THE

Servants of India Society

(Registered under the Societies Registration Act No. XXI of 1860)

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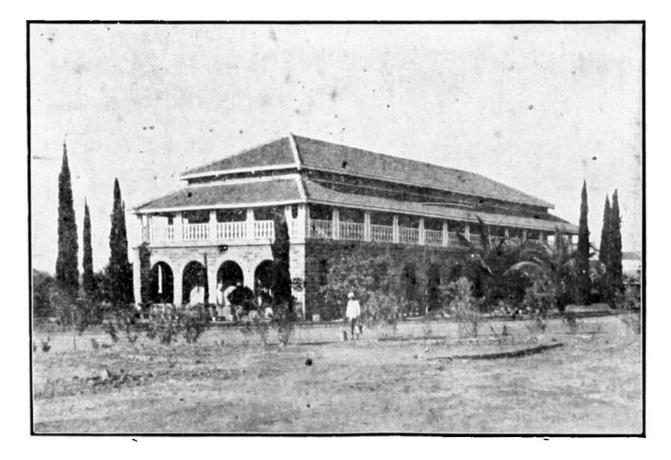
REPORT FOR 1969-70

POONA

Friday, 12th June, 1970

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View of the Central Library of the Society, Poona.

The

Servants of India Society

PREAMBLE

Extracts from the original Preamble to the Constitution of the Society written by the illustrious Founder, the late Gopal Krishna Gokhale, in 1905.

For some time past the conviction has been forcing itself on many earnest and thoughtful minds that a stage has been reached in the work of nation-building in India when, for further progress. the devoted labours of a specially trained agency applying itself to the task in a true missionary spirit are required. The work that has been accomplished so far has indeed been of the highest value. The growth during the last fifty years of a feeling of common nationality based upon common traditions and ties. common hopes and aspirations, and even common disabilities, has been most striking. The fact that we are Indians first, and Hindus, Mahommedans, Parsees or Christians afterwards, is being realised in a steadily increasing measure, and the idea of a united and renovated India marching onwards to a place among the nations of the world, worthy of her great past, is no longer a mere idle dream of a few imaginative minds, but is the definitely accepted creed of those who form the brain of the communitythe educated classes of the country. A creditable begining has already been made in matters of eduction and of local selfgovernment; and all classes of the people are slowly but steadily coming under the influence of liberal ideas. The claims of public life are every day receiving wider recognition, and attachment to the land of our birth is growing into a strong and deeply cherished passion of the heart. The annual meetings of Congresses and Conferences, the work of public bodies and associations, the writings in the columns of the Indian Press-all bear witness to the new life that is coursing in the veins of the people. The results achieved so far are undoubtedly most gratifying, but they only mean that the jungle has been cleared and the foundations laid. The great work of rearing the superstructure has yet to be taken

in hand, and the sitution demands on the part of workers devotion and sacrifices proportionate to the magnitude of the task.

The Servants of india Society has been established to meet in some measure these requirements of the situation Much of the work must be directed towards building up in the country a higher type of character and capacity than is generally available at present, and the advance can only be slow. Moreover, the path is beset with great difficulties; there will be coustant temptations to turn back ; bitter disappointment will repeatedly try the faith of those who have put their hand to the work. But the weary toil can have but one end, if, only the workers grow not faint-hearted on the way. One essential condition of success in this work is that a sufficient number of our contrymen must now come forward to devote themselves to the cause in the spirit in which religious work is undertaken. Public life must be spiritualised. Love of country must so fill the heart that all else shall appear as of little moment by its side. A fervent patriotism which rejoices at every opportunity of sacrifice for the motherland, a dauntless heart which refuses to be turned back from its object by difficulty or danger, a deep faith in the purpose of Providence which nothing cantshake-equipped with these, the worker must start on his mission and reverently seek the joy which comes of spending oneself in the service of one's country.

The Servants of India Society will train men, prepared to devote their lives to the cause of the country in a religious spirit, and will seek to promote, by all constitutional means, the national interests of the Indian people. Its members will direct their efforts, principally towards (1) creating among the people, by example and by precept, a deep and passionate love of the motherland, seeking its highest fulfilment in service and sacrifice; (2) organizing the work of political education and agitation, basing it on a careful study of public questions and strengthening generally the public life of the country; (3) promoting relations of cordial goodwill and co-operation among the different communities; (4) assisting educational movements, especially those for the eduction of women, the education of backward classes and industrial and scientific education; (5) helping forward the industrial development of the country; and (6) the elevation of the depressed classes...

The Servants of India Society

REPORT FOR 1969 - 70

Introduction

The Servants of India Society was founded by Gopal Krishnæ Gokhale on June 12, 1905. Its objects are the training of nationals missionaries for the service of India and the promotion, by all constitutional means, of the interests of the Indian people without: distinction of caste or creed. The members of the Society are: pledged to give throughout their lives the best that is in them to the cause of the country in all secular fields. The circumstances in which the Society was founded and the objects, which the Founder had in view in founding it, are explained in the preamble he wrote to its constitution in 1905, extracts from which are given in the preceding two pages. The preamble has been a source of inspiration to the Society during the sixty-five years of its existence.

Organization

The headquarters of the Society are at Poona, where the members meet every year in June for its annual session. The Society has branches in Madras, Bombay, Nagpur and Allahabad and a centre of work at Cuttack.

Pandit Hriday Nath Kunzru continued to be President and Shri A. D. Mani, Vice-President of the Society. Shri D. V. Ambekar, Shri A. D. Mani, Shri Dinkar Desai and Shri R. S. Misra continued to be Senior Members of the Society's Branches in Poona, Central' India, Bombay and Uttar Pradesh respectively. Shri R. S. Gupte, Shri S. G. Gokhale and Shri S. R. Venkataraman were elected to the Council by the members of the Society. Shri Gokhale continued as the Society's Secretary.

Gokhale Day Dinner

The usual dinner arranged on the Gokhale Day (May 9th) at the Headquarters was attended by all the members in Poona, the expenses being met out of the interest on an endowment created for the purpose by the late Shrimant Babasaheb Ghorpade, Chief of Ichalkaranji.

Gokhale Day

The Gokhale Day was observed in Madras and Cuttack. Over the public meeting organised by the Cuttack Centre, Mr. Justice G. K. Misra, Chief Justice of the Orissa High Court presided and Shri Radha Nath Rath, member, Servants of the People Society, was the chief guest.

In Madras the fifth issue of 'Gohkaleana' containing Gokhale's article on "Indian Finance from 1878 to 1898" published in the *Madras Review* of 1898, and so far not included in his published collections of speeches, was released by Dr. P. S. Lokanathan who presided over the meeting held in observance of the Gokhale Day. Dr. Shanmukhasundaram and Shri Narayanaswami spoke on "Gokhale as an Economist."

Sastri Birth Centenary

The birth centenary of Srinivasa Sastri, a former President of the Servants of India Society, was celebrated last year at various places. Pandit Kunzru wrote an article on Sastri which was included in the souvenir brought out by the celebrations committee in Madras. He also broadcast a radio talk on Sastri from New Delhi. The Birth Centenary was organised in Madras by the Sastri Birth Centenary Celebration Committee of which Shri Venkataraman was the Secretary. Α public meeting was held in the Rajaji Hall on September, 22nd, 1969 under the chairmanship of Sardar Ujjal Singh, Governor Shri K. Balasubramania Aiyar welcomed the of Madras. gathering. Two volumes of the Select Speeches and Writings of Sastri, and the Sastri Birth Centenary Souvenir were released respectively by Pandit H. N. Kunzru and Dr. M. A. Muthia Chettiar, Pro-Chancellor of the Annamalai University. Thev addressed the gathering and referred to the great qualities which made Srinivasa Sastri one of the leading public men of India. Shri Rajagopalachari, Shrimati Rukmini Devi, Dr. P. S. Lokanathan, Shri P. Kodanda Rao, Shri S. Narayanaswami, Shri Κ. Chandrasekharan and others addressed the meeting. An exhibition of Sastri's photographs, letters, books by and about him, photostat copies of newspapers from New Zealand, South

Africa and Canada were exhibited in the Sastri Hall. The exhibition was opened by Shri P. Kodanda Rao. Shri Venkataraman broadcast a talk on Sastri from the All India Radio, Madras. At the request of the Nehru Memorial Museum, New Delhi, Shri Venkataraman sent to it about 100 photographs of Sastri for organising an exhibition, in New Delhi, during Sastri's birth centenary. The English, Tamil, and Telugu dailies of Madras brought out special numbers on Sastri's Birth Centenary day containing articles by his contemporaries, his friends and publicists. Portraits of Sastri were unveiled in all the schools under the management of the Society in Kerala, Tamil Nadu and Andhra Pradesh. Speeches were made on Sastri's life and work by the teachers of the schools and by local leaders.

A meeting to celebrate the Sastri Centenary was also organised by Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar in Bombay on Sept. 22, 1969 when glowing tributes were paid to his memory by the then Governor Dr. P. V. Cherian, who presided over the meeting and by Shri S. K. Patil, M. P.; Prof. J. V. Ramanujan and others.

Thakkar Bapa Birth Centenary

Pandit Kunzru presided over the Thakkar Bapa Birth centenary celebrations organised at Delhi, by the Harijan Sevak Sangh on November 29. He also wrote an article for the commemoration brochure brought out by the Sangh on Thakkar Bapa's work as a member of the Society.

The Thakkar Bapa Birth Centenary was also celebrated in the Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Rayagada, Dist. Koraput, (Orissa). About 300 Adivasi and Harijan students of our Ashram Schools went round the town in a procession. Sports competitions were held and they were entertained in the Ashram. In the evening a public meeting was held under the presidentship of Smt. Malati Choudhury, life-member of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangha, who worked under Bapa and Mahatma Gandhi. She distributed prizes among the successful competitors in the sports held in the morning. Shri Chintamani Misra, a former Director of the Tribal and Rural Welfare Department of the Government of Orissa, was the chief guest.

The Thakkar Bapa Birth Centenary was celebrated in Madras and in all the institutions under the management of the Society and in Kerala, Tamil Nadu, and Andhra Pradesh. Shri Venkataraman wrote an article in *The Hindu*, on the life and work of Thakkar Bapa which is reproduced in the Thakkar Bapa Centenary Number of the *Vanyajati* published by the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi.

The Bombay Branch of the Society and the Bombay Social Reform Association also celebrated the Thakkar Bapa Birth Centenary and Jyotiba Phule Day at Lonavala under the chairmanship of Justice V. A. Naik. Dr. Kakade spoke at the meeting on Thakkar Bapa's life work.

Gandhi Jayanti

In connection with the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations last year **Pandit** Kunzru broadcast a radio talk on Gokhale and Gandhiji from New Delhi. In the same connection, he visited Ceylon at the invitation of the Hon'ble Shri Ratnayake, President of the Gandhi Jayanti Celebrations Committee there and was there for about a week. The last public meeting held as part of the celebration on the 31st January 1970 was addressed by him when he dwelt upon the life and work of Gandhiji. His audience consisted mostly of persons of Indian origin.

He also spoke at the Cuttack Gandhi Jayanti celebrations when he gave a resume of Gandhiji's teachings.

General

Pandit. H. N. Kunzru continued to be the President of the Indian Council of World Affairs and Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Indian School of International Studies, New Delhi. The School enjoys the status of a University under the University Grants Commission Act and confers its own degrees. It admits only such students as have passed the M. A. examination in certain specified subjects. It has various departments of study including East Asia (The Far East), South-East Asia, South Asia, West Asia (Middle East), Soviet studies and American studies. It has been decided to transfer the School to the Jawaharlal Nehru University in Delhi. In accordance of the decision of the Governing Body, the School will become part of the Jawaharlal Nehru University from June 5, 1970. Speaking to newsmen at Hyderabad on the 20th September on the Telangana issue, Pandit Kunzru, while sympathising with the grievances of the Telengana people owing to the non-observance of the agreement arrived at in 1956 between the Andhra Pradesh Government and the Hyderabad State, said it was much to be desired that these grievances should be removed and that Andhra Pradesh, as it is, should be maintained. But if the 1972 elections showed that the Telanganites wanted separation it must be agreed to.

An International Human Relations convention was arranged by the Maharani of Nabha on the 15th March. In his speech at the Convention he expressed serious doubts as to the feasibility of the idea of World Government, advocated at the convention, so long as the two separate Power Blocks were in existence.

On the 24th April, he presided over a lecture by Prof. Klaus Knorr of the Princeton University, USA, on the "Anti-Ballistic Missile debate in the USA."

Pandit Kunzru presided over a lecture in Delhi by Shri Jayaprakash Narain on the territorial reorganisation of India when the latter pleaded for the creation of smaller states. He strongly opposed the idea on financial, economic and other grounds.

He attended a meeting of the Governing Body of the Institute for the Economic Growth of India, which was held early in April 1969.

Shri A. D. Mani continued to be a member of the Rajya Sabha and the Chief Editor of the *Hitavada*. With this year he has completed thirty-four years of the editorship of the paper.

Shri Mani was a member of the Finance Consultative Committee presided over by the Prime Minister which discussed in camera various matters of financial administration. He was also a member of the Land Acquisition Review Committee which concluded its deliberations this year. He was also a member of the Consultative Committee of the Home Ministry on the administration of Bihar during President's rule. At one of its meetings he pleaded for North Bihar, which was extremely backward, being given a high priority for development.

Shri Mani was often invited by the Prime Minister and the Home Minister along with leaders of political parties consultation on national problems. Such meetings are for held from time to time to ascertain the opinion of the Opposition on matters of importance. He was a member of the Inter-Parliamentary Union Conference held in New Delhi in October 1969 which was attended by delegates from 69 nations. The leader of the Indian delegation was Speaker Dhillon. As Shri Mani belonged to no party but was an independent M. P., he was assigned only to a Committee and along with Prof. R. D. Bhandare, participated in the work of the Local Bodies and Legal Committee. He told the Committee that the European pattern of local self-government would not suit India which needed a strong central government. In view of the existence of fissiparous tendencies in the country, completely autonomous bodies were out of question in India. The next Inter-Parliamentary Union Conference will have on its agenda the problem of hi-jacking in mid-air. This will be due to Shri Mani's efforts at the Delhi session of the conference.

Shri Mani raised the issue of happenings in the West Bengal Assembly in respect of the invasion of the Assembly by the police force. He condemned the police behaviour which was an attack on democracy. He said the Central Government itself had undermined discipline in the police force and had allowed them to from a union. He wanted Government to amend the Police Act and bring it in line with the Army Act.

Shri Mani spoke on the Press Council Amendment Bill. He expressed the view that the Press Council had not succeeded in coming up to expectations and was a great disappointment. It had not brought about any visible improvement in the tone of the press.

Shri Mani initiated the debate on the communal disturbances at Ahmadabad. He blamed the Central Government's intelligence service for not being up to the mark during troubled times, because everyone knew that the communal situation was getting worse in Gujarat. He was critical of the visit of Shri Yunus Saleem, Deputy Law Minister and three MPs to Gujarat and charged them with aggravating the situation. He said that in spite of all the talk about the secular constitution, the Government had not instilled a feeling of confidence in the minds of the minorities. There should be a Central Government intelligence cell in all States which will watch the communal situation. He blamed All India Radio for not playing a stabilising part in the situation.

Speaking on the President's address, Shri Mani drew attention to the seriousness of the unemployment problem and wanted domicile qualification for employment in Government service now in force in Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu to be removed. The abolition of privy purses for the princes was one of the issues which Parliament had to tackle. He suggested that the privy purses should be continued during the lifetime of the present rulers. In view of the fact that the survival of the Republic depended to a large extent on agricultural production, he suggested an amendment of the Constitution giving the Centre the power of direction in the agricultural field.

During the April-May session, Shri Mani was invited by Speaker Dhillon to be a member of the delegation representing both Houses of Parliament at the Parliamentary Association's Conference convened to discuss the powers of governors and Centre-State relations. Twenty-eight M. P.s were chosen to represent the Indian Parliament. At this Seminar Shri Mani speaking on the role and position of governors said that one of the factors which had created this problem for constitutionalists was that there was diminution in the role and stature of Chief Ministers and Governors. He was in favour of Instruments of Instructions being issued under the Constitution and it should be made clear that the Governor was not bound by the advice of the Chief Ministers in regard to the summoning and prorogation of legislative assemblies.

Shri Mani attended a seminar on the Freedom of the Press organised by the Leslie Sawhnay Programme of Training for Democracy at Srinagar between May 8 and 11. Shri Mani took an active part in the discussion groups. He was the chairman of the discussion group addressed by Mr. Frank Moraes. The seminar was also attended by two German representatives of a foundation set up in Germany to promote liberal thinking.

Shri Mani was nominated by the Chairman of the Rajya Sabha as a member of the Statutory Committee of Parkiament on Salaries and Allowances. This committee deals with the marginal cases relating to monetary privileges of a member of Parliament, whenever such cases are referred to it and the decision of the committee is final under the Salaries and Allowances Act. Shri Mani continued to be the chairman of the Residents' Committee of Western Court which is the liaison body between the joint House Committee of Parliament and the Government Estate Office.

Shri Dinkar Desai continued to be a Member of the Lok Sabha representing the North Kanara District in Mysore State.

Speaking on the demands for grants of the Ministry of Education, Shri Desai said that the Ministry spent very little on education proper. In a budget of Rs. 99 crores, not even Rs. 26 crores were spent on education. Out of 13 crores children of schoolgoing age, five crores were loitering on the streets. Shri Desai pleaded that 40 per cent of the total cost of primary education, 33 per cent of the cost of secondary education, and 20 to 25 per cent of the cost of University education in each State should be borne by the Centre. He pointed out that India could not be a modern nation, unless there was universal literacy. The number of illiterates had increased by eight crores after independence. Since there was no Central University in the South, Shri Desai pleaded that the Bangalore University, which was started recently, should be made a Central University.

Speaking on the Estate Duty (Distribution) Amendment Bill, Shri Desai said that the question of the Inter-State and the Centre-State relationship had assumed great importance today. Hence there was no hurry in bringing forward the Amendment Bill. It could wait till the report of the Commission was presented to Government. Opinion of the States should also be obtained. In the distribution of Estate Duty among States, we should give more importance to the population of each State. If the population of a State was more, the Government have to spend more on welfare activities there.

Shri Desai also spoke on the demands for grants of the Ministry of Food and Agriculture. He said that although the total production of food-grains had reached the mark of 100 million tons, the per capita consumption had decreased instead of going up; hence the food position was not satisfactory. He complained that Government had no effective price policy. As a result, prices of essential commodities such as edible oils had increased sharply. He complained that action was not taken in several parts of the country to remove the middle-man between the cultivator and the State. Since the Districts of Dharwar, Belgaum, Bijapur and North Kanara had been transferred from the former Bombay State to Mysore State, the maximum land rent to be paid by a cultivator to the landlord had gone up from Rs. 20 to more than Rs. 100 per acre. This was highly objectionable.

Shri Desai pleaded for the full development of fisheries, particularly on the Mysore coast. This would enable India to increase the export of fish products from Rs. 33 crores to Rs. 100 crores per year.

Shri Desai was a Member of the Parliamentary Consultative Committee on Education, over which the Education Minister presides. He attended the meetings of this Committee regularly and made several suggestions for improving education.

He was also a Member of the Parliamentary Consultative Committee for the South-Central Railway, over which the Railway Minister presides. He was also a Member of the Joint Committee on the Comptroller and Auditor General's (Duties, Powers and Conditions of Service) Bill.

Shri Desai made several representations during the year to the Post-Master General, Mysore Circle, urging him to open new Post Offices and Public Telephone Call Offices in certain villages in the North Kanara District. Some of these representations were successful. He was an ex-officio member of the Mysore State Development Council and also of the District Development Council of North Kanara.

Shri Desai toured his constituency several times during the year. He addressed public meetings during his tour and met the village leaders. He made several representations regarding various local grievances to the authorities concerned. Some of these grievances were redressed. He also forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of North Kanara District several applications from kisans for the grant of forest land for cultivation. Shri S. R. Venkataraman continued to be the Honorary Secretary of the Indian Council of World Affairs, Madras Branch. He arranged three meetings during the year and sent a collegestudent leader to participate in the "International Conference on Resurgence of Youth" organised by the Indian Council of World Affairs in New Delhi. The student leader was reported to have done well at the conference.

Shri Venkataraman is a member of the Liberal Group which meets periodically and holds discussions on public questions. Pandit Kunzru participated in two of its meetings and spoke on Centre-State relations and on Liberalism during his visit to Madras. The Group arranged classes in Elementary Statistics for those interested in research and surveys.

Shri Venkataraman is connected with the New Life Movement the object of which is to promote a higher standard of public and private life, based on right thinking, right living and right conduct among all sections of the people, particularly among the students. It arranged during the year two seminars at which "Right Citizenship and Duty" were discussed.

Shri D. V. Ambekar continued to be a member of the Council of the Deccan Sabha. Shri S.G. Gokhale continued to be its working Secretary.

Shri S. S. Misra was the General Secretary of the Orissa Branch of the Indian Committee for Cultural Freedom. He organised two discussions under the auspices of this institution, One of these related to "Unemployment in the country" and the other related to "Orissa Finance". Many well-known professors of Orissa and members of Parliament belonging to Orissa took part in these discussions.

Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar continued to be one of the Secretaries of the Bombay Social Reform Association, a non-political and non-party organisation founded by the late Sir Narayan Chandavarkar in 1903. During the year Shri Ajgaonkar attended several meetings of a Special Committee appointed by the Association, for the compilation of a Common Civil Code for all communities. Dr. P. B. Gajendragadkar, the President of the Association, is the chairman of the Committee. Taking into consideration the difficulties that will have to be faced in implementing the contemplated Common Civil Code, the Special Committee has now decided to hold a Convention, to bring out a brochure on a Common Civil Code, and to arrange lectures on the subject. The brochure will contain articles by eminent jurists on the present position in the law governing the various communities as regards Marriage, Divorce, Maintainance, Adoption and Succession—Testamentary and non-Testamentary. Dr. P. B. Gajendragadkar has agreed to give a special concluding article after reviewing the articles which will appear in the brochure. Dr. P. W. Rege and Shri H. S. Ursekar will sum up the points contained in the articles and prepare a draft Bill which will be presented to the Government. Shri Ajgaonkar will do the spade-work for this purpose.

Under the auspices of the Association Shri Ajgaonkar convened a meeting of Lawyers, Social Workers, Psychiatrists, and Doctors in the Servants of India Society's Office to start a Bureau for Marriage Counselling. The Bureau will have under its purview all problems concerning Pre-Marriage Counselling, the question of dowry in different forms, inter-community marriages, divorce, etc. Shri Ajgaonkar continued to edit the Social Scrvice Quarterly.

Welfare of the Aborigines :

Pandit Kunzru continued to be one of the vice-presidents of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, Delhi. In September he toured the Koraput district, largely peopled by the Adivasis, to know their condition at first hand and study their problems on the spot. He spent four days in his tour of the district. He also saw the work done by the Dandakaranya Development Authority for the resettlement of the refugees from East Pakistan and was greatly impressed with it. The most profitable form of such cooperation should be the transfer by the Orissa Government to the Authority funds meant for tribal welfare for use in the area where the Authority is working. This is done in some tribal areas in the Bastar District (Madhya Pradesh). This will avoid duplication and overlapping and ensure better and quicker utilization of the funds.

Shri R. S. Misra devoted most of his time to the aboriginal welfare work in the Mirzapur and Allahabad Districts. The Society maintained one Higher Secondary School in the Allahabad district and three Junior High Schools in the Mirzapurdistrict. The Ramanuj Junior High School at Konhdar was upgraded in July last and recognised as a Higher Secondary School by the Education Department. This school being located in a very backward area of the district secured a special grant of Rs. 23,600 in addition to the normal educational grant for its development. There were 216 students on the roll.

The Junior High School at Muirpur again maintained its first position in the district, securing 87% of success at the Departmental Examinations against the district average of 50%. The Muirpur Junior High School has also secured a special grant from the UNESCO for developing facilities of teaching general sciences. The Junior High School at Siltham in the Robertsgunj Tahsil, Mirzapur District, secured the first position among the Junior High Schools of the District Board.

The total number of students in the three Junior High Schools was 342 of whom 164 were Harijans and Adivasis and 178 belonged to the Backward and other classes. The total expenditure on the maintenance of the Junior High Schools and the Higher Secondary School was about Rs. 49,800.

The Servants of India Society maintained two Ashram Schools in the Mirzapur tribal area; one for the Junior High School boys at Siltham and the other for the Primary School boys at Khantara. The inmates of the Ashram Schools get free food, clothing, lodging, medical facilities and education. The total expenditure on the maintenance of these schools was about Rs. 29,900.

In the Khantara Ashram School agriculture is a part of the curriculum and the students there produced vegetables worth about Rs. 900. The Khantara Ashram School boys topped in the sports competitions organised by the District Board and bagged all the prizes.

The Society maintained ten primary schools for boys and five primary schools for girls. The total number of students in these schools was 1068 of whom 614 were Harijans and Adivasis. There were 323 girls in these schools. The children in the Primary School section were given free reading and writing material worth about Rs. 2,300. They were also given milk, porridge, etc. free. The Gram Sabha of Shahpur Khurd has donated a plot of land measuring 20 Bighas for the development of the village school. The boys produced linseed worth Rs. 200.

The Society maintained a hostel for Harijan boys receiving technical education in the Mirzapur city. There were 30 students in the hostel receiving training in civil and electrical engineering in the Polytechnic at Mirzapur. The hostel provides free residence, lighting, library and common messing facilities. Messing charges are paid by the students themselves, out of the schoolarships paid by the Government. The Society spent about Rs. 5,400 on the maintenance of the hostel.

The Society maintained two hostels at Salkhan and Muirpur, providing free accommodation, lighting, library, reading room and medical help; the expenditure incurred on them came to about Rs. 23,000. There were 94 Harijan and Adivasi students in them

Bhoksa Boys' Hostel

The tribal welfare work was extended during the year to the Tarai of the Nainital district by starting a hostel at Bazpur for boys belonging to the Bhoksa tribe. The Government of India gave a special grant of Rs. 27,000 for the hostel in July, 1969 but because of the difficulty in securing suitable housing accomodation admissions to the hostel were not immediately possible. However, the local sugar factory cooperated by offering its godown for the proposed hostel. It was in that building that the hostel made a beginning with 22 inmates. Since then a piece of land measuring about 31 bighas in the adjoining village Mundiya Pistaur has been secured from the State Government on a nominal yearly rent of Re. 1 per bigha and the Government has also given a grant of Rs. 49,500 for constructing the hostel building.

Five centres for the womens' welfare activities were maintained during the year. Two of these were located at Sarsa and Bharatganj in the Allahabad district and three at Dudhi, Bhuili Khas and Muirpur in the Mirzapur district. These centres provide free training in tailoring, knitting and embroidery. Nearly two hundred women took advantage of these classes and received full training. Knitting by machine has lately been introduced as a new subject. Shri R. S. Misra continued to be a member of the General Council and the Executive Committee of the Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh. He also served on two of its committees; one of which was for drawing up a scheme for the training of workers and the other was to evaluate the work of the life — members of the Sangh.

Shri Venkataraman looked after the affairs of the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam, Nirgacimund, near Ootacamund in the Nilgiris. In the boarding house attached to the Gurukulam there were 23 Toda boys, 21 Toda girls and 6 Kota boys. The inmates were given free board and lodging, medical aid, clothes and education and taught gardening and agriculture in the land attached to the school. A library containing Tamil books dealing with India's culture and history, suitable for children, has been organised and is being availed of both by teachers and by pupils. Children are told stories about our great seers, saints and heroes by the warden and the class teachers. The school attached to the Gurukulam had on its roll 44 girls and 79 boys. During the year the seventh standard was opened. The inmates of the hostel and the scholars in the school were supplied with warm clothing valued at about Rs. 1,500 by the Oxford Famine Relief Fund through the courtesy of Mrs. Armstrong of Kotagiri.

During the year students of the 5th, 6th and 7th classes were taken on an excursion to Mysore. The Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh, New Delhi, in 1969 had arranged to depute a Toda and Kota troupe of 19 to participate in the programme of Tribal Dance and Music organised by the Gandhi Centenary Committee. The Bharatiya Adimjati Sevak Sangh gave their full co-operation by providing facilities for them to stay at the Thakkar Bapa Smarak Sadan.

Shri Venkataraman continued to look after the Thakkar Bapa Gurukulam, Zonangipalam, in Sriharikota Island in Nellore District (Andhra Pradesh). In the Gurukulam meant for the benefit of the Yenadis, a primitive tribe in the island, there were 25 Yenadi children including 14 boys and 11 girls in the boarding house attached to the Gurukulam. The hostel is in charge of a warden who is also the headmaster of the school.

In the school attached to the Gurukulam the total number of pupils was 75 including the 25 Yenadi inmates of the boarding house. Children of school-going age belonging to the Backward classess, Muslims and caste Hindus, in the neighbourhood also attended the school. The inmates of the hostel and the pupils of the school numbering about twenty were taken on an excursion to Madras to visit places of interest.

The Atomic Energy Commission has taken over the Shriharikota island for the location of the biggest rocket station in India as conditions in the island are considered to be ideal for the rocket station. All the people in the island including the Yenadis will be evacuated and resettled on the mainland under a phased programme. Shri Venkataraman visited Shriharikota island and Nellore twice to acquaint himself with the programme of the Government regarding the resettlement of the Yenadis and the shifting of the school. Along with two Yenadi representatives and the officials, Shri Venkatarman visited about half a dozen areas where the Yenadis could be settled. The Yenadis have chosen an area near the lake on the mainland for their re-settlement. Further details are being worked out. The Government will put up the required buildings for the school and hostel in the place where the Yenadis have chosen to settle.

The Devdhar schools in Malabar catering to the needs of the children of the scheduled castes, the scheduled tribes and the backward classes are being managed by Shri Venkataraman. The schools are: (1) Gokhale Upper Primary School, Mudadi. (2) Sastriar Upper Primary School, Chelode, (3) Devadhar Upper Primary School, Nediyirup, (4) Devdhar Lower Primary school, Pulliyil, and (5) Devadhar Lower Primary School, Karulai. The total number of scholars on the rolls of the five schools was 2280. During the Birth Centenary Celebrations of Sastri and Thakkar Bapa their portraits were unveiled in all the schools. Speeches were made on the occasion when their qualities of head and heart and their services to the country, particularly to the weaker sections of the society were praised.

During the year a building costing Rs. 8,000 was constructed in the Sastriar U. P. School, Chelode, and was named Sastri Centenary Cottage. Another building at a cost of Rs. 4,850 was constructed in the Devadhar U. P. School, Pulliyil. A sum of Rs. 12,150 was received as donation in cash and in kind for both the schools. The salaries of the headmasters and assistant teachers and office staff numbering 70 in all, amounting to over Rs. 1,26,000 were directly disbursed to the staff by the Kerala Government. The Society spent Rs. 12,850 on buildings and on improvement of the existing buildings, and Rs. 5,200 on the management and running expenses of the five schools.

Shri Venkataraman attended two meetings of the Madras State Tribal Advisory Council, one held at Jamnamaruthur in North Arcot District and another at Yercaud in Salem District. He also visited the Tribal Development Block in Yercaud. He pleaded for the restoration of the old practice of providing boats for the benefit of Kanis, a scheduled tribe in Kanyakumari District to come by the shortest route across the lake, instead of walking about eight miles on foot to their place of work.

Nayanar scholarships for Harijan students in Kerala studying in the professional colleges were given on the recommendation of the principals of the colleges. Two students of the Medical College at Calicut and three students of the N. S. S. Engineering College at Palghat were given Rs. 75 each.

Shri S. S. Misra and Shri Madhusudan Sahoo were in charge of the Thakkar Bapa Ashram at Rayagada in the Koraput District in Orissa. This institution, started in 1939, has been doing tribal welfare work in the Koraput District. At present it runs a hostel for 74 students at Rayagada, manages 5 primary schools in the rural area of the Rayagada Police Station and maintains a maternity home at Hajaridangu also in the same area. There are 60 boys and 14 girls in the hostel. All of them are enrolled in the U. P. School attached to the Ashram. Of this number 70 are Adivasis and 4 All the students are being given private coaching in Harijans. the hostel. There is a children's library for the Ashram students. Twelve students are attending music and dancing classes in the Music and Dance School attached to the Ashram. The boys are looked after by a Superintendent and the girls by a Matron. students held a Holiday Camp during the Dussera The They visited Vizag and saw its ship-yard and vacation. aerodrome.

In addition to the hostel the Society manages five primary schools in Adivasi villages viz. Tumbiguda, Barijhola, Chekaguda, Beriguda and Kandh Sahi. It also manages a night school in the sweepers' colony of the Rayagada Notified Area Committee. The total average attendance in all the schools is about 170.

There is a trained mid-wife in charge of the maternity centre at Hajaridangu. She serves 30 surrounding villages and conducts deliveries in the huts of the adivasis. She also treats minor ailments in the villages. The total annual expenditure on maintaining all these institutions amounted to about Rs. 60,000.

Rural Welfare and Cooperation

Dr. R. G. Kakade was elected Chairman of the the District Industrial Cooperative Association during the year. The Association conducts two cloth shops — one for mill cloth and another for handloom cloth — in Poona and one each in Junnar and Baramati. It also runs a handicraft depot in Poona. During the year the Association decided to take over a handmade paper centre in Baramati for which the State Khadi and Village Industries Board has sanctioned a loan of Rs. 1.25 lakhs. The repairs and renovations of the machinery were under way. The unit is likely to go into production from the 9th May 1970. Owing to the efforts of the Association it became possible for the Khadi and Village Industries Commission to secure coal ash from the Railway Board for the affiliated societies.

He continued to be a member of the Rural Industrialization Committee of the Sangamner Project in the Ahmednagar district. This is one of the four projects in Maharashtra State.

He continued to be a member of the Economic sub-committee of the Gandhi Centenary Committee for Maharashtra State, and attended a meeting of the Committee.

He continued to guide and help, whenever necessary, the Yeravada Gadi Waddar Cooperative Majoor Society which he helped in establishing in 1948. This is the biggest quarry-operating Society in the State, owning quarry lands, buildings, trucks, quarrying machinery and equipment, etc. worth a few lakhs of rupees.

He was one of the members of the Board of Trustees of the Institute of Regional Development Planning at Wardha. The Institute has been helping, besides carrying on some research work, the Zilla Parishads and other agencies in the eight districts of Vidarbha in their development schemes. He visited Wardha three times during the year, devoting a few days every time to the work of the Institute.

He continued to be the Honorary Secretary of the Deccan Agricultural Association. The work of the Association's monthly journal — Shetaki and Shetakari — kept him busy for a considerable time every month.

Shri R. S. Gupte continued to be in charge of the Rural Centre at Shendurjana Bazar in Amravati District (Maharashtra State). He was the treasurer of the Multipurpose Co-operative Society, a position he has held since 1946.

He was elected in September 1969 to represent the Multi Purpose Co-operative Society on the Amravati District Central Co-operative Bank and also the Chandur Taluq Agricultural Co-operative Kharedi-Vikri Samiti.

He continued to be a member of the Seva Sahakari Society. The construction of the society's godown begun in April 1968 has now been completed, and is commended as a good structure, better in look and more solid in construction than other similar structures in the Taluq. He took keen interest in its construction and supervised the work.

Shri Gupte continued to be a member of the Chandur Taluq Food and Civil Supplies Advisory Committee. He continues to be a member of the Tiwsa Circle Nyaya Panchayat.

The Rural Centre, as in previous years, distributed cotton seed worth about Rs. 7,000. The agricultural operations of the Rural Centre have shown a surplus of about Rs. 2,450 during the year.

Under the scheme of "Green Revolution" Jawar was sown in five and a quarter of acres out the Rural Centre fields totalling about sixteen acres. Out of this acreage two and a quarter acres were sown with Hybrid Jawar of two different varieties i. e. C.S.H.1 and C.S.H.2. The latter variety vielded about eleven and half quintals in one acre. This was sold to Government as levy at Rs. 56 per quintal. The C.S. H.1 variety sown in one and a quarter acre yielded about seven quintals. But the cultivation of Deshi jawar in three acres gave a yield of six quintals only. Shri Ajgaonkar was re-elected a secretary of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association started in 1929 to perpetuate the memory of Dadabhai Naoroji. During the year the Association helped the Kanara Welfare Trust to conduct an elocution competition in the name of Dadabhai Naoroji at the Gokhale Centenary College, Ankola.

He was a member of the Florence Nightingale Village Sanitation Fund Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay. During the year a grant of Rs. 500 was given to the Kanara Welfare Trust, Ankola, for sinking a well at Katgal, Taluka Kumta, North Kanara District, Mysore State.

Education

Pandit Kunzru continued to be a member of the Court of the Allahabad University. He was also President of the Allahabad University Alumni Association and attended meetings of its executive committee.

During the year Pandit Kunzru was nominated a member of the new Executive Council of the Banaras Hindu University for a period of three years. He attended meetings of the Council held in November, December, January, February and March last.

He continued to be a member of the Managing Committee of the Delhi School of Social Work as a representative of the Delhi University. Though styled a school, it is in fact a college affiliated to the Delhi University. He attended a reception arranged by the School in connection with the seminar on 'International Conflict and India' which was sponsored by it.

He continued to be one of the trustees of the India International Centre in Delhi and a member of the Governing Body of the Indian Council for Cultural Relations. During the year he inaugurated a branch of the Council at Cuttack. In his speech he pointed out some snags in the working of democracy in India.

Pandit Kunzru presided over the Selection Committee of the Indian Council for Cultural Relations, which selected a professor for the Nayaning University (Singapore).

He inaugurated the Annual Gathering of the Maharani Laxmibai Arts, Commerce and Law College at Gwalior in December last. Pandit Kunzru continued to be President of the Anjuman Taraqqi, Urdu Hind (All India Society for the promotion of Urdu) and attended meetings connected with its work. The Gwalior Branch of the Anjuman organised a reception in his honour in December last.

Shri Dinkar Desai is the Chairman of the Kanara Welfare Trust which was founded in 1953. The aims and objects of the Trust are to undertake measures for the educational, cultural and social advancement of the people in general, and the backward classes in particular, in the North Kanara District of the Mysore State. Shri Desai devoted considerable time to the work of the Kanara Welfare Trust, including the work of collecting donations. Donations amounting to Rs. 2,45,000 were collected during the year. The total donations collected since the foundation of the Trust amount to about Rs. 18,75,000. The Trust has total assets of more than Rs. 24 lakhs, including the value of lands granted free by Government to its educational institutions. The annual recurring budget of the Trust is about Rs. nine lakhs.

Gokhale Centenary College

This College, which was opened at Ankola in June 1966, fulfills a long-cherished need for an institution of higher education. It has both Arts and Science sections. The College is affiliated to the Karnatak University. The College, which was established during the Birth Centenary year of Gopal Krishna Gokhale, is named after him as part of the Centenary Celebrations inaugurated by Dr. Radhakrishnan, ex-President of India, on the 9th May 1966.

The College has a young, competent and devoted staff. It has a well-equipped Laboratory and Library. It introduced the N. C. C. and N. C. C. R. in the very first year. A special feature of the College curriculum is the tutorial system under which students receive individual coaching and attention. The College developed into a full-fledged institution in June 1969, teaching upto B. A. and B. Sc. degree courses. The total strength of the College at present is 929. Of these 232 are girls. As many as 803 students belong to backward classes. The College showed satisfactory results in the various University Examinations.

The College was shifted to its own building in June 1967. A separate building for the Library will be taken up for construc-

tion next year. The College campus, which forms the slopes of a beautiful hill, extends over 75 acres.

The Trust conducts 15 High Schools in eight talukas in North Kanara District in Mysore State. They are situated at (1) Ankola; (2) Baad-Kagal; (3) Shirali; (4) Dandeli; (5) Kadtoka; (6) Kadwad; (7) Kasarkod; (8) Murdeshwar; (9) Mirjan; (10) Arge; (11) Dhareshwar; (12) Bedkani; (13) Katgal; (14) Anilgod; and (15) Kulve-Baroor. In addition, the Trust is conducting an English Medium Middle School at Dandeli.

The High School at Ankola is a Multipurpose Vocational Institution teaching Horticulture and Tailoring, in addition to ordinary academic subjects. Horticulture for boys and tailoring for girls are compulsory subjects in all the High Schools. Beekeeping is also taught as an extra-curricular activity in all schools.

Since the educational institutions of the Trust are in villages and in backward areas, the proportion of backward-class students was high. As many as 2,542 pupils out of a total of 4,097 in all the institutions belonged to backward classes. Of these backward-class pupils 1,835 were boys and 770 were girls. In spite of the fact that all the High Schools of the Trust are in villages and a majority of students belonged to backward classes, the S. S. L. C. Examination results were satisfactory. Out of 594 students who appeared from our High Schools, 335 came out successful. Thus the percentage of the successful candidates was 56 as against the average of 38 for the whole Mysore State.

The Trust is conducting a Hostel at Ankola named the Thakkar Bapa Hostel. There were 25 inmates in the Hostel. Poor students in the Hostel were given boarding and lodging free.

Shri K. G. Sharangapani continues to be associated with the work of the Students' Welfare Association which is running two hostels for 150 College and University students and one hostel for 60 girl students and four messes at which about 350 students coming from rural areas and economically backward classes are given meals at a subsidized rate of Rs. 30 per month.

Dr. Kakade was a member of both the Executive and the Managing Committee of the Karve Institute of Social Service. The Institute's post-graduate diploma course is recognised by the Poona University, which conducts the examination. It also conducts an under-graduate certificate course in social service, besides conducting research programmes for women and children. The State Government has recognised the diploma and the certificates of the Institute for employment purposes.

He was elected to the Executive Committee of the Maharashtra Association for the Cultivation of Science. The Association is affiliated to the Poona University and receives grants from the Central and State Governments for its research work.

He continued to be one of the Trustees of the Kanara Welfare Trust at Ankola and attended meetings of the Board of Trustees and of its Governing Body in June 1969.

The Shendurjana Rural Centre looked after by Shri R. S. Gupte manages the Pilot Library sponsored by the Education Department of the Maharashtra State. The main supply of books to the library, in the form of renewals, comes from the Government District Library at Amravati. A servant who looks after the library circulates books from house to house among women readers, particularly because they do not like to visit the library.

Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar continued to be a Secretary of the Education Committee of the Social Service League, Bombay, which conducts the Day High School and the Night High School at Parel, a predominatly labour area of Bombay. The High School has 665 pupils on its roll out of which 113 belonged to backward and economically backward classes. The Night High School has 250 pupils on its roll.

Shri S.S. Ajgaonkar continued to be a member of the Mafatlal Gagalbhai Textile Technical School Supervising Committee of the League. The School was started in 1934 to provide facilities for systematic training to those who seek entry into the textile industry as a career and to those who are already in the industry. The School is only the one of its kind in the country which imparts theoretical and practical training in textile technology to students without interfering with their jobs in any way.

Shri Ajgaonkar was a member of the League's Supervisory Committee for six Industrial Schools for Women.

319 women took advantage of this course; of these 52 belonged to the backward and economically backward classes.

Shri Ajgaonkar was actively associated with the N. M. Joshi Social Workers' Training Class of the League; the number of students who took advantage of the class was 30.

Social Service

Pandit Kunzru continued to be the General Secretary of the All India Seva Samiti at Allahabad and attended meetings of its executive committee and General Council.

All the social welfare activities of the Kanara Welfare Trust, of which Shri Dinkar Desai is the Chairman, are conducted through the Thakkar Bapa Seva Kendra. The Ankola Centre of the Seva Kendra conducts a Tailoring School for the benefit of the backward-class and other girls. Tailoring, embroidery, knitting and toy-making are taught. No fees were charged. Harijan girls were supplied cloth free of charge for tailoring. The school is adequately equipped with twelve sewing machines and other accessories. The number of pupils on the register during the year was 29. The School is recognised by the Board of Technical Education of the Mysore Government. During the year 17 pupils appeared for the Tailoring Examination of this Board. All of them passed in Second Class.

A Tailoring Class was opened in Mundgod in June 1969 mainly for the benefit of backward-class girls, including the Lamanis. The strength of the Class was 25.

The Trust is conducting a Sanskra Kendra at Ankola with the financial aid of the Education department. The objects of the Kendra are to provide opportunities for Harijan children to educate themselves in healthy environment which helps them to mix freely with the children of other castes and communities. A recreation centre is maintained for this purpose.

The Trust has established a Harijan Colony at Ankola. Each family is provided with a dwelling hut; and is given land for fruit and vegetable cultivation. The huts are now being replaced by pucca tiled houses. Adequate arrangement for water supply has been made by digging a big well. The purpose of this Colony is to show how the landless poor in our village can be settled.

Shri Desai was in charge of the schemes conducted by the Servants of India Society for the benefit of the backward classes in North Kanara, for which the Central Government gives financial assistance.

The backward-class pupils who attend our schools at considerable distance from their home were daily given mid-day snacks free of charge. Backward-class poor pupils were also supplied free clothing and text-books in all our High Schools under this scheme. The total amount spent during the year under the scheme was Rs. 30,000. The total number of students who received mid-day snacks or meals during the year was 675. Those who received text-books was 380, while those who received clothing numbered 470.

The Trust conducts the social welfare weekly Janasevaka in Kannada which is the regional language. The journal publishes informative articles on social, educational, cultural and economic problems. Articles on current topics are also published. The weekly is printed at Ankola in the Press owned by the Trust. Shri Desai wrote the front-page article, and also the editorials every week.

Shri Desai continued as General Secretary of the Social Service-League, Bombay, during the year. The League is one of the oldest social welfare institutions in Maharastra.

Shri Venkataraman continued to be a member of the Central Executive Committee of the Indian Council of Social Welfare, Bombay and Joint Secretary of its Madras Branch. He attended the meetings of the Council at Madras, Ahemadabad and New Delhi. At its annual conference held at Ahemedabad in December last, Shri Venkataraman read a paper on "Law as an accelerator of the process of integration." He was elected as the Honorary General Secretary of the Guild of Service, Madras. The Guild is a well-known social service agency in the State, which has been rendering useful service for over three decades, for the under-privileged. Among its activities are hospital visiting, distribution of toys among children in hospitals, running nursery schools in hospitals, managing the Madras School of Social Work, a post-graduate training institute in social sciences, family planning centres in slums, four homes for destitute children sponsored by foster parents in Canada, America, India, New Zealand, etc., a working women's hostel, a working boys' hostel, training for girls for house keeping, the Bala Vihar, an institution for the mentally and physically handicapped, a mobile unit for popularising wheat preparations, and a Juvenile Guidance Bureau, and distribution of foreign gifts.

Shri Venkataraman visited Nagerkoil to attend the foundation laying ceremony of Dr. Mathias G. O. S. Nursery School by the Chief Minister, M. Karunanidhi. He visited the G. O. S. Boys^{*} Home at Sivaganga, the tribal hostel and school for the children of Kanikars, a tribe at Pachaparai and distributed clothes to the inmates.

Shri Venkataraman attended the seminar on Juvenile Delinquency organised by the Juvenile Guidance Bureau. He attended the International Day of the Handicapped and spoke about their special problems, suggesting suitable action in the matter of welfare measures and employment opportunities by creating public sympathy in their favour. He was one of the Vice-Presidents of the Indian Council for Child Welfare and Chairman of the Bala Sevika Training Committee.

Shri Venkataraman attended the Tamil Nadu Constructive Workers' Conference at Madurai in January 1970. He spoke at the conference about the work of the Servants of India Society for tribal communities and the weaker sections.

Shri R. S. Misra was a member of the General Council and the Executive Committee of the Seva Samiti. He was also a member of its Finance Committee. He also served as its Mela and Ayurvedic Secretary.

Shri S. S. Misra continues to be the President of the State Nisha Nivaran Parishad. In this capacity he attended the Gandhi Centenary International Prohibition Conference which was held in New Delhi from the 25th to the 30th January, 1970. He also attended the State Prohibition Conference which was held at Parlakimedi in the Ganjam District on the 26th April 1970. Many Adivasis together with the local gentry numbering over 3,000 attended the Conference. The Conference passed some resolutions, the most important of which was intended to persuade the inhabitants of the locality where liquor shops are established, to petition to the concerned authorities for the removal of the liquor shops. The Conference appointed a Sub-Committee, of which Shri S. S. Misra is a member, to see that all legal help is given to the villagers to fight for the abolition of the liquor shops. He has again been elected the President of the State Nisha Nivaran Parishad.

Shri S. S. Misra continued to be in charge of the Gokhale Children's Home at Narsannapet in Srikakulam District. The Home which has been maintained since 1945 to take care of the orphaned children of the locality has completed another year of useful service. There are now 54 inmates in the Home. Twenty-four of them are scheduled caste boys, one belongs to a sheduled tribe and the others to the economically backward classes. All the boys are provided with free boarding and lodging, clothing, medical aid, books, fees, etc. by the Home. The Home has been declared a subsidised hostel by the Andhra Pradesh Government since 1960. The total annual expenditure on the maintenance of the Home amounted to about Rs. 22,000.

Dr. Kakade was reelected chairman of the Managing Committee of the Poona District Probation and Aftercare Association for the fourth time. The Association runs two remand homes, a child guidance clinic and three juvenile guidance centres. The question of increase in grants for the remand homes engaged his considerable attention during the year.

He continued to be Honorary Secretary of the Society for the Welfare of the Physically Handicapped in Wanawadi, which runs a Home for crippled children between 6 and 18 years of age. The Home receives grants from the State Government and the Central Social Welfare Board. The Society is required to collect every year by way of donations a sum of about Rs. 20,000 to meet its current expenditure on free lodging and boarding, medical and surgical treatment, etc. for the boys.

He was elected a member of the Maharashtra State Probation and Aftercare Association. He continued to be Hony. Treasurer of the Mahila Seva Mandal. The Mandal runs a rescue home for women and children in moral danger, a toddlers' section and a training-cum-production centre. He continued to be the Hony. Treasurer of the Nav-Jeevan Mandal which works for the welfare of released prisoners. He was reelected Hony. Treasurer of the Coordinating Council of Social Service Agencies in Poona.

Shri Ajgaonkar continued to be a secretary of the Social Service League, Bombay. He was a member of the Managing Committee of the Association for Moral and Social Hygiene (Maharashtra State branch) and worked on the Rescue and the Health Committees of the Association.

Shri Ajgaonkar was one of the promoters of the Lok Peeth, an organisation started with the object of serving the neighbourhood and of creating a feeling of neighbourliness among the residents. It also aims at serving youths, students and non-students, and giving them opportunities for social service. During the year the Lok Peeth arranged four public meetings at the Servants of India Societys' hall which were attended by eminent educationists including Dr. Miss Sulabha Panandikar, Prof. Muranjan and leading social workers. The meetings were addressed among others by Dr. V. K. R. V. Rao, Union Minister for Education and Youth Services and Pandit H. N. Kunzru,

Medical Relief

The Kanara welfare Trust conducts two dispensaries, one at Bankikodla and the other at Shirali. A maternity home is being added at Bankikodla. Both the dispensaries were under the charge of qualified doctors. Both the dispensaries were wellstocked with allopathic medicines. The Trust also conducts a maternity clinic at Ankola.

Shri R. S. Misra was in charge of five dispensaries at Konhdar and Suraicha in the Allahabad district and Khantara, Banaki and Khurhia in the Mirzapur district. The total number of patients treated in these dispensaries was about 9480 of whom 5440 were new patients. The total expenditure on the maintenance of the dispensaries was about Rs. 6,550.

Shri Venkataraman continued to manage the T. N. Charities Ayurvedic Dispensary at Chetput on behalf of the Thatikonda Nancharamma Charities, till the 31st of January 1970, when the new Trustees decided to withdraw their support, because a sufficient number of patients did not seek treament for their ailments from the Ayurvedic dispensary. The total number of patients treated during the period ending 31th January was 4987 (3075 children, 1664 women and 248 men.)

Shri S. S. Misra surpervised the activities of the leprosy clinic at Chowdwar in Orissa. The clinic has put in 43 years of useful service and is in charge of an experienced worker who has received special training in the treatment of leprosy patients. The clinic works every Sunday and patients are given both Sulphone and other vitamin tablets. They are supplied with mid-day tiffin out of the grant made by the Social Welfare Board for the purpose. The number of patients treated during the year was 2,064. There are thirty students in the L. P. School attached to the clinic who come to school both in the morning and in the afternoon. The annual expenses on running the clinic amounted to Rs. 6,275.

The Rural Centre at Shendurjana conducted by Shri R. S. Gupte maintains a qualified doctor in charge of the dispensary and the maternity home run under his supervision. The maternity home conducted 102 cases of maternity during 1969-70 as against 106 in 1968-69. The doctor in charge of the dispensary is assisted by a compounder and a waterman, while on the maternity home side a midwife looks after the routine work of the maternity home as well as attends on the delivery cases. The dispensary, as in previous years, is used by the villagers and also outsiders. Dr. Bhusari, the doctor in charge of the dispensary and the maternity home has to conduct the dispensary both in the mornings and afternoons on Tuesdays, it being a weekly bazar day when patients visit the dispensary in good numbers from the villages round about.

Shri Ajgaonkar was a member of the Supervising Committee of the Bai Bachubai Karsandas Charitable Allopathic Dispensary and the Ayurvedic Dispensary of the Social Service League, Bombay.

Relief of Distress

Dr. R. G. Kakade, Shri R. S. Gupte and Shri Sharangpani visited Gujerat to study the situation created by the Hindu-Muslim

riots with a view to organising relief for the affected people, if necessary. But since all the relief operations were being conducted by the Gujerat Government, it was unnecessary to organise any relief for the riot victims.

Shri Gupte and Dr. Kakade also visited the famine affected district of Banaskantha and toured the worst affected parts. They later on issued to the press a detailed statement on the famine situation, making some concrete suggestions for improving the relief administration. Dr. Kakade again visited Banaskantha in February 1970, with a view to studying the possibilities of providing suitable relief to the affected people. On the basis of his proposals the Society has decided to help the drinking water supply schemes by installing electric pumps on nine bore wells in Wav and Kharad talukas.

Other Activities

Shri Desai continued as a Trustee and as Secretary of the Bijapur Reconstruction Trust. He was also the Vice-President of the Dadabhai Naoroji Memorial Association.

Shri Venkataraman was invited to a panel discussion on urban development which was attended by four experts from America. He wrote an article on the progress of Harijans since 1947. for the Olcott Memorial School Souvenir published on the occasion of the 75th anniversary of the school, the oldest Harijan School in Tamil Nadu. He delivered a course of two lectures under the Prof. Franco Endowment at the Madras University on the 16th and 17th of March on the "Role of Voluntary Associations in the Indian Democracy." He was co-opted as a member of the National Maritime Day Celebration committee at Madras and was elected member of the Publicity and Souvenir Committee. He continued to be a member of the Board of Management of the Madras School of Social Work and a member of the deputation that waited on the Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University to ask him to accord recognition to it as a post-graduate institution in Madras.

Shri R. S. Misra was a member of the General Council of the Crosthwaite Girls' College, Allahabad, the State Council of Bharat Scouts and Guides, the District Temperance Committee and the District Flood Relief Committee in Allahabad.

Shri Gokhale continues to be an ex-officio Trustee of the Wrangler Paranjpye Trust. Dr. Kakade continued to be one of the Trustees of the M. G. Ranade Trust as a representative of the Servants of India Society. Dr. Kakade continues to be the Hon. Secretary of the Maharashtra Central Famine Relief Committee and the Poona District Famine Relief Committee.

Printing Presses

Shri Ambekar is in charge of the Aryabhushan Press, Poona; Shri Mani supervises the work of the *Hitavada* at Nagpur and Bhopal; and Shri Ajgaonkar of the Bombay Vaibhav Press, Bombay. All these presses are owned by the Society.

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GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

Annual Report for the year 1969-70.

In the Agro-Economic Research Unit for Western India located at the Institute by the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India, the reports relating to the High Yielding Varieties Programme (HYVP) on Paddy (Kharif 1968-69) in Bhandara district (Maharashtra State), and on Maize (Kharif 1968-69) in Bangalore district (Mysore State) were completed.¹ The tabulation of data and drafting of reports in respect of "Utilisation of Loans for Land Development by the Land Development Banks" was completed in respect of Akola and Nasik districts from Maharashtra State. The report on a Survey of Forest Land Distributed to Landless Labourers was also completed during the year under report. The report on the Survey of Three Talukas of Chanda District was finalised for publication.

A Study regarding Incomes, Savings and Investments in Agriculturally Prosperous Areas was initiated in Ahmednagar District of Maharashtra State. The Study will be continued in the year 1970-71 also. Another study was initiated in five districts of Maharashtra State known as Marathwada Region for preparing a Regional Development Plan.

The tabulation and processing of data and drafting of report were in progress in respect of the following studies:

- I. Marketing of Arecanut in Mysore State
- 2. Land Utilisation and Cropping Pattern in Mysore State
- 3. Disposal of Additional Incomes and Changes in the Standard of Living

The tabulation of data and drafting of the report in respect of the Study into the Economics of Farm Management in Ahmednagar district 1967-68 was nearing completion.

In the Section in Demography work was in progress in respect of the following projects :

1. The Follow up Study of Loop Cases in Poona District S...3 31

- 2. Resurvey of Six Villages in Satara District
- 3. A Study of Rural-Urban Migration in various Regions in India
- 4. Prospects of Population Control -- Evaluation of Contraception Activity in Poona City

In the Rural Sociology Section a Study regarding the Occupational Mobility of Some Selected Castes in Western India was in progress. A study regarding the Social Role of Retired Army Officers of the Indian Army was initiated.

In the Centre of Advanced Study in Economics located at the Institute by the University Grants Commission the following work was in progress :

- 1. A Note on Problems of Dry Farmers and Small Farmers
- 2. Land Use and Cropping Pattern in Maharashtra, Gujarat and Madhya Pradesh
- 3. A Study regarding the Regulation of Private Sector in India
- 4. A Study regarding Concentration of Economic Power in Rural and Urban Sectors
- 5. An Investigation into the Distributive Margins, Trade, Transport and Taxes—a Commoditywise Study
- 6. Terminology in Indian Land Reforms

In the Forestry Economics Section work was in progress on the following projects :

- 1. Compendium on the Forests and Forestry in Maharashtra which consists of :
 - (a) Forest Enumeration
 - (b) Prices of Forest Products
 - (c) Forest Types
 - (d) Growth data
- 2. Exploitation of Forests through Forest Labourers' Cooperative Societies in Maharashtra
 - In the Section Structure of Indian Economy the following work was in progress :
- 1. Construction of Capital Coefficient Matrix

- 2. Data for the Statewise Fuel Input Coefficients to compile the Coefficient Matrix
- 3. Planning for Optimum Location and Flows between the Regions of India
- 4. Classification of Statewise Purchase of the Central Government
- 5. Study of Commodities and Non-commodities Expenditure of Maharashtra Government
- 6. Commodity Classification for a detailed Commodity × Industry Table
- 7. Input-Output Tables 85×85 and 241×241

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- 8. Economic Impact of Government Expenditure for the years 1962-63 and 1965-66
- 9. Commodity \times Industry transactions table
- 10. Dynamic analysis of the Economy using the Technique of Dynamic Inverse
- 11. An Input-Output Table for the Cottage Sector of Manufacturing Industries in India 1963
- 12. An Input-Output Model for Educational Planning

In the Section in Planning and Development the studies in respect of Poona Metropolitan Planning Region were in progress. An annotated bibliography on Regional Economic Histories of Modern India was being compiled.

The work of drafting and finalising the report on the second phase of the special project "Export Potential of the Indian Leather and Leather Products Industry" undertaken in 1967-68 at the instance of the U. S. Agency for International Development was completed during the year under report.

A Seminar on 'Village Surveys' organized by the Directorate of Economics and Statistics of the Ministry of Food, Agriculturre, Community Development and Cooperation, Government of India, was held at the Institute on the 13th and the 14th September 1969. The Institute organized a Regional Science Seminar in September 1969 which was attended by several eminent scholars from India and abroad. A Seminar on Piece Research was also held at the Institute on the 6th September 1969. Under a grant from the U. G. C. the Institute organized a Follow-up Course in Mathematics for Economics for teachers of economics from various universities. The Course which lasted from the 4th May 1970 to the 30th May 1970 was attended by twelve teachers. The Institute also organized a Summer Course in Mathematics for Economics from the 4th May to the 6th June 1970. The course was attended by sixteen teachers from various Indian Universities.

During the year under report there were six Junior and three Senior Research Fellowships in the U. G. C. Centre. Under Visiting Fellowships a Lecturer from the Gauhati University and Assistant Professor from Sagar University worked on research problems in the U. G. C. Centre.

Two National Scholarships were awarded to students who enrolled for M. A. (Part I) Economics in July 1969. The U. G. C. Research Scholarships awarded in the previous year to two students to work for their Ph. D. theses were continued during the year. Besides fresh awards of the U. G. C. Research Scholarships were made to two students during the year under report.

The Junior Research Fellows and some of the Senior Fellows and members of the research staff of the Institute attended at the Institute the programme of training in Social Science Research Methods. Besides some research fellows under various fellowship programmes such as those of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research and Indian Society of Agricultural Economics worked at the Institute on various research projects.

During the year under report Prof. S. S. Kale of the Brihan-Maharashtra College of Commerce, Poona worked at the Institute on a research project entitled "Management and Finance of Higher Education in Maharashtra". The project is financed by the Government of Maharashtra.

Prof. A. R. Kamat took up an assignment as Consultant in the Statistical Division of the F. A. O. Rome, for a period of three months, from October to December 1969.

Mrs. K. Dandekar attended a Conference of the International Population Union at London in September 1969 to which she submitted a paper on "Changing Attitudes Towards Family Planning in Urban Centres of Maharashtra". She also attended the National Conference on "Population Policy and Programme" organized by the Council for Social Development held at Delhi in December 1969 at which she read a paper on "Population Programmes and Their Effects on Population Growth". She also prepared a paper on "Methodology of Family Planning Surveys" for the Matru Seva Sangh, Nagpur.

Dr. Amalendu Guha was invited as a Visiting Fellow at the Delhi School of Economics from the 16th July 1969 to the end of the academic session. During this period he gave a course of lectures on European Economic History and contributed papers and participated in the all-India Seminar on Historical Methods in the Study of Tradition and Change in India, organized by the Institute of Advanced Study, Simla in October 1969 and all-India Seminar on Problems of Central Asia at the Indian School of International Studies, New Delhi, in January 1970.

Shri R. K. Koti, Lecturer in the Institute, was deputed for training in Advanced Economics at the Harvard Economic Research Project, Harvard University, Cambridge, U. S. A., under the supervision of Professor Wassily Leontief for a period of one year from January 1969 to January 1970. He formulated and worked on a research project "The Application of the Dynamic Inverse for Planning in India." He also worked at the Department of Economics, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, U. K., before he returned in January 1970.

Shri P. Venkatramaiah, Lecturer, in the Institute was deputed for advanced training at the Department of Applied Economics, University of Cambridge, U. K. under Professor R. Stone, for a period of one year from September 1969. On his way to Cambridge, he attended the ninth CIRET Conference at Madrid in September 1969 and presented a paper on "Utilisation of Business Survey Data in the Analysis of the Business Trough in India 1966-67— 1968-69". During the year under report the following publications were brought out.

(1) Progress of Education in Rural Maharashtra (Post-Independence Period): by A. R. Kamat (Publication No. 56)

(2) A Study of Tractor Cultivation in Shahada, by S. G. Sapre (Mimeograph Series No. 7)

The following research students who worked for their Ph. D. in economics under the guidance of members of the staff of the Institute were awarded the Ph. D. degree of the University of Poona during the year:

1.	Shri D. B. Kadam	Utilization of long term finances for new wells in the famine striken areas of Ahmednagar District with special reference to loans issued by the Land Development Banks—A Survey.
2.	Shri A. D. Suklikar	A Review of the Public Finance of Madhya Pradesh (old) since 1921.
3.	Shri K. N. Prasad	Trends, composition and structure of India's Foreign Trade.
4.	Shrì C. S. Gajarajan	Problems regarding Rehabilita- tion of People Displaced from the Tungabhadra Reservoir.
5.	Shri M. D. Apte	'' सरकारी आयव्यय (पेशवेकालीन मराठयांचे सरकार १७६३–१७७३)''.
6.	Shri R. Radhakrishna	An approximate determination indifference surfaces from family budget data in different regions of India.
7.	Shri M. V. Kirloskar	Electrical Machinery Industry in India — A Techno-Economic Study.

8.	Shri S. R. Hashim	Location Pattern and Inter- Regional Commodity Flow.
9.	Shri S. P. Valavade	Structure of the Machine Tool Industry.
10.	Shrì D. K. Halder	Problems of Road Transport in India.

The following thesis for Ph. D. degree in Economics was submitted during the period under report:

(1) The Structure of the linear shipping freight market in India — Mrs. J. K. Koyaji.

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GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs.	Р.	Rs.	<u>Р</u> .
Publication Reserve				- •
Stock of Publications Advance Provision for Publications	44,20	1.31		
as per last Balance Sheet	31,273	8.88	75,47	5.19
Reserve for Replacement of Tabulating Machinery				
As per last Balance Sheet Add: Interest received or accrued	1,41,607	7.49		
on earmarked investments	7,573	8.85	1,49,18	1.34
Reserve for Statistical Laboratory As per last Balance Sheet Add : Interest received or accrued	35,000	0.00		
on earmarked investments	14,281	.25	49,281	.25
Reserve for Staff Quarters and Hostel Repairs Etc.				
As per last Balance Sheet Add: Transferred from Income and	1,921	.41		
Expenditure Account	14,015	51	15,930	5.92
Reserve for Gratuity	-			
As per last Balance Sheet <i>Add</i> : Interest transferred from	4,590	0.68		
Income & Expenditure Account	238	.37		
-	4,829	0.05		
Less : Payments made during the year	2,304	.14	2,524	.91
Liabilities				
For Expenses	21,228			
Due to R. B. R. R. Kale Trust	59,727			
Mess Deposit	1,200			
Electricity Deposits	400	.00		
Sundry Credit Balances and	15 330	0.00		
Advance Receipts Retention Monoy & Tandar Deposits	15,330 2,899			
Retention Money & Tender Deposits Provision for Charges for the use	2,899	. 33		
of Computer	70,209	90		
Provision for Publication	10,000			
Provision for Contingencies	5,000		1,85,996	. 55
Total carried forward			4,78,396	.16

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

at 31st March, 1970

ASSETS		Rs.	P.	Rs.	P,
Freehold Land (At Cost) As per last Balance Sheet					
		1,18,294			
Development expenses during	the year	13,539	.72	1,31,83	4.21
Rights in Leasehold Land (At cos	t)				
As per last Balance Sheet -	4			51,890	5.25
Buildings (At cost)	-		- 1		
As per last Balance Sheet		14,24,521	.64		
Add: Expenditure on the C					
tion of Quarters for r staff	escarch	2,370	00		
Further Expenditure	on the	2,370	.00		
Construction of Studer					
Trainecs' Hostel		899	.46		
		14,27,791	10		
Less : Provision for Depreciat	tion	17,47,777			
made upto last year	1,22,540.00				
Made this year	28,492.00	1,51,032	.00	12,76,759	.10
Tabulating Machines		e			
At cost (including instal	Intion				
expenses) as per last Balance		90,621	00		
Less : Provision for Depreciati		30,021	. 70		
made upto last year	85,118.03				
Made this year	800,00	85,918	.03	4,703	.87
Furniture, Deadstock and Equipm	ent				
At cost as per last Balance S	heet	2,10,119	.93		
Additions during the year :					
(inclusive of additions out o	f Grant				
for furniture etc., for the C	entre of				
Advanced Study in Econ	omics				
Rs. 1,419.00)		6,383	.15		
		2,16,503	.08		
Less : Provision for Depreciati					
made upto last year	87,500.00				
Made this year	10,506.00	98,006	.00	1,18,49	7.08
Investments (At Cost)					
Earmarked Investments for Re	eplacement				
of Tabulating Machines and E	quipment				
12 years' National Savings					
Certificates (Face Value)	12,400.00			1	
Add : Interest accrued	6,944.00	19,344.	00		
Total carried	forment			15,83,69	1 51

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
Total brou	ght forward	4,78,396.16
Building and Equipment Grant As per last Balance Sheet Add: From the Ford Foundation towards the cost of construc- tion of quarters for research staff, Hostel Furniture and other works	17,66,479.25 20,873.87	
From the University Grants Commis- sion for Equipment for the Centre of Advanced Study in Economics	2,318.46	17,89,671.58
Advance Grants Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India for Land Reforms Centre Ministry of Health, Family Planning :	45,000.00	
 (i) Government of India for Communication Research Project (ii) For Demography Section University Grants Commission for : (i) Centre of Advanced Study in 	7,204.00 19,793.95	
Economics—Non-Recurring Grant (ii) Financial Assistance to teachers Ford Foundation :	120.78 1,250.00	
 (i) Works at Staff Quarters (ii) Foreign Training Fellowships and Purchase of Books and 	251.87	
Equipment Government of Maharashtra : (i) For III Plan Section (ii) Publication of Marathi Books	16,041.09 2,499.27 12,400.00	1,04,560.97
The Rockefeller Foundation Stabilization		1,01,500177
Grant Balance as per last Balance Sheet Add: Interest received during the year	9,22,478.85 62,193.05 9,84,671.90	
Less : Transferred to Income and Expenditure Account	34,709.41	9,49,962. 49
Total carried f	forward	33,22,591.20

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

at 31st March, 1970

ASSETS	Rs. P.	R9. P.
Total brou	ght forward	15,83,690.51
Fixed Deposit with the Bank of		
Maharashtra, Poona-4	1,20,000.00	
, , ,	1,39,344.00	t _ 1
For Statistical Laboratory		1
Fixed Deposit with Bank of Maharashtra, Poona-4 41,000	00	and the second
12 Years' National Savings		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Certificates (Face value) 5,000.	.00 45,000.00	1,85,344.00
Other Investments		
Fixed Deposit with Bank of		
Maharashtra, Poona-4	*9,06,000.00	
Equity Shares of Poona University Federal Cooperative Consumers'		
Stores Ltd.	1,000,00	9,07,000.00
		-,,
*Lodged for arrangements of		
Cash Credit with the Bank 5,00,000	00	
Lodged as a guarantee	.00	
money towards purchase		
of a plot 6,000	.00	
Publications		
Stock on hand : At Cost	44,201.31	
Stock of paper on hand : At Cost	9,403.90	53,605.21
Deposits		
With the Maharashtra State Electricity	y	
Board for Electric Connection	2,925,00	
With the Superintendent, Govt. Milk	4 000 00	
Supply Scheme, Poona With the Divisional Engineer,	4,992.00	
Telephones, Poona	240.00	8,157.00
Advances :		
For Purchases For Expenses	18,373.21	• ··
To the Institute of International	6,929.49	
Education, New York	16,041.09	71.040.00
To Employees	29,699.00	71,042.79

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GOKHALE INSLITUTE OF

Balance Sheet as

FUNDS AND LIABILITIES Rs. P. Rs. P. Total brought forward 33,22,591.20

Note : The Expenditure incurred through the Institute of International Education, New York, out of the Dollar grant received before 6th June 1966 and the Unesco Book Coupons in Dollars acquired before 6th June, 1966 have been converted into rupees at the pre-devaluation rate of exchange.

Total 33,22,591.20

Examined and Found correct Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants Sd/- V. M. Dandekar Offg. Director Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Poona 4.

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

ASSETS Total brough (Unsecured, Considered good) for Capital Expenditure University Grants Commission for Expenditure on the Construction of Hostel, Fittings, etc.	4,879.44	
Amount Receivable (Unsecured, Considered good) For Capital Expenditure University Grants Commission for Expenditure on the Construction of Hostel, Fittings, etc.	· . · .	
Yor Capital Expenditure University Grants Commission for Expenditure on the Construction of Hostel, Fittings, etc.	`	
or Capital Expenditure University Grants Commission for Expenditure on the Construction of Hostel, Fittings, etc.	4,879.44	
Expenditure on the Construction of Hostel, Fittings, etc.	4,879.44	
Hostel, Fittings, etc.	4,879.44	
or Expenditure on Research Work	- 11-	
The Ministry of Food and Agriculture,		
Government of India for,	ر ا د ده	
(i) Agro-Economic Research Unit	9,432.78	
(ii) Farm Management Study in Management		
Ahmednagar District	1 27,65	
The University Grants Commission for,	t	
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in	8 000 43	
Economics-Recurring Grants	8,088.42	
(iii) Forestry Economics Section :	15,704.99 15,008.01	
(ii) Forestry Economics Section (iii) Special Grant for Books (iv) Revision of Salary Scale of	15,008.01	
LIDIALY Stan	240.00	
(v) Summer School in Mathematics	1,03.	
for Economics The Planning Commission, Government of India for,	20.13	
(i) Research in Planning and		
Development	2,493.04	
(ii) Study in Exploitation of Forests	19,812.61	
The Government of Maharashtra for,		
(i) III Plan Section	<u> </u>	
(ii) Research Project in Higher		
Education Poona University for Tuition Fees and	928.00	
Library Grant	11,754.02	
Others	47,089.39	1,35,478.48
		-,,
Cash And Bank Balances		· ·
Cash in Hand		
Postage Stamps in Hand Cheques on Hand	138.10	1,43,349.76
	1,43,211.00	
n Current Account with Bank	••	
With the United Commercial Bank,		
Poona 2	2,969.20	
With the Central Bank of India, Poona 4	2,918-32	
With Bank of Maharashtra, Poona 4		2,34,923.45
Total		33,22,591.20

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Income and Expenditure Account

EXPENDITURE	Rs. P.	Rs.	P.
General Section			
Research-Salaries and Allowances			
and Investigational Expenses		14,228	.92
Library-Schedule 'A'		42,550	.38
Publication Section		27,762	.07
Establishment Expenses — Schedule 'B' Contribution to	40.000.00	48,780	. 22
Employees' Provident Fund Less ; Charged to Research Works etc.	49,230.72 46,769.36	2,461	36
Less, charged to Research works etc.	40,709.30	2,401	. 50
Depreciation on Buildings and Furniture		21,527	.00
Grants Receivable not sanctioned and hence written off		16,604	.43
Tabulating Section Schedule 'C'	1 74 882 60		
Less: Charged to various projects	1,74,553.59 1,72,113,85	2,439	71
Less . Charged to various projects		2,433	. 74
Demography Section Schedule 'D'		1,03,577	. 56
Planning and Development Section Schedule 'E'		92,989	.43
Forestry Economics Section Schedule 'F'		1,31,409	.98
Sir Dorabjee Tata Section in Agricultural Economics			
Agro-Economic Research Unit — Schedule 'G'		3,21,432	.78
U. G. C. Centre of Advanced Study			
in Economics Recurring Expenditure — Schedule 'H'		2,27,370	. 68
Non-Recurring Expenditure Book and Journals		11,014	. 10
Government of Maharashtra			
Four Research Sections Schedule 'I'			
(i) Development Planning	37,715.20		
(ii) Applied Statistics	57,295.54		
(iii) Urban Economics	19,826.20		
(iv) Rural Sociology	36,282.18		
Expenditure on Office Establishment	16,458.02	1,67,577	. 14
Government of Maharashtra III Plan Section			
Schedule 'J'		46,954.	73
Total carried for	orward	12,78,680	. 52

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

for the year ended 31st March. 1970

INCOME	Rs.	P. 47	Rs.	P.
Frants : Receipts and Appropriations				
From the Government of Maharashtra,			12 A	
Grant-in-aid	15,000	0.00		, ·
From the University of Poona	2,000	0.00		
From the University Grants Commission (through University of Poona):				:
Special grant for Books	15,008	8.01	32,008.	.0£
rant for Research Work	 		• •	•
From the Planning Commission : (i) For Research in Planning and				,
Development	1,09,67	7.24		
(ii) For a study in exploitation of				
Forests	49,017	7.18		
From the Ministry of Health, Government of India : For Demography Section				
of India : For Demography Section From the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, Government of India, for	1,03,577	7.56		
(i) Agro-Economic Research Unit	3,21,432	2.78		
(ii) For Farm Management Study in				
Ahmednagar District	51,98)	1.24		
From the University Grants Commission (through University of Poona) for :	•			
(i) Centre of Advanced Study in				
Economics	2,37,10	2.52		
(ii) Forestry Economics Section	65,70	4.99		
(iii) Summer School in Mathematics			,	
for Economics	20,02	0.13		
From the Government of Maharashtra, for (i) Four Research Sections	1,66,252	2 00		
(ii) III Plan Section	46,954			
(iii) Research Project in Higher	-0,227	.,,,		
Education	10,67	8.00		
From Others	1,20,000		13,02,398	.37
- ceipts				
For Tabulation & Statistical Services	1,316	5.58		
For Overhead Charges	3,727			
Contribution from the University	-,			
of Poona	10,754	4.01		
Sale of Publications	21.44		• • •	•-
Miscellaneous and Other Receipts		1.09		
From R. B. R. R. Kale Trust	22,77		63,338	.17
Total carried fo	orward	-	13,97,744	.55

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF

Income and Expenditure Account

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EXPENDITURE	Rs. P.	Rs. P.
Total brough	t forward	12,78,680.52
Farm Management Study in Ahmednagar District		
Schedule 'K'		51,981.24
Research Project in Higher Education		
Schedule 'L'		10,678.00
Summer School in Mathematics for Economics		20,020.13
U. G. C. Special Grant for Books Transferred to R. B. R. R. Kale Trust ;		15,008.01
(i) Receipts for Overhead Charges	3,727.80	
(ii) Grants for Research Work	56,000.00	59,727.80

POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

for the year ended 31st March, 1970

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INCOME		Rs.	Ρ.	Rs.	Р.
	Total brought fo	orward		13,97,744	. 55
Interest Received :					
On Fixed Deposits (inclusive of Rs. 34,709.41 from Rockefeller Founda lization Grant)		36,980.7	70		
Less : Transferred to Reser Gratuity	tve for	238.3	37		
	-	36,742.	33		
On Employees' Advances	-	1,608.8	32	38,351	. 15
Staff Quarters and Hostel A	Account :				
Rent and Other Receipts		52,340.5	50		
<i>Less :</i> Maintenance Provision for	20,853.99				
Depreciation	17,471.00	38,324.9	99		
		14,015.	51		
Transferred to Reserve for Quarters & Hostel Repair		14,015.5	51		

Total 14,36,095.70

Examined and found correct Sd/- M. P. Chitale and Co. Chartered Accountants.

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar Ofig. Director Gokhale Institute of Politics & Economics, Poona 4.

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS, POONA 4

Schedule forming part of Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March, 1970

SCHEDULE 'A'		Rs.	P.
Library			
Books and Periodicals Establishment Bookbinding charges Printing, Stationery and Contingencies Furniture and Office Equipment		3,404 30,173 2,964 4,857 1,149	.89 .00 .86 .99
		42,550	-38
SCHEDULE 'B'			
Establishment Expenses			
Salaries of Office Staff Postage and Telephones Printing and Stationery Travelling and Conveyance Building and Garden Repairs and Maintenance Rent, Taxes and Insurance Electricity Charges Miscellaneous Expenses	2,000.00	18,167 12,248 1,349 2,726 3,861 1,790 1,276 4,158 1,500 1,700 48,780	.46 .63 .87 .61 .82 .49 .36 .00
SCHEDULE 'C Tabulating Section Salaries and Allowances including piecework payments Printing, Stationery and Miscellaneous Machinery Maintenance		1,18,740. 3,440. 14,075.	97
Depreciation on Tabulating Machines Tabulating Equipment Computer Maintenance Provision for replacement of Tabulating Machinery		800. 114. 37,381. 	92 98
		1,74,553.	59

SCHEDULE 'D'

Demography Section		
Salaries and Allowances : Reader Lecturer Research Assistants Investigators Office Establishment Library Assistants	15,300.00 9,098.40 18,435.56 9,116.40 13,835.37 4,998.00	70,783.73
Provident Fund Contribution Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services Printing, Stationery and Contingencies Investigational Expenses Books and Periodicals		3,397.60 15,039.63 3,802.51 2,847.66 7,706.43
	-	1,03,577.56
	•	
SCHEDULE 'E'		
Planning and Development Section Salaries and Allowances :		
Lecturers Research Assistants Senior Fellowships Office Establishment	17,693.61 5,082.00 9,126.67 13,247.98	45,150.26
Provident Fund Contribution Printing, Stationery and Contingencies Investigational Expenses Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services Books and Periodicals		2,598.77 4,709.33 4,943.55 25,437.70 10,149.82 92,989.43
SCHEDULE 'F'		
Forestry Economics Section		
Salaries and Allowances :		
Staff on Deputation Lecturers Research Assistants	35,884.18 23,419.20 8,060.50	
Investigators Technical Staff Junior Research Fellowships	10,972.15 7,710.00	86,046.03
Provident Fund Contribution Printing, Stationery and Contingencies Investigational Expenses Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services Overhead Charges Publications		1,730.40 3,326.87 2,624.56 24,101.14 3,580.98 10,000.00
		1,31,409.98

SCHEDULE 'G'

Agro-Economic Research Non-Plan Expenditure	Unit		
Salaries and Allowances	:		
Professor	•	13,275.00	
Readers		20,562.00	
Lecturers		77,352.00	
Research Assistants		28,789.50	
Field Inspectors Field Investigators		6,363.00 16,604.48	
Office Establishment		36,167.38	
Library Establishment		17,101.13	2,16,214.49
Provident Fund Contributi	on		14,160.51
Investigational Expenses			17,202.44
Tabulation Expenses and S Printing, Stationery and Cor	statistical Services		54,456.59
Books and Periodicals	ILIURCHCICS		9,403.44 5,014.89
Publications			4,980.42
			3,21,432.78
	SCHEDULE 'H'		
U. G. C. Centre of Advanced			
Expenditure from recurring g			
Salaries and Allowances :			
Professor		23,265.00	
Readers		36,492,97	
Lecturers		27,655,20	
Research Fellowships		39,053.33	
Visiting Professors M. A. & Ph. D. Schola	arshins	9,292.65 14,488.30	1,50,247.45
	~		
Technical Staff Backs and Journals			18,340.51
Books and Journals Travel			9,994.94 5,384.38
Other Expenditure			25,500.32
Publications			17,903.08
			2,27,370.68
:	SCHEDULE 'I'		
Government of Maharashtra	Four Research Section	ons	
1. Development Planning			
Salaries and Allowances	5:		
Professor		18,300.00	
Research Assistants		8,733.00	27,033.00
Provident Fund Contrib	ution		2,070,00
Books and Periodicals			1,500.82
Tabulation Expenses and	I Statistical Services		6,472.36
Contingencies		-	639.02
		-	37,715.20

2	Applied Statistics		
	Salaries and Allowances : Professor Lecturers Research Assistants	15,910.83 19,080.10 11,301.00	46 201 02
	÷	11,301.00	46,291.93
	Provident Fund Contribution Books and Periodicals		3,448.71 1,501,09
	Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		1,594.29
	Contingencies Publications		965.39 3,494.13
	I CONCERCIES	•	
			57,295.54
3.	Urban Economics		
	Salaries and Allowances :		
	Readers Research Assistants	3,514.35 7,089.00	10,603.35
	Provident Fund Contribution		561.29
	Books and Periodicals Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		1,511.42 6,126.08
	Contingencies		1,024.06
			19,826.20
4.	Rural Sociology :		
	Salaries and Allowances : Reader	14 9/6 00	
	Research Assistants	14,865.00 10,809.24	25,674.24
	Provident Fund Contribution		1,590.00
	Books and Periodicals Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services		1,499.59
	Contingencies		5,961.28 1,557.07
En	penditure on Office Establishment		36,282.18
	Salaries and Allowances		15,572.42
	Provident Fund Contribution		885.60
			16,458.02
	SCHEDULE 'J'		
	ernment of Maharashtra III Plan Section aries and Allowances :		
	Reader	4,555.64	
	Lecturers Research Assistants	31,536.00 8,267,59	44.359.23
Dan	vident Fund Contribution	¥ر، ۱۵۵٫۵	•
F10			2,595.50
		•	46,954.73

SCHEDULE 'K'

Farm Management Study in Ahmednagar District Salaries and Allowances :		
Research Officer Office Establishment	7,608.00 14,156.59	21,764.59
Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services Investigational Expenses Printing, Stationery and Contingencies Provident Fund Contribution		27,224.09 1,227.75 590.81 1,174.00
		51,981.24
SCHEDULE 'L'		
Research Project in Higher Education		
Investigators Travel Tabulation Expenses and Statistical Services Provident Fund		9,000.00 261.30 831.70 585.00
		10,678.00

Signatures to the Schedules 'A' to 'L' Sd/- M. P. Chitale & Co. Chartered Accountants.

Sd/- V. M. Dandekar Offg. Director Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Poona 4. Financial Statements of The Servants of India Society

	Inco	me and E		iture Accou	
EXPENDITURE		·Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps
To Expenses in respect of Propertie	s:				
Rates and Taxes and Cesses		8,861	04		
Repairs and Maintenance		19,879	86		
Property Insurance		385	20		
Garden Expenses		5,853	59		
Lease Rents		322	64	35,302	3.
To Establishment Expenses :					
Mambers' Expenses		31,403	59		
Staff Expenses		48,285	34		
Gratuity		17,108	43		
Ex gratia		18,903	70	1,15,701	06
" Legal Expenses				50	00
" Audit Fees				1,775	00
, Contribution and Fees				-	
, Bad Debts written off				14	17
" Miscellaneous Expenses :					
(As per list F)				52,0 75	09
" Depreciation (On Dead Stock)				2,255	06
, Amounts transferred to Reserve	or			,-	
Specific Funds (As per list '				12,477	00
" Expenditure on objects of the Tra				- ,	
(a) Rural Uplift Work (V					
Work, Education, Distress					
Medical)	,	1,72,320	59		
(b) Library		-,,	••		
S. I. S. Poona Library 17,9	98 58				
Gokhale Memorial	70 20				
Library, Nagpur 2,7	51 27	20,749	85		
		~~,-+ <i>></i>	52		
(c) Gokhale Day		629	41	1,93,699	85
	Т	otal		4,13,349	56
					_

INDIA SOCIETY

for the year ending 31st March, 1970

	INCOME			Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
By	Rent Realised					30,924	50
33	Interest Realised :						
	(a) On Securities			20,374	74		
	(b) On Bank Accounts			3,591	13		
	(c) On Loans:						
	(i) A.B. Press						
	Capital	71,264	85				
	(ii) B. V. Press						
	Capital	18,291	00				
	(iii) Hitavada Pres						
	Capital	22,263	81	1,11,819	66	1,35,785	53
	Devidends					91	50
	Donations (In cash or in I	kind)					
	From Members			7,680	38		
	From Others			50,904		58,585	20
**	Press Profits :			·			
	A. B. Press	39,228	61				
	B. V. Press	60,667	54	99, 896	75		
	Hitavada Press, Bhopal	10,881	45				
	Nagapur (Deficit)	53,917	37	64,798	82	35,097	33
**	Income from Other Sources	::					
	Profit on sale of securitie	es		-	_		
	Miscellaneous Receipt			17,555	83	17,555	83
	Transfer from Reserve (List	G)				300	00
} >	Deficit carried over to Trust	Fund an	d				
	Corpus					1,35,009	67
			Т	otal		4,13,349	56
			T	otal		4,13,349	5

As per our separate report of even date. A. H. JOSHI & CO. Chartered Accountants

SERVANTS OF

.

FUNDS AND LIABIL	ITIES		Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Trust Fund and Corpus :						
The Society's General Fun	d					
Balance as per last B/Sheet			25,650,06	82		
Add: Additions during the	year		5,248	05		
			25,70,284	87		
Less : Deficit from Income	& Expendi	ture				
account	-		1,35,009	67	24,35,275	20
Earmarked Funds :						
Trust Funds (As per List A	A)		3,57,459	82		
Funds set aside out of Incon	ne or Reso	urces	5			
by the Society (As per li	st B)		8,76,620	41	12,34,080	23
Loans :						
Loan from Bank of Mahar	ashtra aga	inst				
securities of Rs. 40,000	/- kept	with				
Bank.			16 ,00 0	00		
Overdraft and Cash Credit	Accounts	s at				
Nagpur (Overdraft sec						
deposit of 3% G. P. N						
Face value of Rs. 1				~~		
Hitavada Press at Nagpu	r and Bho	pal.	2,05,595	25	2,21,595	25
Liabilities :						
(a) Papers and Presses Lial	oilities		10,51,413	13		
(b) Advances payable :						
1. Expenses	3,070	98				
2. Advances	73,368	91				
3. Rent and Other						
Deposits	30,432	50	1 44 066	07	11.05.490	~
 Conditions 	37,194	57	1,44,066	96	11,95,480	09
4. Sundry Creditors						
4. Sundry Creditors		 1	Fotal		50,86,430	77

INDIA, SOCIETY

31st March, 1970

ASSETS	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
Building and Site (As per list 'C')				
Balance as per last B/Sheet	13,01,992	82		
Add : Additions during the year	4,976	50	13,06,969	32
Investments (At cost) (As per list 'D')				
In Government Securities 5,84,321 94				
Less : Transferred 62,687 50	5,21,634	44		
In Shares and Debentures	10,963	25	5,32,597	69
Papers and Presses Assets :				
Machinery, Furniture, Type & Dead Stock	10,15,460	57		
Stores, Stock and Incomplete works	2,89,579			
Book Debts	12,93,518			
Advances and Deposits	64,687			
Copy right Investments	5,050	00 00		
Vehicles	21,100		26,89,397	8
Furniture and Fixtures :			20,09,397	0
Balance as per last B/Sheet	45,111	15		
Add: Additions during the year	4,127	91		
Less : Depreciation	49,239 2,255		46,984	0
Stocks :				
Food Grains	2,737	00		
Live Stock	460	00	3,197	0
Advances and Deposits :				
(a) To Members	4,370	17		
To Employees	743			
To Others	71,115	_		
(b) To Deposits	7,979	30	84,208	9
Income outstanding :				
Rent	1,599	20		
Interest	1,13,545	94	1,15,145	1
Cash and Bank Balances :				
(a) In current accounts, savings accou	nt,			
deposits account with Banks, Centr	CS.			
Branches and Presses	3,03,214	23		
(b) With Managers and Secretaries at		<i></i>		
Branches, Centres and Presses	4,716	62	3,07,930	85
	Total		50,86,430	7
				_

As per our separate report of even date.

A. H. JOSHI & CO.

14th July, 1970

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Chartered Accountant.

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCITETY, POONA 4.

Statement of earmarked funds passed on to the society as Trust Funds as on 31st March, 1970.

	NAME OF THE TRUST FUND	Rs.	Ps.
1.	Gokhale Memorial Trust Fund : Received in Securities from the Memorial Committee formed in Bombay the face value of the Securities being Rs. 1,33,000/- the benefit of which is to be spent for the general purposes of the society. Balance as per last B/Sheet.	1,33,000	00
2.	Gokhale Memorial Library Trust Fund : Received from the Ex-Trustees at Nagpur for managing the Public Library situated there on a leasehold plot of land. The building then valued was of Rs. 6,075/ Securities and cash balances handed over to the Society were of Rs. 5,843-86. The whole of the fund has been spent over the G. M. Building. Balance as per last B/Sheet.	11.918	86
3.	Rao Bahadur D. Laxminarayan Trust Fund : Received from the Executors of the will of the late Shri. D. Laxminarayan for maintaining a branch at Nagpur in that area (former Province of Madhya Pradesh) with three members there. The amount was received in cash.		
4.	Balance as per last B/Sheet. South Indian Flood Relief Fund : Received as per the Order of the High Court out of the residuary balance of the above Fund in form of securities worth Rs. 21,415.47 and cash balance of Rs. 10-92. The benefit of the Fund is to be utilised in the specified area affected by the floods in Madras Presidency. Balance as per last B/S 23,102 87	1,00,000	00
	Add : Interest during the year 651 00	23,753	87
	Total C. F.	2,68,67 2	73

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

Statement of earmarked funds passed on to the Society as Trust Funds as on 31st March, 1970.

	NAME OF THE TRUST FUND		Rs.	Ps.
	Total B	F.	. 2,68,672	2 73
5.	Late Mr. Nayanar Memorial Trust Fund : This Fund was raised by the friends of Mr. Naynar, a decaesed member of the society to celebrate his memory by giving suitable scholarships, educa- tional aid to Harijana students in the Madras Presidency.			
	Balance as per last B/S $11,774$ 12 Add : Interest during the year 470 00 12,244 12			
	Less : Paid for scholarship 300 00		11,944	12
6.	Hiralal Atmaram Patel Trust Fund :		-	
	Received from the Executor as per con- ditions in the Deed for relief work in Gujarat and Kathiawar, Balance as per last B/S 35,634 29			
	Add : Interest during the			
_	year <u>1,425 00</u>		37,059	29
7.	Lady Laxmibal Distress Relief Fund : Received from the Executors of the will of the late Lady Laxmibal w/o Sir Jagmohandas Veerjeevandas, Bombay, for distress relief in India. Balance as per last B/S 33,171 75 Add : Interest during the			
_	year 1,326 00		34,497	75
8.	Gokhale Day Celebration Fund : Balance as per last B/Sheet		2.000	00
9.	Dr. P. Narasinha Raju Distress Relief Trust Fund : Received in form of debentures and shares from Dr. P. Narashinha Raju, the total face value being Rs. 2,640/-, the benefit of which is to be spent mainly for Distress Relief. Balance as per last B/S 3,201 33 Add : Interest during the		_,	
	ycar 84 60		3,285	93
	. Total R	s.	3,57,459	82

A. H. JOSHI & CO. Chartered Accountants

LIST 'B

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

Statement of Funds and other Reserves set aside by the Society from Its Income or Resources as on 31st March, 1970.

	NAN	E OF THE FUND	Rs.	Ps.	Rs.	Ps.
l.	Aryab	hushan Press :				
	(i)	Reserve Fund : Balance as per Last B/Sheet				
	(ii)	Building Reserve Fund : Balance as per last B/Sheet	1,57,100	12		
	(iii)	Add : Additions during the year Add : Interest during the year	4,200	00 00	1,67,584	12
		Rehabilitation Reserve : Balance as per last B/Sheet			82,947	69
	(iv)	Machinery Depreciation Fund :				
		Balance as per last B/Sheet Add : additions during the year	1,14,333 22,201	91 13	1,36,535	04
		Aua : additions during the year			3.87.066	
2.	Bomb	ay Vaibhav Press :			5,07,000	
	(i)	Reserve Fund :				
		Balance as per last B/Sheet Add: Additions during the year	80,412 3,682	11 00	84,094	11
	(ii)	Retrenchment Reserves : Balance as per last B/Sheet			36,000	00
	(iii)				5,000	
				-	1,25,094	11
3.	Hitav	ada :				
	(i)	Reserve Fund : Balance as per last B/Sheet			68,225	00
	(ii)	Retrenchment compensation				
		Reserve : Balance as per last B/Sheet			30,532	44
	(iii)	Building Reserve Fund :				
	. ,	Balance as per last B/Sheet Add : Interest during the year	6,970 278	45 00	7,248	4:
	(iv)	Hitavada Rehabilitation Reserve :			·,	
	(1)	Balance as per last B/Sheet			65,000	00
	(v)	Hitavada Gratuity Provision A/ Balance as per last B/Sheet	2		22,927	0
	(vi)	Building Depreciation Fund :				
		Balance as per last B/Sheet Add : Interest during the year	10,034 401	00 00	10,435	0
			·		2,04,367	8
			Total C/F.		7,16,528	8:

SERVANTS OF INDIA SOCIETY, POONA 4.

Statement of Funds and other Reserves set aside by the Society from its Income or Resources as on 31st March, 1970.

	NAME OF THE FUND	Rs.	P s₊	Rs.	Ps.
	1	B/F		7,16,528	85
1.					
	Balance as per last B/Sheet	24,070			
	Add: Interest during the year	962	00	25,032	13
5.	Investments Fluctuation Reserve Fund : :				
	Balance as per last B/Sheet			1,00,000	00
6.	Workmen's Welfare Fund :				
	The Fund is intended for giving relief to the workers in A. B. Press	•			
	Balance as per last B/Sheet	10,001	24		
	Add : Interest during the year	400	00 -		
		10,401	24		
	Less : Relief granted during the year	300	00	10,101	24
7.	Servindia Welfare Fund :				
	The Fund has been built-up by the Society for the general benefit of its employees :				
	Balance as per last B/Sheet	7,021	19		
	Add : Interest during the year	280	00		
		7,301	19		
	Less : Amounts paid during the year	100		7,201	19
B.	Insurance Fund :				
	Fund is built up of matured life policle of members. The amounts are payable on death (Vide Bye Law No. 5)	S			
	Balance as per last B/Sheet			-17,757	00
		Total Rs.		8,76,620	41

Poona: 14th July, 1970. A. H. JOSHI & CO. Chartered Accountants.

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending 31st March 1970.

EXPENDITURE		Rs.	Ps.		INCOME			Rs.	Ps.
b Expenditure in respect of Properties : Establishment Expenses Bank Charges 128	50			By	Rent Interest On Securities	20,655	24	-	
Interest paid at the time of					On Debentures	200	00	20,855	24
purchasing Securities. 149	67						~		
Postage 1	60	279	77	,,	Dividends			1,620	0
•				,,	Donation in Cash or Kind				
, Remuneration to Trustee				"	Grants				
, Legal Expenses				,,	Income from Other Sources				
" Andit Fees		~~~			Profit on Sale of Securities			26	1
, Contribution and Fees				,,	Transfers from Reserve				•
, Amounts written Off				••	Deficit carried over to Balance	Sheet			-
" Miscellaneous Expenses									
"Depreciation		-							
,, Amounts transferred to Reserve or									
Specific Funds									
" Expenditure on objects of the trust									
", Surplus carried to Balance Sheet		22,221	57						
Total		22,501	34		-	Fotal	-	22,501	3

Poona 11th August, 1970 As per our separate report of even date. A. H. JOSHI & CO. Chartered Accountants 62

RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 1970

LIABILITIES	Rs.	P\$.	Rs.	Ps.	ASSETS		Rs.	Ps
Irust Fund and Corpus		~~			Investments (At Cost)			
Balance as per last B/Sheet	5,24,171	35			(As per list enclosed)		5,49,586	4
Add : Transferred from Incol	ne							
and Expenditure Account	at 22,221	57	5,46,392	92	4			
Other Earmarked Funds Investments Reserve Fund								
Belance as per last Balance	Sheet		1,790	26				
Linbilities								
for Advances			1,403	23				
	Total	•	5,49,586	41		Total	5,49,586	41
	ومشافع ويوني الداني والمشوورية		******		As per our separate n	coort of even d	876.	-
Poona					A. H. JOSI			
11th August, 1970					Chartered A			

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RAO BAHADUR R. R. KALE TRUST FUND

Investments as on 31st March, 1970

		Face Value	Book Value		Rate	Market Value		Interest Dividen		Remarks
3%	G. P. Notes 1896-97	10,000	8,025	00	59 50	5,950	00	300	00	
3%	G. P. Notes 1970-75	2,500	2,187	50	99 50		50	75	00	
3% 3% 3% 4% 4% 44% 44%	Convertion Loan 1946	33,000	33,237	50	60 00		00	999	00	
3%	Bombay Municipal Debenture 1977	2,500	2,400	00	83 00	2,075	00	81	24	
4%	Bombay S. D. Loan 1970	50,000	50,000	00	99 60	49,800	00	2,000	00	
4%	Bombay S. D. Loan 1971	35,000	35,367	50	98 75	34,562	90	1,400	00	
4%	Bombay S. D. Loan, 1971	40,000	37,400	00	98 75	39,500	00	1,600	00	
41%	Bombay S. D. Loan, 1970	38,000	38,000	00	99 60	37,848	00	1,615	00	
41%	Andhra Co. op. C. L. M. B. Deb. 1975	14,000	13,930	00	95 00	13,930	00	595	00	
41%	Mysore L. M. C. Co. op. Bank Deb.									
• · · ·	1975~78	35,000	35,000	00	99 00		00	1,575	00	
41%	Govt. of India Loan, 1986	50,000	47,675	00	98 75		00	2,250	00	
5.%	M. D. Co. op. L. M. B. Deb. 1976-81	40,000	39,200	00	•		00	2,300	00	
41%	M. P. Rajya Sahakari Bhoo Vikas Bank		1,901	41	*		00	115	00	
59%	Maharashtra S. D. Loan, 1979	75,000	73,800	00	102 00		00	4,312	50	
51%	Maharashtra S. D. Loan, 1979	50,000	51,025	00	102 00		00	1,437	50	
3 %	Bombay Municipal Loan, 1977	65,000	62,687	50	77 75	50,537	50	• • • •	• •	
Debei	ntures : 4% Satara Inamdar Mandal	5,000	5,000		•	5,000	00	200	00	
Share	: Kirloskar Brothers 540 Equity Shares	13,500	12,750	00	57 00	30,780	00	1,620	00	
		5,60,500	5,49,586	41			-	22,475	24	

*No Quotations.

Poona

22nd August, 1970

Examined and found correct. A. H. JOSHI & CO. Chartered Accountants

LIST OF DONATIONS : HEADQUARTERS

	Rs. Ps.
Shri, V. M. Bhide	1,000.00
Shri. Lunkaram Goyal (Jaipur)	100.00
The Late Justice M. G. Ranade Charities	100.00
The Late R. B. R. R. Kale Dharmadaya Trust	100-00
Shrimad Bhagwan Vasudeo Trust	50-00
Sums below 25	20.00
Total Rs.	1,370-00
A. W. W. Mirzapur	
1. J. H. S. Muirpur	3,380-41
2. J. H. S. Siltham	742.00
3. J. H. S. Salkhan	387-04
4. Konhdar Dispensary	370.00
5. Lerua Primary School	341 • 50
6. Khuria Dispensary	332 • 50
7. Primary School, Bhaluhi	300-00
8. Primary School, Bhabhaicha	300.00
9. Primary School, Dudhi	275.00
10. Primary School, Bharatganj	275.00
11. Banki Dispensary	256.00
12. Primary Schools (Girls) Manoli	240.00
13. Khantara Ashram	208 • 50
14. Kondhar School	193-66
15. W. W. Centre, Sarsa	183· 0 0
16. W. W. Centre, Delauha	160-25
17. Primary School, Sawa Kund	150.00
18. Primary School, Raja Sarai	150-00
19. Primary School, Kirwani	150.00
20. Primary School, Injani	150-00
21. Primary School, Kunda Din	150.00
22. Primary School, Kasuha	150.00
23. Primary School, Baijnath	150.00
24. Primary School (Girls), Suraicha	150-00
25. Primary School (Girls), Parani	150.00
26. Primary School (Girls), Kundadih	150-00
27. R. S. Gupta	100.00
28. Primary Schools (Girls), Sahapur Khurd	<u>60.00</u>
Total Rs.	9,672.86

	U. P. Branch	
1.	Donations below Rs. 25	10.00
	Total Rs.	10.00
	Shendurjana Centre	
1.	Donations below Rs. 25	60.00
	Total Rs.	60.00
	Bombay Branch	
1.	Kamani Engineering Corporation Ltd.	5,000.00
2.	New India Assurance Co. Ltd.	2,500.00
3.	Bank of Baroda	2,500.00
2.	Borax Morarji Ltd.	2,000.00
5.	Sir Ratan Tata Trust	2,000.00
6.	The Standard Mills Co. Ltd.	2,000.00
7.	Indian Oxygen Ltd.	2,000.00
8.	Lady Hirabai C. Jehangir Charitable Trust	1,000-00
9.	Hindustan Lever Ltd.	1,000.00
10.	Simson Sylvester Miranda Charitable Trust	251-00
11.	Killick Industries Ltd.	200.00
12.	Sympathiser	60.00
13.	Sympathiser	60· 00
14.	Shri G. A. Kamtekar	25.00
15.	Donations below Rs. 25	11.00
	Total Rs.	20,607.00

(These donations of Rs. $20,607 \cdot 00$ have been passed on to the Kanara Welfare Trust towards help for Schools and Rural Welfare work conducted by the Kanara Welfare Trust).

Orissa Centre

Shri K. K. Rathor (Proprietor Bhima Ice Factory,	
Cuttack)	100.00
Shri Khatau Sunder Das, Ranihat, Cuttack	100.00
Shri B. P. Modi, Nayasarak, Cuttack	100.00
Ranisaheba of Darpani, Cuttack	100.00
Jahurimall Public Charitable Trust, Cuttack	100.00
Shri Durga Glass Works, Barang	100.00
•	

Total Rs. 600.00

Thakkar Bapa Ashram, Rayagada

1.	Donation received from Shri Dorabjee Tata	
	Trust Fund, through Cuttack Centre	1,000.00
2.	Sri. Ch. Seetaram Swamy	645·19
3.	Donations received below Rs. 10/-	522·26
4.	Sri P. K. Nanda	100.00
5.	Sri Ch. Seetaram Swami	50·00
6.	Sum below Rs. 25/-	65·00
	Total Rs.	2,382.45

Madras Centre

1.	Thathikonda Nancharamma Charities for	
	Medical Relief Work	1,837.94
2.	Arya Matha Sabha	400.00
3.	Donations in kind by clothes valued from	
	B. & C. Mills Ltd., Madras	389-14
'4 .	Sri T. Ramchandra Rao	50.00
	Total R	.s. 2,677·08

Calicut Centre — Devadhar Schools

For D. A. L. P. School Pulliyal Use

		Rs. Ps.
1.	Sri P. Karunakaran Nair, B. A. B. L.	250.00
2.	Sri P. Ramchandran Nair	250.00
3.	Sri P. Kumaran Nair	250.00
4.	Sri A. Narayanan Nair	250-00
5.	Sri T. Karanakaran Nair	250.00
6.	Sri P. Krishnan Nair	150 ·00
7.	Sri P. Raman Nair	100.00
8.	Sri A. Chattan Nair	100.00
9.	Sri C. Raghavan Nair	100.00
10.	Sri A. Govindan Nair	100.00
11.	Sri P. Madhavan Embivanthiri	100.00
12.	Sri A. C. Kurian	100.00
13.	Sri Pulikual Kali	100.00
14.	Sri T. Uniappan	100.00
15.	Sri K. Chekku	100 ·00
16.	Dr. K. V. Pillay	100.00
17.	Sri K. Komu	100 ·0 0
18.	Sri P. Balakrishnan Nair	100· 00
19.		100.00
20.	Sri P. Moin	100.00
21.	Sri K. V. Chacko	100.00
22.	Sri K. M. Verghese	100.00
23.	Sri P. N. Niram	100.00
24.	Sri T. I. John	100.00
25.	Sri P. Kunjaimma	100.00
26.	Sri E. Narayan Nair	90.00
27.	Sri A. Kuttikrishnan Nair	50.00
28.	Sri P. Raman Nair	50· 0 0
29.	Sri T. Gopalan Ezhuthatchan	50.00
30.	Sri A. H. Mathew	50.00
31.	Sri M. K. Sukumaran	50.00
32.	Sri M. K. Narayanan	50·00
33.	Sri E. Raman	50·00
34.	Sri P. Velayutham	50.00
35.	Sri K. Aryappan	50.00

			Rs. Ps.
36.	Sri V. P. Mohamed	· .	50.00
37.	Sri M. K. Unni Assan		50-00
38.	Sri P. Mohamed		50,00
39.	Sri V. Mohamed		50.00
40.	Sri P. Govindan Nair		50-00
41.	Sri P. Kunjalan		25-00
42.	Sri K. Damodaran Nair		25.00
43.	Sri E. Raghavan Nair		25-00
44.	Sri P. Krishnan Embranthiri		25-00
45.	Sri C. Kuttan		25.00
46.	Sri P. Thappan Panikkar		25.00
47.	Sri V. Sankaran		25.00
48.	Sri K. Kunjun Mani		25.00
49.	Sri P. Appukuttam		25· 0 0
50.	Sri K. Raman		25 ·0 0
51.	Sri P. Kora		25.00
52.	Sri P. Unikkoru		25.00
53.	Sri P. Kunjahamud Kuttj		25.00
54.	Sri P. Kunjalan		25-00
55.	Sri T. Velu		25.00
56.	Sri T. Ramava		25.00
57.	Sri C. Ahmad Kutty		25.00
58.	Sri C. Mohamed		25.00
59.	Sri C. Mammetty		25.00
60.	Sri K. T. Balan		25.00
61.	Sri C. Vijayan		25-00
62.	Sri P. Chekkutty Haji		25.00
63.	Sri M. Moideen Kutty		25· 0 0
64.	Sri T. Ammanna		25.00
65.	Sri T. N. Thomas		25.00
66.	Sri C. Mohamed Kutty		25.00
67.	Sri K. J. John		25.00
68.	Sri N. T. Saidalavi		25.00
		Total Rs.	4,790.00

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Sastriar U. P. School, Chalode

1.	Smt. T. Sarojini Amma			2,000.00
2.	Sri Premchandran Nair			2,000.00
3.	Sri K. Jayarajan Nair			2,000.00
4.	Sri K. Vijaya Rajan Nair			1,400.00
		Total	Rs.	7,400.00

Gokhale Children's Home --- Narsannapet

1.	Gokhale Seva Samaj, Narsannapet (22 quintals of rice valued at)	2,287 • 50
2.	Gandhi Centenary Celebrations	
	Committee Narsannapet	49 · 50
3.	Sri V. Ch. Satyanarayana Patnaik Budithi	25.00
4.	Sums below Rs. 25/-	23· 43
	Total Rs.	2.385.43
		, 00 10

CONSTITUTION

OF THE

Servants of India Society

The following Constitution has been adopted for the Society[#]:

1, The Society shall be called "The Servants of India Society".

2. The objects of the Society are to train national missionaries for the service of India and to promote, by all constitutional means, the interests of the Indian people.

3. The Society will consist of (a) a First Member or President; (b) a Vice-President; (c) Ordinary Members; and (d) Members under Training.

4. The First Member or President will be the head of the Society.

5. Every member, on admission, shall undergo a special training for a period of five years. During the period, he will be known as a 'Member under Training'. When a Member under Training has completed his five years' discipline, he will be styled as an 'Ordinary Member' of the Society.

6. Subject to Rule 12, 12A, and 13, every member of the Society shall be a member for life.

7. The First Member or President, assisted by a Council, shall manage the affairs of the Society in accordance with the Bye-laws framed for the purpose. The Council shall consist of the Vice-President, the Senior Members of the Branches and three Ordinary Members elected annually by the members of the Society, the retiring Members being eligible for re-election.

^{*} हिंद सेवक संघ has been adopted as its name in the vernaculars.

8. No person will be admitted as a member of the Society unless his admission is recommended by the Council and the recommendation accepted by the First Member or President.

9. Every member at the time of admission shall take the following seven vows :

- (i) The country shall always be the first in my thought and I will give to her service the best that is in me.
- (ii) In serving the country I will seek no personal advantage for myself.
- (iii) I will regard all Indians as brothers and work for the advancement of all without distinction of caste or creed.
- (iv) I will be content with such provision for myself and my family, as the Society may be able to make. I will devote no part of my energies to earning money for myself.
- (v) I will lead a pure personal life.
- (vi) I will engage in no personal quarrel with any one.
- (vii) I will always keep in view the aims of the Society and watch over its interests with the utmost zeal doing all I can to advance its work. I will never do anything which is inconsisient with the objects of the Society.

10. Every Member under Training shall, during the time that he is under training, place himself under the entire guidance and control of the First Member or President, and shall do such work and devote himself to such studies as the First Member or President may direct.

11. An Ordinary Member may be sent by the First Member or President and Council to any part of India on special duty or for general work in connection with the Society. He will be bound to do the work assigned to him under the general direction of the First Member or President and Council and shall obey orders and instructions that may be received from them.

^{*} The italicised words to be omitted if there be no family.

12. The Society may release a member from its vows and permit him to resign his membership on the ground of continued ill-health for other sufficient cause, on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President.

12A. The Society may, in exceptional circumstances, permit a member to retire after thirty years' approved service or on the attainment of the age of seventy after twenty-five years' approved service on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than threefourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. A member so premitted shall cease to be a member of the Society.

13. The Society may remove the name of any member from its roll of members on a recommendation to that effect being made by the Council, with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society, and the recommendation being accepted by the First Member or President. The Society will not be bound disclose the reasons for such removal.

14. (a) The First Member will hold office for life.

(b) It will be the duty of the First Member of recommend in writing to the Council the name of three Ordinary Members out of whom the members of the Society shall elect a successor to him as First Member on a vacancy occurring. If no such recommendation has been received by the Council when the vacancy occurs, the members of the Society may elect any Ordinary Member or in the absence of a suitable Ordinary Member, any member to succeed as First Member.

(c) In case, however, it appears undesirable to elect a First Member, the members may elect one of the members to be President of the Society for a period of three years.

(d) The members of the Society shall elect an Ordinary Member to be vice-President of the Society for three years. (e) The First Member or President may, notwithstanding any other rule, dependence any of his functions to the Vice-President and, during the absence of the Vice-President from India. to any other Ordinary Member.

(f) The Council of the Society shall appoint one of the Ordinary Member to be the Secretary of the Society.

15. When a vacancy occurs in the First Membership or Presidentship of the Society, the Council shall exercise all the powers vested by the Rules in the First Member or President singly or the First Member or President and Council, until such time as a new First Member or President is duly elected; and any act done by the Council during such time shall be deemed valid, provided that the Council takes steps with all reasonable dispatch to arrange for the election of a new First Member or President under rule 14 (b) or 14 (c), as the case may be.

16. In special circumstances the First Member or President and Council may exempt, for reasons to be recorded in writing, any member of the Society from the operation of any rule save Rule 9.

17. An applicant for membership may be required to pass through a period of probation before admission and may in that case be enrolled as a Probationer, on such terms and for such period, as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

18. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Probationer from the list of Probationers before the expiry of the period of probation. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

19. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person, who, in their opinion, in capable of being trained to assist members of the Society in their work and who is prepared to devote his life to such work, as a Permanent Assistant of the Society, on such terms as the First Member or President and Council may determine.

20. A Permanent Assistant may, on grounds of special fitness and after a period of approved service of not less than

three years, be admitted as Member under Training by the First Member or Presidet and Council.

21. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Permanant Assistant from the list of Permanent Assistants of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

22. The First Member or President and Council may admit any person who is in full sympathy with the objects of the Society and is prepared to devote himself to such work as may be assigned to him for the benefit of the Society as an Attache of the Society on such terms and under such control at the First Member or President and Council may determine.

23. The First Member or President and Council may remove the name of any Attache of from the list of Attaches of the Society. The Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

24. The First Member or President and Council may enrol any person who is in full sympathy with the object of the Society and who is prepared to devote a portion of his time and resources to the furtherance of its work as an Associate of the Society.

25. Probationers, Permanent Assistants, Attaches and Associates will have no voice in the management of the affairs of the Society and no interest in the Society's propetty or funds.

26. All property of the Society shall belong to the Society in its corporate character, and no member in his individual capacity nor the heirs, executors or assignces of any member shall have any right to any portion of it.

27. (a) The property of the Society, whether immovable or movable, including stocks, funds, shares and other securities and all other property otherwise vested in or transferred to the Society as trastee or in any other capacity, shall be held in the name of the Society or the Governing Body as constituent ander Rule 7 and shall remain under the general control, supervision and management of the First Member or President of the Society for the time being and the Council.

(b) All arrangements, deeds, conveyances, contracts, transfers or other instruments relating to the sale, transfer or othe transactions or dealings entered into by the Society or to which the Society is a party, whether relating to the property, whether immovable or movable, belonging to the Society or held by the Society as trustee or in any other capacity, shall be made, signed, sealed, delivered or executed by such person or persons as the First Member or president and Council may from time to time appoint. For the purpose of this rule any authority given by the First Member or president under his signature alone authorising any person or persons to enter into, make, sign, deliver or executive any deed or instrument, contract or transfer and recording the fact that such authority is given with the approval of the Council shall be deemed sufficient and valid authority to such person or persons to execute the several rights, powers and authorities thereby given to him or them. For all payments received by or made to the Society the receipt of the Secretary or such person or persons as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time appoint shall be valid and complete discharge to the party making such payment.

(c) The Society shall be at liberty to invest the surplus funds in its hands in the securities authorised by the Indian Trusts Act or in the purchase of such landed properties of any tenure as the First Member or President and Council may from time to time determine.

(d) Subject to the conditions in respect of properties (if any) entrusted to the Society and earmarked for specific objects, if and whenever it is found expedient or necessary, the First Member or President and Council shall be at liberty to deal with the properties belonging to the Society, whether movable or immovable, by sale, mortgage, lease, or pledge thereof or otherwise. All deeds, documents, agreements, mortgages, contracts or transfers in respect of the properties so sold, mortgaged, leased, or pledged or otherwise dealt with shall be executed as provided in clause 27 (b) hereof.

28. In all suits brought by or against the Society, the Society shall be represented by the First Member or President or such other person or persons nominated or appointed by the First Member or President for that purpose. 29. The Society shall not be dissolved by the death, secession or removal of any member.

30. The First Member or President may. with the concurrence of a majority of the Ordinary Members of the Society, make, alter or rescind any By2-low or Bye-laws for (1) the management of the affairs of the Society and the conduct of its business; (2) the custody, disposal and control of the funds of the Society; (3) the provision to be made for members of the Society and their families, the grant of special allowance to them in special circumstances, and of pensions to members retiring under Kule 12A; (4) the grant of leave to members of the Society; (5) the grant of allowances to Permanet Assistants and Attaches of the Society; and (6) the carrying out in other ways of the objects of the Society.

31. The First Member or President and Council shall have powes to take whatever steps that may be deemed necessary in the interest of the Society provided that they are not icconsistent with the objects of the Society or with the provisions or spirit of any of the Rules or Bye-laws at the time in force.

32. No alteration shal be made in this Constitutiou unless it is recommended by the Council with the concurrence of not less than three-fourths of the members of the Society and the recommendation is accepted by the First Membea or President.

Bye-Laws

The following Bye-Laws have been made under Rule 30 :

1. The Society shall, as circumstances permit, establish Branches for work in different parts of the countay. At the head of each Branch there shall be a Senior Member, whose appointment and removal shall vest in the Eirst Member or President and Council. He will be an *ex-officio* member of the Council. The affairs of each branch shall he managed by a Board consisting of the Senior Member and the Ordinary Members belonging to it,

2. (a) Every Member under Training will be granted an allowance of Rs. 225 a month of the first year, Rs. 230 for the second year of the training and thereafter he will get an increment of Rs, 350 at the end of 14 years of his membership of the Society.

(b) \forall rent allowance not exceeding Rs. 50 a month or the actual rent paid, if less, will be granted to members, in case there are no buarters available on the premises of the Society.

(c) Permanent Assistants Till be paid suce allowance as the Council of the Society may determine.

(d) Every Probationer will be given an allowance of Rs. 200 a month during the period of his probation.

(e) Everp Member under Vraining, who may be deputed to work in the City of Bombay, will be paid Rs. 5 as Bombay Allawance until he becomes an Ordinary Member.

(f) In case of serious illness, Members may be paid by the Branches, on the recommendation of the Senior Members, the whole or par of the medical fees and medicine charge.

3. Notwithstanding any provision in Bye-Law No. 2, the First Member or President and Councial may, after due inquiry

and for sufficient cause, at a meeting of the Council at which no less than four members are present, reduce by not more than qaif the allowance for a period not exceeding one year at a time but in no cose for more than tow consecutive year.

4. (a) A Member under Training is entitled to two months' leave every year, which may be granted by the First Member or. President, and if the applicant is attached to a Branch, by the Senior Member of the Branch.

(b) Ordinary Members are entitled to a month's leave every year. Senior Members may grant leave for one month and the First Member or President for three months and the First Member or President and Council for longer periods.

(c) Ordinary Members of the Madhya Pradesh and Berar are entitled to one month and ten days' privilege leave if they go on leave on the 1st of May.

(d) All Members are entitled to twenty days' casual leave in a year.

(e) Both casual and privilege leave mentioned above will, only be sanctioned if the work of the Society permits.

5. (a) The life of a member enrolled after June 12, 1962, will on admission, be assured by the Society in favour of the First Member or President for the time being for a sum of Rs. 5,000 only Rs. 5,000 being payable at death. If no Insurance Company accepts the life of any Member for assurance, the First Member or President and the Council may make such other arrangements as they deem fit to secure, in the ease of such a Member, the object of this Bye-Law.

(b) On the death of a member whose life has been assured for Rs. 3,000 under Bye-Law No. 5 (a) as it stood on June 1, 1962, the Frst Member or President shall pay only Rs. 3,000 on the life-policy of the deceased to such person or persons as the deceased Member may, by will or otherwise in wsitting. have directed. In additiod, the pre(ident shall pay out of the revenues of the Society an additional sum of Rs. 2,000 as an ad hoc grant to such person or persons.

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In the absence of such direction, the First Member or President and Council shall have power to determine whether the amount recovered may be paid to any person or persons belonging to the family of the deceased, and if so, to whom.

In this Bye-Law, the word "Member" includs a Membr who has been permitted to retire under rule 12 A.

6. The First Member or President and Council may grant, in special circumstance, a special allowance to a member or a Permanent Assistant suitable to the requirements of his case.

6A. The Ftrst Member or President and Council may grant to a Member who is permitted to retire under Rule 12A such pension as they consider suitable to the requirements of his case. In care, aowever, such a member acts in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Society, the First Member or President and Council may withold it from him.

7. If a Member's connection with Society is terminated under Rule 12 or Rule 13, he and his family shall forfeit all claim to the benefit secured to him or them ueder these Bye-Laws.

8. The funds of the Society may be) deposited in the Banks approved by the Council, and the accounts shall be in the name of the Society, its Branches, Centres and Business Concerns as the case may be, and be operated upon by such persons and in such manner as the Council may decide from time to time.

9. (a) When the First Member or President and Council resolve to enrol any one as Associate, the fact will be Communicated to the person concerned by the Tecretary.

(b) In case any application far Associateship is rejected the Society will not be bound to disclose the reasons.

(c) A Branch may, where practicable, ascertain the opinion of the Associates assigned to it in respect of any new schemes of work contemplated by it and in respect of any question of policy to be laid down by the Society on occasions when momentous questions are before the conntry. (d) An Associate will so conduct himself as not to compromise the position of the Society, but further its aims and interests.

(e) Associate will be kept informed by the Headqurters of the Society about the progress of the work form time to time; will be invited to attefid the anniversary of the foundation day; will be allowed to use the libraries of the Society at the Headquarters and at the branches; may be invited to attend special sessions and be allowed reside, if room be available, at the Headquarters or the branshes for purpose of study or work.

(f) The President and Council may remove the name of an Associate from the list of Associates maintained at the Headquarters on a recommendation to that effect being received from the Branch to which the Associate is assigned. The Socity will not be bound to disclose the reasons for such removal.

Sec. A

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Members of the Servants of India Society, October 1, 1970.

_	Name of the Member		Date of admission to the Society	Address
1	President : Hirdaynath Kunzru, B.A., B.SC, LL.D		11-7-1909	†S. I. S., I. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2. also, Sapru House, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi 1 Phone Nos. Allahabad 2130, New Delhi 40243
2	Vic e-President : Annakavoor Duraiswamy Subramani (A D. Mani), M.A. M.P. Senior Members :	•••	14 -6 -1935	S. I. S., Dhantoli, Nagpur 1. Phone No. 2066
3	Dattatray Vasudeo Ambekar		20-12-191 4	,, Poona 4. Phone No. 56813 & 56210
4	Dinkar Dattatray Desai, M.A. LL.B. M.P.		12-6-193 6	,, Vallabbbhai Pate' Read, Bombay 4 Phone No. 355014
5	Rama Shaokar Misra, B.A ; I.L.B.		12-6-1937	., I. P. D. Tandon Road, Allahabad 2 Phone No. 2130

†S. I. S. stands for Servants of India Society

	Name of the member		Date of admission to the Society	Address
	Ordinary Members :			
6	Shankar Govind Gokhale, M. A.*	••	29-7-1928	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
7	Keshav Ganesh Sharangpani, B. A., LL.B.	•••	25-9–1930	S. I. S., Poona 4. Phone No 56210.
8	Singanallur Ramkrishna Venkataraman, B A., B. L.		2 5-9 -1930	S. I. S., Royapettab, Madras 14. Phone No. 86252
j 9	Ramchandra Sadashiv Gupte,		30 -6- 1933	S. I.'S., Rural Centre, P. O. Shendurjana Bazar (Dist. Amrarvati)
10	Shyam Sunder Misra, M.A.		12-6-1936	" Cuttack, Orisa. Phone No. 522.
11	Raghunath Govind Kakade, M.A., LL. B., PH. D.	**	12-6-1943	., Poona 4. Phone No. 56210.
12	Madhusudan Sahoo, B.A., D. A. M. S.	•••	14-4-1963	S. I. S., Cuttack, Orisa. Phone No. 252.
•	Members under Training :		•	
13	Sarwadaman Shankar Ajgaonkar, M. A.		16-6-1 966	S. I. S., Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4,
	Attache ;			Phone No. 355014.
14	P. S. Prasad Rao, Advocate		15-6-1970	Narsannapet, Sbrikakulam Dist. (A. P.)

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Member of Council. * Secretary. 83

WORK OF THE SOCIETY AT A GLANCE

	Nature of Work	Members engaged in it
Political :	General	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Mani, Shri Ambekar, Shri Gokhale, Shri Venkataraman.
	Legislatures	Shri Mani, Shri Dinkar Desai.
a • •	Journalism	Shri Mani, Shri Desai, Shri Ajgaonkar.
Social:	Education	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Desai Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Ajgaonkar.
·	Social Service	Pandit Kunzru, Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri Kakade Shri S. S. Misra, Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar.
	Aborigines	Shri Venkataraman, Shri R. S. Misra, Shri M. Sahoo.
Rural	Uplift & Local Self- Government	Shri Desai, Shri Venkataraman, Shri Gupte, Shri S. S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
	Distress Relief	Shri R.S. Misra, Shri Kakade.
	Business Concerns	Shri Ambekar (A. B. Press, Poona). Shri S. S. Ajgaonkar (B. V. Press, Bombay).