीं आम्हांला सारी गंमत वाटली. परंतु विनायकरावजींची मुद्रा गंभीर व प्रार्थनामयच होती. त्यांचे ढोळे मिटलेले होते. पुष्कळ वेळां प्रार्थनेच्या श्लोकांतील शेवटचा चरण तेहि स्वतः मोठ्यानें म्हणत. विनायकरावजींच्या जीवनांत साधेपणा, प्रचल श्रद्धा, प्रार्थना, ध्येयनिष्ठा बगैरे धोर गुण आहेत व त्यांचे दर्शन मधूनमधून असें होत असे.

मी इंटरमध्ये होतों. प्रो. पटवर्धन आम्हांला संस्कृतचा काही भाग व इतिहास शिकवित. सहा-माहीची परीक्षा होती. प्रो. पटवर्धनाकडचा माझा प्रश्नोत्तरांचा कागद कोठें हरवला. मी त्यांना विचारिलें. ते म्हणाले, “हरवला तर हरवला. स्कॉलर का येणार आहांत !” मी काही स्कॉलर नव्हतों. स्कॉलर याचें असें माझ्या कधीं मनांतहि येत नसे. कारण मी सामान्य विद्यार्थी होतों. परंतु कर्मधर्मसंयोग असा फी, इंटरच्या परीक्षेंत मी संस्कृतमध्ये दुसरा आलों व मला मुंबई विद्यापीठाची एक शिष्यवृत्ति मिळाली. मी प्रो. पटवर्धनांस हळूच हंसून म्हणलों, “सारेच मला मिळाली कीं शिष्यवृत्ति, मी स्कॉलर आलों !” ते म्हणाले “हो, झालें सरे असें !”

आणि महाराष्ट्राचे विख्यात कादंबरीकार हरिभाऊ आपटे मरण पावले त्या वेळची ती आठवण. हरिभाऊंचें शिक्षण प्रसारक संस्थेवर फार प्रेम. नूतन मराठी विद्यालयांत विनावेतन ते शिकवित असत. कोठें परगावीं गेले तर एखादी कविता किंवा लहान गोष्ट लिहून पाठवीत व लिहीत कीं, माझ्या वर्गातील मुलांना माझ्या तासाला हें वाचून दाखवा. त्यांनीं आपलें छंदूर व बृहत् ग्रंथालय या संस्थेलाच दिलें. नूतन मराठी विद्यालय स्थापन करणारे पहिले शिक्षक फार गरिब होते. कोणी तर मधुकरा मागत व शाळेंत शिकवित.

‘मी’ कादंबरीत “मधुकरा मास्तर” असा उल्लेख आहे. तो या संस्थेतिलच त्या आय माजी शिक्षकांचाच असेल का! मला नक्की माहीत नाही. इतकें प्रेम हरिभाऊंचें या संस्थेवर होतें. आणि ते गेले ते कायमचे इहलोक सोडून गेले. आमच्या कॉलेजमध्ये व नूतन मराठी विद्यालयांत शोकेसभा झाल्या. प्रो. फडके त्या दिवशी थोडेसेच बोलले, परंतु किती गोड बोलले. प्रो. फडके शिकवितात सुंदर, लिहितात सुंदर व बोलतातहि सुंदर. त्यांचें जीवनच कलात्मक आहे. अशा फडक्यांना हरिभाऊ जितके समजले असतील तितके कोणाला समजणार! प्रो. फडके म्हणाले, “हरिभाऊंनी तुम्हांआम्हांला रडविलें आहे, हंसविलें आहे. महाराष्ट्रांत घरोघर ते गेले आहेत. हरिभाऊ शरीरानें गेले. परंतु महाराष्ट्रांत ते चिरंजीव आहेत.” त्या दिवशी बोलतांना प्रो. हर्डीकर वगैरे रडले. विनायकरावजींचे डोळे तर राहून राहून मळून येत होते.

आणि लोकमान्य टिळक आमच्या कॉलेजच्या १९१९ च्या संमेलनासाठीं अध्यक्ष तात्यासाहेब केळकर यांचेचरोघर आले होते. तो प्रसंग असाच चिरस्मरणीय. लोकमान्य मुक्ततेच इंग्लंडमधून आले होते. त्यांच्याच प्रयत्नांनीं कॉलेजच्या इमारतीसाठीं बाहेरची नवीन जागा मिळाली होती. सायंकाळची वेळ होती. लोकमान्य बोलत होते. त्यांनीं आपली कांठी टेबलावर आडवी ठेविली होती. शेवटीं ते म्हणाले, “माझी म्हातान्याची कांठी तुमच्या हातीं देऊन मी आतां जाणार. तुम्हांच पुढें देशाचें काम करणारे. अपुरें कार्य पुरें करणारे”—त्या वेळेस लोकमान्यांचा धीरगंभीर आवाजहि जरा भावनांनीं ओथंबल्यासारखा वाटला व मी सद्वदित झालों होतो. यानंतर लोकमान्य सहा महिनेच होते. जणुं त्यांना त्या वेळेस स्वतःचा अंत जवळ आला असें वाटलें!

लोकमान्यांच्या शोकप्रद मरणानंतरची वर्गातील एक आठवण आहे. आम्ही बी. ए. च्या वर्गांत होतो. एक विद्यार्थी वर्गांत टोपी न घालतांच येऊन बसला. हल्लींचे विद्यार्थी टोपी घालतच नाहीत. घालणाराच अपवाद. परंतु त्या काळीं टोपी न घालणारा विद्यार्थी आढळत नसे. विनायकरावजींचा तास होता. पाहतान तो वर्गांत तो बोडका विद्यार्थी! विनाकरावजींनीं विचारलें, “वर्गांत असें कां बसलांत!” तो म्हणाला, “मी एक वर्षभर टोपी न घालण्याचें ठरविलें आहे. लोकमान्यांचें एक वर्षभर मी शोकचिन्ह पाळणार आहे.” विनायकरावजी म्हणाले, “अहो, लोकमान्यांना तरी हें आवडेल का! टोप्या घालण्याचें सोडून काय होणार! कांहीं वाईट गोष्टी सोडण्याचें ठरवा, देशाची वाईट स्थिति दूर करण्याचें ठरवा, टोपीनें काय केलें आहे! आणि शोकाचें का असें प्रदर्शन करायचें असतें! थोरांच्या मरणानें दुसरे कांहीं गंभीर निश्चय करावे.” तो मुलगा दुसरे दिवसापासून टोपी घालून येऊं लागला.

लोकमान्य गेले व असहकाराचें युग आलें. नागपूरची राष्ट्रीय समेची बैठक झाली. सरकारी व निमसरकारी शिक्षणसंस्थांवरचा बहिष्कार पुकारला गेला. आमच्या कॉलेजमधील प्रो. धारपुरे व प्रो. फडके यांनीं राजीनामे दिले. मुंबईहून भाई डांगे व भाई निमकर आमच्या कॉलेजमध्ये विद्यार्थ्यांत प्रचार करावयास आले होते. कॉलेजवर निरोधनें होऊं लागलीं. विद्यार्थ्यांचे घोकके ठायीं ठायीं जमा असत. ते तेजस्वी ओजस्वी दिवस होते. कॉलेजच्या चालकांनीं विद्यार्थ्यांची सभा घेतली. प्रो. हर्डीकर म्हणाले, “सरकारशीं आमचा संबंध आहे. परंतु सरकारशीं संबंध नसलेल्या संस्थेतच ज्यांना शिकवावयाचें आहे, त्यांनीं नावें द्यावी, त्यांनाहि शिकविण्याची आम्ही व्यवस्था करतो. या शंभर नावें.” त्या दिवशीं प्रो. पोतदार अध्यक्ष होते. ती वेळ भावनांच्या प्रक्षोभाची होती. परंतु प्रो. पोतदार वाहून न जाणारे, समतोल वृत्ति, ऐतिहासिक दृष्टि असलेले ते महापुरुष. त्यांचें त्यावेळचें भाषण अद्याप माझ्या कानांत घुमत आहे. ते म्हणाले, “अशा लाटा येतात व जातात. मी घाबरून नाहीं जात. मी धितळून नाहीं जात. मी हिमालयाप्रमाणें स्थिर उभा आहे. विचार केला पाहिजे. उल्लू-पणा नाहीं उपयोगी. मी शांत व धिम्मा मनुष्य आहे. माझ्या मनाची बिलकूल चलविचल झालेली नाही.” असे ते दिवस होते. प्रो. फडक्यांचीं जहाल भाषणें होत होती. “तो पद्म हुतात्मा सुदीराम, तो तुम्हांला

TWO GENERATIONS OF STUDENTS

Mother and Daughters



Miss Manik Sathaye 1940

**Mrs. Champutai Sathaye
1918**

**Miss Sarojini Sathaye
1941**

Father and Daughter



Mr. W. T. Apte 1920

Miss Shakuntala Apte 1941

Father and Son



Master R. N. Natu 1941

Sardar Dajisabeb Natu 1918

Dramatic Group 1917



Chairs— 3 Prof. D. R. Gharpure, 4 Prof. N. S. Phadke

**Photo presented to the 'New Poona College' by Doctors and Senior Medicos
Past students of N. M. Vidyalaya and New Poona College**



I Row Standing— Mr. V. T. Wagh, Mr. Bhide, Mr. Kirpekar, Mr. Narayanrao,
Dr. Deosthali, (M.B.B.S.) Mr. S. H. Gokhale, Mr. Thakar
II Row Sitting— Dr. P. N. Gokhale, (M.B.B.S.) Mr. Chandrachud, Dr. A. R. Sane, (M.B.B.S.)
Dr. M. N. Natu, Dr. Dhamdhare, (M.B.B.S.) Dr. Sahasrabuddhe, (M.B.B.S.)

सांगत आहे की तोडा बंधने, पडा शाळा-कॉलेजांतून बाहेर." अशी ती भाषणे होती. प्रचंड सभा होऊं लागल्या. पुण्यात त्या वेळेस दूरध्वनिक्षेपक नव्हते. पुण्यामध्ये अशा मोठ्या सभांतून वक्त्याला चारी बाजूंना फिरून बोलवे लागे. आम्ही त्यांना "वाटोळे वक्ते" म्हणत असू. शेवटी मीहि कॉलेज सोडले. प्रिन्सिपॉल विनायकरावजॉस भेटले. प्रणाम कडून गेलो. परंतु पुढे माझे कोंकणांतून वडील वगैरे आले. त्यांच्या धरणे धरण्यामुळे मी पुन्हा कॉलेजांत जावयाचे ठरविले. विनायकरावजॉच्या घरी गेलो. त्यांना सारे सांगितले. त्यांनी पाठीवरून हात फिरविला. मी रडत होतो. मला कॉलेजमध्ये परत जाण्याची लाज वाटत होती. पंधरा दिवस मी कॉलेजांतून बाहेर होतो. विनायकरावांनी मला शांत केले. तो प्रसंग मला अद्याप आठवतो आहे.

कॉलेजमध्ये असताना तसे अत्यंत जिद्दाळ्याचे संबंध माझे फारसे कोणाशी आले नाहीत. मी दूर दूर राहणारा प्राणी. परंतु प्रो. पोतदार व प्रो. लागू यांच्याबद्दल मला आदर वाटतो. आमच्या वेळेस प्रथमच बी. ए. ला मराठी भाषा आली. पहिले सहा महिने नव्हती. मी ज्यूनियर बी. ए. मध्ये सार्धे ऐच्छिक इंग्लिशच घेतले होत. परंतु पहिले सहा महिने गेल्यावर मराठी आल्याचे फळ्यावर लागले. फारसे विद्यार्थी मराठी ध्यावयास पुढे येत ना. शेवटी मी मराठी विषय घेतला. आणखीहि मग आले. प्रो. पोतदार शिकवायला लागले. आमचा तास रंगू लागला. प्रो. पोतदार म्हणजे ज्ञानकोश. महाराष्ट्रातील जुन्या नव्या घडा-मोडींची, स्थानांची व व्यक्तींची त्यांना अपरंपार माहिती. परंतु आमच्या वर्गातील विद्यार्थ्यांस ही माहिती नको असे. ते म्हणत, "परीक्षेच्या दृष्टीने शिकवायला सांगा बुवा". परंतु मी म्हणे, "अरे इतके ज्ञान आपणांस मिळते, त्याचा आनंद मानण्याऐवजी ही काय अवदसा तुम्हाला आठवते!" मी तर त्या तासांत तन्मय होत असे. प्रो. पोतदार शिकविताना अनेक प्रसंग सांगत. फर्ग्युसनमध्ये ते शिकत असता त्यांनी विटीदाडू क्लब काढला होता व जिमसाण्याकडून विटी व दांडू ह्कांने भरपूर भांडून मिळविला. ते म्हणाले, "एकदा मी एका चर्चमध्ये गेलो होतो. त्रिश्रन लोक कशी प्रार्थना करतात ते पाहण्याचे होत. त्या चर्चमधील सर्वांनी प्रार्थनेसाठी डोळे मिटले की मी माझे डोळे उघडित असे व सर्वांकडे बघून घेत असे." अशा गंमती निघायच्या. काव्यशास्त्रविनोद चालावयाचा. "मराठी गद्याचा इंग्रजी अवतार" हे पुस्तक आम्ही त्यांच्या पाठीस लागून लागून करून घेतले. त्या पुस्तकातील उतारे त्यांनी दिलेल्या निरनिराळ्या पुस्तकांतून आम्ही लिहून आणून देत असू. परीक्षेच्या वेळेपर्यंत आम्हाला मुद्रितांच्याच प्रती कशा तरी करून मिळाल्या. मी एकदा प्रो. पोतदारांना विचारले, "तुम्ही इतके वाचले आहे, तुम्ही लिहित का नाही!" ते म्हणाले, "सध्या टांचणे टिपणे करित आहे. वेळ येईल तेव्हा लिहीन!" परंतु त्यांना अनंत उद्योग. ते लोकांना लिहायला स्फूर्ति देतील. स्वतः त्यांना केव्हा फुरसत होईल प्रमु जाणे. कोलरिज या प्रतिभावान् इंग्रज साहित्यिकाने अनेकांना स्फूर्ति दिली, परंतु त्याने फार थोडे लिहिले.

प्रो. लागू यांचाहि माझ्या जीवनावर परिणाम झाला आहे. न कळत माझ्या हृदयांत त्यांना स्थान मिळाले आहे. त्यांच्यासारखा इंग्रजी वाङ्मयाचा अभ्यासक व रसज्ञ ज्ञाता कोण आहे! ते सुंदर शिकवीत. त्या शिकविण्यांत ते रंगून जात. त्यांचा शब्दन् शब्द टिपून घ्यावा असे मला वाटे. आमची सहामाही का वार्षिक परीक्षा एकदा जवळ आली होती. आम्ही त्यांना म्हटले, "आता व्याख्याने पुरी करा." ते म्हणाले, "शेवटच्या दिवसापर्यंत माझी लेक्चर्स चालणार. तुम्ही नाही आले तर या रिकाम्या बाकांना मी शिकवांन." प्रो. लागू इंग्रजी वाङ्मयाच्या इतिहासावर वर्गात टिपणी (नोट्स) देत. आम्ही लिहून घेत असू. परंतु मध्येच जर कोणी पेन्सिल कळू लागला तर त्यांना सपत नसे. "You must have a dozen pencils ready with you." "एक डझनभर पेन्सिली तयार ठेवात जा," असे ते एकदा म्हणाले. शिकवीत असताना ते समरस होत. शिकविण्यांत ते रंगून जावेत व ती विजेची घंटा कुरं वाजावी. त्यांना ते सहज होत नसे. "काव्यशास्त्र शिकविताना काळाचा विसर पडायला हवा तर येथे काळाची आठवण केली जाते, दुर्दैव आहे," असे म्हणून ते निघून जात. एकदा इंग्रजी प्रश्नपत्रिकेत त्यांनी "पुढील चार प्रश्न लिहा किंवा चारोपेवजीं

एक सुंदर सुनीत करून लिहा" असे ऐच्छिक ठेविले होते. मी सुनीतच दिले करून. परंतु मला इंग्रजी छंदःशास्त्राची माहिती तर नव्हती. त्यांनी मला मार्क अमुक असे दिले नाहीत. परंतु ते म्हणाले, "स्कॉलरशिप मिळायला जर कमी पडत असतील तर मला सांगा. तेवढे देऊन टाकीन."

प्रो. हर्डिकर म्हणजे मूर्तिमंत कळकळ; प्रो. पोतदार म्हणजे प्रसर अशी विवेक-वैराग्यासहित बुद्धीची मूर्ति वाटत; प्रो. लागू म्हणजे गहनगंभीर पवित्र गूढ वाटे. विनाकरावजी म्हणजे मूर्तश्रद्धा व ध्येयवाद. मला सर्वांचे स्मरण होतें. माझ्या जीवनावर त्यांचे ठसे उमटले आहेत.

इतरदि गुरुजनांनीं डुरून डुरून माझी मनोभूमी बनवली आहे. प्रो. नारळकर नुकतेच आले होते. स्वदेशी संग्रहालयाची त्यांचीच कल्पना. एकेक रुपयाचा शेअर होता. मी सुद्धा १ रुपयाचा शेअर घेतला होता. मी कधी पुण्यास गेलों तर कितीदां तरी या रुपयाच्या जमलेल्या फायद्यामधून स्टोअरमधून मी वहा वगैरे घेऊन जात असें. प्रो. नारळकर म्हणजे सर्वांगीण विकासाचें ध्येय देणारी थोर मूर्ति.

न्यू पूना कॉलेजचें आतां सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेज झालें आहे. लहान इमारत जाऊन भव्य इमारत आली आहे. शिक्षण प्रसारक संस्थेचा व्याप व वैभव शुक्लेन्दुवत् वाढत आहेत. उत्तरोत्तर माझ्या या ज्ञानदात्री मातेचा महिमा वाढो, गौरव वाढो, ज्ञानाची, ध्येयाची, चारित्र्याची, त्यागाची, विशाल दृष्टीची प्रेरणा येथून मिळो. या संस्थेची भव्यादिव्य परंपरा निर्माण होवो. काहीं तरी tradition निर्माण झाली पाहिजे. मला या मंगल दिवशीं एक गोष्ट सुचवावशिी वाटते. या कॉलेजमधून जे आपलें सर्व शिक्षण घेऊन गेले त्यांनीं दरवर्षीं या आपल्या संस्थेस काहीं नियमित पाठविलें पाहिजे. अलिगडच्या विद्यापीठाची अशी गोष्ट सांगतात कीं तेथून जो शिकून गेला तो त्या संस्थेस विसरत नाही. तो मिळवता झाला म्हणजे दर महिन्यास प्रत्येक रुपयास एक आणा किंवा असें काहीं तरी एक त्यांचें प्रमाण आहे त्याप्रमाणें आपल्या प्राप्तीतून तो पाठवतो.

अशांन संस्थेशीं आपण कायमचे जोडले जातो. मनानें जोडलेले आहेत, त्याचें बाह्यचिन्ह बाह्य-प्रतीक काहीं नको का ! या रौप्यमहोत्सवाच्या निमित्तानें या संस्थेंतून शिकून गेलेल्या आपण सर्वांनीं असें एक नवीन व्रत घेऊं या व पुढच्यासाठीं तें ठेवूं या. परंतु असें होईल का ! अशी काहीं तरी पवित्र परंपरा निर्माण होणें किती छान असतें ! असो. माझ्या कॉलेजाला माझे भक्तिप्रेममय प्रणाम. त्याचा विकास असो; त्याचा विजय असो; तें नवप्रकाश देणारें होवो !

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B. K. Kulkarni, B. A., LL. B., Pleader, Poona

I was a student in the J. B. A. class in 1920. Those were the days of Non-Co-operation movement. Professors Gharpure and Phadke left the College and exhorted young students to imitate their example. Students were naturally at a loss to know what to do. Ultimately it was decided to invite the two Professors to speak at a combined meeting of the students and the authorities of the College within the College premises.

That memorable meeting was held in the English lecture-hall of the B. A. class under the presidency of Prof. D. V. Potdar. Arguments were advanced on both sides. Prof. Phadke went out of his way and referred to Prof. Hardikar's breach of his vow of life-long celibacy. Grave atmosphere was created by similar other personal references made in the meeting and Prof. Hardikar was red with fury. I thought that some rowdy scenes would be

witnessed and the meeting would be dissolved without arriving at any conclusion. Dissident voices came from students assembled there. But the worthy President was quite unruffled, calm and cool. By his persuasive tone which was, at the same time, not the least submissive, he conducted the meeting with exemplary ability, and courage. At the end of the meeting students amidst loud cheers resolved upon a policy of the fullest and heartiest co-operation with our beloved College. The tension disappeared and we parted in great joy.

This memorable meeting in our College had a marvellous effect on the students of other Colleges also ; and in the mass meetings held afterwards in the Shivaji Mandir where the late Maulana Shaukat Ali made a fervent appeal for boycotting schools and colleges, a ridiculously small number of students declared their readiness to leave their colleges. This scant response from the student-world of Poona disappointed not only the late Maulana, but also Mahatma Gandhiji who in a subsequent mass meeting at the Reay Market expressed his disappointment in these words " Maharashtra is void of *Shraddha* ".

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Principal V. G. Apte used to commence his lectures after the recitation by a student of some prayer like " कल्याणानी त्वमसि महसां भाजनं विश्वमूर्ते ". This was a special feature of our College. The prayer created an atmosphere of reverence both towards Learning and towards the lecturer.

Prof. (now Principal) R. D. Karmarkar's lectures especially on Vedant were scholarly. He took great individual interest in his students.

Prof. D. B. Deodhar's cricket did not handicap us in receiving instruction from him in his subject. He used to take extra periods and complete his portion.

In short, when I was a student of the College, I felt quite at home as all professors cherished a paternal love towards their students. I take this opportunity to express my gratitude towards them.

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श्री. शं. अ. खेर, बी. ए.

मॅनेजर, कॅलिको मिल्स, अहमदाबाद

असहकारितेच्या चळवळीत देशभक्ति करण्यासाठी एक वर्ष शिक्षण बंद करून मी सांगली कॉलेज सोडले. तीन महिन्यांतच देशभक्ति संपली. सांगली कॉलेजांत परत जाण्यांत कमीपणा नव्हता असे मला आता वाटते. पण त्यावेळीं मन घेईना. शिवाय गणित विषय घ्यावयाचा पूर्वीपासूनचा विचार असल्याने पुण्यास यावे लागले असतेच. आणि पुणे म्हणजे अर्थात् फायुसन कॉलेज. बाहेरून येणाऱ्या विद्यार्थ्यांच्या मनांत दुसरे नांव येणे अगदीच अशक्य. कोल्हापुराहून निघताना अबघे दहाअकरा रुपये सिंशात. आली त्या दिवशीच सकाळीं एका नानेवाडकांच्याबरोबर गु. नाना हर्डिकर यांच्या घरी गेलो. त्यांची ओळख झाली व त्यांनीं माझी सर्व परिस्थिति एकून सुचविले की, " तुम्ही आमच्या कॉलेजांत या, एक वर्षापूर्वी मॅट्रिक झाल्याने थंदा तुम्हाला स्कॉलरशिप मिळणार नाही. पण स्पेशल केस म्हणून नादारी

मिळेल असें वाटतें. ” श्री. नाना हर्डिकरांनीं मजविषयीं पाहिल्याच भेटींत इतका आपलेपणा आणि इतकी कळकळ दाखविली कीं, त्या भेटींतच मीं न्यू पुनामध्ये नांव घालण्याचें नक्की केलें. तेथें प्राध्यापक कोण, शिक्षक मंडळी कोण वगैरे मला त्यावेळीं कांहींच माहिती नव्हती. फक्त तें कॉलेज राष्ट्रीय वृत्तीच्या मंडळींनीं चालविलेलें असून तेथें टिळकपंचांग वापरतात व गणितासाठीं रँगलर शहा येणार आहेत आणि माझ्या वेळचे शंकरशेट स्कॉलर रा. गोपूजकर हे त्या कॉलेजांतच आहेत इतपत माझी माहिती. पण गु. नाना हर्डिकरांची भेट झाली आणि त्यांच्या सौजन्याची माझ्यावर अशी कांहीं बिलक्षण छाप पडली कीं फर्ग्युसनचा माझा विचार तेथेंच संपला.

साडेअकराच्या सुमारास विद्यार्थ्यांस उद्देशून प्राध्यापक विनायकरावजी आपटे यांचें वर्षारंभीचें प्राथमिक भाषण झालें. भाषणाचा ओघ संध आणि तें अत्यंत कळकळीचें अशी मला त्या प्रसंगाची आठवण आहे. “निर्वाहः प्रतिपन्नवस्तुषु” या संस्थेच्या ध्येयवाक्याचा व्यापक अर्थ श्री. विनायकरावजींनीं सांगितला आणि टोलेजंग इमारती व अतिशय संचांचीं अशीं उपकरणीं आपल्या संस्थेंत नसलीं तरी या संस्थेंत मिळणारे शिक्षण उत्कृष्ट विद्यार्थी निर्माण करीलच करील असा आत्मविश्वास त्यांनीं आपल्या भाषणांत प्रकट केला. त्यांच्या भाषणाचा परिणाम मजवर चांगला झाला हें सरे, तरी पण मला येथें एवढी नोंद करावशी वाटते कीं, भिन्सिपाल या व्यक्तीचें माझे काल्पनाचित्र फार वेगळें होतें. आमचे भिन्सिपाल म्हणजे गोरोगोमटे, काळा अल्पाकचा कोट, पांढरी पाटलूण आणि राष्ट्रीय विचारांची लाल पगडी घालून तेथें बसलेले नामदार गोसल्यांच्या फोटोची आठवण करून देणारे सद्गृहस्थ असावेत असा मी प्रथम तर्क केला होता. पण तो तर्क चुकीचा ठरला.

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सरोसर आमच्या बॅचनें असें काय सामुदायिक पाप केलें असावें, कीं त्याच्यासाठीं मुंबई युनिव्हर्सिटीनें आम्हाला प्रीव्हियसला ‘वेस्टवर्ड हो,’ इंटरला ‘वेणीसंहार’ आणि बी. ए. ला ‘ज्युलियस सीझर’ हे नेमके तीन ग्रंथ वाचून काढण्याची चार वर्षांची शिक्षा द्यावी! प्रोफेसर नाना नारळकरांसारखे नाणावलेले शिक्षक आम्हाला “वेस्टवर्ड हो” शिकवीत. पण पुस्तकांतच कांहीं नाही तर त्यांनीं आम्हाला जीव तोडून सांगावें काय आणि आम्हीं मन लावून ऐकावें तरी काय! वर्षांच्या शेवटीं होणाऱ्या ‘समरी’ व्याख्यानांत त्यांनीं सांगितलें कीं, “शब्दांच्या वरकरणीं अर्थानें तुम्हीं भुलून जाऊं नका. ग्रंथ वाचतांना ग्रंथकर्त्यांच्या मनांत वाचकांच्या मनावर काय ठसविणेचें आहे तें पहा. त्याचा गूढार्थ ध्यानीं आणा. करवंती टाकून सोबरे स्या. संक्षेप हा बुद्धीचा आत्मा आहे. तेव्हां विषयाचें सम्यग्ज्ञान मिळवून तें थोडक्या शब्दांत मांडा. तरी पण ग्रंथाचा अभ्यास मनापासून करा. Do not touch at a tangent. ग्रंथाला सवतीच्या पोरामार्गे असें दुरून शिवू नका. घट्ट चिलगा. ते ग्रंथ मस्तकीं धारण करा म्हणजे ग्रंथकार तमच्या डोक्यांत शिरतील. प्रीव्हियस नंतर तुम्ही सर्व कुठें कुठें जाल तें माहित नाही. तुम्ही कुठेंही जा, यशस्वी व्हा. कॉलेजांत घेतलेले शिक्षण हें आचरण्यांत आणण्याचें असतें हें ध्यानीं धरा. कांहींहि व्यवसाय केलात तरी तुम्ही आपल्या कॉलेजचें नांव काढा. तुम्ही चांगले निघालात असें आम्ही ऐकूं आणि मोठ्या अभिमानानें म्हणूं कीं ‘निघणारच. कारण ते न्यू पुनाईटस आहेत.’

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“वेस्टवर्ड हो” तून जीव घेऊन कसाबसा सुटलों तर वेणीसंहार नशिबी! त्याच वर्षी डॉक्टर झाल्यानें मला वाटतें प्रोफेसर करमकरांनीं हा अॅनॅटमीचा ग्रंथ आपल्याकडे घेतला. एकेक वाक्यांत एकेक युद्धकथा सांगण्याचा ग्रंथकर्त्यांचा कोण हा हट्ट! सदाशिवच्या हौदापासून पर्वतांच्या गच्छीपर्यंत एका दमांत पळत जाण्याचा माझा अभ्यास. पण वेणीसंहार नाटकांतील एकेक वाक्य वाचतांना चार

टिकार्णी छाती मरून वायची. संस्कृतमधल्या त्या ओवडघोचड शब्दांना समजणाऱ्या अर्थांचे असे इंग्रजी प्रतिशब्द तरी कुठून काढायचे आणि शब्दाला शब्द ठेवून निर्माण होणाऱ्या वाक्यांतून अर्थ तरी काय काढायचा ! गुरुजनांनी ती लांबचलांब युद्धकथा वर्णावी आणि नम्र शिष्यांनी ती यथाशक्ति श्रवण करावी व मधून मधून त्या नाटकांतल्याच पात्रांच्या तोंडांने "ततस्ततः" "बरें पुढें !" म्हणून पृच्छा करावी. संबंध वर्षे झाले. थंथ शेवटास आला तरी आपले युद्धही संपेना आणि हें "बरें पुढें" काय तेंही संपेना. अगदीं अखेरच्या व्याख्यानांत (परीक्षेच्या दृष्टीने फक्त अखेरची व्याख्यानं ऐकिलीं कीं बस असा माझा अनुभव आहे) डॉक्टरसाहेबांनी सांगितले कीं, वेणीसंहार म्हणजे कंटाळवाणी दर्घिसूची आणि ततस्ततःनीं मधून मधून अडविलेली अशी कोरडी कथा आहे. त्या व्याख्यानाच्या तासांतच आम्हीं "पुढें काय" चा आमच्यापुरता निश्चय केला. संस्कृत वाङ्मयावरचें माझे प्रेम कितीही गाढ असलें तरी आतां बी. ए. ला संस्कृतचें नांव नको. न्यापेक्षा गणिताची डोकेंफोड बरी.

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बी. ए. त आल्यानंतर आमचें विश्व अगदींच मर्यादित झालें. गणिताचे तीन प्रोफेसर्स आणि आमच्या वर्गांतले सहा विद्यार्थी. काहीं काहीं तासाला पुढील वर्षांचे विद्यार्थी आणि दुसऱ्या वर्षी मागील वर्षांचे विद्यार्थी असा एकत्र वर्ग असे, तरी देखील गणिताचे वर्ग अगदींच लहान. प्रथम इंग्रजीचा इजेरीपुरता तरी संबंध येई. पण पुढें इजेरी ऐच्छिक वर्गांत ध्यावयाची प्रथा सुरू झाल्याने मोठ्या वर्गाचा व आमचा संबंध नव्हता.

गणित विषयाच्या अध्यापक मंडळीचा आणि आमचा संबंध मात्र कसा अगदीं घोब्याचा होता. मिन्सिपॉल शहा यांच्यासारखे गणिताचे आदर्श शिक्षक संबंध विश्वविद्यालयांत बोटावर मोजण्याइतके असतील नसतील. वर्गावर येण्यापूर्वी विषयाची त्यांची तयारी अगदीं परिपूर्ण, व्यासंग फार आणि विषयाचें ज्ञान अमाप असे असूनही पुस्तकांतील प्रत्येक बारीक सारीक उदाहरण देखील वहीमध्ये कसे स्वच्छ सोडविलेले. अनेक व्यवसाय आणि युनिव्हर्सिटीचें काम संभाळून त्यांना हें सर्व करण्यास वेळ कसा मिळे याचें आम्हा विद्यार्थ्यांना नवल वाटे. सर्व विषय मुसोद्रेत असल्याने त्यांना ही असली वही बाळगण्याचें कधीच कारण नव्हतें व वहीत पाहण्याची त्यांना कधीं जरूरी पण पडली नाहीं. तरी पण विद्यार्थ्यांनीं अभ्यास कसा करावा हें शब्दांनीं सांगण्यापेक्षा या स्वतःच्या तयारीनें न बोलतां सांगणें चांगलें अशी त्यांची प्रथा असावी.

विषय कोणताही असो, कार्य कोणतेंही असो, त्यांत मि. शहांचें शहा(ण)पण हें अगदीं स्पष्ट दिसायचें. अक्षर सुंदर, लिहिण्याची पद्धति सुंदर आणि समजावून देण्याची पद्धति सुंदर, यामुळे त्यांचीं सर्वच व्याख्यानें मोठीं अप्रतिम व्हावयाचीं. त्यांनीं फळ्यावर लिहिलें म्हणजे तें विद्यार्थ्यांनीं जसेंच्या तसें टिपून घ्यावें आणि सहामाहीच्या शेवटीं एक कानामात्रेचा देखील फरक न करितां खुशाल अशी वही छापण्याला घ्यावी. त्या विषयावरचें उत्कृष्ट पाठ्य पुस्तक तयार होईल. सुबकपणा, टापटीप आणि व्यासंगाची पूर्णता या बाबतींत त्यांच्यासारखा अध्यापक विरळा.

त्यांच्या विषयांत त्यांना अडविणारा विद्यार्थी वर्गांत अर्थांतच नव्हता. पण त्यांना एकदां निरुत्तर करणारी अशी एक बळी दुसऱ्या एका वर्गांत भेटली. नित्याप्रमाणे ते फळ्यावर काहीं लिहित होते आणि तें विद्यार्थी टक् टक् आपल्या बत्त्यावर टिपून घेत होते. ही बळी मात्र आपल्याशींच हंसत सिडकांतून बाहेर पाहात होती. मिन्सिपॉल शहांनीं विचारलें, "लिहित कां नाहीं ! " तर उत्तर मिळालें, " तें सर्व लोनीच्या पुस्तकांत दिलें आहे." "मी सांगतो तें कुठें ना कुठें दिलें आहेच, तेव्हां मग तुम्हांला वर्गांत बसण्याची जरूरी नसावी." एवढें मिन्सिपॉल साहेब म्हणाले मात्र. लागलीच पुस्तकें घेऊन हा चक्रम विद्यार्थी वर्गांतून

पसार. उभें वर्ष पुठें प्रिन्सिपॉलसाहेबांच्या तासाला बुट्टी। आणि इतकं करून युनिव्हर्सिटींत गणितांत दोनशें-पैकी एकशेंनव्वद मार्क।

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साहेबांचा मजवर फार लोभ. "हें पुस्तक वाचा, तें पुस्तक वाचा, हीं उदाहरणें सोडवा" असा नित्याचा लकडा. एकदां तर अभ्यास करून कंटाळल्यानें मी रात्री ९॥ च्या सुमारास जरा रस्त्यावर गेलों. स्वारी कुठून तरी येत होती. मीं नमस्कार केला. "उद्यां संख्याकाळीं मजकडे या" म्हणून सांगितलें. दुसरे दिवशीं मीं त्यांच्या घरीं गेलों तर युनिव्हर्सिटीच्या पेपर्सचीं दहा वर्षांचीं कॅलेंडरें बांधून दिलीं माझ्या सांघ्यावर आणि म्हणाले, "प्रश्नपत्रिका उतरून घेण्यांत वेळ घालवूं नका. चांत बी. ए. च्या दहा वर्षांचे पेपर्स आहेत ते सर्व सोडवा." त्या गट्ट्याबरोबर एक डायनामिक्सचें पण पुस्तक दिलें होतें. तें उघडून पाहिलें पान पाहिलें, तर त्यांत "I woke and found that life is duty" हें वाक्य प्रिन्सिपॉलसाहेबांच्या सुंदर अक्षरांत लिहिलें होतें.

कुठल्याही पेपरचें किंवा विषयाचें उदाहरण नडलें कीं मी त्यांना विचारी. प्रश्न इतर प्रोफेसरांच्या विषयांतले म्हणून त्यांनीं माझी कधीं निराशा केली नाही. वेळांत वेळ काढून त्यांनीं मला नेहमीं मदत करावी. मुंबईस जातांना देहाळ माझ्या Difficulties बरोबर ते एकदोनदा घेऊन गेले होते. मी शिकवण्या करून चरितार्थ चालवीत असे व त्यांत माझे दोन तीन तास जात असत, ही गोष्ट त्यांना माहीत होती. सीनिअर बी. ए. मध्यें आल्यानंतर "शिकवण्यांत वेळ घालवूं नका, संस्थेकडून वाटेल तर तुम्हाला कर्जाऊ रकम देण्याची मीं तजवीज करीन" असें त्यांनीं मला आपण होऊन बोलवून सांगितलें. त्यावर्षीं मीं शिकवण्या घेतल्या नाहीत व आग्नेय मंडळीकडून पैसे मिळाल्यानें संस्थेकडे शब्द टाकण्याची जरूरी पडली नाही. माझ्यासारख्या विद्यार्थ्यांविषयीं इतका आपलेपणा दाखविणारे प्रिन्सिपॉल आणि इतकें अगत्य दाखविणारी संस्था यांची आठवण झाली म्हणजे माझे अन्तःकरण नेहमीं रुतझतेनें उचंबळून येतें.

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पद्दति ह्या आमच्या साहेबांचा विशेष, तर आमच्या प्रो. म. शं. गो. चे अगदीं याच्या उलट. निदान आमच्या वेळीं तरी पद्दत चिद्दत कुच नहि अशी वृत्ति. बुद्धिमत्तेत स्वारी एक तीळभरही कमी नाही पण भारी आळस. स्वतः बी. ए. झाल्यानंतर त्यांनीं गणिताचीं पुस्तकें पाहिलीं तीं मला वाटतें आमच्याबरोबर वर्गांतच. वर्गांत येतांना दहा वर्षांपूर्वीं शिकलेला विषय जरा उजळा देऊन तरी आणावा का नाही बरोबर ! पण तें नाही. कुशाग्र बुद्धिमत्ता असल्यानें स्वारी कधीं अडसळली नाही, का कधीं बिचकली नाही, नडलें असें त्यांना कधींच नाही. पण तयारीच्या पहिलवानाचा पवित्रा जरा वेगळाच दिसतो नाही का !

स्त्रीदाक्षिण्याची वगैरेची बाधा आमच्या प्रो. म. शं. गो. ना कधीं झाली नाही. सहकारी ग्रंथशाळेंत ते एका मुलीचा पेपर तपाशीत होते. विचारी भांबावून गेल्यानें त्या पेपरांत तिनें काहीं फारसें लिहिलें नव्हतें. पण एक घडी केलेलें पान होतें. म. शं. गो. नीं तें उघडलें तर त्यावर सोडविलेंलें उदाहरण अगदीं बरोबर. "परिक्षकांनीं घडी केलेलें पान पहायचें नसतें. पूज्य मार्क" असें स्वारी म्हणाली. मी तिथें हजर होतों. पुठें स्वारीनें त्या प्रश्नाला मार्क दिले का नाही कुणास ठाऊक !

आमचा आणि प्रो. म. शं. गो. चा संबंध मात्र अघळपघळ. "मास्तर तुम्ही अगदींच ... " असें म्हणावयाचें काय तें मीं बाकी ठेविलें होतें. Difficulties च्या निमित्तानें केव्हाहि त्यांच्या घरीं जावें आणि डाळ मुरपुरे साऊन परत यावें. एकदां मीं नक्की केल्या वेळीं गेलों नाही, तर थोड्या वेळांत स्वारी माझ्या सोलीवर हजर. अंगावर एक घोंगडी आणि हातांत छोटी कन्या. "तुम्हाला वेळ लागला तेव्हां म्हटलें आपणच यावें." मी अगदीं ओशाळलों. अर्धा तास इकडल्या तिकडल्या गोष्टी झाल्या. Difficulties जिथल्या तिथें. "येईल हो तुम्हाला. करायच काय इतका अभ्यास करून !" असा त्यांचा मला मनापासूनचा आशीर्वाद.

आणखी एकदा असेच रा. काळे, रा. पोफळे व मी असे त्रिवर्ग त्यांच्याबरोबर त्यांच्या घरी गेलो. मला वाटतं त्यावेळी पोफळ्यांच्या Difficulties होत्या. स्वार्थी स्वयंपाकघरांत डोकावले. घर कुठे शेजारच्या घरी गेले होते. " थांथा तुम्हाला कॉफी देतो " म्हणून शेगडी फुंकायला सुरवात. आम्ही " नको नको " म्हणत होतो तरी कॉफी तयार झाली. मी असहकारितावादी असल्याने मला लिंबू-पाणी. पोफळे कॉफी प्याले आणि Difficulties तशाच मागे साहून आम्ही तिघे विद्यार्थी बाहेर पडलो.

" का गोपाळराव कशी काय कॉफी ? " म्हणून मी विचारले.

" अरे माचं महिना आणि भर बारा वाजता, ही काय कॉफीची वेळ ! " म्हणून काळे म्हणाले.

" आणि त्या कॉफीत स्वार्थीनी कॉफीच घातली होती भरपूर. सासर नाही. " रा. गोपाळराव पोफळे उद्गारले.

प्रो. म. शं. गो. च्या आम्हा आवडत्या शिष्यवर्गांना ती त्यांची विनसासुरेची कॉफीही गोड लागते. पण एकंदरीत कॉफीत व बोलण्यात थोडी अधिक सासर अवश्य झपेल असें माझे नम्र मत आहे. दाट परिचय झाला म्हणजे त्यांच्या स्वच्छ, सरळ स्वभावाची परीक्षा होते. पण दाट परिचय होण्याची संधि सर्वांना कशी मिळणार ! फणसाचें अंतरंग काय तें माहीत नसणाऱ्यानें फणसाला काटे असतात असें म्हटले, तर त्यांत त्या व्यक्तीचा जसा दोष नाही तसा फणसाचाही दोष नाही. तरी पण तरी पण ... एकंदरीत कॉफीत सासर आणि बोलण्यात गोडी हवीच.

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गणिताचे आमचे तिसरे प्रोफेसर म्हणजे नाना हर्डीकर. जिन्हाळा आणि सौजन्य हे त्याचे गुण विशेष. या सद्गुणांनी त्यांना प्राप्त झाले. लोकोपियता इतर दुसऱ्या कुठल्याही गुणसमुच्चयांनी इतरांना मिळणार नाही. त्यांच्याशी ज्यांचा ज्यांचा संबंध आला त्यांना त्यांना त्या गुणाची प्रतीति आली असणार. आमच्या कॉलेजचे हे अजातशत्रु. यांच्या आठवणी लिहितां म्हणून लिहितां यावयाच्या नाहीत अन् सांगतां म्हणून सांगतां यावयाच्या नाहीत. कारण त्यांच्या सौजन्याचें वर्णन करणें शब्दातीत आहे. सर्व माजी विद्यार्थ्यांचें सम्मेलन भरेल तर तेथे एक प्रश्न विचारावा की " भल्यांत भले प्रोफेसर कोण " आणि त्याचें एकमुस्ती उत्तर, तेंच नानांच्या आठवणी थोडक्यांत लिहिणें कसे अशक्य आहे याचें पण मुग्ध उत्तर होय.

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श्री. दा. न. शिखरे, एम. ए., संपादक अग्रणी, पुणे.

नव्या व जुन्या, -कॉलेजच्या दोन्ही इमारतींत मला शिक्षण मिळाले आहे. प्रसंगविशेषी त्या इमारतींमध्ये मी जेव्हा जेव्हा पाऊल टाकतो, तेव्हा तेव्हा विद्यार्थी-दशेतील आठवणी माझ्या चित्तांत सहजच जागृत होतात. आतां रजतोत्सवाच्या निमित्तानें तर कैक आठवणी मनस्तलांतून उसळून येतात. पण त्यांना मर्यादा पडण्यासाठी व निश्चितता घेण्यासाठी त्यावेळच्या माझ्या रोजनिशीतील उतारे-आणि तेहि दोनचारच -विवेचून देतो म्हणजे झाले.

ता. ३ जानेवारी १९२७ चा दिवस. क्रीडाप्रणी प्रा. देवधर यांच्या अभिनंदनाची सभा होती. आमचे संस्कृतचे अध्यापक म्हणून प्रा. देवधरशी आमचें नातें निकटचें. त्यांच्या गौरवामुळे आपलाच गौरव होतो ही अभिमानाची भावना. प्रशस्तिपर भाषणें झालीं. त्या सर्वांवर ताण केली प्रि. शहा यांनीं.

" Deodhar's sound play has saved India's reputation. "

हा त्या धामन-मूर्तीच्या मुखातील उत्तुंग धन्योद्गार माझ्या रोजनिशींत स्थान पावलेला आहे.

विद्यार्थ्यांला परीक्षेचे पाथेय बांधून देणें हें दुय्यम शाळांतील कार्य असेल; पण उच्च शिक्षणांत त्या ह्या विद्यांची गोडी लावणें व त्यांच्या प्रभुत्वाचा मार्ग दर्शविणें हें प्रमुख कार्य नव्हे काय ! या] दृष्टीनें मला

सर्वांत उपकारक अध्यापन कोणाचें झालें असेल तर तें प्रा. दत्तो घामन पोतदार यांचें. कोणाचेच उंबरठे पुजणें माझ्या स्वभावांत नसल्यानें मी त्यांच्या घरीं क्वचित् जात असे आणि त्यांच्या शिष्यांचे प्रभावळींतिहि मला स्थान नसे. तरीहि त्यांनीं मराठी विषय शिकवितांना मराठी भाषेचा छंद मला इतका लावला कीं,

हें सारस्वताचें गोड । तुम्हींच लाविलें जीं झाड

असें मी त्यांना मनांतल्या मनांत नेहमीं म्हणतो. मराठी भाषेचें माधुर्य, वैभव व सामर्थ्य या सर्वांचा ठसा उमटविला नाही असें त्यांचें व्याख्यान क्वचित्च होई. आमच्या सुदैवानें हरिभाऊंची 'मी' कादंबरी आणि 'चिपळूणकरांचें चरित्र' हे रसरशांत ग्रंथ त्यांचेकडे शिकविण्यासाठीं असत. त्यामुळें राष्ट्रभक्तिमूलक साहित्यसेवेचें सिंचन त्यांना मुकहस्तानें करतां आलें.

मुकहस्तानें म्हणजे किती याची कल्पना देण्यासाठीं एक दोन बुरे-बुरे प्रसंगच सांगतो. महा-विद्यालयाच्या वेळेंत प्रा. पोतदारांचा विषय कधींच पुरा व्हावयाचा नाही. 'माझें गाणेंचि मोकळें' असा त्यांचा दंडक. त्यामुळें तास संपला तरी विषय संपला असें सहसा घडत नसे. मालाकारांच्या काळाचें चित्र उभें करतांना, त्यांच्या कारखान्यांत तयार झालेला टिळक-आगरकर प्रभृतींचा पांचफाळीं नांगर महाराष्ट्र-भूमिंत कसा शिरला याचें त्यांनीं गंगाप्रवाही भाषेंत केलेलें वर्णन अजून माझ्या कानांत क्षिपत आहे. अशा 'पाहुण्या' मुळेंच विचारा पुस्तकी विषय उपाशी राहावयाचा. त्याचें पारणें करण्यासाठीं रविवारीं दुपारीं प्रा. पोतदारांनीं आम्हां विद्यार्थ्यांना बोलवावयाचें. या "जादा वर्गा" संबंधीं ता. ६ फेब्रुआरीच्या पानावर पुढील नोंद आहे :-

२-२॥ प्रो. पोतदार-मार्गप्रतीक्षा-सर्व परत.

असे पांढरे ढग कांहीं वेळां आले; तरी जेव्हां जेव्हां म्हणून गुरुशिष्यांची युति जमून पर्जन्यवर्षाव होई, तेव्हां मुसळधारच असावयाची व विद्यार्थी गारीगार व्हावयाचे. त्याच महिन्यांतील २० तारखेस पुढील नोंद आहे :-

"३-५ प्रो. पोतदार 'मी' वर.

५-७ बाहेर प्रोफेसरांशी ४ विद्यार्थ्यांसह गप्पा."

आला ना हा साक्या व्यानांत ! तास दोन वाजतां; आम्ही घरून दीडला निघालेलो; दोन तास शास्त्रोक्त 'अध्यापन' व्हावयाचें; नंतर 'मुसळगुद्दीसाठीं' चर्चा व्हावयाची ती पुनः दोन तास ! ज्ञानाचें खरें क्षेत्र तेंच—स्फूर्तीची गंगोत्रीच ती ! प्राचीनकालीन गुरुकुलाची गुण-संपदा त्यांत साठविलेली. 'मी शिक्षणमंत्री असतो तर लाख रुपये खर्चून हजार व्याख्यानें दिलीं असती' हे रोजनिशींतील प्रा. पोतदारांचें वाक्य आज मला महत्त्वाचें वाटतें.

वर्षअखेरीस विद्यार्थ्यांच्या "पाठवणीचा" समारंभ झाला.

'यस्योभयं साधु स शिक्षकाणां धुरि प्रतिष्ठापायितव्य एव'

हा चरण घालून फोटो काढला होता. फोटोनंतर भाषणाचा समारंभ. रसिकापणी प्रा. लेलेशास्त्री यांनी आपल्या टेकेबाज वाणीनें 'वाङ्मयाची गोडी कायम ठेवा' असा उपदेश केला. 'एम्. ए. ला मराठीच घ्या' अशी सूचना प्रा. पोतदारांनीं आपल्या भाषणांत केली. आभार मानतांना मीं असें म्हटल्याचें रोजनिशींत लिहिलेलें आहे :-

"आगरकरांप्रमाणें विषयांत रंगून वेळेचें भान नसणें हा गुण गुरुद्वयांत आहे. प्रो. लेले यांची सहृदयता विशेषच. प्रो. पोतदार विचारप्रवर्तक, शिकवितांना प्रत्येकाशीं बोलत; शॉप घेऊं देत नसत."

विद्यालय सुटलें तरी विद्यागुरूंचें नातें तुटलें नाहीं, उलट दृढावलेंच. काहीं काल स्वतः अध्यापन केलें तें प्रा. पोतदारांचा आदर्श मनापुढें ठेवूनच. काहीं साहित्य-सेवा केली ती प्रा. पोतदारांनीं अंकुरित केलेल्या भावनांमुळेच.

दोन वर्षांपूर्वी 'आजकालचे साहित्यिक' हें मासें पुस्तक त्यांना "आद्रपुरस्तर समर्पण" करतांना मी त्यांचें वर्णन पुढील शब्दांनीं केलें होतें :—

"कॉलेजांत मराठी विषयापुरता संबंध आला असता जीवनाला पुरी पडण्याइतकी साहित्याची शिदोरी आत्ताच्या आपुलकीने देत रहाणारे."

उत्सव-प्रसंगी 'मंडपशोभा' करण्यासाठी काढलेले औपचारिक उद्गार हे सास नव्हत. आयुष्यावर असा परिणाम ज्या सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेजांत घडला तें (न्यू पुना कॉलेज म्हणूं का!) आठवलें कीं,

"पिकें सारस्वत तूक्षिया पाऊलीं"

आणि ते सारस्वतहि राष्ट्रभक्तिमूलक—असें म्हणावेसे वाटतें. केवळ मराठीच्याच सारस्वताचें गोड झाड नव्हे तर, संस्कृत, इंग्रजी वगैरे भाषांचे विशाल वृक्ष महाविद्यालयाच्या भूमींत वाढीस लागलेले आहेत. भाषेच्या विभागाशिवाय गणित, तत्त्वज्ञान, रसायन वगैरे गंभीर विषयांचे तरुराजहि, सुगंधी फुलें नसलीं तरी, पौष्टिक फळें पुरवीत आहेत आणि या संस्थेनें पहिल्या पंचविशींतच मुंबापुरीसहि सज्ञान करण्याचा 'व्यापार' हातीं घेतला आहे. यावद्दल संस्थेचें भवितव्य उज्वल व कर्तृत्व वर्धिष्णु आहे असें दिसून येतें व विद्यार्थिगणांचें अन्तःकरण अभिमानानें व उल्हासानें भरून येतें.

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प्रा. वि. स. टिळक, एम. ए., बडोदें

वारकरी पंथाचे विद्यार्थी सोडून दिले तर न्यू पुना कॉलेजशीं माझा संबंध इतरापेक्षा थोडा जास्त आला. कॉलेजची फेलोशिप सामान्यतः एक वर्षाची असते. पण मला आणखी एक वर्ष लेक्चरर म्हणून काम करण्याची संधि मिळाल्यामुळे मी पूर्ण सहा वर्षे कॉलेजमध्ये काढलीं. कॉलेजच्या जुन्या व नव्या अशा दोन्ही इमारतींत मासें शिक्षण झालें व कॉलेजच्या वसतिगृहाचा मी पहिला सुपरिन्टिन्डेंट होतो असें मला वाटतें. मी फेलो असतांना कॉलेज त्रैमासिकाचा दुय्यम संपादक व गॅदरिंगचा जनरल सेक्रेटरीहि होतो. इतका निकटचा संबंध असूनहि मला फारशा आठवणी सांगता येतीलसे वाटत नाहीं. विद्यार्थिदशेंत माझी सांपत्तिक व तदनुषंगानें मानसिक स्थिति फारशी समाधानकारक नसल्यामुळे कॉलेजच्या विश्वांत मोकळेपणानें वागण्याचा आनंद मला लाभला नाहीं. मासिकांत कविता लिहिल्या, वादविवादांच्या वार्षिक चढाओढांत बाक्षिसें मिळविण्याकरितां भाग घेतला, एक वर्ष सोशल गॅदरिंगच्या रिसेशन कमिटीचा सेक्रेटरी होतो, याहून मला जास्त काहीं करतां आलें नाहीं. प्रो. नारळकर व प्रो. तुळपुळे यांनीं मला फार प्रेमार्पणें वागविलें. गु. म. रा. परांजपे, दांडेकर, देवधर, पोतदार व हर्डीकर यांच्याशीं माझा थोडाफार परिचय झाला व या सर्वां-बद्दल मला अतिशय आदर वाटतो. शिवाय या काळांत मला सातआठ उत्कृष्ट स्नेही लाभले व त्यांची मैत्री अजून कायम आहे.

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१९२५ सालच्या सोशल गॅदरिंगच्या वेळची गोष्ट. मास्टर रुष्णराव फुलंबीवर यांचें गाणें ठराविलें होतें. मास्तरांनीं विदागी घेतली नाहीं व कॉलेजनें काहींतरी वस्तु आठवण म्हणून त्यांना द्यावी अशी इच्छा प्रदर्शित केली. आम्हीं एक आंगठी देण्याचें ठराविलें व मि. शहा यांजकडे जाऊन ती त्यांनीं मराठींत भाषण करून मास्तरांना अर्पण करावी अशी विनंति केली. मि. शहांची शिस्त व दुरारा फार कडक असे.

व आपण मराठीत भाषण केलें तर मुलें हंसतील हें माहीत असून घुदां त्यांनीं आमच्या इच्छेला मान देण्याचें मनोवैर्य दाखविलें. त्यांचें मराठीचें बेताचें ज्ञान व गुजराथी उच्चार यामुळें त्यांच्या भाषणाला कसा रंग चढला असेल याची कल्पना केलेली बरी. पण या त्यांच्या भाषणामुळें मला त्यांच्याबद्दल जो आदर वाटला तो दुसऱ्या कशानेहि वाटला नाही. प्रि. शहा गॅदरिंगमध्ये फारच मोकळेपणानें आमच्यामध्ये मिसळत असत. एकदां गॅदरिंगच्या 'एकच थ्याला' नाटकाच्या वेळीं चुकून जास्त तिकिटें विकलीं गेल्या-मुळें प्रेक्षकांची गर्दी झाली असता प्रि. शहांनीं स्वतःची सुची उचलून दिली व आपण विंगमध्ये बसण्याची तयारी दाखविली.

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सौ. कमलाबाई टिळक, एम्. ए., बडोदें

१९२३ सालीं मी मॅट्रिक पास होऊन न्यू पूना कॉलेजमध्ये नांव घातलें. शाळेंतून कॉलेजांत जायचें म्हणजे पिंजऱ्यांतून उपवनांत भरारी मारल्यासारखें वाटायचें तेव्हां. मोठाले वर्ग, सहाध्यायी मुलगे, लांब लांब काळे शूगे घातलेले प्रोफेसर्स व त्यांचीं विद्वत्ताप्रचुर व्याख्यानें—सारेच अद्भुत मासे तेव्हां—आणि सगळ्यांत ऐट वाटत असेल कशाची तर ती 'लेडीज रूम'ची. शाळेंत Girls असलेल्या आम्ही आतां एकदम Lady Students झालो. आमच्या छोट्याशा लेडीज रूममध्ये आम्ही खूप धिंगाणा घालीत असूं. शेजारच्या प्रोफेसर्स रूममधून "गडबड कमी करा" अशा चिट्ठ्या आम्हाला वरचेवर यायच्या; अर्थात् त्या चिट्ठ्यांना आम्ही तितपतच जुमानीत असूं. अशा या "लेडीज रूम"ची वास्तुगणी भैत्रिणीच्या मेळाव्यांत एकदां मी करीत होतें. तेथें माझी, शाळेंतील पूर्वीची सहाध्यायिनी पण आतां फर्ग्युसोनियन् झालेली एक मुलगी होती. मी वर्णनाच्या भरांत असतांना, मध्येच नाक मुरडून ती म्हणाली, "इश, ठाऊक आहे यांची 'लेडीज रूम' ! व्हरांड्याला पाटिशान् घालून खुराड बनवलं आहे एक नकटंसं झालं !" मी अगदीं, पाण्यांत टाकलेल्या डॅकळासारखी विरघळलें. ती म्हणत होती तें कांहीं सोंटें नव्हतें. पण आम्हाला तीच "नकटी" लेडीज रूम आमच्या कॉलेजची म्हणून किती गोड वाटे ! पुढें आमचें कॉलेज हल्लींच्या भव्य इमारतींत गेलें, तेव्हां तेथली नवी, प्रशस्त लेडीज रूम माझ्या भैत्रिणींना मी किती अभिमानानें नेऊन दाखवली. आमच्या लेडीज रूममधलें आमचें पिंजऱ्यां टेबल, आमच्यासाठीं असलेला सोर्लीतील स्वतंत्र नोटीस बोर्ड—आम्हाला स्वर्ग अगदीं दोन बोटे उरलासा वाटे. अजूनहि, न्यू पूना कॉलेजची वाढती भरभराट पाहून, कॉलेजच्या पटांगणांत प्रतिवर्षीं मस्तकें उभविणाऱ्या नव्या नव्या इमारती पाहून कौतुकानें व इर्षानें माझे हृदय भडन येतें. मला वाटतें त्या भावनांची प्रतीति हल्लींच्या विद्यार्थ्यांत होणें शक्य नाही.

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सक्रांतीच्या सुटनंतर कॉलेजचा पहिलाच दिवस. फर्स्ट इअरमध्ये प्रो. नारळकरांचा तास होता. 'नानांवर' साऱ्याच विद्यार्थ्यांचें फार प्रेम. नेहमींच्या पद्धतीनें नाना वर्गांत येऊन टेबलाच्या टोंकावर स्थिरावल्यावर अगदीं आपुलकीच्या भावनेनें, पुष्कळ विद्यार्थ्यांनीं पुढें येऊन नानांना हलवा दिला. नानांनीं गमतीनें दोन दोन दाणे तोंडांत टाकून, त्याचा स्वीकार केला. मुलांचा हलवा देऊन झाल्यावर आपल्या नेहमींच्या गोड मिष्टिकल्पणानें मुलींच्या बाजूला बसून नाना हळूच म्हणाले, "या बाजूनें नाही वाटतं कांहीं." मुलांनीं दणकून स्टॅपिंग केलें व आम्ही ओशाळलो. त्या काळीं (१९२४) मुली कॉलेजमध्ये फारच संकोचानें वागत. भर वर्गांत मुलीनें उठून प्रोफेसरांना हलवा द्यायचा ही कल्पनाच कशीशी होती; पण नानांच्या त्या मनमोकळ्या, सहज उद्गारानें आपण हलवा आणला नाही ही मोठी आपण चूक केली, असं वाटूं लागलें आम्हाला. दुसऱ्या दिवशीं आम्ही सगळ्या मुलींनीं मिळून पुष्कळसा हलवा एका कागदाच्या सुंदर

पेट्रीतून नानाना दिला. नानांनी तो सस्मित स्वीकारला व पेट्री उघडून पाहून झलक्याची तारफि केली. आम्हाला धन्य धन्य झालें. पण आमचे वर्गबंधु कसले मिस्कील. मधल्या छुटीनंतर आम्ही पुन्हा वर्गांत येतो तों फळ्यावर मोठ्या मोठ्या अक्षरांनी लिहिलें होतें : “ बुंदसे गयीं सो हौदसे नही आती ” आम्ही अगदीं सरदू झालों.

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इंटरमीजिएटमध्ये ऐच्छिक विषय लॉजिक घ्यावा असें माझ्या मनांत होतें; कारण मला बी. ए. ला पुढें फिलॉसफी घ्यायची होती. मी लॉजिकच्या वर्गांत नांव घातलेलें समजल्यावर मि. शहांनीं मला बोलावणें पाठवले व मी लॉजिक न घेतां गणित घ्यावें असें झुचवले. प्रो. नारळकरांना बोलावून घेऊन, इंटरला गणित घेऊन पुढें बी. ए. ला फिलॉसफी घेतां येतें, अशी त्यांच्या तोंडून मला सात्री करून दिली. “लॉजिक घेऊन ‘क्लास’ मिळणार नाही म्हणून गणित घ्यावें” अशी मि. शहांची इच्छा होती. विद्यार्थ्यांच्या हितायद्दल व तदनुषंगिक कॉलेजच्या लौकिकायद्दल मि. शहाना किती कळकळ वाटे, हें यावरून दिसून येईल. पुढें मी त्यांच्या सांगण्याप्रमाणें गणित घेतलें; पण सहामाहीच्या परिक्षेंत माझी Solid Geometry अगदींच लंगडी पडली. मि. शहा तो विषय आम्हाला वर्गांत शिकवीत नसत; पण त्यांनीं मला बोलावून घेऊन, Solid Geometry मला मुळापासून काढींच समजलेली नाही हें पाहून, आमच्या पुस्तकातील एकूण एक उदाहरणें, अगदीं पढिल्यापासून, स्वतः समक्ष माझ्याकडून सोडवून घेतलीं. त्यामुळें, शेवटीं परिक्षेंत मला ‘क्लास’ मिळूं शकला.

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सौ. मुक्ताबाई दीक्षित, एम. ए., पुणें

प्राध्यापक दाडेकरांच्या किंचित् मोठ्या आकाराच्या रुमालावरून—त्यावेळीं याला आम्ही ‘पागोटें’ या नांवानें संबोधित असूं—व माहीत असलेल्या ‘झांजा चिपळ्यां’ वरून आम्हीं सर्वजणींनीं निष्कर्ष काढला कीं, हे प्राध्यापक—अथवा गुरुदेव म्हटल्यास जास्त बरें—हे एकंदरीत देवभोळे—अर्थात् बुद्धिवादी नव्हतच—पुराणमतवादी स्त्रीशिक्षणद्वेषे, प्रचलित समाजघटनांची यथातथ्य जाणीव (proper perspective) नसलेले असे एक अत्यंत धोर गृहस्थ आहेत ! दोन वर्षे आम्ही या कल्पना मोठ्या आस्थेनें जतन केल्या. कारण तोंपर्यंत त्यांचा आमचा फारसा संबंधच आला नाही.

१९२४ सालच्या Intermediate परिक्षेचा निकाल लागला—प्रश्न बुद्धिमत्तेच्या विद्यार्थ्यांना आपण कोणता ऐच्छिक विषय घ्यावा, निष्णात प्राध्यापक वर्ग कोणत्या विषयाचा, आपणांस उच्च श्रेणी कोणत्या विषयाची निवड केल्यास प्राप्त होईल, इत्यादि अनेक प्रश्न भंडावून सोडूं लागले—आमच्या—मी व माझी मैत्रीण कु. सिन्धु गोखले—यांच्या बाबतींत तसली कांहीं भानगड नसल्यामुळें आमच्याबद्दल जास्तीत जास्त सहानुभूति कोणत्या प्राध्यापकांना वाटेल एवढाच आमच्या विचाराचा विषय होता. अखेर दोघींनींही धीर धरून ऐच्छिक तत्त्वज्ञानाच्या (Voluntary Philosophy) वर्गांत प्रवेश केला. इतर मैत्रीणांनीं आम्हाला “ आतां पंढरीच्या वारीला कधीं ! ” इत्यादि कुराल प्रश्न विचारले हें सांगणें नकोच.

ज्युनिअरला आम्ही फक्त पांच विद्यार्थी होतो. आम्ही दोघी व आणखी तीन. एक थोड्याच दिवसांत विषय बदलून गेले—दुसरे वर्षाअखेर सांगलीच्या कॉलेजमध्ये गेले, व एवंच आम्ही तीन उरलों. पैकीं एक पुरुष विद्यार्थी—कै. देशमाने—प्राध्यापकांच्या समोरच्या बाकावर बसे व आम्ही दोघी रीतसर बाजूच्या बाकावर. दाडेकरांच्या तासाला या योजनेबद्दल आम्हाला समाधानच वाटे व मनांत केव्हां केव्हां शंकाहि येई कीं, कांहीं कारणानें तो समोरचा विद्यार्थी गैरिदजर असला तर.....

त्या दोन वर्षांतहि आमच्या त्यांच्याबद्दलच्या अतिमानुषत्वाच्या (Super-human) कल्पनांना क्वचित् प्रसंगी धक्का मिळे. त्यांतील कांहीं प्रसंग मला अजून आठवतात. १९२५ च्या फेब्रुवारीत Philoso-phy च्या सम्मेलनाचा प्रसंग. विद्यार्थ्यांची संख्या अगदीच मर्यादित, अर्थात् समारंभ थोडाफार घरगुती समारंभासारखाच. फराळाच्या टेबलासमोर प्राध्यापक वर्ग, दुसऱ्या बाजूला आम्ही दोघी दवकतच बसलेल्या फराळ आटपतच आलेला, पांचदहा मिनिटांत आपण बाहेर पडू आणि मनमोकळेपणाने बोलू असं वाटलं. इतक्यांत 'अहो गोसले, एक गाणं म्हणाना, मला माहीत आहे तुम्हाला येतं तें' ही सूचना समोरील प्रा. दांडेकरांच्याकडून आली! एवढंच नव्हे तर त्या गाण्याची चालहि त्यांनीं सुचविली. आश्रयाचा धक्काच बसला आम्हां दोघींना !! प्रा. दांडेकरांनीं गाणं म्हणायची सूचना एका 'विद्यार्थिनी'ला केली तीहि इतक्या सहज आणि खेळकरपणे ! आम्ही एकमेकींकडे बघतच राहिलो. आणि आमच्या त्यांच्याकडे पाहण्याच्या दृष्टिकोनांत किंचित् फरक झाला असेल त्या दिवशीं.

१९२५ च्या फेब्रुवारीत प्रा. दांडेकरांनीं आम्हां फिलॉसफीचे विद्यार्थ्यांना प्रा. पटवर्धनांच्या घरी पार्टी दिली. तेव्हांचा एक प्रसंग. त्या दिवशीं तर ते स्वतःच यजमान. मुळांच्यांत मिसळून ते खूप विनोद, गप्पा, चर्चाहि करीत होते. चर्चेच्या मरांत एका सीनिअर विद्यार्थ्यानें विचारलें, 'सर, एक प्रश्न विचारूं का !' अर्थात् ते 'हो' म्हणाले. त्या विद्यार्थ्यानें सरळपणे त्यांच्या आयुष्याच्या ध्येयाचीच चौकशी केली. शब्दांच्या गुंतागुंतींत आपला ध्येयवाद न लपवितां दांडेकरांनीं त्याहिपेक्षां सरळ व आत्मविश्वासाने उत्तर दिलें, " God Realisation ". त्यावेळचा त्यांचा तो तेजस्वी चेहरा आणि ढोळे मिटून सुहास्य मुद्देनें दिलेले उत्तर विसरणं अशक्य आहे.

त्याच वर्षीच्या संमेलनाच्या व्यवस्थापक मंडळाचे ते अध्यक्ष होते. सगळे कार्यक्रम नेहमीप्रमाणे झाले. पण त्यावेळीं जेवणाच्या पंक्तींत सोंबव्याच्या पंक्ती जास्त होत्या कीं काय कोण जाणे ! निदान आम्हांला तसा भास झाला. स्वतः अध्यक्ष गर्द निव्या रंगाचा कद नेसून आणि चटसारे बुद्धिवादी विद्यार्थी सोंबव्याचे कद नेसून पंक्तींत आग्रह करीत होते. त्या पंक्तींत व्हायचा तितका हास्यविनोद झाला, कडोळ झाला. प्रा. दांडेकरांचे आम्हां आमच्या कल्पनेनें गृहीत धरलेलें वैशिष्ट्य कांहीं कालपर्यंत विसरलों. पण तें किती वेळ ! विद्यार्थ्यांचा अत्यंत आवडता नाटकाचा कार्यक्रम होईपर्यंत. संबध दिवसभर विद्यार्थ्यांत खेळीमेळीनें मिसळलेले अध्यक्ष रात्रीच्या नाटकाच्या कार्यक्रमाला हजर नव्हते (आणि त्याबद्दल एका विद्यार्थ्यानें उद्गार काढले " He refused to cross the threshold of this horrid building. " सर्वसामान्य आनंदांत मिसळण्याची आपली मर्यादा ते विसरले नाहीत.)

प्रा. दांडेकरांच्या व्यक्तित्वातील 'ऊनसांवली'चा खेळ पाहतांना मौज वाटे. त्यांच्या अंतरंगांतला क्वचित् प्रसंगी दृश्य ह्योणारा खेळकरपणा आल्हाददायी वाटे. पण एकदां मनानं घेतलेली आदरयुक्त भीति-धास्तीच म्हणाना-त्या दोन वर्षांत कधींच कमी झाली नाही. आणि आज ! सोळा वर्षांपूर्वीच्या दृष्टिकोनांतून प्रा. दांडेकरांच्याकडे पाहतांना-नव्हे आपल्याच सुख्या कल्पनांची छाननी करतांना इतकी मौज वाटते ! प्रा. दांडेकर तेच आहेत-अंतरंगाला शुद्ध अध्यात्माची तळमळ, भोंवतालीं सडतर कठोर व्यवहाराचा सांवळागोधळ, पण त्या दोहोंची यशस्वी सांगड घालतांना, त्यांच्या बाबतकशी ध्येयवादाची दीप्तिमान कांति यत्किंचितहि मलिन झाली नाही. दैनिक आयुष्याला धका-धकीची मुरड घालतांना अंतिम ध्येयाला कधीं दृष्टिआड करावं लागलं नाही. आषाढीकार्तिकाला पंढरीची बारी जितक्या श्रद्धेनें आणि चिकाटीनें, तितक्याच चिकाटीनें सीनेटमधील जागेकरतां सटपट. ज्ञानेश्वरीवर प्रवचन जितक्या विनाकष्ट व आस्थेनें, तितक्याच आस्थेनें नातेवाइकांचीं लभें वगैरे मामुली व्यवहारांत लक्ष घालणें. दिंडीबरोबर पंढरीला जातांना टाळ वाजविण्यांत जी तन्मयता, तीच तन्मयता शि. प्र. मंडळीचा मार्ग सुकर व्हावा म्हणून सटपट करण्यांत.

गेल्या सोळा वर्षांत आम्हांला क्रमाक्रमाने प्रतीत झालेलं दांडेकरांचं व्यक्तिमत्व हें अशा प्रकारचं आहे. त्यांच्यांत साधेपणा तर आहेच आणि त्याचा फारसा शोध करण्याचं कारण पडत नाही. पण त्याबरोबरच वेळ राहूनहि भोंवतालच्या समाजाशी समरस झेपण्याची पात्रता, सेळकरपणा, बऱ्याच प्रमाणांत मिस्कीलपणाहि आहे. मात्र हे सर्व व्यक्तिविशेष गांधियांच्या व श्रद्धारूपणाच्या अशा कांहीं आवरणासालीं दडलेले आहेत की त्यामुळे वरवर पाहणाराला प्रथमदर्शनीं त्याचा चटकन् कयास लागत नाही.

वाङ्मयाच्या भाषेत मानवी वैशिष्ट्याचं वर्णन करायचं झालं तर मी असं म्हणून की, दांडेकरांचे गुणविशेष हे आर्नोल्ड बेनेटनें वर्णन केलेल्या अक्षरवाङ्मया (classic) च्या गुणविशेषाप्रमाणे आहेत. प्रथमदर्शनीं यांच्या वैशिष्ट्याची तुमच्यावर छाप पडणार नाही, त्यांच्याबद्दल वाटावा तितका आपलेपणा वाटणार नाही, पण जास्त सद्वासानंतर त्यांच्याबद्दल वाटूं लागणारा आदर हा मात्र चिरस्थायी स्वरूपाचा असल्याचाचून राहणार नाही.

अक्षरवाङ्मया (classic) च्या शैलीचं वर्णन करतांना बेनेट म्हणतो, "As a rule the people whom you have come to esteem communicated themselves to you gradually; they did not begin the entertainment with firework." आणि त्याच्या बहुमोल अन्तरंगाबद्दल म्हणतो, "The beauty of a classic is not at all apt to knock you down. It will steal over you rather." दांडेकरांच्या व्यक्तित्वाला हें वर्णन किती यथार्थतेनें लागू पडेल !

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S. S. PATKE, M. A., B. T.

Life-member, Anath Balikashram, Hingne

The first and foremost impression of our F. Y. days is about our English Professors. Prof. N. G. Naralkar explained to us Stevenson's "Kidnapped" with superb skill and eloquence, combined with his sweet voice. Prof. H. V. Tulpule, who taught us Poetry, had a charm and personality of his own. Apart from his jolly temperament and delightful voice, he showed a peculiar knack in explaining the inner beauty of an apparently very simple poem, like "The Snare" or "The Ungirt Runners". He read the verses so poetry-like that we could not resist the temptation of marking rhythm by stamping. And he never took it ill, he enjoyed it. Prof. Ayyer, who taught us the Rapid Reading Books, was a speed merchant in speaking. He spoke so fluently and speedily that the boys fondly nicknamed him "The Punjab Mail".

Amongst the Mathematics Professors, Prof. Hardikar was very popular. For making difficult problems easy he gave us exhaustive explanation with such clarity and repetition that even the dullest boy took interest in his subject. Prof. Hardikar was at his best when he explained the Binomial Theorem. He had a method and knack of his own. His ability as a teacher stands unchallenged.

Prof. B. D. Sattigiri replaced Prof. Ayyer and he taught us Rapid Reading in the Inter Arts Class. In his casual talks, he told us about his special study of Bernard Shaw. Shaw's epigrammatic sentence that "Bad is not so bad as worse" was always on the tip of his tongue—as some humo-

rously remarked—perhaps in defence of his own drawbacks. Prof. Karmarkar, who taught us "Uttara Ram Charita" looked grave. It is very interesting to recall how the mischievous element once tried to offend the learned Professor of Sanskrit. As he wore a very simple dress, resembling a Puranik, and as he was the only professor who sat in the chair while teaching, some boys thought that his class was just a sermon-hall. One day, Prof. Karmarkar found on his table a handful of rice, some nuts and bettle-leaves. Boys thought that he would naturally take it ill and that he would leave the class. But unexpectedly enough he retorted, "Well, gentlemen, if you are prepared to act as old dames, I am quite ready to play the role of a Puranik". The whole class enjoyed the witty retort so much, that there was an out-burst of loud laughter and stamping. Thenceforward nobody dared to offend him.

Now I shall turn to the History department of the years 1927-29. It was a pleasant surprise for us that Prof. Potdar could talk in English, so fluently. On many occasions he was so deeply absorbed in his lectures that he did not hear the bell and continued with his lecture thus encroaching upon other Professors' time. His lectures were very inspiring. Every now and then he tried to impress on his students the supreme need of research-work in Indian History, especially in the History of the Mahrattas.

There were many changes in the year 1930, especially in the College-staff. Prof. Sabnis, besides being the Professor of History, assumed the Principalship. "Plain living and High thinking" was his personal motto, and he followed it thoroughly well. Boards, bearing rules of morality and good conduct, were hung up. Lengthy notices regarding the need and importance of high moral conduct, were frequently seen on the Notice Boards. Abraham Lincoln was set up as an ideal worthy of example. Large sections of boys apprehended that the bachelor Principal was trying to convert the College into an Ashram.

These are some of my impressions about our College-life, which still linger in the memory, and to recall them is a really delightful pastime. In our days the S. P. College did not stand out so prominently as it does today, and so, one is naturally pleased and happy to note the present growth and all-round expansion of one's Alma Mater.

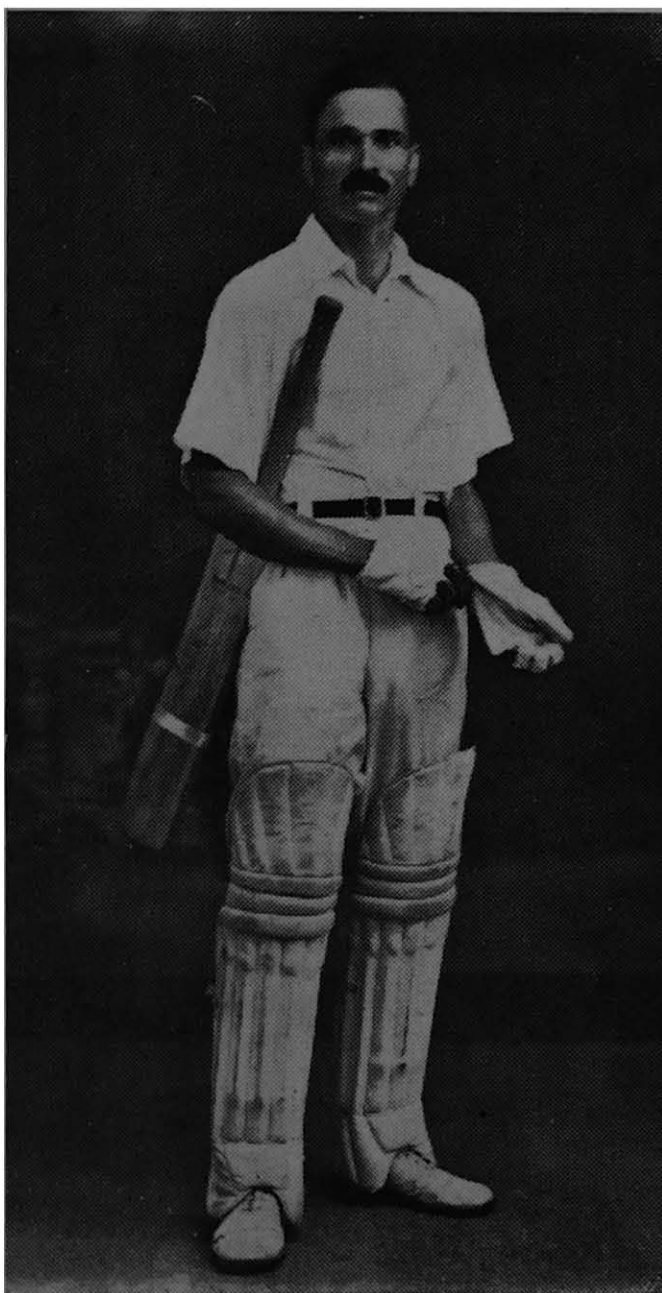
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A Professor Cricketer

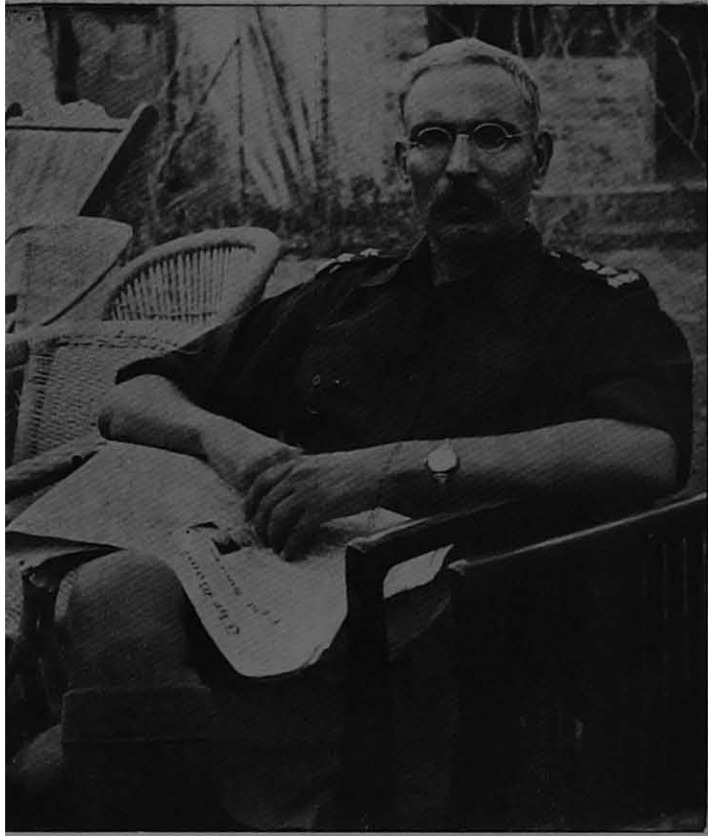
S. C. G.

Amongst cricketers that Maharashtra has produced the name of my friend Prof. Dinkar Balwant Deodhar is a household word with every cricket-lover. A born cricketer as he is, he showed promise of what he is now since his school days. He could secure the then much-coveted place in the Hindu Quadrangular team when he was a student in the Fergusson College. If I mistake not, he stood first in the batting averages of the Hindu players till the year 1934, when he was unfortunately dropped from the XI which played in

OUR PROFESSOR CRICKETER



Prof D. B. Deodhar, M. A.



Major R. D. Karmarkar, M.A.
Commandant, 1st (Bom.) Bn. U. T. C. (I. T. F.) and
Commandant, Poona Civic Guards.



CIVIC GUARDS . .

- 1 Mr. Abhyankar, 2 Prof. S. K. Kulkarni, 3 Major R. D. Karmarkar, 4 Mr. Raje**
M.A.

the finals of the Quadrangular Tournaments. This was an act of great injustice to him. He was the Captain of the team and had won the first round. It was not due to want of form or any deficiency in him that he was unceremoniously removed from his captaincy.

Any other cricketer would have given up cricket in disgust. But Prof. Deodhar plays cricket for the love of the game and as he once remarked humorously, it is as essential to him to play cricket as food is to others. Prof. D. B. Deodhar should always be placed as an ideal by every budding cricketer. His regular and clean life, his unassuming manners, and his love of the game are things to be copied by every cricketer. His capacity to adapt his game to every kind of cricket is really wonderful. His running between the wickets even at his present age evoked admiration from well-known English and Australian cricketers. He is a smart fielder in the slips and also at cover-point. Many perhaps might not be knowing that Prof. Deodhar was a fine wicket-keeper in his young days, but he had to leave it on account of a sharp injury to his teeth while keeping wickets.

As a captain, he is a genius. His long experience, his genial disposition, his quick judgment, his ability to handle his bowlers and to take the best out of every player in his team, are matters which every would-be captain should keep before his eyes. It is these qualities both as a player and a captain that have to a great extent enabled the Maharashtra team to win the much-coveted National Championship and the Ranji Trophy for two consecutive years.

It is sometimes said that Prof. Deodhar should now retire from cricket as he is old. This remark would have some justification if age had really affected his game. In fact this was one of the reasons urged against him when he was dropped from the Hindu team and his place was given to the young Yuvaraj, now the Maharaja of Patiala. But his brilliant century against Lord Tennyson XI, his recent performances in the Ranji Trophy matches, particularly his 256 against the Bombay XI led by Mr. V. M. Merchant in 1940 clearly prove that growing years have not affected his game in any way. One certainly does not find his old flashy strokes, particularly his cover-drive; but you find him playing with greater confidence and executing his strokes with the skill of a master of the game. He has wonderfully adapted himself to the new leg-trap theory.

It is really unfortunate that such a brilliant cricketer and a captain should not have found a place in the Indian teams that visited England or in the teams that played test matches in India. It is only last year that wisdom dawned upon the worthy selectors and he was selected to lead the Indian XI against Ceylon. In this match he proved by his brilliant batting and wonderful captaincy that all his former critics were wrong.

In conclusion, I can pay no better tribute to Prof. Deodhar's cricketing talents than quoting the following remarks of sports correspondent of the Times of India, describing the concluding stages of the India Ceylon match.

"And as though Fate had planned to atone for herp revious unkindness more completely—an unkindness that had kept away from the Brabourne Stadium until this match, one of India's most remarkable cricketers—it was left to Deodhar to round off the innings with two smart catches in the slips, just as he had one a few weeks before at Poona to win easily the greatest match ever played in India and unquestionably one of the most remarkable in the history of the game".

Such a remarkable player was dropped by the Bombay Hindu Selection Committee in the year 1937. Had it not been for the independent existence which Maharashtra secured from the Board of Cricket Control in India, Prof. Deodhar and many other fine cricketers—such as Messrs. Rangnekar, Sohoni, Hazare, Bhandarkar and others—would not have been able to show their merit and would have been ignored in first-class cricket.

Long live Prof. D. B. Deodhar and the Maharashtra cricket !

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Prof. R. M. Gole, M. A.

I joined the New Poona College in 1923. The College was then just seven years old. I stayed there long enough to see it leave its humble dwelling in the city for its present abode.

So young an educational institution enjoys certain peculiar advantages. The students are few, the teachers easily accessible and willing to help. There is an eager zest on all sides expressing the inner desire to make the undertaking a success. The place has an atmosphere both of expectancy and adventure.

I caught the atmosphere almost at once and did my little best to turn the undertaking into as glorious an adventure as possible. And I have since come to believe that such an atmosphere must permeate every school or college worth the name. The moment a college becomes rooted in tradition, the moment it ceases to surprise by its originality, the moment, in short, it begins to fix its gaze on the past or the immediate present and refuses to contemplate the wide open spaces and the distant horizon, that moment it ceases to be a vital educative force. The outer framework may remain and even prosper, but the prosperity would be a sham because its inner impulses will have been destroyed.

In those early years this atmosphere hung over the College like an intoxicating fragrance. We caught it mostly of course from our teachers. There was, for instance, Prof. Hardikar panting for breath on a hot afternoon

and trying to explain to us the mysterious Binomial Theorem. The theorem remains a mystery to me even today, but that is not the fault of Prof. Hardikar. What struck us most about him was the pains he took to make things easy for us, his patience and simplicity, and, above all, his essential goodness of heart. There was Prin. Shah who achieved the rare distinction of being able to stand with his back to the class and gaze at the black-board for as long as he pleased. Any one who has taught a class of 150 odd students will be able to appreciate what that means. Then there was Prof. Naralkar turning the black-board into an ingenious pattern of words, phrases, arrows, and circles in a valiant attempt to explain to the gaping multitude the intricate art of exact reasoning, and trying at the same time to keep in place his silk turban whose manifold intricacies gave him more trouble than all the problems of formal logic.

And there were many others. There was Prof. Lagu, of measured speech and measured step, gloating "over the exquisite and chiselled phrases" of Tennyson and surveying the mass of faces before him with an occasional glance of withering contempt. And there was Prof. Tulpule who always reminded you of a successful lawyer, and Prof. Potdar always hurrying away to keep a belated appointment with his students; he belonged to that very small group of fortunate people for whom time does not exist.

But behind this diversity you glimpsed a uniform purpose that held these people together. You felt that they were willing to give of their best to the College they served and the students they looked after, and that they were all, consciously or unconsciously, working towards a common end.

That end, I now realize, was training for citizenship. It was within that context that our teachers acquired for us their special significance. Not so much by what they taught as by what they were in themselves that we learnt to respect and cultivate human personality.

* * *

1941, however, is not 1923 and today I keep on asking myself the same questions again and again: Is my College still serving the end which I once thought it did? Has not the meaning and content of citizenship itself altered in the passage of time? And, if it has, is it possible for any College to meet the new responsibilities without a change in method and approach?

It seems quite obvious to me that unless our schools and colleges take a fresh orientation they will not be able to meet the challenge and survive as vital institutions capable of meeting the new responsibilities. **The weapons of 1916 will not win the war of 1941.**

Sometimes, in moments of inspired folly, I think of my College as taking this new orientation. And why should it not? It has a great heritage, it has resources, it has the vigour and elasticity of youth. Why then should it not step out and become an embodied expression of the dreams and desires of the people?

R. R. DESHPANDE, B.A. (Hons.), JATH.

When I saw the - then Principal R. P. Sabnis with my application for admission to the Institution, he sympathetically enquired my whereabouts and handed over to me a pamphlet stating the aims and the creeds of the Institution and stating what a 'Parashuramian' should be. In significant contrast to the magnanimity of the buildings, I was impressed by the simplicity of the authorities.

While in the Inter Arts, Prof. N. G. Naralkar, M.A. became the centre of my admiration. Prof. Naralkar has rightly won immense popularity amongst the student-world. His efforts in promoting the 'Students' Stores'-the Home of Everything Swadeshi- stand unparalleled. The lectures of Prin. Karmarkar and Prof. V. Y. Kolhatkar were also quite interesting and well-attended.

Passing my Inter Arts in the second class, I entered the year of sweetest memories in the College Career - the Jr. B. A. My voluntary subject being History and Economics, I had the opportunity to read with Prof. K. S. Venkatraman. I found in him a very sincere and illuminating guide. While we were in the junior, Prof. Kolhatkar left for England to prosecute his studies for the M. Sc. His eloquent words while bidding farewell to us made a strong impression on us all.

And when far from 'My College' I still think as to what I gained from my College I feel that I owe everything to it. However indifferent a man may be, he is certain to receive some lasting impressions from the Institutions he is related to. My relatives also have watched my character being moulded by the influences I received during my College life. I have known many other fellow Parashuramians who think in the same way and rightly call my College '*The Nurse of Noble Natures*'.

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सौ. पद्मा गोडबोले (गंगू करंदीकर), बी. ए. (ऑनर्स)

[बी. ए. ची मराठी विषयाची ऑनर्स कोर्सची पहिली परीक्षा १९३५ साली झाली. त्यावर्षी स. प. कॉलेजच्या 'मराठी' विद्यार्थ्यांत पहिला नंबर मिळविणारी विद्यार्थिनी.-सं.]

ज्युनिअरचे वर्ष झाल्यावर प्रा. पोतदार ह्यांनी सेवानिवृत्त होण्याचे ठरविले तेव्हा आम्हांस फार वाईट वाटले. 'आणखी एकच वर्षाने सेवानिवृत्त झाले असते तर ! काय विधडले असते !' असे जो तो म्हणू लागला.

प्रा. पोतदारांना निरोप देण्याचा समारंभ झाला. त्यावेळी आम्हांस किती वाईट वाटले असेल त्याची कल्पना तेव्हाच्या माझ्या सहाध्यायांशिवाय इतर कोणाला होणार आहे !

सीनिअरचें नवें वर्ष सुरू झालें. पहिल्याच तासाला, एक फार उंच नाहीं, फार ठेंगणी नाहीं, लढ तर नाहींच पण जरा हडकुळीच, दिसावयास रुचाचदार आणि अतिशय टापटिपाचा पोषाक वगैरे केलेली, अशी एक हंसतमुख मूर्ति आमचे वर्गांत प्रवेश करती झाली. बोलणें अगदीं गोड आणि घरगुती वातावरणाचें. 'परीक्षेची तयारी म्हणजे काय हां हां म्हणतां करून टाकूं' असें आश्वासन. आणि एक आपलें आम्हां विद्यार्थ्यांचें गुपित तुम्हांला म्हणून सांगतें, कीं 'आम्हीं काय केवळ परीक्षेसाठींच कॉलेजांत येत असतो कीं काय, आम्ही ज्ञानार्जनासाठीं येत असतो' वगैरे वगैरे कितीहि जरी बाता मारल्या तरी साधारणपणें शेंकडा सत्याण्णव अट्ट्याण्णव विद्यार्थ्यांना तरी, जास्त करून परीक्षेच्या दृष्टीनें शिकविणारा शिक्षकच जास्त पसंत पडतो.

तेव्हां ती आधींच छाप बसविणारी आणि त्यांत, म्हटल्याप्रमाणें सरोसररिच परीक्षेच्या दृष्टीनें उत्तम तयारी करून देणारी व्यक्ति कुणाला आवडणार नाहीं! ही व्यक्ति म्हणजेच आमचे प्रेमळ प्राध्यापक के. ना. घाटवे हे होत. अगदीं सुंदर सुंदर अन् पुनः नेहमींच्या प्रचारांतील उदाहरणें देऊन, क्लिष्ट वाटणारा विषयहि थोडक्यांत आणि सोपा करून मनावर बिंबविण्याची त्यांची हातोटी सरोसररिच विलक्षण!

सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेजमधील बी. ए. ला मराठी विषयांत पहिल्या येणाऱ्या विद्यार्थ्यांस रा. रा. न चिं. केळकर यांनी 'यशोदाचिंतामणि' नांवाचें बक्षिस ठेवलें होतें. तें मिळण्याचा मान मला लाभला. त्यावेळीं श्री. तात्यासाहेब यांनाही ह्या योगाचें नवल वाटून ते म्हणाले, "मी माझ्या पूज्य वडील व मातोश्रींचें स्मरणार्थ जें बक्षिस ठेवलें त्याच्या नांवाची सुरवात मातोश्रींचेच नांवानें होतें, आणि विलक्षण योगायोग म्हणजे असा कीं हे पहिलेंच बक्षिस एका विद्यार्थिनीलाच मिळत आहे. ह्याबद्दल मला अतिशय आनंद होत आहे."

प्रा. श्री. शं. खानवेलकर, एम्. ए., मुंबई

एसाद्या तंतुवाद्याची तार वाऱ्याच्या लहानशा मुळुकेनें छेडली गेली का कितीतरी वेळ त्या तारेंतून गोड संकार निघूं लागतात. माणसाच्या स्मृतीचेंहि तसेंच आहे. त्याच्या मनांतली स्मृतीची तार एकदां कां छेडली गेली कीं अनेक बऱ्यावाईट आठवणींचे निनाद त्या तारेंतून निघूं लागतात. त्यांतून कॉलेज-जीवन म्हणजे तर पृथ्वीवरील नंदनवनांत घालविलेला आनंदाचा काळ! अनंत मधुर स्मृतींनीं भरलेला असतो तो!

१९३४ मध्ये मी पहिल्या वर्षांत होतों. प्रा. नारळकर त्यावेळीं आम्हांला इंग्रजी शिकवात असत. जे. एम्. बॅरीचें 'फालिटी स्पोर्ट' नाटक त्यावेळीं आम्हांला नेमलेलें होतें. विद्यार्थ्यांच्या आणि ग्रंथकाराच्या मनोबुक्तींशीं समरस होऊन सेवकरपणानें विषय समजावून देण्याची त्यांची हातोटी विलक्षण आहे.

प्रा. माटे आपला विषय शिकविण्यांत जितके निष्णात तितकेच शिस्तीचे अत्यंत कडक. बी. ए. च्या तासाला एक दिवस मला उशीर झाला. पाय न वाजवतां हळूच मागल्या दारानें मी वर्गांत जाऊन बसलों. धामन पंडिताचें 'द्वारकाविजय' काव्य त्यावेळीं चाललेलें होतें. प्रा. माट्यांनीं विषय इतका सफाईनें बद्दलला कीं दहापांच मिनिटें ते कशाविषयीं सांगत आहेत हे कोणाच्याहि लक्षांत आलें नाहीं. ते म्हणाले, "तुम्हां एसाद्या देवळांत कथा उभी असतांना गेलांत कीं तुम्हांला एक दृश्य नेहमीं दिसेल. एसादा दुग्धाचार्य, संभावित वृद्ध गृहस्थ उशीरा कथेला येतो आणि तो पुढें येऊन बसतो. त्यावेळीं श्रोत्यांचें लक्ष्य त्याच्याकडे जातें. अशावेळीं चतुर कथेकरी 'रामरुणहरी, पुंडलीक वरदे हरी विठ्ठल' इत्यादि भजन सुरू करतो, आणि

तो गृहस्थ येऊन बसल्यावर स्थिरस्थावर झाले की पूर्ववत् कथा चालू करतो. आम्हांला असं काही करतां येत नाही आणि बर्गाचें लक्ष्य उशीरा येणाराकडे जातें, हें सर्व सभ्यगृहस्थांनीं ध्यानांत ठेवावें. आतां ते पाय न बाजवतां आले हा त्यांचा चांगुलपणा आहे. तेव्हां तेव्हां, वामन पंडिताची भाषा प्रौढ, संस्कृतप्रचुर ह." बर्गांतल्या हास्यामुळे प्रा. माठ्यांना आपलें विवेचन बराच वेळ थांबवावें लागलें.

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कॉलेजनें आतां सर्वासाव्या वर्षांत पदार्पण केलें आहे. जुन्या म्हातान्या बाया आपल्या नातवंडाचा वाढदिवस साजरा करतांना त्याच्या डोक्यावर तोंडलीचें फूल, दुर्वाचा बेल आणि कापूस टाकून म्हणतात, 'तोंडलीच्या फुलासारखा फळास येवो, दुर्वेसारखा बेल वाढो आणि कापसासारखा म्हातारा होवो.' माझ्या कॉलेजसंबंधी मला तसेंच म्हणावेसे वाटतें.

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श्री. वि. मा. कुलकर्णी, बी. ए. (ऑनर्स)

नाटकांत शाकुंतल, शाकुंतलांत चौथा अंक व चौथ्या अंकांत श्लोकचतुष्टय अशी म्हण आहे. ज्या आशेनं स. प. कॉलेजांत पाऊल टाकलं व जो अनुभव घेऊन बाहेर पडलों त्यांची तुलना केली असता मला असं म्हणावंसं वाटतं की, शिक्षणकेंद्रांत पुणें, पुण्यांत स. प. कॉलेज, नि स. प. कॉलेजांत मराठीचा प्रांत! वरील उक्तींत आपलेपणाचा अभिमान आहे हें मी मान्य करतो. पण आपापले विषय सुरस भाषेनं सजविणारे आणि छात्रगणांत आदराइतकीच आपलेपणाची भावना जागृत करणारे विद्वान् आणि प्रेमळ प्राध्यापक, पदवीपरीक्षेच्या आधींही एक एक दोन दोन पुस्तकें लिहून विनीवर येऊं पाहणारे त्यांचे विद्यार्थी, आणि त्या विद्यार्थ्यांतून प्रातिवर्षीं प्रथमश्रेणींत चमकणारे पदक-विजेते यांचा समुच्चय पाहणारा कोणीही माझ्यासारखेच उद्गार काढील असा मला भरंवसा वाटतो.

प्रो. वाटवे आम्हांला अलंकारशास्त्र, छंदःशास्त्र व मराठी कालविभागातील विशिष्ट पुस्तकें शिकवीत. अलंकारशास्त्रावरील त्यांचें प्रभुत्व पहिल्या प्रतीचें आहे. मराठी संस्कृत साहित्यातील बेंचक अलंकारांची उधळपट्टी करून रूक्ष विषयाचा कायापालट करावा तर प्रो. वाटवे यांनींच! समतोल विवेचन करून टिकेच्या बाबतींत सुवर्णमध्य गांठण्याची त्यांची वृत्ति व कोटिबाज विनोद मी कधींच विसरणार नाहीं. केशवसुतांच्या कार्याची उंची मोजण्यासंबंधी विद्वानांत चाललेले वादविवाद प्रासिद्धच आहेत. या बाबतीतील प्रो. वाटवे यांचें विवेचन त्यांच्या मार्मिक व विनोदप्रचुर विवेचनशैलीची साक्ष देण्याजोगें होतें. ते म्हणाले, "केशवसुत हे क्रांतिकारक, युगप्रवर्तक कवि होऊन गेले असं जेव्हां म्हणातात तेव्हां 'युग' याचा अर्थ "कान्ययुग" असा मर्यादितच घेतला पाहिजे. कवितेच्या जगांत केशवसुतांनीं क्रांति घडविली हें विधान कोणीहि मान्यच करील. युग म्हणजे सारें जग नव्हे. एसादी आजीबाई जेव्हां म्हणते की, 'मला जगांत तोंड दाखवायला जागा नाही' तेव्हां त्याचा अर्थ, माझ्या जगांत—म्हणजे या माझ्या गळींत, एवढाच समजायला पाहिजे! सान्या विश्वांत तिला तोंड दाखवायला जागा नाही असं नव्हे."

प्रो. माटे यांचाही 'तपशील' कांहीं निराळाच! तासाला आल्यावर स्वतःचा चप्पा पुशीत व समाजवादी दृष्टिकोणाचा चप्पा विद्यार्थ्यांच्या डोक्यावर चढवीत त्यांनीं एकदां 'चाफळ सोन्यांतला तो आपला संत—रामदास' म्हणा किंवा ते 'डफ तुणतुणेवाले शाहीर' म्हणा किंवा 'सुभाचा करंदोदा रकट्याची लंगोटी' लावून वाळवंटी कर्तन करणारा नामा म्हणा, कोणाचेंही चरित्रचित्र रंगवायला आरंभ केला कीं विद्यार्थी एकतान होऊन एकत राहात. त्यांची भारदस्त भाषा—पद्दति व विशिष्ट विनोद शैली आम्हांला फार

आवडे. ते ज्ञानेश्वरीचा १२ वा अध्याय शिकवत. “आपण नाही. चैतन्या जैसैं” असं संतांचं वर्णन ज्ञानदेवांनीं केलं आहे. त्यावर भाष्य करीत असतां, गंभीर विषयाची थारेपालट करून मनावरील ताण काढीसा दिला करण्यासाठीं, प्रो. माटे यांनीं मोठ्या गमतीचा दृष्टांत दिला. ते म्हणाले, “अहो, वर्गांत कोंपी करणाऱ्या मुलाला आपणभाव काढीच नाही. तीच गोष्ट संत सज्जनांची!!”

प्रो. माटे यांनीं कसून जी कडकडीत, पिळदार नि डौलदार अशी “माटे शैली” निर्माण केली आहे, तीही “आपण ध्यानांत ठेवायला पाहिजे.”

स. प. कॉलेजच्या १९३८-४० च्या बी. ए. च्या वर्गांत बसलेल्या त्या छात्रसमुदायाकडे कोणी जिज्ञासेनं दृष्टिक्षेप केला असता तर त्याला शशांक यांसारखे कवि, वि. ग. भिडे, वि. चं. गर्दे, सरदेशमुख, संत, गाडगीळ यांसारखे चमकदार लेखक, चंद्रकुमार हांगे, यांसारखे प्रभावी वक्ते नि पु. रा. भिडेच्यासारखे भावी संपादक महाशय दिसले असते। त्या लढानशा खोलीत दाटीवाटीनं बसलेले ते मराठीचे पाईक पाहिले, कीं हेच तारे उद्यां आमच्या प्रसिद्ध कॉलेजचं, आमच्या पंडित प्राध्यापकांचं नि आमच्या तेजस्वी मायबोलीचं नाव उजळ करतील अशी आशास्वप्नं माझ्या मनांत कितीदां तरी तरळत असत.

* * *

G. N. KADHE, M. Sc., Poona

“Students should not attend my lectures and also move in the laboratories bare-headed unless dressed in European style.”

One day the laboratory-assistant Mr. Sathe circulated the notice in the laboratory when an experiment was in progress. To his great surprise, Dr. Bhagwat, the Head of the Department, found that the laboratory was being quietly vacated in five minutes. He met the students on the staircase and in the usual mode of laughter, asked the students whether they had struck work. “We have no caps, Sir” we answered in one voice. He asked us to complete the experiment and also added that the notice was to be brought into force from the next day; that “next day” never came!

* * * *

In the last week of February 1935, the social of the S. B. Sc. students was celebrated with great zeal and enthusiasm. All the members of the staff took active part in all the items. One of the items was “Blind man’s Buff.” Dr. Bhagwat, accurate as he is in all his activities, with his eyes shut, properly supplied the tail to a pony drawn on the black-board and headed as “Supply me tail.” Needless to say, that Dr. Bhagwat won the medal kept for the item.

* * * *

“Who is working in the department at such an odd hour? The room seems to be lighted.”

One of my friends uttered these words and stopped me in front of the college-gate as we were going out for a walk in the evening. We were astonished and instead of going further for a walk, went to the department.

There, we found that Prof. R. M. Joshi, (He was in charge of Physical Chemistry, as Prof. Bhide was in England then.) Mr. Shahane and Mr. Gokhale were busy numbering the capsuls, glasses etc. necessary for the Inter Science Practical Examination. That was our Junior year and we promised to come for a couple of days and help them in the matter.

* * * *

"I never mind if you sleep in the class, you must attend my lectures."

Dr. V. K. BHAGWAT.

"I never mind if you remain absent for my lectures. If you attend you must not sleep."

Prof. D. W. KERKAR.

* * *

कॉलेजांतील अभ्यासक्रम संपवून निरोप घेतांना

सुनीत

तुझ्या सुखद अंगणामधिं झुल्लें किती हिंडलों
सुमित्र सहवास हा मधुर सेवुनी तोषलों
गुलाब फुलले मनोहर, इथें न कांटे परी
वसंतऋतु सर्वदा विकसल्या लतावळरी ॥

महान सुधि हे महाजन मला गुरू लाभले
गुरू न तरु हे सदा बहरले सुविद्याफलें
सुबोध करुनी तशा पदवुनी सुविद्या कला
शिलेमधुनि मूर्ति हे घडविती सुरम्योज्ज्वला ॥

प्रवास जगतावरी करुनि पोंचण्या स्वस्थलां
तुला त्यजुनि जायचें, म्हणुनि वृत्ति हो आकुला
शिंदोरि दिधलीस तूं मजसि बांधुनी माउली
तुझी सुखवती स्मृती मजप्रती पथी साउली ॥

तुझा वरदहस्त गे ! मम शिरी असो दे सदा
निरोप मज दे, तुझ्या विमल वंदितों मी पदां ॥

वि. म. कुलकर्णी,

बी. ए.

CHAPTER XVI

OUR GRADUATES

B. A. 1920

April

First Class

1 Bapat V. V.

Second Class

- 1 Bhat D. B.
- 2 Apte W. T.
- 3 Brahme V. V.
- 4 Chiplunkar N. V.
- 5 Gadre P. G.
- 6 Gore G. R.
- 7 Natu G. A.
- 8 Pethe G. V.
- 9 Savadi N. N.
- 10 Sutavani D. M.
- 11 Tambekar D. S.
- 12 Parulekar N. B.

Pass

- 1 Bam P. N.
- 2 Joglekar R. K.
- 3 Karandikar S. L.
- 4 Khair G. S.
- 5 Ambekar V. K.
- 6 Bakre M. D.
- 7 Deshmukh G. V.
- 8 Borgaonkar V. B.
- 9 Dalvi G. H.
- 10 Joshi N. B.
- 11 Zambre V. K.
- 12 Gavandi D. B.
- 13 Naik D. V.
- 14 Sathe M. R.
- 15 Bedekar M. H.
- 16 Karmarkar R. P.
- 17 Lele B. V.
- 18 Godbole V. V.
- 19 Joshi M. D.
- 20 Shukla S. B.

October

- 1 Ashtikar K. G.
- 2 Dandavate J. G.
- 3 Date S. R.
- 4 Kinikar G. D.
- 5 Mahajan S. V.
- 6 Modak L. R.
- 7 Paluskar D. G.
- 8 Pandit G. N.
- 9 Rayarikar R. A.
- 10 Palekar M. V.
- 11 Ranade K. G.

B. A. 1921

April

First Class

- 1 Shukla S. A.
- 2 Dixit V. V.

Second Class

- 1 Modak V. V.
- 2 Badarayani G. G.
- 3 Bhide G. N.
- 4 Chindbade S. G.
- 5 Dixit D. P.
- 6 Godbole S. R.
- 7 Gokhale M. G.
- 8 Gokhale T. R.
- 9 Kavade K. T.
- 10 Kolhatkar A. S.
- 11 Phadke J. V.
- 12 Tatke B. N.

Pass

- 1 Oka P. R.
- 2 Pardeshi M. B.
- 3 Kunte G. G.
- 4 Karode K. R.
- 5 Kulkarni S. R.
- 6 Lonkar G. M.
- 7 Adavatkar S. B.
- 8 Alekar G. R.
- 9 Dixit A. G.
- 10 Karandikar S. D.
- 11 Lakade R. M.
- 12 Vedamani R. N.
- 13 Wavikar A. R.
- 14 Tatto B. V.
- 15 Apte G. D.
- 16 Bhat K. R.
- 17 Chitnis N. G.
- 18 Dalvi R. K.
- 19 Divekar D. D.
- 20 Godbole S. G.
- 21 Kulkarni A. G.
- 22 Mullaferoz G. M.
- 23 Chitre G. K.
- 24 Joglekar D. K.
- 25 Gatne T. L.
- 26 Samant V. B.
- 27 Sohoni G. V.
- 28 Chafekar D. G.
- 29 Joshi K. Y.
- 30 Kulkarni V. Y.
- 31 Savadi V. K.

October

- 1 Mandgi B. V.
- 2 Karkhanis T. A.
- 3 Soman K. W.
- 4 Ajrekar V. V.
- 5 Chitanya J. B.
- 6 Date G. T.
- 7 Ketkar V. P.
- 8 Mahajan M. B.

B. A. 1922

April

First Class

- 1 Bagul D. D.

Second Class

- 1 Kulkarni K. G.
- 2 Ghaisas D. V.
- 3 Avadhani B. B.
- 4 Deshpande V. K.
- 5 Joglekar A. V.
- 6 Joglekar B. J.
- 7 Joshi A. G.
- 8 Lele B. L.
- 9 Palkar S. G.
- 10 Soman B. V.
- 11 Karve P. G.
- 12 Kulkarni B. K.
- 13 Sahasrabudhe G. K.
- 14 Sane P. S.

Pass

- 1 Datar B. N.
- 2 Gupte S. B.
- 3 Bhide N. C.
- 4 Godbole R. N.
- 5 Harshe R. R.
- 6 Paranjpe M. M.
- 7 Ranade H. S.
- 8 Shaikh A. L.
- 9 Shrigondekar G. N.
- 10 Deshpande M. S.
- 11 Deshpande V. V.
- 12 Garde K. V.
- 13 Joshi M. A.
- 14 Godbole G. K.
- 15 Joshi G. N.
- 16 Paranjpe G. N.
- 17 Bhagwat V. P.
- 18 Mhaiskar R. G.
- 19 Modak S. V.
- 20 Barve M. K.

- 21 Gujarathi B. J.
22 Joshi D. P.
23 Karandikar V. S.
24 Chaphekar R. D.
25 Chitnis S. N.
26 Deshmukh V. M.
27 Dighe B. R.
28 Karnik S. A.
29 Karwande D. L.
- October**
1 Latkar K. B.
2 Patwardhan Y. K.
3 Apte G. N.
4 Bhopatkar V. A.
5 Paranjpe G. G.
- B. A. 1923**
April
Second Class
1 Waknis T. D.
2 Dharap G. N.
3 Kulkarni R. D.
4 Kulkarni S. G.
5 Adkar B. M.
6 Kamat G. N.
7 Kulkarni G. R.
8 Marathe S. G.
9 Kulkarni N. N.
- Pass**
1 Joshi L. D.
2 Dhalewadikar G. P.
3 Bapat R. R.
4 Bhopatkar B. D.
5 Gharpure A. L.
6 Gore V. V.
7 Gupte V. S.
8 Kunte R. W.
9 Pendharkar D. B.
10 Atre A. B.
11 Deshmukh D. R.
12 Dixit V. S.
13 Athalye B. V.
14 Acharya G. K.
15 Badve V. B.
16 Galgale K. G.
17 Sakhalkar G. R.
18 Joshi D. V.
19 Karandikar J. V.
20 Sohoni G. K.
21 Vaidya S. S.
22 Deshmukh M. N.
23 Aurangabadkar V. V.
24 Gondhalekar C. B.
25 Patwardhan Y. G.
26 Bhawe G. A.

- October**
1 Kher P. V.
2 Patankar S. D.
3 Deshpande M. S.
4 Pandav N. V.
5 Kaujalgi N. N.
6 Dani R. K.
7 Kulkarni K. S.
8 Karmarkar V. H.

B. A. 1924**April****First Class**

- 1 Palande K. R.
- Second Class**
1 Gokhale B. G.
2 Gupte V. S.
3 Apte M. H.
4 Godbole R. R.
5 Gopujkar S. A.
6 Gandhe V. V.
7 Kelkar D. K.

Pass

- 1 Godambe P. Y.
2 Joshi V. G.
3 Abhyankar N. G.
4 *Bhat Dwarka*
5 Kulkarni G. D.
6 Limaye D. J.
7 Limaye G. J.
8 Bhat G. G.
9 Khare K. M.
10 Kulkarni R. W.
11 Parab D. G.
12 Sathye Y. S.
13 Bettigiri A. S.
14 Deshpande G. T.
15 Gokhale N. R.
16 Narayanpethkar V. V.
17 Bhavsar C. K.
18 Inamdar H. R.
19 Joshi V. K.
20 Pitkar S. N.
21 Karandikar V. V.

October

- 1 Joshi D. S.
2 Punde T. M.
3 Bhawe V. K.
4 Unde B. N.
5 Avchat N. V.
6 Marathe P. D.
7 Apte V. R.

B. A. 1925**April****First Class**

- 1 Kher S. A.

Second Class

- 1 Paradkar N. B.
2 Nadkarni S. R.
3 Sathe J. K.
4 Jadhav M. K.
5 Kulkarni M. D.
6 Ratnaparkhi G. G.
7 Joshi N. D.
8 Kale S. K.
9 Sabde A. V.

Pass

- 1 Jangam B. R.
2 Vadhavkar V. V.
3 Deshmukh B. K.
4 Dhande D. D.
5 Damle S. B.
6 Badodkar N. D.
7 Shukla B. R.
8 Date M. N.
9 Gokhale W. M.
10 Joshi R. K.
11 Paradkar M. R.
12 Bhonde G. P.
13 Dravid S. L.
14 Paranjpe V. S.
15 Bhopale T. K.
16 Joshi T. K.
17 Moghe R. V.
18 Paranjpe M. R.
19 Vaidya D. Y.
20 Deshpande M. Y.

October

- 1 Karandikar M. B.
2 Deshmukh A. N.
3 Galande B. N.
4 Deshmukh B. P.
5 Pillay T. R. N.
6 Gharpure V. H.
7 Patkar V. R.
8 Dhamdhare S. K.
9 Dhogade N. L.
10 Parkhi G. P.
11 Sahasrabudhe K. B.
12 Vaishampayan S. V.
13 Limaye D. R.

B. A. 1926**April****First Class**

- 1 Trivedi N. R.
2 Sudumbreakar B. V.
3 Modi M. C.

Second Class

- 1 Joshi A. K.
2 Ranade D. B.
3 Dharmadhikari R. V.

- 4 *Karnataki Chandra*
- 5 Gune V. B.
- 6 Honap Y. D.
- 7 Godbole D. B.
- 8 Vaidya R. K.
- 9 Kothare C. S.
- 10 Dighe V. G.

Pass

- 1 Puranik N. K.
- 2 Tanksale D. H.
- 3 Vaze G. S.
- 4 *Bhide Shanta*
- 5 Deshpande M. G.
- 6 Durve S. D.
- 7 Tapasvi M. V.
- 8 Bhide G. V.
- 9 Mhaskar V. B.
- 10 Bhide B. N.
- 11 Kulkarni S. K.
- 12 Tbakur M. T.
- 13 Pandit G. V.
- 14 *Pradhan Shanta K.*
- 15 Deshmukh V. L.
- 16 Kanherikar G. N.
- 17 Karandikar J. G.
- 18 Karkare G. B.
- 19 Kulkarni K. G.
- 20 Latkar T. D.
- 21 Mhaskar D. V.
- 22 Vaidya S. N.
- 23 *Lele Mukta*
- 24 *Gokhale Sindhu*
- 25 Amin B. K.
- 26 Dave L. P.
- 27 Deshpande S. K.
- 28 Modak L. B.

October

- 1 Acharya G. M.
- 2 Deshmukh N. A.
- 3 Modak P. S.
- 4 *Chirputkar Tanu P.*
- 5 Nabar Y. A.
- 6 Gore P. V.
- 7 Wagh V. K.
- 8 Kulkarni N. V.
- 9 Bhagwat N. V.
- 10 Deshpande R. R.
- 11 Hajirnis S. K.
- 12 Joshi L. N.
- 13 Kulkarni C. G.
- 14 Shah K. M.
- 15 Lonkar A. K.
- 16 Datar R. W.
- 17 Gujar B. M.

- 18 Kulkarni D. R.
- 19 *Paranjpe Shanta S.*

B. A. 1927**April****First Class**

- 1 Chafekar G. N.
- 2 Pophale G. L.
- 3 Tilak V. S.

Second

- 1 *Ukidve Kamala*
- 2 Vaidya S. K.
- 3 Vidwans M. S.
- 4 Deshpande N. K.
- 5 Jejurikar R. D.
- 6 Pusalkar A. D.
- 7 Gole R. M.
- 8 Jadhav B. R.
- 9 Kulkarni P. S.
- 10 Kulkarni S. L.
- 11 Shikbare D. N.
- 12 *Sukhtankar Sundara*
- 13 Bhagwat S. S.
- 14 *Chaudhari Kaveri*
- 15 Damle L. V.
- 16 Palande V. K.
- 17 Framji K. K.
- 18 Gandhe S. M.
- 19 *Gokhale Mathura*
- 20 Patil D. B.
- 21 Rajadhyaksha G. V.

Pass

- 1 Lele D. B.
- 2 Joshi M. R.
- 3 Bhagwat D. N.
- 4 Joshi W. K.
- 5 Kulkarni G. G.
- 6 Mulay V. B.
- 7 Namjoshi J. S.
- 8 Vijapurkar A. B.
- 9 *Nagpurkar Sharada*
- 10 Wadekar N. S.
- 11 Kapse S. P.
- 12 Nisargaud S. G.
- 13 Khaire V. B.
- 14 Deshpande S. G.
- 15 *Gokhale Vimala*
- 16 Nadkarni B. A.
- 17 Andrews D. P.
- 18 *Eliezer Rahama*
- 19 Gore H. P.
- 20 Gujar N. G.
- 21 Joshi S. N.
- 22 Kamat S. B.

- 23 Lele N. N.
- 24 Mengale D. V.
- 25 Mhetras D. B.
- 26 Nazare V. S.
- 27 Pethe J. P.
- 28 Sathe D. G.
- 29 Trivedi R. J.
- 30 Deshmane Y. M.
- 31 Gaikwad B. P.
- 32 Kamble B. S.
- 33 Odak S. D.
- 34 Shirguppi R. K.
- 35 Ambardekar R. G.
- 36 Gore D. K.
- 37 Janorkar K. S.
- 38 Mokashi D. S.
- 39 Behere S. K.

October

- 1 Barve K. S.
- 2 Thakoor D. G.
- 3 Gokhale D. N.
- 4 Risbud V. N.
- 5 Wad B. V.
- 6 Soman R. V.
- 7 Joshi M. R.

B. A. 1928**April****First Class**

- 1 Parikh R. S.
- 2 Vaze V. S.

Second Class

- 1 *Ghate Vijaya*
- 2 *Damle Ratnaprabha*
- 3 Patwardhan Y. B.
- 4 Gadre A. N.
- 5 Bapat V. P.
- 6 Agashe S. V.
- 7 *Vaidya Laxmibai*
- 8 Chitale V. P.
- 9 Medhekar M. W.
- 10 Abhyankar G. S.
- 11 Godse K. S.
- 12 Chitale S. D.

Pass

- 1 Bhagwat R. H.
- 2 Marballi U. R.
- 3 Dhere G. G.
- 4 Tannu V. H.
- 5 Vagh V. R.
- 6 Bhave V. S.
- 7 Dhopeshwarkar V. G.
- 8 Patki S. M.
- 9 Uturkar K. B.
- 10 Gokhale N. V.

- 11 Salvekar N. P.
- 12 Chitnis R. G.
- 13 Lathi K. R.
- 14 Sathe N. V.
- 15 Vaidya V. V.
- 16 Pathak V. B.
- 17 Patwardhan V. B.
- 18 Ambavane G. N.
- 19 Bhoosekar G. P.
- 20 Patankar B. S.
- 21 Phadnis G. V.
- 22 Potnis D. R.
- 23 Bhave B. L.
- 24 Jeste M. D.
- 25 Joshi M. V.
- 26 Joshi V. N.
- 27 Karmarkar H. K.
- 28 Lele K. V.
- 29 Navathe S. G.
- 30 Nerlekar B. M.
- 31 Puranik B. B.
- 32 Ranade R. Y.
- 33 *Samson M. Solomon*
- 34 Thatte L. G.
- 35 Chitnis P. B.
- 36 Hagavane N. M.
- 37 Kulkarni N. V.
- 38 Gadgil G. M.
- 39 Kondejkar V. K.
- 40 Upasani P. Y.
- 41 Dayame S. R.
- 42 Gandhi J. G.
- 43 Sathaye N. B.

October**Second Class**

- 1 Sahasrabuddhe P. G.

Pass

- 1 Belapurkar M. B.
- 2 Barge R. S.
- 3 Thakar S. R.
- 4 Deshpande J. D.
- 5 Ambedkar C. K.
- 6 Apte G. L.
- 7 Datar R. M.
- 8 Kulkarni G. R.
- 9 Jinsiwale D. R.
- 10 Ambekar V. T.
- 11 Joshi G. R.

B. A. 1929**Second Class**

- 1 Karve B. P.
- 2 Bondre M. R.
- 3 Sathe S. G.

- 4 Shintre D. V.
- 5 Damle V. P.
- 6 Kulkarni D. G.
- 7 Datar V. K.
- 8 Kasar S. S.
- 9 Pant Balekundri S. G.
- 10 Abhyankar G. S.
- 11 Sapre N. A.
- 12 Shah K. K.

Pass

- 1 Desai B. M.
- 2 Sonar H. M.
- 3 Gadgil G. A.
- 4 Karandikar S. K.
- 5 Parwate M. G.
- 6 Ambedkar V. K.
- 7 Bhagwat R. P.
- 8 Rabde S. D.
- 9 *Thakar Rani Gopal*
- 10 Bhide V. B.
- 11 Bokil V. V.
- 12 Deshpande M. K.
- 13 Katre G. D.
- 14 Kulkarni B. R.
- 15 Kulkarni R. P.
- 16 Pradhan A. G.
- 17 Soundhathikar B. S.
- 18 Joglekar K. N.
- 19 Joshi M. V.
- 20 Kanetkar V. G.
- 21 Deshpande D. A.
- 22 Pradhan R. N.
- 23 Bisawa B. S.
- 24 *Elizer Julia R.*
- 25 Joshi M. G.
- 26 Khangaonkar K. R.
- 27 Nagarkar H. R.
- 28 Patil S. L.
- 29 Patke S. S.
- 30 Patki G. V.
- 31 Sathe G. V.
- 32 Sardeshmukh B. S.
- 33 Vaidya K. R.
- 34 Nadkarni V. M.
- 35 Nagarkar V. R.
- 36 Vaidya G. B.
- 37 Apte V. S.
- 38 Damle D. M.
- 39 Dixit S. B.
- 40 Joshi D. D.
- 41 Kalantre V. N.
- 42 Mategaonkar W. N.
- 43 Tatke S. N.

October

- 1 Bagul D. M.

B. A. 1930**April****First Class**

- 1 Gurjar L. V.
- 2 Deshpande P. R.
- 3 Joshi C. G.
- 4 Ranade R. K.

Second Class

- 1 *Bhalerao Shanta N.*
- 2 *Deshpande Seeta*
- 3 Abhyankar J. N.
- 4 Gadgil S. V.
- 5 Karandikar N. A.
- 6 Panse G. B.
- 7 Wani R. K.
- 8 Sane L. V.
- 9 Soman M. P.
- 10 Argade N. G.
- 11 Pillay T. K. N.
- 12 Patil C. S.
- 13 Shintre P. M.

Pass

- 1 Chitale V. D.
- 2 Joshi S. D.
- 3 Kulkarni N. D.
- 4 Vaze P. R.
- 5 Bendre B. M.
- 6 Date B. G.
- 7 Mutalik T. A.
- 8 Sholapurkar R. Y.
- 9 Biniwale P. G.
- 10 Kulkarni N. V.
- 11 Kulkarni S. R.
- 12 Patwardhan V. R.
- 13 Sane S. G.
- 14 Shimpi T. V.
- 15 Soman M. G.
- 16 Yerawadekar K. G.
- 17 Tulsibagwale G. R.
- 18 Purohit G. L.
- 19 Tamboli D. S.
- 20 Arbatti B. G.
- 21 Baware V. K.
- 22 Diwanji T. J.
- 23 Ganpule N. P.
- 24 Godbole V. G.
- 25 Joglekar N. M.
- 26 Keskar D. A.
- 27 Ranade G. V.
- 28 Shete G. S.
- 29 Sohoni P. N.
- 30 Tanksale G. V.
- 31 Vaidya B. A.
- 32 Desai D. A.

October

- 1 Shah M. D.
- 2 Joshi M. K.
- 3 Jathar S. R.
- 4 *Patwardhan Indu*
- 5 Metha V. R.

B. A. 1931**April****First Class**

- 1 Hatvalne D. M.
- 2 Pathak K. S.

Second Class

- 1 Deshpande H. V.
- 2 Palnitkar C. B.
- 3 Pendse B. S.
- 4 Jeste S. D.
- 5 Kakade B. V.
- 6 Damle M. V.
- 7 Deodhar P. V.
- 8 Kulkarni K. U.
- 9 Kelkar K. B.

Pass

- 1 Thakur S. N.
- 2 Vagh Y. N.
- 3 Gokhale B. G.
- 4 Joshi N. K.
- 5 Pandit N. T.
- 6 Dharap V. G.
- 7 Lahoti C. B.
- 8 Nakhate S. V.
- 9 Sabnis S. K.
- 10 Sathe B. M.
- 11 Utgikar M. G.
- 12 Deshpande B. Y.
- 13 Paranjpe V. K.
- 14 Karnik K. P.
- 15 Abhyankar V. D.
- 16 Achyut R. N.
- 17 Bhagwat G. D.
- 18 Deshmukh V. H.
- 19 Dhage G. B.
- 20 Dhavale M. S.
- 21 Gujar R. T.
- 22 Joshi K. B.
- 23 Khare S. C.
- 24 Kulkarni V. B.
- 25 Lokhande D. V.
- 26 Phanse D. S.
- 27 Rajwade D. N.
- 28 Shahane R. V.
- 29 Thakar V. R.
- 30 Deshpande V. S.
- 31 *Bendre Ratna V.*

- 32 *Kanitkar Manik W.*
- 33 Kanegaonkar B. R.
- 34 Kelkar G. N.
- 35 Kulkarni K. R.
- 36 Kale P. V.

October

- 1 Atre A. K.
- 2 Aroskar A. R.
- 3 Bhave S. G.
- 4 Deshpande K. R.
- 5 Deshpande S. S.
- 6 Gate D. M.
- 7 Kusurkar J. S.
- 8 Vaidya V. N.
- 9 Kher N. R.
- 10 Pathak S. V.

B. A. 1932**April****Second Class**

- 1 Kamat R. N.
- 2 Bhagli V. P.
- 3 Chandorkar V. V.
- 4 Kale P. G.
- 5 Satvekar V. B.
- 6 Gokhale V. D.
- 7 Keskar D. K.
- 8 Ranade S. B.
- 9 Thakar V. H.
- 10 Kanegaonkar B. R.

Pass

- 1 Joshi B. G.
- 2 Apte P. D.
- 3 Ashtaputre U. V.
- 4 Joshi S. R.
- 5 Godbole K. B.
- 6 Gokhale J. M.
- 7 Jog G. R.
- 8 Rane J. S.
- 9 *Chandrachud Maina*
- 10 *Gole Manik*
- 11 Kulkarni S. G.
- 12 Sahasrabudhe D. P.
- 13 Kulkarni D. K.
- 14 Deshpande N. H.
- 15 Kulkarni R. V.
- 16 Parakhi G. M.
- 17 Paranjpe M. G.
- 18 Patil P. A.
- 19 Tamhankar P. K.
- 20 Tulpule B. V.
- 21 Kulkarni D. G.
- 22 Mugalkhod K. R.
- 23 Mustikar R. G.

- 24 Rajmachikar M. D.
- 25 *Tilak Kamala M.*
- 26 *Tilak Krishna M.*
- 27 Welankar R. N.
- 28 *Dhawale Manorama R.*
- 29 Gadgil G. K.
- 30 Garde S. K.
- 31 Nagarkar C. I.
- 32 Umadimath P. I.
- 33 Garde C. K.
- 34 Apte V. G.
- 35 Limaye R. B.
- 36 Sardar G. B.
- 37 Vaidya V. U.
- 38 Bhide N. T.
- 39 Deshpande D. G.
- 40 Purandare D. K.
- 41 Tembe B. D.

October

- 1 Chafekar L. N.
- 2 Bhagwan D. S.
- 3 Bhagwat K. G.
- 4 Bokil G. K.
- 5 Joshi Y. M.
- 6 Nande N. Y.
- 7 Ozarde V. S.
- 8 Chiplunkar B. V.
- 9 Kulkarni G. D.
- 10 Dongre P. M.
- 11 Joglekar D. S.

B. A. 1933**April****Second Class**

- 1 Bhave Y. D.
- 2 *Paranjpe Daya S.*
- 3 Sharangpani M. M.
- 4 Joshi G. C.
- 5 Kashikar M. V.
- 6 Nadgauda A. S.
- 7 Talashikar V. R.
- 8 Lonkar V. V.
- 9 Date G. G.
- 10 Deshpande K. M.

Pass

- 1 Sathe S. G.
- 2 Pant V. A.
- 3 Kulkarni P. V.
- 4 Bapat T. G.
- 5 Bihani R. K.
- 6 Karve S. P.
- 7 Kiwalkar G. D.
- 8 *Phansalkar Sumati K.*
- 9 Rajguru G. V.

- 10 Rasane R. B.
- 11 Phadke M. P.
- 12 *Ghate Yugndhara V.*
- 13 *Joshi Seeta Ganesh*
- 14 Kolhatkar V. P.
- 15 Nandedkar Y. E.
- 16 *Deshpande Champu K.*
- 17 Dhakad D. S.
- 18 Kulkarni B. D.
- 19 Moghe N. G.
- 20 Pande M. A.
- 21 Avadhani N. B.
- 22 Bhadbhade M. T.
- 23 Bhanu K. K.
- 24 *Dalvi Kusum M.*
- 25 Deshmukh V. B.
- 26 Dixit V. T.
- 27 Gadre S. R.
- 28 Ghate T. G.
- 29 Gogate G. G.
- 30 Gosavi S. B.
- 31 Gore G. S.
- 32 *Gupte Indu J.*
- 33 Harpale S. M.
- 34 Karkhanis S. V.
- 35 Nagarkar J. R.
- 36 Naik G. H.
- 37 *Pendse Damayanti V.*
- 38 Rajwade R. G.
- 39 Rale B. M.
- 40 Shidhaye N. M.
- 41 Sutar P. G.
- 42 Vaidya T. K.
- 43 Vaidya W. D.
- 44 Valsangkar V. G.
- 45 Karandikar N. V.
- 46 Waikar V. D.
- 47 Khare L. G.
- 48 Lagu R. V.
- 49 Ranade G. P.
- 50 Dodwad S. D.

October

- 1 Deshmukh D. M.
- 2 Dhopavkar M. S.
- 3 Kher G. R.
- 4 Joshi K. P.
- 5 Dixit P. Y.
- 6 Atre D. P.
- 7 Janpandit A. B.
- 8 Phatak V. R.
- 9 Ponkshe R. A.
- 10 Kasab P. B.
- 11 Kirtane R. N.

B. A. 1934**April****Second Class**

- 1 Kulkarni P. D.
- 2 Deshpande M. B.
- 3 Kanegaonkar S. R.
- 4 Mahajan N. B.
- 5 Rege G. M.
- 6 Savadi S. N.
- 7 Javadekar Y. V.
- 8 Khambete K. B.
- 9 Tungare M. G.
- 10 Datar L. G.
- 11 Hulyalkar S. G.
- 12 *Paranjpe Janaki*
- 13 *Phadke Indumati R.*
- 14 Kurlekar A. R.

Pass

- 1 Bhat V. R.
- 2 Paradkar M. V.
- 3 Shintre S. Y.
- 4 Bhat S. B.
- 5 Joshi V. S.
- 6 Kanekar D. M.
- 7 Oltikar C. S.
- 8 Patil P. Y.
- 9 Rudrabhate K. M.
- 10 Sardesai S. J.
- 11 Wakade V. K.
- 12 Agharkar V. D.
- 13 Kadam K. B.
- 14 Phadke K. G.
- 15 Sahasrabudhe S. V.
- 16 Darak R. S.
- 17 *Joshi Yamu Gajanan*
- 18 Kale A. V.
- 19 Sathe M. G.
- 20 Vaidya A. S.
- 21 Gokhale S. D.
- 22 Karkhanis V. V.
- 23 Tulpule R. H.
- 24 Abhyankar G. D.
- 25 Bhawsar N. G.
- 26 Bhopatkar G. K.
- 27 Borkar S. N.
- 28 Gadre V. G.
- 29 Gandekar D. N.
- 30 Jadhav D. G.
- 31 Joshi S. G.
- 32 Kanade N. R.
- 33 Ketkar G. V.
- 34 Kulkarni A. V.
- 35 Kulkarni D. S.
- 36 Kulkarni R. K.

- 37 Munishwar D. S.
- 38 Pangal S. T.
- 39 Pendse G. S.
- 40 Pradhan V. K.
- 41 Sabadra D. C.
- 42 Sathe S. D.
- 43 Tikekar R. G.
- 44 Bapat V. S.
- 45 *Gupte Kusum V.*
- 46 Thavar M. O.
- 47 Joglekar V. K.
- 48 *Joshi Radha R.*
- 49 Lele P. D.
- 50 Rahalkar V. P.
- 51 Somani H. B.
- 52 Akut P. K.
- 53 Bhave P. V.
- 54 Joshi M. K.
- 55 Patankar H. V.
- 56 *Bhat Durga G.*
- 57 Kulkarni S. R.
- 58 Kulkarni K. R.
- 59 Puranik H. R.
- 60 Datar L. M.

October

- 1 Gupte D. G.
- 2 Anikhindi B. K.
- 3 Bhagwat R. S.
- 4 Potnis N. V.
- 5 Gadgil T. V.
- 6 Joshi V. C.
- 7 Phadnis S. V.
- 8 Apte G. R.
- 9 Bhonde R. P.
- 10 Brahme K. G.
- 11 Paropkari M. G.
- 12 Pote S. B.
- 13 Akolkar M. S.

B. A. 1935**April****First Class**

- 1 Walimbe R. S.
 - 2 Kulkarni D. B. ✓
- Second Class**
- 1 Joshi V. R.
 - 2 Apte M. V.
 - 3 Bodas K. V.
 - 4 Gujar B. G.
 - 5 Oka T. K.
 - 6 Patwardhan V. G.
 - 7 Shimpi B. G.
 - 8 Shirolkar R. W.
 - 9 Vagh D. M.
 - 10 Panse G. M.

- 11 Kanegaonkar D. R.
- 12 *Karandikar Gangoo*
- 13 Panse P. B.
- 14 Badve R. C.
- 15 Bhopatkar P. R.
- 16 Dhamdhare P. R.
- 17 Joglekar V. V.
- 18 Rasal D. G.
- 19 Sant S. V.

Pass

- 1 Desai B. S.
- 2 Vakharia M. D.
- 3 Gokhale R. C.
- 4 Bhagwat S. N.
- 5 Kale J. V.
- 6 Kolhapure B. G.
- 7 Nirgudkar S. G.
- 8 Patwardhan L. N.
- 9 Thakur V. K.
- 10 Sangwikar E. D.
- 11 Apte D. V.
- 12 Dalvi G. P.
- 13 *Jagtap Shakuntala*
- 14 Karve K. V.
- 15 Kulkarni R. V.
- 16 Mehta C. S.
- 17 Nirgudkar P. G.
- 18 *Padalkar Manutai*
- 19 Patole M. R.
- 20 Phatak M. B.
- 21 Sathe S. M.
- 22 Sohoni G. P.
- 23 Deshpande V. K.
- 24 Kadhe T. A.
- 25 Kadkol V. K.
- 26 Nadgauda P. G.
- 27 Dixit H. K.
- 28 Ghodke T. R.
- 29 Gujar C. B.
- 30 Kapse A. B.
- 31 Kinikar V. J.
- 32 Akolkar M. K.
- 33 Apte S. B.
- 34 Babar G. M.
- 35 Bahadarpurkar R. L.
- 36 Barjibhe S. V.
- 37 Bhat N. S.
- 38 Bhave A. G.
- 39 Chipalkati M. B.
- 40 *Chitre Pramodini*
- 41 Deshpande B. R.
- 42 Gadgil N. J.
- 43 Joshi A. G.
- 44 Joshi G. S.
- 45 Joshi L. N.
- 46 Joshi R. R.

- 47 Kadu S. S.
- 48 Karve S. A.
- 49 Kelkar P. W.
- 50 Kulkarni D. A.
- 51 Kumbharhal G. O.
- 52 Paranjpe G. B.
- 53 Pundlik S. K.
- 54 Ranade H. S.
- 55 Ringay V. S.
- 56 Shivalkar V. M.
- 57 Thakar D. A.
- 58 Kelkar M. M.
- 59 Agashe V. V.
- 60 Jog R. G.
- 61 Joshi J. D.
- 62 Kasar V. G.
- 63 Kulkarni N. M.
- 64 Limkar P. N.
- 65 Pradhan N. G.
- 66 Tonpi V. S.
- 67 Alulkar G. P.
- 68 Deshpande G. R.
- 69 Gokhale G. M.
- 70 Karve N. V.
- 71 Bhatta O. B.

October

- 1 Karanjikar P. S.
- 2 Rode D. N.
- 3 Tannu J. B.
- 4 *Thakar Shalini*
- 5 Misha P. Y.
- 6 Sugawekar N. K.

B. A. 1936**April****First Class**

- 1 Gadre R. N.
- 2 Koparkar D. G.
- 3 Ranade L. V.
- 4 Vale R. N.

Second Class

- 1 Dugal N. D.
- 2 Gokhale V. G.
- 3 Patankar S. K.
- 4 Gad S. K.
- 5 Sardeshmukh V. R.
- 6 Bhalerao K. M.
- 7 Bhide S. D.
- 8 Kulkarni R. G.
- 9 Vaidya N. L.
- 10 Joglekar H. P.
- 11 Bokil D. R.
- 12 Deshpande R. R.
- 13 Gadgil R. K.
- 14 Gokhale V. S.

- 15 Joshi P. N.
- 16 Shah S. G.
- 17 Gujar G. A.
- 18 Kshirsagar S. B.
- 19 Kulkarni B. H.
- 20 Kulkarni N. S.
- 21 Amin M. C.
- 22 Thakar M. G.

Pass Class

- 1 Apte N. R.
- 2 Gore G. S.
- 3 Gupte P. K.
- 4 Kale B. V.
- 5 Madiwale G. G.
- 6 Deshpande G. S.
- 7 Ganu L. A.
- 8 Karambelkar P. L.
- 9 Kashikar M. R.
- 10 Lonkar R. S.
- 11 Mahajan J. M.
- 12 Mone P. D.
- 13 Pandit B. T.
- 14 Parkhe M. S.
- 15 Patwardhan A. B.
- 16 Patil D. H.
- 17 Paranjpe D. N.
- 18 *Joshi Dwarka*
- 19 Lahoti L. H.
- 20 Gokhale R. V.
- 21 Khandkar G. K.
- 22 Kulkarni R. D.
- 23 Mutalikpatil L. R.
- 24 Acharya V. M.
- 25 Agarwal K. M.
- 26 Bhat V. B.
- 27 Borate I. R.
- 28 Chitnis C. T.
- 29 Deshpande P. M.
- 30 Gokhale H. S.
- 31 Gudgilla V. C.
- 32 Kavathekar V. A.
- 33 Kulkarni B. D.
- 34 Kulkarni B. K.
- 35 Mali H. S.
- 36 Mokashi G. B.
- 37 Oka J. T.
- 38 Paranjpe A. R.
- 39 Sathe V. K.
- 40 Wani V. S.
- 41 Wani H. M.
- 42 *Bhadbhade Tara*
- 43 Bhanage S. M.
- 44 Chaudhari P. G.
- 45 Chhajed A. D.
- 46 Chipalkatti P. B.
- 47 *Dandavate Rama*

- 48 Dhavale K. K.
49 Joshi B. N.
50 Kakade V. T.
51 *Kanitkar Kumudini*
52 Kavatgi S. A.
53 Ladhe R. M.
54 Mahajan G. S.
55 Mahanta C. G.
56 Marathe V. S.
57 *Mudholkar Leela*
58 Nimak V. B.
59 Patwardhan G. P.
60 *Rasal Sushila*
61 Shahane R. K.
62 Sowani D. W.
63 Tannu M. G.
64 Tikekar G. G.
65 Honkalse P. E.
66 Sapatnekar P. G.
67 Sathe A. V.
68 Chafekar M. G.
69 Jog G. H.
70 Kulkarni N. H.

October

- 1 Belapure V. R.
2 Deshpande M. A.
3 Ranade S. V.
4 Vaidya V. N.
5 Phadnis R. T.
6 *Phatak Pramila*
7 Trivedi G. G.
8 Wadikar V. R.
9 Sabnis M. S.
10 Godse M. S.
11 Katti A. N.
12 Kulkarni A. N.

B. A. 1937**April****First Class**

- 1 Konnur V. B.
2 Kulkarni E. D.
3 Joshi Y. G.

Second Class.

- 1 Bokil K. D.
2 Deshpande M. D.
3 Jagadale G. N.
4 Pataskar G. B.
5 Sathe V. A.
6 Vaidya V. R.
7 Kulkarni A. N.
8 Narkar S. K.
9 Ghaisas V. K.
10 Patwardhan M. D.
11 Paropkari K. G.

- 12 Dharmadhikari S. V.
13 Gadgil V. B.
14 Jakhade V. M.
15 Natu M. L.
16 Sathe A. B.
17 Sathe R. G.
18 Shrotriya S. S.
19 *Tulpule Kamal*
20 Vaidya K. D.
21 *Gokhale Sushila D.*
22 Kulkarni D. R.
23 Dalal J. A.

Pass Class

- 1 *Rajmachikar Taramati*
2 Bavadekar K. K.
3 Thite L. D.
4 Shahapurkar B. S.
5 Dighe P. G.
6 Kulkarni E. M.
7 Mulay A. K.
8 Paranjpe M. L.
9 Ranade D. P.
10 Targaonkar G. S.
11 Gokhale V. D.
12 Bapat A. A.
13 Bhawe K. D.
14 Chitnis V. R.
15 Desai K. R.
16 Divekar P. G.
17 Garde D. K.
18 Godbole G. T.
19 Jadhav V. T.
20 Jahagirdar V. B.
21 Joshi S. V.
22 Joshi V. G.
23 Kale S. V.
24 Kulkarni B. V.
25 Joshi B. R.
26 Karkhanis V. N.
27 Katti M. N.
28 Khire M. G.
29 Kulkarni D. T.
30 Marathe V. V.
31 Paranjpe H. G.
32 Phadke Y. G.
33 Phatak K. D.
34 Joshi R. R.
35 *Gokhale Vimal B.*
36 Rasal B. P.
37 Abhyankar L. D.
38 Kale K. A.
39 *Kerkar Wasanti W.*
40 Khadilkar C. W.
41 Matchway B. M.
42 Marathe B. R.

- 43 Rao S. C.
44 Vaidya R. A.
45 Abhyankar G. N.
46 Vani V. B.
47 *Ketkar Sonu Laxman*
48 Shaikh M. L.
49 Mangrulkar S. H.
50 Mone N. B.
51 Oka S. P.
52 Pandit N. D.
53 *Paranjpe Kusum*
54 *Sahasrabudhe Padmavati*
55 Salvekar R. B.
56 Thakar P. H.
57 Aland S. P.
58 Vani P. R.
59 Vani P. H.
60 Bakre P. B.
61 Bapat B. L.
62 Bhanage P. P.
63 Kulkarni B. Y.
64 Kulkarni N. D.
65 Mahajan N. P.
66 Motiwale S. B.
67 Pande N. P.
68 Patil S. B.
69 Sapdhare N. D.
70 Sardar Y. R.
71 Satakar S. G.
72 Shikhare M. A.
73 Soman T. W.
74 Vani P. E.
75 Mahabaleshwarkar L. D.
76 Datar V. R.
77 Ghaisas P. K.
78 Godbole G. S.
79 Godbole J. H.
80 Havanna B. M.
81 Jahagirdar R. V.
82 Modak M. R.
83 Patil N. V.
84 Phatak J. G.
85 Deshpande J. V.
86 Dhond A. A.
87 Kale D. G.
88 Lalit A. R.
89 Phadke D. S.
90 Kulkarni A. S.
91 Bhure N. V.
92 Deshpande M. B.
93 Gokhale D. V.
94 Joshi K. R.
95 Joshi Y. K.
96 Khamkar D. L.

October

- 1 Lele D. G.
- 2 Bhagwat S. N.
- 3 *Ganorkar Kamal*
- 4 Joshi N. S.
- 5 Rairikar V. B.
- 6 Sholapurkar K. N.
- 7 Chinchgharkar V. B.
- 8 Karkhanis M. A.
- 9 Sutavane R. K.
- 10 Chavare T. H.
- 11 Gandhi R. C.
- 12 Shingote A. D.
- 13 Sonawane S. N.
- 14 *Mone Indumati*
- 15 *Sathe Sudha*
- 16 Bhagwat M. N.
- 17 D'chunha A. J.
- 18 Sahasrabudhe N. V.
- 19 Bapat P. T.
- 20 Sohoni Y. K.

B. A. 1938**First Class**

- 1 Bedekar K. G.
- 2 Bhawe D. G.
- 3 Erande D. B.
- 4 Garge D. V.
- 5 Pawshe A. B.
- 6 Khanwelkar S. S.

Second Class

- 1 Modak A. A.
- 2 *Bhagwat Anasuya*
- 3 *Dhamadhare Malati*
- 4 Kimbhune V. B.
- 5 Jagtap J. B.
- 6 Modak V. G.
- 7 Kulkarni N. B.
- 8 *Mudholkar Shashikala*
- 9 Bhalerao S. D.
- 10 Degvekar M. P.
- 11 Potdar B. K.
- 12 Chindhade G. S.
- 13 Kulkarni D. N.
- 14 Tarte M. B.
- 15 Apte V. G.
- 16 Deodhar P. A.
- 17 Joshi K. H.
- 18 Marathe V. R.
- 19 *Marathe Malati*
- 20 Pardeshi P. K.
- 21 Patwardhan Y. V.
- 22 *Kanhare Leela*
- 23 Kulkarni D. K.
- 24 Merchant R. G.

- 25 Patil V. A.
- 26 Darshane G. S.
- 27 Nagarsogekar D. V.
- 28 Pundlik D. J.

Pass Class

- 1 Deshmukh P. D.
- 2 Inamdar S. V.
- 3 Jahagirdar H. A.
- 4 Nadgouda H. G.
- 5 Mudkatti A. R.
- 6 Takle D. S.
- 7 Darekar D. S.
- 8 Agarwal D. R.
- 9 Halbe M. N.
- 10 Joshi S. J.
- 11 Khare G. N.
- 12 Khopkar V. N.
- 13 Palsule V. G.
- 14 Patil S. N.
- 15 Phatak V. G.
- 16 Sathe V. D.
- 17 Sontakke S. A.
- 18 Tadwalkar D. B.
- 19 Bhorkar D. H.
- 20 Bahulikar D. D.
- 21 Borkar R. R.
- 22 *Jog Ambu*
- 23 Shaligram A. V.
- 24 *Laddu Sarojini*
- 25 Pradhan M. S.
- 26 Bhavsar K. S.
- 27 Bhavalkar A. S.
- 28 Bhide D. R.
- 29 Bhide V. M.
- 30 Deshpande K. K.
- 31 *Lele Anu*
- 32 Saraf N. V.
- 33 Sathe S. G.
- 34 Tatke D. G.
- 35 Agashe S. V.
- 36 Bhawe R. S.
- 37 Bhavikatti C. G.
- 38 Bhumkar S. B.
- 39 Chingi S. V.
- 40 Daptardar P. M.
- 41 Hingave K. S.
- 42 Hulsur N. S.
- 43 Joshi S. N.
- 44 Junnarkar B. C.
- 45 Khan G. S.
- 46 Khatal J. G.
- 47 Khire G. V.
- 48 Maksare N. R.
- 49 Mandke V. A.
- 50 Marathe N. G.

- 51 Mehta J. R.
- 52 Modak G. L.
- 53 Pathak B. P.
- 54 Phadnis G. D.
- 55 Ranade L. V.
- 56 Ranade P. P.
- 57 Rangane Y. R.
- 58 Ransubhe N. B.
- 59 Tambe V. D.
- 60 Wani H. Z.
- 61 Wani D. M.
- 62 Vani M. R.
- 63 Watve S. H.
- 64 Saptarshi G. K.
- 65 Bhagwat V. P.
- 66 Bhavsar D. M.
- 67 Jahagirdar K. A.
- 68 *Kolhatkar Manda*
- 69 Mankikar V. A.
- 70 Purohit R. R.
- 71 Kondejkar D. K.

October

- 1 Pataskar P. B.
- 2 Sadhale V. K.
- 3 Patil D. M.
- 4 Phatak D. G.
- 5 Phatak G. B.
- 6 Agiwal P. S.
- 7 Date R. G.
- 8 Deshmane N. M.
- 9 Mehendale J. D.
- 10 Patil D. A.
- 11 Jog V. R.
- 12 Talwalkar S. G.
- 13 Deshpande M. D.

B. A. 1939**April****First Class**

- 1 Sant D. K.
- 2 Burte S. B.
- 3 Dharurkar S. L.
- 4 Dike G. N.
- 5 Ranade H. L.
- 6 Ratnaparkhi B. R.
- 7 Wani B. M.
- 8 Savkhedkar P. B.
- 9 Apte A. S.

Second Class

- 1 Tungare V. G.
- 2 Aphale R. R.
- 3 Vaidya V. V.
- 4 *Deshpande Kusum K.*
- 5 Gadgil S. R.

- 6 Kulkarni P. G.
- 7 Paldhe D. B.
- 8 Telvare N. D.
- 9 Agashe S. V.
- 10 Kulkarni R. A.
- 11 Nevgi K. V.
- 12 Sathe N. G.
- 13 Vaidya R. P.
- 14 Gogate G. T.
- 15 Dabhade B. M.
- 16 Gupta S. B.
- 17 Lele T. V.
- 18 Patwardhan K. R.
- 19 Bhavsar K. S.
- 20 Dongre G. H.
- 21 Gokhale R. M.
- 22 Joshi B. G.
- 23 Mahabal S. B.
- 34 Vartak M. S.
- 25 Ajotikar K. K.
- 26 Atre P. G.
- 27 Joshi G. T.
- 28 *Pendse Krishna*
- 29 Vidwans S. R.
- 30 Bapat G. D.

Pass

- 1 Ghatnekar G. V.
- 2 Shende R. P.
- 3 Inamdar E. G.
- 4 Sabade G. R.
- 5 *Soloman Sarah M.*
- 6 Jadhav W. S.
- 7 Iyengar S. S.
- 8 Bedekar G. C.
- 9 Bhalerao S. N.
- 10 Bondale B. M.
- 11 Ghate C. S.
- 12 Apte N. V.
- 13 Bhagwat A. P.
- 14 Bhide Y. V.
- 15 Deshmukh K. G.
- 16 Gapchup M. G.
- 17 Khare M. S.
- 18 *Kolhatkar Sushila*
- 19 Kulkarni Y. L.
- 20 Nagpurkar P. B.
- 21 *Sathe Manik*
- 22 Bhalerao R. R.
- 23 Kakad S. B.
- 24 Ranade V. V.
- 25 Apte M. R.
- 26 Aradhye V. D.
- 27 *Bhide Vimal B.*
- 28 Mandke G. K.
- 29 Harshe B. L.

- 30 Poonekar D. B.
- 31 Agashe Y. N.
- 32 Bhagwan B. N.
- 33 Bhimpure G. V.
- 34 Dekhane B. R.
- 35 Deochake D. G.
- 36 Dixit G. D.
- 37 Gupte P. D.
- 38 Kale R. G.
- 39 Kulkarni L. B.
- 40 Kulkarni S. V.
- 41 Panse B. B.
- 42 Panse K. R.
- 43 Patel C. V.
- 44 Pundle P. K.
- 45 Rajarshi J. M.
- 46 Ranade V. S.
- 47 Shah F. M.
- 48 Shidhaye P. M.
- 49 Wani T. B.
- 50 *Abhyankar Suman D.*
- 51 Agarwal B. P.
- 52 Apte B. K.
- 53 Bankhale G. S.
- 54 Bhat P. S.
- 55 Bhurke S. G.
- 56 Chaudhari K. V.
- 57 Chitnis B. V.
- 58 Chivate V. G.
- 59 Deo V. H.
- 60 Deshpande M. K.
- 61 Deshpande P. D.
- 62 Erande S. B.
- 63 Ghode G. S.
- 64 Joshi N. G.
- 65 Joshi S. D.
- 66 Joshi V. K.
- 67 Joshi Y. D.
- 68 Karpe B. G.
- 69 Kher B. D.
- 70 Kondhare M. K.
- 71 Kaushik D. R.
- 72 Kulkarni R. V.
- 73 Lalkaka J. K.
- 74 Mandke V. A.
- 75 Mhaiskar V. R.
- 76 Mohadikar R. G.
- 77 Nagaonkar S. T.
- 78 Nagarkar M. R.
- 79 Naik S. A.
- 80 Niwargi D. G.
- 81 Patankar D. S.
- 82 Patil B. T.
- 83 Patil T. K.
- 84 Patwardhan M. R.

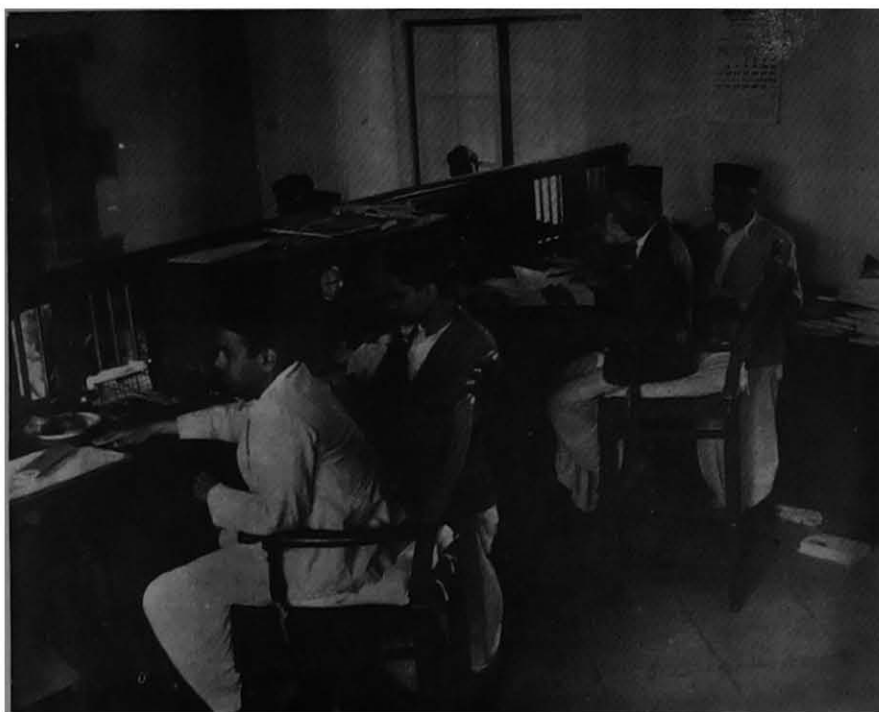
- 85 Pendharkar S. N.
- 86 Pethkar B. K.
- 87 Puntambekar V. S.
- 88 Purohit R. D.
- 89 Ranalkar S. G.
- 90 Sathe G. M.
- 91 Shah R. V.
- 92 Shitole S. S.
- 93 Soudagar K. M.
- 94 Takle P. V.
- 95 Tambakhu D. N.
- 96 Tulashibagwale N.R.
- 97 Vaidya J. D.
- 98 Watve V. G.
- 99 Dixit K. R.
- 100 Duvedi Y. V.
- 101 Malvandikar P. S.
- 102 Vedavikhyat P. N.

October

- 1 Pednekar M. G.
- 2 *Bhave Vimal V.*
- 3 Deo S. B.
- 4 Gujar H. D.
- 5 Naralkar A. N.
- 6 Deshpande H. G.
- 7 Dhonsale M. D.
- 8 Harpanhalli H. S.
- 9 Joshi N. B.
- 10 Joshi N. T.
- 11 Khanolkar S. S.
- 12 Mulgund R. G.
- 13 Patwardhan P. D.
- 14 Phatak Y. D.
- 15 Ranade A. Y.
- 16 Sathe M. S.
- 17 Brahme M. D.
- 18 Gokhale P. R.
- 19 *Khanapurkar Vatsala D.*
- 20 *Purohit Tara D.*
- 21 Sane G. R.
- 22 *Tikhe Kamal M.*

B. A. 1940**April****First-Class**

- 1 Kulkarni S. D.
- 2 Karkare M. G.
- 3 Kulkarni V. M.
- 4 Surve B. G.
- 5 *Paranjpe Krishna D.*
- 6 Kale B. V.
- 7 *Dhopeshwarkar Madhumalati D.*



Our Office at work



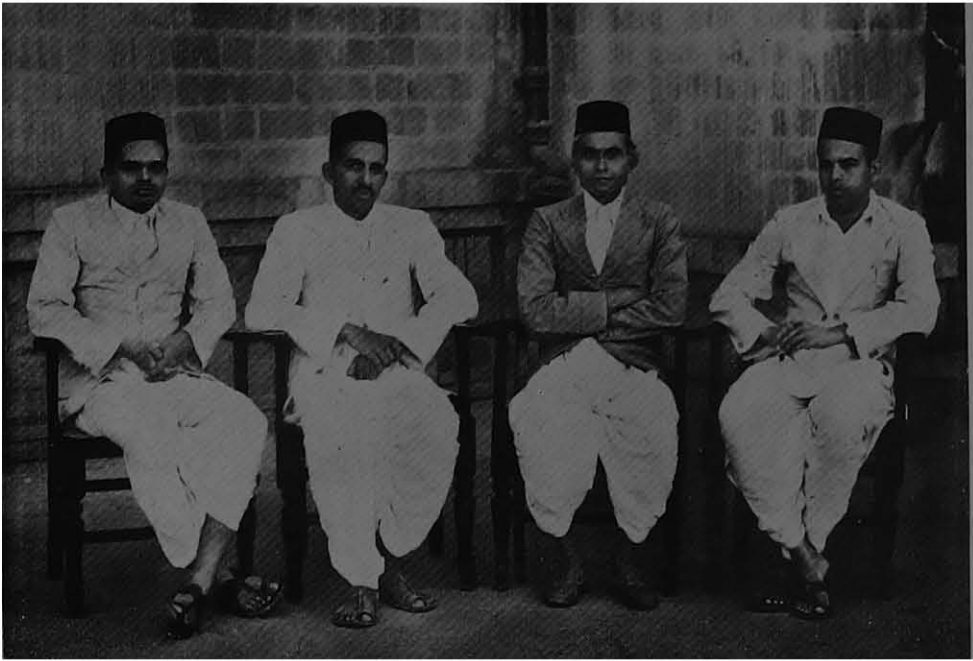
Mr. D. K. Bapat
Head Clerk



Mr. V. M. Kolhatkar
Librarian



Mr. V. B. Kapade
Senior clerk, in charge of Sports



Our Office Staff

Chairs—Messrs. S. N. Tikhe, D. K. Bapat, V. B. Kapade, A. B. Janapandit, B.A.



Our College Peons

Second Class

- 1 Kulkarni D. V.
- 2 Mangalwedhekar K. P.
- 3 Sardeshmukh T. V.
- 4 Abhyankar T. B.
- 5 *Gharpure Shakuntala D.*
- 6 Kulkarni D. B.
- 7 Mujumdar M. T.
- 8 Agnihotri B. S.
- 9 Bhide V. G.
- 10 Garde V. T.
- 11 Jeurkar V. D.
- 12 Katdare M. G.
- 13 Joshi A. V.
- 14 Keskar P. D.
- 15 Lele R. K.
- 16 *Vaze Indumati V.*
- 17 Dani D. B.
- 18 Nitsure M. G.
- 19 Javadekar A. G.
- 20 Badve D. V.

Pass

- 1 Pradhan D. M.
- 2 Kukade L. M.
- 3 Vaidya S. G.
- 4 Patwardhan V. D.
- 5 *Garde Sindhu C.*
- 6 Joshi T. S.
- 7 Kale G. L.
- 8 Jakatdar R. J.
- 9 Kapare C. S.
- 10 Kulkarni D. R.
- 11 *Lele Kamal K.*
- 12 Gode R. N.
- 13 Khare M. H.
- 14 Patil B. Y.
- 15 *Deshpande Tara R.*
- 16 Nitsure S. G.
- 17 *Oka Shanta K.*
- 18 Thite R. D.
- 19 Godse M. K.
- 20 Kapare S. S.
- 21 Kaulgud A. R.
- 22 Nanal S. M.
- 23 Potnis M. L.
- 24 Sathe G. V.
- 25 Aras M. G.
- 26 Ashtekar G. R.
- 27 Bavadekar M. V.
- 28 Beke M. S.
- 29 *Bhadbhade Leela M.*
- 30 Bhelke S. M.
- 31 Chitnis J. N.

- 32 Chitrao G. K.
- 33 Damle R. G.
- 34 Deshpande V. V.
- 35 Erande V. P.
- 36 Gaikwad S. V.
- 37 *Gupte Sumati V.*
- 38 Joshi D. K.
- 39 Joshi R. S.
- 40 *Joshi Vatsala Shankar*
- 41 Kale T. R.
- 42 Katakhar V. H.
- 43 Kher K. G.
- 44 Kulkarni B. V.
- 45 Kulkarni C. M.
- 46 Marwadi Z. P.
- 47 *Modak Sukanya V.*
- 48 Modak V. D.
- 49 *Mohile Sheila V.*
- 50 Patel A. M.
- 51 Patel G. T.
- 52 Patel K. H.
- 53 Patwardhan M. D.
- 54 Phadnis N. T.
- 55 Rajpatahak S. M.
- 56 Sathe C. V.
- 57 Talim M. T.
- 58 Targaonkar R. S.
- 59 Teli V. B.
- 60 Umarani G. V.
- 61 *Nadkarni Leela A.*
- 62 Ketkar N. M.
- 63 Marwadi S. B.
- 64 Naralkar M. D.
- 65 *Pandit Krishna G.*
- 66 *Prabhavalkar Sindhu S.*

October

- 1 *Bawle Leela T.*
- 2 Vedak G. S.
- 3 Joshi V. S.
- 4 Karkhanis M. D.
- 5 Bharamakkanawar C. H.
- 6 *Dravid Vimal S.*
- 7 Jape P. P.
- 8 Javale P. S.
- 9 Kaduskar P. K.
- 10 Kulkarni R. G.
- 11 Mahajani V. V.
- 12 Nikumbh N. P.
- 13 Shrotri S. K.
- 14 Tembe R. D.
- 15 *Bahulikar Champu D.*

B. A. 1941**April****First Class**

- 1 Rahurkar V. G.
- 2 *Vaidya Leela*
- 3 Kulkarni S. B.

Second Class

- 1 Tulpule R. D.
- 2 Buddhisagar K. G.
- 3 Abhyankar P. D.
- 4 Chitambar P. J.
- 5 Dange C. D.
- 6 Hasabnis R. V.
- 7 Kulkarni V. M.
- 8 Kale H. N.
- 9 *Nagarkar Mai*
- 10 *Phatak Miss Malati*
- 11 Vaidya G. V.
- 12 Bakare R. D.
- 13 Chopde Y. B.
- 14 Kshirasagar J. N.
- 15 Apshankar N. D.
- 16 *Dani Kamal*
- 17 *Phatak Mrs. Malati*
- 18 *Atre Indu*
- 19 *Vasistha Sarojini*
- 20 Gandhi S. S.
- 21 Panse V. R.
- 22 Bhatavdekar M. V.
- 23 Chitale M. P.
- 24 Divekar A. D.
- 25 Godbole M. G.
- 26 Joshi D. A.
- 27 Sahasrabuddhe V. G.
- 28 Sangave V. A.
- 29 Kulkarni N. G.
- 30 Kanitkar V. N.
- 31 Lele G. S.
- 32 Patwardhan G. H.

Pass

- 1 Padhye M. G.
- 2 Joshi P. K.
- 3 Parashurami B. R.
- 4 Talwalkar V. G.
- 5 Date G. G.
- 6 *Gupte Hira*
- 7 *Khare Kusum*
- 8 Paranjpe S. R.
- 9 Shinde R. K.
- 10 Atre Y. K.
- 11 Bhide P. R.
- 12 Bhopatkar K. B.
- 13 Dandekar D. G.
- 14 Deo B. V.

15 Ganu V. R.
 16 Hiwale S. N.
 17 Joshi E. V.
 18 *Joshi Indumati*
 19 Joshi S. G.
 20 Khare V. N.
 21 *Kulkarni Usha*
 22 *Lonkar Leela*
 23 *Moghe Kumudini*
 24 *Phatak Indumati*
 25 Phatak S. Y.
 26 Peshave G. H.
 27 Revetkar D. A.
 28 *Sane Keshar*
 29 Yadav M. N.
 30 Vade K. R.
 31 Salunke H. M.
 32 Thokade B. V.
 33 Dandi V. N.
 34 Argade V. D.
 35 Avasthe R. N.
 36 Bhagwat V. R.
 37 Bamboat H. F.
 38 Bapat N. S.
 39 Chaudhari V. S.
 40 *Damle Sudha*
 41 *Dandekar Indu*
 42 Deo Y. S.
 43 Desai V. D.
 44 Godbole G. M.
 45 *Gokhale Pramila*
 46 Irani D. N.
 47 Joshi L. K.
 48 Karekar S. M.
 49 Korphalkar V. V.
 50 Mokashi P. B.
 51 Pakhare V. P.
 52 Pande K. B.
 53 *Pawar Vimal*
 54 Phadke K. G.
 55 *Pradhan Sushila*
 56 Rajahansa V. S.
 57 Sable P. D.
 58 Sahasrabuddhe S. G.
 59 Sathe N. S.
 60 Salvekar V. J.
 61 Shingwekar S. S.
 62 *Sohoni Dwarka*
 63 *Soloman Jerusha*
 64 Apte G. S.
 65 Ketkar D. V.
 66 Kulkarni S. K.
 67 *Patil Shanta*
 68 Ranade G. B.
 69 Tilak M. V.
 70 *Vaidya Kumudini*

71 Gadre V. D.
 72 *Hingave Hemalata*
 73 Kulkarni M. S.
 74 Velankar V. P.

October**First Class**

1 Bapat B. V.

Pass

1 Mulik Babasaheb B.
 2 Jadhav V. G.
 3 Kulkarni B. G.
 4 Kulkarni D. R.
 5 Agashe S. V.
 6 *Bapat Sushila*
 7 Bapat V. R.
 8 Barve M. S.
 9 Gadre S. G.
 10 Gujarathi R. J.
 11 More N. B.
 12 *Phatak Kashi*
 13 Dikhale S. M.
 14 Kashikar S. M.
 15 Borate P. L.

B. Sc. 1930**Second Class**

1 Karandikar R. G.
 2 Ghatge V. M.

Pass

1 Alekar R. G.
 2 Hebalkar D. K.
 3 Karandikar M. B.
 4 Patil A. P.
 5 Phatak V. N.
 6 Tamhankar P. V.

B. Sc. 1931**First Class**

1 Gole P. V.
 2 Joshi R. W.

Second Class

1 *Miss Paranjpe Maina*
M.
 2 Borwankar S. G.
 3 Joshi K. V.
 4 Joshi N. V.
 5 Karve K. N.
 6 Kirtane V. B.

Pass

1 Bendre J. G.
 2 Chimade K. I.

3 Gokhale V. M.
 4 Khokhawala A. S.
 5 Marathe D. K.
 6 Banhatti P. N.
 7 Karandikar J. V.
 8 Luktuke D. S.
 9 Sathe S. D.
 10 Gokhale D. M.
 11 Sathe R. K.
 12 Deo B. G.

B. Sc. 1932**First Class**

1 Shahane R. Y.

Second Class

1 Joshi N. K.
 2 Sapre N. A.

Pass

1 Pattan S. N.
 2 Bokil V. K.
 3 Gogate S. H.
 4 Joshi H. N.
 5 Kharshikar S. H.
 6 Sathaye D. K.
 7 Nilange K. S.
 8 Joshi V. B.
 9 Ransubhe R. B.
 10 Abhyankar S. S.
 11 Joag P. N.
 12 Joshi D. P.
 13 Joshi P. V.
 14 Kirtane M. D.
 15 Pendse M. V.
 16 Karandikar V. S.

B. Sc. 1933**First Class**

1 Bapat B. V.
 (With distinction)

Second Class

1 Joglekar P. R.
 2 Joshi S. P.
 3 Kelkar G. V.
 4 Lodhi M. T.
 5 Paranjpe G. R.

Pass

1 Nagpurkar M. P.
 2. Apte K. D.
 3. Damle P. M.
 4 Karkare P. C.
 5 Phatak D. C.
 6 Sane S. R.
 7 Gore G. S.

- 8 Joshi L. K.
- 9 Mali S. G.
- 10 Patwardhan S. J.
- 11 Purohit P. R.
- 12 Datar S. V.
- 13 Bapat B. G.
- 14 Kane A. D.
- 15 Pujari S. B.

B. Sc. 1934**First Class**

- 1 Dange J. N.
(with distinction)
- 2 Deodhar N. V.
(with distinction)
- 3 Nagarkatti P. D.

Second Class

- 1 Bhide N. V.
- 2 Bapat V. P.
- 3 Godbole V. C.
- 4 Shiveshwarkar G. D.
- 5 Sapatnekar P. G.

Pass

- 1 Abhyankar A. R.
- 2 Koragaonkar S. B.
- 3 Dharwadkar V. V.
- 4 Sathe P. W.
- 5 Dandekar C. V.
- 6 Gadre H. G.
- 7 Ghate V. S.
- 8 Joshi G. T.
- 9 Phadke V. S.
- 10 Subnis M. R.
- 11 Shastri U. A.
- 12 Dongre D. D.

B. Sc. 1935**Second Class**

- 1 Belekar G. K.
- 2 Kamat N. B.
- 3 Mehta H. S.
- 4 Phadnis B. V.

Pass

- 1 Apte G. V.
- 2 Airotdgi N. M.
- 3 Apte S. H.
- 4 Athalye N. V.
- 5 Dandavate V. C.
- 6 Dixit S. N.
- 7 Ghate Indu
- 8 Godbole D. N.
- 9 Kadhe G. N.
- 10 Marathe A. R.
- 11 Patwardhan B. W.

- 12 Shejwalkar B. G.
- 13 Shrotriya B. S.
- 14 Watve S. V.
- 15 Bhide G. N.
- 16 Karandikar N. D.
- 17 Khadilkar P. D.
- 18 Nadkarni S. R.
- 19 Paradkar L. R.
- 20 Rao A. K.
- 21 Bulbule S. L.
- 22 Kaulgud P. R.

B. Sc. 1936**First Class**

- 1 Deshmukh C. D.

Second Class

- 1 Mehendale N. K.
- 2 Patwardhan W. D.
- 3 Kanitkar V. P.
- 4 Patwardhan Y. B.

Pass

- 1 Bawle Y. T.
- 2 Acharya C. V.
- 3 Amin M. S.
- 4 Damle V. G.
- 5 Deshpande M. H.
- 6 Mehendale V. G.
- 7 Nagarkar V. V.
- 8 Nayak N. D.
- 9 Page L. P.
- 10 Sethna S. M.
- 11 Apte D. V.
- 12 Bapat R. S.
- 13 Damle R. M.
- 14 Didtruk D. V.
- 15 Gokhale V. R.
- 16 Gole S. S.
- 17 Kulkarni B. G.
- 18 Kulkarni S. S.
- 19 Lanke L. R.
- 20 Sahasrabudhe L. C.
- 21 Sathe V. B.
- 22 Sohoni Y. K.
- 23 Bhide R. D.
- 24 Sathaye L. K.
- 25 Sohoni G. M.

B. Sc. 1937**First Class**

- 1 Tilak B. D.

Second Class

- 1 Natu V. M.

- 2 Duvedi Y. V.
- 3 Kulkarni G. N.
- 4 Shah J. A.
- 5 Joshi D. N.
- 6 Paranjpe V. B.

Pass

- 1 Bhonde V. R.
- 2 Bapat N. V.
- 3 Bhuyar S. N.
- 4 Desai G. N.
- 5 Iranj K. G.
- 6 Khare K. T.
- 7 Ranade A. K.
- 8 Abhyankar T. S.
- 9 Bhalekar B. T.
- 10 Matange Y. N.
- 11 Mehendale W. B.
- 12 Pundle P. K.
- 13 Thatte R. P.
- 14 Bapat P. V.
- 15 Joshi S. V.
- 16 Natu V. B.

B. Sc. 1938**First Class**

- 1 Chipalkatti P. V.
- 2 Rajopadhye V. Y.

Second Class

- 1 Gogate V. S.
- 2 Gokhale V. G.
- 3 Gujar N. R.
- 4 Khadkikar R. T.
- 5 Mulay P. M.
- 6 Deshpande Leela V.
- 7 Pote J. M.
- 8 Apte M. G.
- 9 Bhide M. Y.
- 10 Dalvi S. K.

Pass

- 1 Joshi M. S.
- 2 Kamerkar S. D.
- 3 Khandekar V. S.
- 4 Patwardhan K. S.
- 5 Gunye S. Y.
- 6 Pandit V. W.
- 7 Bhandare R. L.
- 8 Bhide V. R.
- 9 Bidve S. V.
- 10 Gadgil M. V.
- 11 Gokhale Y. S.
- 12 Inamdar V. R.
- 13 Mankad P. S.
- 14 Oka R. G.

- 15 Bibikar Y. B.
16 Ghule B. R.
17 Gokhale G. G.
18 Jagani M. A.
19 Kondejkar B. K.
20 Kothari J. H.
21 Tikekar J. G.
22 Rudre B. N.

B. Sc. 1939**First Class**

- 1 Damle G. H.
(with distinction)
2 Kulkarni V. G.
3 Godbole V. K.

Second Class

- 1 Bhatkhande A. H.
2 Chaughale D. B.
3 Pandit P. P.
4 Sathaye S. R.
5 Surpur R. R.
6 Mahajan K. D.

Pass

- 1 Patwardhan M. H.
2 Shah C. M.
3 Dhane A. P.
4 Dighe K. V.
5 Duvedi R. M.
6 Gupte S. G.
7 Joshi K. V.
8 Juvekar V. A.
9 Kelkar V. V.
10 Marathe V. R.
11 Mudliar G. V.
12 Shah R. H.
13 Suktankar V. D.
14 Umarani S. G.
15 Teli R. G.
16 Deval V. S.
17 Dixit M. C.
18 Halemani R. R.
19 Pandit J. A.
20 Vishwasrao D. T.
21 Marathe S. S.
22 Pendse V. V.

B. Sc. 1940**First Class**

- 1 Lokapur K. A.
2 Pathak B. R.
3 Joshi J. B.
4 Kulkarni P. T.
5 Nabar S. M.
(with distinction)
6 Samant M. G.

- 7 Gadre B. R.
(with distinction)
8 Paranjpe G. C.

Second class

- 1 Bodas P. M.
2 Gadgil K. G.
3 Gokhale N. K.
4 Jathar S. V.
5 Joshi H. M.
6 Kanade T. D.
7 Lagwankar J. D.
8 Purandare G. A.
9 Sathe N. V.
10 Shah B. R.
11 Ambekar A. D.
12 Modi N. C.
13 Pradhan K. B.

Pass

- 1 Joshi B. G.
2 Karandikar L. G.
3 Damle D. K.
4 Anturkar V. B.
5 Kothari K. K.
6 Bhagwat M. S.
7 Bhagwat S. K.
8 Gadgil V. M.
9 Gharpure M. Y.
10 Kibhe V. R.
11 Patil D. S.
12 Bhide M. G.
13 Joshi P. D.
14 Pant M. B.
15 Sahasrabudhe R. G.

B. Sc. 1941**First Class**

- 1 Miss Paranjpe
Krishna D.
(with distinction)
2 Khatri B. D.
3 Patel T. K.
4 Shah A. B.

Second Class

- 1 Deshpande V. S.
2 Joshi S. A.
3 Limaye R. B.
4 Joshi R. D.
5 Khadke V. K.

Pass

- 1 Bhat V. D.
2 Potnis G. V.
3 Adhikari G. D.
4 Gokhale N. G.
5 Joag G. M.
6 Joshi P. V.

- 7 Kale V. A.
8 Limaye B. V.
9 Patil B. K.
10 Sane P. G.
11 Tole P. D.
12 Gole S. S.
13 Kelkar G. M.
14 Damle A. V.
15 *Joshi Durga C.*
16 Kanade V. B.
17 Marathe V. S.
18 *Sule Sindhu G.*

M. A. 1922**Pass**

- 1 Bapat V. V.
2 Gadre P. G.

1923**Second Class**

- 1 Dixit V. V.
2 Khair G. S.

1924**Second Class**

- 1 Sane P. S.
2 Oturkar R. V.
3 *Bhate Yamuna S.*

Pass

- 1 Pethe G. V.
2 Bapat G. T.
3 Date G. T.
4 Bagul D. D.
5 Dharmadhikari G. G.
6 *Dhopeshwarkar Goda
wari*
7 Yevale H. A.

1925**Second Class**

- 1 Kamat G. N.

Pass

- 1 Godbole S. R.
2 Shukla S. A.
3 Gokhale B. J.
4 Karandikar S. L.

1926**Second Class**

- 1 Gopujkar S. A.
2 Dharap J. N.

Pass

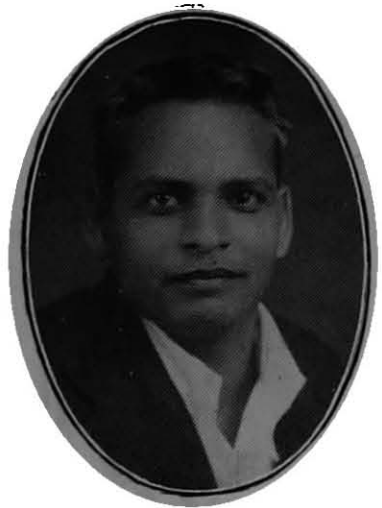
- 1 Salvekar S. G.

1927**Pass**

- 1 Kelkar D. K.



Mr. M. G. Bhave,
Secretary, Maharashtra
Cricket Association, Poona



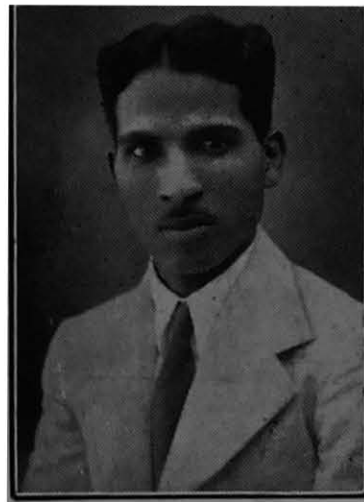
Mr. D. K. Bapat
Viceroy's Commission



Prof. P. G. Padhye, M.A.
Retired Professor



The late Wamanshastri Kinjavdekar



Mr. K. L. Patel
Viceroy's Commission



NUTAN MARATHI VIDYALAYA—MARATHI SHALA, POONA

- 1928**
Second Class
1 Sudumbrekar B. V.
2 Paradkar N. B.
3 Trivedi N. R.
- Pass**
1 Modi M. C.
- 1929**
First Class
1 Tilak V. S.
2 *Miss Ukidawe Kamala*
- Second Class**
1 Pusalkar A. D.
2 Apte W. T.
3 Joshi T. K.
- Pass**
1 Joshi V. G.
2 *Miss Karnatki Chandra*
3 *Miss Suktankar Sundra*
4 Gharpure V. H.
5 Khare A. N.
6 Shikhare D. N.
7 Gokhale N. R.
8 Dighe V. G.
9 Byadgi M. N.
- 1930**
First Class
1 Chafekar G. N.
- Second Class**
1 Bapat V. P.
- Pass**
1 Damle L. V.
2 *Miss Ghate Vijaya*
3 *Miss Gokhale Mathura*
4 Godbole D. B.
- 1931**
First Class
1 Kasar S. S.
- Second Class**
1 Jejurkar R. D.
2 Patwardhan Y. B.
3 Sahasrabuddhe P. G.
- Pass**
1 Widwans P. H.
2 Chitale S. D.
3 Gandhe S. M.

- 1932**
First Class
1 Deshpande R. R.
- Second Class**
1 Joshi C. G.
- 1933**
Second Class
1 Deshmukh G. K.
- Pass**
1 *Miss Bhalerao Shanta*
2 Gadre A. N.
3 Patke S. S.
- 1934**
First Class
1 Gurjar L. V.
- Second Class**
1 Dadape E. V.
2 Hatvalne D. M.
3 Sardar G. B.
- Pass**
1 Gokhale V. D.
2 Tulpule B. V.
3 Palnitkar C. B.
- 1935**
Second Class
1 *Miss Paranjpe Daya*
- Pass**
1 Joshi S. R.
2 *Miss Ghate Yugan-*
dhara
3 Kulkarni D. N.
4 Oka V. G.
- 1936**
Second Class
1 Bhave Y. D.
2 Ghatage A. M.
3 Kashikar M. V.
- Pass**
1 Sattigiri H. D.
2 Sapre N. A.
3 Patwardhan S. V.
4 Nandekar Y. E.
5 Tembhekar M. C.
6 Pradhan R. N.

- 1937**
Second Class
1 Godbole V. S.
2 Patwardhan V. G.
- Pass**
1 Kulkarni P. D.
2 Joshipura P. V.
3 Waikar M. R.
4 Dhamdhare P. R.
- 1938**
Second Class
1 Dixit K. D.
2 Vale R. N.
3 Talasikar V. R.
4 Gadre R. N.
5 Borse D. G.
6 Badve R. C.
7 Pillay T. K. N.
- Pass**
1 Godbole S. T.
2 Walimbe R. S.
3 Joag R. G.
4 Kanegaonkar D. R.
5 Saletore G. N.
- 1939**
First Class
1 Yardi M. R.
- Second Class**
1 Patel D. M.
2 *Tulpule Tara G.*
3 Ranade N. L.
4 Kulkarni E. D.
5 Kamat R. N.
- Pass**
1 Datar G. K.
2 Kirtane R. N.
3 Rasal B. P.
4 Gokhale D. V.
5 Gokhale H. S.
6 Joshi A. T.
7 Joshi P. N.
8 *Sahasrabudhe*
Padmavati
- 1940**
First Class
1 Erande D. B.

- Second Class**
- 1 Bedekar D. G.
 - 2 Degwekar M. P.
 - 3 Garge D. V.
 - 4 Bhawe D. G.
 - 5 Khanwelkar S. S.
 - 6 Bhavsar D. M.

Pass

- 1 Gokhale V. G.
- 2 Rahalkar V. P.
- 3 Javdekar Y. V.
- 4 Sahasrabudhe S. V.
- 5 Darekar D. S.
- 6 Bhorkar D. H.
- 7 Tarte M. B.
- 8 Katti A. N.

1941**First Class**

- 1 Apte A. S.

- Second Class**
- 1 Mahabal S. B.
 - 2 Sant D. K.
 - 3 Dharap S. D.

Pass

- 1 *Joshi Seeta Ganesh*
- 2 Kimbahune V. B.

M. Sc. 1932

- 1 Kulkarni S. K.

1937

- 1 Sapatnekar P. G.

1939**First Class**

- 1 Sathaye M. P.

Second Class

- 1 Godbole S. N.

- Pass**
- 1 Kanetkar V. P.

1940**First Class**

- 1 Bapat B. V.

Second Class

- 1 Godbole R. D.

1941**Second Class**

- 1 Paranjpe M. K.

Pass

- 1 Patel A. B.

Ph. D.**1939**

- 1 P. G. Sahasrabudhe

Total Number of Graduates

(1914-41)

B. A. s	1714
B. Sc. s	295
M. A. s	134
M. Sc. s	9
Ph. D.	1
	<hr/>
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CHAPTER XVII

Holders of Endowed Scholarships and Prizes

1. Vinayakrao Apte First Prize

DONOR :—Principal V. G. Apte, B.A.

(Rs. 100 in money)—Awarded annually to the student of the College having the highest total in the First Class at the Inter Arts examination and continuing his B. A. studies in this College.

1923-24	Not awarded	1939-40	Mr. S. B. Kulkarni
1924-25	Mr. B. V. Sudumbrekar	1940-41	„ S. Y. Limaye
1925-26	„ V. S. Tilak		

2. Ganesh Hari Dongre Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. V. H. Dongre.

(Rs. 25 per month)—Awarded whenever available to a poor deserving Konkanastha Brahmin male student passing the Matriculation with at least 45 p. c. marks and joining this College in the First Year Class with a view to prosecuting his studies for the B. Sc. degree course, tenable as long as he continues to study in this College, subject to securing at least 45 p.c. marks at all examinations.

1927-28	Mr. P. Y. Dixit	1934-35	Mr. Y. B. Patwardhan
1928-29	„ G. R. Thatte	1935-36	„ Y. B. Patwardhan
1929-30	„ B. G. Bapat	1936-37	„ B. R. Gadre
1930-31	„ B. G. Bapat	1937-38	„ B. R. Gadre
1931-32	„ B. G. Bapat	1938-39	„ B. R. Gadre
1932-33	„ Y. B. Patwardhan	1939-40	„ B. R. Gadre
1933-34	„ Y. B. Patwardhan	1940-41	„ K. L. Joshi

3. Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole Scholarship

DONOR :—Diwan Bahadur K. R. Godbole, B.A., M.C.E., C.B.E.

(Rs. 15 per month)—Awarded annually to a student in the senior B. A. or senior B. Sc. Class. The scholarship is awarded to one of the three deserving and needy students elected by the junior B. A. and junior B. Sc. students from among themselves in February of the preceding academic year. The donor has endowed this scholarship in the hope that those who secure it will do some public work in after-life.

1929-30	Mr. K. V. Joshi	1935-36	Mr. N. D. Dugal
1930-31	„ D. V. Damle	1936-37	„ B. T. Kulkarni
1931-32	„ D. K. Keskar	1937-38	„ D. V. Nagarsogekar
1932-33	„ L. G. Khare	1938-39	„ B. M. Wani
1933-34	„ M. B. Deshpande	1939-40	„ A. V. Joshi
1934-35	„ P. G. Nirgudkar	1940-41	„ P. J. Chitambar

4. Rajwade Prize

DONOR :—Mr. V. K. Rajwade.

(Rs. 35 in money)—Awarded annually to a student of the College who passes the First Year examination in Arts in the First Class with the highest number of marks and prosecutes his studies for the Intermediate Arts examination in this College.

1917-18	Mr. L. P. Kirane	1929-30	Miss Leela Bhat
1918-19	Not awarded	1930-31	Mr. N. G. Moghe
1919-20	Mr. P. S. Sane	1931-32	„ A. R. Kurlekar I. A.
1920-21	„ V. S. Gupte	1932-33	„ M. G. Thakar I. A.
1921-22	„ S. A. Gopujkar	1933-34	„ G. A. Gurjar I. A.
1922-23	„ S. A. Gopujkar	1934-35	„ Y. G. Joshi I. A.
1923-24	„ S. A. Kher	1935-36	„ S. B. Burte I. A.
1924-25	Miss Kamala Ukidawe	1936-37	„ G. D. Bapat I. A.
1925-26	Mr. V. S. Vaze	1937-38	„ R. K. Lele
1926-27	„ V. K. Datar	1938-39	„ S. B. Kulkarni
1927-28	„ S. V. Kulkarni	1939-40	„ S. Y. Limaye
1928-29	„ S. A. Padhye	1940-41	„ L. G. Kale

5. Durgabai Sathe Gift for Books

DONOR :—Mr. G. G. Phadke.

(Rs. 19)—Books of this amount are to be given annually to poor and deserving Brahmin students, preferably Konkanastha.

1939-40	Mr. D. V. Paranjpe	1940-41	Mr. P. J. Chitambar
	„ P. J. Chiplonkar		„ B. N. Joshi
1940-41	„ S. P. Pathak		„ V. R. Ramdasi

6. Narayan Dhondo Sathe Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. S. D. Sathe.

(Rs. 8 per month)—Awarded annually to a poor deserving Brahmin student passing the Matriculation and joining the College in the First Year Class.

1931-32	Mr. Y. K. Sohoni	1936-37	Mr. C. B. Joshi
1932-33	„ N. D. Dugal	1937-38	„ P. R. Kanegaonkar
	„ S. D. Bhide	1938-39	„ S. P. Agashe
1933-34	„ K. D. Vaidya	1939-40	„ P. D. Deshmukh
1934-35	„ M. G. Apte	1940-41	„ H. K. Paranjpe
1935-36	„ V. S. Arhavale		

7. Shri. Parvatibai Vishalgadkar Prize

DONOR :—Shrimant Bhavanrao Abajirao Pant-Pratinidhi.

(Rs. 50 in money)—Awarded annually to the lady student who passes the First Year examination with the highest number of marks and continues her studies in this College.

1917-18	Miss Simpson	1929-30	Miss Leela Bhat
1918-19	„ Venubai Gokhale	1930-31	„ Sumati Phansalkar
1919-20	„ Venu Lohagaonkar	1931-32	„ Indumati Phadke
1920-21	„ Dwaraka Bhat	1932-33	„ Leela Deshpande
1921-22	„ Shanta Bhide	1933-34	„ Pramila Bhide
1922-23	„ Shanta Bhide	1934-35	„ Manjeri Janaki
1923-24	„ Mathurabai Gokhale	1935-36	„ Malati Dhamdhare
1924-25	„ Kamala Ukidawe	1936-37	„ Leela Mulherkar
1925-26	„ Vijaya Ghate	1937-38	„ Durga Soman
1926-27	„ Julia Elizer	1938-39	„ Mai Nagarkar
1927-28	„ Shanta Bhalerao	1939-40	„ Kashi Pendharkar
1928-29	„ Prita Kalawade	1940-41	„ Tara Gharpure

8. G. R. Bapat Free-studentship

DONOR :—Mr. G. R. Bapat.

(Rs. 52/8 per year)—Awarded to a poor deserving Brahmin student of the College.

1924-25	Mr. A. N. Gadre	1933-34	Mr. V. A. Shintre
1925-26	„ V. K. Bokil	1934-35	„ V. C. Mahabal
1926-27	„ P. M. Shintre	1935-36	„ S. R. Vidwansa
1927-28	„ S. R. Patankar	1936-37	„ M. H. Khare
1928-29	„ J. H. Upadhya	1937-38	„ V. M. Bhide
1929-30	„ K. B. Godbole	1938-39	„ D. V. Patwardhan
1930-31	„ B. V. Bapat	1939-40	„ D. V. Patwardhan
1931-32	„ V. M. Bhide	1940-41	„ J. M. Joshi
1932-33	„ R. D. Bhide		

9. Manorama Pophale Prize

DONOR :—Mr. G. L. Pophale.

(Rs. 35 in money)—Awarded annually to a student in the Inter Science Class who obtains the highest number of marks in Mathematics (not less than 70 per cent.) at the University examination and continues to study in this College.

1926-27	Miss Vijaya Ghate	1934-35	Mr. J. N. Dange
1927-28	Not awarded	1935-36	Not awarded
1928-29	Mr. S. V. Kulkarni	1936-37	Mr. M. G. Apte
1929-30	Not awarded	1937-38	Not awarded
1930-31	Mr. D. P. Karnik	1938-39	Mr. G. B. Gadre
1931-32	„ M. K. Paranjpe	1939-40	Not awarded
1932-33	„ J. N. Dange	1940-41	V. P. Kulkarni
1933-34	Not awarded		

10. V. M. Lonkar Prize

DONOR :—Mr. Y. V. Lonkar.

(Rs. 25 in money)—Awarded annually to the student having the highest number of marks in Logic at the Inter Arts.

1932-33	Mr. B. G. Gurjar	1936-37	Mr. P. K. Garde
1933-34	.. R. S. Walimbe	1937-38	.. R. R. Aphale
1934-35	.. K. K. Gadgil	1938-39	.. A. B. Joshi
1935-36	.. S. V. Gokhale	1939-40	.. S. G. Phatak
	.. V. M. Jakhade	1940-41	<i>Miss Leela Wagh</i>

11. Chitale-Joshi Prize

DONOR :—Mr. P. V. Chitale & Mr. D. K. Joshi.

(Rs. 25 in books)—Awarded annually to a Brahmin student who stands first among the candidates with History or Economics (Honours) as their optional subject at the B. A. examination.

1925-26	Mr. A. V. Sabde	1933-34	Mr. V. V. Lonkar
1926-27	.. D. B. Godbole	1934-35	.. L. G. Datar
1927-28	.. L. V. Damle	1935-36	.. P. B. Panse
1928-29	.. A. N. Gadre	1936-37	.. P. N. Joshi
1929-30	.. V. K. Datar	1937-38	.. M. N. Natu
1930-31	.. N. G. Aragade	1938-39	<i>Miss Malati Marathe</i>
1931-32	.. P. V. Deodhar	1939-40	Mr. S. B. Mahabal
1932-33	.. V. D. Gokhale	1940-41	.. A. V. Joshi

12. R. N. Admane Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. S. G. Admane.

(Rs. 7 per month)—Awarded annually to a poor deserving student.

1932-33	Mr. A. R. Kurlekar	Mr. K. P. Bhagwat	<i>Miss Pramila Bhide</i>
1933-34	Mr. R. S. Walimbe	Mr. S. D. Bhide	<i>Miss Kamal Tulpule</i>
1934-35	Mr. A. T. Joshi		<i>Miss Malati</i>
			<i>Dhamdhare</i>
1935-36		Mr. E. D. Pendse	<i>Miss Vimal</i>
			<i>Khadilkar</i>
1936-37			Mr. S. D. Kulkarni
1937-38			Mr. V. G. Rahurkar
1938-39			Mr. M. S. Dandawate
1939-40			Mr. G. M. Ranade
1940-41	Mr. L. G. Joshi		

13. Vinayak Babaji Ghanekar Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. V. B. Ghanekar.

(Rs. 20 per month)—Awarded annually to the student standing first at the B. Sc. (Subsidiary) examination and continuing his further studies in the Senior B. Sc. Class at this College.

1932-33	Mr. B. V. Bapat	1937-38	Mr. V. B. Chipalkatti
1933-34	Mr. J. N. Dange	1938-39	Mr. K. A. Lokapur
1934-35	Mr. G. K. Belekar	1939-40	Mr. B. R. Gadre
1935-36	Mr. Y. B. Patwardhan	1940-41	Mr. A. B. Shah
1936-37	Mr. B. D. Tilak		

14. Free Maternity Work Memorial Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. B. G. Phatak.

(Rs. 5 per month)—Awarded annually to the most deserving lady student studying in the Inter Science Class in the 'B' group with a view to joining a Medical College ; in the absence of such a student, to a lady student in the F. Y. Sc. Class studying with this object.

1932-33	Miss Leela Deshpande	1937-38	Mrs. Kamal Mone
1933-34	Miss Ruth Joseph	1938-39	Mrs. Manutai
1934-35	Miss Manjeri Janaki		Ghanekar
1935-36	Miss Indumati Hosangadi	1939-40	Miss Kamala Chandrachud
1936-37	Miss Leela Mulherkar	1940-41	Miss Sushila Sohoni

15. Hari Pandurang Deshmukh Prize

DONOR :—Mr. H. P. Deshmukh.

(Rs. 35 in money)—Awarded annually to any student in the College showing proficiency in the study of Bhagawad Geeta.

1932-33	Mr. V. P. Rahalkar	1936-37	Mr. E. D. Kulkarni & G. M. Jagdale
1933-34	" V. S. Gharpure & G. M. Panse	1937-38	" H. P. Degvekar
1934-35	" Bhure	1938-39	" G. N. Dike
1935-36	" N. V. Bhure & D. G. Koparkar	1939-40	" S. D. Kulkarni
		1940-41	" Y. B. Chopade & P. D. Nawathe

16. Shridhar Balvant Patankar Scholarship

DONOR :—Trustees—Prof. D. V. Potdar & Prof. T. B. Hardikar.

(Rs. 5 per month)—Awarded to a Konkanastha student who passes the First Year examination with the highest number of marks in Sanskrit and continues his studies for the Intermediate Arts examination at the College.

1933-34	Mr. R. N. Gadre	1937-38	Mr. R. K. Lele
1934-35	" Y. G. Joshi	1938-39	" S. G. Phatak
1935-36	Miss Malati Dhamdhare	1939-40	" S. Y. Limaye
1936-37	Mr. S. B. Mahabal	1940-41	" L. G. Kale

17. Saraswati Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. R. C. Bhide.

(Rs. 12-8 per month)—Awarded annually to a student from Ichalkaranji who passes the First Year examination with at least 45 per cent. marks and continues his studies for the Inter Science examination at this College. Preference will be given to a candidate bearing the surname Bhide ; in the absence of Bhide, to any Brahmin student from Ichalkaranji ; in the absence of a student from Ichalkaranji to any other Brahmin student.

1932-33	Mr. G. N. Kadhe	1937-38	Mr. N. P. Nagarkar
1933-34	" Y. B. Patwardhan	1938-39	" V. K. Paranjpe
1934-35		1939-40	" M. R. Bhide
1935-36	" L. V. Kelkar	1940-41	" P. D. Deshmukh
1936-37	" M. G. Bhide		

18. Moro Ramkrishna Pendse Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. M. R. Pendse.

(Rs. 91 annually)—Awarded to a poor deserving Konkanastha Brahmin student.

1934-35	Mr. Y. B. Patwardhan	1937-38	Mr. B. R. Gadre
1935-36	„ V. G. Sahasrabuddhe	1938-39	„ Y. G. Divekar
1936-37	„ P. T. Kulkarni	1939-40	„ V. V. Nagarkar
		1940-41	„ V. T. Rajawade

19. Mrs. Bhagirthibai Jatar Scholarship

DONOR :—Capt. N. S. Jatar.

(Rs. 7-8 per month)—Awarded annually to the highest among lady students passing the Matriculation and joining the College in the First Year Class.

1925-26	Miss Vijaya Ghate	1934-35	Miss Malati Dhamdhere
1926-27	„ Shanta Bhalerao	1935-36	„ Vimal Khadilkar
1927-28	„ Shanta Patwardhan	1936-37	„ Leela Chitnis
1928-29	„ Leela Bhat	1937-38	Mrs. Malati Phatak
1929-30	Mrs. Kamalabai Rajawade	1938-39	Miss Malati Naik
1931-32	Miss Indu Ghate	1939-40	„ Vaijayanti Lalit
1932-33	„ Pramila Bhide	1940-41	„ Krishna Datar
1933-34	„ Kamal Tulpule		

20. Nilkanth Narayan Bhat Scholarship

DONOR :—Mrs. Savitribai Nilkanth Bhat.

(Rs. 250 per year)—Awarded annually to the highest among Konkanasth Brahmin students passing the I. A. examination and prosecuting his studies in this College for the B. A. degree.

1925-26	Mr. V. S. Tilak	1934-35	Mr. R. N. Gadre
1926-27	„ V. S. Tilak	1935-36	„ Y. G. Joshi
1927-28	„ V. K. Datar	1936-37	Miss Malati Dhamdhere
1928-29	„ B. G. Gokhale	1937-38	Mr. G. C. Bedekar
1929-30	„ C. B. Palnitkar		„ S. B. Mahabal
1930-31	„ G. R. Joag	1938-39	Miss Shakuntala Gharpure
1931-32	Miss Daya Paranjape	1939-40	Mr. G. S. Lele
1932-33	Mr. S. D. Gokhale	1940-41	„ S. Y. Limaye
1933-34	„ G. V. Kale		

21. Vinayakrao Apte Second Prize

DONOR :—Principal V. G. Apte, B.A.

(Rs. 75 in money)—Awarded annually to the student who, passing the Matriculation examination of the Bombay University with the highest total from the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya High School, is placed among the first ten in the University and joins this College; failing such a candidate,

awarded to the student who, passing the Matriculation examination with the highest total from any other high school of the Shikshana Prasarak Mandali, is placed among the first ten in the University and joins this College.

1923-24	Mr. V. V. Kale	1928-29	Mr. B. G. Bapat
1924-25	„ V. S. Vaze	1929-30	„ A. R. Kurlekar
1925-26	Not awarded	1930-31	„ M. G. Thakar
1926-27	Mr. V. S. Mokashi	1932-33	„ Y. G. Joshi
1927-28	Not awarded		

22. Ramchandra Govind Physics Prizes

A prize of Rs. 20/- to be called the Ramchandra Govind Physics prize to be awarded annually to the student getting the highest number of marks in Physics at the F. Y. examination provided that the candidate gets not less than 80 p. c. marks in the said subject.

1918	Mr. S. R. Godbole	1920	Mr. V. S. Gupte
1919	„ P. B. Desai		

23.

A prize of Rs. 50/- to be awarded to the student that passes the Intermediate Examination in Arts standing in the first class with the highest number of marks.

1917 Mr. L. P. Kirane

24. Gangadhar Prize

A prize of Rs. 20 to be called the "Gangadhar Prize" to be awarded to the student of the Intermediate Class getting the highest number of marks in History and Administration.

1918	Mr. D. B. Bhat	1920	Mr. B. B. Avadhani
1919	„ S. R. Godbole	1921	„ V. V. Aurangabadkar
			„ T. D. Waknis

25. Krishnaji Ballal Dongre Prize

A prize of Rs. 25/- to be called "Krishnaji Ballal Dongre" prize to be awarded to the student passing with the highest number of marks in the First Year examination.

1918	Mr. S. N. Magikar	1920	Mr. V. S. Gupte
1919	„ S. R. Godbole	1921	„ S. A. Gopujker
	„ B. D. Karkhanis		

26. Damodar Govind Karmarkar Sanskrit Prize

DONOR :—Principal R. D. Karmarkar, M.A.

[This prize and prizes Nos. 27, 40, 43 and 62 are endowed by Prin. Karmarkar]

(Rs. 15 in money)—Awarded annually to the student who passes the First Year examination of the College with the highest number of marks in

Sanskrit and continues his studies for the Inter Arts examination at the College.

1918-19	Mr. S. R. Godbole	1930-31	Mr. N. G. Moghe
1919-20	" P. B. Desai	1931-32	" A. B. Kurlekar
1920-21	" N. S. Agashe	1932-33	" M. V. Apte
1921-22	" S. A. Gopujkar	1933-34	" R. N. Gadre
1922-23	" G. P. Sohoni	1934-35	" Y. G. Joshi
1923-24	" S. A. Kher	1935-36	<i>Miss Malati Dhamdhare</i>
1924-25	" B. V. Sudumbrekar	1936-37	Mr. B. R. Ratnaparkhi
1925-26	" V. S. Vaze	1937-38	" S. D. Kulkarni
1926-27	" V. K. Datar	1938-39	" S. B. Kulkarni
1927-28	" R. K. Wani		" V. A. Sangve
1928-29	" P. A. Padhye	1939-40	" S. Y. Limaye
1929-30	<i>Miss Leela Bhat</i>	1940-41	" L. G. Kale

27. Ahalyabai Sanskrit Prize

DONOR :—Principal R. D. Karmarkar, M.A.

(Rs. 30 in money)—Awarded annually to the lady student (M. A. or B. A. Class) in this College, who passes the University examination with the highest number of marks in Sanskrit (minimum 40 p. c.) ; failing such a candidate to the student who stands first at the B. A. examination.

1922-23	<i>Miss Shanta Bhide</i>	1932-33	Mr. V. B. Satvekar
1923-24	" <i>Mathu Gokhale</i>	1933-34	" M. V. Kashikar
1924-25	" <i>Kamala Ukidawe</i>	1934-35	" A. R. Kurlekar
1925-26	Mr. G. G. Ratnaparkhi	1935-36	<i>Miss Yugandhara Ghate</i>
1926-27	<i>Miss Chandra Karnataki</i>	1936-37	Mr. R. N. Gadre
1927-28	" <i>Sundra Sukathankar</i>	1937-38	" Y. G. Joshi
1928-29	Mr. R. S. Parikh	1938-39	<i>Mrs. Sarojini Laddu</i>
1929-30	<i>Miss Chandra Karnataki</i>	1939-40	<i>Miss Vimal Bhide</i>
1930-31	" <i>Shanta Bhalerao</i>	1940-41	" <i>Shakuntala Gharpure</i>
1931-32	Mr. D. M. Hatwalne		

28. Tejomani Pathak Prize

DONOR :—Mr. S. B. Pathak

(Rs. 20 in money)—Awarded annually to the highest among Desh-astha Yajurvedi students who continues his further studies at the College.

1928-29	Mr. V. S. Shrotriya	1935-36	Mr. D. K. Kondejkar
1929-30	" M. S. Likhite	1936-37	" P. I. Kulkarni
1930-31		1937-38	" A. V. Joshi
1931-32	" J. N. Dange	1938-39	" P. J. Chitambar
1932-33	" G. K. Belekar	1939-40	" R. J. Chikte
1933-34	" G. S. Deshpande	1940-41	" K. B. Pathak
1934-35	" S. S. Shrotriya		

29 Prin. V. G. Apte Prize

DONOR :—Principal V. G. Apte, B.A.

(Rs. 50 in money)—Awarded annually for the best essay on some subject to be announced in February every year connected with Sanskrit

literature by an undergraduate student of the College or a regular student of the N. M. V. High School, Poona.

1930-31	Mr. C. B. Palnitkar	1937-38	Mr. K. G. Bedekar
1931-32	„ Not awarded	1938-39	„ G. N. Dike
1932-33	Mr. M. V. Kashikar	1939-40	„ M. T. Muzumdar
1933-34	„ B. G. Gurjar		„ R. D. Bakre
1934-35	„ Not awarded	1940-41	„ Y. B. Chopade
1935-36	Mr. D. G. Koparkar		„ N. D. Apshankar
1936-37	„ V. D. Kulkarni		

30. Parvatibai Desai (sister of Rao Saheb V. A. Patwardhan) Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. M. B. Desai.

(Rs. 10 per month)—To be awarded to a poor and deserving Brahmin student studying in the Inter Science class. He should get at least 45 per cent. marks. Preference will be given to the student of the Anath Vidyarthi Griha.

It is started from the year 1941.

31. Kedareshwar Keshav Gokhale Scholarship

DONOR :—Dr. K. L. Bhave, B. sc., M. B. B. S.

(Rs. 10 per month)—Awarded to a poor and deserving student of the S. P. College continuing his studies for the Jr. B. A. Class. The scholarship is tenable for 2 years, provided the progress of the student is satisfactory.

32. Martand Keshav Gokhale Scholarship

DONOR :—Dr. K. L. Bhave, B. sc., M.B.B.S.

(Rs. 8 per month)—Awarded to a poor and deserving student of the S. P. College, continuing his studies for Inter Arts Class.

From 1920 to 1925 four scholarships of Rs. 10 each per month were given.

From 1925 to 1939 three scholarships of Rs. 10/-, 8/-, 8/- each per month were given.

From 1940 two scholarships of Rs. 10 and 8 each per month are given.

1923-24	Mr. V. S. Gupte	1925-26	Mr. B. V. Sudumbrekar
	„ N. G. Abhyankar		„ G. L. Pophale
	„ S. S. Pathak		„ V. R. Wagh
	„ V. D. Agashe	1926-27	„ S. S. Bhagwat
	„ T. D. Waknis		„ G. M. Gadgil
	„ V. K. Joshi		„ V. K. Datar
1924-25	„ S. A. Gopujkar	1927-28	„ S. D. Jeste
	„ S. A. Kher		„ C. K. Gadre
	„ B. V. Sudumbrekar		Miss Kashi Paranjpe
	„ V. V. Kale		

1928-29	Mr. B. P. Karve	1934-35	Mr. R. S. Walimbe
	" C. K. Gadre		" S. K. Patankar
	" P. V. Sukhatme		" K. D. Vaidya
1929-30	" R. R. Deshpande	1935-36	" D. G. Koparkar
	" S. D. Jeste		" B. Y. Kulkarni
	" V. R. Joshi,		" G. S. Darshane
1930-31	" S. D. Jeste	1936-37	" S. V. Gokhale
	" P. V. Bhawe		" V. R. Marathe
	" K. B. Kelkar		" G. D. Bapat
1931-32	" D. S. Jogalekar	1937-38	" D. B. Erande
	" K. M. Deshpande		" R. K. Lele
	" G. K. Belekar	1938-39	" B. R. Gadre
1932-33	" K. M. Deshpande		" V. G. Rahurkar
	" M. G. Chafekar	1939-40	" V. G. Rahurkar
	" M. P. Phadke		" M. S. Dandavate
1933-34	" V. G. Gokhale	1940-41	" V. G. Rahurkar
	" S. K. Patankar		" S. R. Bivalkar
	" Y. G. Joshi		

33. Ramkrishna Bhikaji Joshi Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. R. B. Joshi.

(Rs. 10 per month)—Awarded annually to a deserving Brahmin student of this College.

1932-33	Mr. G. D. Gokhale	1936-37	Mr. R. G. Kale
	" G. S. Joshi	1937-38	" V. R. Marathe
1933-34	" S. D. Bhide	1938-39	" V. A. Kale
1934-35	" R. G. Koparkar	1939-40	" V. A. Kale
1935-36	" V. G. Sahasrabuddhe	1940-41	" V. A. Kale

34. Narayan Pandurang Sathe First Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. A. S. Potnis.

(Rs. 15 per month)—Awarded annually to a Konknanastha Brahmin student who passes the First Year examination with the highest number of marks in Sanskrit and continues his studies for the Intermediate examination in Arts in this College.

1932-33	Mr. M. V. Apte	1937-38	Mr. G. S. Lele
	" Y. B. Patwardhan		" R. K. Lele
1933-34	" V. R. Vaidya,		" L. J. Bapat
	" R. N. Gadre	1938-39	" S. G. Phatak
1934-35	" Y. G. Joshi		" S. Y. Limaye
	" V. R. Marathe	1939-40	" S. Y. Limaye
1935-36	" L. D. Gokhale		" V. V. Bapat
	<i>Miss Malati Dhamdhare</i>	1940-41	" L. G. Kale
1936-37	Mr. S. B. Mahabal		" S. P. Kale
	" K. P. Khare		

35. Yeshwant Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. S. D. Gokhale

(Rs. 5 per month)— Awarded to a poor deserving Brahmin student of the College.

1924-25	Mr. V. R. Wagh	1933-34	Mr. M. D. Naralkar
1925-26	" V. R. Wagh	1934-35	" N. D. Dugal
1926-27	" B. P. Karve	1935-36	" D. G. Koparkar
1927-28	" S. S. Abhyankar	1936-37	" S. B. Joglekar
1928-29	" S. S. Abhyankar	1937-38	" P. D. Abhyankar
1929-30	" V. G. Sahasrabuddhe	1938-39	" V. D. Gokhale
1930-31	" H. V. Patankar	1939-40	" S. G. Navare
1931-32	" R. C. Gokhale	1940-41	" R. P. Gokhale
1932-33	" R. C. Gokhale		

36. Rao Bahadur Bapu Hari Godbole Prize

DONOR :—Mrs. Bhagirathibai Godbole

(Rs. 20)—Awarded annually to an under-graduate student of this College for ' Body-beautiful '.

1937-38	Mr. Z. P. Marwadi	1939-40	Mr. Z. P. Marwadi
1938-39	" Z. P. Marwadi	1940-41	" V. S. Marathe

37. Ichalkaranji State Free Studentships

DONOR :—Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji

Four free-studentships are given to the students of the State nominated by the Chief of Ichalkaranji.

1922-23	V. N. Gore	G. G. Joshi	V. S. Sant	K. V. Bhat
1923-24	J. K. Sathe	V. N. Mhaskar	A. K. Lonkar	M. A. Acharya
1924-25	J. K. Sathe	A. K. Lonkar	V. B. Mhaskar	V. M. Jere
1925-26	M. K. Joshi	B. P. Karve	A. K. Lonkar	C.K. Khanwelkar
1926-27	K. B. Utturkar	M. K. Joshi	S. S. Patke	D. V. Shintre
	S. K. Vaidya	S. L. Kulkarni		
1927-28	G. M. Gadgil	B.S.Saundattikar	D. S. Luktuke	B. T. Kulkarni
1928-29	B.S.Saundattikar	B. T. Kulkarni	D. S. Luktuke	M. V. Damle
1929-30	S. R. Kulkarni	D. S. Luktuke	P. N. Gore	R. W. Joshi
1930-31	D. S. Luktuke	R. W. Joshi	C. S. Luktuke	S. V. Phadnis
1931-32	B. G. Joshi	L. K. Joshi	Mrs. Indumati Phadke	Miss Gangoo Phadnis
1932-33	D. W. Joshi	Miss Gangoo Phadnis	M. V. Phadnis	L. K. Joshi
1933-34	T. Y. Hukerikar	Mrs. Laxmibai Apte	D. W. Joshi	S. P. Oak
1934-35	S. P. Oak	L. V. Kelkar	V. V. Behere	A. B. Kapse
1935-36	B. S. Jangam	M. G. Bhide	R. P. Chitale	S. P. Oak

1936-37	S. P. Oak	B. S. Deshpande	M. G. Bhide	M. S. Jangam
1937-38	M. G. Bhide	G. A. Malshe	V. M. Kulkarni	V. K. Paranjpe
1938-39	M. G. Bhide	V. M. Kulkarni	V. K. Paranjape	P. D. Medhe
1939-40	V. M. Kulkarni	V. K. Paranjpe	M. S. Bhide	G. V. Behere
		G. M. Joag	(half free)	N. B. Kulkarni
				<i>Miss S. G. Nadgauda</i>
1940-41	V. M. Kulkarni		<i>Miss S. G.</i>	S. V. Ketkar
	G. M. Joag		<i>Nadgauda</i>	
	V. K. Paranjpe			

38. Keshav Mahadev Kher Prize

DONOR :—Mrs. Anandibai Pandit.

A prize of Rs. 40 to be awarded to a lady student passing the First Year examination with the highest number of marks in Sanskrit (but not less than 45 p. c.) and continuing her further studies in this College.

1935-36	Miss Malati Dhamdhare	1938-39	Miss Kusum Khare
1936-37	„ Shakuntala Ranade	1939-40	„ Kamal Bapat
1937-38	„ Durga Soman	1940-41	„ Indu Neurgaonkar

39. Visubhau Salvekar Philosophy Prize

DONOR :—Mr. G. V. Salvekar.

(Rs. 40)—Awarded to a student of Philosophy whose thesis (on a subject previously announced) will be judged by the examiners to be the best.

1934-35	Mr. D. B. Kulkarni	1938-39	1 Mr. Javdekar, 2 Mr. Badve & 3 Miss Nadkarni.
1935-36	<i>Miss Indu Mone</i>	1939-40	1 Mr. R. K. Gadgil, 2 Miss J. Soloman, 3 Mr. N. G. Kulkarni & 4 Miss Leela Vaidya
1936-37	1 <i>Miss Kusum Kanhere</i> 2 Mr. Saptarshi 3 Mr. D. K. Kulkarni & P. G. Atre.	1940-41	Mr. T. H. Lagu & Miss Maina Gadgil.
1937-38	<i>Miss Kamal Tilak</i> & Mr. G. T. Joshi		

40. Anasuya Prize

DONOR :—Prin. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.

(Rs. 30 in money)—Awarded annually to the student of this College who passes the B. A. examination with the highest number of marks in Sanskrit.

1924-25	Mr. K. R. Palande	1933-34	Mr. M. V. Kashikar
1925-26	„ G. G. Ratnaparkhi	1934-35	„ N. B. Mahajan
1926-27	„ B. V. Sudumbrekar	1935-36	„ R. S. Walimbe
1927-28	„ A. D. Pusalkar	1936-37	„ R. N. Gadre
1928-29	„ V. S. Vaze	1937-38	„ E. D. Kulkarni
1929-30	„ D. G. Kulkarni	1938-39	„ A. B. Pawashe
1930-31	„ R. R. Deshpande	1939-40	„ G. N. Dike
1931-32	„ D. M. Hatwalne	1940-41	„ S. D. Kulkarni
1932-33	„ V. B. Salvekar		

41. Rao Bahadur Goutamchand Motichand Shah Third Scholarship

DONOR :—Rao Bahadur G. M. Shah.

(Rs. 15 per month)—Awarded whenever available to a poor and deserving Jain Student passing the Matriculation and joining the College in the First Year Class, tenable as long as he continues to study in the College, subject to good behaviour and satisfactory progress ; in the absence of such a Jain student in the First Year Class, awarded to a poor and deserving Jain student in any other Class ; in the absence of the latter, awarded to a poor and deserving vegetarian Hindu student in the First Year Class

1932-33	Mr. S. T. Pangal	1936-37	Mr. S. V. Pattani
	" G. A. Gujar	1937-38	" R. H. Shah
	" S. G. Shah		" S. V. Pattani
1933-34	" A. K. Shah		" V. A. Sangve
	" G. A. Gujar	1938-39	" R. H. Shah
	" S. G. Shah		" V. A. Sangve
1934-35	" C. B. Gujar		" R. C. Jain
	" G. A. Gujar	1939-40	" V. A. Sangve
	" S. G. Shah		" R. C. Jain
1935-36	" G. A. Gujar		" S. L. Munot
	" S. G. Shah	1940-41	" V. A. Sengve
	" A. D. Saitwal		" R. C. Jain
1936-37	" R. G. Merchant		" S. L. Munot
	" A. D. Saitwal		

42. Jawhar State Free Studentship

DONOR :—Shrimant Raja of Jawhar.

One free-studentship is given to the student of the State nominated by the Chief of Jawhar.

1928-29	Mr. B. G. Phadke	1935-36	Mr. V. B. Phadke
1929-30	" "	1936-37	" V. A. Patil
1930-31	" "	1937-38	" "
1931-32	" S. D. Bhide	1938-39	" P. D. Sable
1932-33	" "	1939-40	" "
1933-34	" K. M. Koli	1940-41	" "
1934-35	" "		

43. Chandrabhaga Prize

DONOR :—Princ. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.

(Rs. 25 in money)—Awarded annually to the lady student securing the highest number of marks in Sanskrit at the F. Y. examination (minimum 45 per cent.) and continuing her further studies in the College ; failing such

a candidate, the prize will be given to the student who stands first at the Intermediate examination.

1922-23	Miss Shanta Bhide	1931-32	Mr. K. M. Deshpande
1923-24	.. Mathurabai Gokhale	1932-33	Miss Indu Ghate
1924-25	.. Kamala Ukidave	1933-34	.. Pramila Bhide
1925-26	.. Mathurabai Gokhale	1934-35	.. Sushila Gokhale
1926-27	.. Vijaya Ghate	1935-36	.. Malati Dhamdhare
1927-28	.. Sita Deshpande	1936-37	.. Shakuntala Ranade
1928-29	.. Kashi Paranjpe	1937-38	.. Durga Soman
1929-30	.. Yugandhara Ghate	1938-39	.. Kusum Khare
1930-31	.. Leela Bhat	1939-40	.. Kamal Bapat
	.. Kamala Rajawade	1940-41	.. Indu Neurgaonkar

44. Laxmibai Sanskrit Prize

(Rs. 20 in money)—Awarded annually to the student getting the highest number of marks in Sanskrit at the Inter Arts examination and continuing his further studies in this College.

1918-19	Mr. V. V. Bapat	1931-32	Mr. M. V. Kashikar
1919-20	.. S. A. Shukla	1932-33	.. B. G. Gurjar
1920-21	.. P. S. Sane	1933-34	.. R. S. Walimbe
1921-22	.. G. N. Kamat	1934-35	.. R. N. Gadre
1922-23	.. S. A. Gopujkar		.. B. V. Kale
1923-24	.. S. A. Kher	1935-36	.. Y. G. Joshi
1924-25	.. V. B. Gune	1936-37	.. K. G. Bedekar
1925-26	.. V. S. Tilak	1937-38	.. G. N. Dike
1926-27	.. V. S. Vaze	1938-39	Miss Shankuntala
1927-28	.. V. K. Datar		Gharpure
1928-29	.. C. G. Joshi	1939-40	.. S. B. Kulkarni
1929-30	.. S. D. Jeste	1940-41	.. D. S. Chaskar
1930-31	.. D. G. Kulkarni		

45. D. B. Marathe Sanskrit Scholarship

DONOR :—Trustees of Mrs. Radhabai Marathe's Will.

(Rs. 10 per month)—Awarded annually to a poor deserving Brahmin student in the First Year Arts Class who has secured the highest number of marks in Sanskrit at the preceding Matriculation examination.

1928-29	Mr. V. G. Sapatnekar	1935-36	Mr. G. N. Dike
1929-30	.. A. G. Mangrulkar	1936-37	.. D. B. Marathe
1930-31	.. A. R. Kurlekar	1937-38	.. S. B. Kulkarni
1931-32	.. A. R. Samb	1938-39	.. P. D. Nawathe
1932-33	.. Y. B. Patwardhan	1939-40	.. G. B. Palsule
1933-34	.. V. R. Vaidya	1940-41	.. D. P. Kulkarni
1934-35	.. D. B. Erande		

46. Gopal Moreshwar Shembekar Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. G. G. Shembekar.

Two scholarships (each of Rs. 10 per month)—Awarded annually to a deserving (preferably Karhada) Brahmin student of the College.

1926-27	Miss Vijaya Ghate	Mr. L. V. Gurjar	
1927-28	Mr. L. V. Gurjar	Miss Vijaya Ghate	Mr. P. A Padhye
1928-29	" L. V. Gurjar	Mr. P. A Padhye	
1929-30	" B. V. Ghate	Mr. P. V. Sukhatme	
1930-31	" N. G. Moghe	" V. G. Pendharkar	
1931-32	" V. G. Pendharkar	" K. P. Bhagwat	
1932-33	" B. G. Gurjar	" J. V. Kate	Mr. V. P. Kanetkar
1933-34	" B. G. Gurjar	" Y. V. Duvedi	
1934-35	" V. W. Pandit	" M. D. Naralkar	
1935-36	" V. P. Kanetkar	" N. P. Degvekar	
1936-37	" V. P. Kanetkar	" P. P. Pandit	
1937-38	" D. G. Bhawe	" G. N. Dike	
1938-39	" G. N. Dike	" S. G. Navare	
1939-40	" A. G. Javdekar	" B. S. Nawathe	
1940-41	" S. G. Navare	" B. S. Nawathe	

47. Narayan Shridhar Ranade Prize

DONOR :—Mrs. Laxmibai Narayan Ranade.

A prize of Rs. 40 to be awarded to a Brahmin student passing his First Year examination with the highest number of marks and continuing his studies in this College.

1935-36	Mr. S. B. Gurte	1938-39	Mr. S. B. Ranade
1936-37	" L. D. Gokhale	1939-40	" S. Y. Limaye
1937-38	" B. R. Gadre	1940-41	" L. G. Kale

48. Deshastha Rigvediya Pandurang Prize

DONOR :—Mr. V. M. Sant.

A Prize of Rs. 16-10 to be awarded to a Deshastha Rigvediya Female student joining the S. P. College and securing the highest number of marks among the new entrants. Started from 1940. Not yet awarded.

49. Venkatrao Ichalkaranji Scholarship

DONOR :—Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji.

Rs. 70/- per year. To be awarded from 1941.

50. G. J. Vinze Scholarship

DONOR :—Trustees of Late Mr. G. J. Vinze Trust.

(Rs. 7 per month)—Awarded annually to a poor deserving student ; preference will be given to a student coming from Vinze family.

1939	Not awarded	1940	Mr. S. N. Vinze
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51. Narhar Bapuji Joshi Prize

DONOR :—Mrs. Yeshodabai Joshi.

(Rs. 53-8-0 in money)—Awarded annually to a poor and deserving Brahmin student, (Konkanastha, Deshastha, or Karhada) getting the highest number of marks in Marathi at the Terminal Examination of Sr. B. A. Preference will be given to poverty and the amount will be paid at the time of filling in the B. A. examination form.

1940-41 Mr. V. M. Kulkarni.

52. N. K. Gondhalekar Bhagwad-Geeta Prize

DONOR :—Mr. V. N. Gondhalekar & Mr. R. N. Gondhalekar.

(Rs. 20)—Awarded annually to an under-graduate student of this College who shows proficiency in the study of Bhagwad-Geeta.

1938-39 Mr. B. R. Ratnaparkhi

1940-41 Mr. P. D. Nawathe &

1939-40 „ A. G. Javadekar

„ Y. B. Chopade

53. Hari Anant Gogate Scholarship

DONOR :—Late Mr. V. V. Gogate.

(Rs. 12-8 per month)—To be awarded to a Konkanastha Brahmin student getting the highest number of marks in the Inter Arts examination and continuing his further studies in this College.

To be awarded from 1941.

54. Mrs. Rakhamabai Dhamdhare Free-Studentship

DONOR :—Mr. Keshav Hari & Waman Hari Dhamdhare.

Awarded to a Brahmin student in the First Year Class.

1928-29 Mr. G. A. Shukla

1935-36 Mr. V. H. Vidwansa

1929-30 „ B. G. Bapat

1936-37 „ R. K. Lele

1930-31 „ S. V. Sahasrabudhe

1937-38 „ V. M. Dandekar

1931-32 „ R. D. Bhide

1938-39 „ V. C. Paranjpe

1932-33 „ R. N. Gadre

1939-40 „ G. M. Abhyankar

1933-34 „ V. G. Ahhyankar

1940-41 „ N. S. Limaye

1934-35 „ V. G. Sahasrabudhe

55. Gopal Gangadhar Marathe Prize

DONOR :—Mrs. Anandibai Marathe.

(Rs. 40 in money)—Awarded annually to a lady student in the First Year Arts Class securing the highest number of marks in Sanskrit at the Matriculation examination from amongst these who join this College.

1934-35 Miss Shanta Chitale

1938-39 Miss Vimal Bapat

1935-36 „ Vimal Khadilkar

1939-40 „ V. Lalit

1936-37 „ Shanta Oak

1940-41 „ Kusum Gunye

1937-38 „ Kumud Pradhan

56. Anant Fund Help-Prizes

DONOR :—Mr. K. N. Dixit.

(Rs. 35)—Text-books of this amount are to be given to poor and deserving Brahmin students of the First Year and Inter Arts Classes, failing them, of the B. A. Class.

Started since 8th January 1929. Awarded to poor deserving students. So far over 75 students have received books from this fund.

57. Mrs. Sitabai Dandekar Prize

DONOR :—Prof. S. V. Dandekar, M.A.

(Rs. 35)—Awarded annually to a student passing the Inter Arts examination from the S. P. College in Second Class and taking Indian Philosophy as his optional subject for B. A. Failing such a student it shall be awarded to a student from the Philosophy group who takes Indian Philosophy as his optional subject and has secured the highest number of marks at the Inter Arts examination.

58. Narhar Raoji Beedkar Sanskrit Scholarship

DONOR :—Late Mr. N. R. Beedkar.

(Rs. 20/- per month) — Awarded annually to a student passing the Matriculation examination from the Nutan Marathi Vidyalaya, Poona. He should be Deshastha Rigvedi Brahmin and a permanent resident of Poona. He shall not hold any other scholarship and must obtain at least 40% marks in Sanskrit at the College terminal examination. In the event of the student leaving the College in the middle of the term, the amount paid shall be recovered.

Started since 1940. Not yet awarded.

59. G. J. Vinze Scholarship

DONOR :—Trustees of Late Mr. G. J. Vinze Trust.

(Rs. 7/- per month)—Awarded to a Konkanastha Brahmin Student getting at least 40% marks in the previous examination. Preference will be given to a student from Vinze Family. Founded in the year 1939-40.

60. G. J. Vinze Prize

DONOR :—Trustees of Late Mr. G. J. Vinze Trust.

(Rs. 50/- awarded annually)—Awarded to a student (male or female) getting the highest number of marks in Marathi at the B. A. Examination. Founded in the year 1939-40.

1940-41 Mr. V. M. Kulkarni

1941-42 Mr. V. M. Kulkarni

61. Shankar-Parwati Scholarship

DONOR :—Mr. B. S. Dabke, B. Com.

(Rs. 15 per month)—Awarded to the highest in Sanskrit at the Matriculation Examination from amongst those who have joined the S. P. College for the F. Y. Arts Examination, provided that such a student has not secured any University Sanskrit Scholarship.

62. Mrs. Indirabai Karmarkar Prize

DONOR :—Prin. R. D. Karmarkar, M. A.

(Rs. 40 annually)—Awarded annually to a lady student of the S. P. College passing her B. A. with the highest number of marks in Sanskrit (Honours or Pass).

CHAPTER XVIII

A few past students of note

[The present classified list is by no means exhaustive. Information obtained through voluntary effort has been utilised in the compilation of the list. Efforts are being made to collect additional information and bring it up-to-date.]

Professors

Name	Subject	Name of the College
Amin B. K., M. A. (Cantab)	Mathematics	M. T. B. College, Surat
Apte A. S., M. A.	Mathematics	S. P. College, Poona
Athavale J. N., B. E.	Surveying	College of Engineering, Poona
Bapat B. V., B. A., M. Sc.	Mathematics	S. P. College, Poona
Belekar G. K., B. Sc. (Tech.)	Chem. Eng.	Department of Technology University of Bombay
Bhagwat N. N., M. Sc.	Physics	Karnatak College, Dharwar
Bhave Y. D., M. A.	English	R. R. College, Dadar
Bhide N. V., M. Sc.	Chemistry	N. W. College, Poona
Chafekar G. N., M. A.	Mathematics	S. P. College, Poona
Chakradeo Y. M., M. Sc.	Physics	Rajaram College, Kolhapur
Chaudhari V. K., B. A. (Cantab), B. Sc.	Mathematics	Lingraj College, Belgaum
Deshpande R. R., M. A.	Sanskrit	R. R. College, Dadar
Deshpande V. V., B. A., LL. M.	Law	Benares Hindu University Benares
Dharap J. N., M. A.	Mathematics	Samaldas College, Bhavnagar
Dike G. N., B. A. (I class)	Sanskrit	R. R. College, Dadar
Erande D. B., M. A.	Sanskrit	S. P. College, Poona
<i>Dixit Muktabai</i> , M. A., B. T.	Marathi	Thackersey College, Yerandavana
Godbole R. D., M. Sc.	Physics	R. R. College, Dadar
Godbole S. N., M. Sc.	Mathematics	D. A. V. College, Sholapur
Gokhale R. C., M. A.	French	S. P. College, Poona
Gole R. M., M. A. (London)	English	S. L. D. College, Ahmedabad
Gore N. A., M. A.	Sanskrit & Ardhmagadhi	S. P. College, Poona
Gupchup N. S., B. E., B. Sc. (Edinburgh)	Engineering	College of Engineering, Poona
Gurjar L. V., M. A.	Mathematics	N. W. College, Poona
Hulyalkar S. G., M. A. (London)	Philosophy	S. P. College, Poona

Javdekar Y. V., M. A., B. T.	Teaching	Tilak College of Education, Poona
Joshi R. W., B. Sc., B. T.	Education	R. R. College, Dadar
Kamat R. N., M. A., B. T.	"	B. T. College, Baroda
Kanitkar T. P., B. E.	Engineering	College of Engineering, Poona
Karandikar J. V., M. Sc., LL. B. Doctor Ing.	Physics	R. R. College, Dadar
Khanwelkar S. S., M. A.	Marathi	Elphinstone College, Bombay
Kulkarni S. K., M. Sc.	Mathematics	S. P. College, Poona
Mahabal S. B., M. A.	History & Economics	S. P. College, Poona
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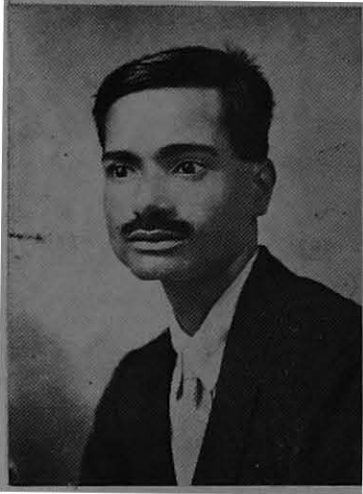


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 Thakar V. R., B. A., LL. B., Poona
 Thakare V. A., B. A., LL. B., Bombay
 Tikeker G. G., B. A., LL. B., Bombay
 Tonpi V. S., B. A., LL. B., Jamkhandi
 Udgaonkar G. R., B. A., LL. B., Sholapur
 Vaidya R. V., B. A., LL. B., Sholapur
 Vaidya S. N., B. A., LL. B., Poona
 Vaidya S. K., B. A., LL. B., Poona
 Vaishampayan S. V., B. A., LL. B., Wai
 Vaze V. S., B. A., LL. B., Poona
 Wagh V. K., B. A., LL. B., Satara
 Wagh V. R., B. A., LL. B., Poona
 Wani P. E., B. A., LL. B., Jalgaon
 Wani P. N., Jalgaon
 Yardi C. K., Karad

Doctors

Ambardekar D. G., L. C. P. & S.,
 Manmad
 Apte V. P., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Athalye A. D., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Bakre H. Y., M. B. B. S., Bombay
 Bapat J. S., L. C. P. & S., Aundh
 Bhawe M. G., L. C. P. & S., Mancher
 Bhide V. C., M. B. B. S., On war
 service
 Bodas Y. V., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Bokil P. S., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Chandrachud C. N., M. B., F. R. P. S.,
 M. R. C. P., Poona

Chitale N. Y., L. C. P. & S., Mahad
 Chobhe D. W., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Dani W. N., L. C. P. & S., Silawad
 Deo V. K., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Deosthali P. B., M. B. B. S., Deolali
 Deosthali S. G., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Deshmukh G. H., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Dhamdhare V. R., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Gajewar M. G., L. C. P. & S., I. M. D.,
 Rawalpindi
 Ghate G. V., M. B. B. S., Pen
 Godbole S. G., L. C. P. & S.,
 Poona

- Godbole V. S., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Gokhale S. H., M. B. B. S., Captain,
 Amaroti
 Joshi L. B., M. B. B. S., F. R. C. S.
 (London), Karachi
 Joshi R. K., M. B. B. S., Umbargaon
 Kale W. B., M. B. B. S., Sholapur
 Ketkar N. M., M. B. B. S., Nasik
 Kirtane V. B., M. B. B. S., L. R. C. P.
 & M. R. C. S. (Eng.), Poona
 Kulkarni G. N., Baramati
 Kulkarni S. R., M. B. B. S., Bombay
 Lagu A. C., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Lonkar Y. V., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Luktuke C. S., L. C. P. & S., Baramati
 Moholkar N. S., M. B. B. S., F. R. C. S.,
 Civil Surgeon, Hyderabad (Dn.)
 Natu M. N., B. Sc., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Paithankar L. H., M. B. B. S., Dhulia
 Paradkar B. N. (Vaidya), Panvel
 Patwardhan A. V., L. C. P. & S.,
 Jamakhandi
 Phadke M. R., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Phadke V. B., L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Ranade N. V., Phaltan
 Sahasrabuddhe G. G., M. B. B. S.,
 L. R. C. P., (Eng.), Poona
 Sahasrabudhe, N. S., M. S., Nagpur
 Sane A. R., M. B. B. S., Poona
 Sane B. D., M. B. B. S., L. R. C. P. &
 M. R. C. S. (England), Sholapur
 Shah C. T., M. B. B. S., Bombay
 Shidore L. C. P. & S., Poona
 Soman V. R., Poona
 Thakar M. R., M. B. B. S., Capt., On
 war service

Journalists

- Bapat B. G., B. Sc., LL. B., Editor,
 'Kal', Poona
 Bhide P. R., B. A., Editor 'Zankar',
 Poona
 Date S. R., B. A., Editor 'Kal', Poona
 Kadhe L. G., Sholapur
 Karandikar S. L., M.A., LL.B., Editor
 'Trikal', Poona
 Kulkarni V. D., B. A., Sub-Editor,
 'Dnyanprakash', Poona
 Padhye P. A., B. A., Editor 'Chitra',
 Bombay
 Dr. Parulekar N. B., M. A., Ph. D.,
 Editor, 'Sakal', Poona
 Patankar S. R., Sub-Editor, 'Kal',
 Poona
 Patke G. S., B. A., Assistant Editor,
 'Navakal', Bombay
 Phadke M. P., B.A., Assistant Editor,
 "Kirloskar", Kirloskarwadi
 Ranade G. P., B. A., Sub-Editor
 'Dnyanprakash', Poona
 Shikhare D. N., M. A., Editor,
 'Agrani', Poona

Social Workers

- Bhalerao Shanta, Trade Union
 Worker, Bombay
 Bhave M. G., Secretary Maharashtra
 Cricket Association, Poona
 Chitale V. D., B. A., Karad
 Date S. R., B. A., Hindu Mahasabha
 Worker, Poona
 Damle S. V., Secretary, Maha-
 rashtriya Mandal, Poona
 Inamdar B. V., Congress Worker,
 Khatav
 Joshi D. P., B. A., Chief Scout Orga-
 nizer, Poona
 Nimkar R. S., Trade Union Worker,
 Bombay
 Phadke K. N., B. A., LL. B., Trade
 Union Worker, Poona
 Sane P. S. alias Sane Guruji, Congress
 Worker, Amalner

Businessmen

- Abhyankar G. S., B. A., G. D. A.,
 Accountant, Bombay
 Agashe S. D., Poona
 Agashe S. V., B. A., Process Block-
 Maker, Poona
 Apte G. R., Sholapur
 Aurangabadkar V. V., B. A., Banker
 and Landlord, Poona
 Bapat L. R., B. Sc., LL. B., Actuarial
 Assistant, Poona
 Bapat S. G., Bombay
 Bhagwat M. N., B. A., Ag. Office
 Superintendent, Commonwealth
 Insurance Co., Poona
Bhat Dwarkabai, B. A., T. D., Long
 Life Insurance Co., Poona
 Chipalkatti V. B., B. Sc., (Tech.),
 Delhi Cloth Mills, Delhi
 Damle G. H., B. Sc., Actuarial Assi-
 stant, 'Oriental', Poona
 Deshpande P. Y., Jahagirdar, Nizam
 State, Poona
 Dike G. C., B. A., LL. B., Manager,
 Bombay Branch of 'Western
 India', Bombay
 Gadgil A. N., Secretary Indian
 Progressive Insurance Co., Poona
 Gokhale D. R., Poona
 Gole V. C., B. A., LL. B., Share Broker,
 Poona
 Gore V. N., Manager, Hume Pipe
 Construction Co., Dadar
 Gune K. G., B. A., Manager, Ayur-
 vedic Pharmacy, Ahmednagar
 Hulyalkar V. G., Jamkhandi
 Joshi A. R., Poona
 Joshi N. V., B. Sc., Manufacturer of
 Helium Batteries, Poona
 Joshi K. Y., B. A., A. I. A., Manager,
 "Western India", Satara
 Joshi S. P., M. Sc., Chief Chemist,
 Ayurvedic Pharmacy, Ahmed-
 nagar
 Joshi V. K., B. A., Finance Director,
 'Sahyadri' Insurance Co., Nasik
 Joshi Y. G., B. A., 'Commonwealth',
 Poona
 Kale J. V., B. A., Poona
 Kalantre W. N., B. A., Secretary,
 'Indian Progressive Insurance
 Co., Poona
 Kanitkar B. G., Poona
 Kamat N. B., B. Sc., Matunga
 Kher S. A., B. A. (Cantab), Manager,
 Calico Mills, Ahmedabad
 Kolhatkar S. S., Poona
 Kulkarni S. R., Terdal
 Lonkar V. V., M. A., B. Com., Share
 Broker, Poona
 Mahabal Nilkanth, Sangli
 Mandke V. L., Poona
 Marwadi R. C., Dhulia
 Mehendale S. K., B. Sc., Bombay
 Nagarkar H. R., B. A., Managing
 Director, New Provident Insu-
 rance Co., Poona
 Nakhate S. V., B. A., Poona
 Naralkar A. N., B. A., Representa-
 tive, Oriental Ins. Comp., Poona
 Natu N. H., Sardar, Poona
 Oka T. K., B. A., Kalyan
 Pakvasa A. M., Cotton Merchant,
 Bombay
 Pandav N. V., B. A., Asstt. Manager,
 Central Co-operative Bank,
 Poona
 Paranjpe B. B., Chemist, Poona
 Paranjpe G. M., Poona
 Patankar K. V., B. Sc., Landlord and
 Banker, Poona
 Patki G. V., B. A., LL. B., Adat Shop,
 Poona
 Patwardhan G. G., Sardar and Inam-
 dar, Poona
 Patwardhan V. G., Sardar and Inam-
 dar, Poona
 Patwardhan G. P., B. A., Jamkhandi
 Patwardhan K. G., Bombay
 Pendharkar S. N., B. A. Contractor,
 Karad
 Phadnis R. T., B. A., Landlord,
 Member of the Assembly, Aundh
 Puranik S. T., B. A., Correspondent,
 'Times of India', Poona
 Ranade R. Y., B. A., Secretary, 'New
 Provident Ins. Co.,' Poona
 Sahasrabudhe L. G., Poona
 Saundankar G. G., B. A., S. T. C.,
 Managing Director, 'Sahyadri Ins.
 Co.,' Nasik
 Tamhankar S. V., Pandharpur
 Vaidya M. A., B. Sc., Ph. D.,
 (Munich-Germany); Wai
 Vinze M. G., Sawkar, Poona
 Wani S. B., Jalgaon

Teachers

- Apte Laxmibai Dattatraya*,
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Pandharpur
Ashtekar S. R., B. A., B. T.,
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Poona
Barve Yesubai, B.A., B. T., Poona
Belapure V. R., B. A., B. T., Karad
Bhagwat Anusuya, B. A. (Hons.),
Dadar
Bhanagey Gangadhar Moreshwar,
B. A., B. T., Poona
Bokil V. K., B. Sc., B. T., Lonawala
Bokil Vishnu Vinayak, B. A., B. T.,
Poona
Bhat G. G., B. A., L. T., Yeotmal
Dalvi Kusum Madhusudan, B.A.,
B. T., Poona
Dandvate Rama Shridhar, B. A.,
Poona
Dongre D. D., B. Sc., B. T., Dhulia
Gandhe Shridhar Mahadeo, M. A.,
B. T., Poona
Ghate Vijaya Vinayak, M.A., B.T.,
T. D., Poona
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Gokhale Vimal Bhikaji, B.A., B.T.,
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B. T., Poona
Divekar, M.A., Satara
Deshpande B. R., B. A., B. T., Poona
Deshpande B. V., B. Sc., S. T. C.,
Poona
Deshpande Kusum, B. A., Poona
Deshpande Malhar Yeshwant, B. A.,
B. T., Poona
Dixit Purushottam Yeshwant,
B. A., B. T., Poona
Dongre Dinkar Dattatraya B.Sc., B.T.,
Dhulia
Gadgil Geeta Anant, B.A., Poona
Gadgil Sushila B. A., Nasik
Gandhe V. V., B. A., B. T., Jalgaon
Gadre P. G., M. A., LL. B., Poona
Gadre Chintaman Krishna, B.A., B.T.,
Palghar
Gharpure Vaman Hari, M.A., S. T. C.,
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Ghate Yugandhara V. M.A., B.T., Nasik
Godbole S. R., M. A., S. T. C., Poona
Godbole Shrinivas Trimbak, M. A.,
B. T., Hingane
Gokhale Narayan Ramchandra, M.A.,
Poona
Gokhale Sindhu, B.A., B.T., Poona
Gokhale Vimala, B. A., Poona
Gupte Sumati, B. A., Baramati
Hirlekar Yamunabai, M. A., Bombay
Joag Ambu R., B. A., B. T., Satara
Jagtap Shakuntala, B. A., B.T., Poona
Joshi Kashinath Vaman, B. Sc., B. T.,
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Joshi S. G., B. A., B. T., Baramati
Kusum Kanetkar, B.A., Dadar
Kanegaonkar Bhagwan Ramchandra,
B. A., Sholapur
Karmarkar Raghunath Purushottam,
B. A., S. T. C., Ahmednagar
Karnataki Chandra, M.A., B.T., T.D.
(London), Poona
Kashikar M. V., M. A., B. T., Poona
Kanade Keshav Trimbak, B. A., B. T.,
Poona
Ketkar Sonu, N. B.A., Poona
Khandkar G. K., B. A., B. T., Sholapur
Khadkikar R. T., B. Sc., B. T.,
Jalgaon E. K.
Khare Kashinath Mahadeo, B.A., B.T.,
Wai
Kharshikar Vasant Hari, B. A., B. T.,
S. T. C., Nasik
Kulkarni Dattatraya Rangnath, B. A.,
S. T. C., Poona
Kulkarni G. D., B. A., B. T., Karad
Kulkarni Ramchandra Krishna, B. A.,
B. T., Poona
Kulkarni V. R., B. Ag., B. T., Satara
Lele Anoo Dewidas, B. A., Nasik
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B. A., B. T., Sholapur
Mangrulkar Arvind Gangadhar, M.A.,
Poona
Nagarkar Shivaram Tatyaba, B. A.,
T. D., Sholapur
Nandekar Y. E., M. A., Dhulia
Pant V. M., M. A., Poona
Pendse Krishna L., B. A., Poona
Pethe G. V., M. A., S. T. C., Poona
Pillay R. N., B.A., B. T., Poona
Potdar Ramchandra Laxman, M. A.,
B. T., Poona
Pradhan Indu, B. A., Poona
Pradhan, B. A., B. T., Dadar
Purohit Tara, B. A., Baramati

Rasal Bhagwant Pralhad, M. A.,
Ahmednagar
Ravetkar Dattatraya Anant, B.A. B.T.,
Satara
Sahasrabuddhe Purushottam Ganesh,
M. A., Ph. D., Poona
Sahasrabuddhe Sakharam Vinayak,
M. A., Junnar
Sapatnekar Prabhakar Govind, B. A.,
M. Sc., B. T., Poona
Sathe Atmaram Vinayak, B.A., B. T.,
Kolhapur
Sathe Malati, B. A. (Hons), Poona
Palande W. K., B. A., LL. B., B. T.,
Poona
Phatak Vishwanath Narayan, B. Sc.,
S. T. C., Dip. P. E., Vile-Parle
Sathe Narahar Vishwanath, B. A.,
Poona
Kulkarni P. S., B. A., B. T., Pandhar-
pur
Shende B. N., B. A., S. T. C., Pan-
dharpur
Rao Sundar Chatur, B.A., B.T., Aundh
Sathe Shripad D., M. A., LL. B.,
Panvel
Soman G. S., B. Sc., B. T., Baroda

Sontakke Venubai, B. A., B. T., Poona
Tarte M. A., M. A., Dhulia
Tatke B. N., B. A., S. T. C., Sholapur
Talim Leela T., B. A., B. T., Poona
Teli Ramdas Gangadhar, M. Sc.,
Dhulia
Thakar Shalini, B. A., B. T., D. P. Ed.,
Nasik
Tulpule Balkrishna Vithal, M. A.,
B. T., Poona
Wagholikar G. R., B. Sc., B. T., Satara
Vaidya Trimbak Kashinath, M. A.,
Poona
Vale Ramchandra Narayan, M. A.,
B. T., Jalgaon
Walimbe, M. A., Poona
Walimbe Leela, B. A., B. T., Poona
Yardi H. V., B. Ag., B. T., Wai
Joshi Bhalchandra Gopal, M. A., B. T.,
Poona
Joshi Madhvamuni Anant, B. A., B.T.,
Gokak
Nagapurkar Sharada Prabhakar,
B. A., B. T., Poona
Oka A. V., B. Sc., B. T., Poona

आमचे साहित्यिक

माजी व विद्यमान विद्यार्थी

श्री. गो. ल. आपटे

- १ आपट्याचीं पानें
- २ शगलयच्चा
- ३ सोनेरी नागीण
- ४ कुंदाच्या कळया
- ५ पर्वतीवरून पुणें
- ६ विचित्र वाटमारी

श्री. न. गं. आपटे

- १ Rural Reconstruction
- २ आपटे कुटुंबियांची जंत्री
- ३ यामोद्वार
- ४ महाराष्ट्रातील पाणी-पुरवठा

श्री. वा. त्रिं. आपटे

- १ अलेक्सांडरचें चरित्र
- २ लोकमान्य टिळक चरित्र
(श्री. गे. रु. लेले यांचे सहकार्यानि)

श्री. रा. वि. ओतूरकर

- १ हिंदुस्थानांतील मुसलमानांचें साम्राज्य
- २ मराठ्यांचें साम्राज्य
- ३ साधन परिचय
(श्री. द. वि. आपटे यांचे सहकार्यानि)
- ४ हिंदुस्थानची सोपपत्तिक शासनपद्धति
- ५ हिंदुस्थानांतील बिटिशांचें साम्राज्य
- ६ प्राचीन हिंदू साम्राज्य
- ७ हिंदुस्थानचा राज्यकारभार
- ८ हिंदुस्थानचा सोपपत्तिक इतिहास

श्री. व. ह. कटककर

- १ क्वारे
- २ मंज्योती

श्री. शि. ल. करंदीकर

संपादक, त्रिकाळ

- श्री. रा. न. किरते
- १ सर्व-दमन
 - २ अलका
 - ३ सावल्या
 - ४ कुलांगार
- श्री. ई. डी. कुलकर्णी
- 1 Verbs of Movement and their Variants
 - 2 The Critical edition of the Adiparvan
- श्री. वि. म. कुलकर्णी
- १ न्याहरी
 - २ आहुति
- श्री. य. न. केळकर
- १ ऐतिहासिक पोवाडे
 - २ विनोदलहरी
 - ३ गीतगुंफा
 - ४ भूतावर भ्रमण
 - ५ वरईची मोहीम
 - ६ चित्रमय शिवाजी
 - ७ गीत-द्विदल
- श्री. ग. श्री. खैरे
- १ जगांतील समाजक्रांति व हिंदुस्थान
 - २ जपानची जीवनक्रांति (मराठी व हिंदी)
 - ३ पाश्चिमात्य शिक्षणपद्धति (मराठी व गुजराती)
- श्री. व्ही. बी. खैरे
- १ लोकमान्यांची विधायक कामगिरी
- श्री. एस्. व्ही. गाडगीळ
- १ खुसखुशानि मेवा
 - २ मार्शी फुलें
- श्री. शरच्चंद्र गुणे
- १ रूपेरी पढ्यामार्गे
- श्री. गं. ब. ग्रामोपाध्ये
- १ संतकाव्य समालोचन भाग १ ला
 - २ पेशवेदप्तर व्याकरण
- श्री. व्ही. एच्. घारपुरे
- १ भावबंधनावरील टीका
 - २ नाट्यसृष्टि
- श्री. शं. दा. चितळे
- १ इतिहास कसा शिकवावा
- श्री. व. चिंधडे
- १ वसंतवैभव
- सौ. कमलाबाई टिळक
- १ हृदय शारदा
 - २ स्त्रीजीवनविषयक प्रश्न
- श्री. श्री. ब. टिळक
- १ माझा व्यासंग
- श्री. चंद्रकुमार डांगे
- १ समता
- श्री. दसनूरकर
- १ शारीरिक शिक्षण व अभिनयगोळे
- श्री. शं. रा. दाते
- १ ऋग्वेद भाषांतर
 - २ हैद्राबादचा लढा (इंग्रजी)
 - ३ मुद्रणप्रवेश
- श्री. द. मो. दामले
- १ जगांतील कामगिरी
 - २ बकुळीची फुलें
- सौ. मुक्ताबाई दीक्षित
- १ अनिरुद्ध प्रवाह
 - २ मानस लहरी
 - ३ अहल्याबाई होळकर
- श्री. अ. ना. नारळकर
- १ फडन्यांच्या शब्दांत फडके
- श्री. रा. ना. नातू
- १ जगाचा इतिहास
- सौ. शांताबाई नाशिककर
- १ केवळ साम्राज्यासाठी
 - २ लग्नाचा बाजार
 - ३ नीलेचा दिलरुचा
 - ४ तोड ही माळ
 - ५ बाळूताई धडा घे
 - ६ हाच का धर्म ?
 - ७ माझी कोरीव लेणी
 - ८ कोमुदी
 - ९ म्हैसूरकडल प्रवास
 - १० शान्तिकुंज
 - ११ चिसलांतलें कमल



SIR PARASHURAMBHAU COLLEGE
{ *Front View* }

सर परशुरामभाऊ कॉलेजचे
इंदिरा सेविका-पथक
(स्थापना १९४१)



(खुर्चावर) सौ. सुमित्राबाई केरकर (कॅप्टन्); सौ. येसूबाई कुलकर्णी (कार्यकारी मंडळाच्या अध्यक्ष);
मिस् चंद्रा कर्नाटकी (जिल्हा गाइड कमिशनर); पि. र. दा. करमरकर; मि. एस्. आर. देशपांडे;
कु. तारा रानडे (दुय्यम कॅप्टन्).



NORTHCOTE SHIELD MATCH FINALS 1941
Rajaram and S. P. College Cricket Teams

श्री. द. मा. पटवर्धन

१ निळें पाकट

श्री. श्री. शं. पतके

१ हिंदुस्थानची प्रचलित राज्यव्यवस्था

श्री. ना. भि. परुळेकर

संपादक, 'सकाळ'

श्री. श्रीनिवास पाटणकर

१ पारिजातकाचीं फुलें

श्री. वा. भा. पाठक

१ आशा-गीत

२ प्रवासी

३ मानवता

४ नकोत त्या गोष्टी

५ ओढणी

श्री. गो. वि. पेंढे

१ एडिसनचें चरित्र

२ स्नेहबंधन नाटक

श्री. वि. वि. बोकील

१ फोल आशा

२ संज्ञावात

३ बोकीलांच्या गोष्टी

४ उल्कापान

५ मंगलागोरीच्या रात्री

६ गारांचा वर्षाव

७ षळशाचे पाऊस

८ मांडवावरील बेली

श्री. पु. रा. भिडे

१ कॉलेजचीं मुलें

२ बोलघेवडा

३ हायस्कूल विद्यार्थी

४ उत्तर धुव

संपादक, 'संकार'

श्री. वि. ग. भिडे

१ गगनाला गवसणी

२ कण्ठेरीचीं फुलें

श्री. वि. म. भुस्कुटे

१ कार्ल मार्क्स

२ रशियाचा शेतकरी

३ डॉलस्टॉयचीं नाटकें

४ लेनिन

श्री. वि. श्री. मोडक

१ बोलविता धनी

श्री. गो. वि. राजगुरु

१ साहित्य सुधा, संपादक

२ मेजवानी

श्री. दा. पां. रानडे,

१ चर्चितचें चरित्र

२ स्टॅलिनचें चरित्र

संपादक, विविध दर्शन—(प्रो. पोतदार)

श्री. दा. न. शिखरे

१ आईची रूपा

२ आजकालचे साहित्यिक

३ धोरली आई

४ बॅरिस्टर सावरकरांचीं भाषणें

५ जिवलग

६ भावनांचा नाच

७ क्रांति किरण

८ दिव्य भाव

९ मानविंदु

१० स्वराज्य व साम्राज्य

११ सर्वश्रेष्ठ हिंदूधर्म

संपादक, 'अघणी'

श्री. गं. बा. सरदार

१ अर्वाचीन गद्याची पूर्वपीठिका

२ महाराष्ट्राचे उपेक्षित मानकरी

श्री. ज्यं. वि. सरदेशमुख

१ तिचा नरबली

- श्री. शंकर साठे
- १ छापील संसार
- श्री. पु. ग. सहस्रबुद्धे
- १ स्वभावलेखन
२ विज्ञानप्रणीत समाजरचना
३ वधू संशोधन
४ सत्याचे वाली
५ लपलेले सडक
- श्री. साने गुरुजी
- १ भारतीय संस्कृति
२ श्यामची आई
- ३ पत्नी
४ पुनर्जन्म
५ स्त्री-जीवन
६ पण्डित ईश्वरचंद्र विद्यासागर
७ गोसले चरित्र
८ श्याम
९ वि. का. राजवाडे यांचे चरित्र
१० धडपडणारीं मुलें
- श्री. मो. गो. सोमण
- १ मासलेवाईक चेहरे
२ कॉलेज विहार
३ सेड्यांतील स्वभावचित्रें